1-8-88

ICPSR Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

British Crime Survey, 1982









ome Office Research and Planning Unit

ICPSR 8672

BRITISH CRIME SURVEY, 1982 (ICPSR 8672)

Principal Investigator Home Office Research and Planning Unit

107062

U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

This document has been reproduced exactly as received from the person or organization originating it. Points of view or opinions stated in this document are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the National Institute of Justice.

Permission to reproduce this copyrighted material in microfiche only has been granted by

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

to the National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS).

Further reproduction outside of the NCJRS system requires permission of the copyright owner.

First ICPSR Edition May, 1987

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research P.O. Box 1248 Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Acknowledgement of Assistance

All manuscripts utilizing data made available through the Consortium should acknowledge that fact as well as identify the original collector of the data. The ICPSR Council urges all users of the ICPSR Data facilities to follow some adaptation of this statement with the parentheses indicating items to be filled in appropriately or deleted by the individual user.

The data (and tabulations) utilized in this (publication) were made available (in part) by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research. The data for BRITISH CRIME SURVEY, 1982 were originally collected by the British Home Office Research and Planning Unit. Neither the collector of the original data nor the Consortium bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretations presented here.

In order to provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, each user of the ICPSR data facilities is expected to send two copies of each completed manuscript or thesis abstract to the Consortium Please indicate in the cover letter which data were used.

Home Office Research and Planning Unit BRITISH CRIME SURVEY, 1982 (ICPSR 8672)

SUMMARY: The primary purpose of the British Crime Survey was to estimate how many of the public in England and Wales are victims of selected types of crime over a year, describing the circumstances under which people become victims, and the consequences of crime for victims. Other aims included providing background information on fear of crime among the public and on public contact with the police. Respondents were asked a series of screening questions to establish whether or not they or their households had been victims of relevant crimes during the one-year reference period. They were then asked a series of very detailed questions about the incidents they reported. descriptive background information on respondents and their households was collected to allow analysis of the sorts of people who do and do not become victims. Information was also collected on other areas which were of intrinsic interest and which could usefully be related to experience as a victim, namely, fear of crime, contact with the police, lifestyle, and self-reported offending. CLASS IV

UNIVERSE: People aged 16 and over living in private households in England and Wales and whose addresses appear in the electoral registers.

SAMPLING: Multistage probability sample using electoral registers as the frame.

This collection offers three distinct representations of British They are Parts 1-3, Part 4, and Part 5. Part 1 Crime Survey data. consists of data captured on the Main Questionnaire. Part 2 represents data from the Victim Form. Part 3 consists of data collected via the Followup Questionnaire. Parts 1-3 are documented with SPSS Control Cards and the nonnumeric codes "-1" and "-2" are used to represent missing data. Part 4 is a hierarchically structured file consisting of 5 cards per resondent containing data from the Main Questionnaire (approximately 188 variables), followed by 5 cards p Victim Form (approximately 290 variables) for up to four Victim Forms per respondent, followed by 5 cards containing data from the Followup Questionnaire (approximately 230 varia Only respondents reporting incidents of victimization have Victim Forms. The Followup Questionnaire was administered to all respondents reporting incidents of victimization and to 2 in 5 other respondents. Part 5 is identical to Part 4 except that it has been "padded" by inserting blank cards so that there are thirty 80-column cards for each respondent. describes Parts 4 and 5 only. Hardcopy documentat⊥on describes interviews with 5,031 people in Scotland, however, data for Scotland are not included in this dataset.

EXTENT OF COLLECTION: 5 data files + SPSS Control Cards for 3 of the files

DATA FORMAT: Card Image with SPSS Control Cards for three of the files

PART 1: Main

FILE STRUCTURE: rectangular

CASES: 10,905

VARIABLES: approximately 188

RECORD LENGTH: 80 RECORDS PER CASE: 5

PART 3: Followup

FILE STRUCTURE: rectangular

CASES: 10,905

VARIABLES: approximately 230

RECORD LENGTH: 80 RECORDS PER CASE: 7

PART 5: Padded

FILE STRUCTURE: rectangular

CASES: 10,905

VARIABLES: approximately 1,578

RECORD LENGTH: 80 RECORDS PER CASE: 30 PART 2: Victim

FILE STRUCTURE: rectangular

CASES: 5,146

VARIABLES: approximately 290

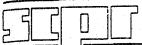
RECORD LENGTH: 80 RECORDS PER CASE: 8

PART 4: Hierarchical

FILE STRUCTURE: hierarchical

CASES: 10,905

RECORD LENGTH: 80



Head Office: 35 Northampton Square London ECTV 0AX. Tel. 01-250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3EG. Tel. 0325 730 888

COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH

P.670/675

BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

Technical Report

Douglas Wood

1. INTRODUCTION

This report gives an account of the work carried out by Social and Community Planning Research on the British Crime Survey. This work was undertaken on behalf of the Home Office and the Scottish Home and Health Department.

The main aims of the survey were to estimate how many of the public are victims of selected types of crome over a year, describing the circumstances under which people become victims and the consequences of crime for victims and providing background information on fear of crome among the public and public contact with the police.

The basic objectives of the survey were set by the Home Office Research and Planning Unit. The questionnaire sampling and coding methods for the survey were developed jointly by SCPR, the Home Office Research and Planning Unit and the Social Research Branch of the Scottish Home and Health Department. SCPR carried out the selection of the sample, fieldwork, editing, coding and data preparation and produced initial tabulations of results.

Further analysis of the results and the preparation of reports on the findings were undertaken by the Research and Planning Unit of the Home Office and the Social Research Branch of the Scottish Home and Health Department.

The survey involved interviews with random samples of 10,905 people aged 16 or over in England and Wales and 5,031 people aged 16 or over in Scotland. Fieldwork for the survey was carried out between February and April 1982.

2. DESIGN ISSUES

The central aim of the survey was to estimate the incidence of victimisation of selected types of crime among the adult population over a given period and to describe the circumstances under which people become victims of crime and the consequences for them of being victims. The design of the survey drew heavily on experience in previous victim surveys - particularly on the US National Crime Survey and on victim surveys in Canada and the Netherlands. The design of this survey had, however, some individual features arising from its particular objectives and the circumstances and constraints under which it was carried out. These are described in more detail in "The British Crime Survey" (Hough and Mayhew: Home Office, 1983). They are set out here in outline, only as a background to the detailed design decisions.

The US National Crime Survey is a very large scale operation. It is a continuous panel survey and involves separate interviews with all household members except young children in a sample of homes every six months. Each individual respondent is asked about occasions on which he or she personally has been a victim of crime in the six months prior to this interview. One person in the household is asked about occasions on which crime has been committed against the household as a whole rather than any specific individual in it (burglaries, thefts of household property from outside the home etc.).

Sample Type

It was clear from the start that resources would not be available to undertake a survey on anything like the scale of the US survey. A basic decision made at an early stage was to limit interviewing to one person per household. It was argued that victimisation of particular types may cluster within household and that it would be better to spread the resources available over as many separate households as possible.

This decision meant that each respondent would be asked about occasions on which he or she personally had been a victim of crime and about occasions of crime affecting the household as a whole, which in time raised a basic question about the sample design. One could aim at a sample in which individual adults had an equal chance of selection, or at a sample in which each household had an equal chance of selection. The first approach would be, statistically, the more efficient in measuring individual victimisation, the proportion of individuals who are victims of, say, assault. But, if this approach were chosen, quite heavy weighting and some loss of sample efficiency would be involved in seeking to estimatehousehold victimisation, the proportion of households that are victims of, say, burglary. If the second approach were adopted, given each household an equal chance of selection, the reverse would be the case.

There was particularly strong interest in the level of individual victimisation and, because of this, it was decided to take the first approach, seeking to sample individuals with equal probability and accepting loss of efficiency through weighting in the estimates of rates of household crime.

Reference Period

The reference period in the US Crime Survey is six months back from the date of interview. Experimental work in the USA has suggested that there is quite a sharp drop in the level of recall of incidents of some sorts of crime after six months and that, even when they are remembered, things that happened more than six months ago may be quite seriously displaced in time in respondents' reports.

But being a victim of crime is a fairly uncommon experience. It was feared that, on the scale of survey it would be possible to mount, a six month reference period would yield sub-samples of victims of all but the commonest sorts of crime which were too small for separate analysis. The decision was, therefore, made to go for a one-year reference period.

The US Crime Survey is a continuous survey and the reference period is bounded back from the date of interview. The British Crime Survey was to be an ad hoc operation. It was thought likely that bounding the recall period with a date which might be fairly memorable to respondents should be more effective than bounding it with an arbitrary date one year back from the date of interview. Accordingly it was decided that fieldwork should take place in the first part of 1982. Respondents would be asked about incidents which had happened since the 1st of January, 1981. In estimating incidence rates, only those incidents recalled as happening in the calendar year 1981 would be used. Incidents recalled as happening since the beginning of 1981 could, of course, be used in describing the circumstances of victim incidents.

Limits on Questions about Victimisation

One objective of the survey was to compare the rates of victimisation reported by respondents to official statistics on crime known to the police. But the official statistics are based on a complex and classification of offences according to htier circumstances. Any attempt to produce comparable data necessarily involved asking respondents a series of detailed questions about each incident they reported in order to classify it. The strong interest in the circumstances of victimisation lengthened the list of questions to be asked about each incident. Two steps were taken to set a limit to the number of questions to be asked of any one respondent.

The first related to fairly common circumstance that people or households are victims of exactly the same offence on more than one occasion. Some crimes, particularly vandalism and threats often run in series. Where someone had been a victim of a series of offences in this way, it was felt that it would be repetitious to ask about each particular victim incident in detail. Accordingly, anyone reporting two or more incidents of victimisation at a particular screening question was asked whether any of these were similar incidents where the same thing was done under the same circumstances and probably by the same people. Where such a series was identified, detailed questions were asked only about the most recent incident. Earlier incidents were assumed to fall under the same offence classification group as the most recent one.

Secondly, a limit of four was set on the number of individual incidents or series of incidents about which any one respondent would be asked.

3. QUESTIONNAIRE DEVELOPMENT

Topics Covered

The central aim of the survey was to assess the incidence of victimisation of selected types of crime among the public and to look at the circumstances in which people become victims. This, as we have seen, involved asking respondents a series of screening questions to establish whether or not they had been victims of relevant crimes during the reference period and to ask a series of very detailed questions about the incidents they reported. Basic descriptive background information on respondents and their households was also collected to allow analysis of the sorts of people who do and do not become victims.

It was decided that information should also be collected on other areas which were of intrinsic interest and which could usefully be related to experience as a victim.

These areas were:

- fear of crime
- contact with the police
- lifestyle
- self-reported offending

Piloting

Main fieldwork was preceded by two stages of piloting.

A small-scale pilot of 20 interviews was carried out by field supervisory staff during October 1981, aimed at identifying gross weaknesses in the design of the draft questionnaire.

A more extensive pilot survey was undertaken in November 1981. This was carried out by 28 interviewers working in the Reading area, Hackney, Bromley and the Pollok area of Glasgow. This pilot was in two parts. The first part, in which 230 interviews were carried out, covered a random sample of addresses selected in the manner intended for the main survey and was intended as a straightforward test of the planned sampling method, approach and questionnaire.

The second part covered a sample of people and households known through official records to have been victims of crime during the reference period. It was intended as a check on the reliability of respondents' answers. This part of the pilot was not wholly successful. At least one in five of the addresses shown in records proved to be out of date or inaccurate and the rates of non-contact and refusal were higher than would normally be expected. 147 victim addresses yielded only 71 effective interviews.

The results of this pilot were moderately encouraging. Four in five of the known incidents were mentioned by respondents in anwser to the screening questions and the considerable majority of these were placed in the correct quarter of the year. There were indications that reliability of reporting varied with type of crime. The figures are too small for definite conclusions to be drawn, but they suggest that burglary was particularly likely to be correctly reported and that criminal damage, assault and theft from the person might be less reliably reported than other victim experiences.

The Final Questionnaire

It was evident from the pilot that the draft questionnaire took longer to administer than had been planned and that cuts would have to be made for cost reasons. One possibility would have been to cut out coverage of one or more of the subsidiary topics completely but this approach was rejected. Instead, three measures were taken to reduce average interview length. These were:

- a) The overall sample size had been set with the detailed analysis of victim experience in mind. A sample of this size would not be necessary to obtain reliable data on, for example, fear of crime. Accordingly, the questionnaire was split in two into a main questionnaire covering victim experience and personal background and a follow-up questionnaire covering fear of crime, contact with the police, lifestyle and self-reported offending. The main questionnaire would be administered to all respondents. The follow-up questionnaire would be administered to all reporting victim incidents and to two in five other respondents. The two in five were chosen on the basis of the last digit of the address serial number.
- b) Much the commonest victim experience reported in the pilot was theft of milk bottles from the doorstep. But respondents did not seem to be able to say much about it in answer to detailed questions. Since this area was not one of strong policy interest, it was decided not to ask detailed questions about the theft of milk bottles.
- c) Experience of criminal damage was also extermely common and it was evident that following up all reports of criminal damage with detailed questions would yield a subsample of criminal damage cases considerably larger than was required. Accordingly, it was decided to ask detailed questions about reported criminal damage for only half the respondents, selected on the basis of the last digit of the address serial number.

Following these changes, the final version of the questionnaire was in three parts:

Main Questionnaire

- Asked of all

Victim Forms

detailed questions on up to four victim incidents

Follow-up Questionnaire

- asked of all reporting victim incidents and 2 in 5 others.

4. SAMPLING

Overall Plan

It was decided that the Brisith Crime Survey should aim for an achieved sample size ofat least 10,000 in England and Wales and at least 4,500 in central and southern Scotland. If one takes the electorate as a rough proxy for the adult population, this represents the equivalent of interviews with one elector in 3,700 in England and Wales and noe in 550 in central and southern Scotland. Because of this large difference, sample selection in England and Wales and sampling in Scotland were treated as two separate operations. The methods used were basically the same, except for a difference in the method of ward selection, which is described later.

At the planning stage, it was not possible to forecast the rate of response in fieldwork with any accuracy. We did not know how people would react to being asked about crime. It was decided to work on the assumption that response would, at the minimum, represent 70% of the issued sample, including empty addresses. (Actual rate of response was in fact better than this, so that the numbers of interviews achieved exceeded the targets of 10,000 and 4,500).

On the basis of an assumed minimum response rate of 70%, the issued sample size was set at 14,280 for England and Wales and 6,420 for Scotland.

Each of the two samples was designed to give, after appropriate weighting, a representative cross-section of people aged 16 and over living in private households whose addresses appear in the electoral registers. The institutional population was excluded since their experience of crime at the places where they live is different in kind from that of the private household population. A different questionnaire would have been needed to deal with them and their numbers in the achieved sample would have been too small to be meaningful as a separate analysis group.

The electoral registers were chosen as the most easily available frame for sampling and, in fact, the only frame it was practicable to use within the timetable for the survey. The electoral registers do not cover all the addresses at which private households live. The level of shortfall is shown as 4% in "Electoral Registration in 1981" (OPCS, 1982). Methods are available which can fill the gaps to some extent, but it was decided not to use these sincethey are difficult for interviewers to operate and of questionable reliability.

It was decided to cluster the issued sample in blocks of 60, which implied using 238 sampling points in England and Wales and 107 in Scotland.

Sampling in England and Wales

The sample for England and Wales was selected in four stages:

- a) selection of parliamentary constituencies;
- b) selection of wards or polling districts within these constituencies;
- selection of addresses within these wards and polling districts;
- d) selection of individuals for interview at these addresses.

a) Selection of Constituences

Inner city areas are often associated with crime and it was decided to sample them in higher proportion than their population would justify. There is no standard definition of inner city areas. For this survey, it was convenient to use the classification of parliamentary constituencies developed by the Planning and Research Applications Group (PRAG) of CES and described in "Parliamentary Constituencies: a socio-economic classification" (OPCS, 1978). On the basis of a multivariate analysis of 1971 census data, it divides the parliamentary constituencies of Great Britian into 30 clusters, which group to six "families". One of these is labelled "metropolitan inner areas" and in England and Wales comprises 59 of the 552 constituencies, accounting for 8% of the total electorate.

In selecting constituencies, this group was represented at three times the proportion its electorate would justify and allocated 48 of the total of 238 points to be selected.

Having started with the PRAG classification as a stratifying factor, it was decided to continue with it. The inner city constituencies were listed within the four clusters into which the inner city "family" divides and 48 selections were made systematically from the list with probability proportional to electorate.

The remaining 493 constituencies in England and Wales were also ordered by PRAG cluster and 190 selections were made systematically from the list with probability proportional to electorate. A summary of the selected sample is given in Table 4.1 at the end of this section.

The possibility of attempting to oversample ethnic minority groups was considered but rejected as not being feasible given the resources available.

b) Selection of Wards and Polling Districts

Within the selected constituences, further clustering of the sample was required within either wards or polling districts. The effects of clustering on sample reliability depend partly on the number of clusters selected, partly on the homogeneity of individual clusters in terms of the variables to be examined. Wards, as larger units, are likely to be less homogeneous but if wards are chosen cost considerations suggest the use of fewer clusters of more addresses. There is no generalised answer to the question of which is more cost-efficient. For this survey, it was decided ot use a mixture of the two. In the hope that experience in this survey would illuminate the choice for future research.

The 238 selected constituencies were systematically split into two groups of 119. In the first group, one ward was selected with probability proportional to electorate. In the second group, two polling districts were selected, again with probability proportional to electorate.

c) Selection of Addresses

60 addresses were drawn in each selected ward and 30 in each selected polling district, yielding a total sample of 14,280. The selection was made using a sampling interval of n, the electorate of the ward or polling district divided by the number of selections required. The address of every nth elector was taken, working from a randomly selected starting number less than n. The sample was, therefore, a sample of addresses chosen with probability proportional to the number of electors listed there.

Addresses which were obviously institutions were deleted and replaced by random number selection.

In addition to recording the address, the sampler recorded the name of the elector on whose account that address was selected and the names of all other electors listed under that address on the register.

d) Selection of Individuals for Interview

The final stage of sampling, the selection of individuals at addresses for interview, was carried out by interviewers in the field. At an address, an interviewer's first task was to establish whether the address was that of a private household or households or that of an institution. No interview was sought at institutions. Where there were two or more households at the address, the interviewer sought out the household which included the elector on whose account the address was chosen or the household now occupying the part of the accommodation where that person used to live. In this case, the interviewer also had to establish which of the listed electors were part of the same household as the person on whose account the address was chosen.

The interviewer then established whether all the relevant electors were still living there and whether there was anyone else in the household aged 16 or over. If all the electors still lived there and there was no other person aged 16 or over, an interview was sought with the person on whose account the address was selected. If either of these conditions did not apply, the interviewer listed all persons aged 16 or over currently in the household and chose one for interview using a random selection grid.

To represent the population aged 16 and over living in private households at addresses listed in the electoral registers, two corrections need to be made to the sample. These are:

- a) A correction is required to counterbalance the oversampling of inner city areas
- b) In the selection of addresses, number of electors has been used as a proxy for number of persons aged 16 or over. A correction is required in cases where the two do not match.

Both these corrections were made by weighting at the data processing stage.

Sampling in Scotland

A definition of the part of Scotland covered in the survey in terms of local authority areas is shown in Table 4.2 at the end of this section.

The PRAG classification of parliamentiary constituencies does not discriminate well between areas in the central belt of Scotland. A high proportion of constituencies fall in the family labelled "areas dominated by local authority housing". Because of this, it was decided to use instead a classification of wards and districts developed by the Scottish Home and Health Department from a multivariate analysis of 1971 Census data. This divides wards in the cities of Glasgow, Edinburgh and Dundee by ward type and divides districts in the rest of the central belt by district type.

Since there were only two districts in the central belt classed as 'rural', these were grouped together with the districts of the Borders Region to form one stratum. A further stratum was made up from the districts in Dumfries and Galloway and the districts in Strathclyde south of the central belt.

The 786 wards in central and southern Scotland were then listed within stratum with their electorates and 107 were selected systematically with probability proportional to electorate.

As in England and Wales, the sample was systematically divided in two. In 54 wards, the sample of 60 addresses was selected at large throughout the ward. In the other 53 wards, it was clustered in two polling districts. Note that in Scotland two polling districts were chosen within a selected ward, whereas in England and Wales polling districts were chosen at large throughout a selected constituency.

From this point forward, sampling in Scotland followed the same lines as sampling in England and Wales. A summary of the sample selected is shown in Table 4.3

	Number of Sampling Points	Size of issued sample
Region		
GLC	52	3120
Other South East	46	2760
South West	16	960
East Anglia	7	420
East Midlands	17,	1020
West Midlands	20	1200
Yorks and Humberside	25	1500
North West	31	1860
North	11	660
Wales	13	780
PRAG Family	:	
Suburbs and service centres	37	2220
Rural areas and seaside resorts	35	2100
Growth areas	53	3180
Stable industrial areas	56	3360
Areas dominated by local authority housing	9	540
Metroplitan inner city areas	48	2880
Total	238	14,280

Table 4.1 Summary of Sample - England and Wales

British Crime Survey in Scotland - Areas Covered by sampling

Cities

City of Glasgow

City of Edinburgh

City of Dundee

Glasgow Commuter Belt

District of Eastwood

District of Rutherglen &

Milngavie

District of Strathkelvin

Other Central Belt - Large Urban

District of Renfrew

District of Clydebank

District of Monklands

District of Motherwell

District of Inverclyde

District of Hamilton

District of Falkirk

Other Central Belt - Medium/Small

Urban

District of Dunfermline

District of Midlothian

District of Clackmannan

District of Kilmarnock & Loudoun

District of Kirkcaldy

District of Cumbernauld & Kilsyth

District of West Lothian

District of East Kilbride

District of Cunninghame

Central Belt Rural & Borders

District of North East Fife

District of East Lothian

District of Tweeddale

District of Ettrick & Lauderdale

District of Roxburgh

District of Berwickshire

South West

District of Wigtown

District of Stewartry

District of Annandale & Eskdale

District of Nithsdale

District of Kyle & Carrick

District of Cumnock & Doon Valley

District of Clydesdale ·

Table 4.2 Definition of Central and Southern Scotland

	No. of wards	Electorate ('000)	No. of sampling points	Size o Issued Sa
City of Glasgow				
Inner area wards	21	167	6	360
Local authority housing wards	8	149	6	360
Owner occupied wards	18	73	2	120
Other/mixed wards	25	206	7	420
Glasgow commuter belt	36	133	5	300
City of Edinburgh	•			
Inner area wards	9	49	2	120
Local authority housing wards	11	64	2	120
Owner occupied/commuter wards	19	114	4	240
Other/mixed wards	23	134	5	300
City of Dundee				*
Inner area and local authority housing wards	19	59	2	120
Owner occupied/commuter wards	6	18	1	
Other/mixed wards	19	63	2	120
Other Central Belt - large urban	179	652	23	1380
Other Central Belt - medium/ small urban	185	667	23	1380
Central Belt Rural & Borders Region	89	190	7	420
South West	119	272	10	600
Total	786	3,010	107	6420

Table 4.3 Summary of Sample - Scotland

5. FIELDWORK

Briefing

Fifteen main briefing sessions were held in England and Wales between 25th January, 1982 and 4th February, 1982. At these sessions, 284 interviewers were briefed on the survey by SCPR research and field staff. A further 25 interviewers were briefed by field staff during February and the first part of March, making a total of 309 interviewers working on the project in England and Wales.

Six main briefing sessions were held in Scotland between 9th and 12th February, 1982. At these sessions, 98 interviewers were briefed on the survey by SCPR research staff. A further 7 interviewers were briefed by field staff during February and the first part of March, making a total of 105 interviewers working on the project in Scotland.

Fieldwork Timing

Interviewers started work as soon as they had been briefed and field-work was completed by the end of April. The spread of successful interviews over the fieldwork period was:

	England 8	Wales	Scot	land
	No.	0/ /3	No.	C/ /C
Up to 14th February	3,376	31	241	5
February 15th - 28th	2,900	27	1,127	22
March 1st - 14th	2,239	21	1,475	29
March 15th - 28th	1,466	13	1,001	20
After March 28th	924	8	1,187	24
Total successful interviews	10.905	100	5,031	100

Table 5.1 Fieldwork Timing

Supervision and Checking

114 of the 309 interviewers working on the project in England and Wales were accompanied in the field by a supervisor at some stage of the project. A total of 228 interviews were carried out under supervision.

Routine personal recalls were made by supervisors on 931 addresses in England and Wales, covering the work of 134 interviewers. 796 of the callbacks were made on addresses where interviews had been obtained (7% of all productive addresses) and 135 on addresses where no interview had been carried out.

Thus in England and Wales, 9% of all productive interviews were either carried out under supervision or were subject to personal recall by a supervisor.

In Scotland, 79 of the 105 interviewers working on the project were accompanied in the field by a supervisor at some stage of the fieldwork. A total of 131 interviews were carried out under supervision.

Routine personal recalls were made by supervisors on 389 Scottish addresses, covering the work of 68 interviewers. 287 of the callbacks were made on addresses where interviews had been obtained (6% of all productive addresses) and 102 on addresses where no interview had been carried out.

The proportion of productive interviews either carried out under supervision or subject to personal recall by a supervisor was, therefore, 8% in Scotland.

Response

The results of fieldwork in England and Wales are shown in detail in Table 5.2 at the end of this section and are summarised by region and PRAG family in Table 5.3.

4% of the issued sample of addresses were empty or unsuitable for survey for other reasons. The remaining 13,702 addresses yielded 10,005 successful interviews, a rate of response of 80%. By region, response was lowest in the GLC area (73%). Elsewhere it varied between 79% and 86%. By PRAG family, response was lowest in Metropolitan inner city areas (73%).

Results for Scotland are shown in detail in Table 5.4 and summarised by area type in Table 5.5. As in England and Wales, 4% of issued addresses were unsuitable for survey. The remaining 6.186 addresses yielded 5.031 successful interviews, a rate of response of 81%. Response was lowest in the inner city wards and wards with heavy concentrations of local authority housing in Glasgow, Edinburgh and Dundee.

In terms of the three different questionnaire sections, the survey yielded:

	England & Wales	Scotland
Main questionnaire	10,905	5,031
Follow-up questionnaires	6,328	2,860
Victim Forms	4,071	2,298

	Numb	er	%	
Total addresses issued		14,280	100	
<u>Less</u> Vacant or derelict	461		- 3	
Demolished	25		*	
Business or industrial premises only	23		*	
Institutions	19		*	
Not traced	50		, *,	
Total		578	4	
				,
Total private addresses available for survey		13,702	96	100
Less No contact with anyone after 4+ calls	386			3
Complete refusal of information	286		·	2
Selected person:				
not contacted after 4+ calls	249			2
- refused	1,348			10
 broke appointment and could not be recontacted 	106			1.
 temporarily away/in hospital 	151	, '		1
- ill at home	77			1
- senile/incapacitated	120			1
- could not speak English	23			*
- not interviewed for other reason	28			*
Interview rejected in editing as inadequate	23			*
Total		2,797		20
Interviews used in analysis		10,905		80

Table 5.2 Results of Fieldwork - England and Wales

	(a) Total addresses issued	(b) Private addresses available	(c) Eligibility rate - (a) as %	(d) Interviews used in analysis	rate - (d) as %
		for survey	of (b)		of (h)
Region					
GLC	3,120	2,952	95	2,146	73 s
Other South East	2,760	2,706	98%	2,175	80%
South West	960	925	96‰	750	81%
East Anglia	420	408	97%	337	83%
East Midlands	1,020	980	96%	831	85%
West Midlands	1,200	1,147	96%	950	83%
Yorks & Humber- side	1,500	1,432	95%	1,128	79%
North West	1,860	1,786	96%	1,416	79%
North	660	617	93%	533	86%
Wales	780	749	96%	639	85%
PRAG Family			:		
Suburbs & service centres	2,220	2,164	97%	1,681	78%
Rural areas & seaside resorts	2,100	2,019	96%	1,633	78%
Growth areas	3,180	3,100	97%	2,549	82%
Stable industrial areas	3,360	3,248	97%	2,666	82%
Areas dominated by local authority housing	540	496	92%	430	87%
Metropolitan inner	2,880	2,675	93%	1,946	73%
Total	14,280	13,702	96%	10,905	80%

Table 5.3 Summary of Fieldwork Results in England & Wales
- by Region & PRAG Family

				
	Number	·	۲,	
Total addresses issued		6,420	100	
Less Vacant or derelict	167	•	3	
Demolished	8		. ••	
Business or industrial premises only	6		*	
Institutions	26		*	
Not traced	27		*	
Total		234	4	
		,		5/10
Total private addresses available for survey		6,186	96	100
Less No contact with anyone after 4+ calls	168			3
Complete refusal of information	78			. 1
Selected person:				
- not contacted after 4+ calls	160			2
- refused	500		2	8
 broke appointment and could not be recontacted 	34			1
- temporarily away/in hospital	104			2
- ill at home	42			1
- senile/incapacitated	32			٠]
- could not speak English	6			*
- not interviewed for other reason	. 7			*
Questionnaires lost in post	16			* *
Interview rejected in editing as inadequate	8_			*
Total	,	1,154		19
Interviews used in analysis	:	5,031		81

Table 5.4 Results of Fieldwork - Scotland

	(a) Total addresses issued	(b) Private addresses available for survey	(c) Eligibility rate - (a) as % of (b)	(d) Interviews used in analysis	(e) Response rate - (d) as % of (b)
Area Type	1				
Cities - inner area and local authority housing wards		1,025	95%	757	74%
- owner occupied housing wards and commuter areas	720	697	97°.	579	83%
- other and mixed wards	840	802	95%	600	75%
Other Gentral Belt - large urban	1,380	1,326	96%	1,083	82%
- other	1,380	1,349	98%	1,158	86%
Central Belt Rural and South	1,020	987	97%	854	87%
Total	6,420	6,186	96%	5,031	81%

Table 5.5 Summary of Fieldwork Results in Scotland: by Area Type

6. EDITING & CODING

Coding frames for open-ended questions were developed from listings of verbatim answers on 100 questionnaires. The draft frames for six of the questions which were thought likely to give rise to particular difficulty were tested by having five people independently code the same 75 responses. The frames for these questions were extensively revised in the light of the disagreements found in this test.

Classification of Offences

The most complex coding task undertaken was the classification of victim incidents to categories comparable to those used in Criminal statistics. This classification involved reference to a considerable number of separate items of data on the Victim Form. The instructions on how to perform this task were drafted by the Home Office and modified in the light of three pilot tests by SCPR coders. The final version of the instructions is included in the appendix to this report.

Even the final version of the instructions did not resolve all problems. Coders' instructions were to code incidents to offence categories only when they were quite certain of the allocation. Dubious cases were referred through the coding supervisor to the SCPR and Home Office Research and Planning Unit researchers working on the project. Cases they were unable to resolve were referred to the Statistical Officer of the Essex Police.

It should be noted that in England and Wales, practice is to assign an incident to one offence category, normally the most serious offence involved. In Scotland, however, complex incidents may be classified under more than offence category. In the coding for the survey, England and Wales practice was followed for the England and Wales sample and Scottish practice for the Scottish sample.

Editing and Data Format

Data were submitted to a full range of computer checks of fields and filters. Final format of the data file is:

Main Questionnaire

Card 001 Address Record Form and Respondent Selection Sheet

Card 002-4 Precoded Data

Card 009 Open Coding

Victim Forms

Card 10-12 Precoded data

Cards 13-14 Open coding

Follow-up Questionnaire

Cards 005-008 Precoded data

Card 020 Open Coding

7. WEIGHTING

Several different dimensions of weighting are required in analysing the data and they need to be combined in different ways for different purposes. The dimensions of weighting are:

I. Weighting for Inner City Areas

Inner city areas in England and Wales were over-sampled by a factor of 3. They contained 7.7% of the 1980 electoral population and were allocated 20.2% of the sample. This imbalance will need to be redressed in all tabulations.

This could be achieved by weighting the inner city area interviews by 0.33. It may, however, be preferable to weight in such a way as to produce a total weighted sample roughly the same as the actual total sample.

This can be effected by weighting as follows:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
	Distribution of electorate	Distribution of issued Sample	Weight	Weighted Sample
	%	w.		**
Inner city	7.7	20.2	0.38	7.7
Other	92.3	79.8	1.16	92.3
Total	100.0	100.0		100.0

This weighting takes no account of non-response. This was higher in inner city areas than elsewhere. It is arguable that one should take this into account in calculating the weights - calculating them from the achieved rather than the issued sample. This argument assumes, however, that non-respondents are similar in all other important aspects to respondents; which is almost certainly not the case.

The type I weighting can, on this basis, be defined as:

IF	001.13-15/001-048	(Inner	י כו	ities)			. 0	.38
IF	001.13-15/049-238	(Rest	of	England	and	Wales)	1	.16

II. Weighting to Represent Adults

Addresses were selected using number of electors listed as a proxy for number of persons 16 or over living there. Where an address contained more than one household, the interviewer established how many of the electors listed for the address would have led to the selection of the particular household chosen.

In any tabulations intended to represent all adults, imbalances between the number of electors on the register relevant to the selected household and the number of adults actually living in the selected household need to be redressed. This is done by weighting each record by a factor or a, where a is the number of adults living in the household

and e is the number of electors relevant to that household. In most cases they match and this weight is 1. Total weighted sample will be quite close to total unweighted sample.

The type II weighting can be defined as:

If 001.28/3 (elector list matches adults in household) weight is 1.

In all other cases, weight by a factor consisting of:

Value at 001.29-30 (Number of adults)

Divided by:

Value at 001.27 or, if 001.27 is blank, value at 001.17-18. (Number of relevant electors).

III. Weighting to Represent Households

In some tabulations, one wants to represent households rather than adults. This is done by weighting each record by the inverse of the number of relevant electors.

The type III weighting can be defined as:

Weight all records by a factor consisting of 1, divided by the value at 001.27 or, of 001.27 is blank, the value of 001.17-18. (Number of relevant electors).

IV. Weighting to Represent Incidents

This refers to analyses based on the victim forms only.

Some of the incidents which were reported and on which victim forms were completed should not be used in the main incident or victim analyses because:

- a) it is doubtful whether any offence was involved
- OR b) an offence was involved, but one which falls outside the survey's scope (ie the screening questions were not intended to cover it).

These incidents are covered by the following offence codes:

- 19 assault outside survey
- 39 sexual offence outside survey
- 48 ? theft from person
- 49 theft from person outside survey
- 54 ? burglary
- 59 burglary outside survey
- 66 milk bottle theft
- 68 ? theft
- 69 theft outside survey
- 87 ? criminal damage
- 88 attempted criminal damage
- 89 criminal damage outside survey
- 99 threats outside survey

They are excluded from this weighting matrix.

In some cases, incidents reported under household screening questions have been classified, at the coding stage, to individual offence codes. Because of this, weighting is based <u>not</u> on the screening questions but on the offence coding.

Weighting of type IV is:

If offence type 14.68-9/ 11 12 13 31 32 33 34 35 41 42 43 44 45

Weighting of Type II

Weighting of Type III

V. Weighting for Omission of Follow-up Questionnaire

A follow-up questionnaire was required in all cases where victim forms were completed. For cost reasons, it was decided that follow-up questionnaires would be completed in only a proportion of other cases. They were completed where the address serial number ended in 0, 1, 2 or 3. This should have produced follow-up questionnaires in about 40% of cases, with an allowance plus or minus for sampling error. Actual figures were 39% in England and Wales and 38% in Scotland, which is sufficiently close to target to cause no worry.

In any tabulations based on the follow-up questionnaires, imbalance between victims (all covered) and non-victims (only c.40% covered) needs to be redressed.

Quite a number of tabulations of follow-up questionnaire data are based on victims only, so that it makes sense to give these a weight of 1.

The required weights for the follow-up questionnaires for people who were not victims are, therefore:

England and Wales 2.56

Scotland 2.67

The type V weighting can, therefore be defined as:

In cases where Card 005 is present:

If 004.47/3-6, weight is 1

If 004.47/2, weight is: - England and Wales 2.56 - Scotland 2.67

VI. Weighting for Omission of Damage Victim Forms (weighting of Victim Forms)

The pilot showed a very high incidence of criminal damage, and, for cost reasons it was decided to follow up only half of these. The rule was that, where someone answered "Yes" to one of the damage questions (0.19f), 0.22n), 0.23n), 0.24h)), a victim form was completed if the address serial number ended in 0, 2, 4, 6 or 8, but not if it ended in 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9.

In any analysis based on the victim forms only, the appropriate action will be to double-weight those cases which come from the damage screen questions.

The type VI weighting is thus defined as:

 $\begin{array}{c|c} \underline{\text{Victim Forms}} & \text{Card 110} & \longrightarrow \\ & 210 & \longrightarrow \\ & 310 & \longrightarrow \\ & 410 & \longrightarrow \\ \end{array}$

If 009-011/193, 226, 236, 244, weight by 2.

All others, weight by 1.

VII. Weighting of Omission of Damage Victim Forms (weighting of Main Questionnaire)

Some tabulations will be required on the base of all people or households using information derived from victim forms. eg. what proportion of households have suffered a victimisation categorised as criminal damage. Type VI weighting will not deal with this. Its effect would be to double the number of damage incidents for people with even numbered selection digits and fail to pick up cases where the selection digit was odd.

The type VII weighting is, thus, defined as:

003.32-33

.50 - 51

.64-65

.72 - 73

- (a) If blank, 00 or 99 to all weight is 1.
- (b) If 01-98 to any, then:
 - If 001.05/0, 2, 4, 6 or 8, weight is 2.
 - If 001.05/1, 3, 5, 7 or 9, weight is 0.

This remains the correct basis for weighting even if one wishes to pick out only, say, cases of criminal damage which happened during 1981.

VIII Weighting for Series Offences

This applies to victim forms only. Where the respondent reported several incidents of the same type, but said that they were very similar, involving the same thing done under similar circumstances and probably by the same people, only one victim form was completed.

For purposes of criminal statistics, the police would treat some of the series of incidents concerned as a single, serial offence. The probability of this line being taken will increase with the number of incidents in the series. It would not, therefore, be desirable to weight up by number of incidents where this number is particularly high.

The series offences can be examined in detail at a later stage. For initial tabulations, it has been decided that an arbitrary limit of 5 shall be set to the number of incidents which will be accepted in a series.

The type VIII weighting can, therefore, be defined as:

<u>Definition</u>	Weight
10.12/1	1
. 10.13-14/02	2
/03	3
/04	4
/05-99	5

Note that this weighting matrix applies only when <u>all</u> incidents recorded in the survey are being taken into account. A different instruction would be needed to cover only those incidents which happened during 1981.

IX. Weighting for Omitted Offences

It was decided after piloting that the maximum number of victim forms we could reasonably expect to complete with any given respondent was four. Where a respondent reported five or more incidents or series of incidents, a priority system was used to select four for coverage.

The aim of the priority system was to ensure as far as possible that coverage of the less common types of incident was not lost.

The number of incidents lost through this restriction was small. The restriction involved a loss of 4% on all victim incidents. Since the circumstances of incidents which happen to people frequently victimised are different from those which happen to those less frequently victimised, it would be unwise to attempt to weight to make up this loss.

SUMMARY OF WEIGHTS REQUIRED

Combining the various levels of weighting gives the following requirements for production of tables of different types for England and Wales.

	Units of Analysis	Base	Weighting Required
Α.	Main Questionnaire	Adults	I x II
В.	Main Questionnaire	Households	I × III
С.	Follow-up Questionnaire	Adults	I x II x V
D.	Follow-up Questionnaire	Households	I x III x V
Ε.	Main Questionnaire using damage data derived from victim forms	Adults	I × II × VII
F.	Main Questionnaire using damage data derived from victim forms	Hous eholds	I x III x VII
G.	Follow-up Questionnaire using damage data derived from victim forms	Adults	I x II x V x VII
Н.	Follow-up Questionnaire using damage data derived from victim forms	Households	IIV x V x III x I
1	Victim Forms	Incidents	I x IV x VI x VIII

Weighting for tabulations for Scotland is the same, except that Weight I is omitted in all cases.

FEB 1 9 1982

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Main Questionnaire

			_
			- س
		{ { }	1
, –	1 1 1	1 1	
<u>. </u>	1 1 1	()	1
<u> </u>	וני ו		L
	:		

SURVEY RESEARCH CENTRE

Head Office: 35 Northempton Square London EC1 OAX Tel: 01-250 1866

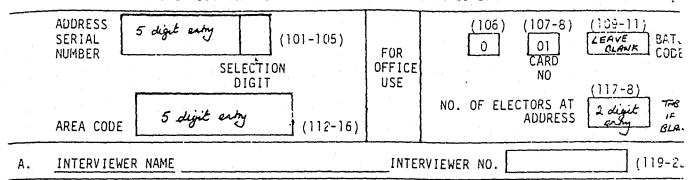
Northern Field Office. Charazal House Gainford Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3EG 16L 032 516 BER

P.674/675

MATTUNAL CRIME SURVEY ADDRESS RECORD FORM

January 1 11

AT MULTI-HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES, SEEK HOUSEHOLD OF STARRED ELECTOR, OR HOUSEHOLD NOW OCCUPYING THE ACCOMMODATION WHERE STARRED ELECTOR LIVED.



DETAILS OF CALLS (in the order they are made) В.

Gall No. (ring)	Time (24-hour clock)	Day of Week	 te Month	Write in results of call(s) made and notes of appointment(s) set up (use new form for 7 or more calls).	730
1					21
2					35
3					39
4					48
5					₹?]
6					

P.670 AUURESS SERIAL NO.	1		itannet Eleutor
Address	Electors		
•			
	•		
	11.75	OVIEWED NO	

ADDRESS SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) ALL Traceable, residential and occupied One 2 digit code Deadwood Only - no trace of address - address vacant/derelict - premises demolished - business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) Office address an institution office office office office address office address only (SPECIFY TYPE) Office address an institution office of	ī
Traceable, residential and occupied Deadwood - no trace of address - address vacant/derelict - premises demolished - business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) - address an institution (SPECIFY TYPE) CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English Adaptive Code Occ 2 digit code Occ 2 digi	.124 t
Deadwood - no trace of address - address vacant/derelict - premises demolished - business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) - address an institution (SPECIFY TYPE) CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) (# 123-124-14A) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (# 86 maged at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
- no trace of address - address vacant/derelict - premises demolished - business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) - address an institution (SPECIFY TYPE) CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) (If 123-124 AA) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (If 66 mand at D) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	1
- address vacant/derelict - premises demolished - business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) - address an institution (SPECIFY TYPE) CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) (If 123-124/AA) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: Code adjute - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (If 86 mand at D) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
- premises demolished - business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) - address an institution (SPECIFY TYPE) CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) (# 123-124/AA) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (# 86 mand at a) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person senile/incapacitated - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) (# 123-124 AA) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (# 66 maged at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person senile (at home) during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) (# 123-124 AA) Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (# 66 mand at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
Information obtained about occupants at address No information obtained about occupants at address because: - no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (If 66 mand at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	<i>"</i>
No information obtained about occupants at address because: cade no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (If 86 maged at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: selected person not contacted (eg never in) selected person personally refused interview selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted selected person ill (at home) during survey period selected person senile/incapacitated refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household selected person could not speak adequate English	
- no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (# 86 maged at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	3
- no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls only - complete refusal of information about occupants (AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (# 66 maged at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person semile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	15
(AFTER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) (If 86 miged at 0) SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	2
SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English 78	³ J .
Interview obtained with selected person No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
No interview obtained because: - selected person not contacted (eg never in) - selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English	
- selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English - 78	
- selected person personally refused interview - selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English - 78	
- selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted - selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English 73 74 75 76 77	
- selected person ill (at home) during survey period - selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English 76 77	≥ . [
- selected person away/in hospital during survey period - selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English 78	3
- selected person senile/incapacitated - refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household - selected person could not speak adequate English 78	1
- refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household 77 - selected person could not speak adequate English 78	5
- selected person could not speak adequate English 78	5
	,
a other reason for not interviewing (WRITE IN	3
- Other reason for not interviewing (with the	9
	,
	. [
Name of Respondent (WRITE IN)	

BOTH TO THE OFFICE TOGETHER.

SEND THE ADDRESS SLIP BACK IN THE SAME POST BUT IN A SEPARATE ENVELOPE.

IF YOU HAVE NOT MANAGED TO OBTAIN AN INTERVIEW SEND THE ARF BACK TO THE OFFICE WITH THE ADDRESS SLIP STILL ATTACHED.

		CHRISTY DESPARELL CENTRE		, .
	[]	SURVEY RESEARCH CENTRE Head Office. 35 Northumpton Square Lundon EC1 0AX Tel: 01-250 1866 Northum Field Office. Charazal House Gentlord Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3EG. Tel: 032	676 ann	
	The visitable is	or L. Salar wings		
		P.670 NATIONAL CRIME SURVEY Janu	Jary, 198	82
		RESPONDENT SELECTION SHEET		
•	:	THIS SHEET MUST ALWAYS BE STAPLED TO THE APPROPRIATE ADDRESS RECORD	FORM.	
•		CODY FROM		
		COPY FROM ADDRESS ADDRESS SERIAL		
		RECORD FORM: - NUMBER TAB IF O	IFFERENT	
		SELECTION	*****	
· ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		DIGIT		
		ALL COOED BB AT A.R.F. SECTION D.	Co1./	Ski
	•	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING AT	Code	to
	1.	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING AT THE ADDRESS SHOWN ON ADDRESS RECORD FORM	(125)	-
		One	\ \ \	Q.:
	'	One code only Three	2	
		One code only Three 9=NA Four	3	
	,	7 = ~//≈ Four Five	4	0.2
	,	Six or more	5 6	
		31% 01 110/12	1 0 1	
	2.	MULTI-HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES (CODES 2-6 AT Q.1) (12 125/2-6)		
	a)	SEEK TO IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF STARRED ELECTOR OR		
		HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING IN THE PART OF THE ACCOMMODATION WHERE STARRED ELECTOR USED TO LIVE.	(126)	
		One code only HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIED	1	b)
		9 HOUSEHOLD NUT IDENTIFIED	2	c)
	:	b) IF HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIED. ESTABLISH HOW (# 126/1)		
		MANY OF THE ELECTORS LISTED ON THE A.R.F., INCLUDING THE STARRED ELECTOR, WERE IN THE	ĺ	
		STARRED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER, 1980.		
		Range = 1-4	/127\	1, -
		THE IF BLANK	(127)	Q.3
		c) IF HOUSEHOLD NOT IDENTIFIED GO TO Q.4. AT Q.4 INCLUDE ALL PERSONS 16+ LIVING AT ADDRESS		
		AT 0.4 THEEDE ALL PERSONS TOP LIVING AT MIDDRESS		0.4
•		THE TAX DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	<u> </u>	
•	3.	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES AND ALL MULTI- HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES WHERE STARRED HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIED. (# 1251 & # 1261)		
1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 ×	a)	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN STARRED HOUSEHOLD).	(128)	
•	<u> </u>	Do all those meanle still live home?	A	0;
		only No	1)	
				ð-,
		b) IF YES AT a) Does anyone else aged 16 or over (18 A right at a) Yes	2	INTEF
***************************************		live here ad part of this household? One code only	, p	LEC
į		; N/A	1	3

				- 2	_				Col./
(# 126/2 or 128/1 on 2) ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE ST		ט בו	FCT	וא מר וא מר	DEA	ט רו	IÙCEN	FOR INTERVIEW	1
Including yourself, how m									
live here (as part of thi	is ho	ouse	hold)?	COL	-		l person only	01-
NOTE: AT MULTI-HOUSEHOLD									
WHERE STARRED ELECTION OF THE STARRED ASK	, 1 UK. (2 H	UUS EI	101.0	08			One 2 digit	
"live here?"					i in a r		. [PEOPLE ←	120-20
					WKI	re II	λ: Γ	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	123-30
IF 2+ PERSONS 16+ AT Q.4	U	129-	30/0	2 +)					
LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN C	RID	BEL	OW.	LIST	MAL	ES F	IRST	, THEN	
FEMALES. LIST OLDEST TO IN SURNAMES.	YOUN	IGES	I WI	IHIN	SEX.	DU	NOI	MKITE	
								PERSON NUMBER	
								1	
								2	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					-,	3	
			<u></u>					4 4	
	·	÷				·		5	
	-	·						7	
<u> </u>								8	
							 _	9	
USE THE COLUMN ON THE GRI HOUSEHOLD. GO DOWN THE C SELECTION DIGIT FOR THIS THE NUMBER PRINTED WHERE OF THE PERSON YOU SHOULD	OLUM ADDR THE INTE	M UN RESS LINE	NTIL (LAS E AND EW.	YOU ST DI COL	COME IGIT LUMN	OF S	THE SERIA I IS	LINE FOR THE L NUMBER)	
NO SUBSTITUTE MAY BE TAKE	.,4			~	~		0	7 1	1
NO SUBSTITUTE MAY BE TAKE SELECTION DIGIT (LAST		٠.				16-	IN	HOUSEHOLD	1
NO SUBSTITUTE MAY BE TAKE SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER)	2	3				7	IN 8	HOUSEHOLD 9 or more	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST			TOTAL	PEI	RSONS	7 5		9 or more 7	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER)		3	TOTAL 4	PEI 5	RSONS 6	7	8	9 or more	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER)	2	3	TOTAL 4	9EF 5	6 1	7 5	8 4	9 or more 7	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1	2	3 2 3	4 3 1	5 2 4	6 1 3	7 5 6	8 4	9 or more 7 9	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1 2	2 1 2 1	3 2 3	4 3 1 2	5 2 4 5	6 1 3 4	7 5 6	8 4 5 1	9 or more 7 9 4	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1 2 3	2 1 2 1	3 2 3 2	1 2 4	5 2 4 5	6 1 3 4 5	7 5 6 3 7	8 4 5 1 6	9 or more 7 9 4 8	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1 2 3 4	2 1 2 1 2 1	3 2 3 2	1 3 1 2 4 2	PEF 5 2 4 5 3 1	6 1 3 4 5	7 5 6 3 7	8 4 5 1 6	9 or more 7 9 4 8 6	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1 2 3 4 5 -	2 1 2 1 2 1	3 2 3 2 1 3	1 2 4 2 3	PEF 5 2 4 5 3 1 5 5	6 1 3 4 5 6	7 5 6 3 7 2	8 4 5 1 6 1.	9 or more 7 9 4 8 6	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1 2 3 4 5 - 6	2 1 2 1 2 1 2	3 2 3 2 1 3	1 2 4 2 3 4	PEF 5 2 4 5 3 1 5 3 3	6 1 3 4 5 6 1 2	7 5 6 3 7 2	8 4 5 1 6 1. 4	9 or more 7 9 4 8 6 2	
SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER) 0 1 2 3 4 5 - 6 7	2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	3 2 3 2 1 3 1 2 1 3 2	1 2 4 2 3 4 3 2 1	PEF 5 2 4 5 3 1 5 3 2	6 1 3 4 5 6 1 2 4	7 5 6 3 7 2 7 5	8 4 5 1 6 1. 4 3	9 or more 7 9 4 8 6 2 1	

l	· — 2 —	Col./	Skip
2.	IF HOUSEHOLD'S ACCOMMODATION IS MAISONCTTE/FLAT/20MS/ (# 218-19/05-09) BEDSITIER (CODES 05-09 AT QTa), RECORD BY OBSERVATION	LOGE	
a)	NUMBER OF FLOORS IN BUILDING:	(221)	
	(INCLUDE BASEMENTS AS FLOORS. INCLUDE ALL FLOORS IN ENTIRE STRUCTURE). 1 only	ı	
	2	. 2	
	a	:	
	$q = \nu/a$	4	
	5-9	5	
	10 or more	. 6	
		(222)	
b)	FLOOR LEVEL OF MAIN LIVING	, ,	
- /	PART OF THIS HOUSEHOLD'S ACCOMMODATION		
	Ground floor/street level	2	
	First floor	3 }	Q
	$9=\lambda/A$ 2nd or 3rd floor	4	-
	4th-9th floor	5	
	10th floor or more	6	
3.	ASK ALL	(223)	
a)	Do you ever worry about the possibility that you or		
	anyone else who lives with you might be the victim One code Yes	A	b)
	No		Q
	IF YES AT a) ASK b) - d) (y A right at a)		}
	b) Is this READ OUT a big worry,	4,	
	8= N/A at 4) after A' at a) a bit of a worry,	3	
	9= MA at a) and b). or just an occasional doubt?	2	
	c) Who do you worry about? One code SELF ONLY - LIVES ALONE 1		ATLE
	Only Solf - lives with others 2	(224)	l oue i
	(MORE THAN ONE MAY BE CODED OUT OF 2-4) Other adults in H/H 3	(225)	SHOWL
		(225)	BE RI
	226/9 = N/a at c). Children under 16 4		HEA
	d) What sorts of crime do you worry about most? RECORD VERBATIM BUT DO NOT PROBE.		
			1
			:
	SEE OPEN- WOINS SCHEOULE		}
	SEE OPEN - WOING SCHEDULE		

4.	ASK ALL								Col./	Skip
a)	Were you brought t								Code	
1	the area within ab					0	uaht un		(257)	٥. ٦
	or did you move he	ere from	somewne	re else:	DAR LI		ught up			Q.5
	b) IF MOVED HERE A	AT a)(19)	A'riged a	<u>t a))</u>	•		люνε	ed here	A	b)
	How long is it	=	•	-			Under	1 year	5 }	1
.	this area, the	area wi	thin abo	ut		1 bu	t under S	years	4 :	0 = -
	15 minutes walk	c or here	8= NA 0	et is) agtiv	A at a)	5 but	under 10) years	3	Q.5
				e a) and) years o	_	. 2 _	
5.	ASK ALL 🗸								1223.	
	How would you fee	l about	moving a	way from	this		•		1225.	1
	area? Would you b	be pleas								
	you have mixed fee						Fairly p		2	
	IF PLEASED: Fa	airly pl	eased or	very pl	eased?		Yery E		 	<u>:</u>
	IF SORRY: A	bit sor	ry or ve	ry sorry	? q_	NA	A bit	sorry	4	1
1						•	Very	sorry	5	1.
			·	:			Mixed fe	elings	3	
5.	ASK ALL								(229)	
	How safe do you fe after dark? Would				s area		Vei	y safe	1	
	(NOTE: IF RESPONDE	_				مل م		y safe		
	AT NIGHT, F	PROBE	•	•		9 = N/A		unsafe	1	1
	"How safe y	vould yo	u feel	•)			or very		1	
	ASK ALL								· 	
a)	How common is peor									
	area - very common					mmon?				
	RECORD IN GRID BEL CATEGORIES LISTED			T FOR OT	HER					
b)	Would you say that	t, in th	is area,	people'	s house	<u>s</u>				
	being burgled is rago, less common of				was fiv	e years			,	
	RECORD IN GRID BEL			T FOR OT	HER					
	CATEGORIES LISTED	IN GRID	for each	cakeou		Ove co	le for each	cateons		<u> </u>
		9= N/A	"(a)"	9, 0		9= 2/	A - (b) -	ÿ J	:	
	TYPE		ncidence				ARISON W			i
1	OF CRIME	V-		Not	0-		YEARS AG		5-14-	
	—.	Very common	Fairly common	very common	Don't know	More	Less	The same	Don't know	
1	People's houses			1						15:0-3
	being burgled People's cars		2	3	<u> </u>	1	2	3		
ļ	being stolen	1	2	3	8	1	2			1,0,0-0-
	Group of Leenagers making a nuisance									
	of themselves	1	2	3	8	1	2	3	_ 8	1934-75
	Vandalism and deliberate damage									
	to property	<u> </u>	2	3	8	1	2	3	<u>8</u>	17,38-37
	Poople being munged or robbed	\$						•	g	15 1 R- 70
	in the street	! !	2	3	8	1.	2	3	, , ,	

	•
ALL	Col./
RECORD BY OBSERVATION FOR ALL:	(240)
a) SEX OF RESPONDENT: Y Wash check selection shoot and/or Q12 and/or Q26 and Q27 Male	1
Female	2
b) RACE OF RESPONDENT:	(241)
White	1
Black (West Indian or African)	2
9= N/A Indian/Pakistani/Bangladeshi	3
Other non-white	4
Mixed/uncertain	5
ASK ALL	
a) Now some questions about yourself.	
How old are you?	2
99= N/A WRITE IN: YEARS	(242-43)
b) Are youREAD OUT married,	(244)
single,	2
$9 = \nu / A$ widowed,	3
divorced,	4
or separated?	5
L) Are you in work at present or in full-time	
education or seeking work or doing something	
else? PROMPT WITH PRECODED CATEGORIES AS NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH STATUS.	(245)
RING ONE CODE ONLY. Working - full-time (over 30 hrs pw)	1 1
(FULL TIME EDUCATION HAS PRECEDENCE OVER PART TIME WORK) - part-time (over 10-30 hrs pw)	2 }
- part-time (up to 10 hrs pw)	3]
$q = \nu / q$ Unemployed and seeking work	4
Unemployed and sick or disabled	5
Retired	6
Housewife	7
In full-time education	8]
Other (SPECIFY) Records if possible observice obser = code o	
d) IF IN WORK (FULL OR PART TIME) (11 245/1,2 or 3)	(246.
Have you spent any time out of work and	
looking for work since the first of January, 1981? Yes	
9 = N/A No	2

ક :

				Col./	SŁ
• *••				Code	- LC
ASK ALL					
PRESENT OR LAST MAIN	OB. IF NOT NOW IN	WORK USE PAST	TENSE.	(247)	!
What type of work are	you doing?		NEVER WORKED	1	Q
PROBE AS NECESSARY:				<u> </u>	1
What is the name or to					-
What do you actually o	do in the job?				:
c	CCLLPATION CODING / E	HPLOYMENT STA	TWS		i
	SEE SEPARATE INST	BUCTIONS	•		
What skill or training	g do you need for the	e job?			
•					
,				(248)	
Are youREAD OUT(1 247 Not = 1)	Qs ti	/aan employee	1	
		• • • •	or self-employed	2	
Do you supervise or a	re vou responsible				-
for the work of any of					
for the work of any of			No	A	
for the work of any of		Yes (WRITE IN	No. SUPERVISED)	A	
for the work of any of		Yes (WRITE IN		A	_
What industry is your	employer in? (IF S	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED)are you in?)	A	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'V	employer in? (IF S Nat does your emplo	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED)are you in?)	A	
What industry is your	employer in? (IF S Nat does your emplo	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED)are you in?)	A	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'V	employer in? (IF S Nat does your emplo	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED)are you in?)	A	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'V	employer in? (IF S Nat does your emplo	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED)are you in?)	A	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)?	employer in? (IF S what does your employ ?'	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place		
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from):	employer in? (IF S what does your employ ?'	ELF-EMPLOYED.	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place	, A	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)?	employer in? (IF S what does your employ ?'	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people	, A B	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)?	employer in? (IF S what does your employ ?'	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place	, A B	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work?	employer in? (IF S what does your employ ?'	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people	A B C	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are er usual place of work?	employer in? (IF S) What does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people	, A B	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work?	employer in? (IF S) What does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people	A B C	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work? ASK ALL / How old were you when	employer in? (IF S) what does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people 5 people or more	A B C	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work? ASK ALL / How old were you when	employer in? (IF S) what does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people people or more	A B C (249)	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work? ASK ALL / How old were you when	employer in? (IF S) what does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people 5 people or more Less than 15	A B C (249)	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work? ASK ALL / How old were you when	employer in? (IF S) what does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people people or more Less than 15 15 16	A B C (243)	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work? ASK ALL / How old were you when	employer in? (IF S) what does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place l only 2-24 people 5 people or more Less than 15 15 16 9: N/A 17	A B C (243)	
What industry is your IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'Where you work (from)? How many people are enusual place of work? ASK ALL / How old were you when	employer in? (IF S) what does your employ?' mployed at your Is itREAD OUT:	ELF-EMPLOYED. yer do/make a	NO. SUPERVISED) are you in?) t the place lonly 2-24 people people or more Less than 15 15 16 4: N/A 17 18	A B C (243)	

			•	- 6 -					
2.	ASK ALL	•	. •					Col./	Ski
a)	Can I just check. A any other adults, ag	part from	yourself	, are ther	·e			Lone	
.	live here in this ho	usehold,	catered f	wno normal or by the	same			,	
	person as you?					One code	Yes	Α	b)
.						9 - N/A	No	0	Q.1
Į	IF YES AT a) ASK b)-	g) If A rige	ed at a)	I digit enh	4	(8=80	- more)		
	b) How many?			WRITE 1		PERSONS		← (250)	
	RECORD IN GRID BELOW OCCUPATIONAL STATUS RESPONDENT.	RELATION OF ALL PE	SHIP TO R RSONS IN	ESPONDENT, HOUSEHOLD	, SEX, AGE AGED 16+	AND APART FR	<u>0M</u>		
	IF RESPONDENT HAS SP IN FIRST COLUMN.	OUSE OR C	OHABITEE	RECORD DET	TAILS OF T	HAT PERS	1		
	NOTE - IF RESPONDENT	PAS NO S	POUSE OF	COHARITEE	FIRST CO	IIIMN TC		Serial No.	1302-
						·		003	(306-
	CHECK - OHE CODE ONLY	ON EACH AR	.						
	PERSON NUMBER	,	2	3	4 .	5	6	7	8
	c) Relationship to	Spouse/ Co-							
	respondent	habitee (if any)							
	d) Sex	(251)	(255)	(259)	(263)	(267)	(271)	(309)	
	Male	1	, 1	1	7	1	7	1	1
	9=NA Female	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
İ	e) Age Check range = 16+	252-3)	(256-7)	(260-1)	(264-5)	(268-9)	(272-3)	(310-11) (314-
	(WRITE IN)								
	f) Occupational								
1	status	(254)	(258)	(262)	(266)	(270)	(274)	4312)	331G
. 1	Working full-time (over 30 hours pw)	1	1		1	1	1	1	1
	Working part-time (any work up to								! !
İ	30 hours pw)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	. 2
. 1	Full time education	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
;	Others not in paid work	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
1	CHECK ENTRIES ON	gaio Aga	PEE WITH	NUMBER O	F 16+ ENTE	EO AT PL	:25-20 Spare	İ	
	g) ESTABLISH IDENTIT NAME ACCOMMONDATI THAT PERSON)	Y OF HOUS ON IS OWN	EHOLD HEA ED/RENTED	D (PERSON FOR MALE	IN WHOSE PARTNER OF				
•			CODE: Hou	sehold He	ad is: Res	pondent	0	(217)	
				IN PERSON	NO: PE	RSON NO.		*	Q.13
			4.0				·	1	10

	- 7 - 1	Col./	Skip
	IF RESPONDENT IS NOT HOUSEHOLD HEAD (# 317 1-9)	Code	to
	PRESENT OR LAST MAIN JOB OF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. IF HOH IS NOT NOW IN WORK, USE PAST TENSE.	(318)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	What type of work is (HOH) doing? NEVER WORKED PROBE AS NECESSARY:]	0.14
	What is the name or title of his/her job?		
	What does he/she actually do in the job?	•	
	OCCUPATION CORNS EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
	SEE SEPARATE INSTRUCTIONS		
	What skill or training does he/she need for the job?		
1)	Is (HOH) READ OUT an employee	A	
7 .	or self-employed?	В	
	Does (HOH) supervise or is he/she responsible for the work of any other people?	Α	
	Yes (WRITE IN NO. SUPERVISED)		
1)	What industry is (HOH's) employer in? (IF SELF-EMPLOYEDis he/she in?) IF NECESSARY PROBE: 'What does (HOH's) employer do/make at the place where (HOH) works (from)?		
:)	How many people are employed at (HOH's) usual place of work? Is it READ OUT: lonly,	A	
	2-24 people,	В	
	or 25 people or more?	C	
	ASK ALL V		
1) ·	Are there any children aged under 16 in this household? 9=	A	ь)
	No No	0	Q.15
	IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c)	1	
	b) How many? 8=14A at b) de A at a) WRITE IN: CHILDREN	←(319)	
	c) Are any of these children aged under 5? ((374/1-7,8) q=40 at 3 min d) No 1 digit saley (7 = 7+)	A 0	d) Q. I 5
	d) IF YES AT c) How many? WRITE IN: CHILDREN	[(320) (
	8= H/A at d) ofter A at c)		
			الله

Ŕ

15.	ASK ALL	Col./	Ski
13.	Does your household own this accommodation or rent it? IF RENTED From the council, from a housing association	(321)	
	or from a private landlord?	1	
	RENTED - from council	2	
	- from housing association	3	
	9= MA - from private landlord	4	1
	RENT FREE WITH JOB	- 5	
	Other (SPECIFY) Delete code by might, minds if possible otherwise squarren: 7	=6-	
16.	ASK ALL		
a)	Does anyone in this household own or have the regular use of a motorcycle, scooter or moped? אפר אוף של א אויי איני איני איני איני איני איני אי	A 0	b)
	b) IF YES AT a) How many motorcycles, scooters or mopeds? 8= N/A at 4) ofter A at a) WRITE IN NUMBER:	↑ ((322)	Q.
	c) IF NO AT a) Can I check. Has anyone in (15 322 0) this household owned or had the regular use of a motorcycle, scooter or moped at any time since the first of January, 1981? Yes	(323)	
	No No	2	Q
7.	ASK ALL		
a)	Does anyone in this household own or have the regular use of a car, van or other motor vehicle? 9= 4 A at a) Anaby No	A 1	ь
	b) IF YES AT a) How many cars, vans or other motor vehicles? 8=4 Aat b) albr A at a) 1 digit entry (7=7+)	↑ ←(324)	Q
	c) IF NO AT a) Can I check. Has anyone in (18 3240) this household owned or had the regular use of a car, van or other motor vehicle at any time	(325)	
-	since the first of January, 1981? 9=NA No	2	Q.
3 .	ASK ALL		
a)	Does anyone in this household own a bicycle? $q = \mu \mu \propto \lambda \rho \omega \psi$ Yes	A	b)
	No.	0	(c)
	b) IF YES AT a) How many bicycles? 8 = N/A at b) after A at a) N digit anny (7 = 7+)	(326)	CHE Q.
	c) IF NO AT a) Can I check. Has anyone in this household owned a bicycle at any time since (15 3240) the first of January, 1981? Yes	(327) 1 2	CHE
		- ,	
			12.

		Col./	Ski
	PART 2 EXPERIENCE AS A VICTIM	Code	to
	The next few questions are about things that have happened to you or the people you live with over the (READ OUT NUMBER) months since the first of January, 1981, in which you may have been the victims of a crime or some other offence.		
	I don't just want to know about serious incidents. I want to know about small things too. It is often difficult to remember exactly when the small things happened. So I will take these questions slowly and I would like you to think carefully about them.		
	CHECK Q.16a), Q.16c), Q.17a) AND Q.17c)		ļ
	IF YES TO ANY (REGULAR USE OF MOTORCYCLE/CAR ETC. AT ANY TIME SINCE JANUARY 1981) ASK Q.19. OTHERS CHECK Q.20.		
79.	ALL WHOSE HOUSEHOLDS HAVE HAD REGULAR USE OF CAR/MOTORCYCLE ETC. AT ANY TIME SINCE JANUARY, 1981 (\$ 3221-8 or \$ 3231 or \$ 3241-8 or \$ 3251)		
a)	During themonths since the first of January 1981, have you or has anyone else now in your household had their car, van, motorcycle or other motor vehicle stolen or driven		
•	away without permission? NOTE: INCLUDE VEHICLES FOR WHICH H/H MEMBERS NO WERE RESPONSIBLE	AA 00	b) c)
	2 digit eatry	(328-9)	VF
c)	b) IF YES AT a) How many times? 98=1/A at 1) also AA at a) 97=97 or more. Apart from this, in that time has anyone had anything.	(320-37)	
	stolen off their vehicle or out of it (parts of the vehicle, personal possessions or other things)? Yes	AA	d)
	No I	00 1	e)
	d) IF YES AT c) How many times since WRITE IN: TIMES4 the first of January 1981?	(330-31)	VF
e)	And apart from this, in that time has anyone had their vehicle tampered with or damaged by vandals or people out to steal?	AA	f)
	As above No	00	CHECK
	f) IF YES AT e) How many times since the first of January, 1981?	ĵ	Q.20
	J TIMES	(332-3)	VF IF SELECT
			ION DIGIT I 0,2,4,6
			8
			13

		Col./	
20.	CHECK Q18a) AND Q.18c). IF YES TO EITHER (BICYCLE OWNED AT ANY	Cole	
20.	TIME SINCE JANUARY 1981) ASK Q.20. OTHERS SKIP TO Q.21 (1324 -8 02 6 327/1)		
a)	IF BICYCLE OWNED SINCE JANUARY, 1981 During the		
	months since the first of January 1981, have you or anyone else now in your household had a bicycle stolen?	AA	b)
	Adama (4 one (6) one (00	Q.1
	, 2 digit entry	1	
		। (334–5) ←	VF
	(NOTE: IF 2+ BICYCLES TAKEN TOGETHER, 98= N/A at 4) Abs AD at 4) COUNT AS ONE INCIDENT)	,	
	97 = 97 OR MORE		
21.	ASK ALL	(336)	
a)	How many years have you lived at this address? Less than I year	A }	
	1 but under 2 years	В	b)
:	q=NA ملم) Anob) 2 but under 5 years	3)	
	5 but under 10 years	2	0.2
	10 years or more	1]	
•	b) IF UNDER 2 YEARS AT a) Were you (if A on B niged at a)		
	11ving at this address on the first	4	Ų.2
	8= What by other Acris 185 at a) No	5	(c)
	c) IF NO AT b) Before you moved here, were you (18 3365)		
	living in a household that owned or that rented its accommodation?	•	
		(337)	
**	IF RENTED From the council, from a housing association or from a private landlord? OWNED	11	
	RENTED - from council	2	
•	- from housing association	3	0.22
-	۹= ماله - privately	4	
1	RENT FREE WITH JOB	5	
•	LIVING IN INSTITUTION	6)	
. 1	Other (SPECIFY) Brode of possible observed Squarres = 7 OTHERS = 8		
		<u> </u>	

22.	ASK ALL	Cc1./	3k
	NOTE: IF LIVING HERE IN JANUARY, 1981 (CODES 1-4 AT Q.21a)/b)	Code	to
•	THIS QUESTION REFERS TO THE PERIOD SINCE THEN.		
	IF NOT LIVING HERE ON 1st JANUARY 1981 (CODE 5 AT Q.21b), THIS QUESTION REFERS TO PERIOD SINCE RESPONDENT MOVED HERE.		
a) 1	During themonths since:		
ľ	the first of January, 1981 (IF HERE THEN)		
	you moved here, (IF MOVED HERE SINCE)		
	has anyone got into your house/flat without permission and stolen anything?	AA	ь
	99= N/A at a) And b) No	00	c
	b) IF YES AT a) How many times?	1.	
	98=NA at b) of the AA at a) WRITE IN: TIMES	(338-9)	←VF
c)	Apart from this, in that time has anyone		
	got into your house/flat without permission and caused damage?	AA	d }
	AS ALONG NO	00	e)
		Ŷ .	
	d) IF YES AT c) How many times? WRITE IN:	-(340-1)	s- VF
e)	And apart from this, in that time have you		
1.	ever found anything that showed that someone		
	had tried to get in without permission to steal or to cause damage?	AA	f)
	As above No	00	9)
		1	. 197
	f) IF YES AT e) How many times? WRITE IN:	-(342-3)	(TAE
g)	Apart from this, in that time has anything been		
	stolen out of your house/flat? Yes	AA	h)
	As above No	00	i)
	h) IF YES AT g) How many times? WRITE IN:	1	
	h) IF YES AT g) How many times? WRITE IN:	_(344-5)	← VF
i)	Apart from this, in that time have you ever had the milk stolen from outside your house/flat? Yes	AA	
	As above No	00	j, k)
	_		, ,
	j) IF YES AT i) How many times? WRITE IN: TIMES	-(346-7)	VF NO
	J	1040-7	WAH
k)	And apart from anything you have teld as also		
()	And apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time has anything else that	1	
	belonged to someone in your household been stolen from outside the house/flat - from the doorstep,		
	the garden or the garage for example?	AA	1)
-	As above No	00	m)
	TO VES AT IN HOU TO BE AS	7	
	1) IF YES AT k) How many times? WRITE IN:	31'H-9) -	15
1		4 - *	

		Col./	Skip
		Code	to
3. on'td)			
1)	IF MOVED HERE SINCE JANUARY (1981) (18 336/5)		,
	Apart from this, in that time did you ever have the milk stolen from outside your house/flat? qq=n A ek i) A=0j) Yes	AA	
	No No	00	
	2 digit eatry TIMES	1	VF
	1) IF YES Al 1) How many times? 98=NA aki) eller AA aki) WRITE IN:	(360-1)	TON WANT
k)	And apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time was anything else that belonged to someone in your household stolen from outside the house/flat -		
	from the doors tep, the garden or the garage for example? Yes	AA	
	As about No	00	ŧ
	1) IF YES AT k) How many times? WRITE IN: TIMES	(362-3)	VF
m)	And again apart from anything you have told me about		
,	already, in that time did anyone deliberately deface		
	or do damage to your house/flat or to anything outside it that belonged to someone in your household? Yes	AA	n)
· '	As above No	00	Q.2
	n) IF YES AT m) How many times? WRITE IN:	1 7	JF
	ii) II ILS AT at) NOW many times:	(364-5)	SELEC
			10N DIGIT
			0,2,4 6,8.
! 4.	ASK ALL		
	The next few questions are about things that may have happened to you personally, (not the other people in your household), over		
	the <u>months since</u> the first of January 1981. Please include anything that happened to you during that time - at home, in the		. '
	street, at work, in a shop, in a pub, in a park, on a train or anywhere else.		
a)	Apart from anything you have mentioned already, since the first		
	of January 1981 have you had anything you were carrying stolen - out of your hands or from your pockets or from a bag or case?		
		AA	b)
	٩٩ = سالم مد م) Ano b) Yes	co	c)
		r	
		€366-71	-VF
	98= N/A of 1) ofter AA of a) 2 digit entry		
	97 = 97 or more		
		·	דו
		,	

			•
		Col./	Skip
24.		LLONE	
Cont'd		•	
c)	ASK ALL		
	Apart from this, in that time has anyone tried to steal something you were carrying - out of your		
	hands or from your pockets or from a bag or case? 99: What gamed) Yes	AA .	d)
	No No	00	e)
	d) IF YES AT c) How many times? 98 = HA at d) after AA at c) WRITE IN: TIMESE	(368-2)	
e)	97 ع أم أم أم أم أم أم أم أم أم أم أم أم أم		
1	of yours been stolen, from a cloakroom, an office, a	AA	6
	car or anywhere else you left it? As above No	00	f) g)
		1	9)
	f) IF.YES AT e) How many times? WRITE IN:	(370-1)	VF
4	And smart from this is that time has another.		
g)	And apart from this, in that time has anything else of yours been deliberately damaged or tampered		
	with by vandals or people out to steal? As above No.	AA	h)
	HS acoste No	00 1	Q.25
	h) IF YES AT g) How many times? WRITE IN: TIMES	(372-3)	
			DIGIT
			0,2,4 6 OR
25.	ASK ALL V		
a)	And again apart from anything you have already mentioned,		
	since the first of January, 1981 has anyone (including people you know well) deliberately hit you with their fists or		
	with a weapon of any sort or kicked you or used force or violence on you in any other way?	AA	b)
	No A = w/w or A	00	(c)
	b) IF YES AT a) How many times?	1	
1	98= NA at b) ofter AA at o) WRITE IN: TIMES ((374-5)	VF
c)	And in that time, has anyone threatened to damage things of yours or threatened to use force or		
	violence on you in a way that actually frightened you? Yes	AA	d)
	As above No	00	CHECH Q.26
	d) IF YES AT c) How many times has this happened since the first of January, 1981?		
	WRITE IN: TIMES +	(376-1.	← VF
*			
	(IF 240/2) THE ANSWER TO Q260) MUST BE ENTERED ON SPARE COLS 378-79		SPARE
	AS FOLLOWS: - 2 digit entry OD = NO (NONE)	13-29	
	99 = N/A at 260) Ano b) 98 = N/A at 260) Are AA at a)		18

	••	- 15 -			
	•			Col./	Skir
		*		Code	
	26.	TE RESPONDENT IS MALE. SKIP TO 0.27		Serial No	
		MLTBA (lolumn number	004	(406-8
	a)	FEMALE RESPONDENTS ONLY (18240/2)	THUS:		
		Apart from anything you have mentioned already,			
		since the first of January, 1981 have you been	Van	ia.a.	5 ,
		sexually attacked, assaulted or interfered with?	Yes	AA	b)
		DELETE ANY ANSWER BY 260) AND 266	No	98 -	c)
		(exter codes at 378-379-botton of page 44)			
		b) IF YES AT a) How many times? WRITE IN:	TIMESE	-11<u>-</u>3-3/	H_VF
				DELETE C	o/ weini
	c)	Since the first of January, 1981, have you		VESC 16 C	
	C)	yourself received an obscene telephone call?	Yes	AA	d)
		Journal III Control III Control Control Control			·
			No	00	0.2:
		IN THE WES AT IN THE PARTY AND ADDRESS AND			VF
		d) IF YES AT c) How many obscene calls? WRITE IN	CALLS	(410-11)	NOT . WANTEL
					ment i Li
	7.	ASK ALL			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Now I would like to ask about things that have happened			
		to you in the last five years, since early 1976, but not	•		•
		in the time since the first of January, 1981?			
		Apart from anything you have mentioned already, in the			
		last five years One code only in each cours			
		9 = N/A in bach column (But SEE NOTE BELOW)	Yes No		
	a)	have you or anyone else now in your household had a car, van, motorcycle or other motor vehicle			
		stolen or driven away without permission?	1 1 2		
	6 1		ļ	(412)	
	b)	has anyone got into the house or flat you were living in without permission and stolen things?	1 2	(413)	
	- \			. ,	
	c) ,	have you had anything you were carrying stolen - out of your hands or from your pockets or from		,	
		a bag or case?	1 2.	(414)	
	d)	has anyone (including people you know well,			
	. 4)	deliberately hit you with their fists or with a			
		weapon of any sort or kicked you or used force			
		or violence on you in any other way?	1 2	(415)	
	e)	FEMALE RESPONDENTS ONLY have you been sexually		•	
[· ·	attacked, assaulted or interfered with? (\$ 240/2)	1 2	(416)	
t.			J	•	
					·
i					
	1				
				:	. '
				1	
				1	
11				1	,9

28.	FOR ALL -NO COOK REQUIRED BUT CH	MINARY FO	ACCHERCY	Code	Skip
a)					
	RECORD INCIDENTS AT Q.19f), Q.22n), (SELECTION DIGIT IN ADDRESS SERIAL NU	0.23n), Q MBER IS O	.24h) (***) ONLY IF 0, 2, 4, 6 OR 8.		
	RECORD INCIDENTS AT Q.266) FOR FEMAL	E RESPOND	ENTS ONLY		
			FORMER HOME		
.19b)	Vehicle Theft	Q.23b)	Burglary		
.19d)	Theft from Vehicle	Q.23d)	Break in with damage		
ı.19f)	Damage to Vehicle ***	Q.23f)	Attempted burglary		
1.20b)	Bicycle Theft	Q.23h)	Theft from dwelling		
ı.22b)	PRESENT HOME Burglary	Q.231)	Theft outside dwelling (not milk bottles)		
1.22d)	Break in with damage	Q.23n)	Damage to dwelling***		
1.22f)	Attempted burglary	0.24b)	Theft from person		
·.22h)	Theft from dwelling	Q.24d)	Attempted theft from		
.221)	Theft outside dwelling		person	j 🖳	
	(not milk bottles)	Q.24f)	Other theft		
.22n	Damage to dwelling***	Q.24h)	Other damage***		
	INCLOENTS AT 198), 221), 231) = 244) SHOWLO NOT BE ENTERED HERE UNLESS	0.25b)	Assault		
. {	THE SELECTION DIGIT = 0,2,4,6 OR 8	Q.25d)	Threats		
		Q.26b)	Sexual assault (FEMALES ONLY)		
	CHECK GRID AT a)				
	- IF 'O' FOR ALL RELEVANT QUESTIONS,	SKIP TO	Q.30		
	- IF NO MORE THAN ONE INCIDENT AT AN Q.29.	Y PARTICU	JLAR QUESTION, GO TO		
	- IF 2+ INCIDENTS AT ANY PARTICULAR INCIDENTS AND ASK b)	QUESTION,	, REMIND RESPONDENT OF		
	b) You mentioned (NUMBER) incid Were any of these very similar in done under the same circumstances	cide ts,	where the same thing was bably by the same people?		
			Yes No	A B	c) Q.29
	c) IF YES AT b) NOTE DETAILS BELOW	שמכת מה מ			Q.Z3
	QUESTION NUMBER NU	MOER UP	SIMILAR INCIDENTS IN SERIE	2	
	The state of the s			1	10

29.	IF ANY INCIDENTS NOTED AT 0.28a) USING INFORMATION AT 0280 ON CHECK	Col./	Skip
a)	RECORD Swrites RELOW. Total number of series of incidents identified TRG ANY '000 CASES **		
	at Q.28b) WRITE IN: SERIES	(417-18	h
b)	Total number of other single incidents noted at Q.28a) WRITE IN: MCIDENTS	(419-20	
c)	Overall total of series and single incidents (a + b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS	(421-22	FOR EAC SECTION
	CHECK ENTRIES AT a) AND b) = TOTAL AT C)		1
: :	IF TOTAL AT c) IS 1, 2, 3 OR 4, COMPLETE VICTIM FORMS FOR THESE INCIDENTS/SERIES. IF TOTAL IS 5+, SEE INSTRUCTION BELOW.		
	THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VICTIM FORMS TO BE COMPLETED WITH ANY RESPONDENT IS FOUR. IF THE TOTAL AT c) EXCEEDS FOUR, WORK BACK FROM THE END OF THE LIST AT Q.28a) AND COMPLETE VICTIM FORMS FOR THE FOUR INCIDENTS OR SERIES OF INCIDENTS YOU COME TO FIRST.		
,	IF THIS MEANS CHOOSING OUT OF INCIDENTS MENTIONED AT THE SAME QUESTION, TAKE THE MOST RECENT.	÷	
	RECORD BELOW ANY INCIDENTS OR SERIES OF INCIDENTS INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL AT Q.29c) FOR WHICH VICTIM FORMS ARE NOT COMPLETED.		
•	d) INCIDENTS/INCIDENT SERIES FOR WHICH VICTIM FORMS NOT COMPLETED (WRITE IN NUMBER) (18 421-22 05+) and forms and forms are		
	FORMER HOME	'	
196)	Vehicle Theft (123) Q.23b) Burglary		(433)
19d)	Theft from Vehicle (424) Q.23d) Break in with damage		(434)
;.19f)	Damage to Vehicle (425) Q.23f) Attempted burglary		(435)
).20b)	Bicycle Theft (426) Q.23h) Theft from dwelling		(436)
1.22b)	PRESENT HOME Q.231) Theft outside dwelling (not milk bottles)		(437)
1.22d)	Break in with damage (428) Q.23n) Damage to dwelling		(438)
.22f)	Attempted burglary (429) Q.24b) Theft from person		(139)
1.22h)	Theft from dwelling (430) Q.24d) Attempted theft from		
.221)	Theft outside dwelling person (not milk bottles) (431) Q.24f) Other theft		(440) (442)
.22n)	Damage to dwelling (432) Q.24h) Other damage		(442)
	Q.25b) Assault		(442)
	CHECK ANY ENTRY HERE WITH [NEDRMATION AT Q29, VICTIM FORMS Q.25c) Threats		(444)
	PRESENT AND ENTRIES AT Q28 Q.26b) Sexual assault		(445)
	NR Include above on the appropriate columns		
	the number of incidents for which Victim Forms Shows have been completed but for which, AT \$\partial 3000 \text{ Oven: } 75.		21

		Code	Skip
J. 1	ALL V		
a)	INTERVIEWER: RECORD		
	Was anyone else present in the room apart from you and the respondent while this questionnaire was	(446)	
	administered? q=u A ok o) ANE b) Yes	Α .	b)
	No.	1	
	b) IF YES AT a) Was this: ((P Arigidato)) A child/children under 16	2	
		3	
	8= N/A at Waster A about at a) An adult/adults Both children and adults	4	
			1
c)	INTERVIEWER: RECORD	(447)	
	Were any victim forms completed for this respondent? If YES DELETE CODE I and code the no of Victim Forms Yes	===	e)
•	present as follows:- 1 v.e. = code 3	2	d)
	2483 = Code 4 3 = 2 Code 5		
Ī	d) IF NO VICTIM FORM COMPLETED What is the last digit of the address serial	(448)	
	number for this address? One code only 0, 1, 2 or 3 If black check A.R.F (105) 4-9	1	c)
	If blank sheets A.R.F (105) 4-9	2	: ND. HERE
			THE ING.
	e) IF VICTIM FORM COMPLETED OR IF ADDRESS SERIAL NUMBER ENDS IN 0, 1, 2 OR 3		
	CONTINUE, USING FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE. SEE NOTE BELOW		
	CONTINUE, USING FULLOW OF QUESTIONNAINE.		
	Time this questionnaire completedam/pm		
	2 digit salmy 1.99		
	Duration of this questionnaire WRITE IN: MINS	(449-50)	
. '	4- digit entry /18 BLANK C	New 00	ในต วา
	Interviewer Number	(4: 1-4)	(114 - 22)
		1452-47	
	9999 = NA		
	Signature of Interviewer		
	IF FOLLOW- UP Quais required but NOT present =	(455)	
			i de la fili
	IF FOLLOW-UP Granaine present in error =	2	
	tr , out of the property of th		
			U

SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Main Questionnaire - Coding Sheets

National Crime Survey

Main Questionnaire

Code Frames for Open Ended Questions

Q.3d)

Q.10a) - e)

Q.13a) - e)

Q.3d) What sorts of crime do you worry about most? (After 223/2, 3, 4 or 8)

Notes: Take not only of mention of <u>crimes</u> of which the respondent or anyone else in the household might become a victim.

Ignore: - anything not a crime (eg road accidents)

- crimes mentioned as ones the respondent is

not afraid of

- crimes which might be committed by household members.

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

- 909/1 BURGLARY (WHEN HOUSEHOLD PRESENT) Fear of theft, vandalism or assault by burglars or any other intruders to the home while respondent or other household member are in it.
- 910/2 BURGLARY (OTHER) Mention of fear of people breaking in to steal or to cause damage when house is empty or without mention of whether fear refers to times when house is occupied or empty. (Can be coded in combination with 1).
- 911/3 <u>VANDALISM</u> Any mention of vandalism or criminal damage to property which does not involve actually breaking into the home.
- 912/4 ROBBERY/MUGGING Theft or attempted theft with violence or the threat of violence or the threat of violence outside the home.
- 913/5 <u>CAR/MC THEFT</u> Theft of car/motorcycle/scooter/moped. Do <u>not</u> include thefts from these.
- 914/6 OTHER THEFT Any other theft outside the home without specific mention of violence or threats of violence (theft from car, pickpocketingetc). Include theft or burglary from business premises if respondent does not actually live there.
- 915/7 SEXUAL ASSAULT Rape or any other sort of sexual attack. This code may be used if the sexual nature of the attack is very clearly implied but not explicitly stated eg "men attacking young children" etc.

 May be used in combination with code 1 if respondent fears rape by intruders.
- 916/8 ASSAULT (POSSIBLY SEXUAL) Assault or physical attach where sexual assault may be implied but the implication is not wholly explicit eg "my wife or daughters being attacked".
- 917/9 OTHER ASSAULT Any other assault or physical attach outside the home.

 May be used in combination with code 1. May also be used in combination with codes 4, 7 or 8 if the fears are separately stated.
- 918/7 OTHER SPECIFIC FEARS Mention of any other specific sort of crime.
- 919/8 VAGUE ANSWER ONLY Question answered but no code above can be used.
- 920/9 NOT ANSWERED

Q.10a) - e) What type of work are you doing?

CODE: CENSUS OCCUPATION (5 DIGITS) ON 921-925.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (2 DIGITS) on 926-927.

SEE SEPARATE INSTRUCTION.

Q.13a) - e) What type of work is ____ (HOH) doing?

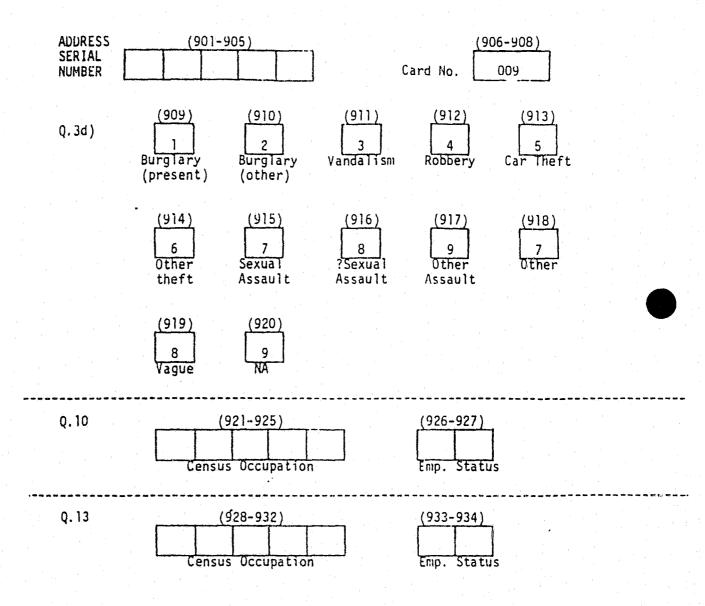
CODE: CENSUS OCCUPATION (5 DIGITS) ON 928-932.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (2 DIGITS) ON 933-934.

SEE SEPARATE INSTRUCTION.

National Crime Survey Transfer Sheet for Open Coding of

Main Questionnaire



SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Victim Survey Questionnaire

RECORD FROM MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE Q.28 SCREENING QUESTION AT WHICH THIS INCIDENT/SERIES OF INCIDENTS MENTIONED: (O09-10) QUESTION (019) QUESTION (019) QUESTION (RING (Northern Field Offi	orthampton Square London Ed ice: Charazel House Gainford	Darlington Co. Durham	DLZ 3EG. Te	0325 730 88)8
ADDRESS SERIAL NUMBER (008) SERIAL NUMBER (RING) ONE 1 THO 2 THE 2 THE 2 THE 4 STH AR.F. AND HAM Q!. Time this form started	P.670/675 NAT			<u>.</u>	anuary 19	982
Time this form started	SERIAL NUMBER	VICTIM FORM N (RING)	ONE 1	OFFI	CE 10 CARL	
RECORD FROM MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE Q.28 SCREENING QUESTION AT WHICH THIS INCIDENT/SERIES OF INCIDENTS QUESTION Time this form start		FOUR 4 IFO	THER VICTI	M FORMS A		
SCREENING QUESTION AT WHICH THIS INCIDENT/SERIES OF INCIDENTS Code	COMPLETE ONE VICTIM FORM FOR I BY MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE Q.29	EACH INCIDENT OR S	ERIES OF INCIDE	NTS INDI	CATED	
MENTIONED: O(009-10) (0011) O(009-10) (0011) O(009-10)	RECORD FROM MAIN QUESTIONNAIR	E Q.28				skip to
QUESTION Q19 QUESTION b) 1 NUMBER (RING (SCREENING QUESTION AT WHICH THE MENTIONED.	HIS INCIDENT/SERIE	S OF INCIDENTS			-
THIS FORM REFERS TO: COME 2 digit 0 23 COME 2 digit 0 23 COME 2 digit 0 23 COME 1 1) 5 ONE CODE 0 1) 3 COME 2 digit 0 23 COME 1 1) 5 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 5 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 1) 6 ONE CODE 0 10 ONE			0)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(011)	
NUMBER) Q122 CODE) f) 3 Code obj Q123 Tab is unclear h) 4 Code obj Q124 1) 5 Q125 n) 6 THIS FORM REFERS TO: Code obj Q126 THIS FORM REFERS TO: A SERIES OF INCIDENT ONLY 1 Q.4 CHECK Q28L) A SERIES OF INCIDENTS 2 Q.2 IF SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (10-12/12) NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS (018-4) You mentioned a series of (NUMBER) similar incidents of When did these incidents happen? PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER Jan-Mar 1981 INCIDENTS (0218-6) RIN EACH QUARTER. RECORD When did these incidents happen? LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS (0218-8) LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS (0218-20) Quarterly period (INCI. 10218-26) Clack extrico at (2) agree with He Mad incidents extend at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (0228-6)		NUMBER 0120	SUBDIVISION		1]	
THIS FORM REFERS TO: CHECK Q28L) One code only ONE INCIDENT ONLY A SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (10-12/2) NUMBER OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (11-12/2) You mentioned a series of (NUMBER) similar incidents of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. WRITE IN: INCIDENTS (015-4) PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER Jan-Mar 1981 IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD REACH PERIOD Apr-Jun 1981 LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Clerk entrie at b) agree with He had incidents entried at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6)		(KING)		•	1	
THIS FORM REFERS TO: One code only ONE INCIDENT ONLY CHECK Q28L) IF SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (18 10.12/2) NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS You mentioned a series of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD WNUMBER OR 'OO' FOR EACH PERIOD LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS Oct-Dec 1981 Juncidents Oct-Dec 1981 INCIDENTS Oct-Dec 1981 Jan + 1982 Can't say when INCIDENTS OC23-4) His Mac incidents extend at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS OC25-C.1		1 1 1 22		h\	1 1	One co
THIS FORM REFERS TO: One code only ONE INCIDENT ONLY 1 9.4 CHECK Q28L) A SERIES OF INCIDENTS 2 9.2 IF SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (18 10-12/2) NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS (015-4) You mentioned a series of (NUMBER) similar incidents of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents happen? PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER Jan-Mar 1981 INCIDENTS (015-6) IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD Apr-Jun 1981 INCIDENTS (017-8) LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS (017-20) 2 digit andry for each Oct-Dec 1981 INCIDENTS (021-21) Quarterly period (incl. 1035-26) Clark entries at (1) agree with He heat incidents entered at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6)				•	. 5	, But
THIS FORM REFERS TO: CHECK Q28L) A SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (1/2 10-12/2) NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) You mentioned a series of (NUMBER) similar incidents of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents happen? PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD RNUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS (012-20) 2 digit and for each Oct-Dec 1981 Juncidents (021-2) Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Clack entries at 6) agree with He heal incidents entered at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6)				. n:)	6	
THE CHECK Q28L) A SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1b) (1/2 10-12/2) NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS (015-4) You mentioned a series of (NUMBER) similar incidents of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents happen? PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD IN INCIDENTS (017-8) LISTED. 2 digit suby for each Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Clear subic at 6) agree with The Mal incidents externed at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-4) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6)		<u> </u>			(012)	
NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS (015-4) You mentioned a series of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD **NUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD Apr-Jun 1981 LISTED. 2 digit asky for each Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Cleak extriso at 6) agree with He heat incidents extered at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-4) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6) INCIDENTS (023-6)	THIS FORM REFERS TO:	One code or	M ONE INCIDEN	T ONLY	1	9.4
NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES (FROM Q.28b) WRITE IN: INCIDENTS (015-4) You mentioned a series of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD RNUMBER OR 'QO' FOR EACH PERIOD LISTED. LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Clerk extris at b) agree with He Mal incidents extend at a) RNIMBER OF INCIDENTS (015-6) INCIDENTS (017-8) INCIDENTS (021-2) Jan + 1982 Can't say when INCIDENTS (C23-4) Can't say when INCIDENTS (C23-6)			A SERIES OF INC	IDENTS	2	8.2
You mentioned a series of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents happen? PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER Jan-Mar 1981 INCIDENTS (025-6) IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD Apr-Jun 1981 INCIDENTS (017-8) LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS (018-20) 2 digit asky for each Oct-Dec 1981 INCIDENTS (021-2) Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Clerk extriso at 6) agree with the Mal incidents extend at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (025-6)						
You mentioned a series of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981. When did these incidents of Mendid these incidents happen? PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD Apr-Jun 1981 INCIDENTS (015-6) NUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD Apr-Jun 1981 INCIDENTS (017-8) LISTED. 2 digit asky for each Oct-Dec 1981 INCIDENTS (021-20) Quarterly period (141. 1025-26) Clerk extrisio at 6) agree isith The Meal incidents extered at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-6)	NUMBER OF INCIDENTS IN SERIES	(FRUM U.28b)	1,			
PROBE TO ESTABLISH NUMBER IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD ENUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD LISTED. 2 digit asky for each Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Cleak estate at b) agree isits He held incidents estered at a) When did these incidents happen? Incidents (025-6) Incidents (027-8) Incidents (021-2) Incidents (021-2) Incidents (023-4) Can't say when Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6) Incidents (023-6)		WRITE IN:	INC	IDENTS	(013-4)	
IN EACH QUARTER. RECORD NUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD Apr-Jun 1981 INCIDENTS (017-8) LISTED. Jul-Sep 1981 INCIDENTS (019-20) Quarterly period (necl. 1025-26) Clack extris at b) agree is the He held incidents extend at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (025-6)	You mentioned a series of (OFFENCE) since January, 1981.	(NUMBER) simila When did these	r incidents of incidents happ	en?		
NUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD Apr-Jun 1981 INCIDENTS (017-8) 2 digit early for each Oct-Dec 1981 INCIDENTS (021-20) Quarterly period (incl. 1025-26) Clerk earlies at 6) agree with He heal incidents earlied at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (025-6)		Jan-Mar 1981	INC	IDENTS	(015-6)	
2 digit only for each Quarterly period (Incl. 1025-26) Clerk entries at 6) agree with He heal incidents entered at a) Jul-Sep 1981 Oct-Dec 1981 INCIDENTS (021-2) Jan $+$ 1982 INCIDENTS (023-4) Can't say when INCIDENTS (025-6)	NUMBER OR '00' FOR EACH PERIOD	Apr-Jun 1981	INC	IDENTS	(017-8)	
Quarterly period (sect. 1025-26) Jan + 1982 Cleck entries at b) agree with He total incidents entered at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (023-4) Can't say when		Jul-Sep 1981	INC	IDENTS	(019-20)	-
Cleck entries at b) agree with Can't say when INCIDENTS (C23-4) He total incidents entered at a) Can't say when	· .	Oct-Dec 1981	INC	IDENTS	(021-2)	
He Had incidents extend at a) Can't say when INCIDENTS (525-6.)		Jan → 1982	INC	IDENTS	(023-4)	
	Y	Can't say when	INC	IDENTS	(535-6)	

1	en de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de La companya de la co	Col./	Si
	ASK ALL	(031)	
3)	At what time of day did it happen? During morning (6 am - noon)	1	
"1	During afternoon (noon - 6 pm)	2	
	PROMPT WITH PRECODED Morning/afternoon (can't say which)	33	
	During evening (6 pm - midnight)	4	
	المرابعة ال	5 .	
	Evening/night (can't say which).	6	
	Don't know	8	
	Did it happen during the week or at	(032)	
	a weekend? During week	1	
	TO MONDAY 6 am.	2	
+	Don't know	3	
	ASK ALL	(033)	
)	Can I just check, did it happen in this Yes area (within 15 minutes walk of here)?		Q
	NO	<u>A</u>	b
	it happen in: READ OUT: England or Wales,	2]	Q
	9= N/A (rest of fracio Heale) Scotland.	3]	
	8= w/a (rest of durane assumed) Northern Ireland,	4]	ST
	or outside the UK	5)	HE
1	ASK ALL EXCEPT 10:33/4-OR 5009	(084)	
)	And again can I check. Were you in paid work Yes	, A.	, b
	at the time the incident happened?	1]_	
	b) IF YES AT a) Did the incident happen in		
	the course of your work? No	2 3	C
	Where did it happen? PROMPT AS NECESSARY WITH PRECODED	\	
1	CATEGORIES. TREAT ALL DOUBTFUL CASES AS "OTHER".	(035-6)	
	OWN HOME <u>Inside</u> own <u>home</u> (include attempted break-ins)	01]	Ç
	In garage specifically for this house/flat	02	
	In row of garages for block of flats/estate	03]	
	IMMEDIATELY OUTSIDE Outside own home on same premises (doorstep,		
	HOME corridor of flat block, garden, carport, yard or car park attached to flat/block)	04	
	In street immediately outside home	05	
	At place of work	06	Q
	IN OR NEAR VICTIM'S REGULAR PLACE OF In car park at place of work	07	
1	WORK In street near place of work	08	
	OTHER: SPECIFY DETAILS OF TYPE OF LOCATION		
	TO BE CODED ON ONNAIRE ON 10-35-36 - SEE OFEN-COMMY	i I	
. 1	SCHEOULE		

		Col./	Skip
	IF AT OWN HOME (CODES 01 OR 02 AT Q.8) (8 10.35-36 01 00 02)		
	Were you or anyone else in your household at home at the time or were none of you at home	(037)	
	at the time or don't you know? H/H member at nome	1	
	9- No H/H member at home	2	
	Don't know	3	
	Was the person/were the people who did it	(038)	0.10
	actually inside your home (or your garage) at all during the incident? Yes No	1 2	Q.10 Q.11
_			4.11
	IF OFFENDER INSIDE (YES AT Q.9b) (1910:191) Did the person/the people who did it have a right to	(039)	·
	be inside? I mean, for example, was it done by people	10397	Q.15
	who were invited in, workmen doing a job, or guests, or q people who lived with you?	2	Q.12
<u></u>	IF OFFENDER NOT INSIDE (NO AT Q.9b) (1810-28/2)	(040)	
	Did they try to get inside?	1	Q.12
	No Alas P	2]	Q.15
	Don't know	3] [. 9.14
	IF GOT IN/TRIED TO GET IN (NO AT Q.10 OR YES AT Q.11) (#103912 CR1040/1)	(041)	
a)	Did they get in or try to get in at the front of your house/flat, at the back or at the side? Front	7	
	your house/flat, at the back or at the side? Your house/flat, at the back or at the side? Your house/flat, at the back or at the side? Park 2		
	ONE CODE ONLY.	3	b)
	NOTE: FRONT IS WHAT RESPONDENT REGARDS AS FRONT. More than one approach	4)	
	Don't know	8	Q.15
1	b) IF APPROACH KNOWN (CODES 1-4 AT a) Did (18 10 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
	a window or in some other way? Through a door	(042)	ASK Q.
	(NOTE: MORE THAN ONE CODE MAY BE USED Through a window 2 OUT OF 1-3, BUT BREAKING WINDOW BESIDE Other way	1	ASK Q.
	DOOR TO OPEN IT COUNTS AS DOOR) Other way 3	(044)	. c)
	c) IF OTHER WAY AT b) How? WRITE IN: 10.449 = NA at b)		
1	other answers to be remoted if possible otherwise leave as 10.4443		
	NOW CHECK Q.13 & Q.14		

- 5 -	Col./	Skip
IF GOT IN/TRIED TO GET IN THROUGH DOOR (CODE 1 AT Q.12b) (1 10-401)		
How did they (try to) get through	(045)	
the door? (Tried to) push in past person who opened door	1	
ONE CODE ONLY. IF Door was not locked	27	
SEVERAL METHODS USED,	3	
RECORD AS "OTHER". (Tried to) force lock/break lock	4	
(Tried to) break/cut out/remove panel of door	5	CHECK
Other (SPECIFY) Code 6 = other/multiple method. (ede 8 : Vage		Q.14
(ode 7 = 0/k maked. (ode 8 = Vague		
IF GOT IN/TRIED TO GET IN THROUGH WINDOW (CODE 2 AT Q.12b) (His-43/2)	(046)	
How did they (try to) get through		
the window? Window was open/could be pushed open	1 17	
ONE CODE ONLY. IF a .l. (Tried to) force window lock/catch	2	•
SEVERAL METHODS USED, RECORD AS "OTHER" (Tried to) break/cut out glass	3	0.15
Other (SPECIFY) (ade to a pher multiple method		
Code 7 = D/K method Code 8 = vague		
FOR ALL:	 	
INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM WHAT HAS ALREADY BEEN SAID IF THE ANSWER IS WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTHERWISE ASK:	(047)	i i
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you	1	0.16
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were 9-116	1 2	Q.16 Q.19
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you yes say anything at all about how many there were quite No	1 2 (048)	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.471)		
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.471)		
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.471) How many were there? One Those	(248) 1	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (19 10.47/1) How many were there? One Two	(348) 1 2	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.471) How many were there? One Two	(248) 1 2 3	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (1910.47/1) How many were there? One Two Three Four	(248) 1 2 3 4	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (1910.471) How many were there? One Two P=u A Four Five or more Don't know	(2∉8) 1 2 3 4 5	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (1910.47/1) How many were there? One Two Three Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who	(248) 1 2 3 4 5	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (10.471) How many were there? One Two P==14 Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Male	(248) 1 2 3 4 5	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.47/1) How many were there? One Two Three Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Male	(248) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049)	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.47/1) How many were there? One Two Q=1/A Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Male Female	(248) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (410.47/1) How many were there? One Two Three Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? People of both sexes Don't know How old was the person/were the people	(248) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1 2	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (18 10.471) How many were there? One Two Three Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Male Female People of both sexes Don't know	(245) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1 2 3	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (110.47/1) How many were there? One Two P=u A Three Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? People of both sexes Don't know How old was the person/were the people	(245) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1 2 3	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) ((10.47)1) How many were there? One Two P=w A Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Male People of both sexes Don't know How old was the person/were the people who did it? Would you say: a child/children under school age READ OUT: A child/children of school age	(248) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1 2 3 8	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (15 10.471) How many were there? One Two Three Four Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Female People of both sexes Don't know How old was the person/were the people who did it? Would you say: a child/children under school age READ OUT: a child/children of school age One code only a young person/people between 16 & 25	(245) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1 2 3 8	
Have you any idea at all who did it? Can you say anything at all about how many there were or what sorts of people they were? IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (**10.47/1) How many were there? One Two P== A Five or more Don't know Was the person/Were the people who did it male or female? Male People of both sexes Don't know How old was the person/were the people who did it? Would you say: a child/children under school age READ OUT: A seximal carries and a child/children of school age	(348) 1 2 3 4 5 8 (049) 1 2 3 8	

	Col./	Ski to
IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q. 15) (1810-1911)		
Was it someone/Were any of them people you		
knew before it happened or was it a/were they all stranger(s)?	(051)	
One person - known before	1	b)
9-40 - stranger	2	Q.1
2+ people - all known	3	b)
- some known	4 /	
- none known	5	Q.1
you know them? Just by sight or just to speak	(052)	
to casually or did you know (any of) them well? Just by sight	1 1}	Q.1
q=NA Just to speak to casually	2)	
(All/Some) known well	3	c)
c) IF KNOWN WELL What was their relationship (#10-52/3)	(053)	
to you? Spouse/cohabitee	1	
(NOTE: RING ONE CODE ONLY. Other household member PUT ANY MULTIPLE ANSWER UNDER	2	
"OTHER" \ Current boytriend/girifriend	3	
۹- الم	4	
Other former household member	5	
Former boyfriend/girlfriend	6	
Other (SPECIFY) Code 72 other relationship ag Biend, reighbour, employerfee etc	for multiple	عنانه
Herode of possible otherwise: - (ade 8 2 vages only.		
IF ANY INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENDER (YES AT Q.15) (#10.47/1)		
As far as you know, had the person/had any	(054)	
of the people who did it been drinking?	1	
No.	2	
Don't know	3	
As far as you know, was the person/Were	(055)	
] .]	
the people who did it READ OUT: white,	2	
RING ONE CODE ONLY black (West Indian or African),		
RING ONE CODE ONLY black (West Indian or African), OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi,	3	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ Indian Pakistani on Reguladorhi	3 4	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	4	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	7	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	4	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	7	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	7	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	7	
RING ONE CODE ONLY OUT OF 1-4. IF 2+ CODES APPLY, RECORD AT CODE 7. black (West Indian or African), Indian, Pakistani or Bangladeshi, or something else? (SPECIFY)	7	

	- A- a- CHeer coally	3 -			Col./	Skip
	0 AT 204) CHECK COOE(6) A		PROPRIATE SECT	IDM Oir diete		A.C.
	CE USED ON ANYONE (YES					1
ASK SEPARATELY OF OTHERS OUTSIDE	ASK SEPARATELY OF RESPONDENT/OTHER HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS/ OTHERS OUTSIDE HOUSEHOLD AS INDICATED AT Q.20d)					
	they use force or	•				,
violence on	_?	(1/00.00/1)	(1810-61/2)	(410-12/3)	1	
		Respondent	Other Household	Other		
CODE AS MANY AS	APPLY		member	person		
	Grabbed/pushed	1	1	•	(063-65,	
	Punched/slapped	2	2	2	(066-68	
	Kicked	3	3	3		
Hit with wear	on/something used as		3	١	(069-71)	
11 - 7/ 1 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11	weapon	4	. 4	4	(072-74	
RING ONLY	Raped	5]	5]	57		
FIRST CODE		67	6 >	6	(075-77	
TO APPLY		7	7)	7 ;		
Other (SPECIFY)	SEE OF N-000 124 SCHEENE		' '	1,7		
(4. 254.)/_	See Dress-Contain Screenies					
					(078-80)	
					Serial No	(_01- 108)
					Victim	: 10E)
Were you/Was	bruised, scratched,				Form No	
cut or injured i	n any way?					1-1
(IF NO, GO TO NE	XT PERSON Yes	1	1	1 1	(100-11	
OR TO Q.22)	9=ula No	2	2	2	12	
~\	In what way work	(1100113)	(if work)	(d 11.11)		
you/was	In what way were injured? Any	A mosti	A March	1.0		
other way?	PROBE TO NO.					
CODE AS MANY	Bruises/black eyes	1	1,	1	(112-14)
AS APPLY	Scratches	2	2	2	(115-17	,
	Cuts	3	3	3	(118-20	
	Broken bones/teeth	4.	4	4	(121-23	
	Knocked out	5	5	5	(124-26)
Other (SPECIFY)	the courtooned encoure	. ⊀″				
		. *				
					. ,	

			, -			Col./	Skip to
IF	ANYONE AWARE OF WHAT W	AS HAPPENING	(YES AT Q.19	a X11 10-561)		727)	
Di	d the person/people who	did it threa	ten	1	. Yes	1	D)
ha	use force or violence rm them in any (other) w	on anyone the ay?	ere or	9=1	No No	2	Q.23
1	IF YES AT a) Whom di		en? (# 11.27/1)		<u> </u>		
*CL	DE AS MANY			Responde	nt 1	(155)	
AS	11.30 9 = m	A at b)	Other nou	senold memb	er ¿	<u>, (122) </u>	
:		Other	person outs		1d <u>3</u>	12801	
	K c) SEPARATELY OF EACH		PERSON THREA	CEMET			
c)	What did they threate	n to do to _	_tt !!!!!!!!	(11/1/29/2)	(19 11.30/3)		
*			Respondent	Ciner household	Other		
CO	DE AS MANY AS APPLY			member	person	1	
	Punch/slap/k	ick/beat up	1	ı	1	(187-08)	•
	Hit with weapon/someth		2	3	9		
	Sexual a	weapon ssault/rape	3	2	2	(7,3) +2) (28 +3)	
	JC/1041 4	Kill	4	4	4		
0t	her (SPECIFY) SEE DEL						
		T					

<u> 1</u> F	ANYONE AWARE OF WHAT W	AS HAPPENING	(YES 47 6 19	2: 14:2.561)	<u>.</u>	(232)	
pr	ring the incident did y esent try to take any a urself or your belongin	ction to defe			A Yes	1	+ (
IF	YES AT a), ASK b) & c)						
	Who did this?	11.44/9:	= NA at b)	Responden	it 1	1.14,	
* CO	DE AS MANY AS APPLY		Other hous	ehold membe	r ! 2	116	
			person outsi		d <u>3</u>	7-81	
c)	What did you/they do?	PROBE FULL	Y. RECORD	VERBATIM.			
						1	
		SEE 0/64-6	DING SCHEOLL	Æ	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	
						į	

	- 10 -			
24.	IF ANYONE AWARE OF WHAT WAS HAPPENING (YES AT	Q. 19a) (4 105bl)	Col./	Skip Lo
a)	As a result of what happened, did you or anyo	ne	(147)	
	else in your household have attention from a	4-110		b)
	b) IF YES AT a) (18 11.4-711) Who had attention from a doctor?	No	(148)	0.25
		Respondent		
	RING ONE 9=140 CODE ONLY	Other household member	2	c)
	kespondent and	other household members	3	
ļ	ASK c) SEPARATELY FOR EACH CATEGORY OF PERSON RECEIVING ATTENTION FROM A DOCTOR	(1811-48/1083) (1811-48/2083)		
	c) Was that from: READ OUT:	Respondent Other h/h		
	CODE AS MANY a police surgeon,	2 1	(149-150)
	AS APPLY a general practitioner	2 2	(151-52)	
	(family doctor), OR a hospital doctor	3 3	(153-54)	d)
1	d) IF HOSPITAL DOCTOR AT c)	11-49 - 4A 11-50 - 1/A	1100 547	
	Did you/Did stay overnight in hospital at all? Yes	(Aus) (Aus/2)		
	q=ula No	2 2	(155-56)	
				1
a)	IF ANYONE AWARE OF WHAT WAS HAPPENING (YES AT Following the incident, did you or anyone else		(157)	
9/	household make a claim to the Criminal Injurie	es ·	120//	
	Compensation Board?	Qzula Yes No	2	b) Q.26
.	IF YES AT a), ASK b) & c) (11.57()		(158)	Q.20
	b) Who made the claim?	Respondent	1 1	
	RING ONE CODE ONLY	Other household member	2	
		other household member	3.	. '
	c) Did you/ (OTHER H/H MEMBER) get anything in compensation as a		(153)	
	result of the claim?	9= NA Yes	1	d)
	d) IF YES AT c) How much? (PII.591)	No	2	Q.26
	RECORD TO NEAREST £ : 9999 =		(160-63)	
	CHECK b). IF CLAIM MADE BY ONE PERSON (CODES 1		(16≤)	
	IF CLAIMS MADE BY RESPONDENT AND OTHER (CODE :			
1	e) Who received that?	Respondent	1	
	• • •	Other household member	3	
4	Both respondent &	other household member		
				I

ZKIP FOR ALL _ 24 10.33/45 089 Code CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTHERWISE ASK: a) (165) Was anything at all stolen during the incident that belonged to you or anyone else in your household? 1 Yes **b**) AL.P No 2 Q.31 b) IF YES AT a) What was taken? Anything else? PROBE TO NO Cash (166)Chequebook/credit card 钇 (167)CODE ALL THAT APPLY. Car/van 3 (168) SPECIFY UNDER 'OTHER' ANY ITEMS WHICH DO NOT 4 Motorcycle/scooter/moped (169)CLEARLY FIT CODES. 5 Vehicle parts/accessories (170)Bicycle 6 (171) Other (SPECIFY) SEE OFFN - COONS SCHOOLIE (14) (3,5,121 CHECK Q.26b). IF CASH STULEN (CODE 1) ASK Q.27 (11 1641) OTHERS SKIP TO 0.28. How much cash was stolen? 9998 = £9.998+ RECORD TO NEAREST £: 3 (172-75) 9999 2 NA IF ANYTHING STOLEN (YES AT 0.26a) (19 11.65/1) (176-77) (Apart from cash), what would you estimate was the total value of what was stolen? Nothing 01 Under £5 02 CHEQUES/CREDIT CARDS NOTE: COUNT AS OF NO VALUE. £5 but under £25 03 £25 but under £50. 04 PROMPT WITH PRECODED CATEGORIES IF 99 : MA £50 but under £100 05 NECESSARY. £100 but under £250 OF 07 £250 but under £500 £500 but under £1000 80 +000013 09 (178-80) Spare

16.

		Col./	Skip to
	•	SerialNo.	(2010
		Victim	
		Form No	(206) (207-8
IF ANYTHING STOLEN (YES AT 0.26a) (# 11.65/1)			1207-8
Did you get anything towards the value of what		(203)	*.
was stolen from an insurance company?	9= NA Yes	1	
	No	2	
Was any of the stolen money or property recovered?		(210)	.
indicate the second mental by property recording.	Yes	1	
	James No	2	
CHECK 3/ 8 P) IE AES TO ELTHED ACK 3/ OTHERS OF TO O	20		•
CHECK a) & b). IF YES TO EITHER ASK c). OTHERS GO TO Q			
c) IF ANYTHING PAID BY INSURANCE/ANYTHING RECOVERED			
Bearing in mind any money you got from insurance and any property that you got back, how much would you		(2:1-12)	
say you were out of pocket in the end for the proper	ty		
you lost?	Nothing	01	
PROMPT WITH PRECODED	Under £5	02	
	ut under £25	03	•
NECESSARY. £25 b	ut under £50	64	
and the control of th	t under £100	05	
	t under £250	06	
	t under £500	07	
	under £1000	08	
1300 500	£1000+	09	
	1 1000÷	09	
IF ANYTHING STOLEN. (YES AT Q.26a)(Q11.65/1)			
CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTHERWISE ASK:		(213)	
Were the things stolen from a motor vehicle -			1
off or out of a car or off a motorcycle?	9=NA Yes	1 1	
	No	2	
		1	
			. *
			. *

		Col./	Ski to
ASK ALL Exer 10.334.5049 (Apart from what was actually stolen), to the best			
of your knowledge, did the person/people who did it		(214)	
try to steal anything (else) that belonged to you or any other member of your household?	Yes	1	b)
9= NA	No	2	0.3
b) IF YES AT a) (dis-14)	NO	2	\ \Q.3
What did they try to steal? Anything else? PROBE TO NO			
Cash	1	(275)	1
CODE ALL THAT APPLY. Cheque book/credit card	2	(210)	
SPECIFY UNDER 'OTHER' ANY ITEMS WHICH DO NOT Car/Van	3	(217)	1
CLEARLY FIT CODES. Motorcycle/scooter/moped	4	(218)	
Vehicle parts/accessories	5	(213)	
Bicycle	6	(220)	
breyere	10	(220)	
Other (SPECIFY) SEE OPEN-COOKS SCHEOUE			
			
ASK ALL/EXEST 10-33/4,5 049	-		
(Apart from things that were actually stolen), did the person/people who did it damage, deface		(221)	
or mess up anything that belonged to you or to			
anyone else in your household?	700		
9 MA	Yes		b)
4 = MA	No	2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f p. su 1)		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else?		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f p. su 1)		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else?		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (g pauli) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM.		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else?		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (g pauli) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM.		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (g pauli) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM.		2	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (g pauli) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM.		(222)	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHEOME			1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN- COMMY SCHEOULE	No		1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COUNTY SCHEOULE c) What was the total value of the damage they did? No	No thing under	(222) 1]	1
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (result) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHEOME c) What was the total value of the damage they did? f20 or f21 but under	No thing under r £50	(22C) 1] 2	Q.34
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (f pari) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHEOUE c) What was the total value of the damage they did? £20 or £21 but unde	No thing under r £50 £100	(222) 1 2 3	Q.34
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (Reali) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHEOUE C) What was the total value of the damage they did? £20 or £21 but under £50 but under	No thing under r £50 £100	(222) 1 2 3 4 5	Q.34
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) ((Ray i) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHEOME c) What was the total value of the damage they did? f20 or f21 but under f50 but under f100 but under	No thing under r £50 £100 £250	(222) 1 2 3 4 5	Q.34
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (Prail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHOOLE c) What was the total value of the damage they did? f20 or f21 but under f50 but under f250 but under	No thing under r £50 £100 £250 £500	(222) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Q.34
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (Prail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHOOLE c) What was the total value of the damage they did? f20 or f21 but under f50 but under f250 but under	No thing under r £50 £100 £250	(222) 1 2 3 4 5	Q.34
IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c) (Prail) b) What damage did they do? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. RECORD VERBATIM. SEE OPEN-COMM SCHOOLE c) What was the total value of the damage they did? f20 or f21 but under f50 but under f250 but under	No thing under r £50 £100 £250 £500	(222) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Q.34

	- 14 -	Col./	Skip
	IF DAMAGE DONE (YES AT Q. 32a XII 12.24)1)	(223)	ta
a) [Did you get anything towards the damage from an insurance company?		
	9 supply to	2	b)
			0.34
	got from insurance, how much would you say you were out of pocket in the end as a	(224)	
	result of the damage? Nothing	1.	
	£20 or under	2	
	£21 but under £50	3	
	£50 but under £100	4	
	9=40 200 but under £250	5	
	£250 but under £500	6	
	£500 but under £1000	7	
	+000f2	8	
	ASK ALLVERENT 1033/4,5049	(225)	
a)	Would you say that you or anyone else <u>apart</u> from the offenders were responsible in <u>any</u>	12207	
	way for what happened, because of something		
	you did or something you forgot to do? Yes	1	b)
	IF YES AT a) ASK b) - d) (tensol)	2	0.35
	h) Who did this on forget to do it?	(000)	
'	Respondence [1_	(226)	1.
	AS APPLY m. 26/9 - m. 16 of 10 Other household member 2	(227)	
. 1	AS APPLY 12.26 9 = N/A at b) Other person outside household 3	(228)	
-	c) What did you/they do or forget to do?		
	PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.		
	SEE OPEN-COOKS SCHEOULE		
	286 Char-coned		
<i>;</i>			
		(252)	
	d) To what degree were you/they responsible for		
	what happened? Mainly, or justly partly?		
	Partly	2	
			
		1	ł

1	- 15 -	Col./	Skip
	ASK ALL VELSET 10-23/4,5 an 9	Code	to
a)	Did the police come to know about the matter?	(230)	0.00
	q= MA Yes	1 2	Q.36 b)
-	b) IF NO AT a) Why not? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.		10)
1			
	SEE OPIEN-CODING SCHEDULE		
	NOW SKIP TO Q.40		
+	IF POLICE KNEW ABOUT MATTER (YES AT Q.35a) (1812-2011)	(331)	i
a)	How did the police come to know about it?	(1001)	
"	Police told by respondent	1	c)
	924A Police told by other person	2]	
	Police were there	3	b)
	Police found out in other way (SPECIFY HOW)	4 }	
	Code 5 = police thenselves discovered offense		
	code 4 = other specific answer (ade 8 = vague		
	b) IF POLICE NOT TOLD BY RESPONDENT (1 12.31 2-5, 8)	(232)	
	Did a police officer ever talk with you about it? Yes	1	c)
	No No	2	Q.39
	c) IF EVER TALKED WITH POLICE (CODE 1 AT a) OR b (12.31) and 12.321)	(233)	i
	Were the police you talked with: READ OUT: uniformed officers,	1	ASK Q.3
	q=NA or plainclothes officers,	2	ASK Q.3
	or did you talk to both?	3	ASK Q.3
			& Q.38
+			
-			
			transport
			1
- 1			

	POLICE KNEW ABOUT MATTER (YES AT Q.35a (12.30/1)	Col./	\$kip to
Wer	re the people/any of the people who did it rested or charged?	(236)	·
2.1	ا ماله و العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام العام	2	·
ASK	ALLY EXCEPT 10-12145 OR9	(237)	
Wot	ild you say that the matter was one which should have		
hac	en brought before a court (if the people who did it been caught)? Yes	1	b)
L b)	IF YES AT a) No	2	c)
	In your opinion, what would have been a suitable	72537	
	punishment for a court to impose? Probation		
	RING ONE CODE ONLY.	2 3	Q.41
	RECORD MULTIPLE Prison/custodial sentence ANSWERS AS "OTHER" Other (SPECIFY) ASSESS COOKS USES	3	
	OUTCO (STEELE CONNE MENE RAS		
(c)	IF NO AT a)	(239)	
T '	In your opinion, what should have happened to the	12007	
	people who did it (if they had been caught)? No official action	ן ז	
	Police caution	2 >	.Q.41
	Other (SPECIFY) DELETE COOINS HERE AND		
	SEE OFEN-COOLS SCHEOKLE	J J	
As mem	ALL PECSY 10-33 4-5 649 a result of the incident, did you or any other aber of your household lose time from work at stage? Yes	(243) ì	b)
	IF YES AT a) Who lost time from work? ((12-4-4-1)	2 (26.1)	Q.42
	One code only Respondent	111	•
	۹-۱۹ Other household member(s)	2	,¢)
	Both respondent & other household member	3)	
	(c) & d) SEPARATELY OF RESPONDENT & OTHER ISEHOLD MEMBER(S) WHERE APPLICABLE		ı
1	SEROLD MEMBER(S) WHERE APPLICABLE (#19-4/1043) (18 124/2043) Other] 	
	Respondent member(s) of H/H		
c)	How many days did you/		
	(OTHER H/H MEMBER) lose? 2 منه منه (242-43) (248-49) WRITE IN:		
	992 NA		
	Did you/ (OTHER H/H (244) (250)		
	of this?		
	NO		
e)	IF YES AT d) How much? 3 digit suby (245-47) (201-00)		
	RECORD TO NEAREST £: £ £ £		
	998 = 4998 +		
+	111 7		
		.	

ACK ALL & LOOP IN THE CARD		Col./	Skip to
ASK ALL Exists 10.32/4,500.9			
Taking everything into account, how upset were you by the incident? Would you say you were READ OUT		(254)	
extremely		11	
Qla	upset,	l >	b)
		2)	
or did you just trea one of those things that	t it as happen?	3	Q.43
			*
b) IF EXTREMELY OR FAIRLY UPSET AT a)			
What was the most upsetting thing about the incident? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.			
RODE FOLLT. RECORD VERBATTI			
		,	
			ļ
NO CODING REQUIRED			
TO THE RESTORED			
ASK ALL Veneer 10.52/6,5009			
Because of the incident, have you or anyone else in		(255)	
your household done anything or made any changes in your behaviour to protect yourselves or your		(200)	
pelongings from crime?	Yes]]	b)
न इ.मान	No	2	END
b) IF YES AT a) What have you done?((12.55/1)			
PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.			
			-
			i i
			a
SEE OPEN-CONS SCHEDULE			
			. '
			ı
	•		
Time this victim form completed am/pm. 2 digits			
	MINS	(256-57)	
	MINS	(256-57)	

National Crime Survey Transfer Sheet for Open Coding

of Victim Form

	ADDRESS	SERIAL	NUMBER [(301	-305)		ICTIM (30 FORI) UIBER	6) CARE			
	Q.20b)	(309) 1 Bottle	(310) 2 Knife	(311) 3 Club	(312) 4 Gun	(313) Other/v	ague/NA		•		
, p ti	Q.21a)	(314) Resp.	(315) Other in H/H	(316) Other				**************************************			
	Q.21c)		(318) 1 Other ondent)		9) (32 ernal Ot ther in	her etc		(322) 1 Other her)	etc		
and the six of the six	Q.22c)	(323) Resp.	(324) Other in H/H	(325) Other							
• p :	Q.23c)	(326) 1 FORCE	2 THREAT	(328) 3 CHASED	(329) 4 DEFENCE	(330) 5 INVES- TIGATE	(331) 6 SPOKE	(332) 7 SHOUT	(333) 8 POLICE	(334) 9 RAN	(335) OTHER LTC
	Q.26b)	(336) 1 CAR RADIO (346) 2 TOOLS	(337) 2 TV (347) 3 PETROL	(338) 3 . AUDIO (348) 4 CLOTHES	(339) 4 TAPES (349) 5 SPORT	(340) 5 CYCLE PARTS (350) 6 TOYS	(341) 6 PAPERS (351) 7 DRINK	(342) 7 PURSE (352) 8 F000	(343) 8 CAMERA (353) 9 H/H	(344) 9 JEWELS (354) OTHER	(345) 1 GAR- DEN
	Q.31b)	(355) 1 CAR RADIO (365) 2 TOOLS	(356) 2 TV (366) 3 PETROL	(357) 3 AUDIO (367) 4 CLOTHES	(358) 4 TAPES (368) 5 SPORT	(359) 5 CYCLE PARTS (369) 6 TOYS	(360) 6 PAPERS (370) 7 DRINK	(361) 7 PURSE (371) 8 FOOD	(362) 3 CAMERA (372) 9 H/H 60005	GTHER	(364) [1] GAR- DEN

	ADDRESS	SERIAL N	UMBER [(401	-405)	VIC FOI NUM	RM	CARD NO.	(407-8) 14		
	Q.32b)	(409) 1 SOILING	(410) 2 GRAF- FITTI	(411) 3 CAR THEFT	(412) 4 OTHER CAR	(413) 5 FENCES ETC.	(414) 6 HOUSE THEFT	(415) 7 OTHER OUTSIDE	(416) 8 OTHER INSIDE	(417) 9 OTHER SPEC	(418) OTHER ETC
	Q.34c)	(419) 1 PROV- OKED	(420) 2 NOT LOCKED	(421) 3 NOT SHUT	(422) 4 NOT LOCKED AWAY	(423) 5 NOT PUT AWAY	(424) OTHER ETC.	-			
	Q.35b)	(425) NOT APPROP- RIATE (434)	(426) 2 DEALT (435)	(427) 3 REPORT	(428) 4 FEAR POLICE	(429) 5 FEAR REPRISA	(430) 6 COULD L DO. NOTHING	(431) 7 NOT OF INTERES	(432) 8 NOT T CONV- ENIEN	(433) 9 NO LOSS	
, CO, 19 CB (SH)	Q.37b)	TRIVIAL (436) 1 SLOW	OTHER E (437) 2 NO ACTION	(438) 3 WRONG ACTION	(439) 4 DID NOT CATCH	(440) 5 DID NOT INFORM	(441) 6 ATTIT- UDE	(442) OTHER ETC.			
999 (T 3) (A)	Q.38b)	(443) 1 SLOW	(444) 2 NO ACTION	(445) 3 WRONG ACTION	(446) 4 DID NOT CATCH	(447) 5 DID NOT INFORM	(448) 6 ATTIT- UDE	(449) OTHER ETC.			
	Q.40b/c	(450) PRISON (459) REPRI-MAND	(451) 2 BIRCH. (460) 2 PARENTS	(452) 3 HIDING (461) OTHER ETC.	(453) 4 RETURN	(454) 5 FINE	(455) 6 PROBA- TION	(456) 7 COMM. SERV.	(457) 8 CAUTION	(458) 9 TELL OF	F
	Q.43b)	(462) 1 RESTRIC	(463) 2 T MORE LOCKS	(464) 3 MORE LOCKING	(465) 4 OTHER PROTECT	(466) 5 MORE INS.	OTHER ETC.				
'> Co co	TYPE OF OFFENCE	(468-9	1	COTLAND ONLY)	(470-1 SECON		472-3) HIRD	(474) 1= vF of special interest			

SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Victim Survey Questionnaire - Coding Sheets

P.670/675

National Crime Survey Victim Form

Code Frames for Open-Ended Questions

Q.8c) Other

Q.20b)

Q.21a) Other

Q.21c) Other

Q.22c) Other

Q.23c)

Q.26b) Other

Q.31b) Other

Q.32b)

Q.34c)

Q.35b)

Q.35b)

Q.37b)

Q.38b)

Q.40b)/Q.40c)

Q.43b)

VQ8c) Where did it happen? (ASKED OF ALL)

OTHER ANSWERS. CODE AT 035-036 ON QUESTIONNAIRE. A SINGLE TWO-DIGIT CODE ONLY.

IN/NEAR PLACES OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT

09		Pub/bar/nightclub/working men's club - inside
10		" - in car park
11		" - in street outside
12		unclear whether inside or immediately outside
13		Dancehall/disco - inside
14		" " - in car park
15		" " - in street outside
16		" " - unclear whether inside or immediately outside
17		Football ground/other sports ground - inside
18	.,	" - in car park
19	·	" " - in street outside
20		" - unclear whether inside or immediately outside
21		Other place of public entertainment
		(cinema, cafe, restaurant, bingo hall etc.) - inside
22		н и - in car park
23		u u u – in street outside
24		" - unclear whether inside or immediately outside

TRANSPORT FACILITIES

25	Train - on train	
26	Railway station - in station, on platform	
27	" " - in station car park	
28	" " - in street outside station	
29	" " - unclear whether in train, in station or immediately outside	
30	Tube train - on train	
31	Tube station - in station, on platform	
32	" " - in tube station car park	
33	" " - in street outside station	
34	" " - unclear whether in tube, in station or immediately outside	

-				
35		Bus - on bus		
36		Bus stop/station - at bus stop/in bus station/in street outside bus station		
37		" - in bus station car park		
38		" " - unclear whether on bus, at bus stop or station or immediately outside		
39		Plane - on plane		
40		Airport - at airport		
41		" - in airport car park		
42		" - unclear whether on plane or at airport		
		dileteal filetici di piane di au arripore		
		OTHER PUBLIC OR COMMERCIAL PREMISES		
		OTHER PUBLIC ON CONTENCIAL FRENISES		
43		Shop/supermarket - inside		
44		" " - in car park		
45		" " - in street outside/in shopping precinct		
46		" " - unclear whether inside or immediately outside		
47		School/college - inside		
48		" " - in car park		
49		" " - in street outside/in grounds		
50		" " " - unclear whether inside or immediately outside.		
51		Other specific public or commercial premises		
		(offices, factories, hospitals etc) - inside		
52		" " - in car park		
53		" " - in street outside		
54		" - unclear whether inside or immediately outside		
	-			
		ELSEWHERE		
55		Home of friend/relative - inside		
56		" " - in garage/carport/car park		
57		" " - in street outside		
58		" " unclear whether inside or immediately outside		
59		Inside other building		
60		In other car park		
61		In subway under street or road		
62		In other street/road		
63		Park, common, other public open space		

64	Urban wasteground, building site etc.
97	Other specific location
98	Vague answer only. Include cases where respondent mentions several possible locations or says he does not know location
99	NA Ouestion not answered

VQ 20b) What was the weapon? (FOLLOWS 058/1)
CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

309/1	Bottle/drinking glass.		
310/2	Knife/screwdriver/any other implement which could be used to stab or slash.		
311/3	Stick/club any other implement which could be used to inflict blow.		
312/4	Firearm of any sort. Include air guns.		
7	Other weapon.		
313 8	Vague answer only } EXCLUSIVE CODES		
9	NA Question not answered		

In what way did they use force or violence on ____? Q.21a)

> 060/1 061/2 062/3 (FOLLOWS:

Respondent Other household member Other person)

OTHER ANSWERS RECODE IF POSSIBLE (COUNT BUTTING AS PUNCHING). OTHERWISE CODE ON TRANSFER SHEET.

Respondent	314	7 Other specific in	njury
Other H/H Member	315	8 <u>Vague</u> answer only	, :
Other person	316	9 <u>NA</u> Question not	answered

VA 21c) In what way were you/was ____ injured?

(FOLLOWS: 109/1 Respondent

110/1 Otherhousehold member

111/1 Other person)

OTHER ANSWERS RECODE IF POSSIBLE. BUMPS COUNT AS BRUISES. OTHERWISE CODE ON TRANSFER SHEET.

Respondent 317-318 1st column/6 Internal injuries

Other H/H Member 319-320 2nd column/7 Other specific injury
Other person 321-322 /8 Vague answer only
// NA Question not answered

VQ 22c) What did they threaten to do to ____?

(FOLLOWS: 128/1 Respondent

129/2 Other h/h member 130/3 Other person)

OTHER ANSWERS RECODE IF POSSIBLE. BUTTING COUNTS AS PUNCHING. OTHERWISE CODE ON TRANSFER SHEET.

Respondent 323 Other H/H Member 324 Other person 325 /6 Other specific threat

/7 Vague threat only made by offender

/8 Vague answer only (ie unclear what threat was made)

/9 NA Question not answered

VQ 23c) What did you/they do? (Follows 143/1, took action to defend self or protect property).

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

326/1	USED FORCE Used force or violence of any sort on offender(s). Struck them. Threw them out. Fought with them.			
327/2	THREATENED FORCE Threatened to use force on offender(s).			
328/3	CHASED OFFENDERS Chased or pursued offenders.			
329/4	WHOLLY DEFENSIVE PHYSICAL ACTION Kept hold of my property/put up arms to ward off blow etc.			
330/5	INVESTIGATED Investigated situation or approached offenders. Made presence known to offenders (typically on discovering a burglary or incident of vandalism). Include stranger approaching mugging incident.			
331/6	SPOKE TO/REASONED WITH OFFENDERS			
332/7	SHOUTED/RAISED ALARM			
333/8	SENT FOR POLICE			
334/9	RAN AWAY			
7	OTHER specific action.(eg refused to open door, refused to hand over property)			
335 8	VAGUE answer only. EXCLUSIVE CODES			
9	NA Question not answered.			

VQ 26b) What was taken? Anything else? (Follows 165/1, something stolen in incident)

OTHER ANSWERS RECODE IF POSSIBLE. IF ANSWER UNCLEAR, CHECK ALSO Q.5 FOR POSSIBLE CLARIFICATION.

VEHICLE PARTS/ACCESSORIES (170/5) INCLUDE THINGS FIXED TO THE CAR (EXTRA LIGHTS, AERIALS ETC) AND STANDARD ACCESSORIES (SPARE TYRE, JACK ETC) BUT NOT CAR RADIOS OR CASSETTE PLAYERS. VEHICLE PARTS/ACCESSORIES INCLUDES PARTS/ACCESSORIES FOR MOTORCYCLES.

CODE REMAINING OTHER ANSWERS AS:

- 336/1 CAR RADIOS/CAR CASSETTE PLAYERS installed in vehicles. If the radio or cassette player was stolen from a vehicle, but it is clear that it was not installed in it, code on 338.
- 337/2 TV SETS
- 338/3 RADIOS/CASSETTE PLAYERS/OTHER AUDIO EQUIPMENT other than installed in cars. Include record players, tape decks, speakers, tuners, amplifiers etc.
- 339/4 TAPES/CASSETTES/RECORDS
- 340/5 BICYCLE PARTS/ACCESSORIES
- 341/6 PERSONAL PAPERS Licences, certificates etc.
- PURSE/WALLET, HANDBAG, BRIEFCASE and contents thereof other than case, cheque book, credit card and personal papers (ie no further coding required for contents unless they are specifically mentioned below).
- 343/8 CAMERAS Other photographic equipment.
- 344/9 JEWELLERY
- 345/1 GARDEN EQUIPMENT Tools, furniture, garden plants.
- 346/2 TOOLS other than standard car tools taken from car or garden tools.
- 347/3 PETROL In can or siphoned from car.
- 348/4 CLOTHING
- 349/5 SPORTS EQUIPMENT For any sport or pastime (include fishing gear etc.).
- 350/6 TOYS and childrens' playthings.
- 351/7 ALCOHOL Beer, wine, spirits etc.

352/8 FOOD/TOBACCO of all types.

353/9 H/H EQUIPMENT Durables, furniture, fittings, linen, silverware, pictures, etc.

7 OTHER Specific items.

8 VAGUE answer only.
9 NA Question not answered.

EXCLUSIVE CODES

VQ 31b) What did they try to steal? Anything else? (Follows 214/1, tried to steal something in incident).

OTHER ANSWERS RECODE IF POSSIBLE. IF ANSWER UNCLEAR, CHECK ALSO Q.5 FOR POSSIBLE CLARIFICATION.

VEHICLE PARTS/ACCESSORIES (219/5) INCLUDE THINGS FIXED TO THE CAR (EXTRA LIGHTS, AERIALS ETC) AND STANDARD ACCESSORIES (SPARE TYRE, JACK ETC) BUT NOT CAR RADIOS OR CASSETTE PLAYERS. VEHICLE PARTS/ACCESSORIES INCLUDES PARTS/ACCESSORIES FOR MOTORCYCLES.

CODE REMAINING OTHER ANSWERS AS:

- 355/l CAR RADIOS/CAR CASSETTE PLAYERS installed in vehicles. If the radio or cassette player was stolen from a vehicle, but it is clear that it was not installed in it, code on 357.
- 356/2 TV SETS
- RADIOS/CASSETTE PLAYERS/OTHER AUDIO EQUIPMENT other than installed in cars. Include record players, tape decks, speakers, tuners, amplifiers etc.
- 358/4 TAPES/CASSETTES/RECORDS
- 359/5 BICYCLE PARTS/ACCESSORIES
- 360/6 PERSONAL PAPERS Licences, certificates etc.
- PURSE/WALLET, HANDBAG, BRIEFCASE and contents thereof other than case, cheque book, credit card and personal papers (ie no further coding required for contents unless they are specifically mentioned below).
- 362/8 CAMERAS Other photographic equipment.
- 363/9 JEWELLERY
- 364/1 GARDEN EQUIPMENT Tools, furniture, garden plants.
- 365/2 TOOLS other than standard car tools taken from car or garden tools.
- 366/3 <u>PETROL</u> In can or siphoned from car.
- 367/4 CLOTHING
- 368/5 SPORTS EQUIPMENT For any sport or pastime (include fishing gear etc.).
- 369/6 TOYS and children's playthings.
- 370/7 ALCOHOL Beer, wine, spirits etc.

371/8 FOOD/TOBACCO of all types.

372/9 H/H EQUIPMENT Durables, furniture, fittings, linen, silverware, pictures, etc.

7 OTHER Specific items.

VAGUE answer only.

9 NA Question not answered.

EXCLUSIVE CODES

418 8

1.0,0,0,0	
<u>vq32b)</u>	What damage did they do? (Follows $221/1$, belongings damaged, defaced or messed up).
	CODE 409/1 AND 410/2 IF THEY APPLY, THEN
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY OUT OF 411/3-418/9,
409/1	SOILING Mention of soiling items with faeces or urine.
410/2	GRAFFITTI Mention of scrawling/drawing etc. with spray paint, pen, chalk etc.
411/3	DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE (IN ATTEMPT) TO EFFECT THEFT Any damage to car, van, motorcycle etc. clearly done in course of attempt to steal the vehicle or steal something from it. (Breaking or tampering with door locks or steering column locks, windows, damage to radio housing etc.)
412/4	OTHER DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE Damage not clearly done in order to effect theft. Include breaking off aerials, crashing vehicle after theft etc.
413/5	DAMAGE TO FENCES OR GARDENS
414/6	DAMAGE ETC. TO PREMISES TO EFFECT ENTRY Damage to doors, windows etc. of domestic or other premises done specifically in order to gain entry.
415/7	OTHER DAMAGE ETC TO OUTSIDE OF PREMISES Damage, defacing or messing up of outside of building where it is not specifically stated that this was done in order to gain entry.
416/8	OTHER DAMAGE ETC INSIDE PREMISES Other damage, defacing or messing up of inside of premises/specific items of furniture etc. inside private premises.
417/9	DAMAGE ETC TO SPECIFIC ITEMS NOT COVERED BY CODES 3-8 Damage to handbag in purse snatching. Damage to clothes in street or open air. Damage to personal property in public premises.

VAGUE ANSWER ONLY Unclear what damage was caused.

OTHER SPECIFIC DAMAGE ETC

NA Question not answered.

VQ.34c) What did you/they do or forget to do?

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

- PROVOKED OFFENDER Behaviour or words of respondent etc. to offender played some part in causing the incident/making the incident more serious.
- 420/2 FAILURE TO LOCK Failed to lock door/window/gate etc. Left keys in lock.
- FAILURE TO CLOSE Failed to close door/window etc. Left it open (no specific indication that it should have been locked.
- FAILURE TO LOCK AWAY Failure to put an item away in a locked place. (Note: point here is not that respondent forgot to lock the place but that erspondent forgot to put the item in the place to be locked).
- FAILURE TO PUT AWAY/PROTECT Forgot to put something away or to take steps to protect it in some way other than 422/4. Left lying/left it visible/left it unguarded/left it behind, did not keep an eye on it. Include failure to retract car aerial/leaving purse on top of shopping trolly etc. This code may be used in combination with 422/4 in a case such as "I should have locked it in the shed, but I left it lying out on the lawn where anyone could see it."
- 7 OTHER specific answer.

 424 8 VAGUE answer only.

 9 NA Question not answered. EXCLUSIVE CODES

VQ35b) Why not? (Follows 230/2, police did not come to know about matter)

Note: Most answers to this question are vague. CODES 425/1-433/9 should be interpreted strictly and used only for cases clearly falling within the definitions given.

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

- INAPPROPRIATE TO POLICE Matter was private or personal. Matter affected family only. Matter was victim's own fault. Victim was compromised by own illegal actions. Does not include matters too trivial for police.
- 426/2 DEALT WITH MATTER OURSELVES Respondent etc. dealt with matter satisfactorily without involving police.
- 427/3 REPORTED TO OTHER AUTHORITIES Reported to company security staff, superiors, other official persons who dealt with matter.
- FEAR/DISLIKE OF POLICE/DO NOT WISH TO GET INVOLVED WITH POLICE
 Any mention of hostility to the police or dislike of the idea of getting involved in a police investigation.
- 429/5 FEAR OF REPRISAL Fear that reprisals might be taken by offenders etc. if matter reported to police.
- 430/6

 POLICE COULD HAVE DONE NOTHING Police would have been unable to take any action/there was no way of identifying offenders or no way of recovering property, so that police could not have helped etc.
- 431/7 POLICE WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN INTERESTED Police would not have thought matter important/would not have wished to bother with it.
- 432/8 INCONVENIENT Too much trouble/would have taken too much time.
- 433/9 NO LOSS/DAMAGE No loss, damage or injury. Attempt at offence unsuccessful.
- 434/1 TOO TRIVIAL Small amount of damage, loss or injury means matter not worth reporting/not important enough to report. Police have better things to do. Not worth bothering about.

7 <u>OTHER</u> Specific reasons.

435 8 <u>VAGUE</u> Answer only.
9 NA Question not answered. EXCLUSIVE CODES

p.670/675

VQ37b) Why were you dissatisfied? (Follows 234/3 or 4, a bit or very dissatisfied with way uniformed officers dealt with matter).

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY

436/1	SLOW RESPONSE Police were slow to arrive when sent for/did not come when sent for.
437/2	INACTION Police did not investigate matter/did not do enough to investigate matter. Police were slow or uninterested.
438/3	WRONG ACTION Police made mistakes/handled matter badly/took inappropriate action.
439/4	FAILURE TO APPREHEND OFFENDERS/RECOVER PROPERTY Specific mention of failure to arrest offenders or recover property as a reason for dissatisfaction.
440/5	FAILURE TO KEEP RESPONDENT INFORMED Police failed to keep respondent informed of progress of investigation.
441/6	OTHER CRITICISMS OF POLICE ATTITUDE Criticisms of manner or attitude of police officers not previously covered.
(7	OTHER Specific criticism
442-8	VAGUE Answer only EXCLUSIVE CODES
9	NA Question not answered.

P.670/675

VQ38b) Why were you dissatisfied? (Follows 235/3 or 4, a bit or very dissatisfied with way plain clothes officers dealt with matter.)

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

443/1	SLOW RESPONSE Police were slow to arrive when sent for/did not come when sent for.
444/2	INACTION Police did not investigate matter/did not do enough to investigate matter. Police were slow or uninterested.
445/3	WRONG ACTION Police made mistakes/handled matter badly/took inappropriate action.
446/4	FAILURE TO APPREHEND OFFENDERS/RECOVER PROPERTY Specific mention of failure to arrest offenders or recover property as a reason for dissatisfaction.
447/5	FAILURE TO KEEP RESPONDENT INFORMED Police failed to keep respondent informed of progress of investigation.
448/6	OTHER CRITICISMS OF POLICE ATTITUDE Criticisms of manner or attitude of police officers not previously covered.
7	OTHER Specific criticism.
449 8	VAGUE Answer only. EXCLUSIVE CODES
9	NA Question not answered.

	VQ.40b)	In your opinion, what would have been a suitable punishment for a court to impose?	CODE IN ALL		
	VQ.40c)	In your opinion, what should have happened to the people who did it?	CASES		
	DELETE PR CODING BO	ECODING AT 0.40b) & 0.40c) AND RECODE TO FRAME BELOW, TH QUESTIONS TOGETHER. CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.			
450/1	PRISON, b	orstal, other custodial sentence.			
451/2	CORPORAL by court.	CORPORAL PUNISHMENT (JUDICIAL) birching, the cat etc. imposed by court.			
452/3	CORPORAL I	CORPORAL PUNISHMENT (OTHER) by parents or teachers etc./given a good			
453/4	MADE TO MA	MADE TO MAKE RESTITUTION return, replace, mend, pay for what had been taken or damaged, clear up the mess.			
454/5	FINE or confiscation of offender's property.				
455/6	PROBATION, supervision order.				
456/7	COMMUNITY SERVICE, community work.				
457/8	OFFICIAL CAUTION/WARNING by court or police, reprimand by court or police, bound over etc.				
458/9	TELLING OFF by teachers, parents or other non-legal persons.				
459/1	REPRIMAND, caution or telling off, unspecified whether by court/police or by teachers/parents etc.				
460/2	LEFT TO PARENTS parents should be informed and left to take appropriate action.				
6	OTHER SPEC	CIFIC PENALTY			
461	NOTHING no	o official action.			
8	VAGUE answ	wer only. EXCLUSIVE CODES			
· {9	NA Quest	ion not answered.			

VQ.43b) What have you done? (Follow 255/1, taken action to protect self or belongings from crime).

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

- RESTRICTED BEHAVIOUR Do not go out at night/Do not go out alone/avoid certain types of place or situation. Avoid certain types of people or specific individuals. Given up particular sorts of activity etc.
- 463/2 INSTALLED (EXTRA) LOCKS/ALARMS Installed new or extra locks, alarms, bars or other protective devices. Took special measures to seal doors or windows.
- MORE LOCKING Lock more doors/windows; make more of a point of locking up/keeping doors locked; lock things away more (using existing locks).
- 465/4 OTHER PROTECTIVE BEHAVIOUR Put things away more/hide things/keep an eye on things/keep things on person/do not leave thing unattended. Leave valuables at home, etc. Include retracting car aerials.
- 466/5 EXTRA INSURANCE Took out/increased insurance.

467 8 OTHER SPECIFIC BEHAVIOUR

VAGUE answer only

NA Question not answered.

EXCLUSIVE CODES

British Crime Survey

Instructions for Classification

of

Victim Incidents

Classification to be made on Victim Form Transfer Sheet at

468-69 All victim sheets

470-71)

Scottish Victim Sheets only

472-73)

INTRODUCTION

Classifying the incidents reported in victim forms is a complicated procedure. This is partly because it is difficult to say precisely what offence has been committed; and partly because a number of offences may have been committed in the course of a criminal act, and the rules are complex for deciding which is the "main" offence.

Victim forms completed in England and Wales are to be assigned one and only one of the possible two-digit codes listed at the end of this introduction. Scottish victim forms will be assigned a primary code in just the same way as the others, but may also be given one or two supplementary two-digit codes. To take an example, in a single incident a person might be the victim of a burglary where goods were stolen, an attempted rape and criminal damage. In England and Wales, it would be assigned code 51 (burglary). In Scotland, it would be assigned the same primary code (51), with two secondary codes - perhaps 84 (criminal damage to the home worth £20 or less) and 34 (attempted rape).

The initial classification procedure is as follows: coders read question 5 of the victim form and then make an initial classification using one of the following nine categories:

1.	Assault	(Pink)
2.	Attempted assault	(Orange)
3.	Sexual offence	(Pale Yellow)
4.	Robbery, snatch theft or other theft from person	(Light Green)
5.	Burglary or attempted burglary or theft in a dwelling	(Light Blue)
6.	Theft	(Buff)
7.	Attempted theft	(Dark Green)
8.	Criminal damage	(Dark Blue)
9.	Threats	(Gold)

A coder should then select the appropriate instruction sheet. These nine sheets comprise first some general definitions about the offences in question, secondly a check list of questions from the victim form, and thirdly some supplementary notes for guidance.

In most cases the instruction sheet selected by the coder will quickly lead to one of the possible codes for the <u>primary</u> classification. In a few cases, however, coders will be directed to try an alternative instruction sheet and in a few cases coders will be directed to the set of detailed instruction notes for guidance at the back of the instruction sheet. Coders should refer any cases about which they are unsure to coding supervisors, and supervisors should refer any difficult cases to the Home Office.

Finally, for use with Scottish questionnaires only, there are instructions for secondary classification. These are applicable only in cases where it appears that more than one offence may have been involved in the incident. Because the primary code is allocated on a priority system, there are clearly limits on the secondary codes that can follow a particular primary code. If, for example, the primary code is one of assault, there cannot be a secondary coding of rape. The instructions show the code categories permissible as secondary codes to particular

primary codes. They are in priority order. Check the appropriate sheets in that order and use up to two secondary codes if these apply.

Note in classifying victim incidents that no act performed by someone who is <u>clearly</u> mentally ill and not responsible for his actions can be an offence. Any such case should be referred.

CLASSIFICATION OF INCIDENTS: CRIME CODES

Cat	egory	Code	Description
1.	ASSAULT	11 12 13 19	Serious wounding Other wounding Common assault Other assault falling outside the survey's coverage
2.	ATTEMPTED ASSAULT	21	Attempted assault
3.	SEXUAL OFFENCES	31 32 33 34	Rape Serious wounding with sexual motive Other wounding with sexual motive Attempted rape
		35 39	Indecent assault Sexual offence falling outside the survey's coverage
4.	ROBBERY, SNATCH THEFT, THEFT FROM PERSON	41 42 43 44 45 48	Robbery Attempted robbery Snatch theft from the person Other theft from the person Attempted theft from the person Possibly theft but could have been loss/ possibly attempted theft, but could have been innocent Other robbery or theft from the person falling outside the survey's coverage.
5.	BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY, THEFT IN A DWELLING	51 52 53 57 58 50 54 55 56 59	Burglary in a dwelling (nothing taken) Burglary in a dwelling (something taken) Attempted burglary in a dwelling Burglary from domestic garage/outhouse - nothing taken Burglary from domestic garage/outhouse - something taken Attempted burglary to domestic garage/ outhouse Possible attempted burglary (insufficient evidence to be sure) Theft in a dwelling Theft from meter Other burglary, attempted burglary, theft in a dwelling, falling outside the survey's coverage

Category		Code	Description
6. THEFT		60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	Theft of car/van Theft from car/van Theft of motorbike, motorscooter or moped Theft from motorbike, motorscooter or moped Theft of pedal cycle Theft from outside dwelling (excluding theft of milk bottles) Theft of milk bottles from outside dwelling Other theft Possible theft, possible lost property Other theft falling outside the survey's coverage
7. ATTEMPT	ED THEFT	71 72	Attempted theft of/from car/van Attempted theft of/from motorbike, motor- scooter or moped
		73	Other attempted theft
	•		
8. CRIMINA	L DAMAGE	80 81	Arson Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (£20 or under)
		82	Criminal damage to a motor vehicle
		83 84 85 86 87 88	(over £20) Criminal damage to the home (£20 or under Criminal damage to the home (over £20) Other criminal damage (£20 or under) Other criminal damage (over £20) Possibly criminal/possibly accidental damage/nuisance with no damage Attempted criminal damage (no damage actually achieved) Other criminal damage, falling outside th survey's coverage
9. THREAT	<u>\$</u>	91	Threat to kill/assault made to but not necessarily against respondent
		92	Sexual threat made to but not necessarily against respondent
		93	Other threat or intimidation to but not necessarily against respondent
		94	Threats against respondent made to someon else
		99	Other threat, falling outside the survey coverage

SHEET 1: ASSAULTS

Most assaults uncovered by the survey will be straightforward incidents arising in the course of family rows, arguments between acquaintances, brawls in pubs, fights at football matches and so on. In these there is no motive to steal, and no sexual motive. This main group of assaults has been divided into three sub-groups: serious wounding other wounding and common assault.

It is not possible to draw precise boundary lines between these three Coders must use their judgement. Guidelines are: a 'serious wounding' must involve a wound (where the skin is broken or a a bone is broken) which clearly needs immediate medical attention: and the severity of the wounding must be intentional - the offender must have intended to do, and succeeded in doing, really serious bodily harm. The majority of incidents involving assault will be either 'other wounding' (where the offender inflicts minor injuries, or unintentionally inflicts severe injuries) or 'common assault'. assault is one where the victim was punched, kicked, pushed or justled but there was no injury or only negligible injury. Minor bruising or a black eye count as negligible injury. Victims of common assault are unlikely to require any medical attention.

All assaults which have sexual motive are to be classified using Sheet 3, Sexual Offences. In other words, if an incident is assigned one of the three assault codes, this means that the questionnaire contains no suggestion of any sexual motive.

It is possible that some victims will have been assaulted in the course of a burglary. In most cases this will be counted as a burglary; but if the offence involved serious wounding (as defined above), it may in some cases be counted as 'serious wounding' (see detailed notes). Similarly, if the offender did some malicious damage to property in the course of, or at the same time as, assaulting the victim, this will in most cases be classified as criminal damage (codes 81 to 89) unless the assault amounts to a serious wounding (see detailed list).

For the survey's purposes, only the respondent can be the victim of any assault. Assaults happening to other household members are to be treated as outside the survey's coverage.

Possible codes

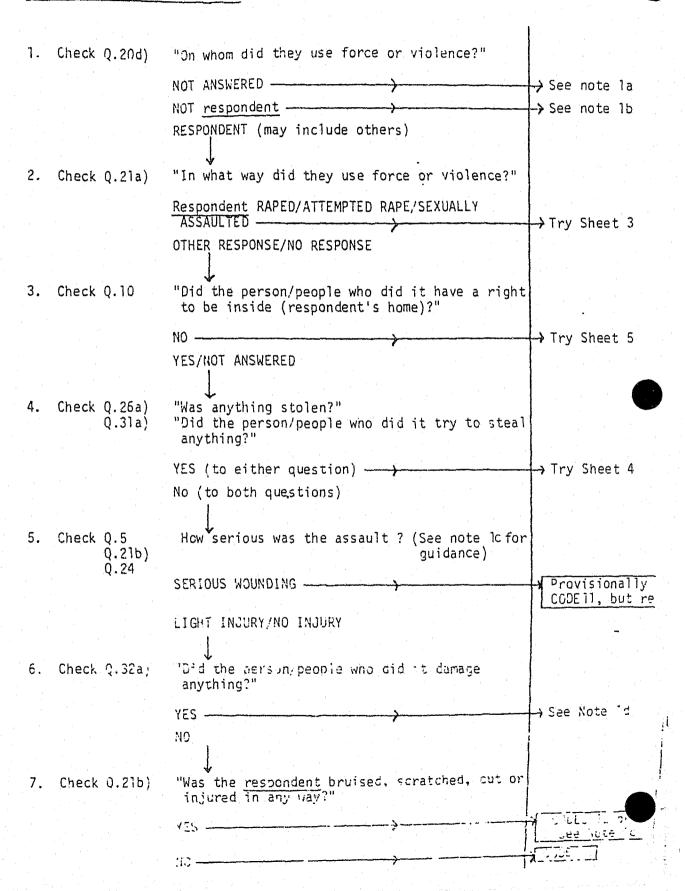
Code 11 Serious wounding

Code 12 Other wounding

Code 13 Common assault (no injury or negligible injury)

Code 19 Assault falling outside the survey's coverage

SHEET 1 CHECKLIST: ASSAULTS



ASSAULTS: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

- Some assaults without injury will consist of merely grabbing the respondent. In these cases 20c ('Did they hit anyone or use force or violence?') may be answered 'no'; the correct code is likely to be 13, common assault. Continue with checklist at stage 2, assuming that 'respondent' has been ringed in 20d).
- lb) Only the respondent can be the victim of an assault, for the purpose of the survey. Any incidents involving assault only, where the respondent is not a victim, should be treated as outside the survey's coverage. If the respondent is one of several victims, code on the basis of information about the respondent alone.

Refer any cases of burglary or other sorts of theft where serious injury was inflicted on someone other than the respondent.

lc) Criteria for the three categories of assault are:

Common assault

- a) no injury was inflicted
- OR b) injury inflicted was trivial (minor scratches or bruises, black eye). Medical attention not really necessary.

Other wounding Code 12

- a) offender inflicted injury ie. substantial bruising, cuts etc - probably requiring medical attention, but not amounting to a serious wound
- OR b) offender inflicted a serious wound without intending to: ie. hurt victim more than he intended. If an incident involves a serious wounding, it should only be coded as 'other wounding' if the questionnaire makes it explicit that such a serious attack was not intended.

Serious wounding Code 11

- a) offender <u>intended</u> to inflict really serious wound
- AND b) a really serious wound was inflicted medical attention needed immediately, probably risk of permanent injury or damage.
- ld) Code ll, serious wounding, always takes precedence over codes 81-89, criminal damage. However, the criminal damage codes take precedence over code 12, other wounding, and code 13, assault without injury. (Exceptions to this rule can be made where the damage is very trivial, and the assault involves injury; for example, if a victim is given a beating in which his eyes are both blacked and his clothes torn, it makes more sense to call this an assault than an act of criminal damage.) Arson (code 80) takes precedence over all assault codes.

ASSAULT: POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

Main Offence - Serious Wounding (Code 11)	Checklist	Code Nos
Burglary/attempted burglary	Sheet 5	50-59
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	81-69
Attempted Rape	Sheet 3	34
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94 99
Main Offence - Other Wounding (Code 12)		
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94
		99
Main Offence - Common Assault (Code 13)		
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94 99

SHEET 2: ATTEMPTED ASSAULT

Respondents are not asked, either in the main questionnaire 'screen' questions or in the victim form, whether anyone has tried to hit them, beat them up etc. Some respondents will have reported such incidents, all the same; they will probably be of the nature: "someone took a swing at me in a pub". Attempted assaults are not the same thing as threatened assaults. If attempted assault is "competing" with any other offence classification, except threats, the other offence takes precedence. Attempted assault takes precedence oter threats.

For the survey's purpose, only the respondent can be the victim of an attempted assault. Attempted assaults happening to other household members should be referred if this is the only offence.

Possible codes

Code 21 Attempted assault.

SHEET 2 CHECKLIST: ATTEMPTED ASSAULT

1.	Check	Q.20c)	"Did the person/people who did it actually hit anyone or use force or violence?"	
			YES - on respondent YES - but not on respondent	→ Try Sheet 1 → See. Note 2a
2.	Check	Q.5	Old anyone try to hit the respondent or try to use force or violence on the respondent.	<u>Can t</u> be Cod
	Check	0.10	"Did the person/people via did it have a right to be inside (respondent's home)?" NO	Try Sheet 5
4.	Check	0.26a) Q.31a)	"Was anything stolen?" "Did the person/people who did it try to steal anything?"	
5,	Check	(0.32a)	YES (to either question) NO (to both questions) "Did the person/people who did it damage anything?"	Try Sheet 4
1			YES	Try Sheet 8

ATTEMPTED ASSAULT: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

2a) An incident may involve an attempt to assault the respondent and a successful attack on someone else; in this case the incident should be counted as a code 21.

ATTEMPTED ASSAULT: * POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

7.	Main	Offen	ce + At	tempted	Assai	ilt (C	ode 21)	. 5;- (<mark>ਪ</mark> ੇ	eck1	îst 💮	Code	Nos .
	Same.	"是是"		THE PROPERTY OF	(Chr. Co.)	Yan iii			43/5) -#K-1	
S,	apre				- W 2					leet	9	91-9	4 , 99
Š	12.6	200			145			7			75.63 C		

SHEET 3: SEYUAL OFFENCES

Most sexual offences uncovered by the survey will have an element of physical assault to them; and besides, some sexual offences will occur in combination with offences such as robbery. The survey uses six codes for Lexual offences. An incident of rape is counted as a code 31 (rape) regardless of any other offence with which it is combined. For example, if a rape takes place in the course of a burglary, it is to be classified as a rape, not a burglary.

Codes 32 to 34 all involve attacks not amounting to rape. Code 32. serious wounding with sexual motive, refers to incidents which would be classified as serious wounding (code 11) of it were not for the sexual motive. (The criteria for serious wounding are as set out on sheet 1). Code 32 takes precedence over any offence with which it can occur in combination (except, of course, rape and except arson).

Code 33, other wounding with sexual motive, and code 34, attempted rape, do not take precedence over codes for robbery, burglary, criminal damage and most thefts.

Indecent assaults, code 35, refer to incidents involving no injury; a typical case might be perpetrated by a "groper" on a train or ous. An assault may be indecent if its motive was clearly sexual, even though the specific act was not of an explicitly sexual character. This code does not take precedence over codes for robbery, burglary criminal damage and theft.

Indecent exposure ("flashers") does not count as indecent assault. Code as 'other sexual offence' (code 39).

For the survey's purpose, only the <u>respondent</u> can be the victim of a sexual offence. Sexual offences happening to other household members are to be referred if this in the only offence.

Possible codes

Code 3	I H	a	Эe
--------	-----	---	----

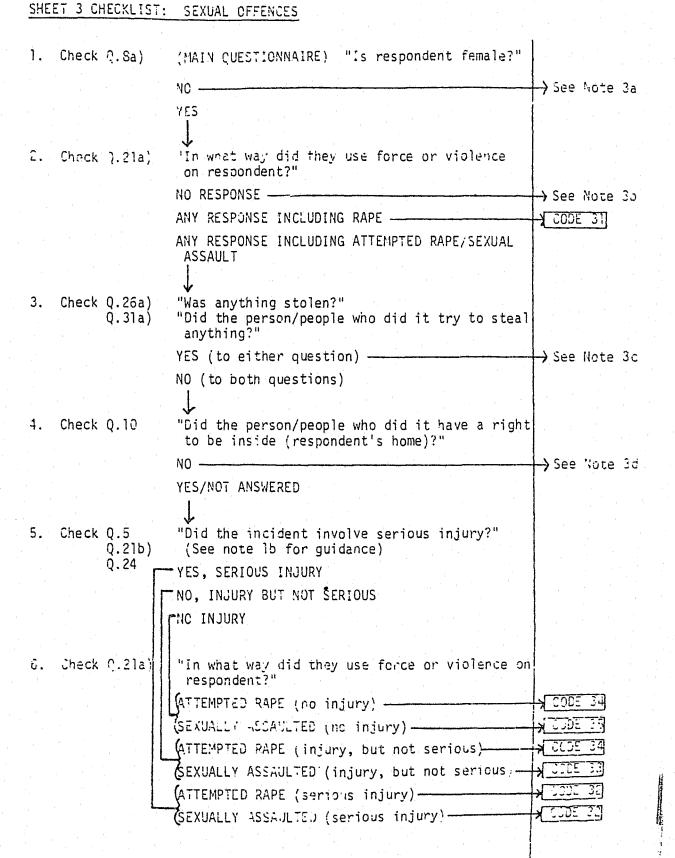
Code 32 Serious wounding with sexual motive

Code 33 Other wounding with sexual motive

Code 34 Attempted rape

Code 35 Indecent assault

Gode 39 Other sexual offence, falling outside the Juryey's coverage.



SEXUAL OFFENCES: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

- 3.a For the survey's purposes only <u>female</u> respondents can be the victims of sexual offences. <u>Incidents involving sexual offences alone</u> (ie. not involving burglary, theft or damage) against male respondents or males and females other than the respondent should be referred to the Home Office.
- 5.b There will be some cases of indecent assault, code 35, in which no force or violence was used. In these, Q.21 will not be completed. For the purposes of classification, coders should assume that the response 'sexually assaulted' has been ringed in Q.21a), and that the response 'no' has been ringed for 21b); they should complete the checklist accordingly.
 - If Q.5 indicates that the incident was one of attempted rape (code 34) but Q.21 has not been answered, coders should assume that the response 'attempted rape' has been ringed in Q.21a), and that the response 'no' has been ringed for Q.21b); they should then complete the checklist accordingly.
- 3.c If the respondent is simultaneously the victim of robbery or attempted robbery or theft from the person and of rape or serious wounding with sexual motive, the incident should be coded as rape or serious wounding with sexual motive. However, if robbery, attempted robbery or theft from the person occur in combination with other wounding with sexual motive, attempted rape or indecent assault, the sexual offence codes do not take precedence.
- 3.d If the respondent is the victim of rape or serious wounding with sexual motive in the course of a burglary, the incident is given one of the two sexual offence codes rather than a burglary code.

If someone other than the respondent is the victim of rape or serious wounding with sexual motive in the course of a burglary, the case should be referred to the Home Office.

If any lesser sexual offence occurs in the course of a burglary, the incident is coded as burglary.

SEXUAL OFFENCES: POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND TONLY

Main Offence - Rape (Code 31)	Checklist	Code
Assault	Sheet 1	11, 11
Robbery/attempted robbery	Sheet 4	41-49
Burglary/attempted burglary	Sheet 5	50-52
Theft	Sheet 6	60-69
Attempted theft	Sheet 7	71-73
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	81-89
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94, 99
Main Offence - Serious Wounding with Sexual Motive (Cod	e 32)	
Robbery/attempted robbery	Sneet 4	41-49
Burglary/attempted burglary	Sheet 5	50-59
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	21-89
Threats	Sheet 9	11-41, 4 9
Main Offence - Other Sexual Offence (Codes 33-39)		
Threats	Sneet 3	91-94, 30

SHEET 4: ROBBERY, SNATCH THEFTS AND OTHER THEFTS FROM THE PEPSON (INCLUDING ATTEMPTS)

Robbery involves the use of force or threat of force to a person immediately before or at the time of a theft. (A threat can be simply implied eg. "Give us your wallet"). Robbery is to be distinguished from snatch trefts and other thefts from the person. Snatch trefts have no element of threat, and only minimal force; they involve spend rather than force or threat - for example, pulling a handbag off a woman's shoulder or snatching a purse from a shopping bag. However, a snatch which turns into a 'tug of war' between victim and offender involves more than minimal force, and should be counted as robbery. Other thefts from the person involve neither force or threat nor snatching, but stealth - pickpocketing being the prime example. In 'other thefts from the person' the offender intends that the victim should remain unaware of the theft whilst it is being committed.

Respondents are likely to use the term 'mugging' to refer to robbery and snatches, but not to other thefts from the person. Robberies will be rare. Where they occur in combination with other offences, code 41 takes precedence as a classification over all others except rape, code 31. If someone is threatened or attacked by an intruder in their home, the element of robbery will usually be absent but see the detailed list. Snatch theft and other thefts from the person, by their nature, will not occur in combination with any other offences except, conceivably, criminal damage, over which they are to take precedence.

In some cases, the questionnaire will indicate that the respondent is unclear whether they had his pockets picked or lost their wallet or the respondent may report behaviour which may or may not have been attempted theft. In such cases code 48 applies.

Only the respondent can be the victim of this group of offences.

Possible codes

Code 41 Robbery

Code 42 Attempted robbery

Code 43 Snatch theft from the person

Code 44 Other theft from the person

Code 45 Attempted theft from the person

Code 48 Possibly theft but could have been loss/possibly attempted theft but could have been innocent

Code 49 Other mobbery, theft from the person, falling outside the survey's coverage.

SHEET 4 CHECKLIST:	ROBBERIES, ATTEMPTED ROBBERIES, SNATCH THEFTS.	OTHER
	THEFTS FROM THE PERSON, ATTEMPTED THEFTS FROM	PERSON
3 Charle O. F		
1. Check Q.5	Was respondent a victim of this incident?	
	NO	See Note 4a
	YES	
2. Check (0.9b)	↓ "Was the person/people who did it inside the	
2. SHEER Q. 30)	home?"	
	YES	→ See Note 4b
	NOT ANSWERED/NO	
3. Check Q.20d) Q.22b)	"Did they use force or violence on respondent?"	·
	UNCLEAR	> See Note 4e
	NO - NO FORCE OR THREATS AGAINST ANYONE	→ Skip to 6
	NO - BUT FORCE OR THREATS AGAINST SOMEONE ELSE	→ See Note 4c
	YES* (either force or threat against RES- PONDENT)	
4. Check Q.26a)	"Was anything stolen?"	
	YES	CODE 41
	NO	
5. Check Q.3la)	"Did the person people who did it try to steal anything?"	
	YES	A CODE 43
	NO	See Note 4d
6. Check Q.5 Q.26a)	Was anything stolen? Was it taken physically from respondent?	CODE 43
Q.20a)	VES (See Note de)	
	taken by steatth	→ CODE 44
	$\int_{\mathcal{C}}$	
7. Check Q.31 Q.5	"Did the person/people who did it try to steal anything?" Did they try to take anything physically from the respondent?	
	YES ————————————————————————————————————	X CODE 45
	NO -	Sea Note Af
Do not count t from someone's	ne <u>minimal</u> force needed eg. to pull a handbag shoulder.	

ROBBERIES AND THEFTS FROM THE PERSON: MOTES FOR CUIDANCE

4.a For an incident to be coded with this group of codes (41-43), the respondent must be a victim. (Other people might also be victims simultaneously).

If the respondent was simply accompanying someone else who was rebbed (or someone else who suffered a trieft from the person), no offerce has occurred for the purposes of the survey, and the incident should be referred.

But, if the respondent was accompanying someone else who was robbed, and the respondent was attacked in the course of the robbery, the incident should be coded as an assault (codes 11-19).

- 4.b If someone breaks into a house and threatens the occupants in the furtherance of theft in order eg. to make them open up a safe this is code 41, robbery. But if someone breaks into a house to steal and is disturbed by the occupants who (try to) stop him, this is burglary rather than robbery or attempted robbery try the burglary sheet.
- 4.c If there is no attempt to steal anything belonging to the respondent, and force or threat was used against another person, not the respondent, the incident should be referred.
- 4.d If there was no attempt to steal anything from anyone, the wrong sheet has been selected; try sheet 1 or sheet 9.

If there was no theft and no attempt to steal from the <u>respondent</u>, see Note 4a above.

- 4.e Robbery involves the use of force or threat of force before or at the time of a theft. A threat can, for these purposes, be simply implied. Snatch thefts (code 43) involve no threat and only minimal force eg. rulling a handbag from someone's grasp, or off their shoulder. As soon as the victim offers any resistance, more than 'minimal' force has been used, and the offerce becomes one of robbery code 41) or attempted to be code 42. Snatching a purse from a snopping basket counts as a snatch theft. 'Other thefts from the person' (code 44) involve stealth; pickpocketing for example, and covertly taking a purse from the person until after the event in contrast to robberies and snatches. (It may be nelpful to check 2.19: "Were you aware of what was nappening.")
- 4.f If there was no theft and no attempt to steal anything, the uning smeet has been selected.

If there was no attempt to steal anything from the respondent see 1010 4.a above.

ROBBERY: POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

Main Offence - Robbery (Code 41)	Checklist	Code Nos
Burglary/attempted burglary	Sheet 5	40-49
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	81-89
Attempted rape and indecent assault	Sheet 3	34, 35
Main Offence - Attempted Robbery (Code 42)		
Burglary/attempted burglary	Sheet 5	50-59
Criminal damage	Sneet 8	31-29
Attempted rape and indecent assault	Sheet 3	34, 35
Main Offence - Snatch Theft and Other Theft (Codes 43-49	<u>)</u>	
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	31-89

SHEET 5: BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY AND THEFT IN A DWELLING

Burglary from a dwelling consists of entering the respondent's dwelling as a trespasser with the intention of committing theft, rape, grievous bodily harm or unlawful damage (whether the intention is carried through Burglary does not necessarily involve forced entry; a burglar can walk in through an open door, or can gain access by, for example, impersonating a gas man, electrician etc. The "dwelling" is a house or flat or any outhouse or garage linked to the dwelling via a connecting The "dwelling" need not be the respondent's permanent residence. Temporary residences (holiday cottages or hotel rooms) count. from a friend's house would, however, be outside the scope of the survey.

For burglary to have occurred, the offender must have entered the home, and the home "begins" at any door or window, whether open or shut. example, theft from an open porch (a porch without a door) would not count as a burglary, but theft from a porch with a door would, even if the door were open at the time. You may assume that garages and outhouses are not linked to the dwelling via a connecting door unless this is clearly the case.

If something is taken from the 'common areas' (eg hallway) of a block of flats, this counts as burglary only if the 'common area' is usually secure.

For there to be an attempted burglary, there must be clear evidence that the offender made an actual, physical attempt to gain entry to the home. Footprints in the garden, or even sighting an intruder in a garden, is not sufficient evidence for an attempted burglary.

Theft in a dwelling consists in theft committed inside (indoors not outside) a home by somebody who was entitled to be there at the time of the Thefts in dwellings are committed, for example, by guests at parties and by workmen with legitimate access. Thefts from meters in dwellings are to be classified separately, unless these occurred in the course of burglary.

Burglary, attempted burglary and theft in a dwelling may all occur in combination with a number of other offences. In almost all cases, they take precedence over other offences. The exceptions are serious wounding, (code 11), rape (code 31) and serious wounding with sexual motive (code 32). For example, if a burglar seriously injures a respondent who disturbs him, this may be classified as a code ll, serious wounding, (but see detailed list).

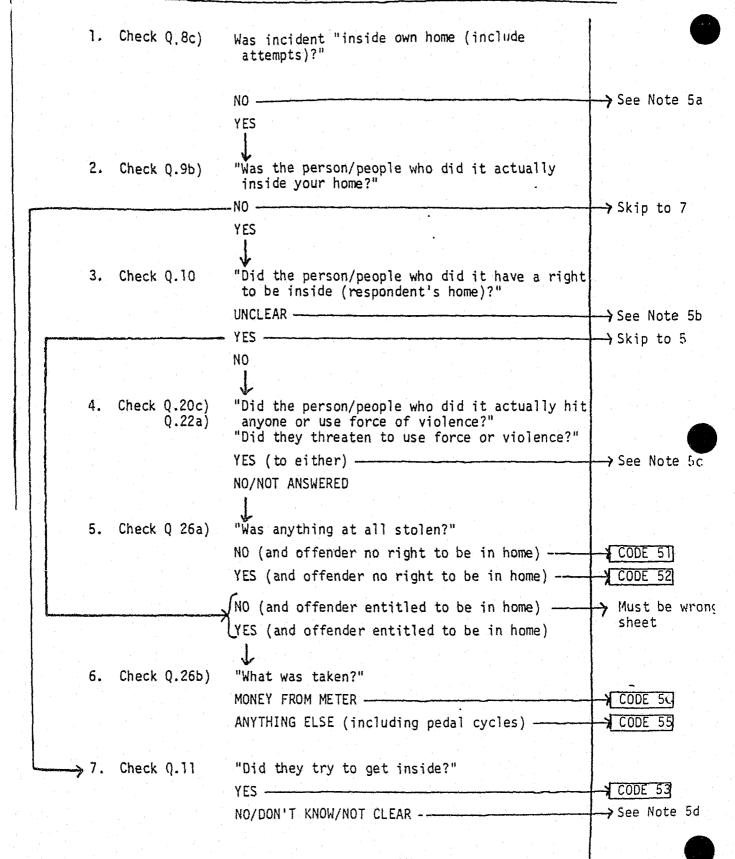
Arson (code 80) takes precedence over burglary but all cases of arson should be referred.

Possible codes

- Code 51 Burglary in a dwelling (nothing taken) Code 52
- Burglary in a dwelling (something taken)
- Code 53 Attempted burglary in a dwelling Burglary from a domestic garage/outhouse (nothing taken) Code 57
- Burglary from a domestic garage outhouse (something taken) Code 58
- Attempted burglary to domestic garage/outhouse Code 50

Code 54 Code 55 Code 56 Code 59 Possible attempted burglary
Theft in a dwelling
Theft from meter
Burglary/attempted burglary/theft in a dwelling falling outside
survey's coverage.

SHEET 5 CHECKLIST: BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY, THEFT IN A DWELLING



BURGLARY ATTEMPTED BURGLARY AND THEFT IN A DWELLING: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

5.a Burglaries and thefts in a dwelling can only take place within the respondent's home. For the purposes of the survey, the 'home' here includes outhouses and garages linked to the dwelling via a connecting door, but excludes the grounds - ie. garden - of a home, and garages and outhouses with no connecting doors to the home. Burglaries from such garages and outhouses are dealt with by codes 57, 53 and 50.

The home may be a temporary dwelling (holiday cottage or hotel room) which the respondent has rented.

In some cases of attempted burglary, Q.8c) may be wrongly completed, 'outside own home' being given as the response to "Where did it happen?" rather than "Inside own home (including attempted break-ins)'; in these cases, assume for the purpose of classification that the response 'inside own home' has been given.

- 5.b A person who gets access to a house by impersonating an offical has no right to be inside the house.
- 5.c If someone breaks into a house and threatens the occupants in the furtherance of theft in order eg. to make them open up the safe this is code 41, robbery, or code 42, attempted robbery. But if someone breaks into a house in order to steal (without intended to confront the occupants), and is disturbed by the occupants, who try to stop him, this is burglary (codes 51 or 52) ... EXCEPT ...

If a burglar seriously wounds any member of the household, the case should be referred. (If anyone is seriously wounded with a weapon belonging to the burglar, the offence in law is 'aggravated burglary'. and the code will be 51 or 52. But if the respondent is seriously wounded by anything other than a weapon belonging to the offender, the incident should be coded as a serious wounding, code 11. If anyone other than the respondent is wounded by anything other than a weapon belonging to the burglar, the incident should in theory be excluded from the survey, being a code 11 with a victim other than the respondent).

If anyone was the victim of 'other wounding' or 'assault without injury', in the course of a burglary, the incident is still coded as burglary - code 51 or 52.

5.d It may not be clear whether the offender tried to get inside. If footprints were noticed in a flowerbed, or in the snow, this is not by itself evidence of an attempted burglary; the offender might just be a nosey parker, or a peeping Tom. Similarly an intruder sighted in a garden may not be a burglar. Such cases should be coded as code 54 'possibly attempted burglary'

BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY, THEFT FROM A DWELLING - POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

Main Offence - Any category 50-59	Checklist	Code Nos
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	81-89
Attempted rape or indecent assault	Sheet 3	34; 35
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94, 99

SHEET 6: THEFT OF/FROM CAR/VAN, THEFT OF/FROM MOTORBIKE ETC, THEFT OF PEDAL CYCLE, THEFT FROM OUTSIDE DWELLING AND OTHER THEFT

Theft is something of a residual category, classified by eliminating contenders such as burglary and robbery. Within the theft classifications, 'theft in a dwelling' code 55, (defined on sheet 5), takes precedence over 'theft of pedal cycle' (code 64) and 'other theft' (code 67). Thus a bicycle stolen from inside a house by somebody who was not trespassing at the time is counted as 'theft in a dwelling'. But 'theft of pedal cycle' takes precedence over 'theft outside a dwelling' (code 65) as do all theft classifications except 'other theft'.

Theft from motor vehicles refers both to the theft of parts and accessories of motor vehicles and to the theft of contents. The classification system makes no distinction between attempted thefts of and attempted thefts from motor vehicles, because it is often very difficult to distinguish these. Where a vehicle and its contents are stolen and the vehicle is subsequently recovered without the contents, this still counts as theft of a vehicle.

When theft occurs with a straightforward assault, the classification is neither one of assault nor theft, but robbery. Similarly the classification of burglary embraces the element of theft. When theft occurs in combination with rape or serious wounding with sexual motives (codes 31 and 32) the theft codes do not take precedence.

Theft will frequently occur in combination with criminal damage - for example, where the paintwork of a car is damaged and something taken off or from a car. In these cases the theft codes almost invariably take precedence over the criminal damage codes (codes 81 to 89). This is so even if the damage is very extensive and the theft very small; the exception is where the criminal damage amounts to arson - where a car is completely burned out, or a house set on fire. Such cases should be coded 80 and referred.

In some cases, the questionnaire will indicate that respondents were in doubt as to whether they had lost something or had it stolen. In any case where doubt is clearly expressed, the incident should be coded as code 68, 'possible theft, possible lost property'.

Only the respondent can be the victim of 'other theft', code 67. Any member of the household can be the main victim of remaining theft classifications. All cases where the victim is neither the respondent nor a household member - eg. where the 'victim' is the respondent's employing company should be coded 69 (theft outside the survey's coverage).

Possible codes

Code 60 Theft of car/van Theft from car/van Code 61 Code 62 Theft of motorbike, motorscooter or moped Code 63 Theft from motorbike, motorscooter or moped Code 64 Theft of pedal cycle Theft from outside dwelling (excluding theft of milk bottles) Code 65 Code 66 Theft of milk bottles from outside dwelling Other theft Code 67 Code 68 Possible theft, possible lost property Other theft falling outside the survey's coverage. Code 69

SHEET 6 CHECKLIST:	THEFTS OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, OF PEDAL CYCLE FROM OUTSIDE DWELLINGS, OTHER THEFT	<u>s</u> ,
1. Check Q.9b) Q.11	"Was the person/people who did it inside the home?" "Did they try to get inside?" YES (to either question) DON'T KNOW	Try Sheet 5
	NOT ANSWERED/NO (to both questions)	Jose note oa
2. Check Q.20c) Q.22a)	"Did the person/people who did it hit anyone or use force or violence?" "Did the person/people who did it threaten to use force or violence?"	
	YES (to either question)	Try Sheet 4
3. Check Q.26a)	"Was anything stolen?" NO	Try Sheet 7
	NOT CLEAR YES	→ See Note 6b
4. Check Q.26b) Q.5	"What was stolen?" "Where from?" (check for thefts from vehicles at Q.30).	
	CAR/VAN [†] ARTICLES FROM CAR/VAN* (Q.30 will clarify)	CODE 60
	MOTOR BIKE/SCOOTER/MOPED ————————————————————————————————————	CODE 63
	PEDAL CYCLE	
	ANYTHING TAKEN PHYSICALLY FROM RESPONDENT ————————————————————————————————————	Try Sheet 4
5. Check Q.8c)	"Did it happen immediately outside own home (on same premises)?"	
	YES NO	CODE 65
6. Check Q.5	"Was respondent the victim?" YES	CODE 67
	NO - OTHER HOUSEHOLD MEMBER -	See Note 6d

[†] Include caravanettes and light vans. Refer cases of theft of lorries, tractor heavy vans. Assume that vans are light vans unless this is clearly not the case.

^{*} If an aerial from a car is reported as stolen, count this as criminal damage, and move to Sheet 8 (unless other items were also stolen).

THEFTS OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, OF PEDAL CYCLES, FROM OUTSIDE DWELLINGS, OTHER THEFT: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE.

- 6.a It may not be clear whether the offender tried to get inside the respondent's home; footprints in the flowerbeds or in the snow do not count as sufficient evidence; seeing a person in the garden isn't evidence of attempted entry. If in doubt, regard 'don't know' as 'no' for both Q.9b) and Q.11.
- 6.b If something is missing but may have been lost rather than stolen, the correct code is 68, 'possible theft, possible lost property' where, for example, belongings are left on a train and not recovered.
- 6.c If an incident involves the theft of milk bottles and nothing else from outside the home, a victim form should not have been completed. Check MAIN questionnaire to see if entry has been made to 0.22i), 0.23i). If not, code as 66, theft of milk bottles from outside dwelling.
- 6.d Only the respondent can be the victim of 'other theft', code 67. If another household member is the victim of theft, and the theft does not fit anyone of codes 61-69, the incident should be referred.

When someone loses property in the course of a burglary to someone else's premises, count this as 'other theft'.

Theft of business equipment or supplies from small, self-employed businessmen is treated as 'other theft'.

THEFT ETC - POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

Main Offence - Any category 60-69	Checklist	Code Nos
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	81-89
Attempted rape or indecent assault	Sheet 3	34, 35
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94, 99

SHEET 7: ATTEMPTED THEFT (EXCLUDING ATTEMPTED THEFT FROM THE PERSON)

The most frequent categories of attempted theft are likely to be codes 71 and 72, attempted theft of or from cars/vans or motorbikes/scooters/mopeds. In their nature it will often be impossible to say whether these incidents were attempts to steal the vehicle or just parts/contents. Evidence for attempted theft of/from motor vehicles will often be damage (to locks etc): the attempted theft codes take priority over the criminal damage codes.

There are no codes for attempted theft in a dwelling, attempted theft of a meter, of a pedal cycle or from outside a dwelling; any such attempted thefts which emerge should be coded as other attempted theft, (code 73) provided that the respondent is the victim; otherwise they should be referred.

Attempted theft from the person (code 45) is dealt with on sheet 4.

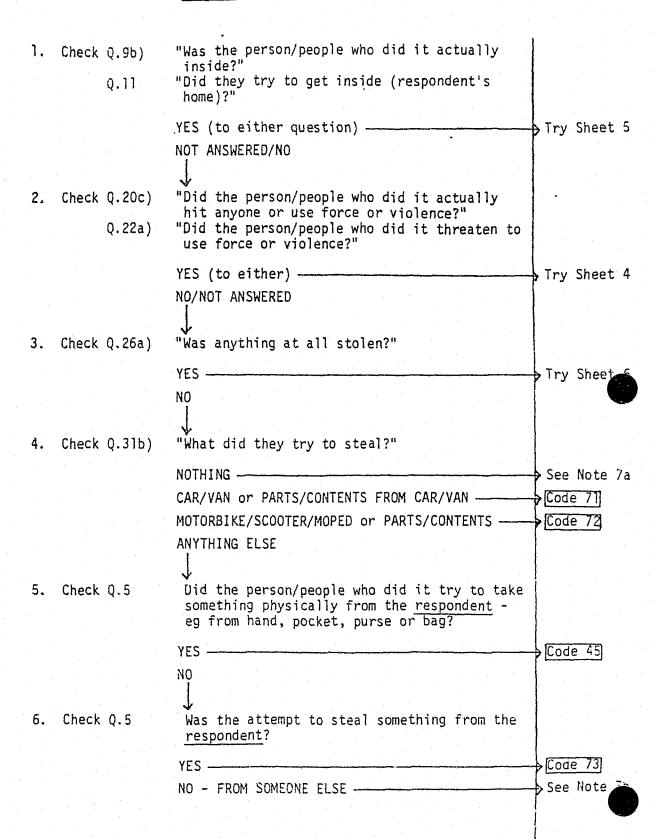
Possible codes

Code 71 Attempted theft of/from car/van.

Code 72 Attempted theft of/from motorbike, motorscooter or moped.

Code 73 Other attempted theft.

SHEET 7 CHECKLIST: ATTEMPTED THEFT OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, 'OTHER' ATTEMPTED THEFT



ATTEMPTED THEFT OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, 'OTHER' ATTEMPTED THEFT: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

7a) If there was no attempt to steal anything, the wrong sheet has been selected; ? try damage sheet.

It may be unclear what the attempt was aimed at; Q.5 may contain additional information.

If there is considerable ambiguity as to whether the incident is one of attempted theft or criminal damage, the incident should be coded as criminal damage.

7b) Only the respondent can be the victim of 'other attempted theft'. If, for example, a victim form reports an attempt to steal a bicycle from a household member other than the respondent, the incident should be referred.

ATTEMPTED THEFT - POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

Main Offence - Any Category 71-73	Checklist	Code Checklist Nos	
Criminal damage	Sheet 8	81-89	
Attempted rape or indecent assault	Sheet 3	34, 35	
Threats	Sheet 9	91-94, 99	

SHEET 8: CRIMINAL DAMAGE

Arson (code 80) consists of causing deliberate damage by fire. This code takes precedence over all others, but all cases where it is used should be referred for checking.

Criminal damage does not just refer to vandalism, but to any intentional and malicious damage done to the property of another. Offenders and victims are quite likely to know one another, as in arguments between ex-friends, landlord/tenant etc. Criminal damage to the home includes doors, windows, gates, fences, plants, shrubs and belongings in the garden - but excludes motor-vehicles in driveways etc.

Criminal damage includes cases where the damage could be repaired by the labour of the victim without outside cost (eg throwing eggs at a house). It does not include cases where there is nuisance only (eg letting down car tyres). These should be coded as 87. Refer any doubtful cases. Code 88 covers cases where there was a definite but unsuccessful attempt to commit criminal damage.

When criminal damage occurs in combination with burglary or robbery, the burglary and robbery codes take precedence over the criminal damage codes. When criminal damage occurs in combination with theft, the incident is always to be classified as theft, except in cases where the criminal damage amounts to arson.

When criminal damage occurs in combination with serious wounding (code 11), rape (code 31) or serious wounding with sexual motive (code 32) these codes take precedence over the criminal damage ones. Where criminal damage occurs in combination with other wounding (code 12) and other wounding with sexual motive (code 33), the incident is to be given a criminal damage code only if the damage component is clearly the more serious aspect of the incident. This is a matter for coder judgement but, by way of example, if someone were punched in the eye so that their glasses broke and they got a broken nose, this should be recorded as a code 12, other wounding.

It is often hard to distinguish between criminal damage and attempted burglary or attempted theft. The 'attempt' classifications should only be used where the victim form states clearly that an attempt was made. (In these cases, the 'attempt' classification takes precedence over the criminal damage classification.)

Any member of the household can be the main victim of codes 81 or 82, criminal damage to a motor vehicle or codes 33-84, criminal damage to dwelling; but only the respondent can be victim of code 85-85, other criminal damage.

Possible codes

Code 80 Arson

Code 81 Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (£20 or under)
Code 82 Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (over £20)

Code 83 Code 84 Code 85 Code 86 Code 87	Criminal damage to the home (£20 or under) Criminal damage to the home (over £20) Other criminal damage (£20 or under) Other criminal damage (over £20) Possibly criminal/possibly accidental damage/nuisance with no
Code 88 Code 89	damage Attempted criminal damage (no damage actually achieved) Other criminal damage falling outside the survey's coverage.

SHEET 8 CHECKLIST: CRIMINAL DAMAGE Was there deliberate damage by fire? Check Q.5 → Code 80 YES -NO "Did the person/people who did it actually Check (0.20c) hit anyone or use force or violence on anyone?" YES -See Note Sa NO/NOT ANSWERED "Did the person/people who did it threaten Check Q.22a) to use force or violence on anyone?" YES ----See Note 8b NO/NOT ANSWERED "Did the person/people who did it have a Check Q.10 4. right to be inside (respondent's home)?" NO ----Try Sheet 5 NOT ANSWERED/YES "Was anything at all stolen?" Check Q.26a) "Did the person/people who did it try to steal Q.31a) anything?" YES (something stolen) Try Sheet 6 YES (attempted theft) ————— Try Sheet 7 NO (to both questions) Check Q.5 "Was the damage malicious (ie not accidental)?" NO -──|> See Note 8c YES 7. Check Q.32b) "What damage did they do?" Q.32c)"What was the total value of the damage they did?" See Your Ec NO DAMAGE -DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE (£20 or under) ----Code 31 DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE (over £20) Code 82 DAMAGE TO RESPONDENT'S HOME (£20 or under) ----→ Code 83 DAMAGE TO RESPONDENT'S HOME (over £20) ----OTHER DAMAGE (SEE NOTE 8e) 8. Check 0.5 "Was the respondent the main victim?" NOT CLEAR ---∔-> See Note €i YES and DAMAGE £20 or under — → Code SS → [361: 36] YES and DAMAGE over 120 _____

CRIMINAL DAMAGE: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

8a) If an incident involves both criminal damage and serious wounding, the assault code (code 11) always takes precedence - provided that the respondent is victim of the serious wounding. If someone else is victim of the wounding, refer.

Criminal damage codes, however, take precedence over codes 12, 13 and 21 - other wounding, common assault and attempted assault. (Exceptions to this can be made where the damage is very trivial and the assault involves injury to the respondent; for example if a respondent is given a beating in which his eyes are blacked and his clothes slightly torn, it makes more sense to code this as an assault than an act of criminal damage.)

8b) If threats were made in an attempt to steal something, the incident should be coded as attempted robbery. Try sheet 4.

Refer the incident if the threat was to kill or endanger life.

- 8c) For an incident of criminal damage to have occurred, damage must have been done maliciously. Some respondents will have reported to the interviewer that their 'car was dented' or similar; these incidents should be coded as 87 unless it is likely from the context that the damage was intended. (For example a dent or scratch on the roof of a car is almost certainly malicious; a dent on the side may not be; but a scratch 'made with a coin' down the side of a car obviously is malicious.)
- 8d) If the respondent was left with a <u>substantial</u> clean-up job but no further costs, this counts as criminal damage of nominal value (codes 81, 83 or 85). If the effect of the act was trivial (eg letting down car tyres) code 87 applies. If the offenders were attempting to effect criminal damage but were stopped before they succeeded in doing so, code 88 applies.
- 8e) The "home" in this context includes doors, windows, gates, fences, plants, shrubs and belongings in the garden, but not motor vehicles in driveways etc.
- 8f) Any member of the household can be the main victim of damage to motor vehicles or to the home. But only the respondent can be the victim of other acts of criminal damage. Thus damage, for example, to the respondent's bicycle would be coded 85 or 86 if the damage were done away from the home but coded 83 or 84 if damaged when in the respondent's garden. But if the respondent's son's bike were damaged when away from the home, the incident should be referred.

CRIMINAL DAMAGE: POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODING FOR SCOTLAND ONLY

Main Offence - Arson (Code SC) Ch	necklist	Code Nos
Sexual offences	3	31-39
Assault	1	11-19
Robbery/attempted robbery	4	41-49
Burglary/attempted burglary	5	50-59
Theft	6	60-69
Attempted theft	7	71-73
Attempted assault	2	21
Threats	9	91-94, 99
Main Offence - Any other Criminal Damage (Codes 81-89)		
Sexual offences other than rape	3	32-39
Assaults	1.	12-19
Threats	ç	91-94, 99

SHEET 9: THREATS

Inreats are verbal Any non-verbal threatening behaviour (fallowing a person closely, menacing gestures) counts as intimidation.

The survey covers only threats or intimidation to the respondent or threats made to others against the respondent. No other threats or intimidation count as within the survey's coverage. If no other offence is involved, other threats or intimidation are coded as 99

All other codes take precedence over the threat codes. Thus if a threat code is used as primary code, there can be no further coding in Scotland

In most cases, the respondent will be both the person to whom threats are made and the person against whom threats are made. There will be a few cases where this is not so. Either a threat may be made to the respondent against someone else (eg f will will your child) or a threat may be made to someone else against the respondent (respondent a wife is told respondent will be beaten up) the roding system is adapted to this

Possible codes

. 91	Threat to kill/assault made to but not necessarily against
	respondent
92	Sexual threat made to but not necessarily against respondent
93	Other threat or intimidation to but not necessarily against
	respondent
- 94	Threats against respondent made to someone else
99	Threats/intimidation falling outside survey's coverage.

SHEET 9 CHECKLIST: THREATS

). Check Q.26a) Q.31a)	"Was anything at all stolen?" "Did the person/people who did it try to steal anything?"	
	YES (to either question) —	> Try Sheet 4
	-NO (to both questions)	
2. Check (0.20c)	"Did the person/people who did it actually	
	hit anyone or use force or violence on anyone?" [include indecent assaults]	
		Tour Chast 1
	NO	Try Sheet 1 or 3
1. Check (0.32a)	"Did the person/people who did it damage	
	anything?"	
	YES	Try Sheet 8
	NO	
4. Check 0.10	"Did the person/people who did it have a	
	right to be inside (respondent's home)?"	
	NO	Try Sheet 5
	NOT ANSWERED/YES	
5. Check (0.22b)	"Whom did they threaten?"	
	NOT ANSWERED	> See Note 9a
	SOMEONE OTHER THAN RESPONDENT	See Note 9b
	RESPONDENT (ALONE OR WITH OTHERS)	
	→	
6. Check (0.22c)	"What did they threaten to do to respondent?"	
	SEXUAL ATTACK OR ASSAULT	Code 92 or
	ANY ATTACK OR ASSAULT EXCEPT A SEXUAL ONE	Code 9 or
	ANY THREAT NOT INVOLVING PERSONAL ATTACK/	Code 93 or
	ASSAULT	12 Code 33 01

THREATS: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

- 9a) Some threats may simply be against property: in this case question 22a) may be answered 'no', and 0.22b) and 0.22c) not completed. In this case, use question 5 as the basis for selecting codes 93, 94 or 99.
- 9b) For purposes of the survey, the respondent must have been either the recipient or the subject of the threat. Incidents where the threat was not against the respondent of his immediate family or associates should be referred. If the threat was made to the respondent against his immediate associates or family, proceed as at check 6 on page 9/2.

THREATS: POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL CODES FOR SCOTLAND DNLY

All other codes take precedence over threat codes. If one of the threat codes is used as primary code, no further code is possible on Scottish questionnaires.

SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Follow-up Questionnaire

Head Office 35 Northampton Square London ECTV OAX. Tel 01-250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co Durham DL2 3EG Tel 0325 730 888 COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH SOCIAL AND NATIONAL CRIME SURVEY January 1982 P.670/675 FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE (506) (501-505) (507-8)**ADURESS** FOR SERIAL CHECK WITH A.R.F 0 OFFICE 05 AND MAIN QUINNAE NUMBER USE CARD NO Time this questionnaire started am/pm COMPLETE THIS QUESTIONNAIRE FOR: CHECK MAIN Q'INNAME Q39 ALL RESPONDENTS FOR WHOM VICTIM FORMS WERE COMPLETED (18 447/3-6 ALD 455 Rem) 11 1 447 8004 44 ALL OTHER RESPONDENTS AT ADDRESSES WITH SERIAL NUMBERS ENDING IN 0, 1, 2 OR 3 Skip Col./ PART 3 EXPERIENCE & BEHAVIOUR Code ASK ALL 31. 99= who at a) muo b) a) Apart from yourself, has anyone personally known to you AA b) Yes been attacked or assaulted in the streets or in any other public place in the months since the first of January, 1981? No 00 c) 2 digit enha 1 b) IF YES AT a) How many people? 98 = NA at b) ofter AA at 9) WRITE IN: PEOPLE (509-10) Apart from yourself, has anyone personally known to you c) AA Yes d) had a bag or case snatched or had other personal As above property stolen from them since the first of January, 1981? No 00 e) T IF YES AT c) How many people? PEOPLE - (511-12) WRITE IN: As above Apart from your own household, has anyone personally e) Yes AA f) known to you had their home burgled or broken into As above 00 since the first of January, 1981? No \bar{z}) IF YES AT e) How many households do you know who 个 have been burgled or broken into over that time? As above HOUSEHOLDS 4 (513-14) WRITE IN: (515)g) Apart from anything you have mentioned already, since the first of January, 1981 have you seen anything 1 h) Yes happen which was or may have been a crime? 9 = NA 2 Q.32 No IF YES AT g) What was that? Anything else? PROBE TO NO. SEE OPEN-CODING SCHEOULE (516) 32. ASK ALL Yes Have you ever heard of the Criminal Injuries q = NA Compensation Board? 2 No

	~	
-	•	

*		• •	-
	- 2 -	Co1./	Ski
		Code	_ مر
33.	ASK ALL	(517)	
a)	When you are travelling in a car or another sort of motor vehicle, do you ever worry about the possibility that there might be an accident and you might be hurt?	A 1-}-	b)
	b) IF YES AT a) Is this a big worry, a bit of a worry or just an occasional doubt? Big worry	4	c)
	9 교비수 소리 ANO 의 Bit of a worry Occasional doubt	3 2	
c)	Have you yourself or anyone else now in your household ever been injured in a traffic accident badly enough to need medical treatment?	(518) A	d)
	d) IF YES AT c) Has this happened at all since the first of January, 1981? Q = N/A of c) AND d) Yes	3	Q.3
	8= MA at d) alba A at g No	2	
34.	ASK ALL	(570)	
a)	Do you ever worry about the possibility that there might be a fire in your home? 9===================================	(519) A 17	b)
	b) IF YES AT a) Is this a big worry, a bit of a worry or just an occasional doubt? Big worry	4 >	c)
	B= NA or b) of A Bit of a worry	3	
	Occasional doubt	2)	
c)	Has there ever been a fire in the place in which you were living (including things like fires in chip pans)? Yes No	(520) A 1]	d)
	d) IF YES AT c) Has this happened at all since the first of January, 1981? 8=140 at a) about 1981.	3 2	Q.3
35.	ASK ALL		
a)	Do you ever worry about the possibility of accidents around your home to you or people you live with - falls, cuts, scalding, electric shocks or anything of that sort? Yes	(521) A	b)
	9 = No No	1]	
	b) IF YES AT a) Is this a big worry, a bit of a worry or just an occasional doubt? Big worry	4	c)
	8=NA of 19 altor a de Bit of a worry	3 2	
1	Occasional doubt	(522)	
c)	Have you or anyone else now in your household ever been injured in that sort of accident badly enough q = NA at y and Yes to need medical treatment?	A 1]1	a)
	d) IF YES AT c) Has this happened at all since the first of January, 1981? 8=NA at d) of the Act of No	3 2	t a

		- J -				
					Col./	Skip
36.	ASK ALL					
a)	Do you know any police officers well to talk to by name?	lenough		. Yes	(523)	
,			٩.	NO NO	2	b) Q.37
	(। इंड्या) b) IF YES AT a) Are any of these:	One code i	A Acch (Buma	Yes No	1	4.37
	. DEAD OUT AND PECODO	9 = NA	11 11		1	
	ANSWER FOR EACH - relatives or	•		1 2	(521)	
	- neighbours or pe	•	-	1 2	(525)	
	- local officers you see regularly		*	1 2	(526)	
	- other officers you have contact			1 2	(527)	
	- officers you	know in s	ome other way	1 2	(528)	
37.	ASK ALL ASK a) AND b) AS NECESSARY REPEAT FOR SECOND ETC. RE	FOR FIRST	TYPE OF CONTAC	or.		* :
a)	Have you yourself ever?					
	b) <u>IF YES AT a)</u> Has this happened first of January, 1981?	at all si	nce the			
	Check one code at a) FOR EACH ITEM	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	One code at 1) F	A EACH ITEM	C0000 9 6	T 0)
		(a)	(b)			
		Ever Yes No	Since 1st Jan		 	1
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	No No	 	
	Reported a crime to the police, including things we have talked	roa Back	to A 4 : 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	m) of part to ope in	y .	
:	about earlier	A 0	1	2	(529)	
	Reported a traffic accident to the police	A 0	1	2.	(530)	
	Reported to the police that some property had been lost	A 0	1	2	(531)	
	Reported any other sort of					
	problem, difficulty or distur- bance to the police	A 0	1	2	(532)	
	Asked for police advice on crime prevention	A 0	1	2	(533)	
	Asked the police about some property that had been lost	A 0	1	2	(534)	
. 4	Asked a police officer for directions	A 0	1	2	(525)	
	Asked the police for any other sort of advice, help or information	A 0		2	(536)	
			<u>i</u>	YES TO		

		(Comprehension)
en en en en et elle en en en en en en en en en en en en en		
	Col./	Skip
	Code	<u>to</u>
45. IF ANNOYED IN PAST FIVE YEARS (YES AT 0.43b) (18 5542)		
a) On any of these occasions in the last five years when you were annoyed about police behaviour, have	10075	
l vou ever felt like making an official complaint to	Α	b) .
someone about it?		Q.4£
b) IF YES AT a) Did you actually make an official 8=14041114 Acto) complaint? Yes	3	c)
No	2	d)
c) IF YES AT b) To whom did you make the complaint?	(558)	, :
(12 557[3) Police station/senior policeman/other police officer	1	
Other (SPECIFY) 18 other specified recode to 558/1 if procible otherionic can code hist		Q.4€
d) IF NO AT b) Why not? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.		I
(18 537/2) SEE OPEN - COOING SCHEOULE		
> OTHER ANSWERS AT QUES		I
558/2 = Home Socretary/Socretary of State for Scotland/Home Office/Scotlish Office	ما	
3 = M.P. 558/7 = 2 or more different people/bod 4 = botal Council 8 = Vague assister only		
6 = Other specific person/body 9 = N/A		·
46. ASK ALL	(559)	
a) Have you ever been really pleased about the way a police Yes officer behaved towards you or someone you know or about	А	ს)
the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved? No	1	Q.48
b) IF YES AT a) Has this happened at all in 9=40 ata) and b) the past five years?	3	Q.4 ⁻
the past five years? 8=440 after fine of the past five years? No	2	Q.48
47. IF PLEASED IN PAST FIVE YEARS (YES AT Q.46b) (1950) 2 digit eating		
a) How often in the past five years? qq. WRITE IN: TIMES	(560-61)	
b) (Last time you were really pleased), what happened that pleased		
you? PROBE FOR OUTLINE DETAILS OF TYPE OF INCIDENT AND CAUSE OF PLEASURE. RECORD VERBATIM.		
OF FERSORE. RECORD VERBATIN.		
	1	
SEE OPEN-CODING SCHEDULE		
		: '

0	
~	~

1	- 8 -				Col./	Ski
	ASK ALL				Code	
	Taking everything into account, would you say					
a)	the police in this area do a good job or a po	y Dor jo	b?		(562)	
	IF GOOD: Very good or fairly good?	•	Very	good	1.	
	IF POOR: Very poor or fairly poor?	ماد د	Eairly_	good	2	
		1-NA	Fairly	poor	3	
			Very_	poor_	44	
		Don't	know enough to	say	8	
b)	Do you think the police in this area understa			_	(563)	
1	the kinds of problems people here have?	ana		Yes	. 1	
			الاح ۹	No	2	
			Don't	know	8	
4	When did you personally last see a police of	Ficor			(564)	
c)	on foot in this area?	ricer	Today/yeste	rday	1	
Ì			2-3 days	- ;	2	
		1	4-7 davs	- 1	3	
.]		9=1	NA 8-14 days	ago	4	
			Longer	-	5	
			Don't		6	
\dashv	ASK ALL					
•	How many of your personal friends live in th	ic		3		4
	area (within about 15 minutes walk of here)?	15			(565)	
1	Would you say READ OUT:		none of t	hem,]]	
	α J	Δ.	a few of t	hem,	2	
	9=4	M c	about half of t	hem,	3	
			most of t	hem,	4	
			OR all of t	hem?	5	
	ASK ALL					
a)	In the past seven days, have you spent any				(566)	
	evenings outside your home on leisure, socia or other spare time activities?	1	9=24	Yes	1	b)
l	or other spare time activities:			No	2	Q.
	b) IF YES AT a) Which evenings in the past seven days? Any others? (19 5641)					
.			Sunday		(500)	
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY.		Monday	2	(567)	
	CHECK AT LEAST ONE CODE RIN	4ed	·		(568)	
.			Tuesday	3	(569)	
			Wednesday	4	(570)	· .
1			Thursday	5	1571	
1			Friday	6	1572)	
	NB 18 YES AT A) but by BLANK CHECK GRID ATOSI, If IN	100	Saturday	7	(573)	
ļ	Information Ne-code 566/8 JE ANSWER RECOGE PO	tore of	PSIO BY SUNDY	<u>.</u>	(574- 85	317
• [ON (03 57	4-75	PATER MILE	- ,		ALTI
						cour

- 9 -

	Col./	Skip
51. IF ANY EVENING SPENT OUT IN PAST SEVEN DAYS (YES AT Q.50a) OTHERS SKIP TO Q.52 ASK SEPARATELY OF EACH EVENING SPENT OUT	<u>Code</u> Serial	(601-05
	No. 006	
a) What was the one main thing you did when you were out on (DAY evening? (RECORD BELOW).) 000	(606-08
b) How did you travel there? (RECORD BELOW) (IF 2+ MODES MENTION	ED	
c) And how did you travel back? (RECORD BELOW) CODE ONE BY WHICH LO		
Chack that there is an early in the	501	<u></u>
evering out mentioned at Q604). THESE 2 CANS EVENING		
Sun./ Mon. Tues. Wed. Thur		Sat.
a) MAIN ACTIVITY one 2 digit (608-02) (614-15) (620-21) (626-27) (632-		i
Visited friends/relatives 01 01 01 01	01	01
Went to pub/other licenced premises 02 02 02 02 02	02	02
Went to cafe/restaurant 03 03 03 03 03	1	03
#ent to care/restaurant		03
96 = 2+ exposed to church		05
Nont to overing along		06
17 = 00 part in sport 99=N/A 9 07 07 07 07 07 07		07
	1.	08
	uo i	1
committee	09	09
Went to meeting of club/ committee 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09 09	10	10
Other (SPECIFY) Records 18 possible		
b) MAIN MODE OF TRAVEL THERE (610-11)(616-17)(622-23)(628-29)(634-	35 (640-41	(646-4
Walked "One 2 digit code only 01 01 01 01 01	01	01
Bicycle 02 02 02 02 02	02	02
Carj - passenger 03 03 03 03 03	03	03
l- driver 04 04 04 04 04	04	04
Motorcycle/scooter/moped	05	05
Bus 99=1/4 06 06 06 06 06	06	06
5 Name 2 Taxi 07 07 07 07 07	07	07
'Atar' Train 08 08 08 08	08	08
96=2+move Underground 09 09 09 09 09	09	09
realized Other (SPECIFY) Recode if milita		
97= other c) MAIN MODE OF TRAVEL HOME (612-13) (618-19) (624-25) (630-31) (636-	1 1	
01 01 01 01 01	. 01	01
98 - Vague Bicycle 02 02 02 02 02	1 1	02
Car - passenger 03 03 03 03 03	1	03
l- driver 19 = 21 04 04 04 04 04		04
Motorcycle/scooter/moped	05	05
Bus 06 06 06 06 06	06	06
Taxi 07 07 07 07 07	07	07
Train 08 08 08 08 08	08	JC OO
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	09	09
Other (SPECIFY) Recode if preside		

	- 10 -	Col./	Skip to
52.	ASK ALL		
a)	On how many nights in the past week have you been	(650)	
	out on foot <u>by yourself</u> at all after 6 o'clock at night?	0	b)
	0ne	ווו	
	Two	2	
	9=NA Three	3	
	Four	. 4	Q.53
	Five	5	
	Six	6	
	Seven	7)	
	b) IF NO NIGHTS OUT AT a) Do you ever go out on (15 6500) foot by yourself after 6 o'clock at night?	(651)	
	9=NA Yes	, 1	Q.53
	No	2	c)
	c) IF NO AT b) Why not? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM. (1965)		
	SEE OPEN-COONS SCHEONLE		
		,	
53.	ASK ALL	(652)	
a)	Do you ever avoid going out on foot by yourself in Yes	1	
	this area because of the risk that you might be a q=N A No	2	
Kq.		(653)	
il	When you are out, do you ever worry about the possibility that your pocket might be picked or q=Na d=19009 Yes	Α	c }
	your bag snatched?	1)	
	c) IF YES AT b) Is this a big worry, a bit of A big worry	4	d}
	a worry or just an occasional doubt:	3	٦
	3= NA at 9 after A at 6) A bit of a worry Occasional doubt	2)	
4	What is the largest sum in cash that you have	(654)	
1	carried outside in the last month? Less than £25	1	
	£25 but under £50	2	
	9=NA £50 but under £100	3	
	£100 but under £200	4	
	£200 or more	5	
- F			

			:	
	- 11 -		Col./	Skip
54.	ASK ALL			
	Which of these have you drunk at all in the months since the first of January, 1981?	. code in each column		
•	9=1/2 is each course.	YES NO		
	READ OUT AND CODE Beer, lager or cider ANSWER FOR EACH	1 2	(655)	
	Wine - including sherry, port and martini	1 2	(656)	
	Spirits - gin, whisky, rum, vodka, brandy etc	1 2	(657)	:
55.	IF BEER, LAGER OR CIDER DRUNK IN PAST YEAR (Q.54)	S ()	(658)	
	In an average week, nowadays, about how many pints of beer, lager or cider do you drink?			
	pints of beer, lager of class at you arrink:	Less than 1 1-3	2	
	9-10	4-7	3	
	٩عياه	8-14	4 }	CHEC Q.56
		15-19	5	
		20-29	6	
		30 or more	7)	
56.	IF WINE DRUNK IN PAST YEAR (Q.54) (\(\frac{1}{656}\) In an average week, nowadays, about how many		(050)	
	glasses of wine do you drink, including sherry,		(659)	
	port or martini?	Less than 1 1-3	2	
		4-7	3	
	, 9=NA	8-14	4 >	CHEC Q.57
		15-19	5	4.57
		20-29	6	
		30 or more	7)	·
57.	IF SPIRITS DRUNK IN PAST YEAR (Q.54) (4 657)			
	In an average week, nowadays, about how many measures of spirits do you drink, that is,		(660)	
	the equivalent in pub singles?	Less than 1]]	
		1-3 4-7	2 3	
	9=NA	8-14	4 }	CHE Q.5
		15-19	5	Q. 3.
		20-29	6	
		30 or more	7.7	

	- 12 -	Col./	Skip
	PART 4 LIORK	Code	<u>to</u>
	CHECK MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE, Q.9c). IF RESPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK AT PRESENT (CODES 1-3) ASK Q.58. OTHERS SKIP TO Q.61		
58.	IF IN PAID WORK (IF 245 1,2003)	(661-62)	
a)	How do you usually travel to work? Walk	01	
	(NOTE: CODE MAIN MODE ONLY. IF 2+ MODES IN USUAL JOURNEY CODE Bicycle	02	
	MODE BY WHICH LONGEST DISTANCE Car(- passenger	03	
	TRAVELLED.) - driver	04	
	Ope 2 digit code only, Motorcycle, scooter, moped	05	·
	96 = 2+ modes nationed Bus	06 }	þ)
	98 = Vague answer only Taxi	07	
	99 = अं क Train	08	
	Underground	09	
	Other mode (SPECIFY) Recode of possible offensia leave as code to	10)	0.50
	Work at home - no journey	2C (663)	Q.59
	b) IF ANY JOURNEY TO WORK Do you usually travel ((666-62)01-10) back the same way? Yes	. 1	d)
	9=NA No	2	c)
	c) IF JOURNEY BACK NOT THE SAME How do you usually (1 6632)	(664-65)	
	travel back? Walk	01)	
	(NOTE: CODE MAIN MODE ONLY.) Bicycle	02	
	Car f- passenger	03	
	9b - 2+ moder meationed - driver	04	
	Motorcycle, scooter, moped	05	d)
	98 = Vague answer only Bus	06	
,	99 = NA	07	
	Train	08	
	Underground	09	
	Other mode (SPECIFY) Recode of preside offencie form as code to	10)	* . * *
	d) IF ANY JOURNEY TO WORK Do you ever travel (\$\frac{1661-62\oldsymbol{0}(-10)}{\to work or come back from work between nine o'clock	(668)	
	at night and six o'clock in the morning?	A	e)
	8=NA ofter Act co) NO	}= <u>}</u> -	• .
	e) IF YES AT d) Do you do this READ OUT: regularly,	41	Q.5
	J sometimes,	3	
	or only very occasionally?	2]	

What is your normal take-home pay in your job, including bonus, overtime and tips, if any, but after deductions for tax, national insurance and so on? Please tell me the letter for the band	(670-71)
in which it comes.	04
P	08
$oldsymbol{R}$	03
One 2 digit code only. 99= N/A	07
T	02
	06
raginal production and the company of the company o	01
and the second of the second o	05
No usual take home pay	97
Refused	98

IF IN PAID WORK (12 245/1,2 08 3)

IF IN PAID WORK (1245/1,2043)

59.

60.

a)

b)

a)

₩ b)

SHOW CARD A

	andronina in the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of If the second of	Col./	Skip
	PART 5 - MOTOR VEHICLES	Code	to
61	ASK ALL		
61.		(372)	
a	Can I check, do you yourself own or have the regular use of a car or van at present?	1	Q.62
	h) TE 'NO! AT a) Have you yourself much of the or of the	A	b)
	b) IF 'NO' AT a) Have you yourself ever owned or had the regular use of a car or van? Yes No	2 }	Q65
		3)	1
62.	IF RESPONDENT HAS REGULAR USE OF CAR/VAN (YES AT Q61a) (18 6721)		
	About how many miles have you driven in the past 12 months? (INCLUDE DRIVING OF LORRIES, BUSES etc. BUT NOT MOTORCYCLES) None in past year	(<i>673.</i>)	Q65
	PROMPT WITH PRECODED Under 5,000 miles	27	· i
	CATEGORIES IF NECESSARY 5,000 but under 10,000 miles	3	
	9=14 10,000 but under 15,000 miles	4 }	Q63
	15,000 but under 20,000 miles	5	
	20,000 miles or more	6	
·	Can't say	8)	
63.	IF ANY DRIVING IN PAST 12 MONTHS (CODES 2-8 AT Q62) (4673/2-8)	(674)	
a	steal your car or van or take something from it? Yes No	A 1	
	b) IF YES AT a) Is this a big worry, a bit of a worry or just an occasional doubt? 8=4a offer at a) Big worry	4 }	()
	Bit of a worry	3	
	Occasional doubt	2)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	At night, when you are not using it, where is your car normally parked ?	(675)	
	In garage specifically for this house/flat	1 1	
	In row of garages for block of flats/estate	2	
	۹۰۸ In garage elsewhere	3	
	In carport/carspace/garden/drive of this house/flat	4	
	In street outside this house/flat	5	
	Elsewhere (SPECIFY) Accorde in possible othersia other specific assure	= 7	
	Various places Vague ensures	= 8	
		(676)	Spere
	*(1g 673/2-8)		-0-
	THE ALLUSER TO Q 640) MUST BE		ALTER
	ENTERED ON SPARE COL. 676		Community
			THUS:

	- 15 -	Col./	3
	IF ANY DRIVING IN PAST 12 MONTHS (CODES 2-8 AT Q.62) (18673/2-8)	SerialNo 007	(7) (7)
	Nowadays, do you ever drive after taking any alcoholic drink? OFLETE COLUMB NUMBER THE ANY LOPE RIMSON (Color code on 676 on page 14)	s 2	
	(If you did drink before driving) how much beer or wine or spirits do you think you could drink before you would fail a breathalyser test?		
***************************************	RECORD AS EITHER: PINTS OF BEER OR GLASSES OF WINE OR PUB SINGLES OF SPIRITS. PINTS GLASSES SINGLE OF OF OF OF OF SPIRITS. SPIRIT		
	(IF VARIES BY TYPE OF DRINK, RECORD FOR TYPE DRUNK MOST) 1 or less 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	ΟΝΕ ΦΟΕ ΟΝΙΥ ΙΝ:- 5 5 5 (709) 6 6 6 28 9-10 8 8 (710) 11+ 9 9		
	OR CODE: Cannot answe	(712) r 9	
	If you yourself were convicted of a drinking and driving offence in which you were just over	(713)	
		0 2 }	(d) (e)
		9 (274-5)	
	99 = N/A, O/K. OR WRITE IN : MONTH	hay .	
	And if you yourself were convicted of a drinking and driving offence in which you were just over the limit, do you think you would be	s (716)	f
	Don't kno	w 8 }	
	f) IF YES AT e) How much? (18 7161) CODE: Don't know 99	9 R (717-3)	
+	3 digit nous		-

						••••	michenny d as design as	•
65	ASK AL	1 •		- 16 -			Col./	Skip
a)	Can I	— check, do	you yours	self own or have the	ne regular resent ? .	Yes	(720) 1	Q.66
		•				9 = NA cha) Ang No	A	b)
	b) IF had	'NO AT a) the use	Have you of a motor	yourself ever owr cycle, scooter or	ed or moped ?	9= NA OFE AND NO	2	Q.66
					•	No	3	066 CHECK
66	USE OF	A CAR, V	AN, MOTORO	a) & b). IF RESPONDE CYCLE, SCOOTER OR N CLE 672 LOR 2 C	IOPED ASK O	.66		
.a)	1	SKIP TO	•	Y, SORTED TO CORRE	CT OPDED			
,	Piease	sort the	se cards i	nto two piles - or	ne for thing	s that you		
	things	you have	never dor	however long ago, ne, AFTER SORTING, you have ever done	. What are	the <u>numbers</u>		
			So the thi	ings you have never	done are	•••		
	How	many tin	nes have yo	1 EVER DONE ou done the things muary, 1981 ?	on Card No	••••		
	a) One	tode negal	' 1	One 2 digit eating for each	item coded A (b)	of o		
	ITEM NO.	EVER DONE	NEVER I	NO OF TIMES SIN Not at all (RING)	ICE 1ST JANI No	JARY 1981 o of times E IN AS 2 DIGITS)		
	1	Α	95	00			(721-22)	
	2	Α	95	00			(723-24)	
	3	Α	95	00			(725-26.	
	4	Α	95	00			(727-28	
	5	Α	95	00			(729-30)	·
	6	А	95	00			(731-32	•
* 1	7	А	95	00		•	(733-34	
	8	A	95	00			(735-36	
	Fo	reach ite	98 = N	A at a) and b) A at b) ofter A night H or more	at a)			

		turk digirah bu kemua na arawa (ya 1994)	A Paragraph of the Control of the Co
	- 17 -	Col./	Skip
	PART 6 THE HOME	1.00	to_
67 a)	ASK ALL When your home is left empty, do you ever worry at all about the possibility somebody might break in? Yes 9-44-4-4-4-6-6 No	1)	b)
	HOUSE NEVER LEFT EMPTY b) IF YES AT a) Is this a big worry, a bit of	[-	
	a worry or just an occasional doubt? 7= 料 (1 . [.	c)
c)	And when you are at home, do you ever worry at all about the possibility somebody might break in ?	(738)	۵,
	Yes d) IF YES AT c) Is this a big worry, a bit of a المحلام ا	A ¹ -	d)
	worry or just an occasional doubt ? Big worry Bit of a worry		Q68
	, Occasional doubt	2)	
68 a)	ASK ALL The last time you went out for an hour or more during the day and left your home empty, did you make sure all the outside doors were closed and locked? Q=NA No	<i>(739)</i> 1 2	
5)	HOUSE NEVER LEFT EMPTY IF ACCOMMODATION IS ON GROUND FLOOR AND UPPER FLOOR, REFER TO GROUND FLOOR WINDOWS.	8	
	What about the (ground floor) windows. The last time you went out for an hour or more during the day and Yes left your home empty, did you make sure all the (ground floor) windows were properly secured? HOUSE NEVER LEFT EMPTY	(740) 1 2 8	
69	ASK ALL -		
•	Over an average week, about how many hours is your home empty between 6 o'clock at night and midnight? Not at all	(741) 0	
	Up to 7 hours (1 hour a day) PROMPT WITH PRECODED Over 7 to 14 hours (2 hours a day)	i .	,
	CATEGORIES IF NECESSARY. Over 14 to 21 hours (3 hours a day) Over 21 to 28 hours (4 hours a day)	}	
	Over 28 to 35 hours (5 hours a day) Over 35 hours (6 hours a day)		

	- 18 -	Col./	Skil
		Code	
70	ASK ALL		
,	And in an average week, about how many hours is your home empty between 8 in the morning and 6 at night Not at all	(742)	
	Monday to Friday ?	0	
	PROMPT WITH PRECODED Over 5 to 1° hours (2 hours a day)	2	
	Owner 10 to 20 hours (4 hours a day)	3	
'	CATEGORIES IT RECESSANT	4	
	المج المج المج المج المج المج المج المج	5	
		6	·
	Over 40 to 50 hours (10 hours a day)	-	-
71	ASK ALL	}	1.
a)	In the months since the first of January 1981 have there been any nights when everyone was away and your	(743)	
	home was left empty overnight?	Α	ь)
	1=NA of a party	1	Q72
	IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c)		
	b) How many nights in all since the beginning of 1981 ?		
	1-4 nights only	2	
	5-11 nights (1 week)	3	
	12-18 nights (2 weeks)	4	
,	19-25 nights (3 weeks)	5	
	(18 744/2-6,8) 26 nights +	6	
	c) The last time your home was left empty overnight,		
	apart from locking up the doors and windows, did you do anything else to try to reduce the risk of burglary?	(744)	
	Anything at all?	1	d)
. '	No.	2	Q72
	d) IF YES AT c) What did you do ? Anything else ?		
	PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM (18 74441)		
	and the second season was control and the		
	SEE DIEN-COURT ENEOUTE		
72	ACV ALL		
1 1	Have you represely even that all outside the United Kingdom	.745;	
a)	Have you yourself ever travelled outside the United Kingdom - England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland? Yes	A	b)
	163	1. 1.	
	TE NEC AT -		
	b) Have you done so at all in the months (8=N)A offer A ata) Yes	3	
	since the first of January, 1981?	25	073
	NO.	ر	
		1	

		- 19 -	Col./	Skip to
• '	73	FOR ALL		
	, 5	CODE a) BY OBSERVATION IF OBVIOUS. OTHERWISE ASK:	,	: '
	a)	Is any part of your accommodation on the ground floor?	(746)	
	. a)		Α	b)
		9=NA at a) Ano thouse and the A at a) No	1	Q74
		b) IF YES AT a) Are there any doors or windows on the ground floor at the back of your home? Yes	2	
•		No - blank outside wall	3]	074
		No - partition wall only	4 \$	614
		IF YES AT b) ASK c) & d) (1) 701/2)		
		c) Can these doors or windows be seen clearly from a another house, from a street or footpath, from a	(747)	,
		park or from somewhere else that is open to the	1	
		public?	2	
		d) How easy or difficult would it be for an intruder		
		to get to the back of your home ?	(748)	
		Would you say READ OUT : very easy,	17	
		fairly easy,	2	Q74
1.		a bit difficult.	3 (9, 1
		or very difficult?	4	
_				
	74	ASK ALL	(749)	
	a) Do you have a burglar alarm in your home? 9=NA at a) and b) Yes	Α .	b)
1		B=NA after A at a) No	1	Q75
		IF YES AT a) ASK b) & c)		
•		b) Is the alarm READ OUT: an audible bell or sirer	2	
		OR a silent alarm connected TAG IF HORE THAN ONE GOOD direct to a police station		
		OR a silent alarm connected direct to a security firm		
		OR a silent alarm which dials 999 with a recorded message		
'		c) Why did you have it installed ? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM		
1		03 704 (12-3)		
		SEE OPEN-CADING SCHEDULE		
١		SER CHENCHAN SOMEDUCE		
				1
	75	ASK ALL ·	(750)	
	a	Is there a dog in your home?	1	
		1 12 2 14 No	<u> </u>	
			(751)	
-		Do you have a telephone in your home?		
		d= Mo	2	
1			<u> </u>	

()

76	ASK ALL				- 20			Col./	Sk to
	In your	househo	old, do	you have any o	of the following items?		Yes	No	
	INCLUDE	ITEMS F	RENTED,	IN STORE, OR L	UNDER REPAIR			 	
				Dofuigous	Washing mach		1	2 2	(78
	One co		each their	Reinigerator	or combined fridge-free: Separate deep free	eze	1	2	(2)
	7=10	[* . "	-		Colour TV s		1	2	(7)
					Dishwashing machi	ne	• 3	2	.(78
		1			Video cassette record	ler	1	2	(78
77	ASK ALL HAND RESI		A SET	OF CARD PACK 7	SORTED TO CORRECT ORDER				
a)	Now please you yours things you of the ca So the th	se sort self ha ou have ards fo nings y	these ve ever never r thing ou have	cards into two done (however done. AFTER SO s you have eve never done ar	piles - one for things to long ago), and the other DRTING What are the numberer done ? RECORD IN GRID	for S BELOW RECORI	D).	•	
	b) ASK SE the th	ning on	Card N	ACH EVER DONE.	. How many times have you first of January, 1981 ?	done			
	Item No.	Ever done	Never done	No of times Not at all (RING)	since 1st January, 1981 No of times (WRITE IN AS 2 DIGITS)				
	. 9	А	95	1 00	[(758-	59)		
	10	À	95	00		(760-	-61)		
	11	A	95	00	1	(762-	-63)		
	12	А	95	i 00		(764-	-65)		
. [13	Α	95	00		(766-	-67)		
	14	A	95	00		(768-	-69)		
	15	Α	95	00		(770-	-71)		
	16	Α	95	1 00		(772-	-73)		
	17	· A	95	1 00		(774	-75)	/300 V	
	18	A	95	00	1	(776-	-77)	(280) SerialNo	Spar (801-
	19	А	95	00	1	(778-	-79) <	800	(806-
	20	А	95	1 00		(809-		TIME QUESTION	THIS
İ	21	А	95	1 00	 	(811-		COMPLE	
	22	Α	95	1 00		(813-			am/pm
	23	А	95	00	1	(815	-16)	DURATION QUESTION	OF T NAIRE
	24	Α	95	! 00		(817	-18)		
	25	î.		00		(819	-20)	(821- 23	
	ه)	One cod each in For Eri	en	•	uny for each than coded A at a) Aus b) after A Triged at a) 96 = 5			3 digit 6	

8672 FEB 101987

SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Follow-up Questionnaire - Coding Sheets

NORMAL NET TAKE-HOME PAY:

INCLUDING: OVERTIME, BONUS, TIPS ETC

EXCLUDING: TAX, NATIONAL INSURANCE, PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS ETC

PER WEEK	CODE LETTER	PER MONTH
Under £60	v	Under £260
160 but under 180	T	£260 but under £347
180 but under £100	R	£347 but under £433
f100 but under f120	E	£433 but under £520.
11120 but under 1140	W	£520 but under £607
1140 but under £160	U	£607 but under £780
1160 but under £180	S	£693 but under £780
1180 or more	Р	£780 or more

PARKED AGAINST THE REGULATIONS

BEEN INVOLVED IN A ROAD ACCIDENT WHILE DRIVING

No.3

CARD SET Y

No.4

CARD SET Y

DRIVEN AT LEAST 10 MILES AN HOUR OVER THE SPEED LIMIT

DRIVEN AFTER DRINKING:

21 OR MORE PINTS OF BEER

OR 5 OR MORE GLASSES OF WINE

OR 4 OR MORE SINGLES OF SPIRITS

THAT AMOUNT IN DIFFERENT OR -DRINKS

No.5

CARD SET Y

No.6

CARD SET Y

DRIVEN AFTER DRINKING:

5 OR MORE PINTS OF BEER

10 OR MORE GLASSES OF WINE

10 OR MORE SINGLES OF SPIRITS OR

OR THAT AMOUNT IN DIFFERENT DRINKS

DRIVEN INTO A PARKED VEHICLE & DAMAGED IT AND DRIVEN OFF WITHOUT TELLING THE OWNER

DRIVEN AN UNTAXED VEHICLE

DRIVEN A VEHICLE WITHOUT INSURANCE

No.9

CARD SET Z

No.10

CARD SET Z

TAKEN OFFICE SUPPLIES FROM WORK (SUCH AS STATIONERY, ENVELOPES AND PENS) WHEN NOT SUPPOSED TO

TAKEN THINGS OTHER THAN OFFICE SUPPLIES FROM WORK (SUCH AS TOOLS, MONEY OR OTHER GOODS) WHEN NOT SUPPOSED TO

No.11

CARD SET Z

No.12

CARD SET Z

FIDDLED EXPENSES

DELIBERATELY TRAVELLED WITHOUT A TICKET OR PAID TOO LOW A FARE

FAILED TO DECLARE SOMETHING AT THE CUSTOMS ON WHICH DUTY WAS PAYABLE

CHEATED ON INCOME TAX

No.15

CARD SET Z

No.16

CARD SET Z

NOT BOUGHT A TELEVISION LICENCE WHEN SHOULD HAVE DONE

DEFACED A WALL BY SPRAYING PAINT OR WRITING ON IT

No. 17

CARD SET Z

No.18

CARD SET Z

DELIBERATELY DAMAGED PROPERTY SUCH AS A PHONE BOX, A CAR, A WINDOW OR A STREET LIGHT (BUT WITHOUT STEALING ANYTHING)

BOUGHT OR ACCEPTED THINGS THOUGHT TO BE STOLEN FROM SOMEONE ELSE

TAKEN THINGS FROM SHOPS, STORES, SUPERMARKETS OR MARKET STALLS WITHOUT PAYING

BROKEN AND ENTERED SOMEONE ELSE'S PREMISES AND STOLEN SOMETHING

No.21

CARD SET Z

No.22

CARD SET Z

TAKEN POT, CANNABIS OR MARIJUANA

BEEN INVOLVED IN A PHYSICAL FIGHT WITH SOMEONE OUTSIDE THE FAMILY SINCE THE AGE OF 16

No.23

CARD SET Z

No.24

CARD SET Z

STARTED A PHYSICAL FIGHT WITH SOMEONE OUTSIDE THE FAMILY SINCE THE AGE OF 16

DELIBERATELY INJURED SOMEONE OUTSIDE THE FAMILY

CARRIED A WEAPON FOR SELF-PROTECTION OR IN CASE IT WAS NEEDED IN A FIGHT

CARRIED A WEAPON FOR SELF-PROTECTION OR IN CASE IT WAS NEEDED IN A FIGHT

No.25

CARD SET Z

No.25

CARD SET Z

CARRIED A WEAPON FOR SELF-PROTECTION OR IN CASE IT WAS NEEDED IN A FIGHT

CARRIED A WEAPON FOR SELF-PROTECTION OR IN CASE IT WAS NEEDED IN A FIGHT

No.25

CARD SET Z

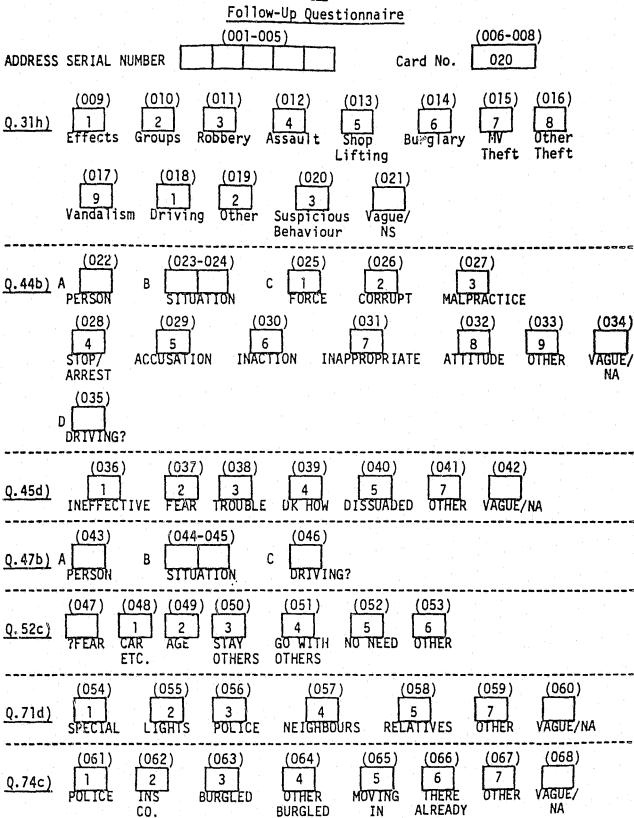
No. 25

CARD SET Z

CARRIED A WEAPON FOR SELF-PROTECTION OR IN CASE IT WAS NEEDED IN A FIGHT

CARRIED A WEAPON FOR SELF-PROTECTION OR IN CASE IT WAS NEEDED IN A FIGHT

National Crime Survey Transfer Sheet for Open Coding



National Crime Survey

Follow-up Questionnaire

Code Frames for Open-Ended Questions

- Q.31h)
- Q.44b)
- Q.45d)
- Q.47b)
- Q.52c)
- Q.71d)
- Q.74c)

021/9

NOT ANSWERED

Q.31h)	What was that? Anything else? (Follows $515/1$, seen other crime since January, 1981).
	CODE AS MANY AS APPLY
009/1	EFFECTS OF CRIME Saw after-effects of crime but did not actually witness the incident (Following use of this code, do not code the crime whose effects were seen).
010/2	GROUP DISORDERS Riots, gang fights, disturbances by football supporters etc.
011/3	ROBBERY/MUGGERS Theft or attempted theft with violence or the threat of violence (Does not include burglary).
012/4	OTHER ASSAULT Assault or physical attacks other than codes 2 or 3. Include two people fighting, attacks on an individual (including police) by a small number of others.
013/5	SHOPLIFTING Include thefts from market stalls.
014/6	BURGLARY or break in to domestic or commercial premises to steal or to cause damage.
015/7	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT Theft of lorry, van, car or motorcycle.
016/8	OTHER THEFT from premises or from the person. Include theft from the person without violence.
017/9	VANDALISM Any mention of vandalism or criminal damage to property which does not involve breaking into premises.
018/1	DRIVING OFFENCES Offences committed by drivers of cars/motorcycles etc while driving - speeding, dangerous driving, failing to stop after an accident etc. Do not include motoring offences not connected with driving (eg failure to display tax disc).
019/2	OTHER SPECIFIC OFFENCES
020/3	SUSPICIOUS BEHAVIOUR Mention of unusual or suspicious behaviour which may or may not have involved an offence (loitering with intent etc.)
021/8	VAGUE ANSWER ONLY)

Q.44b) What happened that annoyed you? (Follows <u>554/2</u>, annoyed by police behaviour in past five years).

Note: Four separate codings should be made from the response to answer the following four questions:

- A) What person or persons were involved with the police in the incident which caused annoyance?
- B) What was the situation of these people with regard to the police?
- C) Why was the respondent annoyed?
- D) Was (any of) the people mainly involved with the police driving a motor vehicle?

A) PERSON(S) INVOLVED

- 022/1 RESPONDENT was the person/one of the poeple mainly involved with police in the incident which caused annoyance. Others may have been present and involved.
- 922/2 FRIEND/RELATIVE/ASSOCIATE + RESPONDENT Person mainly involved with police in the incident was friend/relative/associate/colleague of respondent but respondent was also present.
- 022/3 FRIEND/RELATIVE/ASSOCIATE ONLY was involved with police. Respondent was not present.
- O22/4 OTHER ONLY Neither respondent not any friend, relative associate or colleague was directly involved with police in the incident. Respondent was independent observer only.
- 022/8 UNCLEAR Insufficient detail to code under 1-4.
- 022/9 NA Question not answered.

B) SITUATION OF PERSON(S) MAINLY INVOLVED

USE ONE AND ONLY ONE TWO-DIGIT CODE.

- 023-4/01 OFFENDER Person mainly involved had committed offence (including traffic and vehicle tax offences). Respondent admits that he had "probably" committed offence ("probably speeding" etc). Include cases where person mainly involved was clearly offender but annoyance arose over something else.
- 023-4/02 POSSIBLE OFFENDER/ROUTINE STOP Police were investigating possibility person mainly involved might be offender. Police approached person on street or in a vehicle in course of routine stop or check. (Exclude stops for traffic control only).
- 023-4/03 <u>VICTIM</u> Person mainly involved was victim of offence committed by someone else. Include offences against business premises owned by respondent.
- 023-4/04 REPORTING OFFENCE OR SUSPICIONS/CIVING INFORMATION Person mainly involved was reporting offence of which he/she was not victim (include offences against business premises where person was employee). Person mainly involved was giving information/approached by police for information about offence, but no suggestion he/she was offender. Person mainly involved was reporting suspicious situation which may have involved offence.
- 023-4/05 RTA/VEHICLE BREAKDOWN Person mainly involved had road traffic accident or vehicle breakdown (no suggestion of any particular offence involved).
- 023-4/06 PERSONAL DIFFICULTY Person mainly involved was in personal difficulty/
 emergency/crisis other than as victim of crime (03) or RTA/vehicle
 breakdown (05) (lost children, medical emergency etc). Include cases where
 police notified person of the problem (eg. notifying death of a relative).
 Include loss of money if this stopped respondent completing journey etc.
 Include loss of keys if this stopped respondent getting into house etc.
- 023-4/07 TRAFFIC CONTROL Involvement was with police carrying out routine traffic control. No suggestion police suspected person of vehicle offence.
- 023-4/08 ROUTINE Routine administrative matters. Licences, lost and found property (except as provided at Code 6) etc. Providing advice on crime prevention. (how to avoid burglary etc).
- 023-4/09 <u>SEEKING DIRECTIONS</u> Person mainly involved was seeking directions from polic
- 023-4/10 CASUAL CONTACT Casual/social contacts with the police not involving any of the matters coded under 01-09. (Talking to local policeman etc).
- 023-4/97 OTHER Other specific situations not codeable under 01-10.
- 023-4/98 VAGUE Vague answer only.
- 023-4/99 NA Question not answered.

C) REASONS FOR ANNOYANCE

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY

- 025/1 UNDUE FORCE Any suggestion that police used undue force or violence in any way or assaulted someone. Include undue force in making arrests, dealing with crowds etc.
- O26/2 CORRUPTION Any suggestion that police did something other than use force which might conceivably have led to criminal charges against them (theft, acceptance of bribes, giving false evidence in court etc).
- 027/3 OTHER MALPRACTICE Suggestion of other behaviour in breach of official regulations or instructions or other procedural irregularities (infair interrogation, search without warrant etc).
- UNJUSTIFIED STOP OR ARREST Person mainly concerned was stopped by police in vehicle or on foot for no good reason. Person mainly concerned was arrested/taken to police station in situation where police had no good reason for doing so.
- 029/5 OTHER UNJUSTIFIED ACCUSATION Police officer made accusations unfairly against person mainly involved (other than codes 3 or 4). Police suggested person had done things he/she had not without reasonable grounds.
- O30/6 INACTION/FAILURE TO HELP Police did nothing or did not do enough. Did not investigate/were slow to investigate offence. Failed/were slow to answer call for help or assistance. Failed to give appropriate help, support of advice.
- O31/7 INAPPROPRIATE ACTION Police did something but it was the wrong thing.

 Overreaction to trivial offences. Inefficient or incompetent handling of situation.
- 032/8 BAD ATTITUDE ONLY Answers not codeable under 1-7 where main criticism is not of what police did or did not do but of their manner only. (Casual, rude, overbearing, arrogant, unfriendly etc).
- 033/9 OTHER Other specific reasons.
- 034/8 VAGUE answer only

034/9 NA Question not answered.

EXCLUSIVE CODES

Q.44b) cont'd

D) WHETHER PERSON MAINLY INVOLVED WAS DRIVING

USE ONE AND ONLY ONE CODE

Was it an integral part of the incident that any of the persons mainly involved with the police was driving a car or riding a motorcycle/

035/1 YES

035/2 NO

035/3 UNCLEAR

035/9 NA Question not answered.

Q.45d) Why not? (Follows 557/2 - no complaint made).

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY

- O36/1 INEFFECTIVE Answers implying complaint to police would not do any good/would not be listened to or property investigated/answers implying the police protect their own.
- 037/2 $\frac{\text{FEAR}}{\text{made}}$ Fear that respondent might be victimised or reprisals might be
- 038/3 TOO MUCH TROUBLE Answers implying respondent could not be bothered to make complaint or thought it would take up too much time or trouble. (Other than fear of reprisals).
- 039/4 DON'T KNOW SYSTEM Don't know whom to complain to or how to make complaint.
- 040/5 <u>DISSUADED BY POLICE</u> Dissuaded from making complaint after conversation with other police officer.
- 041/7 OTHER SPECIFIC ANSWER
- 042/8 VAGUE ANSWER ONLY

042/9 NA Question not answered

EXCLUSIVE CODES

Q.47b) What happened that pleased you? (Follows 559/3, pleased by police behaviour in past five years).

Note: Three separate codings should be made from the response to answer the following three question:

- A) What person or persons were involved with the police in the incident which made respondent pleased.
- B) What was the situation of these people with regard to the police?
- C) Was (any of) the people mainly involved with the police driving a motor vehicle.

A) PERSON(S) INVOLVED

- 043/1 RESPONDENT was the person/one of the people mainly involved with police in the incident which caused annoyance. Others may have been present and involved.
- O43/2 FRIEND/RELATIVE/ASSOCIATE + RESPONDENT Person mainly involved with police in the incident was friend/relative/associate/colleague of respondent but respondent was also present.
- O43/3 FRIEND/RELATIVE/ASSOCIATE ONLY was involved with police. Respondent was not present.
- OTHER ONLY Neither respondent nor any friend, relative, associate or colleague was directly involved with police in the incident. Respondent was independent observer only.
- 043/8 <u>UNCLEAR</u> Insufficient detail to code under 1-4.
- 043/9 NA Question not answered.

B) SITUATION OF PERSON(S) MAINLY INVOLVED

USE ONE AND ONLY ONE TWO-DIGIT CODE.

- 044-5/01 OFFENDER Person mainly involved had committed offence (including traffic and vehicle tax offences). Respondent admits that he had "probably" committed offence ("probably speeding" etc). Include cases where person mainly involved was clearly offender but annoyance arose over something else.
- 044-5/02 POSSIBLE OFFENDER/ROUTINE STOP Police were investigating possibility person mainly involved might be offender. Police approached person on street or in a vehicle in course of routine stop or check. (Exclude stops for traffic control only).
- 044-5/03 VICTIM Person mainly involved was victim of offence committed by someone else. Include offences against business premises owned by respondent.
- 044-5/04 REPORTING OFFENCE OR SUSPICIONS/GIVING INFORMATION Person mainly involved was reporting offence of which he/she was not victim (include offences against business premises where person was employee). Person mainly involved was giving information/approached by police for information about offence, but no suggestion he/she was offender. Person mainly involved was reporting suspicious situation which may have involved offence.
- 044-5/05 RTA/VEHICLE BREAKDOWN Person mainly involved had road traffic accident vehicle breakdown (no suggestion of any particular offence involved).



- 044-5/06 PERSONAL DIFFICULTY Person mainly involved was in personal difficulty/
 emergency/crisis other than as victim of crime (03) or RTA/vehicle
 breakdown (05) (lost children, medical emergency etc). Include cases where
 police notified person of the problem (eg. notifying death of a relative).
 Include loss of money if this stopped respondent completing journey etc.
 Include loss of keys if this stopped respondent getting into house etc.
- 044-5/07 TRAFFIC CONTROL Involvement was with police carrying out routine traffic control. No suggestion police suspected person of vehicle offence.
- 044-5/08 ROUTINE Routine administrative matters. Licences, Lost and Found property (except as provided at Code 06) etc. Providing advice on crime preventive (how to avoid burglary etc).
- 044-5/09 SEEKING DIRECTIONS Person mainly involved was seeking directions from police
- 044-5/10 CASUAL CONTACT Casual/social contacts with the police not involving any of the matters coded under 01-09. (Talking to local policeman etc).
- 044-5/97 OTHER Other specific situations not codeable under 01-10.
- 044-5/98 VAGUE Vague answer only.
- 044-5/99 NA Question not answered.

C) WHETHER PERSON MAINLY INVOLVED WAS DRIVING

USE ONE AND ONLY ONE CODE

Was it an integral part of the incident that any of the persons mainly involved with the police driving a car or riding a motorcycle/scooter or moped?

046/1 YES

046/2 NO

046/3 UNCLEAR

046/9 NA Question not answered.

Q.52c) Why not? (Follows 651/2, do not go out on foot after 6pm).

USE ONE CODE AND ONE CODE ONLY ON COL. 047

- O47/1 FEAR OF CRIME ONLY Any answer stating or clearly implying that respondent does not go out on foot only because of fear of any sort of crime. Include cases where other reason given but it is clearly consequent on fear of crime (eg. I always go by car because I might be attacked).
- O47/2 FEAR OF CRIME AND OTHER REASON Answers giving fear of crime and other reasons not clearly consequent on fear of crime.
- 047/3 OTHER REASONS ONLY Reasons given but no mention of fear of crime.
- 047/8 <u>VAGUE</u> answer only.
- 047/9 NA Question not answered.

IF 047/2 OR 047/3 CODED, CODE AS MANY AS APPLY ON 048 - 053

OTHER REASONS (NOT CLEARLY CONSEQUENT ON FEAR OF CRIME)

- 048/1 GO BY CAR/MOTORCYCLE/BICYCLE
- 049/2 AGE/INFIRMITY/DISABILITY of respondent.
- 050/3 HAVE TO STAY WITH OTHERS Have to stay at home to look after children/relatives. Have to take children/relatives etc. along when go out
- O51/4 ALWAYS GO OUT WITH OTHERS Only go out at night with other household member, not because of fear but because this is long established practice.
- $\frac{\text{NO REASON TO GO}}{\text{at home.}}$ No reason or wish to go out at night/prefer to stay
- 053/6 OTHER SPECIFIC REASON (include fear of the dark).

Q./ld) What did you do? Anything else? (Follows 744/1 - did something to reduce burglary risk).

NOTE: Do not count measures which would normally be taken to save cost. eg. stopping milk and papers.

CODE AS MANY AS APPLY.

- O54/1 SPECIAL SEALING MEASURES Measures to secure doors or windows which would not normally be taken. (Screwing down windows, boarding up doors etc).
- 055/2 <u>LEFT LIGHTS ETC. ON</u> Left on lights or radio, set lights on timeswitch to go on at night etc.
- 056/3 INFORMED POLICE
- 057/4 INFORMED NEIGHBOURS Left key with them/asked them to keep a watch on premises.
- 058/5 INFORMED RELATIVES Arranged for relatives living elsewhere to keep a watch on premises.
- 059/7 OTHER SPECIFIC ANSWER
- 060/8 VAGUE ANSWER ONLY

060/9 NA Question not answered

EXCLUSIVE CODES

068/8

068/9

VAGUE answer only.

NA Question not answered.

Why did you have it installed? (Follows 749/2-5 - have burglar alarm). Q.74c) CODE AS MANY AS APPLY 061/1 POLICE ADVICE 062/2 INSURANCE COMPANY ADVICE 063/3 FOLLOWING BURGLARY/ATTEMPTED BURGLARY ON OWN HOME FOLLOWING BURGLARY/ATTEMPTED BURGLARY ON OTHER HOME IN AREA/RELATIVE'S 064/4 HOME ETC. 065/5 ON MOVING TO PRESENT HOME 966/6 ALREADY INSTALLED WHEN MOVED TO PRESENT HOME 067/7 OTHER SPECIFIC REASON

EXCLUSIVE CODES.

FEB 1 9 1987

SN 1869

The British Crime Survey

Coding Notes - General

OCCUPATION CODING

The Occupation Coding scheme used by SCFR is based on the 1980 Classification of Occupations as used for the 1981 Census, referred to in the rest of this note as the Classification'. Two elements, 1980 Occupation Code and Employment Status are coded, enabling S.E.G. and Social Class to be derived by reference to a look-up table. These latter items are then added to the data file.

1980 Occupation Code

In the Classification of Occupations 1980 the codes appear as the 161 categories of KOS (condensed form) followed by a full stop followed by a 1 or 2 digit suffix. SCFE record these codes with the full stop ommitted, left justified in a 5-digit field. As nost codes have only a 1-digit suffix, the last position in the 5-column field is usually blank.

The 1980 code should not be treated numerically, since this will with most packages lead to confounding of blanks and zeros in the suffixes. However this is rarely a problem in practice, since it is usually only the first 3 digits which are used in analysis directly, and these form a constant length numeric code in the range 001-161 (plus exceptions noted below). The suffixes are really only relevant to the derivation of S.E.G. and Social Class.

We have renumbered four codes in the Classification as follows:

Classification of Occupations	SCPR Code	Description
i	9981	Foremen (engineering & allied)
-,2	9982	Trainee craftsmen (ditto.)
1	9991	Inadequately described
2	9992	Not stated

(As the Classification notes on page vi these groups do not form part of the codensed KOS structure.)

Eaployment Status

We have expanded the categories in the Classification of Occupations to 11, introducing missing and partial information codes. The latter enable the maximum information to be utilised when automatically deriving S.E.G. and Social Class. The categories are as follows.

- 01 self-employed (25+ employees)
- 02 self-employed (1-24 employees)
- 03 self-employed (no employees)
- 04 self-employed (NA how many employees)
- 05 manager (establishment of 25+ employees)
- 06 manager (establishment of 1-24 employees)
- 07 manager (NA size of establishment)
- 08 foreman/supervisor
- 09 other esployee
- 10 employee (NA if manager/foreman/other)
- 11 NA/insufficient information to code more specifically.

Derivation of S.E.G. and Social Class

The computer edit program accesses a look-up table organised as a matrix of 1980 Occupation codes and the 11 Employment status codes above. The information is taken from the table in Appendix B1 of the Classification. There are entries in each cell for S.E.G. and Social Class. A blank entry indicates an invalid combination of Occupation and Employment Status, so the table performs an editing function as well. At the end of the process the values for S.E.G. and Social Class are entered permanently on each record.

Socio-Economic Group (S.E.G.)

The codes are the standard codes 01-17 as noted in the Classification of Occupations.

Social Class

There are two distinct fields, each of one digit. The first is the Social Class category, with 1-5 corresponding to I-V and two additional codes: 8 meaning not classified by the system and 9 meaning insufficient information/NA.

The second digit indicates whether non-manual (1) or manual (2) occupation with 8 and 9 as for the first digit.

S.E. 2/8/84

Reference: Classification of Occupations 1980. OPCS/HMSO

SN: 1869 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY (P670/675)

ADDENDUM - ADDITIONAL CODING

Main Questionnaire

4/47	Code 8	Victim forms required, but not present
9/26-27 9/33-34	Employment Status	The coding scheme for these variables is attached
9/37) 9/41}	Code 8 Code 9	Armed Forces Unable to classify
Follow-u	p Questionnaire	
7/49	Code 6	Two or more types of alarm
Victim F	orm	

Victim Form

10/13-14\ 10/25-26\	Code 97 Code 98	97 or more incidents in series Number of incidents in series not stated
10/15-16 10/17-18 10/19-20 10/21-22	Code 90	This code has the same meaning as code 98 ie number of incidents in series not stated
11/59 12/9 12/23	Code 3	Claim outstanding

General: "N/A" means Not Answered

ARD NO.	COL. NOS.	
9	21-25	NOW BLANK
9	28-32	NOW BLANK
9	35 - 36	S.E.G. (codes 1-17) derived from Q.10 N.B. Code 18 = Never Worked
9	37	Social Class (codes 1-5,8,9) derived from Q.10
9	38	Non-manual = 1, Manual = 2, Armed forces = Unable to classify = 9 _ derived from Q.1
9	39 - 40	S.E.G. (codes 1-17) denived from Q.1" N.B. Code 18 = Never worked
9	41	Social Class (codes 1-5,8,9) derived from Q.13
9	42	Non-manual = 1, Manual = 2, Armed forces = Unable to classify = 9 - derived from Q.1
	43	Household Type: I adult 16-59 2 adults 16-59 Small family Large family Large adult household: 2 adults, I or both 60+ I adult 60+ Unclassifiable 9

All weights are coded as follows: 2 digits, decimal point, 2 places of decimals

CARD No.	COL. Nos.	
4	61 - 65	Type A - Main Questionnaire
4	66 - 70	Type B
4	71 - 75	Type E
4	76 - 80	Type F
8	26 - 30	Type C - Follow-Up Questionnais
8	31 - 35	Type D -
8	36 - 40	Type G - "
8	41 - 45	Type H - "
12	61 -65	Type I - Victim Forms

For details of each type, please see report.

Sampling Points - England & Wales

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	Constituency	<u>Ward(s)</u>
Metropolitan Inner City	90010	Southward: Bermondsey	Browning
	90021/2	Tower Hamlets: Bethnal Green & Bow	Holy Trinity/Grove
	90030	Lambeth: Vauxhall	Vassall
	90041/2	Southwark: Peckham	Friary/Faraday
	90050	Islington South & Finsbury	Barnsbury
	90061/2	Hackney Central	Homerton/Leabridge
rangan Tanggan	90070	Wandsworth: Battersea North	Queenstown
	90081/2	Hackney North & Stoke Newington	Springfield/ Northwold
	90090	Lewisham: Deptford	Grinling Gibbons
	90101/2	Lambeth: Norwood	Knights Hill/ Herne Hill
	90110	Newham: North West	West Ham
	90121/2	Southwark: Dulwich	Rye/Bellenden
	90130	Wandsworth: Tooting	Bedford
	90141/2	Haringey: Wood Green	Bowes Park/Park
	90150	Haringey: Tottenham	Green Lanes
	90161/2	Waltham Forest: Leyton	Cathall/Forest
	90170	Brent South	Harlesden
	90181/2	Newham North East	St. Stephens/ Greatfield
	40190	Birmingham Handsworth	Handsworth
	90201/2	Ealing Southall	Northfield/Elthorn
	10210	Newcastle upon Tyne Central	Benwell
	20221/2	Manchester Central	Beswick/Harphurey
	50230	Nottingham East	Bridge
	20241/2	Salford East	7/9
	30250	Leeds South East	Kirkstall
	40261/2	Birmingham: Small Heath	Newtown/Small Heat:
	40270	Birmingham Ladywood	Soho
	20281/2	Liverpool Kirkdale	6/22

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	Constituency	Ward(s)
	20290	Liverpool Walton	25
	30301/2	Kingston upon Hull Central	
	20310	Manchester Moss Side	Myton 2/Botanic 1
	20310		Lloyd Street
	30330	Manchester Ardwick	Ardwick/Longsight
	20341/2	Kingston upon Hull West	Coltman
	90350	Birkenhead	Claughton/Tranmere
	90350	Cities of London and Westminster: Paddington	Little Venice
	90361/2	Cities of London and Westminster: South	St. George's/ St. James's
	90370	Cities of London and Westminster: St. Marylebone	Cavendish
	90381/3	Kensington and Chelsea: Chelsea	্ৰ Abingdon/Hans Town
•	90390	Camden. Hampstead	Frognal
	90401/2	Camden: Holborn & St. Pancras South	Regents Park/Holbo
	90410	Islington: Central	Canonbury West
	90421/2	Hammersmith North	Broadway/Wormholi
	90430	Islington: North	Hillmarton
	90441/2	Hammersmith Fulham	Walham/Avonmore
	90450	Wandsworth Battersea South	St. John
	90461/2	Lambeth Streatham	Clapham Park/ Streatham
	90470	Haringey Hornsey	Hornsey Central
	90481/2	Ealing Acton	Vale/Ealing Common
Suburbs/Service	90490	Wandsworth Putney	West Putney
Centres	60501/2	Cambridge	Port Market/ Port Arbery
	80510	0xford	Central
	90521/2	Barnet Hendon South	Garden Suburb/ West Hendon
	30530	Sheffield Hallam	Eccleshall
	90541/2	Lewisham West	Perry Hill/Catford
	90550	Greenwich: Woolwich West	Coldharbour
	90561/2	Hounslow: Brentford and Isleworth	Chiswick Riverside Hounslow Central

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	Constituency	Ward(s)
	20570	Wallasey	New Brighton
	80581/2	Portsmouth South	St. Jude/Fratton
	00590	Swansea West	15
	70601/2	Exeter	St. Matthews/ Pennsylvania
distriction with the state of t	30610	Leeds North East	Harehills
	8061/2	Hertfordshire South	Park Street/ Brookmeadow
	80630	Epping Forest	Debden Green (Hereward)
	90641/2	Ealing North	Argyle/Wood End
	80650	Reigate and Banstead	Reigate S.W.
	90661/2	Havering Upminster	Upminster/ Ardleigh Green
	90670	Waltham Forest Chingford	Larkswood
	90681/2	Redbridge Wanstead and Woodford	Church End/ Roding
	90690	Bromley: Ravensbourne	Bromley Common and Keston
	90701/2	Hillingdon: Ruislip and Northwood	Northwood Hills/ Bourne
	90710	Sutton: Sutton & Cheam	Worcester Park South
	90721/2	Bexley: Bexleyheath	Brampton/East Wickham
	80730	Hertfordshire: South West	Rickmansworth
	80743/2	Sevenoaks	Horton Kirby/ Sevenoaks Town
	80750	Dorking	Send
	80761/2	Chelmsford	Waterhouse Farm/ Rettendon
and the state of t	50770	Rushcliffe	Packman
	20781/2	Wirral	Heswall/Bidston
	20790	Altrincham and Sale	Broadheath
	70801/2	Somerset North	Midsomer Norton/ Railsea New
	80810	East Grinstead	13

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	Constituency	Ward(s)
	80821/2	Chesham and Amersham	Chalfont Common/ Little Chalfont
	20830	South Flyde	Singleton and Greenhalgh
	40841/2	Bromley Orpington	Petts Wood/ Orpington Central
	40850	Solihull	Shirley South
Rural areas and seaside resorts	60861/2	Norfolk South West	Breckland Swaffham? W. Norfolk 6
	10870	Penrith and the Border	14
	60881/2	Eye	Somersham/17
	50890	Holland with Boston	Bargate
•	50901/2	Horncastle	Mareham le Pen/ Skegness North
	70910	Devon West	South Taunton
	00921/2	Carmarthen	14/Llanfair
	70930	Dorset West	6
	80941/2	Royal Tunbridge Wells	Sandhurst/ Rusthall
	70950	Wells	Frome Fromefield
	80961/2	Chichester	Birdham/Sidlesham
	80970	Ashford	Rolvenden
	80981/2	Saffron Walden	Earls Colne/ Hatfield Heath
	50990	Derbyshire West	Bradwell
	41001/2	Shrewsbury	Buildwas/Quarry
	61010	Sudbury & Woodbridge	Hadleigh
	- 31021/2	Ripon	Otley and Wharfedale/Ilkley
	31030	Skipton	Craven: Embsay with Eastby
	71041/2	Devon North	Orchard Hill/12
	71050	Dorset North	Wimborne Minster: St. Johns
	01061/2	Flint West	5/24
	81070	New Forest	Colbury Colbury
	21081/2	North Fylde	Rossall/Norcross
	81090	Hastings	Broomgrove

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	Constituency	Ward(s)
	01101/2	Conway	Arfon 3/Arfon 32
	71110	Totnes	Haldon
	81121/2	Eastbourne	Ocklynge/ Devonshire
	81130	Thanet East	Southwood
	71141/2	Honiton	Sidmouth Town/ Exmouth
	81150	Rye	Burwash
	81161/2	Lewes	9/6
	71170	Torbay	St. Marychurch
	81181/2	Shoreham	19/Eastbrook
	71190	Christchurch & Lymington	Bashley
	21201/2	Blackpool South	Foshall/Clifton
Growth areas	81210	Southampton: Itchen	Sholing
	91221/2	Hillingdon: Uxbridge	Yiewsley/ Hillingdon East
	51230	Derby North	Allestree
	81241/2	Rochester & Chatham	Luton/Temple
	91250	Hillingdon: Hayes and Harlington	Heathrow
	41261/2	Warwick & Leamington	4/14
	81270	Bedford	Cauldwell
	71281/2	Plymouth: Sidmouth	Plympton/Plymstook
	91290	Havering: Hornchurch	Airfield
	41301/2	Worcester	Nunnery/Bowbrook
	51310	Loughborough	
	81321/2	Faversham	Swale Central/ Sheldwich
	91330	Enfield North	Bulls Moor
	41341/2	Kidderminster	Mitton/Habberley
	21350	Macclesfield	West Ward (3)
	71361/2	Stroud	Tetbury/22
	51370	Bleeston	Kimberley
	31381/2	Colne Valley	Greenfield/ Kirklees 22
	51390	Bosworth	Hinckley - Earl Shilton

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	<u>Constituency</u>	Ward(s)
	41401/2	Leek	Leek SE/ Brown Edge
	21410	Chorley	Charnock Richard
	61421/2	Bury St. Edmunds	The Rows/ Southgate
	71430	Salisbury	Bemerton
	81441/2	Basingstoke	Bramley/Viables
	31450	Richmond(Yorks)	Brompton
	61461/2	Huntingdonshire	Green Staughton/ St. Ives S.
	81470	Buckingham	Woughton-on-the Green
	81481/2	Mid Bedfordshire	Northill/Wrest
•	61490	Cambridgeshire	Coton
	81501/2	Abingdon	37/Hinksey
	21510	Nantwich	Cledford
	81521/2	Mid Oxfordshire	Witney S/ Yarnton
	81530	Tonbridge and Malling	Hadlow
	51541/2	Daventry	Middleton Chenfry/ Billing
	81550	Henley	9
	81561/2	Petersfield	Petersfield 25/ Headley 15
	81570	Eastleigh	Hiltingbury E
	81581/2	Maldon	Totteshunt d'Arcy/ Hawkwell East
	41590	Meriden	Castle Bromwich
	. 21601/2	Bebington & Ellesmere Port	Whitby/ Bromborough
	41610	Dudley West	Wordsley
	41621/2	Bromsgrove and Redditch	North/Furlongs
	41630	Staffordshire SW	Stourton
	81641/2	Luton W	Lewsey/Limbury
	51650	Blaby	Broughton Astley
	81661/2	Welwyn & Hatfield	Welwyn W/ Hatfield N.
	81670	Hemel Hempstead	Highfield

PRAG Family Classfication	Area Number	<u>Constituency</u>	Ward(s)
	81681/2	Horsham and Crawley	Riverside/Ifield
	81690	Wokingham	Priestwood
	81701/2	Aldershot	Church Crookham/ Manor
	8171ა	Hertfordshire East	Flamstead End
	71721/2	Gloucestershire South	Dodington N/ Pucklechurch
	81730	Fareham	Locks Heath
Stable industrial areas	21741/2	Leigh.	Leigh Central/ Hindsford
	21750	Wigan	Swimley
	21761/2	Farnworth	19/Kearsley
	31770	Dewsbury	Wakefield 8
	01781/2	Pontypridd	Trallwyn 4/ Llanilid 15
	01790	Ogmore	Ogmore & Garw 6
	31801/2	Brighouse & Spenborough	Brighouse/ Kirklees 15
	31810	Hemsworth	Hemsworth Rura
	11821/2	Easington	Edenhill/ Easington Village
	31830	Rotherham	Borough 8
	31841/2	Rother Valley	Rotherham Borough 4/21
	31850	Don Valley	Edlington & Warmsworth
	51861/2	Bassetlaw	East Markham/ Worksop SE
	. 01870	Bedwellty	Blackwood
	51881/2	Mansfield	Leeming/ Cumberlands
	41890	West Bromwich West	Greets Green and Lyng
	41901/2	Wolverhampton North East	Wednesfield N/ Eastfield
	41910	Dudley East	St. James
	81921/2	Eton & Slough	Langley 8/ Central 1

/Cont'd.

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	Constituency	<u>Ward(s)</u>
	41930	Stoke on Trent North	Norton and Bradeley
	31941/2	Goole	Goole E/ Knottingley 4
	01950	Wrexham	No 1 Acton
	21961/2	Widnes	Farnworth/13
	01970	Avernon	
	11981/2	Teeside: Redcar	Kirkleatham/ Teesville
	01990	Newport	5
	32001/2	Brigg and Scunthorpe	Scunthorpe Crosby S Bottesford Central
	02010	Flint East	15
	02021/2	Llanelli	8/6
	02030	Gower	2
	12041/2	Wallsend	18/8
	12050	Durham	Framwelgate
	32061/2	Wakefield	Rural 21/ Wakefield 1
	52070	Lincoln	Caste
	82081/2	Portsmouth North	Hilsea 4/ Hilsea 6
	22090	Lancaster	Lancaster Skerton West
	32101/2	Sheffield Heeley	Beauchief/ Heeley
	22110	Middleton & Prestwich	15
	72121/2	Bristol North East	Stapleton/Eastvill
	42130	Birmingham Perry Bar	Perry Bar
	22141/2	Stretford	Davyhulme West/ Talbot
	52150	Northampton South	Lumbertubs
	32161/2	Huddersfield West	Kirklees 9/ Kirklees 7
	32170	Sheffield: Park	Sharrow

PRAG Family Classification	Area Number	<u>Constituency</u>	Ward(s)	
	92181/2	Waltham Forest: Walthamstow	St. James St/ Wood St	
	42190	Birmingham: Sparkbrook	Fox Hollies	
	32201/2	Leeds: West	Armley/Wortley	
	22210	Manchester: Blackley	Charlestown	
	52221/2	Leicester South	14/4	
Areas dominated by local authority	52230	Leicester East	Humberstone 11	
housing	22241/2	Manchester Gorton	Denton NE/ Ardenshaw	
	32250	Bradford: West	Thornton	
	22261/2	Bolton: East	Daubhill/ Astley Bridge	
•	22270	Blackburn	Ewood	
	22281/2	Burnley	Heasandford/ Rosehill	
	22290	Nelson & Colne	Pendle Southfield	
	12301/2	South Shields	Tyne Dock 10/ Harton 5	
	12310	Jarrow	14	
	12321/2	Teesside: Middlesborough	Westbourne/ N. Ormesby	
	12330	Sunderland South	Ryhope with Burdon	
	12341/2	Hartlepool	Park/Grange	
	32350	Sheffield Brightside	Southey Green	
	32361/2	Leeds East	Burmantofts/ Seacroft	
	42370	Birmingham: Northfield	Northfield	
	. 22381/2	Liverpool: Garston	2/32	

Sampling Points - Scotland

Ward/District Type	Area Number	<u>District</u>	Ward
Inner Area	13010	Glasgow	18
	13021/2	n a rangon	24
	13030	en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	39
	13041/2	$\frac{1}{\mathbf{n}}$	52
	13050	\mathfrak{n}	60
	13061/2	u	22
Owner-Occupied	13070	· n	49
	13081/2	e de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de La companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la co	56
Local Authority	13090	\mathbf{n}_{i} .	1
	13101/2	u	33
	13110	U	35
	13121/2		20
	13130	u	62
	13141/2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3
Others/Mixed	13150	HI .	36
	13161/2	H	42
	13170		59
	13181/2	1	65
	13190	u	5
	13201/2		69
	13210	$\hat{\boldsymbol{n}} = \{ \boldsymbol{n} \in \mathbb{R} \mid \boldsymbol{n} \in \mathbb{R}^{n} \mid \boldsymbol{n} \in \mathbb{R}^{n} \mid \boldsymbol{n} \in \mathbb{R}^{n} \} $	71
Inner Area '	13221/2	Edinburgh	19
	13230		39
Local Authority	13241/2		33
	13250		60
Owner-Occupied	13261/2	II	12
	13270	u	48
	13281/2	\mathbf{u}_{i}	55
	13290		2

Ward/District Type	Area <u>Number</u>	<u>District</u>	Ward
Others/Mixed	13301/2	Edinburgh	8
	13310	\mathbf{n}	22
	13321/2	u	34
	13330	II	44
	13341/2	u viene vien	54
Local Authority	13350	Dundee	39
	13361/2	a a constant of the constant o	12
Commuter	13370	Dundee	41
Others/Mixed	13381/2	ii ii	22
	13390	it .	37
Large Urban Centres	13401/2	Renfrew	7
The second secon	13410	n n	14
	13421/2	a a constant of the constant o	23
	13430	at the second se	30
	13441/2		35
	13450	Clydebank	1
	13461/2	n	7
	13470	Monk lands	5
	13481/2	#	13
	13490		20
	13501/2	Motherwell	6
	13510	u	15
	13521/2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	22
	13530	$\mathbf{u} = \left(\frac{\mathbf{u}}{2} + \mathbf{u} \right)^{-1}$	29
	13541/2	Inverclyde	9
	13550	n e	17
	13561/2	Hamilton	2
	13570	u	10
	13581/2	If	17
	13590	Falkirk	4
	13601/2		14
	13610	$\mathbf{H}_{\mathcal{A}} = \mathbf{H}_{\mathcal{A}} + $	23
	13621/2	$oldsymbol{\eta}$	32

/Cont'd

Ward/District Type	Area Number	<u>District</u>	Ward
Glasgow Commuter Belt	13630	Eas twood	5
	13641	Bearsden & Milngavie	1
	13650	н н н	10
	13661/2	Strathkelvin	7
	13670	n .	14
Medium Sized Urban Centr	res 13681/2	Dunfermline	9
	13690	16	17
	13701/2	$\mathcal{L} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} & \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll$	26
	13710	Midlothian	4
	13721/2	"	11
	13730	Clackmannan	4
	13741/2	Kilmarnock & Loudoun	1
	13750	и и п	8
	13761/2	и и и	16
	13770	Kirkcaldy	8
	13781/2	Kirkcaldy	17
	13790	n year of the second second	25
	13801/2	u	35
	13810	Cumbernauld & Kilsyth	7
	13821/2	West Lothian	3
	13830	n e	11
	13841/2	$\mathbf{u}_{i}^{(i)} = \mathbf{u}_{i}^{(i)} + \mathbf{u}$	15
	13850	n	21
	13861/2	East Kilbride	7
	13870	!	14
	13881,'2	Cunninghame	7
	13890	"	15
	13901/2	$1 \leq r \leq 10^{100} \leq $	24
Rural in Central Belt	13910	North East Fife	24
	13921/2	n n n	12
			16

Ward/District Type	Area Number	District	Ward
Borders	13930	East Lothian	3
	13941/2	n n	. 11
	13950	Tweeddale	3
	1395172	Ettrick & Lauderdale	13
	13970	Roxburgh	14
South West	13981/2	Wigtown	6
	13990	Stewartry	11
	14001/2	Annandale & Eskdale	16
	14010	Nithsdale	19
	14021/2	Kyle & Carrick	5
	14030	n n n	11
	14041/2	tt tt n	20
	14050	Cumnock & Doon Valley	3
	14061/2	Lanark (Clydesdale)	2
	14070	u u	12