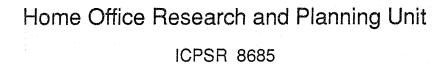
CR. Sent

ICPSR Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

British Crime Surveys, 1984



U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

This document has been reproduced exactly as received from the person or organization originating it. Points of view or opinions stated in this document are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the National Institute of

Permission to reproduce this copyrighted material in microfiche only has been granted by

_ICPSR

to the National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS).

Further reproduction outside of the NCJRS system requires permission of the copyright owner.

CQUIGITIONS Ŋ

1987

First ICPSR Edition Spring 1987

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research P.O. Box 1248 Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

BRITISH CRIME SURVEYS, 1984

(ICPSR 8685)

Principal Investigator

Office

Research

and Planning

Unit

Acknowledgement of Assistance

All manuscripts utilizing data made available through the Consortium should acknowledge that fact as well as identify the original collector of the data. The ICPSR Council urges all users of the ICPSR Data facilities to follow some adaptation of this statement with the parentheses indicating items to be filled in appropriately or deleted by the individual user.

The data (and tabulations) utilized in this (publication) were made available (in part) by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research. The data for the BRITISH CRIME SURVEYS, 1984 were originally collected by the Home Office Research and Planning Unit. Neither the collector of the original data nor the Consortium bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretations presented here.

In order to provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, each user of the ICPSR data facilities is expected to send two copies of each completed manuscript or thesis abstract to the Consortium Please indicate in the cover letter which data were used.

Home Office Research and Planning Unit BRITISH CRIME SURVEYS, 1984 (ICPSR 8685)

SUMMARY: In 1982 the Home Office conducted the first British Crime Survey, a major study with the aim of discovering levels of victimization in Britain, and of producing attitudinal data on issues relating to crime. The survey was repeated in 1984 and was restricted to England and Wales whereas the previous study had included Scotland. The survey set out to replicate the previous one as far as possible. Other than questions having to do with victimization and basic demographic details, the topics covered in the questionnaire were: general opinion of the local area, fear of crime and precautions taken, likelihood of crime occuring, extent of "incivilities" in the area, seriousness of various crimes, attitudes towards punishment and prison reform, victim support schemes, neighborhood watch schemes, and self-reported offending. CLASS IV

UNIVERSE: In England and Wales, people age 16 and over, living in private accommodations.

SAMPLING: Stratified sample based on residency.

EXTENT OF COLLECTION: 1 data file

DATA FORMAT: Card Image

FILE STRUCTURE: rectangular

CASES: 11,030 VARIABLES: 188 RECORD LENGTH: 80 RECORDS PER CASE: 16

SN: 2077

BRITISH CRIME SURVEY DOCUMENTATION 1984

8685 APR 0 9 1981 A REPORT

ON A SURVEY

CONDUCTED BY

NOP MARKET RESEARCH LIMITED

ON BEHALF OF

THE HOME OFFICE

1984 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

TECHNICAL REPORT

NOP Market Research Limited Tower House Southampton Street London WC2E 7HN Tel: 836 1511

CONTENTS

		PAGE	NUMBER
1.	INTRODUCTION		1
2.	QUESTIONNAIRE DEVELOPMENT		2
	2.1. Coverage		•
	2.2. Piloting		2
	2.3. The Final Questionnaire		2
3.	THE SAMPLE		6
	3.1. The Inner City		c
	3.2. Selection of Constituencies		6
	3.3. Selection of Wards		8
	3.4. Selection of Polling Districts		8
	3.5. Selection of Addresses		8
	3.6. Selection of Respondents		9
	3.7. Respondent Identification Number	10	9
4.	FIELDWORK		
	4.1. Briefing	 11	
	4.2. Fieldwork Dates	11	
	4.3. Field Supervision	-11	
	4.4. Response	12	
5.	EDITING AND CODING		
	5.1. Visual Editing		
	5.2. Classification of Offances	14	
	5.3. Other Coding	14	
	5.4. Data Preparation	15	
	5. T. Data Freparation	16	
5.	WEIGHTING	17	
	6.1. Weighting Types	17	
	6.2. Combination Weights	17	
·	REPRESENTATIVENESS OF THE SAMPLE	22	

APPENDICES

Appendix A - Sampling Points

Appendix B - The Questionnaire

Appendix C - Showcards

Appendix D - Code Frames

Appendix E - Crime Classification

Appendix F - Data Format

Appendix G - Design Factors

INTRODUCTION

In 1982 the Home Office conducted the first British Crime Survey, a major study with the aim of discovering levels of victimisation in this country, and of producing attitudinal data on issues relating to crime. The survey was repeated in 1984, conducted by NOP Market Research Limited on behalf of the Home Office, and was restricted to England and Wales, whereas the previous survey had included Scotland.

Apart from some modification to the questionnaire the survey set out to replicate the previous one as far as possible, and so most of the design decisions had already been taken. Sample design, questionnaire design and the development of code frames were undertaken jointly by NOP and the Home Office, and NOP were responsible for drawing the sample, fieldwork, coding, data punching and editing. Tabulations and analysis were the responsibility of the Home Office.

Fieldwork took place from February to Aoril, and involved completed interviews with 11000 people aged 16 or over.

2. QUESTIONNAIRE DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Coverage

Some areas of the questionnaire - most notably the screening questions to discover what sorts of crime people had been victims of and the detailed questions concerning the nature of the crime itself - had of necessity to remain the same as in the 1982 survey, but within the attitudinal material there were considerable areas of change with some topics being dropped altogether and new areas introduced.

Other than the questions to do with victimisation and basic demographic details, the topics covered in the questionnaire were:

General opinion of the local area
Fear of crime and precautions taken
Likelihood of crime occuring
Extent of 'incivilities' in the area
Seriousness of various crimes
Attitudes towards punishment and prison reform
Victim support schemes
Neighbourhood watch schemes
Self-reported offending

2.2 Piloting

After discussions between NOP and the Home Office a draft questionnaire was drawn up and this was then tested in a pilot survey.

Five interviewers worked on the pilot in Saffron Walden, Reading, Peterborough, Bristol and Haywards Heath.
Forty interviews were conducted between November 18th and 27th 1983, and interviewers attended personal briefing and debriefing sessions. The pilot revealed that the questionnaire was

fundamentally successful, but that attempts to use number scales (from 0 - 10, or 0 - 20) to measure worry or seriousness were not successful, except where victims were rating the seriousness of crimes which they themselves had experienced, and that one could not get usable data by asking people to express likelihood of victimisation in terms of chances of 1000.

Because there were some areas which were felt to require considerable revision it was decided to conduct a second pilot study, and 40 further interviews were conducted by the same interviewers, between December 15th and December 20th. This pilot showed that the questionnaire was fundamentally sound, and only minor revisions were made.

2.3 The Final Questionnaire

As in the 1982 survey the questionnaire was divided up into separate sections. Each respondent answered a Main Questionnaire which comprised a large number of screening questions to identify crime victims, and some attitudional questions. Each person identified as a victim then answered one or more Victim Forms, which collected detailed information about the crime itself. A limit of four was set as the maximum number of Victim Forms for any one respondent.

In cases where a respondent had suffered a number of crimes which were similar in nature, rather than complete. Victim Forms for each incident, the similar crimes were treated as a single series of crimes and only one Victim Form completed for the series. A record was kept of the number of individual crimes within the series.

As in 1982, in order to avoid collecting unnecessary information, some crimes did not always lead to the completion of \dot{v} ictim F forms. The theft of milk bottles from the doorstep was measured

at the screening stage, but never led to a Victim Form because the pilot of the 1982 survey had shown this resulted in the collection of vast amounts of very uninformative data. Because criminal damage was, milk-bottle theft apart, the most common form of crime, more Victim Forms would be completed than was necessary to achieve a sufficient sub-sample size and as in the previous survey Victim Forms were only completed for half the respondents who were victims of criminal damage. There were two separate versions of the questionnaire to allow this to be done, and the criterion was again the last digit of the address serial number.

Finally, incidents of 'sexual pestering or insult' picked up at the screening stage were not followed up in a Victim Form as these would be difficult to classify, although some brief details were collected on the main questionnaire.

Much of the attitudinal material was included in a separate questionnaire - the follow-up questionnaire - which was only administered to a subset of respondents, as this material did not require as large a sample size as the screening questions. The follow-up questionnaire was administered to all victims, and to two in five non-victims, the only citerion for selection being the last digit of the address serial number. There were two different versions of the follow-up questionnaire, with different pieces of information being presented to the respondent at Q18b), and the two versions were used alternately by interviewers.

It was decided that demographic information should be collected at the end of the interview and for convenience a separate Demographic Ouestionnaire was used.

There was also an Address Record Sheet, on which contact and non contact details for the entire sample were recorded, and which was used in the selection of respondents for the interview within an address.

Thus the final questionnaire set was as follows:

Address record sheet Main questionnaire Victim Form Follow-up questionnaire	1 version2 versions1 version2 versions	all addresses all respondents all victims up to 4 per victi
Demographic questionnaire	2 versions 1 version	all victims, 2 in 5 non-victinal respondents

All the versions of the questionnaire are included as Appendix B and Showcards as Appendix C.

3. THE SAMPLE

The aim of the sampling method was to ensure at least 10,000 completed interviews. Institutions were excluded from the sample as their crime experiences are likely to be very different from the population as a whole and it would not be possible to look at them separately as numbers would be too small. Thus the sample was designed to give a representative cross-section of people aged 16 and over living in private accommodation, with weighting being carried out as necessary.

As in the 1982 survey the electoral registers were chosen as the sampling frame, and it was decided that it was not advisable to use any of the possible methods to make up for the estimated 4% level of non-registration.

3.1 The Inner-City

The 1982 survey had included an over-representation of innercity areas and this was also done in 1984, although the methodology was different. In 1982 it had been done using the PRAG classification of constituencies based on 1971 census data. By 1984 however those data would be 13 years out of date and, more importantly, the 1983 Boundary Revision and the creation of new constituencies presented major problems. Either one had to use the old constituencies, which was felt would be inappropriate given the existence of new boundaries, or one had to match old and new constituencies as best as possible. This proved unsuccessful, particularly in places like Nottingham where a single city centre seat had been split between two other seats neither of which were inner-city in nature.

It was therefore decided to define constituencies as innercity on a more pragmatic basis. The start-points were that they must be in towns of a certain size, and that to qualify as 'inner-city' a constituency had to be densely populated, and to have at least one of two other typical inner-city characteristics - low levels of owner occupation and a low social class profile.

The 1972 Survey's 59 PRAG inner-city constituencies converted to 53 new constituencies, of which Nottingham South had the lowest population density-27.13 persons per hectare. Taking all constituencies in England and Wales with a density equal to or greater than this gave 177 constituencies.

Setting a minimum town size of 200,000 total population reduced it to 155. The list still contained many seats which were palpably not inner-city in nature, and a weeding out process was undertaken on the basis of social class and owner occupation. If a constituency scored considerably lower than the national average on either of these variables it was accepted, otherwise it was rejected. Thus Kensington qualified despite its very high class profile because of the low level of owner-occupation, while Newham North East qualified for the opposite reason.

This process reduced the list further to 105 and eliminated four of the original 53 which match the 1982 PRAG inner-city constituencies. The four were Ealing Acton, Liverpool Mossley Hill, Plymouth Drake and Nottingham South.

In 1982 the inner-city had been over-sampled by a factor of 2, but as the wider definition of inner-city for 1984 yielded more constituencies a smaller factor was used. The 105 contained 17.86% of the total England and Wales electorate which would yield 1786 interviews out of the aimed-for 10000. It was decided that at least 2500 inner-city interviews would be necessary to permit separate analysis and a factor of 1.5 was chosen to give a target of 2679 inner-city interviews.

A Charle of A. M. M. in care treated

3.2 Selection of Constituencies

The survey was to be based on 300 constituencies, thus requiring an average of 33.3 interviews per constituency. Given the target of 2679 inner-city interviews this meant that 79 inner-city constituencies would be required, and 221 others. Sampling of constituencies from the two lists - inner-city, and the rest - was done in the same way. Constituencies other than in the inner-city were first divided into the nine Registrar General's Standard Regions, and then within that by a classification based on population density, and then finally by socio-economic group. Electorates were cumulated down the list, and the total divided by 221, to give a constant sampling interval. This interval was added to a random start point and thus constituencies were sampled with a probability proportionate to their size. A similar procedure was then carried out for inner-city constituencies, with the electorate being divided by 79 to give the sampling interval.

3.3 Selection of Wards

Within the selected constituencies further clustering of the sample was required, and two wards were selected within each constituency. This was done by listing all the wards in the constituency in order from the largest to the smallest, cumulating the electorate, and selecting two by applying random number tables to the cumulative population. This ensured that wards too were selected with a probability proportionate to size.

3.4 Selection of Polling Districts

The final sampling units, from which the names and addresses were drawn, were polling districts. Ideally these too would have been selected with a probability proportionate to size. However it was felt that because wards had been selected with a probability proportionate to size it was acceptable for polling districts to be selected less systematically, because of the high level of homogeneity between polling districts within a ward.

One polling district was chosen per ward, and this selection was done by the local electoral registration office. An order was sent in naming the two wards selected for the constituency, and asking for the registration office to supply the first polling district in alphabetical or numerical order.

3.5 Selection of Addresses

In each inner-city polling district a random point was chosen, and every fifteenth name underlined, until 27 names had been selected. In other constituencies the same interval of 15 was used but only 24 names were selected. In all cases addresses which were obviously institutions - old peoples homes, halls of residence and so on - were excluded from the sample.

Photocopies of the electoral register were issued to the interviewers with the selected electors' names underlined.

3.6 Selection of Respondents

The final stage of sampling the selection of individuals at addresses for interview, was carried out by interviewers in the field.

At each address, the interviewer first established whether that address was an institution, or non-residential, and if so it was rejected. The interviewer then established if there was more than one household present at the sampled address. If there was, the interviewer attempted to locate the household containing the elector whose name was underlined on the register, or the household in which that elector used to live. Where this could be done the interviewer treated that household only as the unit for interview, if this could not be done the entire address was treated as a single unit.

within each household the interviewer then established if all the electors listed as living at the address were still there, and if there were any other people aged 16 or over living there but not listed on the register. If the household members were exactly as listed on the register the interviewer attempted to interview the elector whose name had been underlined on the register, but if there had been any additions or losses then a list was made of all household members aged 16 or over and one selected for interview according to a random selection grid.

3.7 Respondent Identification Number

Each ward sampled was allocated a three digit serial number, and wards were numbered in the order that they appeared on the stratification list. Inner city area codes ran from 500 to 657, and other areas ran from 002 to 443. Within each ward every underlined elector was allocated a serial number from 01 to 27 in inner city areas and from 01 to 24 elsewhere.

4 .1 Briefing

Fourteen briefing sessions were held in all from January 23rd to 31st, with a further small session on February 19th for people who had been unable to attend the earlier briefings. Briefings were conducted by the executive team working on the survey, and were attended by Home Office staff. At the main briefings 296 interviewers were briefed, and a further 13 briefed at the February briefing or by field executive staff making a total of 309 interviewers working on the survey.

4.2 Fieldwork Dates

Interviewers began work immediately after briefing and all fieldwork was completed by mid April. The spread of successful interviews over the whole fieldwork period is shown below.

	Number	av R
Up to 14th February	5603	51
February 15th - 28th	3990	36
March 1st - 14th	842	8
March 15th - 31st	314	3
April 1st or later	100	1
(Not Dated)	181	2
m * * (m		

4.3 Field Supervision

68 of the 309 interviewers were accompanied by field supervisory staff, usually at the beginning of their work on the survey, and 199 interviews were conducted while the interviewer was accompanied in this way.

In addition 1061 addresses were subject to recalls by field supervisors, 912 by personal contact and 149 by telephone. Thus 9% of all addresses issued were subject to field supervision, and over 10% of all interviews were either conducted under supervision or recalled on later.

THE STREET STREET STREET STREET STREET STREET STREET STREET STREET STREET

4.4 Response

14874 addresses were issued, and 11105 interviews conducted.
4.0% of the sample was demolished, empty or non-residential and thus were effectively not available for the survey. This was a much lower proportion than had been anticipated and it is for this reason that the target of 10,000 interviews was exceeded by so much. This left an effective sample of 14277 and the 11105 achieved interviews represents an overall contact rate of 77.8%. The contact rate was 72.6% in the innercity and 79.8% elsewhere. Because some completed questionnaires were lost in the post, or rejected during processing, the number of interviews which were completed and processed was 11030.

The breakdown of the different questionnaire types was as follows:

Main questionnaire	11030
Victim Forms	551.7
Follow-up Questionnaires	6632
Demographic Questionnaires	11030

SUMMARY OF RESPONSE

		NUMBER	ע פ
Tota	l addresses issued	14874	100
Less	Vacant or derelict	470	3.2
	Demolished	29	0.2
	Business or industrial		
	premises only	14	0.2
	Institutions	32	0.1
	No trace of address	52	0.3
	Total	597	4.0
	l private addresses available		3° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5° 5°
for s	survey	14277	100
Less	No contact with anyone after		
	4+ calls	419	2.9
	Complete refusal of informat	ion 298	2.1
Pers	on selected but		
-	Not contacted after 4+ calls	289	2.0
-	Refused	1131	7.9
-	Broke appointment and could	not	
	be recontacted	173	1.2
-,	Ill at home	162	1.1
-	Temporarily away/in hospital	226	1.6
-	Senile/incapacitated	145	1.0
-	Could not speak English	46	0.3
~	Proxy refusal given by other		
	household members	258	1.8
_	Not interviewed for other re	ason 25	0.2
	Total	3172	22.2
Tota	al interviews conducted	11105	77.8
Less	s interviews lost in	75	0.5
post	t or not processed		
Tota	al interviews processed	11030	77.3

5 EDITING AND CODING

5.1 Visual Editing

Each interviewer's first few questionnaires were subject to a 100% visual edit check by a central coding team. Letters were sent to all interviewers letting them know the results of this check and pointing out any particular areas which caused special problems. After this 100% check all questionnaires were subject to an essential edit, in which only the key parts of the questionnaire were examined. These included the demographic details, the screening questions, and the questions on the Victim Form which are essential for classifying crimes into offence codes.

5.2 Classification of Offences

All Victim Forms were given an offence classification to categorise the nature of the crime, and these were done in such a way as to tie in with police recording of offences. A detailed set of instructions for the coding of offences had been drawn up by the Home Office for the 1982 survey and these were used with slight modification for the 1984 survey. The instructions are attached as Appendix E.

Each Victim Form could only generate one code, and where the description of the offence showed that two different codes applied, the more serious offence was always the one coded. In cases of doubt questionnaires were referred to the Home Office for classification and a small number of residual queries were resolved by the Force Statistical Officer of a large Metropolitan Police Force.

Some Victim Forms were completed but not used in the main incident or Victim analysis, either because it is doubtful if an offence occurred at all, or because the offence was outside the scope of the survey and should not have been elicited by the screening questions. The following offence codes cover the rejected Victim Forms:

- 19 assault outside survey
- 39 sexual offence outside survey
- 48 ? theft from person
- 49 theft from person outside survey
- 54 ? burglary
- 59 burglary outside survey
- 66 milk bottle theft
- 68 ? theft
- 69 theft outside survey
- 87 ? criminal damage
- 88 attempted criminal damage
- 89 criminal damage outside survey
- 99 threats outside survey

5.3 Other Coding

The demographic questionnaire contained details of the present or last main job of the head of the household, and each was coded into the Registrar-General's 17 Socio-Economic Group categories In addition all completed interviews were given post-codes to be used in later analysis.

Code frames or open-ended questions were drawn up from listings of 100 verbatim answers and agreed with the Home Office before coding began.

The code frames used are attached as Appendix 0.

5.4 Data Preparation

After visual editing and coding the questionnaires were punched onto 80 column cards and submitted to a full-range of computer checks or ranges and filters.

In its original lay-out the questionnaire permitted multipunching on certain columns, but because this was unacceptable to the Home Office computer system the data were expanded to ensure that all columns contain only single punches. The card allocation of the two data sets is shown below and the full details of the data transfer are given in Appendix F.

	Original Data Set	Final Data Set
Address Record Sheet	Card 1	Card 1
Main Questionnaire	Cards 2 and 3	Cards 2, 3 and 9
Victim Form	Cards 4 and 5	Cards 4,5,10,11,12,13,1
Follow-up Questionnaire	Cards 6 and 7	Cards 6,7,15 and 16
Demographic Questionnair	eCard 8	Card 8

6. WEIGHTING

Because of the ways in which the sample was drawn and the survey carried out, several different types of weighting need to be applied so that the results are representative of the total population.

6.1 Weighting Types

THE RESIDENCE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T

A Inner City Weight

The inner city areas were over-sampled by a factor of 1.5. As defined for the survey, inner city areas contain 17.86% of the electorate. In the issued sample the inner city accounted for 28.68% of the total, though because a lower contact rate was anticipated in the inner city it was intended that 26.33% of the achieved interviews would be in the inner city. In fact of the 11030 processed interviews 26.26% were in the inner city. This represents an effective oversampling of 1.47, and so a weight of 0.68 was applied to all inner city respondents to rectify this. Conversely a weight of 1.11 was applied to all other respondents.

8 Adult Weight

Were the electoral register a perfect list of all people aged 16 and over then no weighting would be necessary to represent all adults, as each elector would have an equal chance of selection. However, because some people are not on the register but are selected for interview according to the procedures described in 3.6 above, their chance of selection depends on two factors - the number of electors from their household recorded on the register, and the number of people aged 16+ in their household. The more electors in their household the greater that household's chance of being selected for an interview, and the more people there are in the household the less each individual's chance of selection. Thus the correction factor is the number of adults in the household divided by the number of electors recorded on the register. This correction is only applied if the special selection procedure is needed - if none of the listed electors

has moved out or died, and there are no other people aged 15 or over, then a weight of 1 is applied.

C Household Weight

The sample as drawn is a sample of individuals, and weighting must be applied for any tabulation based on households. The more electors in the household the greater the household's chance of selection so the correction factor is one divided by the number of electors in that household.

D Follow-up Weight

As stated in 2.2 above only two in five non-victims - those whose serial number ended in 0, 1, 2 or 3 - completed Follow-up Questionnaires, and thus the sample of Follow-up Questionnaires contains a disproportionate number of victims.

To counteract this, non-victims who have completed Follow-up Questionnaires must be weighted up to represent all non-victims. In theory 40% of non-victims would have completed a Follow-up Questionnaire: in practise 43.5% did so. Thus all victims were given a weight of 1, and all non-victims who completed a Follow-up Questionnaire were given a weight of 2.3.

E Series Weight

When the respondent reported a number of incidents of the same type at the screening questions, and said there were a series of incidents similar in nature, and probably done by the same people, then only one victim form was completed for the whole series of incidents, and some form of weighting is necessary in any calculation of actual incidents. Thus for all Victim Forms describing a series of offences a weight was applied equal to the number of incidents in the series up to a limit of five.

F Weighting to Represent Incidents

Victim Forms need to be weighted according to whether they are a household offence or an individual offence. This is based on the offence classification rather than on the screening question, as some Victim Forms resulted from personal screening but proved in fact to refer to a household offence, and vice versa.

Incident weighting is thus of two types, Adult Weight 8 and Household Weight C as follows:

Adult II.			
Adult Weight B	11	Househall	
to Offence Codes	12	Household Weight C to Offence Codes	50
	13	of tence Codes	51
	21		52
	31		53
	32		55
	33		56
	34		57
	35		58
	41		60
	42		61
	43		62
	44		63
	45		64
	57		65
	73		71
	85		72
	86		30
	91		81
	92		82
	93		83
	94		84

G Omission of Damage Victim Forms

As in the 1982 survey, only half of the cases of criminal damage located in the screening questionnaires were followed up with Victim Forms, the intention being that serial numbers ending in an even digit were followed up, and those ending in odd digits were not.

Compensation is necessary to allow for this and this was done by imputation rather than by weighting. Respondents who answered 'yes' to criminal damage screening questions but did not go on to Victim Forms were matched with those who did, the matching being done in the following way. With the file in serial number order, whenever a respondent was located with a 'yes' answer at one of the four criminal damage screening questions and an odd serial number the file was scanned upwards to locate the last respondent with a 'yes' answer at the same screening question and an even serial number. The offence code from this particular respondent was then transferred to a Victim Form for the respondent with the odd serial number.

Also the file was scanned upwards to locate the last even-numbered respondent with the <u>same number</u> of reported incidents, <u>either</u> at the same screening question or at any of the other three criminal damage screening questions A value representing the total number of criminal damage incidents in 1983 was then transferred to the Victim Form for the odd-numbered respondent.

In some cases respondents already had four Victim Forms, and the imputed one took them past the limit of four per respondent. In these cases existing Victim Forms were deleted - 42 in total. The 1014 imputed Victim Forms are included in the main data set, distinguished by Victim Form Numbers (Col. 512) in the range 5 to 8.

5.2 Combination Weights

Dependir on the different parts of the data being looked at, and re analysis being done, the various types of weight need to be used in different combinations as shown below.

	Data analysed	Base	Weights required
1)	Main Questionnaire	Adults	A × B
2)	Main Questionnaire	Households	Axc
3)	Follow-up Questionnaire	Adults	AxBxD
4)	Follow-up Questionnaire	Households	AxCxD
5)	Demographic Questionaire	Adults	A x B
6)	Demographic Questionnaire	Households	A × C
7)	Victim Forms	Adults	A × B
8)	Victim Forms	Incidents	AxExF

7. REPRESENTATIVENESS OF THE SAMPLE

The survey sample was intended, after appropriate weighting, to represent the population of England and Wales, and, with the household weighting, all households in England and Wales. It is possible to compare the demographic profile of the sample with data from the 1981 census and, because of the three year time-lag between the census and the survey, with OPCS population estimates.

By region the sample matches the census population closely, the only significant discrepancy being a shortfall in the GLC.

BCS 1984 Person and

Region	Inner-city Weighting	Census 1981	Difference
	oy No	کو ت.	a/ 0
North	7	6	+1
North West	13	13	-
Yorks/Humberside	. 10	10	-
West Midlands	. 11	10	. +1
East Midlands	7	8	-1
East Anglia	4	4	-
GLC	12	14	-2
Other South East	21	20	+1
South West	9	9	-
Wales	6	6	-

On the division by sex the weighted survey data matched the OPCS mid 1982 estimate exactly - both give 48% males.

The age distinction shows a shortage of respondents in the 16 - 19 age group, but this is typical of survey research in general.

BCS 1984

	Person and	Mid 1982	
age	Inner-city Weight	OPCS Estimate	Difference
٧ ٦	بر 0	2/	ע ס
16 - 19	7	10	-3
20 - 24	9	10	-1
25 - 29	8	8	,
30 - 39	18	18	· -
40 - 49	16	14	+2
50 - 59	15	14	+1
60 - 69	14	13	+1
70+	13	13	-

The sample matches the 1981 census almost exactly on economic status.

BCS 1984

	Person and	1981	
Economic Status	Inner-city Weight	Census	Difference
	<u>ئ</u> ئ	o/ ,o	8
In employment	55	55	·
Economically activ	ve~		
not in employmen	nt 6	6	-
Student	3	4	-1
Others not econom	ically		
active	36	35	+1

Tenure patterns showed a noticeable difference from the census, but this is probably a reflection of a continuing trend towards higher home-ownership and decreased council renting. Comparing with the 1982 BCS is meaningful here as it shows a trend from 1981 to 1982 to 1984.

	BCS 1984	BCS 1982	
	Household and	Household and	Census
	Inner-city Weight	Inner-city Weight	1981
	sy no	q ,	a) no
Own/buying on			
mortgage	63	61	58
Rent from council	25	28	29
Rent from private			
landlord	7	7	9
Rent from housing			
association	2	2	2
Other	2	2	3

Car availability is also higher than in the census, but again there is some evidence for a trend through BCS 1982 as the figures below show $\frac{1}{2}$

	BCS 1984	BCS 1982	
	Household and	Household and	Census
	Inner-city Weight	Inner-city Weight	1981
	%	o o	3 ⁴
Car/van available	65	64	61
No car/van available	35	36	39

Thus the sample matches the census fairly closely, except in variables where there seems to have been a change since 1981.

APPENDIX A

SAMPLING PONTS

SAMPLING POINTS

YON INNER CITY

The sampling points are listed, with their area codes, in the order in which they appeared in the stratification process.

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Newcastle upon Tyne Central	Jesmond	002
	Blakelaw	003
Blaydon	Winlaton	004
	Blaydon	005
Houghton and Washington	Shiney Row	006
	Washington East	007
Wallsend	Holystone	800
	Northumberland	009
Stockton South	Bishopsgarth	010
	Parkfield	011
Durham North	Ouston	012
	Havannah	013
Hartlepool	Fens	014
	Park	015
Redcar	Banside	016
	West Dyke	017
Durham City of	Carrville	018
	Neville's Cross	019
Sedgefield	Thornley	020
	Fishburn	021
Hexham	Corbridge	022
	Stamfordham	023
Westmorland and Lonsdale	Cartmel	024
	Staveley in ·	
	Westmorland	025
Penrith and the Border	Dalston	026
•	Stanwix Rural	027

CONSTITUENCY		
	WARD	AREA CODE
Surham North West	Ca	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Consett South	023
Sheffield Hallam	Stanhope	029
	Dore	030
Barnsley West and Penistone	Hallam	031
	Hoyland East	032
Rother Valley	Penistone East	033
	Anston and Woodsetts	
Sheffield Attercliffe	Thurcroft and Whisto	n 035
	Darnall	036
Wentworth	Masborough	037
	Rawmarsh East	038
Doncaster North	Wath	039
	Bentley	040
Shipley	North Road	041
	Bingley	042
Elmet	Rombalds	043
	Garforth and	
	Swillington	044
Pudsey	Wetherby	045
	Horsforth	. 046
Wakefield	Pudsey South	047
	Horbury	048
Calder Valley	Wakefield South	049
	Brighouse	050
	Hipperholme and	
Batley and Spen	Lightcliffe	051
	Batley East	052
Halifax	Spen Town	053
		054
Hemsworth	Northowram and Shelf	055
	South Elmsall	056
Pontefract and Castleford	South Kirkby	057
	Ferry Fryston	058
Great Grimsby	Hainton	059
	Wallow	060
	ACTION.	061

湖河市河南湖南河南湖 建原河南

CONSTITUENCY	WARD A	REA CODE
Harrogate	No. 4	062
·	No. 10	063
Richmond (Yorks)	Carlton Minsott	064
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Swainby	065
Selby Selby	Fulford	066
	Selby South	067
Ryedale	Kirkby Misperton	068
	Filey	069
Scarborough	Castle	070
	Streonshalh	071
Brigg and Cleethorpes	Cleethorpes Riverside	
,	Humber	073
Northampton North	Links	073
	Lumbertubs	075
Nottingham South	Abbey	076
	Robin Hood	077
Lincoln	Boultham	073
	Park	079
Chesterfield	Rother	030
	Dunston	· 081
Derby South	Alvaston	082
	Osmaston	083
Rushcliffe	Bingham	084
	Dayncourt	085
Loughborough	Birstall Stonehill	036
	Storer	087
Northampton South	Castle	088
	St Crispin	089
Kettering	All Saints	090
	St Giles	091
Leicestershire North West	Shepshed East	092
	Oakthorpe and	
	Donisthorpe	093
Wellingborough	Croyland	094
	Hemmingwell	095
301sover	Pinxton	096
	Shirebrook South	097

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Daventry	Abbey North	098
	Potterspury	099
High Peak	Gamesley	100
	St Charles	101
Gainsborough and Horncastle	Gainsborough North	102
	Welton	103
Holland with Boston	Old Leake	104
	Donington	105
Grantham	Branston and Mere	106
	Wellingore	107
Cambridge	Cherry Hinton	108
	Kings Hedges	109
Norwich North	Sprowston South	110
	Crome	111
Ipswich	Bixley	112
	Stoke Park	113
Peterborough	Dogsthorpe	114
	Stanground	115
Cambridgeshire South East	Ely Northern	116
	The Wilbrahams	. 117
Norfolk South	Harleston	118
	Old Costessey	119
Suffolk South	Berners	120
	Lavenham	121
Huntingdon	Huntingdon West	122
	Northborough	123
Suffolk Central	Castle Hill	124
	Gislingham	125
Norfolk North West	Chase	126
	Grimston	127
Norfolk South West	Emneth	128
	Necton	129
Enfield Southgate	Highfield	130
	Winchmore Hill	131
Finchley	Friern Barnet	132
	East Finchley	133

CONSTITUENCY	WARD 4	AREA CODE
Upminster	Ardleigh Green	134
	Hilldene	135
Chingford	Hale End	1 36
	Valley	137
Ilford North	Chadwell	138
	Fairlop	139
Enfield North	Bullsmoor	140
	Worcesters	141
Harrow West	Headstone South	142
	Roxbourne	143
Brent North	St Andrews	144
	Preston	145
Ealing Acton	Southfield	146
	Hanger Lane	147
Ealing North	Argyle	148
	Ravenor	149
Feltham and Heston	East Bedfont	150
	Heston Central	151
Chislehurst	Plaistow and Sundridg	je 152
•	Chislehurst	153
Bexley Old and Sidcup	Blendon and Penhill	154
	Sidcup West	155
Bexleyheath	Danson	156
	Upton	157
Richmond and Barnes	East Sheen	158
•	Mortlake	159
Kingston Upon Thames	Burlington	160
	Tudor	161
Twickenham	Hampton Hill	162
	South Twickenham	163
Carshalton and Wallington	Carshalton North	164
	Wallington South	165
Mitcham and Morden	Longthornton	166
	St Helier	167
St Albans	Harpenden South	168
	Marshalswick South	169
Surrey North West	Hythe	170
	Parkside	171

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Woking	Ash	
		172
Windsor and Maidenhead	Old Woking Castle	173
	•	174
Chertsey and Walton	Trinity	175
	Walton North	176
Epping Forest	Addlestone North	177
	Grange Hill	173
Broxbourne	Waltham Abbey West	179
	Cheshunt Central	180
Southend West	Little Amwell	131
	Blenheim	132
Reading East	Westborough	183
	Park	134
Dartford	Whitley	195
	Littlebrook	186
Watford	Fawkham and Hartley	187
	Abbots Langley	139
Castle Point	Woodside	139
odstre roint	Boyce	190
Eastleigh	St Peters	191
eastre rgn	Eastleigh Central	192
Reading West	Hiltingbury West	193
Keading West	Tilehurst	194
Hove	Minster	195
11046	Goldsmid	195
Luton North	Portslade South	197
edicon North	Challney	198
Capuant	Flitwick West	199
Gravesham	Northfleet West	200
C:11: /	Woodlands	201
Gillingham	Brompton	202
0	Rainham Mark	203
Portsmouth North	Farlington and Drayton	
	Paulsgrove	205
Luton South	Biscot	205
	South	
		207

CONSTITUENCY	<u>WARD</u> A	REA CODE
Slough	Farnham	208
31003	Wexham Lea	209
Gosport	Anglesey	210
2025010	Lee	211
Esher	Esher	212
	Molesey South	213
Chesham and Amersham	Amersham Common	214
	Hazemere North	215
Surrey East	Chaldon	216
	Valley	217
Sussex Mid	Burgess Hill	
	Franklands	218
	East Grinstead South	219
Hertfordshire South West	Berkhamstead Central	220
	Hayling	221
Hampshire East	Liss	222
·	Fleet West	223
Sevenoaks	Kemsing	224
	Swanley Christchurch	225
Chelmsford	Goat Hall	226
śron (7a ·	Waterhouse Farm	227
Berkshire East	Bullbrook	228
	Horton and Wraysbury	229
Tonbridge and Malling	Higham	230
	Vauxhall	231
Welwyn Hatfield	Hatfield North	232
	Welwyn East	233
Hertfordshire North	Ashbrook	234
	Royston East	235
Aylesbury	Bedgrove	236
	Princes Risborough	237
Hertfordshire West	Ashridge	238
	Gadebridge	239
Maidstone	Allington	240
	Sutton Valence	241
Stevenage	Longmeadow	545
	Symonds Green	243

The state of the s

CONSTITUENCY		
	WARD	AREA CODE
Bedfordshire Mid	Biggleswade Stratton	244
Romsey and the	Kempston West	245
Romsey and Waterside	Fawley and Holbury	246
Canterbury	Romsey Extra	247
canter sury	Barton	248
Colcheston South	Sturry South	249
Colchester South and Maldon	West Mersea	250
Kent Mid	Maldon North West	251
Kene PHO	Walderslade	252
Isla of Hand	Bearsted	253
Isle of Wight	Osborne	253
Milton Ka	Chale and Niton	255
Milton Keynes	Church Green	255 256
Faversham	Whaddon	257
, aver stidill	St Ann's	258
Thanet South	Davington Priory	259
manet south	Sandwich	259
Wealden	St Lawrence	261
neu i den	Crowborough West	252
Saffron Walden	Hartfield	253
odiffon warden	. Clavering	264
Newbury	Takeley	265
we would be	Craven	266
New Forest	Lambourn Valley	267
, 1011 101 23 8	Down 1 1	268
Bexhill and Battle	Ding	269
- Janu Pattle	Rattle	270
Wantage	Mineral	271
	Charen	?72
Witney	Coach	273
	Chanthe	74 .
	Freeland and	
Ashford	Hanhaus (75
. .	Ashford II-	75 75
	Chilban	, s 77

wanter a second at the second

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Chel tenham	College	278
	Pittville	279
Exeter	Heavitree	230
	Stoke Hill	231
Bournemouth East	Moordown	282
	West Southbourne	283
Gloucester	Barnwood	284
	Podsmead	235
Plymouth Sutton	Eggbuckland	286
	Plympton Erle	287
Woodspring	Clevedon East	288
	North Weston	289
Northavon	Hawkesbury	290
	Winterbourne	291
Weston-Super-Mare	Hutton	292
	Winscombe	293
Falmouth and Camborne	Arwenack	294
	Mawnan and Budock	295
Cirencester and Tewkesbury	Cirencester Watermoo	r 296
	Vale	297
South Hams	Modbury	298
	Totnes	299
Dorset West	Bridport South	300
	Yetminster	301
Dorset North	Motcombe	302
	Colehill	303
Tiverton	Clyst Valley	304
	Lowman	305
Teignbridge	Bradley	306
	Teignbridge West	307
Torridge and West Devon	Orchard Hill	308
	Tavistock South	309
Gloucestershire West	Alvington and	
	Aylburton	310
	Pillowell	311

.

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Westbury	Westbrook	312
	Malksham Forest	313
Taunton	Blackdown	314
	Milverton	315
Cornwall North	Padstow and St. Mer	
	Stratton	317
Cornwall South East	Collington	318
Cold	Lostwithiel	319
Sutton Coldfield	Sutton Vesey	320
Diam's	Sutton Vesey	321
Birmingham Edgbaston	Harbone	322
Monidon	Harbone	323
Meriden	Knowle	324
Coventry South West	Meriden	325
coventry south west	Westwood	326
Dudley West	Woodlands	327
addity hest	Brierley Hill	328
Coventry North West	Wordsley	329
oo tenery nor the west	Bablake	330
Wrekin The	Sherbourne	331
	College	332
Stoke-on-Trent South	Leegomery	333
Site of City South	Great Fenton	334
taffordshire South	Meir Park	335
	Featherstone	336
Warwick and Leamington	Wombourne South East	337
**************************************	Leamington Willes	338
Worcestershire Mid	Whitnash	339
	Bowbrook	340
Wyre Forest	Ombersley Blakedown	341
	Sutton Park	342
Staffordshire South East	Amington	343
	Wilnecote	344
Nuneaton	Stockingford	345
	Whitestone	346
		347

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Leominster	Valley of the Teme	348
	Ledbury	349
Ludlow	Bridgnoth Morfe	350
	 Burford	351
Shrewsbury and Atcham	Condover	352
	Sundorne	353
Shropshire North	Market Drayton South	354
	Whitchurch North	355
Hereford	Three Elms	356
	Garron	357
Altrincham and Sale	Broadheath	358
	Village	359
Bolton West	Halliwell	360
	Smithills	361
Davyhulme	Mersey St Mary's	362
	Bucklow	363
Bolton North East	Breightmet	354
	Central	365
Worsley	Little Hulton	366
	Tyldesley East	367
Stalybridge and Hyde	Dűkinfield	368
	Stalybridge North	369
Ashton Under Lyne	Ashton St Peter's	370
	Droylesden West	371
Oldham West	Chadderton Central	372
	Hollinwood	373
Denton and Reddish	North Reddish	374
	Denton West	375
Leigh	Atherton	376
	Leigh Central	377
Bolton South East	Burnden	378
115 1 11 1	Harper Green	379
Wirral West	Rayden	380
16-11	Thurstaston	381
Wallasey	Liscard	382
	Seacombe	393

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
St Helens North	Billinge and Senele	
	Green	•
	Newton East	384 385
Knowsley South	Princess	386
	Roby	387
Warrington South	Appleton and Stretto	
	Latchford	389
South Ribble	All Saints	390
	St James Moss Side	391
Warrington North	Croft	392
	Whitecross	393
Burnley	Briercliffe	394
23	Simonstone Hill	395
Blackburn	Higher Croft	396
December	Moorgate	397
Preston	Brookfield	398
Manalancia	Larches	399
Macclesfield	Macclesfield East	400
Flyde	Prestbury	401
ryde	Hey Houses	. 402
Morocambo and the state	Weeton and Westby	403
Morecambe and Lunesdale	Harbour	404
Filesmana Dant and N	Heysham South	405
Ellesmere Port and Neston	Burton and Ness	406
Crewe and Nantwich	Sutton	407
or the and hantwich	Maw Green	408
Eddisbury	Willaston West	409
cad (Sba) y	Church	410
Ribble Valley	Helsby Central	411
and the variety	Cadley	412
Cardiff Central	Ribblesdale	413
Jeneral Central	Cathays	414
Cardiff South and Penarth	Plasnewydd	415
South and renarth	Llanrumney	416
	Llandough	417

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Rhondda	Trealaw	413
	Porth	419
Vale of Glamorgan	Court	420
	Dyfan	421
Pontypridd	Llantrisant	422
	Trallwy	423
Islwyn	Crumlin	424
	Ynysddu	425
Llanelli	No. 5	426
	No. 9	427
Cynon Valley	Aberaman South	428
	Penrhiwceiber	429
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	Penydarren	430
	Rhymney Upper	431
Blaenau Gwent	Badmington	432
	Ebbw Vale North	
	Central	433
Conwy	No. 6	434
	No. 18	435
Wrexham	No. 4	436
	No. 12	437
Ceredigion and Pembroke North	No. 18	438
	No. 33	439
Pembroke	No. 6	440
	No. 19	441
Clwyd South West	No. 16	442
	No. 20	443

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Rhondda	Trealaw	413
	Porth	419
Vale of Glamorgan	Court	420
	Dyfan	421
Pontypridd	Llantrisant	422
	Trallwy	423
Islwyn	Crumlin	424
	Ynysddu	425
Llanelli	No. 5	426
	No. 9	427
Cynon Valley	Aberaman South	423
•	Penrhiwceiber	429
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	Penydarren	430
	Rhymney Upper	431
Blaenau Gwent	Badmington	432
	Ebbw Vale North	
	Central	433
Conwy	No. 6	434
·	No. 18	435
Wrexham	No. 4	436
	No. 12	437
Ceredigion and Pembroke North	No. 18	438
•	No. 33	439
Pembroke	No. 6	440
	No. 19	441
Clwyd South West	No. 16	442
	No. 20	443

SAMPLING POINTS

INNER CITY

The sampling points are listed, with their area codes, in the order in which they appeared in the stratification process.

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Sunderland South	Hendon	500
	St Michaels	501
Gateshead East	High Fell	502
	Leam	_
Sunderland North	Colliery	503 504
	Southwick	
Tyne Bridge	Bensham	505
	Elswick	506
Middlesbrough	Acklam	507
	St Hilda's	508
Sheffield Heeley	Beauchiel	509
		510
Sheffield Central	Intake	511
	Castle	512
Bradford West	Netherthorpe	513
	Heaton	514
Bradford North	University	515
5. 44. 61. 41.	Bowling	516
Leeds West	Eccleshill	517
ccus west	Kirkstall	518
Leeds Central	Bramley	519
reeds central	City and Holbeck	520
Vingston Ung . U. 22	Richmond Hill	521
Kingston Upon Hull North	Orchard Park	522
Minate II	Stoneferry	523
Kingston Upon Hull West	Derringham	524
4	Pickering	525
Kingston Upon Hull East	Holderness	526
	South Coates	527

CONSTITUENCY	WARD	AREA CODE
Leicester East	Humberstone	528
	Thorncroft	529
Nottingham East	Forest	530
	Radford	531
Leicester West	St Augustines	532
	Beaumont Leys	533
Nottingham North	Bulwell East	534
	Strelley	535
Hampstead and Highgate	Hampstead Town	536
	Belsize	537
Hornsey and Wood Green	Fortis Green	538
	Hornsey Vale	539
Westminster North	Bayswater	540
	Church Street	541
Holborn and St Pancras	Chalk Farm	542
	Holborn	543
Islington North	Junction	544
	Mildmay	545
Walthamstow	Higham Hill	546
	St James Street	547
Hackney North and Stoke Newington	Northfield	548
	South Defoe	549
Tottenham	Harringey	550
	South Tottenham	551
Newham North East	Manor Park	552
	Wall End	553
Dagenham	Chadwell Heath	554
	Triptons	555
Barking	Eastbury	556
	Parsloes	557
Hackney South and Shoreditch	Homerton	558
	Victoria	559
Bethnal Green and Stepney	St Katherine's	560
	Holy Trinity	561

CONSTITUENCY	<u>WARD</u>	AREA CODE
Bow and Poplar	Blackwell	562
Ct. 7	Milwall	563
Chelsea	Redcliffe	564
. C. 11.	Church	565
Fulham	Crabtree	566
5-11 0 0 0 0	Sulivan	567
Ealing Southall	Elthorne	568
(In the second s	Waxlow	569
Hammersmith	College Park and	
	Oak	570
Dut	Brook Green	571
Dulwich	Bellenden	572
	Ruskin	573
Lewisham West	Sydenham East	574
1 1	St Andrew	575
Lewisham East	Hither Green	576
	Manor Lee	577
Lewisham Deptford	Blythe Hill	578
Unal 1.1	Marlowe	579
Woolwich	Arsenal	580
Sauth	St Nicholas	581
Southwark and Bermondsey	Browning	582
Duah	Dockyard	583
Putney	Thamesfield	584
Streatham	Parkside	585
streatham	Clapham Park	586
Croudes No. 11 11	Town Hall	587
Croydon North West	Beulah	588
Patrice	Bensham Manor	589
Battersea	Latchmere	590
Vauxha]]	Queenstown	591
rauxiid	Clapham Town	592
	Oval	593

CONSTITUENCY	<u> </u>	AREA CODE
Portsmouth South	Fratton	594
SOLCZING CH. 200 CH.	St Jude	595
Southampton Itchen	Bitterne	596
200 Chamb con Legisch	Peartree	597
Plymouth Drake	St Peter	598
/ fymodeli brake	Stoke	599
Bristol East	Brislington East	600
B) (300) 2030	Lawrence Hill	601
Bristol South	Filwood	602
D(13001 3000)	Windmill Hill	603
Walsall South	Pleck	604
na (Suff Social	Palfrey	605
Birmingham Hall Green	Brandwood	606
Diffiniting name that the second	Brandwood	607
West Bromwich East	Great Barr	608
NCSC STOMMTON 222	Newton	609
Coventry South East	Lower Stoke	610
oo tellory of the second	St Michael's	611
Birmingham Northfield	Weoley	612
	Weoley	613
Dudley East	Netherton and	
*	Woodside	614
	St Thomas's	615
Warley West	Rowley	616
·	Blackheath	617
Walsall North	Bloxwich East	618
	Short Heath	619
Wolverhampton North East	Heathtown	620
	Wednesfield South	
Birmingham Perry Barr	Kingstanding	622
	Oscott	623
Birmingham Ladywood	Ladywood	624
	Ladywood	625
Coventry North East	Henley	626
	Upper Stoke	627

CONSTITUENCY	114.00	
	WARD	AREA CODE
Wolverhampton South East	Bilston East	523
	Ettingshall	629
Birmingham Hodge Hill	Hodge Hill	630
	Hodge Hill	631
Birmingham Sparkbrook	Fox Hollies	632
	Fox Hollies	633
Stoke-on-Trent Central	Berry Hill	634
	Hanley Green	635
Manchester Withington	Barlow Moor	636
	Withington	637
Stretford	Clifford	638
	Stretford	639
Manchester Blackley	Charlestown	640
	Lightbowne	641
Manchester Gorton	Levenshulme	642
live.	Fallowfield	643
Liverpool Garston	Speke	544
Dánkart	Woolton	645
Birkenhead	Birkenhead	646
Sales La	Oxton	647
Salford East,	Broughton East	648
1 Suppose I III	Pendleton	649
Liverpool West Derby	Croxteth	650
Poot1-	Gillmoss	651
Bootle	Derby	652
Livonnost Water	Netherton	653
Liverpool Walton	County	654
livencel Diversity	Melrose	655
Livepool Riverside	Vauxhall	656
	Granby	657

APPENDIX B

THE QUESTIONNAIRE

ADDRESS RECORD SHEET

COMPLETED FOR EVERY ADDRESS

10 DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF PAGE 2 TO ENSURE RANDOMISATION OF SELECTION PROCESS

NOP/9888		AREA CODE
1,4;	BRITISH CRIME	SURVEY 1984
	ADDRESS REG	SERIAL No.
	!	13; 9;
	PART 2ND	
POST CODE - ONLY IF WRITTEN ON ELECTORAL		No. OF ELECTORS ON REGISTER
REGISTER (12)(13)(14)(15)(16)(17	7)(18)
RECORD OF CALLS TO CONTACT AD	DRESS	OFFICE USE ONLY BATCH CODE
CALL DATE DAY TIME	RESULT	(21)(22)(23)
2		Q.1 Did you get information about people living here?
3		(31)
		Yes 1 No 2 GIVE REASON BELOW
4		(32)
5		No trace of address
5		Demolished
CONTACTS AND NON-CONTACTS		Institution* 5
ADDRESS ON REGISTER IS		Refused to give details 6 Household away until 7
Whole house - detached	(24)	No reply after 5 or more calls 8
- semi-detached	1 2	*Give details
- mid-terraced - end terrace .	4	
Maisonette Flat - purpose built	0 SEE	
- converted Rooms/bedsitter		Q.2 Did you interview selected person? (33)
IF FLAT, CODE BELOW		Yes 1 No Z GI/E REASON BELOW
Self-contained	(25)	
Not self-contained Don't know	2	No contact after 5+ calls 1
	(26)	Personal refusal 2 Broken appointment 3
Building has less than 5 floors		Ill (at home) during survey period. 4 Away/In hospital during survey
Building has 5 or more floo	ors. 2	period 5
CONTACTS ONLY		Senile/incapacitated
DAY	MONTH Feb = 2	Proxy refusal
DATE OF INTERVIEW (27)(28)	Mar = 3 (29) etc.	
DAY OF WEEK	(27) 646.	
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri	<u>Sat</u> <u>Sun</u>	: INTERVIEWER NUMBER

INTERVIEWER NAME

1 ... 2 ... 3 ... 4 ... 5 ... 6 ... 7 (30)

1.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOL ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER		[VING	AT		(39)	GC [F	TO	D. E THAN	HOUSE	HOLD HOUSEHOL)
3.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOU ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW PART OF THE OCCUPATION WE ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	LIVIN	NG IN	THE				Yes No	• • • • • •	1 G	0 TO C	
С.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE LISTED ON THE REGISTER, UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN O	INCLUI IN T	DING T HE UND	ERLI	NED			•		(41	NOW G	- 11
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDI UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUS					-HOUSE	HOLD	ADDRI	ESSES	WHERE		
ິງ.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTOR (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S		EHOLD)									
	Do <u>all</u> these people stil	I live	e here	?						1 A	SK E O TO F	4
٤٠,	Does anyone else aged lo from these people live h this household?								2 11		EW UNDER LECTOR	₹-
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE U	NDERL	INED E	LECT	OR AL	READY	сноѕе	N FO	R INTE	RVIEW	•	
F.	Including yourself, how 16 or over live here (as household)?				d .					(44) (45)	
1.1	3. IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBE AT WHOLE ADDRESS					TH	AT PE	RSON		, INT GO TO	ERVIEW G.	
ì.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX.	GRID DO NO	BELOW.	, LIS TE IN	T MAL I SURN	ES FIR AMES -	ST, T USE	THEN I	FEMALE IALS (ES, LI DR FIR	ST OLDE ST NAME	ST S ONL
. ,	PERSON 1				PERS	ON 6						
	2					7						
	3					8				:	·	
	4					9					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	5					10					######################################	
,	NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or	more	
•.	INTERVIEW PERSON NUMBER	Ţ	2	1	3	3	1	4	6	7		

λ.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING A ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.	T	[39)	GC IF	TOD	THAN	HOUSEHOLD HOUSEHOL	3:
8.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF UNDERLELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING IN TO PART OF THE OCCUPATION WHERE UNDERLIFECTOR USED TO LIVE?	HE)					1 GO TO C 2 GO TO F	1.
C.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE ELECTORS LISTED ON THE REGISTER, INCLUDING TH UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE IN THE UNDE ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1982.	RLIN	IED					(41) NOW GO TO D.	14.
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES AND A UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IDENT	LL M IFIE	MULTI- ID.	HOUSE	HOLD	ADDRE	SSES	WHERE	
0.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD)							.*	
	Do all these people still live here?							1 ASK E 2 GO TO F	(4:
Ε.	Does anyone else aged 16 or over apa from these people live here as part this household?						2 IN	TO F TERVIEW UNDER- NED ELECTOR	- [4]
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UNDERLINED EL	ECT(OR ALR	EADY	CHOSE	N FOR	INTE	RVIEW.	
F.	Including yourself, how many people 16 or over live here (as part of you household)?		<u> </u>					(44) (45)	4:
N.E	B. IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S ADDRESS NOT IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER OF PEOPLE AT WHOLE ADDRESS			TH	AT PE	RSON		GO TO G.	
Ġ.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN GRID BELOW, TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX. DO NOT WRITE								
	PERSON 1		PERSO	ON 6					
	2			7					
[3			8					
	4			9					
	5			10					
	NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS 1 2	3	4	5	6	7 -	8	9 or more	
•	INTERVIEW PERSON NUMBER 1 1	3	2	2	6	3	5	6	

A.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.		NG AT.		(39)	GO IF	ONLY (TO D. MORE TO B.	•		- 1	
3.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW UPART OF THE OCCUPATION WHE ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	IVING	IN THE				es				
c.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE LISTED ON THE REGISTER, IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OC	NCLUDING	G THE UNDERLI	NÉD						NOW GO	•
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRE				-HOUSE)	HOLD A	DDRES:	SES WH	ERE		
0.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S		LD)								
	Do all these people still	live h	ere?				es				
٤.	Does anyone else aged l6 from these people live he this household?						2	INTE		UNDER- TOR	
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UN	DERLINE	D ELECT	OR ALI	READY (CHOSEN	FOR	INTERV	IEW.		
F.	Including yourself, how m 16 or over live here (as nousehold)?			ed .					(44) (45)	
√V.8	. IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S A IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER AT WHOLE ADDRESS	DDRESS OF PEC	NOT PLE		TH	AT PER	ONE PEI RSON THAN O				
3.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN G TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX. D									OLDEST	
	PERSON 1			PERS	ON 6						
Ī	2				7						
	3				8				-		
	4				9				<u> </u>		
	5				10						
_	NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS	1	2 3	4	5	6	7	8 9	or mo	ore	
•	INTERVIEW PERSON NUMBER	1	2 2	1	1	5	2	4 5			

•	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING AT ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.	(39		GO TO	D. RE THAN	ONE HOUSEHOLD	
3.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF UNDERLINE ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING IN THE PART OF THE OCCUPATION WHERE UNDERLINED ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?					1 GO TO C 2 GO TO F	÷:
5.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE ELECTORS LISTED ON THE REGISTER, INCLUDING THE UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE IN THE UNDERLIELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1982.	INED				(41) NOW GO TO D.	/ 1
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES AND ALL UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFE		ISEHOI	_D ADDR	ESSES \	HERE	
0.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD)						
	Do <u>all</u> these people still live here?					1 ASK E 2 GO TO F	(42
Ε.	Does anyone else aged 16 or over apart from these people live here as part of this household?					TO F TERVIEW UNDER- NED ELECTOR	(43
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UNDERLINED ELECT	TOR ALREAD	у сн	DSEN FO	R INTE	RVIEW.	
F.	Including yourself, how many people age 16 or over live here (as part of your household)?	ed				(44) (45)	45
N.B	IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S ADDRESS NOT IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER OF PEOPLE AT WHOLE ADDRESS		THAT	PERSON	l	, INTERVIEW	
G.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN GRID BELOW, LIST TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX. DO NOT. WRITE IN	ST MALES I N SURNAME:	FIRST S - U	, THEN SE INIT	FEMALE:	S, LIST OLDEST R FIRST NAMES O	NLY.
	PERSON 1	PERSON	5	······································	-		
	2		7				
	3		3				-
	4		9				
	5	1)				
	NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS 1 2 3	4 5			8	9 or more	
. •	INTERVIEW PERSON 1 1 1 NUMBER	4 5	4	• 1 •	3	4	

Α.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING AT ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.	(39) IF ONLY ONE HOUSEHOLD GO TO D. IF MORE THAN ONE HOUSEHOLD GO TO B.	
3.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF UNDERLINE ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING IN THE PART OF THE OCCUPATION WHERE UNDERLINED ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	Yes 1 GO TO C	
C.,	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE ELECTORS LISTED ON THE REGISTER, INCLUDING THE UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE IN THE UNDERLIELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1982.	NED (41) NOW GO TO D.	
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES AND ALL UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFE		
D.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD)		
	Do <u>all</u> these people still live here?	Yes 1 ASK E No 2 GO TO F	1
. ε.	Does anyone else aged 16 or over apart from these people live here as part of this household?		
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UNDERLINED ELECT	FOR ALREADY CHOSEN FOR INTERVIEW.	
F.	<pre>including yourself, how many people age 16 or over live here (as part of your household)?</pre>	ed (44) (45)	
N.8	IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S ADDRESS NOT IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER OF PEOPLE AT WHOLE ADDRESS	IF ONLY ONE PERSON, INTERVIEW THAT PERSON IF MORE THAN ONE, GO TO G.	
G.		ST MALES FIRST, THEN FEMALES, LIST OLDEST N SURNAMES - USE INITIALS OR FIRST NAMES O	
-	PERSON 1	PERSON 6	
	2	7	
- [3	8	
	4	9	1
	5	10	
	NUMBER OF PEOPLE 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 9 or more	
	INTERVIEW PERSON NUMBER 1 2 3	3 4 3 7 2 3	

RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING AT ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.	(39) IF ONLY ONE HOUSEHOLD GO TO D. IF MORE THAN ONE HOUSEHOLD GO TO B.	39 :
CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF UNDERLINED ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING IN THE PART OF THE OCCUPATION WHERE UNDERLINED ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	Yes 1 GO TO 3 No 2 GO TO F	10 CI
ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE ELECTORS LISTED ON THE REGISTER, INCLUDING THE UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1982.	(41) NOW SO TO D. (4	
ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES AND ALL MULT UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIED.	TI-HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES WHERE	
READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD)		
Do <u>all</u> these people still live here?	Yes 1 ASK E No 2 GO TO F	42 :
Does anyone else aged 16 or over apart from these people live here as part of this household?	Yes 1 GO TO F NO 2 INTERVIEW UNDER- (SELECTOR	43
ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UNDERLINED ELECTOR A	ALREADY CHOSEN FOR INTERVIEW.	
Including yourself, how many people aged 16 or over live here (as part of your household)?	} , ;	14 15
. IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S ADDRESS NOT IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER OF PEOPLE AT WHOLE ADDRESS	IF ONLY ONE PERSON, INTERVIEW THAT PERSON IF MORE THAN ONE, GO TO G.	
LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN GRID BELOW, LIST MATO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX. DO NOT WRITE IN SUR		•

PERSON 1				PERS	ON 6				
2		- West Squares			7				
3					8				
4	-				9				
5					10				
NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS	1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7	8	9 or more
INTERVIEW PERSON NUMBER	1	Ī	2	2	3	2	6	1	2

Ä	•	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHON ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER		/ING /	ĄT	(39)	GO IF	ONLY TO D MORE TO B	THAN		HORSEHOF	.)
В		CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOUSEHOUSEHOUSEHOLD NOW PART OF THE OCCUPATION WELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	LIVIN	IN E	THE)		;	'es . No	• • • • • •	1 G	0 TO C	
С	•	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF TH LISTED ON THE REGISTER, UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN O	INCLUD IN TH	ING T	ERLIN	IED					(41	NOW G	
		ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADD UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOU					HOUSEH	OLD .	ADDRE:	SSES	WHERE	<i>t</i> .	-
D		READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTO		HOLD)									
		Do all these people stil	1 live	here	?				Yes . No			ISK E	1
ε		Does anyone else aged 16 from these people live hthis household?								SIN	TERV	EW UNDER	R-
		ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE U	NDERL I	NED E	LECT	OR ALR	EADY C	HOSE	N FOR	INTE	RYIE	1.	
F	•	Including yourself, how 16 or over live here (as nousehold)?	many p part	eople of yo	age our	i					(44	(45)	
N	.в.	IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBE AT WHOLE ADDRESS	ADDRES R OF P	S NOT EOPLE			THA	IT PE				TERVIEW	
G	ì.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX.											
		PERSON 1				PERSO	ON 6		,				
		2					7						
•		3					8						
÷		4					9						
		5					10						
•		NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 0	r more	
		INTERVIEW PERSON	1	2	1	3	2	1	5	8	1		

۸.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIV ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.	'ING .	A1		(39)	į	30 TO	D. RE THA	E HOUSE AN ONE	HOLD HOUSEHOL:) :3:
8.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF LELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING PART OF THE OCCUPATION WHERE UN ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	i N	THE	0 .			Yes No .		. 1 G . 2 G	0 TO C 0 TO F	(40)
С.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE ELECT LISTED ON THE REGISTER, INCLUDE UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE IN THE ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER	NG T UND	ERLI	NED					(41	NOW GO	(4)
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD				-HOUSE	HOLI) ADDR	ESSES	WHERE		
D.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSE)	HOLD)									
	Do <u>all</u> these people still live	here	?	1			Yes No .		. 1 A:	SK E	(42)
٤.	Does anyone else aged 16 or ov from these people live here as this household?						• • • • •	2 1	O TO F NTERVIA INED EL	W UNDER- ECTOR	(43)
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UNDERLIE	NED E	LECT	OR ALI	READY	сноя	EN FO	R INT	ERVIEW.		
F.	Including yourself, how many policy or over live here (as part household)?	eople of yo	age ur	d					(44)	(45)	(44 45)
N.E	B. IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S ADDRES IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER OF P AT WHOLE ADDRESS				TH	IAT F	ERSON		N, INTE		
G.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN GRID B TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX. DO NOT	ELOW, WRIT	LIS E IN	T MALI	ES FIR AMES -	RST, - USE	THEN INIT	FEMAL IALS	ES, LIS OR FIRS	ST OLDEST ST NAMES (DNLY.
	PERSON I			PERS	ON 6						
	2				- 7					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	3				8						
	4				9						
	5				10						
	NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS INTERVIEW PERSON	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or	more	
	NUMBER	2	2	3	5	5	3	6	8		

A.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOL ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER		[V]NG	AT	[39)	GC IF	OT (E THAN		HOUSEHOL:)
3.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOL ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW PART OF THE OCCUPATION WE ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	LIVIN	IG IN	THE							0 TO C 0 TO F	
С.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE LISTED ON THE REGISTER, I UNDERLINED ELECTOR, WERE ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OC	NCLU(DING T HE UND	ERLI	NED					(41	NOW GO	
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDR UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUS					HOUSE	HOLD	ADDR	ESSES	WHERE		
D.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTOR (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S		EHOLD))								
	Do <u>all</u> these people stil	lliv	e here	?							SK E 0 10 F	<u>-</u>
٤.	Does anyone else aged 16 from these people live hethis household?	or o ere a	ver ap s par	part t of						TERVI	EW UNDER- LECTOR	-
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE U	OERL	INED E	ELECT	OR ALF	READY	CHOSE	N FO	R INTE	ERVIEW	l .	
F.	Including yourself, how a 16 or over live here (as nousehold)?				d					(44	(45)	
N.	3. IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S A IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER AT WHOLE ADDRESS					T	IAT PI	ERSON		_	ERVIEW	
G.	LIST ALL PERSONS 16+ IN TO YOUNGEST WITHIN SEX.	GRID DO <u>NO</u>	BELOW T WRI	, LIS TE IN	T MALI	ES FIF AMES -	RST, '	THEN INIT	FEMALI	ES, LI OR FIR	ST OLDES	LONF
	PERSON 1				PERS	ON 6	•					
	2					. 7						
	3					8						
	4					9						
	5					10						
	NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or	- more	,
	INTERVIEW PERSON NUMBER	1	1	3	4	1	6	4	7	9		

Α.	RECORD NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS LIVING AT ADDRESS SHOWN ON REGISTER.	(39) IF ONLY ONE HOUSEHOLD GO TO D. IF MORE THAN ONE HOUSEHOLD GO TO B.	≟. ·
3.	CAN YOU IDENTIFY HOUSEHOLD OF UNDERLINED ELECTOR OR HOUSEHOLD NOW LIVING IN THE PART OF THE OCCUPATION WHERE UNDERLINED ELECTOR USED TO LIVE?	Yes 1 GO TO C No 2 GO TO F	
C.	ESTABLISH HOW MANY OF THE ELECTORS LISTED ON THE REGISTER, INCLUDING THE UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1982.	NED (41) NOW GO TO D.	11
	ALL SINGLE HOUSEHOLD ADDRESSES AND ALL UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIE		
0.	READ OUT NAMES OF ELECTORS (IN UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD)		
	Do <u>all</u> these people still live here?	Yes 1 ASK E No 2 GO TO F	141
Ε.	Does anyone else aged 16 or over apart from these people live here as part of this housenold?		10
	ALL EXCEPT CASES WHERE UNDERLINED ELECT	OR ALREADY CHOSEN FOR INTERVIEW.	
۴.	Including yourself, how many people age 16 or over live here (as part of your nousehold)?	d (44) (45)	1:
N.B.	IF UNDERLINED ELECTOR'S ADDRESS NOT IDENTIFIED ASK FOR NUMBER OF PEOPLE AT WHOLE ADDRESS	IF ONLY ONE PERSON, INTERVIEW THAT PERSON IF MORE THAN ONE, GO TO G.	·
G.		T MALES FIRST, THEN FEMALES, LIST OLDEST SURNAMES - USE INITIALS OR FIRST NAMES ONL	٧.
	PERSON 1	PERSON 6	
	2	7	
	3	8	! •
	4	9	

9 or more

NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD/ADDRESS

INTERVIEW PERSON

NUMBER

MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 1

u	0	٠, د	ď	Q	Q	Ç
n	U	-/	9	↷	0	C

THE PERSON NAMED AND POST OF THE PARTY OF TH

AREA CODE

3, ,5

1984 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

SERIAL No.

Very satisfied 1

(17)

(3) (9)

MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

ATTH SEATAL NOIS	ESTIONNAIRE FOR ALL RESPONDENTS ERS ENDING IN AN ODD NUMBER	(02) (10/1
TIME MAIN QUESTI	ONNAIRE STARTED	1 (12)
think are the be me what you pers	first of all to think of the area round he st and worst things about living here. Fir onally think are the best things about livi CODE ALL THAT APPLY	estly, can you tell ng in this area?
	Transport/access to places Shops Parks/sports/leisure facilities Schools/colleges Housing Quiet/peaceful Friendly/near friends/good neighb Safe/lack of crime General convenience of the area Good area/just like it In countryside/near countryside Know the area/it's familiar Other (WRITE IN FULLY AND CODE)	2
	Nothing	
And what would y Anything else?	you say are the worst things about living in	
IF MORE THAN ON	E THING MENTIONED ASK: Of the problems you had think is the worst problem?	ave mentioned,

Q.4	- wille in other areas beoble mos	to things together and try to help each other stly go their own way. In general, what kind you live in; is it one where people mostly le mostly go their own way?
		Help each other 1 Go own way 2 Mixture 3 Don't know 4
Q.5	How difficult is it for you to someone who lives here? Is it	
		Very easy 1 Fairly easy 2 Fairly difficult 3 Very difficult 4 Don't know 5
Q.6	How long have you lived in this	area?
		Under 1 year 1 1 but under 5 years 2 5 but under 10 years 3 10 but under 20 years 4 20 years or more 5
	How safe do you feel walking alc you feel (READ OUT) (NOTE: IF RESPONDENT NEVER GOES OUT ALONE AT NIGHT, PROBE 'How safe would you feel ?')	Very safe
Q.7(b)	Why do you feel unsafe?	
	No-one Hearsa People Genera	of being mugged
	Don't	7 know 8

ASK ALL

Most of us worry at some time or other about being the victim of a crime, and I would like you to tell me now worried you are about being the victim of different types of crime.

SHOWCARD A Using one of the phrases on this card, could you tell me now worried you are about having your home broken into

READ OUT EACH CRIME IN TURN

		Very worried		Not very worried	Not at all worried	Don't know	·
(a)	Having your home broken into and something stolen	1 .;	2	3	4	5	(23)
(b)	Being mugged and robbed	1	2	3	. 4	5	(24)
(c)-	(d) ASK WOMEN ONLY. MEN GO TO	(e)					
(c)	Being raped	1	2	3 . <i>.</i>	4	5	(25)
(d)	Being sexually molested or pestered	1	2	3	4	5	(26)
ASK	ALL						
(e)	Having your home or property damaged by vandals	1	2	3	4	5	(27)
(f)	Being attacked by strangers					·	(28)
(g)	Being insulted or bothered by strangers	1 ,.	2	3	4 ,.,.	5	(29)

Q.9(a)	I would now like to talk about the chance of crimes are of course, more likely to mappen I am going to read out a list of crimes and I am going to read out a list of crimes and I am going to read out a list of crimes and	to some people than to others.
	tell me from this card SHOWCARD B now likel nappen to you in the next year. READ OUT E	ACH IN TURN AND CODE BELOW
		rly Fairly at all Certain Don't ely unlikely likely not to know
	ing your home or operty damaged by vandals . 1 2	3 4 5 6 7
3e i	ng mugged and robbed 1 2	3 4 5 6 7
3e i	ng attacked by strangers 1 2	3 4 5 6 7
Hav	ing your home broken to and something taken 1 2	
	WOMEN ONLY	
3e i	ng raped 2	3 4 5 6 7
Bei or	ng sexually molested pestered 1 2	3 4 5 6 7
(4.9(b)	Thinking about a hundred houses around here, about how many of these hundred houses do you think will be burgled in the next year? IF DON'T KNOW ASK: Well how many would you guess?	WRITE IN (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
Q.9(c)	Do you think your own chances of being burgled are about the same as everyone else's around here, or more, or less than everyone else's around here?	About the same
Q.9(d)	And thinking about a hundred average people around here of all different types, about how many of these hundred people do you think will be mugged in the next year? IF DON'T KNOW ASK: Well how many would you guess?	WRITE IN (40) (41) (42)
Q.9(e)	Do you think your own chances of being mugged are about the same as everyone elses around here or more, or less	About the same
•	than everyone elses around here?	No idea4
Q. 10	For the following things I read out, can yo fairly common, not very common, or not at a now common or uncommon are READ OUT	Il Common in Vour area Firstly !
		Not Not ery Fairly very at all Don't ommon Common Common know
(a)	Noisy neighbours or loud parties	
(b)	Graffiti on walls or buildings	
(c)	Teenagers hanging around on the streets	
(d)	Drunks or tramps on the streets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(e)	Rubbish and litter lying about	And the second s

EXPERIENCE AS A VICTIM

	The next few questions concern things that may have habbened 13 you over the silverteen, fourteen months since the first of January 1983, in which you may have been the victim of a crime or offence. I am only concerned with incidents which have happened to you personally or to other members of your incidents which have happened to you personally or to other members of your nousehold - that is people living with you and catered for by the same person as you.	9
	I don't just want to know about serious incidents - I want to know about small things too. It is often difficult to remember exactly when things happen, so I will take the questions slowly and I would like you to think carefully about them.	Ţ., 2.,
	First, I need to ask a few questions to find out which parts of the question- naire apply to you and which don't.	
Q.11	First of all does anyone in this household own or have the regular use of a motorcycle, scooter or moped?	3;
	Yes	(49)
Q.12	Can I check, has anyone in this household owned or had the regular use of a motorcycle, scooter or moped at any time since the first of January 1983?	
	Yes 1 No 2	(50)
	ASK ALL	
Q.13	Does anyone in this household own or have the regular use of a car, van or other motor vehicle?) <u>.</u> -
	Yes 1 GO TO Q.15 No 2 ASK Q.14	(51)
Q.14	Can I just check: has anyone in this household owned or had the regular use of a car, van or other motor vehicle at any time since the first of January 1983?	
	Yes 1 No 2	(52)_
Q.15	INTERVIEWER CHECK - IS THERE A "YES" ANSWER AT Q.11 OR Q.12 OR Q.13 OR Q.14	
	Yes A ASK Q. 16 No B GO TO Q. 19	
Q.16	During the thirteen/fourteen months since the first of January 1983 have you or anyone else now in your household had their car, van, motorcycle or other motor vehicle stolen or driven away without permission? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (53)(54)	(53 / 54
Q. 17	And in the time since the first of January 1983 has anyone had anything stolen off their vehicle or out of it (parts of the vehicle, personal possession or other things)? How many times?	
•	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (55)(56)	(55)
		1

Q. 18	And apart from this, in that time has anyone had their vehicle tampered with or damaged by vandals or people out to steal? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (57)(58)
	ASK ALL
Q.19	Does anyone in this household own a bicycle? Yes 1 GO TO Q.21 No 2 ASK Q.20
Q.20	Can I just check, has anyone in this household owned a bicycle at any time since the first of January 1983?
	Yes T ASK 0.21 No 2 GO TO 0.22
Q.21	During the thirteen/fourteen months since the first of January 1983, have you or anyone else now in your household had a bicycle stolen? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (61) (62)
	NB IF TWO BICYCLES TAKEN AT ONE TIME, COUNT AS ONE INCIDENT
Q.22	Can I just check: how many years have you lived at this address?
	Less than 1 year
Q.23	Were you living at this address on the first of January 1983?
	Yes T GU TU Q-32 No 2 ASK Q.24
Q.24	I would like you to think back to the place or places you were living between the first of January 1983 and the time you moved here. Between the first of January 1983 and the time you moved here, did anyone get into the place you were living without permission and steal or try to steal anything? How many times?
	from many crimes:
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (65)(66)
Q. 25	Apart from this, in that time did anyone get into your nouse/flat without permission and cause damage? How many times?
Q. 25	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (65)(66) Apart from this, in that time did anyone get into your nouse/flat without

Q.25	Apart from this, in that time have you had any evidence that someone had tried to get in without permission to steal or to cause damage? How many times?	! !
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (69)(70)	(69 70
Q.27	Apart from this, in that time was anything stolen out of your house/flat? How many times?	/73
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00	(71 , 5 72.,
0.28	Apart from this, in the time between the first of January 1983 and the time you moved here did you ever have the milk stolen from outside your house/flat? How many times?	(73 a
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (73)(74)	7413
Q.29	And apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time was anything else that belonged to someone in your household stolen from outside the house/flat - from the doorstep, the garden or the garage for example? How many times?	(75
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (75)(76)	76)
Q.30	And again, apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time did anyone deliberately deface or do damage to your house/flat or to anything outside it that belonged to someone in your household? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (77)(78)	(77 / 78)
7.31	I would now like you to think about the time since you moved here. Since you moved here has anyone got into this house/flat without permission and stolen or tried to steal anything? How many times?	
		(79 80) NEW CAR DUP COL
	ASK ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE LIVED AT THEIR PRESENT ADDRESS SINCE JANUARY 1ST 1983	1 - 9
Q.32	In the thirteen/fourteen months since the first of January 1983 has anyone got into this house/flat without permission and stolen or tried to steal anything?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (12)(13)	(12
y		

sage ...

AS	X	ΆL	L

33 . پ	Abart from this, in that time did anyone get into your house/flat without permission and cause damage? How many times?	•
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (14)(15)	
y. 34	Apart from this, in that time have you had any evidence that someone had tried to get in without permission to steal or to cause damage? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (16)(17)	(1
Q. 35	Apart from this, in that time was anything stolen out of your house/flat How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (18)(19)	(1)
0.36	Apart from this, in that time did you ever have the milk stolen from outside your house/flat? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (20)(21)	(20
1.37	And apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time was anything else that belonged to someone in your household stolen from outside the house/flat - from the doorstep, the garden or the garage for example?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (22)(23)	(22 / 23
Q.38	And again, apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time did anyone deliberately deface or do damage to your house/flat or to anything outside it that belonged to someone in your household? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (24)(25)	(24 / 25

ASK ALL

	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (38) (39)	39
2.45	Since the first of January 1983, have you been sexually interfered with, assaulted or attacked, either by someone you knew or by a stranger? How many times?	136
	FEMALE RESPONDENTS ONLY, MALE GO TO Q.49	37
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO	(36
Q.44	And in that time, has anyone threatened to damage things of yours or threatened to use force or violence on you in a way that actually frightened you? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (34) (35)	35
Q.43	And again apart from anything you have already mentioned, since the first of January 1983 has anyone (including people you know well) deliberately hit you with their fists or with a weapon of any sort or kicked you or used force or violence on you in any other way? How many times?	(34
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (32) (33)	32
Q.42	And apart from this, in that time has anything else of yours been deliberately damaged or tampered with by vandals or people out to steal? How many times?	i
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (30) (31)	(3C) 31;
Q.41	And apart from this, in that time has anything else of yours been stolen, from a cloakroom, an office, a car or anywhere else you left it? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (28) (29)	29
Q,40	Apart from this, in that time has anyone tried to steal something you were carrying - out of your hands or from your pockets or from a bag or case? How many times?	(28_
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (26) (27)	/25 27
	Apart from anything you have mentioned already, since the first of January 1983, have you had anything you were carrying stolen - out of your hands or from your pockets or from a bag or case? How many times?	
D .39	you personally - not the other people in your nousehold - in the shirtsen: Jurisen months since the first of January 1983. Please include anything that nappened to you during that time - at home, in the street, at work, in a snop, in a park, on a train or anywhere else.	

How many times since Januar	ry 1st 1983?		
			'(का) (क
Can you tell me what happed involved, where it occurred CODE BELOW	ned (on the last occas d, and what happened.	ion)? PROBE FOR: Who WRITE IN FULLY AND TH) was IEN
Location (4	4) Person respon:	sible	/45
At work		rk	(45) 1
On street	Someone else k Someone not ki	known to respondent nown to respondent	2
ASK ALL			
onto this page. CHECK BAC NUMBER OF INCIDENTS - IF N Q.s 28, 36 AND 47 ARE NOT	ONE CODE O, IF 10 OR MO RE-RECORDED HERE.	BELOW. FOR EACH, COE DRE CODE 9. NOTE THAT IT HOME	DE THE
Q.16 Vehicle theft	Q.31 c Q.32	or Burglary	
Q.17 Theft from vehicle	e	Break-in with damage	Ē
Q.18 Damage to vehicle	Q.34	Attempted burglary .	
Q.21 Bicycle theft	-	Theft from dwelling	
FORMER HOME (IF APPLICATION Of LANGE 1997)	Q.37	Theft outside dwellin (NOT MILK BOTTLES)	19
Q.25 Break—in with dam	age	Damage to dwelling	
	0.39	Theft from person	
			Ţ.
Q.26 Attempted burglar	y Q.40	Attempted theft from person	
Q.26 Attempted burglar Q.27 Theft from dwelli Q.29 Theft outside bui	y Q.40 ng Q.41		
Q.26 Attempted burglar Q.27 Theft from dwelli	y Q.40 ng Q.41 lding Q.41) Q.42	from person	
Q.26 Attempted burglar Q.27 Theft from dwelli Q.29 Theft outside bui (NOT MILK BOTTLES	y Q.40 ng Q.41 lding Q.41) Q.42	from person Other theft	

CHECK Q.49. IF ALL CRIMES ARE O OR NOT APPLICABLE GO TO Q.53. IF NO CRIME HAS MORE THAN ONE INCIDENT, GO TO Q.51. IF ANY CRIME HAS TWO OR MORE INCIDENTS ASK Q.50 FOR EACH CRIME WITH TWO OR MORE INCIDENTS.

0.50	You mentioned (NUMBER) incidents of (TYPE OF OFFENCE). Were any of these very similar incidents, where the same thing was done under the same circumstances and probably by the same people?	
	Yes T RECORD DETAILS BELOW Z GO TO Q.5T	46
	QUESTION NUMBER OF SIMILAR INCIDENTS IN SERIES	
	IF ANY INCIDENTS RECORDED AT Q.49	
Q.51	So can I just check	
	a) RE-RECORD TOTAL NUMBER OF SERIES OF INCIDENTS FROM Q.50 (47/48) Series (4	7/48
	b) RE-RECORD TOTAL NUMBER OF OTHER SINGLE (49/50) Incidents (4	9/5(
), ·	c) CODE OVERALL TOTAL - a) + b) (51/52) Series or Incidents (5	1/5;
	IF TOTAL AT c) IS 1, 2, 3 OR 4 - COMPLETE VICTIM FORM FOR EACH INCIDENT OR SERIES OF INCIDENTS - COMPLETE Qs. 53 AND 54 BEFORE COMPLETING VICTIM FORMS.	
	IF TOTAL AT c) IS 5 OR MORE - COMPLETE ONLY FOUR VICTIM FORMS. WORK BACK FROM THE END OF THE LIST AT Q.49, AND COMPLETE VICTIM FORMS FOR THE FOUR INCIDENTS OR SERIES YOU COME TO FIRST.	
	- IF THIS MEANS CHOOSING OUT OF INCIDENTS AT THE SAME QUESTION, TAKE THE MOST RECENT.	
	- RECORD AT Q.52 OVERLEAF THE INCIDENTS OR SERIES RECORDED AT Q.49 FOR WHICH A VICTIM FORM WAS TO COMPLETED.	

IF	5	OR	MORE	INCIDENTS	ÓΡ	CEDIEC			
					Or	25X1F2	KECORDED	4 T	0 617 1
							TOTALD	α_i	4.01(C)

	SCHILD RECORDED AT Q.51(c)	
	RECORD BELOW ANY INCIDENTS OR SERIES FOR WHICH VICTIM FORMS WERE THE COMPLETED - IF 10 OR MORE AT ANY QUESTION, WRITE IN 9.	ETED.
	Q.16 Venicle theft (53) PRESENT HOME	
	Q.17 Theft from venicle (54)	(
	Q.18 Camage to venicle (55)	
	Q.21 Bicycle theft Q.34 Attempted burglary (56)	
	FORMER HOME (IF APPLICABLE) Q.35 Theft from dwelling	= 116 .
	Q.24 Burglary Q.37 Theft outside dwelling (57) (NOT MILK BOTTLES)	16
	Q.25 Break in with damage (58)	(5)
	Q.26 Attempted burglary (59) Q.39 Theft from person	
	Q.27 Theft from dwelling Q.40 Attempted theft from person	(65
	Q.29 Theft outside building Q.41 Other theft (NOT MILK BOTTLES) (61)	70
	Q.30 Damage to dwelling Q.42 Other damage (62)	
	Q.43 Assault	72
	Q.44 Threats] (73) ī
	ASK ALL Q.45 Sexual assault	(74)
Q.53		(75)
0 51	CODE ALL THAT APPLY Yes - child/children under 16 2	
Q.54	VICTIM FORMS TO BE CONS. THERE ANY	
Q.55	No 2 50 0 TO VICTIM FORM	!
4.33	LAST DIGIT OF THE SERIAL NUMBER? 0,1,2,3 Fill IN TIME 321 01	
	QUESTIONNAIRE	į
	AND CLOSE INTERVIEW	
	TIME MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE ENDED	
	LENGTH OF MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE MINUTES	
	(78)(79)	

MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 2

MOP	/9888
1100	, , , , , ,

AREA CODE

	-	•
(3)	. 0	1 3

1984 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

SERIAL No.

	T		-
			ţ
ता	1	व	_

						RESPONDENTS
WITH S	ERIAL	NUMBERS	ENDING	in an	ODD	NUMBER

TIME MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE STARTED

02)	(10/1	1
2)		(12	١

(13)

Q.1 I would like you first of all to think of the area round here, and what you think are the best and worst things about living here. Firstly, can you tell me what you personally think are the best things about living in this area? Anything else? CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Transport/access to places Shops Parks/sports/leisure facil Schools/colleges Housing Quiet/peaceful Friendly/near friends/good Safe/lack of crime General convenience of the Good area/just like it In countryside/near countr Know the area/it's familia Other (YRITE IN FULLY AND	itiesi neighbourse area		234567890X
		(14)
Nothing	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2 3

Q.2	And what	would	you	say	are	the	worst	things	about	living	in	this	area
	Anything	else?						-		-			

IF MORE THAN ONE THING MENTIONED ASK: Of the problems you have mentioned, which one do you think is the worst problem?

Q.3 Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with living in the area?

Q.4	In some neighbourhoods people do things together and try to help each other while in other areas people mostly go their own way. In general, what kind of heighbourhood would you say you live in; is it one where people mostly help each other, or where people mostly go their own way?	. ·
	Help each other 1 So own way 2 Mixture 3 Don't know 4	(18) -
Q.5	How difficult is it for you to tell a stranger in your neighbourhood from someone who lives here? Is it READ OUT	•
	Very easy	(19)
Q.6	How long have you lived in this area?	
	Under 1 year 1 1 but under 5 years 2 5 but under 10 years 3 10 but under 20 years 4 20 years or more 5	(20)
Q.7(a)	How safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark. Would you say you feel (READ OUT) (NOTE: IF RESPONDENT NEVER Very safe	(21)
Q.7(b)	Why do you feel unsafe?	
	Fear of being mugged	(22)
	υρη'τ κπο ν	

ASK ALL

Most of us worry at some time or other about being the victim of a crime, and I would like you to tell me how worried you are about being the victim of different types of crime.

SHOWCARD A Using one of the phrases on this card, could you tell me how worried you are about having your home broken into

READ OUT EACH CRIME IN TURN

	NEW OUT CHAIR IN TORN	Yery worried		Not very worried		Don't know
(a)	Having your home broken into and something stolen	1	2	3	. 4	5
(5)	Being mugged and robbed	1	2	3	4	5
(c)-	(d) ASK WOMEN ONLY. MEN GO TO (<u>e)</u>				
(c)	Being raped	1	2	3	4	5
(d)	Being sexually molested or pestered	1	2	3	4	5
ASK	ALL					
(e)	Having your home or property damaged by vandals	1	2	3	4	5
(f)	Being attacked by strangers	1	2	3	4	5
(g)	Being insulted or bothered by strangers	1	2	3	. 4	5

	I would now like to talk about the chance of certain crimes are of course, more likely to happen to some of the lambda and some and some some of the lambda and som	one, I would like you to hak this crime is to RN AND CODE BELOW Not at all Certain Don't	
Havi oro	ing your home or operty damaged by vandals . 1 2 3 4	5 6 7	(30)
	ng mugged and robbed 1 2 3 4		(31)
Bein	ng attacked by strangers 1 2 3 4	5 6 <u>7</u>	(32)
Havi int	ing your home broken to and something taken 1 2 3 4		(33)
,	WOMEN ONLY	5 6 7	(24)
	ng raped	5 b /	(34)
Bein	ng sexually molested pestered 1 2 3 4	5 6 7	(35)
			•
9(b)	Thinking about a hundred houses around here, about how many of these hundred houses do you think will be burgled in the next year? IF DON'T KNOW ASK: (No id Well how many would you guess?	IN (36)(37)(38)	(36 / 38)
9(c)	burgled are about the same as everyone More the else's around here, or more, or less Less the	he same	(39)
9(d)	And thinking about a hundred average people around here of all different types, about how many of these hundred wRITE people do you think will be mugged in the next year? IF DON'T KNOW ASK: (No idea Well how many would you guess?	IN (40) (41) (42)	(40 / 42) .
9(e)	mugged are about the same as everyone More the elses around here or more, or less Less the	the same	(43)
10	For the following things I read out, can you tell me fairly common, not very common, or not at all common how common or uncommon are READ OUT EACH IN	n in vour area. Firstly. I	
		Not Not irly very at all Don't mmon Common Common know	
(a)	Noisy neighbours or loud parties	2 3 4 5	(44)
(b)	Graffiti on walls or buildings 1	2 3 4 5	(15.
(c)	Teenagers hanging around on the streets 1	2 3 4 5	(46)
(d)			(47)
(e)	Rubbish and litter lying about 1	2 3 4 5	1481
		ı	

EXPERIENCE AS A VICTIM

The next few questions concern things that may have happened to you over the sidenteen fourteen months since the first of January 1983, in which you may have been the victim of a crime or offence. I am only concerned with incidents which have happened to you personally or to other members of your nousehold - that is people living with you and catered for by the same persons you.

I don't just want to know about serious incidents - I want to know about small things too. It is often difficult to remember exactly when things nappen, so I will take the questions slowly and I would like you to think carefully about them.

First, I need to ask a few questions to find out which parts of the question-naire apply to you and which don't.

Q.11	First of	all d	loes	anyone	in	this	household	own	or	have	the	regular	use	οŕ	a
	motorcyc	le, sc	oote	r or mo	peo	1?						_			

											GO			
No	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	[]	YZK	Ų.	. 12	

Q.12 Can I check, has anyone in this household owned or had the regular use of a motorcycle, scooter or moped at any time since the first of January 1983?

,	/es			•							i	
t	ło				i						2	
,		•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	

ASK ALL

Q.13 Does anyone in this household own or have the regular use of a car, van or other motor vehicle?

Yes							GO	TO	Q.	15
No	٠					2	ASK	Q.	.14	

Q.14 Can I just check: has anyone in this household owned or had the regular use of a car, van or other motor vehicle at any time since the first of January 1983?

Yes					1	
No					2	

Q. 15 INTERVIEWER CHECK - IS THERE A "YES" ANSWER AT Q.11 OR Q.12 OR Q.13 OR Q.14

Yes	A AS	K Q. 16
No.	B GO	10 Q. 19

Q.16 During the thirteen/fourteen months since the first of January 1983 have you or anyone else now in your household had their car, van, motorcycle or other motor vehicle stolen or driven away without permission? How many times?

WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00

	-	 7	
1	}	1	
l	- (ł	
[
75	31(5	4)	

Q.17 And in the time since the first of January 1983 has anyone had anything stolen off their vehicle or out of it (parts of the vehicle, personal possession or other things)? How many times?

WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO

(55)	(56)

ą. 18	And apart from this, in that time has anyone had their vehicle tampered with or damaged by vandals or people out to steal? How many times?	;
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (57)(58)	
	ASK ALL	
Q.19	Does anyone in this household own a bicycle? Yes 7 GO 10 Q.21 (59: No Z ASK Q.20	
q.20	Can I just check, has anyone in this household owned a Sicycle at any time since the first of January 1983?	
	No 2 GO TO Q.22	٠.
q.21	During the thirteen/fourteen months since the first of January 1983, have you or anyone else now in your household had a bicycle stolen? How many times?	٠,
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (61) (62)	•
	NB IF TWO BICYCLES TAKEN AT ONE TIME, COUNT AS ONE INCIDENT	
Q.22	Can I just check: how many years have you lived at this address?	
	Less than 1 year	· · ·
Q.23	Were you living at this address on the first of January 1983?	. ,
	No 2 ASK Q.24)
Q.24	I would like you to think back to the place or places you were living between the first of January 1983 and the time you moved here. Between the first of January 1983 and the time you moved here, did anyone get into the place you were living without permission and steal or try to steal anything? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (65)(66)	;
Q. 25	Apart from this, in that time did anyone get into your house/flat without permission and cause damage? How many times?	7
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (67)(68)	/ 81
	(8//100/	

ą.25	Apart from this, in that time have you had any evidence that someone had tried to get in without permission to steal or to cause damage? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (69)(70)
Q.27	Apart from this, in that time was anything stolen out of your house/flat? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO
	(71)(72)
Q.28	Apart from this, in the time between the first of January 1983 and the time you moved here did you ever have the milk stolen from outside your house/flat? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO
	(73)(74)
ე.29	And apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time was anything else that belonged to someone in your household stolen from outside the house/flat - from the doorstep, the garden or the garage for example? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO (75)(76)
Ç.30	And again, apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time did anyone deliberately deface or do damage to your house/flat or to anything outside it that belonged to someone in your household? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (77)(78)
).31	I would now like you to think about the time since you moved here. Since you moved here has anyone got into this house/flat without permission and stolen or tried to steal anything? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 TO Q.33
	NEW C
	ASK ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE LIVED AT THEIR PRESENT ADDRESS SINCE JANUARY 1ST 1983 OTHERS GO TO Q.33
Q.32	In the thirteen/fourteen months since the first of January 1983 has anyone got into this house/flot without permission and stolen or tried to steal anything?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO
	(12)(13)

	ASK ALL	
ą. 33	Apart from this, in that time did anyone get into your house/flat without permission and cause damage? How many times?	(14
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (14)(15)	15;
ą. 34	Apart from this, in that time have you had any evidence that someone had tried to get in without permission to steal or to cause damage? How many times?	(16
•	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (16)(17)	17)
1. 35	Apart from this, in that time was anything stolen out of your <i>house/flat</i> How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (18)(19)	(18 / 19)
 . 36	Apart from this, in that time did you ever have the milk stolen from outside your $house/flat$? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (20)(21)	(20
1.37	And apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time was anything else that belonged to someone in your household stolen from outside the house/flat - from the doorstep, the garden or the garage for example? How many times?	(22
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (22)(23)	23)
ე.38	And again, apart from anything you have told me about already, in that time did anyone deliberately deface or do damage to your house/flat or to anything outside it that belonged to someone in your household? How many times?	
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (24)(25)	(24 / 25)

ASK	ALL

2.39	The next few questions are about things that may have nappenened to you personally - not the other people in your household - in the progress, fourteen months since the first of January 1983. Please include anything that nappened to you during that time - at home, in the street, at work, in a snop, in a park, on a train or anywhere else.
	Apart from anything you have mentioned already, since the first of January 1983, have you had anything you were carrying stolen - out of your hands or from your pockets or from a bag or case? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (26) (27)
Q.40	Apart from this, in that time has anyone tried to steal something you were carrying - out of your hands or from your pockets or from a bag or case? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (28) (29)
Q.41	And apart from this, in that time has anything else of yours been stolen, from a cloakroom, an office, a car or anywhere else you left it? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (30) (31)
Q.42	And apart from this, in that time has anything else of yours been deliberately damaged or tampered with by vandals or people out to steal? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (32) (33)
Q.43	And again apart from anything you have already mentioned, since the first of January 1983 has anyone (including people you know well) deliberately hit you with their fists or with a weapon of any sort or kicked you or used force or violence on you in any other way? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (34) (35)
Q.44	And in that time, has anyone threatened to damage things of yours or threatened to use force or violence on you in a way that actually frightened you? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE OO
	FEMALE RESPONDENTS ONLY, MALE GO TO Q.49
Q.45	Since the first of January 1983, have you been sexually interfered with, assaulted or attacked, either by someone you knew or by a stranger? How many times?
	WRITE IN NUMBER OF TIMES, IF NONE CODE 00 (38) (39)

Abant trom anything you have since the first of January lisexually pestered or insulte	383 nave you been	/25 1 ASK Vo 2 50	J. 27 J. J. 49
How many times since January	/ lst 1983?	(41))(42)
Can you tall me what happene involved, where it occurred, CODE BELOW	ed (on the last occasion)? , and what happened. WRITI	PROBE FOR: Who wa E IN FULLY AND THEN	s 1
			7
Location (44)			(45)
At work	Someone else known	to respondent to respondent	. 2
onto this page. CHECK BACK NUMBER OF INCIDENTS - IF NOT 28, 30, 36, 38, 42 AND 47 A Q.16 Vehicle theft Q.17 Theft from vehicle	RE CODE O, IF 10 OR MORE CORE NOT RECORDED HERE. PRESENT HOM Q.31 or Bu Q.32	ODE 9. NOTE THAT Q': 1 <u>E</u> urglary	s 18,
Q.21 Bicycle theft		<pre>c-in with damage mpted burglary</pre>	
		t from dwelling	
FORMER HOME (IF APPLICABL Q.24 Burglary	TOK)	t outside dwelling MILK BOTTLES) t from person	
Q.25 Break—in with damag	ge Q.40 Atte	mpted theft person	
Q.27 Theft from dwelling	Q.41 Othe	r theft ult	
Q.29 Theft outside build (NOT MILK BOTTLES)	Q.44 Thre	ats	
		al assault ALE ONLY)	

CHECK Q.49. IF ALL CRIMES ARE O OR NOT APPLICABLE GO TO Q.53. IF NO CRIME HAS MORE THAN ONE INCIDENT, GO TO Q.51. IF ANY CRIME HAS TWO OR MORE INCIDENTS ASK Q.50 FOR EACH CRIME WITH TWO OR MORE INCIDENTS.

					es		RECORD DETAIL	E2 REFOR
		QUESTION NUMBER	, -	UMBER	OF SIMILAR	INCIDEN	ITS IN SERIE	<u>s</u>
		والمناب المناب المناب والمناب					·	
	IF	ANY INCIDENTS REC	ORDED AT Q	.49				
Q.51	So	can I just check	• • • • · .					
	a)	RE-RECORD TOTAL INCIDENTS FROM		SERIES	5 OF .	(47/4	8)	Series
	b)	RE-RECORD TOTAL INCIDENTS FROM		OTHER	SINGLE	(49/5	0)	Incidents
	c)	CODE OVERALL TO	TAL - a) +	b)		(51/5	2)	Series or Incidents
	IF	TOTAL AT c) IS 1,	2, 3 OR 4	• ·	OR SERIES	OF INCI	ORM FOR EACH DENTS - COMP PLETING VICT	LETE Qs. 53
	:F	TOTAL AT c) IS 5	OR MORE	-	BACK FROM AND COMPLE	THE END TE VICT	R VICTIM FOR OF THE LIST IM FORMS FOR ES YOU COME	AT Q.49, THE FOUR
				~			OSING OUT OF ION, TAKE TH	
				- ·	OR SERIES	RECORDE	ERLEAF THE 1 D AT 0.49 FO DE COMPLETED	OR WHICH A

RECORD BELOW ANY INCIDENTS OF WRITE IN NUMBER OF INCIDENTS COMPLETED - IF 10 OR MORE AT	R SERIES FOR W	HICH V	ICTIM FORMS WERE III (R WHICH A VICTIM FORM	COMPLETED. WAS NOT	
Q.16 Vehicle theft	(53)	PRESE	NT HCME or Q.32 Burglary	(63)	
Q.17 Theft from vehicle	(54)	Q.33	Break in with damage	(64)	
SKIP CC		Q.34	Attempted burglary	(65)	
Q.21 Bicycle theft	(56)	Q.35	Theft from dwelling	(56)	
FORMER HOME (IF APPLICABLE) Q.24 Burglary	(57)	Q.37	Theft outside dwelli (NOT MILK BOTTLES)	ng [67]	
Q.25 Break in with damage	(58)		SKIP	COL : 68	(53
•	(59)	Q.39	Theft from person	(69)	
Q.26 Attempted burglary		Q.40	Attempted theft from person	(70)	75
Q.27 Theft from dwelling	(60)	0.41	Other theft	(71)	
Q.29 Theft outside building (NOT MILK BOTTLES)	g (61)	·	SK TI	P COL. 72	
, SKIP C	OL. 62				
	,	Q.43	Assault	(73)	
		Q.44		(74)	
ASK ALL		Q.45	Sexual assault (FEMALE ONLY)	(75)	
INTERVIEWER RECORD IF ANY IN THE ROOM DURING MAIN QUE CODE ALL THAT APPLY	ONE ELSE WAS STIONNAIRE -	Yes	no-one	1 r 16 . 2 3	(76
INTERVIEWER RECORD - ARE THE THIS RESPONDENT	HERE ANY ED FOR		7 FILL IN 117 TO THE N GO TO Z GO TO Q.55	E BELOW, VICTIM FORM	1 (77
INTERVIEWER CHECK - WHAT IS LAST DIGIT OF THE SERIAL N	THE JMBER?		,2,3 T FILL IN TIN THEN GO TO QUESTIONNA	FOLLOW-UP IRE	
		4 -	9 2 FILL IN TIN	AE BELOW INTERVIEW	-

MINUTES

(78)(79)

LENGTH OF MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

(75

VICTIM FORM

	<u>MCP/9888</u>	AREA CODE	
	1984 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY	, 3, -9; , 7 ,	· .
	VICTIM FORM	SERIAL NUMBER	
	COMPLETE ONE VICTIM FORM FOR EACH INCIDENT OR SERIES OF INCIDENTS INDICATED BY MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE Q.51	(04) (10/11 VICTIM FORM NUMBER (1 - 4)	
	TIME THIS VICTIM FORM STARTED		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	RE-RECORD FROM MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE Q.49	(13)(14)	(13
γ.1(a)	SCREENING QUESTION AT WHICH THIS INCIDENT/ SERIES OF INCIDENTS WAS MENTIONED	Q	11
ą.1(b)			(15)
	IF SERIES OF INCIDENTS AT Q.1(b)		
Q.2(a)	Number of incidents in series (from Q.50))? WRITE IN	(16)(17)	(16 . · 2 17)
2(b)	You mentioned a series of (NUMBER) similar in GFFENCE) since January 1983. When did these incidents	ncidents of (TYPE OF s happen?	
	RECORD A NUMBER FOR EACH TIME PERIOD. IF THERE WERE NO PARTICULAR PERIOD CODE '00'.	O INCIDENTS IN A	•
	January - March 1983	incidents	(18/19
	April - June 1983	incidents	(20/21
	July - September 1983	incidents	(22/23

October - December 1983

Can't say when

incidents (24/25)

incidents (25/27

(28/29

incidents

तात्रम[ा]

In which month did the most recent of these i	nciden	ts happen?			
RECORD BELOW Q.4 FROM NOW ON ALL QUESTIONS R	EFER TO	THE MOST	RECENT IN	CIDEN	
IF SINGLE INCIDENT ONLY AT Q.1(b)					
You said that, since January 1983, you or you OF OFFENCE). In which month did that happen?	r house	enold had RD BELOW		TVPE	
RECORD ANSWER TO Q.3 OR Q.4 BELOW	момтн		YEAR ,		
WRITE IN EXACT MONTH (IF AT ALL POSSIBLE) (e.g. JANUARY = 01 DECEMBER = 12	(30)(3		1983 1984		
DON'T KNOW =99)			(33)	-
IF EXACT MONTH NOT KNOWN PROBE FOR QUARTER	April	ry - March - June 19 - Septembe	83	2	
	Octob Janua	er - Decem	nber 1983 . 1984	4 5	
	cant	say		0	1
NOTE: IF YOU FIND THAT INCIDENT OCCURRED BEF					
IF HAPPENED THIS MONTH OR LAST MONTH ASK Q.5	<u>. IF L</u>	ONGER AGO		34)	
Did it happen READ OUT	In th	than a wee e last 2 v e last 3 v	ek ago veeks	1 2	
	In th r Over	e last 4 v 4 weeks ag	veeks	. 4	
	(non.	t know)		. 6	1
ASK ALL					
Can you tell me, very briefly, what happened NATURE AND CIRCUMSTANCES OF INCIDENT. RECOR	? PROB D KEY D	E FOR OUTL	INE DETAIL Y.	S OF	***************************************
				·	.
					-
	•				
					-
					-
					-
					_
	······································				-
					-
		OFFICE	USE ONLY		
			(35) (36)		
		1 1		_	

Q.7	At what time of day did it happen? (PROMPT WITH CATEGORIES IF NECESSARY)	
	During morning	(37
0.8	Did it happen during the week or at a weekend? NOTE: TAKE WEEKEND AS FRIDAY 6 p.m. TO MONDAY 6 a.m.	
	During week	(38)
	CODE IF OBVIOUS OTHERWISE ASK:	
Q.9	Can I just check; did it happen in England or Wales or did it happen some- where else?	
<u>-</u> .	England or Wales T ASK Q.10(a) Somewhere else 2 CLOSE VICTIM FORM HERE	(39)
	ASK ALL	
Q.10(a)	Where did it happen? PROMPT AS NECESSARY WITH CATEGORIES. CODE ALL DOUBTFUL CASES AS 'OTHER'.	
	OWN HOME	
	Inside own home (include attempted break-in) T GO TO Q.II(a) In garage specifically for this house/flat Z ASK Q.IU(b)	
	IMMEDIATELY OUTSIDE HOME	
	In row of garages for block of flats/ estate	(40)
	flat/block)	
	IN OR NEAR VICTIM'S REGULAR PLACE OF WORK	
,	At place of work	
	OTHER: Specify details of type of location 9	
Q.10(b) Does the garage have a connecting door to the house itself?	
	Va.= [1] <u>Va.</u> :	
	Yes 1 NOW ASK No 2 Q.11(a)	(41)

Q.11(a)	Can I just check was the person were the peo- your nome (or your garage) at all during the	sple who did it actually inside incident?	_
		Yes GO TO Q.12 No 2 Don't know 3 ASK Q.11(b)	
Q.11(b)	Did they try to get inside?	V	`
	IF OFFENDER INSIDE	Yes	
Q. 12	Did the person/the people who did it have a was it done by people who were invited in, we people who lived with you?	right to be inside? For example orkmen doing a job or guests or	
		Yes	,
	ASK Q.13 IF IN OR JUST OUTSIDE OWN HOME (CODE OTHERS GO TO Q.14	ES 1-5 AT Q.10).	•
- · Q. 13	Were you or anyone else in your household at	home at the time?	
		Household member at home 1 No household member at home. 2 Jon't know	(;
	ASK ALL		ľ
Q.14	INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM WHAT HAS ALREADY BEEN OBVIOUS. OTHERWISE ASK:	SAID IF ANSWER IS WHOLLY	
	Can you say anything at all about the people were or what sort of people they were?	who did it - how many there	
	Yes No .	1 ASK Q.15 2 GO TO Q.23	1
Q.15	How many were there?		-
·		One 1 Two 2 Three 3 Four or more 4 Don't know 5	1
Q.16	Was the person/were the people who did it ma		-
		Male	
		Female	K
		·	-

		CODE ALL THAT APPLY	
	A child/children of A young person/peop or an older person/old	der school age	,
As far as you kno	w was the person/were the	people who did it	
	READ OUT	CODE ALL THAT APPLY	
	black (West indian	or African)	(5
		4	
	(Do	on't know) 5	
CODE FROM WHAT HAS	ALREADY BEEN SAID IF ANSI	√ER IS WHOLLY OBVIOUS	
OTHERWISE ASK:			
Why do you think t	this was the person/these w	vere the people who did it?	
		CODE ALL THAT APPLY	
	I saw them mysolf/war	ersonally involved	
	Someone of	al sulid LIV INVOLVED	
	Someone 6126 29M CUGUL .	2	
	The Police arrested them The Police told me	1 3	
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of t	1	
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before	2 1	
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes	2 3	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after the	2 3	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they have seen them about and	2 3 4 the crime	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of told they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they have seen them about and suspicious Hearsay (what other people	2 3 4 the crime	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they suspicious They were them about and suspicious	2 3 4 the crime	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of told they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they have seen them about and suspicious Hearsay (what other people	2 3 4 the crime	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they admitted to it They were behaving susping they were behaving susping the seen them about and suspicious Hearsay (what other peopoleter (WRITE IN AND RING)	2 3 4 the crime	(5
	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they admitted to it They were behaving susping they were behaving susping the seen them about and suspicious Hearsay (what other peopoleter (WRITE IN AND RING)	2 3 4 the crime	(5
Was it someone/were was it a stranger/v	The Police arrested them The Police told me They were convicted of they admitted to it They have done it before for similar crimes They were behaving susping just before or after they admitted to it They were behaving susping they were behaving susping the seen them about and suspicious Hearsay (what other peopoleter (WRITE IN AND RING)	2 3 2 3 3 2 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 5 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	(5

	IF ANY KNOWN	
Q.21	How did you know them? Just you know (any of) them well?	by signt or just to speak to casually, or did
	you know (any ory enem never	CODE ALL THAT APPLY
		(All/some) just by sight
	IF ANY KNOWN WELL ASK Q.22	OTHERS GO TO Q.23
2.22	What was their relationship	to you? CODE ALL THAT APPLY
		Spouse/cohabitee
	ASK ALL	9
	,	- Control of the Cont
Q.23	The state of the s	
Q.23	CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTH	
	CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTH	Yes
	CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTHe belonged to you or anyone elements.	Yes
	CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTHe belonged to you or anyone elements.	Yes
	CODE IF WHOLLY OBVIOUS. OTHe belonged to you or anyone elements.	Yes

q.25(a)	(Including cash), what would you estimate stolen? PROMPT WITH PRECODED CATEGORIES	was the total value of wnat was IF NECESSARY	
) .	INTERVIEWER: IF ASKED SAY WE MEAN REPLACED TO THE SAME OF THE SAME	CEMENT VALUE. CHEQUES/CREDIT CARDS	
		Nothing	(59)
ე.26(ხ)	Was anything stolen which was of sentimental value to you? IF YES: Did it have a lot of sentimental value for you or just a little?	No, nothing	(60)
Q.27	Was any of the stolen money or property recovered? PROBE AS NECESSARY	Yes - all 1 Yes - some 2 No - none 3	(61)
q.28	ASK ALL (Apart from things that were actually stit damage, deface or mess up anything thin your household (including any damage or out)?	nat belonged to you or to anyone else	
*		Yes T ASK 0.29 No 2 GO TO 0.31	(62)
Q.29	What did they do? PROBE FULLY WRITE IN	What else? Anything else?	(63) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 X Y
Q.30	What was the total value of the damage t	hey did? IF 'DON'T KNOW' PROBE FOR	
	AN ESTIMATE. PROMPT WITH CATEGORIES IF	Nothing	(64)
2.31	INTERVIEWER CHECK Q.23 AND Q.28. WAS ANY PROPERTY STOLEN OR ANYTHING DAMA	GED/DEFACED?	
•		Yes	(65)

Q.32	Was any of the property which stolen or damaged covered by insurance policy?	an .	Yes
Q.33	Did you or anyone else in you household make a claim for th property which was stolen or	1e	Yes 1 ASK Q.34 No
Q.34	Did the insurance company givall the money you claimed, so it or none of it?	re you ome of	All
Q.35	Bearing in mind any money you from insurance and any proper you got back, would you say ywere financially better off worse off in the end?	rty you	Better off 1 GO TO Q.37 Worse off 2 ASK Q.36 About the same 3 GO TO Q.37 Don't know 4 GO TO Q.37
Q.36	IF WORSE OFF By how much would you say yo	u were	Under £5 1
	worse off? IF 'DON'T KNOW' FOR AN ESTIMATE. PROMPT WIT CATEGORIES IF NECESSARY	PROBE	£5 but under £25 2 £25 but under £50 3 £50 but under £100 4 £100 but under £250 5 £250 but under £500 6 £500 but under £1,000 7 £1,000+ 8 No idea 9
Q.37	ASK ALL (Apart from what was actuall the person/people who did i you or any other member of y	t try to steal	the best of your knowledge, did anything (else) that belonged to
			Yes 1 ASK Q.38 No 2 GO TO Q.39 Don't know 3 GO TO Q.39
ე.38	What did they try to steal?	Handbag Purse Cash (not from Money from me Cheque book/C Car/van Motorcycle/sc Vehicle parts Bicycle Video equipme Television Stereo/hi fi Camera Jewellery	T COLLECT 2 DETAILS OF 3 CONTENTS 3 CONTENTS 4 4 5 6 7 7 6 6 7 7 6 6 7 7
			8

ASK ALL		
Would you say that you sible in any way for wr forgot to do? PROBE:	or anyone else apart from the offenders were respon- nat happened, because of something you or they did or Who?	
	No - No-one]
	res - Respondent	(74)
	- Other household member	
	May 4.12	
	4	1
In what way were you/th	ey responsible? CODE ALL THAT APPLY	
	Provoked offender	
	Failed to lock (door, window, etc.) 2 Failed to close - left door etc. open 3	
	railed to lock away (e.g. didn't out	
	in safe)4	(75
	Failed to <u>put away</u> (e.g. left in open/ visible) 5	
	Other (WRITE IN AND CODE)	
	6	
ASK ALL		
	OTHER LINE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	
or anyone else aware of	OTHERWISE ASK: At the time it happened, were you what was happening?	
	Yes 1 ASK Q.42	76
	No 2 GO TO Q.52	
who was aware of it?		
······································	CODE ALL THAT APPLY	
	Respondent 1	
	Other household member 2	(77
	Other (WRITE IN AND RING)	
IF ANYONE AWARE .	3	,
Jid the person/any of thussed or threatened to us	e people who did it have a weapon or something they se as a weapon?	
	Yes T ASK Q.44	- ,
	No	(78
ihat was the weapon?		(79
RITE IN		1 2
		4 5
		7 3
		Ох
		1

The state of the s

	CODE IF OBVIOUSLY 'YES' OTHERWISE ASK:		•	
Q.45	Did the personiany of the people who dor violence on anyone in any way?	id it actual?	ly nit anyone	or use for
	CODE LE ORVIOUS OTHERWISE ACT	. No	, ,	ASK Q. 46 60 TO Q.49
Q.46	CODE IF OBVIOUS OTHERWISE ASK: On whom did they use force or violence:	?	CODE AL	L THAT APPLY
	Other	person outsid	mberde household	
	ASK Q.47 AND Q.48 FOR EACH PERSON MENTIC	NED AT Q.46		
Q.47	In what way did they use force or viole	nce on	. (PERSON) ?	RECORD REIN
Q.48	Were you/was (PERSON) bruised, IF YES ASK: In what way? RECORD BELOW	comptehe	ıt or injured	in any way?
	Re	spondent	Other Household Member	Other Person
	Q.47 CODE ALL THAT APPLY Grabbed/pushed Punched/slapped	(15)	(17)	/301
2 3 1 1 2	Kicked Hit with weapon/something used as weapon	3	2	2
FIRST TO AF	CODE Attempted rape	5	5	4 5 6
		8	8	8
		(16)	(18)	(20)
\ .\ }	No - not injured Yes - Bruises/black eyes Yes - Scratches Yes - Cuts Yes - Broken bones Yes - Other (WRITE IN AND RING)	. 2	3	3
	IF ANYONE AWARE OF WHAT WAS HAPPENING	_ 6	6	6
. 49	Did the person/people who did it threater there or harm them in any (other) way?	to use forc	e or violence	on anyone
		Yes No Don't know	7	Q.50 TO Q.52

whom did they threaten?	CODE ALL THAT APPLY	-
	Respondent	(22)
SK Q.51 FOR EACH PERSON MENTIONED	AT Q.50	
What did they threaten to do to	(PERSON)?	
CODE ALL THAT APPLY	Respondent Household Other Person (23) (24) (25)	
Hit with weapon/something used as a Sexual assault/rape	weapon 2	(23
	5	25)
	5	
acv at 1	5	
ASK ALL		
ian I just check, as a result of w your household have attention from	hat happened did you or anyone else in a Doctor?	
	Yes 1 ASK Q.53 No 2 GO TO Q.56	(26)
Who had attention from a doctor?	Respondent	(27)
ASK Q.54 FOR EACH PERSON WHO HAD A	ATTENTION FROM DOCTOR	
What was the reason why you/why attention from a doctor?	(other household member) needed	
	Other Household	
CODE ALL THAT APPLY	Respondent Member (28)	
Had physical injury/pain		
Had difficulty sleeping Felt worried/anxious/nerves		
Felt depressed		
Shock		(28
Nausea		/ /
Other physical symptoms (WRITE IN		29)
**************************************	8	1.
	g	
Abban	ET THERENCY	
Other psychological symptoms (WRIT	TE IN+RING)	
Other psychological symptoms (WRIT	**************************************	
	TE IN+RING)	

52

Q.54

0.55	Oid you/aid (other household member) need to sta	iy one night or more
	in hospital at all?	Respondent (30)	Other Household Member (31)
	Yes No	1	2
-	ASK ALL		
(As a result of the incident, did you or any other member of your household lose time from work at any stage?		s 7 ASK 0.57 2 GO 10 q
ų.57 l	Who lost time from work?	Respondent Other house	hold member 2
<u>.</u>	ASK Q.58 FOR EACH PERSON WHO LOST TIME AT	WORK	•
7.58	How many days did you/ (other househo	ld members)	lose?
- ·	l day or less	2	Other Household Member (35)123
	Over one month		_
	Looking back over the time since it happen kinds of practical problems or particular has caused you or your household? What el	inconvenienc	e which this inciden
			Photographics and a second control of the photographic and angle of the photographic and the
	AND THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O		
ų.59(b)	And could you also describe to me any kind which this incident has caused you or your Anything else? PROBE FULLY	is of emotion household?	al or personal probl What else?
			Photogram (Photogram) is a major property and the Park
Q.60	Thinking back to the <u>first few days</u> after say the incident affected you or your house	it happened, sehold at tha	how much would you t time?
Q.61	And how much would you say the incident is now?	s affecting y	ou or your household
	Very muc Quite a A little	ch lot e	Q.60 Q.61 (38) (39) . 1 . 1 . 2 . 2 . 3 . 3 . 4 . 4

1 1
1
1
7
0
+
4 7 0
- (

7.55	Well to explain oriefly what they do
	In some areas the police ask Victim Support Schemes to call round to see if victims of crime need any further information, advice or assistance, for example about insurance claims, repairs or court appearances; or if people are upset they can talk about their feelings.
	To you think all victims of crime should be contacted by such Schemes or not?
	Yes - all
0.66	Would you have liked to have been contacted by a Victim Support Scheme or not?
	Yes
Q.67	Would you have accepted (did you accept) an offer of assistance from such a Scheme?
	Would have accepted
Q.68(a)	When would their call have been most welcome?
	The day of the incident
	ASK ALL (IF FIRST VICTIM FORM)
Q.68(b)	The Government is considering schemes in which victims and offenders would meet out of court in the presence of an officially appointed person to agree a way in which the offender could make a repayment to the victim for what he had done. Would you have accepted a chance of such a meeting after this crime?
	Yes
Q.68(c) If an out of court agreement like this could be arranged without you having to meet the offender(s) would you like this to happen or not?
	Yes
	ASK Q.68(d) IF 'YES' AT EITHER Q.68(b) OR Q.68(c). OTHERS GO TO Q.69
Q.68(d) If an agreement could be reached would you want the offender(s) to be prosecuted and punished as well?
	Yes1
	No 2 Don't know 3

	/es	
IF NO AT Q.69	No 2 ASK-3.70	-
Why not? PROBE FUL	ŁY	1 5
WRITE IN		1 2
		1 5
		7 3
		O X
	Now go to Q.75	
IF YES AT Q.69		
How did they come t	to know about it?	
Police told	by respondent	-
Police told	by other person on respondent's behalf 2 ASK Q./2 by other person	-
Police were	there 4	(5
Police found	d out another way (WRITE IN AND RING) GO TO Q.73	'
	5	
	(Don't know)6	-
IF POLICE TOLD BY I	RESPONDENT OR ON RESPONDENT'S BEHALF ASK Q.72.	
	we tall the Believ shout enimes which are committed. Can	(5
	ys tell the Police about crimes which are committed. Can undecided to report this crime to the Police? Any other	1 2
reasons?		4 5
	·	7 8
		0 >
	ASK Q.73	
IF POLICE CAME TO	KNOW ABOUT MATTER (YES AT Q.69)	
	atisfied or dissatisfied with the way the Police dealt with	
the matter? IF SATISFIED ASK:	Very satisfied or just fairly satisfied?	
IF DISSALISFIED AS		
	Very satisfied	-
	Fairly satisfied 2 GO TO Q.75	- - - (5
	A bit dissatisfied 3 ASK Q.74 Very dissatisfied 4	"
	Don't know/Can't say 5 GO TO Q.75	1
Why were you dissa	tisfied? What other reason? Any other reason?	
	They were slow to arrive when sent for	
	They did not come when sent for 2 They didn't investigate matter/did not do	
	enough to investigate matter 3	
	They seemed uninterested 4	
	They made mistakes/handled matter badly 5 They didn't recover property 6	
	They didn't apprehend the offenders 7	(
	They failed to keep the respondent informed of progress of investigation	
	They were impolite/unpleasant 9	
	They didn't believe me/they accused me O Other (WRITE IN AND RING)	
	X	
		1

	ASK ALL
7.75	CODE IF OBVIOUS OTHERWISE ASK: JO you know if the police ever found out who did it? No they did not
Q.75	would now like to ask you now serious a crime you personally think this was. On this card (SHOWCARD D) is a scale to snow the seriousness of different crimes, with the scale going from 0 for a very minor crime like theft of milk bottles from a doorstep, to 20 for the most serious crime, murder. How would you rate this crime on the scale from 0 to 20?
Q.78	SHOWCARD E When the Police are told about a crime like the one you suffered, how much priority do you think they should give to solving it? Very high priority 1 Average priority 3 Low priority 4 Very low priority 5 or Should they take no action at all 6 (Don't know) 7
4.78	On this card (SHOWCARD F) are the actions the Folice can take and the various sentences which a Court can give to people. Which of these do you think should have happened to the person/people who did it? IF "COMPENSATION" MENTIONED ASK: "Should the person/people be given any other sentence as well as having to pay compensation?" CODE ONE ITEM ONLY OR COMPENSATION PLUS ONE ITEM ONLY
).79	No action taken/not a matter for the Police
.79	CODE ALL THAT APPLY.
	Nn-one else present
	LENGTH OF VICTIM FORM MINUTES (64) (65)

FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 1

1984 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE

 01/21/10	2 -2 -2 (1 / 1 / 2 / 1	

				_ 1
REA	CODE		j	
		1,5	/ (5	نسنا

SER IAL	No.	٠.		
i			(8)	101

COMPLETE THIS QUESTIONNAIRE FOR

1. AL	L RESPONDENTS	FOR	MOHK	VICTIM	FORMS	WERE	COMPLETED
-------	---------------	-----	------	--------	-------	------	-----------

2.	ALL	OTHER	RESPONDENTS	HIIW	ADDRESS	NUMBERS	ENDING	IN O,	1,	2	ÓR	3

TIME THIS QUESTIONNAIRE STARTED:

0	6
	7.

Q.1(a)	Do you personall	know anyone who has	been mugged and robbed	since the
	beginning of las	year, that is since	January 1983?	

						ASK					-
No .		•	•	1	2	G0	ĭ0	Ų,	. 2	(a)	_

Q.1(b) Did this/any of these incidents happen in this area?

Yes							•				,			1
No .						÷	•.					•	٠.	2
Don'	t	k	n	0	W									3

Q.2(a) Do you personally know anyone who has been sexually attacked or molested since January 1983?

Yes	. []	ASK Q	.2(b)
No	. [2	GO TO	0.3	(a)

Q.2(b) Did this/any of these incidents happen in this area?

Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Don't know		3

Q.3(a) Apart from your own household, do you personally know anyone who has had their home burgled or broken into since January 1983?

Yes		
No	2 GO	10 0.4

Q.3(b) Did this/any of these incidents happen in this area?

Yes											1
No .									٠		2
Don'											

q.4	What sort of crimes do you think happen most often in this area?		
	Burglary/break-ins 1 Vandalism 2 Mugging 3 Pickpocketing 4 Petty theft 5 Assault 6 Sexual crimes 7	119.	
	Car theft/theft from cars 3 Other (WRITE IN AND CODE)		
	9 No crime round here		
			- ,
Q.5	Do you think that in the last two years, the level of burglary in this area has READ OUT		
	Decreased	(20)	
Q.6(a)	Do you think most burglaries in this area are committed by people who live in the area or by people from outside the area?		-
	People from the area	(21)	•
Q.6(b)	And are most burglaries in this area committed by READ OUT		
	Children under 16 1 People aged 16-20 2 or People over 20 3 (All ages) 4 Don't know 5	(22)	
.Q.6(c)	And do you think these people are mainly READ OUT		
	Professional criminals	(23)	•
Q. 7	What kinds of people do you hear about being mugged and robbed in this area? Are they mainly men or women, or both equally?		
	Mainly men	(24)	•

	NOW GO TO Q.14
Q.11(b)	Why not? PROBE FULLY: Any other reasons?
	At least once a week
Q.11(a)	You say you haven't been out in the evening at all for leisure, social or other spare time activities during the last seven days. How often on average do you go out after dark for leisure? SHOWCARD G
	No - none ASK Q.II(a) Yes - Sunday 2 - Monday 3 - Tuesday 4 - Wednesday 5 GO TO Q.12 - Thursday 6 - Friday 7 - Saturday 8
2.10	In the last seven days, have you spent any evenings outside your home on leisure, social or other spare time activities? Which evenings? Any other
	Yes - regularly
Q.9(b)	Do you ever travel to work or come back from work between nine o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning? PROBE AS NECESSARY
Q.9(a)	Can I check, do you currently have a paid job? Yes 1 ASK 0.9(5) No 2 GO TO 0.10
	Mainly young
ე. ა	robbed in this area - are they mainly younger people, older people or somewhere in-between or are they of all ages equally?

g. 12	What was the main thing you did on the last time you went out in the evening	
* :	for leisure? /isited friends/relatives 1 Went to pub/club/other licensed premises. 2 Went to cafe/restaurant 3	
	Went to dance/disco/party	
	Went to evening class 6	
	Took part in sport	(31
	Went to meeting of club/committee 9 Went to cinema/theatre 0	
	Other (WRITE IN AND RING)	
	X	
ς.13	The next questions are about some things people might do simply as a precaution against crime when they go out after dark. When you are out after dark, how often do you avoid walking near certain types of people? RECORD BELOW. REPEAT FOR EACH ITEM. SHOWCARD H	
	How often simply as Some- Don't Appli- a precaution do you Always Usually times Rarely Never know cable	
(a)	Avoid walking near certain types of people 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(32)
(b)	Stay away from certain streets or areas 1 2 3 4 5 6 <u>7</u>	(33)
(c)	Go out with someone else rather than by yourself 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(34)
	And how often, simply as a precaution do you	
(d)	Avoid using buses or trains $1 \dots 2 \dots 3 \dots 4 \dots 5 \dots 6 \dots 7$	(35)
(e)	Use a car rather than walk 1 2 3 4 5 6 $\frac{7}{}$	(307
	ASK ALL	
Q.14	Are there any events and activities which you would like to go to but do not because of crime or violence?	
	Yes T ASK Q.15 No 2 GO TO Q.16	(37)
	NO 2 do 10 0.10	(38)
0.10	Why do you say that? PROBE: What events?	1 2
Q.15	Why do you say that? PROBE: What events?	4 5 7 8
	,	o x
	None 1	
Q.16	Yesterday (last weekday) how many Under 1 2 1 but under 3 3	(39
	hours did you spend outside your home during the day? 5 but under 7 5 7 or more 6	
	7 01 more	

Q.17 I would now like to talk to you about now serious you personally think different crimes are.
PLACE DOWN THE LOOSE CARDS HEADED 'Q.17' AND GIVE RESPONDENT ALL 14 CRIME CARDS

Mail i

Written on these cards are descriptions of different crimes. Please will you sort them into different piles according to how serious you think they are. For example if you think a crime is very serious put it on this pile - POINT TO 'YERY SERIOUS' CARD.

Please have a look through all the crimes before you sort them into piles. ALLOW RESPONDENT TO LOOK THROUGH CARDS.

There are no right or wrong answers to this question and you can put all the crimes into one pile if you want to, or sort them out in any other way, it is just your personal opinion we are interested in.

WHEN RESPONDENTS HAVE DONE THIS ASK THEM TO READ OUT THE CRIMES IN EACH CATEGORY AND RECORD THE ANSWERS BELOW.

		Very serious	Fairly serious	Not very serious Trivia	Don't q.
1.	Someone being mugged and robbed	1	2	3 4	5
2.	Someone fiddling their income $\tan x$	1	2	3 4	5
3.	A car being stolen for a joy ride	1	2	3 4	5
4.	A home being broken into and something stolen	1	2	3 4	5
5.	Someone regularly driving a car whil over the legal alcohol limit	e 1	2	3 4	5
6.	A woman being sexually molested or pestered	1	2	3 4	5
7.	Someone smoking cannabis or marijuana	1	2	3 4	5
8.	A woman being raped	1	2	3 4	5
9.	Someone stealing E5 worth of goods from a shop	1	2	3 4	5
10.	A prostitute soliciting for trade	1	2	3 4	5
11.	A private home or property being damaged by vandals	1	2	3 4	5
12.	Someone being insulted or bothered b strangers but not in a sexual way		2	3 4 .	5
13.	Someone fiddling Social Security	1	2	3 4 .	5
14.	Someone being attacked by strangers	1	2	3 4 .	5

· 一丁香 中部都在 电明中地

	and the contract of the contra	
	SHOWCARD J On this card are just some of the sentences which a court can give to people. Not everyone agrees about how severe these various sentences are, and I would like to know what you think, and I which of these sentences do you think is the most severe? And which next? And which next? And which do you think is the least severe?	•
	Most 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	54
	Q.18(b) SHOWCARD K On this card are the actions the police can take or the various sentences which a court can give to people. I am going to read out a number of different crimes and for each one I would like you to tell me what you think should have happened to the person committing the crime. You should assume in each case that this person is male, aged 17 and has previously been in trouble for similar crimes and that READ OUT EACH CRIME IN TURN AND CODE BELOW a) he has mugged and robbed someone b) he has broken into a home and stolen something c) he has committed a rape d) he has stolen £5 worth of goods from a shop e) he has stolen a car for a joy ride f) he has smoked cannabis or marijuana	
	And finally, can you assume that this last crime is done by a woman aged 23, who has previously been in trouble for similar offences g) and she is a prostitute soliciting for trade CODE ONE ITEM ONLY OR COMPENSATION PLUS ONE ITEM ONLY	
14 CA 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	A	(59 / - 72;

Q.19	What proportion of people aged 21 or over who a you think get sent to prison? Is it	re convict: READ OUT	ed of burg),	ary 90	
	or	Around a Maround two	third nalf o-thirds ow)	2	
Q.20(a)	There has been much discussion recently about to population and ways in which it might be reduce your views on this. All prisoners except those released on remission after serving two-thirds they have behaved well. Would it be a good or released after serving half their sentence, pro CODE BELOW	d, and I wo on life so of their so bad idea i	ould like the entences are entence, pro f they were	o ask for e oviding	
Q.20(b)	Some prisoners are released on parole before se sentence, under the supervision of a Probation or bad idea if the system were changed so that for parole? CODE BELOW	Officer.	Would it be	a good	-
		$\frac{Q.20(a)}{(74)}$		$\frac{Q.20(b)}{(75)}$	
	Good idea Bad idea Don't know	2		2	-
Q.21	I am going to read out some other ways people h the prison population, and for each one I would it would be a good or bad idea?	ave sugges like you	ted for redu to say if yo	ucing ou think	
		Good Idea	Bad Idea	Don't know	
	a) Judges and magistrates giving shorter sentences to people guilty of non-violent crimes	. 1	2	3	
	b) Making some non-violent offenders do community service instead of going to prison	. 1	2	3	
	c) Making some non-violent offenders pay compensation to their victims instead of going to prison	. 1	2	3	
	d) Fining people guilty of non-violent crimes instead of sending them to prison .	. 1	2	INEV	CA
	Some countries have schemes where people with desentenced to prison do not serve their sentence serve their sentence over a number of weekends. principle this is a good or bad idea for people crimes?	all at onc Do you th	e. Instead ink that in	they 07	(10
		3ad idea	a	2	
₹.23	Taking everything into account, would you say the police in this area do a good job or a poor job? IF GOOD: Very good or fairly good? IF POOR: Very poor or fairly poor?	Fairly g Fairly p Very poo	d ood oor r	2 3 4	
					;

	Today/yesterday 2 2 - 3 days ago 2	
	4 - 7 days ago	
	Can't remember 7	1
ASK HEADS OF HOUSE	HOLD OR SPOUSES ONLY, OTHERS GO TO Q.42	
	o talk about ways of preventing burglary. Firstly, are ur home insured against theft?	
	Yes 1 GO TO 0.27 No 2 ASK 0.26	
	Don't know 3 GD 10 Q.27	
Why is that?	Not worth it	
	Can't be bothered	(;
	Don't know 9	
What, in your opin burglary? CODE FI	ion, is the best thing the police could do to prevent RST MENTIONED ONLY	
	More police (unspecific)	(1
	5	
	Don't know6	
And what is the be CODE FIRST MENTION		
	More/better locks (doors and windows)	
	Dog	
	Dog 6 Tell neighbours 7 Tell police 8	

<u>ज्याम्य</u>

· 八百年

ე,29	Thinking of the various thing from burglary - things like a and so on - now much safer do	etter door locks,	window Pocks, Stronger money
			A lot safer 1 A little safer 2 Or No safer 3 (Don't know) 4
Q.30	Thinking of the people who I friends or acquaintances? RE	ive in this area, EAD OUT	how many would you regard as
		Some of Just a f	them
	ASK ONLY WHERE LAYOUT OF HOUS	SES MAKES IT APPRO	OPRIATE. OTHERS GO TO Q.32(a)
Q.31	Does this include the people or across the road, or whose backs onto yours?		Yes
Q.32(a)	The last time you were away READ OUT AND CODE ALL THAT A		e than a few days did you
	Ask someone to were alright or Ask someone to or Did you do non		sure things 2 ASK Q.32(b) 2 our home 3
Q.32(b)	Who did this for you? PROBE	IF NECESSARY: W	here do they live?
		Other people who	door/opposite/back 1 live nearby 2
		Can't remember .	4
Q.33	SHOWCARD L Would you pleas card, which gives a brief de Neighbourhood Watch Schemes. RESPONDENT TO READ CARD. Ha of these schemes before?	scription of WAIT FOR THE	Yes 1 No2
Q.34(a)	Do you think schemes like the effective in preventing burg		Yes
Q.34(b)	Why do you say that?		

Co you think a Scheme like this wou work in this area?	No
Why do you think it would not work?	
	·
	NOW GO TO Q.38
ASK ALL WHO THINK A SCHEME WOULD WO	ORK IN THIS AREA
Would you personally be prepared to	o join one of these schemes?
Alre	- would be prepared GO TO Q.37
	would not be prepared 3 ASK Q.36(b)
Why do you say that?	
Would you be prepared to put Neighbourhood Watch stickers or posters in your window, to show you were a member?	Yes
ASK ALL	
How easy would it be for your neighbours to keep a watch on your property while you were out?	Very easy l Fairly easy 2 Fairly difficult 3 Very difficult 4 Don't know 5
Such schemes rely on people telling their neighbours when their house i empty. Would you be willing to tel people living around here when your home is usually empty?	1. Yes 1
Do you think that the idea of neight looking after each other's homes no to be organised, or should people to left to make their own arrangement	needs Needs to be organised 1 Make own arrangements 2
When the police receive a call from a Neighbourhood Watch Scheme, what priority do you think the police would give to it? SHOWCARD M	

- Q.42 There are lots of things which are actually crimes, but which are done by lots of people, and which many people do not think of as crimes. On this me how many people you think do it most people, a lot of people, some people, or no-one.
 - (i) Firstly Item A how many people do you think do this? CODE BELOW
 - (ii) And have you personally done this in the last year?

REPEAT (i) AND (ii) FOR EACH ITEM FROM AT TO H.

11.	
Most lot of Some Don't people people people No-one know	(ii) Not Done done Refuse
D 1 2 3 4 5	. 6 7 8 . 6 7 8 . 6 7 8 . 6 7 8 . 6 7 8 . 6 7 8
Q.43 INTERVIEWER RECORD IF ANYONE ELSE WAS PRESENT IN THE ROOM COURSTIONNAIRE. CODE ALL THAT APPLY	URING FOLLOW-UP
Adult/Adults	
FILL IN TIME BELOW THEN GO TO DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE	-MAMAZINARZINARZINARZINARZINARZINARZINARZINA
TIME FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE ENDED	*****
LENGTH OF FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE	(45)(46)

FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE

VERSION 2

.JP/9888

AREA CODE

1984 BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

SERIAL No.

	FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE 3) '3)	
JC)!!P!	LETE THIS CLESTICHMAIRE FOR	
	PLI RESPONDENTS FOR WHOM VICTIM FORMS WERE COMPLETED	
2.	4LL OTHER RESPONDENTS WITH ADDRESS NUMBERS ENDING IN 0, 1, 2 OR 3 (10/	11)
TIME	THIS DUESTIONNAIRE STARTED:	.)
1(a)	To you personally know anyone who has been mugged and robbed since the beginning of last year, that is since January 1983?	
	Yes 1 ASK 0.1(b) No 2 50 10 0.2(a)	(13)
(c, f	Did this/any of these incidents happen in this area?	
	Yes	(14)
1 a)	To you personally know anyone who has been sexually attacked or molested since January 1983?	
	Yes 1 ASK 0.2(5) No 2 GO .0 0.3(a)	(15)
, j	Did this, any of these incidents happen in this area?	
	Yes	(16)
.²'a)	Abant from your own household, do you personally know anyone who has had their home burgled or broken into since January 1983?	
	Yes 1 4SK 0.3(5) No 2 30 0 3.4	(17)
.3(5)	Did this, any of these incidents happen in this area?	
	Yes	(13)

ŋ. 1	what sort of crimes do you think happen most often in this area?	
	Burglary/break-ins 1 '/andalism 2 Mugging 3 Pickpocketing 4 Petty tneft 5 Assault 6 Sexual crimes 7 Car theft/theft from cars 8 Other (WRITE IN AND CODE)	119
	9	
	No crime round here 0 Don't know X	
}.5	Do you think that in the last two years, the level of burglary in this area has READ OUT Decreased	
	Increased	(20)
Q.6(a)	Do you think most burglaries in this area are committed by people who live in the area or by people from outside the area?	
	People from the area 1 People from outside 2 Both equally 3 Don't know 4	(2:
).6(b)	And are most burglaries in this area committed by READ OUT	
	Children under 16 1 People aged 16-20 2 or People over 20 3 (All ages) 4 Don't know 5	(22) .
).6(c)	And do you think these people are mainly READ OUT	
	Professional criminals	(23)
1.7	What kinds of people do you hear about being mugged and robbed in this area? Are they mainly men or women, or both equally?	
	Mainly men	(24)

2.3	and in terms of age, what kinds of people do you hear about being mugged and rooped in this area - are they mainly younger people, older people or somewhere in-petween or are they of all ages equally?
	Mainly young
Q.9(a)	Can I check, so you currently have a paid job? Yes 1 ASK 0.9(6) No 2 GO 10 0.10
Q.9(b)	Do you ever travel to work or come back from work between nine o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning? PROBE AS NECESSARY
	Yes - regularly 1 Yes - sometimes 2 Yes - very occasionally 3 No - never 4
	ASK ALL
Q.10	In the last seven days, have you spent any evenings outside your home on leisure, social or other spare time activities? Which evenings? Any others?
	No - none T ASK Q.II(a) Yes - Sunday 2 - Monday 3 - Tuesday 4 - Wednesday 5 GO TO Q.12 - Thursday 6 - Friday 7 - Saturday 8
Q.11(a)	You say you haven't been out in the evening at all for leisure, social or other spare time activities during the last seven days. How often on average do you go out after dark for leisure? SHOWCARD G
	At least once a week
Q.11(b)	Why not? PROBE FULLY: Any other reasons?
	NOW GO TO Q.14

q.12	unat was the main thing you did on the last time you went out in the evening for leisure?	#
	Visited friends/relatives	
	Went to courch	
	Watched sport	(31
	Other (WRITE IN AND RING)	
	X	1 1 1
ç.13	The next questions are about some things people might do simply as a precaution against crime when they go out after dark. When you are out after dark, how often do you avoid walking near certain types of people? RECORD BELOW. REPEAT FOR EACH ITEM. SHOWCARD H	
	How often simply as a precaution do you Always Usually times Rarely Never know cable	
(a)	Avoid walking near certain types of people 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(32)
(b)	Stay away from certain streets or areas 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(33)
(c)	Go out with someone else rather than by yourself 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(34)
	And how often, simply as a precaution do you	
(d) (e)	Avoid using buses or trains . 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Use a car rather than walk 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(35)
,,,,	ASK ALL	•
Q. 14	Are there any events and activities which you would like to go to but do not because of crime or violence?	-
	Yes	(37)
Q.15	Why do you say that? PROBE: What events?	(38) 1 2 4 5 7 3 0 X
		<u> </u>
Q.16	Yesterday (last weekday) how many hours did you spend outside your lbut under 3 3 home during the day? Shut under 5 4 5 but under 7 5 7 or more 6	(39
		1

Q.17 I would now like to talk to you about how serious you personally think different trimes are.

PLACE DOWN THE LOOSE CARDS HEADED 'Q.17' AND GIVE RESPONDENT ALL 14 CRIME CARD Written on these cards are descriptions of different crimes. Please will you sort them into different piles according to how serious you think they are. For example if you think a crime is very serious put it on this pile - POINT TO 'VERY SERIOUS' CARD.

Please have a look through all the crimes before you sort them into piles. ALLOW RESPONDENT TO LOOK THROUGH CARDS.

There are no right or wrong answers to this question and you can put all the crimes into one pile if you want to, or sort them out in any other way, it is WHEN RESPONDENTS HAVE DONE THIS ASK THEM TO READ OUT THE CRIMES IN EACH CATEGORY AND RECORD THE ANSWERS BELOW.

		serious	Fairly serious	Not very serious	Trivial know
1.	Someone being mugged and robbed	1	2	3	1
2.	the first the same tax	1	2	2	
3.	A car being stolen for a joy ride	1	2	>	·· 4 ···· <u>· 5</u>
4.	A home being broken into and something stolen	1	2	3	. 4 <u>5</u>
5.	Someone regularly driving a car while over the legal alcohol limit	1	,, , , , , , ,		. 4 5
6.	A woman being sexually molested or pestered	. 1		5	. 4 <u>5</u>
7.	Someone smoking cannabis or marijuana				
8.	A woman being raped	1	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ک	· 4 · · · · · <u>· 5</u>
9.	Someone stealing £5 worth of goods from a shop				
10.	A prostitute soliciting for trade	1	. 2	. 3	. 4 <u>. 5</u>
11.	A private home or property being damaged by vandals				
12.	Someone being insulted or bothered by strangers but not in a sexual way Someone fiddling Social Security.				
13.	Someone fiddling Social Security	•	. 4	. 3	4 5
14.	Someone being attacked by strangers	. 1	. 2	. 3	4 5

2.18(a)	SHOWCARD J On this card are just some of the sentences which a court can give to people. Not everyone agrees about now severe these various sentences are, and I would like to know what you think. First of all, which of these sentences do you think is the most severe? And which next? And which next? And which next? And which do you think is the least severe? $\frac{\text{Most}}{(54)} \cdot \frac{2\text{nd}}{(55)} \cdot \frac{3\text{rd}}{(56)} \cdot \frac{4\text{th}}{(57)} \cdot \frac{5\text{th}}{(58)}$ Suspended prison sentence $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$	54
2.18(b)	SHOWCARD K On this card are the actions the police can take or the various sentences which a court can give to people. I am going to read out a number of different crimes and for each one I would like you to tell me what you think should have happened to the person committing the crime. You should assume in each case that this person is male, aged 25 and has previously been in trouble for similar crimes and that READ OUT EACH CRIME IN TURN AND CODE BELOW	
	a) he has mugged and robbed someone b) he has broken into a home and stolen something c) he has committed a rape d) he has stolen £5 worth of goods from a shop e) he has stolen a car for a joy ride f) he has smoked cannabis or marijuana IF COMPENSATION MENTIONED, ask: Should the person be given any other sentence as well as having to pay compensation? What other sentence?	
	And finally, can you assume that this last crime is done by a woman aged 25, who has previously been in trouble for similar offences	
	g) and she is a prostitute soliciting for trade	
	CODE ONE ITEM ONLY OR COMPENSATION PLUS ONE ITEM ONLY	
П	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
e.	(59) (61) (63) (65) (67) (69) (71) No action/Not matter for Police 1	
	Suspended prison sentence 6 8<	(59 72)
	Prison for under a year	/ -
	(60) (62) (64) (66) (68) (70) (72) Prison for over 5 years 1 <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	

2.19	what proportion of people aged 21 or over who are convicted of burglary do you think get sent to prison? Is it READ OUT	
	Around a third 1 Around a half 2 or Around two-thirds 3 (Son't know) 4	
}.20(a)	There has been much discussion recently about the size of Britain's prison population and ways in which it might be reduced, and I would like to ask for your views on this. All prisoners except those on life sentences are released on remission after serving two-thirds of their sentence, providing they have behaved well. Would it be a good or bad idea if they were released after serving half their sentence, providing they had behaved well? CODE BELOW	
).20(b)	Some prisoners are released on parole before serving two-thirds of their sentence, under the supervision of a Probation Officer. Would it be a good or bad idea if the system were changed so that more prisoners were selected for parole? CODE BELOW	
	Q.20(a) Q.20(b) (74) (75) Good idea	
	Don't know 3 3	-
Q.21	I am going to read out some other ways people have suggested for reducing the prison population, and for each one I would like you to say if you think it would be a good or bad idea?	
	Good Bad Don't Idea Idea know	
	a) Judges and magistrates giving shorter sentences to people guilty of non-violent crimes	
	b) Making some non-violent offenders do community service instead of going to prison 2 3	
	c) Making some non-violent offenders pay compensation to their victims instead of going to prison	
	d) Fining people guilty of non-violent crimes instead of sending them to prison 1 2 3	Ū
ų.22	Some countries have schemes where people with dependents or jobs, who are sentenced to prison do not serve their sentence all at once. Instead they serve their sentence over a number of weekends. Do you think that in principle this is a good or bad idea for people guilty of non-violent crimes?	(1 -
•	Good idea 1 Bad idea 2 Don't know 3	-
.23	Taking everything into account, would you say the police in this area do a good job or a poor job? IF GOOD: Very good or fairly good? IF POOR: Yery poor or fairly poor? Don't know Yery good! Fairly good! Fairly good! Foother fairly good! Foother fairly good! Fairly good! Foother fairly good	
		1

.24	When did you <u>personally</u> last see a police officer on foot in this area?	•
	Today/yesterday	174
	ASK HEADS OF HOUSEHOLD OR SPOUSES ONLY, OTHERS GO TO Q.42	
,25	I would now like to talk about ways of preventing burglary. Firstly, are the contents of your home insured against theft?	
	Yes 1 GO TO Q.27 No 2 ASK Q.26 Don't know 3 GO TO Q.27	(15;
.26	Why is that? Not worth it	
	Can't get insurance	(16)
	Don't know9	
27	What, in your opinion, is the best thing the police could do to prevent burglary? CODE FIRST MENTIONED ONLY	
	More police (unspecific)	(17)
	5 Don't know	
.28	And what is the best thing people themselves can do to prevent burglary? CODE FIRST MENTIONED ONLY	
	More/better locks (doors and windows)	(18)
	Tell neighbours	
	Don't know	i i

L. . Hu .

2.29	Thinking of the various thing from burglary - things like b and so on - now much safer do	etter door locks,	window locks, stronger doore
		c	A lot safer 2 A little safer 2 r No safer 3 (Don't know) 4
Q.30	Thinking of the people who lifriends or acquaintances? RE		how many would you regard as
		Some of Just a f	them
	ASK ONLY WHERE LAYOUT OF HOUS	ES MAKES IT APPRO	PRIATE. OTHERS GO TO Q.32(a)
Q.31	Does this include the people or across the road, or whose backs onto yours?		Yes
Q.32(a)	The last time you were away f		than a few days did you
,	Ask someone to were alright . or Ask someone to or Did you do none		ure things 2 ASK Q.32(b) 3 4 GO TO 0.33
Q.32(b)	Who did this for you? PROBE	IF NECESSARY: W	nere do they live?
		Other people who	door/opposite/back 1 live nearby 2 3
		Can't remember .	5
0.33	SHOWCARD L Would you please card, which gives a brief des Neighbourhood Watch Schemes. RESPONDENT TO READ CARD. Har of these schemes before?	scription of	Yes 1 No 2
Q.34(a)	Do you think schemes like th	is would be	Yes
V.54(a)	effective in preventing burg		No
Q.34(b)	Why do you say that?		

Co you think a Scheme like the work in this area?		Yes
Why do you think it would not	work?	
·		
		NOW GO TO Q.38
ASK ALL WHO THINK A SCHEME WOL	ULD WORK IN THI	S AREA
Would you personally be prepare	red to join one	of these schemes?
	Yes - would b Already a mem	e prepared T GO TO Q.37 ber 2
	No - would no	t be prepared 3 ASK Q.36(b)
Why do you say that?		
Would you be prepared to put Neighbourhood Watch stickers of posters in your window, to sho you were a member?		Yes
ASK ALL		
How easy would it be for your neighbours to keep a watch on your property while you were	1	Very easy 1 Fairly easy 2 Fairly difficult 3 Very difficult 4 Don't know 5
Such schemes rely on people to their neighbours when their ho empty. Would you be willing t people living around here when home is usually empty?	ouse is to tell	Yes 1 No 2 Don't know 3
Do you think that the idea of		Noods to be organized 1
looking after each other's ho to be organised, or should pe left to make their own arrang	ople be	Needs to be organised 1 Make own arrangements 2 Don't know

ASK /	AL L
-------	------

- There are lots of things which are actually crimes, but which are done lots of people, and which many people do not think of as crimes. On this me how many people you think do it most people, a lot of people, some
 - (i) Firstly Item A how many people do you think do this? CODE BELOW
 - (ii) And have you personally done this in the last year?

REPEAT (i) AND (ii) FOR EACH ITEM FROM AT TO H.

	(i)	•
	A Most lot of Some Don't people people people No-one know	(ii) Not Done done Refuse
	C 1 2 3 4 5 D 1 2 3 4 5 E 1 2 3 4 5 F 1 2 3 4 5 G 1 2 3 4 5 H 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8
2.43	INTERVIEWER RECORD IF ANYONE ELSE WAS PRESENT IN THE ROOM QUESTIONNAIRE. CODE ALL THAT APPLY	
	Child/children under 1 Adult/Adults	6 2
	FILL IN TIME BELOW THEN GO TO DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE	
	TIME FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE ENDED	•••••
	LENGTH OF FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE	(45)(46) MINUTE:

DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE

			A	REA CODE	
				,	5) (6) (7)
		1984 BRITISH CRIME S		ERIAL NUMBER	-
		DEMOGRAPHIC OUESTION		CKINC HUMBEK	
			· ·		(8) (9)
	COMPLETE THIS QUEST	TIONNAIRE FOR ALL RESPO	NDENTS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	TIME THIS QUESTIONN	AIRE STARTED			08
01		nish by collecting some us analyse the results.			
			Married Separate Divorced	(never marri	2 3 4
λ 5	Last week were you something else?	in paid employment, or	- looking for	·work, or do	ring
	Working p Working p Unemploye Sick or o Retired Housewife	full-time (over 30 hours part-time (10-30 hours part-time (under 10 houed and seeking work disabled and unable to	per week) urs per week) work	2 3 4 GC 5 6 7	ASK Q3 D TO 04 ASK O3
03	Have you spent any first of January 1	time out of work and 983?	looking for w	vork since th	ne ,
			Yes No		1
	ASK ALL				
) 4	How old were you w or college?	hen you completed your	full-time ed	fucation at s	school
				l-time educa	2 4 5 6

Q.5 Can I check some details of the members of your nousehold? First, now many people aged 16 and over are there in your household, INCLUDING YOURSELF?

WRITE IN NUMBER, THEN RECORD DETAILS OF EACH HOUSEHOLD MEMBER

HEAD OF RELATIONSHIP TO AGE SEX RESPONDENT CJOESZOOR Don't know = 98Spouse/conabitee . 1 CODE ONE Male 1 Female .. 2 Parent/Parent-in Refused = 97 ONLY law2 Brother/sister (or in-law) 3 Son/daughter (or in-law) 4 Other relative ... 5 Non-relative 6 (17)(18)(19)(20) (21)RESPONDENT 1 (17 - 2)(25)(22)(23)(24)(25)PERSON 2 1 (22-2)(28)(29)(30) (31)(27) PERSON 3 1 (27 - 3)(32)(33)(34)(35)(36) 🤏 PERSON 4 1 (32 - 3)(37) (38)(39)(40) (41)PERSON 5 (37 - 4)1 (42)(43)(44)(45) (46)PERSON 6 (12-1 1 (47) (48)(49)(50) (51)PERSON 7 1 (47-5 (52)(53)(54)(55) (56) 1(52-5) PERSON 8 1

Q.5	ESTABLISH DETAILS OF PRESENT OR LAST MAIN JOB OF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. IF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD HAS NEVER WORKED, RECORD BELOW AND GO TO Q.7				
	Head of household	i never worked]			
	a) TITLE OF JOB				
	b) DESCRIPTION OF WORK DONE - PROBE FOR MACHINERY USE	ED			
•	c) SKILL OR TRAINING NEEDED				
•	d) HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD IS/WAS	(58) Employee 1 Self-employed 2			
	e) Does/did (HOH) supervise the work of other people	? How many? (59)			
		Yes 2			
		NUMBER			
	h) What industry does/did (HOH) work in? What does/d make or do?	did (HOH)'s employer			
	i) How many people are/were employed at (HOH)'s plac	e of work?			
	ASK ALL	2 - 24 2 25 or more 3			
Q.7	Are there any children aged under 16 Yes . in this household? No	T ASK Q.8			
Q.8	How many?	(62)			
Q.9	How many, if any are aged under 5? WRITE IN NUMBER. IF NONE CODE O	(63)			
		OFFICE USE ONLY (64)(65)			

Code respondent type

(72)

A little 2 None 3 (71)

APPENDIX C

SHOWCARDS

SHOWCARD A

VERY WORRIED

FAIRLY WORRIED

NOT VERY WORRIED

NOT AT ALL WORRIED

SHOWCARD B

CERTAIN TO

VERY LIKELY

FAIRLY LIKELY

FAIRLY UNLIKELY

NOT AT ALL LIKELY

CERTAIN NOT TO

SHOWCARD C

INFORMATION OR ADVICE ABOUT:

CRIME PREVENTION

INSURANCE

IMMEDIATE FINANCIAL HELP

PROBLEMS WITH GAS/ELECTRICITY BOARD

COMPENSATION

REPAIRS

LEGAL ADVICE

SOMEONE TO TALK TO ABOUT THE CRIME AND YOUR FEELINGS

ADVICE ABOUT AFFECTS ON CHILDREN

INFORMATION ON THE PROGRESS OF THE CASE

SHOWCARD D

STEALING MILK BOTTLES

MURDER

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

SHOWCARD E

VERY HIGH PRIORITY

HIGH PRIORITY

AVERAGE PRIORITY

LOW PRIORITY

VERY LOW PRIORITY

OR SHOULD THEY TAKE NO ACTION AT ALL

SHOWCARD F

NO ACTION TAKEN/NOT A MATTER FOR THE POLICE

GET AN INFORMAL WARNING FROM THE POLICE

GET A FORMAL CAUTION FROM THE POLICE

GO TO COURT BUT ONLY GET A WARNING

HAVE TO PAY COMPENSATION

GET A SUSPENDED PRISON SENTENCE

HAVE TO DO COMMUNITY SERVICE

BE PUT ON PROBATION

BE FINED UNDER £50

BE FINED £50 OR MORE

GO TO PRISON OR SIMILAR FOR UNDER 1 YEAR
GO TO PRISON OR SIMILAR FOR 1-5 YEARS
GO TO PRISON OR SIMILAR FOR OVER 5 YEARS

SHOWCARD L

Neighbourhood Watch Schemes are being introduced by the police to help prevent burglary and other crimes. They are based on the idea of "good neighbours".

Police ask residents to get to know others who live nearby.

People in the schemes keep an eye on each others' homes and tell each other about when they will be away from home, holidays, deliveries and so on.

Then, if they notice anyone acting suspiciously, they call the police.

The police may ask one or two local people to play an active part in the scheme by, for example, keeping a list of members' telephone numbers.

People may be asked to put stickers in their windows saying they belong to the Neighbourhood Watch. Street signs may also be put up.

Neighbourhood Watch does not mean people "having a go" nor does it involve patrolling the streets. People are simply asked to keep watch and inform the police.

SHOWCARD M

VERY HIGH PRIORITY

HIGH PRIORITY

LOW PRIORITY

YERY LOW PRIORITY

- A. TAKEN OFFICE SUPPLIES FROM WORK (SUCH AS STATIONERY, ENVELOPES AND PENS) WHEN NOT SUPPOSED TO
- B. TAKEN THINGS OTHER THAN OFFICE SUPPLIES FROM WORK (SUCH AS TOOLS, MONEY OR OTHER GOODS) WHEN NOT SUPPOSED TO
- C. FIDDLED EXPENSES
- D. DELIBERATELY TRAVELLED WITHOUT A TICKET OR PAID TOO LOW A FARE
- E. FAILED TO DECLARE SOMETHING AT CUSTOMS ON WHICH DUTY WAS PAYABLE
- F. CHEATED ON TAX
- G. USED CANNABIS (HASHISH, MARIJUANA, GANGA, GRASS)
- H. REGULARLY DRIVEN A CAR WHEN THEY KNOW THEY HAVE DRUNK ENOUGH TO BE WELL ABOVE THE LEGAL LIMIT

SHOWCARD P

	PER WEEK	PER YEAR
Α.	UNDER £40	UNDER E2,000
В.	£40 - £99	£2,000 - £4,999
c.	£100 - £199	£5,000 - £9,999
D.	£200 - £299	£10,000 - £14,999
Ε.	£300 - £399	£15,000 - £19,999
F.	£400 OR MORE	£20,000 OR MORE

APPENDIX D

CODE FRAMES

- Cols 924 935 (All) Cols 216 (Worst)
- 1 Lack of/poor public transport
- 2 Lack of/poor amenities (sports/entertainments/public services)
- 3 Poor shopping facilities
- 4 Traffic/road problems (parking/noise/danger)
- Noise, pollution, smell, dirt from local industry
- Too built-up, urbanised (overcrowded/small gardens etc)
- 7 Area too isolated (not specific to 2 or 3)
- 8 Problems of natural environment (hills/weather etc)
- 9 Lack of opportunities/job
- O Vandalism
- X Other crime (burglary, mugging)
- Y Drunks/tramps/youths/children hanging about/causing nuisance/disruption
- Cols 936 941 (All) Cols 943 948 (Worst)
- 7 Noisy, disruptive or unpleasant neighbours
- 8 Litter
- 9 Problems with dogs, other animals
- O Other answers
- X Don't know
- Y Nothing
- Cols 214 (All)
- 6 Rates

Col 1425 - 1426

IN/NEAR PLACES OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT

09	Pub/bar/nightclub/working
10	Pub/bar/nightclub/working men's club - inside
11	" in car park
12	- in street outside
13	- unclear whether inside
14	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
15	" - in car park
	" - in street outside -
16	" " - unclear whether inside or immediately outsid
17	Ecotball ground/other sports ground - inside
18	"
19	- in car park
20	- in street outside
21	- unclear whether inside or
	Other place of public entertainment (cinema, cafe, restaurant, bingo hall
	etc.) - inside
22	- in car park
23	The state of the s
24	- in street outside
	- unclear whether i nside o immediately outside

TRANSPORT FACILITIES

25	<u>Train</u> - on train
26	Railway station - in station, on platform
27	" " - in station car park
28	" " - in street outside station
29	" " - unclear whether in train, in station or immedia outside
30	Tube train - on train
31	Tube station - in station, on platform
32	" " - in tube station car park
33	" " - in street outside station
34	" " - unclear whether in tube, in station or immediately outside

35	3us - on bus				
<i>.</i> 36					
	Bus stop/station - at bus stop/in bus station/in street cusside bus station	.,			
37	H H H	~			
38	" - in bus station car park				
	- unclear whether on bus, at bus stop or stat	ion			
39	Plane - on plane	10.1			
40	Airport - at airport				
41					
43	- in airport car park				
	" - unclear whether on plane or at airport	•			
	OTHER PUBLIC OR COMMERCIAL PREMISES				
43					
44	Shop/supermarket - inside				
45	" - in car park				
	" " - in street outside/in shopping precinct				
46	- unclear whether inside an include				
47	School/college - inside School/college - inside	?			
48	" " - in car park				
49					
50	- in street outside/in grounds	•			
51	- unclear whether inside on inside				
• •	Other specific public or commercial premises (offices, factories, hospitalises)				
52	- inside				
53	- in car park				
54	" - in streat or rain				
34					
	" - unclear whether ins or immediately our	510e			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i i ie			
•	ELSEWHERE				
55	Home of friend/relative - inside				
56	и п				
57	- in garage/carport/car park				
58	- in street outside				
50	" - unclear whether inside or impadies a				
59					
60	Inside other building				
61	In other car park				
	In subway under street or road				
62	In other street/road	- 1			
63	Park, common, other public open space				
	- banis oben sbace				

54	Urban wasteground, building site etc.
55	Inside Church/Church Hall
56.	Outside Church (inc. car park)
57	Street Market
58	Sports club/centre - Inside
59	"
70	Caravan site
97	Other specific location
98	Vague answer only. Include cases where respondent mentions several possible locations or says he does not know location
99	NA Question not answered

Cols 1061 - 1072

- 1. SOILING any mention of soiling with faeces or urine.
- 2. GRAFFITTI scrawling, drawing etc with spray paint, pan, chalk etc.
- DAMAGE TO MOTOR YEHICLE (IN ATTEMPT) TO EFFECT THEFT any damage to car, van, motorcycle etc <u>clearly</u> done in course of an attempt to steal vehicle or something from it (eg breaking or tampering with door locks or steering column locks, windows, radio housing etc).
- 4. OTHER DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE damage <u>not</u> clearly done in order to effect theft. Include breaking off aerials, crashing vehicle after theft etc.
- 5. DAMAGE TO FENCES OR GARDENS.
- 6. DAMAGE TO PREMISES TO EFFECT ENTRY damage to doors, windows etc of domestic or other properties done specifically to gain entry.
- 7. OTHER DAMAGE TO OUTSIDE OF PREMISES damage, defacing or messing up of outside of premises where it is not specifically stated that this was done in order to gain entry.
- 8. OTHER DAMAGE INSIDE PREMISES other damage, defacing, or messing up of inside of premises or specific items of furniture etc inside private premises.
- 9. DAMAGE TO SPECIFIC ITEMS NOT COVERED BY CODES 3-8 damage to handbag or purse snatching, damage to clothes in street, damage to personal property in public premises.
- O. OTHER
- X. DON'T KNOW
- Y. NO ANSWER

Cols 1136 - 1142

- 1. BOTTLE/DRINKING GLASS
- 2. KNIFE/SCREWDRIVER/any other implement which could be used to stab or slash.
- 3. STICK/CLUB/any other implement which could be used to inflict blow.
- 4. FIREARM of any sort (include air gun).

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

- O. OTHER ANSWER
- X. DON'T KNOW
- Y. NO ANSWER

Q.59a Victim Form

Cols 1313 - 1324

- 1. Effort/time/inconvenience of having to repair/replace items
- 2. Cost of having to repair items
- 3. Cost of having to replace items
- 4. Inconvenience due to loss of/damage to items
- 5. Inconvenience due to loss of/damage to vehicle
- 6. Financial loss/hardship
- 7. Action necessary to prevent repetition of crime
- 8. Notifying police
- 9. Dealing with other authorities
- O. No practical problems
- X. Other answers
- Y. Don't know

Q.59b Victim form

Cols 1325 - 1336

- 1. Anger/frustration/annoyance
- Worry/fear/loss of confidence/wariness
- Upset/sorrow over loss sentimental value
- 4. Other upset/sorrow
- 5. Not sleeping
- 6. Depression
- 7. Stress/other health problems
- 8. Intrusion on privacy
- 9. Guilt
- O. No emotional problems
- X. Other answers
- Y. Don't know

Also code who was affected, if stated. Multicode if necessary.

Cols 1337 - 1341

- 5. Respondent
- 6. Spouse
- Other adult
- 8. Child
- 9. Not stated.

Q.62 Victim form

Cols 1347 - 1357

- Replacing/repairing stolen/damaged item
- Inconvenience through loss of/damaged item
- Inconvenience through loss of/damage to vehicle
- 4. Financial loss/hardship
- 5. Upset over loss sentimental value
- 6. Action to prevent repetition of crime
- 7. Notifying police
- 8. Dealing with other authorities
- 9. Health problems, depression etc.
- 0. Fear, nervousness, worry
- X. Other answers
- Y. Don't know

Also code who was affected, if stated.

Cols 1342 - 1346

- 5. Respondent
- 6. Spouse
- 7. Other adult
- 8. Child
- 9. Not stated

0.70 - Victim form

Cols 1358 - 1368

- Inappropriate to police private/personal/family only/viction own fault/victim compromised by own illegal actions. Does not include too trivial
- Dealt with matter ourselves.
- 3. Reported to other authorities (superiors, company security staff etc.)
- 4. Fear/dislike of police/don't want to get involved with police
- 5. Fear of reprisal by offenders
- 6. Police could have done nothing/no chance of identifying offenders/getting goods back
- 7. Police would not have bothered/not been interested
- 8. Inconvenient/too much trouble.
- 9. No loss/damage/attempt at offence was unsuccessful
- 0. Too trivial/not worth reporting
- X. Other specific answers
- Y. Vague answers only.

Only use codes 1-9 if answer is specific and definitely falls within the definition. All vague answers are coded 'Y'.

Cols 1370 - 1380

- 1 All crimes should be reported/right thing to do/duty/automatic
- 2 Serious/major/upsetting crime
- 3 In the hope that property would be recovered
- 4 In the hope that offenders would be caught/punished
- 5 For purposes of insurance claim/to satisfy other authorities
- 6 In the hope of avoiding repetition of crime to oneself (including loss of keys etc)
- 7 In the hope of avoiding repetition of crime to someone else
- 8 Needed assistance (e.g. to get home)
- 9 Third person reported crime/police were on the spot
- O Other answer
- X Don't know

Υ

Q.11b	Follow-up Questionnaire .
Cols	630
1.	Too old
2.	Too ill/sick/disabled
3.	Family responsibilities eg. children, sick relatives etc
4.	Fear of crime to the person
5.	Fear of burglary/vandalism
6.	Fear of the dark/night
7.	Fear of going out on your own
8.	No money/too expensive
9.	Nowhere to go/nothing to do
0.	Busy working/content to stay in - watch TV/
	Don't want to go out etc.
Х.	No transport
Υ.	Other Other

Other

Q. 15 Follow-up Questionnaire

Other

Col 538

0.

Χ.

Υ.

1.	Football
2.	Licenced premises eg. pubs, night clubs, discos, dances
3.	Cinema, theatre, concerts, bingo
4.	Clubs & societies, church meetings, evening classes,
	lectures, other sports, keep fit, jogging, walking,
	sports centre, leisure centre
5.	Relatives & friends
6.	City centre
7.	Other
8.	Fear of violence, mugging, threats etc.
9.	Rough area, rowdy people, drunks, youths

Fear of crime to house while out/car while out + other

Fear of dark, night, being alone

property etc. ie. burglary/vandalism

Q.34b, Q.35b, Q.36b follow up

Cols 1626 - 1637, 1638 - 1649, 1650 - 1661

- Not practical environmental: area too remote/can't see other houses/flats.
- Not practical social: people out at work/too old/changing population
- Would be ineffective/can't watch all night/can't recognise strangers/get in anyway
- 4. People not interested/not prepared to help
- 5. Can't trust people/stimulate crime/provoke reprisals
- 6. Not needed no crime around here
- 7. Already informally adopted/better done informally
- 8. Encourage snooping/nosiness
- 9. Not practical because of illness/age (Q.36b only)
- O. Too busy/at work/away a lot (Q.36b only)
- X. Other answers
- Y. Don't know

Col 872

1 White

- 2 West Indian/African
- 3 Indian/Pakistan/Bangladesh
- 4 Other

APPENDIX E

CRIME CLASSIFICATION

BRITISH CRIME SURVEY

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLASSIFICATION

<u>OF</u>

VICTIM INCIDENTS

Classification to be made on Victim Form cols 35, 36

1984 Version

INTRODUCTION

Classifying the incidents reported in Victim Forms is a complicated procedure. This is partly because it is difficult to say precisely what offence has been committed; and partly because a number of offences may have been committed in the course of a criminal act, and the rules are complex for deciding which is the "main" offence.

Victim Forms are to be assigned one and only one of the possible two-digit codes listed at the end of this introduction. To take an example, in a single incident a person might be the victim of a burglary where goods were stolen, an attempted rape and criminal damage. It would be assigned code 51 (burglary)

The initial classification procedure is as follows: coders read question 6 of the Victim Form and then make an initial classification using one of the following nine categories:

1.	Assault	Dark Blue
2.	Attempted assault	Yellow
	Sexual offence	Pink
	Robbery, snatch theft or other theft from person	Buff
	Burglary or attempted burglary or theft in a dwelling	Gold
6.	Theft	Blue
7.	Attempted theft	White
	Criminal damage	Green
9.	Threats	Grey

A coder should then select the appropriate instruction sheet. These nine sheets comprise first some general definitions about the offences in question, secondly a check list of questions from the Victim Form, and thirdly some supplementary notes for quidance.

In most cases the instruction sheet selected by the coder will quickly lead to one of the possible codes for the primary classification. In a few cases, however, coders will be directed to try an alternative instruction sheet and in a few cases coders will be directed to the set of detailed instruction notes for guidance at the back of the instruction sheet. Coders should refer any cases about which they are unsure to coding supervisors, and supervisors should refer any difficult cases to the Home Office.

Note in classifying victim incidents that no act performed by someone who is clearly mentally ill and not responsible for his actions can be an offence.

Any such case should be referred.

CLASSIFICATION	OF	INCIDENTS:	CR IME	CODES

Category	Code	Description
1. ASSAULT	11 12 13 19	Serious wounding Other wounding Common assault Other assault falling outside the survey's coverage
2. ATTEMPTED ASSAULT	21	Attempted assault
3. <u>SEXUAL OFFENCES</u>	31 32 33 341 35 39	Rape Serious wounding with sexual motive Other wounding with sexual motive Attempted rape Indecent assault Sexual offence falling outside the survey's coverage
4. ROBBERY, SNATCH THEFT, THEFT FROM PERSON	41 42 43 44 45 48	Robbery Attempted robbery Snatch theft from the person Other theft from the person Attempted theft from the person Possibly theft but could have been loss/possibly attempted theft, but could have been innocent Other robbery or theft from the person falling outside the survey's coverage
5. BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY, THEFT IN A DWELLING	50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	Attempted burglary to non-connected domestic garage/outhouse Burglary in a dwelling (nothing taken) Burglary in a dwelling (Something taken) Attempted burglary in a dwelling Possible attempted burglary (insufficient evidence to be sure) Theft in a dwelling Theft from meter Burglary from non-connected domestic garage/outhouse - nothing taken Burglary from non-connected domestic garage/outhouse - something taken Other burglary, attempted burglary,
		theft in a dwelling, falling outside the survey's coverage

Category	<u>Code</u>	Description
6. THEFT	60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	Theft of car/van Theft from car/van Theft of motorbike, motorscooter or mon Theft from motorbike, motorscooter or m Theft of pedal cycle Theft from outside dwelling (excluding theft of milk bottles) Theft of milk bottles from outside dwel Other theft Possible theft, possible lost property Other theft falling outside the survey coverage
7. ATTEMPTED THEFT	71 72 73	Attempted theft of/from car/van Attempted theft of/from motorbike, motorscooter or moped Other attempted theft
8. CRIMINAL DAMAGE	80 81 82 83 84 85 36 87 88	Arson Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (£20 or under) Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (over £20) Criminal damage to the home (£20 or under) Criminal damage to the home (over £20) Other criminal damage (£20 or under) Other criminal damage (over £20) Possibly criminal/possibly accidental damage/nuisance with no damage Attempted criminal damage (no damage actually achieved) Other criminal damage, falling outside survey's coverage
9. THREATS	91 92 93 94 99	Threat to kill/assault made to but not necessarily against respondent Sexual threat made to but not necessar against respondent Other threat or intimidation to but no necessarily against respondent Threats against respondent made to som else Other threat, falling outside the surv coverage

SHEET 1: ASSAULTS

Most assaults uncovered by the survey will be straightforward incidents arising in the course of family rows, arguments between acquaintances, brawls in pubs, fights at football matches and so on. In these there is no motive to steal, and no sexual motive. This main group of assaults has been divided into three sub-groups: serious wounding other wounding and common assault.

It is not possible to draw precise boundary lines between these three sub-groups. Coders must use their judgement. Guidelines are: a 'serious wounding' must involve a wound (where the skin is broken or a a bone is broken) which clearly needs immediate medical attention: and the severity of the wounding must be intentional - the offender must have intended to do, and succeeded in doing, really serious bodily harm. The majority of incidents involving assault will be either 'other wounding' (where the offender inflicts minor injuries, or unintentionally inflicts severe injuries) or 'common assault'. A common assault is one where the victim was punched, kicked, pushed or justled but there was no injury or only negligible injury. Minor bruising or a black eye count as negligible injury. Victims of common assault are unlikely to require any medical attention.

All assaults which have sexual motive are to be classified using Sheet 3, Sexual Offences. In other words, if an incident is assigned one of the three assault codes, this means that the questionnaire contains no suggestion of any sexual motive.

It is possible that some victims will have been assaulted in the course of a burglary. In most cases this will be counted as a burglary; but if the offence involved serious wounding (as defined above), it may in some cases be counted as 'serious wounding' (see detailed notes). Similarly, if the offender did some malicious damage to property in the course of, or at the same time as, assaulting the victim, this will in most cases be classified as criminal damage (codes 81 to 89) unless the assault amounts to a serious wounding (but see Note for Guidance 1D).

For the survey's purposes, only the respondent can be the victim of any assault. Assaults happening to other household members are to be treated as outside the survey's coverage.

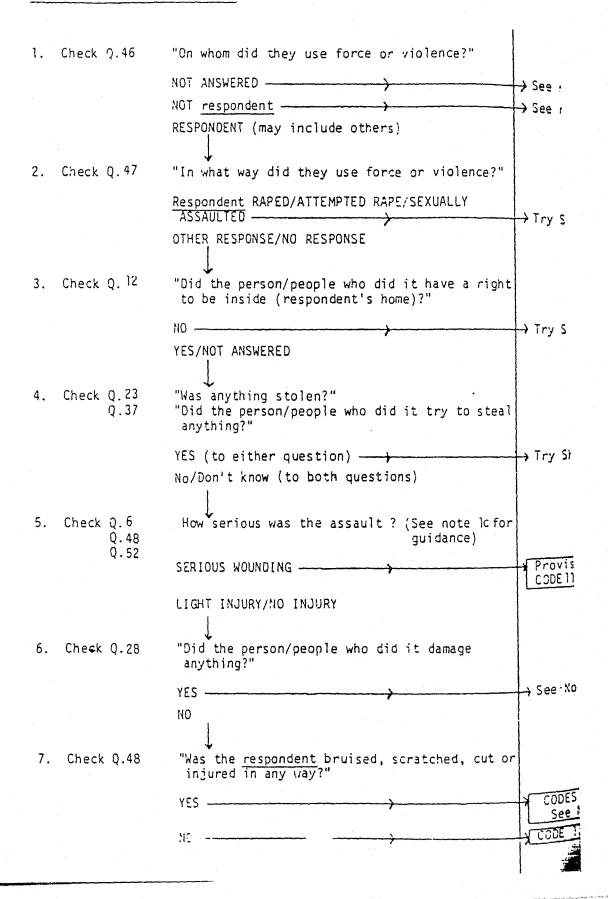
Possible codes

Code 11 Serious wounding

Code 12 Other wounding

Code 13 Common assault (no injury or negligible injury) Code 19 Assault falling outside the survey's coverage

SHEET 1 CHECKLIST: ASSAULTS



ASSAULTS: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

- la) Some assaults without injury will consist of merely grabbing the respondent. In these cases 45 ('Did they hit anyone or use force or violence?') may be answered 'no'; the correct code is likely to be 13, common assault. Continue with checklist at stage 2, assuming that 'respondent' has been ringed in 46.
- 1b) Only the <u>respondent</u> can be the victim of an assault, for the purpose of the survey. Any incidents involving assault only, where the respondent is not a victim, should be treated as outside the survey's coverage. If the respondent is one of several victims, code on the basis of information about the respondent alone.

Refer any cases of burglary or other sorts of theft where serious injury was inflicted on someone other than the respondent.

lc) Criteria for the three categories of assault are:

Common assault

a) no injury was inflicted

Code 13

OR b) injury inflicted was trivial (minor scratches or bruises, black eye). Medical attention not really necessary.

Other wounding Code 12

- a) offender inflicted injury ie. substantial bruising, cuts etc - probably requiring medical attention, but not amounting to a serious wound
- OR b) offender inflicted a serious wound without intending to: ie, hurt victim more than he intended. If an incident involves a serious wounding, it should only be coded as 'other wounding' if the questionnaire makes it explicit that such a serious attack was not intended.

Serious wounding Code 11

- a) offender <u>intended</u> to inflict really serious wound
- AND b) a really serious wound was inflicted medical attention needed immediately, probably risk of permanent injury or damage.
- ld) Code 11, serious wounding, always takes precedence over codes 81-89, criminal damage. However, the criminal damage codes take precedence over code 12, other wounding, and code 13, assault without injury. (Exceptions to this rule can be made where the damage is very trivial, and the assault involves injury; for example, if a victim is given a beating in which his eyes are both blacked and his clothes torn, it makes more sense to call this an assault than an act of criminal damage.) Arson (code 80) takes precedence over all assault codes.

SHEET 2: ATTEMPTED ASSAULT

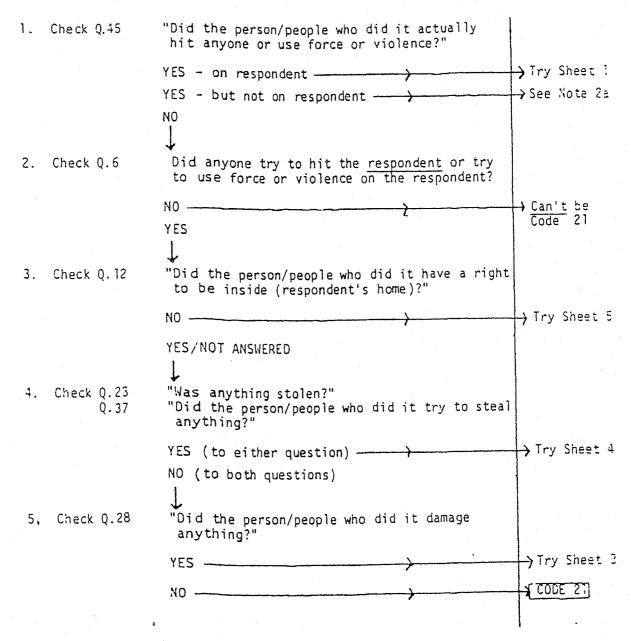
Respondents are not asked, either in the main questionnaire 'screen questions or in the victim form, whether anyone has tried to hit the beat them up etc. Some respondents will have reported such incident all the same; they will probably be of the nature: "Someone took swing at me in a pub". Attempted assaults are not the same thing as threatened assaults. If attempted assault is "competing" with any other offence classification, except threats, the other offence takes precedence. Attempted assault takes precedence over threats.

For the survey's purpose, only the respondent can be the victim of an attempted assault. Attempted assaults happening to other household members should be referred if this is the only offence.

Possible codes

Code 21 Attempted assault.

SHEET 2 CHECKLIST: ATTEMPTED ASSAULT



ATTEMPTED ASSAULT: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

2a) An incident may involve an attempt to assault the respondent and a successful attack on someone else; in this case the incident should be counted as a code 21.

SHEET 3: SEXUAL OFFENCES

Most sexual offences uncovered by the survey will have an element of physical assault to them; and besides, some sexual offences will occur in combination with offences such as robbery. The survey uses six codes for sexual offences. An incident of rape is counted as a code 31 (rape) regardless of any other offence with which it is combined. For example, if a rape takes place in the course of a burglary, it is to be classified as a rape, not a burglary.

Codes 32 to 34 all involve attacks not amounting to rape. Code 32, serious wounding with sexual motive, refers to incidents which would be classified as serious wounding (code 11) if it were not for the sexual motive. (The criteria for serious wounding are as set out on sheet 1). Code 32 takes precedence over any offence with which it can occur in combination (except, of course, rape and except arson).

Code 33, other wounding with sexual motive, and code 34, attempted rape, do not take precedence over codes for robbery, burglary, criminal damage and most thefts.

Indecent assaults, code 35, refer to incidents involving no injury; a typical case might be perpetrated by a "groper" on a train or bus. An assault may be indecent if its motive was clearly sexual, even though the specific act was not of an explicitly sexual character. This code does not take precedence over codes for robbery, burglary criminal damage and theft.

Indecent exposure ("flashers") does not count as indecent assault. Code as 'other sexual offence' (code 39).

For the survey's purpose, only the <u>respondent</u> can be the victim of a sexual offence. Sexual offences happening to other household members are to be referred if this in the only offence.

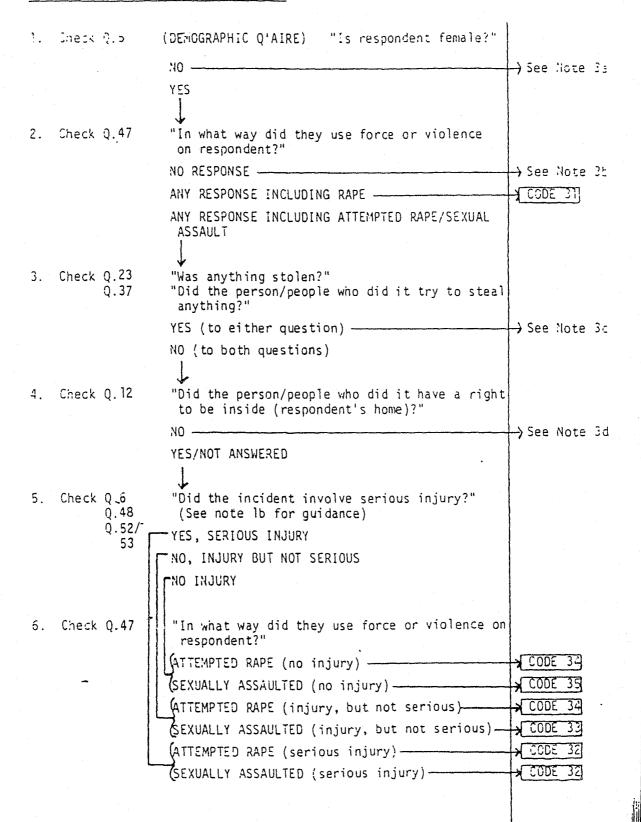
Possible codes

Rape

Code 31

Code	32	Serious wounding with sexual motive
Code	33	Other wounding with sexual motive
Code	34	Attempted rape
Code	35	Indecent assault
Code	35	Other sexual offence, falling outside the survey's coverage.

SHEET 3 CHECKLIST: SEXUAL OFFENCES



SEXUAL OFFENCES: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

- 3.a For the survey's purposes only female respondents can be the victims of sexual offences. Incidents involving sexual offences alone (ie. not involving burglary, theft or damage) against male respondents or males and females other than the respondent should be referred to the Home Office.
- 3.b There will be some cases of indecent assault, code 35, in which no force or violence was used. In these, Q.47 will not be completed. For the purposes of classification, coders should assume that the response 'sexually assaulted' has been ringed in Q.47, and that the checklist accordingly.
 - If Q.6 indicates that the incident was one of attempted rape (code 34) but Q.47 has not been answered, coders should assume that the response 'attempted rape' has been ringed in Q.47 , and that the response 'no' has been ringed for Q.48 , they should then complete the checklist accordingly.
- 3.c If the respondent is simultaneously the victim of robbery or attempted robbery or theft from the person and of rape or serious wounding with sexual motive, the incident should be coded as rape or serious wounding with sexual motive. However, if robbery, attempted robbery or theft from the person occur in combination with other wounding with sexual motive, attempted rape or indecent assault, the sexual offence codes do not take precedence.
- 3.d If the respondent is the victim of rape or serious wounding with sexual notive in the course of a burglary, the incident is given one of the terms of the sexual offence codes rather than a burglary code.

If someone other than the respondent is the victim of rape or serious be referred to the Home Office.

If any lesser sexual offence occurs in the course of a burglary, the incident is coded as burglary.

SHEET 4: ROBBERY, SNATCH THEFTS AND OTHER THEFTS FROM THE PERSON (INCLUDING ATTEMPTS)

Robbery involves the use of force or threat of force to a person immediately before or at the time of a theft. (A threat can be simply implied eg. "Give us your wallet"). Robbery is to be distinguished from snatch thefts and other thefts from the person. Snatch thefts have no element of threat, and only minimal force; they involve speed rather than force or threat - for example, pulling a handbag off a woman's shoulder or snatching a purse from a shopping bag. However, a snatch which turns into a 'tug of war' between victim and offender involves more than minimal force, and should be counted as robbery. Other thefts from the person involve neither force or threat nor snatching, but stealth - pickpocketing being the prime example. In 'other thefts from the person' the offender intends that the victim should remain unaware of the theft whilst it is being committed.

Respondents are likely to use the term 'mugging' to refer to robbery and snatches, but not to other thefts from the person. Robberies will be rare. Where they occur in combination with other offences, code 41 takes precedence as a classification over all others except rape, code 31. If someone is threatened or attacked by an intruder in their home, the element of robbery will usually be absent but see the detailed list. Snatch theft and other thefts from the person, by their nature, will not occur in combination with any other offences except, conceivably, criminal damage, over which they are to take precedence.

In some cases, the questionnaire will indicate that the respondent is unclear whether they had his pockets picked or lost their wallet or the respondent may report behaviour which may or may not have been attempted theft. In such cases code 48 applies.

Only the respondent can be the victim of this group of offences.

Possible codes

Code 41 Robbery

Code 42 Attempted robbery

Code 43 Snatch theft from the person Code 44 Other theft from the person

Code 45 Attempted theft from the person

Code 48 Possibly theft but could have been loss/possibly attempted theft but could have been innocent

Code 49 Other robbery, theft from the person, falling outside the survey's coverage.

				*/ *	125
•		ShE:	ET, 4 CHECKLIST:	ROBBERIES, ATTEMPTED ROBBERIES, SNATCH THEFTS,	
				THEFTS FROM THE PERSON, ATTEMPTED THEFTS FROM	PERSE
		,		1	
		1.	Theck Q.5	Was respondent a victim of this incident?	
				NO	→ Se e
				YES	
		2	Check Q.lla	Who the second second is the incide the	
		۷,	Check Q. Ha	"Was the person/people wno did it inside the home?"	
				YES	→ See
				NOT ANSWERED/NO/DON'T KNOW	
		3.	Check Q.45/46	"Did they use force or violence on respondent?	
			Q.49/50	"Did they threaten respondent?"	
				UNCLEAR	→ See
Γ				NO - NO FORCE OR THREATS AGAINST ANYONE	! '
				NO - BUT FORCE OR THREATS AGAINST SOMEONE ELSE	→ See
				YES* (either force or threat against RES- PONDENT)	
1		4.	Check Q.23	"Was anything stolen?"	
				YES	CODE
				NO	
		5.	Check Q.37	"Did the person/people who did it try to steal anything?"	
				YES	A CODE
				NO/DON'T KNOW	See 1
				NO JOHN I KNOW	
	 >	6.	Check 0.6	Was anything stolen? Was it taken physically	
	·		Check Q.6 Q.23	from respondent? Snatched from respondent	I CODE
				YES (See Note 4e) Taken by stealth	1
				NO	
	J	7.	Check Q.37	"Did the person/people who did it try to steal	
			Q.6	anything?" Did they try to take anything	
				<pre>physically from the respondent? YES</pre>	A CODE
					1
				NO	See NC
		*	-Do not count	the minimal force needed eg. to pull a handbag	
			from someone's		
					1

ROBBERIES AND THEFTS FROM THE PERSON: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

4.a For an incident to be coded with this group of codes (41-49), the respondent must be a victim. (Other people might also be victims simultaneously).

if the respondent was simply accompanying someone else who was robbed (or someone else who suffered a theft from the person), no offence has occurred for the purposes of the survey, and the incident should be referred.

But, if the respondent was accompanying someone else who was robbed, and the respondent was attacked in the course of the robbery, the incident should be coded as an assault (codes 11-19).

- 4.b If someone breaks into a house and threatens the occupants in the furtherance of theft in order eg. to make them open up a safe this is code 41, robbery. But if someone breaks into a house to steal and is disturbed by the occupants who (try to) stop him, this is burglary rather than robbery or attempted robbery try the burglary sheet.
- 4.c If there is no attempt to steal anything belonging to the respondent, and force or threat was used against another person, not the respondent, the incident should be referred.
- 4.d If there was no attempt to steal anything from anyone, the wrong sheet has been selected; try sheet 1 or sheet 9.

If there was no theft and no attempt to steal from the <u>respondent</u>, see Note 4a above.

- 4.e Robbery involves the use of force or threat of force before or at the time of a theft. A threat can, for these purposes, be simply implied. Snatch thefts (code 43) involve no threat and only minimal force eg. pulling a handbag from someone's grasp, or off their snoulder. As soon as the victim offers any resistance, more than 'minimal' force has been used, and the offence becomes one of robbery (tode 41) or attempted robbery, code 42. Snatching a purse from a shopping basket counts as a snatch theft. 'Other thefts from the person' (code 44) involve stealth; pickpocketing for example, and covertly taking a purse from a shopping basket. Victims will not become aware of 'other theft from the person' until after the event in contrast to robberies and snatches. (It may be helpful to check Q.41: "Were you aware of what was happening?")
- 4.f If there was no theft and no attempt to steal anything, the wrong sheet has been selected; try sheet 1 or sheet 9.

If there was no attempt to steal anything from the <u>respondent</u> see note 4.a above.

SHEET 5: BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY AND THEFT IN A DWELLING

Burglary from a dwelling consists of entering the respondent's dwelling as a trespasser with the intention of committing theil, rape, grievous bodily harm or unlawful damage (whether the intention is carried through or not). Burglary does not necessarily involve forced entry; a burglar can walk in through an open door, or can gain access by, for example, impersonating a gas man, electrician etc. The "dwelling" is a house or flat or any outhouse or garage linked to the dwelling via a connecting door. The "dwelling" need not be the respondent's permanent residence. Temporary residences (holiday cottages or hotel rooms) count. Burglary from a friend's house would, however, be outside the scope of the survey.

For burglary to have occurred, the offender must have entered the home, and the home "begins" at any door or window whether open or shut. For example, theft from an open porch (a porch without a door) would not count as a burglary, but theft from a porch with a door would, even if the door were open at the time. Where garages are linked to the dwelling via a connecting door, and the burglar has entered them, then a burglary has been committed. If the garage is not linked to the house with a door, it is not a burglary. You may assume outhouses are not linked to dwellings unless this is clearly the case.

If something is taken from the 'common areas' (e.g. hallway) of a block of flats, this counts as burglary only if the 'common area' is usually secure.

For there to be an attempted burglary, there must be clear evidence that the offender made an actual, physical attempt to gain entry to the home. Footprints in the garden, or even sighting an intruder in a garden, is not sufficient evidence for an attempted burglary.

Theft in a dwelling consists of theft committed inside (indoors not outside) a home by somebody who was entitled to be there at the time of the offence. Thefts in dwellings are committed, for example, by guests at parties and by workmen with legitimate access. Thefts from meters in dwellings are to be classified separately, unless these occurred in the course of burglary.

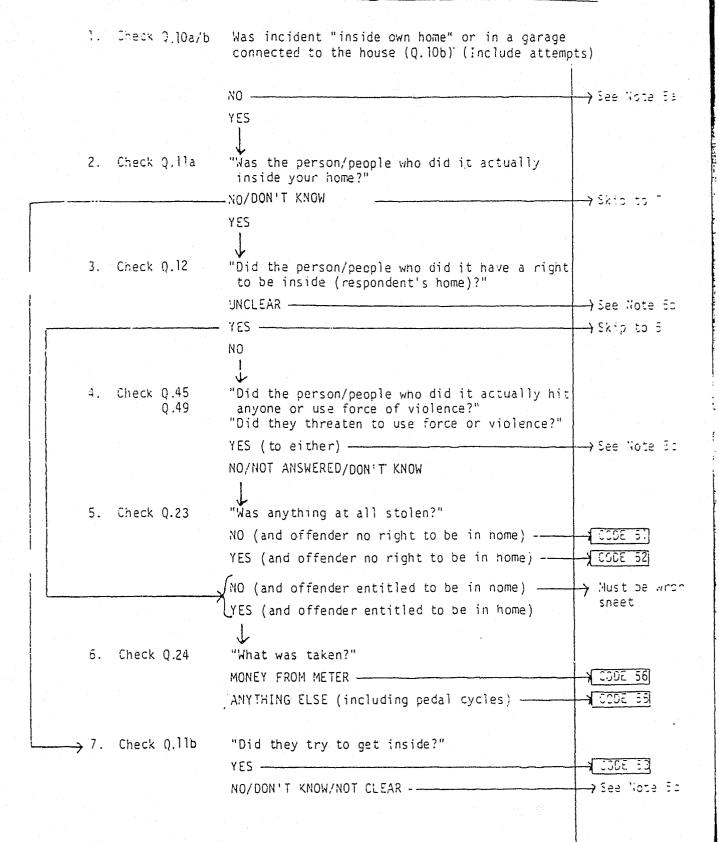
Burglary, attempted burglary and theft in a dwelling may all occur in combination with a number of other offences. In almost all cases, they take precedence over other offences. The exceptions are serious wounding, (code 11), rape (code 31) and serious wounding with sexual motive (code 32). For example if a burglar seriously injures a respondent who disturbs him, this may be classified as a code 11, serious wounding (but see detailed list).

Arson (code 80) takes precedence over burglary but all cases of arson should be referred.

Possible codes

Code 51 Burglary in a dwelling (nothing taken) Code 52 Burglary in a dwelling (something taken) Code 53 Attempted burglary in a dwelling Code 54 Possible attempted burglary	
Code 55 Theft in a dwelling	
Code 56 Theft from meter	
Code 57 Burglary from a non-connected domestic garage/outhou	se (nothing tak
Code 58 Burglary from a non-connected domestic garage/outhou	se (something
Code 59 Burglary/attempted burglary/theft in a dwelling fall survey's coverage	ing outside

SHEET 5 CHECKLIST: BURGWARY, ATTEMPTED BURGLARY, THEFT IN A DWELLING



BURGLARY, ATTEMPTED SURGLARY AND THEFT IN A DWELLING: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

Final Burglaries and thefts in a dwelling can only take place within the respondent's home. For the purposes of the survey, the 'nome' here includes buthouses and garages linked to the dwelling via a connecting door, but excludes the grounds - ie. garden - of a name, and garages and outhouses with no connecting doors to the name, with by codes 57, 58 and 50.

The home may be a temporary dwelling (holiday cottage or hotel rule) which the respondent ras rented.

In some cases of attempted burglary, Q.10a) may be wrongly completes, outside own home' being given as the response to "Where did it happen' these cases, assume for the purpose of classification that the response inside own home' has been given.

- 5.b A person who gets access to a house by impersonating an offical has
- 5.c if someone breaks into a house and threatens the occupants in the furtherance of theft in order eg. to make them open up the safe breaks into a house in order to steal without intending to confront the occupants), and is disturbed by the occupants, who try to stop nim, this is burglary (codes 51 or 52) ... EXCEPT ...

If a burglar seriously wounds any member of the household, the case should be referred. (If anyone is seriously wounded with a weapon belonging to the burglar, the offence in law is 'aggravated burglary'. And the code will be 51 or 52. But if the respondent is seriously wound should be coded as a serious wounding, code 11. If anyone other than the respondent is wounded by anything other than a weapon belonging to the burglar, the incident should in theory be excluded from the survey, better a code 11 with a victim other than the respondent).

If anyone was the victim of 'other wounding' or 'assault without injury in the course of a burglary, the incident is still coded as burglary - code 51 or 52.

5.d It may not be clear whether the offender tried to get inside. If footor were noticed in a flowerbed, or in the snow, this is not by itself evice of an attempted burglary; the offender might just be a nosey parker, or burglar. Such cases should be coded as code 54 'possibly attempted out;

SHEET 5: THEFT OF/FROM CAR/VAN. THEFT OF/FROM MOTORBINE STO. THEFT OF PEDAL CYCLE, THEFT FROM CUTSIDE DWELLING AND OTHER THEFT

Theft is something of a residual category, classified by eliminating contenders such as burglary and robbery. Within the theft classifications, 'theft in a dwelling' code 55, (defined on sheet 5), takes precedence over 'theft of pedal cycle' (code 64) and 'other theft' (code 67). Thus a bicycle stolen from inside a house by somebody who was not trespassing at the time is counted as 'theft in a dwelling'. But 'theft of pedal cycle' takes precedence over 'theft outside a dwelling' (code 65) as do all theft classifications except 'other theft'.

Theft from motor vehicles refers both to the theft of parts and accessories of motor vehicles and to the theft of contents. The classification system makes no distinction between attempted thefts of and attempted thefts from motor vehicles, because it is often very difficult to distinguish these. Where a vehicle and its contents are stolen and the vehicle is subsequently recovered without the contents, this still counts as theft of a vehicle.

When theft occurs with a straightforward assault, the classification is neither one of assault nor theft, but robbery. Similarly the classification of burglary embraces the element of theft. When theft occurs in combination with rape or serious wounding with sexual motives (codes 31 and 32) the theft codes do not take precedence.

Theft will frequently occur in combination with criminal damage - for example, where the paintwork of a car is damaged and something taken off or from a car. In these cases the theft codes almost invariably take precedence over the criminal damage codes (codes 81 to 89). This is so even if the damage is very extensive and the theft very small; the exception is where the criminal damage amounts to arson - where a car is completely burned out, or a house set on fire. Such cases should be coded 80 and referred.

In some cases, the questionnaire will indicate that respondents were in doubt as to whether they had lost something or had it stolen. In any case where doubt is clearly expressed, the incident should be coded as code 62, 'possible theft, possible lost property'.

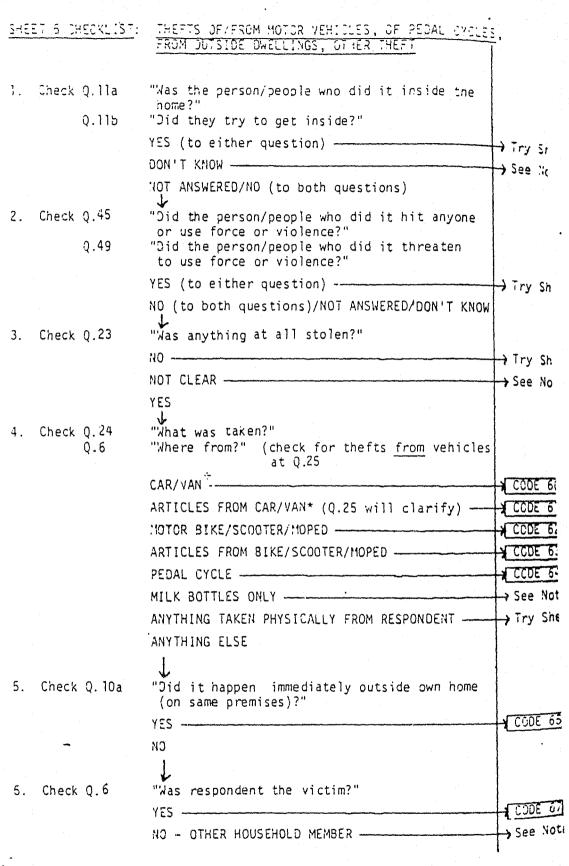
Only the respondent can be the victim of 'other theft', code 67. Any member of the household can be the main victim of remaining theft classifications. All cases where the victim is neither the respondent nor a household member - eg. where the 'victim' is the respondent's employing company should be coded 69 (theft outside the survey's coverage).

Possible codes

Code 59

Code 50 Theft of car/van Code 61 Theft from car/van Code 52 Theft of motorbike, motorscooter or moped Theft from motorbike, motorscooter or moped Code 63 Code 64 Theft of pedal cycle Code 65 Theft from outside dwelling (excluding theft of milk bottles) Code 66 Theft of milk bottles from outside dwelling Code 67 Other theft Code 58 Possible theft, possible lost property

Other theft falling outside the survey's coverage.



Include caravanettes and light vans. Refer cases of theft of lorries, tract heavy vans. Assume that vans are light vans unless this is clearly not the

^{*} If an aerial from a car is reported stolen, count this as criminal damed and move to Sheet 3 (unless other items were also stolen).

THEFTS OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, OF PEDAL CYCLES, FROM SUTSIDE DWELLINGS, OTHER THEFT: MOTES FOR GUIDANCE.

- 5.a It may not be clear whether the offender tried to get inside the respondent's home; footprints in the flowerbeds or in the snow do not count as sufficient evidence; seeing a person in the garden isn't evidence of attempted entry. If in doubt, regard 'don't know' as 'no' for both Q.lla) and Q.llb).
- 6.b If something is missing but may have been lost rather than stolen, the correct code is 68, 'possible theft, possible lost property' - where, for example, belongings are left on a train and not recovered.
- 6.c If an incident involves the theft of milk bottles and nothing else from outside the home, a victim form should not have been completed. Check MAIN questionnaire to see if entry has been made to Q.28 and Q.36 If not, code as 66, theft of milk bottles from outside dwelling.
- 6.d Only the respondent can be the victim of 'other theft', code 67. If another household member is the victim of theft, and the theft does not fit anyone of codes 51-69, the incident should be referred.

When someone loses property in the course of a burglary to someone else's premises, count this as 'other theft'.

Theft of business equipment or supplies from small, self-employed businessmen is treated as 'other theft'.

SHEET 7: ATTEMPTED THEFT (EXCLUDING ATTEMPTED THEFT FROM THE PERSON)

The most frequent categories of attempted theft are likely to be codes 71 and 72, attempted theft of or from cars/vans or motorbikes/scooters/mopeds. In their nature it will often be impossible to say whether these incidents were attempts to steal the vehicle or just parts/contents. Evidence for attempted theft of/from motor vehicles will often be damage (to locks etc): the attempted theft codes take priority over the criminal damage codes, except Arson (code 80).

There are no codes for attempted theft in a dwelling, attempted theft of a meter, of a pedal cycle or from outside a dwelling; any such attempted thefts which emerge should be coded as other attempted theft (code 73) provided that the respondent is the victim; otherwise they should be referred.

Attempted theft from the person (code 45) is dealt with on Sheet 4.

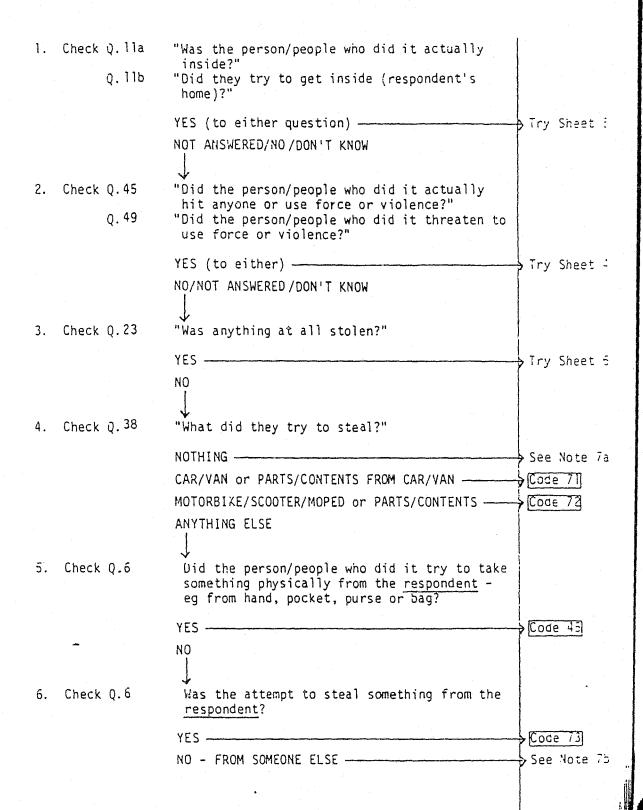
Possible codes

Code 71 Attempted theft of/from car/van

Code 72 Attempted theft of/from motorbike, motorscooter or moped

Code 73 Other attempted theft

SHEET 7 CHECKLIST: ATTEMPTED THEFT OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, 'OTHER' ATTEMPTED THEFT



ATTEMPTED THEFT OF/FROM MOTOR VEHICLES, 'OTHER' ATTEMPTED THEFT: NOTES

7a; If there was no attempt to steal anything, the wrong sheet has been selected; ? try damage sheet.

It may be unclear what the attempt was aimed at; Q.6 may contain additional information.

If there is considerable ambiguity as to whether the incident is one of attempted theft or criminal damage, the incident should be coded as criminal damage.

7b) Only the respondent can be the victim of 'other attempted theft'. If, for example, a victim form reports an attempt to steal a bicycle from a household member other than the respondent, the incident should be referred.

SHEET 3: CRIMINAL DAMAGE

Arson (code 80) consists of causing deliberate damage by fire. This code takes precedence over all others, but all cases where it is used should be referred for checking.

Criminal damage does not just refer to vandalism, but to any intentional and malicious damage done to the property of another. Offenders and victims are quite likely to know one another, as in arguments between ex-friends, landlord/tenant etc. Criminal damage to the home includes doors, windows, gates, fences, plants, shrubs and belongings in the garden - but excludes motor-vehicles in driveways etc.

Criminal damage includes cases where the damage could be repaired by the labour of the victim without outside cost (eg throwing eggs at a house). It does not include cases where there is nuisance only (eg letting down car tyres). These should be coded as 87. Refer any doubtful cases. Code 88 covers cases where there was a definite but unsuccessful attempt to commit criminal damage.

When criminal damage occurs in combination with burglary or robbery, the burglary and robbery codes take precedence over the criminal damage codes. When criminal damage occurs in combination with theft, the incident is always to be classified as theft, except in cases where the criminal damage amounts to arson.

When criminal damage occurs in combination with serious wounding (code 11), rape (code 31) or serious wounding with sexual motive (code 32) these codes take precedence over the criminal damage ones. Where criminal damage occurs in combination with other wounding (code 12) and other wounding with sexual motive (code 33), the incident is to be given a criminal damage code only if the damage component is clearly the more serious aspect of the incident. This is a matter for coder judgement but, by way of example, if someone were punched in the eye so that their glasses broke and they got a broken nose, this should be recorded as a code 12, other wounding.

It is often hard to distinguish between criminal damage and attempted burglary or attempted theft. The 'attempt' classifications should only be used where the victim form states clearly that an attempt was made. (In these cases, the 'attempt' classification takes precedence over the criminal damage classification.)

Any member of the household can be the main victim of codes 81 or 82, criminal damage to a motor vehicle or codes 83-84, criminal damage to dwelling; but only the respondent can be victim of code 85-86, other criminal damage.

Possible codes

Code 80 Arson

Code 81 Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (£20 or under) Code 82 Criminal damage to a motor vehicle (over £20)

Cont/....

100			
Code	33	Criminal damage to the beauties	
Code	34	Criminal damage to the home (£20 or under)	•••
Code			
		Concer Constitue (lamade (198)	
Code	86	Other criminal damage (\$20 or under) Other criminal damage (over \$20)	
Code	0.7	one, di minal damage (over £20)	
Code	0/	POSSIDIY Criminal/nossible and in the control of th	
		Possibly criminal/possibly accidental damage/nuisance with the state of the state o	
Code a	၁၁	Tanage N	nth ac.
Code 8	39	Attempted criminal damage (no damage actually achieved)	
	-	other criminal damage falling outside the	
		Other criminal damage (no damage actually achieved)	race
			436.

SHE	ET 8 CHECKLIS	T: CRIMINAL DAMAGE	
1.	Check Q.6	Was there deliberate damage by fire?	
		YES	Siste 3.7
		10	
2.	Check Q.45	<pre> "Did the person/people who did it actually hit anyone or use force or violence on anyone?"</pre>	
		YES	See Note
		NO/NOT ANSWERED/DON'T KNOW	
3.	Check Q.49	"Did the person/people who did it threaten to use force or violence on anyone?"	
		YES	> See Note
		NO/NOT ANSWERED/DON'T KNOW	
4.	Check Q.12	"Did the person/people who did it have a right to be inside (respondent's home)?"	
		NO	Try Sheet
		NOT ANSWERED/YES	
5.	Check Q.23 Q.37	Was anything at all stolen?" "Did the person/people who did it try to steal anything?"	
		YES (something stolen)	Try Smeet
		YES (attempted theft)	> Try Sheet
		NO (to both questions) / DON'T KNOW	
6.	Check Q.6	↓ "Was the damage malicious (ie not accidental)?"	
		NO	 → See Note
		YES 🗸	
7.	Check Q.29 Q.30	"What damage did they do?" "What was the total value of the damage they did?"	
		NO DAMAGE	See Note
		DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE (120 or under)	> Code Ei
		DAMAGE TO MOTOR VEHICLE (over £20)	Code 32
		DAMAGE TO RESPONDENT'S HOME (£20 or under)	Code 23
		DAMAGE TO RESPONDENT'S HOME (over £20)	Code Ei
		OTHER DAMAGE (SEE NOTE 8e)	
8.	Check Q.5	"Was the respondent the main victim?"	
		NOT CLEAR	See Note E
		YES and DAMAGE £20 or under	
		YES and DAMAGE over £20	Coce of

CRIMINAL DAMAGE: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

Sa) If an incident involves both criminal damage and serious wounding, the assault code (code 11) always takes precedence - provided that the respondent is victim of the serious wounding. If someone else is victim of the wounding, refer.

Criminal damage codes, however, take precedence over codes 12, 13 and 21 - other wounding, common assault and attempted assault. (Exceptions to this can be made where the damage is very trivial and the assault involves injury to the respondent; for example if a respondent is given a beating in which his eyes are blacked and his clothes slightly torn, it makes more sense to code this as an assault than an act of criminal damage.)

Sb) If threats were made in an attempt to steal something, the incident should be coded as attempted robbery. Try sheet 4.

Refer the incident if the threat was to kill or endanger life.

- 3c) For an incident of criminal damage to have occurred, damage must have been done maliciously. Some respondents will have reported to the interviewer that their 'car was dented' or similar; these incidents should be coded as 87 unless it is likely from the context that the damage was intended. (For example a dent or scratch on the roof of a car is almost certainly malicious; a dent on the side may not be; but a scratch 'made with a coin' down the side of a car obviously is malicious.)
- 3d) If the respondent was left with a <u>substantial</u> clean-up job but no further costs, this counts as criminal damage of nominal value (codes 81, 83 or 85). If the effect of the act was trivial (eg letting down car tyres) code 87 applies. If the offenders were attempting to effect criminal damage but were stopped before they succeeded in doing so, code 88 applies.
- Se) The "home" in this context includes doors, windows, gates, fences, plants, shrubs and belongings in the garden, but not motor vehicles in driveways etc.
- Sf) Any member of the household can be the main victim of damage to motor vehicles or to the home. But only the respondent can be the victim of other acts of priminal damage. Thus damage, for example, to the respondent's bicycle would be coded 85 or 86 if the damage were done away from the home but coded 83 or 34 if damaged when in the respondent's garden. But if the respondent's son's bike were damaged when away from the home, the incident should be referred.

SHEET 9: THREATS

"Threats" are verbal. Any non-verbal threatening behaviour (following a person closely, menacing gestures) counts as intimidation.

The survey covers only threats or intimidation to the respondent or threats made to others against the respondent. No other threats or intimidation count as within the survey's coverage. If no other offence is involved, other threats or intimidation are coded as 99.

All other codes take precedence over the threat codes.

In most cases, the respondent will be both the person to whom threats are made and the person against whom threats are made. There will be a few cases where this is not so. Either a threat may be made to the respondent against someone else (e.g. I will kill your child) or a threat may be made to someone else against the respondent (respondent's wife is told respondent will be beaten up). The coding system is adapted to this.

Possible codes

91	Threat to kill/assault made \underline{to} but \underline{not} necessarily against respondent.
92	Sexual threat made to but not necessarily against respondent
93	Other threat or intimidation \underline{to} but \underline{not} necessarily against respondent
94	Threats <u>against</u> respondent made <u>to</u> someone else
99	Threats/intimidation falling outside survey's coverage

SHEET 9 CHECKLIST: THREATS

1 (1) - (10		
1. Check 9.23 9.37	"Was anything at all stolen?" "Did the person/people who did it try to steal anything?"	
	YES (to either question) —	
	NO/DON'T KNOW (to both questions)	Try Sn
2. Check 9.45	"Did the person/people who did it actually hit anyone or use force or violence on anyone?" (include indecent assaults)	
	YES —	
	NO/DON'T KNOW	Try She
3. Check Q.28		
	YES	
	NO	Try She
4. Check Q.12	"Did the person/people who did it have a right to be inside (respondent's home)?"	
	NO	_
•	NOT ANSWERED/YES	$\xrightarrow{\cdot}$ Try She
		ŀ
5. Check Q.50	"Whom did they threaten?"	•
	NOT ANSWERED -	1. 6. 4
	SOMEONE OTHER THAN DECRONDENT	See Note
	RESPONDENT (ALONE OR WITH OTHERS)	See Note
	(SOUTH OTHERS)	
6. Check Q.51	"What did they threaten to do to respondent?"	
	SEXUAL ATTACK OR ASSAULT ————————————————————————————————————	Code 92
	ANY ATTACK OR ASSAULT EXCEPT A SEXUAL ONE -	Code 91
	ANY THREAT NOT INVOLVING PERSONAL ATTACKS	10000
	ASSAULT	Code 93

THREATS: NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

- Some threats may simply be against property; in this case question 49 may be answered 'no', and Q.50 and Q.51 not completed. In this case, use question 6 as the basis for selecting codes 93, 94 or 99.
- 9b) For purposes of the survey, the respondent must have been either the recipient or the subject of the threat. Incidents where the threat was not against the respondent or his immediate family or associates should be referred. If the threat was made to the respondent against his immediate associates or family, proceed as at check 6 on page 9/2.

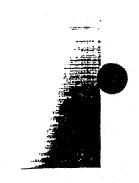
APPENDIX F

DATA FORMAT

CARD 1 ADDRESS RECORD SHEET/RESPONDENT SELECTION SHEET

101 - 104	NCP Job Number
105 - 107	Area Code
108 - 109	Serial Number
110 - 111	Card Number
112 - 119	Post Code (Alpha-numeric)
119 - 120	Number of Electors on Register
121 - 123	Batch Code (Used in survey processing)
124	House Type
125	Flat Type
126	Number of Floors
127 - 129	Date of Interview
130	Day of Week
131	Q1 Yes/No
132	Reason for not getting Information
133	Q2 Yes/No
134	Reason for non-contact
135 - 138	Interviewer Number
139	Selection A
140	" B
141	" C
142	n D
143	" Ε
144 - 145	" F
146 - 148	Weight A .
149 -151	" B
152 - 154	" C
155 - 157	" D
158 - 170	Blank
171 - 172	Acorn Code
173	Blank
174 - 179	Local Authority Code
	•

CARD 2	MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE		
201-209	Respondent Identifier	260	Q20
210-211	Card Number	261	Q21
212	Main Questionnaire Version Number	263	022
213	Blank	264	Q23
214	Q1. (Part)+ Q2. (Part)	265-266	024
215-216	Blank	267-268	Q25
217 .	Q3 ·	269-270	Q26
218	Q4	271-272	Q27
219	Q5	273-274	Q28
270	Q6	275-276	Q29
221	Q7a	277-278	Q30
222	Blank	279-280	Q31
223-229	Q8		
230-235	Q9a		
236-238	Q9Ь		
239	09c		
240-242	Q9d	•	
243	Q9e		
244-248	Q10		
249	Q11		
250	Q12		
251	Q13		
252	Q14		
253-254	Q16		
255-256	Q17		
257-258	Q18		
259	Q19		



CARD 3	MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE
301-309	Respondent Identifier
310-311	Card Number
312-313	032
314-315	Q33
316-317	Q34
318-314	Q35
320-321	036
322-323	Q37
324-325	Q38
326-327	Q39
328-329	Q40
330-331	Q41
332-333	Q42
334-335	Q43
326-337	Q44
338-339	Q45
340	Q46
341-342	Q47
343	Blank
344	Q48 location
345	Q48 Person
346	Q50
347-348	Q51a
349-350	Q51b
351-352	Q51c
353-375	Q52
376	053
377	Q54
378-379	Length of Main Questionnaire

CARD 4 VICTIM FORM

401-409	1 -4110 10111161	458	Q25
410-411	Card Number	459	Q26a
412	Victim Form Number	460	Q26b
413-414	Q1a	461	Q27
415	Q1b	462	Q28
416-417	Q2a	463	Blank
418-429	Q2b	464	Q30
430-433	Q4	465	Q31
434	05	466	
435-436	Offence Code	467	Q32
437	Q7	468	Q33
438	Q8	469	Q34
439	Q9	470	Q35
440	Q10a	471	Q36
441	Q10b	472,473	Q37
442	Q11a	474	Blank
443	Q11b		Q39
444	Q12	475	Blank
445	Q13	476	Q41
446	Q14	477	Q42
447	Q15	478 470	Q43
448	Q16	479	Q44
449-451	Blank	480	Blank
452	Q20		
453	Q21 Code $4 = 1 + 2$		
	, , , ,		
	5 = 1 + 3		
	6 = 2 + 3		
454	7 = 1+2+3 81ank		
455	Q23		
456,457	Blank		
,·w,	WIGHT		

CARD 5 VICTIM FORM

501-509	Respondent Identifier	541	Blank
510-511	Card Number	542	Q63b, Code 1+ 2 only
512	Victim Form Number	543	Q64
513	Q45	544	Q65
514	Q46 Code 4 = Code $1+2$	545	Q66
	5 = 1 + 3	546	Q62
•	6 = 2 + 3	547	Q68a
	7 = 1+2+3	548	Q68b
515	Blank	549	Q68c
516	Q48 Code 1 only, Respondent	550	Q68a
517	Blank	551	Q69
518	Q48 Code 1 only,		44.5
	Other HH Member	552	?
519	Blank .	553	Q71
520	Q48 Code 1 only Other		
504	person	554	Blank
521	Q49	555	Q73
522	Q50 Code $4 = 1 + 2$	556	Blank
	5 = 1 + 3		
	6 = 2 + 3		
	7 = 1+2+3	560	Q77
523-525	Blank	561,562	Q78
526	Q52	563	Q79
527	Q53	564-565	Victim Form Length
528-529	Blank	566	Q78 Dual Coded Code 5
530-531	Q55		
532	Q56		
533	Q57		
534,535	Q58		
536,537	Blank		
538	Q60		
539	Q61 ·		
540	062		

CARD 6 FOLLOW-UP

601-609	Respondent Identifier	675	Q20b
610-611	Card Number	676-679	Q21
612	Follow-up Version Number		4-1
613	Q1a		
614	Q1b		
615	Q2a		
616	Q2b		
617	Q3a		
518	Q3b		
619	Blank		
620	Q5		
621	Q6a		
622	Q6b		
623	Q6c		
624	Q7		
625	Q8		
626	Q9a		
627	Q9b		
628	Q10 Code 1 only		
629	Q11a		
630	Blank		
631	012		
632-636	013		
637	Q14		
638	Blank		
639	Q16		
640-653	Q17		
654-658	Q18a		
659-672	Q18b Dual Coded Code 5 mo	ved	
673	Q19		
674	Q20a		

CARD 7 FOLLOW-UP

701-709	Respondent Identifier
710-711	Card Number
712	Q22
713	Q23
714	Q24
715	Q25
716	Blank
717	Q27
718	Q28
719	Q29
720	Q30
721	Q31
732	Q32a
723	Blank
724	Q33
725	Q34a
726	Blank
727	Q35a
728	Blank
729	Q36a
730	Blank
731	Q37
732	Q38
733	Q39
734	Q40
735	Q41
736-743	Q42 Part i) only
744	Q43
745-746	Follow-up length

CARD 3 DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE

801-809	Respondent Identifier .
810-811	Card Number
812	Q1
813	Q2
814	Q3
815	Q4
816	Number in Household
817-856	Household Grid
857	HOH Never Worked
858	Q6d
859	Q6e
860	Q6 i
861	Q7
862	Q8 ·
863	Q9
864-865	SEG
866	Q10
867	Q11
868-869	Length of Demographic Questionnaire
870	Assessment A (houses)
871	Assessment B (litter)
⁹ 72	Assessment C (race)

CARD 9 MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

901-909	Respondent Identifier
910-911	Card Number
912-923	01 From 213
924-935	02 From 215
936-941	Q2 From 214 Codes 7 - 8
943-948	Q2 From 217 Codes 7 - 8
949-956	Q76 From 222
957-980	Blank

CARD 10 VICTIM FORM

1001 - 1009	Respondent Identifier
1010 - 1011	Card Number
1012	Victim Form Number
1013 - 1017	Q17 from 449
1018 - 1022	Q18 from 450
1023 - 1034	Q19 from 451
1035 - 1043	Q22 from 454
1044 - 1060	Q24 from 456, 457
1061 - 1072	Q29 from 463
1073 - 1080	Blank



CARD 11 VICTIM FORM

1101 - 1109	Respondent Identifier
1110 - 1111	Card Number
1112	Victim Form Number
1113 - 1129	Q38 from 472, 473
1130 - 1135	Q40 from 475
1136 - 1142	Q44 from 479
1143 - 1180	Blank

CARD 12 VICTIM FORM

1201 - 1209	Respondent Identifier
1210 - 1211	Card Number
1212	Victim Form Number
1213 - 1218	Q47 Respondent(Codes 5-7 all on 1217)from 515
1219 - 1224	Q47 Other HH Member(Codes 5-7 all on 1223) from 512
1225 - 1230	Q47 Other Person (Codes 5-7 all on 1229) from 519
1231 - 1235	Q48 Respondent from 516
1236 - 1240	Q48 Other HH Member from 518
1241 - 1245	Q48 Other Person from 520
1246 - 1250	Q51 Respondent from 523
1251 - 1255	Q51 Other HH Member from 524
1256 - 1260	Q51 Other Person from 525
1261 - 1270	Q54 Respondent from 528
1271 - 1280	Q54 Other HH Member from 529

CARD 13 VICTIM FORM

rom 515	
223) from 512	
)from 519	

13.01	_	1309	Respondent Identifier
1310	-	1711	Card Number
1312			Yictim Form Number
1313	_		Q59a from 536
1325	-	1341	Q59b from 537,538 (codes 5-9)
1342	-	1346	Who affected from 539 (codes 5-9)
1347	-	1357	Q63a from 541
1358	-	1369	Q70 from 552
1370	-	1380	Q72 from 554

CARD 14 VICTIM FORM

1401 - 1409 1410 - 1411 1412	Respondent Identifier Card Number Victim Form Number
1413 - 1424 1425 - 1426 1427 - 1480	Q74 from 556 Q10a from 440 (changed to 2 digit field) plus other answers
1428 - 1427	color 7 or over, 9 10 a

CARD 15 FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE

1501 - 1509 1510 - 1511 1512 - 1520 1521 - 1527 1528 1529 1530 1531 1532 1533 1534 1535 - 1580	Respondent identifier Card Number Q4 from 619 (codes 90- all on 1520) Q10 from 628 codes 2 - 8 only Q18b double coded code 5 from 659 Q18b double coded code 5 from 661 Q18b double coded code 5 from 663 Q18b double coded code 5 from 665 Q18b double coded code 5 from 667 Q18b double coded code 5 from 667 Q18b double coded code 5 from 669 Q18b double coded code 5 from 671 Blank Mulipu Rupusu for G118 & G15	(12 coli pe que, ha
1560+	blank	

her answers

CARD 16 FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE

1601 - 1609	Respondent Identifier
1610 - 1611	Card Number
1612 - 1620	926 from 716
1621 - 1625	Q32b from 723
1626 - 1637	Q34b from 726
1638 - 1649	Q35b from 728
1650 - 1661	Q36b from 730
1662 - 1669	Q42 Part ii only
1670 - 1680	Slank

APPENDIX G

DESIGN FACTORS

Calculation of Standard Errors and Design Factors

A general purpose method called Balanced Repeated Replications was use to calculate the standard errors for a selection of variables in the survey. The method works in the following way. The 300 constituencies are listed in their stratified order as determined by the sample design and adjacent pairs of areas in the list are deemed to represent 2 constituencies sampled from a stratum. A replicate is formed by selecting on constituency from each of the resulting 150 strata. The complement replicate consists of the 150 constituencies not selected. Twenty replicates therefore twenty complement replicates, were selected according to balanced design. The various survey results for which standard error were required were analysed by each replicate (half sample) and its complement replicate (half sample). For a particular survey variable the following estimates are available:-

Z = the estimate from the total sample

$$z'_1, z'_2, \dots, z'_{z_{\bullet}}$$
 = the estimates from the 20 replicates

$$z_1'' z_2'' \dots z_{2\bullet}'' = \text{estimates from the 20 complement replicates}$$

The variance of the overall estimate Z is then given by:-

$$Var (z) = \sum_{i=1}^{20} \left[(z_i' - Z)^2 + (z_i'' - Z)^2 \right]$$

and the Standard Error by $\sqrt{\text{Var}(Z)}$

The Design Factor is then the ratio of this Standard Error to the standar error calculated on the basis of Simple Random Sampling.

Once the replicates (and their complements) have been formed they cabe coded on to the computer record of the survey, and then standard error can be calculated for a wide range of survey variables, including correlatio and regression coefficients.

Design Factors have been calculated for "the mean number of incidents (including zero) for a number of variables. Given that the proportio of people reporting a zero value is 94% or more, the design factor fo "the proportion having one or more incidents" will be very similar i value to that calculated for the mean. As confirmation of this, twe examples are given below:-

	Design	Factor on
	Mean	عد 0
Vandalism	1.17	1.23
Burglary	0.99	1.02

Design Factors

les in the	•	<u>Ues10</u>	gn Factors	
stituencies mple design 2 constit-			Total sample	Inner city
lecting one t replicate		l Mean Vandalism	1.17	1 07
replicates, and		2 Mean Theft From Vehicle	1.16	1.07
ding to a lard errors		B Mean Burglary	0.99	1.17
its comple-		Mean Theft of Vehicle	1.12	1.30
e following	5		1.80	1.27
	6		1.05	2.07
	7	•	1.07	1.08 1.37
		1		
	8	Household Total 2	1.27	1.41
	9	Household Sub Total	1.45	1.42
	10	Mean Common Assault	1.31	1.25
	11	Mean Theft from Person	1.01	0.93
	12	Mean Wounding	0.91	1.28
	13	Mean Robbery	0.93	1.08
	14	Mean Sex Offences	1.07	0.99
	15	Mean Other Personal Theft	1.21	0.84
a atandard	16	Mean Threats	0.90	1.10
le standard	17	3		
thou and	18	Personal Total 4	1.34	1.09
they can lard errors correlation	10	Personal sub Total	0.94	0.89
	19	Wounding and Assault	1.29	1.26
incidents"	20	Theft from Person and Robbery	0.95	0.88
proportion				
factor for similar in		Theft of Vehicle-Vehicle Owners	1.21	
this, two		Theft from Vehicle - Vehicle Owne	rs 1.28	
		Sex Offences - Women	1.08	
		Bike Theft - Bike Owners	1.93	
	•			

s was used

^{1.} Crime Codes 50-53, 55-58, 60-65, 71, 72, 80-86

^{2.} Crime Codes 51-53, 55, 60-64, 80-86

^{3.} Crime Codes 11-13, 21, 31-35, 41-45, 67,73

^{4.} Crime Codes 11, 12, 31-35, 41-45

		_	
		Total sample	Inner city
ر ه	Scoring 'l' on Car Theft Screen	1.01	1.02
بد ه	Scoring 'l' on Burglary Screen	1.03	1.10
ע	Scoring '2' on Tenure	2.96	1.74
גב ס	Scoring 'l' (Very safe) on MQ7 (a)	2.13	1.22
3/	Scoring 'l' on Marital Status	1.31	1.35
N O	Scoring '4' on Employment Status	1.38	1.00
o/ o	in Range 16 - 29 on Age	1.20	1.40
بد . ه	Scoring '2' on Race	2.54	2.06
	Follow-up questionnare		
۵٬ ۱۹	Scoring '2' on Q5	1.75	
2	Scoring 'l' on Q 21d	1.17	
1 2	Scoring 'l' on Q23	1.02	
ay Po	Scoring '2' on Q 34 (a)	1.25	
	Victim Form		
a R	Scoring '1' on Q23	1.73	
ارد 0	Scoring 'l' on Q39	1.90	
بر ه.	Scoring 'I' on Q69	1.49	