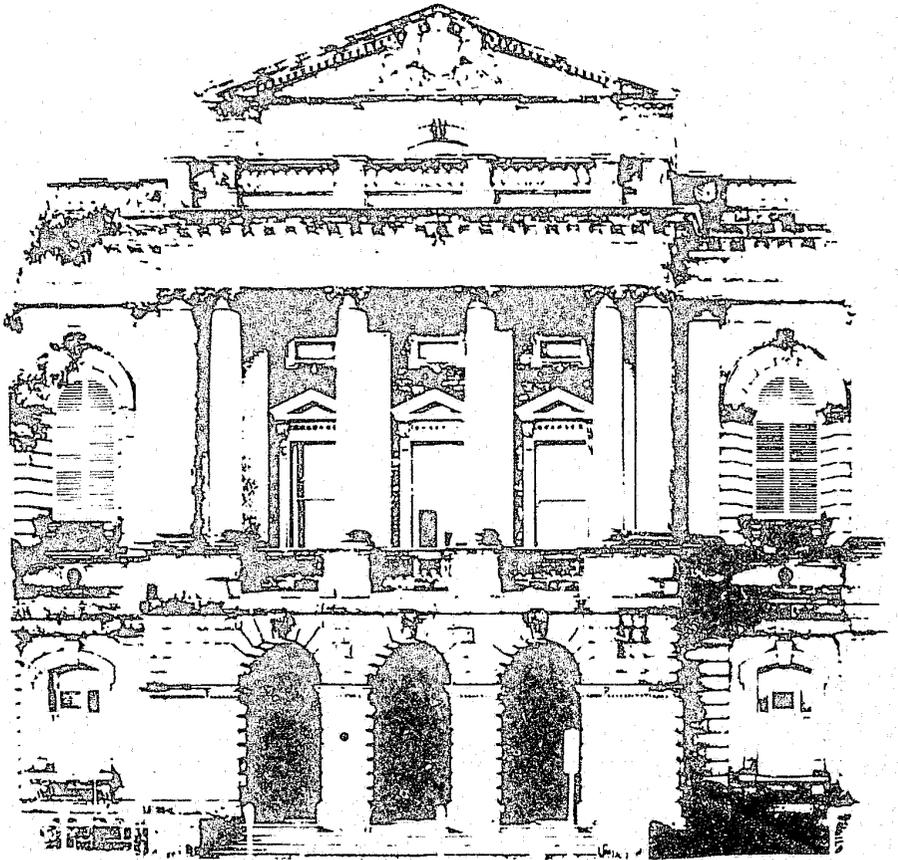


Courts of Summary Jurisdiction

1 January-30 June
1986



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PREFACE

This is the fifteenth report from the Office of Crime Statistics on proceedings in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction in South Australia. These reports complement the Office's regular summaries of juvenile and Higher Criminal Court appearances and offences reported or becoming known to South Australian Police, and its statistics on the operations of the Correctional Services system (see even-numbered reports in the Crime and Justice series).

The Courts of Summary Jurisdiction collection was implemented on 1 January 1979. For the first six months coverage was limited to the Adelaide Magistrate's Court, but from 1 July 1979 scope was extended to cases heard throughout the State. A list of contributor courts is in Appendix C.

In 1982, the system was comprehensively revised. These changes related to cases heard from 1 July 1982 onward. Among the most important were adoption of an Act and Section system of offence-codes, inclusion of restraint orders under Section 99 of the Justices Act (and breaches of these orders), refinement of case-outcome codes and collection of data on previous similar offences by persons charged with drink-driving or drug offences.

To complement the information in these six-monthly reports, the Office of Crime Statistics also provides a specialised information service for members of the legal profession and researchers. Users generally are charged a fee covering computing costs and labour. Details are available from the Office (10th floor, S.G.I.C. Building, 211 Victoria Square, Adelaide - telephone 237 0110).

It would not be possible to provide statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction without the assistance of numerous individuals. Clerks of Court throughout the State have contributed time and effort to collecting data on cases heard in their courts. Within the Office of Crime Statistics, David Burton was responsible for day-to-day management of the system and Valija Kalnins assisted in monitoring the quality of input forms received. The Office's Statistician Adrian Barnett, and Project Officer Julie Gardner undertook the computer analysis of data. Lesley Giles typed the report and the Word Processing Section of the Attorney-General's Department provided assistance with the tables. Clerical officers from the South Australian Police Department coded all information on the backgrounds of defendants.

SUMMARY

- . Between 1 January and 30 June 1986 Courts of Summary Jurisdiction throughout South Australia dealt with 13,903 cases that satisfied criteria for inclusion into the Office of Crime Statistics collection.
- . Drink-driving, driving in a manner dangerous or driving while disqualified represented a quarter of all selected cases.
- . There were nearly three times as many cases involving crimes against property as there were crimes against people in this reporting period.
- . Analysis of data from the past four years show increases in cases related to larceny, drug offences and the issue or breach of restraint orders.
- . An outcome of guilty to either the major or lesser charge was decided in eight out of ten court cases.
- . The most commonly imposed penalty in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction was a fine, applied to half of all cases; more so in cases involving drug offences (95.8%) or minor street offences (90.0%).
- . Examination of demographic information reveals a profile of the 'average' defendant as aged between eighteen and twenty-four years (51.7%), male (82.6%) and single (64.5%). An exception to this pattern are those charged with shop theft, as several defendants in this category were females in the older age category.
- . Just over half of the defendants appearing on robbery and extortion charges had been previously imprisoned.

PART 1 - OVERVIEW

Introduction

This report provides a statistical overview of criminal matters dealt with in South Australian Criminal Courts of Summary Jurisdiction during the first six months of 1986. Each year, these Summary Courts hear more than 100,000 cases. Because of resource constraints, the Office of Crime Statistics' collection is limited only to a selected range. Relatively minor cases involving such charges as breaches of local authority by-laws and lesser traffic offences have been excluded. Appendix B lists the more significant Acts not included in statistics.

The report also does not extend to matters involving persons under eighteen years of age, whose charges generally are heard and disposed of before Children's Courts or Children's Aid Panels. Statistics on these cases are contained in other Crime and Justice reports (the 'blue' series).

The following pages contain a brief overview of the main trends to emerge in the six months 1 January - 30 June 1986. Detailed tables on these cases are in Part 2. Before analysing these figures it is important to be aware of some background points about court statistics.

Understanding Court Statistics

A key to understanding court statistics is the distinction between court and police figures, and of the phenomenon of unreported crime. Court figures - such as those in this report - count numbers of appearances by alleged offenders who have been arrested or summonsed to answer some charge. Police figures, on the other hand, count the actual number of offences reported or which police themselves have detected. Police figures do not always accurately reflect the incidence of crime. For a variety of reasons - for example the fact that offender and victim were close relatives or friends, or the crime itself was considered trivial, or there was no obvious victim - many crimes do not come to the attention of police. Court figures are even less likely to reflect crime rates because not all offences result in an arrest, or if a person is charged he or she may be dealt with simultaneously for several offences. In addition, times elapsed between the commission of an offence and the final court appearance by a defendant are not always consistent, so it is not possible to argue that court appearances relate to crimes committed during a specific period. Rather than being used as evidence of crime rates, court statistics should be seen as indicators of the way the criminal justice system functions, the characteristics of persons being arrested and the penalties being imposed for various types of offences.

Accuracy and Completeness of the Collection

Every effort is made to ensure that the Courts of Summary Jurisdiction collection is accurate and complete, but caution should be exercised in interpreting some data items - in particular those relating to the backgrounds of individuals appearing. These are based on items in the Police Department's apprehension reports and criminal history files. It is possible that on occasions, persons arrested may give misleading information. Moreover, where the South Australian Police Department did not lay the initial complaint, or where there was no finding of guilty, data on the characteristics of the defendant could not always be recorded. As mentioned earlier, not all criminal offences result in court appearances. Some segments of society, because of their lifestyle and lack of resources, are more vulnerable to prosecution for their offences.

Trends in Appearances

Number of Cases

During the six month period 1 January to 30 June 1986, Courts of Summary Jurisdiction dealt with nearly 14,000 cases that satisfied criteria for inclusion in the Office of Crime Statistics collection. The figure of 13,903 selected cases represents a 6% increase from the previous six months, but is almost identical to the same period in 1985 (13,895 cases).

Types of Cases

The pattern of cases appearing before magistrates is varied; offences are as diverse as serious assault and loitering, rape and driving offences. Table 2.1 in Part 2 of this report groups cases into seventeen broad categories according to the most serious offence charged. The three most common offences between January to June 1986 in descending order were:

- . driving charges, which alone account for nearly one quarter of all the selected cases (25.5%);
- . drug offences (12.4%), and
- . minor street offences (9.4%).

Very few of the total selected cases involve the most serious crimes of violence such as sexual assault (0.6%) or robbery (0.4%).

The Office of Crime Statistics' seventeen offence groups (used in Part 2 of this report) ensure that South Australian data are comparable with interstate collections. For interpretive purposes, however, it is useful to further collapse these categories into four main headings:

1. Crimes against people - includes offences against the person, robbery and sexual offences;
2. Crimes against property - includes break and enter, fraud, theft of vehicles, shop theft, unlawful possession of property and larceny;
3. Drug offences, and
4. Other offences - includes driving, possession of guns, damage property, minor street offences, offences against order, breaches of restraint orders and other categories.

TABLE 1.1 TYPES OF CASES HEARD IN COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION
1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

Offence Type	Number	Percentage
Crimes against people	1232	8.9
Crimes against property	3533	25.4
Drug offences	1730	12.4
Other offences	7408	53.3
TOTAL	13903	100.0

As can be seen from Table 1.1 (above), crimes against people comprise less than ten percent of the total cases dealt with in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction. Most of these are common assaults, with just 2.1% relating to major crimes of violence such as serious assault, homicide, robbery and sexual offences.

Trends in Offences

Table 1.2 (over page) shows the number and percentage in each of the Office's seventeen offence groups during the past four years. Trends in appearances for the following offences are worth commenting on:

1. Drug offences;
2. Drunkenness;
3. Restraint orders, and
4. Larceny.

Drug Offences

There has been a significant increase in drug offences heard in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction over the past four years, with numbers rising steadily until 1985/86 where there was a slight decline. Readers should note, however, that court and police statistics do not

provide an accurate indicator of the actual occurrence of drug taking in the community. This is because the number of drug offences becoming known to police depends largely on the resources that police devote to detecting this crime. (For further discussion see Courts of Summary Jurisdiction report number 5.) In this respect drug offences differ from other offences (eg. break and enter, assault or robbery), which by their nature are more likely to be reported by citizens to police.

TABLE 1.2 COURT OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION APPEARANCES BY MAJOR CHARGE
1 JULY 1982 - 30 JUNE 1986

Major Charge Type	1982/83		1983/84		1984/85		1985/86		Percentage increase or decrease when compared with 1982/83
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
Offences Against the Person	2153	7.9	2323	7.8	2302	8.1	2130	7.9	- 1.1
Robbery and Extortion	86	0.3	104	0.3	126	0.4	114	0.4	+ 32.6
Sexual Offences	112	0.4	225	0.8	180	0.6	162	0.6	+ 44.6
Drug Offences	2192	8.0	2979	10.0	3657	12.8	3215	11.9	+ 46.7
Fraud and Deception	962	3.5	993	3.3	1126	3.9	1025	3.8	+ 6.5
Break and Enter	806	3.0	846	2.8	967	3.4	742	2.7	- 7.9
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	569	2.1	583	2.0	623	2.2	577	2.1	+ 1.4
Shop Theft	3066	11.3	3173	10.6	2888	10.1	2259	8.4	- 26.3
Other Larceny	900	3.3	1152	3.9	1147	4.0	1687	6.2	+ 87.4
Unlawful Possession of Property	551	2.0	650	2.2	729	2.6	698	2.6	+ 26.7
Driving Offences	5673	20.8	6343	21.2	6678	23.4	6694	24.8	+ 18.0
Unlawful Possession of Guns or Explosives	318	1.2	359	1.2	336	1.2	375	1.4	+ 17.9
Damage Property	780	2.9	957	3.2	916	3.2	1117	4.1	+ 43.2
Drunkenness	3570	13.1	3051	10.2	449	1.6	* *	*	*
Other Minor Street Offences	3207	11.8	3324	11.1	3004	10.5	2625	9.7	- 18.1
Offences Against Order	1276	4.7	1356	4.5	1531	5.4	1447	5.4	+ 13.4
Restraint Orders Issued or Breached	901	3.3	1303	4.4	1654	5.8	1932	7.2	+ 114.4
Other Offences	118	0.4	167	0.6	238	0.8	205	0.8	+ 73.7
TOTAL	27240		29888		26551		27004		- 0.9

* Drunkenness was decriminalised in September 1984.

In analysing court drug statistics, therefore, it is advisable to concentrate on the types of offences detected and the outcomes and penalties given to defendants so charged. Table 1.3 shows that the majority (95%) of drug cases relate to either cannabis or its derivatives. Very few cases (3.1%) concern heroin. Problems associated with administrative procedures following the introduction of the Controlled Substances Act led to an increase in the number of cases where the type of drug was unknown to court coding staff; this has resulted in a corresponding increase in the 'other drug' category. From the proportion of marijuana cases in previous years however, it can safely be assumed that a high proportion of the 'other drug' category relates to cannabis offences. Table 2.22 in Part 2 of this report provides details on penalties for use, possession or selling offences.

The introduction on 30 April 1987 of cannabis expiation notices - ie. 'on-the-spot' fines for possession or use of small amounts of marijuana - should reduce the total number of cases before Courts of Summary Jurisdiction. However for reasons canvassed in the following section, it cannot be assumed that this effect will persist in the long term.

TABLE 1.3 NUMBER OF DRUG APPEARANCES IN COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION BY TYPE OF DRUG, 1 JULY 1982 - 30 JUNE 1986

Drug Type	1982/83	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86
Indian Hemp	2081	2857	3474	2727
Heroin	31	65	92	99
Other Drug	80	57	91	389*
TOTAL	2192	2979	3657	3215

* High figure mainly due to 'unknown' drug type.

See text above for explanation.

Drunkenness

Drunkenness ceased to be an offence in September 1984. As Table 1.2 shows, drunkenness charges used to account for 13% of total selected cases in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction. The removal of this offence from the Statutes should have resulted in a consequent reduction, by about the same proportion, in the total number of cases heard in the courts. As the recent yearly totals indicate however, the expected decrease has not been sustained. Instead of falling to a yearly total of approximately 23,500, the number of selected cases remains at a similar, if not higher, level as before decriminalisation.

One possible explanation for the maintenance of total caseloads is that behaviour which previously had resulted in a charge of drunkenness now is leading to arrests for other minor 'street' offences such as disorderly behaviour. If this has occurred, however, the number of minor street offences would be expected to have increased. In fact this category also has fallen (for further discussion of this point see the Office's Research Bulletin number 4, Decriminalising Drunkenness in South Australia).

This means that the take-up in additional Summary Court matters to offset the decriminalising of drunkenness has been in apparently unrelated offence-categories such as larceny and damage property (see Table 1.2). While a small part of the increase in larceny matters could be due to a rise in offences reported and changes in jurisdiction (see discussion of larceny below) it nonetheless seems remarkable that despite a major law reform, the South Australian Courts of Summary Jurisdiction have retained such a high degree of workload stability. United States research (eg. Malcolm M. Feeley, The Process is the Punishment, New York, Sage, 1979) has proposed that as a general principle, lower courts systems will tend to conserve an equilibrium of workloads and procedures even in the face of major reforms. Perhaps this theory needs to be explored further in the Australian context, examining factors that may influence summary justice workloads such as changes in patterns of enforcement, laying of charges, prosecution practices and sentencing.

Restraint Orders

Restraint orders were first made part of the Justices Act in South Australia in 1982 in an effort to improve legal remedies for domestic violence. A restraint order can be imposed by the court if a potential victim or a police officer can show good cause that it is necessary to prevent any individual from performing certain acts such as damaging property or causing personal injury. There has been a steady increase in restraint orders issued during the past four years, suggesting that both the general public and the police are becoming increasingly aware of their usefulness and of procedures required to initiate them.

Larceny

During the last four years, total cases in the larceny category, which includes all thefts other than shoplifting and theft of or from a motor vehicle, have risen by 87.4%. Simple larceny cases reported or becoming known to police went up by 30% during the same period (see Table 1.4, opposite page) and therefore it is unlikely that the extra Summary Court workload can be attributed solely to a rise in crimes reported or cleared. Another possible explanation is that the jurisdiction of the Summary Courts has been extended: provisions in

the Jurisdiction of Courts Act (1981) which took effect in 1982, allowed a wider range of larcenies involving alleged amounts up to \$2,000 to be dealt with summarily rather than in a Higher Criminal Court. Review of data from the Supreme and District Criminal Courts, however, indicates that while the lower courts have been dealing with an extra seven to eight hundred cases, the Higher Courts' workload of larceny matters since 1982/83 has fallen at most by thirty to forty per year. It seems, then, that the increase in larceny matters can be explained neither by an increase in crime or clear-up rates nor by an extension of the Summary Courts' powers to deal with these matters. Perhaps the change should be attributed simply to a greater tendency for relevant authorities to prosecute these types of matters instead of dealing with them outside the court system. If this is the explanation, then trends in the larceny category provide a good example of the tendency of the justice system to preserve workload equilibrium.

TABLE 1.4 LARCENY OFFENCES REPORTED TO SOUTH AUSTRALIAN POLICE AND CASES INVOLVING LARCENY IN SOUTH AUSTRALIAN COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JULY 1982 - 30 JUNE 1986

Larceny	1982/83	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86
Offences reported to police*	30267	32880	32846	39345
Charged in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction†	900	1152	1147	1687

* Excludes shop theft, motor vehicle theft, lost or stolen: this group includes all offences reported to Police which may or may not be cleared and which may have involved juveniles.

† Number of cases in which this was the most serious offence.

Case Outcomes and Penalties

Outcomes

Tables 2.1 through to 2.35 contain statistics on outcomes of cases, showing both major offence charged and the most severe penalty imposed for the major charge convicted. Explanatory notes on these tables are included in the appendices to this report, and readers are advised to consult these notes before attempting to draw conclusions from the tables.

The majority (83%) of cases heard in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction involve defendants found guilty of either the major charge (81.4%) or a lesser charge (1.6%). Of the remaining seventeen percent of cases

3.1% are committed for trial or sentence to a Higher Criminal Court, 13.6% are withdrawn or dismissed, and only 0.1% are actually acquitted, that is, found not guilty. It is worth noting that some of the indictable cases withdrawn or dismissed may involve matters subsequently brought back to court when more evidence has been gathered.

Table 1.5 (below) provides a breakdown of the number of cases proven or committed (ie. found guilty of some offence or committed to a Higher Criminal Court) for each of the four main offence groups. There were a total of 11,984 cases (86.2%) proven or committed between January and June 1986. Crimes against people have the lowest percentage of matters in this category (66.0%), while drug offences have the highest (90.6%).

TABLE 1.5 CASES PROVEN OR COMMITTED, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

Cases Proven or Committed	Against People	Property	Drugs	Other	TOTAL
Number proven or committed	813	2917	1567	6687	11984
Percentage	66.0	82.6	90.6	90.3	86.2
TOTAL CASES	1232	3533	1730	7408	13903

Penalties

The penalty most frequently imposed on defendants convicted in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction is a monetary fine. A fine is the most serious penalty in just over half of all relevant cases (50.8%), with values ranging from \$5.00 to \$24,040 (a customs offence). The average fine amount for all cases is \$162, \$21 more than in the previous six months and \$46 more than the same period in 1985.

A fine is overwhelmingly the most popular penalty for drug crimes (95.8%) and minor street offences (90.0%). Table 1.6 (opposite page) shows the average fine amount for these two categories during the past three and a half years. While the average fine for drug offences has risen only slightly there has been a significant increase since July 1985 in fine amounts for minor street offences. In fact fines for street offences increased by 136.6% between 1983 and 1986 (see Figure 1.1, opposite page).

FIGURE 1.1 AVERAGE FINE AMOUNTS FOR MINOR STREET OFFENCES,
1 JANUARY 1983 - 30 JUNE 1986

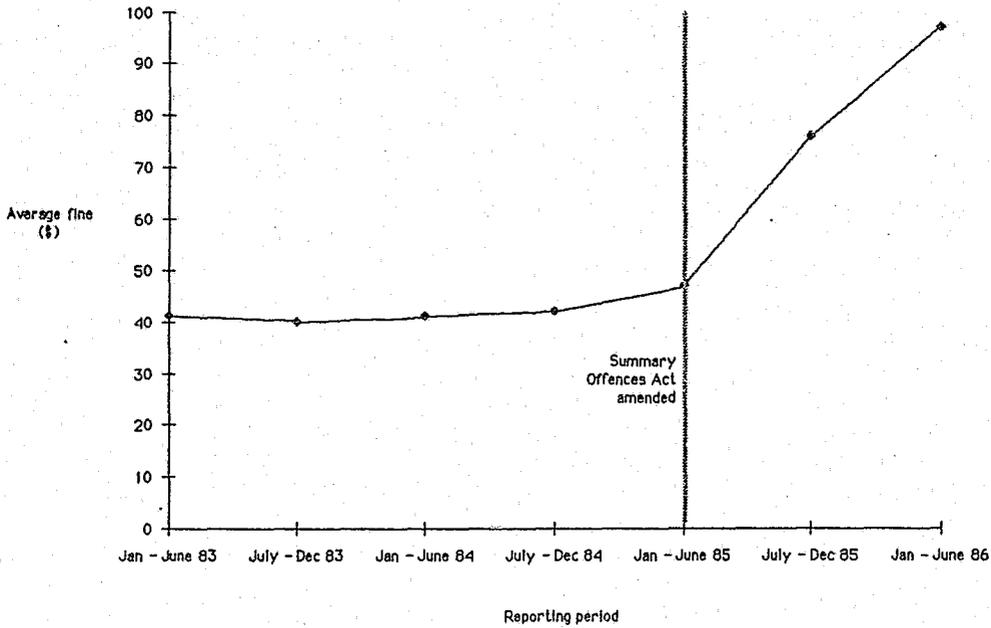


TABLE 1.6 AVERAGE FINE AMOUNT FOR 'MINOR STREET' AND 'DRUG' OFFENCES,
1 JANUARY 1983 - 30 JUNE 1986

Offence Type	1 Jan.- 30 June 1983	1 July- 31 Dec. 1983	1 Jan.- 30 June 1984	1 July- 31 Dec. 1984	1 Jan.- 30 June 1985	1 July- 31 Dec. 1985	1 Jan.- 30 June 1986
Drug Offences	\$116	\$121	\$108	\$113	\$118	\$111	\$121
Minor Street Offences	\$ 41	\$ 40	\$ 41	\$ 42	\$ 47	\$ 76	\$ 97

Even allowing for inflation, this means that penalties for street offences have undergone a real change: the Consumer Price Index rose by only 21% during the same period. However much of the increase can be explained by amendments to the Summary Offences Act which took effect in July 1985. These lifted the maximum fine for offences such as disorderly behaviour, offensive language and indecent behaviour - previously unaltered since 1953 - from \$100 to \$1,000. Clearly, the Summary Courts responded to these changes: average fines for minor street offences increased quite dramatically between 1984/85 and 1985/86. In effect then, the real changes in fine amounts for street offences which have occurred during the last three years mainly reflect a "catch up" in penalty structures which had previously been untouched for thirty years.

The next most commonly imposed penalty is suspension of driver's licence: an outcome which is consistent with the number of driving offences going through Courts of Summary Jurisdiction.

Although fines and suspended driver's licences were the most common penalties overall, percentages vary with the different types of offences (see Table 1.7, below). Of defendants convicted in the Summary Courts for crimes against people, over a third are sentenced to imprisonment. Most of the fines in this category relate to common assaults.

TABLE 1.7 MOST SEVERE PENALTY IMPOSED AGAINST MOST SERIOUS CHARGE CONVICTED, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

Offence Type	Imprisonment (includes suspended)	Bonds	Fine	Suspension of Driver's Licence	Other	TOTAL
Against People						
- number	221	73	319	-	18	631
- percentage	35.0	11.6	50.6	0.0	2.9	100.0
Property						
- number	681	266	1281	16	119	2363
- percentage	28.8	11.3	54.2	0.7	5.0	100.0
Drugs						
- number	3	26	1344	-	30	1403
- percentage	0.2	1.9	95.8	0.0	2.1	100.0
Other						
- number	376	146	2283	2880	205	5890
- percentage	6.4	2.5	38.8	48.9	3.5	100.0
TOTAL	1281	511	5227	2896	372	10287
Percentage	12.5	5.0	50.8	28.2	3.6	100.0

Background of Defendants

Tables 2.36 to 2.43 contain details on the background of defendants appearing in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction between 1 January and 30 June 1986. Unfortunately information on some defendants, especially those issued with restraint orders, is missing because details on persons who are the subject of restraint orders generally are not kept in police records.

Readers also should be aware that there may be some "double counting" in these statistics, which are based on appearances rather than distinct individuals. People who appeared on two or more occasions and for separate offences during the reporting period will have their background details included each time in tables 2.36 to 2.43.

Gender

Although most defendants (82.6%) were male, the proportion varies according to the type of offence. Over a third of all fraud offenders (35.3%), and more than half (55.5%) of the defendants charged with shop theft were female. By contrast, females account for only 5% of defendants charged with break and enter. For every 1,000 adult females only 3.9 appear in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction during any six-month period, compared to 19.3 out of every 1,000 adult males.

Table 1.8 shows the rates of apprehensions (ie. alleged offenders arrested or reported) per 100,000 population for males and females since 1973 for two types of offences, break and enter and fraud (figures taken from The Size of the Crime Problem in Australia, Australian Institute of Criminology, Canberra, 1987).

Rates both for males and females have increased during this period. The most significant rise has been for females involved in fraud offences.

TABLE 1.8 RATES OF APPREHENSION (PER 100,000 POPULATION) FOR BREAK AND ENTER AND FRAUD OFFENCES (ADULT ALLEGED OFFENDERS ONLY)*

Offence Type	1973/74	1978/79	1984/85
Break & Enter			
- males	98.0	154.4	226.5
- females	2.1	5.6	12.1
Fraud			
- males	86.8	78.7	131.6
- females	17.0	26.2	71.4

* Source: Mukherjee et al, 'The Size of the Crime Problem in Australia' (Canberra, Australian Institute of Criminology, 1987).

Age

The average (mean) age of all defendants is 28.3 years, with females (average age 31.2 years) tending to be older than males (average age 27.7). This is mainly due to the preponderance of older females involved in shop theft cases, in which 14.5% were aged sixty and over, a figure at variance with the pattern for all other offences. The most common age group for Summary Court defendants is the five years between twenty and twenty-four, with nearly a third of all appearances being by people in this age group. The rate of appearances per 1,000 age specific population is 50.2 per 1,000 for 18-19 year olds, 32.0 for 20 to 24 year olds, then a steady decline to 1.3 per 1,000 for persons aged over sixty years.

Employment and Marital Status

Just under half of all defendants appearing in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction are employed (46.7%). Unemployed people however, appear at ten times the rate of those who are employed (114.0 for every 1,000 unemployed compared to 11.4 per 1,000 employed persons). Robbery, break and enter, theft of vehicle and larceny offences all have significantly more unemployed defendants than employed, although the reverse is true for offences against the person, sexual offences, drug offences and driving offences. Only one in five Summary Court defendants is married with most being single (64.5%). Shop theft is the one offence where the proportion of married and single defendants is nearly equal, (38.9% and 42.4% respectively).

Place of Birth and Residence

Over three quarters of defendants (77.8%) were born in Australia with a further ten percent being from the United Kingdom. Apart from Aborigines, New Zealanders have the highest rate of appearances in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction: 25.5 per 1,000 adult population. Although the rate of appearances by Aboriginal people is high at 191.5 per 1,000 adult population, persons from this racial group mainly appear for minor offences. One in four aboriginal defendants (25.4%) appear on charges relating to minor street offences, while only 3.1% appear for drug offences (compared to 16.1% of non-aborigines).

Among the local government areas in metropolitan South Australia, Elizabeth had the highest rate of appearances in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction at 33.6 per 1,000 adult residents. Hindmarsh, Munno Parra and Enfield also have comparatively high rates: 26.4, 23.7 and 23.2 per 1,000 respectively. In country areas Port Augusta (34.4) and Whyalla (26.6) have the higher rates of appearances per 1,000 population.

Previous Convictions

Table 2.44 shows the number, if any, of a defendant's prior convictions and whether they had ever served a prison sentence. The robbery and extortion group has the highest percentage of defendants with one or more prior imprisonments (51.9%), as well as the largest average number of previous convictions (16.5).

The Court Process

Tables 2.45 to 2.47 briefly review some aspects of the court process: final plea, bail status and legal representation. Only 5.4% of defendants were held in custody at their final Court of Summary Jurisdiction appearance. For defendants charged with robbery or break and enter however, the proportion remanded in custody rises to 28.8% and 25.9% respectively.

Legal Representation at Final Court Appearance

Among court cases disposed of in one hearing, two thirds of the defendants (67.2%) have not obtained legal representation. This contrasts with committed cases that will eventually be finalised in a Higher Court; only 3.3% of these defendants are not legally represented.

Plea at Final Court Appearance

Nearly three quarters (74.6%) of defendants plead guilty to their major charge and only 3.1% plead not guilty. The remaining 22.3% are involved in committal cases or cases which are withdrawn, and are not required to enter a plea. The majority (85.4%) of defendants involved in committals do not plead at the Summary Court stage. Once they appear at either a Supreme or District Criminal Court, approximately 62% plead guilty to the major charge, 22% plead not guilty and 16% enter no plea because the major charge is withdrawn by the Crown (based on July-December 1985 figures).

PART 2 – STATISTICS

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TABLE 2.1 ALL OFFENCE CATEGORIES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Offences Against The Person	61	591	14	56	4	2	37(4)	333	2	1100	7.9
Robbery and Extortion	24	2	-	-	1	-	-	25(1)	-	52	0.4
Sexual Offences	59	-	-	-	1	-	1	19(1)	-	80	0.6
Drug Offences	114	1355	27	54(1)	12	1	57(4)	109(7)	1	1730	12.4
Fraud and Deception	64	289	24	31	1	-	7	101(1)	-	517	3.7
Break and Enter	45	226	5	10	4	1	7	63(4)	3	364	2.6
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	-	274	17	9	1	-	37(1)	2	1	341	2.5
Shop Theft	6	631	31	270	3	3	8(2)	106(1)	1	1059	7.6
Other Larceny	27	593	27	76(1)	8	-	19	145(7)	-	895	6.4
Unlawful Possession of Property	10	207	10	14	4	2	55(2)	55(2)	-	357	2.6
Driving Offences	-	3270	14	30(2)	93	1	126(89)	10(1)	3	3547	25.5
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	-	141	9	11	4	-	23(4)	7	-	195	1.4
Damage Property	19	373	47	45(2)	10	-	79(8)	32	1	606	4.4
Minor Street Offences	1	1124	62	50	4	1	46(3)	23	1	1312	9.4
Offences Against Order	7	529	36	28(5)	68	1	62(59)	31(4)	2	764	5.5
Restraint Orders, Breaches ⁺	-	52	7	559	1	-	208(1)	46	7	880	6.3
Other Offences	-	71	8	4	2	-	12(1)	4(1)	3	104	0.7
TOTAL	437	9728	338	1247	221	12	784	1111	25	13903	
Percentage	3.1	70.0	2.4	9.0	1.6	0.1	5.6	8.0	0.2		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

⁺ For ease of presentation, Restraint Orders imposed are grouped in this table with criminal charges which had a 'Guilty Without Conviction' outcome.

TABLE 2.2 OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Murder	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0.2
Attempted Murder	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	6	0.5
Manslaughter	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0.2
Cause Death by Driving	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	7	0.6
Assault, Major	23	59	2	3	1	1	4(1)	51	1	145	13.2
Assault Police	-	81	1	1	2	-	6(2)	3	-	94	8.5
Assault, Common											
- On Female	4	149	4	23	-	-	14	122	-	316	28.7
- On Male	19	280	5	29	1	1	10(1)	149	-	494	44.9
Assault With Intent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	0.1
Abduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	0.1
Other Offences	2	22	2	-	-	-	3	3	-	32	2.9
TOTAL	61	591	14	56	4	2	37	333	2	1100	
Percentage	5.5	53.7	1.3	5.1	0.3	0.2	3.4	30.3	0.2		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

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TABLE 2.3 ROBBERY AND EXTORTION

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Robbery With Major Assault	19	-	-	-	1	-	-	22(1)	-	42	80.8
Assault, Intent to Rob	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Kidnapping	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	6	11.5
Other Offences	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	7.7
TOTAL	24	2	0	0	1	0	0	25	0	52	
Percentage	46.2	3.8	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	48.0	0.0		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

COURT OUTCOME AND MAJOR OFFENCE CHARGED*

TABLE 2.4 SEXUAL OFFENCES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Rape of Female	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	15	18.8
Rape of Male	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	4(1)	-	7	8.8
Attempted Rape of Female	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Attempted Rape of Male	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1.3
Unlawful Sexual Intercourse											
- With Female	14	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	16	20.0
- With Male	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5.0
Indecent Assault of Female	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	25	31.3
Indecent Assault of Male	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	8.8
Gross Indecency	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2.5
Other Offences	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3.8
TOTAL	59	0	0	0	1	0	1	19	0	80	
Percentage	73.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	1.3	23.7	0.0		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

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TABLE 2.5 DRUG OFFENCES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Heroin											
- Import, Possess Imports	8	7	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	20	1.2
- Sell Offences	2	-	-	-	3	-	-(1)	1(2)	-	5	0.3
- Use Offences	-	9	-	1(1)	1	-	2	5	-	18	1.0
- Other Offences	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	0.3
Cocaine											
- Use Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
- Other Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Amphetamines											
- Use Offences	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	19	1.1
- Other Offences	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	0.3
Hashish											
- Use Offences	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	0.6
- Other Offences	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	5	0.3
Indian Hemp											
- Import, Possess Imports	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	0.2
- Sell Offences	23	1	-	-	5	-	-(1)	11(4)	-	40	2.3
- Cultivate	30	8	-	-	2	-	4(1)	8(1)	-	52	3.0
- Use, Possess	10	1045	15	34	-	-	31	22	-	1157	66.9
- Possess Instruments	3	102	7	16	1	1	13(1)	21	1	165	9.5
Other Drugs											
- Import, Possess Imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
- Sell Offences	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	18	1.0
- Manufacture	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	11	0.6
- Use Offences	4	157	2	3	-	-	7	17	-	190	11.0
- Forge, Utter Prescription	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	0.2
TOTAL	114	1355	27	54	12	1	57	109	1	1730	
Percentage	6.6	78.3	1.6	3.1	0.7	0.1	3.3	6.3	0.1		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

TABLE 2.6 FRAUD AND DECEPTION

Major Charge	Committed For Total Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Forge and Utter	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	23	4.4
Conspire to Defraud	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Embezzlement as a Servant	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	8	1.5
Falsification of Accounts	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.2
Larceny as a Servant	1	31	-	2	-	-	1	11	-	46	8.9
Fraud Offences	6	14	-	2	-	-	1	4	-	27	5.2
False Pretences	23	152	8	20	-	-	3	37	-	243	47.0
False Statement											
- Unemployment Benefits	8	48	12	4	-	-	-	18	-	90	17.4
- Other benefit	6	25	4	3	-	-	2	4	-	44	8.5
Other Offences	5	14	-	-	1	-	-	15(1)	-	35	6.8
TOTAL	64	289	24	31	1	0	7	101	0	517	
Percentage	12.4	55.9	4.6	6.0	0.2	0.0	1.4	19.5	0.0		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

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TABLE 2.7 BREAK AND ENTER

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Burglary	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	2(1)	-	6	1.6
Break and Enter Dwelling	19	70	1	4	1	-	1	25(1)	1	122	33.5
Break and Enter Dwelling With Intent	2	5	2	1	1	-	3	6(1)	-	20	5.5
Break and Enter Other	13	126	2	3	-	1	1	20	1	167	45.9
Break and Enter Other With Intent	-	21	-	2	-	-	-	2	1	26	7.1
Possess Break and Enter Implements	8	4	-	-	1	-	2	8(1)	-	23	6.3
TOTAL	45	226	5	10	4	1	7	63	3	364	
Percentage	12.4	62.1	1.4	2.7	1.1	0.3	1.9	17.3	0.8		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

TABLE 2.8 UNLAWFUL USE, THEFT OF VEHICLE

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Interference of Motor Vehicle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	-	222	12	4	1	-	25(1)	1	-	265	77.7
Interfere With Motor Vehicle	-	49	3	5	-	-	10	1	1	69	20.2
Other Offences	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	7	2.1
TOTAL	0	274	17	9	1	0	37	2	1	341	
Percentage	0.0	80.4	5.0	2.6	0.3	0.0	10.8	0.6	0.3		100.0

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TABLE 2.9 SHOP THEFT*

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Shop Theft	6	631	31	270	3	3	8(2)	106(1)	1	1059	100.0
TOTAL	6	631	31	270	3	3	8	106	1	1059	
Percentage	0.6	59.6	2.9	25.5	0.3	0.3	0.7	10.0	0.1		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

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TABLE 2.10 OTHER LARCENY

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Other Theft Offences	27	593	27	76(1)	8	-	19	145(7)	-	895	100.0
TOTAL	27	593	27	76	8	0	19	145	0	895	
Percentage	3.0	66.3	3.0	8.5	0.9	0.0	2.1	16.2	0.0		100.0

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TABLE 2.11 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF PROPERTY*

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Receiving Unlawful Possession of Property	10	90	3	6	2	1	3	49(2)	-	164	45.9
	-	117	7	8	2	1	52(2)	6	-	193	54.1
TOTAL	10	207	10	14	4	2	55	55	0	357	
Percentage	2.8	58.0	2.8	3.9	1.1	0.6	15.4	15.4	0.0		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

TABLE 2.12 DRIVING OFFENCES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Driving Under the Influence	-	461	1	1	69	-	10(69)	1	1	541	15.3
Prescribed Content of Alcohol - Blood Alcohol Level											
- .08 up to .15	-	1033	1	9	1	-	19(1)	-	-	1063	30.0
- .15 or More	-	680	-	5	1	-	15(1)	-	1	702	19.8
- Unknown Blood Alcohol Level	-	269	-	5	2	-	10(2)	2	-	288	8.1
Refuse Breath Test	-	34	-	1	1	-	7	1(1)	-	44	1.2
Drive Whilst Disqualified	-	349	11	7(1)	5	1	15(3)	2	1	391	11.0
Fail to Stop and Report Accident	-	88	1	-	1	-	4(1)	1	-	95	2.7
Manner Dangerous	-	356	-	2(1)	13	-	45(12)	3	-	423	11.9
TOTAL	0	3270	14	30	93	1	126	10	3	3547	
Percentage	0.0	92.2	0.4	0.8	2.6	0.0	3.5	0.3	0.1		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

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TABLE 2.13 UNLAWFUL USE OR POSSESSION OF GUNS OR EXPLOSIVES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Possess Dangerous Guns or Explosives	-	108	9	11	4	-	18(4)	7	-	157	80.5
Other Offences	-	33	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	38	19.5
TOTAL	0	141	9	11	4	0	23	7	0	195	
Percentage	0.0	72.3	4.6	5.6	2.0	0.0	11.8	3.6	0.0		100.0

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TABLE 2.14 DAMAGE PROPERTY*

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Arson	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	19	3.1
Malicious Damage	6	11	2	2	-	-	1	10	-	32	5.3
Wilful Damage of Vehicle	-	40	5	5(2)	3	-	11(1)	4	-	68	11.2
Wilful Damage (Other)	2	303	36	35	7	-	67(7)	8	1	459	75.7
Other Offences	-	19	4	3	-	-	-	2	-	28	4.6
TOTAL	19	373	47	45	10	0	79	32	1	606	
Percentage	3.1	61.6	7.8	7.4	1.6	0.0	13.0	5.3	0.2		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

TABLE 2.15 MINOR STREET OFFENCES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Indecent Behaviour	1	26	2	2	-	-	3	1	-	35	2.7
Disorderly Behaviour	-	406	36	25	2	-	20(2)	4	1	494	37.6
Offensive or Indecent Language	-	405	10	15	1	1	11(1)	11	-	454	34.6
Urinate in Public Place	-	161	4	1	-	-	5	2	-	173	13.2
Loitering	-	105	6	7	-	-	6	5	-	129	9.8
Other Offences	-	21	4	-	1	-	1	-	-	27	2.1
TOTAL	1	1124	62	50	4	1	46	23	1	1312	
Percentage	0.1	85.7	4.7	3.8	0.3	0.1	3.5	1.8	0.1		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

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TABLE 2.16 OFFENCES AGAINST ORDER

Major Charge	Committed for Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Escape Prison Offences	-	17	4	-	1	-	3(1)	2	-	27	3.5
Resist Arrest	-	222	9	12(3)	36	1	14(31)	4(2)	-	298	39.0
Hinder Police	-	131	8	4(2)	13	-	11(10)	5(1)	-	172	22.5
Refuse Name to Police	-	63	6	3	12	-	4(11)	3(1)	-	91	11.9
Perjury and Bribery	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	0.8
Contempt Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Unlawfully on Premises	-	58	8	4	5	-	24(5)	6	1	106	13.9
Accessory Before or After the Fact	4	10	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	21	2.7
Other Offences	-	28	1	5	1	-	6(1)	1	1	43	5.6
TOTAL	7	529	36	28	68	1	62	31	2	764	
Percentage	0.9	69.2	4.7	3.7	8.9	0.1	8.1	4.1	0.3		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

TABLE 2.17 RESTRAINT ORDERS, BREACHES⁺

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Order of Restraint											
- Assault Female	-	-	-	301	-	-	101	22	3	427	48.5
- Other	-	-	-	225	-	-	77	14	4	320	36.4
Breach of Order of Restraint											
- Assault Female	-	15	2	14	-	-	20	4	-	55	6.3
- Other	-	37	5	19	1	-	10(1)	6	-	78	8.9
TOTAL	0	52	7	559	1	0	208	46	7	880	
Percentage	0.0	5.9	0.8	63.5	0.1	0.0	23.6	5.2	0.8		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

⁺ The first two rows in this table refer to applications taken by police or private citizens to impose restraint orders, the second two rows refer to prosecution for breaches of these orders. Applications which were approved by the court (ie. the order was imposed) are shown in the 'Guilty Without Conviction' column. Applications which were withdrawn or rejected by the court are shown in the 'Major Charge Withdrawn' column.

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
COURT OUTCOME AND MAJOR OFFENCE CHARGED*

TABLE 2.18 OTHER OFFENCES

Major Charge	Committed For Trial Or Sentence	Convicted		Guilty Without Conviction	Guilty of Lesser Offence	Acquitted On Major Charge	Major Charge Withdrawn	Major Charge Dismissed	Other (eg. Defendant Died)	TOTAL	
		With Penalty	Without Penalty							Number	Percentage
Prostitution Offences	-	10	2	-	-	-	1	-	3	16	15.4
Restricted Publications	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	1.9
Customs Offences, Non Drugs	-	29	5	3	-	-	3	4	-	44	42.3
Listening Device Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Betting Offences	-	10	-	-	1	-	5(1)	-	-	16	15.4
Other Offences	-	21	1	1	1	-	2	-(1)	-	26	25.0
TOTAL	0	71	8	4	2	0	12	4	3	104	
Percentage	0.0	68.3	7.7	3.8	2.0	0.0	11.5	3.8	2.9		100.0

* Numbers in brackets denote additional cases where defendant was not convicted of major charge, but convicted of a lesser charge. These cases also appear in the 'Guilty of Lesser' outcome column.

MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.19 ALL OFFENCE CATEGORIES

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.					No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Offences Against the Person	15	3	-	318	50	240	1500	-	55	18	119	101	1	16.3	104	629	6.1
Robbery and Extortion	-	-	-	1	100	100	100	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	0.0
Drug Offences	29	1	-	1344	20	121	800	-	22	4	3	-	-	-	-	1403	13.6
Fraud and Deception	25	1	1	155	40	347	3700	-	29	20	56	31	1	14.8	72	318	3.1
Break and Enter	5	1	-	21	100	390	1000	-	11	10	102	84	4	43.2	102	234	2.3
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	17	-	-	69	50	175	550	11	11	8	84	103	3	21.6	72	303	2.9
Shop Theft	31	-	-	512	15	155	800	-	42	24	29	24	2	14.5	72	662	6.4
Other Larceny	27	-	-	400	20	160	850	4	73	15	47	54	1	15.7	78	620	6.0
Unlawful Possession of Property	11	-	-	124	20	189	700	1	18	5	34	33	1	14.2	36	226	2.2
Driving Offences	14	-	-	209	10	232	800	2876	41	10	140	97	1	9.0	54	3387	32.9
Unlawful Possession of Guns or Explosives	10	-	-	134	20	134	700	-	6	-	-	2	4	4.0	4	152	1.5
Damage Property	47	10	-	297	20	135	1220	1	17	5	12	31	1	7.4	36	420	4.1
Minor Street Offences	65	2	-	1095	5	97	500	1	20	10	9	13	1	2.9	7	1215	11.8
Offences Against Order	37	1	-	445	20	139	1000	2	21	8	30	32	1	14.6	52	576	5.6
Restraint Orders, Breaches	7	3	-	34	40	116	400	-	2	5	5	4	1	4.8	8	60	0.6
Other Offences	8	1	-	69	20	1287	24040	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	80	0.8
TOTAL	348	23	1	5227	5	162	24040	2896	369	142	672	609	1	18.5	104	10287	
Percentage	3.4	0.2	0.0	50.8				28.1	3.6	1.4	6.5	5.9					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.20 OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Assault, Major	2	-	-	23	40	315	762	-	1	1	15	20	4	28.9	104	62	9.9
Assault Police	1	-	-	31	75	290	1500	-	7	2	21	37	1	12.4	40	99	15.7
Assault, Common																	
- On Female	4	2	-	84	40	196	600	-	21	6	23	14	1	10.4	26	154	24.5
- On Male	6	1	-	161	40	253	750	-	25	8	58	29	1	15.9	52	288	45.8
Assault With Intent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Abduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Other Offences	2	-	-	19	30	148	600	-	1	1	2	1	4	4.0	4	26	4.1
TOTAL	15	3	0	318	30	240	1500	0	55	18	119	101	1	16.3	104	629	
Percentage	2.4	0.5	0.0	50.6				0.0	8.8	2.9	18.8	16.1					100.0

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TABLE 2.21 ROBBERY AND EXTORTION

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Robbery with Major Assault	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Assault with Intent to Rob	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Kidnapping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Other Offences	-	-	-	1	100	100	100	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	100.0
TOTAL	0	0	0	1	100	100	100	0	0	0	1	0	-	-	-	2	
Percentage	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.22 DRUG OFFENCES

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Heroin																	
- Import, Possess Imports	1	-	-	7	200	381	800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	0.6
- Use Offences	-	-	-	10	50	136	200	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	13	0.9
Amphetamines																	
- Use Offences	-	-	-	10	100	215	400	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	0.8
Hashish																	
- Use Offences	-	-	-	11	50	110	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	0.8
- Other Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.1
Indian Hemp																	
- Import, possess Imports	-	-	-	2	217	359	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0.1
- Sell Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.1
- Cultivate	-	-	-	8	120	221	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	0.6
- Use, Possess Offences	16	1	-	1043	20	114	500	-	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	1073	76.5
- Possess Instruments	8	-	-	97	30	89	200	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	7.8
Other Drugs																	
- Import, Possess Import	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
- Manufacture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
- Use Offences	2	-	-	156	40	157	750	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	161	11.5
- Forge, Utter Prescription	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	0.3
TOTAL	29	1	0	1344	20	121	800	0	22	4	3	0	0	0	0	1403	
Percentage	2.1	0.1	0.0	95.8				0.0	1.6	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0				100.0

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PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TAB. 2.23 FRAUD AND DECEPTION

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Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Fining of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's License	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Perge and Utter	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-					0	0.0
Conspiracy to Defraud	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-					0	0.0
Bribe/Liament as a Servant	-	-	-	1	400	400	400	-	-	1	2					4	1.3
Falsification of Accounts	-	-	-	-				-	-	1	-					1	0.3
Larceny as a Servant	-	-	-	22	110	391	1000	-	3	2	4					31	9.7
Fraud Offences	-	-	-	5	150	272	500	-	2	1	4	2	8	16.0	24	14	4.4
False Pretences	9	-	-	89	40	317	3700	-	17	5	20	21	1	16.3	72	165	51.9
False Statement																	
- Unemployment Benefits	12	-	1	24	50	398	850	-	3	4	14	2	1	2.0	3	60	18.9
- Other Benefit	4	1	-	10	300	500	1000	-	1	1	7	5	2	13.6	32	29	9.1
Other Offences	-	-	-	4	60	147	200	-	3	1	5	1	12	12.0	12	14	4.4
TOTAL	25	1	1	155	40	347	3700	0	29	20	56	31	1	14.8	72	318	
Percentages	7.9	0.3	0.3	48.7				0.0	9.1	6.3	17.6	9.7					100.0

PART 2

STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.24 BREAK AND ENTER

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's License	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				Nb.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					Nb.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Break and Enter Dwelling	1	1	-	4	300	475	700	-	3	2	36	26	5	47.6	78	73	31.2
Break and Enter Dwelling With Intent	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	26	33.0	40	7	3.0
Break and Enter Other	2	-	-	13	150	391	1000	-	6	6	56	46	4	42.7	102	129	55.1
Break and Enter Other With Intent	-	-	-	2	300	350	400	-	2	1	8	8	24	44.2	60	21	9.0
Possess Break and Enter Implements	-	-	-	2	100	250	400	-	-	-	-	2	4	4.0	4	4	1.7
Other Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
TOTAL	5	1	0	21	100	390	1000	0	11	10	102	84	4	43.2	102	234	
Percentage	2.1	0.4	0.0	9.0				0.0	4.7	4.3	43.6	35.9					100.0

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TABLE 2.25 UNLAWFUL USE, THEFT OF VEHICLE

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's License	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				Nb.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					Nb.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Injury of Motor Vehicle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	12	-	-	43	50	164	400	8	7	4	74	95	3	22.3	72	243	80.2
Interfere With Motor Vehicle	3	-	-	24	80	205	550	3	4	4	10	7	4	13.7	28	55	18.2
Other Offences	2	-	-	2	60	60	60	-	-	-	-	1	12	12.0	12	5	1.7
TOTAL	17	0	0	69	50	175	550	11	11	8	84	103	3	21.6	72	303	
Percentage	5.6	0.0	0.0	22.8				3.6	3.6	2.6	27.7	34.0					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.26 SHOP THEFT

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's License	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.					No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Shop Theft	31	-	-	512	15	155	800	-	42	24	29	24	2	14.5	72	662	100.0
TOTAL	31	0	0	512	15	155	800	0	42	24	29	24	2	14.5	72	662	
Percentage	4.7	0.0	0.0	77.3				0.0	6.3	3.6	4.4	3.6				100.0	

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TABLE 2.27 OTHER LARCENY

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's License	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.					No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Other Theft Offences	27	-	-	400	20	160	850	4	73	15	47	54	1	15.7	78	620	100.0
TOTAL	27	0	0	400	20	160	850	4	73	15	47	54	1	15.7	78	620	
Percentage	4.4	0.0	0.0	64.5				0.6	11.8	2.4	7.6	8.7				100.0	

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.28 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF PROPERTY

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's License	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Receiving	4	-	-	45	100	239	700	-	10	2	23	15	1	13.7	28	99	43.8
Unlawful Possession of Property	7	-	-	79	20	161	600	1	8	3	11	18	2	14.5	36	127	56.2
Other Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
TOTAL	11	0	0	124	20	189	700	1	18	5	34	33	1	14.2	36	226	
Percentage	4.9	0.0	0.0	54.9				0.4	8.0	2.2	15.0	14.6					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.29 DRIVING OFFENCES

Major Charge Convicted	No. Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				Nb.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					Nb.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Driving Under the Influence (D.U.I.)	1	-	-	10	180	618	800	439	5	-	10	5	1	5.0	12	470	13.2
Prescribed Content of Alcohol																	
- .08 to .15	1	-	-	12	320	396	600	1040	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1062	31.4
- .15 or more	-	-	-	6	420	574	750	699	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	711	21.0
- Unknown Blood Alcohol Level	-	-	-	11	50	405	700	272	7	-	-	1	8	8.0	8	291	8.6
Refuse Breath Test	-	-	-	2	400	450	500	33	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	37	1.1
Drive Whilst Disqualified	11	-	-	66	50	223	500	52	9	8	127	90	1	9.2	54	363	10.7
Fail to Stop and Report Accident	1	-	-	84	10	95	220	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	93	2.7
Manner Dangerous	-	-	-	18	150	334	450	334	5	-	2	1	12	12.0	12	360	10.6
Other Offences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
TOTAL	14	0	0	209	10	232	800	2876	41	10	140	97	1	9.0	54	3387	
Percentage	0.4	0.0	0.0	6.2				84.9	1.2	0.3	4.1	2.9					100.0

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PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.30 UNLAWFUL USE OR POSSESSION OF GUNS OR EXPLOSIVES

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.					No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Possess Dangerous Guns or Explosives	10	-	-	100	20	135	700	-	6	-	-	2	4	4.0	4	118	77.6
Other Offences	-	-	-	34	40	132	520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	22.4
TOTAL	10	0	0	134	20	134	700	0	6	0	0	2	4	4.0	4	152	
Percentage	6.6	0.0	0.0	88.2				0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	1.3					100.0

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TABLE 2.31 DAMAGE PROPERTY

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.					No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Arson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Melicious Damage	2	-	-	7	100	336	800	-	1	-	1	2	16	26.0	36	13	3.1
Willful Damage																	
- Of Vehicle	5	3	-	32	20	145	400	-	2	-	2	1	4	4.0	4	45	10.7
- Other	36	7	-	241	20	126	1220	1	14	5	9	26	1	6.0	32	339	80.7
Other Offences	4	-	-	17	25	171	400	-	-	-	-	2	1	8.5	16	23	5.5
TOTAL	47	10	0	297	20	135	1220	1	17	5	12	31	1	7.4	36	420	
Percentage	11.2	2.4	0.0	70.7				0.2	4.0	1.2	2.9	7.4					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.32 MINOR STREET OFFENCES

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Fining of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.					No.	Min.	Ave.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Indecent Behaviour	2	-	-	21	100	155	270	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	28	2.3
Disorderly Behaviour	37	1	-	387	15	116	500	1	7	6	6	8	1	2.7	7	453	37.3
Offensive or Indecent Language	11	-	-	401	20	95	456	-	9	1	2	4	1	3.5	6	428	35.2
Urinate in Public Place	4	-	-	162	5	48	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166	13.7
Loitering	6	-	-	103	10	101	400	-	2	1	-	1	1	1.0	1	113	9.3
Other Offences	5	1	-	21	20	117	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	2.2
TOTAL	65	2	0	1095	5	97	500	1	20	10	9	13	1	2.9	7	1215	
Percentage	5.4	0.2	0.0	90.0				0.1	1.6	0.7	0.7	1.2					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.33 OFFENCES AGAINST ORDER

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Escape Lawful Custody Offences	4	-	-	4	100	375	1000	-	-	-	3	10	4	28.0	52	21	3.6
Resist Arrest	9	-	-	185	30	154	600	-	7	4	14	15	1	5.5	12	234	40.6
Hinder Police	8	-	-	117	20	127	500	1	4	2	7	1	6	6.0	6	140	24.3
Refuse Name to Police	7	-	-	63	20	68	200	1	-	1	-	1	8	8.0	8	73	12.7
Perjury and Bribery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Unlawfully on Premises	8	-	-	45	20	139	400	-	7	1	3	3	8	13.3	24	67	11.6
Accessory Before or After the Fact	-	-	-	5	200	310	500	-	3	-	2	2	2	25.0	48	12	2.1
Other Offences	1	1	-	26	35	193	600	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	29	5.0
TOTAL	37	1	0	445	20	139	1000	2	21	8	30	32	1	14.6	52	576	
Percentage	6.5	0.2	0.0	77.3				0.3	3.5	1.4	5.2	5.6					100.0

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PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986
 MAJOR PENALTY FOR MAJOR CHARGE CONVICTED

TABLE 2.34 RESTRAINT ORDERS, BREACHES

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Breach of Order of Restraint																	
- Assault Female	2	2	-	12	50	129	400	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	17	28.3
- Other	5	1	-	22	40	109	280	-	2	4	5	4	1	4.8	8	43	71.7
TOTAL	7	3	0	34	40	116	400	0	2	5	5	4	1	4.8	8	60	
Percentage	11.7	5.0	0.0	56.7				0.0	3.3	8.3	8.3	6.7					100.0

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TABLE 2.35 OTHER OFFENCES

Major Charge Convicted	No Penalty	Order	Rising of the Court	Fine (\$)				Suspension of Driver's Licence	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Suspended Imprisonment	Imprisonment (Weeks)				TOTAL	
				No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.					No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.	Number	Percentage
Prostitution Offences	2	-	-	8	20	159	500	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	12	15.0
Restricted Publications	-	-	-	1	600	600	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1.3
Listening Devices	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.0
Customs Offences, Non Drugs	5	-	-	29	100	2718	24040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	42.5
Betting Offences	-	-	-	11	40	532	1600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	13.8
Other Offences	1	1	-	20	30	112	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	27.5
TOTAL	8	1	0	69	20	1287	24040	0	1	0	1	0	-	-	-	80	
Percentage	10.0	1.3	0.0	86.3				0.0	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0					100.0

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.36 PENALTIES IMPOSED UPON ALL OFFENDERS CONVICTED OF DRIVING WITH MORE THAN THE PRESCRIBED CONTENT OF ALCOHOL (P.C.A.)

Blood Alcohol Level	TOTAL CONVICTED	Fine Imposed		Licence Suspension When No Prison Sentence															Imprisonment				
				Duration of Licence Suspension (Months)															Duration (Weeks)				
		No.	Avg.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7-9	10-12	13-15	16-18	19-24	25-36	Over 36	Avg.	Until Further Order	Total Licence Suspension	No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.
.08 < .10	184	180	330	-	1	6	3	1	130	21	11	3	-	1	-	-	6.6	1	177	-	-	-	-
.10 < .15	850	845	381	-	1	8	7	7	238	368	125	31	24	17	4	2	8.8	3	832	-	-	-	-
.15 < .20	470	466	470	-	-	2	-	2	8	7	208	111	47	9	47	15	16.5	4	456	-	-	-	-
.20 < .25	166	164	535	-	2	-	-	-	2	4	15	30	48	25	23	7	20.7	3	156	-	-	-	-
.25+	44	4	566	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	8	14	8	6	25.4	-	42	-	-	-	-
Unknown	266	259	434	-	1	6	2	2	51	50	50	32	24	6	11	9	12.9	3	244	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1980	1958	421	0	5	22	12	12	429	451	410	211	151	72	93	39	12.3	14	1907	0	-	-	-
Percentage	100.0	98.9		0.0	0.3	1.1	0.6	0.6	21.7	22.8	20.7	10.7	7.6	3.6	4.7	2.0		0.7	96.3	0	-	-	-

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STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.37 PENALTIES IMPOSED UPON OFFENDERS WITH NO PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS FOR DRINK DRIVE CONVICTED OF DRIVING WITH MORE THAN THE PRESCRIBED CONTENT OF ALCOHOL (P.C.A.)

Blood Alcohol Level	TOTAL CONVICTED	Fine Imposed		Licence Suspension When No Prison Sentence															Imprisonment				
				Duration of Licence Suspension (Months)															Duration (Weeks)				
		No.	Avg.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7-9	10-12	13-15	16-18	19-24	25-36	Over 36	Avg.	Until Further Order	Total Licence Suspension	No.	Min.	Avg.	Max.
.08 < .10	167	163	323	-	1	5	2	-	125	20	6	2	-	-	-	-	6.4	1	161	-	-	-	-
.10 < .15	731	728	368	-	1	8	6	7	221	331	107	21	11	8	1	-	8.2	-	722	-	-	-	-
.15 < .20	375	372	450	-	-	1	-	1	7	4	194	92	35	6	20	8	15.0	-	368	-	-	-	-
.20 < .25	134	133	521	-	1	-	-	-	1	4	13	25	42	23	14	3	19.1	2	126	-	-	-	-
.25+	29	29	539	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	6	9	5	4	24.6	-	29	-	-	-	-
Unknown	186	182	391	-	1	5	2	1	46	44	36	18	15	5	1	1	10.2	-	175	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1622	1607	401	0	4	19	10	9	400	404	357	161	109	51	41	16	11.0	3	1581	0	-	-	-
Percentage	100.0	99.1		0.0	0.2	1.2	0.6	0.6	24.7	24.9	22.0	9.9	6.7	3.1	2.5	1.0		0.2	97.5	0	-	-	-

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.38(a) AGE, SEX AND OFFENCE CHARGED FOR ALL APPEARANCES

Major Charge (Grouped)	Age of Males									Average Age (Years)	TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information NOT Available
	Under 18	18 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	60 plus		Number	Percentage	
Offences Against the Person	2	141	298	179	131	78	93	38	12	29.2	972	10.2	8
Ribbery and Extortion	-	9	16	9	3	2	1	2	-	26.1	42	0.4	-
Sexual Offences	-	5	18	10	15	7	15	4	4	34.4	78	0.8	-
Drug Offences	2	303	553	328	155	57	31	17	1	25.2	1447	15.2	9
Fraud and Deception	1	38	81	74	48	37	32	13	2	30.1	326	3.4	11
Break and Enter	3	99	130	69	25	10	4	3	-	23.7	343	3.6	3
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	4	138	102	29	11	8	2	3	2	22.5	299	3.2	7
Shop Theft	-	50	97	64	58	34	34	51	81	37.8	469	4.9	-
Other Larceny	3	195	207	73	57	40	38	22	20	27.3	655	6.9	11
Unlawful Possession of Property	4	55	110	59	26	18	15	11	6	27.3	304	3.2	-
Driving Offences	7	277	564	379	211	141	174	79	44	29.5	1876	19.8	331
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	-	56	61	22	15	9	14	5	1	26.3	183	1.9	2
Damage Property	3	130	194	107	42	30	30	8	7	26.1	551	5.6	6
Minor Street Offences	5	289	431	175	107	61	58	23	6	25.8	1155	12.2	7
Offences Against Order	2	178	237	89	69	38	24	12	2	25.5	651	6.9	6
Restraint Orders, Breaches	1	3	16	16	16	19	14	8	4	34.9	97	1.0	606
Other Offences	-	2	5	4	5	8	14	2	3	38.1	43	0.5	18
TOTAL	37	1968	3120	1686	994	597	593	301	195	27.7			1105
Percentage	0.4	20.7	32.9	17.8	10.5	6.3	6.2	3.2	2.1			100.0	
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	*	84.8	54.1	29.3	18.3	11.1	7.7	4.5	1.9		19.3		

* Rate of appearances in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction by persons under eighteen not calculated because the majority of juveniles appear before Children's Courts or Children's Aid Panels.

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics 'Australian Demographic Statistics December 1985', Table 11. (ABS Catalogue No. 3101.0, released 23 May, 1986)

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.38(b) AGE, SEX AND OFFENCE CHARGED FOR ALL APPEARANCES

Major Charge (Grouped)	Age of Families										Average Age (Years)	TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available
	Under 18	18 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	60 Plus	Number		Percentage		
Offences Against the Person	-	22	34	19	15	12	12	3	-	28.3	117	5.8	3	
Ribbery and Extortion	-	4	1	1	1	2	-	1	-	28.5	10	0.5	-	
Sexual Offences	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.9	2	0.1	-	
Drug Offences	-	49	99	70	27	13	4	3	-	25.3	265	13.2	3	
Fraud and Deception	1	21	47	42	33	10	17	4	3	29.3	178	8.9	-	
Break and Enter	-	2	6	10	-	-	-	-	-	24.3	18	0.9	-	
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	-	15	14	3	-	-	1	-	-	21.7	33	1.6	1	
Shop Theft	1	73	103	66	56	43	84	75	85	38.4	506	29.3	3	
Other Larceny	-	31	57	43	19	18	24	20	9	32.1	221	11.0	8	
Unlawful Possession of Property	-	10	17	9	6	6	5	-	-	27.2	53	2.6	-	
Driving Offences	2	24	55	33	27	19	18	4	4	29.5	186	9.3	26	
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	-	-	2	1	1	2	4	-	-	35.7	10	0.5	-	
Damage Property	-	8	15	9	5	1	4	-	-	26.2	42	2.1	1	
Minor Street Offences	1	31	41	37	16	10	6	3	1	27.0	146	7.3	2	
Offences Against Order	-	25	34	18	6	10	6	2	3	27.5	104	5.2	1	
Restraint Orders, Breaches	1	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	27.9	5	0.2	66	
Other Offences	-	2	4	5	3	4	4	1	1	33.4	24	1.2	8	
TOTAL	7	317	530	368	216	151	189	116	106	31.2	2000		122	
Percentages	0.3	15.8	26.5	18.4	10.8	7.5	9.4	5.8	5.3			100.0		
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	-	14.2	9.4	6.5	4.0	2.8	2.4	1.8	0.8		3.9			

* Rate of appearances in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction by persons under eighteen years not calculated because the majority of juveniles appear before Children's Courts or Children's Aid Panels.

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics ' Australian Demographic Statistics December 1985', Table 11. (ABS Catalogue No. 3101.0, released 23 May, 1986)

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.38(c) AGE, SEX AND OFFENCE CHARGED FOR ALL APPEARANCES

Major Charge (Occupied)	Age of All Defendants									Average Age (Years)	TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information NOT Available
	Under 18	18 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	60 Plus		Number	Percentage	
Offences Against the Person	2	163	332	198	146	90	105	41	12	29.1	1089	9.5	11
Robbery and Extortion	-	13	17	10	4	4	1	3	-	26.6	52	0.5	-
Sexual Offences	1	5	19	10	15	7	15	4	4	33.9	80	0.7	-
Drug Offences	2	352	652	398	182	71	35	20	1	25.2	1713	14.9	17
Fraud and Deception	2	59	128	116	81	47	49	17	5	29.8	504	4.4	13
Break and Enter	3	101	136	79	25	10	4	3	-	23.7	361	3.1	3
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	4	153	116	32	11	8	3	3	2	22.4	332	2.9	9
Shop Theft	1	123	200	130	114	77	118	126	166	38.1	1055	9.2	4
Other Larceny	3	226	264	116	76	58	62	42	29	28.5	876	7.6	19
Unlawful Possession of Property	4	65	127	68	32	24	20	11	6	27.3	357	3.1	-
Driving Offences	9	301	619	412	238	160	192	83	48	29.5	2062	17.9	1485
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	-	56	63	23	16	11	18	5	1	26.7	193	1.7	2
Damage Property	3	138	209	116	47	31	34	8	7	26.1	593	5.2	13
Minor Street Offences	6	320	473	212	123	71	64	26	7	25.9	1302	11.3	10
Offences Against Order	2	203	271	107	75	48	30	14	5	25.7	755	6.6	9
Restraint Orders, Breaches	2	3	16	18	17	20	14	8	4	34.6	102	0.9	778
Other Offences	-	4	9	9	8	12	18	3	4	36.4	67	0.6	37
TOTAL	44	2285	3651	2054	1210	749	782	417	301	28.3	11493		2410
Percentage	0.4	19.9	31.8	17.9	10.5	6.5	6.8	3.6	2.6			100.0	
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	*	50.2	32.0	18.0	11.2	7.0	5.1	3.1	1.3		11.4		

* Rate of appearances in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction by persons under eighteen not calculated because the majority of juveniles appear before Children's Courts or Children's Aid Panels.

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics 'Australian Demographic Statistics December 1985', Table 11. (ABS Catalogue No. 3101.0, released 23 May, 1986)

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STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.39 OFFENCE TYPE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF DEFENDANT

Major Charge (Grouped)	Occupational Status						TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available
	Employed	Unemployed	Pensioner	Student	Home Duties	Self Employed	Number	Percentage	
Offences Against the Person	502	446	66	13	31	4	1062	9.5	38
Robbery and Extortion	14	27	2	2	2	-	47	0.4	5
Sexual Offences	49	20	6	1	-	-	76	0.7	4
Drug Offences	823	672	76	26	65	9	1671	15.0	59
Fraud and Deception	199	130	49	14	46	4	442	4.0	75
Break and Enter	88	236	13	5	5	2	349	3.1	15
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	80	222	9	12	2	-	325	2.9	16
Shop Theft	318	265	230	28	194	13	1048	9.4	11
Other Larceny	296	338	93	18	101	8	854	7.7	41
Unlawful Possession of Property	120	180	19	4	18	1	342	3.1	15
Driving Offences	1408	457	82	41	37	11	2036	18.3	1511
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	93	76	8	2	4	2	185	1.7	10
Damage Property	247	271	26	20	12	3	579	5.2	27
Minor Street Offences	565	539	86	20	38	-	1248	11.2	64
Offences Against Order	313	338	34	16	19	1	721	6.5	43
Restraint Orders, Breaches	50	27	10	5	-	-	92	0.8	768
Other Offences	35	13	11	1	2	-	62	0.6	42
TOTAL	5200	4257	820	228	576	58	11139		2764
Percentage	46.7	33.2	7.4	2.0	5.2	0.5		100.0	
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	11.4	114.0	4.3	4.0	5.2	1.0	12.3		

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics' 1981 Census.

TABLE 2.40 OFFENCE TYPE AND MARITAL STATUS OF DEFENDANT

Major Charge (Grouped)	Marital Status						TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available
	Never Married	Defacto	Married	Permanently Separated	Divorced	Widowed	Number	Percentage	
Offences Against the Person	472	112	195	66	36	5	886	9.5	214
Robbery and Extortion	24	5	3	3	1	-	36	0.4	15
Sexual Offences	25	6	22	3	6	-	62	0.7	18
Drug Offences	1041	120	219	44	46	3	1473	15.8	257
Fraud and Deception	142	23	89	11	17	3	285	3.1	232
Break and Enter	223	26	34	10	3	-	296	3.2	68
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	224	18	9	5	4	1	261	2.8	341
Shop Theft	398	27	365	38	63	48	939	10.1	120
Other Larceny	443	41	163	35	19	10	711	7.6	184
Unlawful Possession of Property	175	30	51	12	9	1	278	3.0	79
Driving Offences	1107	53	420	98	83	16	1777	19.0	1770
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	116	10	25	6	4	1	162	1.7	33
Damage Property	370	24	65	17	17	1	494	5.3	112
Minor Street Offences	781	60	114	24	14	3	996	10.7	316
Offences Against Order	437	35	65	17	18	5	577	6.2	187
Restraint Orders, Breaches	20	5	16	10	6	-	57	0.6	823
Other Offences	23	3	18	1	1	-	46	0.5	58
TOTAL	6021	598	1873	400	347	97	9336		4567
Percentage	64.5	6.4	20.1	4.3	3.7	1.0		100.0	
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	36.4 *		3.1	16.4	9.5	1.4	10.3		

* This rate is a combination of the two categories because the Australian Bureau of Statistics' publications do not distinguish between 'Never Married' and 'Defacto'.

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics' 1981 Census.

TABLE 2.41 OFFENCE TYPE AND BIRTHPLACE OF DEFENDANT

Major Charge (Grouped)	State or Country of Birth													TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available
	Australasia					Europe						Asia	Other	Number	Percentage	
	Aboriginal	South Australia	Interstate	Australia Unspecified	New Zealand	United Kingdom	Germany	Greece	Italy	Yugoslavia	Other Europe					
Offences Against the Person	105	512	150	6	15	88	11	11	18	21	47	15	13	1072	9.5	28
Ribbery and Extortion	4	26	7	1	-	5	-	2	-	1	3	-	-	49	0.4	3
Sexual Offences	6	39	10	-	1	11	-	3	2	1	4	3	-	80	0.7	-
Drug Offences	30	1056	216	13	29	192	12	14	19	18	49	25	13	1686	15.0	44
Fraud and Deception	12	227	72	7	10	65	6	8	13	2	31	12	2	467	4.2	50
Break and Enter	63	189	47	1	4	32	3	-	2	3	9	2	-	355	3.2	9
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	76	363	46	1	6	26	1	-	-	3	6	-	-	328	2.9	13
Shop Theft	21	521	117	12	7	105	25	18	29	20	122	33	12	1042	9.3	17
Other Larceny	50	441	145	6	3	123	13	5	13	6	44	8	3	860	7.7	35
Unlawful Possession of Property	24	175	58	-	4	50	5	6	5	4	14	6	4	355	3.2	2
Driving Offences	92	1271	253	14	17	187	19	8	17	17	90	13	3	2001	17.8	1546
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	16	99	21	1	1	24	1	3	2	6	7	5	-	186	1.7	9
Damage Property	68	335	64	5	5	52	5	2	5	5	27	7	5	585	5.2	21
Minor Street Offences	247	693	148	8	12	95	4	4	8	12	29	5	6	1271	11.3	41
Offences Against Order	86	400	102	7	13	53	8	2	9	6	28	14	4	732	6.5	32
Restraint Orders, Breaches	10	43	11	2	-	14	2	6	2	1	6	3	1	101	0.9	779
Other Offences	1	24	16	-	-	5	1	4	1	3	2	1	1	59	0.5	45
TOTAL	971	6214	1483	84	127	1127	116	96	145	129	518	152	67	11229		2674
Percentage	8.6	55.3	13.2	0.7	1.1	10.0	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.1	4.6	1.4	0.6		100.0	
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	191.5	12.2			25.5	8.4	8.2	7.0	4.8	15.3	14.1	11.7	7.7	12.5		

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics' 1981 Census.

TABLE 2.42 OFFENCE TYPE AND RESIDENCE OF DEFENDANT - LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA IN METROPOLITAN ADELAIDE

Offence Type	Adelaide	Brighton	Burnside	Campbellton	East Terraces	Elizabeth	Griffith	Godwin	Guiney	Henley & Grange	Hurmarsh	Kensington & Newwood	Marion	Mitcham	Maro Para
Offences Against the Person	17	6	17	23	3	53	93	7	6	13	12	6	30	7	30
Robbery and Extortion	-	-	2	1	-	2	6	-	-	-	3	2	2	-	1
Sexual Offences	1	-	1	3	-	3	8	2	-	-	-	1	2	-	5
Drug Offences	31	12	20	40	3	84	155	15	9	13	16	24	55	36	43
Fraud and Deception	12	7	11	19	2	37	40	-	5	7	10	3	15	14	33
Break G.I. Enter	8	-	4	5	-	29	48	2	-	2	7	-	6	3	13
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	4	-	2	-	-	22	30	2	1	2	5	1	10	4	9
Shop Theft	30	10	34	54	3	33	121	5	16	12	21	19	52	24	12
Other Larceny	17	3	16	15	-	117	70	8	2	3	7	3	13	10	46
Unlawful Possession of Property	2	3	4	5	-	26	38	1	6	5	5	4	9	4	13
Driving Offences	39	32	84	84	11	117	261	12	27	27	28	36	141	111	73
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	3	1	5	6	-	9	20	-	2	2	3	1	6	4	6
Damage Property	11	1	13	12	-	30	45	6	6	4	7	5	12	9	23
Minor Street Offences	21	8	9	40	2	62	95	3	7	12	16	4	42	26	30
Offences Against Order	8	6	8	12	1	37	76	-	4	7	11	9	25	9	21
Restraint Orders, Breaches	14	3	16	41	3	77	65	6	1	3	7	9	6	20	47
Other Offences	5	-	4	4	-	3	8	1	3	1	1	1	5	3	3
TOTAL	223	92	250	364	28	741	1179	70	95	113	159	128	431	284	408
Percentage	2.4	1.0	2.7	3.9	0.3	7.9	12.5	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.7	1.4	4.6	3.0	4.3
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	22.9	5.6	8.3	11.6	7.8	33.6	23.2	14.6	8.3	9.2	26.4	17.0	8.3	6.2	23.7

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics' 'Estimated Resident Population by Age for Local Government Areas, South Australia, 30 June 1981'. (ABS Catalogue No. 3204.4, released 26 January, 1984)

TABLE 2.42 (continued)

Offence Type	Narrunga	Payneham	Port Adelaide	Prospect	Salisbury	Stirling	St. Peters	Ten Tree Gully	Thebarton	Unley	Walterville	West Torrens	Willunga	Woodville	TOTAL
Offences Against the Person	40	12	37	20	98	6	10	38	9	15	2	28	6	52	696
Ribbery and Extortion	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	1	-	2	1	1	-	1	32
Sexual Offences	7	-	5	-	11	-	-	4	-	2	-	3	-	1	59
Drug Offences	97	23	52	23	141	13	14	56	16	61	4	56	13	59	1184
Fraud and Deception	22	9	16	7	51	7	7	15	4	11	1	19	1	29	414
Break and Enter	10	7	13	4	18	1	4	7	5	4	1	3	2	9	215
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	9	6	8	6	22	1	1	16	7	4	3	9	1	14	199
Shop Theft	65	22	62	25	39	9	7	56	13	37	6	43	2	83	915
Other Larceny	53	3	8	14	140	2	6	36	4	13	3	9	6	25	652
Unlawful Possession of Property	22	6	17	-	27	1	5	15	5	4	4	11	-	9	251
Driving Offences	142	34	102	47	273	32	25	176	22	85	14	95	19	140	2289
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	9	3	6	2	12	-	3	6	2	5	-	6	3	12	137
Damage Property	25	3	19	6	48	2	5	24	4	7	-	18	3	14	362
Minor Street Offences	34	10	66	12	91	5	7	48	15	20	2	38	3	72	800
Offences Against Order	33	7	29	13	64	1	2	25	8	11	5	20	3	42	497
Restraint Orders, Breaches	62	12	21	8	81	4	2	31	17	21	2	17	3	34	633
Other Offences	-	1	2	6	12	1	-	2	-	4	3	4	3	8	68
TOTAL	631	159	464	194	1131	85	98	556	131	306	51	300	68	604	9423
Percentage	6.7	1.7	4.9	2.1	12.0	0.9	1.0	5.9	1.4	3.2	0.5	4.0	0.7	6.4	100.0
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	15.9	11.9	17.1	12.8	20.1	9.3	14.7	12.5	18.2	10.4	9.3	10.5	14.3	10.3	14.0

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics' 'Estimated Resident Population by Age for Local Government Areas, South Australia, 30 June 1981'. (ABS Catalogue No. 3204.4, released 26 January, 1984)

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TABLE 2.43 OFFENCE TYPE AND RESIDENCE OF DEFENDANT - LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA

Offence Type	Hornsby	Riverland	Port Lincoln	Port Augusta	Port Pirie	Whyalla	Coorparoo	Par Beach	Other Country	Unspecified Place or Area	Interstate or Overseas	Unknown	TOTAL
Offences Against the Person	15	12	7	35	13	53	10	28	176	38	11	6	404
Robbery and Extortion	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	5	8	1	3	20
Sexual Offences	-	1	-	2	1	2	-	-	11	3	1	-	21
Drug Offences	13	43	14	52	27	68	-	6	268	28	22	5	546
Fraud and Deception	5	6	1	2	5	11	3	2	40	16	8	4	103
Break and Enter	-	16	3	14	3	14	-	4	51	33	2	9	149
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	2	17	5	17	4	8	2	5	48	25	6	3	142
Shop Theft	2	4	1	2	3	22	-	1	64	24	12	9	144
Other Larceny	4	11	4	8	8	24	2	5	116	42	15	4	243
Unlawful Possession of Property	1	-	-	14	6	23	-	1	26	19	9	7	106
Driving Offences	95	147	44	88	66	165	6	2	539	39	63	4	1258
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	1	4	1	5	1	6	1	8	14	13	4	-	58
Damage Property	6	12	4	17	7	28	5	11	104	27	14	9	244
Minor Street Offences	20	19	15	60	27	58	9	24	166	73	22	19	512
Offences Against Order	13	16	5	21	4	33	4	8	94	40	19	10	267
Restraint Orders, Breaches	18	5	16	1	30	30	46	-	79	28	3	8	247
Other Offences	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	7	3	2	16
TOTAL	182	326	105	367	205	564	42	106	1803	463	215	102	4480
Percentage	4.1	7.3	2.3	8.2	4.6	12.6	0.9	2.4	40.2	10.3	4.8	2.3	100.0
Rate per 1,000 of Adult Population**	14.0	14.5	10.1	35.4	17.2	26.6	26.5	11.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17.4

** Adult population from Australian Bureau of Statistics' 'Estimated Resident Population by Age for Local Government Areas, South Australia, 30 June 1981'. (ABS Catalogue No. 3204.4, released 25 January, 1984)

TABLE 2.44 OFFENCE TYPE AND PREVIOUS CRIMINAL RECORD

Major Charge (Grouped)	Prior Criminal Record								TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available	
	Number of Prior Criminal Convictions							One or More Previous Imprisonments		Number		Percentage
	No Prior Convictions	1	2 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 49	50 or More	Average	Number	Percentage of Offence Group			
Offences Against the Person	309	107	167	171	307	30	9.8	318	29.1	1091	8.5	9
Ribbery and Extortion	8	4	9	7	19	5	16.5	27	51.9	52	0.4	-
Sexual Offences	22	10	14	11	21	2	8.5	27	33.8	80	0.6	-
Drug Offences	602	199	365	254	290	14	5.4	250	14.5	1724	13.5	6
Fraud and Deception	215	67	77	50	102	4	5.8	106	20.6	515	4.0	2
Break and Enter	45	17	57	68	151	23	16.3	172	47.6	361	2.8	3
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	74	20	47	40	134	22	14.5	135	40.1	337	2.6	4
Shop Theft	637	101	133	81	94	11	3.3	109	10.3	1057	8.3	2
Other Larceny	359	104	121	121	171	15	6.8	187	21.0	891	7.0	4
Unlawful Possession of Property	97	43	58	61	87	8	8.6	99	28.0	354	2.8	3
Driving Offences	1260	254	401	271	278	24	3.9	279	11.2	2488	19.5	1059
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	66	29	32	23	42	3	7.7	45	23.1	195	1.5	-
Damage Property	160	57	113	75	179	13	9.7	157	26.3	597	4.7	9
Minor Street Offences	385	134	216	168	332	47	9.9	283	22.1	1282	10.0	30
Offences Against Order	210	66	139	112	205	26	10.1	205	27.0	758	5.9	6
Restraint Orders, Breaches	796	12	15	19	23	15	1.8	40	4.5	880	6.9	-
Other Offences	66	12	11	5	8	1	3.4	7	6.8	103	0.8	1
TOTAL	5311	1236	1975	1537	2443	263	6.8	2446	19.2	12765		1138
Percentage	41.6	9.7	15.5	12.0	19.1	2.1		19.2		100.0		

TABLE 2.45 OFFENCE TYPE AND BAIL STATUS AT FINAL COURT APPEARANCE

Offence Type	One Court Hearing			Two or More Court Hearings			Committed for Trial or Sentence			TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available
	Allowed At Large	Police Custody	In Custody On Another Matter	On Bail	Remanded In Custody	In Custody On Another Matter	On Bail	Remanded In Custody	In Custody On Another Matter	Number	Percentage	
Offences Against the Person	173	7	1	786	59	9	48	11	2	1096	7.9	4
Ribbery and Extortion	1	-	-	23	3	1	13	11	-	52	0.4	-
Sexual Offences	-	-	-	19	2	-	55	2	2	80	0.6	-
Drug Offences	909	6	-	662	24	11	111	2	1	1726	12.5	4
Fraud and Deception	99	3	-	328	18	4	59	5	-	516	3.7	1
Break and Enter	17	3	-	220	66	12	32	11	2	363	2.6	1
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	49	8	2	217	50	14	-	-	-	340	2.5	1
Shop Theft	509	10	-	509	17	-	6	-	-	1051	7.6	8
Other Larceny	308	7	1	497	41	8	22	3	-	887	6.4	8
Unlawful Possession of Property	70	2	-	243	21	11	7	3	-	357	2.6	-
Driving Offences	1418	9	-	2053	54	6	-	-	-	3540	25.6	7
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	71	1	-	118	4	1	-	-	-	195	1.4	-
Damage Property	146	6	1	397	26	4	15	4	-	599	4.3	7
Minor Street Offences	750	25	1	500	24	7	1	-	-	1308	9.4	4
Offences Against Order	178	13	1	514	34	13	7	-	-	760	5.5	4
Restraint Orders, Breaches	101	3	2	749	13	4	-	-	-	872	6.3	8
Other Offences	31	-	1	68	3	-	-	-	-	103	0.7	1
TOTAL	4830	103	10	7903	459	105	376	52	7	13845		58
Percentage	34.9	0.7	0.1	57.1	3.3	0.8	2.7	0.4	0.1		100.0	

PART 2 STATISTICS: COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION, 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 1986

TABLE 2.46 OFFENCE TYPE AND LEGAL REPRESENTATION AT FINAL COURT APPEARANCE

Major Charge (Grouped)	One Court Hearing			Two or More Court Hearings			Committed for Trial or Sentence			TOTAL WITH INFORMATION AVAILABLE		Information Not Available
	Duty Solicitor	Other Legal Representation	No Legal Representation	Duty Solicitor	Other Legal Representation	No Legal Representation	Duty Solicitor	Other Legal Representation	No Legal Representation	Number	Percentage	
Offences Against the Person	15	86	68	63	694	73	-	59	2	1060	8.1	40
Robbery and Extortion	-	1	-	1	25	1	-	22	2	52	0.4	-
Sexual Offences	-	-	-	-	19	2	2	56	1	80	0.6	-
Drug Offences	51	99	691	31	421	185	5	99	7	1589	12.2	141
Fraud and Deception	13	44	32	11	301	24	1	60	-	486	3.7	31
Break and Enter	7	11	1	32	247	15	2	42	1	358	2.7	6
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	11	20	25	26	225	26	-	-	-	333	2.6	8
Shop Theft	39	145	286	38	388	88	-	6	-	990	7.6	69
Other Larceny	34	94	174	39	412	79	1	24	1	858	6.6	37
Unlawful Possession of Property	6	40	21	22	217	28	1	9	-	344	2.6	13
Driving Offences	78	378	909	144	1470	445	-	-	-	3424	26.2	123
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	6	13	47	9	89	17	-	-	-	181	1.4	14
Damage Property	19	28	96	43	297	72	2	17	-	574	4.4	32
Minor Street Offences	29	124	554	41	313	156	-	1	-	1218	9.3	94
Offences Against Order	20	44	111	42	430	68	-	7	-	722	5.5	42
Restraint Orders, Breaches	6	20	52	25	155	419	-	-	-	677	5.2	203
Other Offences	2	20	9	2	62	6	-	-	-	101	0.8	3
TOTAL	336	1167	3076	569	5765	1704	14	402	14	13047		856
Percentage	2.6	8.9	23.6	4.4	44.2	13.1	0.1	3.1	0.1		100.0	

TABLE 2.47 OFFENCE TYPE AND PLEA AT FINAL COURT APPEARANCE

MAJOR CHARGE (Grouped)	Finalised in Summary Court				Committed for Trial or Sentence			TOTAL	
	Guilty	Guilty 4A	Not Guilty	No Plea	Guilty	Not Guilty	No Plea	Number	Percentage
Offences Against the Person	590	1	98	350	-	13	48	1100	7.9
Robbery and Extortion	2	-	-	26	1	-	23	52	0.4
Sexual Offences	-	-	-	21	2	2	55	80	0.6
Drug Offences	1337	42	11	226	15	1	98	1730	12.4
Fraud and Deception	324	-	13	116	7	1	56	517	3.7
Break and Enter	215	-	7	97	6	2	37	364	2.6
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	231	-	6	54	-	-	-	341	2.5
Shop Theft	915	-	51	87	-	1	5	1059	7.6
Other Larceny	665	-	34	169	2	1	24	895	6.4
Unlawful Possession of Property	211	-	24	112	1	1	8	357	2.6
Driving Offences	3150	31	68	298	-	-	-	3547	25.5
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns or Explosives	152	1	9	33	-	-	-	195	1.4
Damage Property	452	2	20	113	4	1	14	606	4.4
Minor Street Offences	1095	65	28	123	-	-	1	1312	9.4
Offences Against Order	573	2	26	156	2	1	4	764	5.5
Restraint Orders, Breaches	150	-	5	725	-	-	-	880	6.3
Other Offences	72	-	10	22	-	-	-	104	0.7
TOTAL	10184	144	410	2728	40	24	373	13903	
Percentage	73.3	1.0	2.9	19.6	0.3	0.2	2.7		100.0

PART 3 - APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - EXPLANATORY NOTES ON TABLES

(1) The Courts of Summary Jurisdiction Data Collection

A form for each defendant involved in a case finalised in a Criminal Court of Summary Jurisdiction and which involved at least one charge falling within the Office's collections (see Appendix B) is coded by Court Services Department staff onto a data collection form, (see Appendix D). This form is then sent to the Office of Crime Statistics. The first 23 questions contain information derived from court files, which is punched and added to a data base.

The second half of the form relates to the defendant's social background and previous convictions, and is sent on to the Police Department for completion. After being returned from the Police Department and punched, this information also is merged with the data base.

(2) Definitions

- (i) Offence Categories: Offence categories are based on the Act and Section under which the defendant was charged (contact Office of Crime Statistics for a detailed list of offences under each code).

- (ii) Major charge: The 'major charge' in tables 2.1 to 2.18 is the major offence for which a defendant was charged or convicted. This is determined by the following procedures.
 - (a) Out of the charges, if any, for which the defendant was convicted, select the one which received the highest penalty. If two charges received the same (highest) penalty, select the one for which the highest maximum penalty is prescribed in the statutes. If all statutory penalties are the same, select the first charge listed on the coded form. The charge selected by this method is the 'major charge convicted'.

(b) Out of the charges, if any, for which the defendant was not convicted, select the one with the highest maximum statutory penalty. If two or more charges not convicted have the same maximum statutory penalty, select the first listed on the coded form. The charge selected by this method is the 'major charge not convicted'.

(c) From the 'major charge convicted' and the 'major charge not convicted', select the charge which has the highest maximum statutory penalty. If the 'major charge convicted' and the 'major charge not convicted' have the same maximum statutory penalty select the major charge convicted. The charge selected by these rules becomes the major charge.

(iii) Offence Type: To enable broad comparisons, offences have been grouped into seventeen major types (see Table 2.1). Tables 2.2 to 2.18 show which specific offence-codes are contained in each of these broad categories.

The category 'Restraint Orders and Breaches' refer to restraint orders laid under Section 99 of the Justices Act which came into effect on 3 June 1982, and to breaches of these orders. Note that details of breaches refer to the nature of the original order, rather than the circumstances of the breach (eg. 'Breach, Assault Female' refers to breach of an order originally imposed after an alleged assault on a female).

(iv) Outcomes: In Tables 2.1 to 2.18 the case outcome is defined as follows.

- Committed for trial or sentence: The defendant was committed for trial or sentence in the Supreme or District Criminal Court (see Crime and Justice reports for details of penalties, etc. in these cases).
- Convicted with penalty/without penalty: The defendant was found guilty and a criminal conviction recorded. In most of these cases a penalty is awarded, but in some no penalty is imposed but the defendant pays court costs.
- Guilty without conviction: The defendant was found guilty but no conviction was recorded. In these circumstances the defendant can be given a penalty, such as a bond, but not a monetary fine (see Section 4 of the Offenders Probation Act).

- . Guilty of lesser offence: The defendant was found not guilty of the major charge but guilty of a lesser offence and a sentence was handed down.
- . Acquitted on major charge: The defendant pleaded not guilty to the major charge and was acquitted.
- . Major charge withdrawn: The major charge was withdrawn by the complainant.
- . Major charge dismissed: The magistrate decided, after hearing the evidence, that there was no case to answer and dismissed the charge.
- . Other (eg. 'defendant died'): The case was finalised when the defendant died or was found to be unfit to plead.

(v) Plea: A defendant can enter:

- . a guilty plea: in these cases a defendant may be found guilty (with or without a conviction recorded) in the Court of Summary Jurisdiction, or may be committed for sentence in the Supreme or District Criminal Court.
- . a guilty 4A plea: in these cases the defendant sends the court a 'Guilty 4A' form which admits guilt, and sentence is passed without the defendant being required to appear in court (see Section 57A of the Justices Act for details of this procedure).
- . a not guilty plea: in these cases a trial takes place before a magistrate who determines both outcome and sentence, or if the defendant wishes to be tried before a judge he or she can be committed for trial in the Supreme or District Criminal Court.
- . no plea: in these cases the complainant has withdrawn the charge, or a magistrate finds no case to answer, or the defendant has 'reserved' his or her defence and been committed to the Supreme or District Criminal Court.

(vi) Penalty: Once a defendant has been found guilty, the following penalties - listed in order of severity - may be imposed:

- . immediate imprisonment
- . suspended imprisonment
- . bond with supervision
- . bond without supervision
- . community service order (as part of a bond)
- . suspension of driver's licence
- . monetary fine
- . other order (eg. restitution, confiscation of drugs)
- . sentenced to the rising of the court
- . no penalty

(vii) Major Penalty: The major penalty is the most severe penalty handed down (see above for order of severity).

(3) Tables

Tables 2.1 - 2.18 Case Outcome and Major Charge

For each court appearance which was finalised during the six month period covered in this report, only the outcome for the major charge is recorded (see earlier definition of major charge).

Each table refers to appearances by individual defendants. For example, if four co-defendants were tried and convicted jointly for an offence which they committed together, each would be recorded separately in the case outcome and sentencing tables. An individual tried or sentenced on two separate occasions within the same reporting period would be recorded twice. It also is possible that in some instances (namely committals) the Crown may have formulated charges against an individual, withdrawn them, but then subsequently re-charged the same person for the same or additional offences. These cases also would appear more than once in the tables.

Table 2.1 is a summary and tables 2.2 to 2.18 give a breakdown for each offence type.

Where defendants have not been convicted on the major charge but were convicted on another less serious charge, the number of cases involving lesser charges is shown in brackets. Some of those 'lesser' charges may be for offences in groups other than the major charge - eg. a person charged with assault (an offence against the person) may eventually be found guilty only of offensive language.

In such instances cases are shown in the penalty tables for the offence group which they were convicted. Thus in the example given the case would appear in the outcome tables for offences against the person, but in the penalty tables for minor street offences. This is a change from reports prior to July - December 1985, in which cases always appeared in the same offence group for both outcome and penalty tables. This means that it is no longer possible to compare totals in corresponding outcome and penalty tables except for overall totals in the two summary tables (Tables 2.1 and 2.19).

Tables 2.19 - 2.35 Major Penalty for Major Charge Convicted

For each defendant convicted, the most serious penalty is recorded (order of severity given in Section 2, (vi)). The numbers receiving each type of penalty are recorded, as well as the minimum, average (mean), and maximum for direct imprisonment (weeks) and monetary fines (\$'s).

Table 2.19 is a summary table for each offence type and tables 2.20 to 2.35 give a breakdown for offences within each offence type. There are no penalty tables for the Sexual Offences group since these cases were preliminary committal hearings.

Tables 2.36 - 2.37 Penalties for defendants convicted of Driving with more than the Prescribed Content of Alcohol (PCA)

These two tables summarise the penalties imposed, and blood alcohol content, of persons convicted of PCA offences. Blood alcohol content (BAC) is broken down into: 0.08 up to 0.10; 0.10 up to 0.15; 0.15 up to 0.20; 0.20 up to 0.25; 0.25 and over, and Unknown BAC.

Table 2.36 gives the penalties for all defendants and table 2.37 for those who have had no prior convictions for drink drive offences.

Tables 2.38 to 2.43 Sex, Age, Occupation, Marital Status, Country of Birth and Residence of the Defendant

One entry appears in each of these tables for each appearance by a defendant. These background items refer to the status of the defendant at the time of arrest (as recorded by the Police Department). The country of birth table distinguishes defendants with aboriginal backgrounds from all other persons born in Australia. The group 'Australia Unspecified' denotes that the defendant was born

in Australia, but that the particular State was not recorded. Residences of defendants are grouped into Local Government Areas in Metropolitan Adelaide (Table 2.42) and non Metropolitan Adelaide (Table 2.43).

Table 2.44 Prior Convictions of defendant

For each appearance by a defendant, a summary is given of previous convictions and previous imprisonment. Only for defendants with less than 10 previous convictions is the actual number of convictions recorded. For those with 10 or more, the numbers are rounded upward to the nearest 10 (ie. 10 = 10, 11 = 20). Defendants with 90 or more previous convictions are recorded as 90.

Table 2.45 - 2.46 Bail Status and Legal Representation of Defendant.

'Bail Status' is at the final court appearance. For defendants with only one court hearing, therefore, this refers to police bail. For those with two or more hearings the bail status has been accorded by the court. 'Legal Representation' refers to whether the defendant was legally represented at the final court appearance. The term 'Duty Solicitor' refers to solicitors rostered to service courts under the Law Society's Duty Solicitor Scheme. 'Other' legal representation refers to solicitors from legal aid organisations and private solicitors. Tables 2.45 and 2.46 distinguish between cases which required only one court hearing, those needing two or more court appearances, and defendants committed for trial or sentence.

Table 2.47 Offence Type and Final Plea

The 'Final Plea' refers to the plea entered to the major charge at the final court appearance. This can be either 'Guilty', 'Guilty 4A', 'Not Guilty' or 'No Plea'. Table 2.47 distinguishes pleas given by defendants committed for trial or sentence.

Australian Bureau of Statistics Population Statistics

Tables 2.38 - 2.43 give a rate of appearances per 1,000 in the relevant South Australian population (eg. Aborigines, unemployed people, etc.). The population figures used in calculating these rates are derived from the 1981 Census.

APPENDIX B - MAJOR OFFENCES WHICH ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE
SYSTEM OF STATISTICS FROM COURTS OF SUMMARY
JURISDICTION

Offences with the following descriptions, or under the following Acts and Sections, are not included in the Courts of Summary Jurisdiction collection.

1. DRIVING

Road Maintenance Act (all sections)
Registration and Insurance Offences
Commercial Motor Vehicle (Hours of Driving) Act (all sections).
Road Traffic Act, Section, 23, 31, 38, 41, 42, 45, 48-58, 60, 61, 63-70, 71a, 72, 74, 74a, 75-78, 79a, 80-83, 84, 85, 87-91, 93, 94, 94a, 95, 100-103, 109, 111, 120, 122, 126, 132, 137, 139, 144, 157, 160, 162, 162a, 162b, 162ab, 162c, 163.

2. ADELAIDE CITY COUNCIL BY-LAWS (Parking)

3. INCOME TAX Fail to Provide Tax Returns. Income Tax Assessment Act Section 223.

4. ENVIRONMENT OFFENCES

Bushfires Act
Bushfire Regulations
Excessive Noise
Hunting Regulations
Local Government Act
National Parks and Wildlife Act and Regulations
Registration of Dogs Act, Section 24

5. OTHER

(Unless specific sections are listed, offences under all sections of Acts listed below are not included in Office of Crime Statistics collections).

Acts Interpretation Act
Australian National Railways Act
Bankruptcy Act, Sections 80, 271 and 272
Bills of Sale Act
Births, Deaths and Marriages Act

Boating Act
Boating Regulations
Books Purchases Act
Brands Act
Breach of Recognizance
Building Contracts Act
Builders Licensing Act
Business Names Act
Bus, Tram Fare, Avoid Payment
Commonwealth Electoral Act
Companies Act
Consumer Transactions Act
Coroners Act
Criminal Injuries Compensation Act
Crown Lands Act
Dairy Industry Act
Defence Act
Diesel Fuel, Offences Disp.
Dog, Unregistered
Electoral, Act
Electricity Trust Act
Fisheries Act (S.A.)
Harbours Act
Hawkers Act
Hide, Skin, Wool Dealers Act
Hospitals Act
Illicit Spirits, Possess
Imprint Act
Inflammable Liquids Act
Land, Business Agents Act
Law Courts (Order) Act
Marine Act
Marine Stores Act
Mining Act
Miscellaneous Acts
Naturalisation Certificate Misuse
Non-payment by Hirer
Oaths Act
Pawnbrokers Act
Physiotherapists Act
Places of Public Entertainment Act
Post Bills
Poultry Return, Fail to Furnish
Private Parking Areas Act
Public Meetings Act
Racial Discrimination Act
Recreation Grounds (Reg) Act
Sales of Goods Act
Sales Tax Information, Fail to Provide
Sales Tax Return, Fail to Furnish
Second Hand Dealers Act.

Shearers Act
State Lotteries Act
State Railways Act, Sections 115, 116 and 117
Statistics Act
Stock Disease Act
Swimming Pool (Safety) Act
Tax Return, Fail to Provide
Trading Stamp Act
Transmit, Receive Not Licensed
Unlicensed etc. CB Radio
Urban Land Price Control
Vertebrate Pest Act
Waterworks Act

APPENDIX C - LIST OF CONTRIBUTING COURTS

Adelaide
Christies Beach

Glenelg
Holden Hill

Para Districts
Port Adelaide

Berri
Ceduna
*Coober Pedy
Kadina
*Marla
Millicent

COUNTRY
Mount Barker
Mount Gambier
Murray Bridge
Naracoort
*Oodnadatta

Port Augusta
Port Lincoln
Port Pirie
Tanunda
Whyalla

* Denotes courts administered by personnel from the Police Department. All other courts are fully administered by the Court Services Department.

APPENDIX E - PUBLICATIONS OF THE SOUTH AUSTRALIAN OFFICE
OF CRIME STATISTICS (September, 1987)

Series 1: Crime and Justice in South Australia
- Quarterly Reports

- Vol. 1 No. 1 Report for the Period Ending 31st December, 1978 (February, 1979)
- Vol. 1 No. 2 Report for the Period Ending 31st March, 1979 (June, 1979)
- Vol. 1 No. 3 Report for the Period Ending 30th June, 1979 (September, 1979)
- Vol. 2 No. 1 Report for the Period Ending 30th September, 1979 (December, 1979)
- Vol. 2 No. 2 Report for the Period Ending 31st December, 1979 (March, 1980)
- Vol. 2 No. 3 Report for the Period Ending 31st March, 1980 (July, 1980)
- Vol. 2 No. 4 Report for the Period Ending 30th June, 1980 (September, 1980)
- Vol. 3 No. 1 Report for the Period Ending 30th September, 1980 (December, 1980)
- Vol. 3 No. 2 Report for the Period Ending 31st December, 1980 (May, 1981)
- Vol. 3 No. 3 Report for the Period Ending 31st March, 1981 (July, 1981)
- Vol. 3 No. 4 Report for the Period Ending 30th June, 1981 (September, 1981)

Series 11: Summary Jurisdiction and Special Reports

- No. 1 Homicide in South Australia: Rates and Trends in Comparative Perspective (July, 1979)
- No. 2 Law and Order in South Australia: An Introduction to Crime and Criminal Justice Policy (First Edition) (September 1979).
- No. 3 Robbery in South Australia (February, 1980)

- No. 4 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction:
Selected Returns from Adelaide Magistrate's Court:
1st January - 30th June, 1979 (March, 1980)
- No. 5 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction:
Selected Returns from South Australian Courts:
1st July - 31st December, 1979 (September, 1980)
- No. 6 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction:
Selected Returns from South Australian Courts:
1st January - 30th June, 1980 (December, 1980)
- No. 7 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction:
Selected Returns from South Australian Courts:
1st July - 31st December, 1980 (September, 1981)
- No. 8 Statistics from Supreme Court and District Criminal
Courts: 1st July 1980 - 30th June, 1981
(November, 1981)
- No. 9 Homicide and Serious Assault in South Australia
(November, 1981)

Series A: Statistical Reports

Odd numbered reports (1-21): Statistics from Criminal
Courts of Summary Jurisdiction
(covering 6 monthly periods
from 1 January, 1981 through
to 30 June, 1986)

Even numbered reports (2-20): Crime and Justice in South
Australia (Police, Corrections,
Higher Criminal Court and
Juvenile Offender statistics)
(covering 6 monthly periods from
1 July, 1981 through to 30 June,
1986.)

Series B: Research Bulletins

- No. 1 Shoplifting in South Australia (September, 1982)
- No. 2 Law and Order in South Australia, An Introduction to
Crime and Criminal Justice Policy (Second Edition)
(October, 1986)
- No. 3 Bail Reform in South Australia (July, 1986)
- No. 4 Decriminalising Drunkenness in South Australia
(November, 1986)

Series C: Research Reports

- No. 1 Sexual Assault in South Australia (July, 1983)
- No. 2 Evaluating Rehabilitation: Community Service Orders
in South Australia (May, 1984)

Series D: Social Issues Series

- No. 1 Random Breath Tests and the Drinking Driver
(November, 1983)