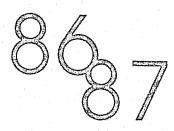
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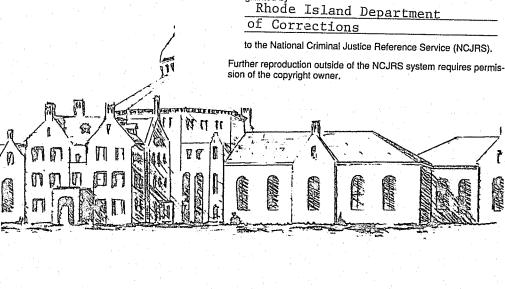


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Rhode Island Department Of Corrections ANNUAL TRAFFIC REPORT

RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

JULY 1, 1986 - JUNE 30, 1987

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	ΞE
Executive Summary of the Traffic Report ii	Li
Introduction	L
Current Population	2
Capacity of the Adult Correctional Institutions	1
Population By Month	7
Population By Units)
Long Term Population Trend	ł
Long Term Population By Facility	ć
Number of Individuals Incarcerated	3
Commitments	5
Number of Persons Committed	7
Releases from Prison)
Length of Stay - Awaiting Trial	L
Executive Summary of Releases from Parole in Calendar Year 1986	3

TABLES

TABLE	TITLE	PAGE
1	Comparison of the Adult Correctional Institutions Population on June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987	3
2 / /	Population and Rated Capacity of the Various Divisions of the Adult Correctional Institutions	6
3	Average (Mean) Population of the Rhode Island Adult Correctional Institutions by Month July 1986 - June 1987	9
4	Average Population of the Adult Correctional Institutions by Unit July 1986 - June 1987	13
5	Average ACI Population for the 12 Most Recent Fiscal Years with Year-To-Year Percentage Changes	15
6A	Long-Term Population Trend by Facility - Maximum Facilities	17
6B	Long-Term Population Trend by Facility - Medium Security	18
6C, 6D	Long-Term Population Trend by Facility - Open Population	19
6E	Long-Term Population Trend by Facility - Male Awaiting-Trial	20
6F	Long-Term Population Trend by Facility - Women's Division	21
6	Mean Population of the Adult Correctional Institutions by Unit - Fiscal 1975-1987	22
7.	Number of Individuals Incarcerated During Fiscal 1986-1987	23
8	Commitments to the Rhode Island Adult Correctional Institutions During Fiscal Years 1985-1986 and 1986-1987	26
9	Number of Persons Committed to the Adult Correctional Institutions During Fiscal Year 1986-1987	28
10	Releases from the Rhode Island Adult Correctional Institutions During Fiscal Year 1985-1986 and 1986-1987	30
11	Length of Stay for Inmates Awaiting Trial During Fiscal 1986-1987	32
12	Removal from Parole During Calendar Years 1983-1986 by Reason for Removal	35
13	1986 Termination of Parole According to State of Supervision	36

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF THE TRAFFIC REPORT

FOR FISCAL 1986-87

RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Between June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987, at the ACI:

- (1) The total population rose from 1249 to 1450 an increase of 7.5 percent.
- (2) The total sentenced population increased by 9.0 percent but the awaiting trial population increased by only 0.8 percent between these dates.

The average population for fiscal 1986-1987 for all facilities was 1390.88 - an increase of 2.6 percent over fiscal 1985-1986. The average sentenced population increased by 6.7 percent. The average awaiting trial population actually decreased by 13.6 percent.

The average population of the ACI was at an all-time high in May of 1987 (1452.94). The highest population on any given day was 1479 on May 30, 1987. The highest average sentenced population for any month was 1188.33 in June, 1987. The average awaiting trial population was highest in May 1987 (275.10).

POPULATION BY UNITS:

- (1) The <u>High Security Unit</u> remained near or slightly above its rated capacity of 96 throughout fiscal 1986-1987. The annual average was 91.75.
- (2) The average Maximum Security population for fiscal 1986-1987 was 417.62. This represented a 13.9 percent increase over fiscal 1985-1986.
- (3) The Medium Security population varied little during the year. The average population for fiscal 1986-1987 was 0.4 percent lower than the corresponding 1985-1986 figure.
- (4) The average Minimum Security population increased by 8.1 percent over the previous fiscal year.
- (5) The average population at the <u>Work Release Unit</u> increased by 15.7 percent between fiscal 1985-1986 and 1986-1987.

- (6) The <u>Intake Service Center</u> population average of 229.97 for fiscal 1986-1987 was 17.3 percent lower than the 1985-1986 average (278.18).
- (7) The average population at the <u>Women's Division</u> increased by nine percent between fiscal 1985-1986 and fiscal 1986-1987.

LONG TERM POPULATION TRENDS

This is the eighth consecutive year in which the average population of the ACI has increased. The total increase from fiscal 1978-1979 to 1986-1987 was 107.4 percent.

The average sentenced population at <u>Old Max</u> for fiscal 1986-1987 was the highest ever (417.62). There was very little change during the last six years in the average population at the High Security and Medium Security facilities.

The population of the open units has increased steadily during the last twelve years. In fiscal 1975-1976, only 20 percent of the population was in Minimum or Work Release. In fiscal 1986-1987, 29.2 percent of the male sentenced population was classified Minimum or Work Release.

The awaiting trial population decreased by 14 percent between fiscal 1985-1986 and fiscal 1986-1987. This decrease followed three consecutive years of increase.

The Women's Division average population increased for the eighth consecutive year. The average for 1986-1987 (58.43) was more than triple the average for 1979-1980 (17.33).

A total of 5213 individuals passed through the ACI during fiscal 1986-1987. This represents a 5.5 percent increase over 1985-1986. Ten years ago only 2140 persons passed through the ACI that year. Among the 5213 persons, 2087 were sentenced during at least part of the fiscal year.

There were 6306 commitments to the ACI during fiscal 1986-1987. There were 1584 sentenced commitments and 4722 awaiting trial commitments. There were 1126 persons committed under sentenced status (excluding fines or Family Court holds). Ninety-eight (98) persons were committed by the Family Court or other civil authority for contempt of court. A total of 3565 persons were committed during the year under awaiting trial status.

There were 6205 releases from the ACI in fiscal 1986-1987 - an increase of 8.6 percent over fiscal 1985-1986. There were 1381 persons released from sentenced status, 98 releases from Family Court holds, and 4720 releases from awaiting trial status. Among these 4720 releases, 581 were released from awaiting trial status to begin a sentence.

There were 4720 releases from awaiting trial status during fiscal 1986-1987 - an increase of 11.4 percent over fiscal 1985-1986. Nearly ten (9.8) percent of these persons were released the same day they were committed. Only 12.8 percent were held in awaiting trial status more than 30 days. These were, however, 22 persons who had been in awaiting trial status for more than a year.

The executive summary of releases from parole for calendar year 1986 is included in this report on pages 33-36. There were 458 persons under the jurisdiction of the Rhode Island Parole Board on December 31, 1986. The parolees had these characteristics:

- (1) Male 95 percent and female 5 percent
- (2) White 72.7 percent; Black 22.7 percent;
 Hispanic 4.1 percent; Other 0.5 percent
- (3) Supervised in Rhode Island 85.4 percent Supervised out of state 14.6 percent
- (4) Releases from parole were caused by:

Expiration of parole - 73.2 percent Revocation of parole - 24.0 percent Absconders still at large - 1.7 percent Death - 0.8 percent Other - 0.3 percent

(5) There are 14 lifers on parole

INTRODUCTION

The Annual Traffic Report for the Rhode Island Department of Corrections for fiscal year 1986-1987 is a complete summary of the population, commitments and discharges from the Adult Correctional Institutions for the period July 1, 1986 - June 30, 1987. This is the twelfth edition of this publication. The first six editions contained juvenile correctional data. This was discontinued after the juvenile corrections agencies were transferred to the Department For Children and Their Families. Some of the data from previous reports are included in several of the tables in this report.

The Executive Summary of Releases from Parole is included as part of the Annual Traffic Report for fiscal years 1984-1985, 1985-1986, and 1986-1987. These data will be included in all subsequent editions. This is the only section of the report where the data were collected by calendar year. These parole reports existed in previous years as in house documents.

CURRENT POPULATION

Table 1 shows the population of the Adult Correctional Institutions on June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987. The total population of the Adult Correctional Institutions increased from 1349 on June 30, 1986 to 1450 on June 30, 1987. This was an increase of 7.5 percent.

The sentenced population increased by 9.0 percent, but the awaiting trial population increased by only 0.8 percent. The average population for fiscal 1986 - 1987 was 2.6 percent higher than the 1985 - 1986 average. The average sentenced population increased by 6.7 percent, but the average awaiting trial population decreased by 13.6 percent.

Table 1 shows that the population at Maximum Security increased by 12.8 percent between June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987. Between June 30, 1986 and the same date in 1987, the High Security Center population increased by 4.5 percent. The Medium Security population decreased by 1.9 percent. The population at Minimum Security increased by 6.9 percent. The population of the Work Release Unit increased by 26.1 percent.

The Intake Service Center opened on June 25, 1982. This building was designed as a facility to accommodate both awaiting trial and newly sentenced male inmates. During the current fiscal year, the Admission and Orientation Unit of the ACI was moved to the old Maximum Security building. This explains why there were 72 sentenced inmates in the Intake Center on June 30, 1985 and only five (5) sentenced inmates in the Intake Center on June 30, 1986. The total population at the Intake Center on June 30, 1987 was 26.5 percent (lower than the population on the corresponding date in 1985.) The total population of the Intake Center increased by 2.4 percent between June 30, 1986 and June 30, 1987.

The population at the Women's Division on June 30, 1987 was 5.9 percent more than the corresponding population on June 30, 1986. The average population of the Women's Division for the entire fiscal 1986-1987 was 9.0 percent higher than the average population for fiscal 1985-1986.

TABLE 1

COMPARISON OF THE ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS POPULATION

ON JUNE 30, 1986 AND JUNE 30, 1987

	JUNE 30, 1986 J	UNE 30, 1987
TOTAL ACI SENTENCED (ON GROUNDS) UNSENTENCED (ON GROUNDS)	1349 1084 ^b 265	1450 1182 ^d 267
HIGH SECURITY (SENTENCED)	89	93
MAXIMUM SECURITY (SENTENCED)	373	421 ^a
MEDIUM SECURITY (SENTENCED)	267	262
MINIMUM SECURITY (SENTENCED)	188	201
WORK RELEASE (SENTENCED)	115 ^b	145
INTAKE SERVICE CENTER TOTAL SENTENCED AWAITING TRIAL	249 5 244	255 12 ^c 243
MEDICAL FACILITIES (REGAN BUILDING OR OUTSIDE HOSPITAL	0 L)	1

a - Includes one person held for civil contempt of the family court.

b - Includes one person held for civil contempt of court and one person serving a fine.

c - Includes two persons held for civil contempt of court and one person serving a fine.

d - Includes three persons held for civil contempt of family court and one person serving a fine.

CAPACITY OF THE ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

TABLE 2 shows the capacity, June 30, 1987 population, and fiscal 1986-1987 average population of the present divisions of the Adult Correctional Institutions. Two capacities were listed for each unit - the absolute rated capacity and the realistic rated capacity. The absolute capacity refers to the number of these units. The realistic rated capacity is equal to 90 percent of the absolute rated capacity. It is not possible in the real world to use all cells because:

- Some special categories of inmates such as protective custody and disciplinary segregation require their own living area;
- 2) Sometimes, some of the cells or rooms are being repaired and are not available as living quarters.

The average population for fiscal 1986-1987 was above the absolute capacity in only one unit:

Minimum Security - average population 193.31 (capacity 150)

The Intake Service Center was originally designed for a capacity of 168, based on the number of cells. Double-celling increased the capacity to 265 for fiscal 1984-1985. The capacity has since been reduced to 250 by the Federal Court. Originally, this facility was holding both awaiting-trial and newly sentenced inmates. During fiscal 1985-1986, the Admission and Orientation Unit was moved to Maximum Security. Currently, the Intake Service Center is used almost exclusively to house inmates awaiting trial.

TABLE 1 indicates that there were 72 sentenced inmates in the Intake Service Center on June 30, 1985 and only five (5) sentenced inmates on June 30, 1986. On June 30, 1987 there were twelve (12) sentenced inmates in the Intake Center.

On June 30, 1987, the population was above the absolute capacity in the following units:

Minimum Security - population 201 (Capacity 150)

Intake Service Center - population 255 (Capacity 250)

CAPACITY OF THE ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS (CONTINUED) TABLE 2

On June 30, 1987 the population was above the realistic rated capacity in these units:

Old Max - population 421 (Capacity 405)

Medium - population 262 (Capacity 241)

Minimum - population 201 (Capacity 135)

Work Release - population 145 (Capacity 135)

Intake Service Center - population 255 (Capacity 225)

During the first three months of fiscal 1985-1986, cell blocks ABC of Maximum Security were closed for Court-Ordered renovations. During those three months, the capacity was only 350. The current absolute capacity of 450 is equal to the number of cells.

The current operating capacity of Medium Security is 268. A new Medium Security facility with a capacity of 312 will replace the current facility. The operating capacity for 1987 until the opening of the new facility has not yet been determined.

POPULATION AND RATED CAPACITY OF THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS OF THE ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

TABLE 2

UNIT	ABSOLUTE RATED CAPACITY	REALISTIC RATED CAPACITY	JUNE 30, 1987 POPULATION	AVERAGE FISCAL 1986-1987
TOTAL	1489	1340	1449	1380.88
HIGH SECURITY	96	86	93	91.15
OLD MAXIMUM	450	405	421	417.62
MEDIUM	268 ^a	241 ^a	262	261.56
MINIMUM	150	135	201	193.31
WORK RELEASE	150	135	145	128.84
INTAKE CENTER	250 ^b	225 ^b	255	229.97
WOMEN'S DIVISION	125	113	72	58.43

a - This represents the operating capacity until December, 1989. A new Medium facility with a capacity of 312 will replace the current facility in the future.

b - This capacity is on a double-cell basis. There are 168 cells.

POPULATION BY MONTH

TABLE 3 shows the total population, sentenced population, and awaiting-trial population by month for fiscal 1986-1987.

During the first month of the fiscal year (July 1986), the average population decreased by 4.3 percent from June 1986. This decrease was followed by six consecutive months of increases:

PERIOD	AVERAGE POPULATION	PERCENTAGE INCREASE FROM PREVIOUS MONTH
August, 1986	1320.97	+2.2
September, 1986	1339.06	+1.4
October, 1986	1379.77	+3.0
November, 1986	1386.16	+0.4
December, 1986	1388.48	+0.2
January, 1987	1396.68	+0.6

The population decreased by 1.1 percent between January and February, 1987. The population continued to increase during the next three months:

PERIOD	AVERAGE POPULATION	PERCENTAGE INCREASE FROM PREVIOUS MONTH
March, 1987	1384.91	+0.2
April, 1987	1400.34	+1.1
May, 1987	1452.94	+3.8

This average of 1452.94 for May 1987 was the highest monthly average ever recorded. The next month (June, 1987) was the second highest monthly average on record (1448.43).

The sentenced population decreased by 2.5 percent between June and July of 1986. Increases were observed in the next four months of the fiscal year:

	SENTENCED POPULATION	PERCENTAGE INCREASE FROM PREVIOUS MONTH
August, 1986	1082.91	+0.7
September, 1986	1110.97	+2.6
October, 1986	1143.73	+2.9
November, 1986	1169.97	+2.3

Between November, 1986 and February, 1987 the average sentenced population remained between 1161.15 and 1169.97. The population decreased by 1.0 percent between February and March.

The sentence population increased in each of the last three months until June of 1987 when the all-time record high of 1188.33 was recorded.

The awaiting-trial population decreased by 12.5 percent between June and July of 1986. The average for the three month period July-September, 1986 (228.22) was 4.0 percent below the average for the previous three months (237.82). The average for October-December, 1986 was 1.9 percent lower than the July-September average. The average awaiting trial population for January-March, 1987 (229.71) was only 1.3 percent higher than the October-December average. However. the average awaiting trial population for April-June, 1987 (259.29) was 12.9 percent above the January-March average.

TABLE 3

AVERAGE (MEAN) POPULATION OF

THE RHODE ISLAND ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS BY MONTH

JULY - 1986 - JUNE - 1987

MONTH	TOTAL ACI	SENTENCED	AWAITING TRIAL
12 Month Average	1380.88	1145.65	235.23
July, 1986	1292.90	1074.38	218.52
August, 1986	1320.97	1082.91	238.06
September, 1986	1339.06	1110.97	228.09
October, 1986	1379.77	1143.73	236.04
November, 1986	1386.16	1169.97	216.19
December, 1986	1388.48	1169.48	219.00
January, 1987	1396.68	1164.22	232.46
February, 1987	1381.68	1161.15	220.53
March, 1987	1384.91	1149.65	235.26
April, 1987	1400.34	1158.17	242.17
May, 1987	1452.94	1177.84	275.10
June, 1987	1448.43	1188.33	260.10

POPULATION BY UNITS

The month-to-month changes by individual securities are shown in <u>Table 4</u> and summarized in the proceeding portion of the text.

High Security Center: This unit which opened in January of 1981, remained near or slightly above its rated capacity of 96 throughout fiscal 1986-1987. The highest average population was in May, 1987 (97.84). The lowest average monthly population was 85.42 in December, 1986. The annual average was 91.15.

Maximum Security: The oldest and largest unit of the Adult Correctional Institutions had an average population of 417.62 during fiscal 1986-1987. In addition to the inmates classified to Maximum Security, Old Max houses unclassified inmates in the Admission and Orientation Unit. The quarterly average populations for this unit were as follows:

Period	Average Population	Percentage Change From Previous Quarter
July - August 1986	386.49	- 2.1
September - November 1986	429.02	+ 11.0
January - March 1987	431,29	+ 0.5
April - June 1987	424.03	- 1.7

Medium Security: The population of the Medium Security facility varied little throughout the fiscal year. The highest monthly average population (265.16 in December 1986) was only 3.9 percent higher than the lowest monthly average (255.32 in August 1986).

Minimum Security: The population of the Minimum Security Unit was above its rated capacity of 150 throughout the fiscal year. The population was highest in June 1987 (201.30) and lowest in July 1986 (179.26).

The quarterly average populations were as follows:

Period	Average Population	Percentage Change From Previous Quarter
July - September 1986	182.83	- 1.8
October - December 1986	194.63	+ 6.6
January - March 1987	196.93	+ 1.2
April - June 1987	199.00	+ 1.1

POPULATION BY UNITS (CONTINUED)
Table 4

Work Release Unit: The population of the Work Release Unit remained below its absolute capacity for 364 of the 365 days of fiscal 1986-1987.

The quarterly average populations were as follows:

July - September 1986	119.34
October - December 1986	136.14
January - March 1987	126.53
April - June 1987	133.36

Intake Service Center: The first full year of operation was fiscal 1982-1983, with an average population of 219.93. The average population increased to 250.55 for fiscal 1983-1984 and continued increasing to 303.42 for fiscal 1984-1985. The increasing population continued into the first half of fiscal 1985-1986. A rapid decrease occurred in the population for the second half of the fiscal year. The Admission and Orientation Unit which houses newly sentenced inmates was moved from the Intake Center to Maximum Security, accounting for a large proportion of this decrease.

The quarterly averages for fiscal 1985-86 and fiscal 1986-87 were as follows:

Period	Average Population	Percentage Change From Previous Quarter
July - September 1985	330.98	+ 7.4
October - December 1985	310.15	- 6.3
January - March 1986	238.67	- 23.0
April - June 1986	231.28	- 3.1
July - September 1986	220.10	- 4.8
October - December 1986	222.51	+ 1.1
January - March 1987	229.69	+ 3.2
April - June 1987	247.77	+ 7.9

<u>Women's Division</u>: The average population of the Women's Division for fiscal 1986-1987 (58.43) was 9.0 percent about the corresponding figure for fiscal 1985-1986 (53.61). On September 15, 1984 the Women's Division was moved from the Old Training School for Girls to the Jonathan Arnold Building. This movement increased the capacity of the Women's Division from 26 to 125, thereby eliminating a severe overcrowding problem in the facility.

POPULATION BY UNITS (CONTINUED) Table 4

The quarterly average populations for this unit were as follows:

Period	Average Population	Percentage Change From Previous Quarter
July - September 1986	60.36	- 1.4
October - December 1986	53.10	- 12.0
January - March 1987	49.55	- 6.7
April - June 1987	70.64	+ 42.6

TABLE 4

AVERAGE POPULATION OF THE ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS BY UNIT

JULY	1986	-	JUNE	1987

	HIGH SECURITY	MAXIMUM	MEDIUM	MINIMUM	WORK RELEASE	INTAKE CENTER	WOMEN'S DIVISION
12 MONTH-AVERAGE	91.15	417.62	261.56	193.31	128.84	229.97	58.43
JULY 1986	89.84	372.29	261.06	179.26	119.58	209.58	61.29
AUGUST 1986	91.45	381.55	255.32	186.71	118.06	225.23	62.65
SEPTEMBER 1986	89.73	406.27	257.47	182.50	120.40	225.66	57.03
OCTOBER 1986	87.55	415.61	263.29	193.90	132.42	229.26	57.74
NOVEMBER 1986	90.03	434.90	256.63	196.97	136.97	217.93	42.73
DECEMBER 1986	85.42	436.74	265.16	193.10	139.06	220.19	48.81
JANUARY 1987	87.97	430.71	263.58	198.52	131.03	234.29	50.58
FEBRUARY 1987	90.54	433.57	263.4€	198.11	121.93	227.89	46.18
MARCH 1987	93.23	429.81	263.1€	194.26	126.19	226.71	51.55
APRIL 1987	94.73	425.63	260.87	196.30	123.77	231.94	67.10
MAY 1987	97.84	423.55	264.45	199.39	132.48	261.81	73.42
JUNE 1987	95.70	422.93	264.23	201.30	143.87	249.10	71.30
							

LONG TERM POPULATION TREND

Table 5 shows the average population and year-to-year percentages of increase and decrease for the last ten fiscal years.

The first substantial increase in the population occurred in fiscal year 1975-1976 when the population increased nine percent over the 1974-1975 average. The population varied only slightly during the next two years. During the last seven years, the population has increased by at least 6.4 percent every year. The largest one-year increase was between fiscal 1980-1981 and fiscal 1982-1983 (20.9 percent).

This is the eighth consecutive year in which the average population has increased. The total increase from fiscal 1978-1979 to fiscal 1986-1987 was 107.4 percent.

AVERAGE ACI POPULATION FOR THE 12 MOST RECENT FISCAL YEARS
WITH YEAR-TO-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGES

FISCAL YEAR	AVERAGE (MEAN) POPULATION	PERCENTAGE INCREASE/DECREASE
1975-76	603.04	+ 9.0
1976-77	681.46	+ 13.0
1977-78	684.86	+ 0.5
1978-79	665.69	- 2.8
1979-80	729.53	+ 9.6
1980-81	819.02	+ 12.3
1981-82	990.27	+ 20.9
1982-83	1085.24	+ 9.6
1983-84	1174.14	+ 8.2
1984-85	1249.24	+ 6.4
1985-86	1345.82	+ 7.7
1986-87	1380.88	+ 2.6

LONG-TERM POPULATION BY FACILITY

TABLE 6 shows the long-term population trend by individual securities. During the twelve (12) year period covered by this table, many changes in the type of inmates handled by the various facilities have taken place.

MAXIMUM SECURITY AND HIGH SECURITY:

Prior to the last six days of fiscal 1981-1982, Maximum Security was a facility that housed both sentenced and awaiting-trial inmates. In January 1981, the High Security Center was opened, thus creating a second maximum security facility for the Adult Correctional Institutions. The High Security Center is used to house sentenced inmates, but on some occasions, one or two awaiting trial inmates have been kept in that facility.

TABLE 6A (next page) is a summary of the <u>sentenced</u> male population that was classified as Maximum Security during the past 12 fiscal years. This table also shows the percentage of the total sentenced male population that was classified as maximum.

During fiscal 1976 and fiscal 1977, 60.3 percent of the male sentenced population was classified as maximum. In August 1977, the Federal District Court ordered a re-classification. In complying with this Order, the proportion of male sentenced inmates classified maximum was reduced to 54.8 percent in fiscal 1977-1978, and 42.2 percent in fiscal 1978-1979. The proportion of male inmates classified maximum increased slightly during the next three fiscal years. This increase was a result of the opening of a second Maximum Security facility (the High Security Center). In fiscal 1984-1985, the proportion of male inmates classified to a Maximum Security facility was the lowest ever (37.5 percent).

The proportion of male sentenced inmates housed in Maximum or High Security increased to 44.3 percent in fiscal 1985-1986. Most of this increase resulted from the transfer of the Admission and Orientation Unit from the Intake Center to the Maximum Security building. The proportion of male sentenced inmates housed in Maximum or High Security in fiscal 1986-1987 was 46.1 percent.

LONG-TERM POPULATION TREND BY FACILITY (Continued): TABLE 6A

AVERAGE SENTENCED POPULATION

FISCAL YEAR	OLD MAX.	HIGH SECURITY	BOTH FACILITIES	PERCENTAGE OF MALE SENTENCED POPULATION
1975-1976	276.10		276.10	60.3
1976-1977	334.18		334.18	60.3
1977-1978	307.94		307.94	54.8
1978-1979	234.01		234.01	42.2
1979-1980	258.99		258.99	42.7
1980-1981	256.17	31.05	287.22	43.1
1981-1982	251.24	96.01	347.25	44.5
1982-1983	266.65	94.94	361.59	41.3
1983-1984	271.04	96.43	367.47	39.1
1984-1985	263.97	97.63	361.60	37.5
1985-1986	366.73	92.96	459.69	44.3
1986-1987	417.62	91.15	508.77	46.1

MEDIUM SECURITY:

During fiscal year 1976, 1977, and most of fiscal 1978, the Medium Security facility housed inmates that were both sentenced and awaiting trial. On April 10 1978, the awaiting-trial inmates in Medium Security were transferred to Maximum, and from that date on, Medium Security has been a facility for sentenced inmates. On a few occasions, one or two awaiting-trial inmates have been held at Medium Security. Table 6B (next page) shows the average sentenced population at Medium for fiscal years 1976-1987. In the earliest two fiscal years, only 20 percent of the sentenced population was classified as Medium Security. In fiscal 1977-1978, two factors increased the proportion of inmates classified Medium: 1) the consolidation of the awaiting-trial section into one unit located in Maximum Security, and 2) the court-ordered reclassification process. Renovations to Medium Security in subsequent years increased the rated capacity from 144 to 220.

The current operating capacity is 268. A new Medium Security facility with a capacity of 312 will replace the current facility in the future. During the last nine fiscal years, approximately one-fourth of the male sentenced inmates were housed in Medium Security.

LONG-TERM POPULATION TREND BY FACILITY (Continued):

TABLE 6B

FISCAL YEAR	MEDIUM AVERAGE SENTENCED POPULATION	PERCENTAGE OF MALE SENTENCED POPULATION
1975-1976	90.71	19.8
1976-1977	110.98	20.0
1977-1978	137.84	24.5
1978-1979	152.56	27.5
1979-1980	161.33	26.6
1980-1981	164.24	24.7
1981-1982	205.38	26.3
1982-1983	221.55	25.3
1983-1984	242.95	25.8
1984-1985	258.57	26.8
1985-1986	264.07	25.4
1986-1987	261.56	23.7

OPEN FACILITIES:

During the 12 fiscal years 1976-1987 there have been three (3) types of open facility - Minimum Security, Work Release, and the Drug Program. Table 6C shows the proportion of male sentenced inmates who were in open facilities during each of the last 12 fiscal years. During the first three fiscal years the proportion of inmates in open facilities remained near 20 percent. In May 1978, the Minimum Security capacity was increased from 75 to 125 by moving from the old Women's Reformitory to the present location in the "B" Building of the Medical Center. Later renovations to this building increased the capacity to 150.

The Work Release Program operated out of Pine Cottage at the old Training School for Boys from 1967-1978. In April 1978, the Work Release Program moved to the former Training School for Girls, resulting in an increase in capacity from 35 to 70. In March 1982, the Work Release Unit was moved to its present location at the Medical Center - "C" Building. The present capacity is 150. Table 6D shows the long-term population and annual increases in the Work Release population during the past decade.

The Drug Unit opened in October 1977, and closed in December 1981. The average population of this unit never exceeded 15.77 during its five years of operation.

LONG-TERM POPULATION TREND BY FACILITY (Continued):

TABLE 6C

FISCAL YEAR	AVERAGE OPEN SENTENCED POPULATION	PERCENTAGE OF MALE SENTENCED POPULATION
1975-1976	91.33	19.9
1976-1977	109.10	19.7
1977-1978	116.17	20.7
1978-1979	167.95	30.3
1979-1980	186.42	30.7
1980-1981	214.55	32.2
1981-1982	227.67	29.2
1982-1983	250.59	28.6
1983-1984	276.12	29.4
1984-1985	281.52	29.2
1985-1986	290.27	28.0
1986-1987	322.15	29.2

TABLE 6D

FISCAL YEAR	WORK RELEASE AVERAGE POPULATION	PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR
1975-1976	29.32	NOT KNOWN
1976-1977	33.25	+ 13.4
1977-1978	35.12	+ 5.6
1978-1979	60.54	+ 72.4
1979-1980	64.59	+ 6.7
1980-1981	69.04	+ 6.9
1981-1982	73.97	+ 7.1
1982-1983	95.78	+ 29.5
1983-1984	108.09	+ 12.9
1984-1985	111.52	+ 3.2
1985-1986	111.38	- 0.1
1986-1987	128.84	+ 15.7

MALE AWAITING-TRIAL POPULATION

Table 6E shows the 12 year trend of the male awaiting-trial population of the Adult Correctional Institutions. Although the long-term trend for the sentenced population has definitely been a continuous increase, the awaiting-trial population has not shown such a consistent trend. For three consecutive fiscal years, the average (mean) awaiting-trial population declined. The average awaiting-trial population for fiscal 1978-1979 was 27.3 percent below the corresponding figure for fiscal 1975-1976. In the next three fiscal years, the awaiting-trial population increased rapidly. The fiscal year 1981-1982 average population (181.66) exceeded the 1978-1979 average by 92.8 percent. There was a small decrease (1.5 percent) in the male awaiting-trial population between fiscal 1982 and 1983. During the next three years, the awaiting trial population increased substantially. Between fiscal years 1983-1984 and fiscal 1984-1985, the population increased by 23 percent. The 1984-1985 male awaiting-trial population averaged 241.64 - more than double the corresponding figure for 1979-1980. The awaiting-trial population increased another 5.1 percent in fiscal 1985-1986. The awaiting-trial population decreased by 14.0 percent during fiscal 1986-1987.

TABLE 6E

FISCAL YEAR	AVERAGE POPULATION AWAITING TRIAL (MALE)	PERCENT CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR
1975-1976	129.55	NOT KNOWN
1976-1977	113.96	- 12.0
1977-1978	106.12	- 6.8
1978-1979	94.21	- 11.2
1979-1980	105.51	+ 12.0
1980-1981	131.03	+ 24.2
1981-1982	181.66	+ 38.6
1982-1983	178.88	- 1.5
1983-1984	196.51	+ 9.9
1984-1985	241.64	+ 23.0
1985-1986	254.06	+ 5.1
1986-1987	218.58	- 14.0

WOMEN'S DIVISION:

The population at the Women's Division varied only slightly during 1975-1980. During the past seven fiscal years, there has been a significant increase in the population at the Women's Division. On four different dates in fiscal 1983-1984, the population reached 50, which at that time was a record for this facility. The capacity of the Women's Division was increased from 20 to 26 when two trailers were purchased to house Work Release and Minimum Security inmates.

On September 15, 1984, the Women's Division was moved to the Jonathan Arnold Building of the Medical Center. This facility has a capacity of 125. <u>Table 6F</u> shows the long-term trend for the female population. The average population of the Women's Division for fiscal 1986-1987 was 58.43, representing a 9.0 percent increase over the previous year. The total increase from fiscal 1979-1980 to fiscal 1986-1987 was 237.2 percent.

TABLE 6F

FISCAL YEAR	AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION	PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR
1975-1976	15.35	NOT KNOWN
1976-1977	13.24	- 13.7
1977-1978	16.77	+ 26.7
1978-1979	16.47	- 1.8
1979-1980	17.33	+ 5.2
1980-1981	21.98	+ 26.8
1981-1982	28.08	+ 27.8
1982-1983	31.11	+ 10.8
1983-1984	37.05	+ 19.1
1984-1985	44.13	+ 19.1
1985-1986	53.61	+ 21.5
1986-1987	58.43	+ 9.0

TABLE 6

MEAN POPULATION OF THE ADULT CORRECTION/L INSTITUTIONS BY UNIT - FISCAL 1975-1987

	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
TOTAL ACI	603.04	681.46	684.86	665.69	729.53	819.02	990.27	1085.24	1174.14	1249.24	1345.82	1380.88
SENTENCED	467.95	564.01	575.79	568.04	619.34	682.07	798.58	896.81	965.24	993.02	1073.53	1145.65
AWAITING TRIAL	135.09	117.45	109.07	97.65	110.19	136.95	191.69	188.43	208.90	256.22	272.29	235.23
ALL MALES	587.69	668.22	668.09	649.21	712.20	797.04	962.19	1054.13	1,137.09	1205.11	1292.21	1322.45
SENTENCED	458.14	554.26	561.97	555.00	606.69	666.01	780.53	875.25	940.58	963.47	1038.15	1103.87
AWAITING TRIAL	129.55	113.96	106.12	94.21	105.51	131.03	181.66	178.88	196.51	241.64	254.06	218.58
ALL FEMALES	15.35	13.24	16.77	16.47	17.33	21.98	28.08	31.11	37.05	44.13	53.61	58.43
SENTENCED	9.81	9.75	13.82	13.04	12.65	16.06	18.05	21.56	24.66	29.55	35.38	41.78
AWAITING TRIAL	5.54	3.49	2.95	3.44	4.68	5.92	10.03	9.55	12.39	14.58	18.23	16.65
MALES-BY UNIT:							-					
MAXIMUM	383.27	420.29	393.69	328.22	364.27	387.05	429.54	266.73	271.04	263.97	366.73	417.62
HIGH SECURITY						75.41*	96.49	95.32	96.43	97.63	92.96	91.15
MEDIUM	113.09	138.84	158.21	153.04	161.49	164.32	205.53	221.55	242.95	258.57	264.07	261.56
MINIMUM	62.01	75.85	73.79	91.64	109.49	132.65	147.48	154.81	168.03	170.00	178.89	193.31
WORK RELEASE	29.32	33.25	35.12	60.54	64.59	69.04	73.97	95.78	108.09	111.52	111.38	128.84
DRUG UNIT			10.90*	15.77	12.34	12.86	12.91*					
INTAKE CENTER							180.33*	219.33	250.55	303.42	278.18	229.97

^{*}THESE FIGURES ARE FOR THE PORTION OF THE YEAR IN WHICH THIS UNIT WAS OPEN.

NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS INCARCERATED

Table 7 shows the total number of different individuals who passed through the Adult Correctional Institutions during fiscal 1986-1987. Although the average population was 1380.88 there were 5213 different persons incarcerated at the ACI at one time or another during the fiscal year. Fifty-eight (58.0) percent of these persons were never incarcerated under any prison sentence during the year. There were six (6) individuals whose only sentence during the year was a fine. There were 97 persons who were committed to the ACI for civil contempt of court. All of these civil commitments were by the Family Court. In past years, the other civil commitments resulted from teacher strikes. There were 2087 persons who incurred at least one sentence other than a fine or civil commitment.

The number of persons who passed through the ACI for each of the last twelve (12) fiscal years was as follows:

		PERCENT CHANGE
FISCAL YEAR	NUMBER OF PERSONS	FROM PREVIOUS YEAR
1975-1976	2,112	NOT KNOWN
1976-1977	2,055	- 2.7
1977-1978	2,140	+ 4.1
1978-1979	2,188	+ 2.2
1979-1980	2,474	+ 13.1
1980-1981	2,996	+ 21.1
1981-1982	3,650	+ 21.8
1982-1983	3,929	+ 7.6
1983-1984	4,365	+ 11.3
1984-1985	4,787	+ 9.7
1985-1986	4,942	+ 3.2
1986-1987	5,213	+ 5.5

TABLE 7

MUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS INCARCERATED DURING FISCAL 1900 - 1907
TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS
PERSONS SENTENCED (EXCLUDING FINES OR FAMILY
COURT HOLDS) AT LEAST PART OF THE YEAR
IN ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
SENTENCED (EXCLUDING FINES, FAMILY COURT HOLDS) 1,178
AWAITING TRIAL
NOT IN THE ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
PERSONS WHOSE ONLY SENTENCE SERVED DURING
THE YEAR WAS A FINE
IN ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
NOT IN THE ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
PERSONS WHOSE ONLY SENTENCE WAS CIVIL
CONTEMPT OF COURT
FAMILY COURT HOLDS
IN THE ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
NOT IN THE ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
PERSONS WHO WERE NEVER SENTENCED DURING THE YEAR 3,023
IN ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987
NOT IN THE ACI ON JUNE 30, 1987

Table 8 shows the number of commitments by category for fiscal 1986-1987. This table also shows the number of commitments in the same categories for fiscal 1985-1986, and the percentage change between the two years.

There were 6306 commitments in fiscal 1986-1987, representing a 9.6 percent increase over fiscal 1985-1986. There was a 3.3 percent increase in commitments under sentence, and a 12.1 percent increase in commitments under awaiting trial status.

There were 1584 commitments of sentenced inmates in fiscal 1986-1987, an increase of 3.3 percent over 1985-1986. A large percentage of these commitments (54.8 percent) were direct court commitments (including violators of probation, but not violators of parole). There were 155 commitments resulting from parole violations of which 47 incurred additional sentences.

The number of out-of-state transfers was 43 during both fiscal 1985-1986 and fiscal 1986-1987. The number of escapees who returned to prison increased by 23.1 percent. There were only six commitments resulting from fines during the entire year. The number of civil commitments decreased by 30.6 percent. There was a 7.5 percent increase in the number of family court holds. The reason the total number of civil commitments declined was the reduction from 51 to zero in the number of persons incarcerated during teacher strikes.

There were 4722 commitments under awaiting-trial status in fiscal 1986-1987. This was 12.1 percent more than the corresponding figure for fiscal 1985-1986. The fiscal year closed with 267 persons awaiting trial. On the corresponding date of the previous year, the awaiting-trial population stood at 265.

TABLE 8

COMMITMENTS TO THE RHODE ISLAND ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

DURING FISCAL YEARS 1985 - 1986 AND 1986 - 1987

	1985-1986	1986-1987	PERCENTAGE INCREASE/DECREASE
TOTAL COMMITMENTS	5754	6306	+ 9.6
COMMITMENTS UNDER SENTENCE	1533	1584	+ 3.3
DIRECT NEW COURT COMMITMENTS (INCLUDING VIOLATORS OF SUSPENDED SENTENCES OF PROBATION)	831	869	+ 4.6
PAROLE VIOLATORS WITH NO NEW SENTENCES	70	108	+ 54.3
PAROLE VIOLATORS WITH NEW SENTENCES	49	47	- 4.1
RETURNS FROM ESCAPE	39	48	+ 23.1
RETURNS FROM APPEAL	13	3	- 76.9
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER STATE OR FEDERAL AUTHORITIES	43	43	0.0
TRANSFERS FROM IMH	8	2	*
RETURNED TO ACI FOR WEEKEND SENTENCES	331	358	+ 8.2
RETURNED FROM RELEASES BY ERROR	1	0	*
COMMITMENTS RESULTING FROM FINES WITH NO OTHER SENTENCES	4	6	*
CIVIL COMMITMENTS Family Court Holds Teacher Strike	144 93 51	100 100 0	- 30.6; + 7.5 -100.0
AWAITING TRIAL COMMITMENTS	4212	4722	+ 12.1

^{*}Percentages not computed for categories with less than ten persons in both years.

NUMBER OF PERSONS COMMITTED

Table 9 shows the number of persons committed in fiscal 1986-1987 by type of commitment. There were 1126 persons committed under sentence in fiscal 1986-1987 (this excludes fines and Family Court holds). Seventy-six (76) percent of these persons had at least one commitment directly from the court (excluding weekend sentences). There were 147 persons returned to prison on detention or revocation warrants from the Parole Board. Forth-seven (47) of these parole violators incurred new sentences. There were 74 inmates committed to serve weekend sentences. Forty-three (43) persons were transferred from other states or federal authorities. Returning escapees accounted for 47 commitments.

Three (3) persons returned to prison to complete a partiallyserved sentence after losing an appeal of the sentence. There were
98 persons committed by the Family Court or other civil authority.
Two of these persons served a criminal sentence at another time during
the year. Six persons were committed during fiscal 1986-1987 to
serve a fine. There were 3568 persons who were committed under
awaiting-trial status. There were 577 awaiting-trial incarcerations
that were immediately followed by a prison sentence. Nineteen percent
of the inmates who were committed under awaiting-trial status in fiscal
1986-1987 were also committed under sentenced status during some part
of the same fiscal year.

TABLE 9

NUMBER OF PERSONS COMMITTED TO THE ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS DURING FISCAL 1986-1987

TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS COMMITTED
PERSONS COMMITTED UNDER SENTENCED STATUS
PERSONS COMMITTED DIRECTLY FROM COURT
PERSONS RETURNED AS PAROLE VIOLATOR WITH NEW SENTENCES WITHOUT NEW SENTENCES PERSONS TRANSFERRED FROM OTHER STATES OR FEDERAL AUTHORITIES PERSONS TRANSFERRED FROM IMH PERSONS RETURNED FROM ESCAPE STATUS PERSONS RETURNED FROM APPEAL OF PREVIOUS SENTENCE PERSONS COMMITTED FOR WEEKEND SENTENCES 74
PERSONS COMMITTED TO SERVE FINES BUT NO OTHER SENTENCES 6 (ONE OF THESE SERVED ANOTHER SENTENCE)
PERSONS COMMITTED BY FAMILY COURT OR OTHER CIVIL AUTHORITY 98 AND SERVED ANOTHER SENTENCE DURING FISCAL 1986-1987 2 AND DID NOT SERVE ANOTHER SENTENCE DURING FISCAL 1986-1987 96
PERSONS COMMITTED UNDER AWAITING-TRIAL STATUS 3,565 AND WERE SENTENCED (EXCLUDING FINES) TO THE ACI 658 DURING FISCAL 1986-1987 AND WERE INCARCERATED AT THE ACI UNDER A FINE OR CIVIL 7 COMMITMENT BUT NO OTHER SENTENCE AND WERE NEVER UNDER ANY SENTENCE DURING FISCAL 1986-1987 2,900

RELEASES FROM PRISON

Table 10 is a tabulation of the types of releases from the ACI during fiscal 1986-1987. There were 1381 releases of sentenced inmates (excluding inmates who were serving fines or Family Court holds), representing a 6.4 percent decrease from fiscal 1985-1986. There were 438 releases by parole, and 451 releases by expiration of sentence. There were 58 transfers to other states or Federal authorities. Forty-eight (48) inmates escaped, 14 inmates were released on appeal, and three (3) were released upon modification of sentence. There were 358 releases of inmates who were serving weekend sentences. This was a 7.8 percent increase over fiscal 1985-1986. There were five (5) transfers to the IMH or Reagan Building, two (2) inmate deaths, and four (4) releases by various other means.

Six (6) inmates were released from fines. The number of releases from Family Court holds (98) increased by 4.3 percent over the previous year. In fiscal 1985-1986, there were 51 teachers released from civil contempt of court detention after the conclusion of teacher strikes. Nobody was detained in the ACI as a result of a teacher strike in fiscal 1986-1987.

There were 4720 releases from awaiting-trial status in fiscal 1986-1987. This was 11.4 percent more than the corresponding figure for 1985-1986 (4238). Among these 4720 releases, 577 were discharged from awaiting trial status to begin a sentence. Two awaiting trial inmates died and one escaped in fiscal 1986-1987. There were no escapes or deaths in fiscal 1985-1986. The remaining 4140 releases resulted from bail, court ordered discharge, or transfers to other authorities. Agencies receiving these inmates included other states, federal authorities, U.S. Immigration, the IMH, and Juvenile authorities.

TABLE 10

RELEASES FROM THE RHODE ISLAND ADULT CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

DURING FISCAL YEAR 1985 - 1986 AND 1986 - 1987

	1985-1986	1986-1987	PERCENTAGE INCREASE/DECREASE
RELEASES	5713	6205	+ 8.6
RELEASES FROM SENTENCED STATUS (EXCLUDING FINES AND FAMILY COURT HOLDS)	1475	1381	- 6.4
PAROLE	430	438	+ 1.9
EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE	420	451	+ 7.4
ESCAPE	40	(48	ادي به ادي
DEATH	6	2	* *,
TEMPORARY RELEASE OF WEEKEND PRISONER	332	358	+ 7.8
TRANSFER TO OTHER STATES OR FEDERAL AUTHORITIES	65	58	- 10.8
TRANSFER TO IMH OR REGAN BUILDING	9	5	*
APPEAL	10	14	+ 40.0
MODIFICATION OF SENTENCE	7	3	*
OTHER	8	4	*
RELEASES FROM FINES	3	6	*
RELEASES FROM CIVIL COMMITMENTS	145	98	- 32.4
Family Court Holds	94	98	+ 4.3
Teacher Strike	51	0	-100.0
RELEASES FROM AWAITING TRIAL STATUS	4238	4720	+ 11.4
To Begin Sentence Escape Death Other Releases Category	489 0 0 3749	581 1 2 4136	+ 18.8 * + + 10.3

^{*}Percentages not computed for categories with less then ten persons in both years.

LENGTH OF STAY - AWAITING TRIAL

Table 11 is a tabulation of the length of stay of the inmates released from awaiting-trial status in fiscal 1986-1987. There were 4720 releases from awaiting-trial status during the year. Only 12.2 percent of these detentions resulted in a sentenced commitment to the ACI. Most of these detentions in the awaiting-trial unit were short, although 22 inmates were awaiting trial for over a year. In fiscal 1986-1987:

- (1) 9.8 percent were released the same day;
- (2) 61.4 percent were released within seven (7) days;
- (3) 87.2 percent were released within 30 days;
- (4) 8.6 percent were held for 31 to 90 days;
- (5) 2.6 percent were held for 91 to 180 days;
- (6) 1.6 percent were held for more than 180 days.

A comparison of the data for fiscal 1986-1987 with fiscal 1985-1986, fiscal 1984-1985, fiscal 1983-1984, and 1980-1981, shows that the increase in the awaiting-trial population was not only caused by an increase in length of stay.

PERCENTAGE RELEAS	1980- ED 1981	1983- 1984	1984- 1985	1985- 1986	1986- 1987
(1) The Same Day	12.7	12.4	10.5	9.5	9.8
(2) Within 7 Days	56.9	59.6	59.1	57.7	61.4
(3) Within 30 Days	86.2	85.3	85.0	83.5	87.2
(4) Within 90 Days	96.3	95.5	94.8	89.5	95.8
(5) Within 180 Days	99.23	98.35	98.32	97.83	98.4

In fiscal 1986-1987 the median length of stay in awaiting trial status was 4.6 days, and the mean length of stay was 18.3 days. The corresponding figures for 1985-1986 were 5.2 days and 22.7 days, respectively. The 4143 inmates who were released from awaiting-trial status without an immediate sentence to the ACI had a median length of stay of 3.4 days and a mean length of stay of 13.4 days. Inmates who were discharged from awaiting-trial status to begin a sentence had a median length of stay of 22.9 days and a mean length of stay of 53.7 days.

TABLE 11

LENGTH OF STAY FOR INMATES AWAITING TRIAL

DURING FISCAL 1986-1987

LENGTH OF INCARCERATION	ALL INMATES	DISCHARGED TO BEGIN SENTENCE AT THE ACI	DISCHARGED WITH NO IMMEDIATE SENTENCE TO THE ACI
TOTAL	4720	577	4143
RELEASED SAME DAY	462	0	462
ONE DAY	972	11	961
TWO DAYS	539	10	529
THREE DAYS	295	10	285
FOUR DAYS	149	8	141
FIVE DAYS	130	12	118
SIX DAYS	148	35	113
SEVEN DAYS	202	41	161
EIGHT DAYS	152	27	125
NINE DAYS	120	16	104
TEN DAYS	87	20	67
ELEVEN DAYS	80	13	67
TWELVE DAYS	61	12	49
THIRTEEN DAYS	66	15	51
FOURTEEN DAYS	83	18	65
15 - 21 DAYS	330	77	253
22 - 30 DAYS	242	53	189
31 - 60 DAYS	278	82	196
61 - 90 DAYS	126	41	85
91 - 120 DAYS	65	14	51
121 - 150 DAYS	41	16	25
151 - 180 DAYS	18	5	13
181 - 210 DAYS	13	5	8
211 - 240 DAYS	11	7	4
241 - 270 DAYS	8	3	5
271 - 300 DAYS	9	6	3
301 - 365 DAYS	11	3	8
366 DAYS OR MORE	22	17	5
MEDIAN LENGTH OF INCARCERATION (DAYS)	4.6	22.9	3.4
MEAN LENGTH OF INCARCERATION (DAYS)	18.3	53.7	13.4

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF RELEASES FROM PAROLE IN CALENDAR YEAR 1986

- 1) The number of persons under the jurisdiction of the Rhode Island Parole Board increased from 402 persons on January 1, 1986 to 458 persons on December 31, 1986. This represents an increase of 13.9 percent.
- 2) There were 414 persons added to parole during 1986, including fourteen (14) reinstatements.

A reinstatement is defined as a return to parole supervision after revocation of parole, <u>if and only if</u> the inmate does not incur any new sentences of six months or longer. An inmate released after a <u>detention</u> warrant is rescinded is not a reinstatement because a detention warrant without a revocation does not constitute a removal from parole.

- 3) A total of 358 persons were removed from the jurisdiction of the Rhode Island Parole Board during 1986. These cases included 331 males and 23 females. The types of removal from parole are summarized in Table 12.
- 4) It should be noted that not all inmates released from parole upon expiration are truly successful cases. As of June 1987:
 - a) Twenty-Seven (27) inmates (10.3 percent of those released by expiration) have already received new sentences to the ACI.
 - b) Two (2) inmates (0.8 percent) are still serving time in out-of-state prisons. All of these men were originally paroled to these sentences.
 - c) Twenty-One (21) inmates (8.0 percent) returned to the ACI on detention or revocation warrants during the most recent period of parole, but have not incurred any new sentence.
 - d) Thirty-five (35) inmates (13.4 percent) have returned to the ACI under awaiting trial status, but as of June 1987 had not incurred any new prison sentences. One of these persons escaped from prison while under awaiting trial status.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF RELEASES FROM PAROLE IN CALENDAR YEAR 1986

- 5) Ninety-two (92) percent of the 358 persons removed from the jurisdiction of the Rhode Island Parole Board were supervised in Rhode Island. A summary of the types of parole termination by state of supervision is presented in Table 13.
- 6) No lifers were added to parole in 1986. One lifer was removed from parole jurisdiction during the year. He died of natural causes. At the end of 1986, there were 14 lifers on parole, all of which were male. Ten (10) of these men were white and four were black.
- 7) At year end there were 458 parolees. Their characteristics were:

a)	MALE	435	(95.0 percent)
	FEMALE	23	(5.0 percent)
ъ)	WHITE (Non-Hispanic)	333	(72.7 percent)
	BLACK (Non-Hispanic)	104	(22.7 percent)
	HISPANIC	19	(4.1 percent)
	NALIAWAH	1	(0.2 percent)
	PHILIPINO	. 1	(0.2 percent)

Supervision Status on 12/31/86
Supervised in Rhode Island 391
In Community 364
On Detention Warrant 27
at the ACI

Supervised Out of State	67
In Community-Out of State	49
In Prison-Out of State	12
U.S. Immigration	4
Federal Witness Program	2

TABLE 12

REMOVAL FROM PAROLE DURING CALENDAR YEARS 1983 - 1986 BY REASON FOR REMOVAL

	<u>1983</u>		<u>1984</u>		<u>1985</u>		1986	
	NUMBER	PERCENTAGE	NUMBER	PERCENTAGE	NUMBER	PERCENTAGE	NUMBER	PERCENTAGE
ALL REMOVALS FROM PAROLE	334	100.0	353	100.0	339	100.0	358	100.0
EXPIRATION OF PAROLE	230	68.9	268	75.9	256	75.5	262	73.2
REVOCATION OF PAROLE (EXCLUDING ABSCONDERS)	95	28.4	71	20.1	71	20.9	86	24.0
NEW SENTENCE								
RHODE ISLAND SENTENCE	61	18.2	49	13.9	43	12.7	55	15.4
OUT-OF-STATE SENTENCE	3	0.9	3	- 0.8	0	0.0	4	1.1
RETURN TO PRISON/NO NEW SENTENCE	31	9.3	.19	5.4	28	8.2	27	7.5
RETURNED TO PRISON (REVOCATION PEND AND SENTENCE EXPIRED WHILE AWAITI REVOCATION		0.0	0	0.0	3	0.9	1	0.3
ABSCONDER-(NOT RETURNED TO PRISON AS OF END OF YEAR)	4	1.2	. 10	2.8	6	1.8	6	1.7
RETURNED TO ACI IN FOLLOWING YEAR	· -						•	
WITH NEW SENTENCE	1	0.3	3	0.8	0	0.0	2	0.6
NO NEW SENTENCE	0	0.0	2	0.6	3	0.9	. 1	0.3
SENTENCED OUT-OF-STATE IN FOLLOWING YEAR	2	0.6	1	0.3	1	- 0.3 "	0	0.0
STILL UNACCOUNTED FOR	1	0.3	- 4	1.1	2	0.6	3	0.8
DEATH	5	1.5	2	0.6	3	0.9	3	0.8
DEPORTED BY IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES	- 0 _	0.0	2	0.6	0	0.0	0	0.0

TABLE 13

1986 TERMINATION OF PAROLE ACCORDING TO STATE OF SUPERVISION AT TIME OF TERMINATION

			REVOCATIONS	-			SENTENCE EXPIRED	
STATE OF SUPERVISION	TOTAL	WITH NEW SENTENCE	NO NEW SENTENCE	ABSCONDER AS OF 1/1/86	EXPIRATION OF PAROLE	DEATH	DURING DETENTION WARRANT	
ALL TERMINATIONS	358	59	27	6	262	3	1	
RHODE ISLAND	329	55	25	6	240	2	1	
ALL OTHER STATES	29	4	2	· · · O	22	1	0	
COLORADO	1	0	0	0	1	0	0-	
CONNECTICUT	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	
FLORIDA	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	
GEORGIA	1	1	0	- O .	0	0	0	
MASSACHUSETTS	12	1 ^a	1	0	10	0	0	
NEW YORK	2	0	1 ^b	0	1	0	0	
ОНІО	1	0	- 0	0	1	0	0	
PENNSYLVANIA	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	
U.S. SENTENCE	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	

 $^{^{\}mathrm{a}}\mathrm{-}$ This man was serving a Georgia sentence.

 $[\]cdot^{b}$ - This man was awaiting trial in a New York jail.