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State of Washington

DIVISION OF JUVENILE REHABILITATION

DRUG/ALCOHOL PROGRAM

DIVISION OF JUVENILE REHABILITATION DRUG/ALCOHOL PROGRAM OVERVIEW

0	Offenng	a Full	Range	of	Services

- o Assessment and Education for Every Client
- o Providing a Chemically Free Environment
- o Individual and Group Treatment, In Patient and Day Treatment, Alcoholics/Narcotics Anonymous Meetings
- o Group Care Recovery Programs, Parole Aftercare
- o Administrative Support and Community Network-

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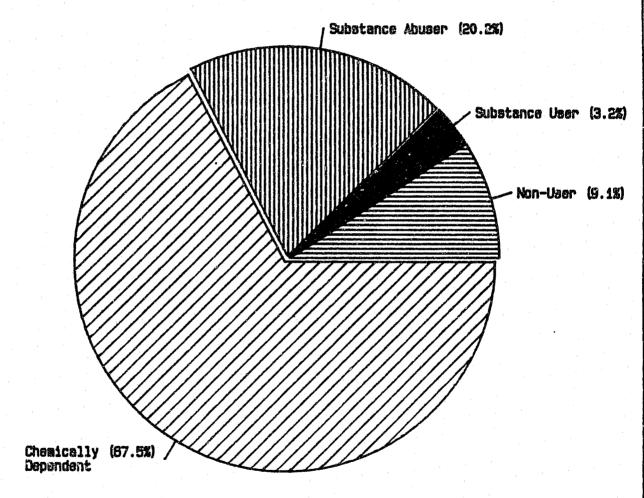
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Division of Juvenile Rehabilitation Impact of Substance Abuse on Clients Percent of Clients by Dysfunction



Determined by Assessment of Client Population: 1985 to 1988

ASSESSMENT

- o Currently utilizing Self-Report Personality Inventory to Assess Each Client's Involvement with Substances
- o Ongoing Testing Reveals 67% of Client Population is Chemically Dependent
- o Testing Results Confirmed by Interview with Diagnostician
- o Tests are Computer Scored and Interpreted; Case File Material is Produced for Each Client
- o DJR has Completed Study on Effectiveness and Validity of the Personal Experience Inventory (PEI), a New Psychometric Instrument Assessing Chemical Dependency
- o DJR will Complete Study of Clinical Value of PEI, and then Implement the Use of the Instrument, System Wide

EDUCATION

- o All Clients of DJR are Provided Drug/Alcohol Education in Every Institution School and Learning Center
- o DJR First used the "Here's Looking at You, Two" Curriculum
- o Instructors Recommended Significant Changes to the Curriculum, Which Led to a Revision of "Here's Looking at Your, Two"
- o The Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and DJR Contracted with the Developer, Roberts Fitzmahen and Associates, to Revise the Curriculum and Created the "Innervisions" Program
- o "Innervisions" Provides Skill Enhancement Approach, and Works in Combination with Other Skill Building Material
- o "Innervisions" Provides Education and Treatment Linkage in Institution Programs

INTERVENTION

- o DJR Philosophical Position Established Identifying Substance Abuse as a Major Health Issue, and Threat to Public and Staff Safety
- o Primary Goal of In House Programming is to Establish Chemically Free Environment for Clients
- o Policy Prohibits Contraband, Paraphernalia, Clothing, Jewelry Artwork or Literature Which Promotes the Use of Substances
- o Case Planning Identifies Intervention Steps: Diagnosis, Information, Confrontation of Denial, Referral, Treatment and Aftercare
- o State-Wide Poster Contest Awarded Prizes to Anti-Drug Poster Art, Published and Distributed by the Department
- O Urinalysis Monitoring is Utilized to Support Chemically Free Environment: Regular Routine Testing for Community Placement, Random Testing in Institutions, May be Included as Condition of Parole
- o Formal Intervention Approach for Clients Entering Exodus In Patient Treatment

TREATMENT

- o DJR Provides Individual, Group and In Patient Treatment to Identified Clients
- o Exodus Serves as Centerpiece Program: 60-Day, Multi-Modal Residential, State Certified Treatment
- o Institutions Provide a Variety of Individual and Group Treatment Services to Clients
- o Cottage Groups Provide Information and the Refer Clients to More Intensive, Campus Treatment Groups
- o Groups Facilitated by Specially Trained Counseling Staff
- o Curricula for Group Process Developed and Utilized by Treatment Staff
- o All Treatment Programs Based on the Alcoholics Anonymous Twelve Steps
- o Twelve Step Self-Help Support Available at All DJR Programs

AFTERCARE

- o Aftercare is Available to All Clients Through Parole
- o Specialized Recovery Programs Available in Five Group Home Programs
- o Group Home Programs Utilize a Variety of Designs to Provide Ongoing, Long-Term Recovery Services
- o Urinalysis Utilized at All DJR Group Home Programs to Monitor Recovery and Hold Clients Accountable
- o Computer Based Aftercare Network Lists All Adolescent Specific Services, Educational Programs and Self-Help Support on a County-by-County Basis
- o Volunteer (Sponsor) Program Available Through Local Alcoholics/Narcotics Anonymous

ADMINISTRATION

- o State-Wide Administrative Position Oversee Operation, Provides Technical Support, Develops Policy
- o Each DJR Office and Facility has Identified Coordinator of Substance Abuse Services
- o Coordinators Provide Linkage with Local Resources, Monitor
 Program Development and Effectiveness, Provide Connection Between Central Office
 Administration and Field Practice
- o Most County Juvenile Courts have Appointed Drug/Alcohol Coordinators to Serve Liaison Function Between State Offices and Local Courts
- o Working Relationship and Ongoing Projects Between the State Bureau of Alcohol and Substance Abuse (BASA) and DJR
- o Management Service Section Provides Ongoing Research and Evaluation of Substance Abuse Services

U. S. HIGH SCHOOL SENIORS

92% have used alo	conoi
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54% have used marijuana

5% use alcohol or marijuana daily

Source: National Institute of Drug Abuse (NIDA)

Prevalence rates between beginning 7th Grade to end of 8th Grade.

Seattle Middle School

	7th Grade	8th Grade
Marijuana	19 %	51 %
Alcohol	67 %	85 %

Source: University of Washington, Hawkins, 1984

Children and Family Services Substance Abuse among Service Population

Foster	Care						35	%
_								
Group	Care						68	%
Homeb	ased							
	sh Clis	nto					63	0/

Source: Washington State Department of Social and Health Services, 1986

Chronic Deliquency & Substance Abuse Impairment

Non-use		9.5 %
Use		3.1 %
Abuse		20.2 %
Chemical I	Dependency	67.3 %

Source: Washington State Department of Social and Health Services, 1984

50 % of Violent Juvneile Offenders Self - report Substance Abuse as a Contributing Factor.

Source: Hartstone and Hansen, 1984