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COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE LAW ENFORCEMENT SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

This survey form was sent to criminal justice agencies throughout Colorado in October 1990 as a follow-up to a drug abuse needs assessment done in 1987.

The survey requests information about the agency's current resources to combat the drug problem, changes which have occurred in the past three years, perceptions of the drug problem locally and in the state as a whole, and informed preferences with respect to a focus for a statewide anti-drug strategy.

This packet contains specifically designed four-page surveys for:

Law Enforcement Prosecution Adjudication Parole Probation Community Corrections

127545

U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

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COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE LAW ENFORCEMENT SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

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Nan	e of Department	·····
Per	son Completing This Form	
	Name Position Ph	none
1.	Does your department have either a drug unit or officers assigned principally to investig te drug offenses?	
	_ No _ Yes: Number of full-time equivalent (FTE) officers assign	ned
2.	What specialized resources are currently available to your department drug law enforcement and investigation? Please check and describe by	t for riefly.
	[_] Equipment (including vehicles and dogs)	
	<pre>[_] Information/intelligence networks, other than CBI</pre>	
	<pre>[_] Cooperative arrangements with other law enforcement agencies</pre>	
	[_ Cooperative arrangements with other local agencies or groups	
3.	Thinking back to three years ago, circle any of the resources you lisunder #1 or #2 above that either came into existence or have increases since June 1987. Which of these new or increased resources resulted some program that used Federal funds (whether or not operated by you agenncy)?	ed from
	_ Personnel _ Equipment _ Networks _ Cooperative arrange What program(s) helped make these resources available?	ements
4.	What is your estimate of the proportion of violations <u>involving illig</u> transfer of drugs in your jurisdiction (excluding simple possession) resulted in arrest during the past year? (Check one.)	
ļ	_ Less than 2% _ 2 to 5% _ 6 to 15% _ 16 to 30% _ More t	han 30 9
5.	In your view, is the proportion of drug transfer offenses that resul arrest today higher, about the same, or lower than it was three year	t in s ago?
	$\left \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right $ Higher today $\left \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right $ About the same today $\left \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right $ Lower today	
6.	[If proportion of arrests is higher or lower today] Can you attribut change to any of the following? (Check as many as apply.)	e this
	[Changes in characteristics or behavior of drug offenders [Change in resources available to your department [Change in levels of expertise or training present in your depart [Change in enforcement priorities or philosophy in your departmen [Change in legislation or legal interpretation by the courts [Federally funded program (even if funds came through the state)	
	[] Other (please describe)	
	Comments	

7. To your knowledge, which of the following currently are available in your jurisdiction? How would you rate the availability and quality of each of these, compared with three years ago?

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	Currently	Compare	d With	1987:
	Present	Better Now	Same Now	Worse Now
 a. Drug prevention programs in schools b. Alcohol prevention programs in schools c. Other drug/alcohol prevention programs d. Drug/alcohol treatment for offenders e. Social services for delinquent juveniles who have drug or alcohol problems f. Community or citizen groups formed to prevent or combat drug/alcohol problems g. Data for assessing drug problems and progress in dealing with them 				
Comments	۲ <u>۰۰۰</u> ۴	'_'	'_'	۲ <u></u> ۲

8. Please read over the list of substances below, then consider the degree to which you regard each one as a cause of crimes or other serious problems in your jurisdiction. After circling "L" (Low), "M" (Moderate), or "H" (High) to indicate the degree you believe a given substance is associated with each of the four activities, estimate a realistic overall priority for using your resources to enforce laws pertaining to that substance. (Assume that your resources are too limited to permit assigning highest priority to every substance listed.)

		<u>Degr</u> Pro Off	per	ty	Whic Per Vio	son	al	tanc Dom Dis	est	ic	Cau Gan Act	g		Overa Enfor Prior	rceme	ent
a. Alc	cohol	L	м	H	L	М	Н	L	М	H	L	М	н	L	М	н
b. Mar	rijuana/Hashish	L	M	н	L	М	H	L	M	H	L	M	H	L	Μ	Н
c. Cra	ack/Cocaine	L	М	H	L	М	Н	L	M	Н	L	М	Н	L	Μ	Н
d. Hal	llucinogens	L	M	H	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	L	М	н
e. Opi		L	M	H	L	Μ	H	L	М	H	L	М	Н	L	Μ	H
f. Sti	imulants	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	L	Μ	H	L	М	H	L	М	н
	pressants	L	M	H	L	М	H	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	Н

9. Considering the prevalence and consequences of each of these substances, which two would you say cause the greatest harm in the state of Colorado?

Circle two: a b c d e f g Other:

10. Would you have answered this question differently three years ago?

[]No |]Yes (please explain):

11. What do you regard as the two or three most serious consequences of drug abuse in your community? (If appropriate, please identify the specific substances involved.)

1._____ 2._____ . 3._____

-2- Continue survey on next page --

12. What are the main ways in which the drugs that produce these consequences reach your community (for example, brought in by gangs, organized crime, unaffiliated individuals, locally produced)?

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13.	Would you favor a change in the law to make illegal possession or use of any of the substances listed either <u>more serious</u> or <u>less serious</u> offenses than they are at present? (Mark as many as apply.)
	Would favor making illegal possession or use a MORE SERIOUS offense for:
	Alcohol Marijuana/Hashish Crack/Cocaine Hallucinogens Opiates Stimulants Depressants _
	Would favor making illegal possession or use a LESS SERIOUS offense for:
	Alcohol Marijuana/Hashish Crack/Cocaine Hallucinogens Opiates Stimulants Depressants _
14.	Based on your experience and impressions, what changes in the following areas would you say have occurred with respect to drug offenses in the past three years?
	[_[Change in drugs of preferencefromtoto
	<pre>[Change in age or sex of offenderstrend:</pre>
	[][Change in public opiniontrend:
	[_[Change in prosecution patterns:
15.	Federal formula grant funds to improve local drug law enforcement generally require a 25% local cash match. Seized and forfeited property property proceeds may be used to make the match. What is your estimate of the level of matching funds now available from your department?
	[Under \$1000 [\$1000 to \$5000 [\$5000 to \$15,000 [0ver \$15,000
16.	About what proportion of your matching funds have resulted from drug- related seizures of each of the following assets? <u>Under 10% 10 to 25% 25 to 50% 50 to 75%</u> Over 75%
	a. Vehicles I <td< td=""></td<>
17.	If an estimate is available, what is the approximate total revenue that has come to your department from drug-related asset seizures during the past three years? \$
T	About what proportion of such revenue resulted from a program that used federal funds (other than regular DEA activities)?
	Under 10% 10 to 25% 25 to 50% 50 to 75% 0ver 75% -3- Continue survey on reverse side of this page-

18. Listed below are several possible elements of a statewide anti-drug abuse strategy for Colorado. Try to think of all aspects of the drug problem in the state, and consider the likelihood that each element listed would be effective in reducing part of the problem. Then mark the five elements that you would want a statewide strategy to emphasize and support the most. If you regard some of the five as more important than others, write a priority number next to the box for each: "1" for highest, "2" for second highest ... "5" for fifth highest.

> | | Programs in schools to prevent students' drug and alcohol use Social services for juveniles who already have drug problems []Media/informational programs to educate citizens about drugs [Encouragement of anti-drug campaigns conducted by citizen groups [| Expanded drug testing capabilities throughout the justice system [[Expanded drug testing for nonoffenders (e.g., by employers) | |Legislation to increase penalties pertaining to certain drugs | |Drug-related training for enforcement/justice/corrections staff [Increased emphasis on apprehending and prosecuting drug users [[Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug dealers [[Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug distributors [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug producers [Expanded capacity to incarcerate drug offenders [[Statewide drug law enforcement task force [Regional drug task forces operated jointly by local agencies | Increased emphasis on drugs by Colorado Bureau of Investigation | Outpatient drug treatment programs available to indigent clients Community residential drug treatment programs for offenders

- | Rehab programs that teach drug abusers life/job/cognitive skills
- 19. Are there other possible elements, not on the list above, that you regard as of equal or greater importance than the five you marked?

| No

Yes, an ideal statewide strategy should also include:

20. How many juvenile and adult arrests were made by your department from 7-1-89 through 6-30-90 for violations of laws pertaining to the possession, production, or transfer of controlled substances (excluding alcohol)?

For Possession

For All Other (Intent to Sell, Distribution, etc.)

of Juvenile Arrests # of Adult Arrests

21. If exact numbers are available, please indicate the number of arrests (juvenile and adult combined) that involved each of the following substances. If exact numbers are not available, give your estimate of the approximate percentage of your total arrests that involved each substance.

	<pre># of Arrests</pre>	(OR)	Estimated %	of Total
Marijuana/Hashish	•	• •		
Crack/Cocaine				
Hallucinogens Opiates				
Stimulants			·····	
Depressants	······································			
Other	•		•	

Thank you for your help! Please return this form to the Center for Action Research, Univ. of Colo. Box 580, Boulder, CO 80309. (Phone 492-6114)

COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Ju	licial District
Pe	rson Completing This Form
	Name Position Phone
1.	What specialized resources are currently available to your office for drug violation investigation and prosecution? Please check and describe briefly.
	<pre>[_] Deputies who specialize in investigating or prosecuting cases involving drugs</pre>
	<pre>[_] Equipment (including leased or owned vehicles and lab)</pre>
	<pre> _ Information/intelligence networks, other than CBI</pre>
	<pre>[_] Cooperative arrangements with law enforcement or other agencies outside your district</pre>
	[] Other
2.	Thinking back to three years ago, circle any of the resources you listed above that either came into existence or have increased since June 1987. Which of these new or increased resources resulted from some program that used Federal funds (whether or not operated by your own office)?
	Personnel Equipment Networks Cooperative arrangements
	What program(s) helped make these resources available?
3.	What is your estimate of the proportion of arrests for violations <u>involving</u> <u>illicit transfer of drugs</u> in your jurisdiction (excluding simple possession) that resulted in prosecution during the past year? (Check one.)
	_ Less than 70% _ 70 to 80% _ 81 to 90% _ More than 90%
4.	In your view, is the proportion of drug transfer arrests that result in prosecution today higher, about the same, or lower than it was three years ago?
] Higher today About the same today Lower today
5.	[If proportion of prosecutions is higher or lower today] Can you attribute this change to any of the following? (Check as many as apply.)
	<pre> Changes in characteristics or behavior of drug offenders Change in resources available to your office Change in levels of expertise or training present in your department Change in priorities or philosophy in your office Change in legislation or legal interpretation by the courts Federally funded program (even if funds came through the state) Other (please describe)</pre>
	Comments
	COMMETER

-1- Continue on reverse side of this page --

dis	your knowledge, which of the following castrict? How would you rate the availabilitiese, compared with three years ago?				
		Currently Present	Compare Better Now		1987: Worse Now
b. c.	Drug/alcohol prevention programs in schoo Other drug/alcohol prevention programs Drug/alcohol treatment for offenders	ols _ _ _	_ _ _		
	Social services for delinquent juveniles who have drug or alcohol problems	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1
	Community or citizen groups formed to prevent or combat drug/alcohol problems	s l <u>−</u> l	1_1	1_1	1_1
f.	Data for assessing drug problems and progress in dealing with them	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1
Con	nments	· · · ·			

7. Please read over the list of substances below, then consider the degree to which you regard each one as a cause of crimes or other serious problems in your district. After circling "L" (Low), "M" (Moderate), or "H" (High) to indicate the degree you believe a given substance is associated with each of the four activities, estimate a realistic overall priority for using your resources to investigate and prosecute violations of laws pertaining to that substance. (Assume that your resources are too limited to permit assigning highest priority to every substance listed.)

		Degr	ee	to	Whic	h S	ubs	tanc	e I	s a	Cau	se	of:	1	Ove	erall	L
		Pro	per	ty	Per	son	al	Dom	est	ic	Gan	g		1	Pr	iorit	-y
		Off	ens	es	Vio	len	ce	Dis	put	es	Act	ivi	ty	I		•	
3	Alcohol	r	м	н	т	M	н	T	м	н	r	м	Н		Ť.	м	н
	Marijuana/Hashish	L.	M	H	ы т	M	H	T L	M	H	T.	M	H	I I	T.	M	H
	Crack/Cocaine	Ľ	M	н	Ľ	M	н	L	M	H	Ľ	M	H	i	L	M	H
	Hallucinogens	L	M	н	L	M	H	L	M	H	L	Μ	H	i	L	M	н
e.	Opiates	L	М	H	L	Μ	Н	L	Μ	Н	L	M	H	1	L	М	H
f.	Stimulants	L	Μ	Н	L	Μ	H	L	М	H	L	М	H	l	L	Μ	H
g.	Depressants	L	M	Н	L	Μ	H	L	M	H	L	Μ	H	Ŧ	L	М	H

8. Considering the prevalence and consequences of each of these substances, which two would you say cause the greatest harm in the state of Colorado?

Circle two: a b c d e f g Other:_

9. Would you have answered this question differently three years ago?

| No | Yes (please explain):

- 10. What do you regard as the two or three most serious consequences of drug abuse in your district? (If appropriate, please identify the specific substances involved.)

1.

-2- Continue on next page --

11. What are the main ways in which the drugs that produce these consequences probably reach your community (for example, brought in by gangs, organized crime, unaffiliated individuals, locally produced)?

. .

12.	Would you favor a change in the law a any of the substances listed either <u>r</u> than they are at present? (Circle as	<u>more serious</u> or <u>les</u>	
	Would favor making illegal possession	n or use a MORE SEF	IOUS offense for:
	_ Alcohol _ Marijuana/Hashish _ Opiates _ Stimulants	_ Crack/Cocaine _ Depressants	_ Hallucinogens _
	Would favor making illegal possession	n or use a LESS SEF	IOUS offense for:
	_ Alcohol _ Marijuana/Hashish _ Opiates _ Stimulants	_ Crack/Cocaine _ Depressants	_ Hallucinogens _
13.	Based on your experience and impress areas would you say have occurred with past three years?		
	_ Change in drugs of preferencefr	om	to
	[_[Change in age or sex of offenders-	trend:	
	[_[Change in public opiniontrend:	·	
	[[Change in enforcement patterns:		
14.	Federal formula grant funds to impro- generally require a 25% local cash ma property proceeds may be used to make the level of matching funds now avail	atch. Seized and i e the match. What	forfeited property is your estimate of
	_ Under \$1000 _ \$1000 to \$5000	[_ \$5000 to \$15,00	00 _ Over \$15,000
15.	About what proportion of your matchin seizures of each of the following as <u>Under 10%</u> 10 to 2	sets?	
•	a. Vehiclesb. Currencyc. Real propertyd. Other assets	_ _ _ _	
16.	If an estimate is available, what is has come to your office from drug-resthree years? \$	the approximate to lated asset seizure	otal revenue that es during the past
	About what proportion of such revenu federal funds (other than regular DE	e resulted from a p A activities)?	program that used
	_ Under 10% _ 10 to 25% _ 25 -:		75% _ Over 75% reverse side of this page-

17. Listed below are several possible elements of a statewide anti-drug abuse strategy for Colorado. Try to think of all aspects of the drug problem in the state, and consider the likelihood that each element listed would be effective in reducing part of the problem. Then mark the five elements that you would want a statewide strategy to emphasize and support the most. If you regard some of the five as more important than others, write a priority number next to the box for each: "1" for highest, "2" for second highest..."5" for fifth highest.

Programs in schools to prevent students' drug and alcohol use Social services for juveniles who already have drug problems [Media/informational programs to educate citizens about drugs [[Encouragement of anti-drug campaigns conducted by citizen groups [[Expanded drug testing capabilities throughout the justice system] | Expanded drug testing for nonoffenders (e.g., by employers) Legislation to increase penalties pertaining to certain drugs Drug-related training for enforcement/justice/corrections staff [Increased emphasis on apprehending and prosecuting drug users Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug dealers Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug distributors Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug producers Expanded capacity to incarcerate drug offenders Statewide drug law enforcement task force [Regional drug task forces operated jointly by local agencies [[Increased emphasis on drugs by Colorado Bureau of Investigation [|Outpatient drug treatment programs available to indigent clients [Community residential drug treatment programs for offenders

- [_[Rehab programs that teach drug abusers life/job/cognitive skills
- 18. Are there other possible elements, not on the list above, that you regard as of equal or greater importance than the five you marked?

No [Yes, an ideal statewide strategy should also include:

19. From 7-1-89 to 6-30-90, how many juvenile and adult cases reached disposition in your district for violations of laws pertaining to the possession, production, or transfer of controlled substances (excluding alcohol)?

For Possession

	•	
ŧ.	of Juvenile Cases	
	<pre>% Resulting in Conviction</pre>	n –
ŧ	of Adult Cases	
	& Resulting in Conviction	n

-: i

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For All Other (Intent to Sell, Distribution, etc.)

20. If exact numbers are available, please indicate the number of cases reaching disposition (juvenile and adult combined) that involved each of the following substances. If exact numbers are not available, give your estimate of the approximate percentage of total cases that involved each substance.

	<pre># of Cases</pre>	(OR)	Estimated % of Total
Marijuana/Hashish Crack/Cocaine			
Hallucinogens			
Opiates	·		
Stimulants	1		
Depressants .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Other			

Thank you for your help! Please return this form to the Center for Action Researc University of Colorado, Box 580, Boulder, CO 80309. (Phone 492-6114)

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COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE DISTRICT COURT SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

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	n	Name		I	Position	. Ph	one
. To what extent would you wanted by courts in you quality of these today,	distr:	ict? Ho	w would	you rate	e the avai		
· ·		rently A			Compare		
	Almo st Always			Almost Never	Better Now	Same Now	Wors Now
 Sufficient information to identify offenders' alcohol or drug problems 	_		- 1_1	1_1		1_1	1-1
	- 1_1	''	۱ <u>۰۰۰۰</u> ۱	''	· ·-·	' <u> </u> '	''
. Sentencing options to meet substance abuse treatment needs of adult offenders	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1	 1 <u>-</u> 1	1_1	1_1
. Sentencing options to meet substance abuse treatment needs of						_	
juvenile offenders	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1	_	1_1	1_1
Cooperation from public agencies in providing drug-related treatment for persons sentenced	1_1	1_1	1_1	1 _1		1-1	1_1
A workload level that permits timely adjudica		_					· <u>-</u> ·
tion of cases involving illicit transfer of drug		1_1	1_1	1_1		1_1	1_1
. In your view, did any of	com som	e progra	m that (used Fede	eral fund	s (e.g.	, in
"Worse Today") result fi the areas of enforcement	z, pros	cution,					
 "Worse Today") result from the areas of enforcement Based on your experience areas would you say have 	e and in	npressio	ns, what	t changes t to drug	s in the s g offenses	followi s in th	ing
<pre>"Worse Today") result fr the areas of enforcement . Based on your experience areas would you say have past three years?</pre>	e and in e occur:	npressio red with	ns, what respect	t to drug	g offense:	s in th	ne .
<pre>"Worse Today") result fr the areas of enforcement . Based on your experience areas would you say have past three years? [][Change in drugs of]</pre>	e and in e occur: prefere:	npressio red with ncefro	ns, what respect	t to drug	g offense: to	s in th	1e
<pre>"Worse Today") result fr the areas of enforcement . Based on your experience areas would you say have past three years?</pre>	e and in e occur: prefere:	npressio red with ncefro	ns, what respect	t to drug	g offense: to	s in th	1e

4. Please read over the list of substances below, then consider the degree to which you regard each one as a cause of crimes or other serious problems in your district. After circling "L" (Low), "M" (Moderate), or "H" (High) to indicate the degree you believes a given substance is associated with each of the four activities, estimate a realistic overall priority for using resources for enforcement, prosecution, and adjudication of violations of laws pertaining to that substance. (Assume that resources are too limited to permit assigning highest priority to every substance listed.)

	Degre	e t	o W	hich	Su	bst	ance	Is	а	Caus	e o	f:	F	lecoi	mmend	led
	Pro	per	ty	Per	son	al	Dom	est	ic	Gan	g		1		erall	
	Off	ens	es	Vio	Violence		Disputes		Activity			Priority			٥y	
a. Alcohol	L	м	н	L	м	н	L	M	н	L	м	н		L	M	н
b. Marijuana/Hashish	L	М	H	\mathbf{L}	M	н	L	Μ	H	L	M	H	1	L	M	H
c. Crack/Cocaine	L	Μ	Ĥ	·L	Μ	H	L	Μ	H	L	М	H	1	L	Μ	H
d. Hallucinogens	L	Μ	H	L	М	Н	L	М	H	L	Μ	H	1	·L	M	H
e. Opiates	L	М	Н	L	М	H	L	Μ	Н	L	М	H	I	L	М	H
f. Stimulants	· Ľ	М	Н	L	Μ	Н	L	М	Η	. L	Μ	H	1	L	M	H
g. Depressants	L	М	н	L	М	Н	Ĺ	М	Н	L	Μ	Н	1	L	М	H

5. Considering the prevalence and consequences of each of these substances, which two would you say cause the greatest harm in the state of Colorado?

Circle two: a b c d e f g Other:

6. Would you have answered this question differently three years ago?

| Yes (please explain):

7. What do you regard as the two or three most serious consequences of drug abuse in your district? (If appropriate, please identify the specific substances involved.)

1. 2._____ 3.

8. What are the main ways in which the drugs that produce these consequences reach your community (for example, brought in by gangs, organized crime, unaffiliated individuals, locally produced)?

9. Would you favor a change in the law to make illegal possession or use of any of the substances listed either <u>more serious</u> or <u>less serious</u> offenses than they are at present? (Mark as many as apply.)

Would favor making illegal possession or use a MORE SERIOUS offense for:

_ Alcohol _ Opiates	_ Marijuana/Hashish _ Stimulants	_ Crack/Cocaine _ Depressants	_ Hallucinogens _	
Would favor	making illegal possessi	on or use a LESS SEF	RIOUS offense for:	
Alcohol Opiates	_ Marijuana/Hashish _ Stimulants	_ Crack/Cocaine _ Depressants	Hallucinogens	

-2- Continue survey on next page --

10. Listed below are several possible elements of a statewide anti-drug abuse strategy for Colorado. Try to think of all aspects of the drug problem in the state, and consider the likelihood that each element listed would be effective in reducing part of the problem. Then mark the <u>fiv</u> elements that you would want a statewide strategy to emphasize and support the most. If you regard some of the five as more important than others, write a priority number next to the box for each: "1" for highest, "2" for second highest..."5" for fifth highest.

> Programs in schools to prevent students' drug and alcohol use Social services for juveniles who already have drug problems Media/informational programs to educate citizens about drugs []Encouragement of anti-drug campaigns conducted by citizen groups [[Expanded drug testing capabilities throughout the justice system [[Expanded drug testing for nonoffenders (e.g., by employers) Legislation to increase penalties pertaining to certain drugs | |Drug-related training for enforcement/justice/corrections staff [[Increased emphasis on apprehending and prosecuting drug users [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug dealers [[Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug distributors [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug producers Expanded capacity to incarcerate drug offenders Statewide drug law enforcement task force [Regional drug task forces operated jointly by local agencies [Increased emphasis on drugs by Colorado Bureau of Investigation

> []Outpatient drug treatment programs available to indigent clients []Community residential drug treatment programs for offenders

> [[Rehab programs that teach drug abusers life/job/cognitive skills

11. Are there other possible elements, not on the list above, that you regard as of equal or greater importance than the five you marked?

| No | Yes, an ideal statewide strategy should also include:

12. From 7-1-89 to 6-30-90, how many juvenile and adult cases were adjudicated in your district for violations of laws pertaining to the possession, production, or transfer of controlled substances (excluding alcohol)?

For Possession

For All Other (Intent to Sell, Distribution, etc.)

Estimated % of Total

of Juvenile Cases

of Adult Cases

13. If exact numbers are available, please indicate the number of cases (juvenile and adult combined) that involved each of the following substances. If exact numbers are not available, give your estimate of the approximate percentage of the total drug cases that involved each substance.

of Cases (OR)

Marijuana/Hashish

Crack/Cocaine

Other

Thank you for your help! Please return this form to the Center for Action Research, Univ. of Colo. Box 580, Boulder, CO 80309. (Phone 492-6114)

COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE PAROLE SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

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Re	gion	•	.•					
Pe	rson Completing This Form_		Name		P	osition		hone
1.	To what extent would you needed for supervision How would you rate the av with three years ago?	ofper	sons on	parole	in your	region?		
		Curr	ently A			Compare	d With	1987:
		most	In Most				Same	Worse
a.	Sufficient resources (including equipment and expertise) to evaluate and monitor parolees'alcohol or drug problems	ways 	Cases	Rarely	Never	Now 	Now 	Now
		· '	••	··	··	i '_'	· ·	••
b.	Suitable treatment to to meet needs of parolees with alcohol abuse problems	1_1	`I <u>_</u> I	1_1	1_1	 1_	1_1	1_1
c.	Suitable treatment					1		
	to meet needs of parolees with <u>other substance</u> abuse problems	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1		1_1	1_1
d.	Cooperation from public agencies to help obtain drug-related treatment for parolees	1_1	1_1	1_1	1]1	 I_	IŢĮ	1_1
e.	A caseload level that permits sufficient contac with parolees who have drug-related problems	t 1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1	 I_1	1_1	1_1
2.	In your view, did any of Now" or "Worse Now") resu (including programs in th explain; if appropriate,	lt fro e area	om some j is of end	program Eorcemer	that use it or pro	d Federal secution)	funds ? Ple	ase
3.	Based on your experience areas would you say have past three years?							
	<pre>[]Change in drugs of pr</pre>	eferer	ncefrom	n	•	to		
	[[Change in age or sex	of off	enders-	-trend:_				
	_ Change in public opin	iont	rend:					
	[_]Change in sentencing	patter	ns:					

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-1- Continue survey on reverse side of this page --

- 4. What do you regard as principal obstacles to parolees in your region receiving appropriate treatment for substance abuse problems? (Mark as many as apply, and indicate types of cases and/or treatment needs for which each obstacle is most severe.)
 - [[Qualified and willing treatment providers are available, but there are no funds to pay for treatment. This is a problem mainly for:
 - [Qualified treatment providers are present in the region, but they resist accepting paroled clients for reasons other than money. This is a problem mainly for:
 - There are no providers in this area qualified to provide certain types of treatment. This is a problem mainly for:
 - '[[There is a need for improved coordination with another public agency or agencies. This is a problem mainly for:

[]Other:____

5. Please read over the list of substances below, then consider the degree to which you regard each one as a cause of crimes or other serious problems in your region. After circling "L" (Low), "M" (Moderate), or "H" (High) to indicate the degree you believe a given substance is associated with each of the four activities, estimate a realistic overall priority for using resources for enforcement, prosecution, and adjudication of violations of laws pertaining to that substance. (Assume that resources are too limited to permit assigning highest priority to every substance listed.)

•		Degre	e t	o W	hich	Su	bst	ance	Is	а	Caus	e o	f:	F	lecoi	mmenc	ded
		Pro	per	ty	Per			Dom			Gan	g		1.		erall	
		Offenses Violen		ce	Disputes			Act	ivi	ty	<u>Priority</u>						
a.	Alcohol	L	м	н	L	м	н	L	м	н	L	м	Ĥ	1	L	м	н
b.	Marijuana/Hashish	L	M	H	L	M	Н	L	M	. н	Ľ	М	Н	i	L	M	H
c.	Crack/Cocaine	L	Μ	Н	L	М	Н	L	Μ	H	L	М	H	Ì	L	М	H
d.	Hallucinogens	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	Ľ	Μ	H	ł	L	м	Н
e.	Opiates	L	Μ	H	L	М	Н	L	Μ	Ĥ	L	М	Н	1	L	М	H
f.	Stimulants	L	М	H	L	Μ	Η	L	M	Н	L	Μ	H	1	L	М	н
g.	Depressants	L	М	H	L	М	H	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	1	L	М	H

6. Considering the prevalence and consequences of each of these substances, which two would you say cause the greatest harm in the state of Colorado?

Circle two: a b c d e f g Other:

7. Would you have answered this question differently three years ago?

| No | Yes (please explain):

-2- Continue survey on next page --



8. What do you regard as the two or three most serious consequences of drug abuse in your region? (If appropriate, please identify the specific substances involved.)

1		
2		
3	•	

9. Would you favor a change in the law to make illegal possession or use of any of the substances listed either more serious or less serious offenses than they are at present? (Mark as many as apply.)

Would favor making illegal possession or use a MORE SERIOUS offense for:

|_|Alcohol | |Opiates [|Marijuana/Hashish | |Stimulants [|Crack/Cocaine | |Depressants | |Hallucinogens

Would favor making illegal possession or use a LESS SERIOUS offense for:

Alcohol [Opiates

- |_|Marijuana/Hashish |_|Stimulants
- | |Crack/Cocaine | |Depressants

Hallucinogens

10. Listed below are several possible elements of a statewide anti-drug abuse strategy for Colorado. Try to think of all aspects of the drug problem in the state, and consider the likelihood that each element listed would be effective in reducing part of the problem. Then mark the <u>five</u> elements that you would want a statewide strategy to emphasize and support the most. If you regard some of the five as more important than others, write a priority number next to the box for each: "1" for highest, "2" for second highest..."5" for fifth highest.

| Programs in schools to prevent students' drug and alcohol use Social services for juveniles who already have drug problems [[Media/informational programs to educate citizens about drugs [Encouragement of anti-drug campaigns conducted by citizen groups [[Expanded drug testing capabilities throughout the justice system] | | Expanded drug testing for nonoffenders (e.g., by employers) [Legislation to increase penalties pertaining to certain drugs []Drug-related training for enforcement/justice/corrections staff [_[Increased emphasis on apprehending and prosecuting drug users [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug dealers [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug distributors [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug producers [[Expanded capacity to incarcerate drug offenders Statewide drug law enforcement task force [Regional drug task forces operated jointly by local agencies | Increased emphasis on drugs by Colorado Bureau of Investigation | Outpatient drug treatment programs available to indigent clients | Community residential drug treatment programs for offenders | |Rehab programs that teach drug abusers life/job/cognitive skills

11. Are there other possible elements, not on the list above, that you regard as of equal or greater importance than the five you marked?

| No

| |Yes, an ideal statewide strategy should also include:

12. From 7-1-89 to 6-30-90, what was the total parole caseload in your region? *

Total:

13. How many of these cases would you estimate <u>needed</u> some type of specialized treatment because of substance abuse problems, whether or not treatment was a condition of parole?

About what percentage of those estimated to need treatment actually received it?

Most Serious Substance Involved <u>In Treatment Need</u>	Estimated # Who Needed Treatment	Approximate Percentage of This Group Who Received Treatment					
Alcohol alone		٤					
Marijuana/Hashish		8					
Crack/Cocaine		8					
Other Drugs							

14. What additional recommendations do you have for improved handling of drug dependent parolees?

:

Thank you for your help! Please return this form to the Center for Action Research, Univ. of Colo. Box 580, Boulder, CO 80309. (Phone 492-6114)

COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROBATION SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Ju	dicial District			****				
Pe	rson Completing This Form	n	Name	<u></u>		osition	<u> </u>	hone
1.	To what extent would you needed for supervision How would you rate the a with three years ago?	of pe	hat each rsons on	probati	followin on in yo	g is avai ur distri	lable .ct?	when
a.		lmost	<u>rently.A</u> In Most Cases	Only	Almost	<u>Compare</u> Better Now 	ed With Same Now	1987: Worse Now
	clients'alcohol or drug problems	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1		1_1	1_1
b.	Suitable treatment to to meet needs of <u>adult</u> clients with <u>alcohol</u> abuse problems	1_1	۱ <u>_</u> ۱	1_1	1_1	1 1_1	1_1	1_1
c.	Suitable treatment to meet needs of <u>adult</u> clients with <u>other</u> <u>substance</u> abuse problems	5 I <u>-</u> I	I_1	1 <u> </u>	I _I · ·	1 1_1		I_I
d.	Suitable treatment to me needs of <u>juveniles</u> with <u>alcohol</u> abuse problems	et 1_1	I_I	I <u>_</u> I	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1
e.	Suitable treatment to me needs of <u>juveniles</u> with other substance abuse problems	et . I_I	1_1	1_1	1_1		1_1	ı <u> </u>
£.	Cooperation from public agencies to help obtain drug-related treatment for clients	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1		1_1	1_1
g .	A caseload level that permits sufficient conta with clients who have drug-related problems	ict I_I	1_1	1_1	1_1 .	 _ I_I - ·		1_1

2. In your view, did any of the changes you noted above (as either "Better Now" or "Worse Now") result from some program that used Federal funds (including programs in the areas of enforcement or prosecution)? Please explain; if appropriate, refer to items above by letters "a" through "g."

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-1- Continue survey on reverse side of this page --

3. What do you regard as the principal obstacles to your clients' receiving appropriate treatment for substance abuse problems? (Mark as many as apply, and indicate types of clients and/or treatment needs for which each obstacle is most severe.)

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- [Qualified and willing treatment providers are available, but there are no funds to pay for treatment. This is a problem mainly for:
- [Qualified treatment providers are available, but they resist accepting probation clients for reasons other than money. This is a problem mainly for:
- There are no providers in this area qualified to provide certain types of treatment. This is a problem mainly for:
- []There is a need for improved coordination with another public agency or agencies. This is a problem mainly for:

[]Other:_____

- 4. Based on your experience and impressions, what changes in the following areas would you say have occurred with respect to drug offenses in the past three years?
 - Change in drugs of preference-from to

| Change in age or sex of offenders--trend:

[|Change in public opinion--trend:______

| Change in sentencing patterns:

5. Please read over the list of substances below, then consider the degree to which you regard each one as a cause of crimes or other serious problems in your district. After circling "L" (Low), "M" (Moderate), or "H" (High) to indicate the degree you believe a given substance is associated with each of the four activities, estimate a realistic overall priority for using resources for enforcement, prosecution, and adjudication of violations of laws pertaining to that substance. (Assume that resources are too limited to permit assigning highest priority to every substance listed.)

•	Degree to Which Substance Is a Cause of:										Recommended					
	Pro	Property		Per	Personal		Domestic			Gang			1	0v0	erall	L .
	Off	Offenses Vi		Vio	Violence I			Disputes		Activity			1	Pr	iorit	<u>zy</u>
a. Alcohol	г	м	Ĥ	т	М	н	r	м	н	Ţ.	м	н		r	м	н
b. Marijuana/Hashish	L. T.	M	Н	ц т	M	н	r	M	H	T I	M	Н	1	- <u>1</u> -	M	H
	- LL T			يل ح	••					<u>با</u>				1.4 17		
c. Crack/Cocaine	L	М	·Η	ι,	М	Н	<u>با</u>	М	H	Ŀı	М	Н	1	ىل	М	H
d. Hallucinogens	L	M	H	L	М	H	L	М	Н	L	·М	Н	1.	L	M	
e. Opiates	L	М	Н	L	Μ	Н	L	Μ	Η	L	Μ	Η	1	L	M	
f. Stimulants	L:	M	H	L	М	Н	Ľ	М	Η	L	Μ	H	1	L	М	Н
g. Depressants	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	Н	L	M	Н	L	M	H	1	L	М	н
				-2-	Сс	ntir	iue s	urve	гу ог	ı nex	t po	ige				

Considering the prevalence and consequences of each of these substances, which two would you say cause the greatest harm in the state of Colorado? Circle two: a b c d e f g Other:_____ 6. Would you have answered this question differently three years ago? [No [Yes (please explain): 7. What do you regard as the two or three most serious consequences of drug abuse in your district? (If appropriate, please identify the specific substances involved.) 1. 2._____ 3._____ 8. Would you favor a change in the law to make illegal possession or use of any of the substances listed either more serious or less serious offenses than they are at present? (Mark as many as apply.) Would favor making illegal possession or use a MORE SERIOUS offense for: [|Marijuana/Hashish | |Crack/Cocaine [|Hallucinogens Alcohol | Stimulants | Depressants [] | |Opiates Would favor making illegal possession or use a LESS SERIOUS offense for: [Alcohol | Marijuana/Hashish | Crack/Cocaine | Hallucinogens []Depressants | | Opiates | |Stimulants 1_1_ 9. Listed below are several possible elements of a statewide anti-drug abuse strategy for Colorado. Try to think of all aspects of the drug problem in the state, and consider the likelihood that each element listed would be effective in reducing part of the problem. Then mark the <u>five</u> elements that you would want a statewide strategy to emphasize and support the most. If you regard some of the five as more important than others, write a priority number next to the box for each: "1" for highest, "2" for second highest ... "5" for fifth highest. | |Programs in schools to prevent students' drug and alcohol use Social services for juveniles who already have drug problems [[Media/informational programs to educate citizens about drugs] [Encouragement of anti-drug campaigns conducted by citizen groups [Expanded drug testing capabilities throughout the justice system [Expanded drug testing for nonoffenders (e.g., by employers) [[Legislation to increase penalties pertaining to certain drugs []Drug-related training for enforcement/justice/corrections staff [Increased emphasis on apprehending and prosecuting drug users [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug dealers [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug distributors [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug producers | |Expanded capacity to incarcerate drug offenders | |Statewide drug law enforcement task force [Regional drug task forces operated jointly by local agencies | Increased emphasis on drugs by Colorado Bureau of Investigation [Outpatient drug treatment programs available to indigent clients

| Community residential drug treatment programs for offenders

[Rehab programs that teach drug abusers life/job/cognitive skills -3- Continue survey on reverse side of this page --

[_ No	_ Y	es, an ideal sta	tewide strategy s	hould also include
	•			·····
<u></u>				
. From 7-1 district		-30-90; what was	; the total probat	ion caseload in yo
		Juvenile	Adult	Total
specialī	zed trea	tment because of		problems (includin
specialī	zed trea	tment because of r or not treatme	substance abuse ent was ordered by	problems (includin
speciali alcohol) . Approxim actually	zed trea , whether ately what	tment because of r or not treatme Juvenile at percentage of d it for problem	substance abuse ent was ordered by Adult those regarded a s associated with % of	problems (includin the court?
<pre>speciali alcohol) . Approxim actually followin</pre>	zed trea , whethe ately what received	tment because of r or not treatme Juvenile at percentage of d it for problem nces?	substance abuse ent was ordered by Adult those regarded a s associated with	problems (includin the court?
speciali alcohol) . Approxim actually followin Alcoh	zed trea , whethe ately what received g substan	tment because of r or not treatme Juvenile at percentage of d it for problem nces? alone	substance abuse ent was ordered by Adult those regarded a s associated with % of	problems (includin the court?
speciali alcohol) • Approxim actually followin Alcoh Marij	zed trea , whether ately what received g substant ol abuse	tment because of r or not treatme Juvenile at percentage of d it for problem nces? alone	substance abuse ent was ordered by Adult those regarded a s associated with % of	problems (includin the court?

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drug dependent clients?

Thank you for your help! Please return this form to the Center for Action Research, Univ. of Colo. Box 580, Boulder, CO 80309. (Phone 492-6114)

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COLORADO DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS SURVEY ANTI-DRUG ABUSE NEEDS ASSESSMENT

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Pe	rson Completing This Form	n	Name		P	osition		hone
1.	To what extent is each of through contract) when facility? How would you rate the with three years ago?	n neede	d for su	pervisio	on of off	enders in	n your	
a.		<u>Cur</u> Almost Always	rently A In Most Cases	Only	Almost	<u>Compare</u> Better Now		1987 Worse Now
	(including expertise and equipment) to evaluate and monitor clients' alcohol or drug problems	1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1	i 1_1	1_1	I <u>́</u> I
b.	Timely information from referral sources for initial diagnosis of clients' treatment needs	s 1_1	1_1	1_1	1_1	 _	1_1	1_1
c.	Suitable treatment to to meet needs of clients with alcohol abuse problems alone	1_1	1_1	1_1	1 <u>_1</u>	 1 <u>-</u> 1 -	1_1	1_1
d.	Suitable treatment to meet needs of clients with other substance abuse problems	1_1	1_1	·1 <u>-</u> 1	1_1	 _	1_1	1_1
e.	Cooperation from public agencies to help obtain drug-related treatment for clients	1_1	1_1	1_1	I_I	 _	1_1	1_1
2.	In your view, can any of Now" or "Worse Now") be whether administered by	attrib	uted to a	some Fed				er
	_ No _ Yes (P.	lease e	xplain)_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3.	Based on your experience areas would you say have past three years?	e and i e occur	mpressio red with	ns, what respect	c changes to drug	in the soffenses	follow: s in th	ing ne
	_ Change in drugs of	prefere	ncefro	m		to		
	Change in age or se		•					

-1- Continue survey on reverse side of this page --

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- 4. Which of the following do you regard as important obstacles to your clients' receiving appropriate treatment for substance abuse problems? (Mark as many as apply, and indicate types of clients and/or treatment needs for which each obstacle is most severe.)
 - [Qualified and willing treatment providers are available, but there are no funds to pay for treatment. This is a problem mainly for:
 - [Qualified treatment providers are present in the area, but they resist accepting offenders as clients for reasons other than money. This is a problem mainly for:
 - []There are no providers in this area qualified to provide certain types of treatment. This is a problem mainly for:

| Other obstacles to obtaining suitable treatment:

5. Please read over the list of substances below, then consider the degree to which you regard each one as a cause of crimes or other serious problems in your community. After circling "L" (Low), "M" (Moderate), or "H" (High) to indicate the degree you believe a given substance is associated with each of the four activities, estimate a realistic overall priority for using resources for enforcement, prosecution, and adjudication of violations of laws pertaining to that substance. (Assume that resources are too limited to permit assigning highest priority to every substance listed.)

		<u>Degree to Which Substance Is a Cause of:</u>							F	lecor	nmeno	ded						
		Pro	per	ty	Per	son	al	Dom	est	ic	Gan	g			Ove	eral	1	
		Off	ens	es	Vio	len	ce	Dis	put	es	Act	ivi	ty	1	Pr	iori	ty_	
a.	Alcohol	L	М	H	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	H	L	М	H	i	L	М	н	
b.	Marijuana/Hashish	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	Н	L	М	H	1	L	M	Н	
с.	Crack/Cocaine	. L	Μ	Н	L	M	H	L	Μ	Н	L	М	Н	1	L	Μ	H	
d.	Hallucinogens	L	Μ	Н	L	М	Н	L	М	H	L	М	Ή	1	L	Μ	Н	
e.	Opiates	L	М	H	L	М	H	L	М	· H	L	М	H	1	L	M	Н	
۰f.	Stimulants	L	Μ	Н	L	Μ	H	Ĺ	Μ	H	L	М	H	1	L	М	Н	
g,	Depressants	L	M	Н	L	Μ	H	L	Μ	Η	\mathbf{L}	М	H	I	L	М	H	

6. Considering the prevalence and consequences of each of these substances, which two would you say cause the greatest harm in the state of Colorado?

Circle two: a b c d e f g Other:

- 7. Would you have answered this question differently three years ago?
 - | No | Yes (please explain):_____

-2- Continue survey on next page --

8. Would you favor a change in the law to make illegal possession or use of any of the substances listed either more serious or <u>less serious</u> offenses than they are at present? (Mark as many as apply.)

Would favor making illegal possession or use a MORE SERIOUS offense for:

| |Alcohol | |Opiates | |Marijuana/Hashish | |Stimulants [|Crack/Cocaine | |Depressants

| |Hallucinogens

Would favor making illegal possession or use a LESS SERIOUS offense for:

I	 l	0	p	i	а	t	e	s

| |Marijuana/Hashish | |Stimulants [|Crack/Cocaine | |Depressants | | Hallucinogens

9. Listed below are several possible elements of a statewide anti-drug abuse strategy for Colorado. Try to think of all aspects of the drug problem in the state, and consider the likelihood that each element listed would be effective in reducing part of the problem. Then mark the five elements that you would want a statewide strategy to emphasize and support the most. If you regard some of the five as more important than others, write a priority number next to the box for each: "1" for highest, "2" for second highest..."5" for fifth highest.

| | Programs in schools to prevent students' drug and alcohol use Social services for juveniles who already have drug problems []Media/informational programs to educate citizens about drugs [[Encouragement of anti-drug campaigns conducted by citizen groups [Expanded drug testing capabilities throughout the justice system] [[Expanded drug testing for nonoffenders (e.g., by employers) [Legislation to increase penalties pertaining to certain drugs | Drug-related training for enforcement/justice/corrections staff Increased emphasis on apprehending and prosecuting drug users [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug dealers | [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug distributors [Increased emphasis on apprehending/prosecuting drug producers [Expanded capacity to incarcerate drug offenders] | |Statewide drug law enforcement task force Regional drug task forces operated jointly by local agencies | Increased emphasis on drugs by Colorado Bureau of Investigation [Outpatient drug treatment programs available to indigent clients Community residential drug treatment programs for offenders [Rehab programs that teach drug abusers life/job/cognitive skills

10. Are there other possible elements, not on the list above, that you regard as of equal or greater importance than the five you marked?

| No | Yes, an ideal statewide strategy should also include:

11. The next questions are about persons placed in your program. The preferred reporting period is from <u>7-1-89 to 6-30-90</u>. If summary figures and/or informed estimates are not available for this period, please specify the reporting period that your answers cover:

Reporting Period -- FROM TO

Total number of placements in your facility during this period

-3- Continue survey on reverse side of this page --

12. Approximately how many of these cases would you estimate (a) <u>needed</u> some type of specialized treatment because of substance abuse problems, and (b) actually <u>received</u> treatment from your own staff, a contractor, or a program to which you referred clients?

Most Serious Substance Involved	Estimated # Who Needed	# Who Actually <u>Received</u> Treatment From:		
In Treatment Need	Treatment	Own Staff	Paid Contractor	Other Program
Alcohol alone	:		موند بر بر مرب بر م	
Marijuana/Hashish			·	
Crack/Cocaine				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other Drugs				

13. Of the total treated for problems associated with any substance, please estimate the percentage who received each of the following types of treatment:

Individual counseling	<u> </u>
Self-help group program	£
Classroom education	£
Out-patient therapy	<u> </u>
In-patient care	چع
Other:	8

14. What additional recommendations do you have for improved handling of drug dependent clients?

Thank you for your help! Please return this form to the Center for Action Research, Univ. of Colo. Box 580, Boulder, CO 80309. (Phone 492-6114)

