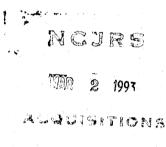
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Georgia Department of Corrections FY 1989 Annual Report

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Message from the Commissioner

The Honorable Joe Frank Harris Governor of Georgia and The Georgia General Assembly Atlanta, Georgia 30334

Dear Governor Harris and Members of the General Assembly:

I am pleased to submit the Annual Report for the Department of Corrections for Fiscal Year 1989. The inmate and probation population continue to grow at unprecedented rates, and the department's efforts to meet the resulting challenges in the near term and in the long run are indicated in this report.

With your help in FY 1989, the department was able to add more than 1,600 urgently-needed prison beds in less than six months' time, an achievement that was the product of a level of teamwork and determination seldom seen before in state government.

Thanks to your thorough understanding of the concept of a balanced approach to corrections, work was begun on a new 200-bed shock incarceration probation center (Georgia's third), and funding was provided for completion and startup of new detention and diversion centers to house probationers in a neighborhood setting.

Meanwhile, appropriations were secured to continue work on three large state prisons under construction that eventually will provide space for more than 2,200 offenders.

In summary, by working shoulder to shoulder during FY 1989, we were able to take significant steps toward achieving our mission as defined by the people of Georgia: to do everything possible to make sure there is appropriate space available to confine, rehabilitate or punish hardened criminals, while providing Georgia's judges with an innovative array of alternatives to prisons for those offenders who qualify.



Commissioner Bobby K. Whitworth

While we know the challenges of the 1990s will test our mettle and further stretch our resources, the teamwork we exhibited throughout the 1980s reassures us that we have the right stuff to meet - and beat - the tests of the coming decade. I look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

Bobby K. Whitworth Commissioner

Introduction

The Georgia Department of Corrections and the Board of Corrections, working closely with the governor and General Assembly, reinforced its commitment to the people of Georgia in fiscal year 1989 by renewing its pledge that whether it takes more bricks, bars and barbed wire or progressive probation options, the public must be kept safe from convicted criminals.

The vow was not made of idle words, but was backed by money and resolve. Georgia in FY 1989 embarked on an aggressive building program in a crash effort to add more than 3,000 new beds at a cost of \$41 million.

The FY 1989 plan was to relieve as soon as possible some of the system's dire overcrowding problems until a host of large new prisons could be built in the decade of the 1990s in anticipation of massive growth in the criminal population by the year 2000.

Georgians, through their legislators, said at the beginning of FY 1989 that they simply had had enough. They wanted convicted criminals dealt with, and they wanted overcrowding in their local jails eased.

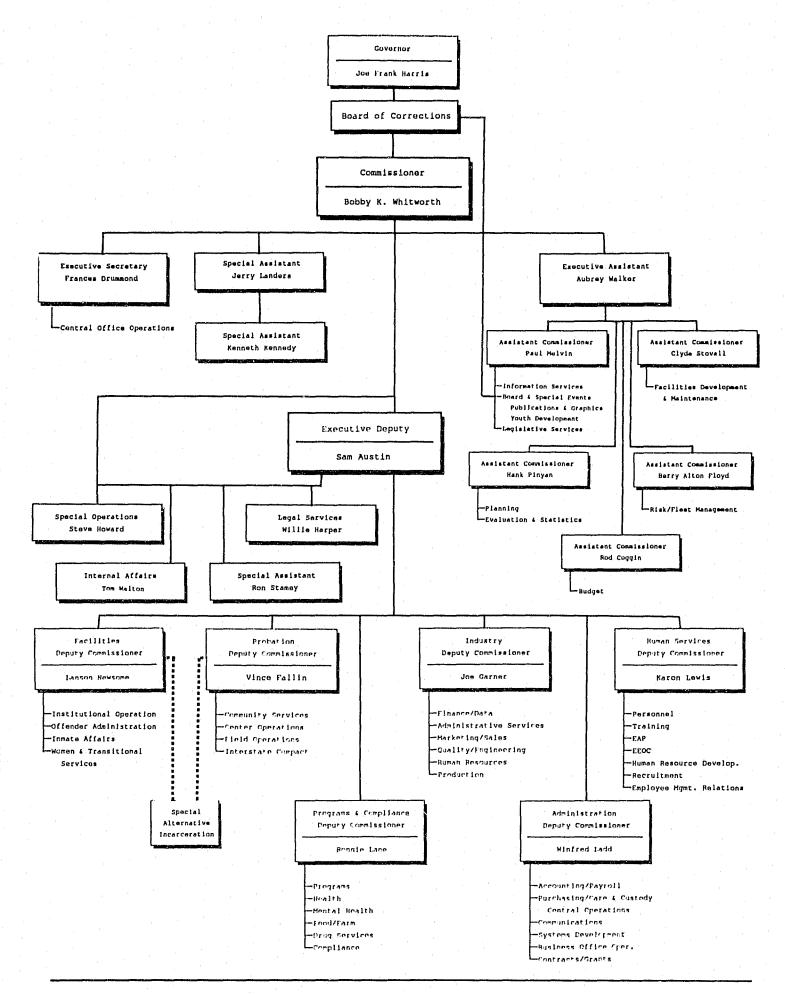
The corrections department and the legislature, hearing the people's message, put new bedspace on such an imperative construction schedule that David C. Evans, then commissioner of Corrections, remarked that the name of his organization easily could be changed to the Department of Construction.

At the same time as the crash construction program was progressing, the probation arm of the corrections department was moving aggressively to implement new programs and streamline existing efforts to oversee the semi-confinement or supervision of more than 110,000 persons serving sentences outside the prison setting.

In FY 1989, start up funds were provided for four new low-security detention centers and one diversion center to house a total of 600 offenders outside prison.

Thus, while Georgians understand the need for a probation system that offers appropriate options to prison for some categories of lawbreakers, citizens showed in FY 1989 they are willing to support the bricks-and-mortar approach to corrections in order to confine and punish the high-risk classes of offenders.

The Georgia Department of Corrections, with its staff of almost 10,000 dedicated professionals, moved swiftly in FY 1989 to carry out that twopronged mandate of the people, wisely keeping one eye on the challenges to be met in future years.



Overview

Fiscal Year 1989 will be remembered by executives and staff of the Georgia Department of Corrections as the year they looked into their crystal ball and were privileged to catch a telling glimpse of the future.

What they saw was alarming. While the prison population in Georgia had averaged just over 18,000 throughout FY 1988, projections predicted the inmate population would burgeon to more than 19,500 by the end of FY 1989. They were right.

However, as troubling as the short-term growth numbers were, the longer-range projections seen through the smoky glass were not only startling, but frightening. Researchers and planners with the department learned that if present drug-related crime and sentencing trends remain the same, there will be over 59,900 prison beds needed in Georgia by the year 2000.

The numbers vividly depicted for the seers the urgent nature of the prison emergency in Georgia: with its 84 varying facilities now barely equipped to handle some 20,000 prisoners, how would Georgia deal with the need to house an estimated 32,000 more in the next decade?

The tables, charts and graphs on the following pages will show the FY 1989 workload at the Department of Corrections, but they do not begin to tell the story of how the department has begun to prepare to manage the flood tide of offenders expected to be washing over it in the 1990s and beyond.

However, reacting to the obvious crisis, plans were made and \$41 million appropriated in FY 1989 to construct a new 800 bed medium security prison in Washington County and a 200 bed boot-camp style prison in Treutlen County.

Put on a fast-track schedule to add 200 beds each (except Rogers CI in Reidsville, which added 400 beds) to their existing facilities plants were Coastal Correctional Institution, the Georgia Diagnostic and Classification Center in Jackson, Georgia Women's Correctional Institution in Hardwick, Central Correctional Institution in Macon, Lowndes CI and Ware CI.

Also, a new facility for women was built in Milan that will house 150 female offenders.

While all of this new construction was put on the fast-track funding schedule designed to make space available to offenders as quickly as within six months, the use of the new prison in Washington County was about two years away.

The peek into the future produced other areas in which there was a high level of concern. It became obvious in FY 1989 the cost of incarcerating offenders in the prison of the future will continue to rise drastically, driven not only by factors such as inflation, but by the need for specialized treatment for an ever-enlarging category of lawbreaker infected with AIDS or addicted to drugs, alcohol or both. In FY 1989, \$1.5 million was appropriated to pay for special housing and handling for HIV positive inmates for part of the year only, with more to come later.

From an estimated cost of just over \$34 a day per inmate in 1988, the cost of incarceration jumped in FY 1989 to at least \$40 per day per inmate. Thus, Georgians at the end of FY 1989 were paying about \$14,600 yearly to house and feed each and every inmate in the general population.

Meanwhile, the department's efforts aimed at making the offender pay for his or her supervision or rehabilitation outside the prison setting were being expanded and enhanced in FY 1989. The eight programs administered by the Division of Probation expanded their caseload from a total of 120,948 in FY 1988 to 129,331 in FY 1989, which resulted in an equally-great increase in the amount of money offenders earned on probation programs and were able to pay back to society in the form of restitution.

Probationers in FY 1989 paid direct restitution of more than \$5.76 million to victims, up more than \$700,000 from the previous fiscal year. They also paid fines totaling \$23.6 million and child support of more than \$10.2 million, while their community service work was valued at \$5.72 million.

In all, Georgia probationers in FY 1989 paid into the system some \$45.3 million that otherwise would have come out of the pockets of Georgia taxpayers.

Detention centers, which are residential settings designed for low-security inmates, were started up in Evans, Laurens, Taylor and Union counties, each having the capacity to house between 100 and 150 offenders who are to make partial restitution to society through unpaid community service work details. In Chatham County, the startup of a 50 bed diversion center provided those offenders renting space there the opportunity to work at regular jobs in the community while attending self-improvement classes at the center when not working.

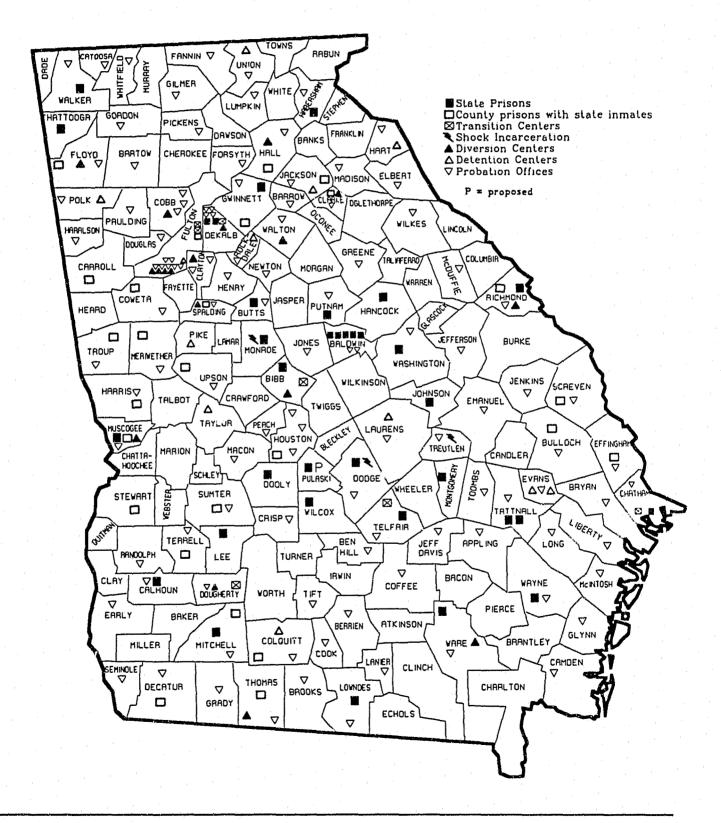
In FY 1989, Georgia's 18 diversion centers charged offenders \$1.77 million in room and board. Obviously, more are being planned.

Increased emphasis was placed on Georgia Correctional Industries programs in FY 1989 as well, because the division has such potential to help offset the cost of general operations. Through its 14 manufacturing operations, the division was able to generate more than \$16 million in sales to the state in FY 1989, returning annually about \$84,000 to the treasury after expenses.

Also during the year, approximately 900 inmates were involved in numerous farming programs scattered across the state. Those operations helped offset the rising cost of incarceration and gave offenders the opportunity to learn a trade or profession while paying their debt to society.

Although FY 1989 will not go down in history as a record year for dollar value of construction (that distinction appears to have been reserved for FY 1990 and FY 1991), it will be remembered as the red-flag year in which the Georgia Department of Corrections saw the future and stepped forward boldly to meet it.

Georgia Department of Corrections Inmate & Probation Facilities



FY89 ADMISSIONS TO PRISON

	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOT
NEW ADMISSIONS FROM COURT	656	669	821	554	564	560	537	644	850	737	1066	1269	8927
SHOCK INCARCERATION	63	64	65	71	66	60	82	58	59	72	74	115	849
PAROLE REVOCATIONS (NEW SENTENCE)	110	154	207	119	112	147	146	195	248	166	279	377	2260
PAROLE REVOCATIONS (NO NEW SENTENCE)	30	37	49	28	28	23	41	52	43	27	49	64	471
PROBATION REVOCATIONS (PARTIAL)	72	69	108	60	75	79	99	72	122	105	119	167	1147
PROBATION REVOCATIONS (REMAINDER)	121	141	168	97	81	84	113	114	160	128	231	337	1775
TOTAL	1052	1134	1418	929	926	953	1018	1135	1482	1235	1818	2329	15429

FY89 DEPARTURES FROM PRISON

	JUL	AŬG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	тот
GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY RELEASE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	371	279	950
PAROLED	520	625	545	493	506	613	621	645	739	626	657	544	7134
PAROLED TO ANOTHER STATE	20	36	37	-39	25	46	28	34	48	34	53	58	458
SPECIAL REPRIEVE	5	5	1	9	55	49	46	25	42	0	- 1	1	239
SUPERVISED REPRIEVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	257	542	628	1427
AMMENDED OR REMITTED TO PROBATION BY COURT	9	10	6	: 3	3	4	8	3	4	7	5	22	84
REMITTED TO PROBATION BY PAROLE BOARD	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SUSPENDED SENTENCE	0	0	1	· 0 ·	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CONDITIONAL TRANSFER	21	23	25	23	15	12	9	17	21	27	56	36	285
SENTENCE EXPIRED	143	184	148	174	162	147	142	172	178	158	173	163	1944
COMMUTED BY PAROLE BOARD	520	156	414	99	0	1	0	0	· 0	0	2	0	1192
COMMUTED BY THE COURT	2	3	5	0	7	2	S	3	0	8	3	3	39
SPECIAL ALTERNATIVE INCAR- CERATION SUCCESSFUL COM- PLETITION	57	55	56	68 1	58	59	87	52	41	76	60	49	718
OTHER	3	1	0	2	- 0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
TOTAL	945	951	1074	1493	1923	1784	1298	1097	1237	908	831	933	14474

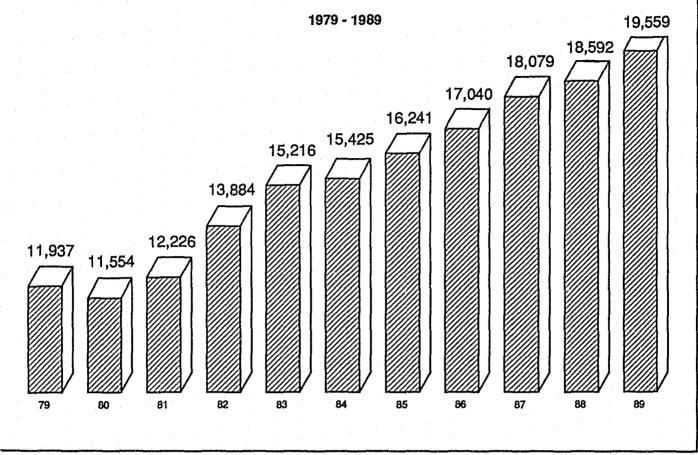
FY89 ESCAPES/APPREHENSION

	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOL
ESCAPES	27	12	21	10	9	13	8	11	10	16	9	10	156
APPREHENDED SAME MONTH OF ESCAPE	14	9	13	8	7	7	6	6	5	8	6	3	92
TOTAL APPREHENDED (ES- CAPED THIS MONTH OR IN A PRIOR MONTH)	19	17	15	12	13	12	12	8	9	11	13	8	149

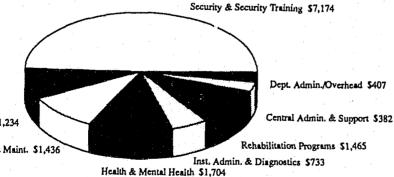
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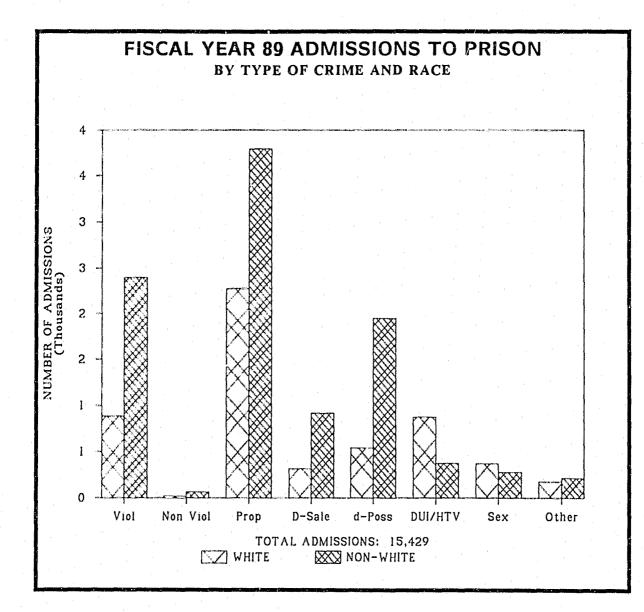
Programmatic Costs Per Inmate FY89 Total \$14,535

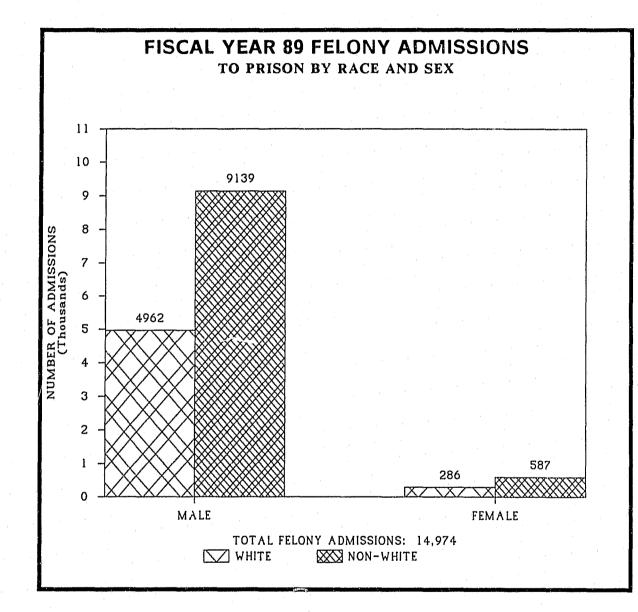


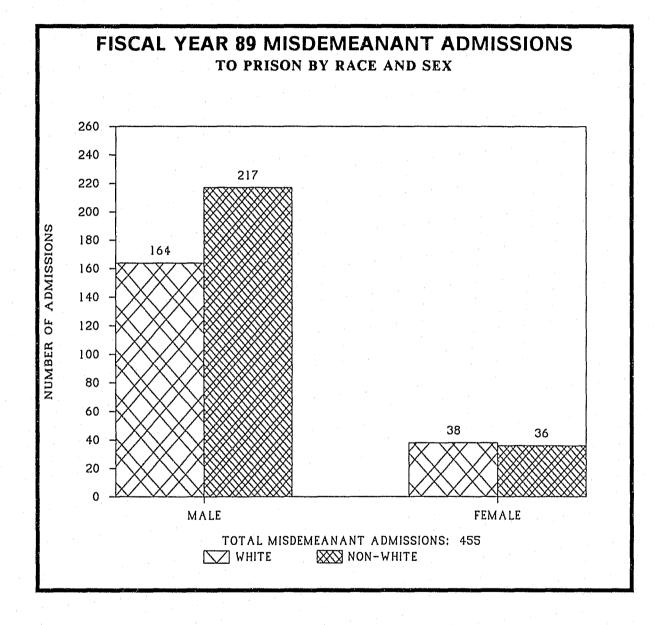
Daily Costs

Security & Security Training	\$19.65
Food & Farm	3.38
Plant Operations & Maint.	3.93
Health & Mental Health	4.67
Inst. Admin. & Diagnostics	2.01
Rehabilitation Programs	4.01
Central Admin. & Support	1.05
Depart. Admin Overhead	1.12
Total Excluding Capital Outlay	39.82
Estimated Capital Outlay Costs	1.92
Total Including Capital Outlay	\$41.74

Plant Operations & Maint. \$1,436







Cost Per Inmate Day

Institution	Avg. Count	Inmate Days	Total Costs (\$)	Cost/Day* (\$)
A.L. Burruss CI	290	105,850	5,279,719	49.88
Augusta CMI**	704	256,960	18,230,861	70.95
Central CI	534	194,910	6,950,591	35.66
Coastal CI	742	270,830	9,663,852	35.68
Dodge CI	653	238,345	7,510,085	31.51
Ga. Diag. & Class. Ctr.	1,742	635,830	17,876,509	28.12
Ga. Industrial Institute	1,619	590,935	21,210,482	35.89
Georgia State Prison	960	350,400	25,868,995	73.83
Ga. Training & Development Ctr.	262	95,630	4,416,458	46.18
Lee CI	626	228,490	7,320,990	32.04
Lowndes CI	123	44,895	511,994	11.40
Metro CI	693	252,945	8,486,959	33.55
MGCI - Bostick CI	554	202,210	6,453,997	31.92
MGCI - Men's CI	602	219,730	6,986,617	31.80
MGCI - Rivers CI	928	338,720	12,219,318	36.07
MGCI - Women's CI	720	262,800	9,718,618	36.98
MGCI - Frank Scott CI	938	342,370	12,171,903	35.55
Milan Women's Ctr.	NA	0	471,577	· · · C
Montgomery CI	422	154,030	5,286,422	34.32
Putnam CI	120	43,800	1,915,616	43.74
Rogers CI	569	207,685	7,424,227	35.75
Rutledge CI	566	206,590	7,933,785	38.40
Stone Mountain CI	221	80,665	2,820,802	34.97
Valdosta CI	339	123,735	7,139,396	57.70
Walker CI	322	117,530	3,947,330	33.59
Ware CI	244	89,060	7,484,288	84.04
Wayne CI	185	67,525	2,578,873	38.19
Total	15,678	5,722,470	227,880,261	39.82

* Add \$1.92 per day for capital outlay construction costs.

** Medical support location

Probation

The probation portion of the Department of Corrections plays the role of counterweight for the agency's doctrine of a "balanced approach to incarceration." With imprisonment as one option, Georgia's probation program offers jurists a veritable smorgasbord of community-based alternatives. Given the tremendous number of individuals assigned to probation caseloads, varying degrees or levels of supervision have been developed to best govern these non-incarcerated lifestyles:

—Basic Probation: With well over 100,000 people assigned to this level, supervision by staff is maintained through several plans:

- a) Maximum —3 contacts per month; two field contacts
- b) High-monthly face-to-face; one field contact
- c) Medium Monthly telephone contact; quarterly face-to-face contact
- d) Minimum Monthly telephone contact
- e) Financial Child support payments (weekly and monthly)
- f) Administrative —Cases that with court approval receive no direct probation supervision
- g) Other —Includes new cases pending classification and those who have absconded or who are serving concurrent prison sentences.

—Community Service: In many cases involving alcohol offenders, petty felony offenses, misdemeanors, et al., special probation supervision has been established where the offender maintains his job during the week and reports to his probation officer on weekends for work in and around the community. For others, this community service work could be performed during the week, still under probation supervision. Any project benefiting the community is screened for appropriateness for this free labor force.

—House Arrest-Electronic Surveillance: Considered the new kid on the block, this program is being tested in various areas of the state and requires the probationer to wear an electronic bracelet where his activities can be monitored and his whereabouts verified. Added sophistication to the system allows the probation officer to verify intoxication via telephonic analysis of the subject's breath.

—Intensive Probation Supervision (IPS): In order to add stricter accountability to street probation, this program was developed to provide closely monitored supervision to those probationers deemed most likely to stray from their probation guidelines. By teaming a probation officer and a surveillance officer together and given a caseload of no more than 25, the agency hopes to provide maximum supervision to that element of its caseload where something just short of incarceration is warranted.

—Diversion Centers: The mission of community diversion centers is to provide a structured residential facility program for offenders who would otherwise have received prison sentences. This is done by providing housing for probationers during the night, and having him or her report to job sites during the day. Paychecks are turned in each week and room and board, fines, restitution, family support and personal maintenance costs are deducted. Counseling and rehabilitative services are provided at the centers during the evenings.

—Special Alternative Incarceration (Shock Incarceration): Probably nothing in the field of corrections has caught on so dramatically as has this program of military style basic training. Incarcerated within a prison compound, these relatively young (17-25) first-time incarcerants serve 90 days in a program based on instilling the work ethic and appreciation of the rights of others, primarily their victims.

—Probation Detention Centers: Modeled along the lines of "shock incarceration" units, these centers offer the habitual traffic offender, the drunk driver and probation violators the option to serve 120 days in a minimum security setting rather than a regular prison. The atmosphere is work intensive, with evening hours set aside for drug and alcohol counseling.

Basic Probation Supervision					
Level	Number	Percentage			
Intensive	2,100	2			
Maximum	5,036	4			
High	16,607	13			
Medium	24,586	20			
Minimum	36,445	28			
Administrative	31,884	20			
Financial	5,034	7			
Other	7,639	6			
Total	129,381	100			

Community Service Facts

Number of probationers ordered community service	16,243
Number of hours completed by probationers	1,708,331
Approximate labor value for	\$5.711.908

App community service work performed in communi ties (calculated at mini-mum wage of \$3.35 per hour)

Workload Statistics	
Total amount of fines \$	\$5,767,660 23,629,743 10,272,045
a sense se s	39,669,488
Revocations	
Technical	1,770
New crime/conviction	2,276
New crime/no conviction	1,373
Total Revocations	5,419
Absconders	
Tolled	5,099
Non-tolled	234
Total Absconders	5,333
Other Workload Statistics	1
Long form presentence investigation	5,348
Short form presentence investigation	6,882
Record checks	116,043
Court time (hours)	137,925
URESA cases	4,835

Diversion Centers Earnings and Disbursements

18
3,567
\$6,237,380
\$1,169,399
\$1,776,663
\$57,437
\$286,124
\$1,154,548
116,270 hrs.

Georgia Correctional Industries

As a component of the state's prison system, Georgia Correctional Industries (GCI) is a public corporation, wholly owned by the state, which manufacturers products and supplies utilizing skilled inmate labor. Although state owned, GCI maintains its operation and planned growth patterns from revenues derived from its sales and services. Currently 14 manufacturing facilities statewide produce marketable items generating over \$16,000,000 in sales for FY89.

By utilizing inmate labor in its production phases, GCI can manufacture numerous items at greater cost savings than can outside companies. Consequently, GCI's market is, by law, restricted to governmental agencies and educational units. There is no involvement with sales to private industry and business. The operation of GCI is not only profitable to the state, but is of great benefit to the 902 inmates involved in the production phases.

Again by law, inmates under the supervision of the Georgia Department of Corrections cannot be paid for their labor. However, the skills and experience gained with the Industries programs have proved most marketable for inmates released back into the community. This experience is further augmented by the accreditation they receive from state vocational schools for their participation within the programs.

The chart below outlines the diversification of GCI and the availability of work for interested inmates.

Facility	Product Line	Inmates		
Lowndes CI Valdosta, GA	Chemicals	22		
Georgia State Prison Reidsville, GA	Metal Fabrication Park Furniture License Plates	109		
Walker CI Rock Springs, GA	Metal Fabrication	95		
Dodge CI Chester, GA	Wood Furniture	108		
Colony Farm Hardwick, GA	Garments	395		
Montgomery CI Mt. Vernon, GA	Signs/Decals Concrete Products Upholstery	132		
Stone Mountain CI Tucker, GA	Printing	41		

Georgia Department of Corrections Facilities List

State Institutions

Augusta Correctional/Medical Institution 3001 Gordon Highway Grovetown, GA 30813 404/860-8920 Gist: 336-8920 Supt.: Gene Scroggy Capacity 635 Security Level: Close/med/min

Bostick Correctional Institution

P.O. Box 1700 Hardwick, GA 31034 912/453-4623 GIST: 324-4623 Supt.: Jim Wharton Capacity 500 males Security Level: Medium

A.L. Burruss Correctional Training Center P.O. Box 4350

Forsyth, GA 31029-0696 912/994-5849 GIST: 262-4252 Supt.: Johnny Sikes Capacity 300 Security level: Medium

Central Correctional Institution 4600 Fulton Mill Rd. Macon, GA 31213

Macon, GA 31213 912/471-2906 Gist: 323-2906 Supt.: Truett Goodwin Capacity 546 Security Level: Close

Coastal Correctional Institution P.O. Box 7150 Garden City, GA 31048 912/964-9330 Gist: 335-9330 Supt.: Pat Donaldson Capacity 958 Security Level: Max (diagnostic fac.)

Dodge Correctional Institution P.O. Box 276 Chester, GA 31012 912/358-4801 Supt.: Bob Sharpe Capacity 704 Security Level: Close/Med/Min

Georgia Diagnostic & Classification Center P.O. Box 3877 Jackson, GA 30233 404/775-3161 Gist: 254-6011 Supt.: Walter Zant Capacity 1381 Security Level: Maximum (diagnostic fac.)

Georgia Industrial Institute P.O. Box 709 Alto, GA 30510 404/776-4700 Gist: 243-4700 Supt.: Barry Gaither Capacity 1443 Security level: Maximum

Georgia State Prison Star Route Reidsville, GA 30453 912/557-4301 Gist: 367-4011 Supt.: Jerry Thomas Capacity 956 Security Level: Maximum Georgia Training & Development Center 2989 W. Rock Quarry Road Buford, GA 30518 404/945-1301 Supt.: Rick Abbott Capacity 240 Security level: Medium

Lee Correctional Institution P.O. Box 399 Leesburg, GA 31763 912/759-6453 Gist: 341-4373 Supt.: Ira Kelso Capacity: 640 Security level: Close

Lowndes Correctional Institution P.O. Box 5367 Valdosta, GA 31603-5367 912/245-6450 Gist: 349-6450 Supt.: Leland Linahan Capacity 100 Security level: Medium

Men's Correctional Institution P.O. Box 396 Hardwick, GA 31034 912/453-4702 Gist: 324-4702 Supt.: Larry Hurt Capacity: 729 Security levels: Close/Med/Min

Metro Correctional Institution

1301 Constitution Rd. Atlanta, GA 30316 404/624-1411 Supt.: Mary Esposito Capacity 693 Security Level: Close

Montgomery Correctional Institution

P.O. Box 256 Mount Vernon, GA 30445 912/583-2286 Supt.: Robert Manville Capacity 425 Security Level: Close

Putnam Correctional Institution

P.O. Box 71 Eatonton, GA 31024 404/485-3301 Supt.: Herman Johnson Capacity 100 Security level: Medium

Rivers' Correctional Institution

P.O. Box 1500 Hardwick, GA 31034 912/453-4591 Gist: 324-4591 Supt.: Calvin Green Capacity 880 Security Level: Medium

Rogers Correctional Institution

P.O. Box 5300 Reidsville, GA 30453 912/557-4771 Supt.: Jimmy Sikes Capacity: 596 Security level: Medium, min.

Rutledge Correctional Institution 7175 Manor Road

Columbus, GA 31907 404/568-2340 Gist: 251-2340 Supt.: Paul Ford Capacity 580 Security level: Close

Frank C. Scott Correctional Institution (Formerly Youthful Offender Correctional Institution) P.O. Box 417 Hardwick, GA 31034

912/453-5375 Gist: 324-5375 Supt.: Grady Lewis Capacity 874 Security level: Medium

Stone Mountain Correctional Institution 5500 Venable Street Stone Mountain, GA 30083 404/469-1406 Supt.: Garrison Parker Capacity 228 Security level: Medium

Valdosta Correctional Institution P.O. Box 310

Valdosta, GA 31603-5385 919/333-7900 Supt.: David Thompson Capacity 500 Security level: Medium

Walker Correctional Institution P.O. Box 98 Rock Springs, GA 30739 404/764-1926 Supt.: Tom Jones (Acting) Capacity 324 Security level: Close

Ware Correctional Institution 3620 Harris Road Waycross, GA 31051 912/285-6400 Gist: 368-6400 Supt.: Doug Williams Capacity 500 Security level: Close

Wayne Correctional Institution P.O. Box 1545 Odum, GA 31555 912/586-2244 Supt.: Thomas Wallace Capacity 192 Security level: Close

Women's Correctional Institution P.O. Box 218 Hardwick, GA 31034 912/453-5218 Gist: 324-5218 Supt.: Gary Black Capacity 660 Security level: Maximum

County Institutions

Bulloch County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 1085 Statesboro, GA 30458 912/764-6217 Acting Warden: John Akins Capacity 90

Carroll County Correctional Institution 502 Old Newman Rd. Carrollton, GA 30117 404/832-3939 Warden: David Milsap Capacity 135

Clarke County Correctional Institution 2825 County Farm Road Athens, GA 30610 404/354-2900 Warden: Charles Greenway Capacity: 135

Colquitt County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 339 Moultrie, GA 31768 912/985-3331 Warden: Leland Dampier

Coweta County Correctional Institution 1 Selt Road Newnan, GA 30263 404/253-0794 Warden: Duke Blackburn Capacity 100 Decatur County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 1218 Bainbridge, Ga 31717 912/248-3036 Warden: Wayne Holt

Effingham County Correctional Institution

Springfield, GA 31329 912/754-6071, Ext. 108 Warden: Louis Davis, Jr. Capacity: 50

Capacity: 200

Floyd County Correctional Institution

329 Black's Bluff Road Rome, GA 30161 404/234-7549 Warden: Warner Hammond (Acting) Capacity 160 (with plans for 210)

Fulton County Correctional Institution

1101 Jefferson Street, N.W. Atlanta, GA 30318 404/875-6454 Warden: Alfred Pierce

Gilmer County Correctional Institution Cartecay Road Ellijay, GA 30540

404/635-6102 Warden: Frank Stott

Gwinnett County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 47 Lawrenceville, GA 30246 404/995-2890

Acting Warden: Michael Barkhurst Capacity 232

Hall County Correctional Institution Route 3, Box 110 A Gainesville, GA 30501 404/536-3672 Warden: Ralph Suggs, Jr. Capacity 218

Harris County Correctional Institution Route 2, Box 355 Hamilton, GA 31811 404/628-4959 Warden: Jimmy Evans Capacity: 55

Houston County Correctional Institution Kings Chapel Road Perry, Ga 31069 912/987-1477 Warden: Larry Fairchild Capacity: 104

Jackson County Correctional Institution Route 3, Box 247 Jefferson, GA 30549 404/367-5287 Warden: Joe Dalton

Jefferson County Correctional Institution Route 1, Box 9A Louisville, GA 30434 912//625-7230 Warden: George T. Smith

Meriwether County Correctional Institution Route 3, Box 3 Greenville, GA 30222 404/672-4433 Warden: Fred Smith Capacity: 76

Mitchell County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 191 Camilla, GA 31730 912/336-5691 Warden: Bruce Shiver Capacity: 80 Muscogee County Correctional Institution 3950 Schatulga Road Columbus, GA 31907 404/561-3220 Warden: Willard Ivey Capacity: 240

Richmond County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 5259 Augusta, GA 30906 404/798-5572 Warden: Robert Leverett (Acting) Capacity: 225

Screven County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 377 Sylvania, GA 30467 912/863-4555 Warden: Allen Mixson

Spalding County Correctional Institution 1515 Williamson Road Griffin, GA 30233 404/228-2946 Warden: Arsene C. Massac Capacity: 114

Stewart County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 157 Lumpkin, GA 31815 912/838-4385 Warden: Jimmy Babb

Sumter County Correctional Institution P.O. Box 484 Americus, GA 31709 912/924-6066 Warden: James W. McClung Capacity: 141

Terrell County Correctional Institution Route 5, Box 38 Dawson, Ga 31742 912/995-5381 Warden: Alan Rayburn (Acting) Capacity: 55

Thomas County Correctional Institution

Route 1, Box 302 Thomasville, GA 31792 912/226-8933 Warden: Johnny Mack Brown Capacity: 100

Troup County Correctional Institution

Hamilton Road LaGrange, GA 30240 404/883-1720 Warden: Billy Ledford Capacity: 80 (state) 26 (county) 69 (jail)

Upson County Correctional Institution

2440 Yatesville Highway Thomaston, GA 30286 404/647-7452 Warden: W.R. Cochran Capacity: 70

Transitional Centers

Albany Transitional Center 1306 S. Slappey Colony Square South, Suite J Albany, GA 31701 912/430-4276 Capacity: 150 Supt.: Tom Stevens

Atlanta Advancement Center

310 Ponce de Leon Ave., NE Atlanta, GA 30308 404/894-4277 or 4273 Gist: 222-4277 or 4273 Supt.: James Doctor Maximum capacity: 156 males Security level: Minimum

Macon Transitional Center

1100 Second Street Macon, Ga 31201 912/751-6090 or 6225 Gist: 321-6090 Supt.: Art Gavin Maximum capacity 128 Security level: Minimum

Metro Transitional Center

1303 Constitution Road Atlanta, Ga 30316 404/656-5375 Gist: 221-5375 Supt.: Mary Lewis Maximum capacity: 147 females Security level: Minimum

Milan Women's Center

P.O. Box 410 Milan, GA 31060 912/362-4295 Supt: Rose Renfroe Capacity 200 Security level: Med/min

Savannah Transitional Center 439 East Broad Street Savannah, GA 31401 912/651-2268 Gist: 361-2268 Supt.: Garvis McElroy Maximum Capacity: 75 males Age limits: 17 and up Security level: Minimum

Diversion Centers

Albany Diversion Center 2123 Reid St., Turner Field Albany, GA 31705 912/439-4309 Gist: 341-4309 Supt.: A. Don Chandler Capacity 65

Alcovy Diversion Center P.O. Box 1600 Monroe, GA 30655 404/267-7387 Supt.: Sam Wheeler Capacity: 52 males

Athens Diversion Center P.O. Box 1229 Athens, GA 30603 404/542-8628 Gist: 241-8628 Supt.: Clark Arick Capacity 52

Atlanta Diversion Center

1566 Bankhead Highway, NW Atlanta, GA 30318 404/792-7055 Supt.: Alexander Bullock Capacity 40

Augusta Diversion Center

P.O. Box 5706 Augusta, GA 30906 404/790-2916 Gist: 334-2918 Supt.: Alvin Mitchell Capacity 50

Clayton Diversion Center P.O. Box 2283 Forest Park, GA 30051-2283 404/363-7680 Gist: 227-7680 Supt: Margaret W. McBrayer Capacity 50 males

Cobb Diversion Center

831 N. Cobb Parkway Marietta, GA 30062 404/528-5300 Supt.: Dennis T. Clark Capacity 50

Columbus Diversion Center

3900 Schatulga Road Columbus, GA 31902 404/568-2167, 68, 69 Gist: 252-2167, 68 Supt.: Bobby Lavoie Capacity 52 males Fulton Diversion Center 975 Memorial Drive, SE Atlanta, GA 30316 404/656-3167 Gist: 221-3167 Supt.: Robert Rosenbloom Capacity: 38

Gainesville Diversion Center 1195 Broad Street Gainesville, GA 30501 404/535-5723 Gist: 261-5723 Supt.: Roger Pressley Capacity 50

Gateway Diversion Center 1100 Sylvan Road Atlanta, GA 30310 404/756-4611 Supt.: Arnold DePetro Capacity 52

Griffin Diversion Center P.O. Box 1086 Griffin, GA 30224 404/229-5841 Supt.: James Fletcher Capacity 52

Macon Diversion Center 1232 Jeffersonville Road Macon, GA 31201 912/751-6197 Gist: 321-6197 Supt.: R. Dennis Cook Capacity 40

Rome Diversion Center c/o Northwest Georgia Regional Hospital, Bldg. 206 Rome, GA 30161 404/295-6418 Gist: 231-6418 Supt.: James H. Deal Capacity 50

Savannah Diversion Center P.O. Box 1087 Savannah, GA 31401 912/651-2733 Gist: 361-2733 Supt.: Raymond Rouse Capacity: 52

Thomasville Diversion Center P.O. Box 980 Thomasville, GA 31792 912/225-4025 Gist: 352-4025 Supt.: Rebecca Dollar Capacity 40 Security level: Minimum

Waycross Diversion Center P.O. Box 759 Waycross, GA 31502-0759 912/285-6028 Gist: 368-6028 Supt.: Jim Arnold Capacity 52

Women's Diversion Center 1053 West Peachtree St. Atlanta, GA 30309 404/894-5610 Gist: 222-5610 Supt.: Vicki Hancock Capacity 24

Detention Centers

Central District Probation Detention Center P.O. Box 190 Cadwell, GA 31009 912/689-4750 Supt.: Ross Gearinger

I.W. Davis Probation Detention Center P.O. Box 730 Jefferson, GA 30549 404/367-1732, 1766 Supt.: David Gibbs Hart County Probation Detention Center P.O. Box 769 Hartwell, GA 30643 404/376-6999 Supt.: Corrie Byrd

Northeast District Probation Detention Center P.O. Box 2239 Blairsville, GA 30512 404/745-3610 Supt.: Doug Gooch

Southeast District Probation Detention Center P.O. Box 869 Claxton, GA 30417 912/739-1911 Supt.: Robert Williams

Southwest District Probation Detention Center South Vandenberg Drive Spence Field P.O. Box 1080 Moultrie, GA 31768 912/890-1991 Supt.: Roger Varnadore

Western District Probation Detention Center 1019 Billy Blvd. P.O. Box 2259 Butler, GA 31006 912/862-5853, 5851 Supt.: Lee Oxford

PROFILE OF INMATES IN PRISON AS OF JUNE 1989

TOTAL STATE PRISON POPULATION	19,515	
RACE		. · · · · ·
White	6,890	35%
Nonwhite	12,625	65%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
SEX		
Male	18,588	95%
Female	927	5%
Not Reported	0	•
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates	,	
DACE AND COM		
RACE AND SEX	6 570	0.40/
White Male	6,570	34%
Nonwhite Male	12,018	62%
White Female	320	2%
Nonwhite Female	607	3%
Not Reported	0	1000/
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
CRIME		
Felony	19,357	99%
Misdemeanor	158	1%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
AGE		
21 and under	1,611	8%
22 to 39	14,256	
40 to 54	3,060	73%
55 and over	588	3%
Not Reported	0	570
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates	17,717	10070
Data not reported on 070 of infinates		
AVERAGE AGE	32.27	
	ا بندرمت ک	

I.Q.		
Less than 70	972	6%
70 and up	14,486	94%
Not Reported*	4,057	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 21% of inmates		
AVERAGE I.Q.	98.38	
SELF-REPORTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC CLASS		
Welfare	2,093	13%
Occasionally Employed	93	1%
Minimum Standard	7,199	46%
Middle Class	6,366	40%
Other	14	0%
Not Reported	3,750	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 19% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED ENVIRONMENT TO AGE 16		
Rural (farm)	1,551	10%
Rural (non-farm)	1,032	7%
S.M.S.A,	5,679	36%
Urban	3,398	22%
Small Town	4,125	26%
Other	- 32	
Not Reported	3,698	23%
Total	19,515	90%
Data not reported on 19% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED EDUCATION LEVEL		
Less than Grade 7	839	5%
Grade 7	640	4%
Grade 8	1,617	10%
Grade 9	2,195	13%
Grade 10	2,634	16%
Grade 11	2,094	12%
Grade 12	6,177	37%
More than Grade 12	681	4%
Not Reported	2,638	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 14% of inmates		
AVERAGE EDUCATION LEVEL	10.40	

FUNCTIONAL READING LEVEL (WRAT SCOR	ES)	
Less than Grade 6	7,057	47%
Grade 6 through 8	3,815	26%
Grade 9	811	5%
Grade 10	653	4%
Grade 11	508	3%
Grade 12	1,978	13%
More than Grade 12	92	1%
Not Reported	4,601	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 24% of inmates		
AVERAGE READING SCORE	6.83	
NUMBER OF SENTENCES		
One	7,355	38%
Two	4,514	23%
Three	2,833	15%
Four	1,829	9%
Five	1,005	5%
More than Five	1,921	10%
Not Reported	58	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT	APPREHE	NSION
Employed Full Time	3,998	26%
Employed Part Time	457	3%
Unemployed Recently	4,554	29%
Unemployed Long Time	6,181	39%
Never Worked	249	2%
Student	63	0%
Incapable of Work	1.59	1%
Not Reported	3,854	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 20% of inmates		
SELF-REPORTED MARITAL STATUS		
Single, Never Married	7,266	45%
Married	2,887	18%
Separated	1,063	7%
Divorced (Not Remarried)	1,720	11%
Widowed	280	2%
Common Law Marriage	2,841	18%
Other Not Basente #	6	0%
Not Reported	3,452	1000
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 18% of inmates		

SELF-REPORTED NUMBER OF CHILDREN		
No Children	4,264	32%
One Child	3,652	28%
Two Children	2,491	19%
Three Children	1,412	11%
Four Children	668	5%
Five Children	306	2%
More than Five	366	3%
Not Reported	6,356	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 33% of inmates	· .	
SELE DEBODTED DELLOLOUS A DEVI A DEVI		
SELF-REPORTED RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION		- 01
Islam (Muslim) Catholic	381	3%
	670	5%
Baptist Methodist	9,857	67%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	653	4%
Episcopalian	38	0%
Presbyterian	78	1%
Church of God	160	
Holiness	807	5%
Jewish	16	0%
Anglican	2	0%
Greek Orthodox	• 0 *	0%
Hindu	0	0%
Buddhist	5	0%
Tadist	0	0%
Shintdist	3	0%
Seven Day Adventist	26	0%
Jchovah Whitness	67	0%
Later Day Saints	12	0%
Quaker	0	0%
Other Protestant	37	0%
None	736	5%
Other	1,175	8%
Not Reported	4,792	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 25% of inmates	· · · ·	
FAMILY BEHAVIOR PATTERNS**		
Criminality	2,916	26%
Alcoholism	1,410	13%
Drug Abuse	1,410	13%
Domineering	35	0%
Migrant	319	3%
Frequent Beatings		
Grossly Permissive	245	2%
	84	1%
Father Absent	5,039	45%
Mother Absent	900	8%
Other Not Benevityd	41	0%
Not Reported	10,515	
Total	21,641	100%
Data not reported on 54% of inmates		

SUARDIAN STATUS TO AGE 16		
Orphanage	38	09
Father Only Head	397	29
Father with Mother Head	152	19
Mother Only Head	5,404	349
Mother with Father Head	7,940	509
Other Female	427	39
Other Male	65	09
Step Parents	78	09
Foster Home	228	. 19
Grandparents	1,091	79
Other	95	10
Not Reported	3,600	
Total	19,515	1009
Data not reported on 18% of inmates	3	
RIMES BY GROUP		
Homicide	2,992	15
Abortion	0	0
Bodily Injury and Related Offenses	2,089	11
Arson and Related Offenses	160	1
Damage of Property	38	0
Burglary and Related Offenses	2,741	14
Forgery and Related Offenses	523	3
Theft	1,109	6
Robbery	3,879	20
Sexual Offenses	2,189	11
Obscenity Crimes	0	0
Treason and Related Offenses	1	0
Crimes Involving Government	33	0
Falsifications	4	0
Obstruction of Law	52	0
Disorderly Conduct	5	0
Gambling and Related Offenses	1 -	0
Cruelty to Children	92	0
Crimes With Guns	99	1
Invasion of Privacy	11	0
Racketeering	14	0
Drug Abuse Offenses	2,173	119
Drug Trafficking	539	3
Auto Crimes	561	30
Revenue and Contraband	0	0
Miscellaneous Felonies	60	0
Misdemeanors	150	10
Not Reported	0	

SECURITY STATUS		
Trusty	516	3%
Minumum Supervision	3,352	17%
Medium Supervision	6,448	33%
Close Supervision	5,128	26%
Maximum Supervision	777	4%
Diagnostic	3,294	17%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,515	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		
MOST FREQUENT CRIMES***		
Burglary (F)	2,701	14%
Armed Robbery (F)	2,387	12%
Murder (F)	2,040	10%
Aggravated Assault (F)	1,421	7%
Robbery (F)	1,358	7%
Rape (F)	1,069	5%
Possession Opiates, Narcotics (F)	814	4%
Voluntary Manslaughter (F)	756	4%
Violate Georgia Control Substance	588	3%
Child Molesting (F)	530	3%
Forgery, First Degree (F)	477	2%
Habitual Traffic Violation (F)	463	2%
Sale, Dist of Opiates, Narcotics (F)	461	2%
Kidnapping (F)	401	2%
Theft by Taking (F)	345	2%
All Other Felonies	3,546	18%
Misdemeanors	278	1%
Not Reported	0	
Total	19,635	100%
Data not reported on 0% of inmates		

* Some categories contain large numbers of "Not Reported" responses. The percentages listed by each category are the true estimates for the entire inmate population since the "Not Reported" category is disregarded when computing these percentages. The percentage of inmates with unreported data is provided to give some idea as to the quantity of unreported data.

** Since behavior problems, not inmates, are counted, there may be more than one behavior code assigned to an inmate. Therefore, the total number of cases, both reported and not reported, may exceed the total inmate population.

***(F) denotes a Felony.

Source: Inmate Statistical Profile Statistics Unit-Office of Evaluation and Statistics

Bobby K. Whitworth, Commissioner Georgia Department of Corrections

2 Martin Luther King Jr. Dr., SE Suite 856, East Tower Atlanta, Georgia 30334

Information: (404)656-4593 TTY Number for the Hearing Impaired: 656-5467 Facsmile Machine: 656-6694

