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1992

The Annual Report of the  
Pennsylvania Commission on  
Crime and Delinquency

Current Efforts

Future Challenges:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

COMMISSION ON CRIME AND DELINQUENCY

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December 31, 1992

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**CURRENT EFFORTS  
AND  
FUTURE CHALLENGES**

**ACQUISITIONS**

**The 1992 Annual Report  
of the  
Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency**

**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania**

**March 1993**

142246

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## PREFACE

The Commission on Crime and Delinquency derives its mission from Act 274 of 1978. It has general responsibility to examine criminal justice problems, propose solutions and monitor and evaluate the impact of these solutions on the state's criminal justice system. The PCCD has historically undertaken the role of change agent for the state's criminal justice system. Due to its unique position within state government and its strong working relationship with all facets of Pennsylvania's criminal justice system, the PCCD plays a pivotal role in fostering interagency coordination, cross-component programming, and the use of multi-agency coalitions to address systemic needs. In order to accomplish this mission, the PCCD provides statewide criminal statistical and analytical services; renders technical assistance and training in areas that cut across the system or in areas not addressed by other agencies; and provides grant funds as seed monies for criminal and juvenile justice organizations and as subsidy for maintaining local services for crime victims.

This report highlights the significant issues and initiatives that were addressed by the PCCD during 1992. The document's purpose is two-fold. First, it provides a summary of the scope and magnitude of PCCD's efforts in support of improving the administration of justice in the Commonwealth. Second, it offers insight into issues and program activities which the agency will be addressing in the coming year.

Eight major program areas are addressed in the report, including: Intermediate Punishment Programs; Statistical and Policy Research; Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention; Deputy Sheriffs' Training; Community Crime Prevention; Victim/Witness Services; Criminal Justice and Drug Prevention Education Training; and Drug Control and System Improvement. Additionally, the report addresses the important administrative and financial management functions of PCCD, with special emphasis on grants administration responsibilities.

Additional information concerning the programs and activities of the PCCD is available by contacting the agency directly. Requests can be directed to us in writing or by calling (717) 787-2040 or our Pennsylvania toll-free number: (800) 692-7292.

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## 1992 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The Minority Research Project funded by PCCD in 1991 was completed and the research findings were presented in the report entitled, "The Role of Race in Juvenile Justice Case Processing in Pennsylvania."

A community-based prevention/intervention initiative was implemented to prevent future delinquent behavior among targeted at-risk youths. The long-term goal of this project is to reduce minority over-representation within juvenile detention/correctional facilities.

During 1992, PCCD administered a total of 317 subgrant awards in the amount of \$25.4 million.

PCCD developed the first joint statewide Victim Assistance Conference in collaboration with Mothers Against Drunk Driving, the Crime Victims' Compensation Board and the Coalitions Against Rape and Domestic Violence.

In cooperation with the Pennsylvania District Attorneys Institute, the Commission created the Victim/Witness Services Training and Technical Assistance Project to provide ongoing training and skills development for victim assistance staff principally located in the district attorneys' offices.

The Commission organized a pilot project to develop a model management information system for community-based victim service agencies.

The Commission participated with the Department of Corrections, the Board of Probation and Parole, the Juvenile Court Judges' Commission, and the Department of Public Welfare in a federal initiative designed to introduce victim-related reforms in the correctional environment.

PCCD conducted a Drug Control and System Improvement (DCSI) Program Forum in July 1992 that focused on the problems of drug abuse/trafficking and violent crime activities in Pennsylvania. As a result of the Forum, two priority program areas emerged as being the main focus of concern by all attendees. These were juvenile justice initiatives and community-based criminal justice operations.

In 1992, 154 members of the state's law enforcement community successfully completed one of PCCD's 26-hour Crime Prevention Practitioners' Training Courses.

PCCD, in concert with the state's university/college community, conducted a series of Campus Sexual Assault Seminars during 1992 which attracted over 500 participants.

As part of PCCD's Tenth Annual Citizen Crime Prevention Volunteer Recognition Awards Program, 231 individuals and 102 businesses/organizations were formally recognized for their valuable contributions to local crime prevention programs.

The Pennsylvania Crime Prevention Conference attracted approximately 200 participants to the Holiday Inn Harrisburg-West, Mechanicsburg, on October 28-30, 1992.

Through its chairmanship of the Correctional Populations Projection Committee, PCCD was involved in the analyses of more than 50 pieces of legislation and produced impact estimates on 13 bills likely to affect the state's correctional system.

The Deputy Sheriffs' Education and Training Board certified 172 deputy sheriffs through its basic training course and provided continuing education training to approximately 500 deputies.

In 1992, 57 law enforcement officers were graduated from one of PCCD's 80-hour Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) Officer Training Seminars.

During 1992 PCCD reviewed and approved 59 intermediate punishment plans granting counties authorization to sentence eligible offenders to such programs and/or making the county eligible to seek construction and renovation monies through the Department of Corrections under Act 1990-71; awarded 15 federal grants to support county intermediate punishment projects; conducted a training workshop for interested counties; and developed a mechanism to provide technical assistance directly from PCCD or through cooperative arrangements with outside agencies.

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## THE PCCD AND ITS FUNCTIONS

The 27-member Commission includes representatives from all facets of the Commonwealth's justice system, the state General Assembly, the Executive Branch and knowledgeable private citizens. The Commission meets on a quarterly basis to award funds under the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act, the federal Victims of Crime Act, the federal Drug Control and System Improvement Program, and state Act 1984-96, as amended, for local victim/witness services, and to set policy direction for the Commission staff activities.

The day-to-day work of the PCCD is accomplished by a civil service staff of 52 and an attorney shared with the Crime Victims' Compensation Board. Staff members are organized within the Executive Office and within the major functional areas of responsibility.

### EXECUTIVE OFFICE

The Executive Office is responsible for providing overall direction for the agency, determining staff priorities, allocating program and budget resources, and administering federal and state grant programs assigned to PCCD. The Executive Office also contains the agency's internal staff development function; provides external criminal justice training, which includes an emphasis on law enforcement substance abuse prevention for school-aged children; and produces the Commission's newsletter.

### BUREAU OF ADMINISTRATION AND FINANCE

This bureau provides all the administrative and financial support for PCCD. The bureau includes the Administrative Services Division and the Grants Management Division. Functions include personnel services; agency budget preparation and monitoring tasks; procurement of goods and services for program operation; fiscal management of the agency's federal and state programs; auditing functions; automotive support; and mail services.

### BUREAU OF STATISTICS AND POLICY RESEARCH

As the criminal justice Statistical Analysis Center for the Commonwealth, the bureau is the state repository for statistical information dealing with crime and the administration of justice. In this function, the bureau is responsible for providing thorough, accurate, and timely analysis of the factors causing change in the criminal justice system, including legislation that may impact on the dynamics of the system.

### BUREAU OF PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

This bureau provides oversight for the Commission's various federal and state funded grant programs and serves as the Commission's liaison to the General Assembly. The bureau's four program areas include the following:

- \* The Drug Control and System Improvement Program, which provides federal grant funding, technical assistance and statewide training events based upon the direction set in the annual Statewide Drug Control and System Improvement Strategy.

- \* The Intermediate Punishment Program, which provides for the development of standards for programs and services, the administration and disbursement of funds, the review and compliance of county intermediate punishment plans, and the provision of training and technical assistance to counties.

- \* The Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Program, which provides staff support to the gubernatorially appointed Juvenile Advisory Committee, manages the state's formula grant award under this federal program area, and provides technical assistance to state/local juvenile justice agencies.

- \* The Victim/Witness Services Program, which provides training and technical assistance to criminal justice personnel and victim/witness services providers and manages the grant programs under state and federal crime victim statutes.

### DEPUTY SHERIFFS' EDUCATION AND TRAINING DIVISION

This division provides staff support for the gubernatorially appointed Deputy Sheriffs' Education and Training Board and manages the legislatively mandated 160-hour basic training and 16 to 20-hour biennial continuing education requirements.

### COMMUNITY CRIME PREVENTION DIVISION

This division manages a statewide program that provides training and technical assistance to local municipalities, law enforcement agencies, the university/college community and citizens in strategies for preventing or reducing criminal victimization through community-based crime reduction efforts.



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## JUVENILE JUSTICE

During 1992, the Commission continued to implement initiatives under its current three-year plan emphasizing the following: 1) the maintenance of compliance with federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act (JJDPA) regulations calling for the removal of juveniles from adult jails/correctional facilities and police lockups; 2) implementation of activities designed to address and reduce the over-representation of minority youths in juvenile treatment facilities; and 3) prevention of future delinquent behavior among juveniles at risk of entering or re-entering the formal juvenile justice system.

In 1992, the Juvenile Advisory Committee's Minority Confinement Subcommittee implemented community-based prevention/intervention projects in Philadelphia via funding awarded to four local minority-serving organizations in Philadelphia's 25th Police District. These organizations implemented programs targeting minority youths at risk of entering or re-entering the juvenile justice system.

Also during 1992, the PCCD served as the chair agency for the Juvenile Justice Task Force established by the Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare in Fall 1989. During 1992, the Task Force directed its efforts toward implementing 18 of the 54 recommendations contained in the Task Force report released in November 1991. These 18 recommendations were identified as being critical to improving the overall operation of Pennsylvania's juvenile justice system. The following areas are addressed in these recommendations: arrest; intake and referral; detention; assessment/case management; adjudication/disposition; treatment; victim services; and systems management.

A total of \$4,019,496 in federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention funds were awarded to state, county and municipal governmental units and private delinquency treatment providers during 1992. These funds were utilized to support juvenile jail removal projects; community-based prevention/intervention projects targeting at-risk minority juveniles; family therapy/counseling projects; treatment for juvenile sex offenders; training for juvenile justice system professionals; education; drug/alcohol counseling and electronic monitoring of juvenile offenders.

During 1992, training sessions on Act 1991-9 (Pennsylvania's police department jail removal legislation) for police, county juvenile probation officers and county children and youth agency staff were provided for counties by PCCD staff and Police Liaison Project personnel. Also, site visits to 172 police facilities were conducted by the Police Liaisons to verify levels of compliance with state/federal jail removal requirements reported by police on the monthly summary log forms submitted to PCCD.

The Minority Confinement Research Project report entitled, "The Role of Race in Juvenile Justice Processing in Pennsylvania," was released in November of 1992. This research involved an 18-month study of 1,797 cases randomly selected from 14 counties involving African American, Latino and White youths referred to juvenile courts for alleged delinquency offenses during 1989. The research focused on juvenile case processing beginning at the juvenile court intake stage and attempted to determine what factors were significantly related to case outcome. Findings indicated that case processing for African Americans and Whites beyond intake was affected by multiple charges, prior record and whether the case was processed in a suburban jurisdiction. Drug offenses were more likely to move minority youth cases forward, as were person-related offenses for cases involving White youths. The research concluded, however, that the drug relationship may be explained in part by type of offense since the minority youth cases in the study more often involved possession of cocaine or drug sales, while possession of marijuana was more common among White youths.

The research findings and recommendations will be utilized by the Juvenile Court Judges' Commission and its Center for Juvenile Justice Training and Research, and by PCCD's Juvenile Advisory Committee and its Minority Confinement Subcommittee, in their continued development of programs and services to improve Pennsylvania's juvenile justice system.

In 1993, PCCD will continue to serve as the convener of the Juvenile Justice Task Force as it works to implement the 18 priority Task Force recommendations.

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## DRUG CONTROL AND SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT

The federal Drug Control and System Improvement (DCSI) formula grant funds administered by PCCD provide seed money to state and local governmental entities to assist them in implementing projects that offer a high probability of improving the criminal justice system. During 1992, PCCD awarded 99 subgrants totalling over \$16.8 million in DCSI funds. These monies provided direct support for 67 new criminal justice improvement efforts and continuation funding for 19 third-year and 13 second-year projects initiated during 1990 and 1991, respectively.

The \$9.9 million in second- and third-year continuation funding awarded by PCCD in 1992 supported 22 local government agency and 11 state agency initiatives. Local efforts included projects aimed at addressing the statewide jail overcrowding situation and providing needed intensive supervision and treatment services for drug and alcohol problem offenders. The state level initiatives included major drug interdiction projects by the Office of the Attorney General and the Pennsylvania State Police and a statewide juvenile probation drug and alcohol program sponsored by the Juvenile Court Judges' Commission. A significant portion of this state level funding directly impacted upon county and municipal law enforcement efforts. Also included at the state level was second-year funding support for the Department of Corrections' motivational boot camp and the Board of Probation and Parole's county probation grant-in-aid program which is designed to provide additional intensive supervision officers.

The PCCD committed approximately \$5.7 million in DCSI funding during 1992 to develop new projects that addressed identified local level criminal justice systems needs. Similar to 1991, it was determined that the most effective use of these funds would be to continue support of county level intermediate punishment programs. Other areas again designated as priorities for local project funding included: community policing; comprehensive victim services; child abuse prosecution; and criminal justice training. While these types of programs extend beyond direct drug enforcement activities, PCCD recognizes that most of these areas continue to be adversely affected by the pervasiveness of the drug problems that exist across Pennsylvania.

Of the more than 71 new grants which PCCD awarded during 1992 under its DCSI local program priorities, 34 were intermediate punishment projects totalling approximately \$4.2 million; four were community

policing projects for over \$300,000; 22 were comprehensive victim services projects for more than \$350,000; 10 were child abuse prosecution projects totalling approximately \$465,000; and \$350,000 was awarded for criminal justice training.

In addition to this \$5.7 million that was awarded directly to local governmental agencies, approximately \$2.2 million was awarded in new state level projects in 1992. Of this amount, approximately 95% went in support to local county/community efforts. This support included efforts to further improve the operation of the Board of Probation and Parole's field intensive supervision programs and the Department of Public Welfare's initiatives to increase the capability of the secure facilities of the Department's Youth Development Center/Youth Forestry Camp System which has been operating at over 100% capacity for some time. The remaining state agency initiative was the provision of a specialized response vehicle for the Pennsylvania State Police Clandestine Laboratory Emergency Response Program.

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PCCD has been working closely with the Governor's Drug Policy Council and the Governor's Budget Office in its formulation of a 1993 DCSI funding strategy for the \$18 million to be awarded to Pennsylvania.

In formulating the 1993 DCSI funding strategy, PCCD has relied primarily on three different information-gathering activities that were conducted during the last six months of 1992. These include conducting a Forum and Roundtable made up of PCCD members, representatives of state and local government, and representatives of professional associations; the soliciting of written input from Forum attendees; and the surveying of existing program activities within PCCD. As a result, PCCD has identified eight priority program areas for allocation of the \$6 million available for local level 1993 funding. These areas include juvenile justice initiatives, intermediate punishment, community policing, community-based criminal justice operations, child abuse prosecution, comprehensive victim services, criminal justice training, and new and expanded criminal justice communication/automation efforts. Of these eight priority areas, the juvenile justice initiatives, intermediate punishment, and community policing will be the major focus during 1993. In addition to these eight priority areas, PCCD has also identified a ninth program area which has been designated "special opportunities/critical needs." Projects within this area fall outside of the normal priority program areas.

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## INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENT

The County Intermediate Punishment Act (Act 1990-193), enacted in December 1990, assigned a number of responsibilities to PCCD, including the development of standards for programs and services; the administration and disbursement of funds; the review and compliance of county intermediate punishment plans; and the provision of training and technical assistance to the counties. The PCCD is also responsible for reviewing Intermediate Punishment Plans submitted by counties seeking funding under Act 1990-71, the Prison Facilities Improvement Act, administered by the Department of Corrections.

Intermediate Punishment is defined as a punishment option that is considered to fall on a continuum between traditional probation and traditional incarceration. Some of the post-adjudication sanctions that can be used as intermediate punishments include house arrest; intensive supervision probation; electronic monitoring; community service; drug testing; drug and alcohol treatment; and use of fines and restitution.

The Pennsylvania Commission on Sentencing, in accordance with Act 1990-201, amended the sentencing guidelines to include intermediate punishment options. The intent is to divert the less serious non-violent offender from county jail incarceration to intermediate punishment programs. Certain DUI offenders (no serious bodily injury) are eligible for intermediate punishment but are restricted to a residential inpatient program, a residential rehabilitative center, or house arrest or electronic monitoring combined with drug and alcohol treatment.

In 1992, PCCD continued to promote and support intermediate punishment programs throughout Pennsylvania. A total of 59 intermediate punishment plans were received from counties and approved by PCCD. For FFY-1992, a total of \$2 million in new Drug Control and System Improvement (DCSI) grant monies was made available for use by counties for the development of intermediate punishment programs. Awards were made to 15 counties, bringing the total number of projects being funded to 34.

A major training effort in 1992 was a three-day workshop titled, "County System Assessments for Intermediate Punishments." Twelve counties were invited to send teams of policy makers consisting of a judge, district attorney, county commissioner, prison board president, chief probation officer, warden, intermediate punishment coordinator, and human services representatives. The workshop was a

cooperative effort among PCCD, the Pennsylvania Commission on Sentencing, and the National Institute of Corrections. The overall goal was to provide participating counties with direction and assistance in assessing their local criminal justice system and to make sound decisions on the most effective use of intermediate punishment programs. PCCD Intermediate Punishment Program Regulations were given final regulatory approval in 1992.

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The PCCD expects to continue aggressively promoting intermediate punishment programs throughout the coming years. During FFY-1993, it is anticipated that an additional \$1.25 million in grant funds, along with continuation monies for current programs, will be available for county intermediate punishment programs. Statewide training will also continue to be a priority. This training will consist of additional regional workshops directed to county practitioners, as well as specialized seminars in areas such as electronic monitoring and drug testing.

In addition, an Intermediate Punishment Clearinghouse will be operational at PCCD in 1993 to provide all counties with a single point of contact from which to obtain resource information on the development and implementation of intermediate punishment programs. Reference materials, models of well-established programs, studies and surveys are some examples of the material that will be available from such sources as the National Institute of Justice, the National Institute of Corrections, and the National Criminal Justice Reference Service.

The provision of technical assistance will also be a priority as PCCD establishes a network of local intermediate punishment specialists. This network will consist of consultants with expertise in specific areas of intermediate punishment who will be appropriately assigned to a county submitting a request for technical assistance. Currently, technical assistance is available directly from PCCD or through cooperative arrangements with the National Institute of Corrections, the Edna McConnell Clark Foundation or Community Research Associates.

The PCCD is committed to the development of a full range of intermediate punishment programs in Pennsylvania. We will continue to maintain an open dialogue with the counties and will keep all parties up to date with information concerning training seminars, implementation of new services, available grant monies, and other pertinent information.

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## DEPUTY SHERIFFS' EDUCATION AND TRAINING

The Deputy Sheriffs' Education and Training Board completed its eighth year of basic training during 1992. The Board's basic training delivery contractor, the Dickinson School of Law, provided two basic training courses and one waiver course. Upon completion of these courses 172 deputy sheriffs were certified by the Board. This brought the total number of deputy sheriffs certified by the Board to 1,499.

Basic training consists of 160 hours of instruction presented during a four-week course and includes several major subject areas related to the duties of a deputy sheriff: civil and criminal law and procedure; court security; prisoner transport; mechanics of arrest; crisis intervention; professional development; self-defense; first aid; and firearms. Waiver training is attended by deputies who have been granted a waiver of basic training, due to their prior Pennsylvania-based enforcement experience and training and covers the topics of civil law and procedure, court security, and prisoner transport in a 40-hour, one-week course.

Continuing education is designed to refresh, update and expand the job-related knowledge of deputies. During its sixth year of continuing education training the Board implemented a supervisory training module specifically designed to meet the needs of chief deputies and other departmental supervisory personnel. The continuing education curriculum contains 14 topics organized into six training modules. Topics covered by the curriculum include: legal updates; principles of survival; civil process; weapons retention; labor injunctions; VIP/witness protection; behavior management; controlled substances; report writing; and mechanics of arrest. The supervisory curriculum includes: supervisory process; employee assessment; team building; and strategic planning.

Act 1984-2 requires that all deputies attend continuing education biennially. To accommodate this mandate the Board's continuing education training delivery contractor, Temple University Department of Criminal Justice, provides training to an average of 500 deputies annually. The training is provided in ten locations across the state.

During 1992, the Board recognized the threat to deputy sheriffs posed by job-related exposure to infectious diseases. As a result of its initial inquiries into the problem, the Board found that the present threat is composed of three diseases: HIV/AIDS, hepatitis B, and infectious tuberculosis. Based upon a survey of all 67 sheriffs' departments, the Board began the development of a multi-faceted training effort to ensure that deputies are fully informed of the threat and appropriate precautions.

Within the next year the Board expects to include the topic of infectious disease in both the basic and continuing education curricula. The Board also expects to implement a train-the-trainer program related to infectious disease, with the aim of having an infectious disease training capability within each sheriff's department. In addition, the Board has designed a training program related to the development of a departmental policy response to infectious disease.

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Based upon its past experience in training delivery, the Board anticipates that the annual number of basic and continuing education trainees will change little over the next few years. However, there is one issue that could have a severe impact on the Board's training programs and the effort to professionalize deputy sheriffs.

The Supreme Court's action to change Rule 400, Rules of Civil Procedure, altered the service of civil papers in Philadelphia and drastically reduced the Act 1984-2 surcharge collections remitted by the Philadelphia Sheriff. A surcharge shortfall is particularly detrimental to the Board's training efforts since the surcharge is the sole source of funding for the Board, which receives no General Fund support.

House Bill 2018, designed to correct the Act 1984-2 surcharge collection shortfall, was amended and passed by the House during the closing days of the 1991-92 legislative session. The bill was not passed by the Senate. This situation makes quick passage of a new bill, similar to the unamended version of House Bill 2018, crucial during the initial stages of the next legislative session. Without quick action during the first quarter of 1993, the Board anticipates reduction or curtailment of its training programs for deputy sheriffs during the 1993-94 fiscal year.

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## **CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND DRUG PREVENTION-EDUCATION TRAINING**

### **CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING**

In 1992, PCCD directed its grant-supported training and educational efforts toward a variety of projects addressing the needs of police, prosecutors, juvenile correction officials, and victim services providers. Through the eight projects funded during the year, PCCD invested more than \$400,000 toward enhancing the knowledge, skills and abilities of criminal justice system and victim services professionals.

Training projects supported by PCCD included an effort by Villanova University's Human Organization Science Institute to conduct specialized training for law enforcement personnel on working with schools to provide drug and alcohol abuse prevention programming to students; a Coalition Against Domestic Violence project to provide training and technical assistance to county prosecutors on effective intervention strategies in domestic violence; a training and technical assistance project from Families of Murder Victims, Incorporated to develop new and expand existing services to the families and friends of murder victims; and, through the Pennsylvania Juvenile Officers Association, to provide specialized training for juvenile officers in topics related to crime and substance abuse in schools. In addition, PCCD supported the Office of Attorney General in providing municipal law enforcement personnel with training on clandestine drug lab awareness and safety practices; through the Juvenile Detention Centers Association of Pennsylvania provided professional and technical training seminars for educational, administrative and supervisory personnel working in that field; helped Temple University's Law, Education and Participation Project conduct cooperative training for police, probation officers and educators in prevention strategies for middle/junior high school students; and funded the District Attorneys Institute training efforts with prosecutors and police in areas such as child abuse and drug prosecution.

### **PREVENTION-EDUCATION TRAINING**

In 1992, PCCD, the Governor's Drug Policy Council and the state Department of Education continued to offer local police agencies the opportunity to receive training in the nationally recognized Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) Project and the Pennsylvania-based Partners In Prevention (PIP) seminar.

Utilizing federal funds, PCCD conducted two, 80-hour D.A.R.E. Officer Training Seminars during the year, resulting in 57 officers receiving designation as D.A.R.E. instructors. Additional officer training was

conducted by the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Police Departments in 1992. Combined, these programs graduated nearly 100 new D.A.R.E. instructors.

D.A.R.E. programs within the state were conducted in 105 public school districts during the 1991-92 school year, with more than 50,000 students attending the program's core instruction and more than 65,000 receiving preliminary exposure to the program through class visits by the D.A.R.E. officer. Additionally, more than 9,000 non-public school students received D.A.R.E.'s core curriculum and nearly 3,400 received class visits. Anecdotal information from D.A.R.E. officers indicates continued strong endorsement and support for this program by school and parents.

Complementing the D.A.R.E. effort, PCCD also provided several sessions of the Partners in Prevention (PIP) seminar. PIP introduces the law enforcement officer to the variety of services which they can perform in supporting drug and alcohol abuse prevention education in the school environment. The seminar exposes officers to a variety of prevention strategies, steps for building a working partnership with schools, and basic classroom instructional techniques for use with the elementary grade students. More than 50 officers from local police and sheriffs' offices attended the two seminars.

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PCCD's plans to aggressively pursue many of the areas where training and education can and will make significant contributions to the quality and effectiveness of the Commonwealth's justice system. Community policing strategies, child abuse prosecution, expansion of services to crime victims, and drug enforcement operations exemplify some of the training opportunities awaiting action.

In the area of prevention-education PCCD will continue promotion of law enforcement's involvement in the development and implementation of community-based demand reduction programs directed toward elementary school-aged youth. The emphases for 1993 will be on developing increased coordination among PCCD and the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh police in D.A.R.E. training; establishing written policies and procedures regarding the conduct of D.A.R.E. training courses and local programs; and working with the regional D.A.R.E. training center in Virginia to meet the requirements for accreditation as the D.A.R.E. training center for Pennsylvania.

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## VICTIM/WITNESS SERVICES

The Commission provides financial and technical support toward local efforts to assist victims and witnesses of crime. This support is made available under three programs: 1) the state Victim/Witness Assistance Program; 2) the federal Victims of Crime Act (VOCA); and 3) the Drug Control and System Improvement (DCSI) Program.

The state Victim/Witness Assistance Program is designed to promote compliance with the services enumerated in the Victims Bill of Rights and Services Sections of Act 96 of 1984, as amended. The federal VOCA Program provides support for the counseling of victims of violence in the aftermath of their victimization. The Commission's victim services emphasis under its DCSI program in 1992 again promoted the expansion of services to underserved victims of violence as well as a new initiative--demonstration projects geared to increase the efficiency of victim service agencies.

The Commission's funding capacity was somewhat mixed in 1992 compared to previous years. After several years of stagnant allocations under the state program, the increased costs enacted via Act 35 of 1991 provided significant additional support for local programs. The Commission awarded over \$1.8 million in 1992--an increase over previous awards of \$1 million per year. Unfortunately, the federal VOCA Program, after several years of increasing allocations, experienced a downturn to \$2.76 million--down from \$43 million the previous year. The Commission made available \$300,000 for DCSI initiatives--up \$50,000 over the previous year.

The year 1992 proved to be a very busy year for the Victim Services Program. The highlights include:

### The First Joint Statewide Victim Assistance Conference

In collaboration with Mothers Against Drunk Driving, the Crime Victims' Compensation Board, and the Coalitions Against Rape and Domestic Violence, the program developed and conducted a three-day conference for over 250 victim assistance and criminal justice professionals.

### The Victim and Corrections Initiative

In cooperation with the Department of Corrections, the Pennsylvania Board of Probation and Parole, and the

Juvenile Court Judges' Commission, the Commission participated in the development of a statewide conference geared to institutionalizing staff victimization programs, victim impact panels and release notification programs in the correctional environment.

### The Introduction of PCCD's Standards and Procedures for Victim/Witness Assistance Programs

As part of the process for accessing additional dollars under the state program, the Commission introduced its Standards and Procedures, which provide minimum and model standards for 23 service areas. Each of the 59 participating counties was required to assess its ability to meet the standards and indicate how additional funding would be used to close service gaps.

### Training and Technical Assistance Initiative

The Commission entered into a contract with the Pennsylvania District Attorneys Institute to hire a full-time training and technical assistance coordinator to survey the needs of local victim/witness assistance staff and develop an ongoing training program.

### Training of PSP Victim/Witness Coordinators

Upon request of the Pennsylvania State Police, the Commission conducted a two-day training program on victim issues for over 90 newly-appointed victim/witness coordinators assigned to the local barracks statewide.

### Model MIS Project

Using DCSI dollars, the Commission developed a pilot project to test a model management information system for community-based victim service agencies. The pilot project will involve six victim service agencies so as to simulate the wide range of such agencies statewide.

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PCCD looks forward to the continued involvement in the victim services initiatives begun in 1992 as well as to new challenges in 1993. The approval of Act 1992-155, which provides for an expanded victims bill of rights, will present new challenges for the program as the Commission pursues its mandate to promote the new rights and responsibilities contained in the bill. The Commission will also begin to explore the prospects for amending the state Constitution to elevate victims' status to the constitutional level.

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## COMMUNITY CRIME PREVENTION

One of PCCD's major efforts has been to encourage Pennsylvania law enforcement agencies to develop crime deterrence strategies and implement programs that will improve social conditions which allow crime to flourish. In supporting local municipalities in their crime prevention efforts, the PCCD interacts with the state's law enforcement community through training programs, advisory groups, technical assistance, conferences, citizen recognition award programs, and educational seminars.

PCCD's Practitioners' Training Course and the University/College Practitioners' Crime Prevention Course teach law enforcement officers how to implement an array of cost-effective crime reduction strategies which benefit the entire community. The educational programs feature a 26-hour training curriculum that is widely recognized by the law enforcement community as providing quality instruction in modern crime prevention theory and programming fundamentals pertaining to: children and adults; the elderly and the disabled; single family homes; apartment buildings; public housing areas; schools; and businesses. Over 150 municipal and State Police representatives, university/college police and security practitioners, and victim services professionals participated in this training.

To promote crime prevention concepts and stimulate citizen interest in community programming, the PCCD sponsors a Citizen Crime Prevention Volunteer Recognition Awards Program. This program provides local and State Police practitioners the opportunity to formally recognize deserving citizens for their voluntary contributions to local crime prevention programming. At the 1992 Governor's Awards Ceremony, Lieutenant Governor Mark S. Singel presented plaques to each of the state's 25 Governor's Award recipients. The Ceremony marked the tenth anniversary of this program and was attended by over 200 persons. In local ceremonies, another 206 individuals were presented with Certificates of Achievement or Certificates of Appreciation, while over 100 businesses/organizations received Certificates of Merit as formal recognition of their active participation in local crime prevention programs.

Another major initiative, conducted with PCCD's Victim Services staff, was the implementation of Campus Sexual Assault Seminars at university and college locations throughout the state. This educational program was initiated in concert with the Pennsylvania University/college community to address the alarming increase in the number of sexual assaults being committed on

college campuses. The one-day seminars were specifically designed to heighten awareness, promote education, and to indoctrinate attendees regarding prevention strategies applicable to the campus environment. During 1992 over 500 persons participated in these seminars. Attendees included: university/college administrators; faculty members; students; campus police/security officers; municipal police; and victim services professionals.

The Pennsylvania Crime Prevention Review Group was formed by the PCCD to strengthen ties between the state's crime prevention practitioners and to maintain cohesiveness in developing both short-term and long-term strategies which communities may implement to reduce crime and drug abuse. At the 1992 annual meeting, the Group conducted a comprehensive assessment of crime prevention needs in Pennsylvania and evaluated the effectiveness of the state's crime prevention initiative in responding to those needs. Discussions also focused upon methodologies for enhancing crime prevention training and delivery strategies and the need to conduct a statewide crime prevention conference as a forum to highlight the variety of innovative outreach programs that are effective in Pennsylvania.

PCCD's 1992 Crime Prevention Conference adopted the theme, "Innovations In Prevention." The Conference focused on progressive strategies that have been implemented in Pennsylvania to address the societal problems of sexual assault, teenage crime, and illegal drug trafficking. Also featured was a special track on community policing illustrating how this concept strengthens partnerships between community residents and the police and provides viable avenues into neighborhoods which have traditionally resisted police-sponsored crime prevention efforts.

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As PCCD looks to the future, we envision a continuing need to concentrate efforts on forging a statewide commitment by people acting individually and collectively to prevent crime and build safer and more caring communities. In 1993 we will undertake to develop methods for reaching and educating the elderly and the disabled who represent underserved population groups. We also plan to structure a special initiative to aid municipal police agencies through the allocation of limited resources and technical assistance needed to heighten awareness and promote crime prevention education at the community level.



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## STATISTICS AND POLICY RESEARCH

While research and policy analysis are its primary specialties, PCCD's Statistical Analysis Center performs a variety of functions in support of improving the operation of the state's justice system. The activities noted herein typify the myriad of responsibilities undertaken by this program area.

### CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMPUTER LABORATORY AND TRAINING CENTER

In response to the needs of state and, especially, local criminal justice agencies in developing appropriate solutions to their information management problems, PCCD has created a criminal justice computer laboratory and training center.

Now in its second year of operation, the center has obtained and has available for access software on prison and jail population projection models, computer graphics for data presentations, jail management information systems, police records management systems, data communications and networking applications, and system integration applications. In 1992, the center conducted several one- or two-day seminars on police records management applications and new technologies in criminal justice system integration applications for county government officials and local police departments throughout the state. Additionally, several demonstrations of the jail management systems have been conducted for county jail administrators, and a number of new technology (such as computer imaging) demonstrations have been offered to police administrators.

### CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS IMPROVEMENT

As mandated by recent federal legislation, the state must develop and implement a criminal history records improvement plan. Acting upon this mandate, PCCD established a committee to examine the quality of the state's criminal history record information and to recommend necessary initiatives to improve data quality, ensuring that the needs of the criminal justice system agencies within the state are met.

The Committee, chaired by PCCD, has examined the nature and extent of the data quality problem regarding criminal history records to begin to identify strategies which can be implemented to improve the level of data quality. Currently, the committee is exploring available options for improving criminal history records in the state, assessing the completeness and accuracy of records, and identifying reasons for incompleteness or inaccuracy in records. A records improvement plan has been submitted to, and approved by, the Federal

Government. Two related grant applications -- one to the Pennsylvania Chiefs of Police Association and one to the State Police -- were funded by PCCD.

### PENNSYLVANIA LAW ENFORCEMENT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (PA-LEMIS)

In an effort to assist small and medium-sized police departments in automating their basic management and administrative functions, PCCD has developed the public domain police management records information system noted above. This system will have enormous utility in the state by standardizing data collection and serving as a basis for the collection of incident-based crime data.

During 1992, the system was available to police departments in the state through PCCD, which informs agencies of the system's availability, provides demonstrations of the system, and assists departments in obtaining. Approximately 90 agencies have obtained the system.

### JUSTICE ASSISTANCE NETWORK (JANET)

A network of criminal justice agency mainframe computers at the state level is approaching reality. The Justice Assistance Network (JANET) will be a timely and accurate vehicle for sharing offender information among criminal justice agencies. The network's planning and implementation are under the general guidance of a working group chaired by PCCD with representatives from probation and parole, pardons, corrections, courts, and State Police.

The first network connections among member agencies occurred in 1991, with additional connections in 1992. The working group continues to meet regularly to guide this implementation.

### CORRECTIONAL POPULATION PROJECTIONS

For several years the Correctional Population Projections Committee, chaired by PCCD, has worked to pool data, expertise and resources from member agencies as the basis for developing a consensus for state correctional population projections and to conduct impact analyses of legislation affecting the correctional system. During 1992, the Committee reviewed over 50 pieces of legislation and produced impact estimates on 13 bills which were most likely to affect the correctional system. Late in the year the Committee also provided its most current projections of the number of state offenders expected to be under supervision of the correctional system through 1995. The Committee is comprised of the five state agencies which most directly deal with correctional populations:



the Board of Probation and Parole, the Department of Corrections, the Commission on Sentencing, the Office of the Budget, and the PCCD.

#### COUNTY JAIL INFORMATION SYSTEM

Recognizing the need for jail-based automated management information systems within the state, PCCD and the State Association of County Commissioners established a committee in 1991 to evaluate systems currently available. Predicated on the Committee's work, PCCD provided DCSI grant funds to the Association to contract with a vendor for a system that will provide local jail administrators with an effective management tool to assist them in the day-to-day operations of their facilities by automating basic record-keeping functions, providing information for planning purposes and meeting the data-reporting requirements of the Department of Corrections. Fifteen jails obtained the system in 1991.

PCCD has continued to support the implementation of the County Jail Information System through a second-year grant in 1992. To date, over 30 counties have purchased the system. PCCD, in cooperation with the Department of Corrections, has also begun the development of a statewide county jail data base that will make use of the information available from this system and allow counties to meet reporting requirements electronically as well as provide them with standardized operational reports.

#### DRUG PROGRAM EVALUATIONS

During 1992, PCCD participated in a national survey of multi-jurisdictional drug task force commanders and plans to produce a state level report on the results of that survey. PCCD has also revised reporting methods and strategies to meet the increasing data requirements associated with DCSI grant requirements. A study design and an associated grant have been finalized to implement a comprehensive study of the Boot Camp operated by the Department of Corrections.

DCSI-funded programs are being reviewed in order to identify those programs where a more complete evaluation is warranted. Additionally, PCCD is planning to solicit more independent evaluation studies for funding through DCSI funds.

#### POLICE ETHICS STUDY

PCCD is working with similar agencies in Illinois and Ohio to study police conduct with an eye toward providing police administrators with the information necessary to design policies and training to address any potential problems. This study will ask police officers to respond to hypothetical scenarios to determine what the current practices and attitudes are toward certain

types of behavior. The participating states will produce a combined report and PCCD will produce a separate report on the results of the Pennsylvania survey.

In the coming year PCCD plans to expand the capabilities and services of the computer laboratory and training center, starting with a survey of the entire criminal justice system to more clearly identify its needs. Survey results will form the basis for future training and technical assistance programs for system practitioners. We are currently assisting district attorneys, probation departments, and victim service agencies in their automation efforts. Other activities include offering an introductory course of computers for criminal justice personnel, sponsoring showcases to share proven computer related products, developing a center newsletter, and finally, establishment of an informational clearing-house function accessible by the state's criminal justice community.

In the area of criminal history records, PCCD's Committee will be working towards implementation of the recommendations contained in its improvement plan, A Blueprint for the Improvement of the Data Quality of Criminal History Records Information for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Committee will continue to research and analyze data quality problems as the basis for revising its improvement strategies. A second-year plan must be developed and submitted to the Federal Government.

PCCD's Law Enforcement Management Information System will continue to be made available to interested departments in the future through a variety of sources. PCCD will continue to distribute the system. However, a number of private vendors have also adopted the system and will be disseminating the package. It is expected that in the coming year approximately 100 additional departments will obtain the package.

It is expected that in 1993 the agencies participating in the Justice Assistance Network will more specifically define all the information which they wish to share/exchange and that the most appropriate computer network technology will be selected to fully implement the system.

An additional 15 jails are expected to implement the county jail information system. PCCD will also be working with all parties to have automated data reported from jails to the Department of Corrections.

During 1993 the Correctional Population Projection Committee will be pursuing the feasibility of legislation to statutorily establish the Committee and its functions.

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## ADMINISTRATION AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The PCCD is responsible for numerous fiscal and grants management functions and provides personnel and administrative services to all aspects of the Commission's operations. It prepares agency budgets and audits subgrants to assure conformance with all applicable rules, regulations, laws, and appropriate management practices. In support of each of the major program initiatives described in this report, PCCD reviews and administers all related requests for project funding and subgrant awards made to private and public organizations and agencies.

During 1992, PCCD administered a total of 317 subgrant awards in the amount of \$25.4 million. The description of funds awarded in each of the four major grant programs administered by PCCD is presented on the following page.

The PCCD also administered three separate contracts for the Deputy Sheriffs' Education and Training Board. Two contracts were with the Dickinson School of Law and provided for the administration of the Deputy Sheriffs' Basic Training Course. The third contract was with Temple University for the delivery of the Deputy Sheriffs' Continuing Education Training. In providing the financial management services for the Deputy Sheriffs' Training Program, PCCD reviewed and processed all training-related reimbursement claims from deputy sheriffs who completed the training courses.

Grant funds administered under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) and Drug Control and System Improvement (DCSI) programs provide start-up monies for needed and worthwhile projects. The JJDP funds support family-focused treatment and prevention activities, serious/violent/habitual offender initiatives and juvenile justice system improvement strategies. Funds administered under the DCSI program

provide assistance to a wide range of drug enforcement and correctional treatment/supervision activities. It is necessary to continually evaluate the status of individual projects and their abilities to continue operations after PCCD funding terminates. Projects become self-sufficient or have total costs assumed by local or state agencies/organizations under the JJDP and DCSI programs after 24 and 36 months, respectively.

The two Victim Services Programs provide continuous financial support for services to victims of crime. Programs funded under the federal Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) support comprehensive services to victims of all violent crime. Projects supported by state Victim/Witness Services (VS) funds encourage better treatment of crime victims and witnesses who participate in the criminal justice process.

Another service provided by PCCD, which is considered to be a necessary management tool in the review and evaluation of all subgrants awards, is its auditing function. This process involves interim financial and compliance audits conducted by PCCD staff. Although the purpose of the interim audits is to ensure that the projects are in compliance with fiscal guidelines, PCCD uses this process to provide any guidance and technical assistance that might be needed. The final financial and compliance audits are conducted by independent auditing firms with PCCD review of the audits for financial and compliance purposes.

In its stewardship role, PCCD is committed to employing sound financial management procedures and practices. From the initial review of subgrant application budgets to the final audit of project records, PCCD satisfies all applicable rules and procedures, as well as provides services to those agencies and organizations requesting assistance.

# **PCCD AWARDS BY PROGRAM AREA — January 1992 through December 1992**

| <b>PROGRAM AREA</b>  | <b>NUMBER<br/>OF<br/>AWARDS</b> | <b>TOTAL<br/>AWARD<br/>AMOUNT</b> | <b>RANGE</b>              | <b>DURATION<br/>OF GRANTS</b>   | <b>MATCH<br/>REQUIREMENT</b>   | <b>TYPES OF<br/>APPLICANTS</b>  |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|---|
| Juvenile Justice &<br>Delinquency Prevention<br>(Federal JJDP) | 46                              | \$ 4,019,224                      | \$13,680 to<br>\$214,224  | Eligible for 6-24 months<br>of funding in 6- to 12-<br>month intervals. | Not required except for<br>50% of construction<br>costs.   | State Agencies, Local<br>Units of Government and<br>Private, Non-Profit<br>Organizations. |
| Victim/Witness Program<br>(State VS)                           | 59                              | \$ 1,805,493                      | \$6,000 to<br>\$164,120   | Eligible for continuous<br>funding in 12-month<br>intervals.            | Matching contributions<br>are not required;<br>however, counties are<br>required to sustain<br>financial commitments<br>prior to grant award and<br>are encouraged to<br>supplement such awards<br>when feasible and<br>necessary. | Counties.   |
| Victims of Crime Act<br>(Federal VOCA)                         | 113                             | \$ 2,765,564                      | \$1,700 to<br>\$71,717    | Eligible for continuous<br>funding in 12-month<br>intervals.            | Matching contributions<br>of at least 20% are<br>required for an existing<br>program.  | Eligible Counties and<br>Private and Non-Profit<br>Organizations.                         |
| Drug Control and<br>System Improvement<br>(Federal DCSI)       | 99                              | \$16,760,983                      | \$2,921 to<br>\$1,720,000 | Eligible for 36 months of<br>funding in 12-month<br>intervals.          | First — 25%<br>Second — 50%<br>Third — 75%   | State Agencies and Local<br>Units of Government.  |

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## SELECTED PUBLICATIONS

Victim/Witness Services Grant and Technical Assistance Program: Annual Report, September 1992

Standards and Procedures Manual for Victim/Witness Assistance Programs, July 1992

A Blueprint for the Improvement of the Data Quality of Criminal History Record Information for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, March 1992.

Deputy Sheriffs' Education and Training Board Annual Report, 1992

Report on the Correctional Population Impacts of Proposed Legislation, October 1991

A Police Operations Manual on Citizens With Disabilities, August 1991

Intermediate Punishment Type Program Survey, June 1991

Analysis of the Sentencing Reform Act of 1991, May 1991

Don't Count on Your Fingerprints, JUSTICE ANALYST series, September 1990

Overcrowding in Pennsylvania County Jails, August 1990

Automated Jail Information Systems, June 1990

Containing Pennsylvania Offenders, The Final Report of the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency Corrections Overcrowding Committee, March 1990

Increasing Drug Convictions Result in Unprecedented Growth in Pennsylvania's State Correctional Populations, November 1989

Career Patterns of Juvenile Crime: A Study of Philadelphia Offenders, JUSTICE ANALYST series, October 1989

Victim/Witness Assistance Under PCCD's Grant and Technical Assistance Program: The Case for Expansion, Final Report, June 1989

Projection of State Supervised Offender Population, JUSTICE ANALYST series, January 1989

Trends and Issues in Pennsylvania's Criminal Justice System, 1988

The Effort to Reduce Drunken Driving in Pennsylvania: The Effects on Criminal Justice and Highway Safety, JUSTICE ANALYST series, October 1988

The Adult First Offender in Pennsylvania: Characteristics, Dispositions and Recidivism, JUSTICE ANALYST series, November 1987

Criminal Justice System Training in Pennsylvania: A Status Report, April 1987

Accelerated Rehabilitation Disposition (ARD): Pretrial Diversion in Pennsylvania, JUSTICE ANALYST series, March 1987

A Guide for Developing and Maintaining Community Crime Prevention Programs, March 1987

### Newsletters:

PCCD QUARTERLY

Crime Prevention Newsletter

Deputy Sheriffs' Training Bulletin

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## GRANTS AWARDED DURING 1992

### **FEDERAL JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION FUNDS**

| <u>Subgrantee</u>  | <u>Project Title</u>   | <u>Federal Funds</u> |
|--|--|----------------------|
| Pennsylvania Council of Chief<br>Juvenile Probation Officers | "Compliance Monitoring Police Liaison Project"                         | \$196,936            |
| Youth Service, Inc.  | "Removing Status Offenders and Releasable Alleged<br>Delinquents"      | \$123,365            |
| City of Philadelphia   | "Juvenile Justice Planner/Monitor"                                     | \$ 41,584            |
| LKEC Youth Services, Inc.                                    | "The Net"  | \$111,089            |
| Lutheran Youth And Family<br>Services                        | "Home-Based Family Therapy"  | \$ 43,130            |
| Manito, Inc.   | "Structured Family Therapy Services For Youth Offenders"               | \$ 34,767            |
| Families of Murder Victims                                   | "Student Anti-Violence Education (SAVE ) Program"                      | \$ 37,700            |
| Westmoreland County  | "Family Treatment Services Program"                                    | \$ 57,558            |
| Volunteers of America  | "Intensive In-Home Services"   | \$ 76,385            |
| Valley Center, Inc.  | "Parent-Adolescent Resolution Project"                                 | \$106,537            |
| Auberle Foundation   | "Auberle Aftercare Program"  | \$ 45,135            |
| Good Shepherd Corporation                                    | "At-Risk Diversion Program"  | \$ 75,604            |
| Crawford County  | "School Truancy and Liaison Project"                                   | \$ 34,313            |
| Alternative Program Associates                               | "Drug/Alcohol Case Management and Counseling Program"                  | \$ 24,999            |
| Adelphoi Village   | "Community-Based Family Services"                                      | \$ 55,469            |
| Youth Services of Bucks<br>County                            | "Alternative Challenge Treatment Project"                              | \$149,400            |
| Mercer County  | "Family Treatment and Prevention Services for At-Risk<br>Juveniles"    | \$ 71,648            |
| Harrisburg YMCA  | "Teens Together"   | \$ 75,135            |
| Urban League   | "Project Connect"  | \$ 67,145            |
| Puerto Rican Organizing<br>Committee                         | "After-School Program"   | \$ 54,765            |
| Girls Incorporated of<br>Greater Harrisburg                  | "Business Entrepreneur Project"  | \$ 30,711            |
| CORA Services, Inc.  | "Family Services Linkage Program"                                      | \$ 93,782            |
| Boys Club of Harrisburg                                      | "Targeted Outreach"  | \$ 27,884            |
| Shippensburg University                                      | "Dispositional Reporting, Jail/Detention Collection<br>and Monitoring" | \$214,224            |

| <u>Subgrantee</u>                                       | <u>Project Title</u>  | <u>Federal Funds</u> |
|---|---|----------------------|
| Crime Prevention Association                            | "MERIT Program"   | \$ 99,985            |
| Boys and Girls Club of Western Pennsylvania             | "Fresh Start"   | \$120,916            |
| St. Gabriel's System                                    | "Family Therapy Social Workers"                                 | \$ 65,116            |
| Children's Aid Society of Montgomery County             | "Intensive In-Home Intervention"                                | \$ 85,705            |
| Community Commitment                                    | "Work Project/Parental Empowerment"                             | \$ 71,272            |
| Allegheny Academy                                       | "High Intensity Family Intervention Program"                    | \$280,309            |
| Children's Service Center                               | "Adolescent Sexual Offender Assessment and Treatment"           | \$123,511            |
| Temple University                                       | "Design of an Integrated Juvenile Justice MIS"                  | \$ 73,340            |
| Boys Club and Girls Club of Lancaster, Inc.             | "Family Intervention and Treatment Services"                    | \$182,053            |
| Juvenile Detention Centers' Association of Pennsylvania | "Detention Standards Project"                                   | \$ 91,325            |
| Hunting Park Community Development Corporation          | "Project Youthlead"   | \$132,536            |
| North Central Ministry                                  | "Youth Self Empowerment Project"                                | \$157,880            |
| Impact Services Corporation                             | "Impact Checkmate Program"                                      | \$126,117            |
| Community United Neighbors Against Drugs (CUNAD)        | "The Dreams of Tomorrow"  | \$ 68,120            |
| City of Philadelphia Police Department                  | "Juvenile Processing Project"                                   | \$ 22,760            |
| City of Philadelphia Family Court                       | "Electronic Monitoring Program"                                 | \$ 45,580            |
| Philadelphia Citizens for Children and Youth            | "Truancy and Dropout Prevention Project"                        | \$ 91,740            |
| City of Philadelphia Department of Human Services       | "The Crisis of Minority Over-Representation"                    | \$ 16,040            |
| Pennsylvania Department of Education                    | "Statewide Centralized Juvenile Records Center" <sup>o</sup>    | \$ 73,920            |
| Bucks County Juvenile Probation Department              | "School-Based Probation Project"                                | \$ 79,370            |
| Boys Club of Harrisburg                                 | "Coalition Director"  | \$ 13,680            |
| Temple University                                       | "Evaluation of Community-Based Prevention/Intervention Project" | \$ 148,704           |

## FEDERAL DRUG CONTROL AND SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT FUNDS

| <u>Subgrantee</u>                 | <u>Project Title</u>   | <u>Federal Funds</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Franklin County                   | "Intensive Supervision Program"  | \$ 26,399            |
| York County                       | "Drug Offender Supervision and Jail Treatment Administration"  | \$ 34,155            |
| City of Philadelphia              | "Philadelphia Prison Computerized Reporting Project"   | \$ 22,041            |
| Berks County                      | "Intensified Approach to Intervention and Treatment of Drug Offenders/Abusers in the Criminal Justice System - Phase III, Community Service" | \$ 155,070           |
| Franklin County                   | "Community Service and Pre-Trial Release Programs"   | \$ 40,859            |
| City of Philadelphia              | "Intermediate Punishment Program"  | \$ 309,148           |
| City of Wilkes-Barre              | "Drug Education Program for Children and Young Adults"   | \$ 21,000            |
| City of Philadelphia              | "Female Therapeutic Community"   | \$ 175,226           |
| City of Philadelphia              | "Organizing of Security and Social Services Support to Serious and Potential Crime Victims in Their Own Home"                                | \$ 24,204            |
| Fayette County                    | "Victim Resource Center"   | \$ 20,000            |
| Lackawanna County                 | "Child Abuse Task Force Expansion"   | \$ 44,863            |
| Pennsylvania State Police         | "Municipal Police Drug Law Enforcement"  | \$1,330,175          |
| Pennsylvania State Police         | "Enhancement of the Pennsylvania State Police Crime Laboratory"  | \$ 498,000           |
| Board of Probation and Parole     | "State Parole Services"  | \$ 375,833           |
| Department of Community Affairs   | "Regional Police Assistance Program" and "Expansion of Regional Police Assistance Program"   | \$ 300,000           |
| Office of Attorney General        | "Philadelphia Strike Force"  | \$ 660,000           |
| Office of Attorney General        | "Task Force Maintenance Program"   | \$1,400,000          |
| Juvenile Court Judges' Commission | "Statewide Juvenile Probation Drug and Alcohol Initiative"   | \$1,094,000          |
| Luzerne County                    | "Court Advocate Program"   | \$ 8,000             |
| Bucks County                      | "Comprehensive Criminal Justice/Substance Abuse Response"  | \$ 159,832           |
| Washington County                 | "Electronic Monitoring/Home Detention"   | \$ 7,166             |
| Armstrong County                  | "Criminal Offenders Program"   | \$ 9,826             |
| Chester County                    | "Intensive Drug and Alcohol Supervision Program"   | \$ 11,356            |
| Chester County                    | "Treatment Alternatives to Prison (T.A.P.)"  | \$ 165,967           |

| <u>Subgrantee</u>                                | <u>Project Title</u>   | <u>Federal Funds</u> |
|--|--|----------------------|
| Pennsylvania State Police                        | "Specialized Response Vehicle for Clandestine Laboratory Investigation"            | \$ 60,000            |
| Department of Public Welfare                     | "YDC/YFC 50-Bed Secure Unit"   | \$1,720,000          |
| Indiana County                                   | "Expanded Intermediate Punishment"   | \$ 19,236            |
| Berks County                                     | "A Coordinated Systems Approach to Intervention and Treatment of the DUI Offender" | \$ 288,720           |
| Crawford County                                  | "Intensive Supervision"  | \$ 22,122            |
| Washington County                                | "Intermediate Punishment Program Coordination and Intensive Supervision Plan"      | \$ 77,733            |
| Pike County                                      | "Electronic Monitoring - Offender Supervision Sanctions"                           | \$ 74,979            |
| Westmoreland County                              | "House Arrest/Electronic Monitoring"   | \$ 211,593           |
| Potter County                                    | "Expanded Intermediate Punishment Program"   | \$ 28,800            |
| Delaware County                                  | "Community Service Program"  | \$ 109,628           |
| Bucks County                                     | "House Arrest/Intermediate Punishment Program"                                     | \$ 280,159           |
| Lehigh County                                    | "Day Program for Female Offenders"   | \$ 73,120            |
| Armstrong County                                 | "Intermediate Punishment Community Program"  | \$ 43,741            |
| Chester County                                   | "Prison Alternatives Program"  | \$ 24,062            |
| Bradford County                                  | "Alternative Sentence Center"  | \$ 62,100            |
| Allegheny County                                 | "Drug Treatment Center"  | \$ 200,000           |
| Office of Attorney General                       | "Expansion of Local Drug Task Forces"  | \$ 340,500           |
| Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency | "Criminal Justice Training"  | \$ 350,000           |
| Department of Corrections                        | "Motivational Boot Camp"   | \$1,098,000          |
| Lycoming County                                  | "Prison Treatment Alternatives"  | \$ 36,431            |
| Susquehanna County                               | "Drug and Alcohol Supervision Unit"  | \$ 14,479            |
| Dauphin County                                   | "Pre-Release Center"   | \$ 359,197           |
| Delaware County                                  | "Prison Population Reduction Through Chemical Abuse Evaluation and Treatment"      | \$ 121,324           |
| Lehigh County                                    | "Comprehensive Drug Initiative"  | \$ 42,330            |
| Allegheny County                                 | "Alcohol/Drug Intervention Unit"   | \$ 135,792           |
| Cumberland County                                | "Criminal Justice Intervention and Treatment Initiative"                           | \$ 82,975            |



| <u>Subgrantee</u>                            | <u>Project Title</u>  | <u>Federal Funds</u> |
|--|---|----------------------|
| State Association of<br>County Commissioners | "Statewide Standardized Automated Jail Information System"                  | \$ 55,195            |
| Board of Probation and Parole                | "Electronic Monitoring"   | \$173,000            |
| Lehigh County                                | "Child Abuse Investigator"  | \$ 24,692            |
| Butler County                                | "Prosecution of Child Abuse"  | \$ 33,750            |
| Manheim Township                             | "Juvenile Aid Panel"  | \$ 14,931            |
| Berks County                                 | "Child Abuse Unit"  | \$ 68,700            |
| Chester County                               | "Child Abuse Unit"  | \$ 47,250            |
| Erie County                                  | "Child Abuse Investigation/Prosecution Unit"                                | \$ 48,375            |
| Delaware County                              | "Multi-Victim Child Sexual Abuse Investigation"                             | \$ 48,750            |
| Clearfield County                            | "Peer Support--Students Assisting Students Program"                         | \$ 8,245             |
| Tioga County                                 | "Expanded Services to Victims of Violent Crime"                             | \$ 5,250             |
| Armstrong County                             | "Batterer Intervention Group"   | \$ 19,650            |
| Allegheny County                             | "Juvenile Court Victim Advocacy Program"                                    | \$ 30,000            |
| Berks County                                 | "Expansion of Victim Services to Latinos"                                   | \$ 18,173            |
| Mercer County                                | "Violent Crime Victims Outreach"  | \$ 9,750             |
| Butler County                                | "Coordinator of Violent Crime Services"                                     | \$ 17,771            |
| Clarion County                               | "Sexual Assault/Domestic Violence Liaison"                                  | \$ 15,520            |
| Luzerne County Office of<br>Human Services   | "Coordination of Law Enforcement and Victim Project"                        | \$ 28,073            |
| Dauphin County                               | "Victim Advocate in the Juvenile Justice System"                            | \$ 14,100            |
| Lancaster County                             | "Colposcope Exam Demonstration Project"                                     | \$ 37,980            |
| Pennsylvania State Police                    | "Drug Law Enforcement"  | \$493,000            |
| Office of Attorney General                   | "Transportation Interdiction Program"                                       | \$173,250            |
| Board of Probation and Parole                | "County Probation/Parole Drug/Alcohol Program Services"                     | \$240,000            |
| Department of Public Welfare                 | "Alternatives to YDC/YFC Placement for Drug and<br>Alcohol Involved Youths" | \$280,000            |
| Blair County                                 | "Comprehensive Criminal Justice/Substance Abuse Project"                    | \$ 64,074            |
| Armstrong County                             | "Toll-Free, 24-Hour Crime Victim Hot-Line"                                  | \$ 2,921             |

| <u>Subgrantee</u>                                  | <u>Project Title</u>   | <u>Federal Funds</u> |
|--|--|----------------------|
| Schuylkill County                                  | "Victims of Violent Crime Services Project"                      | \$ 16,000            |
| Montgomery County                                  | "Court Advocacy/Victim Outreach Project"                         | \$ 6,201             |
| Wilkes-Barre City                                  | "Comprehensive Services In Wilkes-Barre City"                    | \$ 15,245            |
| Allegheny County                                   | "Comprehensive Services to Homicide Survivors"                   | \$ 25,912            |
| York County  | "Expansion of Child Abuse Unit"                                  | \$ 34,625            |
| Somerset County                                    | "ADA for Child Abuse Prosecution"                                | \$ 13,288            |
| Borough of State College                           | "Community Oriented Policing Phase II"                           | \$ 83,561            |
| City of York                                       | "Community Oriented Policing Program"                            | \$ 74,686            |
| Pennsylvania State Police                          | "Criminal History Record Automation"                             | \$130,057            |
| Northern York County<br>Regional Police Department | "Community Oriented Policing Program - The Regional<br>Approach" | \$100,000            |
| Bensalem Township                                  | "Community Oriented Policing Phase I"                            | \$100,000            |
| City of Harrisburg                                 | "Harrisburg Police Bureau's Community Policing Project"          | \$ 49,524            |
| Chester County                                     | "Prison Alternatives Program"                                    | \$185,645            |
| Lancaster County                                   | "Intermediate Punishment Program"                                | \$233,381            |
| Indiana County                                     | "Improved Drug Testing"  | \$ 4,993             |
| Dauphin County                                     | "Pretrial Supervision"   | \$ 82,509            |
| Dauphin County                                     | "Intensive Supervision/Electronic Monitoring"                    | \$149,995            |
| Washington County                                  | "Electronic Monitoring/Home Detention"                           | \$ 38,543            |
| Beaver County                                      | "Sanction Options for Sentencing/Day Reporting Center"           | \$250,056            |
| Butler County                                      | "Community Service Program"                                      | \$ 16,519            |
| Luzerne County                                     | "Luzerne County Halfway House"                                   | \$133,208            |
| Erie County  | "Intermediate Punishment Program"                                | \$162,586            |
| Adams County                                       | "Detention Diversion Initiative"                                 | \$111,908            |

The Commission also approved grants totalling \$1,805,493 in **STATE VICTIM/WITNESS FUNDS** to 59 counties to support victim/witness coordination and grants totalling \$2,765,564 in **FEDERAL VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT FUNDS** for counseling and support services in 64 counties.

## **PCCD STAFF**

### **EXECUTIVE OFFICE**

**James Thomas, Executive Director**  
**Judith Schimmel, Chief Counsel**  
**Jan Bechtel, Coordinator, Criminal Justice Training**  
**Linda Kinsey, Administrative Assistant to Mr. Thomas**  
**Karen Grosser**

### **BUREAU OF PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT**

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**Peggy Brown**  
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**John Kunkle, Manager, Victim Services**  
**Beth Hippensteel**  
**Connie Steinman**  
**James Strader, Manager, Criminal Justice**  
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**Robert Donovan, Coordinator**  
**Drug Control and System Improvement**  
**Ronald Aitken**  
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**Ruth Williams, Manager, Juvenile Justice**  
**Andrew Landon**  
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**Earl Robison**  
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**Faye Watkins**  
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**Richard Morelli**  
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**Kathy Matesevac, EDP Manager**  
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**Lavern Wulf**  
**Madeline Intrieri, Chief**  
**Administrative Services**  
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**Mary Heilig**  
**Heather Lower**  
**David Walker**

**December 31, 1992**