

CRIME IN AUSTRALIA

AS MEASURED BY THE AUSTRALIAN COMPONENT OF THE
INTERNATIONAL CRIME VICTIM SURVEY 1992

JOHN WALKER
assisted by
Dianne Dagger



AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE OF CRIMINOLOGY

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Australian Institute of Criminology

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PREFACE

This is the report of the Australian results from the second International Crime Victims Survey, conducted during January - March 1992. The format is very similar to that adopted in the report of the first Survey, held in 1989 and published in 1991. Some questions were modified for the 1992 survey, some were dropped and some new ones were added, and this is reflected in small, but important, changes in the contents of this report vis-à-vis the previous one. Please read and use the data with care!

Although crime is an area of great concern to all Australians, our knowledge of the risks of actually being a victim of crime is very limited and almost certainly biased by the extensive media coverage given to serious and out-of-the-ordinary crime problems. Published police statistics are generally limited to the numbers of crimes reported and the numbers of persons arrested, and give little information about the circumstances of the incidents or the characteristics of the victim. On the other hand, media reports tend to focus on these details, often omitting to say that it is the rarity of the event that makes it of interest to the reader or viewer. We tend to assume that incidents reported by the media are part of a pattern of crime, so that, for example, if the media are currently full of stories of robberies in inner Sydney, it is easy for us to generalise and suppose that robberies are in plague proportions elsewhere in Australia, including the area where we live.

In recent years we have become increasingly aware that there are limits to what the police can do to protect people from crime, and therefore it is important for us to understand the true patterns of crime in order to minimise our likely exposure to crime. Every time we leave our house unattended, every time we allow our children to go out alone, every time we venture onto the streets, we make a decision about the risks of becoming a victim of crime. If we overestimate those risks we may end up living in constant and debilitating fear of events which are not going to happen to us, or we may spend a fortune on unnecessary burglar alarms, fences and other crime prevention aids. If, on the other hand, we underestimate the risks, it can lead to costly and sometimes very painful and tragic consequences. This is true both at the individual level, but also at corporate and governmental levels, where crime prevention decisions are made.

Political debate about crime and justice often takes the form of international comparisons, because we often look to other countries' policies on crime prevention, detection and treatment of offenders for ideas on how to improve our own policies. The Australian Institute of Criminology has, therefore, supported the development of the International Crime Victims Survey, and participated in the first survey of only fourteen countries and in this second survey, in which some thirty countries took part. Although the primary aim of the survey is to obtain some idea of *comparative* levels of crime between countries, (and these results will be published as soon as other countries' data become available), it would be highly remiss of us to neglect to disseminate the considerable amount of information the survey gives us about crime in Australia. Readers should note, however, that the Australian Bureau of Statistics is about to conduct a very much larger survey within Australia, which should provide more accurate estimates of crime risks in this country than we can produce from our sample of only two thousand.

The statistics presented in this report cannot, therefore, be seen as precise and actuarial estimates of risks of crime, as they are based on a relatively small sample survey. But this sort of information is expensive to collect, and it is therefore essential to make the most of what becomes available. Used wisely, these statistics help to identify who is most at risk of crime, and in what circumstances are the risks greatest. They can therefore help to target crime prevention efforts properly.

Comparisons Between the 1989 and 1992 Surveys

Readers are advised to take great care in comparing these results with those of the 1989 Survey. In the main, comparisons should be *valid*, although the statistical errors of estimate need to be considered very carefully before any conclusions can be drawn concerning trends in victimisation between 1988 and 1991. It must be remembered that additional property crimes have been included this year (thefts from garages etc, consumer fraud) so that total household property crime figures will be inflated. Also, the questions on sexual incidents have been revised to *exclude* incidents not regarded by the respondent as a crime, and therefore figures on total offences against the person will be reduced accordingly.

Finally, because the 1989 and 1992 surveys were fundamentally similar in both methodology and questionnaire, it is valid to aggregate the samples to give us the more reliable estimates which can be extracted from double the sample size. It also allows us to further disaggregate the results, so that for example the previously three-way state/territory categorisation (New South Wales, Victoria, Other) can be expanded to separate out most of the other jurisdictions. A new section has therefore been added to this report, containing the results obtained from the combined data-file. Obviously it can only deal with those questions common to both the 1989 and 1992 surveys. In using these data, please bear in mind that the sampling took place during Januaries three years apart, so that the picture presented is representative of sometime between 1988 and 1991. In this period, there were probably shifts in both the levels and characteristics of crime, and also quite possibly in such methodological problems as people's willingness to cooperate in random telephone surveys. None of these factors, however, appear to have altered so much as to invalidate the combined results, and we believe that these tabulations from the combined data set offer the best estimates of both levels and characteristics of crime as they stood in the 1988-91 period.

John Walker
January 1993

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SECTION I: THE 1992 SURVEY

**... 1 ... THE AUSTRALIAN COMPONENT OF
THE INTERNATIONAL CRIME VICTIMS
SURVEY 1992 AND THE QUESTIONS ASKED**

... 1 ...

INTRODUCTION

During 1992, crime victim surveys were conducted in almost thirty countries in Europe, North and South America, Africa, South East Asia and Australia. This was the second such set of simultaneous surveys - the first having taken place in 1989 and covered fourteen developed countries in Europe, North America and Australia. Both surveys were, by and large, conducted by telephone using a random sampling procedure to ensure, as far as possible, a representative sample of each country's adult population. Comparisons of the different countries' experiences of crime are presented elsewhere¹. This report, like its predecessor² presents some detailed tabulations of the results of the Australian component of the survey, with estimates of the frequencies of victimisation for the various types of crimes surveyed, indications of how the risks of victimisation vary across broad categories of respondents, and details of the main characteristics of crime incidents, including place of occurrence, costs, injuries suffered and whether or not police were informed. A number of special topics are also presented, including information on fear of crime, crime prevention and attitudes to sentencing in Australia.

An additional section has been provided, based on an aggregated dataset of 4,018 respondents from the two surveys combined. This larger sample size allows for more reliable and detailed estimates of risk. Users may choose which of the tabulations presented here best suit their purposes. The tables relating to 1991 present the most recent data, but the combined tables are probably the more reliable estimates.

The crimes surveyed in this exercise covered incidents affecting respondents *personally*, such as robbery, pickpocketing or assault, and incidents affecting the respondents' *household*, such as burglary or motor vehicle theft. The 1992 sample, of 2,006 respondents, is not large enough to provide totally reliable estimates of victimisation rates at the detailed level, such as by state or in detailed age categories. However, some broad characteristics of victims have been extracted from the responses and these can provide indications of the relative risks of victimisation in Australia for different groups in the community.

All tables in this report are based on *weighted* data. It is necessary, if we wish to obtain estimates of the actual incidence of crime in the community, to adjust the characteristics of the sample so that they form a perfect match with the actual population. The sample is already selected in such a way that it is a *reasonably* good match, but we then use a little arithmetic juggling to bring the sample right into line with the true population, in terms of age, sex, household size and regional distribution. For example, in our sample of 2,006 we had 911 males (45.4%) and 1,095 females (54.4%), but in the actual population there are currently around 6,384,000 adult males (48.6%) and 6,744,000 adult females (51.4%), so when we factor up to get estimates of actual incidence of crime we have to slightly increase the weighting we give to the males in the sample, so they go from 45.4% to 48.6% of the total, and correspondingly reduce the weightings applied to the females in our sample. Similar weightings need to be applied to match sample age and regional distributions with actual figures. The results presented in the tables are all based on this weighted sample, although, for

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- 1 Walker, John, (forthcoming), *A Comparison of Crime in Australia and Other Countries*, Trends and Issues Series, Australian Institute of Criminology, Canberra.
 - 2 Walker John 1991, *Crime in Australia, as Measured by the Australian Component of the International Crime Victims Survey 1989*, Australian Institute of Criminology, Canberra.

ease of understanding, the results presented in this preliminary summary include details of the unweighted sample results.

The presentation of the results of sample surveys always carries risks. On the one hand we are anxious to maximise the amount of information generated by the survey; on the other hand the fact that the results are based on only a sample of the population limits the reliability of some of the results we obtain. Some sample-based estimates, particularly those based on very small numbers of respondents, can be misleading and inaccurate measures of the actual frequency of victimisation in the broader community. Some survey reports choose to suppress such potentially unreliable estimates and print asterisks in their places in the tabulations. I have preferred to leave these assessments of validity to the reader, by including *all* the estimates, but with those with a statistically significant relative error of estimation shaded over. This not only provides information on what the estimate actually is, reliable or not, but more importantly, it allows readers to perform their own re-aggregation of categories if necessary into broader groupings.

Even with such large overall samples as used here (2,006 and 4,018), some events (victimisations) are too rare to be measured accurately. As a warning signal for imprecise estimates, estimates which are based on respondent proportions (eg. their corresponding extrapolations to total numbers and rates per 1,000) whose relative standard error exceeds 25% are shaded, and should be regarded as potentially unreliable. For the technically minded, since the standard error of the respondent proportion p is given by:

$\sqrt{[p(1-p)/N]}$ where N is the sample size for the relevant subset of data, we shade all

values where $\sqrt{[p(1-p)/N]} > p/4$, hence where $p < 16/(N+16)$.

To assist interpretation, the sample sizes have been shown in brackets in the tables, so for example, in Table 1 for single person households, N is 362, hence we shade all percentages less than $16/(362+16) = 4.2\%$.

HOUSEHOLD CRIMES

Nine of the types of crime examined by this survey involve theft or damage of items usually regarded as household property, rather than personal property. These offences, and the questions used to examine their frequency and characteristics, are, in abbreviated form, as follows.

Car Theft

In the past five years have you or other members of your household had any cars/vans/trucks stolen?
Yes/No/Don't know.

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?
 The last time this happened,
 Did this theft happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Was the car/van/truck ever recovered? *Yes/No/Don't know*

How long was it before the vehicle was recovered?

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

- *Not serious enough/no loss/kids stuff*
- *Solved it myself/perpetrator known to me*
- *Inappropriate for police/police not necessary*
- *Reported to other authorities instead*
- *My family solved it*
- *No insurance*
- *Police could do nothing/lack of proof*
- *Police won't do anything about it*
- *Fear/dislike of police/no involvement wanted with police*
- *Didn't dare (for fear of reprisal)*
- *Other reasons*

(Multiple choices allowed)

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Theft from a Car

In the past five years have you or other members of your household been the victim of theft of a car radio, or something else which was left in your car, or the theft of a part of the car, such as a car mirror or wheel? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?
 The last time this happened,
 Did this theft happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?
[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Damage to a Car

Apart from thefts, in the past five years have parts of any of the cars/vans/trucks belonging to your household been deliberately damaged (vandalised) *Yes/No/Don't know*.

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Motorcycle Theft

In the past five years have you or other members of your household had any mopeds/scooters/motorcycles stolen? *Yes/No/Don't know*.

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this theft happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Bicycle Theft

In the past five years have you or other members of your household had any of their bicycles stolen?

Yes/No/Don't know

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this theft happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Burglary

Disregarding thefts from garages, sheds or lockups, in the past five years did anyone actually get into your house or flat without permission and steal or try to steal something? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Was anything actually stolen? *Yes/No/Don't know*

What was the approximate value of the stolen property?

Was there any damage? *Yes/No/Don't know*

What was the approximate cost of the damage done?

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Attempted Burglary

Apart from this, over the past five years do you have any evidence that someone tried to get into your house or flat unsuccessfully. (For example, damage to locks, doors or windows, or scratches around the lock.?) *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Theft from Garage, Shed or Lockup [Note this is a new question in 1992]

Apart from this, over the past five years do you have any evidence that someone tried to get into your house or flat unsuccessfully. (For example, damage to locks, doors or windows, or scratches around the lock.?) *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Consumer Fraud [Note this is a new question in 1992]

Were you the victim of a consumer fraud in 1991? That is, has someone, when selling something to you or delivering a service, cheated you in terms of quantity or quality of the goods or services? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

The last time this happened,

How did this fraud take place: Was it to do with

- Construction building or repair work
- Work done by a garage
- A hotel, restaurant or pub
- A shop of some sort
- Other

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police or to another public agency? *Yes/No/Don't know*

[Note that questions on non-reporting and seriousness were not asked in relation to this type of crime]

PERSONAL CRIMES

Four of the types of crime examined by this survey involve theft of personal property or actual or threatened violence against the person. These four offences can each be sub-divided, generally into a 'more serious' category and a 'less serious' category. The resulting eight types of offences, and the questions used to examine their frequency and characteristics, are, in abbreviated form, as follows. The results, however, are published only under the five headings of Robbery, Theft from the Person, Sexual Offences, Other Actual Violence and Threats of Violence, as numbers of respondents do not support further disaggregation.

Robbery:- Armed Robbery, Other Robbery

Disregarding incidents which happened to other members of your household, over the past five years, has anyone taken something from you personally, by using force or threatening you, or tried to do so? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Did the offender have a knife, a gun, another weapon or something the offender used as a weapon?

- *Knife*
- *Gun*
- *Other weapon/stick*
- *Something used as a weapon*
- *No weapon*
- *Don't know.*

Was anything actually stolen? *Yes/No/Don't know*
 Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*
 If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?
[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Personal Theft:- Pickpocketing, Other Theft

Besides robbery there are many other types of theft of personal property, such as pickpocketing or the theft of a purse, wallet, clothing, jewellery, sports equipment at one's work, at school, in a pub or on the street. Over the past five years, have you personally been the victim of any of these thefts? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

Were you holding or carrying what was stolen? (For example, was it a case of pickpocketing?) *Yes/No/Don't know*

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?
[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Sexual Incidents:- Sexual Assault, Other Sexual Incidents**[Note this question was modified for 1992]**

[Asked only of Female respondents] People sometimes grab or touch others for sexual reasons in a really offensive way. This can happen either inside one's house or elsewhere, for instance in a pub, in the street, at school or at your workplace. Over the past five years, has anyone done this to you? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *In own home*
- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

How many people were involved in committing the offence?

Did you know the offender(s) before this incident by name or by sight?

- *Did not know offender(s)*
- *Known by sight only*
- *Known by name*

Was it your (ex-)partner, a relative or a close friend?

- *Partner or ex-partner/boyfriend or ex-boyfriend*
- *Relative*
- *Close friend*
- *None of these*

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

Would you describe the incident as a rape, an attempted rape, an indecent assault or as behaviour which you found offensive?

- *Rape*
- *Attempted rape*
- *Indecent assault*
- *Offensive behaviour*

If Offensive Behaviour, do you regard the incident as a crime? *Yes/No/Don't know.* [*Not asked in 1989]

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?

[Response list as for Car Theft]

Other Assaults:- Other Actual Violence, Threats of Violence

Apart from the incidents just covered, have you over the past five years been personally attacked or threatened by someone in a way that really frightened you, either at home or elsewhere, such as in a pub, in the street, at school or at your workplace? *Yes/No/Don't know.*

If *Yes*, How often did this happen in 1991?

The last time this happened,

Did this happen near your own home, elsewhere in your town or city or local area, elsewhere in the country, or abroad?

- *In own home*
- *Near home*
- *Elsewhere in town or city or local area*
- *Elsewhere in the country*
- *Abroad*

How many people were involved in committing the offence:

Did you know the offender(s) before this incident by name or by sight?

- *Did not know offender(s)*
- *Known by sight only*
- *Known by name*

Was it your (ex) partner, partner, a relative or a close friend?

- *Partner or ex partner/boyfriend or ex-boyfriend*
- *Relative*
- *Close friend*
- *None of these*

Were you just threatened, or was force actually used?

- *Threatened*
- *Force used*

Were you grabbed, hit, shot, stabbed or assaulted with a weapon?

- *Grabbed*
- *Hit*
- *Shot, stabbed, assaulted with weapon*

Did you suffer any injury as a result? *Yes/No/Don't know*

Did you see a doctor as a result? *Yes/No/Don't know*

Did you or anyone else report the incident to the police? *Yes/No/Don't know*

If it was not reported to police, why wasn't it reported?
[Response list as for Car Theft]

How serious was the incident for you or your household? *Very Serious/Somewhat/Not Very/Can't say*

RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON POLICING, CRIME PREVENTION AND SENTENCING

Few people go through life entirely untouched by crime, either personally or through knowledge of other people's experiences. Consciously or otherwise, most people take steps to avoid being victims of crime (e.g. avoiding risky places, locking car and house doors etc.) and to mitigate the effects of crime whenever it occurs (e.g. insuring against property losses).

At the neighbourhood level, individuals' efforts at avoiding victimisation can be augmented by cohesive community activity - for example in providing adequate recreational facilities for juveniles or in maintaining effective links between residents and police. Such community activity may well succeed in lowering both the levels of opportunity for crime and the numbers of individuals participating in criminal acts. People also expect the criminal justice system, operating as it were on their behalf, to meet certain criteria, which might include such elements as providing adequate assistance to victims of crime, making reasonable efforts to detect offenders and to punish them appropriately when found guilty in court. These are all extremely complex questions and this survey has only been able to scratch the surface of the issues involved. Nevertheless, estimating the proportions, and characteristics, of persons who

do use the more common crime prevention measures, and comparing them against those who do not bother, can tell us something about the risks of victimisation and whether people can minimise these risks through their own actions. Questions about satisfaction with police can be influenced by your own personal experiences of the police in action. Those who have recently been victims of crime may have completely different perceptions of the police than those who only view the police via the media. Similarly people's views on sentencing may be influenced by their being victimised, or they may be formed in other ways which show up in, for example, analyses of opinions by sex and age of respondent, household income, or urban/rural residency.

The principal questions asked in these categories were as follows:

Crime Report Satisfaction

The last time you or someone on your behalf reported a crime to the police, were you or the person who reported the crime satisfied? *Satisfied/don't know/Dissatisfied*
 If dissatisfied, for what reasons were you dissatisfied: You can give more than one reason.
Didn't do enough/were not interested/didn't find or apprehend the offender/didn't recover my property (goods)/didn't keep me properly informed/didn't treat me correctly/were impolite/were slow to arrive/other reasons/don't know

Local Police Controlling Crime

Taking everything into account, how good do you think the police in your area are in controlling crime?
 Do you think they do a good job or not? *Very good/good/don't know/fairly bad/very bad*
 How often would you say the police pass by in your street either by car or on foot: *At least once a day/Once a week/Once a month/Less often/Never/Don't know*
 Do you think this is sufficient for your area? *Sufficient/Not sufficient/Too much/Don't know*

Sentencing for Recidivist Thief

People have different ideas about the sentences which should be given to offenders. Take for instance the case of a man of 21 years old who is found guilty of burglary for the second time. This time he stole a colour TV. Which of the following sentences do you consider the most appropriate for such a case? *Fine/prison/community service/suspended sentence/any other sentence/don't know*
 If prison, for how long do you think he should go to prison?
 - ... *Months*
 - ... *Years*
 - ... *etc*

Crime Prevention Measures

Is your own house protected by any of the following:

- *A burglar alarm*
- *Special door locks*
- *Special window or door grilles*
- *A dog which would deter a burglar*
- *A high fence*
- *A caretaker or security guard*

The last time when no one was home for a day or two, did you ask the neighbour or the caretaker to watch your home? *Yes/no, neighbours watch anyway/no/don't know*

Do you or someone else in your household own a gun? By gun I do not mean an air rifle.
Hand gun/rifle, shotgun/both/neither/don't know

If *Yes*, Is the gun owned for protection against crime:

Please try to remember in the last time you went out after dark in your area for whatever reason.

Did you stay away from certain streets or areas to avoid crime? *Yes/No/Don't know/can't remember/never go out*

The last time you went out, did you go with someone else to avoid crime?
Yes/No/Don't know/can't remember/never go out

Neighbourhood Factors

Would you say the area you live in is one where people mostly help each other or where people mostly go their own way? *Mostly help/Mostly go own way/Mixture/Don't know*

How safe do you feel walking alone in your area after dark? *Very safe/Fairly safe/Bit unsafe/Very unsafe/Don't know*

What would you say are the chances of your home being broken into over the next twelve months? *Very likely/Likely/Not likely/Don't know*

How often do you personally go out in the evening for recreational purposes, for instance to go to a pub, restaurant, cinema or to see friends? *Almost every day/at least once a week/at least once a month/less/never/don't know*

In the last week, how often have you had gatherings in which other members of your family who do not live with you joined in? *3 or More times/Once/Not at all*

How would you describe the area you live in? *Higher status area/Middle/Lower/Don't know*

... 2 ... SUMMARY OF RESULTS

INCIDENCE OF HOUSEHOLD CRIMES

Car Theft

Results: 195 respondents indicated that they had had a car, van or truck stolen in the past 5 years. 60 of them had a car, van or truck stolen during 1991. This represents 3.0% of the total sample and 3.3% of those who actually owned or looked after such a vehicle. One of these victims had vehicles stolen twice, and two households had two thefts during the year. Half of these offences occurred near home, only 6 per cent occurred outside the local area, and 87% of the vehicles were eventually recovered.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 198,414 motor vehicle thefts occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 185,914 (94%) were reported to police. By comparison, the published police figure for motor vehicle thefts reported for 1990-91 was 149,758³. Six out of seven cars stolen were returned eventually to their owners, and over half of them were returned within a day or two of the theft. The excess of the survey estimate of crimes reported over the police estimate, in respect of this quite clearly defined and well-reported crime type, suggests that perhaps those who have been victims of serious crime like car theft may be more willing to respond to the survey than those who have not. This would tend to inflate our estimates of the numbers and prevalence of crimes, although it would probably not affect estimates of *relative* risks of victimisation.

The groups in the community which appeared to be most at risk of this crime include:

- households with three or more adults,
- those in higher income ranges,
- those in cities of over a million population,
- those with more than one motor vehicle,
- those living in flats, apartments or terraces,
- those living in rented accommodation,
- those who go out frequently for recreation,
- those who live in neighbourhoods where people mostly go their own way, and
- those who don't bother to ask neighbours to watch the house while they are away.

Theft from a Car

Results: 354 of the 2,006 respondents had something stolen from a car, van or truck in the past 5 years, 124 of them being during 1991. This 1991 figure represents 6.2% of the total sample and 6.8% of those who actually owned or looked after such a vehicle. Twenty-two of these victims had things stolen twice, and seven households had three or more thefts during the year. Around 23% of all victims or 1.6% of all vehicle owners were therefore victimised more than once in the year. Again, most incidents occurred near home or in the local area. Almost half the incidents were 'not very serious'.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 486,294 thefts from motor vehicles occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 259,195 (53%) were reported to police. No comparable police figures are published.

³ Mukherjee, SK, & Dagger, D, *The Size of the Crime Problem in Australia*, (Updated) Australian Institute of Criminology, Canberra, 1990.

The groups in the community which appeared to be most at risk of this crime include:

- households with children,
- those in *higher* income ranges,
- those who live in neighbourhoods where people mostly go their own way,
- those with more than one motor vehicle,
- those who go out frequently for recreation, and
- those who live in houses with high fences.

Damage to a Car

Results: 465 of the 2,006 respondents had their car, van or truck damaged in the past 5 years, 182 of them being during 1991. This 1991 figure represents 9.1% of the total sample and 10.0% of those who actually owned or looked after such a vehicle. Around 27% of all victims or 3% of all vehicle owners experienced multiple victimisations. More than half of the incidents occurred 'elsewhere in the city or local area', with only a third occurring near home. 60 per cent of incidents were described as 'not very serious'.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 805,686 incidents occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 213,507 (26%) were reported to police. No comparable police figures are published.

The groups in the community which appeared to be most at risk of this crime include:

- large households,
- those in *higher* income ranges,
- those in cities of over 1,000,000 population,
- those with more than one motor vehicle,
- those who go out frequently for recreation, and
- those who live in lower status or less friendly areas.

Motorcycle Theft

Only five respondents (0.3% of the sample or 2.0% of the 245 motorcycle owners in the sample) had their machine stolen during the year. As a consequence of these small numbers, it is not possible to provide any reliable estimates of the frequency of victimisations, or the characteristics of households vulnerable to victimisation. It should perhaps be remembered that this survey covered countries where motorcycles are far more common modes of transport than they are in Australia.

Bicycle Theft

Results: 115 respondents had a bicycle stolen in the past five years, of which 36 had a bicycle stolen during 1991. This 1991 figure represents 1.8% of the total sample and 3.1% of those who actually owned or looked after bicycles. Two of these victims had bicycles stolen twice, and one household had three thefts during the year. Around two thirds of these offences occurred near home. Two thirds of the incidents were described as serious.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 124,157 incidents occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 93,863 (76%) were reported to police. No comparable police figures are published.

The groups in the community which appeared to be most at risk of this crime include:

- households with children under 16.

Burglary

Results: 82 of the 2,006 respondents had been burgled during 1991 and a further 205 had been burgled in the four years prior to 1991. This 1991 figure represents 4.2% of the total sample. Around 23% of all victims or 0.9% of all respondents were burgled more than once in the year. In addition to these actual burglaries, a further 80 respondents (4.0% of total respondents) said that unsuccessful attempts to gain entry to their house had occurred during the year and 77 (3.8% of respondents) said something had been stolen from their garage during the year. The value of property stolen averaged around \$2000, and in addition an average of almost \$150 damage was caused.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 358,663 household burglaries occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 316,331 (89%) were reported to police. By comparison, the published aggregate police figure for household burglaries reported for 1990-91 was around 190,000 (Mukherjee & Dagger, updates 1992). This discrepancy in estimates of reported crimes, again suggests that the sample contains a higher proportion of victims than the actual population, and that resulting estimates are too high to reflect true levels of victimisation.

The risk of burglary appears to be fairly evenly spread amongst the various groups in the community. Those which appeared to be most at risk of this crime include:

- households with only one adult person,
- those *not* living in Victoria or New South Wales,
- flats, apartments or terraced houses,
- those living in rented accommodation,
- those who go out frequently for recreation, and
- those living in areas where people mostly go their own way.

Consumer Frauds

Results: 166 of the 2,006 respondents experienced some kind of consumer fraud during the year - i.e. 8.3%. Over a third of these involved a shop of some sort, about one in seven involved the building industry, and one complaint in sixteen involved the motor trades. Three-quarters of these incidents went unreported; and of victims who did report the incident, almost all chose to report it to an agency other than the police.

Factoring up to provide estimates of actual incidence throughout Australia in 1991 results in a figure of 490,071 consumer frauds - of which virtually none will have come to the attention of police. Unfortunately the questionnaire did not ask reasons for non-reporting in this instance, or how serious an incident it was for the victim.

Those most at risk of consumer fraud include those living in rented accommodation and those with above average household incomes, but it seems to be a special feature of this type of incident that *all* groups in the community face a relatively equal risk.

INCIDENCE OF PERSONAL CRIMES

Four of the types of crime examined by this survey involve theft of personal property or actual or threatened violence against the person. These four offences can each be sub-divided, generally into a 'more serious' category and a 'less serious' category. The resulting eight types of offences are as follows:

Robbery: - Armed Robbery, Other Robbery

Results: Sixty-nine respondents were robbed in the past 5 years, of whom only 24 had been robbed during 1991. This 1991 figure represents 1.2% of the total sample. Two of the victims had experienced more than one robbery during the year. Over a quarter of the incidents involved weapons of some sort, with guns being present in approximately one in twelve incidents (a figure which should be used with caution as it is based on very small numbers).

Virtually all incidents took place near home or elsewhere in the local area, and a substantial proportion involved more than one offender. In almost half of the incidents nothing was actually stolen, and a similar proportion was regarded as of only minor to moderate seriousness. Almost half of the incidents were not reported to police, usually because they were not serious enough and/or because the police could do nothing about it.

When factored up to provide estimates of frequency, these data suggest that around 186,000 incidents occurred in Australia in 1991, of which around 101,000 would according to our respondents, have been reported to police. Actual police figures for 1990-91 aggregate to only 11,135 robberies (Mukherjee & Dagger, updates 1992). In addition to the possibility that victims of serious crimes are more keen to respond to surveys of this kind, it is possible that the police record incidents of this nature as assaults if it is not clear whether robbery was the prime motive. The sample size was too small to accurately identify high risk groups in the community.

Personal Theft: - Pickpocketing, Other Theft

Results: 304 of the 2,006 respondents had some item of personal property stolen in the previous five years, of which 124 cases occurred during 1991. This 1991 figure represents 6.2% of the total sample. Only 16% of these incidents were described as pickpocketing (2.3% of the total sample) and it is therefore not possible to provide any detailed estimates of victimisation rates for pickpocketing *per se*. 21 per cent of the 124 victims had things stolen twice or more times during the year. Over half of these incidents occurred 'elsewhere in the city or local area' and one in four occurred 'near home'. Fewer than a third of incidents were regarded as very serious.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 1,184,846 personal thefts occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 469,200 (40%) were reported to police. By comparison, the published police figure for theft reported for 1990-91 was 526,710. (Mukherjee & Dagger 1990). The police category of 'Stealing' is, however, broader than the survey question, including, for example, shop-lifting.

The groups most at risk of personal theft were overwhelmingly the young - particularly those under 20 years of age, who were three times more likely than the average person to be a victim of theft. This contrasts with, for example, the consumer fraud risks which were very evenly spread amongst the community. The pattern of risk is consolidated by data showing that students, single persons and those who live where 'people mostly go their own way' are also at above average risk.

Sexual Incidents: - Sexual Assault, Other Sexual Crimes

[Asked only of Female respondents]

It is most important to note that the question asked in 1992 was different in one major respect from that asked in 1989. Those who said they were victims of 'offensive behaviour' were, in 1992, asked if they regarded the incident as a crime. Those who said it was not a crime have been excluded from all tables and graphs in this report, except Table 21, which is presented for comparative purposes only. In this report, the words incident, crime and assault are used carefully. 'Incidents' include offensive behaviour which was not regarded by the victim as a crime. 'Crimes' includes offensive behaviour regarded as criminal, as well as including rapes,

attempted rapes and indecent assaults. 'Assaults' includes rapes, attempted rape and indecent assault, but excludes offensive behaviour.

Results: 98 of the 1,100 female respondents experienced some kind of sexual incident during the previous five years, of which 64 regarded the incidents as crimes. Thirty-eight respondents had experienced incidents in 1991, of which an estimated 25 would have been victims of crimes. This 1991 figure represents 2.3% of the total sample. Only twelve of these 64 crimes were described as rape or an attempt (18.8% of all victims of sexual crime, and 1.1% of the total sample), and it is therefore not possible to provide any reliable estimates of the incidence of rape *per se*. Eight of the 38 victims suffered two incidents during the year, and eleven respondents had experienced three or more incidents. Around half the offenders were unknown to the victim, but one in eight were or had been close friends.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 159,250 sexual crimes occurred in Australia in 1991, of which only 28,028 (17.6%) were reported to police.

Because of the small sample no information can be obtained on the characteristics of women most at risk of this crime.

Other Assaults: - Other Actual Violence, Threats of Violence

Results: 229 of the 2,006 respondents experienced some kind of non-sexual assault during the previous five years, of which 89 experienced incidents during 1991. This represents 4.4% of the total sample. One hundred and six of these 229 incidents were described as an actual assault (46% of all victims of incidents, and 5.3% of the total sample), while 123 respondents described the incident as one of threatened rather than actual violence. Some disaggregated estimates of the incidence of both actual and threatened assault are provided. Twelve of the 89 victims suffered two incidents during the year, eighteen respondents had experienced three or more incidents. The likelihood of multiple victimisation is therefore estimated at around 34% of all victims or 1.5% of the total population. 60 per cent of the offenders were unknown to the victims, while 12% were family members or 'friends'. Almost 22% of incidents resulted in actual injuries, and half of those victims needed medical help.

When factored up to provide estimates of actual numbers of crimes occurring during 1991, these responses suggest that a total of 422,316 actual assaults and 639,690 incidents of threatening behaviour occurred in Australia in 1991, of which 418,430 (39%) were reported to police. By comparison, the published police figure for 'serious assaults' reported for 1990-91 was 19,668 (Mukherjee & Dagger, updates 1992). The police category of 'Serious Assault' is, however, clearly much narrower than the survey question.

The groups which appeared to be most at risk of this crime include:

- males, for actual assaults, but females for threats,
- those in cities of more than 1,000,000 people, for assaults, but smaller centres for threats,
- those who live in unfriendly neighbourhoods.

RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON POLICING, CRIME PREVENTION AND SENTENCING

Seventy-five per cent of victims of crimes which were reported to police were satisfied or very satisfied with the police response. The percentages recorded in this sample survey ranged from just over 60% satisfied or very satisfied, for victims of assault, to over 80% for victims of car theft. Too few victims of sexual offences reported the crime to police to give a reliable estimate of satisfaction, but in this instance the level of satisfaction does not look high. There were no major differences in these percentages between different groups of the community, although the elderly, retired and disabled were somewhat more likely to be satisfied, while those living in low status areas are less satisfied. For those few who were dissatisfied, there was a wide range of reasons for their dissatisfaction. Principal amongst these were that the police did not do enough or did not appear interested in the incident. Small numbers of dissatisfied respondents preclude more detailed analysis in this respect.

Around three-quarters of all respondents felt that their local police were doing a good or very good job of controlling crime in their area. Some variation can be seen amongst

community groups, but this is not great. Those with a poor opinion of police were most likely to be:

- the unemployed, and
- those living in unfriendly neighbourhoods.

Around 60% of respondents said they had special door locks on their homes to protect against burglary, while one in three have door or window grilles. About 40% own a dog which would deter a burglar, and a quarter of homes have a high fence around. By comparison, owning a gun or installing a burglar alarm are rare in Australia. Persons living in cities over 1 million people are more likely to install burglar alarms and special locks and grilles, but less likely to own a gun.

Opinion varies widely as to the appropriate sentence for a recidivist thief. Only around one-third of respondents would imprison the offender, with six to twelve months imprisonment being their preferred sentence length. Almost half of the sample selected community service as the appropriate penalty, with a fine attracting the support of less than one in twelve respondents. No major differences were seen between recent victims of crime and other respondents. Small differences emerged between males and females - males were slightly more likely to favour imprisonment.

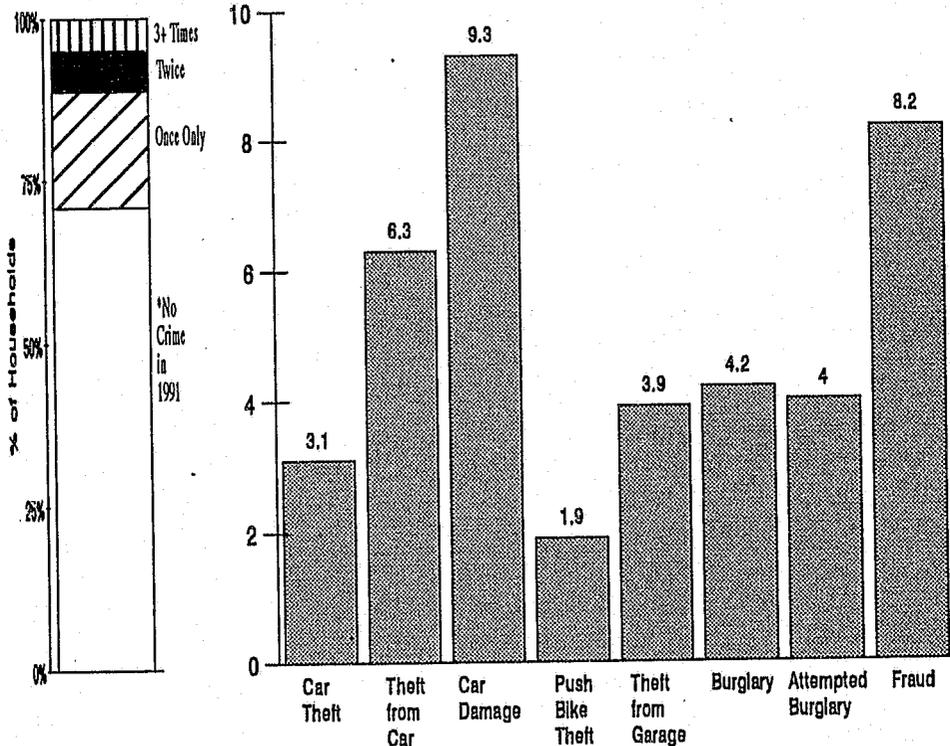
**... 3 ... ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBERS OF
HOUSEHOLDS AFFECTED BY HOUSEHOLD
PROPERTY CRIMES IN 1991**

Tables 1 to 8 present estimated numbers and percentages of households who were victimised (at least once) by a household property crime during 1991. Sample sizes were in general too small to provide detailed estimates of the number of crimes occurring to each household during the year, which would have provided indications of the types of victims liable to multiple victimisations. Tables have been provided, however, for household crimes *in toto*, showing the extent of multiple victimisation by victim types. The data have been weighted to obtain an acceptable match between the sample and the actual Australian population, in terms of household.

The percentages of households victimised are known as *prevalence rates of victimisation* - not to be confused with *incidence rates*, which are dealt with in section 5 of this report.

No tables are presented for motor cycle thefts owing to small numbers of victims in the sample.

Figure 1
Household Crimes - Estimated Percentages
of Households Victimised by Type
of Incident - Australia 1991



*Note that these percentages differ substantially from those obtained from the 1988 data, owing to the inclusion of additional incident types.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 1 - Household Property Crimes in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	NUMBER OF CRIMES EXPERIENCED IN 1991								Total Households	
	None in 1991		One		Two		Three or more		N	%
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
1 person (362)	888148	76.3	159720	13.7	67174	5.8	48743	4.2	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2000538	71.3	490145	17.5	172271	6.1	143976	5.1	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1325179	66.9	423013	21.4	129679	6.5	103370	5.2	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+										
1 person (443)	1052268	75.8	184874	13.3	81120	5.8	70783	5.1	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	2194824	70.0	610024	19.5	181551	5.8	147895	4.7	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	966773	67.7	277980	19.5	106453	7.5	77411	5.4	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16										
None (1229)	2659882	73.4	579828	16.0	222865	6.2	158809	4.4	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	1553983	66.7	493050	21.2	146259	6.3	137280	5.9	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD										
Single adult (362)	888148	76.3	159720	13.7	67174	5.8	48743	4.2	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	1771734	72.1	420108	17.1	155691	6.3	110066	4.5	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	1553983	66.7	493050	21.2	146259	6.3	137280	5.9	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME										
Below Average (912)	2030331	74.8	448641	16.5	118898	4.4	115662	4.3	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	1613515	64.2	519905	20.7	226587	9.0	153407	6.1	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE										
New South Wales (728)	1589330	73.3	377369	17.4	124512	5.7	76449	3.5	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1135690	73.3	240592	15.5	95457	6.2	78278	5.1	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	1488845	66.6	454917	20.4	149155	6.7	141362	6.3	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE										
Up to 1 Million (1158)	2420230	70.4	638203	18.6	198313	5.8	179490	5.2	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	1727361	71.4	420578	17.4	161911	6.7	110163	4.6	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED										
None (186)	493620	86.8	50020	8.8	15047	2.8	8724	1.5	568411	100.0
One (827)	1792160	73.0	449392	18.3	118243	4.8	93790	3.8	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	1928085	65.8	573466	19.6	234834	8.0	193575	6.6	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE										
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	932157	70.3	220091	16.6	92889	7.0	81378	6.1	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	3227843	70.7	843684	18.5	276235	6.1	214711	4.7	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP										
Owned (1537)	3298352	72.4	797545	17.5	277228	6.1	179709	3.9	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	842933	65.2	255644	19.8	83516	6.5	111074	8.6	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS										
At least once a week (1158)	2295766	66.0	703805	20.2	265003	7.6	212190	6.1	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	1844476	77.2	366500	15.3	98024	4.1	78736	3.3	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD										
Higher status area (269)	549662	68.7	150792	18.9	67097	8.4	32094	4.0	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	3224925	71.3	811095	17.9	258871	5.7	226346	5.0	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	342374	65.9	96012	18.5	43158	8.3	37649	7.3	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS										
Mostly help each other (1267)	2737001	73.0	648853	17.3	208354	5.6	155856	4.2	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	969763	65.0	292291	19.6	118309	7.9	111952	7.5	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	408054	72.2	102674	18.2	29026	7.1	25444	6.3	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR										
We ask neighbours (1572)	3359199	72.3	779060	16.8	291254	6.3	215823	4.6	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	760105	64.1	275262	23.2	77870	6.6	72746	6.1	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES										
A burglar alarm (277)	561550	69.0	134649	16.5	68489	8.4	49015	6.0	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	2517159	70.2	655110	18.3	226063	6.3	189779	5.3	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1387716	70.1	399096	20.2	98132	5.0	93637	4.7	1978581	100.0
Sign to deter burglars (722)	1492269	70.1	392375	18.4	154270	7.2	90846	4.3	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	959689	67.4	262265	18.4	115349	8.1	85685	6.0	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	720820	73.0	143315	14.5	63003	6.4	59966	6.1	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	603045	70.1	164627	19.1	52295	6.1	40613	6.7	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	4213865	70.8	1072878	18.0	369124	6.2	296089	5.0	5951956	100.0

Note: Incidents of attempted burglary, stealing from garage, and consumer fraud are included here; the figures are therefore liable to be higher than the same Table in the 1988 Report. For 1988 comparable data, see Table 1a.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 1a - Household Property Crimes in 1991 (Crimes counted in 1988 survey)
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	NUMBER OF CRIMES IN 1991 (Comparable to 1988)								Total Households	
	None in 1991		One		Two		Three or more		N	%
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
1 person (362)	982912	84.5	105599	9.1	39542	3.4	35732	3.1	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2275118	81.1	330963	11.8	110521	3.9	90328	3.2	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1544624	78.0	277551	14.0	82034	4.1	77032	3.9	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+										
1 person (443)	1164278	83.8	121483	8.7	50933	3.7	52351	3.8	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	2548900	81.3	391684	12.5	104073	3.3	89637	2.9	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1089476	76.3	200946	14.1	77091	5.4	61104	4.3	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16										
None (1229)	2989977	82.6	390981	10.8	134154	3.7	106272	2.9	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	1812677	77.8	323132	13.9	97943	4.2	96820	4.2	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD										
Single adult (362)	982912	84.5	105599	9.1	39542	3.4	35732	3.1	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2007065	81.7	285382	11.6	94612	3.8	70540	2.9	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	1812677	77.8	323132	13.9	97943	4.2	96820	4.2	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME										
Below Average (912)	2304103	84.9	247416	9.1	89166	3.3	72847	2.7	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	1878543	74.7	399669	15.9	129039	5.1	106163	4.2	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE										
New South Wales (728)	1780799	82.2	256626	11.8	82157	3.8	48078	2.2	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1273376	82.2	152220	9.8	54342	3.5	70079	4.5	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	1748479	78.3	305267	13.7	95598	4.3	84935	3.8	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE										
Up to 1 Million (1158)	2792223	81.3	412053	12.0	119182	3.5	112778	3.3	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	1933192	79.9	293401	12.1	106169	4.4	87251	3.6	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED										
None (186)	549408	96.7	10065	1.8	5100	1.1	2837	0.5	568411	100.0
One (827)	2037050	83.0	285687	11.6	60427	2.5	70421	2.9	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2216196	75.6	418360	14.3	165570	5.7	129834	4.4	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE										
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1046358	78.9	156577	11.8	68225	5.1	55355	4.2	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	3702431	81.1	548433	12.0	163872	3.6	147737	3.2	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP										
Owned (1537)	3707547	81.4	546028	12.0	176194	3.9	123065	2.7	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1005699	77.8	157572	12.2	52620	4.1	77276	6.0	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS										
At least once a week (1158)	2675242	76.9	480489	13.8	173752	5.0	147281	4.2	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2047734	85.8	233624	9.8	55730	2.3	50648	2.1	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD										
Higher status area (269)	626801	78.4	102991	12.9	45721	5.7	24132	3.0	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	3681204	81.4	527188	11.7	160123	3.5	152722	3.4	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	389106	74.9	77594	14.9	26253	5.1	26238	5.1	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS										
Mostly help each other (1267)	3115689	83.1	398120	10.6	126750	3.4	109505	2.9	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1103153	73.9	234853	15.7	76414	5.1	77895	5.2	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	468220	82.8	60558	10.7	20728	3.7	15892	2.8	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR										
We ask neighbours (1572)	3784642	81.5	537013	11.6	175193	3.8	148488	3.2	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	908799	76.6	170359	14.4	56904	4.8	49921	4.2	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES										
A burglar alarm (277)	642892	79.0	84384	10.4	57440	7.1	28987	3.6	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	2894816	80.7	410205	11.4	149004	4.2	134086	3.7	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1584813	80.1	273397	13.8	60509	3.1	59862	3.0	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	1722902	80.9	241106	11.3	106338	5.0	59414	2.8	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1089719	76.6	202802	14.3	75083	5.3	55384	3.9	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	811166	82.2	100933	10.2	38049	3.9	36956	3.7	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	683517	79.4	126847	14.7	20686	2.4	29330	3.4	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	4802654	80.7	714113	12.0	232097	3.9	203092	3.4	5951956	100.0

Note: Incidents of attempted burglary, stealing from garage, and consumer fraud are EXCLUDED here; the figures are therefore comparable to those in the same Table in the 1988 Report, which did not include those incidents.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 2 - Thefts of Cars, Vans, Trucks in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR THEFTS IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1121860	96.4	41925	3.6	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2734142	97.4	72788	2.6	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1913002	96.6	68239	3.4	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1341798	96.6	47247	3.4	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	3065121	97.8	69173	2.2	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1362085	95.3	66532	4.7	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3509401	96.9	111983	3.1	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2259603	97.0	70969	3.0	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1121860	96.4	41925	3.6	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2387541	97.1	70058	2.9	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + children (777)	2259603	97.0	70969	3.0	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2655392	97.9	58140	2.1	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2403091	95.6	110323	4.4	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2091557	96.5	76103	3.5	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1497228	96.6	52789	3.4	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2180219	97.6	54060	2.4	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3370896	98.1	65340	1.9	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2305774	95.3	114239	4.7	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	568411	100.0	0	.0	568411	100.0
One (827)	2392915	97.5	60670	2.5	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2807678	95.8	122282	4.2	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1267853	95.6	58662	4.4	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4438183	97.3	124290	2.7	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4433818	97.4	119016	2.6	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1231744	95.3	61423	4.7	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3321080	95.5	155684	4.5	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2360468	98.9	27258	1.1	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	772276	96.6	27369	3.4	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4385777	97.0	135460	3.0	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	499068	96.1	20123	3.9	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3652858	97.4	97206	2.6	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1423524	95.4	68791	4.6	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	551765	97.6	13433	2.4	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4536633	97.7	108703	2.3	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1116417	94.1	69566	5.9	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	773268	95.0	40435	5.0	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3479488	97.0	108623	3.0	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1918147	96.9	60434	3.1	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	2056444	96.6	73316	3.4	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1387518	97.5	35470	2.5	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	968361	98.1	18743	1.9	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	820852	95.4	39728	4.6	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5769004	96.9	182952	3.1	5951956	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**Table 3 - Thefts from Cars, Vans, Trucks in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.**

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS FROM CARS IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1115547	95.9	48238	4.1	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2623414	93.5	183516	6.5	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1838932	92.8	142309	7.2	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1320791	95.1	68254	4.9	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	2935229	93.6	199065	6.4	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1321873	92.5	106744	7.5	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3431279	94.8	190105	5.2	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2146614	92.1	183958	7.9	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1115547	95.9	48238	4.1	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2315732	94.2	141867	5.8	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	2146614	92.1	183958	7.9	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2578942	95.0	134590	5.0	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2311594	92.0	201820	8.0	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2059021	95.0	108639	5.0	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1432322	92.4	117695	7.6	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2086550	93.4	147729	6.6	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3221467	93.7	214769	6.3	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2263782	93.5	156231	6.5	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	568411	100.0	0	0	568411	100.0
One (827)	2345852	95.6	107733	4.4	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2663630	90.9	266330	9.1	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1232337	92.9	94178	7.1	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4282588	93.9	279885	6.1	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4278219	94.0	274615	6.0	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1205002	93.2	88165	6.8	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3218413	92.6	258351	7.4	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2274579	95.3	113157	4.7	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	734881	91.9	64764	8.1	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4252462	94.1	268775	5.9	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	481399	92.7	37792	7.3	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3552599	94.7	197465	5.3	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1352104	90.6	140211	9.4	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	533494	94.4	33708	5.6	567198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4354039	93.7	291297	6.3	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1107900	93.4	78083	6.6	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	752035	92.4	61668	7.6	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3351822	93.4	236289	6.6	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1860730	94.0	117851	6.0	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	1999176	93.9	130584	6.1	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1295639	91.1	127349	8.9	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	934562	94.7	52542	5.3	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	811015	94.2	49565	5.8	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5577893	93.7	374063	6.3	5951956	100.0

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Table 4 - Damage to Cars, Vans, Trucks in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR DAMAGE IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1087000	93.4	76785	6.6	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2550989	90.9	255941	9.1	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1762475	89.0	218766	11.0	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1295691	93.3	93354	6.7	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	2835065	90.5	299229	9.5	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1269708	88.9	158909	11.1	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3331097	92.0	290287	8.0	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2069367	88.8	261205	11.2	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1087000	93.4	76785	6.6	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2244097	91.3	213502	8.7	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	2069367	88.8	261205	11.2	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2543184	93.7	170348	6.3	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2181207	86.8	332207	13.2	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	1980940	91.4	186720	8.6	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1406768	90.8	143249	9.2	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2012756	90.1	221523	9.9	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3134892	91.2	301344	8.8	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2175461	89.9	244552	10.1	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	568411	100.0	0	0	568411	100.0
One (827)	2267840	92.4	185745	7.6	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2564213	87.5	365747	12.5	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1205387	90.9	121128	9.1	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4134717	90.6	427756	9.4	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4136138	90.8	416696	9.2	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1161122	89.8	132045	10.2	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3101162	89.2	375602	10.8	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2219624	93.0	168112	7.0	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	720976	90.2	78669	9.8	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4104595	90.8	416642	9.2	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	466618	89.9	52573	10.1	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3430677	91.5	319387	8.5	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1321607	88.6	170708	11.4	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	515044	91.1	50154	8.9	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4241525	91.3	403811	8.7	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1046465	88.2	139518	11.8	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	715607	87.9	98096	12.1	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3248963	90.5	339148	9.5	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1816974	91.8	161607	8.2	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	1914761	89.9	214999	10.1	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1260964	88.6	162024	11.4	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	901382	91.3	85722	8.7	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	790946	91.9	69634	8.1	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5400464	90.7	551492	9.3	5951956	100.0

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**Table 5 - Thefts of Bicycles in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.**

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS OF BICYCLES IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1154348	99.2	9437	2.8	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2774649	98.8	32281	1.2	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1911249	96.5	69992	3.5	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1377053	99.1	11992	0.9	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	3085604	98.4	48690	1.6	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1377589	96.4	51028	3.6	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3583361	99.0	38023	1.0	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2256885	96.8	73687	3.2	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1154348	99.2	9437	2.8	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2429013	98.8	28586	1.2	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	2256885	96.8	73687	3.2	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2668321	98.3	45211	1.7	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2461453	97.9	51961	2.1	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2134833	98.5	32827	1.5	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1524547	98.4	23470	1.5	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2180866	97.6	53413	2.4	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3364314	97.9	71922	2.1	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2380225	98.4	39788	1.6	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	565003	99.4	3408	0.6	568411	100.0
One (827)	2412446	98.3	41339	1.7	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2862797	97.7	67163	2.3	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1303702	98.3	22813	1.7	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4473576	98.1	88897	1.9	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4477711	98.3	75123	1.7	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1256580	97.2	36387	2.8	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3404217	97.9	72547	2.1	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2348573	98.4	39163	1.6	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	782982	97.9	16663	2.1	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4445846	98.3	75391	1.7	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	499535	96.2	19656	3.9	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3675781	98.0	74283	2.0	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1457725	97.7	34590	2.3	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	565198	100.0	0	0	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4555670	98.1	89666	1.9	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1167200	98.4	18783	1.6	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	805466	99.0	8237	1.0	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3536254	98.6	51857	1.4	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1943835	98.2	34746	1.8	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	2082349	97.8	47411	2.2	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1389817	97.7	33171	2.3	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	978424	99.1	8680	0.9	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	838028	97.4	22552	2.6	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5840246	98.1	111710	1.9	5951956	100.0

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**Table 6 - Household Burglaries in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.**

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	BURGLARIES IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1086903	93.4	76882	6.6	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2688543	95.8	118387	4.2	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1925975	97.2	55266	2.8	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1295480	93.3	93565	6.7	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	3026777	96.6	107517	3.4	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1379164	96.5	49453	3.5	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3444075	95.1	177309	4.9	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2257346	96.9	73226	3.1	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1086903	93.4	76882	6.6	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2357172	95.9	100427	4.1	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	2257346	96.9	73226	3.1	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2612867	96.3	100665	3.7	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2377629	94.6	135785	5.4	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2101520	96.9	66140	3.1	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1504377	97.1	45640	2.9	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2095524	93.8	138755	6.2	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3286602	95.6	149634	4.4	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2331984	96.4	88029	3.6	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	552816	97.3	15595	2.7	568411	100.0
One (827)	2344453	95.6	109132	4.4	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2804152	95.7	125808	4.3	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1242573	93.7	83942	6.3	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4402375	96.5	160098	3.5	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4372551	96.0	180283	4.0	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1222915	94.6	70252	5.4	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3279377	94.3	197387	5.7	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2334588	97.8	53148	2.2	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	758335	94.8	41310	5.2	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4338797	96.0	182440	4.0	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	492406	94.8	26785	5.2	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3615366	96.4	134698	3.6	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1409991	94.5	82324	5.5	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	541709	95.8	23489	4.2	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4457616	96.0	187720	4.0	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1123168	94.7	62815	5.3	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	782736	96.2	30967	3.8	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3422100	95.4	166011	4.6	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1886822	95.4	91759	4.6	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	2077567	97.5	52193	2.5	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1361734	95.7	61254	4.3	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	928425	94.1	58679	5.9	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	822005	95.5	38575	4.5	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5701421	95.8	250535	4.2	5951956	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**Table 6a - Attempted Household Burglaries in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.**

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ATTEMPTED BURGLARIES IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1117954	96.1	45831	3.9	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2664619	94.9	142311	5.1	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1929992	97.4	51249	2.6	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1328975	95.7	60070	4.3	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	2996506	95.6	137788	4.4	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1387084	97.1	41533	2.9	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3466353	95.7	155031	4.3	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2246212	96.4	84360	3.6	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1117954	96.1	45831	3.9	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2348399	95.6	109200	4.4	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + children (777)	2246212	96.4	84360	3.6	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2617898	96.5	95634	3.5	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2377776	94.6	135638	5.4	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2111317	97.4	56343	2.6	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1498602	96.7	51415	3.3	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2102646	94.1	131633	5.9	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3287917	95.7	148319	4.3	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2334468	96.5	85545	3.5	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	544271	95.8	24340	4.2	568611	100.0
One (827)	2365421	96.4	88164	3.6	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2802873	95.7	127087	4.3	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1272674	95.9	53841	4.1	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4376923	95.9	185550	4.1	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4412214	96.9	140620	3.1	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1202369	93.0	90798	7.0	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3304615	95.0	172149	5.0	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2323067	97.3	64669	2.7	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	759291	95.0	40354	5.0	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4360992	96.5	160245	3.5	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	480399	92.5	38792	7.5	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3621551	96.6	128513	3.4	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1410184	94.5	82131	5.5	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	544476	96.3	20722	3.7	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4472884	96.3	172452	3.7	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1121881	94.6	64102	5.4	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	766652	94.2	47051	5.8	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3421914	95.4	166197	4.6	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1894255	95.7	84326	4.3	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	2048665	96.2	81095	3.8	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1357149	95.4	65839	4.6	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	960477	97.3	26627	2.7	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	820490	95.3	40890	4.7	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5712565	96.0	239391	4.0	5951956	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 7 - Theft from Garages etc in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS FROM GARAGES IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1136907	97.7	26878	2.3	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2702266	96.3	104664	3.7	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1883296	95.1	97945	4.9	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1356985	97.7	32060	2.3	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	3006269	95.9	128025	4.1	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1359215	95.1	69402	4.9	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3498442	96.6	122942	3.4	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2224027	95.4	106545	4.6	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1136907	97.7	26878	2.3	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2361535	96.1	96064	3.9	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	2224027	95.4	106545	4.6	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2612361	96.3	101171	3.7	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2413223	96.0	100191	4.0	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2079893	96.0	87767	4.0	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1512517	97.6	37500	2.4	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2130059	95.3	104220	4.7	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3282402	95.5	153834	4.5	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2347733	97.0	72280	3.0	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	552364	97.2	16047	2.8	568411	100.0
One (827)	2379334	97.0	74251	3.0	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2790771	95.2	139189	4.8	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1289476	97.2	37039	2.8	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4370025	95.8	192448	4.2	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4383236	96.3	169598	3.7	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1241168	96.0	51999	4.0	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3327593	95.7	149171	4.3	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2310902	96.8	76834	3.2	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	769878	96.3	29767	3.7	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4351116	96.2	170121	3.8	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	489592	94.3	29599	5.7	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3624918	96.7	125146	3.3	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1415564	94.9	76751	5.1	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	540340	95.6	24856	4.2	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4467720	96.2	177616	3.8	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1139782	96.1	46201	3.9	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	781860	96.1	31843	3.9	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3453330	96.2	134781	3.8	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1902743	96.2	75838	3.8	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	2046226	96.1	83534	3.9	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1352203	95.0	70785	5.0	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	938543	95.1	48561	4.9	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	828371	96.3	32209	3.7	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5722469	96.1	229487	3.9	5951956	100.0

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Table 8 - Consumer Frauds in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CONSUMER FRAUDS IN 1991				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (362)	1081706	92.9	82079	7.1	1163785	100.0
2-3 persons (984)	2576374	91.8	230556	8.2	2806930	100.0
4 or more (660)	1803805	91.0	177436	9.0	1981241	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (443)	1298269	93.5	90776	6.5	1389045	100.0
2 persons (1093)	2837526	90.5	296768	9.5	3134294	100.0
3 or more (470)	1326090	92.8	102527	7.2	1428617	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (1229)	3338644	92.2	282740	7.8	3621384	100.0
1 or more (777)	2123241	91.1	207331	8.9	2330572	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1081706	92.9	82079	7.1	1163785	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	2256938	91.8	200661	8.2	2457599	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	2123241	91.1	207331	8.9	2330572	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	2529072	93.2	184460	6.8	2713532	100.0
Above Average (850)	2247560	89.4	265854	10.6	2513414	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	2005597	92.5	162063	7.5	2167660	100.0
Victoria (524)	1430833	92.3	119184	7.7	1550017	100.0
Other (754)	2025455	90.7	208824	9.3	2234279	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3138239	91.3	297997	8.7	3436236	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2241967	92.6	178046	7.4	2420013	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (186)	533926	93.9	34485	6.1	568411	100.0
One (827)	2257255	92.0	196330	8.0	2453585	100.0
Two or more (993)	2670704	91.2	259256	8.8	2929960	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	1225884	92.4	100631	7.6	1326515	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	4173033	91.5	389440	8.5	4562473	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (1537)	4215258	92.6	337576	7.4	4552834	100.0
Rented (432)	1154791	89.3	138376	10.7	1293167	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	3151774	90.7	324990	9.3	3476764	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	2228745	93.3	158991	6.7	2387736	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	737377	92.2	62268	7.8	799645	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	4128908	91.3	392329	8.7	4521237	100.0
Lower status area (175)	492356	94.8	26835	5.2	519191	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	3435004	91.6	315060	8.4	3750064	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	1374538	92.1	117777	7.9	1492315	100.0
Mixture (191)	521819	92.3	43379	7.7	565198	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (1572)	4290846	92.4	354490	7.6	4645336	100.0
We don't bother (394)	1059384	89.3	126599	10.7	1185983	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (277)	755308	92.8	58395	7.2	813703	100.0
Special door locks (1214)	3289143	91.7	298968	8.3	3588111	100.0
Window, door grilles (669)	1824941	92.2	153640	7.8	1978581	100.0
Dog to deter burglars (722)	1943438	91.3	186322	8.7	2129760	100.0
A high fence (480)	1305847	91.6	119141	8.4	1422988	100.0
Own a gun (331)	898001	91.0	89103	9.0	987104	100.0
None of these (286)	789470	91.7	71110	8.3	860580	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	5461885	91.8	490071	8.2	5951956	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**... 4 ... ESTIMATES OF THE TOTAL INCIDENCE
OF HOUSEHOLD PROPERTY CRIMES IN 1991**

The following three tables present estimates of the total numbers of incidents of selected household property crimes occurring in Australia during 1991. Table 9 gives the basic estimates, and Table 10 expresses the same results in the useful form of rates of incidents per thousand households. Each Table shows how crimes affect different sub-groups within the population to varying extents. For example, Table 9 shows that the great majority of burglaries are against homes which are insured against burglary; when expressed as a rate per 1000 households, however, it is clear from Table 10 that households which are not insured are *more* likely to be victims.

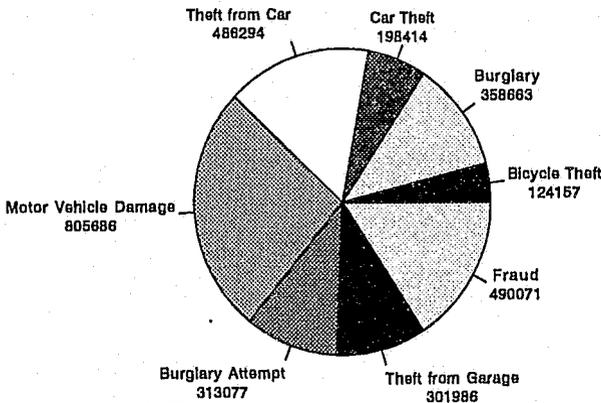
The estimates given in Table 10 are known as *incidence* rates of victimisation (per 1000 population). This is simply the number of incidents per 1000 persons. It is *not* equivalent to the proportion of persons victimised, because of the risks of multiple victimisation. Table 10A excludes the extra offence types from the 1992 survey data, to make them comparable with the 1989 data.

These estimates are based on a *weighted* data file, the adjustments being made to make the sample as representative as possible in terms of regional distribution. The sampling procedure itself ensured that households of differing sizes were correctly represented, according to the most recent population data. Different weights are necessary for the estimates of household crimes and the estimates of personal crimes. Examples and an explanation of how these weights are calculated can be found in van Dijk et al. (1992)⁴.

Apart from those variables explicitly incorporated in the weightings, estimates of victimisation within categories of respondent assume that the (adjusted) sample is representative of the broader community (e.g. the sample estimate of the number of bicycle-owning households is assumed to be a reliable measure of actual bicycle ownership in the broader community).

The actual number of respondents in each category is printed (in brackets) in the row and column headings of the tables, to assist the reader's assessment of the reliability of the estimates. All estimates with a relative standard error of more than 25 per cent are shaded. As a rule they should be treated with suspicion.

Figure 2
Estimated Total Numbers of Incidents of Household Crimes by Type of Incident - Australia 1991



⁴ van Dijk, Jan & Mayhew, Pat, *Criminal Victimisation in the Industrialised World - Key Findings of the 1989 and 1992 International Crime Surveys*, Directorate for Crime Prevention, Ministry of Justice, The Netherlands, 1992.

Table 9
Household Property Crimes in 1991: Estimated Numbers of Incidents
by Household Characteristics and Type of Crime

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR THEFT	THEFT FROM CAR	CAR DAMAGE	BIKE THEFT	BURGL'Y	BURGL'Y ATTEMPT	THEFT FROM GARAGE	FRAUD	TOTAL CRIMES
HOUSEHOLD SIZE									
1 person (362)	41925	62140	111887	9437	95972	55929	46793	82079	506162
2-3 persons (984)	79108	235520	384503	35819	177653	184462	112645	230556	1439466
4 or more (660)	77381	188634	309296	79701	85038	72686	142548	177436	1132720
PERSONS AGED 16+									
1 person (443)	47247	88016	133868	11992	145511	78197	54530	90776	650137
2 persons (1093)	72439	260786	431917	55330	125188	193347	167754	296768	1603529
3 or more (470)	78728	137492	239901	56835	87964	43533	79702	102527	824682
CHILDREN UNDER 16									
None (1229)	124179	249522	436892	43830	222453	187779	148106	282740	1695501
1 or more (777)	74235	236772	368794	80327	136210	125298	153880	207331	1382847
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD									
Single adult (362)	41925	62140	111887	9437	95972	55929	46793	82079	506162
2 or more adults (867)	82254	187382	325005	34393	126481	131850	101313	200661	1189339
Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	74235	236772	368794	80327	136210	125298	153880	207331	1382847
HOUSEHOLD INCOME									
Below Average (912)	61406	181537	226759	54589	164258	117772	136026	184460	1126807
Above Average (850)	122519	259062	490649	55030	180320	187186	135293	265854	1695913
PLACE OF RESIDENCE									
New South Wales (728)	81979	124617	288703	35565	99720	68153	95775	162063	956575
Victoria (524)	62375	155313	216020	25470	61184	60755	45352	119184	745453
Other (754)	54060	206364	300963	63122	197759	184169	161059	208824	1376320
CITY SIZE									
Up to 1 Million (1158)	65340	289685	434652	81631	220913	206306	204382	297997	1800906
Over 1 Million (814)	129701	190483	365438	42526	121505	101244	77366	178046	1206309
NO. OF CARS OWNED									
None (186)	0	0	0	3408	33043	26977	19097	34485	117010
One (827)	63936	136194	262979	43877	154340	110073	101652	196330	1069381
Two or more (993)	134478	350100	542707	76872	171280	176027	181237	259256	1891957
TYPE OF HOUSE									
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	70858	116450	173577	22813	124007	74190	53904	100631	736430
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	127556	369844	629501	101344	228161	238887	248082	389440	2332815
HOME OWNERSHIP									
Owned (1537)	134478	352992	587804	78192	224528	174463	224552	337576	2114585
Rented (432)	61425	118736	209629	45965	134135	130641	66989	138376	905894
OUTDOOR VISITS									
At least once a week (1158)	167880	341166	542336	79187	273974	224204	193151	324990	2146888
Less than once/week (817)	30534	142573	242578	44970	84689	86300	105353	158991	895988
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD									
Higher status area (269)	33689	79412	107164	19732	46850	57585	32322	62268	439022
Middle status area (1525)	144602	345374	611343	84769	274029	213857	222356	392329	2288659
Lower status area (175)	20123	58776	83571	19656	37784	41635	47308	26835	335688
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS									
Mostly help each other (1267)	106792	248358	467727	80923	181934	165096	170371	315060	1736261
Mostly go their own way (500)	68791	190103	253383	40397	132784	102476	87605	117777	993316
Mixture (191)	19309	58467	73333	0	33921	34643	41278	43379	284330
ASK NEIGHBOUR									
We ask neighbours (1572)	118289	387272	578771	102113	280761	231511	239236	354490	2292443
We don't bother (394)	75442	94339	209586	18785	77902	75892	57080	126599	735423
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES									
A burglar alarm (277)	43701	77114	136747	8237	41938	62499	34387	58395	463018
Special door locks (1214)	124085	310657	493420	54595	243377	197288	162393	298968	1884783
Window, door grilles (669)	72630	175737	215656	34746	120865	117245	125017	153640	1015536
Dog to deter burglars (722)	76582	177840	304716	53218	60973	111728	99217	186322	1070596
A high fence (480)	38736	172509	227390	38978	75392	79297	105104	119141	856547
Own a gun (331)	30939	84282	127082	8680	64895	35829	91231	89103	532041
None of these (286)	37728	52316	115196	29192	65964	57481	34764	71110	465751
Total Respondents (2006)	198414	486294	805686	124157	358663	313077	301986	490071	3078348

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 10
Household Property Crimes in 1991: Estimated Numbers of Incidents per 1000 Households
by Household Characteristics and Type of Crime

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR THEFT	THEFT FROM CAR	CAR DAMAGE	BIKE THEFT	BURGL'Y	BURGL'Y ATTEMPT	THEFT FROM GARAGE	FRAUD	TOTAL CRIMES
HOUSEHOLD SIZE									
1 person (362)	36.0	53.4	96.1	8.3	82.5	48.1	40.2	70.5	434.9
2-3 persons (984)	28.2	83.9	137.0	12.9	63.3	65.7	40.1	82.1	512.8
4 or more (660)	39.1	95.2	156.1	40.2	42.9	36.7	71.9	89.6	571.7
PERSONS AGED 16+									
1 person (443)	34.0	63.4	96.4	8.6	104.8	56.3	39.3	65.4	468.0
2 persons (1093)	23.1	83.2	137.8	17.7	39.9	61.7	53.5	94.7	511.6
3 or more (470)	55.1	96.2	167.9	39.8	61.6	39.1	55.8	71.8	577.3
CHILDREN UNDER 16									
None (1229)	34.3	68.9	120.6	12.1	61.4	51.9	40.9	78.1	468.2
1 or more (777)	31.9	101.6	158.2	34.5	58.4	53.8	66.0	89.0	593.4
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD									
Single adult (362)	36.0	53.4	96.1	8.3	82.5	48.1	40.2	70.5	434.9
2 or more adults (867)	33.5	76.2	132.2	14.0	51.5	53.6	41.2	81.6	483.9
Adult/s + children (777)	31.9	101.6	158.2	34.5	58.4	53.8	66.0	89.0	593.4
HOUSEHOLD INCOME									
Below Average (912)	22.6	66.9	83.6	20.1	60.5	43.4	50.1	68.0	415.3
Above Average (850)	48.7	103.1	195.2	21.9	71.7	74.5	53.8	105.8	674.7
PLACE OF RESIDENCE									
New South Wales (728)	37.8	57.5	133.2	16.4	46.0	31.4	44.2	74.8	441.3
Victoria (524)	40.2	100.2	139.4	18.4	39.5	39.2	29.1	76.9	480.9
Other (754)	24.2	92.4	134.7	28.3	88.5	82.4	72.1	93.5	616.0
CITY SIZE									
Up to 1 Million (1158)	19.0	84.3	126.5	23.8	64.3	60.0	59.5	86.7	524.1
Over 1 Million (814)	53.6	78.7	151.0	17.6	50.2	41.8	32.0	73.6	498.5
NO. OF CARS OWNED									
None (186)	.0	.0	.0	6.0	58.1	47.5	33.6	60.7	205.9
One (827)	26.1	55.5	107.2	17.9	62.9	44.9	41.4	80.0	435.8
Two or more (993)	45.9	119.5	185.2	26.2	58.5	60.1	61.9	88.5	645.7
TYPE OF HOUSE									
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (437)	53.4	87.8	130.9	17.2	93.5	55.9	40.6	75.9	555.2
Detached, Semi-detached (1548)	28.0	81.1	138.0	22.2	50.0	52.4	54.4	85.4	511.3
HOME OWNERSHIP									
Owned (1537)	29.5	77.5	129.1	17.2	49.3	38.3	49.3	74.1	464.5
Rented (432)	47.5	91.8	162.1	35.5	103.7	101.0	51.8	107.0	700.5
OUTDOOR VISITS									
At least once a week (1158)	48.3	98.1	156.0	22.8	78.8	64.5	55.6	93.5	617.5
Less than once/week (817)	32.8	59.7	101.6	18.8	35.5	36.1	44.1	66.6	375.2
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD									
Higher status area (269)	42.1	99.3	134.0	24.7	58.6	72.0	40.4	77.9	549.0
Middle status area (1525)	32.0	76.4	135.2	18.7	60.6	47.3	49.2	86.8	506.2
Lower status area (175)	38.8	113.2	161.0	37.9	72.8	60.2	91.1	81.7	646.6
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS									
Mostly help each other (1267)	28.5	66.2	124.7	21.6	48.5	44.0	45.4	84.0	463.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	46.1	127.4	169.8	27.1	89.0	68.7	58.7	78.9	655.6
Mixture (191)	34.2	88.1	129.7	.0	60.0	61.3	73.0	76.8	503.1
ASK NEIGHBOUR									
We ask neighbours (1572)	25.5	83.4	124.6	22.0	60.4	49.8	51.5	76.3	493.5
We don't bother (394)	63.6	79.5	176.6	35.8	65.7	64.0	48.1	106.7	620.1
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES									
A burglar alarm (277)	53.7	94.8	168.1	10.1	51.5	76.8	42.3	71.8	569.0
Special door locks (1214)	34.6	86.6	137.5	15.2	67.8	55.0	45.3	83.3	525.3
Window, door grilles (669)	36.7	88.8	109.0	17.6	61.1	59.3	63.2	77.7	513.3
Dog to deter burglars (722)	36.0	83.5	143.1	25.0	28.6	52.5	46.6	87.5	502.7
A high fence (480)	27.2	121.2	159.8	27.4	53.0	55.7	73.9	83.7	601.9
Own a gun (331)	31.3	85.4	128.7	8.8	65.7	36.3	92.4	90.3	539.0
None of these (286)	46.2	60.8	133.9	33.9	76.7	66.8	40.4	82.6	541.2
Total Respondents (2006)	33.3	81.7	135.4	20.9	60.3	52.6	50.7	82.3	517.2

* Note: Incidents of attempted burglary, stealing from garage, and consumer fraud are EXCLUDED in these Totals; they are therefore comparable to those in the same Table in the 1988 Report.

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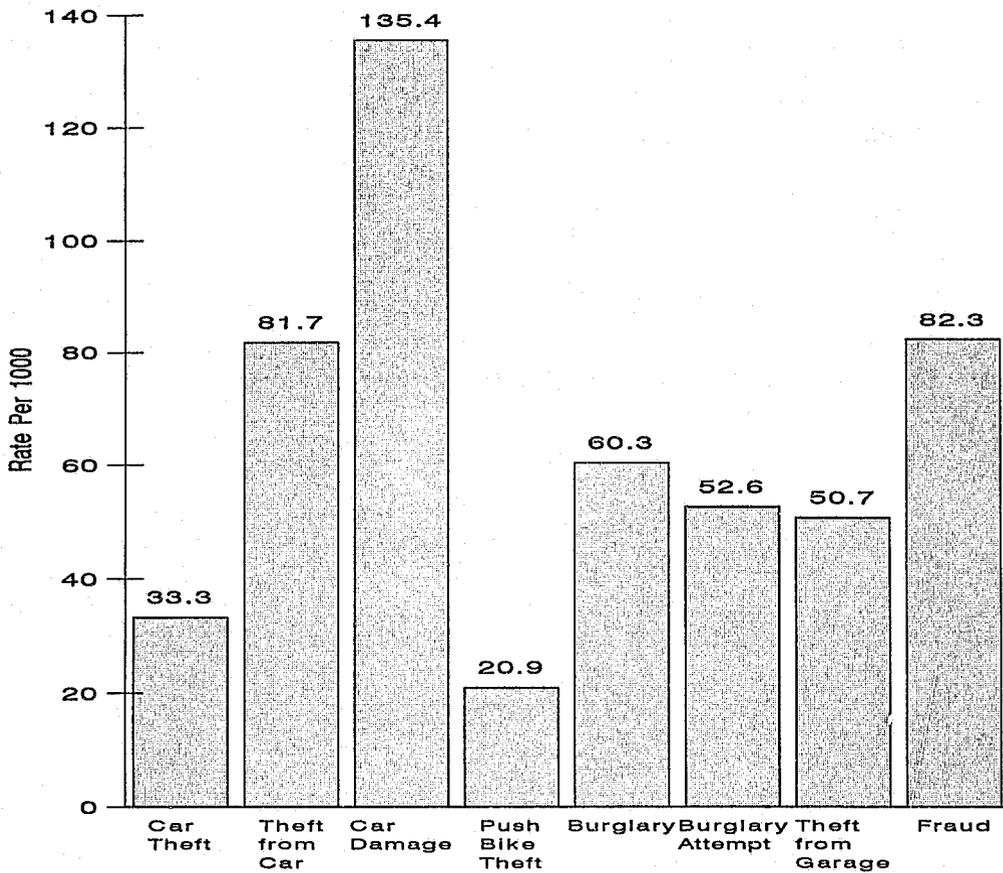
Table 10A: Comparison of Total Crimes in 1988 and 1991 - Australia

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	NUMBER OF CRIMES		INCIDENTS PER 1000 HOUSEHOLDS	
	(1988)	(1991)*	(1988)	(1991)*
HOUSEHOLD SIZE				
1 person (313, 362)	270118	321361	261.2	276.1
2-3 persons (979, 984)	739490	911803	297.8	324.8
4 or more (720, 660)	617745	740050	353.7	373.5
PERSONS AGED 16+				
1 person (362, 443)	320797	426634	278.0	307.1
2 persons (1081, 1093)	745021	945660	275.2	301.7
3 or more (569, 470)	561535	600920	400.4	420.6
CHILDREN UNDER 16				
None (1258, 1229)	990418	1076876	289.2	297.4
1 or more (754, 777)	636935	896338	346.4	384.6
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD				
Single adult (313, 362)	270118	321361	261.2	276.1
2 or more adults (945, 867)	720300	755515	301.3	307.4
Adult/s + ch'dren (754, 777)	636935	896338	346.4	384.6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
Below Average (786, 912)	588176	688549	279.8	253.7
Above Average (970, 850)	878085	1107580	349.0	440.7
PLACE OF RESIDENCE				
New South Wales (732, 728)	529538	630584	287.7	290.9
Victoria (533, 524)	420165	520362	306.8	335.7
Other (747, 754)	677650	822268	330.0	368.0
CITY SIZE				
Up to 1 Million (653, 1158)	421545	1092221	239.1	317.9
Over 1 Million (1247, 814)	1127199	849653	353.6	351.1
NO. OF CARS OWNED				
None (222, 186)	54148	36451	86.0	64.1
One (773, 827)	500834	661326	239.1	269.5
Two or more (1017, 993)	1072371	1275437	422.3	435.3
TYPE OF HOUSE				
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (345, 437)	273922	507705	285.9	382.7
Detached, Semi-detached (1653, 1548)	1344295	1456406	315.2	319.2
HOME OWNERSHIP				
Owned (1590, 1537)	1173079	1377994	284.2	302.7
Rented (351, 432)	380249	569888	406.2	440.7
HOUSE INSURED				
Yes (1549, 1549)	1197532	n/a	297.6	n/a
No (293, 293)	358174	n/a	451.8	n/a
OUTDOOR VISITS				
At least once a week (1110, 1158)	1169710	1404543	399.9	404.0
Less than once/week (858, 817)	442933	545344	199.4	228.4
LEAVE LIGHTS ON				
Always (947, 974)	793024	n/a	324.2	n/a
Sometimes (518, 518)	507415	n/a	379.7	n/a
Never (486, 486)	289657		219.9	
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD				
Higher status area (269)	n/a	286847	n/a	358.7
Middle status area (1525)	n/a	1460117	n/a	322.9
Lower status area (175)	n/a	219910	n/a	423.6
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS				
Mostly help each other (1267)	n/a	1085734	n/a	289.5
Mostly go their own way (500)	n/a	685458	n/a	459.3
Mixture (191)	n/a	165030	n/a	292.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR				
We ask neighbours (1320, 1572)	1318005	1467206	314.9	315.8
We don't bother (332, 394)	251356	475852	284.9	401.2
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES				
A burglar alarm (277)	n/a	307737	n/a	378.2
Special door locks (1214)	n/a	1226134	n/a	341.7
Window, door grilles (669)	n/a	619634	n/a	313.2
Dog to deter burglars (722)	n/a	673329	n/a	316.2
A high fence (480)	n/a	553005	n/a	388.6
Own a gun (331)	417348	315878	417.3	320.0
None of these (286)	n/a	302396	n/a	351.4
Total Respondents (2006)	1627353	1973214	309.2	331.5

* Note: Incidents of attempted burglary, stealing from garage, and consumer fraud are EXCLUDED in these Totals; they are therefore comparable to those in the same Table in the 1988 Report.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

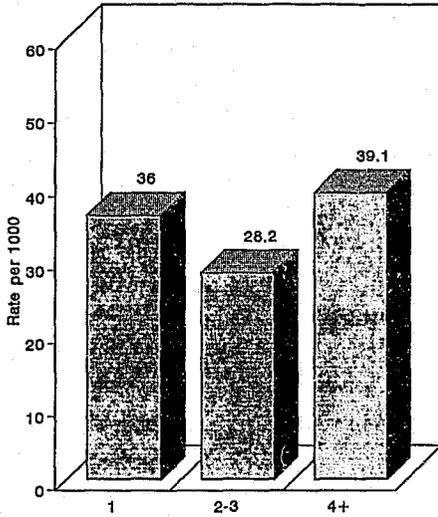
Figure 3
Estimated Incidence Rates of Household Crimes
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991



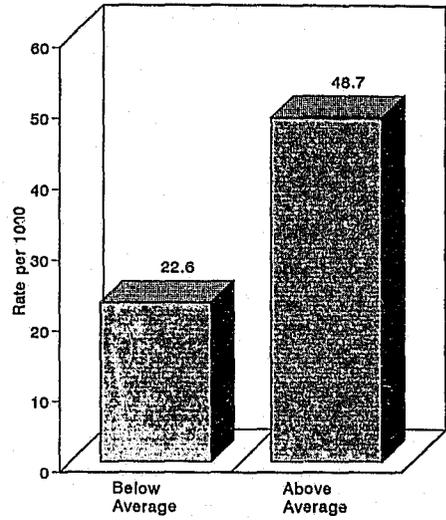
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 4
Estimated Incidence Rates of Car Theft, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

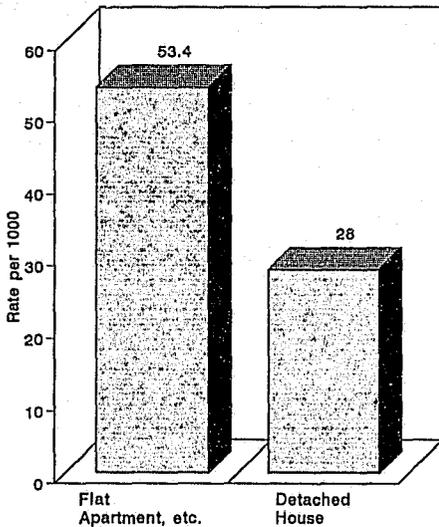
Persons in Households



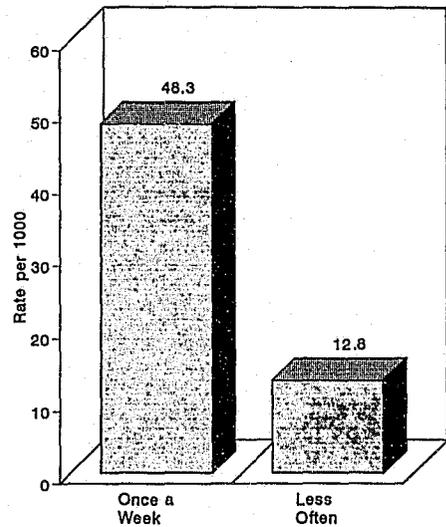
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



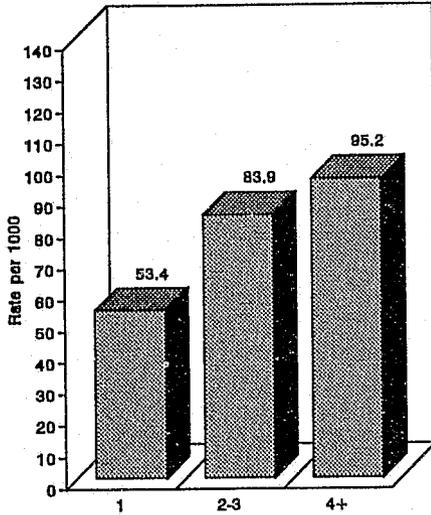
Frequency of Outside Visits



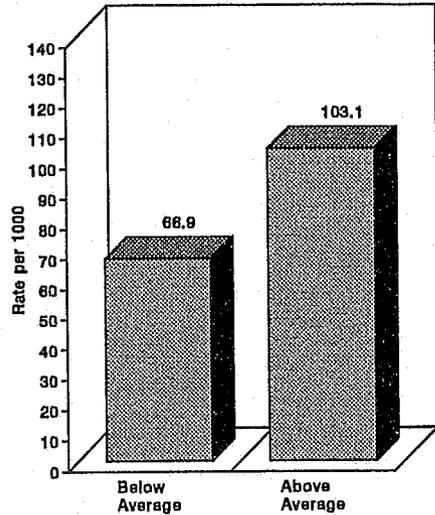
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 5
Estimated Incidence Rates of Theft from a Car, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

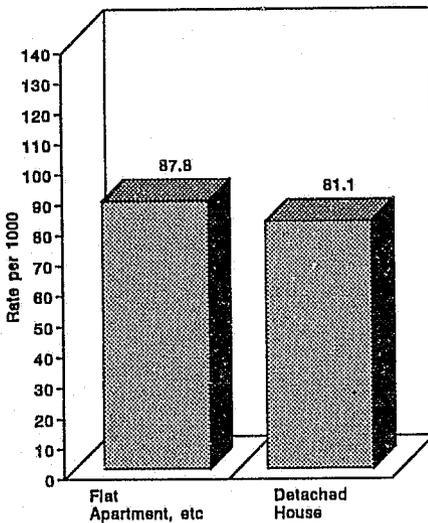
Persons in Households



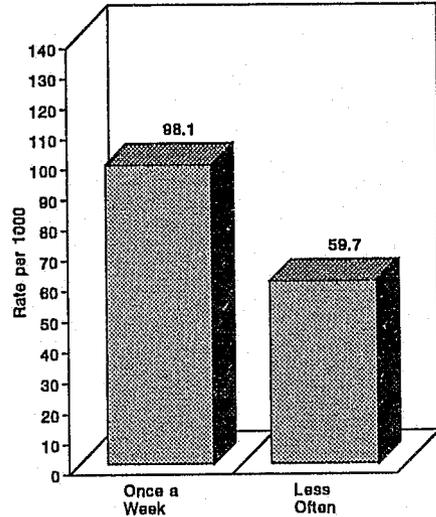
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



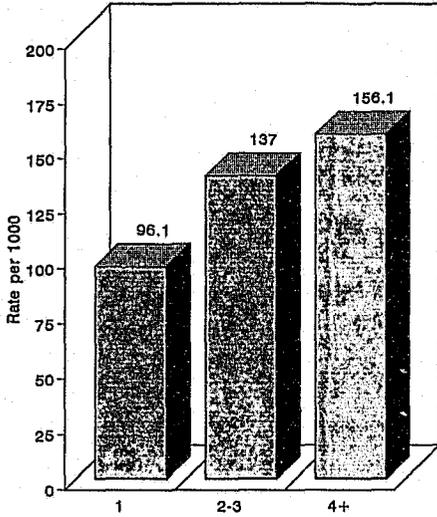
Frequency of Outside Visits



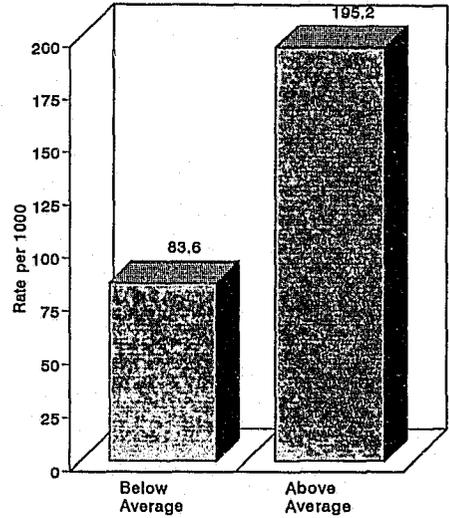
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 6
Estimated Incidence Rates of Damage to a Car by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

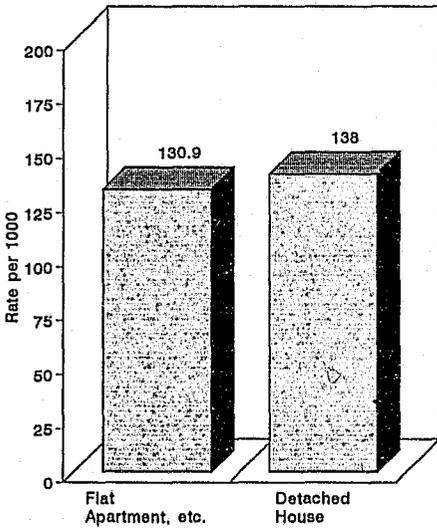
Persons in Households



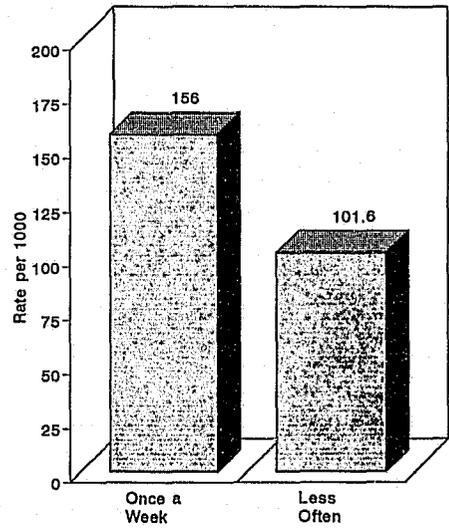
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



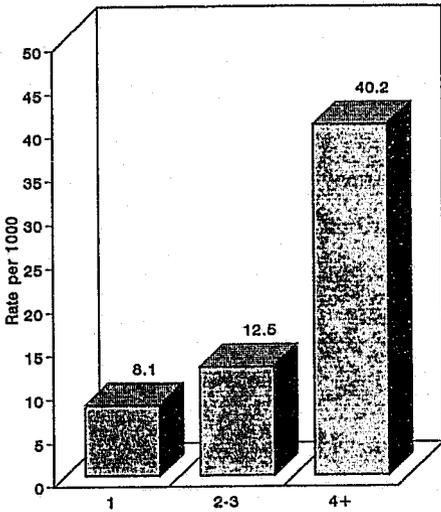
Frequency of Outside Visits



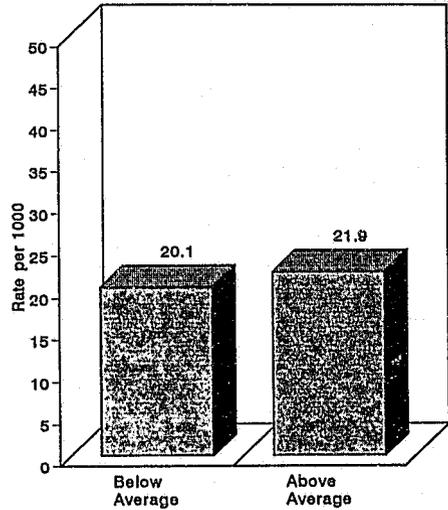
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 7
Estimated Incidence Rates of Bicycle Theft, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

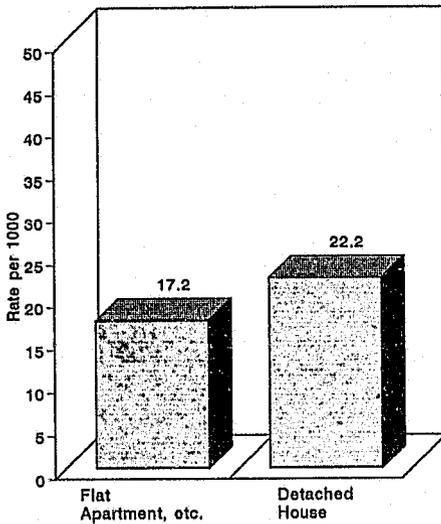
Persons in Households



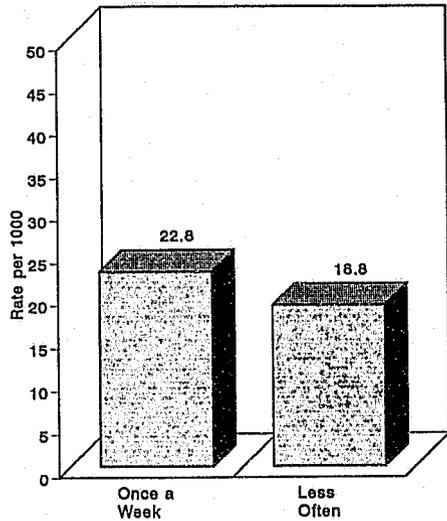
Household Income



Type of Dwelling

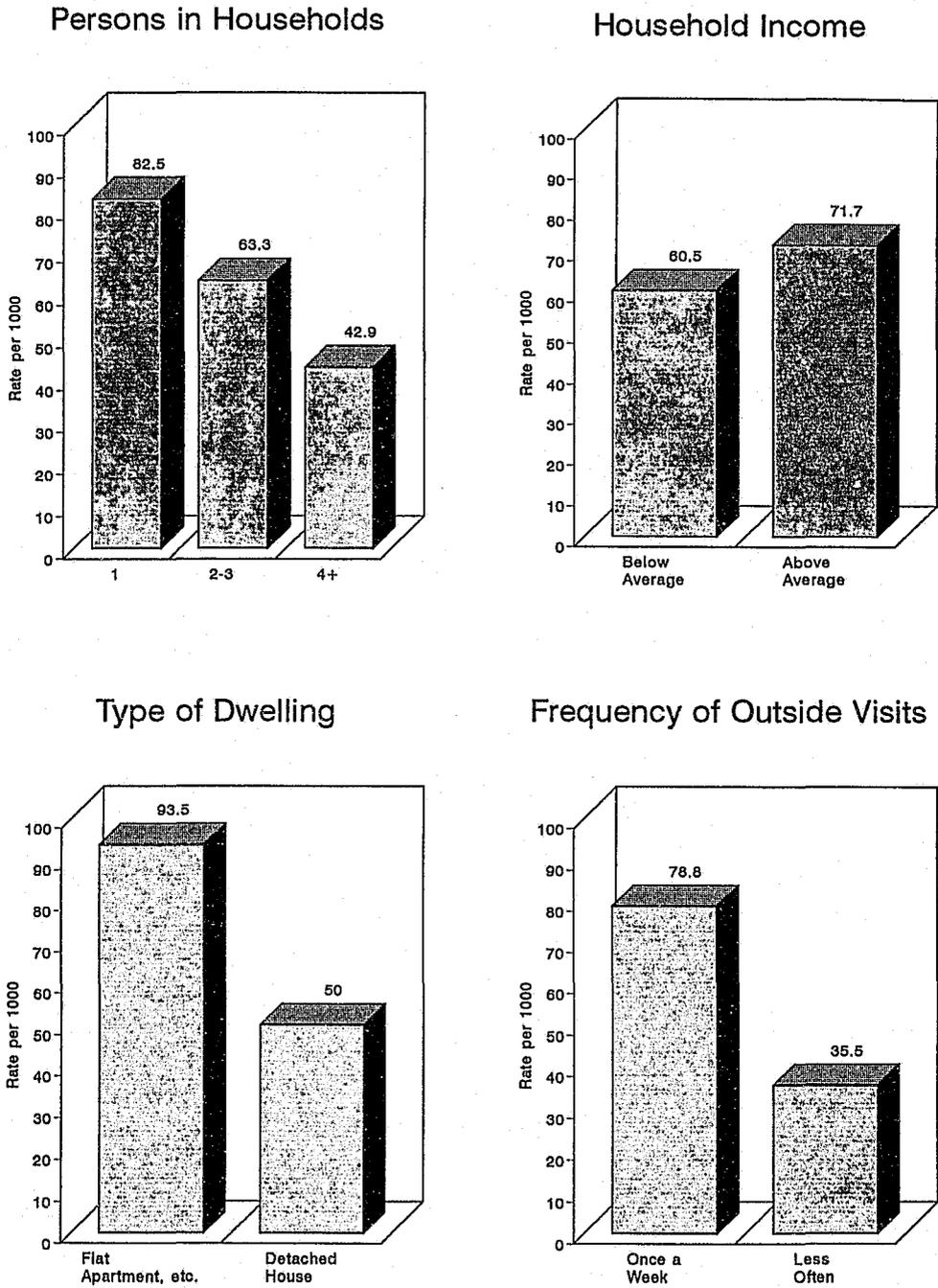


Frequency of Outside Visits



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

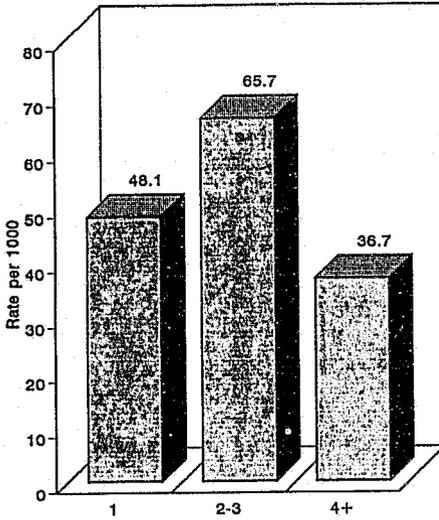
Figure 8
Estimated Incidence Rates of Burglary, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991



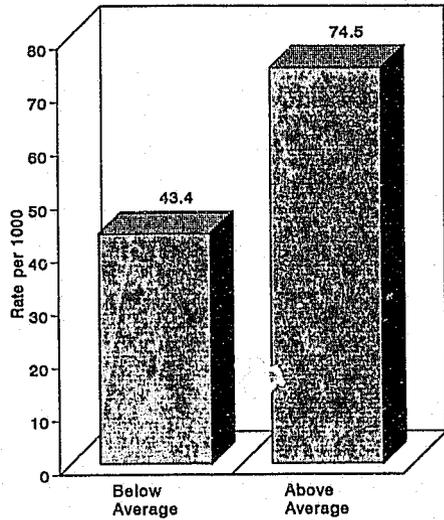
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 9
Estimated Incidence Rates of Attempted Burglary, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

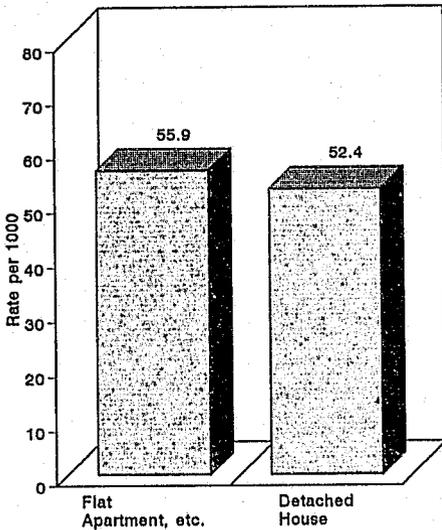
Persons in Households



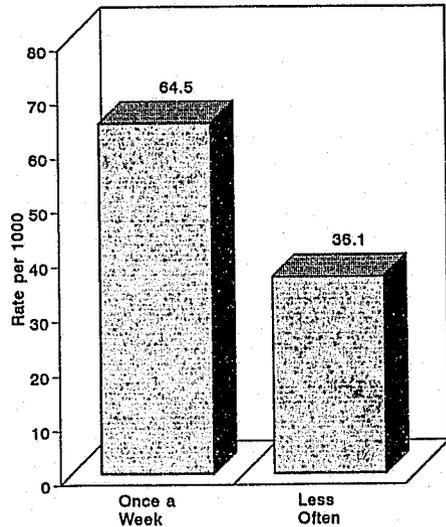
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



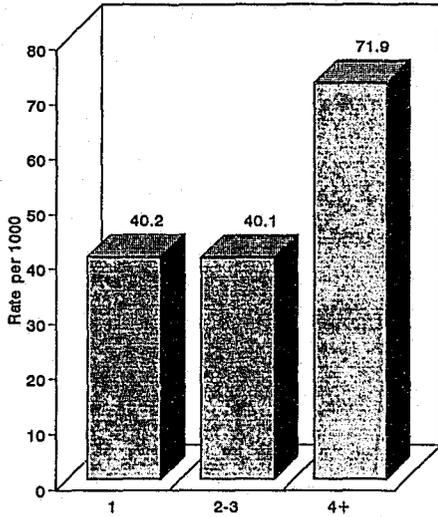
Frequency of Outside Visits



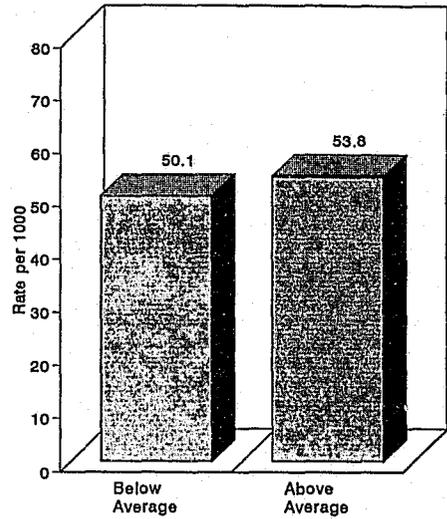
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 10
Estimated Incidence Rates of Theft from Garage, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

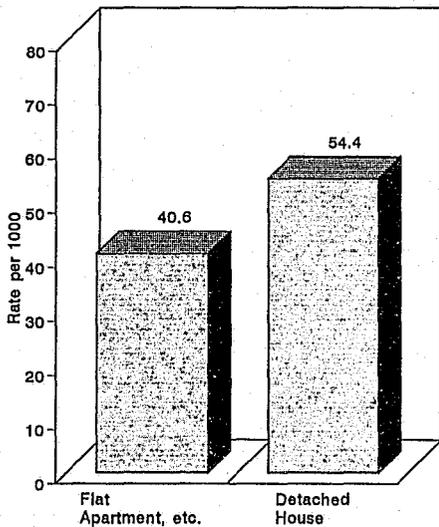
Persons in Households



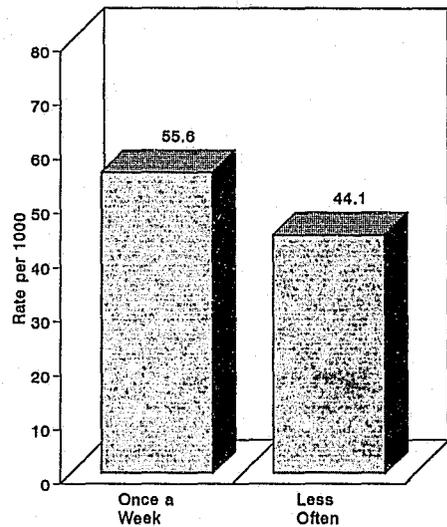
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



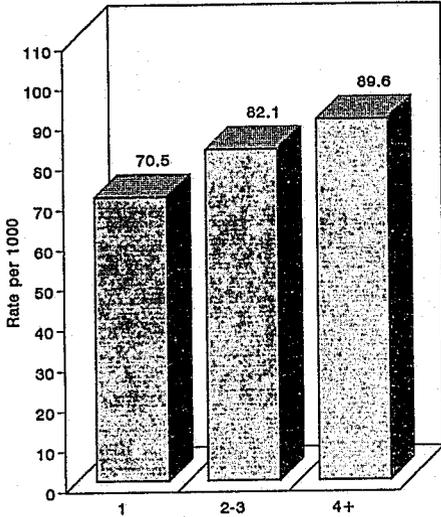
Frequency of Outside Visits



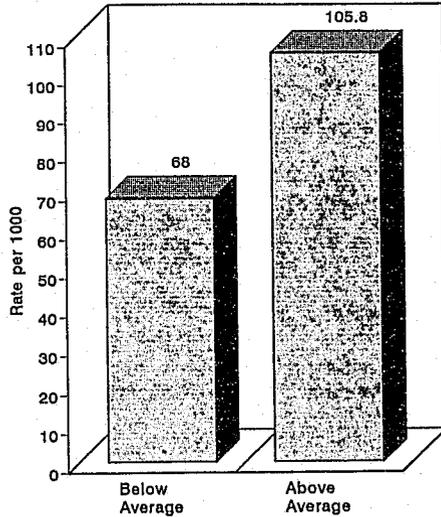
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 11
Estimated Incidence Rates of Fraud, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Per 1000 Households - Australia, 1991

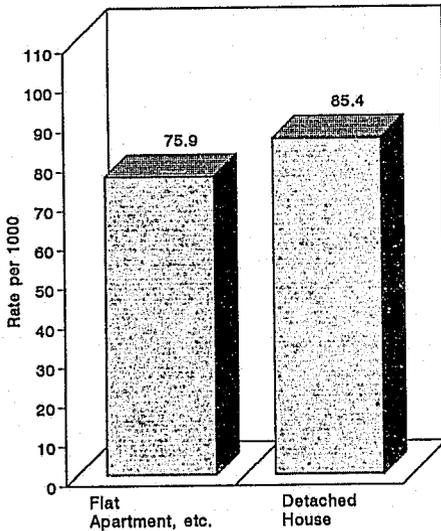
Persons in Households



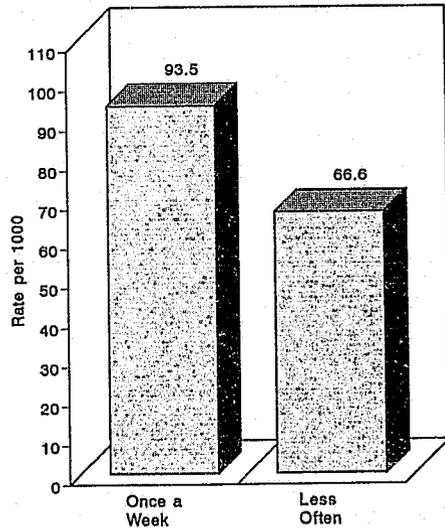
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



Frequency of Outside Visits



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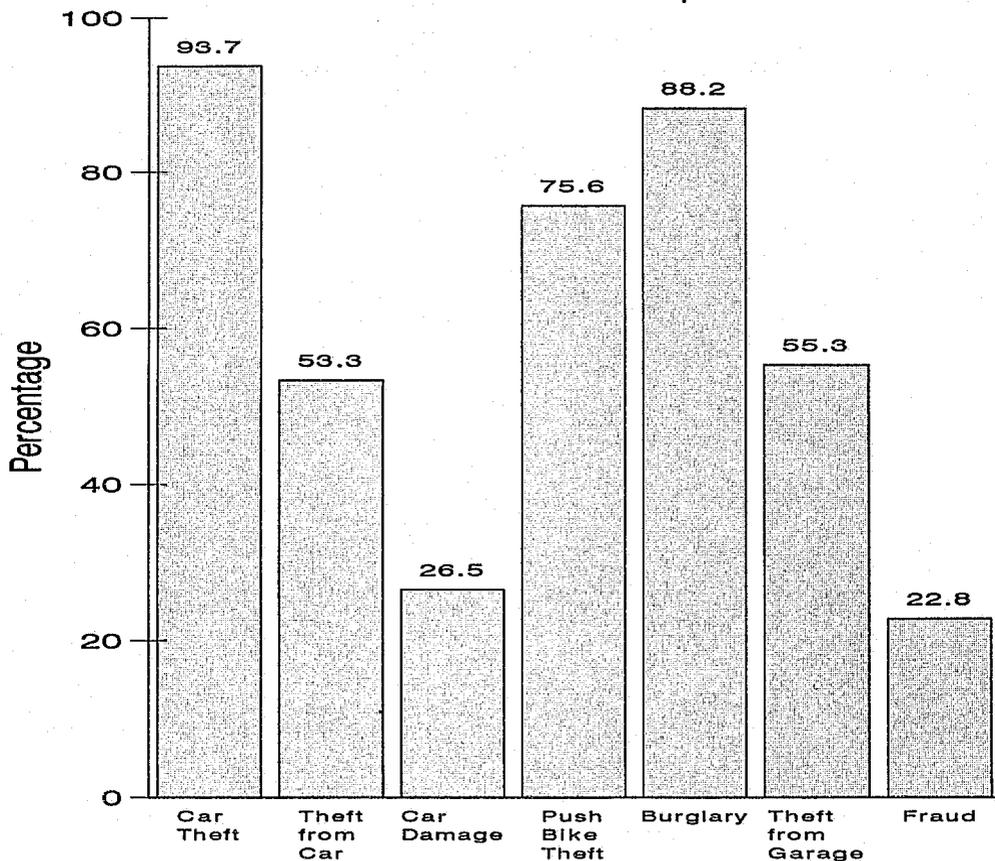
**... 5... CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLD
PROPERTY CRIMES IN 1991**

Tables 11 to 17 present percentages of the most recent incident according to a number of incident characteristics, including (where appropriate) where the incident occurred, the value of property stolen, whether medical help was required, whether the incident was reported and, if not, why not.

The characteristics of the incidents are cross classified by broad respondent characteristics: - city size, household type and household income in the case of household crimes.

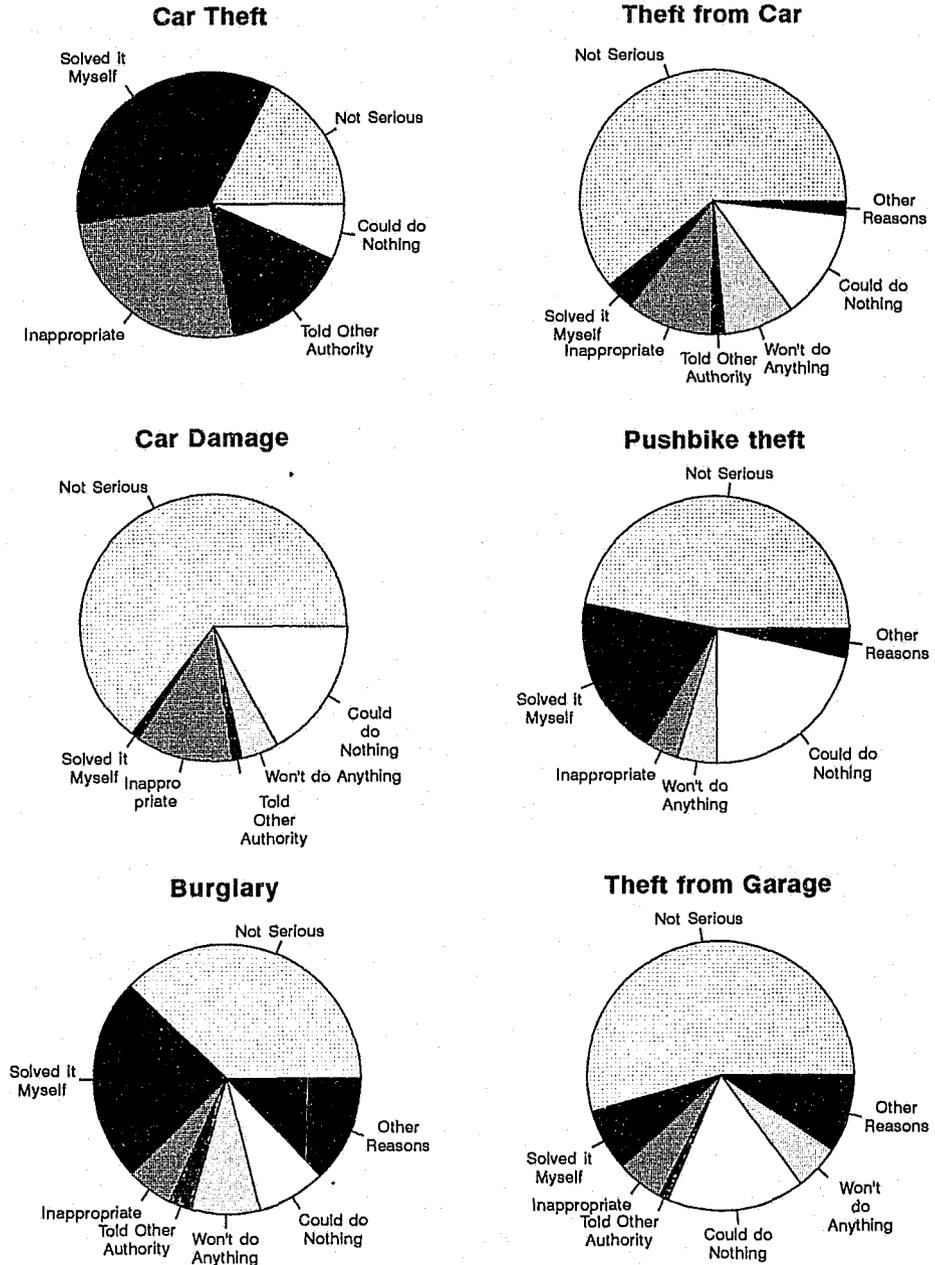
Certain offence categories have been omitted or combined, as previously, owing to small numbers of victims.

Figure 12
Estimated Percentages of Crimes Known to Have Been Reported to Police, by Type of Crime - Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 13
Principal Reasons for Not Reporting to Police,
by Type of Incident - Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 11 - Characteristics of Incident: - Car Theft in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 195 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHS (195)
	Up to 1 Million (92)	Over 1 Million (99)	Single adult (31)	2 or more adults (79)	Adult/s + ch'dren (85)	Below Average (74)	Above Average (94)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near own house	43.1	58.8	61.1	41.8	57.4	52.3	54.0	51.9
Elsewhere in local area	47.5	38.3	35.3	52.2	35.0	41.6	38.9	41.8
Elsewhere in the country	9.2	1.0	3.6	3.4	7.8	6.1	6.1	5.3
Abroad	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
USUAL PARKING PLACE								
Garaged	43.8	51.8	52.2	38.3	53.9	48.6	51.1	47.5
In the yard	51.6	36.6	34.3	51.2	42.2	44.3	38.8	44.4
On the street	4.6	11.6	13.5	10.5	3.9	7.1	10.1	8.1
WAS IT RETURNED								
Yes	85.5	87.0	73.9	88.1	90.1	88.7	85.3	86.6
No	14.5	13.0	26.1	11.9	9.9	11.3	14.7	13.4
TIME TO RECOVER CAR								
Car was not recovered	14.3	13.0	26.1	11.9	9.9	11.3	14.7	13.4
1-2 days	62.3	42.5	31.6	55.8	58.5	56.5	52.3	52.9
Under a week	13.4	24.1	26.2	16.8	17.3	17.8	19.4	18.6
1-2 weeks	4.3	13.2	10.0	7.8	9.3	8.3	8.5	8.8
Under a month	3.2	3.1	3.0	4.0	2.3	1.5	3.1	3.1
More than a month	2.1	4.2	3.0	3.7	2.7	4.5	2.0	2.1
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT								
Very serious	50.4	60.6	58.4	61.0	49.9	50.5	56.6	55.7
Somewhat serious	33.5	27.7	28.9	27.4	33.4	38.1	27.7	30.3
Not very serious	16.1	11.7	12.7	11.6	16.7	11.4	15.7	14.0
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	90.0	97.5	92.9	96.4	91.5	94.9	93.0	93.7
No	10.0	2.5	7.1	3.6	8.5	5.1	7.0	6.3
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	13.2	46.2	49.1	.0	16.9	.0	19.0	19.5
Solved it myself	38.0	53.8	50.9	32.8	36.8	49.1	45.9	38.8
Inappropriate for police	23.9	53.8	.0	35.2	36.8	50.9	24.3	28.8
Told other authority	14.0	.0	.0	.0	31.2	.0	35.0	17.2
Police could do nothing	10.9	.0	.0	31.9	.0	.0	.0	7.7

Table 12 - Characteristics of Incident: - Theft from Car in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 354 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHS (354)
	Up to 1 Million (185)	Over 1 Million (165)	Single adult (45)	2 or more adults (157)	Adult/s + ch'dren (152)	Below Average (121)	Above Average (202)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near home	46.8	50.2	42.9	46.6	52.1	51.1	47.3	48.5
Elsewhere in local area	41.9	45.5	52.7	46.0	38.3	37.8	45.9	43.6
Elsewhere in the country	11.3	3.3	4.4	7.4	8.7	11.1	6.1	7.5
USUAL PARKING PLACE								
Garaged	48.3	38.8	45.1	37.7	49.5	45.7	44.2	43.9
In the yard	46.8	43.8	32.6	51.2	44.0	43.3	44.6	45.5
On the street	4.9	17.4	22.3	11.1	6.6	11.0	11.3	10.7
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT								
Very serious	15.9	17.9	16.1	19.6	14.6	21.9	13.4	16.9
Somewhat serious	30.3	38.7	33.6	28.1	40.4	32.7	34.3	34.2
Not very serious	53.8	43.5	50.4	52.4	45.0	45.4	52.3	48.9
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	52.9	53.7	43.8	53.9	55.7	55.0	53.4	53.3
No	45.5	45.2	56.2	44.3	43.0	44.3	44.7	45.4
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	72.4	63.2	63.2	70.9	68.1	72.1	68.8	68.4
Solved it myself	4.9	2.7	3.7	3.3	4.4	3.5	4.7	3.8
Inappropriate for police	14.4	8.2	.0	13.9	14.8	7.2	16.0	11.9
Told other authority	.0	3.8	.0	2.8	1.4	.0	2.1	1.7
No insurance	.0	4.0	.0	.0	4.5	1.6	2.4	1.9
Police could do nothing	15.0	15.5	20.5	18.0	9.8	18.1	11.1	15.1
Police won't do anything	6.9	12.9	12.6	12.1	5.9	11.3	8.2	9.7

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 13 - Characteristics of Incident: - Car Damaged in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 465 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHs (465)
	Up to 1 Million (259)	Over 1 Million (199)	Single adult (62)	2 or more adults (201)	Adult/s + ch'dren (202)	Below Average (167)	Above Average (256)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near home	32.0	43.1	36.0	36.4	37.4	37.1	35.9	36.8
Elsewhere in local area	57.9	53.2	60.8	54.8	54.3	56.4	56.9	55.5
Elsewhere in the country	9.1	2.4	3.2	6.0	7.5	6.0	5.6	6.2
Abroad	.0	.4	.0	.9	.0	.0	.7	.4
USUAL PARKING PLACE								
Garaged	43.5	47.7	46.6	43.7	45.9	42.9	45.0	45.1
In the yard	51.3	34.9	41.7	44.3	45.1	46.7	42.4	44.3
On the street	5.2	17.4	11.7	12.0	9.0	10.4	12.6	10.6
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT								
Very serious	15.4	15.5	16.7	13.9	16.0	15.6	15.6	15.2
Somewhat serious	24.5	24.4	24.3	23.8	24.8	25.3	24.7	24.3
Not very serious	60.1	60.1	59.1	62.4	59.2	59.1	59.7	60.5
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	27.8	25.6	22.8	27.9	26.3	29.4	25.5	26.5
No	70.9	71.6	74.2	69.5	72.8	68.7	72.7	71.6
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	70.5	76.3	73.7	74.0	72.7	75.2	72.4	73.3
Solved it myself	2.1	.0	3.9	2.4	.0	2.4	2.5	1.1
Inappropriate for police	14.7	12.4	13.5	12.4	14.4	12.2	15.2	13.5
Told other authority	1.5	1.7	.0	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.9	1.2
Police could do nothing	19.3	20.6	13.1	18.9	22.1	21.8	18.6	19.5
Police won't do anything	4.9	5.5	8.3	3.6	5.3	5.8	4.2	5.1

Table 14 - Characteristics of Incident: - Pushbike Theft in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 115 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHs (115)
	Up to 1 Million (73)	Over 1 Million (42)	Single adult (10)	2 or more adults (43)	Adult/s + ch'dren (62)	Below Average (43)	Above Average (62)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near home	57.5	60.0	60.0	51.5	62.7	54.7	65.5	58.4
Elsewhere in local area	41.4	32.7	31.0	44.0	35.6	43.0	29.7	38.2
Elsewhere in the country	1.2	4.8	9.0	4.5	.0	2.3	3.0	2.5
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT								
Very serious	32.1	21.6	50.9	21.3	28.9	38.4	23.7	28.3
Somewhat serious	33.1	41.9	19.3	36.1	39.5	28.7	41.3	36.3
Not very serious	34.8	36.4	29.8	42.6	31.6	32.9	35.0	35.4
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	81.4	65.4	80.4	70.1	78.4	82.6	73.0	75.6
No	15.9	32.0	19.6	27.8	18.4	15.3	25.2	21.7
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	39.9	50.3	46.1	49.3	41.5	56.6	42.9	45.5
Solved it myself	32.6	6.5	.0	15.3	25.4	13.6	18.5	18.6
Inappropriate for police	8.4	.0	.0	8.5	.0	.0	.0	3.9
Police could do nothing	19.0	22.6	53.9	26.7	8.6	17.3	26.2	20.9
Police won't do anything	10.1	.0	53.9	.0	.0	17.3	.0	4.7
Daren't go to police	.0	6.3	.0	.0	7.5	.0	5.4	3.4

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 15 - Characteristics of Incident - Burglary in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 287 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHS (287)
	Up to 1 Million (138)	Over 1 Million (144)	Single adult (55)	2 or more adults (130)	Adult/s + ch' dren (102)	Below Average (108)	Above Average (150)	
COST INCURRED - GOODS								
Nothing	20.4	11.3	23.7	12.1	14.7	15.5	14.8	15.5
\$100 or less	19.1	5.3	8.9	14.4	12.7	12.9	10.5	12.2
\$101-200	4.4	3.1	2.0	4.2	3.6	1.9	2.8	3.7
\$201-500	10.9	12.3	15.7	7.7	13.4	16.2	8.8	11.4
\$501-1000	14.3	14.2	15.0	15.6	13.5	18.0	14.5	14.7
Over \$1000	29.5	48.5	34.8	38.8	42.2	32.3	45.3	39.2
Unknown	1.4	5.3	1.9	6.8	.0	3.3	3.4	3.3
Mean	1459.66	2512.43	1456.59	1962.70	2269.01	1630.03	2330.02	1967.46
Median	400.00	1200.00	600.00	800.00	800.00	600.00	1000.00	800.00
COST INCURRED - DAMAGE								
Nothing	51.7	41.2	52.2	41.7	50.3	54.2	43.0	47.0
\$100 or less	28.1	24.2	18.2	33.9	19.9	26.7	25.6	25.6
\$101-200	10.5	8.2	13.3	4.5	13.4	7.8	11.3	9.5
\$201-500	3.3	7.8	1.9	8.5	4.1	4.5	5.4	5.5
\$501-1000	2.9	8.5	7.4	2.3	8.6	4.2	6.4	5.6
Over \$1000	.0	2.8	1.9	2.3	.0	.0	2.7	1.4
Unknown	3.5	7.3	5.0	6.9	3.7	2.7	3.3	5.4
Mean	72.28	220.50	166.75	143.29	131.02	83.17	191.10	143.80
Median	.00	30.00	.00	24.00	.00	.00	20.00	10.00
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT								
Very serious	58.2	62.9	69.0	53.9	63.8	69.9	52.0	60.6
Somewhat serious	21.9	26.0	19.6	29.0	21.3	14.7	33.4	24.3
Not very serious	19.8	11.1	11.4	17.1	14.9	15.5	14.6	15.1
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	85.2	91.3	87.0	90.8	85.6	84.5	89.8	88.2
No	14.8	8.7	13.0	9.2	14.4	15.5	10.2	11.8
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	46.8	26.1	44.6	25.2	50.9	46.6	26.9	40.8
Solved it myself	19.8	39.7	27.5	32.9	20.9	30.6	25.1	26.5
Inappropriate for police	10.0	.0	14.7	7.9	.0	5.3	7.7	6.1
Told other authority	.0	8.0	12.8	.0	.0	.0	6.6	2.9
Family solved it	9.9	7.0	.0	7.6	13.8	11.9	5.8	8.5
No insurance	4.1	.0	.0	.0	5.7	.0	5.6	2.5
Police could do nothing	8.3	10.8	.0	.0	20.7	.0	20.2	9.0
Police won't do anything	4.7	16.5	.0	18.0	6.6	5.7	13.6	8.9
Daren't go to police	10.6	.0	13.2	.0	7.7	12.8	.0	6.4
Don't know	4.7	.0	.0	8.4	.0	.0	6.4	2.8

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Table 16 - Characteristics of Incident: - Theft from Garage etc in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 209 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHs (209)
	Up to 1 Million (126)	Over 1 Million (80)	Single adult (27)	2 or more adults (91)	Adult/s + ch'dren (91)	Below Average (94)	Above Average (91)	
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	49.6	62.7	78.0	57.0	46.5	55.1	53.7	55.3
No	49.6	34.9	22.0	41.9	51.4	44.9	45.2	43.3
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT								
Very serious	23.9	28.8	41.2	23.0	23.7	29.7	20.7	25.9
Somewhat serious	28.3	30.3	25.6	32.6	27.0	22.5	36.6	29.1
Not very serious	47.9	40.9	33.2	44.4	49.3	47.8	42.7	45.0
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	61.0	61.2	81.3	59.8	59.2	68.7	57.2	61.0
Solved it myself	11.9	.0	.0	7.7	9.9	8.6	9.4	8.3
Inappropriate for police	7.6	3.7	.0	13.5	1.9	4.8	9.2	6.4
Told other authority	1.8	.0	.0	.0	2.3	2.5	.0	1.2
Family solved it	2.2	3.7	.0	2.8	2.9	3.2	2.5	2.6
No insurance	.0	3.4	.0	.0	2.0	.0	2.3	1.0
Police could do nothing	17.4	22.0	30.8	21.5	15.1	17.1	17.0	18.8
Police won't do anything	5.7	7.1	.0	8.3	5.3	4.9	8.5	6.2
Don't know	7.1	9.7	18.7	2.5	8.2	2.9	7.8	6.7

Table 17 - Characteristics of Incident: - Consumer Fraud in 1991
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim

Base = 166 respondents who experienced this crime in 1991	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHs (166)
	Up to 1 Million (102)	Over 1 Million (59)	Single adult (25)	2 or more adults (70)	Adult/s + ch'dren (71)	Below Average (62)	Above Average (91)	
TYPE OF FRAUD								
Building, repairs	17.1	10.8	15.3	14.0	15.7	17.1	13.5	14.9
Garage work	5.9	5.3	12.3	5.7	3.9	3.0	9.0	6.0
Shop	35.4	42.8	40.2	31.5	41.2	41.1	35.8	37.1
Other	41.6	41.1	32.2	48.7	39.2	38.8	41.6	41.9
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes, to Police	5.9	5.3	4.2	3.0	1.4	1.9	3.3	2.5
Yes, to other Agency	20.3	20.4	32.4	15.7	19.8	18.2	18.8	20.3
No	78.8	74.2	63.3	81.3	78.8	80.0	77.9	77.2

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

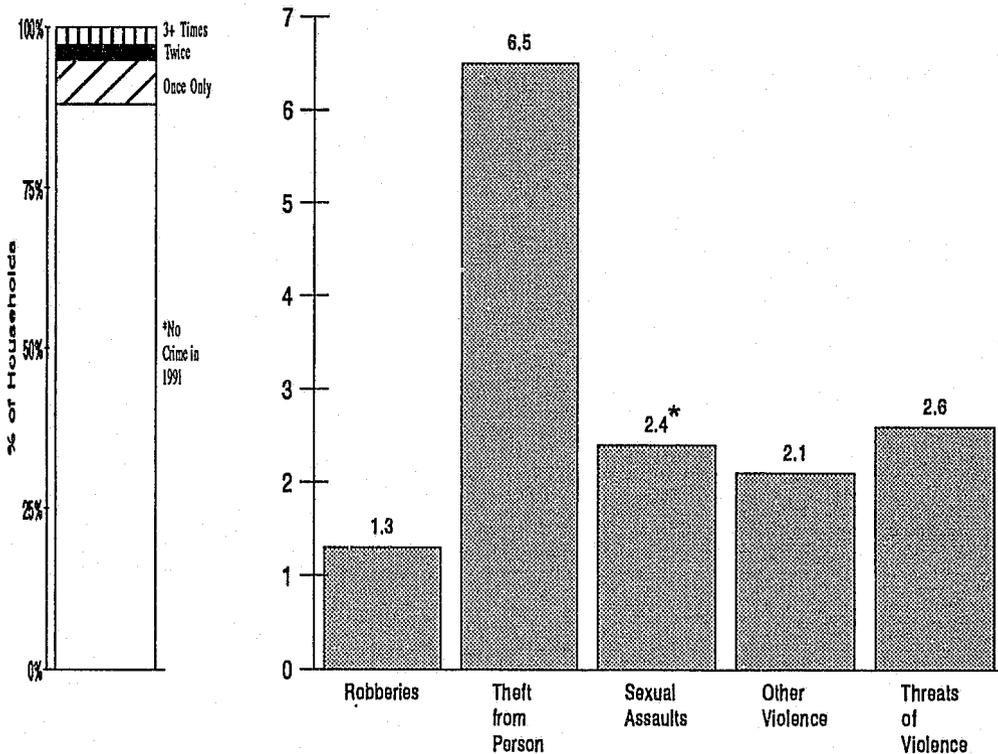
**... 6... ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBERS OF
PEOPLE AFFECTED BY CRIMES AGAINST THE
PERSON IN 1991**

Tables 18 to 23 present estimated numbers and percentages of the population who were personally victimised (at least once) during 1991. Sample sizes were in general too small to provide detailed estimates of the actual number of crimes occurring to each individual during the year, which would have provided indications of the types of victims liable to multiple victimisations. Tables have been provided, however, for personal crimes *in toto*, showing the extent of multiple victimisation by victim types.

The percentages of people victimised are known as *prevalence rates of victimisation* - not to be confused with *incidence rates*, which are dealt with in the next section of this report.

The categories of robbery, personal theft and sexual incidents are *not* further refined into their sub-categories owing to small numbers of victims in the sample.

Figure 14
Personal Crimes - Estimated Percentage of Persons
Aged 16+ Victimised by Type of Incident -
Australia 1991



*Note that these percentages differ substantially from those obtained from the 1988 data owing to the exclusion of sexual incidents not regarded by the victims as a crime.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

**Table 18 - Crimes against the Person in 1991:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation**

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	NUMBER OF CRIMES EXPERIENCED IN 1991								Total Adults	
	None in 1991		One		Two		Three or more		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT										
Male (911)	5665	88.7	445	7.0	136	2.1	139	2.2	6384	100.0
Female (1095)	5895	87.4	460	6.8	172	2.5	217	3.2	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT										
16-19 years (101)	669	72.1	123	13.3	64	6.9	72	7.7	927	100.0
20-29 years (376)	2371	83.9	241	8.5	85	3.0	150	4.6	2827	100.0
30-59 years (1052)	6154	89.2	483	7.0	144	2.1	122	1.8	6902	100.0
60 years + (444)	2182	97.8	30	1.3	9	0.4	10	0.4	2230	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION										
Under 15 (308)	1623	94.4	49	2.9	37	2.1	10	0.6	1719	100.0
15-16 years (640)	3714	90.2	210	5.1	86	2.1	106	2.6	4116	100.0
17 and over (934)	5462	87.7	470	7.5	126	2.0	173	2.8	6230	100.0
MARITAL STATUS										
Single (421)	2272	78.0	333	11.4	119	4.1	189	6.5	2912	100.0
Married (1152)	7486	92.2	425	5.2	133	1.6	78	1.0	8123	100.0
Living as a couple (89)	476	83.2	50	8.7	26	4.5	21	3.6	572	100.0
Divorced, separated (164)	643	79.6	82	10.1	26	3.2	56	7.0	807	100.0
Widowed (170)	634	95.4	16	2.4	3	0.5	12	1.8	665	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME										
Below Average (912)	5030	90.5	299	5.4	113	2.0	114	2.1	5557	100.0
Above Average (850)	5021	85.8	482	8.2	164	2.8	187	3.2	5855	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS										
Employed Full-time (908)	5316	88.1	427	7.1	151	2.5	138	2.3	6032	100.0
Employed Part-time (210)	1200	83.1	157	10.9	34	2.4	52	3.6	1444	100.0
Unemployed (80)	467	81.2	56	9.8	0	0	51	8.9	575	100.0
Keeping Home (264)	1750	92.7	57	3.0	36	1.9	45	2.4	1887	100.0
Retired, Disabled (424)	2094	96.9	32	1.5	26	1.2	10	0.4	2162	100.0
Student (101)	633	69.0	169	18.4	60	6.5	56	6.1	918	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD										
Single adult (362)	1075	88.4	89	7.3	17	1.4	35	2.9	1216	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	4974	89.7	308	5.5	125	2.3	138	2.5	5545	100.0
Adult(s) + child(ren) (777)	5511	86.6	508	8.0	166	2.6	182	2.9	6367	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS										
At least once a week (1158)	6670	85.8	624	8.0	213	2.7	270	3.5	7776	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	4712	91.2	275	5.3	95	1.8	86	1.7	5168	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD										
Higher status area (269)	1518	87.0	141	8.1	31	1.8	54	3.1	1744	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	8870	88.3	673	6.7	234	2.3	272	2.7	10050	100.0
Lower status area (175)	945	87.3	85	7.9	23	2.2	29	2.7	1082	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS										
Mostly help each other (1267)	7421	89.3	606	7.3	142	1.7	142	1.7	8311	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	2731	84.4	247	7.6	101	3.1	157	4.9	3237	100.0
Mixture (191)	1136	88.7	49	3.8	58	4.6	38	2.9	1281	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE										
New South Wales (728)	4189	88.2	325	6.8	90	1.9	145	3.1	4749	100.0
Victoria (524)	3066	89.7	147	4.3	118	3.4	88	2.6	3420	100.0
Other (754)	4305	86.8	433	8.7	99	2.0	122	2.5	4959	100.0
CITY SIZE										
Up to 1 Million (1158)	6665	87.7	579	7.6	161	2.1	197	2.6	7602	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	4686	88.2	326	6.1	141	2.7	158	3.0	5311	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	11560	88.1	905	6.9	307	2.3	356	2.7	13128	100.0

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Table 19 - Robberies in 1991
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ROBBERIES IN 1991				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (911)	6320	99.0	64	1.0	6384	100.0
Female (1095)	6640	98.5	104	1.5	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (101)	892	96.2	35	3.8	927	100.0
20-29 years (376)	2773	98.1	54	1.9	2827	100.0
30-59 years (1052)	6842	99.1	60	0.9	6902	100.0
60 years + (444)	2221	99.6	9	0.4	2230	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (308)	1716	99.8	3	0.2	1719	100.0
15-16 years (640)	4073	99.0	43	1.0	4116	100.0
17 and over (934)	6148	98.7	82	1.3	6230	100.0
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (421)	2840	97.5	72	2.5	2912	100.0
Married (1152)	8078	99.4	45	0.6	8123	100.0
Living as a couple (89)	549	95.9	23	4.1	572	100.0
Divorced, separated (164)	782	97.0	24	3.0	807	100.0
Widowed (170)	662	99.5	3	0.5	665	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	5481	98.6	76	1.4	5557	100.0
Above Average (850)	5774	98.6	82	1.4	5855	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (908)	5995	99.4	38	0.6	6032	100.0
Employed Part-time (210)	1396	96.7	48	3.3	1444	100.0
Unemployed (80)	567	98.6	8	1.4	575	100.0
Keeping Home (264)	1858	98.4	29	1.6	1887	100.0
Retired, Disabled (424)	2153	99.6	9	0.4	2162	100.0
Student (101)	881	96.0	35	4.0	918	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1200	98.7	16	1.3	1216	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	5502	99.2	43	0.8	5545	100.0
Adult(s) + child(ren) (777)	6258	98.3	109	1.7	6367	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	7661	98.5	115	1.5	7776	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	5115	99.0	53	1.0	5168	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	1716	98.4	29	1.6	1744	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	9923	98.7	127	1.3	10050	100.0
Lower status area (175)	1073	99.1	9	0.9	1082	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	8199	98.6	112	1.4	8311	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	3219	99.4	18	0.6	3237	100.0
Mixture (191)	1258	98.3	22	1.7	1281	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	4688	98.7	61	1.3	4749	100.0
Victoria (524)	3388	99.1	32	0.9	3420	100.0
Other (754)	4884	98.5	75	1.5	4959	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	7470	98.3	132	1.7	7602	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	5274	99.3	37	0.7	5311	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	12960	98.7	168	1.3	13128	100.0

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Table 20 - Thefts from the Person in 1991
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS FROM THE PERSON IN 1991				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (911)	5953	93.2	431	6.8	6384	100.0
Female (1095)	6324	93.8	420	6.2	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (101)	756	81.5	171	18.5	927	100.0
20-29 years (376)	2546	90.1	281	9.9	2827	100.0
30-59 years (1052)	6548	94.9	355	5.1	6902	100.0
60 years + (444)	2201	98.7	29	1.3	2230	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (308)	1662	96.7	57	3.3	1719	100.0
15-16 years (640)	3907	94.9	209	5.1	4116	100.0
17 and over (934)	5798	93.1	432	6.9	6230	100.0
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (421)	2504	86.0	409	14.0	2912	100.0
Married (1152)	7820	96.3	303	3.7	8123	100.0
Living as a couple (89)	514	89.9	58	10.1	572	100.0
Divorced, separated (164)	750	92.9	57	7.1	807	100.0
Widowed (170)	640	96.3	24	3.7	665	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	5281	95.0	276	5.0	5557	100.0
Above Average (850)	5378	91.9	477	8.1	5855	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (908)	5611	93.0	421	7.0	6032	100.0
Employed Part-time (210)	1321	91.5	123	8.5	1444	100.0
Unemployed (80)	494	85.8	82	16.2	575	100.0
Keeping Home (264)	1843	97.6	45	2.4	1887	100.0
Retired, Disabled (424)	2130	98.5	32	1.5	2162	100.0
Student (101)	775	84.4	143	15.6	918	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	1132	93.0	85	7.0	1216	100.0
2 or more adults (867)	5249	94.7	296	5.3	5545	100.0
Adult(s) + child(ren) (777)	5896	92.6	471	7.4	6367	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	7124	91.6	652	8.4	7776	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	4974	96.3	193	3.7	5168	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
Higher status area (269)	1621	92.9	123	7.1	1744	100.0
Middle status area (1525)	9396	93.5	653	6.5	10050	100.0
Lower status area (175)	1008	93.1	74	6.9	1082	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	7841	94.3	470	5.7	8311	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	2924	90.3	313	9.7	3237	100.0
Mixture (191)	1224	95.6	57	4.4	1281	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	4443	93.5	307	6.5	4749	100.0
Victoria (524)	3251	95.1	168	4.9	3420	100.0
Other (754)	4583	92.4	376	7.6	4959	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	7117	93.6	485	6.4	7602	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	4945	93.1	366	6.9	5311	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	12277	93.5	851	6.5	13128	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 21 - Sexual Incidents * in 1991
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	SEXUAL INCIDENTS IN 1991				Total Females	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT Female (1095)	6506	96.5	238	3.5	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (47)	363	90.2	39	9.8	403	100.0
20-29 years (206)	1363	92.3	113	7.7	1476	100.0
30-59 years (562)	3488	97.8	77	2.2	3565	100.0
60 years + (259)	1169	99.7	3	0.3	1172	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (164)	808	100.0	0	0	808	100.0
15-16 years (388)	2274	96.2	90	3.8	2363	100.0
17 and over (488)	3021	96.6	108	3.4	3129	100.0
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (182)	1073	92.1	92	7.9	1165	100.0
Married (618)	4114	98.0	85	2.0	4198	100.0
Living as a couple (44)	256	92.0	22	8.0	278	100.0
Divorced, separated (101)	495	93.2	36	6.8	529	100.0
Widowed (144)	542	99.4	3	0.6	545	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (527)	2960	97.1	88	2.9	3048	100.0
Above Average (421)	2645	95.9	113	4.1	2757	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (341)	1914	94.5	111	5.5	2025	100.0
Employed Part-time (161)	1071	97.3	29	2.7	1100	100.0
Unemployed (30)	184	92.3	15	7.7	200	100.0
Keeping Home (258)	1814	97.9	38	2.1	1852	100.0
Retired, Disabled (249)	1122	99.7	3	0.3	1125	100.0
Student (44)	335	90.0	37	10.0	373	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (214)	668	96.5	24	3.5	692	100.0
2 or more adults (451)	2624	96.3	101	3.7	2726	100.0
Adult/s + children (430)	3213	96.6	113	3.4	3326	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (552)	3322	95.5	156	4.5	3478	100.0
Less than once/week (523)	3069	97.4	82	2.6	3151	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (143)	828	97.7	19	2.3	847	100.0
Medium status (833)	4987	96.7	172	3.3	5159	100.0
Low status (95)	552	94.6	32	5.4	583	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (698)	4170	96.9	133	3.1	4303	100.0
Mostly go their own way (254)	1467	95.7	65	4.3	1533	100.0
Mixture (114)	702	95.7	32	4.3	734	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (391)	2310	96.6	81	3.4	2391	100.0
Victoria (280)	1680	95.5	80	4.5	1760	100.0
Other (424)	2515	97.0	77	3.0	2593	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3917	96.7	132	3.3	4050	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2488	96.1	100	3.9	2588	100.0
Total Respondents (1095)	6506	96.5	238	3.5	6744	100.0

*Note: Incidents described by the victims as 'offensive' but 'not a crime' are included in this Table. The data are therefore comparable with data from the 1988 survey.

Table 21a - Sexual Offences* in 1991
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	SEXUAL OFFENCES IN 1991				Total Females	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT Female (1095)	6585	97.6	159	2.4	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (47)	380	94.2	23	5.8	403	100.0
20-29 years (206)	1398	94.7	78	5.3	1476	100.0
30-59 years (562)	3510	98.5	59	1.3	3565	100.0
60 years + (259)	1169	99.7	3	0.3	1172	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (164)	808	100.0	0	0	808	100.0
15-16 years (388)	2310	97.7	53	2.3	2363	100.0
17 and over (488)	3039	97.1	90	2.9	3129	100.0
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (182)	1121	96.2	44	3.8	1165	100.0
Married (618)	4133	98.4	65	1.6	4198	100.0
Living as a couple (44)	259	93.3	19	6.7	278	100.0
Divorced, separated (101)	501	94.8	28	5.2	529	100.0
Widowed (144)	542	99.4	3	0.6	545	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (527)	2984	97.9	64	2.1	3048	100.0
Above Average (421)	2686	97.4	72	2.6	2757	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (341)	1955	96.5	70	3.5	2025	100.0
Employed Part-time (161)	1079	98.1	21	1.9	1100	100.0
Unemployed (30)	184	92.3	15	7.7	200	100.0
Keeping home (258)	1822	98.4	30	1.6	1852	100.0
Retired, Disabled (249)	1122	99.7	3	0.3	1125	100.0
Student (44)	357	95.7	15	4.3	373	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (214)	675	97.6	17	2.4	692	100.0
2 or more adults (451)	2683	98.4	42	1.6	2726	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (430)	3226	97.0	100	3.0	3326	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (552)	3379	97.2	99	2.8	3478	100.0
Less than once/week (523)	3091	98.1	60	1.9	3151	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (143)	832	98.2	15	1.8	847	100.0
Medium status (833)	5042	97.7	116	2.3	5159	100.0
Low status (95)	572	98.0	12	2.0	583	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (698)	4196	97.5	107	2.5	4303	100.0
Mostly go their own way (254)	1508	98.4	25	1.6	1533	100.0
Mixture (114)	714	97.3	20	2.7	734	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (391)	2341	97.9	50	2.1	2391	100.0
Victoria (280)	1713	97.3	47	2.7	1760	100.0
Other (424)	2531	97.6	62	2.4	2593	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	3952	97.6	97	2.4	4050	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	2532	97.8	56	2.2	2588	100.0
Total Respondents (1095)	6585	97.6	159	2.4	6744	100.0

*Note: Incidents described by the victims as 'offensive' but 'not a crime' are excluded from this table. The data are therefore not comparable with data from the 1988 survey.

Table 22 - Incidents of Other Actual Violence in 1991
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	INCIDENTS OF OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE IN 1991				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (911)	6181	96.8	203	3.2	6384	100.0
Female (1095)	6666	98.8	78	1.2	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (101)	862	93.0	65	7.0	927	100.0
20-29 years (376)	2734	96.7	93	3.3	2827	100.0
30-59 years (1052)	6789	98.4	114	1.6	6902	100.0
60 years + (444)	2230	100.0	0	.0	2230	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (308)	1710	99.5	9	.5	1719	100.0
15-16 years (640)	4044	98.3	72	1.7	4116	100.0
17 and over (934)	6111	98.1	120	1.9	6230	100.0
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (421)	2769	95.1	144	4.9	2912	100.0
Married (1152)	8056	99.2	66	.8	8123	100.0
Living as a couple (89)	538	94.0	35	6.0	572	100.0
Divorced, separated (164)	771	95.5	36	4.5	807	100.0
Widowed (170)	665	100.0	0	.0	665	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	5472	98.5	85	1.5	5557	100.0
Above Average (850)	5725	97.8	130	2.2	5855	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (908)	5932	98.3	100	1.7	6032	100.0
Employed Part-time (210)	1408	97.5	36	2.5	1444	100.0
Unemployed (80)	546	94.9	29	5.1	575	100.0
Keeping Home (264)	1864	98.8	23	1.2	1887	100.0
Retired, Disabled (424)	2153	99.6	7	.4	2162	100.0
Student (101)	838	91.3	80	8.7	918	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (363)	1189	97.8	27	2.2	1216	100.0
2 or more adults (967)	5436	98.0	109	2.0	5545	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (676)	6222	97.7	145	2.3	6367	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	7568	97.3	208	2.7	7776	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	5095	98.6	73	1.4	5168	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (269)	1690	96.9	55	3.1	1744	100.0
Medium status (1525)	9866	98.2	183	1.8	10050	100.0
Low status (175)	1055	97.5	27	2.5	1082	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	8198	98.6	112	1.4	8311	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	3115	96.2	125	3.8	3237	100.0
Mixture (191)	1237	96.6	43	3.4	1281	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	4632	97.5	117	2.5	4749	100.0
Victoria (524)	3336	97.6	83	2.4	3420	100.0
Other (754)	4879	98.4	80	1.6	4959	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	7478	98.4	123	1.6	7602	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	5154	97.0	157	3.0	5311	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	12847	97.9	281	2.1	13128	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 23 - Incidents of Threatened Violence in 1991
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	INCIDENTS OF THREATENED VIOLENCE IN 1991				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (911)	6238	97.7	146	2.3	6384	100.0
Female (1095)	6547	97.1	197	2.9	6744	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (101)	902	97.3	25	2.7	927	100.0
20-29 years (376)	2776	98.2	51	1.8	2827	100.0
30-59 years (1052)	6675	96.7	227	3.3	6902	100.0
60 years + (464)	2208	99.0	22	1.0	2230	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (308)	1689	98.3	30	1.7	1719	100.0
15-16 years (640)	4046	98.3	70	1.7	4116	100.0
17 and over (934)	6034	96.9	196	3.1	6230	100.0
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (421)	2836	97.4	76	2.6	2912	100.0
Married (1152)	7916	97.5	206	2.5	8123	100.0
Living as a couple (89)	566	99.0	6	1.0	572	100.0
Divorced, separated (164)	762	94.5	45	5.9	807	100.0
Widowed (170)	655	98.6	10	1.4	665	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	5444	98.0	114	2.0	5557	100.0
Above Average (850)	5663	96.7	192	3.3	5855	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (908)	5883	97.5	149	2.5	6032	100.0
Employed Part-time (210)	1370	94.9	74	5.3	1444	100.0
Unemployed (80)	560	97.3	15	2.7	575	100.0
Keeping Home (264)	1854	98.2	44	2.3	1887	100.0
Retired, Disabled (424)	2131	98.6	31	1.4	2162	100.0
Student (101)	878	95.6	40	4.4	918	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (363)	1185	97.4	32	2.6	1216	100.0
2 or more adults (967)	5427	97.9	118	2.1	5545	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (676)	6174	97.0	193	3.0	6367	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	7572	97.4	205	2.6	7776	100.0
Less than once/week (817)	5030	97.3	138	2.7	5168	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (269)	1700	97.4	45	2.6	1744	100.0
Medium status (1525)	9781	97.3	268	2.7	10050	100.0
Low status (175)	1061	98.1	21	1.9	1082	100.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	8113	97.6	198	2.4	8311	100.0
Mostly go their own way (500)	3137	96.9	100	3.1	3237	100.0
Mixture (191)	1250	97.6	31	2.4	1281	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	4636	97.6	113	2.4	4749	100.0
Victoria (524)	3349	97.9	71	2.1	3420	100.0
Other (754)	4800	96.8	159	3.2	4959	100.0
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	7360	96.8	242	3.2	7602	100.0
Over 1 Million (814)	5216	98.2	95	1.8	5311	100.0
Total Respondents (2006)	12786	97.4	343	2.6	13128	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**... 7... ESTIMATES OF THE TOTAL INCIDENCE
OF CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON IN 1991**

The following two tables present estimates of the total numbers of incidents of selected crimes against the person occurring in Australia during 1991. Table 24 gives the basic estimates, and Table 25 expresses the same results in the useful form of rates of incidents per thousand population. Each Table shows how crimes affect different sub-groups within the population to varying extents. For example, Table 24 shows that the great majority of thefts from the person are against adults aged between 20 years and 59 years of age; when expressed as a rate per 1000 persons, however, it is clear from Table 25 that those aged 16-19 are *more* likely to be victims than older people.

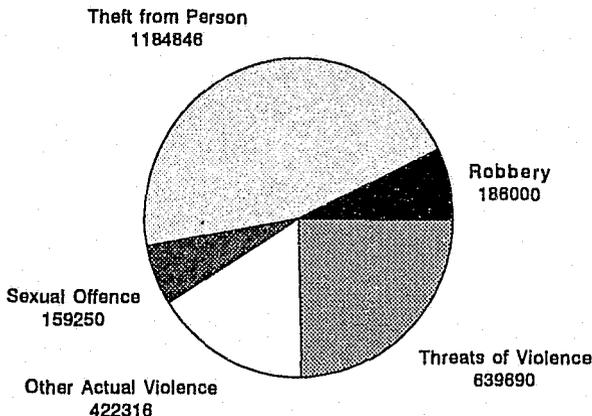
The estimates given in Table 25 are known as *incidence* rates of victimisation (per 1000 households). This is simply the number of incidents per 1000 households. It is *not* equivalent to the proportion of households victimised, because of the risks of multiple victimisation. These estimates are based on a *weighted* data file, the adjustments being made to make the sample as representative as possible in terms of age, sex and regional distribution. The sampling procedure itself ensured that persons from households of differing sizes were correctly represented, according to the most recent population data. Different weights are necessary for the estimates of household crimes and the estimates of personal crimes. Examples and an explanation of how these weights are calculated can be found in van Dijk et al. (1992) (See footnote 4, p.38 of this volume).

Estimates of the frequency of sexual assaults are based on the female population only. Apart from those variables explicitly incorporated in the weightings, estimates of victimisation within categories of respondent assume that the (adjusted) sample is representative of the broader community (e.g. the sample estimate of the number of people living in cities of a million people or more is assumed to be a reliable measure of actual figures).

The actual number of respondents in each category is printed (in brackets) in the row and column headings of the Tables, to assist the reader's assessment of the reliability of the estimates. All estimates with a relative standard error of more than twenty five per cent are shaded. As a rule they should be treated with suspicion.

Estimates for Robbery, Personal Theft and Sexual Incidents are *not* broken down further into their component sub-categories, owing to the small numbers of victims in the armed robbery, other robbery, pick-pocketing and sexual assaults sub-category.

Figure 15
Estimated Total Number of Incidents of Personal Crimes, by Type of Incident - Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results

Table 24
Crimes against the Person in 1991: Estimated Numbers of Incidents
by Victim Characteristics and Type of Crime

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ROBBERY	THEFT FROM PERSON	SEXUAL OFFENCE *	OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE	THREATS OF VIOLENCE	TOTAL
SEX OF RESPONDENT Male (911) Female (1095)	81897 104103	622748 562098	0 159250	259274 163042	221606 418084	1185525 1406577
AGE OF RESPONDENT 16-19 years (101) 20-29 years (376) 30-59 years (1052) 60 years + (444)	44733 61733 60243 8902	255020 364756 515239 29378	23168 78126 54891 3265	79548 132599 201016 0	32315 127970 386665 41122	434782 765204 1217854 82667
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION Under 15 (308) 15-16 years (640) 17 and over (934)	3152 51370 82021	76531 335385 586649	0 53338 90049	29495 119224 184318	49617 169420 330266	158795 708737 1273303
MARITAL STATUS Single (421) Married (1152) Living as a couple (89) Divorced/separated (164) Widowed (170)	90039 44877 23494 24436 3452	583535 427170 70760 37402 43979	44377 65238 18717 27653 3265	168118 23744 64216 106238 0	171742 333330 13875 112900 13843	1057811 954349 183062 328641 68239
HOUSEHOLD INCOME Below Average (912) Above Average (850)	84593 91038	380875 688664	64186 71667	132668 200787	256677 306243	918999 1358399
EMPLOYMENT STATUS Employed Full-time (908) Employed Part-time (210) Unemployed (80) Keeping Home (264) Retired, Disabled (424) Student (101)	45725 47909 8114 29382 8902 45968	583795 174600 139003 73895 31850 175627	70214 21257 15452 29555 3265 15863	153074 23747 29141 66461 17636 89279	241297 138781 44139 83095 58016 74362	1094105 441964 235869 282388 119669 401099
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD Single adult (362) 2 or more adults (867) Adult/s + ch'dren (777)	24081 52535 109384	87985 422994 673867	16772 42386 100092	56977 165364 199975	58707 232804 348179	244522 916083 1431497
OUTDOOR VISITS At least once a week (1158) Less than once/week (817)	133159 52841	897655 281435	99023 60227	290744 131572	395679 244011	1816260 770086
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD High status (269) Medium status (1525) Low status (175)	28773 144836 9239	157784 952639 74423	15302 118433 11652	66176 275700 64577	100505 485723 44435	368540 1975331 204326
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS Mostly help each other (1267) Mostly go their own way (500) Mixture (191)	120489 18373 31544	629099 455791 73872	106709 24556 19871	137555 194692 73884	322910 215071 82149	1316762 908483 283320
PLACE OF RESIDENCE New South Wales (728) Victoria (524) Other (754)	61462 41049 83489	446363 270157 468326	50043 47109 62098	187529 130983 103804	190826 120988 327876	936223 610286 1045593
CITY SIZE Up to 1 Million (1158) Over 1 Million (814)	139798 46202	649034 535812	97488 55961	159427 262889	517908 115981	1563655 1016845
Total Persons Victimized	186000	1184846	159250	422316	639690	2592102

* Per 1000 Females only.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

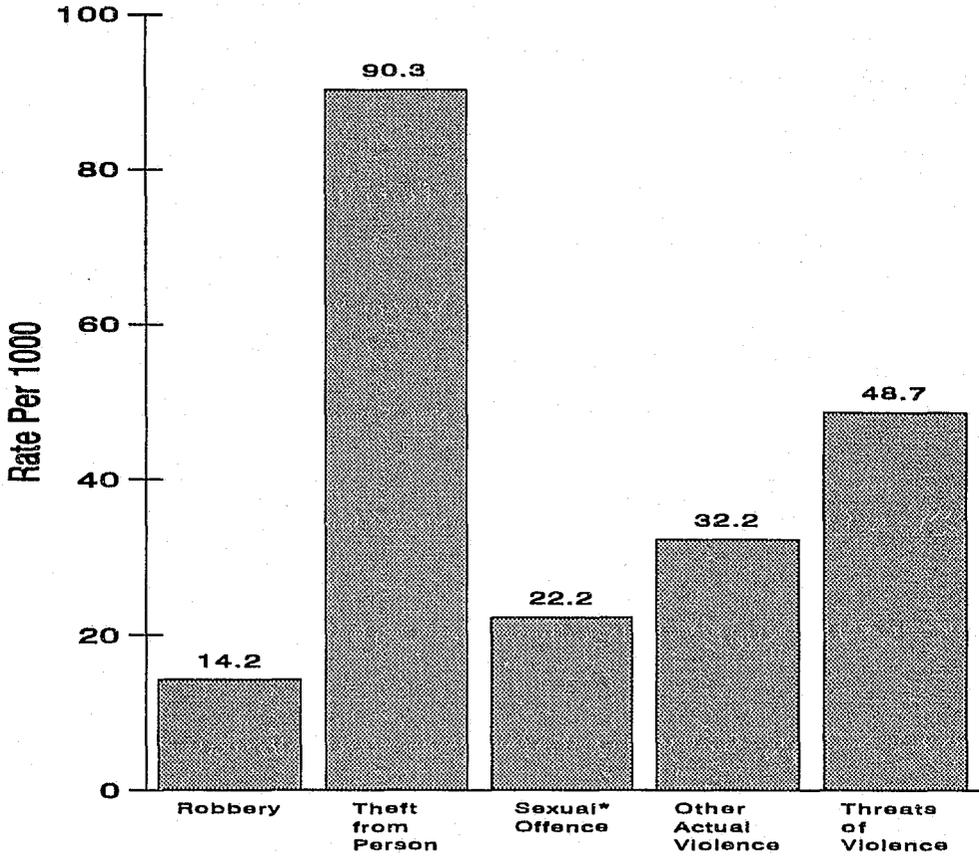
Table 25
Crimes against the Person in 1991: Estimated Incidents per 1000 Persons
by Victim Characteristics and Type of Crime

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ROBBERY	THEFT FROM PERSON	SEXUAL OFFENCE *	OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE	THREATS OF VIOLENCE	TOTAL
	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (911)	12.8	97.5	.0	40.6	34.7	185.7
Female (1095)	15.4	83.4	23.6	24.2	62.0	208.6
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (101)	48.3	275.1	57.5	85.8	34.9	469.0
20-29 years (376)	21.8	129.0	52.9	46.9	45.3	270.7
30-59 years (1052)	8.7	74.6	15.3	29.1	56.0	176.4
60 years + (444)	4.0	13.2	2.8	.0	18.4	37.1
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (308)	1.8	44.5	.0	17.2	28.9	92.4
15-16 years (640)	12.5	81.5	22.6	29.0	36.3	172.2
17 and over (934)	13.2	94.2	28.8	29.6	53.0	204.4
MARITAL STATUS						
Single (421)	30.9	200.4	38.1	57.7	59.0	363.2
Married (1152)	5.5	52.6	15.3	10.3	41.0	117.5
Living as a couple (89)	41.1	123.7	67.4	112.2	10.3	319.9
Divorced, separated (164)	30.3	71.1	52.3	131.7	139.9	407.3
Widowed (170)	4.7	69.2	6.0	.0	23.8	102.6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	15.2	68.5	21.1	23.9	46.2	165.4
Above Average (850)	15.3	117.6	26.0	34.3	52.3	232.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (908)	7.6	96.8	34.7	25.4	40.0	181.4
Employed Part-time (210)	33.2	120.9	19.3	41.1	98.1	306.1
Unemployed (80)	14.1	241.7	77.4	30.7	76.2	410.1
Keeping Home (264)	15.6	39.2	16.0	35.2	44.0	149.6
Retired, Disabled (424)	4.1	14.7	2.9	8.2	26.8	55.3
Student (101)	30.1	191.4	42.6	97.3	87.0	437.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (362)	19.8	72.3	24.2	46.8	48.3	201.0
2 or more adults (867)	9.5	76.3	15.5	29.8	42.0	165.2
Adult/s + children (777)	17.2	105.8	30.1	31.4	54.7	224.8
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	17.1	115.4	28.5	37.4	50.9	233.6
Less than once/week (817)	10.2	54.5	19.1	25.5	47.2	149.0
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (269)	16.5	90.5	18.1	37.9	57.6	211.3
Medium status (1525)	14.4	94.8	22.6	27.4	48.3	196.6
Low status (175)	8.5	68.8	20.0	59.7	41.1	188.8
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	14.5	75.7	24.8	16.6	38.9	158.4
Mostly go their own way (500)	5.7	140.8	16.0	60.1	66.4	280.6
Mixture (191)	24.6	57.7	27.1	59.3	64.2	221.2
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	12.9	94.0	20.9	39.5	40.2	197.1
Victoria (524)	12.0	79.0	26.8	38.3	35.4	178.5
Other (754)	16.8	94.4	23.9	20.9	66.1	210.8
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	18.4	85.4	24.1	21.0	68.1	205.7
Over 1 Million (814)	8.7	100.9	21.6	49.5	23.8	191.5
Total Persons	14.2	90.3	22.2	32.2	48.7	197.4

* Per 1000 Females only.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

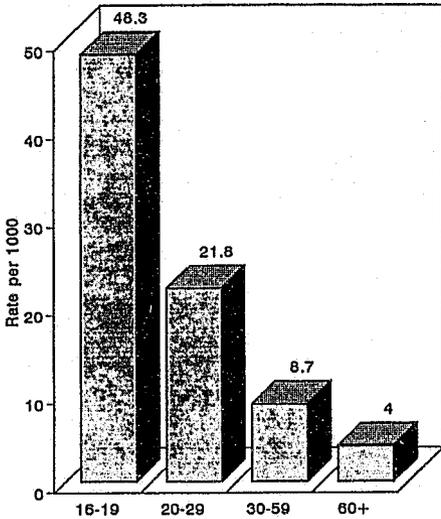
Figure 16
Estimated Incidence Rates of Personal Crimes,
Per 1000 Population, Aged 16+ - Australia 1991



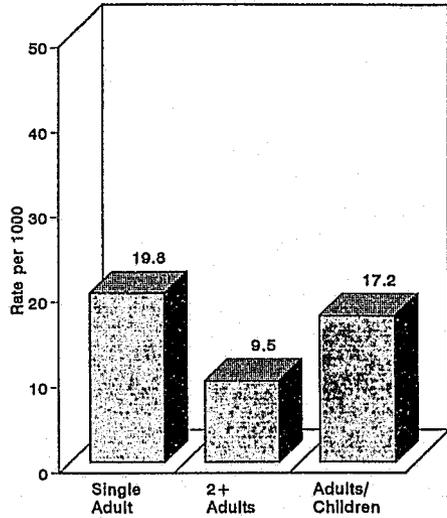
* Per 1000 females only

Figure 17
Robbery
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics - Australia 1991

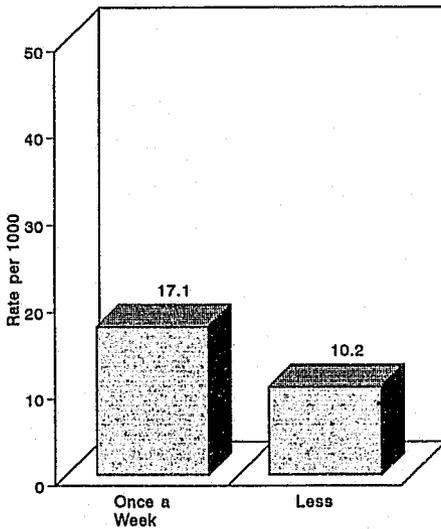
Age of Victim



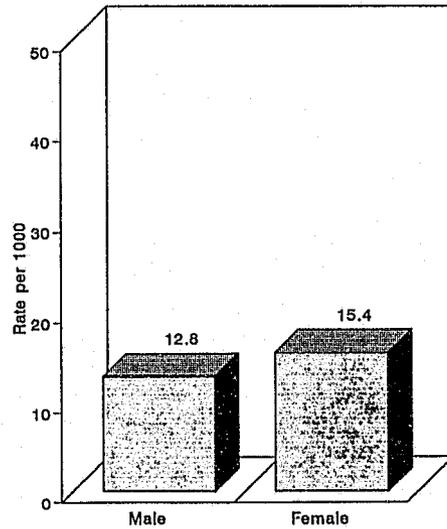
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



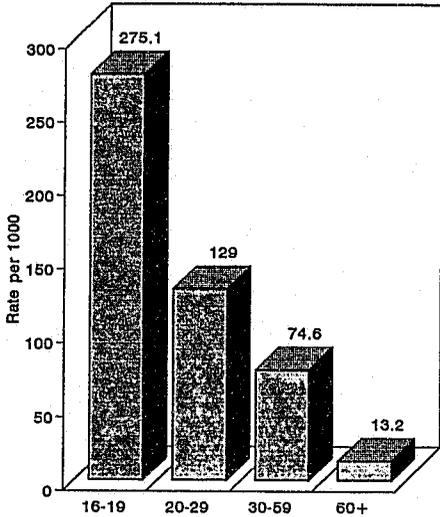
Sex of Victim



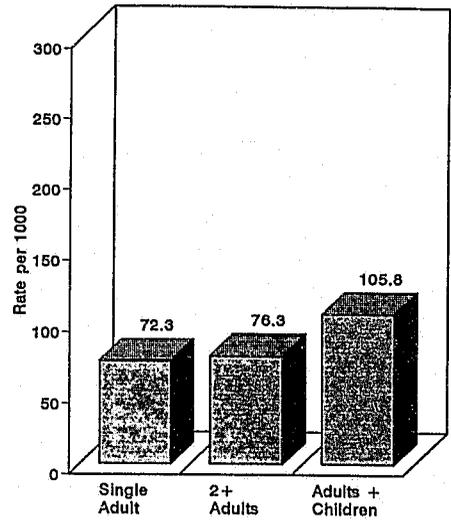
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results

Figure 18
Other Theft
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics - Australia 1991

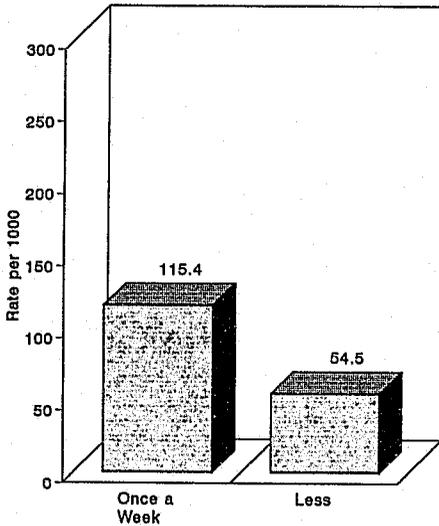
Age of Victim



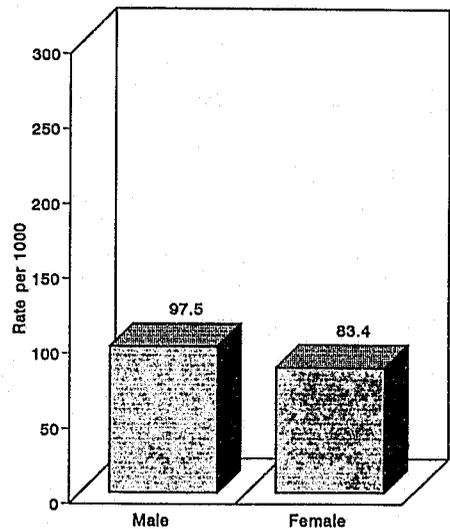
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



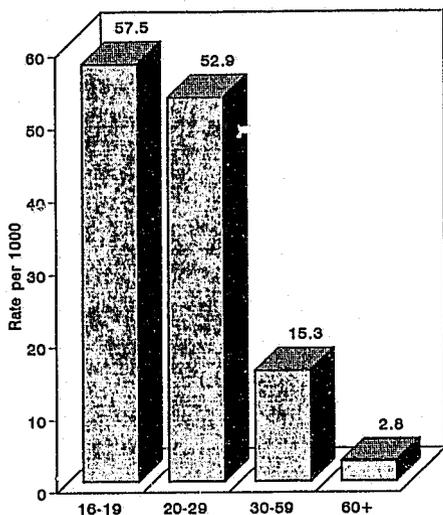
Sex of Victim



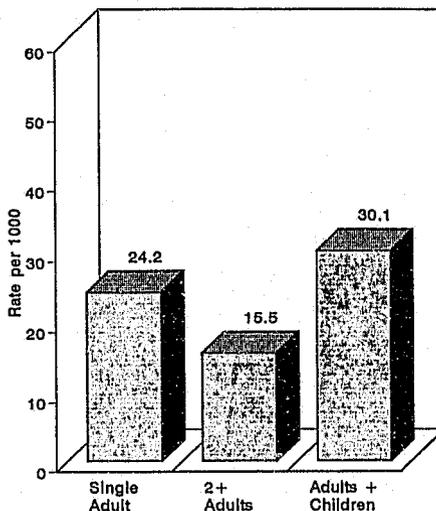
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results

Figure 19
Sexual Offence
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics - Australia 1991

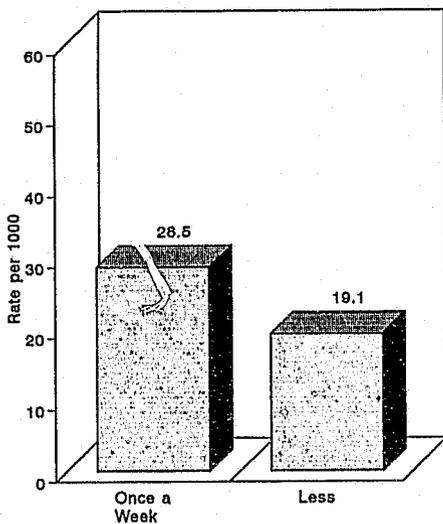
Age of Victim



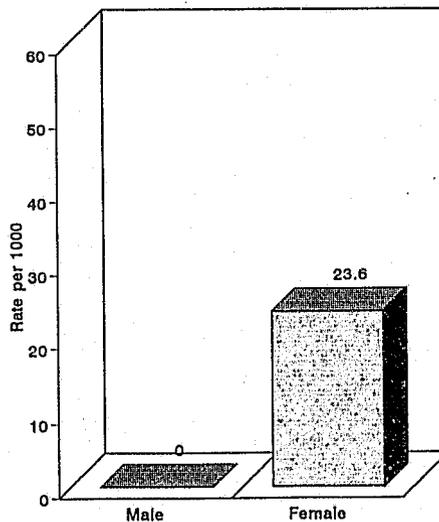
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



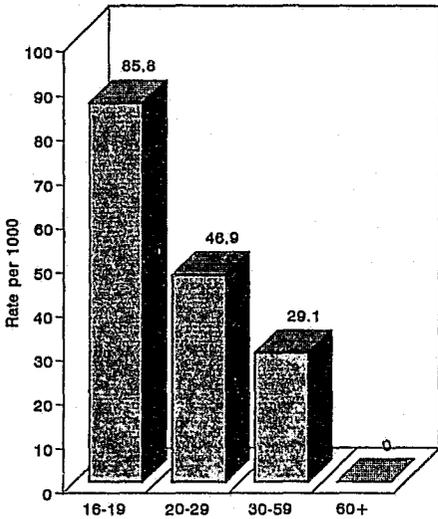
Sex of Victim



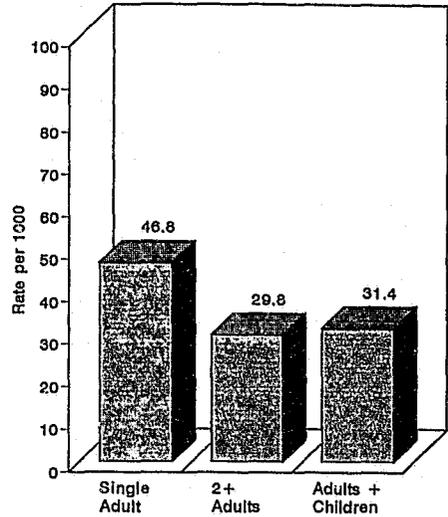
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results

Figure 20
Other Actual Violence
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics - Australia 1991

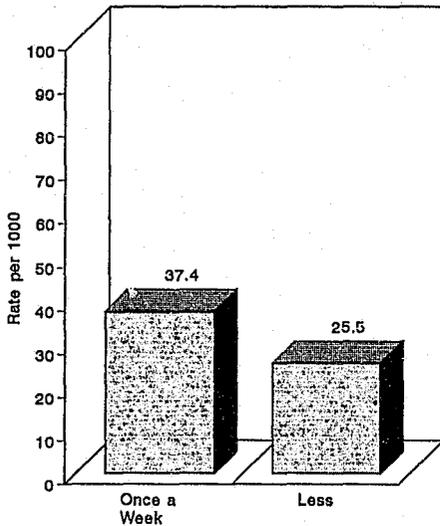
Age of Victim



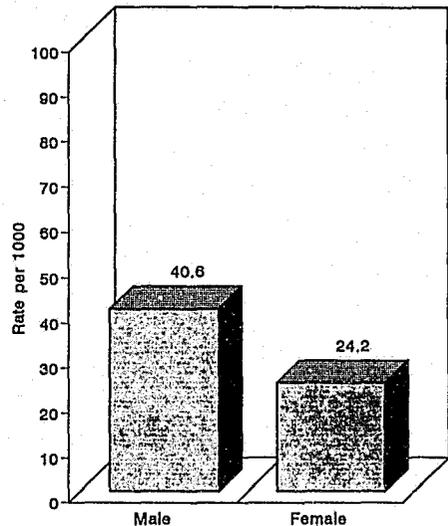
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



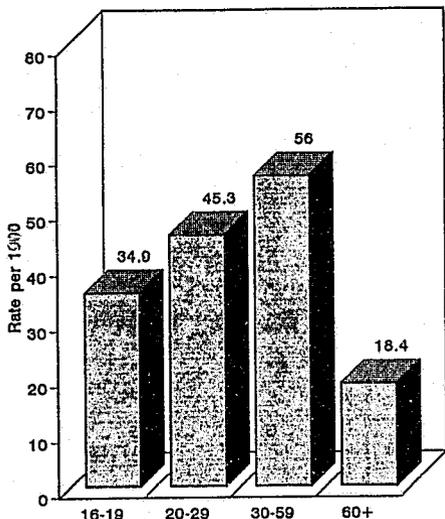
Sex of Victim



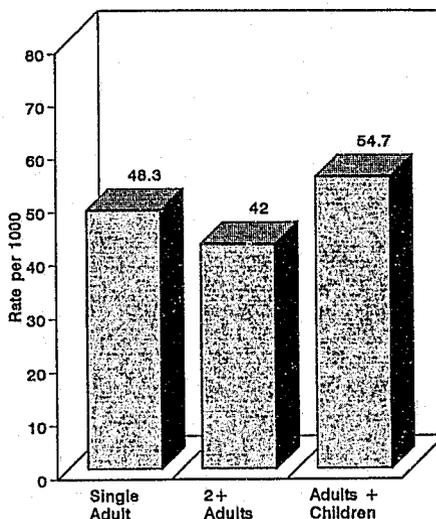
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results

Figure 21
Threats of Violence
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics - Australia 1991

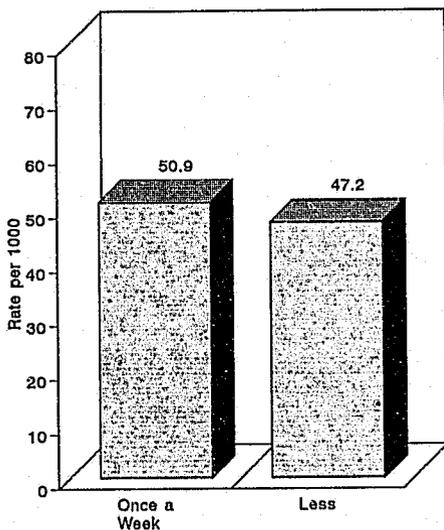
Age of Victim



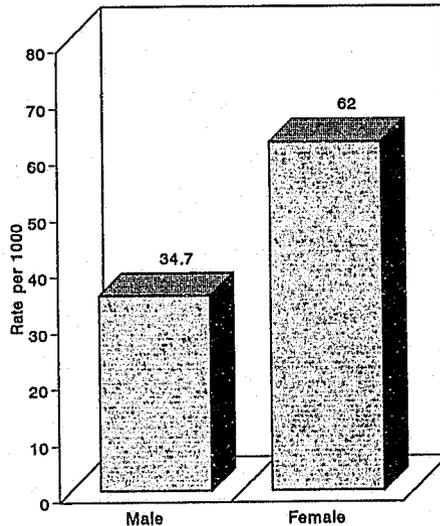
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



Sex of Victim



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results

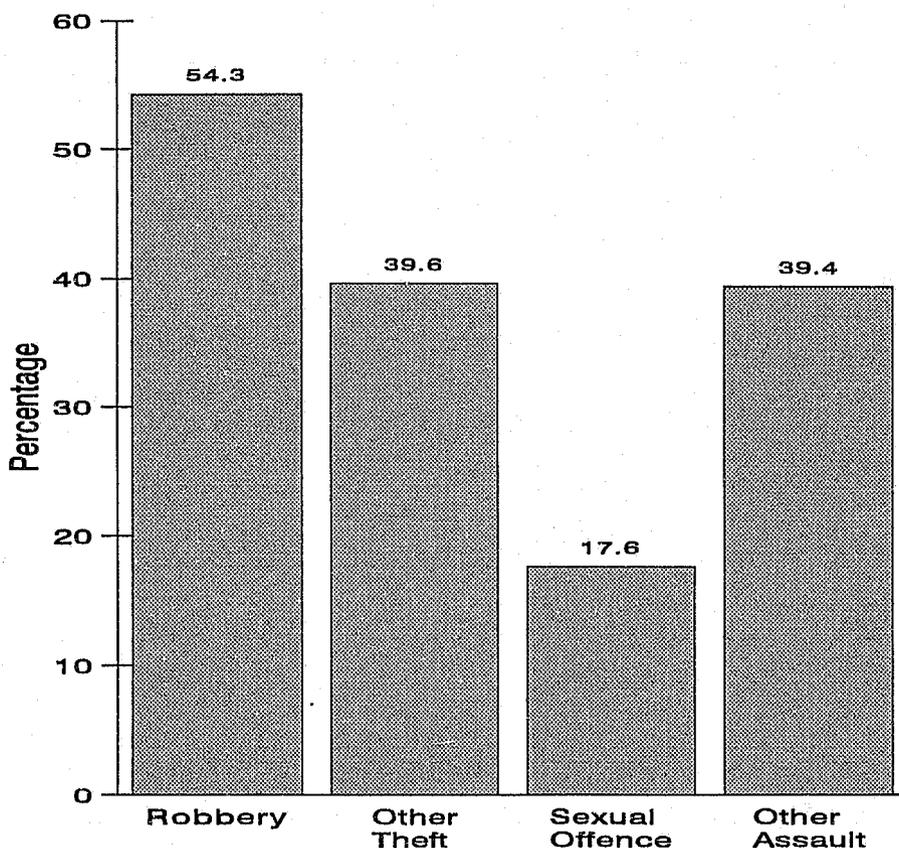
**... 8 ... CHARACTERISTICS OF CRIMES
AGAINST THE PERSON IN 1991**

These tables present percentages of the most recent incident according to a number of incident characteristics, including (where appropriate) where the incident occurred, the value of property stolen, whether medical help was required, whether the incident was reported and, if not, why not.

The characteristics of the incidents are cross classified by broad respondent characteristics:- age and sex of respondent for personal crimes.

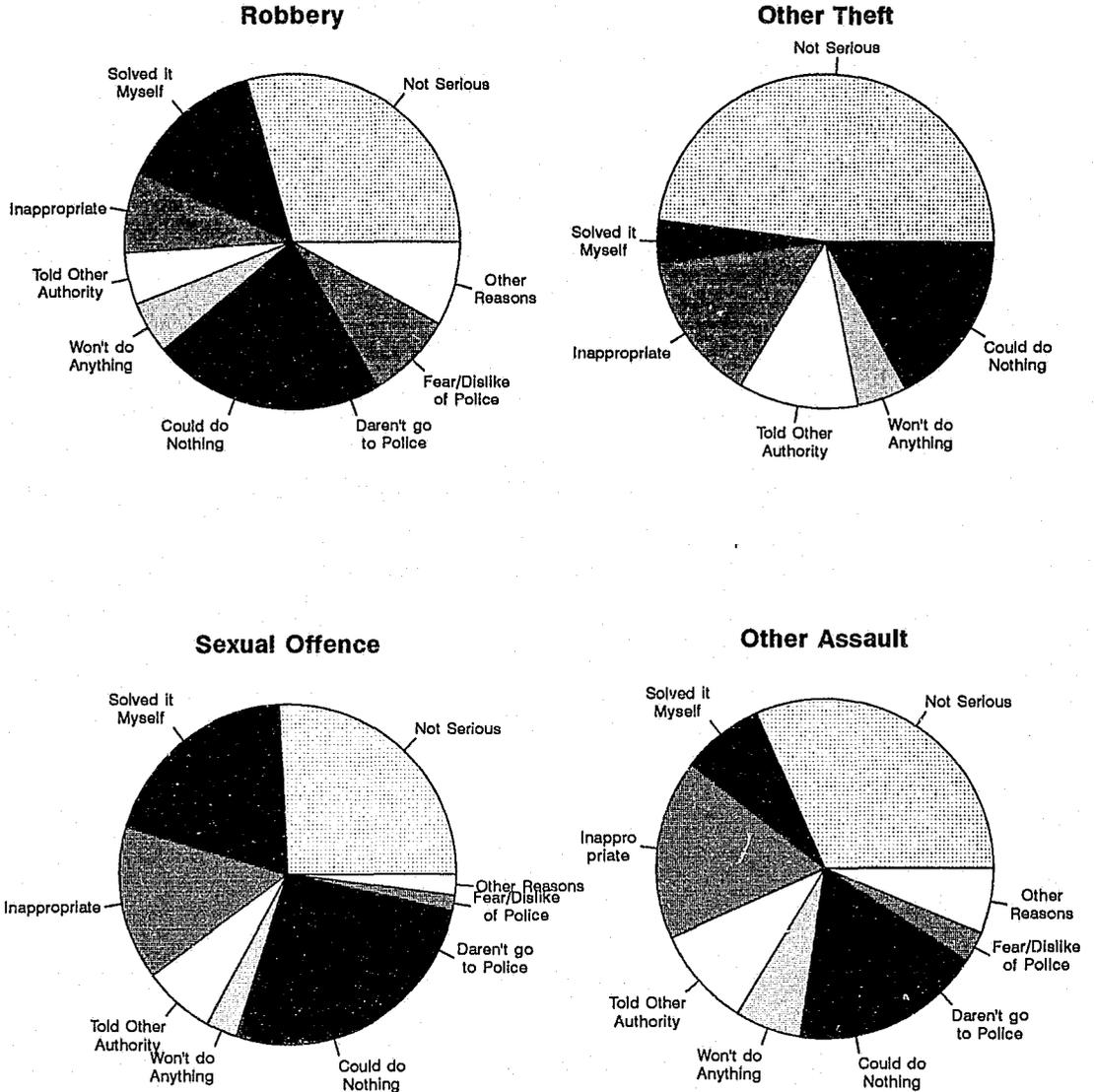
Certain offence categories have been omitted or combined, as previously, owing to small numbers of victims.

Figure 22
Estimated Percentages of Personal Crimes Known to have
been Reported to Police, by Type of Crime -
Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure 23
Principal Reasons for Not Reporting to Police,
by Type of Incident - Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 26 - Characteristics of Incident: - Robbery in 1991
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim

Base = 69 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (69)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (5)	20-29 years (14)	30-59 years (12)	60+ years (5)	Total (36)	16-19 years (2)	20-29 years (12)	30-59 years (17)	60+ years (2)	Total (33)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED											
Near home	16.7	25.5	44.8	27.5	29.2	52.9	43.1	20.4	100.0	34.1	31.2
Elsewhere in local area	85.3	74.5	42.2	72.5	67.3	47.1	47.0	64.6	.0	54.5	62.0
Elsewhere in the country	.0	.0	9.2	.0	2.5	.0	.0	5.2	.0	2.7	2.6
Abroad	.0	.0	3.8	.0	1.0	.0	10.0	9.8	.0	0.7	4.2
HOW MANY OFFENDERS											
One	31.7	27.7	29.1	.0	25.8	100.0	64.3	25.8	100.0	48.5	35.3
Two	18.1	18.7	42.3	35.3	25.7	.0	8.1	34.3	.0	20.9	24.3
Three or more	50.3	44.8	20.7	19.2	36.6	.0	19.6	24.0	.0	19.5	29.5
Don't know	.0	8.9	7.9	45.5	10.9	.0	8.1	15.7	.0	11.1	11.0
IDENTITY OF OFFENDER											
Did not know offender(s)	64.5	72.6	71.4	64.7	69.9	47.1	18.0	62.5	46.4	44.6	59.4
Known by sight only	35.5	9.7	.0	12.9	12.3	.0	38.8	13.5	.0	21.0	15.9
Known by name	.0	8.8	19.4	22.4	11.5	52.9	35.1	10.7	53.6	24.3	16.9
Did not see offender(s)	.0	8.9	9.2	.0	6.3	.0	8.1	13.4	.0	9.9	7.8
WEAPON USED											
Knife	18.1	10.6	32.5	.0	16.8	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	9.8
Gun	.0	5.5	.0	22.4	4.8	.0	8.2	21.6	.0	14.2	8.7
Other weapon e.g. Stick	16.7	5.5	6.8	40.3	11.5	.0	8.1	.0	.0	2.9	5.0
Something used as weapon	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	7.6	.0	.0	2.6	1.1
No weapon	65.2	78.4	61.5	37.2	66.9	100.0	76.1	78.4	100.0	80.1	72.4
ANYTHING ACTUALLY STOLEN											
Yes	68.3	67.8	61.1	19.2	60.9	52.9	37.4	50.9	53.6	46.3	54.8
No	31.7	32.2	38.9	80.8	39.1	47.1	62.6	49.1	46.4	53.7	45.2
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT											
Very serious	16.7	38.7	75.0	59.5	46.6	52.9	54.0	68.3	100.0	62.9	53.4
Somewhat serious	51.6	25.0	21.2	22.4	28.7	.0	24.6	20.9	.0	19.8	25.0
Not very serious	31.7	36.3	3.8	18.1	24.7	47.1	21.4	10.8	.0	17.3	21.6
WAS IT REPORTED											
Yes	34.8	67.3	63.6	87.1	62.3	.0	32.7	56.6	53.6	43.1	54.3
No	65.2	32.7	36.4	12.9	37.7	100.0	67.3	43.4	46.4	56.9	45.7
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING											
Not serious enough	48.6	49.7	.0	.0	34.6	47.1	40.6	23.8	100.0	36.5	35.6
Solved it myself	.0	33.6	.0	.0	12.7	.0	16.2	33.5	.0	20.2	16.6
Inappropriate for police	.0	32.4	10.5	.0	14.9	.0	.0	11.6	.0	4.6	7.6
Told other authority	26.7	.0	15.1	.0	12.6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	6.1
Family solved it	.0	.0	32.3	.0	8.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.1
Police could do nothing	.0	39.9	14.9	.0	25.9	.0	19.7	16.9	.0	15.1	20.3
Police won't do anything	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	12.3	16.7	.0	11.9	6.1
Fear, dislike of police	.0	23.7	.0	.0	8.9	.0	11.3	16.8	.0	11.9	10.3
Daren't go to police	24.7	.0	.0	.0	8.1	.0	.0	14.2	.0	5.6	6.8
Don't know	.0	.0	.0	100.0	3.7	52.9	.0	.0	.0	7.8	5.8

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Table 27 - Characteristics of Incident: - Other Theft in 1991
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim

Base = 304 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (304)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (16)	20-29 years (45)	30-59 years (63)	60+ years (9)	Total (133)	16-19 years (21)	20-29 years (52)	30-59 years (81)	60+ years (17)	Total (171)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED											
Near home	18.3	26.5	25.7	34.3	25.2	32.7	27.5	21.6	32.2	25.8	25.5
Elsewhere in local area	57.6	61.6	64.5	34.3	60.8	54.9	54.4	59.7	54.0	56.9	58.8
Elsewhere in the country	21.3	8.3	8.7	18.1	7.3	12.4	13.8	10.1	.0	11.0	10.3
Abroad	2.4	3.6	1.0	13.2	4.9	.0	4.3	8.6	13.8	6.2	5.0
THEFT FROM PERSON?											
Yes	21.7	9.2	15.4	31.9	14.9	10.2	15.3	15.3	36.0	15.8	15.4
No	78.3	88.5	83.4	68.1	83.8	89.8	84.7	83.6	64.0	83.7	83.7
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT											
Very serious	17.8	18.6	33.5	33.4	25.3	21.9	23.1	41.7	58.2	33.8	29.8
Somewhat serious	34.8	43.2	25.0	21.1	33.2	22.2	36.7	27.3	22.8	29.2	31.1
Not very serious	47.3	38.3	41.4	45.5	41.4	55.9	40.2	30.9	19.0	36.9	39.1
WAS IT REPORTED											
Yes	5.9	35.0	44.5	57.4	35.3	28.9	33.1	54.8	45.1	43.5	39.6
No	94.1	62.5	55.5	42.6	63.8	71.1	66.9	45.2	53.9	56.5	60.0
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING											
Not serious enough	71.2	46.5	40.1	52.5	50.3	57.0	53.2	63.5	18.5	55.8	53.0
Solved it myself	.0	4.5	7.2	.0	8.4	.0	2.5	8.1	8.9	4.9	4.4
Inappropriate for police	5.6	20.0	28.7	17.7	19.6	12.0	11.6	9.8	36.3	12.5	16.1
Told other authority	6.1	14.3	10.9	.0	10.6	21.6	14.4	12.3	14.8	15.1	12.8
Police could do nothing	7.1	19.2	19.7	54.4	17.6	9.3	27.1	17.2	41.1	20.2	18.9
Police won't do anything	7.5	.0	14.3	.0	6.9	.0	6.1	2.3	8.7	3.7	5.3

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 28 - Characteristics of Incident: - Sexual Offence* in 1991
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim

Base = 68 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT				
	Female				
	16-19 years (10)	20-29 years (25)	30-59 years (30)	60+ years (3)	Total (68)
WHERE IT OCCURRED					
In own home	21.0	32.0	19.0	.0	24.6
Near home	16.9	15.5	5.0	100.0	13.6
Elsewhere in local area	31.9	41.9	61.5	.0	46.9
Elsewhere in the country	30.1	10.1	10.2	.0	13.9
HOW MANY OFFENDERS					
One	100.0	93.1	94.9	100.0	95.3
Two	.0	6.9	1.6	.0	3.4
Don't know	.0	.0	3.5	.0	1.4
IDENTITY OF OFFENDER(S)					
Did not know offender(s)	60.2	50.9	52.5	.0	52.0
Known by sight only	4.9	4.9	.0	63.8	4.4
Partner or ex-partner	.0	11.8	8.1	.0	7.9
Relative	.0	.0	.0	36.2	.9
Close friend	16.1	14.9	8.0	.0	12.0
Known by name	18.8	17.6	31.4	.0	22.9
TYPE OF INCIDENT					
A rape	.0	6.8	2.5	.0	3.7
An attempted rape	21.0	22.8	3.2	.0	14.9
An indecent assault	16.9	37.3	30.0	100.0	32.3
Offensive behaviour	52.1	33.1	58.8	.0	46.0
Don't know	10.0	.0	3.5	.0	3.2
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT					
Very serious	31.0	60.0	54.9	68.7	52.9
Somewhat serious	59.6	16.2	14.7	.0	23.1
Not very serious	9.4	23.8	30.5	31.3	24.0
WAS IT REPORTED					
Yes	15.9	21.5	15.7	.0	17.6
No	84.1	78.5	80.8	100.0	81.0
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING					
Not serious enough	33.6	39.0	19.4	31.3	30.0
Solved it myself	12.8	32.9	19.5	.0	22.8
Inappropriate for police	13.6	4.3	30.6	.0	17.1
Told other authority	.0	2.5	17.8	.0	8.0
Police could do nothing	11.2	27.6	17.5	68.7	21.7
Police won't do anything	.0	4.6	4.5	.0	3.5
Fear, dislike of police	.0	.0	4.3	.0	3.7
Daren't go to police	17.0	11.1	4.0	.0	9.1
Don't know	11.9	.0	.0	.0	2.3

*Note: Incidents described by the victims as 'offensive' but 'not a crime' are excluded from this Table. The data are therefore not comparable with data from the 1988 survey.

Table 29 - Characteristics of Incident: - Other Assault in 1991
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim

Base = 229 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (229)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (11)	20-29 years (45)	30-59 years (60)	60+ years (9)	Total (125)	16-19 years (8)	20-29 years (21)	30-59 years (63)	60+ years (12)	Total (104)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED											
In own home	.0	5.7	14.9	7.3	9.0	18.0	31.7	34.4	31.0	31.7	18.3
Near home	22.5	23.0	16.4	10.4	19.6	21.2	23.4	19.1	31.4	21.3	20.3
Elsewhere in local area	60.5	61.1	57.0	69.0	59.7	38.0	36.3	38.5	37.6	37.9	50.7
Elsewhere in the country	17.0	10.2	7.4	12.9	10.0	22.8	9.0	5.8	.0	7.0	8.8
Abroad	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.1	.0	1.2	.5
HOW MANY OFFENDERS											
One	61.2	52.8	54.0	68.2	55.2	89.2	74.2	71.8	61.1	73.4	62.7
Two	24.3	16.1	12.0	18.1	15.5	.0	10.8	17.0	13.6	13.4	14.6
Three or more	14.5	31.0	28.8	13.7	27.1	10.8	11.6	11.3	25.3	12.4	21.0
IDENTITY OF OFFENDER(S)											
Did not know offender(s)	24.6	68.5	53.7	48.9	55.7	45.6	32.6	46.4	62.1	44.2	51.0
Known by sight only	31.8	6.2	8.2	7.5	10.3	5.3	8.1	6.9	.0	6.5	8.8
Partner or ex-partner	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	18.8	14.5	.0	12.9	5.7
Relative	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	6.2	5.7	25.5	6.8	2.8
Close friend	.0	1.7	3.6	.0	2.8	12.6	13.2	3.6	.0	6.6	4.0
Known by name	43.6	23.6	30.1	43.8	29.9	39.4	14.7	21.4	12.4	20.5	26.1
Refuses to say	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	6.5	.0	.0	1.8	1.7
Did not see offender	.0	.0	2.8	.0	2.2	.0	.0	1.4	.0	.8	1.0
SEVERITY OF ASSAULT											
Threat only	14.5	27.3	36.1	68.0	31.6	59.2	50.9	58.7	74.3	58.1	42.5
Armed Threat	.0	8.2	10.4	.0	7.7	.0	3.6	7.5	7.1	5.7	6.9
Grabbed, unhurt	.0	16.9	6.5	.0	9.5	22.8	15.1	19.6	12.3	18.3	13.1
Grabbed, hurt	.0	.0	2.1	.0	.9	5.3	3.5	.0	.0	1.4	1.1
Grabbed, needed doctor	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	4.8	.7	.0	1.6	.8
Hit, unhurt	30.0	24.5	8.1	.0	17.0	.0	9.8	8.4	.0	7.2	13.0
Hit, hurt	31.4	8.6	5.4	16.1	10.5	.0	8.7	2.5	.0	3.6	7.7
Hit, needed doctor	24.1	11.2	12.3	16.0	13.6	12.6	.0	2.5	6.3	3.3	9.3
Weapon used, unhurt	.0	.0	1.6	.0	.7	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.4
Weapon used, hurt	.0	.0	1.6	.0	.7	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.4
Weapon used needed doctor	.0	3.5	8.2	.0	4.8	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.8
SERIOUSNESS OF INCIDENT											
Very serious	38.4	31.9	60.9	16.0	44.0	28.8	63.4	51.7	37.8	51.1	46.9
Somewhat serious	29.7	38.7	21.1	20.8	29.2	60.4	31.6	32.2	36.5	35.4	31.7
Not very serious	31.9	29.4	18.0	63.2	26.8	10.8	5.0	16.1	25.7	13.6	21.3
WAS IT REPORTED											
Yes	31.3	33.3	49.1	30.2	39.5	10.8	49.9	40.2	39.1	39.4	39.4
No	68.7	66.7	48.5	69.8	59.5	89.2	46.6	59.8	60.9	59.7	59.6
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING											
Not serious enough	34.9	47.0	31.3	70.2	41.3	51.9	29.6	29.3	40.1	33.8	38.2
Solved it myself	11.0	1.6	14.7	.0	7.3	.0	10.3	18.3	.0	12.5	9.5
Inappropriate for police	.0	35.4	11.2	18.3	20.9	14.1	12.5	28.0	.0	20.6	20.8
Told other authority	21.0	6.1	24.4	11.3	14.9	.0	.0	11.7	.0	6.7	11.5
Family solved it	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	13.4	4.9	20.2	7.0	2.9
Police could do nothing	11.2	19.9	9.6	.0	13.8	.0	7.8	11.9	39.7	11.4	12.8
Police won't do anything	.0	17.8	9.2	.0	11.1	.0	.0	4.9	.0	2.3	7.7
Fear, dislike of police	11.6	4.7	.0	.0	3.8	.0	10.0	2.4	.0	3.3	3.6
Daren't go to police	10.4	8.9	5.8	.0	7.5	17.6	32.0	4.9	.0	11.7	9.2
Don't know	.0	6.7	.0	.0	3.0	16.4	.0	7.5	.0	6.9	4.6

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**... 9 ... RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON POLICING,
CRIME PREVENTION AND SENTENCING IN
1991**

Tables 30 to 38 tell of people's opinions of the criminal justice system and its responses to crime, including the effectiveness of the police, the appropriate levels of sentence for a typical crime, and the measures that they personally take to avoid crime.

Table 30 shows percentages of victims by levels of satisfaction with the response of the police to their most recent call for assistance, cross-classified by:

- *Type of incident reported, and*
- *Characteristics of the victim/victim's household.*

Table 31 shows reasons given for *dissatisfaction* with the police response to the most recent incident reported. The Tables show percentages of dissatisfied victims by reasons for dissatisfaction (multiple choice), cross-classified by:

- *Type of incident reported, and*
- *Characteristics of the victim/victim's household.*

Table 32 presents respondents' opinions, whether victimised during 1991 or not, of the ability of their local police to control crime in their area. The Tables show percentages of respondents with opinions ranging from *Very Good* to *Very Bad*, cross-classified by:

- *Whether they reported any incident in 1991, and type of incident reported,*
- *Characteristics of the respondent/respondent's household.*

Table 33 presents percentages of respondents, by type of respondent, according to their responses to various aspects of crime prevention. Crime prevention issues include:

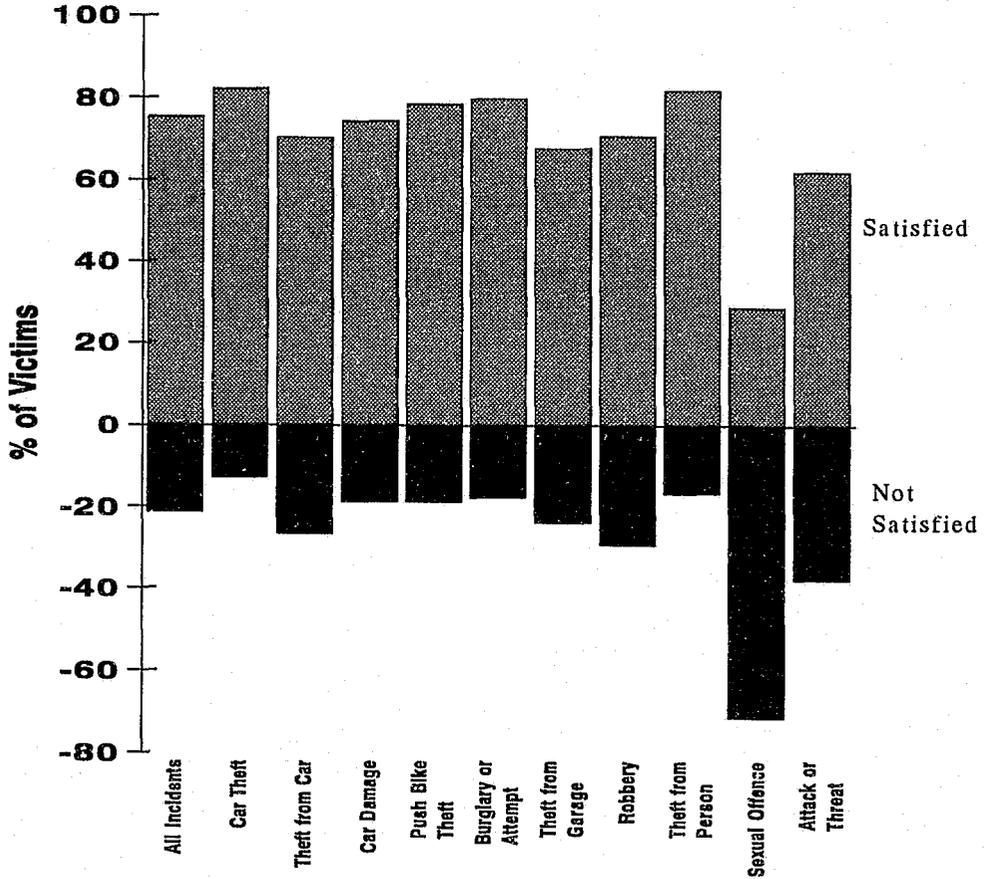
- *Avoidance of certain areas at night*
- *Avoidance of going out alone at night*
- *Asking neighbours to watch while you're away*
- *Leaving lights on while you're away*
- *Insuring against burglary*
- *Installing burglar alarms*
- *Having a caretaker present*
- *Owning a gun*

Table 34 presents respondents' opinions on sentencing types and severity appropriate for a recidivist thief. Table 35 looks at differences between age and sex groupings in the way they perceive their neighbourhood and safety. Table 36 looks at similar concerns but this time cross-tabulated by city size and type of neighbourhood. Finally Tables 37 and 38 relate rates of victimisation, by crime type, with those neighbourhood characteristics.

The data given are percentages of respondents taking each of these measures, crosstabulated by:

- *Whether they reported any incident in 1991, and type of incident reported, and*
- *Characteristics of the respondent/respondent's household.*

Figure 24
Percentage of Victims Satisfied with Police Response,
by Type of Crime - Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 30
Most Recent Incident Reported to Police: - Satisfaction with Response in 1991
Percentages by Type of Incident and Characteristics of Victim

Base = 605 Respondents who reported a crime	SATISFACTION WITH POLICE		
	Satisfied	Not Satisfied	Don't know
Total Victims (605)	75.3	21.3	3.4
MOST RECENT INCIDENT			
Car Theft (83)	82.1	12.8	5.1
Theft From a car (90)	70.2	26.6	3.2
Damage to a car (45)	74.3	18.8	6.9
Theft of a bicycle (34)	78.5	18.8	2.7
Burglary or attempt (179)	79.7	17.7	2.5
Theft from garage (44)	67.6	23.9	8.6
Robbery (9)	70.6	29.4	0
Theft from person (63)	81.7	16.7	1.6
Sexual offence (4)	28.7	71.3	0
Attack or threat (50)	62.1	37.9	0
SEX OF RESPONDENT			
Male (285)	74.0	21.8	4.3
Female (320)	76.6	20.8	2.6
AGE OF RESPONDENT			
16-19 years (30)	79.6	12.8	7.6
20-29 years (134)	73.9	24.0	2.2
30-59 years (343)	73.6	22.1	4.2
60 years + (90)	84.2	15.1	0.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME			
Below Average (242)	70.9	27.7	1.4
Above Average (305)	79.3	17.8	2.9
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION			
Under 15 (64)	81.4	16.2	2.4
15-16 years (187)	70.7	28.0	1.2
17 and over (322)	76.4	19.6	4.1
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			
Employed Full-time (317)	73.6	22.6	3.8
Employed Part-time (74)	73.3	21.6	5.2
Unemployed (33)	78.2	17.0	4.8
Keeping Home (60)	70.5	26.6	3.1
Retired, Disabled (91)	85.7	14.3	0
Student (24)	81.4	15.0	3.6
CITY SIZE			
Up to 1 Million (325)	75.9	22.6	1.5
Over 1 Million (273)	74.7	19.5	5.9
OUTDOOR VISITS			
At least once a week (396)	77.3	19.7	3.0
Less than once/week (202)	70.6	25.1	4.3
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD			
High status (86)	77.7	21.2	1.0
Medium status (453)	76.7	19.5	3.9
Low status (59)	61.7	35.9	2.4
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS			
Mostly help each other (344)	77.4	19.8	2.8
Mostly go their own way (175)	71.9	23.7	4.4
Mixture (69)	74.2	20.6	5.2
PLACE OF RESIDENCE			
New South Wales (222)	76.5	19.4	4.1
Victoria (154)	76.4	19.0	4.6
Other (229)	73.3	24.7	2.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 31
Most Recent Incident Reported to Police: - Reasons for Dissatisfaction in 1991
Percentages by Type of Incident and Characteristics of Victim

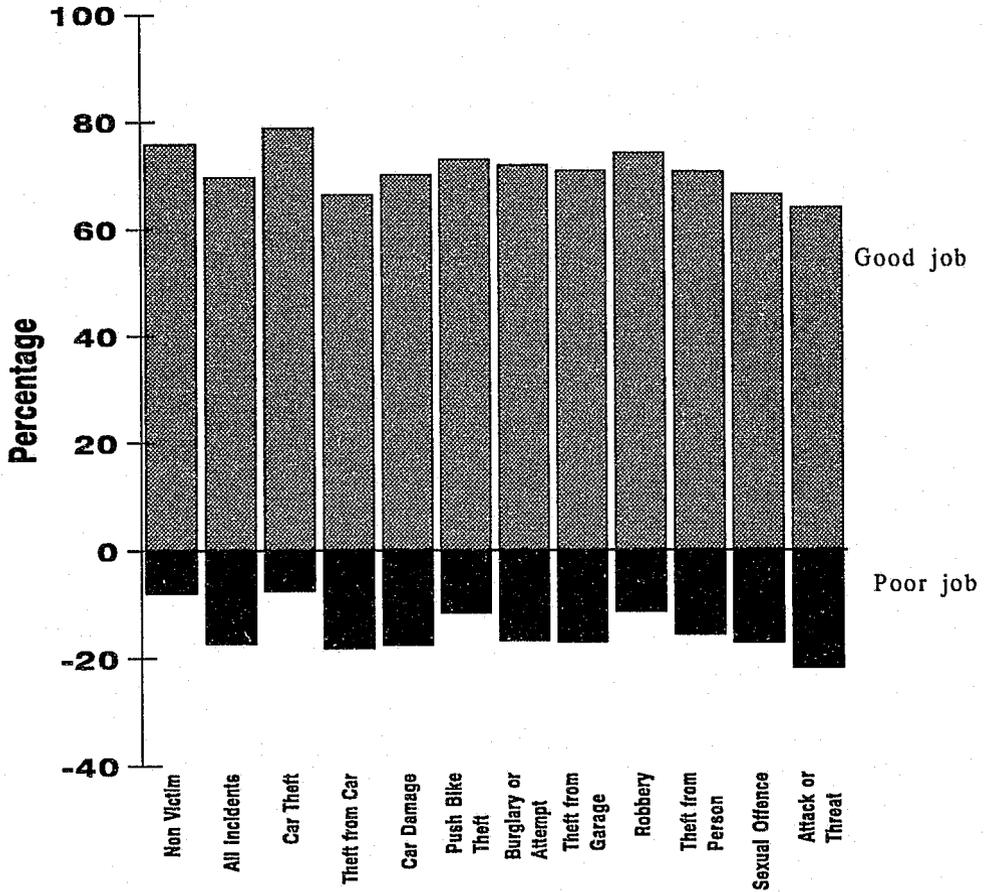
Base = 128 Respondents dissatisfied with Police response	REASON FOR DISSATISFACTION			
	Didn't do enough	Lack of interest	Lack of success *	Lack of courtesy **
Total Incidents (128)	38.3	44.0	32.4	41.1
MOST RECENT INCIDENT				
Burglary (33)	26.7	35.2	40.6	56.3
Other Household Crime (56)	38.0	48.6	31.2	32.8
Personal Crime (37)	44.2	46.4	30.1	47.0
SEX OF RESPONDENT				
Male (64)	45.7	50.5	30.1	40.2
Female (64)	30.5	37.1	34.7	42.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT				
16-19 years (5)	88.9	25.2	25.2	37.2
20-29 years (31)	33.4	41.5	40.8	44.2
30-59 years (77)	36.6	52.7	27.6	40.7
60 years + (14)	32.9	33.0	46.9	23.3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
Below Average (65)	38.7	44.8	34.1	39.5
Above Average (55)	40.8	47.1	34.0	40.4
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION				
Under 15 (10)	28.3	18.8	35.8	37.3
15-16 years (48)	40.0	51.8	32.8	36.4
17 and over (67)	37.8	44.7	34.0	44.5
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Employed Full-time (71)	44.3	53.9	32.1	40.7
Employed Part-time (16)	17.9	43.4	45.9	61.1
Unemployed (6)	32.5	30.6	39.2	29.4
Keeping Home (14)	22.2	36.7	28.6	34.4
Retired, Disabled (15)	57.4	17.1	33.9	25.4
Student (3)	46.4	.0	.0	53.6
CITY SIZE				
Up to 1 Million (72)	38.8	31.3	34.5	39.6
Over 1 Million (54)	35.0	63.2	27.1	44.1
OUTDOOR VISITS				
At least once a week (77)	40.5	42.8	29.6	47.3
Less than once/week (51)	35.1	45.8	36.5	31.6
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD				
High status (17)	42.1	54.8	34.7	51.1
Medium status (91)	32.7	45.8	28.6	45.7
Low status (19)	52.7	30.5	39.8	16.3
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS				
Mostly help each other (69)	35.4	49.0	31.8	42.2
Mostly go their own way (39)	37.6	30.3	27.5	45.1
Mixture (15)	54.9	53.6	48.3	35.4
PLACE OF RESIDENCE				
New South Wales (46)	35.6	47.7	32.4	45.8
Victoria (29)	25.9	50.5	28.5	45.5
Other (53)	46.8	37.9	34.3	35.4

Note Multiple Responses - Percentages add to more than 100.

* i.e. failed to find the offender, failed to recover property

** i.e. slow to arrive, didn't keep me informed, didn't treat me correctly

Figure 25
Respondents' Opinions of the Ability of Local
Police to Control Crime, - Non-Victim
and Victims by Type of Crime - Australia 1991



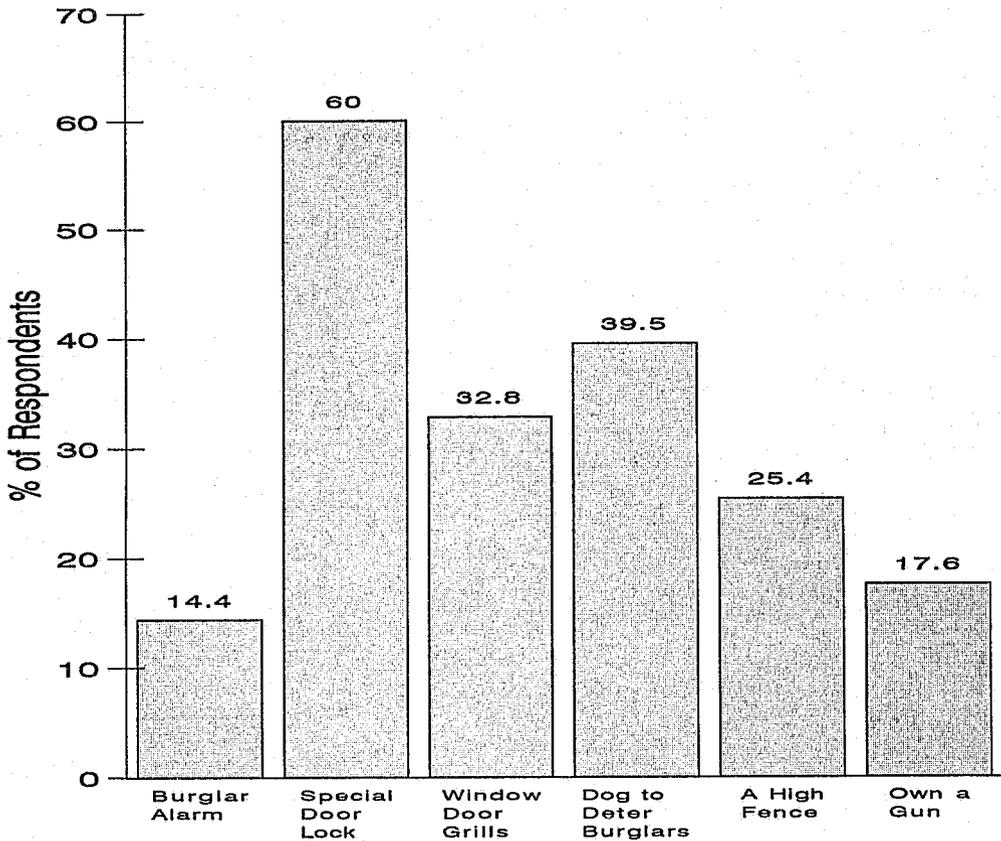
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 32 - Opinion of the Ability of Local Police to Control Crime in 1991
Percentages by Characteristics of Respondent

Respondent Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents) Base = All 2006 respondents	ABILITY OF LOCAL POLICE TO CONTROL CRIME		
	Good job	Poor job	Don't know
Total Respondents (2006)	72.1	13.5	14.4
MOST RECENT INCIDENT			
No incidents in 5 years (802)	75.8	7.9	16.3
Car Theft (92)	78.8	7.9	13.7
Theft From a car (169)	66.3	18.2	15.5
Damage to a car (238)	70.0	17.6	12.4
Theft of a bicycle (44)	72.9	11.8	15.5
Burglary or attempt (241)	71.8	16.8	11.4
Theft from garage (86)	70.7	17.1	12.2
Robbery (13)	74.0	13.4	14.6
Theft personal property (152)	70.6	15.7	13.8
Sexual offence (33)	66.4	17.2	16.4
Attack or threat (132)	63.9	21.9	14.2
SEX OF RESPONDENT			
Male (911)	71.7	14.9	13.4
Female (1095)	72.5	12.1	15.4
AGE OF RESPONDENT			
16-19 years (101)	70.6	20.7	8.8
20-29 years (376)	70.2	13.5	16.3
30-59 years (1052)	72.7	13.3	14.0
60 years + (444)	73.9	9.3	16.8
HOUSEHOLD INCOME			
Below Average (912)	72.7	13.1	14.2
Above Average (850)	70.5	14.8	14.7
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION			
Under 15 (308)	76.5	10.9	12.6
15-16 years (640)	74.9	12.9	12.3
17 and over (934)	68.5	14.9	16.6
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			
Employed Full-time (908)	70.6	14.8	14.6
Employed Part-time (210)	72.5	16.2	11.3
Unemployed (80)	63.3	21.1	15.6
Keeping Home (264)	74.4	10.8	14.8
Retired, Disabled (424)	74.5	8.5	17.0
Student (101)	76.4	13.4	10.3
CITY SIZE			
Up to 1 Million (1158)	75.5	12.7	11.7
Over 1 Million (814)	67.0	14.5	18.5
OUTDOOR VISITS			
At least once a week (1158)	72.6	14.1	13.3
Less than once/week (817)	71.5	12.7	15.8
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD			
High status (269)	69.4	15.4	15.2
Medium status (1525)	72.8	12.5	14.7
Low status (175)	69.6	19.9	10.5
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS			
Mostly help each other (1267)	78.1	10.6	11.3
Mostly go their own way (500)	62.2	19.2	18.6
Mixture (191)	64.7	18.4	16.9
PLACE OF RESIDENCE			
New South Wales (728)	73.0	12.8	14.2
Victoria (524)	71.0	11.4	17.7
Other (754)	72.1	15.5	12.4

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Figure 26
Percentages of Respondents using
Various Crime Prevention Measures - Australia 1991



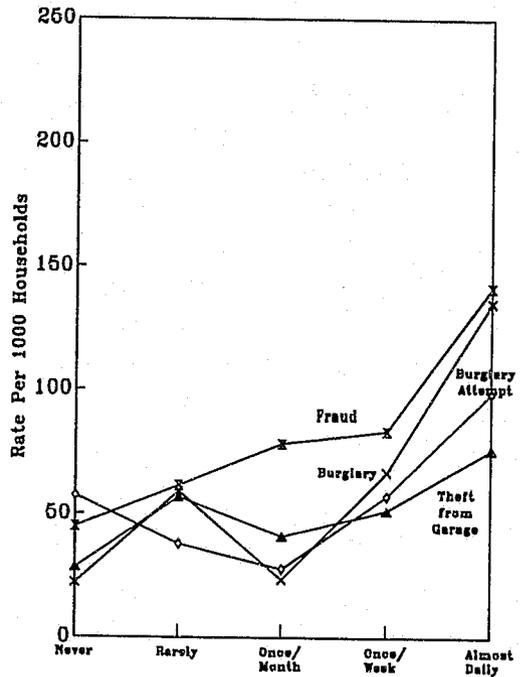
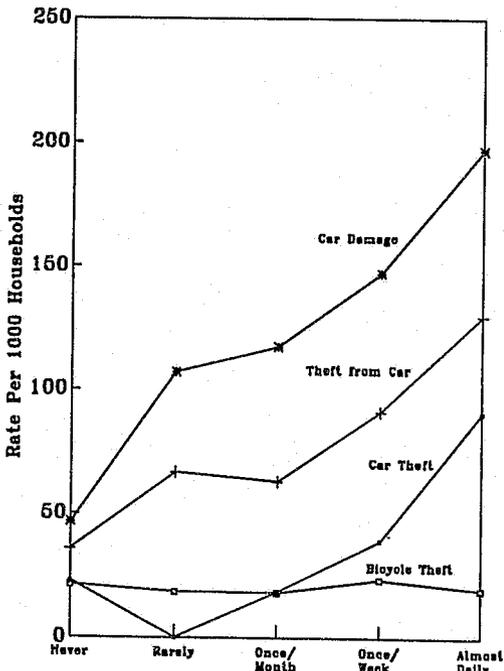
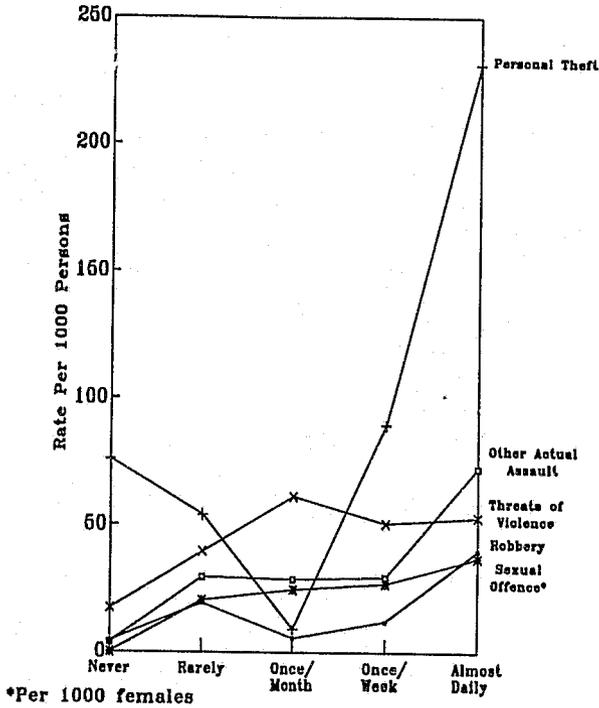
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

**Table 33 - Percentages of Respondents using Crime Prevention Measures in 1991
by Type of Measure and Characteristics of Household**

Respondent Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents) Base = All 2006 respondents	CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
	A burglar alarm (277)	Special door locks (1214)	Window, door grilles (669)	Dog to deter burglars (722)	A high fence (480)	Own a gun (331)	None of these (286)
Total Respondents (2006)	14.4	60.0	32.8	39.5	25.4	17.6	13.3
MOST RECENT INCIDENT							
No incidents in 5 years (802)	14.2	59.6	33.6	36.0	23.2	16.9	14.2
Car Theft (92)	17.7	61.1	40.3	34.2	25.8	13.3	17.4
Theft From a car (169)	11.9	60.3	31.5	45.0	29.5	15.4	11.9
Damage to a car (238)	16.3	57.6	33.1	41.8	26.6	20.8	11.2
Theft of a bicycle (44)	4.3	46.6	39.5	44.4	26.1	16.0	19.7
Burglary or attempt (241)	18.1	63.0	38.0	31.0	26.1	18.3	14.8
Theft from garage (86)	10.3	60.3	26.1	45.7	22.3	20.4	6.8
Robbery (13)	0	80.5	16.8	22.0	23.1	12.3	7.5
Theft personal property (152)	10.3	63.2	20.9	49.0	27.5	16.6	12.1
Sexual offence (33)	5.7	61.3	26.2	56.1	29.5	14.4	10.1
Attack or threat (132)	22.4	58.8	35.0	45.8	27.7	21.0	13.6
SEX OF RESPONDENT							
Male (911)	15.3	60.3	32.5	40.4	26.1	19.9	12.7
Female (1095)	13.5	59.7	33.1	38.7	24.8	15.4	13.9
AGE OF RESPONDENT							
16-19 years (101)	16.1	65.9	30.7	57.1	34.7	23.5	6.0
20-29 years (376)	13.4	59.7	29.6	40.3	25.4	15.1	14.4
30-59 years (1052)	14.0	57.9	32.6	42.1	26.3	19.8	13.6
60 years + (444)	16.1	64.4	37.9	22.0	19.0	12.6	14.8
HOUSEHOLD INCOME							
Below Average (912)	10.3	57.2	30.6	39.1	25.2	17.4	16.1
Above Average (850)	15.7	63.2	34.0	39.1	24.7	17.6	11.2
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION							
Under 15 (308)	13.4	56.1	37.2	31.2	19.7	15.5	15.7
15-16 years (640)	12.5	56.2	31.4	44.3	24.9	19.1	14.8
17 and over (934)	15.8	63.4	32.8	37.2	26.6	16.3	12.2
EMPLOYMENT STATUS							
Employed Full-time (908)	14.4	60.4	33.1	39.7	25.4	18.3	13.3
Employed Part-time (210)	14.0	57.6	25.3	47.0	29.8	21.0	9.8
Unemployed (80)	10.3	60.6	32.9	49.6	31.4	14.0	13.0
Keeping Home (264)	15.6	57.7	32.0	42.3	27.7	18.6	14.0
Retired, Disabled (424)	15.0	63.5	39.8	25.4	18.5	10.6	15.9
Student (101)	14.5	58.3	28.9	50.1	27.9	22.8	8.9
CITY SIZE							
Up to 1 Million (1158)	9.7	48.2	30.1	40.7	23.1	22.7	17.0
Over 1 Million (814)	21.6	78.1	37.3	37.6	29.0	9.1	7.6
OUTDOOR VISITS							
At least once a week (1158)	13.8	58.6	31.9	40.1	26.0	17.4	13.9
Less than once/week (817)	14.9	61.9	33.9	39.0	24.7	17.4	12.2
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD							
High status (269)	19.3	65.2	36.5	34.2	27.5	18.9	10.1
Medium status (1525)	14.4	60.4	33.1	40.2	25.5	17.2	13.1
Low status (175)	8.7	53.8	25.8	40.1	26.8	16.0	18.4
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS							
Mostly help each other (1267)	14.3	60.0	33.4	39.6	25.7	19.5	12.6
Mostly go their own way (500)	14.7	60.1	29.7	37.9	25.3	14.2	15.4
Mixture (191)	15.2	60.0	35.0	42.8	24.0	15.6	12.6
HOME OWNERSHIP							
Owner	15.7	62.4	35.0	41.9	26.7	19.4	11.2
Rented	7.7	51.8	24.6	29.7	20.8	11.6	21.4
PLACE OF RESIDENCE							
New South Wales (728)	17.3	66.6	33.1	38.9	27.6	14.7	12.0
Victoria (524)	18.0	70.4	34.1	41.1	23.7	13.9	9.0
Other (754)	9.1	46.4	31.6	39.1	24.6	22.9	17.4

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Figure 27
Risk of Crime by Frequency of Outdoor Visits - Australia 1991



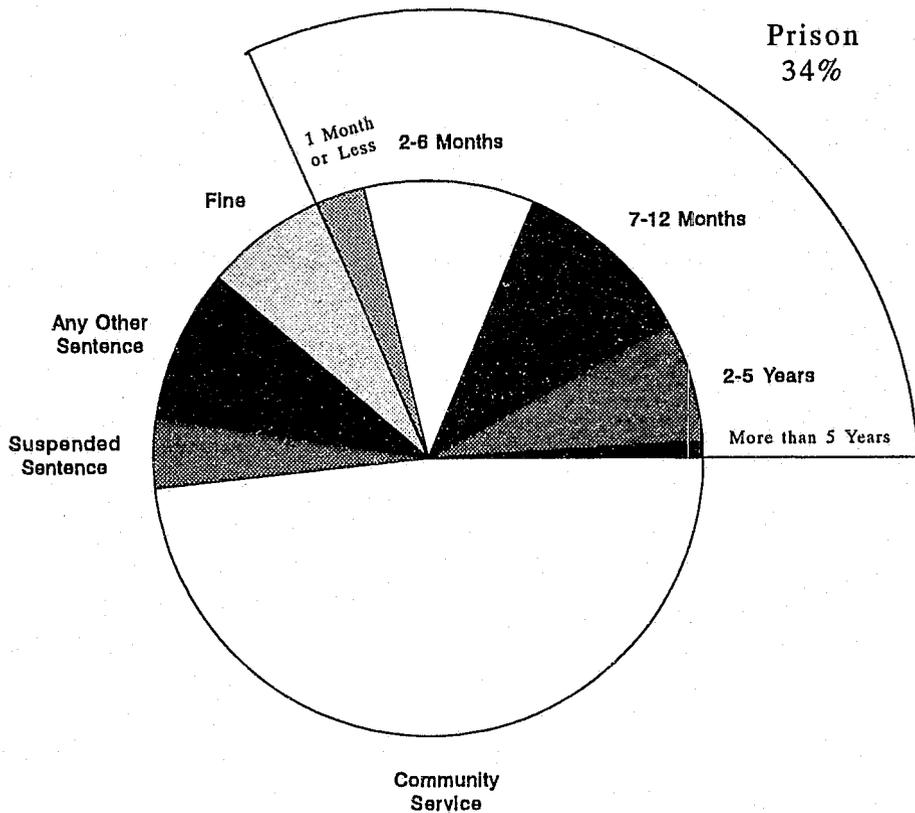
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 34 - Appropriate Sentence for Recidivist Theft of a TV
Percentages by Characteristics of Respondent - Australia 1991

Respondent Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents) Base = All 2006 respondents	PUNISHMENT TV-THEFT					
	Fine	Community service	Suspended sentence	Any other sentence	Prison	Median Sentence
Total Respondents (2006)	7.7	48.0	4.0	6.4	34.0	6-12mth
MOST RECENT INCIDENT						
No incidents in 5 years (802)	8.6	46.2	3.7	7.7	33.8	6-12mth
Car Theft (92)	10.3	43.8	3.4	5.8	36.6	6-12mth
Theft From a car (169)	5.3	48.6	4.5	7.6	34.0	6-12mth
Damage to a car (238)	9.7	47.8	4.2	4.6	33.7	6-12mth
Theft of a bicycle (44)	4.7	56.8	7.1	1.9	29.4	1 year
Burglary or attempt (241)	4.1	49.1	4.1	8.0	34.7	6-12mth
Theft from garage (86)	5.2	61.5	3.5	4.6	28.2	6-12mth
Robbery (13)	10.6	63.0	7.3	7.3	13.5	6-10yrs
Theft personal property (152)	7.1	42.7	4.1	5.0	41.2	6-12mth
Sexual offence (33)	0	53.2	5.2	6.7	34.8	6-12mth
Attack or threat (132)	10.8	49.5	5.3	1.7	32.8	2-6mths
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (911)	7.8	45.6	4.1	6.4	36.1	6-12mth
Female (1095)	7.5	50.3	3.9	6.3	32.0	6-12mth
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (101)	6.2	53.5	5.5	1.8	33.0	6-12mth
20-29 years (376)	7.8	43.1	5.6	4.5	38.9	6-12mth
30-59 years (1052)	6.9	50.8	2.9	7.3	32.1	6-12mth
60 years + (444)	8.9	44.5	5.0	7.6	34.0	6-12mth
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (912)	6.3	45.8	4.2	8.3	35.3	6-12mth
Above Average (850)	8.2	50.6	3.9	4.3	33.0	6-12mth
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Under 15 (308)	5.9	43.7	2.8	11.5	36.2	1 year
15-16 years (640)	8.4	45.6	3.0	4.7	38.3	6-12mth
17 and over (934)	7.6	49.7	4.5	6.8	31.3	6-12mth
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (908)	7.9	47.0	3.5	7.3	34.3	6-12mth
Employed Part-time (210)	5.3	57.6	4.0	3.8	29.3	2-6mths
Unemployed (80)	7.5	43.4	4.3	1.8	43.0	1 year
Keeping Home (264)	8.1	49.0	4.2	4.8	33.9	6-12mth
Retired, Disabled (424)	7.7	42.2	3.6	10.2	36.3	6-12mth
Student (101)	9.3	52.3	7.5	2.1	28.9	6-12mth
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	7.6	50.1	3.6	5.9	32.8	6-12mth
Over 1 Million (814)	7.3	45.1	4.5	7.2	35.9	6-12mth
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	7.5	48.4	4.5	5.4	34.2	6-12mth
Less than once/week (817)	7.9	47.7	3.0	7.8	33.6	6-12mth
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (269)	9.3	47.6	4.5	4.5	34.2	6-12mth
Medium status (1525)	7.7	48.3	4.0	5.9	34.0	6-12mth
Low status (175)	2.9	48.3	3.5	10.4	35.0	6-12mth
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	7.6	50.0	3.3	5.9	33.2	6-12mth
Mostly go their own way (500)	7.1	41.8	4.6	8.0	38.6	6-12mth
Mixture (191)	9.1	53.4	5.5	4.9	27.2	6-12mth
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (728)	6.9	48.6	4.1	6.9	33.5	6-12mth
Victoria (524)	7.4	47.2	4.8	6.0	34.6	6-12mth
Other (754)	8.6	48.0	3.3	6.1	34.0	6-12mth

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Figure 28
Respondents' Opinions on Sentencing for a
Recidivist Theft of a Television - Australia 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table 35
Questions of Neighbourhood, Policing, and Perceptions of Safety
Percentages by Age and Sex of Respondent - Australia 1991

Base = All 2006 respondents	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (2006)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (54)	20-29 years (170)	30-59 years (502)	60+ years (185)	Total (911)	16-19 years (47)	20-29 years (206)	30-59 years (583)	60+ years (259)	Total (1095)	
OUTDOOR VISITS At least once a week (1158) Less than once/week (817)	86.7 13.3	88.6 10.9	63.6 35.0	42.8 56.0	67.3 31.6	90.5 9.5	67.3 31.8	48.5 49.7	28.0 69.2	51.6 46.7	59.2 39.4
FAMILY VISITORS LAST WEEK More than twice (229) Twice (334) Only once (530) Not at all (902)	9.1 23.5 28.5 38.8	10.9 14.5 28.0 46.2	8.7 16.3 31.1 43.7	7.7 17.9 23.8 49.4	9.0 16.8 29.0 44.8	12.3 20.7 19.9 47.1	12.2 22.5 24.8 40.5	11.4 16.8 25.7 45.0	18.4 18.1 23.8 39.5	12.9 18.5 24.8 43.2	11.0 17.7 26.9 44.0
WALKING ALONE AFTER DARK Very safe (531) Fairly safe (801) A bit unsafe (370) Very unsafe (304)	45.8 47.3 18.9 47.9	46.9 41.3 7.4 47.9	45.7 38.0 12.0 4.4	26.8 45.0 15.5 12.6	42.8 40.6 10.8 5.8	17.0 51.3 14.6 23.7	11.8 40.0 28.3 19.8	17.6 41.1 23.1 18.3	8.5 36.4 22.9 32.2	14.3 40.6 23.7 21.3	28.2 40.6 17.4 13.8
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE I avoid places/people (373) No, I don't worry (1327) I never go out (249)	22.7 77.3 .0	18.2 80.6 1.2	12.9 82.6 2.5	9.4 80.1 9.0	14.3 81.3 3.0	41.0 51.5 7.5	34.5 54.3 8.5	21.0 59.4 16.4	11.3 41.9 39.4	23.5 54.8 18.1	19.0 67.7 10.8
CHANCES OF BURGLARY THIS YEAR Very likely (260) Likely (683) Not likely (928) Don't know (135)	7.4 22.8 63.7 6.1	10.2 32.6 52.8 4.4	15.0 36.5 43.1 5.4	14.4 31.0 44.6 10.0	13.2 33.7 47.1 6.0	3.9 38.3 46.2 11.6	13.9 36.2 44.5 5.4	14.6 34.1 44.7 6.7	7.6 32.2 51.4 8.9	12.6 34.5 45.9 7.1	12.9 34.1 46.5 6.6
LOCAL POLICE CONTROL OF CRIME They do a good job (1441) Not a good job (254) Don't know (311)	74.2 17.6 8.2	69.3 15.0 15.7	71.0 15.4 13.7	76.1 11.6 12.3	71.7 14.9 13.4	66.0 24.8 9.2	71.0 12.2 16.8	73.9 12.3 13.8	72.0 7.3 20.8	72.5 12.1 15.4	72.1 13.5 14.4
FREQUENCY OF POLICE PATROL At least once/day (412) At least once/week (389) At least once/month (286) Less often (319) Never (365) Don't know (235)	12.3 21.2 18.1 25.2 19.6 37.7	22.4 23.1 18.3 14.2 17.5 47.9	20.8 20.7 15.4 18.6 16.6 7.9	28.3 17.1 16.2 11.1 16.0 11.2	21.7 20.6 16.4 17.0 17.0 7.4	23.5 28.1 7.9 23.4 17.0 7.0	16.4 17.4 18.0 15.7 23.6 8.9	16.8 18.9 14.7 15.8 20.2 13.5	22.3 19.3 6.4 14.6 14.5 22.9	18.1 19.2 13.6 16.0 19.8 13.4	19.8 19.9 14.9 16.5 18.4 10.5
ADEQUACY OF POLICE PATROL Sufficient (1052) Not often enough (760) Too often (9) Don't know (185)	59.7 34.4 1.7 4.2	64.7 30.6 0.0 4.7	51.0 41.9 6.6 6.6	57.9 32.0 6.6 9.5	55.7 37.3 9.9 6.5	66.1 30.0 0.0 3.9	46.2 47.9 9.9 5.1	51.2 38.4 1.1 10.3	52.8 30.3 3.3 16.6	51.2 38.5 9.9 9.9	53.4 37.9 .4 8.2
CRIME VICTIM SUPPORT Family, friends, n'bours (520) Police (202) No incidents in 5 years (802) Others	50.5 29.9 40.4 3.8	51.6 21.9 38.7 .0	34.3 13.9 57.9 2.1	16.3 10.6 80.3 5.0	35.0 14.5 57.6 1.5	64.6 14.4 31.6 1.4	58.2 17.8 36.2 1.2	39.5 15.4 53.9 3.6	17.7 8.0 77.7 .0	40.9 14.5 53.3 2.3	38.2 14.5 55.2 1.9

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 36
Questions of Neighbourhood, Policing, and Perceptions of Safety
Percentages by Characteristics of Neighbourhood - Australia 1991

Base = All 2006 respondents	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD			TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS			Total (2006)
	Up to 1 Million (1158)	Over 1 Million (814)	High status (269)	Medium status (1525)	Low status (175)	Mostly help each other (1267)	Mostly go their own way (500)	Mixture (191)	
OUTDOOR VISITS									
At least once a week (1158)	57.9	60.5	62.8	59.3	54.7	57.0	63.4	63.9	59.2
Less than once/week (817)	41.5	36.9	35.6	39.5	44.1	41.8	36.0	33.6	39.4
FAMILY VISITORS LAST WEEK									
More than twice (229)	10.8	11.1	12.9	10.6	10.6	11.7	9.5	10.6	11.0
Twice (334)	18.0	17.4	16.4	17.5	21.7	17.6	18.7	16.7	17.7
Only once (530)	27.1	26.6	26.3	27.8	19.9	26.8	25.0	32.2	26.9
Not at all (902)	43.5	44.3	43.9	43.5	47.8	43.3	46.5	39.5	44.0
WALKING ALONE AFTER DARK									
Very safe (531)	32.0	22.0	33.6	27.9	16.9	31.6	23.8	18.9	28.2
Fairly safe (801)	38.8	43.1	38.0	42.1	32.4	42.4	34.5	45.6	40.6
A bit unsafe (370)	17.1	18.2	14.0	17.2	27.7	15.5	21.2	19.1	17.4
Very unsafe (304)	12.1	16.6	14.5	12.8	23.1	10.5	20.5	16.4	13.8
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE									
I avoid places/people (373)	17.0	22.1	17.8	18.3	29.6	16.6	23.9	23.3	19.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	69.6	64.6	72.1	68.4	53.7	71.4	60.1	63.5	67.7
I never go out (249)	11.1	10.5	8.2	11.0	12.5	9.4	13.2	11.4	10.8
CHANCES OF BURGLARY THIS YEAR									
Very likely (260)	12.6	13.3	14.0	11.8	22.1	11.2	18.5	10.9	12.9
Likely (685)	34.4	33.2	36.6	33.9	35.6	33.6	33.9	37.6	34.1
Not likely (928)	47.7	44.8	45.2	47.7	36.8	48.4	43.8	40.5	46.5
Don't know (135)	5.3	8.6	4.2	6.6	7.3	6.9	3.8	11.0	6.6
LOCAL POLICE CONTROL OF CRIME									
They do a good job (1441)	75.5	67.0	69.4	72.8	69.6	78.1	62.2	64.7	72.1
Not a good job (254)	12.7	14.5	15.4	12.5	19.9	10.6	19.2	18.4	13.5
Don't know (311)	11.7	18.5	15.2	14.7	10.5	11.3	18.6	16.9	14.4
FREQUENCY OF POLICE PATROL									
At least once/day (412)	21.2	17.9	22.5	18.5	26.1	19.3	20.6	21.7	19.8
At least once/week (389)	18.5	21.3	19.4	20.0	20.0	19.6	19.2	26.2	19.9
At least once/month (286)	14.7	15.2	10.6	15.9	15.2	15.4	14.8	14.5	14.9
Less often (319)	18.5	14.2	12.9	17.1	16.9	16.7	17.3	14.3	16.5
Never (365)	18.3	18.8	21.9	18.2	13.9	17.8	20.5	15.0	18.4
Don't know (235)	8.7	12.7	12.6	10.2	7.8	11.3	7.6	8.3	10.3
ADEQUACY OF POLICE PATROL									
Sufficient (1052)	57.3	48.0	56.2	53.9	44.7	56.4	48.3	49.3	53.4
Not often enough (760)	36.2	40.7	36.5	37.3	46.9	35.1	44.3	42.1	37.9
Too often (9)	4.4	4.4	5.3	4.4	.0	4.4	4.4	7.8	.4
Don't know (185)	6.1	10.9	6.8	8.3	8.4	8.2	7.1	7.8	8.2
CRIME VICTIM SUPPORT									
Family, friends, n'bour's (520)	36.6	40.4	38.3	37.8	43.8	36.3	41.9	44.0	38.2
Police (202)	14.7	14.4	16.8	13.9	19.0	13.2	16.8	17.9	14.5
No incidents in 5 years (802)	56.1	53.8	54.1	56.1	45.0	58.4	49.1	46.9	55.2
Others	1.8	2.2	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.1	4.6	1.9

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table 37
Household Property Crimes in 1991: Estimated Incidents per 1000 Households
by Questions of Neighbourhood, Policing, and Perceptions of Safety

Base = All 2006 respondents	CAR THEFT	THEFT FROM CAR	CAR DAMAGE	BIKE THEFT	BURGL'Y	BURGL'Y ATTEMPT	THEFT FROM GARAGE	FRAUD	TOTAL CRIMES	TOTAL CRIMES (1988)*
	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates
CITY SIZE										
Up to 1 Million (1158)	19.0	84.3	126.5	23.8	64.3	60.0	59.5	86.7	524.1	317.9
Over 1 Million (814)	53.6	78.7	151.0	17.6	50.2	41.8	32.0	73.6	498.5	351.1
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD										
Higher status area (269)	42.1	99.3	134.0	24.7	58.6	72.0	40.4	77.9	549.0	358.7
Middle status area (1525)	32.0	76.4	135.2	18.7	60.6	47.3	49.2	86.8	506.2	322.9
Lower status area (175)	58.8	113.2	161.0	37.9	72.8	80.2	91.1	83.7	646.6	423.6
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS										
Mostly help each other (1267)	28.5	66.2	124.7	21.6	48.5	44.0	45.4	84.0	463.0	289.5
Mostly go their own way (500)	46.1	127.4	169.8	27.1	89.0	68.7	58.7	78.9	665.6	459.3
Mixture (91)	34.2	68.3	129.7	.0	60.0	61.3	73.0	76.8	503.1	292.0
OUTDOOR VISITS										
At least once a week (1158)	48.3	98.1	156.0	22.8	78.8	64.5	55.6	93.5	617.5	404.0
Less than once/week (817)	12.8	59.7	101.6	18.8	35.5	36.1	44.1	66.6	375.2	228.4
FAMILY VISITORS LAST WEEK										
More than twice (229)	32.4	109.5	102.8	35.6	38.7	54.8	65.1	76.6	515.4	319.0
Twice (334)	25.3	102.0	157.4	5.8	60.0	38.2	67.3	90.3	546.6	350.8
Only once (530)	31.0	90.8	140.5	16.0	86.1	54.3	52.0	89.5	560.0	364.3
Not at all (902)	38.3	62.9	132.6	24.6	51.3	57.0	40.9	77.6	485.3	309.7
WALKING ALONE AFTER DARK										
Very safe (531)	32.0	58.9	133.2	30.0	63.6	45.9	43.9	105.2	512.8	317.8
Fairly safe (801)	38.8	86.4	143.4	19.0	51.7	47.0	59.5	78.4	524.2	339.2
A bit unsafe (370)	22.2	79.9	107.5	12.6	69.1	41.1	38.3	60.3	431.1	291.4
Very unsafe (304)	34.5	113.8	151.7	18.9	66.4	94.2	54.8	77.3	611.6	385.3
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE										
I avoid places/people (373)	41.3	145.0	204.6	14.3	78.2	58.4	61.4	94.4	697.6	483.4
No, I don't worry (1327)	33.8	69.7	121.4	23.5	61.0	52.3	52.5	82.7	496.8	309.3
I never go out (249)	11.6	63.2	122.9	15.3	31.0	53.8	22.7	69.1	389.7	244.1
CHANCES OF BURGLARY THIS YEAR										
Very likely (260)	65.5	158.0	289.6	19.0	170.8	182.4	137.2	85.0	1107.4	702.8
Likely (685)	40.4	76.5	150.5	30.9	68.6	59.4	43.8	107.9	577.9	366.8
Not likely (928)	22.2	70.5	95.7	16.0	25.4	16.9	33.7	68.7	349.2	229.9
Don't know (135)	13.0	38.6	37.4	8.0	46.0	19.3	36.9	43.2	238.5	143.1
LOCAL POLICE CONTROL OF CRIME										
They do a good job (1441)	31.7	69.9	127.0	23.6	57.5	39.4	46.3	73.5	469.0	309.8
Not a good job (254)	31.0	167.1	219.7	15.8	106.7	141.5	111.4	121.0	934.2	560.3
Don't know (311)	26.3	66.0	104.6	12.2	34.9	40.6	23.2	91.6	397.3	243.8
FREQUENCY OF POLICE PATROL										
At least once/day (412)	49.6	64.8	201.5	32.8	97.0	47.3	46.1	87.5	626.5	445.7
At least once/week (389)	33.0	107.0	127.5	24.5	57.6	49.8	31.0	61.7	492.1	349.6
At least once/month (286)	30.7	68.7	85.4	7.6	65.3	55.4	50.4	83.3	446.9	257.8
Less often (319)	31.5	99.7	100.6	28.3	36.2	66.9	69.6	112.6	545.4	296.3
Never (365)	21.2	72.6	155.6	16.4	67.7	49.8	65.4	89.3	538.0	333.5
Don't know (235)	28.9	75.0	106.5	5.9	13.6	48.1	44.3	33.8	376.0	229.8
ADEQUACY OF POLICE PATROL										
Sufficient (1052)	40.2	69.4	139.3	24.1	56.3	35.4	41.1	86.8	492.5	329.2
Not often enough (760)	23.0	103.6	147.4	21.7	74.6	74.1	63.9	78.4	586.8	370.3
Too often (9)	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	222.8	112.8	335.6	.0
Don't know (185)	37.9	66.4	69.1	.0	26.9	66.1	43.2	71.4	381.1	200.3
CRIME VICTIM SUPPORT										
Family, friends, n'bours (520)	55.8	124.3	231.8	32.5	112.4	95.6	95.5	107.8	855.6	556.7
Police (202)	94.4	98.4	164.1	42.5	156.6	118.0	48.7	87.5	810.3	556.0
Others	28.7	.0	274.3	20.6	68.4	205.9	288.4	208.5	1102.5	400.0

* Note: Incidents of attempted burglary, stealing from garage, and consumer fraud are EXCLUDED in these Totals; they are therefore comparable to those data in the 1988 Report.

Table 38
Crimes against the Person in 1991: Estimated Incidents per 1000 Persons
by Questions of Neighbourhood, Policing, and Perceptions of Safety

Base = All 2006 respondents	ROBBERY	THEFT FROM PERSON	SEXUAL ASSAULT *	OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE	THREATS OF VIOLENCE	TOTAL
	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates
CITY SIZE						
Up to 1 Million (1158)	18.4	85.4	24.1	21.0	68.1	205.7
Over 1 Million (814)	8.7	100.9	21.6	49.5	21.8	191.5
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD						
High status (269)	16.5	90.5	18.1	37.9	57.6	211.3
Medium status (1525)	14.4	94.8	22.6	27.4	48.3	196.6
Low status (175)	8.5	68.8	20.0	39.7	41.1	188.8
TYPE OF NEIGHBOURS						
Mostly help each other (1267)	14.5	75.7	24.8	16.6	38.9	158.4
Mostly go their own way (500)	5.7	140.8	18.0	60.1	66.4	280.6
Mixture (191)	24.6	37.7	27.1	39.3	64.2	221.2
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1158)	17.1	115.4	28.5	37.4	50.9	233.6
Less than once/week (817)	10.2	54.5	19.1	25.5	47.2	149.0
FAMILY VISITORS LAST WEEK						
More than twice (229)	16.8	145.9	57.8	48.4	60.9	306.6
Twice (334)	21.0	65.0	32.8	36.3	26.4	166.3
Only once (530)	14.2	86.8	19.8	17.6	50.1	178.3
Not at all (902)	9.7	89.6	12.0	35.7	54.4	195.5
WALKING ALONE AFTER DARK						
Very safe (531)	13.1	95.0	33.6	39.9	24.4	181.2
Fairly safe (801)	17.3	93.0	17.9	24.7	49.4	193.6
A bit unsafe (370)	14.5	62.6	15.6	31.4	51.8	171.2
Very unsafe (304)	6.5	107.4	36.7	39.6	92.9	275.6
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	19.3	130.3	25.6	40.7	54.3	260.9
No, I don't worry (1327)	12.4	81.6	19.2	28.7	51.1	181.8
I never go out (249)	19.8	86.7	39.0	46.2	35.8	221.8
CHANCES OF BURGLARY THIS YEAR						
Very likely (260)	19.6	164.8	40.0	87.9	53.6	346.0
Likely (685)	13.6	85.3	32.6	33.2	49.9	199.0
Not likely (928)	13.3	82.7	16.0	16.9	51.9	173.0
Don't know (135)	11.3	23.1	.0	25.2	10.5	70.1
LOCAL POLICE CONTROL OF CRIME						
They do a good job (1441)	14.6	69.8	22.7	28.8	40.6	165.6
Not a good job (254)	12.9	167.7	30.8	62.2	112.5	369.6
Don't know (311)	13.1	120.3	22.4	20.8	29.7	196.2
FREQUENCY OF POLICE PATROL						
At least once/day (412)	22.1	91.1	23.4	35.2	63.6	223.0
At least once/week (389)	9.1	106.5	36.9	63.7	39.6	237.1
At least once/month (286)	10.3	37.9	14.4	13.1	92.5	160.6
Less often (319)	19.7	76.0	15.7	3.9	50.5	158.0
Never (365)	13.5	139.1	28.6	47.2	27.6	243.2
Don't know (235)	6.8	69.0	16.4	11.9	9.4	107.8
ADEQUACY OF POLICE PATROL						
Sufficient (1052)	17.8	90.7	24.4	26.7	51.6	198.8
Not often enough (760)	8.8	99.1	22.8	42.1	50.7	212.5
Too often (9)	.0	.0	.0	.0	160.9	160.9
Don't know (185)	16.1	51.1	23.5	23.5	16.0	121.1
CRIME VICTIM SUPPORT						
Family, friends, n'bours (520)	25.9	165.7	56.0	65.7	97.8	388.2
Police (202)	13.0	123.6	39.0	46.4	34.2	238.7
Others (35)	215.7	413.6	237.5	381.8	682.8	1850.1

* Per 1000 Females only.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

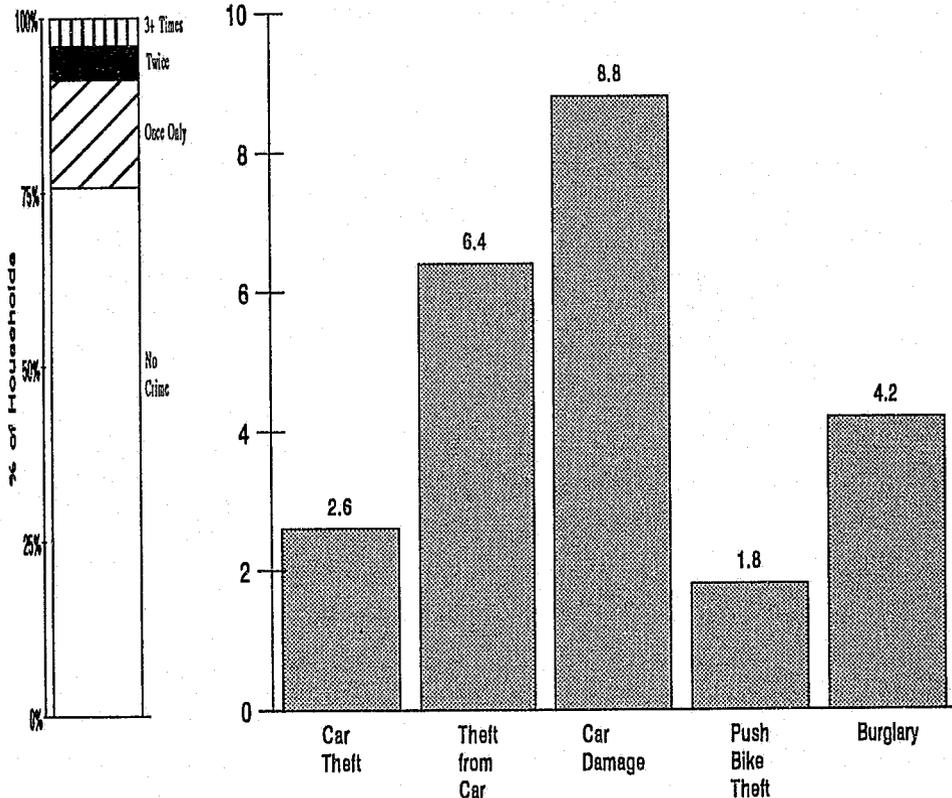
**SECTION II: THE COMBINED 1989 AND 1992
SURVEY RESULTS**

... 10 ...

**ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS
AFFECTED ANNUALLY BY HOUSEHOLD
PROPERTY CRIMES - AGGREGATED SAMPLE,
AUSTRALIA 1988 & 1991**

Tables A1 to A6 present estimated numbers and percentages of households who were victimised (at least once during the year) by a household property crime in an average twelve month period during 1988-1991. The data from the 1989 and 1992 surveys (relating to 1988 and 1991 respectively) are combined to provide an aggregated sample of 4,018 respondents. Each table shows the prevalence rates of victimisation for each of the incident types covered in both surveys, cross-classified by the household characteristics which were common to the two surveys. Because of the increased sample size it is possible to expand both the 'place of residence' and the 'city size' classifications. Because of changes in the questionnaire, unfortunately it has been necessary to limit the list of 'crime prevention measures' tabulated. In each table a comparison is also given of the two parts of the sample enabling the reader to judge if any significant changes occurred between 1988 and 1991. The effect of the doubled sample size can be seen in the lower frequency of shading in the tables.

Figure A1
Household Crimes - Estimated Percentages
of Households Victimised Annually by Type
of Incident - Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

**Table A1 - Household Property Crimes:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991**

Household Characteristics/	NUMBER OF CRIMES EXPERIENCED LAST YEAR								Total HHs	
	None last year		One		Two		Three or more		N	%
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
1 person (675)	889396	80.9	124558	11.3	45379	4.1	39631	3.6	1098963	100.0
2-3 persons (1963)	2023788	76.5	388411	14.7	122724	4.6	110078	4.2	2645000	100.0
4 or more (1380)	1335445	71.6	350559	18.8	102414	5.5	75560	4.1	1863977	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+										
1 person (805)	1018111	80.1	147179	11.6	52352	4.1	53904	4.2	1271545	100.0
2 persons (2174)	2219018	76.0	468716	16.0	128929	4.4	104274	3.6	2920936	100.0
3 or more (1039)	1011500	71.5	247633	17.5	89236	6.3	67091	4.7	1415459	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16										
None (2487)	2745596	77.9	482510	13.7	166518	4.7	128616	3.7	3523240	100.0
1 or more (1531)	1503033	72.1	381017	18.3	103998	5.0	96652	4.6	2084700	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD										
Single adult (675)	889396	80.9	124558	11.3	45379	4.1	39631	3.6	1098963	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	1856200	76.6	357953	14.8	121140	5.0	88985	3.7	2424277	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	1503033	72.1	381017	18.3	103998	5.0	96652	4.6	2084700	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME										
Below Average (1698)	1912401	79.4	317027	13.2	87337	3.6	90990	3.8	2407754	100.0
Above Average (1820)	1792993	71.3	439450	17.5	166225	6.6	116036	4.6	2514704	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE										
New South Wales (1460)	1547867	77.2	303401	15.1	91473	4.6	61468	3.1	2004208	100.0
Victoria (1057)	1109775	76.0	219867	15.1	74372	5.1	55765	3.8	1459778	100.0
Queensland (656)	693249	75.2	153763	16.7	32005	3.5	42464	4.6	921481	100.0
South Australia (353)	389325	77.4	69392	13.8	26493	5.3	17875	3.6	503085	100.0
Western Australia (358)	355864	69.4	82782	16.1	37445	7.3	36537	7.1	512628	100.0
Tasmania (101)	120383	78.1	23368	15.2	7252	4.7	3218	2.1	154221	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	32167	61.2	10955	20.8	1478	2.8	7943	15.1	52542	100.0
CITY SIZE										
< 10,000 (589)	697300	85.0	86012	10.5	21807	2.7	15492	1.9	820610	100.0
10 < 50,000 (627)	466866	76.8	94469	15.5	24992	4.1	21657	3.6	607983	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	420800	75.1	98794	17.6	22599	4.0	18498	3.1	560690	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	366638	60.1	142458	23.3	50915	8.3	50247	8.2	610258	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	2135089	76.1	412448	14.7	144456	5.2	111856	4.0	2803849	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED										
None (408)	542193	90.5	39234	6.5	11003	1.8	6660	1.1	599089	100.0
One (1600)	1779563	78.3	346786	15.2	83383	3.7	64388	2.8	2274119	100.0
Two or more (2010)	1926873	70.5	477508	17.5	176131	6.4	154221	5.6	2734732	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE										
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	859383	75.2	164471	14.4	67919	5.9	50565	4.4	1142338	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	3346380	75.8	689937	15.6	202597	4.6	174703	4.0	4413617	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP										
Owned (3127)	3357221	77.4	642396	14.8	198325	4.6	142198	3.3	4340139	100.0
Rented (783)	777016	69.7	199065	17.9	63042	5.7	75461	6.8	1114583	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS										
At least once a week (2268)	2273782	71.0	568840	17.8	193884	6.1	164382	5.1	3200886	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	1885550	81.8	288289	12.5	72463	3.1	58305	2.5	2304607	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR										
We ask neighbours (3180)	3384748	76.7	639745	14.5	217136	4.9	173895	3.9	4415523	100.0
We don't bother (838)	380053	64.1	137631	23.2	38935	6.6	36373	6.1	592992	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES										
A burglar alarm (562)	558911	73.2	126521	16.6	44283	5.8	33444	4.4	763158	100.0
Own a gun (704)	758361	76.3	130727	13.2	51907	5.2	52579	5.3	993574	100.0
Neither of these (2855)	3037484	76.0	630632	15.8	180602	4.5	147249	3.7	3995966	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..										
The 1989 Survey (2012)	4703255	89.3	313277	6.0	79427	1.5	167964	3.2	5263923	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	4213865	70.8	1072878	18.0	369124	6.2	296089	5.0	5951956	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	4248629	75.8	863527	15.4	270516	4.8	225268	4.0	5607940	100.0

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Table A2 - Thefts of Cars, Vans, Trucks:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR THEFTS LAST YEAR				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	1070082	97.4	28882	2.6	1098963	100.0
2-3 persons (1963)	2580967	97.6	64033	2.4	2645000	100.0
4 or more (1380)	1808992	97.1	54985	2.9	1863977	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	1238832	97.4	32714	2.6	1271545	100.0
2 persons (2174)	2866039	98.1	54897	1.9	2920936	100.0
3 or more (1039)	1355170	95.7	60289	4.3	1415459	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	3429816	97.3	93424	2.7	3523240	100.0
1 or more (1531)	2030225	97.4	54476	2.6	2084700	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1070082	97.4	28882	2.6	1098963	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	2359734	97.3	64543	2.7	2424277	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	2030225	97.4	54476	2.6	2084700	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	2351861	97.7	55893	2.3	2407754	100.0
Above Average (1820)	2433904	96.8	80800	3.2	2514704	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	1942996	96.9	61212	3.1	2004208	100.0
Victoria (1057)	1423821	97.5	35957	2.5	1459778	100.0
Queensland (656)	910051	98.8	11430	1.2	921481	100.0
South Australia (353)	490949	97.6	12336	2.4	503085	100.0
Western Australia (358)	488777	95.3	23851	4.7	512628	100.0
Tasmania (101)	150906	97.9	3335	2.1	154221	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	52542	100.0	0	0	52542	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	810384	98.8	10227	1.2	820610	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	596854	98.2	11130	1.8	607983	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	552557	98.5	8133	1.3	560690	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	592782	97.1	17476	2.9	610258	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	2706277	96.5	97572	3.5	2803849	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	599089	100.0	0	0	599089	100.0
One (1600)	2227183	97.9	46936	2.1	2274119	100.0
Two or more (2010)	2633769	96.3	100964	3.7	2734732	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	1096504	96.0	45834	4.0	1142338	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	4313228	97.7	100389	2.3	4413617	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	4241521	97.7	98618	2.3	4340139	100.0
Rented (783)	1071104	96.1	43480	3.9	1114583	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	3076054	96.1	124832	3.9	3200886	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	2281539	99.0	23068	1.0	2304607	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	4316935	97.8	98588	2.2	4415523	100.0
We don't bother (838)	558209	94.1	34783	5.9	592992	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	734180	96.2	28978	3.8	763158	100.0
Own a gun (704)	972295	97.9	21279	2.1	993574	100.0
Neither of these (2855)	3897128	97.5	98838	2.5	3995966	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	5151076	97.9	112847	2.1	5263923	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	5769004	96.9	182952	3.1	5951956	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	5460040	97.4	147900	2.6	5607940	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A3 - Thefts from Cars, Vans, Trucks:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimization.
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS FROM CARS LAST YEAR				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	1049660	95.5	49303	4.5	1098963	100.0
2-3 persons (1963)	2478291	93.7	166709	6.3	2645000	100.0
4 or more (1380)	1720314	92.3	143663	7.7	1863977	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	1211177	95.3	60369	4.7	1271545	100.0
2 persons (2174)	2748038	94.1	172898	5.9	2920936	100.0
3 or more (1039)	1289051	91.1	126408	8.9	1415459	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	3320087	94.2	203153	5.8	3523240	100.0
1 or more (1531)	1928179	92.5	156522	7.5	2084700	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1049660	95.5	49303	4.5	1098963	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	2270427	93.7	153850	6.3	2424277	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	1928179	92.5	156522	7.5	2084700	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	2287296	95.0	120458	5.0	2407754	100.0
Above Average (1820)	2307987	91.8	206717	8.2	2514704	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	1888943	94.2	115265	5.8	2004208	100.0
Victoria (1057)	1352902	92.7	106876	7.3	1459778	100.0
Queensland (656)	861713	93.5	59768	6.5	921481	100.0
South Australia (353)	479724	95.4	23361	4.6	503085	100.0
Western Australia (358)	467858	91.3	44770	8.7	512628	100.0
Tasmania (101)	148146	96.1	5075	3.9	153221	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	48981	93.2	3363	6.8	52344	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	795206	96.9	25405	3.1	820610	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	569859	93.7	38124	6.3	607983	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	529951	94.5	30739	5.5	560690	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	550898	90.3	59360	9.7	610258	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	2607901	93.0	195948	7.0	2803849	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	599089	100.0	0	.0	599089	100.0
One (1600)	2164638	95.2	109481	4.8	2274119	100.0
Two or more (2010)	2484539	90.9	250194	9.1	2734732	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	1061817	93.0	80521	7.0	1142338	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	4135834	93.7	277783	6.3	4413617	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	4073068	93.8	267071	6.2	4340139	100.0
Rented (783)	1034399	92.8	80185	7.2	1114583	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	2940023	91.9	260864	8.1	3200886	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	2207073	95.8	97534	4.2	2304607	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	4126204	93.4	289319	6.6	4415523	100.0
We don't bother (838)	553950	93.4	39042	6.6	592992	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	702229	92.0	60929	8.0	763158	100.0
Own a gun (704)	924796	93.1	68778	6.9	993574	100.0
Neither of these (2855)	3759912	94.1	236054	5.9	3995966	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	4918637	93.4	345286	6.6	5263923	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	5577893	93.7	374063	6.3	5951956	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	5248265	93.6	359675	6.4	5607940	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A4 - Damage to Cars, Vans, Trucks:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimalisation.
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR DAMAGE LAST YEAR				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	1026283	93.4	72680	6.6	1098963	100.0
2-3 persons (1963)	2425709	91.7	219291	8.3	2645000	100.0
4 or more (1380)	1661691	89.1	202286	10.9	1863977	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	1184526	93.2	87019	6.8	1271545	100.0
2 persons (2174)	2671043	91.4	249893	8.6	2920936	100.0
3 or more (1039)	1258114	88.9	157346	11.1	1415459	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	3239390	91.9	283850	8.1	3523240	100.0
1 or more (1531)	1874293	89.9	210408	10.1	2084700	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1026283	93.4	72680	6.6	1098963	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	2213107	91.3	211170	8.7	2424277	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	1874293	89.9	210408	10.1	2084700	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	2256607	93.7	151147	6.3	2407754	100.0
Above Average (1820)	2219708	88.3	294996	11.7	2514704	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	1842961	92.0	161247	8.0	2004208	100.0
Victoria (1057)	1324202	90.7	135576	9.3	1459778	100.0
Queensland (656)	854501	92.7	66980	7.3	921481	100.0
South Australia (353)	445595	88.6	57490	11.4	503085	100.0
Western Australia (358)	459490	89.6	53138	10.4	512628	100.0
Tasmania (101)	144173	93.5	10048	6.3	154221	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	42763	81.4	9779	18.6	52542	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	771509	94.0	49102	6.0	820610	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	563326	92.7	44658	7.3	607983	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	520077	92.8	40613	7.2	560690	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	533236	87.4	77022	12.6	610258	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	2533287	90.4	270562	9.6	2803849	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	599089	100.0	0	.0	599089	100.0
One (1600)	2114978	93.0	159141	7.0	2274119	100.0
Two or more (2010)	2399616	87.7	335116	12.3	2734732	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	1046038	91.6	96300	8.4	1142338	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	4018483	91.0	395134	9.0	4413617	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	3969082	91.5	371057	8.5	4340139	100.0
Rented (783)	1005129	90.2	109454	9.8	1114583	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	2857573	89.3	343313	10.7	3200886	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	2160120	93.7	144487	6.3	2304607	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	4038282	91.5	377241	8.5	4415523	100.0
We don't bother (838)	525233	88.2	69759	11.8	592992	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	684795	89.7	78363	10.3	763158	100.0
Own a gun (704)	899016	90.5	94558	9.5	993574	100.0
Neither of these (2855)	3658579	91.6	337388	8.4	3995966	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	4826901	91.7	437022	8.3	5263923	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	5400464	90.7	551492	9.3	5951956	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	5113683	91.2	494257	8.8	5607940	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.  Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A5 - Thefts of Bicycles:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation.
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS OF BICYCLES LAST YEAR				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	1085606	98.8	13357	2.2	1098963	100.0
2-3 persons (1963)	2608570	98.6	36430	1.4	2645000	100.0
4 or more (1380)	1810341	97.1	53636	2.9	1863977	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	1251019	98.4	20527	1.6	1271545	100.0
2 persons (2174)	2878390	98.5	42546	1.5	2920936	100.0
3 or more (1039)	1375109	97.1	40351	2.9	1415459	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	3480011	98.8	43229	1.2	3523240	100.0
1 or more (1531)	2024506	97.1	60194	2.9	2084700	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1085606	98.8	13357	2.2	1098963	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	2394405	98.8	29872	1.2	2424277	100.0
Adult/s + children (1531)	2024506	97.1	60194	2.9	2084700	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	2372096	98.5	35658	1.5	2407754	100.0
Above Average (1820)	2466122	98.1	48582	1.9	2514704	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	1972935	98.4	31273	1.6	2004208	100.0
Victoria (1057)	1430602	98.0	29176	2.0	1459778	100.0
Queensland (656)	909498	98.7	11983	1.3	921481	100.0
South Australia (353)	500409	99.5	2676	0.5	503085	100.0
Western Australia (358)	495055	96.6	17573	3.4	512628	100.0
Tasmania (101)	154221	100.0	0	0	154221	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	41798	79.6	10744	20.4	52542	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	805959	98.2	16651	1.8	820610	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	596556	98.1	11428	1.9	607983	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	544451	97.1	16239	2.9	560690	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	593765	97.3	16493	2.7	610258	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	2762470	98.5	41379	1.5	2803849	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	590053	98.5	9036	1.5	599089	100.0
One (1600)	2233994	98.2	40125	1.8	2274119	100.0
Two or more (2010)	2680470	98.0	54263	2.0	2734732	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	1121927	98.2	20411	1.8	1142338	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	4330605	98.1	83012	1.9	4413617	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	4273207	98.5	66932	1.5	4340139	100.0
Rented (783)	1083684	97.2	30900	2.8	1114583	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	3127867	97.7	73020	2.3	3200886	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	2275325	98.7	29282	1.3	2304607	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	4337273	98.2	78250	1.8	4415523	100.0
We don't bother (838)	583600	98.4	9392	1.6	592992	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	753262	98.7	9896	1.3	763158	100.0
Own a gun (704)	980831	98.7	12743	1.3	993574	100.0
Neither of these (2855)	3913909	97.9	82057	2.1	3995966	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	5168787	98.2	95136	1.8	5263923	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	5840246	98.1	111710	1.9	5951956	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	5504517	98.2	103423	1.8	5607940	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A6 - Household Burglaries:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Households Victimised
by Household Characteristics and Frequency of Victimization.
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

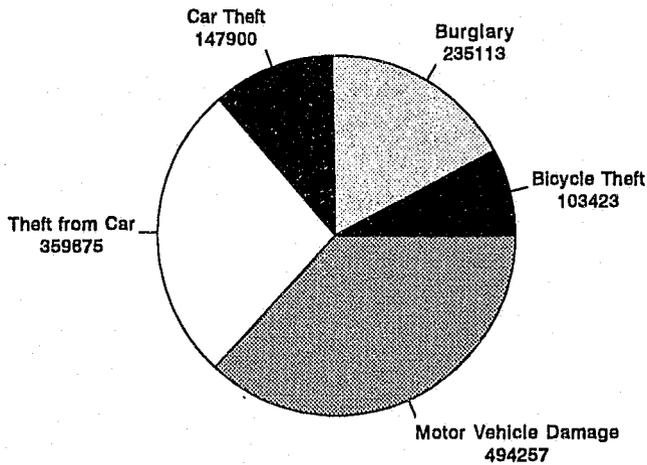
Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	BURGLARIES LAST YEAR				Total Households	
	None		At Least One		N	%
	N	%	N	%		
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	1042305	94.8	56659	5.2	1098963	100.0
2-3 persons (1963)	2527711	95.6	117289	4.4	2645000	100.0
4 or more (1380)	1802812	96.7	61165	3.3	1863977	100.0
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	1204296	94.7	67250	5.3	1271545	100.0
2 persons (2174)	2802203	95.9	118733	4.1	2920936	100.0
3 or more (1039)	1366329	96.5	49130	3.5	1415459	100.0
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	3366068	95.5	157172	4.5	3523240	100.0
1 or more (1531)	2006760	96.3	77941	3.7	2084700	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1042305	94.8	56659	5.2	1098963	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	2323763	95.9	100514	4.1	2424277	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	2006760	96.3	77941	3.7	2084700	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	2316843	96.2	90911	3.8	2407754	100.0
Above Average (1820)	2394365	95.2	120339	4.8	2514704	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	1930992	96.3	73216	3.7	2004208	100.0
Victoria (1057)	1403768	96.2	56010	3.8	1459778	100.0
Queensland (656)	879866	95.5	41615	4.5	921481	100.0
South Australia (353)	489062	97.2	14023	2.8	503085	100.0
Western Australia (358)	474563	92.6	38065	7.4	512628	100.0
Tasmania (101)	145027	94.0	9194	6.0	154221	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	49551	94.3	2991	5.7	52542	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	805950	98.2	14661	1.8	820610	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	580797	95.5	27187	4.5	607983	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	550865	98.2	9825	1.8	560690	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	562873	92.2	47385	7.8	610258	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	2683450	95.7	120399	4.3	2803849	100.0
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	578110	96.5	20979	3.5	599089	100.0
One (1600)	2181061	95.9	93059	4.1	2274119	100.0
Two or more (2010)	2613657	95.6	121076	4.4	2734732	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	1085728	95.0	56610	5.0	1142338	100.0
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	4238361	96.0	175256	4.0	4413617	100.0
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	4176916	96.2	163223	3.8	4340139	100.0
Rented (783)	1047138	93.9	67445	6.1	1114583	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	3038332	94.9	162554	5.1	3200886	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	2235714	97.0	68893	3.0	2304607	100.0
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	4230844	95.8	184679	4.2	4415523	100.0
We don't bother (838)	561584	94.7	31408	5.3	592992	100.0
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	731122	95.8	32036	4.2	763158	100.0
Own a gun (704)	944908	95.1	48666	4.9	993574	100.0
Neither of these (2855)	3835788	96.0	160179	4.0	3995966	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	5044233	95.8	219690	4.2	5263923	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	5701421	95.8	250535	4.2	5951956	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	5372827	95.8	235113	4.2	5607940	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**... 11 ... ESTIMATES OF THE TOTAL ANNUAL
INCIDENCE OF HOUSEHOLD PROPERTY CRIMES
AGGREGATED SAMPLE, AUSTRALIA 1988 & 1991**

Tables A7 and A8 present combined-sample estimates of the total annual numbers and incidence rates per 1000 households of incidents of the household property crimes common to the two surveys. The weightings used to calculate the rates are those which were applied in the original analysis - ie responses collected in the 1989 survey are weighted to reflect the 1988 population structure and responses collected in the 1992 survey are weighted to reflect the 1991 population structure. The result therefore represents a point somewhere in the intervening years.

Figure A2
Estimated Total Annual Numbers of Incidents of Household Crimes by Type of Incident -Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table A7
Household Property Crimes: Estimated Numbers of Incidents
by Household Characteristics and Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR THEFT	THEFT FROM CAR	CAR DAMAGE	BIKE THEFT	BURGL'Y	TOTAL CRIMES
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	28882	49303	72680	13357	56659	220880
2-3 persons (1963)	64033	166709	219291	36430	117289	603752
4 or more (1380)	54985	143663	202286	53636	61165	515735
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	32714	60369	87019	20527	67250	267877
2 persons (2174)	54897	172898	249893	42546	118733	638967
3 or more (1039)	60289	126408	157346	40351	49130	433523
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	93424	203153	283850	43229	157172	780828
1 or more (1531)	54476	156522	210408	60194	77941	559539
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	28882	49303	72680	13357	56659	220880
2 or more adults (1812)	64543	153850	211170	29872	100514	559948
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	54476	156522	210408	60194	77941	559539
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	55893	120458	151147	35658	90911	454066
Above Average (1820)	80800	206717	294996	48582	120339	751434
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	61212	115265	161247	31273	73216	442212
Victoria (1057)	35957	106876	135576	29176	56010	363594
Queensland (656)	11430	59768	66980	11983	41615	191775
South Australia (353)	12136	23361	57490	2676	14023	109685
Western Australia (358)	23851	44770	53138	12573	38065	177396
Tasmania (101)	3335	6075	10043	0	9194	28631
Northern Territory (33)	0	3561	9779	10744	2921	27074
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	10227	25405	49102	16631	16661	114044
10 < 50,000 (427)	11130	38124	44658	11428	27187	132525
50 < 500,000 (388)	8133	30739	40613	16239	9825	105549
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	17476	59360	77022	16493	47385	217734
Over 1 Million (2061)	97572	195948	270562	41379	120399	725858
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	0	0	0	9036	20929	30014
One (1600)	46936	109481	159141	40125	93059	448742
Two or more (2010)	100964	250194	335116	54263	121076	861611
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	45834	80521	96300	20411	56610	299674
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	100389	277783	395134	83012	175256	1031573
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	98618	267071	371057	66932	163223	966900
Rented (783)	43480	80185	109454	30900	67445	331463
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	124832	260864	343313	73020	162554	964582
Less than once/week (1675)	23068	97534	144487	29282	68893	363263
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	98588	289319	377241	78250	184679	1028077
We don't bother (838)	34783	39042	69759	9392	31408	184383
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	28978	60929	78363	9896	32036	212021
Own a gun (704)	21279	68778	94558	12743	48666	246022
Neither of these (2855)	98838	236054	337388	82057	160179	914515
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	149650	453339	595486	115327	294901	1627353
The 1992 Survey (2006)	198414	486294	805686	124157	358663	1973214
Total Respondents (4018)	147900	359675	494257	103423	235113	1340367

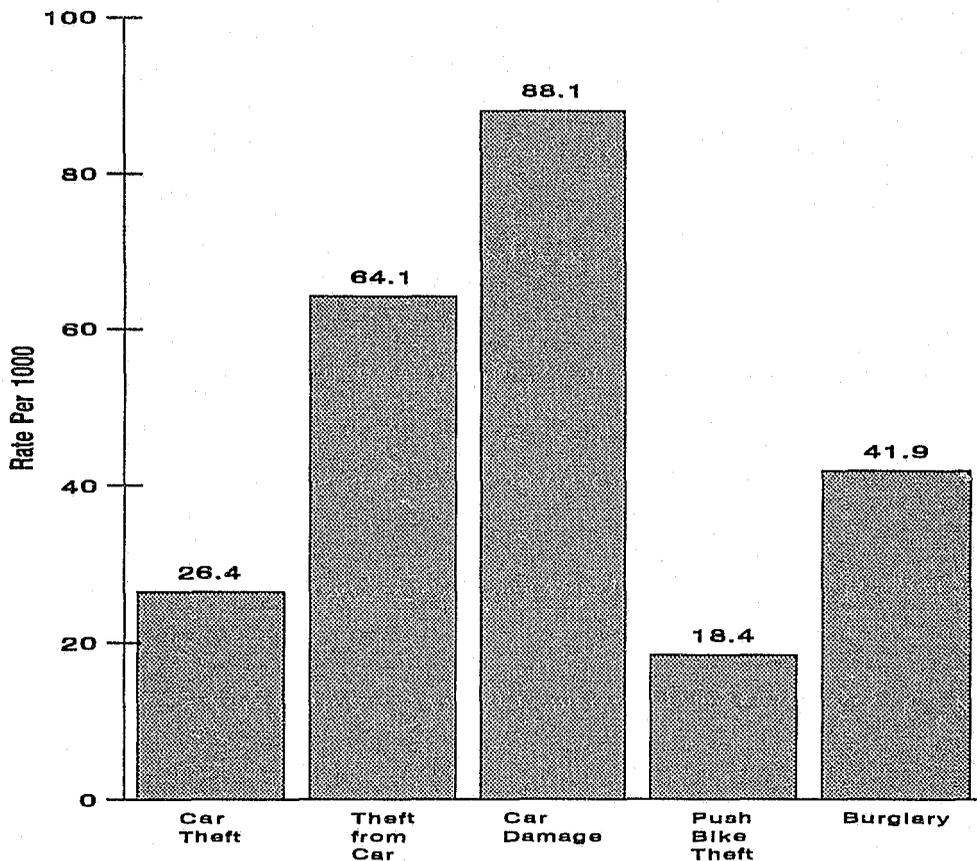
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A8
Household Property Crimes: Estimated Incidents per 1000 Households
by Household Characteristics and Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Household Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	CAR THEFT	THEFT FROM CAR	CAR DAMAGE	BIKE THEFT	BURGLARY	TOTAL CRIMES
HOUSEHOLD SIZE						
1 person (675)	26.3	44.9	66.1	12.2	51.6	201.0
2-3 persons (1963)	24.2	63.0	82.9	13.8	44.3	228.3
4 or more (1380)	29.5	77.1	108.5	28.8	32.8	276.7
PERSONS AGED 16+						
1 person (805)	25.7	47.5	68.4	16.1	52.9	210.7
2 persons (2174)	18.8	59.2	85.6	14.6	40.6	218.8
3 or more (1039)	42.6	89.3	111.2	28.5	34.7	306.3
CHILDREN UNDER 16						
None (2487)	26.5	57.7	80.6	12.3	44.6	221.6
1 or more (1531)	26.1	75.1	100.9	28.9	37.4	268.4
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	26.3	44.9	66.1	12.2	51.6	201.0
2 or more adults (1812)	26.6	63.5	87.1	12.3	41.5	231.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	26.1	75.1	100.9	28.9	37.4	268.4
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	23.2	50.0	62.8	14.8	37.8	188.6
Above Average (1820)	32.1	82.2	117.3	19.3	47.9	298.8
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	30.5	57.5	80.5	15.6	36.5	220.6
Victoria (1057)	24.6	73.2	92.9	20.0	38.4	249.1
Queensland (656)	12.4	64.9	72.7	13.0	45.2	208.1
South Australia (353)	24.1	46.4	114.3	5.3	27.9	218.0
Western Australia (358)	46.5	87.3	103.7	34.3	74.3	346.1
Tasmania (101)	21.5	39.4	65.2	0	59.6	185.6
Northern Territory (33)	0	67.8	184.1	204.5	56.9	515.3
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	12.5	31.0	59.8	17.9	17.9	139.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	18.3	62.7	73.5	18.3	44.7	218.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	14.3	54.8	72.4	29.0	17.5	188.2
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	28.6	97.3	126.2	27.0	77.6	356.8
Over 1 Million (2061)	34.8	69.9	96.5	14.8	42.9	258.9
NO. OF CARS OWNED						
None (408)	0	0	0	15.1	35.0	50.1
One (1600)	20.6	48.1	70.0	17.6	40.9	197.3
Two or more (2010)	36.9	91.5	122.5	19.8	44.3	315.1
TYPE OF HOUSE						
Flat, Apartment, Terrace (782)	40.1	70.5	84.3	17.9	49.6	262.3
Detached, Semi-detached (3201)	22.7	62.9	89.5	18.8	39.7	233.7
HOME OWNERSHIP						
Owned (3127)	22.7	61.5	85.5	15.4	37.6	222.8
Rented (783)	39.0	71.9	98.2	27.7	60.5	297.4
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	39.0	81.5	107.3	22.8	50.8	301.3
Less than once/week (1675)	10.0	42.3	62.7	12.7	29.9	157.6
ASK NEIGHBOUR						
We ask neighbours (3180)	22.3	65.5	85.4	17.7	41.8	232.8
We don't bother (838)	58.7	65.8	117.6	15.8	53.0	310.9
CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES						
A burglar alarm (562)	38.0	79.8	102.7	13.0	42.0	275.4
Own a gun (704)	21.4	69.2	95.2	12.8	49.0	247.6
Neither of these (2855)	24.7	59.1	84.4	20.5	40.1	228.9
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	28.4	86.1	113.1	21.9	56.0	309.2
The 1992 Survey (2006)	33.3	81.7	135.4	20.9	60.3	331.5
Total Respondents (4018)	26.4	64.1	88.1	18.4	41.9	239.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

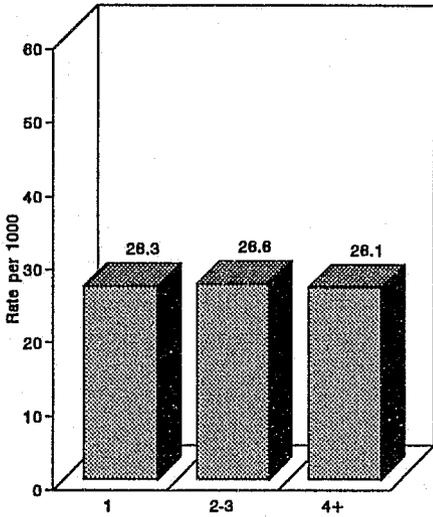
Figure A3
Estimated Incidence Rates of Household Crimes
Per 1000 Households - Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



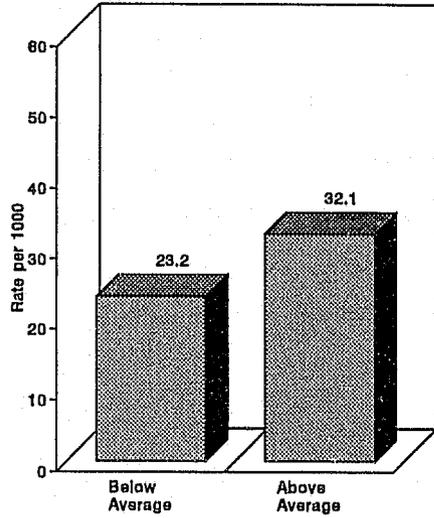
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A4
Estimated Incidence Rates of Car Theft, by
Key Characteristics of the Household Per 1000 Households
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

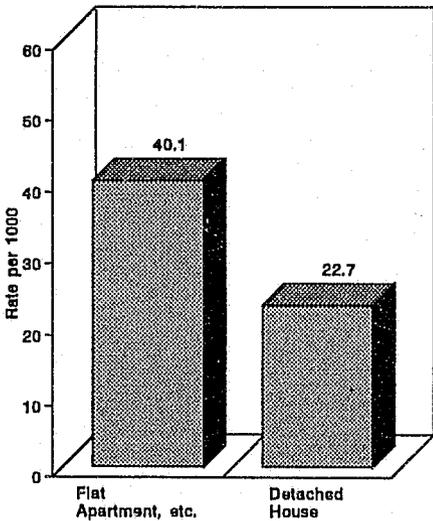
Persons in Households



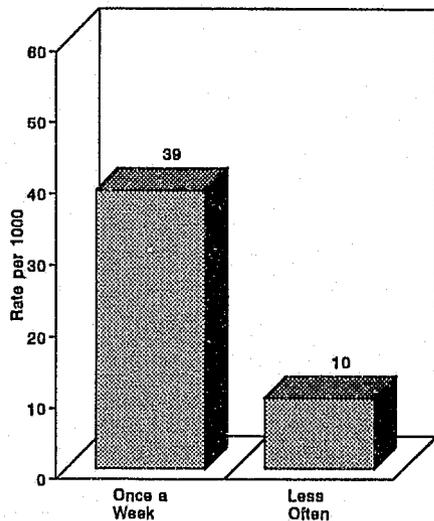
Household Income



Type of Dwelling

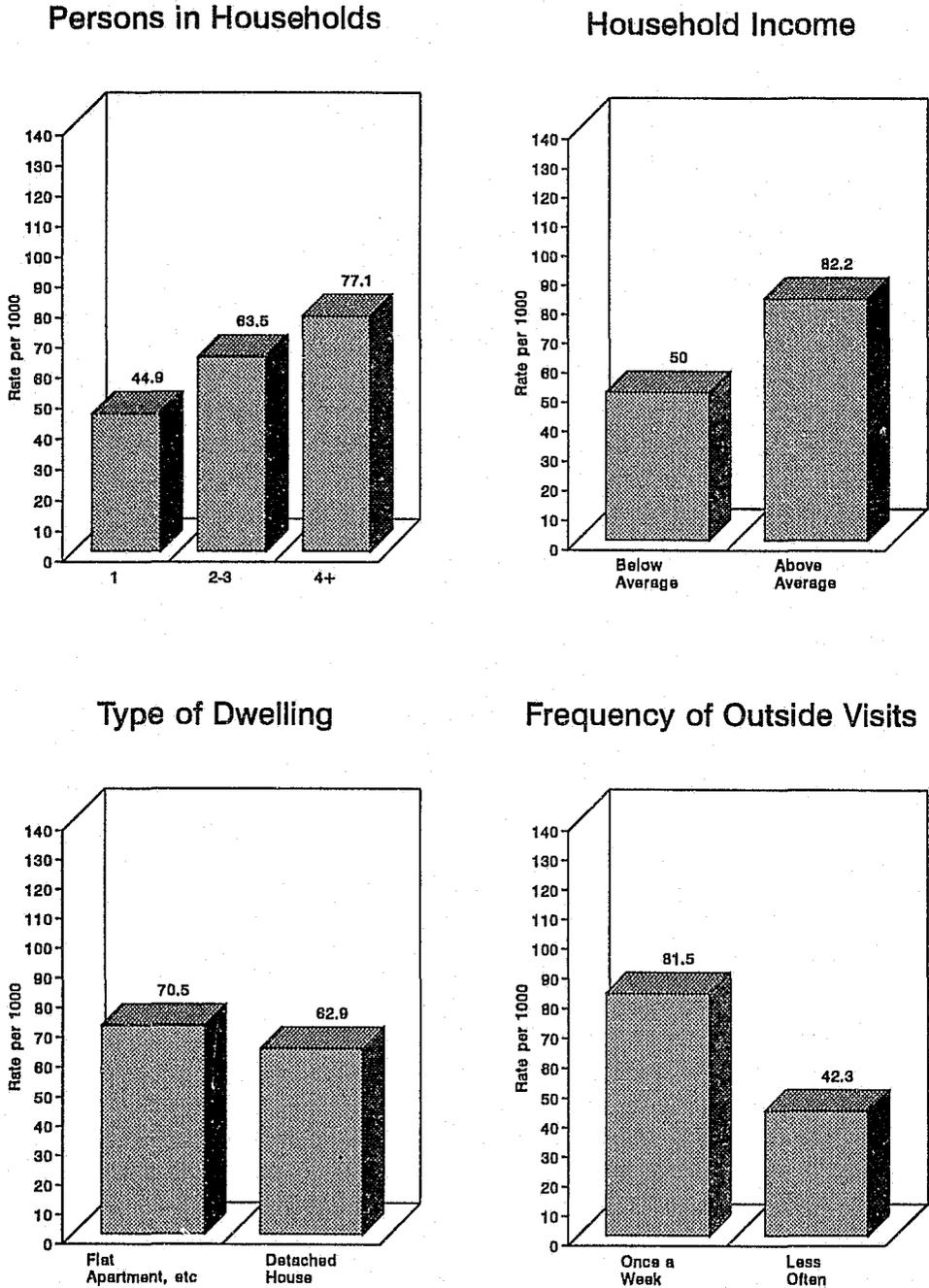


Frequency of Outside Visits



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

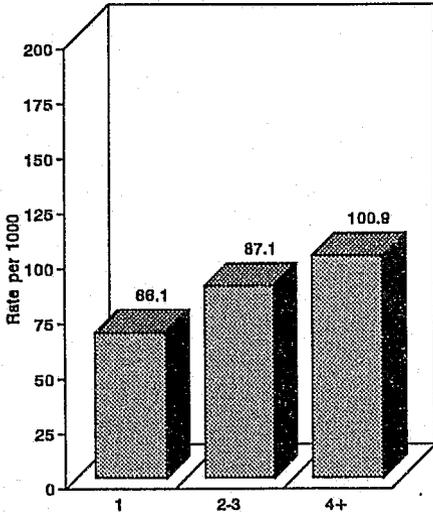
Figure A5
Estimated Incidence Rates of Theft from Car, by
Key Characteristics of the Household Per 1000 Households
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



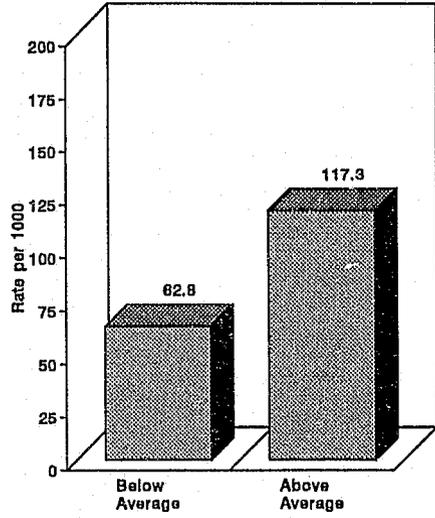
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A6
Estimated Incidence Rates of Damage to a Car by
Key Characteristics of the Household Per 1000 Households
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

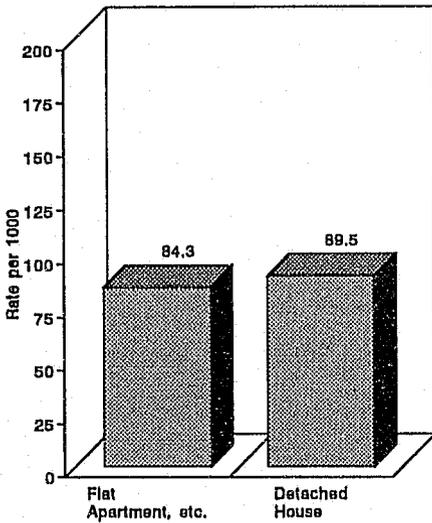
Persons in Households



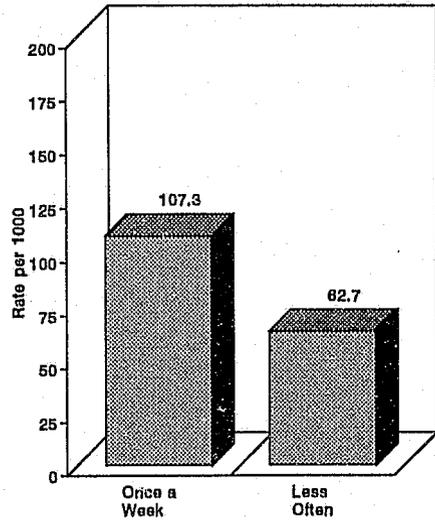
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



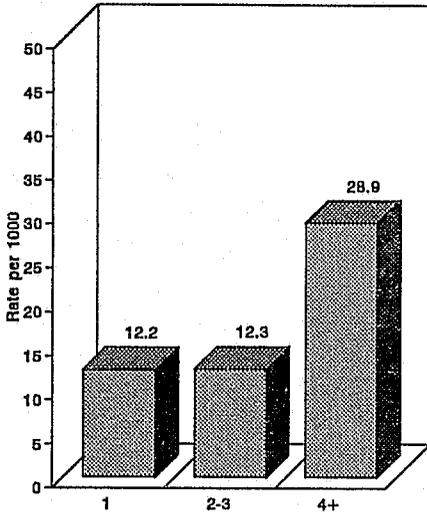
Frequency of Outside Visits



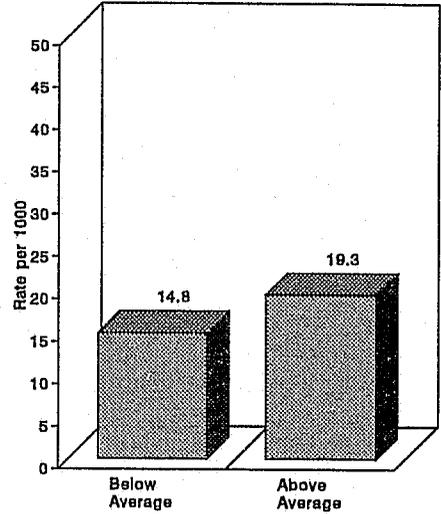
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A7
Estimated Incidence Rates of Bicycle Theft, by
Key Characteristics of the Household
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

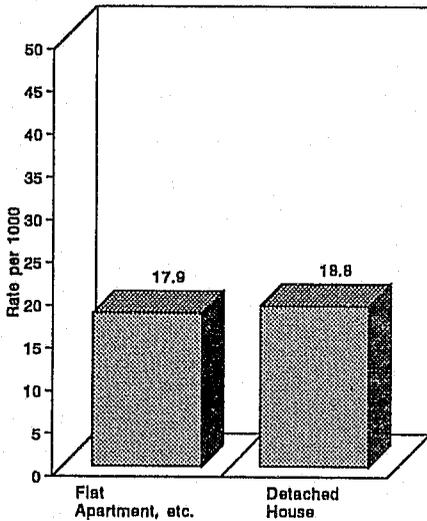
Persons in Households



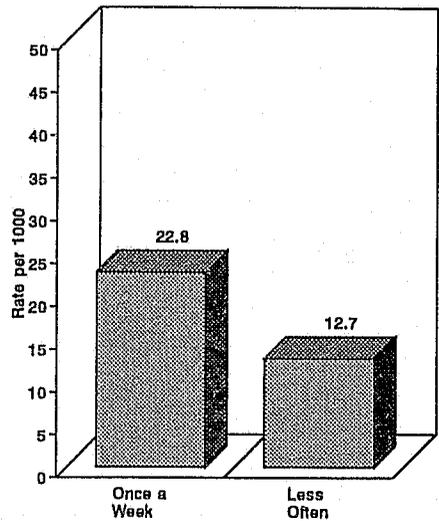
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



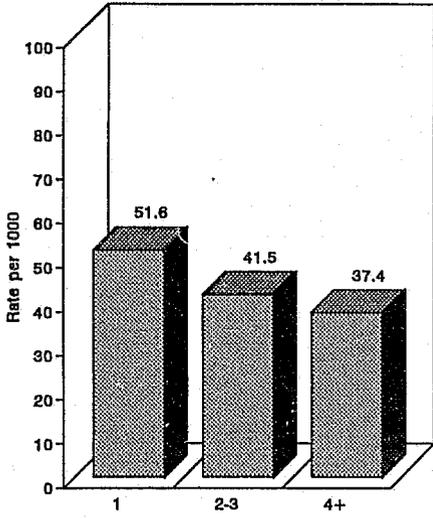
Frequency of Outside Visits



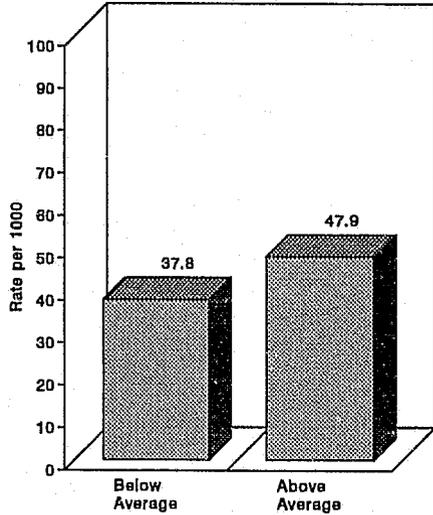
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A8
Estimated Incidence Rates of Burglary, by
Key Characteristics of the Household Per 1000 Households
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

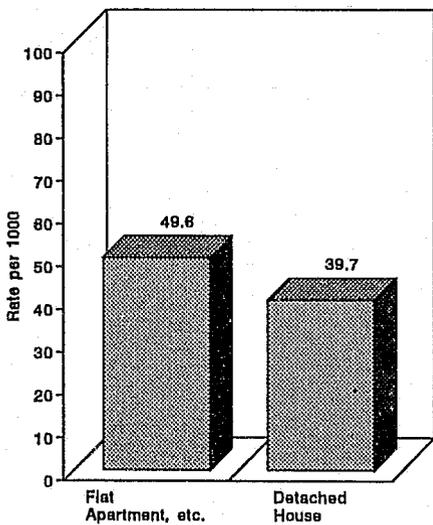
Persons in Households



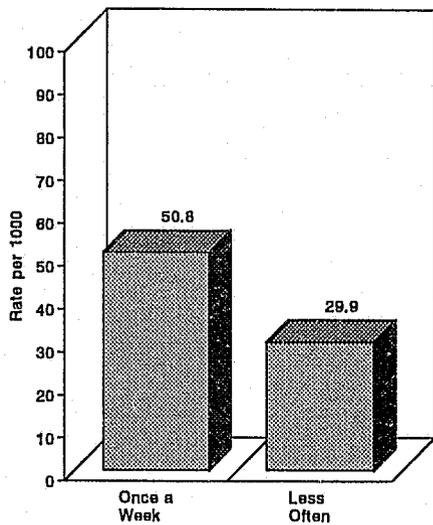
Household Income



Type of Dwelling



Frequency of Outside Visits



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

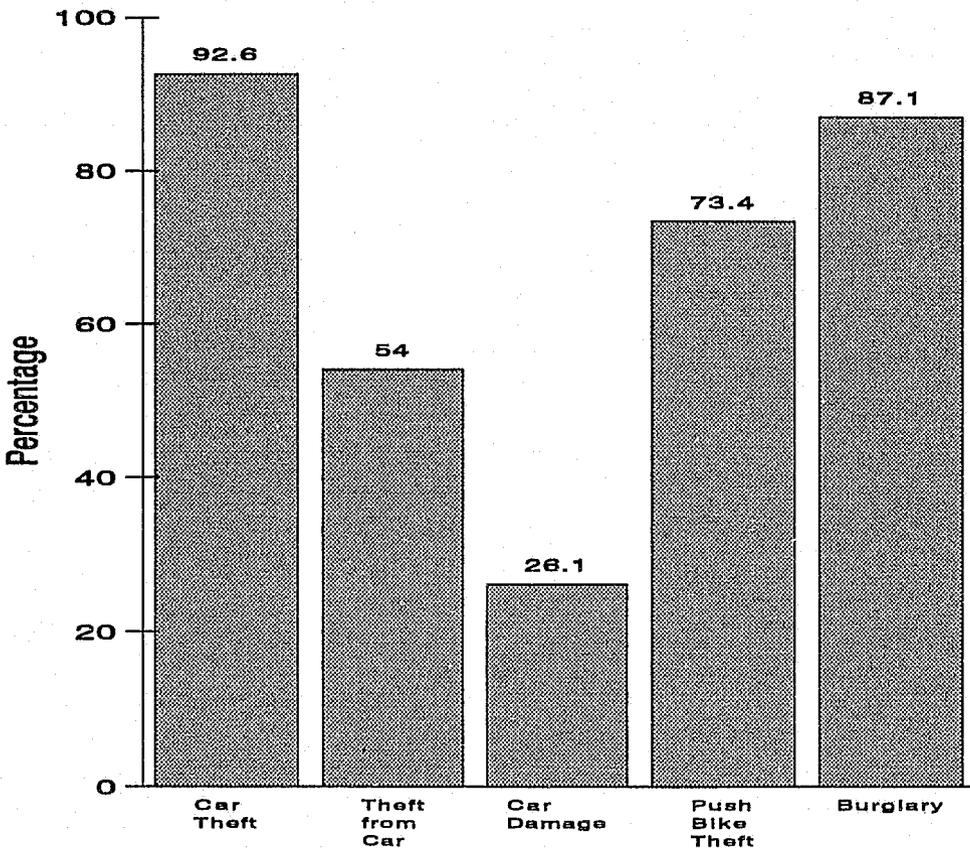
**... 12 ... CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLD
PROPERTY CRIMES AGGREGATED SAMPLE,
AUSTRALIA 1988 & 1991**

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Tables A9 to A13 present percentages of the most recent incident according to a number of incident characteristics, including (where appropriate) where the incident occurred, the value of property stolen, whether medical help was required, whether the incident was reported and, if not, why not.

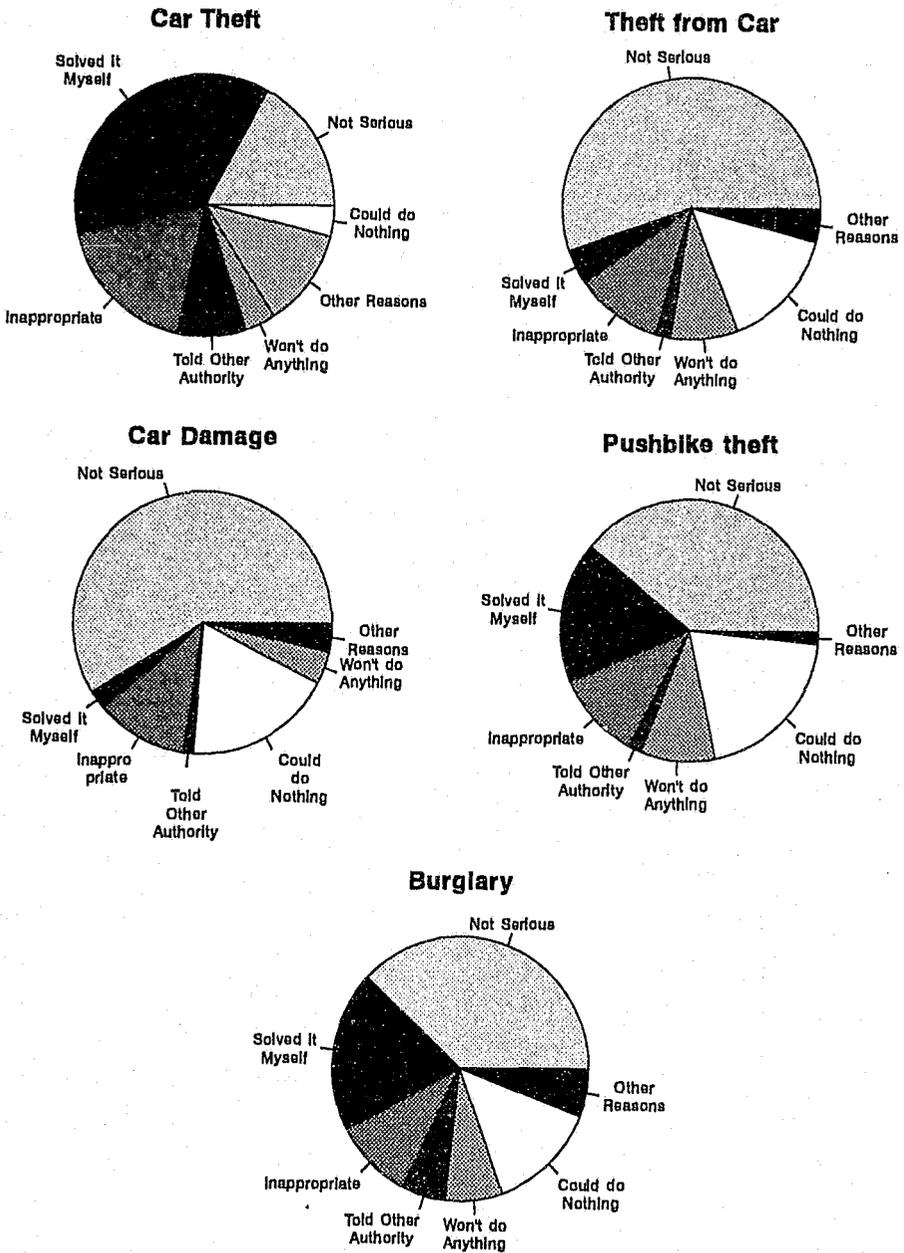
The characteristics of the incidents are cross classified by broad respondent characteristics: - city size, household type and household income in the case of household crimes.

Figure A9
Estimated Percentages of Crimes Known to Have Been
Reported to Police, by Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A10
Principal Reasons for Not Reporting to Police
by Type of Incident - Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table A9 - Characteristics of Incident: - Car Theft
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 351 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHS (351)
	Up to 1 Million (124)	Over 1 Million (221)	Single adult (42)	2 or more adults (163)	Adult/s + ch'dren (146)	Below Average (132)	Above Average (177)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near own house	40.6	53.4	57.3	42.2	53.6	50.2	50.2	49.0
Elsewhere in local area	43.4	43.4	40.1	48.1	38.4	38.9	42.9	43.0
Elsewhere in the country	15.2	2.3	2.6	7.9	8.0	10.8	5.6	7.1
Abroad	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
WAS IT RETURNED								
Yes	84.2	85.7	80.9	83.4	89.1	87.4	83.9	85.4
No	15.0	14.3	19.1	15.9	10.9	12.6	15.5	14.3
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	90.6	93.9	94.8	91.6	92.8	93.5	92.2	92.6
No	8.5	6.1	5.2	7.7	7.2	6.5	7.2	7.1
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	11.6	24.5	49.1	16.1	12.2	.0	20.2	18.1
Solved it myself	33.5	45.6	50.9	31.6	44.0	42.4	41.7	38.7
Inappropriate for police	21.0	19.3	.0	17.8	26.4	23.7	22.7	19.3
Told other authority	12.4	.0	.0	.0	22.4	.0	19.8	9.1
Police could do nothing	2.5	.0	.0	3.4	.0	.0	.0	4.1
Police won't do anything	.0	7.6	.0	3.4	.0	10.9	.0	4.1
Other reasons	11.9	14.6	.0	17.8	10.6	23.0	9.3	12.9

Table A10 - Characteristics of Incident: - Theft from Car
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 693 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHS (693)
	Up to 1 Million (267)	Over 1 Million (410)	Single adult (75)	2 or more adults (328)	Adult/s + ch'dren (290)	Below Average (220)	Above Average (413)	
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	53.6	54.5	51.6	55.9	52.6	52.0	55.8	54.0
No	44.7	44.3	48.4	42.0	46.1	46.7	42.7	44.5
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	66.3	58.3	60.7	60.3	62.8	62.4	62.2	61.4
Solved it myself	7.5	2.9	7.6	3.2	5.2	4.3	5.5	4.7
Inappropriate for police	14.5	10.7	3.0	13.0	14.5	7.0	14.4	12.2
Told other authority	.0	3.6	.0	2.8	1.9	.0	2.0	2.1
No insurance	8.8	3.0	.0	7.7	4.0	1.8	2.5	2.0
Police could do nothing	16.4	17.5	14.2	20.0	14.1	20.3	13.4	16.6
Police won't do anything	8.2	10.6	11.6	11.5	6.5	11.9	7.7	9.4
Other reasons	3.9	4.4	2.8	5.2	4.2	6.1	3.6	4.5
Don't know	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.4

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Table A11 - Characteristics of Incident: - Car Damage
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 879 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total Hhs (879)
	Up to 1 Million (362)	Over 1 Million (497)	Single adult (103)	2 or more adults (401)	Adult/s + ch'dren (375)	Below Average (292)	Above Average (495)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near home	29.0	41.0	34.8	37.5	34.0	34.7	35.1	35.6
Elsewhere in local area	60.0	54.2	61.1	55.0	56.5	58.5	57.0	56.5
Elsewhere in the country	10.0	2.4	3.0	5.3	6.9	5.7	5.7	5.7
Abroad	.0	.5	1.1	.5	.0	.0	.6	.4
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	28.5	24.4	22.5	27.9	25.4	29.3	24.9	26.1
No	70.6	73.6	74.7	70.0	73.6	68.5	73.7	72.2
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	67.7	67.2	71.3	66.9	66.5	68.4	65.7	67.4
Solved it myself	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.3	3.9	2.0	2.5
Inappropriate for police	15.7	11.9	18.0	12.7	12.2	12.5	14.1	13.2
Told other authority	7.7	11.8	.0	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.4
Police could do nothing	21.1	22.0	19.0	19.9	23.3	24.7	20.1	21.3
Police won't do anything	4.6	4.7	3.0	3.8	5.4	4.0	4.9	4.7
Other reasons	2.9	5.2	5.3	3.9	3.4	2.6	4.6	3.9
Don't know	1.6	2.1	.0	3.1	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.0

Table A12 - Characteristics of Incident: - Pushbike Theft
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 231 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total Hhs (231)
	Up to 1 Million (115)	Over 1 Million (109)	Single adult (16)	2 or more adults (92)	Adult/s + ch'dren (123)	Below Average (74)	Above Average (124)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED								
Near home	58.9	63.9	64.2	57.5	64.0	59.4	64.5	61.5
Elsewhere in local area	38.7	32.9	30.2	37.9	34.2	39.1	30.4	35.3
Elsewhere in the country	1.5	2.1	5.6	3.3	1.9	1.4	3.3	2.2
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	81.8	63.5	75.2	68.2	76.9	78.8	72.6	73.4
No	15.6	33.6	24.8	28.6	20.5	18.8	24.9	24.0
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	42.7	39.1	48.5	32.4	44.0	52.1	36.2	39.0
Solved it myself	27.4	27.4	.0	14.9	23.3	13.6	19.0	17.4
Inappropriate for police	3.7	14.3	.0	14.2	9.8	12.0	5.4	10.9
Told other authority	.0	2.6	.0	3.3	.0	.0	.0	1.6
Police could do nothing	17.7	22.6	25.4	27.9	11.2	15.9	25.7	20.2
Police won't do anything	13.3	7.9	51.5	3.8	7.3	8.9	16.9	9.5
Daren't go to police	.0	2.6	.0	.0	3.7	.0	3.0	1.7
Other reasons	.0	2.3	.0	3.2	.0	5.7	.0	1.3
Don't know	.0	6.1	.0	.0	5.4	6.4	3.8	3.8

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Table A13 - Characteristics of Incident: - Burglary
Percentages by Household Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 568 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	CITY SIZE		TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			HOUSEHOLD INCOME		Total HHs (568)
	Up to 1 Million (202)	Over 1 Million (348)	Single adult (102)	2 or more adults (261)	Adult/s + ch'dren (205)	Below Average (204)	Above Average (304)	
COST INCURRED - GOODS								
Nothing	14.2	5.1	12.8	6.4	8.1	8.6	7.8	8.3
\$100 or less	21.5	8.1	16.1	13.1	13.8	17.2	12.0	14.0
\$101-200	6.4	4.9	5.3	6.2	5.8	5.3	4.7	5.9
\$201-500	12.3	14.8	16.7	13.6	12.0	15.7	13.7	13.7
\$501-1000	14.5	15.2	18.0	14.2	14.7	18.3	14.3	15.2
Over \$1000	28.1	46.8	28.4	40.6	43.1	30.4	44.4	38.9
Unknown	2.8	5.1	2.8	5.9	2.6	4.5	3.3	4.1
Mean (\$)	1068.54	1612.29	1100.27	1409.05	1501.63	1151.65	1564.71	1375.81
Median (\$)	300.00	900.00	500.00	650.00	700.00	500.00	800.00	600.00
COST INCURRED - DAMAGE								
Nothing	52.1	47.2	53.4	48.5	47.7	52.4	47.3	49.3
\$100 or less	25.5	22.9	21.5	26.3	21.4	25.3	23.9	23.6
\$101-200	9.2	8.7	7.9	6.0	13.4	8.0	9.1	9.0
\$201-500	3.3	6.8	2.9	7.6	5.1	4.6	6.4	5.7
\$501-1000	2.9	4.4	4.8	2.0	5.1	2.8	4.3	3.7
Over \$1000	6.9	2.6	1.9	2.2	1.3	1.0	2.8	1.9
Unknown	6.2	7.5	7.5	7.3	6.0	5.9	6.5	6.9
Mean (\$)	128.23	175.67	125.75	162.88	161.16	103.20	196.81	154.41
Median (\$)	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
WAS IT REPORTED								
Yes	82.9	89.9	84.2	89.4	86.0	84.4	87.9	87.1
No	16.0	9.8	15.8	9.7	13.5	15.6	11.6	12.3
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING								
Not serious enough	44.9	32.1	46.0	29.7	48.2	49.7	30.9	41.2
Solved it myself	22.1	22.3	17.7	17.1	27.5	20.2	24.0	21.2
Inappropriate for police	12.2	10.4	6.4	15.1	10.3	8.4	11.2	10.9
Told other authority	5.1	6.5	11.0	.0	7.9	3.3	9.2	6.0
No insurance	2.7	.0	.0	.0	3.5	.0	2.7	1.3
Police could do nothing	5.3	26.0	12.0	7.8	23.5	6.4	24.3	14.9
Police won't do anything	6.4	9.7	6.1	13.4	4.0	9.9	6.5	7.8
Daren't go to police	7.0	.0	5.8	.0	4.7	7.3	.0	3.4
Other reasons	7.3	5.8	7.2	12.5	.0	7.3	5.9	6.3
Don't know	3.1	.0	.0	4.4	.0	.0	3.1	1.8

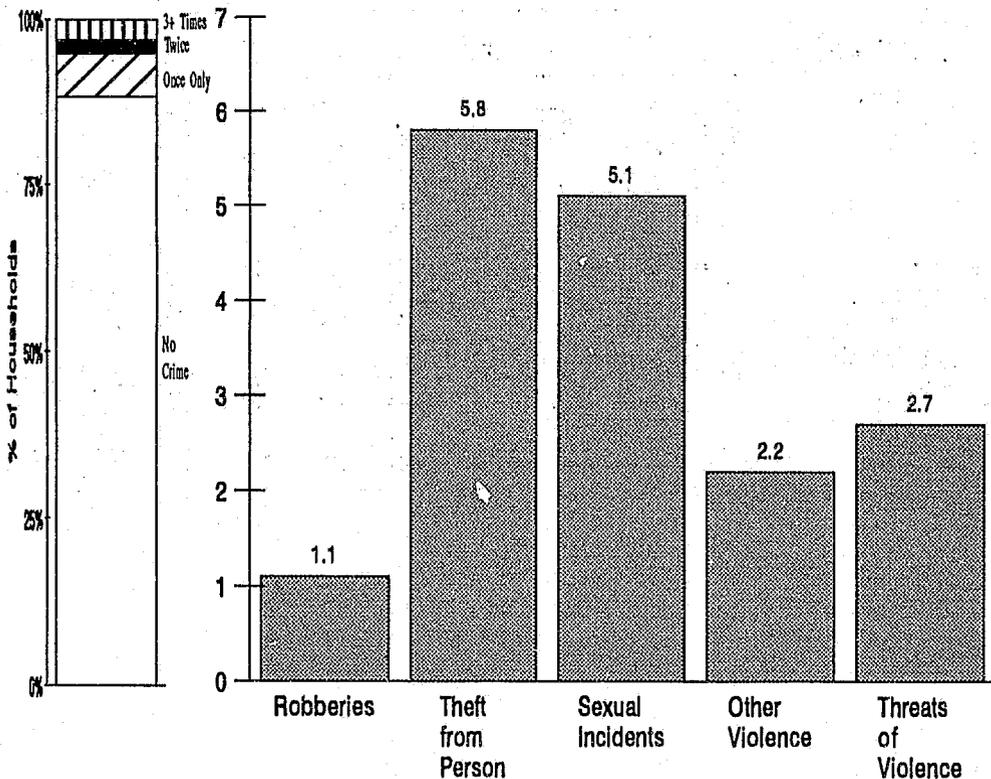
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**... 13 ... ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBERS OF PEOPLE
AFFECTED ANNUALLY BY CRIMES AGAINST THE
PERSON - AGGREGATED SAMPLE, AUSTRALIA
1988 & 1991**

Tables A14 to A19 present estimated numbers and percentages of the population who were personally victimised (at least once) during a twelve month period between 1988 and 1991. Sample sizes were in general too small to provide detailed estimates of the actual number of crimes occurring to each individual during the year, which would have provided indications of the types of victims liable to multiple victimisations. Tables have been provided, however, for personal crimes *in toto*, showing the extent of multiple victimisation by victim types.

The percentages of people victimised are known as *prevalence rates of victimisation* - not to be confused with *incidence rates*, which are dealt with in the next section of this report.

Figure A11
Personal Crimes - Estimated Percentage of Persons
Aged 16+ Victimised Annually by Type of Incident -
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

**Table A14 - Crimes against the Person:
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991**

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	NUMBER OF CRIMES EXPERIENCED LAST YEAR								Total Adults	
	None		One		Two		Three or more		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT										
Male (1823)	5457	90.0	351	5.8	120	2.0	134	2.2	6062	100.0
Female (2195)	5452	86.7	464	7.4	125	2.0	251	4.0	6291	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT										
16-19 years (236)	641	72.4	114	12.9	43	4.7	89	10.0	885	100.0
20-29 years (760)	2228	83.4	248	9.3	53	2.0	141	5.3	2671	100.0
30-59 years (2106)	5684	89.3	402	6.3	144	2.3	136	2.1	6366	100.0
60 years + (883)	2263	97.9	36	1.6	5	0.2	7	0.3	2311	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION										
Still at school (96)	230	78.1	34	11.6	9	3.2	21	7.1	294	100.0
Under 15 (597)	1578	95.0	47	2.8	25	1.5	11	0.7	1662	100.0
15-16 years (1351)	3632	89.4	243	6.0	77	1.9	113	2.8	4065	100.0
17 and over (1845)	5077	87.6	404	7.0	104	1.8	211	3.6	5797	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME										
Below Average (1698)	4545	89.9	271	5.4	105	2.1	137	2.7	5058	100.0
Above Average (1820)	4964	86.5	449	7.8	115	2.0	208	3.6	5736	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS										
Employed full-time (1863)	5158	87.4	419	7.1	127	2.2	200	3.4	5904	100.0
Employed Part-time (405)	1042	83.1	127	10.1	27	2.3	58	4.6	1253	100.0
No paid employment (1641)	4442	91.3	235	4.8	81	1.7	109	2.2	4867	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD										
Single adult (675)	1562	89.9	90	5.2	37	1.0	69	4.0	1738	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	4788	88.7	345	6.4	95	1.8	170	3.1	5397	100.0
Adult/s + children (1531)	4559	87.4	379	7.3	133	2.5	147	2.8	5218	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS										
At least once a week (2268)	6169	86.4	575	8.0	167	2.3	311	4.3	7221	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	4525	92.1	237	4.8	78	1.6	74	1.5	4914	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE										
New South Wales (1460)	3900	88.7	274	6.2	77	1.8	147	3.3	4399	100.0
Victoria (1057)	2871	89.0	194	6.0	74	2.3	85	2.6	3224	100.0
Queensland (656)	1793	88.1	159	7.8	22	1.1	61	3.0	2035	100.0
South Australia (353)	986	88.6	73	6.6	21	1.9	32	2.9	1113	100.0
Western Australia (358)	954	84.6	91	8.0	44	3.9	39	3.5	1128	100.0
Tasmania (101)	315	93.4	12	3.8	7	2.1	3	0.9	337	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	90	76.8	11	9.0	0	0.0	17	14.2	117	100.0
CITY SIZE										
< 10,000 (589)	1672	92.9	76	4.2	28	1.6	24	1.3	1800	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	1195	88.7	98	7.3	13	1.0	41	3.0	1347	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	1061	85.4	98	7.9	27	2.2	56	4.5	1242	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	1149	85.2	128	9.5	40	2.9	32	2.3	1348	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	5420	87.9	398	6.5	120	1.9	228	3.7	6166	100.0
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE										
I avoid places/people (373)	2028	83.0	231	9.4	75	3.1	108	4.4	2442	100.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	7705	89.4	529	6.1	133	1.5	249	2.9	8617	100.0
I never go out (249)	939	89.8	43	4.3	33	3.2	28	2.6	1046	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..										
The 1989 Survey (2012)	10254	88.7	723	6.2	181	1.6	412	3.6	11570	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	11560	88.0	905	6.9	307	2.4	356	2.7	13128	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	10908	88.3	814	6.6	245	2.0	385	3.1	12353	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A15 - Robberies
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimization
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ROBBERIES LAST YEAR				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	5999	99.0	63	1.0	6062	100.0
Female (2195)	6219	98.9	71	1.1	6291	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	852	96.3	33	3.7	885	100.0
20-29 years (760)	2628	98.4	42	1.6	2671	100.0
30-59 years (2106)	6316	99.2	50	.8	6366	100.0
60 years + (883)	2306	99.8	5	.2	2311	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	282	95.7	13	4.3	294	100.0
Under 15 (597)	1657	99.7	5	.3	1662	100.0
15-16 years (1351)	4031	99.2	34	.8	4065	100.0
17 and over (1845)	5732	98.9	65	1.1	5797	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	4992	98.7	66	1.3	5058	100.0
Above Average (1820)	5675	98.9	61	1.1	5736	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	5852	99.1	52	.9	5904	100.0
Employed Part-time (405)	1226	97.8	27	2.3	1253	100.0
No paid employment (1641)	4823	99.1	44	.9	4867	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1716	98.7	23	1.3	1738	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	5348	99.1	49	.9	5397	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	5154	98.8	63	1.2	5218	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	7120	98.6	101	1.4	7221	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	4880	99.3	34	.7	4914	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	4344	98.8	54	1.2	4399	100.0
Victoria (1057)	3201	99.3	23	.7	3224	100.0
Queensland (656)	2022	99.4	13	.6	2035	100.0
South Australia (353)	1105	99.3	8	.7	1113	100.0
Western Australia (358)	1098	97.3	30	2.7	1128	100.0
Tasmania (101)	336	99.6	2	.4	337	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	113	96.2	5	3.8	117	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	1788	99.3	13	.7	1800	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	1327	98.5	20	1.3	1347	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	1226	98.7	17	1.3	1242	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	1328	98.5	20	1.3	1348	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	6101	98.9	65	1.1	6166	100.0
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	2387	97.7	59	2.3	2442	100.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	8552	99.2	63	.8	8617	100.0
I never go out (249)	1032	98.7	14	1.3	1046	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 survey (2012)	11469	99.1	101	.9	11570	100.0
The 1992 survey (2006)	12960	98.7	168	1.3	13128	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	12218	98.9	134	1.1	12353	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A16 - Thefts from the Person
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimization
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	THEFTS FROM THE PERSON LAST YEAR				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	5723	94.4	339	5.6	6062	100.0
Female (2195)	5915	94.0	375	6.0	6291	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	746	84.3	139	15.7	885	100.0
20-29 years (760)	2426	90.9	244	9.1	2671	100.0
30-59 years (2106)	6067	95.3	298	4.7	6366	100.0
60 years + (883)	2286	98.9	25	1.1	2311	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	242	82.2	52	17.8	294	100.0
Under 15 (597)	1619	97.4	42	2.6	1662	100.0
15-16 years (1351)	3854	94.8	211	5.2	4065	100.0
17 and over (1845)	5460	94.2	337	5.8	5797	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	4802	94.9	256	5.1	5058	100.0
Above Average (1820)	5344	93.2	392	6.8	5736	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	5537	93.8	367	6.2	5904	100.0
Employed Part-time (405)	1162	92.7	92	7.3	1253	100.0
No paid employment (1641)	4662	95.8	206	4.2	4867	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1647	94.8	91	5.2	1738	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	5104	94.6	293	5.4	5397	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	4887	93.7	331	6.3	5218	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	6677	92.5	544	7.5	7221	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	4747	96.6	167	3.4	4914	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	4144	94.2	255	5.8	4399	100.0
Victoria (1057)	3067	95.1	157	4.9	3224	100.0
Queensland (656)	1913	94.0	122	6.0	2035	100.0
South Australia (353)	1050	94.4	63	5.6	1113	100.0
Western Australia (358)	1043	92.5	85	7.5	1128	100.0
Tasmania (101)	326	96.7	33	3.3	337	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	95	81.4	22	18.8	117	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	1743	96.8	57	3.2	1800	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	1275	94.6	72	5.4	1347	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	1150	92.6	92	7.4	1242	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	1247	92.5	101	7.5	1348	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	5791	93.9	375	6.1	6166	100.0
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	2241	91.8	201	8.2	2442	100.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	8160	94.7	457	5.3	8617	100.0
I never go out (249)	999	95.5	47	4.5	1046	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	10996	95.0	574	5.0	11570	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	12277	93.5	851	6.5	13128	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	11638	94.2	714	5.8	12353	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A17 - Sexual Incidents *
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	SEXUAL INCIDENTS LAST YEAR				Total Females	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT Female (2195)	5970	94.9	321	5.1	6291	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (110)	318	82.2	69	17.8	387	100.0
20-29 years (421)	1272	91.5	118	8.5	1390	100.0
30-59 years (1130)	3088	96.0	127	4.0	3215	100.0
60 years + (513)	1232	99.7	11	0.9	1236	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (44)	111	91.9	10	8.1	121	100.0
Under 15 (330)	831	99.1	17	2.0	838	100.0
15-16 years (822)	2205	95.3	110	4.7	2314	100.0
17 and over (939)	2609	93.7	175	6.3	2784	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (979)	2618	95.6	121	4.4	2738	100.0
Above Average (905)	2500	93.9	161	6.1	2662	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (678)	1791	92.4	147	7.6	1938	100.0
Employed Part-time (324)	904	92.6	73	7.4	977	100.0
Not in employment (1137)	3130	97.2	91	2.8	3220	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (394)	896	96.9	29	3.1	925	100.0
2 or more adults (941)	2458	94.3	148	5.7	2606	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (860)	2615	94.8	144	5.2	2759	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (1079)	2954	92.6	236	7.4	3190	100.0
Less than once/week (1073)	2900	97.2	85	2.8	2984	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (797)	2132	95.3	104	4.7	2236	100.0
Victoria (573)	1556	94.6	89	5.4	1645	100.0
Queensland (362)	999	95.8	44	4.2	1043	100.0
South Australia (193)	517	93.4	36	6.8	553	100.0
Western Australia (190)	536	96.2	21	3.8	557	100.0
Tasmania (61)	179	93.7	12	6.3	191	100.0
Northern Territory (19)	51	78.1	14	27.2	65	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (325)	875	95.8	39	4.2	913	100.0
10 < 50,000 (230)	659	96.0	27	4.0	686	100.0
50 < 500,000 (215)	623	93.7	42	6.3	665	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (235)	684	97.0	22	3.0	705	100.0
Over 1 Million (1087)	2844	94.1	178	5.9	3022	100.0
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	1447	94.0	93	6.0	1540	100.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	3484	94.6	200	5.4	3683	100.0
I never go out (249)	859	96.9	28	3.1	887	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (1100)	5456	93.1	401	6.9	5857	100.0
The 1992 Survey (1095)	6506	96.4	238	3.6	6744	100.0
Total Respondents (2195)	5970	94.9	321	5.1	6291	100.0

*Note: Incidents described by the victims as 'offensive' but 'not a crime' are included in this Table. The data are therefore comparable with data from the 1988 survey

Table A18 - Incidents of Other Actual Violence
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimisation
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	INCIDENTS OF OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE LAST YEAR				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	5862	96.7	199	3.3	6062	100.0
Female (2195)	6221	98.9	70	1.1	6291	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	833	94.1	52	5.9	885	100.0
20-29 years (760)	2583	96.7	87	3.3	2671	100.0
30-59 years (1351)	6240	98.0	125	2.0	6366	100.0
60 years + (883)	2311	100.0	0	.0	2311	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	287	97.4	8	2.6	294	100.0
Under 15 (597)	1650	99.3	12	.7	1662	100.0
15-16 years (1351)	3989	98.1	75	1.9	4065	100.0
17 and over (1845)	5662	97.7	135	2.3	5797	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	4973	98.3	84	1.7	5058	100.0
Above Average (1820)	5593	97.5	142	2.5	5736	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	5741	97.2	162	2.8	5904	100.0
Employed Part-time (405)	1230	98.1	23	1.9	1253	100.0
Not in employment (1641)	4794	98.5	74	1.5	4867	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1692	97.4	45	2.6	1738	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	5278	97.8	119	2.2	5397	100.0
Adult/s + ch'dren (1531)	5113	98.0	105	2.0	5218	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	7001	97.0	220	3.0	7221	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	4864	99.0	50	1.0	4914	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	4291	97.6	108	2.4	4399	100.0
Victoria (1057)	3145	97.5	79	2.5	3224	100.0
Queensland (656)	1999	98.2	36	1.8	2035	100.0
South Australia (353)	1100	98.9	13	1.1	1113	100.0
Western Australia (358)	1098	97.3	30	2.7	1128	100.0
Tasmania (101)	337	100.0	0	.0	337	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	113	96.2	5	3.8	117	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	1776	98.7	24	1.3	1800	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	1327	98.5	20	1.5	1347	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	1215	97.8	27	2.2	1242	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	1322	98.1	26	1.9	1348	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	5997	97.3	169	2.7	6166	100.0
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	2359	96.6	83	3.4	2442	100.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	8448	98.0	170	2.0	8617	100.0
I never go out (249)	1033	98.8	13	1.2	1046	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	11315	97.8	255	2.2	11570	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	12847	97.8	281	2.2	13128	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	12083	97.8	269	2.2	12353	100.0

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A19 - Incidents of Threatened Violence
Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Persons Victimised
by Victim Characteristics and Frequency of Victimization
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	INCIDENTS OF THREATENED VIOLENCE LAST YEAR				Total Adults	
	None		At Least One		N (1000s)	%
	N (1000s)	%	N (1000s)	%		
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	5928	97.8	134	2.2	6062	100.0
Female (2195)	6094	96.9	196	3.1	6291	100.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	848	95.8	37	4.2	885	100.0
20-29 years (760)	2596	97.2	75	2.8	2671	100.0
30-59 years (2106)	6180	97.1	185	2.9	6366	100.0
60 years + (883)	2286	98.9	24	1.1	2311	100.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	282	95.8	12	4.2	294	100.0
Under 15 (597)	1634	98.3	28	1.7	1662	100.0
15-16 years (1351)	3969	97.7	95	2.3	4065	100.0
17 and over (1845)	5624	97.0	173	3.0	5797	100.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	4928	97.4	130	2.6	5058	100.0
Above Average (1820)	5563	97.0	172	3.0	5736	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	5731	97.1	173	2.9	5904	100.0
Employed Part-time (405)	1204	96.0	50	4.0	1253	100.0
Not in employment (1641)	4769	98.0	99	2.0	4867	100.0
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	1690	97.2	48	2.8	1738	100.0
2 or more adults (1812)	5270	97.6	127	2.4	5397	100.0
Adult/s + children (1531)	5062	97.0	155	3.0	5218	100.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	7012	97.1	209	2.9	7221	100.0
Less than once/week (1675)	4793	97.5	121	2.5	4914	100.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	4297	97.7	102	2.3	4399	100.0
Victoria (1057)	3146	97.6	78	2.4	3224	100.0
Queensland (656)	1980	97.3	54	2.7	2035	100.0
South Australia (353)	1091	98.1	22	1.9	1113	100.0
Western Australia (358)	1067	94.6	61	5.4	1128	100.0
Tasmania (101)	330	97.8	8	2.2	337	100.0
Northern Territory (33)	112	95.7	5	4.3	117	100.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	1780	98.9	21	1.1	1800	100.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	1310	97.2	37	2.8	1347	100.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	1190	95.8	53	4.2	1242	100.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	1289	95.7	59	4.3	1348	100.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	6018	97.6	147	2.4	6166	100.0
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	2347	96.1	95	3.9	2442	100.0
No, I don't worry (1327)	8412	97.6	205	2.4	8617	100.0
I never go out (249)	1016	97.2	30	2.8	1046	100.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	11253	97.3	317	2.7	11570	100.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	12786	97.4	343	2.6	13128	100.0
Total Respondents (4018)	12022	97.3	330	2.7	12353	100.0

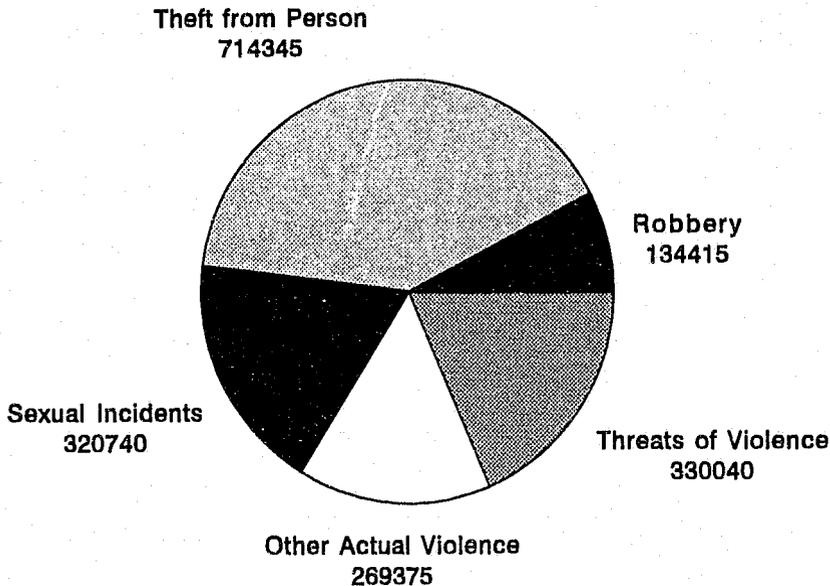
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**... 14... ESTIMATES OF THE TOTAL ANNUAL
INCIDENCE OF CRIMES
AGAINST THE PERSON - AGGREGATED SAMPLE,
AUSTRALIA 1988 & 1991**

The following two tables present combined-sample estimates of the total numbers of incidents of selected crimes against the person occurring in Australia during a twelve month period between 1988 and 1991. Table A20 gives the basic estimates, and table A21 expresses the same results in the useful form of rates of incidents per thousand population. Each Table shows how crimes affect different sub-groups within the population to varying extents. For example, Table A20 shows that the great majority of thefts from the person are against adults aged between 20 years and 59 years of age; when expressed as a rate per 1000 persons, however, it is clear from Table A21 that those aged 16-19 are *more* likely to be victims than older people.

As for household property crimes, the weightings used to calculate the rates per 1000 persons are those which applied to the original samples.

Figure A12
Estimated Total Number of Incidents of Personal
Crimes, by Type of Incident
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table A20
Crimes against the Person: Estimated Numbers of Incidents
by Victim Characteristics and Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ROBBERY	THEFT FROM PERSON	SEXUAL INCIDENTS *	OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE	THREATS OF VIOLENCE	TOTAL
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	63265	338910	0	199490	133705	735370
Female (2195)	71150	375435	320740	69885	196335	1033545
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	32805	139310	68740	32280	37005	330120
20-29 years (760)	24330	244340	117675	87460	74745	566650
30-59 years (2106)	49680	298360	127315	125155	185390	785900
60 years + (883)	4500	24835	4030	0	24400	57745
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	12605	52360	9825	7630	12435	94855
Under 15 (597)	5095	42385	7405	12020	28010	94915
15-16 years (1351)	33740	211020	109830	75475	95355	525420
17 and over (1845)	64975	337080	174680	135250	172745	884730
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	65845	255935	120650	84260	129730	656420
Above Average (1820)	60605	391675	161270	142450	172480	928480
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	52075	366500	146775	162445	172790	900585
Employed Part-time (405)	27250	91635	72790	23495	49570	264740
Not in employment (1641)	43985	205850	90850	73805	98745	513235
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	23760	90610	29050	45370	47815	234605
2 or more adults (1812)	49460	293025	147660	119035	126990	736170
Adult/s + children (1531)	63195	330710	144030	104970	155235	798140
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	100885	544385	236060	219680	208715	1309725
Less than once/week (1675)	33530	166960	84680	49695	121325	456190
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	54445	255185	104055	107510	101925	623120
Victoria (1057)	23140	157085	89160	79010	78485	426880
Queensland (656)	12545	121740	43520	35765	54490	268060
South Australia (353)	8240	62530	36370	12675	21690	141505
Western Australia (358)	30045	84995	21340	29915	60880	227175
Tasmania (101)	1500	11045	12135	0	7500	32180
Northern Territory (33)	4500	21765	14160	4500	5070	49995
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	12500	56720	38690	24225	20500	152635
10 < 50,000 (427)	20485	72120	27415	20140	17355	177515
50 < 500,000 (388)	18500	92005	41800	26905	52715	229925
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	20000	101000	21500	25500	58500	226500
Over 1 Million (2061)	64930	374995	177615	168670	147200	933410
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	53315	201105	93140	83430	95340	528330
No, I don't worry (1327)	45100	457360	199810	169640	205175	1097085
I never go out (249)	14000	47225	27790	13000	29525	131540
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	128160	731600	1080230	466980	625560	3032530
The 1992 Survey (2006)	186000	1184846	517223	422316	639690	2950075
Total Persons Victimised	134415	714345	320740	269375	330040	1768915

* Per 1000 Females only.

Note: Incidents described by the victims as 'offensive' but 'not a crime' are included in this figure. The data are therefore comparable with data from the 1988 survey.

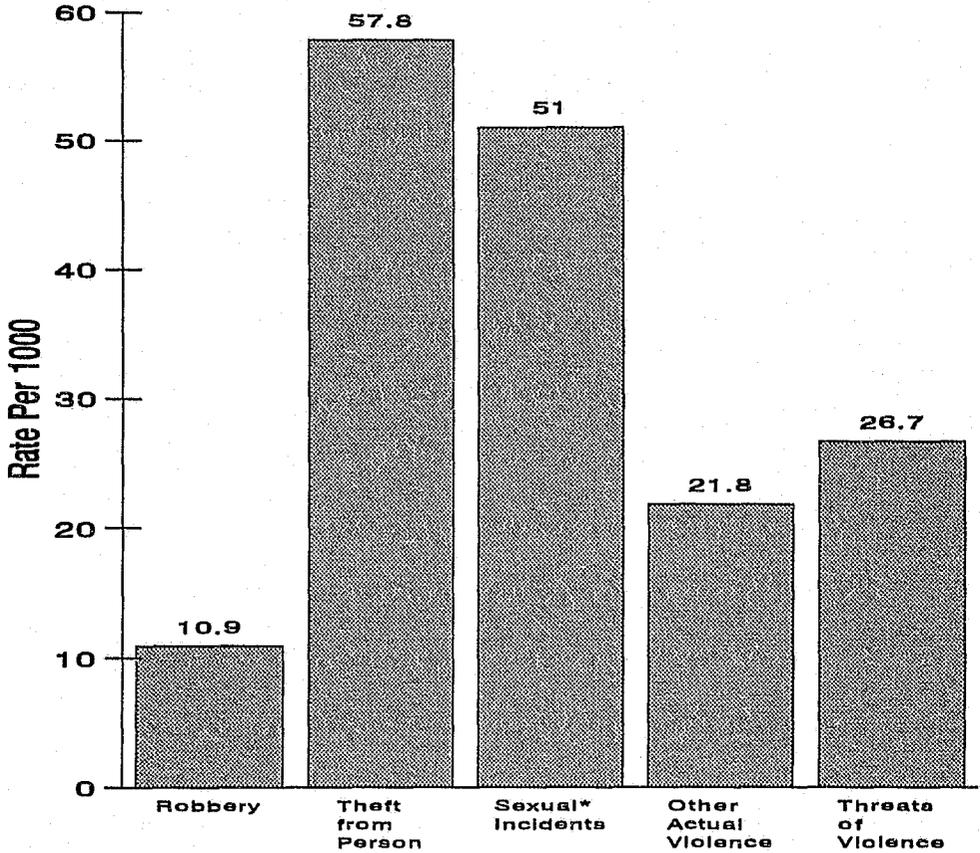
Table A21
Crimes against the Person: Estimated Numbers of Incidents
per 1000 Persons by Victim Characteristics and Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Victim Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents)	ROBBERY	THEFT FROM PERSON	SEXUAL INCIDENTS *	OTHER ACTUAL VIOLENCE	THREATS OF VIOLENCE	TOTAL
	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	10.4	55.9	.0	32.9	22.1	121.3
Female (2195)	11.3	59.7	51.0	11.1	31.2	164.3
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	37.1	157.4	177.8	59.0	41.8	373.0
20-29 years (760)	15.9	91.5	84.7	32.7	28.0	212.2
30-59 years (2106)	7.8	46.9	39.6	19.7	29.1	123.5
60 years + (883)	1.9	10.7	3.2	.0	10.6	25.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	42.8	178.0	81.2	25.9	42.3	322.4
Under 15 (597)	3.1	25.5	8.8	7.2	18.9	57.1
15-16 years (1351)	8.3	51.9	47.5	18.6	23.5	129.3
17 and over (1845)	11.2	58.1	62.8	23.3	29.8	152.6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	13.0	50.6	44.1	16.7	25.7	129.8
Above Average (1820)	10.6	68.3	60.6	24.8	30.1	161.9
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	8.8	62.1	75.7	27.5	29.3	152.5
Employed Part-time (405)	23.7	73.1	74.5	18.7	39.6	211.2
Not in employment (1641)	19.0	42.3	28.2	15.2	20.3	105.4
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD						
Single adult (675)	12.5	52.1	31.4	26.1	27.5	135.0
2 or more adults (1812)	9.2	54.3	56.7	22.1	23.5	136.4
Adult/s + children (1531)	12.1	63.4	52.2	20.1	29.8	153.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	14.0	75.4	74.0	30.4	28.9	181.4
Less than once/week (1675)	8.8	34.0	28.4	10.1	24.7	92.8
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	12.4	58.0	46.5	24.4	23.2	141.7
Victoria (1057)	7.2	48.7	54.2	24.5	24.3	132.4
Queensland (656)	6.2	59.8	41.7	17.6	26.8	131.7
South Australia (353)	7.4	56.2	65.7	11.4	19.5	127.2
Western Australia (358)	26.4	75.4	38.3	26.3	54.0	201.5
Tasmania (101)	4.3	32.8	63.4	.0	23.3	95.5
Northern Territory (33)	38.5	186.0	218.7	38.8	43.3	427.3
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	6.9	31.5	42.4	13.5	11.4	84.8
10 < 50,000 (427)	15.2	53.5	39.9	19.0	27.7	131.8
50 < 500,000 (388)	13.3	74.1	82.9	21.7	42.4	185.1
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	14.8	74.9	30.3	18.9	43.4	168.1
Over 1 Million (2061)	10.5	60.8	58.8	27.4	23.9	151.4
AVOIDANCE OF AREAS/PEOPLE						
I avoid places/people (373)	22.6	82.3	60.5	34.2	39.0	216.3
No, I don't worry (1327)	7.6	53.1	54.2	19.7	23.8	127.3
I never go out (249)	13.4	45.2	31.3	12.4	28.2	125.8
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	11.1	63.2	184.4	40.4	54.1	262.1
The 1992 Survey (2006)	14.2	90.3	35.7	32.2	48.7	197.4
Total Persons	10.9	57.8	51.0	21.8	26.7	143.2

* Per 1000 Females only.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

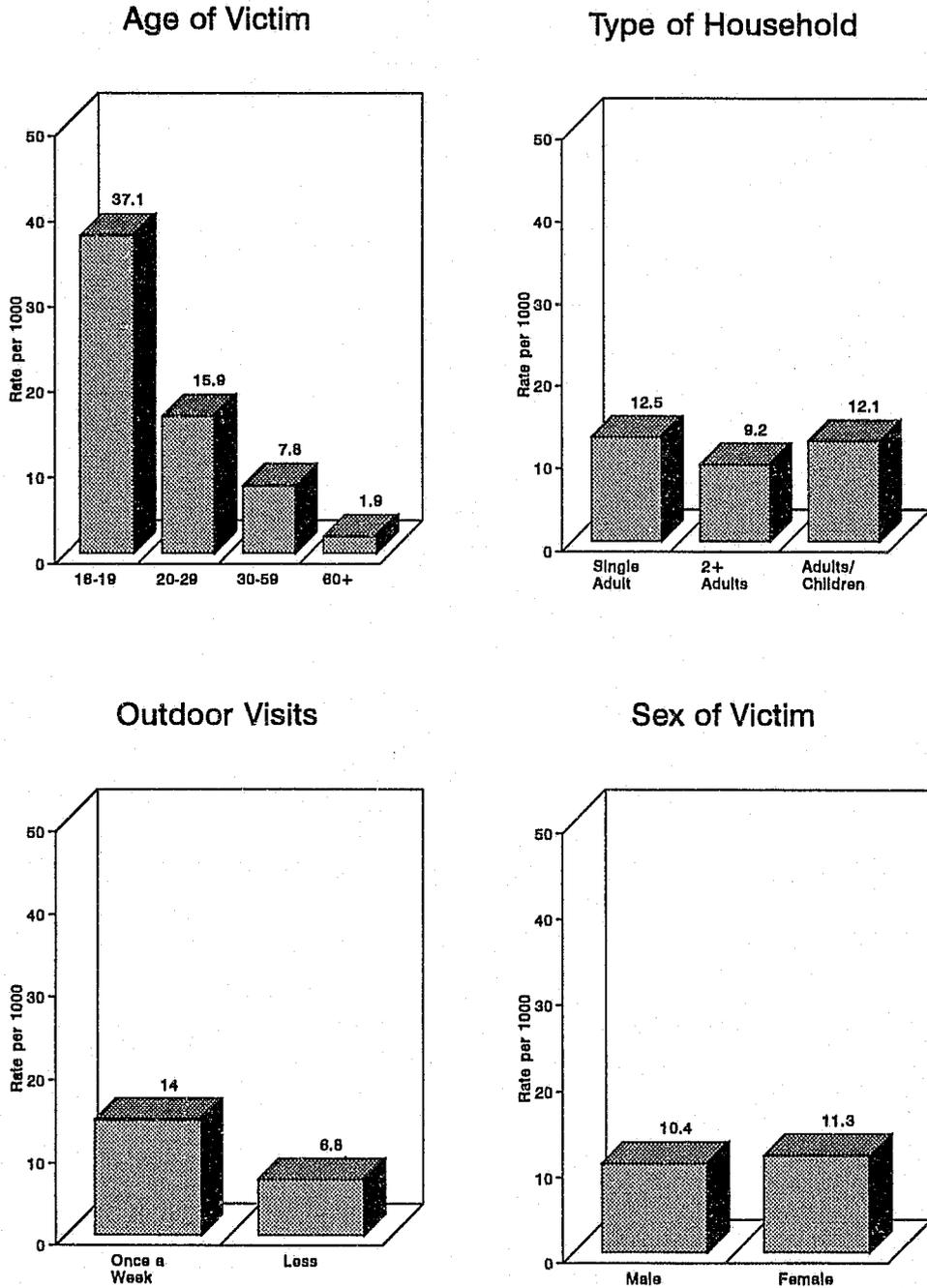
Figure A13
Estimated Incidence Rates of Personal Crimes,
Per 1000 Population, Aged 16+
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



* Per 1000 females only

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

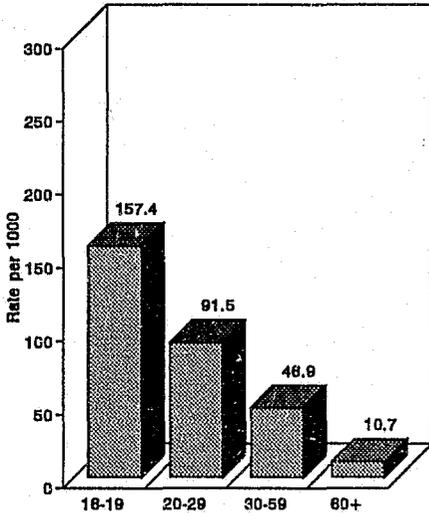
Figure A14
Robbery
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



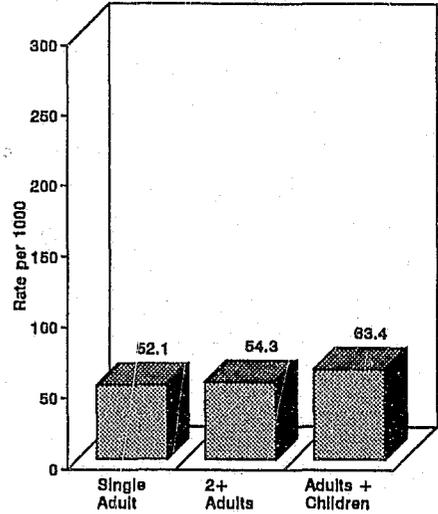
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A15
Other Theft
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

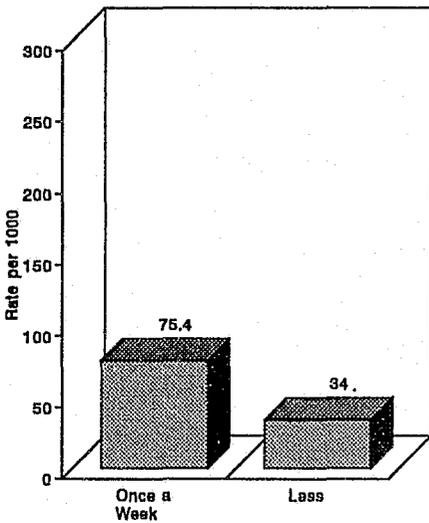
Age of Victim



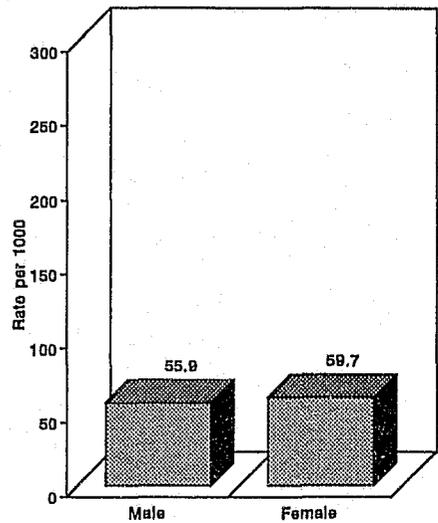
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



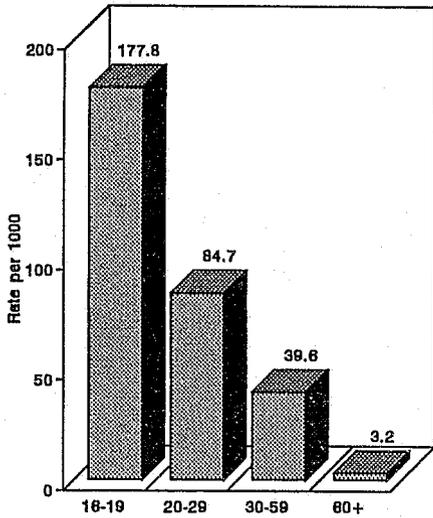
Sex of Victim



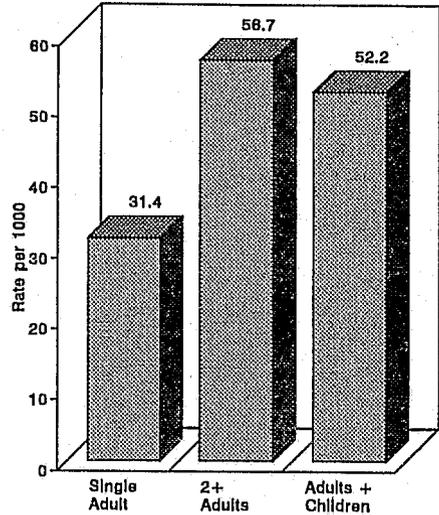
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A16
Sexual Incidents
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Characteristics
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

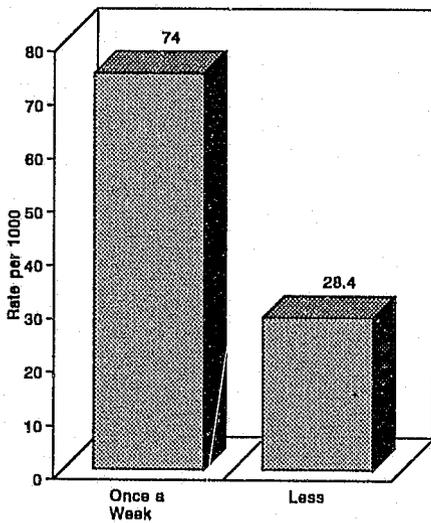
Age of Victim



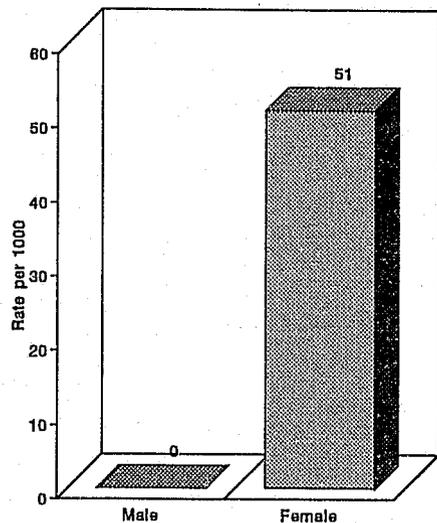
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits



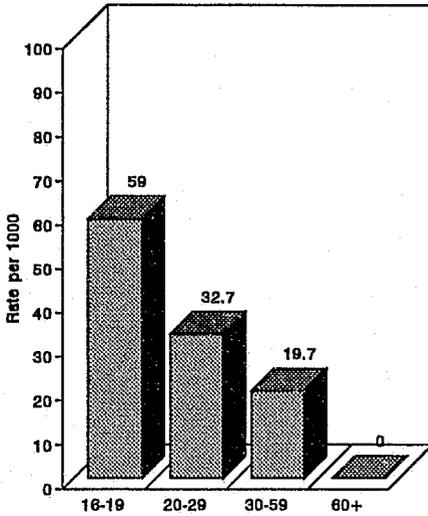
Sex of Victim



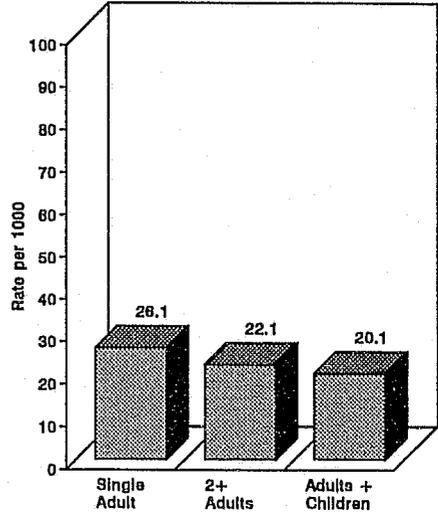
Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A17
Other Actual Violence
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Victim Characteristics
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

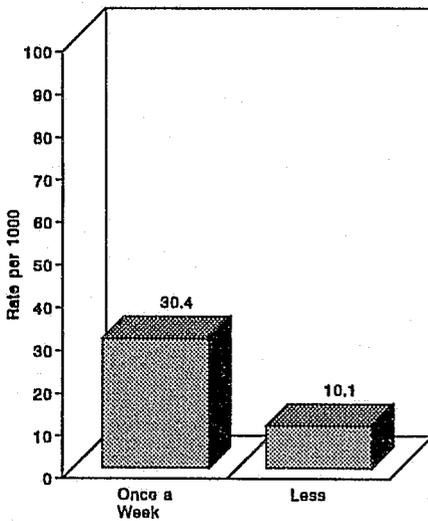
Age of Victim



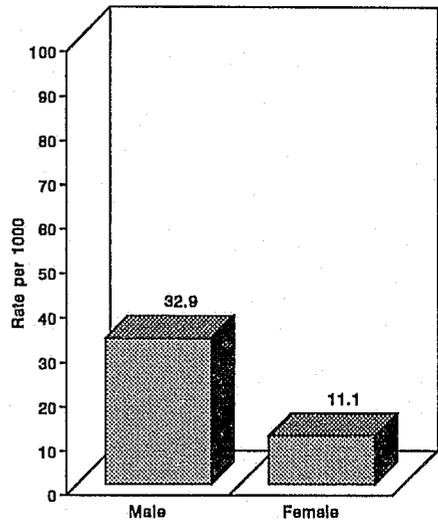
Type of Household



Outdoor Visits

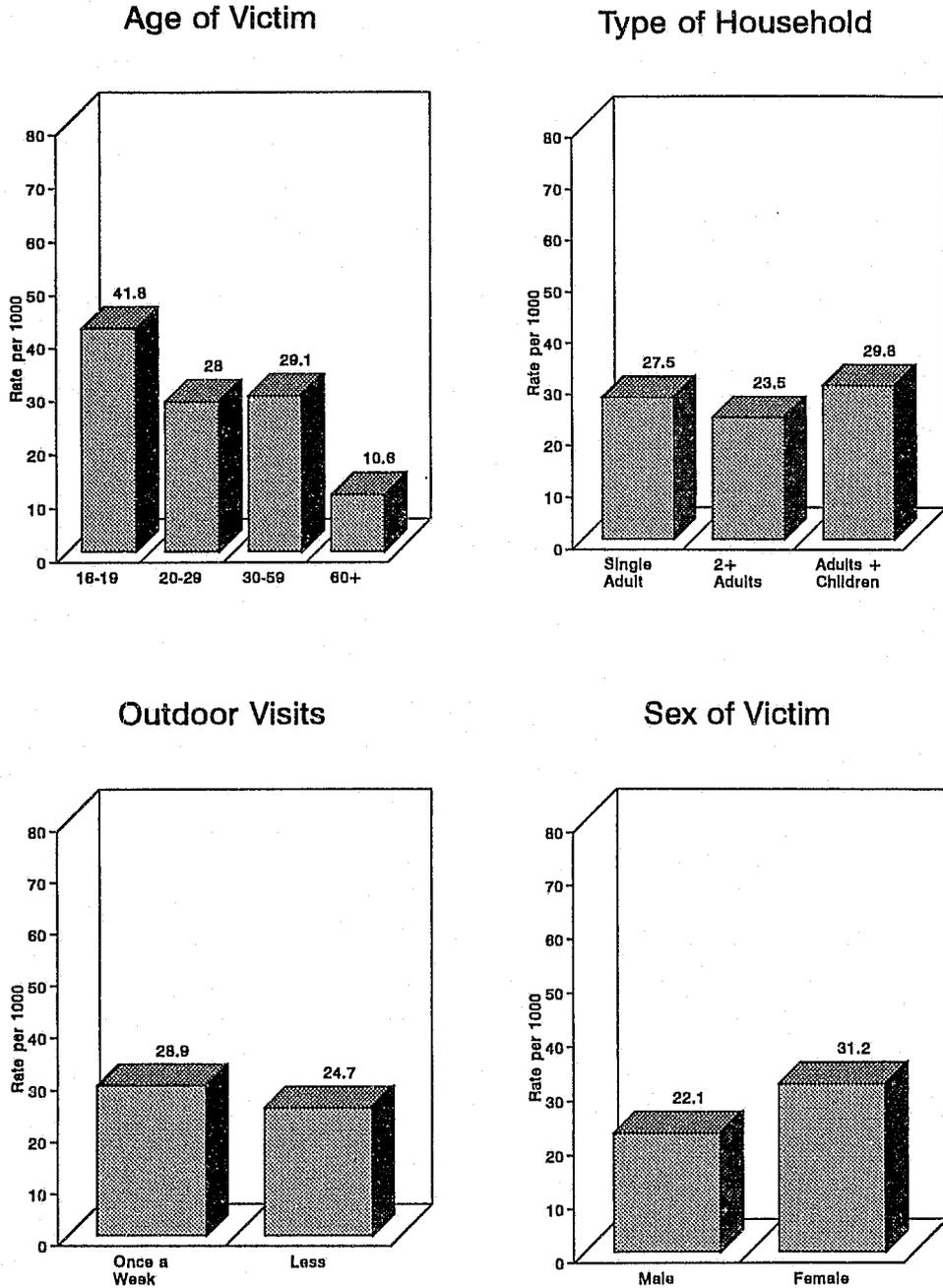


Sex of Victim



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A18
Threats of Violence
Estimated Incidence Rates of Selected
Personal Crimes, by Key Characteristics
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



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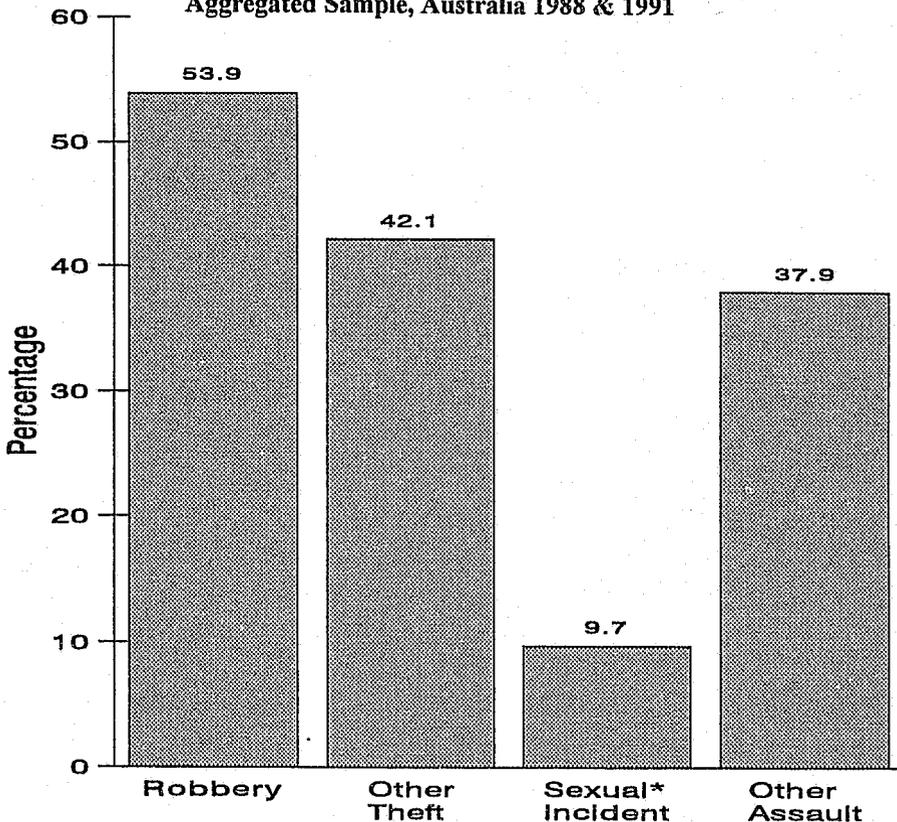
**... 15 ... CHARACTERISTICS OF CRIMES AGAINST
THE PERSON - AGGREGATED SAMPLE,
AUSTRALIA 1988 & 1991**

These tables present combined-sample percentages of the most recent incident of personal crime, according to a number of incident characteristics, including (where appropriate) where the incident occurred, the value of property stolen, whether medical help was required, whether the incident was reported and, if not, why not.

The characteristics of the incidents are cross classified by broad respondent characteristics:- age and sex of respondent for personal crimes.

Since the 1989 survey did *not* ask victims of offensive sexual behaviour whether they regarded the incident as a crime, it is not possible to exclude them. This tends to inflate the estimated frequency of victimisation and reduce the extent of reporting of the incidence.

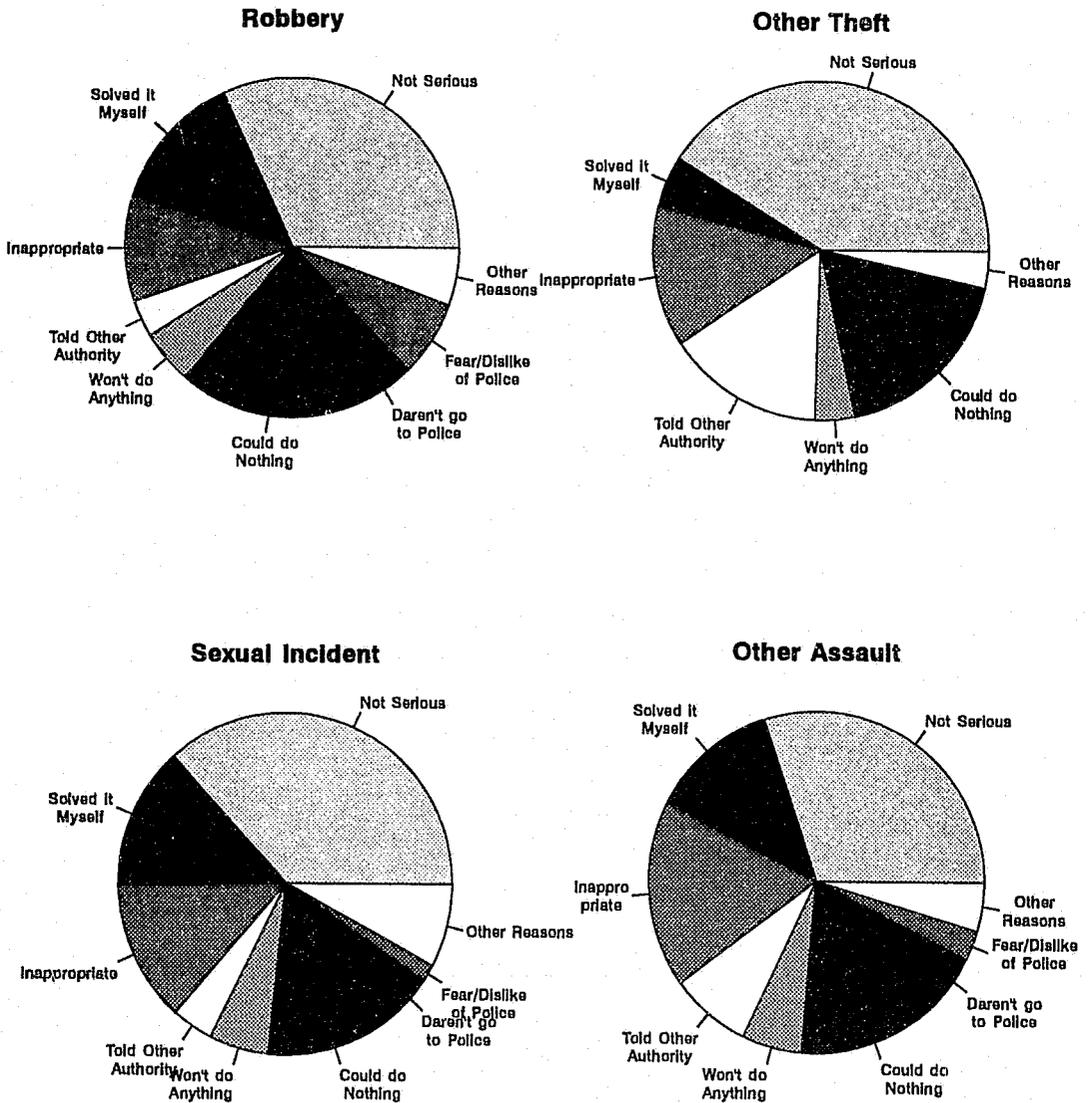
Figure A19
Estimated Percentages of Personal Crimes Known to have
been Reported to Police, by Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



*Note that it was not possible to exclude incidents which were not regarded by the victims as crimes.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A20
Principal Reasons for Not Reporting to Police,
by Type of Incident - Aggregated Sample,
Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table A22 - Characteristics of Incident: - Robbery
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 112 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (112)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (11)	20-29 years (23)	30-59 years (23)	60+ years (7)	Total (64)	16-19 years (3)	20-29 years (17)	30-59 years (23)	60+ years (5)	Total (48)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED											
Near home	16.5	28.0	44.8	31.4	31.2	39.8	48.9	18.8	53.2	34.1	32.3
Elsewhere in local area	67.3	66.7	39.7	53.2	55.8	60.2	38.7	59.1	24.1	49.1	53.3
Elsewhere in the country	16.2	.0	7.8	.0	5.8	.0	.0	7.0	22.7	5.1	5.5
Abroad	.0	5.4	11.7	15.4	7.2	.0	12.5	12.1	.0	10.4	8.4
WEAPON USED											
Knife	19.4	13.8	21.7	.0	16.2	24.9	11.0	5.1	20.1	10.0	13.9
Gun	.0	11.2	.0	16.9	5.9	.0	5.8	23.6	.0	13.4	8.7
Other weapon e.g. Stick	21.6	3.8	7.7	29.0	10.9	.0	5.8	.0	.0	2.1	7.6
Something used as weapon	.0	3.6	3.6	15.4	3.9	.0	10.7	.0	.0	3.9	3.9
No weapon	58.9	64.5	60.3	38.6	59.7	75.1	66.7	65.0	79.9	67.5	62.7
WAS IT REPORTED											
Yes	31.3	60.0	45.8	74.9	51.0	24.9	53.8	64.1	85.8	58.8	53.9
No	68.7	40.0	54.2	25.1	49.0	75.1	46.2	35.9	14.2	41.2	46.1
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING											
Not serious enough	50.6	48.3	.0	61.5	34.0	47.1	41.7	22.5	100.0	35.9	34.7
Solved it myself	.0	27.0	10.1	.0	12.2	.0	16.7	28.6	.0	18.8	14.5
Inappropriate for police	14.8	16.3	14.0	.0	14.3	.0	.0	12.2	.0	5.1	11.1
Told other authority	15.7	.0	3.6	.0	5.9	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	3.8
Police could do nothing	8.9	20.4	31.1	.0	19.3	.0	18.8	24.3	.0	17.9	18.9
Police won't do anything	.0	8.6	.0	.0	2.9	.0	12.3	14.3	.0	11.1	9.7
Fear, dislike of police	.0	20.2	.0	.0	6.7	.0	10.4	14.3	.0	10.3	8.0
Daren't go to police	12.2	9.3	.0	.0	6.7	.0	.0	12.2	.0	5.1	6.2
Other reasons	.0	.0	28.8	.0	9.3	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	6.1
Don't know	.0	.0	10.4	38.5	5.1	52.9	.0	.0	.0	7.7	6.0

Table A23 - Characteristics of Incident: - Other Theft
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 582 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (582)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (34.)	20-29 years (90.)	30-59 years (108)	60+ years (19.)	Total (251)	16-19 years (42.)	20-29 years (105)	30-59 years (156)	60+ years (28.)	Total (331)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED											
Near home	15.4	30.6	20.7	26.4	24.1	28.5	25.3	25.5	30.8	26.2	25.2
Elsewhere in local area	55.4	56.4	60.7	55.4	57.8	56.8	53.3	58.3	53.9	56.2	56.9
Elsewhere in the country	23.0	8.3	12.7	17.4	12.3	14.7	12.9	7.6	.0	9.9	11.1
Abroad	6.3	4.8	4.6	10.8	5.3	.0	7.6	8.1	7.4	6.7	6.0
THEFT FROM PERSON?											
Yes	16.9	12.1	15.1	29.3	15.1	11.4	16.7	16.5	29.3	16.6	15.9
No	83.1	86.7	83.3	70.5	83.8	88.6	81.7	81.0	62.2	81.2	82.4
WAS IT REPORTED											
Yes	18.6	40.9	40.3	46.0	37.2	29.9	40.0	55.3	56.5	46.5	42.1
No	83.4	57.8	57.8	54.0	61.6	70.1	58.3	43.9	39.0	52.3	56.6
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING											
Not serious enough	60.1	45.8	40.0	53.6	47.2	49.8	40.7	51.6	21.2	45.8	46.5
Solved it myself	.0	11.6	9.2	.0	7.6	.0	1.5	7.1	6.3	3.6	5.6
Inappropriate for police	12.3	18.7	19.9	6.8	17.1	9.6	13.4	13.3	25.4	13.2	15.2
Told other authority	9.7	14.1	14.3	19.6	13.5	29.2	20.4	17.0	21.3	20.9	17.1
Police could do nothing	8.9	18.4	22.6	28.3	18.5	14.4	28.7	20.5	23.3	22.5	20.5
Police won't do anything	4.7	3.2	8.3	.0	5.2	.0	7.2	1.2	6.3	3.8	4.4
Other reasons	2.7	1.7	3.8	.0	2.6	.0	6.4	5.4	.0	5.5	4.0
Don't know	7.3	.0	.0	10.3	2.2	.0	.0	1.1	4.8	.8	1.9

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

Table A24 - Characteristics of Incident: - Sexual Incident*
Percentages by Age of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 238 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT				
	Female				
	16-19 years (39.)	20-29 years (89.)	30-59 years (103)	60+ years (7.)	Total (238)
WHERE IT OCCURRED					
In own home	47.8	45.2	31.1	16.6	39.6
Near home	17.2	13.5	12.1	33.3	14.1
Elsewhere in local area	21.7	25.4	27.1	.0	24.8
Elsewhere in the country	8.8	5.2	4.7	.0	8.6
Abroad	.0	3.5	9.1	19.3	9.3
IDENTITY OF OFFENDER(S)					
Did not know offender(s)	71.5	60.6	45.4	16.6	55.7
Known by sight only	13.8	11.2	9.5	19.3	11.2
Partner or ex-partner	.0	7.2	5.2	.0	4.9
Relative	.0	.0	1.2	13.2	3.8
Close friend	5.0	8.0	10.5	13.3	8.6
Known by name	7.8	13.1	28.2	35.0	18.9
TYPE OF INCIDENT					
A rape	2.1	4.3	1.5	.0	2.7
An attempted rape	8.3	10.0	4.6	.0	7.4
An indecent assault	6.9	18.7	16.3	49.7	16.2
Offensive behaviour	77.2	67.0	76.4	50.3	72.3
WAS IT REPORTED					
Yes	7.0	12.8	8.5	.0	9.7
No	93.0	87.2	90.4	100.0	89.8
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING					
Not serious enough	38.6	43.1	39.1	42.7	40.6
Solved it myself	5.3	17.6	16.9	15.3	14.9
Inappropriate for police	14.0	10.6	19.1	18.8	14.8
Told other authority	2.4	3.1	7.3	.0	4.5
Police could do nothing	10.8	16.3	13.5	23.1	14.3
Police won't do anything	3.7	9.0	5.1	.0	6.3
Fear, dislike of police	.0	1.2	3.4	.0	1.8
Daren't go to police	6.8	6.2	2.2	.0	4.6
Other reasons	12.0	6.0	10.3	.0	8.7
Don't know	10.8	3.2	1.0	.0	3.7

*Note: Incidents described by the victims as 'offensive' but 'not a crime' in the 1992 survey have been included in this Table to maintain consistency with the 1989 survey data. Readers requiring estimates of sexual offences (as opposed to 'incidents') should use Table 28 in Section I of this Report.

Table A25 - Characteristics of Incident: - Other Assault
Percentages by Age and Sex of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

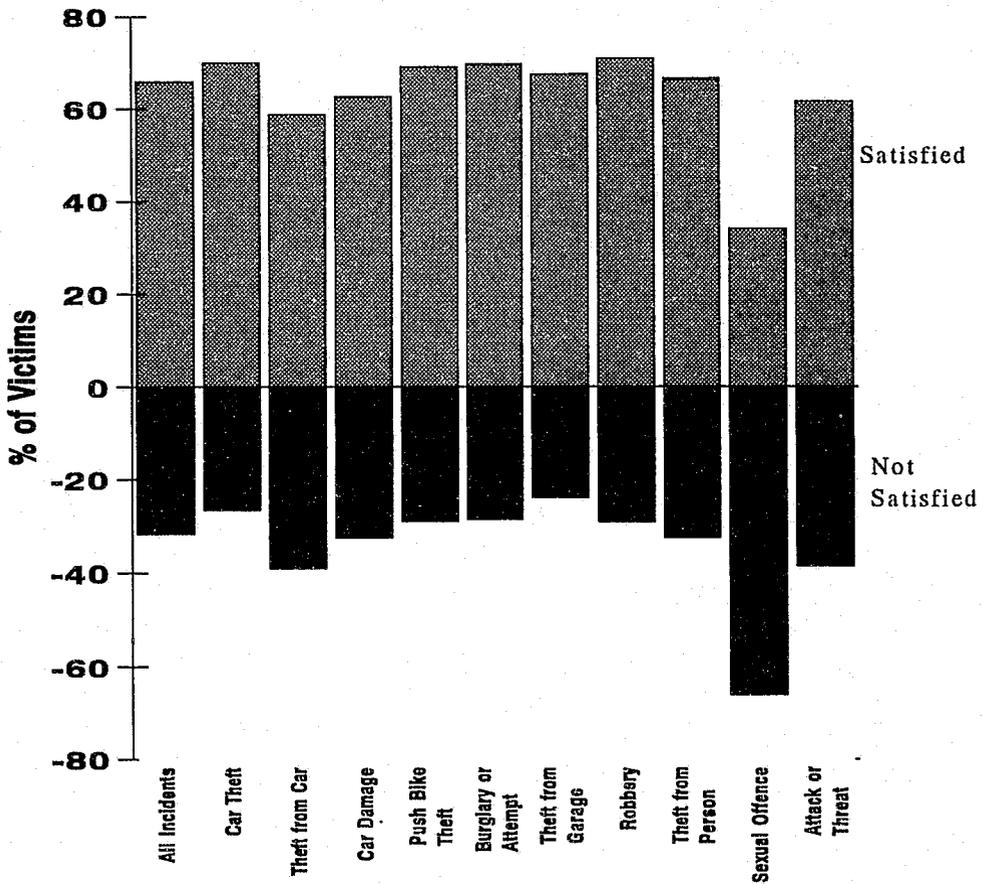
Base = 448 respondents who experienced this crime in past 5 years	SEX AND AGE OF RESPONDENT										Total (448)
	Male					Female					
	16-19 years (25.)	20-29 years (84.)	30-59 years (112)	60+ years (12.)	Total (233)	16-19 years (22.)	20-29 years (62.)	30-59 years (110)	60+ years (21.)	Total (215)	
WHERE IT OCCURRED											
In own home	24.1	35.2	30.8	23.2	31.4	30.8	50.5	42.5	64.0	45.2	37.5
Near home	22.4	18.8	12.7	7.4	16.1	28.0	18.8	14.9	16.4	17.8	16.8
Elsewhere in local area	33.0	35.2	36.1	32.0	36.0	17.4	15.9	26.4	19.5	21.9	29.8
Elsewhere in the country	9.4	6.8	6.0	10.4	6.9	14.0	6.3	4.3	.0	5.9	6.5
Abroad	11.0	4.0	12.0	7.0	8.5	9.8	9.8	11.7	.0	8.8	8.6
IDENTITY OF OFFENDER(S)											
Did not know offender(s)	37.3	71.3	52.3	54.4	58.0	43.7	50.8	49.9	80.5	51.7	55.3
Known by sight only	27.6	9.2	8.0	5.9	10.9	20.9	12.6	7.5	.0	10.1	10.5
Partner or ex-partner	.0	.0	5.6	.0	2.5	.0	9.9	12.0	.0	9.0	5.3
Relative	.0	.9	2.0	.0	1.2	3.6	7.0	4.3	13.4	5.7	3.2
Close friend	11.0	5.1	13.9	7.0	9.8	15.6	11.0	12.7	.0	11.6	10.6
Known by name	24.1	13.5	16.6	32.7	17.0	16.2	6.0	12.9	6.2	10.6	14.2
Refuses to say	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	2.7	.0	.0	.9	4.6
Did not see offender	.0	.0	1.5	.0	.7	.0	.0	.8	.0	.4	.3
SEVERITY OF ASSAULT											
Threat only	24.7	33.6	35.3	76.2	35.0	70.5	56.1	66.2	57.8	62.9	47.2
Armed Threat	9.3	17.3	12.0	.0	9.3	4.8	11.6	7.0	9.9	8.3	8.9
Grabbed, unhurt	.0	11.6	3.6	.0	8.2	10.3	7.9	11.8	6.2	10.0	7.8
Grabbed, hurt	.0	.0	1.1	.0	.5	2.6	1.5	.7	.0	1.1	.8
Grabbed, needed doctor	16.1	3.2	11.6	.0	8.4	3.3	2.0	2.3	5.2	2.6	5.8
Hit, unhurt	16.3	21.9	8.0	.0	14.3	3.6	9.9	5.7	.0	6.3	10.8
Hit, hurt	17.0	10.6	7.5	11.9	10.1	.0	4.9	4.0	.0	3.3	7.2
Hit, needed doctor	13.2	7.6	7.1	11.9	8.3	5.8	.0	2.3	3.1	2.1	5.6
Weapon used, unhurt	.0	1.1	.8	.0	.8	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.4
Weapon used, hurt	.0	.0	3.4	.0	1.5	.0	1.5	.0	.0	.5	1.0
Weapon used needed doctor	3.2	3.1	5.5	.0	4.0	.0	3.0	.0	17.7	2.3	3.3
WAS IT REPORTED											
Yes	36.4	34.7	41.8	22.3	37.5	15.9	43.9	42.2	26.4	38.4	37.9
No	63.6	65.3	56.8	77.7	61.9	80.3	54.6	57.8	73.6	60.7	61.4
REASON FOR NOT REPORTING											
Not serious enough	45.0	47.8	25.7	47.8	38.6	40.9	25.8	27.4	30.4	29.4	34.7
Solved it myself	6.7	6.1	22.7	.0	12.5	4.4	24.7	19.5	.0	16.8	14.3
Inappropriate for police	4.3	26.9	15.1	24.4	19.1	15.9	19.9	25.7	20.9	22.1	20.4
Told other authority	12.6	5.6	15.0	7.7	10.4	9.0	2.7	7.4	17.1	7.2	9.0
Police could do nothing	20.6	15.3	13.3	20.1	15.4	4.7	14.3	19.7	42.0	17.7	16.4
Police won't do anything	.0	11.9	4.4	.0	6.7	.0	12.3	4.8	7.8	6.4	6.6
Fear, dislike of police	6.7	6.0	.0	.0	3.4	.0	3.8	4.6	.0	3.2	3.3
Daren't go to police	5.9	7.0	2.7	.0	4.8	8.8	11.9	3.0	.0	6.2	5.4
Other reasons	11.3	2.9	10.7	.0	7.0	8.2	.0	3.4	.0	2.9	5.3
Don't know	.0	4.0	.0	.0	1.7	12.8	2.9	7.5	.0	6.4	3.7

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**... 16 ... RESPONDENTS' VIEWS ON POLICING,
CRIME PREVENTION AND SENTENCING
AGGREGATED SAMPLE, AUSTRALIA 1988 & 1991**

Tables A26 to A30 tell of people's opinions of the criminal justice system and its responses to crime, including the effectiveness of the police, the appropriate levels of sentence for a typical crime, and the measures that they personally take to avoid crime.

Figure A21
Percentage of Victims Satisfied with Police Response,
by Type of Crime - Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Table A26
Most Recent Incident Reported to Police: - Satisfaction with Response
Percentages by Type of Incident and Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 843 Respondents who reported a crime	SATISFACTION WITH POLICE		
	Satisfied	Not Satisfied	Don't know
Total Victims (843)	65.8	31.6	2.5
MOST RECENT INCIDENT REPORTED			
Car Theft (122)	69.9	26.5	3.6
Theft FROM a car (137)	58.7	39.0	2.3
Damage to a car (64)	62.6	32.5	4.8
Theft of a bicycle (52)	69.1	28.9	2.0
Burglary (188)	69.7	28.5	1.8
Theft from garage (72)	67.5	23.8	4.3
Robbery (11)	70.9	29.1	.0
Theft personal property (83)	66.5	32.4	1.1
Sexual offence (9)	34.0	66.0	.0
Attack or threat (50)	61.5	38.5	.0
SEX OF RESPONDENT			
Male (388)	65.7	31.1	3.2
Female (455)	66.0	32.1	1.9
AGE OF RESPONDENT			
16-19 years (55)	59.4	35.7	4.9
20-29 years (200)	60.0	38.5	1.5
30-59 years (476)	67.1	29.8	3.2
60 years + (104)	79.2	20.3	.5
HOUSEHOLD INCOME			
Below Average (314)	63.3	35.6	1.1
Above Average (442)	68.1	29.9	2.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION			
Still at school (15)	39.2	48.5	12.3
Under 15 (79)	74.0	24.1	2.0
15-16 years (263)	64.9	34.1	1.0
17 and over (458)	65.2	31.9	2.9
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			
Employed Full-time (474)	63.9	33.5	2.6
Employed Part-time (102)	67.7	28.2	4.1
Not in employment (251)	71.1	26.9	2.0
CITY SIZE			
< 10,000 (71)	72.7	25.1	2.3
10 < 50,000 (76)	66.5	33.5	.0
50 < 500,000 (95)	78.3	21.3	.5
500,000 to 1 Million (144)	71.5	26.3	2.2
Over 1 Million (441)	60.6	35.7	3.7
OUTDOOR VISITS			
At least once a week (562)	65.6	32.2	2.2
Less than once/week (272)	65.6	31.0	3.4
PLACE OF RESIDENCE			
New South Wales (312)	67.5	29.5	3.0
Victoria (225)	64.3	32.4	3.3
Queensland (114)	66.5	33.5	.0
South Australia (73)	67.2	32.0	0.8
Western Australia (92)	61.8	35.5	2.7
Other (27)	68.2	29.7	6.3
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..			
The 1989 Survey (238)	39.2	60.8	.0
The 1992 Survey (605)	75.2	21.4	3.4

Note: Different questionnaire structures in the two surveys limit the comparability of the 'Most Recent Incident Reported' responses.

Table A27
Most Recent Incident Reported to Police: - Reasons for Dissatisfaction
Percentages by Type of Incident and Characteristics of Victim
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Base = 178 Respondents dissatisfied with Police response	REASON FOR DISSATISFACTION			
	Didn't do enough	Lack of interest	Lack of success *	Lack of courtesy **
Total Incidents (178)	43.4	45.9	30.0	37.6
MOST RECENT INCIDENT REPORTED				
Burglary (39)	39.4	42.5	42.3	46.3
Other Household Crime (95)	41.7	47.6	26.4	34.9
Personal Crime (42)	47.4	48.0	29.6	38.7
SEX OF RESPONDENT				
Male (83)	49.6	51.4	29.3	38.3
Female (95)	37.5	40.7	30.7	36.9
AGE OF RESPONDENT				
16-19 years (11)	77.1	28.5	11.7	28.8
20-29 years (46)	37.0	44.2	38.1	41.8
30-59 years (105)	43.7	53.0	27.0	37.4
60 years + (15)	47.8	20.8	42.7	18.9
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
Below Average (86)	45.9	44.6	30.0	35.8
Above Average (80)	41.7	49.1	32.6	39.3
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION				
Still at school (2)	49.4	49.4	0	50.6
Under 15 (16)	36.3	35.0	28.9	29.3
15-16 years (62)	44.9	51.7	30.9	33.3
17 and over (94)	42.8	45.6	31.9	41.3
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Employed Full-time (100)	44.9	52.7	30.4	36.7
Employed Part-time (20)	29.1	44.3	45.6	62.3
Not in employment (52)	45.9	32.8	25.3	29.1
CITY SIZE				
Up to 1 Million (87)	41.8	34.1	33.4	38.9
Over 1 Million (89)	43.6	59.5	24.9	36.7
OUTDOOR VISITS				
At least once a week (105)	45.8	46.4	27.0	40.0
Less than once/week (73)	40.0	45.3	34.5	34.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE				
New South Wales (69)	47.6	53.8	29.6	37.8
Victoria (43)	29.3	45.9	28.5	39.5
Other (66)	48.2	39.0	31.2	36.3
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..				
The 1989 Survey (50)	58.8	52.7	22.8	27.4
The 1992 Survey (128)	38.2	43.6	32.5	41.1

Note Multiple Responses - Percentages add to more than 100.

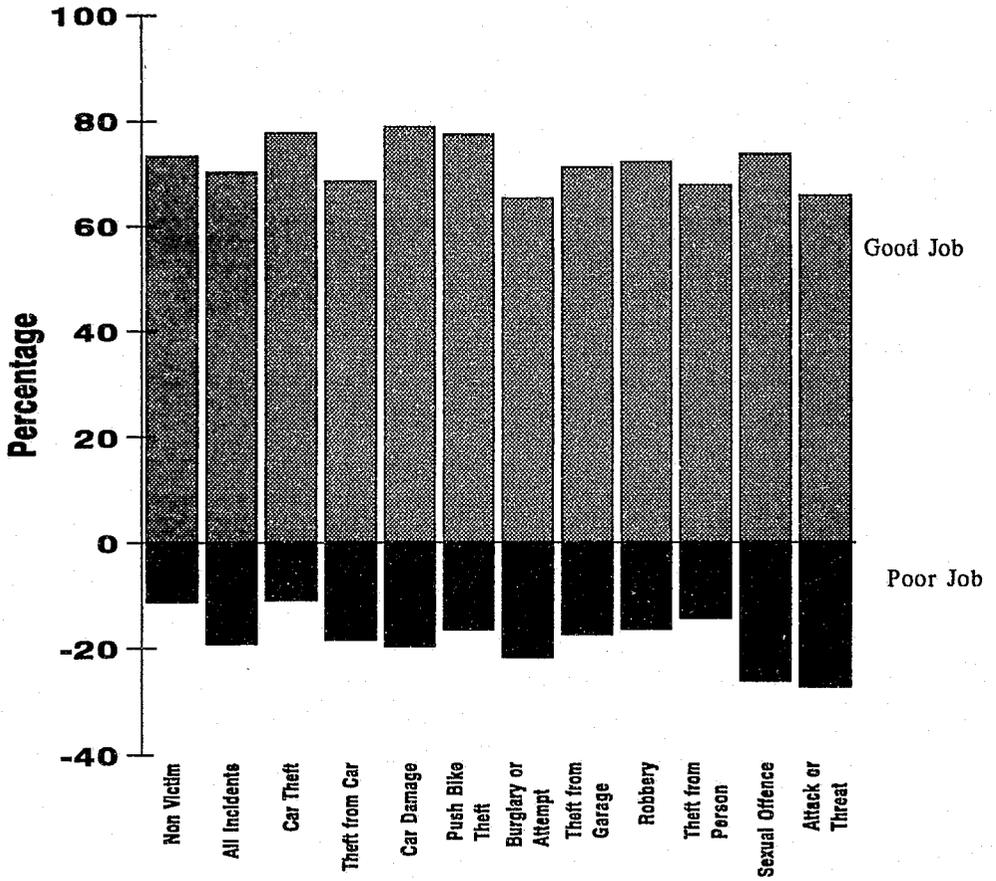
Note: Different questionnaire structures in the two surveys limit the

comparability of the 'Most Recent Incident Reported' responses.

* i.e. failed to find the offender, failed to recover property.

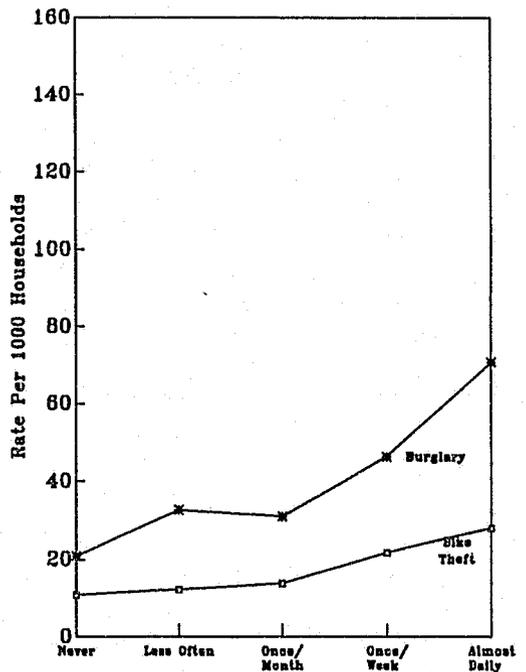
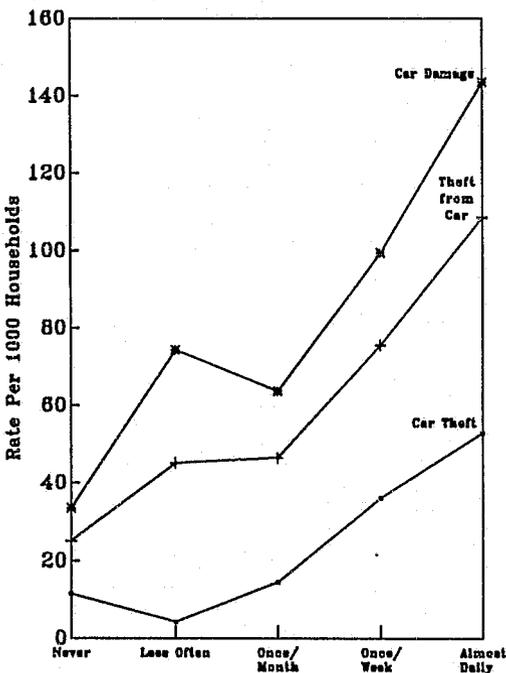
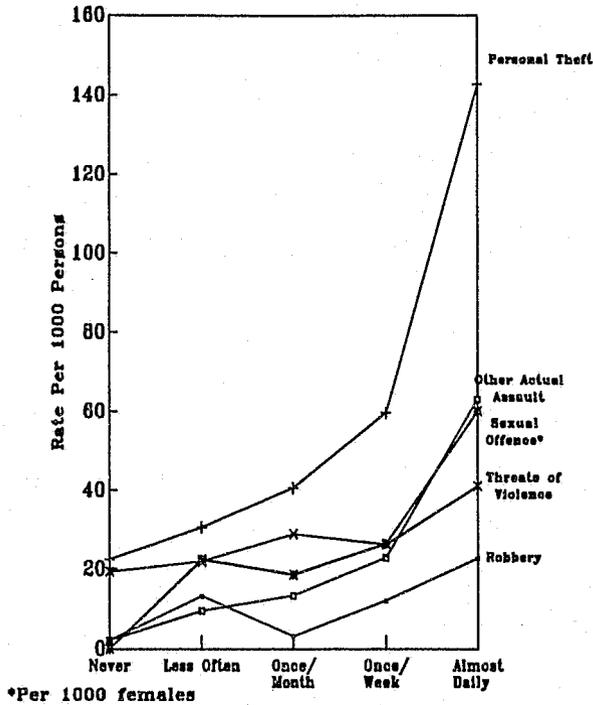
** i.e. slow to arrive, didn't keep me informed, didn't treat me correctly.

Figure A22
Respondents' Opinions of the Ability of Local Police
to Control Crime, Non-Victim and Victims by Type of Crime
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

Figure A23
Risk of Crime by Frequency of Outdoor Visits
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.

**Table A28 - Opinion of the Ability of Local Police to Control Crime
Percentages by Characteristics of Respondent
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991**

Respondent Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents) Base = All 4018 respondents	ABILITY OF LOCAL POLICE TO CONTROL CRIME		
	Good job	Poor job	Don't know
Total Respondents (4018)	72.6	13.1	14.3
MOST RECENT INCIDENT REPORTED			
No incidents Reported (3107)	73.3	11.3	15.4
Car Theft (126)	77.7	10.9	11.3
Theft FROM a car (148)	68.6	18.5	12.9
Damage to a car (70)	78.9	19.7	1.3
Theft of a bicycle (60)	77.4	15.5	6.0
Burglary or attempt (257)	65.3	21.9	12.8
Theft from garage (79)	71.2	17.5	11.3
Robbery (11)	72.2	16.5	11.4
Theft personal property (90)	67.8	14.4	17.8
Sexual offence (12)	73.8	26.2	.0
Attack or threat (50)	65.9	27.4	6.7
SEX OF RESPONDENT			
Male (1823)	72.2	15.2	12.7
Female (2195)	73.1	11.1	15.8
AGE OF RESPONDENT			
16-19 years (236)	74.3	17.4	8.3
20-29 years (760)	69.5	16.1	14.5
30-59 years (2106)	72.7	13.1	14.3
60 years + (883)	76.0	7.3	16.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME			
Below Average (1698)	74.6	12.3	13.7
Above Average (1820)	71.7	14.5	13.9
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION			
Still at school (96)	73.5	11.4	15.1
Under 15 (597)	77.9	8.4	13.7
15-16 years (1351)	73.5	13.6	12.9
17 and over (1845)	70.2	14.2	15.5
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			
Employed Full-time (1863)	70.9	15.3	13.7
Employed Part-time (405)	73.1	14.5	12.4
No paid employment (1641)	74.4	10.1	15.5
CITY SIZE			
< 10,000 (589)	84.8	8.3	6.9
10 < 50,000 (427)	82.3	11.2	6.5
50 < 500,000 (388)	74.0	14.0	12.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	67.5	15.0	17.5
Over 1 Million (2061)	67.8	14.6	17.6
OUTDOOR VISITS			
At least once a week (2268)	71.7	14.8	13.6
Less than once/week (1675)	74.3	10.9	14.8
PLACE OF RESIDENCE			
New South Wales (1460)	72.8	12.9	14.2
Victoria (1057)	72.4	11.6	16.0
Queensland (656)	71.6	15.2	13.2
South Australia (353)	73.4	13.0	13.7
Western Australia (358)	74.4	13.3	12.3
Tasmania (101)	69.4	13.6	17.0
Northern Territory (33)	76.0	21.1	2.9
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..			
The 1989 Survey (2012)	73.2	12.6	14.1
The 1992 Survey (2006)	72.1	13.5	14.4

Note: Different questionnaire structures in the two surveys limit the comparability of the 'Most Recent Incident Reported' responses.

Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, particularly when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results. Shaded numbers in these Tables have a relative standard error of 25% or more.

**Table A29 - Percentages of Respondents using Crime Prevention Measures
by Type of Measure and Characteristics of Household
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991**

Respondent Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents) Base = All 4018 respondents	CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES		
	A burglar alarm (562)	Own a gun (704)	Neither of these (2855)
Total Respondents (4018)	14.0	18.3	70.5
MOST RECENT INCIDENT REPORTED			
No incidents Reported (3107)	12.9	18.5	71.3
Car Theft (126)	19.4	17.0	67.5
Theft FROM a car (148)	19.1	18.1	64.2
Damage to a car (70)	13.9	23.4	68.3
Theft of a bicycle (60)	11.7	17.4	74.0
Burglary or attempt (257)	20.7	14.8	68.3
Theft from garage (79)	14.9	20.2	66.6
Robbery (11)	13.0	17.5	72.4
Theft personal property (90)	13.0	16.2	73.2
Sexual offence (12)	13.0	14.4	85.6
Attack or threat (50)	19.2	21.0	62.9
SEX OF RESPONDENT			
Male (1823)	15.0	21.5	67.1
Female (2195)	12.9	15.3	73.9
AGE OF RESPONDENT			
16-19 years (236)	14.9	22.6	67.4
20-29 years (760)	13.5	17.4	71.8
30-59 years (2106)	14.5	20.3	68.0
60 years + (883)	12.6	13.1	76.6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME			
Below Average (1698)	9.8	18.2	74.1
Above Average (1820)	15.5	19.2	68.4
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION			
Still at school (96)	8.8	18.8	75.9
Under 15 (597)	10.8	16.3	75.0
15-16 years (1351)	11.8	21.1	70.0
17 and over (1845)	16.4	16.7	69.6
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			
Employed Full-time (1863)	15.3	20.3	67.4
Employed Part-time (405)	12.8	20.8	68.4
Not in employment (1641)	13.0	15.3	74.5
CITY SIZE			
< 10,000 (589)	4.7	40.5	56.5
10 < 50,000 (427)	7.9	22.7	72.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	8.9	24.1	70.2
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	13.8	12.9	77.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	19.3	10.2	73.3
OUTDOOR VISITS			
At least once a week (2268)	13.4	18.1	71.1
Less than once/week (1675)	14.3	18.7	70.1
PLACE OF RESIDENCE			
New South Wales (1460)	18.1	14.6	70.2
Victoria (1057)	16.8	15.6	70.7
Queensland (656)	5.3	21.7	74.0
South Australia (353)	13.4	22.2	68.0
Western Australia (358)	8.4	22.3	72.1
Tasmania (101)	10.2	45.8	51.0
Northern Territory (33)	0	16.4	83.6
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..			
The 1989 Survey (2012)	13.5	19.1	70.1
The 1992 Survey (2006)	14.4	17.6	70.9

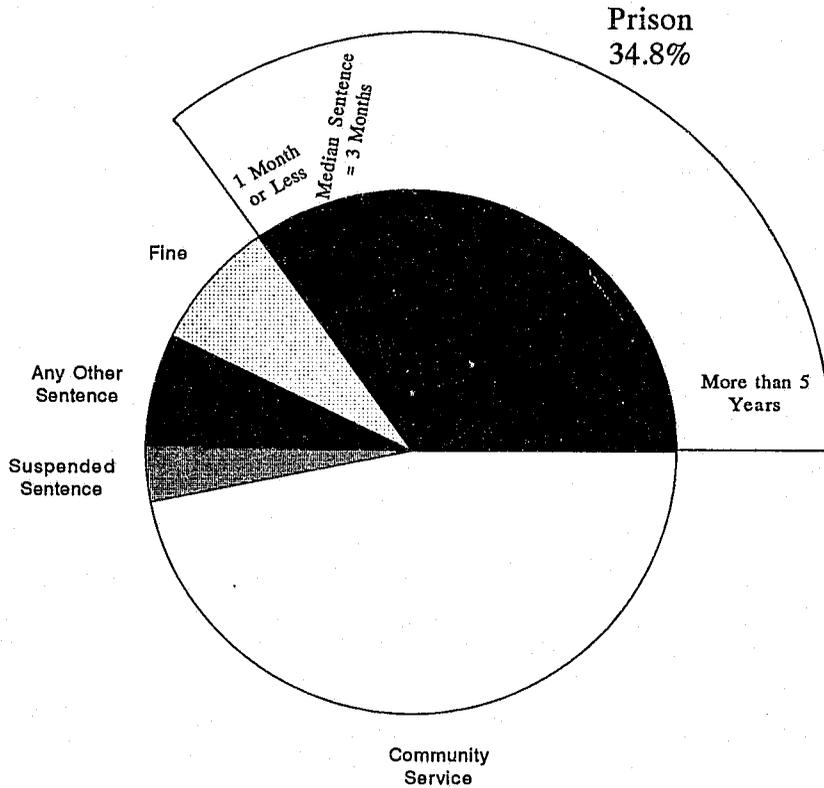
Note: Different questionnaire structures in the two surveys limit the comparability of the 'Most Recent Incident Reported' responses.

Table A30 - Appropriate Sentence for Recidivist Theft of a TV
Percentages by Characteristics of Respondent
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991

Respondent Characteristics/ (No. of Respondents) Base = All 4018 respondents	PUNISHMENT TV-THEFT					Median sentence (Mths)
	Fine	Community service	Suspended sentence	Any other sentence	Prison	
Total Respondents (4018)	8.0	46.9	3.5	6.8	34.8	3.0
MOST RECENT INCIDENT REPORTED						
No incidents Reported (3107)	8.3	46.6	3.5	7.1	34.4	3.0
Car Theft (126)	10.2	43.2	3.5	6.7	37.1	4.0
Theft from a car (148)	8.1	50.8	4.8	4.3	32.0	6.0
Damage to a car (70)	7.9	41.8	3.9	4.0	45.5	4.0
Theft of a bicycle (60)	6.4	50.3	6.1	3.0	34.3	3.0
Burglary or attempt (257)	4.6	47.4	3.7	8.7	35.7	3.0
Theft from garage (79)	6.0	55.0	1.0	5.3	32.8	12.0
Robbery (11)	15.2	38.2	0	10.1	16.5	84.0
Theft personal property (90)	8.8	48.5	2.2	5.4	35.1	3.0
Sexual offence (12)	0	49.1	19.7	0	31.2	3.0
Attack or threat (50)	5.6	43.8	4.2	4.0	42.5	3.0
SEX OF RESPONDENT						
Male (1823)	8.4	44.7	3.4	6.8	36.8	3.0
Female (2195)	7.7	49.0	3.6	6.8	32.9	3.0
AGE OF RESPONDENT						
16-19 years (236)	8.6	47.2	4.8	3.0	36.4	3.0
20-29 years (760)	7.7	43.3	4.2	4.6	40.2	3.0
30-59 years (2106)	7.3	49.9	3.0	7.3	32.4	3.0
60 years + (883)	9.3	43.2	3.8	9.3	34.4	3.0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
Below Average (1698)	7.3	45.6	3.6	7.2	36.4	3.0
Above Average (1820)	8.3	49.2	3.4	5.6	33.4	3.0
AGE OF FINISHING EDUCATION						
Still at school (96)	7.2	54.5	3.2	4.1	31.0	3.0
Under 15 (597)	8.1	42.9	3.2	10.6	36.2	4.0
15-16 years (1351)	8.1	44.4	2.6	5.7	39.2	3.0
17 and over (1845)	8.0	49.2	4.3	6.8	31.7	3.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed Full-time (1863)	7.8	46.8	3.2	7.1	35.2	3.0
Employed Part-time (405)	7.0	53.7	4.0	5.2	30.0	3.0
Not in employment (1641)	8.7	45.1	3.8	7.0	35.5	4.0
CITY SIZE						
< 10,000 (589)	9.1	49.7	3.7	6.6	30.9	3.0
10 < 50,000 (427)	8.6	48.3	2.0	5.3	35.9	3.0
50 < 500,000 (388)	5.1	52.5	4.2	5.9	32.3	4.0
500,000 to 1 Million (407)	8.1	46.9	2.9	4.4	37.7	8.0
Over 1 Million (2061)	8.4	44.6	3.6	7.5	35.9	3.0
OUTDOOR VISITS						
At least once a week (2268)	8.0	47.4	3.8	5.6	35.2	3.0
Less than once/week (1675)	8.3	46.7	3.1	8.0	33.9	3.0
PLACE OF RESIDENCE						
New South Wales (1460)	6.7	46.7	3.9	7.0	35.8	4.0
Victoria (1057)	8.1	45.9	3.4	7.7	34.9	3.0
Queensland (656)	7.2	54.9	2.8	5.2	30.0	3.0
South Australia (353)	11.2	41.2	4.3	4.9	38.3	3.0
Western Australia (358)	10.8	41.5	2.8	8.1	36.7	3.0
Tasmania (101)	10.2	43.9	4.8	9.3	31.8	3.0
Northern Territory (33)	8.2	58.3	1.7	0	31.8	3.0
RESPONSES OBTAINED IN ..						
The 1989 Survey (2012)	8.5	45.7	2.9	7.3	35.6	3.0
The 1992 Survey (2006)	7.6	47.9	4.0	6.4	34.1	8.0

Note: Different questionnaire structures in the two surveys limit the comparability of the 'Most Recent Incident Reported' responses.

Figure A24
Respondents' Opinions on Sentencing for a
Recidivist Theft of a Television
Aggregated Sample, Australia 1988 & 1991



Caution: Sample Survey results must be interpreted carefully, *particularly* when they are sub-divided into categories where small numbers of respondents are likely. Corroboration from independent sources of information should always be sought before attempting to draw conclusions from such survey results.