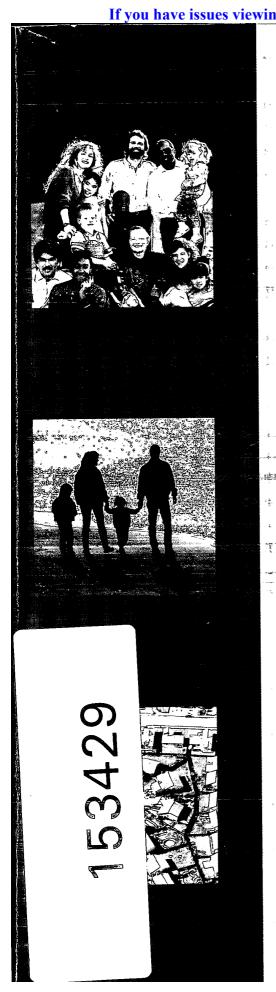
If you have issues viewing or accessing this file, please contact us at NCJRS.gov.





RESPONDING TO DRUG USE AND VIOLENCE:

Helping People, Families, and Communities

A Directory and Resource Guide of Public- and Private-Sector Drug Control Grants



January 1995

Lee P. Brown, Director

Executive Office of the President Office of National Drug Control Policy Washington, D.C. 20500

		•

RESPONDING TO DRUG USE AND VIOLENCE: Helping People, Families, and Communities

A Directory and Resource Guide of Public- and Private-Sector Drug Control Grants



January 1995

Lee P. Brown, Director

Executive Office of the President Office of National Drug Control Policy Washington, D.C. 20500

		,	

From The Director :

Illicit drug use and drug-related violence continue to be among the most profound problems confronting the Nation. It is estimated that 2.7 million Americans are chronic, hardcore drug users. Recent studies show that use of heroin and marijuana are increasing, particularly among our Nation's youth. According to Drug Use Forecasting (DUF) data, the percentage of arrestees who test positive for illicit drug use has increased to nearly 50 percent. The situation will remain grim unless we take bold steps to curtail drug activity. As Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP), I, along with President Clinton, recognize these facts and view the drug problem as a national priority.

The drug problem is one that knows no social or economic boundaries. Drugs are not a problem solely of the poor, minorities, or inner-city residents. Drugs are destroying individuals, families, and communities of all kinds at this moment. At a junior high school in a small town, a 14-year-old marijuana user is attempting to convince a 12-year-old that he will fit in with his peers if he smokes a joint. In a mid-sized suburb, a mother of two is turning to prostitution to support her crack-cocaine habit. In an inner-city park, rival gang members are firing shots at each other in a battle for heroin business that jeopardizes the lives of neighborhood residents living, playing, and walking nearby. Each of these drug-related events is one more step on a violent and destructive path that imposes tragic, substantial costs on our criminal justice and health care systems, our economy, and our national spirit.

The Clinton Administration has forged a balance between punishment and prevention through the passage of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, better known as the Crime Control Act, signed by the President on September 13, 1994. It is the largest crime legislation in U.S. history and represents 6 years of hard, bipartisan work at all levels of government and the private sector. The Crime Control Act authorizes additional resources for many new programs as well as current programs. Much of the Crime Control Act's \$30.2 billion, 6-year authorization will support programs to prevent and treat drug use as well as reduce drug-related violence.

Programs authorized in the Crime Control Act and other Federal drug-related grant programs can transform tragic consequences of drug use into examples of healing, hope, and recovery. The 12-year-old child mentioned earlier can now learn about the dangers of illicit drug use and about ways to resist peer pressure through programs sponsored by the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act or the High Risk Youth Program. The 14-year-old child arrested for marijuana use can receive substance abuse treatment and counseling through a variety of programs, including innovative programs funded by Certain Punishment for Young Offenders grants, the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant, Target Cities Program, and other youth programs. The mother of two arrested for prostitution and possession of crack-cocaine can be placed at a correctional facility funded by the Family Unity Demonstration Project, the Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners grants, or the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment's Criminal Justice Treatment Program. These facilities not only provide treatment, job training, health care, and counseling to mothers, but they also allow their children to receive support and counseling within a family unit structure.

Current drug-related programs and Crime Control Act drug-related programs also can help communities claim their right to live in a safe environment. Inner-city residents will be encouraged to formulate neighborhood watch groups through programs conducted by the police officer on their "beat" and funded by a Public Safety and Community Policing grant or the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Program. Residents will be empowered to take back their parks and schoolyards as gang members and other violent drug offenders identified by neighborhood watch groups are arrested, convicted, and sentenced

to a new correctional facility built with Violent Offender Incarceration Grants funds. Our neighborhoods will once again become safe and sane places in which individuals and families can truly live.

The key to success in turning around the lives of individuals affected by drug use is to forge alliances among the Federal, State, and local governments. By itself, the Federal Government is limited in what it can do to reduce illicit drug use and its associated violence. The best chance for real progress involves States and local communities teaming up with the Federal Government to develop unique programs to address the particular needs of their residents. Historically, the drug problem has been approached from different vantage points. In most cases, State and local officials develop drug policy from a local grassroots or "bottom-up" perspective, whereas the Federal Government takes a global or "top-down" view by observing national trends with the objective of developing broad-based policy that has local applications. Each view has validity in addressing illicit drug use and the manifold problems it creates for the Nation. By bringing the Federal, State, and local perspectives together, our chances for eradicating the drug problem are strengthened. This approach represents a shift away from how the U.S. drug problem and ameliorative programs have been addressed in the past.

ONDCP has produced this directory and resource guide to assist State, local, and community officials and those working closest to the drug problem to find the Federal assistance they need to make current and new programs effective in the fight against drugs. All these individuals can benefit from this comprehensive roadmap to public- and private-sector forms of support. ONDCP released the first version of this directory, titled *Directory of Federal Anti-Drug Grants*, in April 1991. This new directory is an updated and significantly expanded version of that earlier work.

Facing the drug problem head on will require all our collective energies. Federal, State, and local governments will have to work together in an earnest and dedicated effort to solve this difficult and pervasive problem. Parents will need to take responsibility for their children, individuals will need to take responsibility for their personal actions, and communities will need to challenge their citizens to stand up not only for what is right but what will do the most for the common good.

Lee P. Brown Director

Table of Contents

SECTION I. THE FEDERAL GRANT MAKING PROCESS AND	
THE FLOW OF FUNDS	3
SECTION II. FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAMS	9
Department of Education	. 13
Current Programs	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Program Vocational Rehabilitation State Grant Program Grants for Infants and Families Program Special Education Programs: Special Purpose Fund Programs	. 18 . 19
Crime Control Act Program	
Family and Community Endeavor Schools Grant Program	. 21
Department of Health and Human Services	. 23
Current Programs	
Demonstration Grants for Populations At Risk for Substance Abuse Program Community Partnership Demonstration Grant Program Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant Program Comprehensive Community Treatment Programs Cooperative Agreements for Addiction Training Centers Program Critical Populations Demonstration Grant Program Target Cities Cooperative Agreement Program Criminal Justice Treatment Program Women and Children Demonstration Grant Programs for Treatment AIDS Demonstration Grant Programs Drug Abuse and Prevention Program for Runaway and Homeless Youth Youth Initiative Program/Youth Gang Drug Education and Prevention Program Abandoned Infants Assistance Program Temporary Child Care and Crisis Nurseries Program Community-Based Resource Centers Program Head Start Family Service Center Projects Program	. 27 . 29 . 31 . 34 . 35 . 36 . 38 . 40 . 42 . 44 . 45 . 46 . 47

Crime Control Act Program
Community Schools and Youth Services and Supervision Grant Program 5
Department of Housing and Urban Development 5
Current Program
Public Housing Drug Elimination Grants Program 5
Crime Control Act Program
Local Partnership Act Program 5
Department of the Interior
Crime Control Act Program
Urban Recreation and At-Risk Youth Program
Department of Justice
Current Programs
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Program 6 Operation Weed and Seed Program
Crime Control Act Programs
Public Safety and Community Policing Grants Program
Grants Programs
Model Intensive Grant Program
Local Crime Prevention Block Grant Program
Family Unity Demonstration Project
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners Program
Assistance for Delinquent and At-Risk Youth Program
Rural Drug Enforcement Assistance—Drug Trafficking in Rural Areas Program 8
Grants To Combat Violent Crimes Against Women Program 8
Rural Domestic Violence and Child Abuse Enforcement Program 8
Department of Labor
Current Program
Job Training Partnership Act Programs

Department of Transportation
Current Program
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Programs
Department of Treasury93
Crime Control Act Program
Gang Resistance Education and Training Program
Corporation for National Service
Current Programs
AmeriCorps*USA 98 AmeriCorps*VISTA 101 National Senior Volunteer Corps 102 Learn and Serve 104 AmeriCorps*NCCC 106
Ounce of Prevention Council
Crime Control Act Program
Ounce of Prevention Council Grants Program
SECTION III. ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS AND RESOURCES
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program 113 The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance 113 Private-Sector Foundations 114
APPENDIX A: FEDERAL FORMULA GRANT FUNDING BY STATE
APPENDIX B: HIDTA POINTS OF CONTACT
APPENDIX C: GRANT PROGRAM POINTS OF CONTACT BY STATE
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

	-		

Introduction

The National Drug Control Strategy¹ outlines the Clinton Administration's direction for reducing illicit drug use and drug-related violence. The Strategy takes a balanced approach to reducing the demand for illicit drugs that includes preventing drug use before it starts, extending a hand to those who have started, and punishing those who profit from the misery and the tragedy that stem from drug trafficking. Effective Federal partnerships with State and local antidrug efforts are central to the success of the Strategy. Drug use and its associated consequences are not problems belonging only to the President or the Administration; they affect all Americans and all segments of society. Indeed, they are our problems. By working together, change can and will occur.

The first step in reducing the demand for drugs is to prevent drug use before it starts. Comprehensive prevention programs, particularly for children, must be developed. These programs should be community and school based and should include input and effort from the following: families, schools, religious organizations, businesses, public housing communities, law enforcement agencies, employers, and the community as a whole. A multidisciplinary approach is critical because it is the most successful type of partnership. By securing the commitment of various sectors of the community that serve or address at-risk populations, these partnerships often enable communities to drive out drug trafficking by providing an array of alternative activities for residents.

While the development of partnerships for drug prevention is encouraged, communities must be prepared for all possible outcomes. Individuals who have crossed the line into drug use, especially chronic, hardcore use, will need assistance in overcoming their addiction. Drug dependency is a chronic, often relapsing disorder. For this reason, drug users stand their best chance of recovery with appropriate intervention and treatment that meet their needs, not as they are in a textbook but as they are in real life. Comprehensive treatment services must be made available to everyone who needs and wants it.

In addition to providing treatment and prevention services, communities and governments must also address the fact that the drug epidemic has had a major impact on an already overloaded criminal justice system. Swift, certain, and appropriate punishment must be administered to drug offenders. Governments must take a hard look at intermediate sanctions and alternatives to incarceration and devise the most effective approach to using limited resources at all levels of government, as well as within the private sector.

Resources play a central role in the Nation's efforts to reduce illicit drug use. The Federal budget for drug-related grants to State, local, and private agencies has nearly doubled in response to this problem, approximately from \$6.7 billion in FY 1989 to \$13.3 billion in FY 1995. Furthermore, new grant programs have been created, and a large number of other programs have been expanded.

The passage of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322, referred to hereafter as the Crime Control Act) will open new avenues for additional funding to meet the challenge of reducing illicit drug use and its associated consequences. Funds totaling \$30.2 billion over 6 years are authorized for programs such as the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Program, Drug Courts, Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners Grants, Public Safety and

¹For a copy of the *National Drug Control Strategy*, contact the Office of National Drug Control Policy Drugs and Crime Clearinghouse at (800) 666-3332.

Community Policing Grants, Truth In Sentencing Incentive Grants, the Ounce of Prevention Council Grants, Community Schools and Youth Services and Supervision Grants, and substance abuse treatment within the Local Partnership Act program, among others.

State, local, and private agencies face an array of possible sources for drug-related grant assistance. In addition to the few aforementioned sources, State, local, and private agencies may be eligible for drug-related grants offered through more than 300 private foundations. Although some foundations place limitations on subject areas, recipient types, and geographic locations, many foundation grants have no such restrictions. This allows for greater innovation in the development of drug-related prevention, treatment, and criminal justice programs.

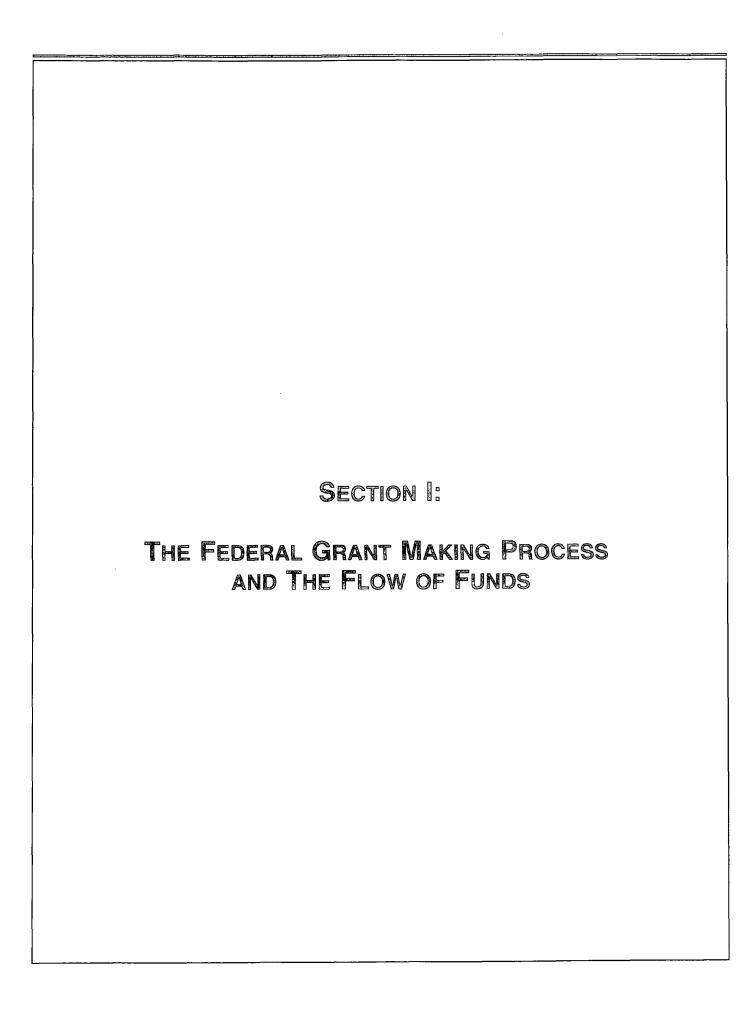
The search for possible public and private funding sources can often be a frustrating and difficult one. Therefore, this directory attempts to ease the search for potential funding by cataloging Federal programs that make drug-related grants to States, localities, and private agencies. It further provides information on how to identify and contact private foundations that also may provide valuable resources. The directory is divided into three main sections:

- Section I describes the grantmaking process and depicts how funds flow from the Federal Government to recipients;
- Section II catalogs formula, discretionary, demonstration, and competitive Federal drug-related program grants, as well as key, nongrant funding programs, and provides a brief description of each; and
- Section III provides information on other Federal and private foundation resources.

Three appendixes also are included:

- Appendix A outlines the most current information on Federal formula grant funding as well as housing authority funding by State:
- Appendix B provides a list of High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) program coordinators; and
- Appendix C provides appropriate State contacts (hereafter referred to as points of contact) by function for the drug-related grant programs.

After reviewing this directory and resource guide, Federal, State, and local agencies should be convinced that the resources needed to turn the tide against illicit drug use and its consequences *are* available if the commitment to work together to develop antidrug programs is also present. The Office of National Drug Control Policy believes the time and financial resources devoted to these programs are small prices to pay for the quality of life that these programs seek to preserve.



·			
	•		

Section I: The Federal Grant Making Process and The Flow Of Funds —

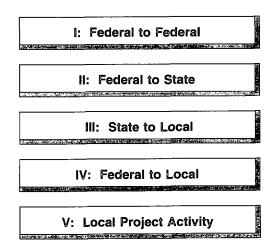
This section describes the grant making process and outlines the flow of funding that links the Federal Government to States and localities. Federal partnerships with State and local antidrug efforts are central to the success of the National Drug Control Strategy; thus, it is essential that the Nation's drug control policy be integrated and community based.

Grant funds are distributed using one of the methods described below:

- Formula.—Formula programs award grants using a formula prescribed by the U.S. Congress. In many cases, the formula is population based or need based.
- Discretionary / Demonstration.—Discretionary or demonstration programs award grants on the merit of competitive applications submitted by eligible agencies or activities. Applications are ranked in order of merit, and the highest ranking applications are awarded funds.

A variety of sources exist through which State, local, and private agencies can receive Federal formula-based and competitive drug-related grant assistance. Readers of this section should take note that each grant program has unique application requirements and application deadlines. This directory and resource guide is not intended to be a primer on the application process, nor is it intended to substitute for specific Federal department grant program announcements or application procedures. It is, however, meant to give general descriptive information for drug-related grant programs. To ensure a complete understanding of specific grant programs, application requirements, and application deadlines, readers should contact the appropriate Federal grant program point of contact listed at the end of each program description.

The following general discussion focuses primarily on formula-based grant assistance. Federal funds under the formula grant process usually are distributed through one of five methods as seen in the chart below:



I: FEDERAL TO FEDERAL.

Federal funds are made available to the Federal agency that administers the grant program. Overall funding levels are determined through the Federal budget process. Immediately after Congress enacts full-year appropriations bills and the President signs them, Federal agencies develop plans for using the funds during the fiscal year, specifically by fiscal year quarters.

Funds under each formula grant program are apportioned, or divided, among fiscal year quarters depending on the grant program. For example, U.S. Department of Justice grant program funds usually are apportioned to the second quarter because that is when the Bureau of Justice Assistance expects to make most grant awards to States. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services apportions its grant funds equally to all four quarters. State applications usually are approved during the second quarter, and State awards are made during the second, third, and fourth quarters. Most U.S. Department of Education grant funds are apportioned to the fourth quarter because by law these grant programs are "forward funded," which means projects and activities will be funded during the following school year.

II: FEDERAL TO STATE _

The Federal Government awards funds to the States upon successful completion of a specific application process. This process begins with the Federal agencies providing information to the States regarding grant availability and program requirements. Federal agencies formally notify the States that funds are available after the full-year appropriations are enacted. Program guidance and application instructions also are provided to the States. The Federal agency administering each program reviews the completed applications, calculates the award amount, and makes awards to the States.

III: STATE TO LOCAL _

States make funds available to State and local recipients. This mirrors in many ways the Federal to State process. Many States require their legislatures to appropriate Federal funds awarded to the State, as well as any required matching funds. The State must issue notifications of awards to potential local recipients, review applications for local projects, and finally, make awards for specific local projects.

Unfortunately, the Federal budget and grantmaking processes do not correspond to many States' fiscal years. Potential grant recipients should consult with the appropriate State program point of contact listed in Appendix C to avoid any misunderstandings of funding timelines concerning the State appropriations process.

IV: FEDERAL TO LOCAL ___

Formula and discretionary grants are administered by a Federal agency directly to local units of government. These grant awards are made on a competitive basis and typically are authorized for a period of 3 to 5 years. Many programs that receive these grants also are given the opportunity to extend their period of award provided they can demonstrate their effectiveness.

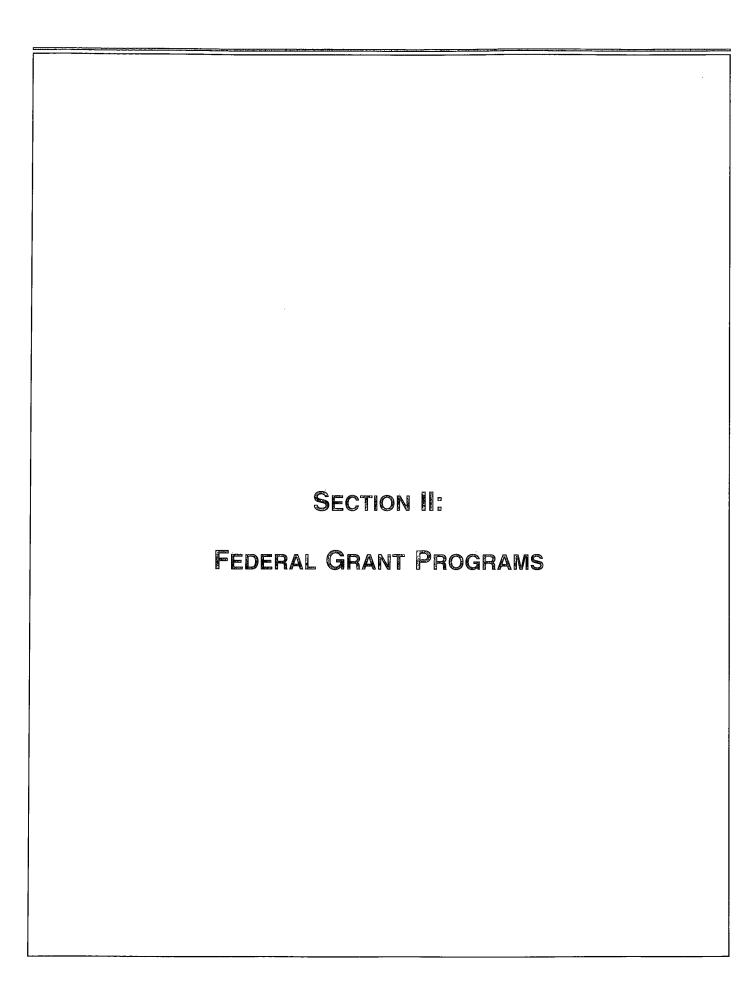
V: LOCAL PROJECT ACTIVITY __

Federal payments are made for project expenditures such as hiring staff, paying salaries, purchasing any necessary supplies and equipment, and ultimately delivering services. These payments may be made in advance, after non-Federal funds have been spent, or as reimbursements. Each program has unique requirements, and each State works within its own budget and legislative process to implement the grant programs.

PARTNERSHIPS ARE THE KEY ___

Ultimately, America's drug problem will be solved at home through domestic programs that combine effective law enforcement, treatment, prevention, and education programs that are mutually supportive and designed to meet the unique needs of communities. Antidrug efforts are a *national* undertaking, not a Federal one. One key to successfully implementing many of the objectives of the National Drug Control Strategy is creating *partnerships* between Federal, State, local, and private-sector organizations. Partnerships involve everyone. They strengthen and empower communities, enabling them to alleviate drug activity.

The Federal antidrug grant programs described in Sections II and III are not the solution to the drug problem; rather, these programs provide the means for establishing and maintaining partnerships that effectively *respond* to drug use and violence in order to *help* all Americans live happier, safer, and more productive lives.



			·

Section II: Federal Grant Programs =

This section describes 31 current Federal grant programs and 18 Federal programs that were established by the Crime Control Act. Programs are described in order of the Federal department that administers them and by their status as either a current program or a Crime Control Act program. Each program description includes the title, total actual funding for Fiscal Year (FY) 1994 current programs (where applicable), funding *authorized* (allowed under the Congressional statute establishing the program) or *appropriated* (actually awarded by Congress) for FY 1995 and FY 1996, grant type, summary of purpose and eligibility requirements, and point(s) of contact. A brief discussion of the Crime Control Act is provided below.

The Crime Control Act is the Nation's response to the nearly 300-percent increase in violent crime Americans have experienced since the last comprehensive anticrime legislation passed 25 years ago. It contains changes in Federal legislation that increase penalties for Federal crimes and provides authorization for \$30.2 billion in funding for law enforcement, corrections, crime prevention, and court programs during the next 6 years.

All the programs set forth in the Crime Control Act will have a holistic effect on reducing drug use in America by empowering local communities; adding 100,000 new police officers on the street; providing 100,000 new prison cells; and improving the social, educational, and economic wealth of the most disadvantaged individuals in our society. Of the total number of Crime Control Act programs, 18 have been identified by the Office of National Drug Control Policy as programs offering drug-related grants to States and local communities.

Crime Control Act drug-related programs will substantially increase the Federal Government's commitment to eradicating illicit drugs in America. Furthermore, the Crime Control Act's approach to stopping crime will be comprehensive because the Crime Control Act is the result of 6 years of work with Congress, the Administration, and the criminal justice community. The programs will strike a balance between drug prevention and treatment programs and traditional law enforcement.

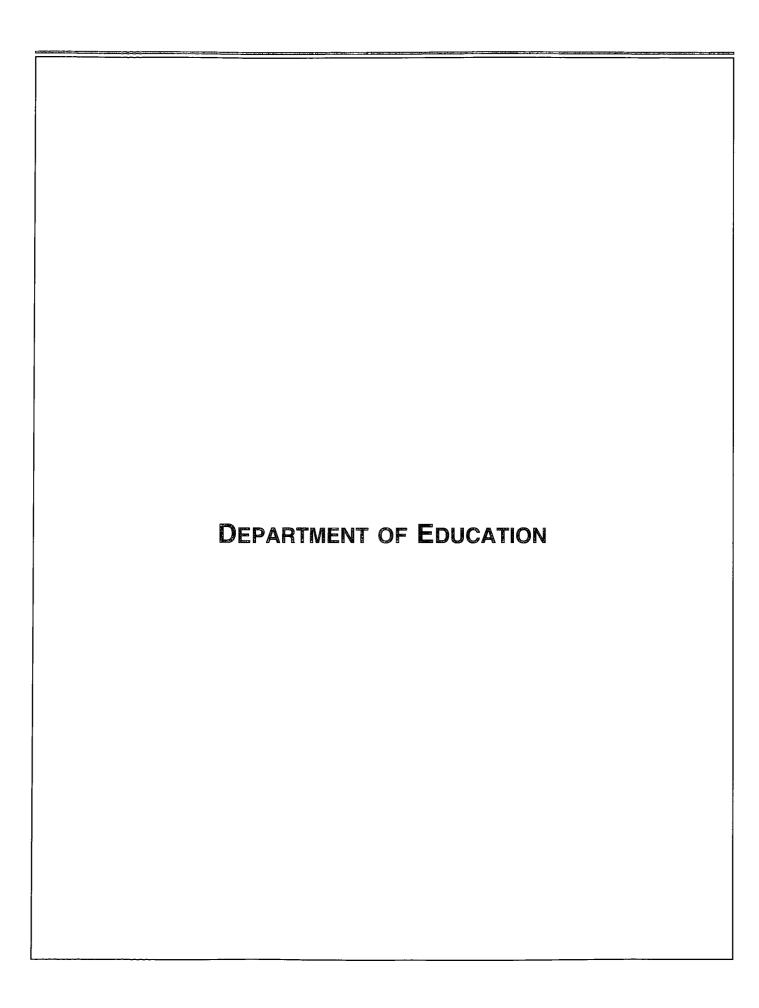
Some funds, such as those for the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Program, will continue existing programs, and others will provide new programs. Certain programs, such as Drug Courts, are 100 percent drug related, while others, like the Family and Community Endeavor Schools Grant Program (FACES), are only partly drug related (e.g., 20 percent for FACES). All Crime Control Act program descriptions refer to the total funding authorized or appropriated, *not* to the portion of funding which is drug-related. Information on the drug-related portion of funding for these and other Federal programs is available in the 1995 National Drug Control Strategy Budget Summary.²

Because many of these Crime Control Act drug-related programs are new, guidelines for grant application and eligibility are still being developed. For complete information on the criminal and funding provisions of the Crime Control Act, the U.S. Department of Justice has established a toll-free telephone number for their Response Center, which provides automated information on Crime Control Act programs. Operators are available from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST (Eastern Standard Time), Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays. Additional information can be obtained by contacting the Response Center at (800) 421-6770.

¹Program descriptions and funding levels are correct as of the date of publication and are subject to change. Readers are encouraged to consult with the respective program points of contact for current information.

²For a copy of the *1995 National Drug Control Strategy Budget Summary,* contact the Office of National Drug Control Policy Drugs and Crime Clearinghouse at (800) 666-3332.

	•	·		



	•		

SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES PROGRAM __

Department of Education—Current Program

SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES PROGRAM							
COMPONENTS	DOLLARS (IN MILLIONS)						
CONFONENTS	1993 ACTUAL	1994 ACTUAL	1995 APPROPRIATION				
State Grants	\$505.3 ¹	\$376.0 ¹	\$457.0				
National Programs	76.8 ¹	75.6 ¹	25.0				
Safe Schools		20.0	0				
TOTAL	\$582.1 ¹	\$471.6 ¹	\$ 482.0				

Congress authorized the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act to extend the authority of the former Drug-Free Schools and Communities program, as well as broaden it to include activities to prevent violence. This legislation takes a comprehensive, integrated approach to drug and violence prevention by recognizing the relationship between drug use and violent behavior. It also builds on the successes of schools working with other sectors of the community to create drug- and violence-free environments both within and outside of the schools.

The Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act accomplishes the following:

- Adds violence prevention as a key element of programs;
- Links schools and communities;
- Promotes comprehensive prevention strategies;
- Targets resources to areas of greatest need; and
- Increases the accountability of State educational agencies (SEAs) and local educational agencies (LEAs) by requiring needs assessments and measurement of goals and objectives.

Funds are distributed through two programs: Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State grants program and Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities National programs.

Each program is described on the following pages.

¹Adjusted for comparability with FY 1995 amounts appropriated under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act. In FY 1993 and FY 1994, funds were appropriated for programs authorized under the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act.

Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$376 million²

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$457 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

Under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants program, States receive funds based on a two-part formula—50 percent is based on the formula outlined in Title 1 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, and 50 percent is based on school-age populations. For the first time, State educational agencies (SEAs) will determine the criteria for selecting high-need local educational agencies (LEAs) and target funds to those districts.

Up to five LEAs or 10 percent of the LEAs in the State, whichever are greater, must be designated as "high need," and States will distribute 30 percent of their LEA funding to those LEAs with the greatest need. States will distribute the remaining 70 percent to LEAs based on enrollment. LEAs will have the flexibility to target funds to students with the greatest need for additional drug and violence prevention services.

Approximately \$1 million of the funds in FY 1995 will be reserved for a national evaluation of the program and initial collection of data about the incidence of school violence. Funds equaling \$4.8 million will provide services to Indian youth on Federal reservations, and \$900,000 will support prevention programs for Native Hawaiians.

The Governors' program under the State Grants program will continue to support programs and activities for children and youth not normally served by SEAs or LEAs or for populations needing special services (e.g., preschoolers, youth in juvenile detention facilities, runaway or homeless children and youth, and school dropouts).

Grants are awarded annually on a formula basis.

Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities National Programs

FY 1994 Actual: \$75.6 million²

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$25 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants

Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities National Programs provide broad discretionary authority to the Secretary of Education to implement, in accordance with his priorities, programs that prevent the illegal use of drugs and violence among students at all educational levels, as well as to promote safety and discipline for them. Grant competitions for programs

²Adjusted for comparability with FY 1995 amounts appropriated under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act. In FY 1993 and FY 1994, funds were appropriated for programs authorized under the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act.

supported by these funds are announced in notices published in the Federal Register.

Awards usually are made on a competitive basis in the first year and may be renewed on a noncompetitive basis for 2 to 4 succeeding fiscal years.

Safe Schools

FY 1994 Actual: \$20 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$0

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants

The Safe Schools program provides competitive grants to local educational agencies with serious school crime, violence, and discipline problems for projects designed to combat these problems and thereby enhance school safety and promote better access to learning.

To be eligible for a Safe Schools grant, a school district must serve an area in which there is a high rate of (1) homicides committed by persons between the ages of 5 and 18, inclusive; (2) referrals of youth to juvenile court; (3) youth under the supervision of the courts; (4) expulsions and suspensions of students from school; (5) referrals of youth, for disciplinary reasons, to alternative schools; or (6) victimization of youth by violence, crime, or other forms of abuse. Schools must have serious school crime, violence, and disciplinary problems, as indicated by other appropriate data.

Funds may be used to support a variety of activities that promote school safety or prevent school violence.

Funding for this program was authorized and appropriated for FY 1994 only.

For More Information Contact:

Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Program
The Portals Bldg., Rm. 4011B
600 Independence Ave., S.W.
Washington, DC 20202-6123
(202) 260-3954
FAX: (202) 260-7767

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION STATE GRANT PROGRAM.

Department of Education—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$79 million1

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$82.2 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

This program, administered by the Rehabilitation Services Administration of the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, supports vocational rehabilitation services by providing assistance to States. The program provides a wide range of services designed to help persons with disabilities prepare for and engage in gainful employment to the extent of their capabilities. Individuals with a physical or mental disability that results in a substantial impediment to employment and who can benefit in employment outcome are eligible for assistance, including individuals whose disabling condition is due to drug use. Services target specific needs of individuals, and an individualized written rehabilitation program is developed jointly by a rehabilitation counselor and the individual. The program may include a variety of services, such as vocational evaluation, counseling, mental and physical restoration, education, vocational training, work adjustment, job placement, and postemployment services. Priority is given to individuals with the most severe disabilities.

The program uses an allotment formula that takes into account population and per capita income to distribute funds among the States. Grants are administered by vocational rehabilitation agencies designated by the State. To receive grants, the designated State agency must submit a 3-year State plan for implementing the funds. The State share of project costs must equal 21.3 percent. If, however, a project involves construction of a facility for community rehabilitation program purposes, the State share must equal 50 percent.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Don Barrett
Technical and Information Specialist
Clearinghouse on Disability Information
330 C St., S.W., Rm. 3132
Washington, DC 20202-2524
(202) 205-8241

FAX: (202) 205-9252

¹Estimated funds expected to serve individuals whose disabling condition is due to drug abuse.

GRANTS FOR INFANTS AND FAMILIES PROGRAM

Department of Education—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$25.3 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$31.6 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

This program provides Federal support to help States develop and implement statewide systems of early intervention services for children ages birth to 2 who are developmentally delayed or who have a diagnosed physical or mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in developmental delay. Since many drug-exposed children are likely to be eligible for services under this program, the Department of Education (DOEd) considers the program to be a significant component of the Federal effort to address the needs of these children. Furthermore, it is estimated that 10 percent of the children served in FY 1995 will be children who were prenatally exposed to drugs.

For FY 1995, DOEd plans to allocate funds based partly on the number of children served by the program and partly on the number of people in the general population.

Grants are awarded annually on a formula basis.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Don Barrett
Technical and Information Specialist
Clearinghouse on Disability Information
330 C St., S.W., Rm. 3132
Washington, DC 20202-2524
(202) 205-8241
FAX: (202) 205-9252

SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS: SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND PROGRAMS.

Department of Education—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$2.1 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$1.8 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants

These programs support grants, contracts, and cooperative agreements to public agencies and private nonprofit organizations, as well as—in some cases—profitmaking organizations. Funded activities include research, demonstration projects, outreach, training, technical assistance, and other activities to improve special education and early intervention services for infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities. For example, in FY 1991 the department awarded \$750,000 to an early childhood research institute on drug abuse; funding for the institute will continue in FY 1995.

In FY 1995 the following continuation projects will be funded:

- An inservice training program to improve services to drug-exposed and HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)-infected children ages birth to 5 years and their families;
- Outreach activities to improve services to drug-exposed or HIV-infected children ages birth to 8 years and their families;
- Studies of infants and toddlers prenatally exposed to cocaine; and
- Programs to prepare personnel to with drug-exposed infants and toddlers.

Awards usually are made on a competitive basis in the first year and are renewed on a noncompetitive basis for 2 to 4 succeeding fiscal years.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Don Barrett
Technical and Information Specialist
Clearinghouse on Disability Information
330 C St., S.W., Rm. 3132
Washington, DC 20202-2524
(202) 205-8241
FAX: (202) 205-9252

FAMILY AND COMMUNITY ENDEAVOR SCHOOLS GRANT PROGRAM

Department of Education—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$11.1 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$31.1 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Community-Based Organizations

This Family and Community Endeavor Schools (FACES) Grant program is designed to improve the overall development of at-risk children who reside in communities with significant poverty levels and violent crime as defined by the Secretary of Education. The Secretary will disburse grants on a competitive basis to eligible applicants to develop or expand programs that are designed to improve academic and social development. The program will institute a collaborative structure that trains and coordinates the efforts of teachers, administrators, social workers, guidance counselors, parents, and school volunteers to provide concurrent social services for at-risk students at selected public schools.

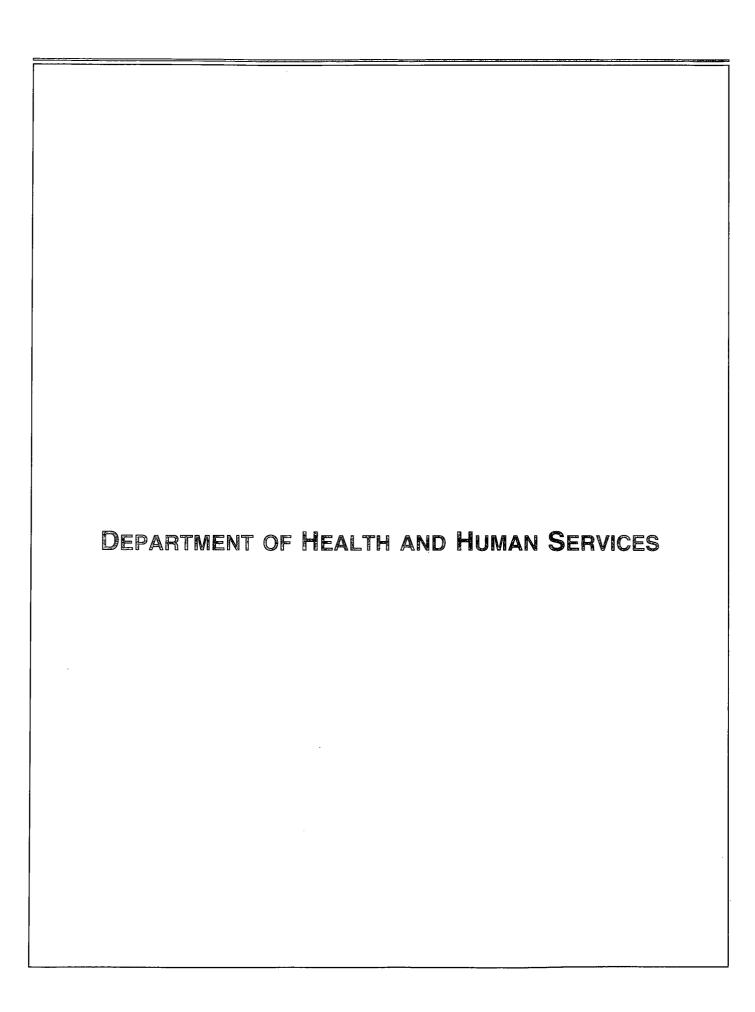
A local grantee receiving funds may develop a variety of programs to serve the comprehensive needs of students, such as homework assistance and afterschool programs, including educational, social, and athletic activities; nutrition services; mentoring programs; family counseling; and parental training programs.

In awarding grants to implement programs, the Secretary shall give priority to local applicants that demonstrate the greatest effort in generating local support. No grant will be less than \$250,000. Federal funds may not be used for more than 70 percent of the cost for each program, although non-Federal funds may be in-kind. At least 15 percent of non-Federal funds must come from private sources. Grants may not be used to supplant Federal funds from another source for which the program may be eligible. Program funding is authorized for a period of 6 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$11.1 million. Total authorization for this program is \$243 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Program The Portals Bldg., Rm. 4011B 600 Independence Ave., S.W. Washington, DC 20202-6123 (202) 260-3954

FAX: (202) 260-7767



DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR POPULATIONS AT RISK FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$56.6 million:

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$65.1 million
(Approximately \$15.5 million for new High-Risk Youth grants and \$5.4 million for new Adolescent Females grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to Community-Based Organizations

This program, administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP), defines effective strategies in preventing the use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (ATOD) among the Nation's youth. High Risk Youth (HRY) grants support community-based organizations, schools, and nonprofit organizations to develop and field-test innovative approaches aimed at preventing ATOD use and helping young people make healthy, productive, self-affirming life choices. Since the program's inception, grantees have designed, implemented, and evaluated prevention strategies that target individuals, families, schools, peer groups, and communities.

The HRY demonstration grants program began in FY 1994 with 156 HRY grants and ended the year with 128 active grants. New grants for FY 1995 (with FY 1994 funding) will focus on four areas: high-risk youth, adolescent females, AOD-related violence among high-risk youth, and replication of model HRY programs for preventing ATOD use among high-risk youth. Funding for the four areas are as follows:

- *High-Risk Youth.*—Approximately \$4.7 million has been awarded for 14 new HRY grants. These grants will demonstrate and assess the effectiveness of comprehensive strategies to prevent or reduce ATOD use among high-risk youth.
- Adolescent Females.—Approximately \$4 million has been awarded for 13 new HRY grants. These grants will target adolescent females who are in the following high-risk groups: victims of physical or sexual abuse, individuals who are pregnant or parenting, and individuals experiencing mental health problems such as eating disorders or suicidal ideation. Projects are encouraged to target adolescent girls and young women in the criminal/juvenile justice system, as well as females who are either at risk for having or who do have sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS (human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immune deficiency syndrome).
- AOD-Related Violence Among High-Risk Youth.—Approximately \$2 million has been awarded for five new HRY grants. These grants will support prevention efforts targeting youth exhibiting multiple risk factors for AOD use and violence related to AOD use.

• Replication of Model HRY Programs.—Approximately \$3 million has been awarded for two types of replication model grants. Three awards were made to field replication models (entities other than the original program developers), and seven awards were made to self-replication models (the original program developers). This grant program is supported through cooperative agreements and will test to what extent HRY programs may be replicated.

Grants are awarded on a competitive basis. As with the previous HRY grant program, support may be requested for a period of up to 5 years. Annual awards will be made subject to continued availability of funds and progress achieved.

For More Information Contact: Ms. Rose Kittrell Acting Branch Chief High Risk Youth Branch Center for Substance Abuse Prevention Rockwall II Bidg., 9th Fl. 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857 (301) 443-0353 FAX: (301) 443-8965

COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIP DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$114.7 million

(\$10 million for new grants)

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$114.7 million

(Approximately \$37 million

for new grants)

Grant Type: Demonstration Grants to Community Coalitions

This program, administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP), promotes community efforts to design comprehensive, coordinated prevention programs to address local needs. These grants support coalitions of parents, schools, academia, public housing, business, industry, government, and professionals in developing and implementing comprehensive, long-term strategies that maintain the best prevention approaches.

The Community Partnership Demonstration (CPD) grant program was designed as a community planning and coordinating body to promote and improve effective program implementation at the local level. The coordinating body consisted of at least seven organizations (i.e., the partnership) that had a common goal—decreasing substance abuse in the community. Federal funding assisted the partnership in establishing priorities, identifying service gaps, and leveraging public and private resources to fill the gaps and enhance prevention programs.

The CPD grant program has expanded its objective to include two new partnership/coalition models—the Community Partnership-Initiated Approach and the State Coordinated Approach. These approaches are designed to serve a variety of broad-based prevention efforts, including violence and crime prevention, adolescent pregnancy, school dropout prevention, and sexually transmitted diseases including HIV/AIDS (human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immune deficiency syndrome). The Community Partnership-Initiated Approach will expand a local community partnership or group of partnerships to form a larger coalition comprised of a minimum of two partnerships. The State Coordinated Approach has the same design, except that the State will be the applicant and will serve as the coordinating body for the coalition.

Grants were awarded on a competitive basis. Approximately \$10 million was made available to support approximately 16 new grants. Under the FY 1995 grant announcement, 60 to 70 grants may be awarded averaging \$500,000. As in the current CPD grant program, support may be requested for a period of up to 5 years.

Unlike the current CPD grant program, which only allows 10 percent and 15 percent of Federal funds to be used for direct services and evaluation, respectively, awards made under FY 1994 funding for the new CPD grant program allow a coalition to use up to 50 percent of Federal funds for direct services and 15 to 25 percent for evaluation. Annual grants will be awarded subject to continued availability of funds and progress achieved.

For More Information Contact:

David Robbins
Chief
Community Prevention and Demonstration Branch
Division of Community Prevention and Training
Center for Substance Abuse Prevention
Rockwall II Bldg., Rm. 9016
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
(301) 443-9438
FAX: (301) 443-0526

SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND TREATMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$1.2 billion¹

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$1.2 billion

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

This program, administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT), is one of the primary tools the Federal Government uses to support and expand alcohol and other drug (AOD) prevention and treatment programs throughout the United States and its territories. The goal of the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant is to expand and enhance the availability and delivery of quality addiction prevention and treatment services nationally. Grants place special emphasis on providing services to pregnant women addicted to AODs, substance-using women with dependent children, and injecting drug users. States, however, have the flexibility to design solutions to address specific local addiction problems.

These funds are administered directly to the States and are allocated according to a formula legislated by Congress. States then distribute these funds to cities and counties within their jurisdictions based on need. Federal law requires States to allocate funds as follows:

- 20 percent for primary prevention services, 35 percent for alcohol treatment services, and 35 percent for drug treatment services;
- 5 percent in FY 1993 for services targeting pregnant women and women with dependent children and another 5-percent increase in services in FY 1994 for this population; and
- 5 percent for administration of services.

In addition, States must require treatment programs for people who use intravenous drugs and admit them within 14 days after requesting treatment or within 120 days of such a request if interim services are made available within 48 hours. States also are required to give preference to admitting pregnant women to treatment programs and providing interim services, including referral for prenatal care, if no treatment program has the capacity to admit. Furthermore, States must set aside at least \$100,000 in a revolving fund for group homes serving recovering substance abusers.

For FY 1995 a total increase of \$57 million has been appropriated for the SAPT Block Grant (see Appendix A for the allocations for each State). A table highlighting the various components of the SAPT Block Grant appears on the following page.

¹Does not reflect net transfer to the Mental Health Block Grant of \$12.3 million. Upon publication of Public Law 102-321, States were permitted to transfer funds between the SAPT Block Grant and the Mental Health Block Grant during FY 1993 and FY 1994. This transfer provision was not authorized for FY 1995.

SAPT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM							
COMPONENTS	100	DOLLARS (IN MILLIONS)					
COMPONENTS	1993 ACTUAL	1994 ACTUAL	1995 APPROPRIATION				
Federal set-aside	\$56.5	\$51.3 ²	\$61.7				
Prevention activities	214.8	225.2	234.5				
Treatment activities	805.5	844.3	879.3				
State administration	53.7	56.3	58.6				
BLOCK GRANT TOTAL	\$1,130.5	\$1,177.1	\$1,234.1				

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Susan Becker

Director

Division of State Programs

Center for Substance Abuse Treatment

Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 880

5600 Fishers Lane

Rockville, MD 20857

(301) 443-3820

FAX: (301) 443-8345

²Reflects transfer of State earmark of \$7.5 million.

COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY TREATMENT PROGRAMS.

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$27.5 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$31.3 million

(\$5.2 million for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to States and Community-Based Organizations

These programs, administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT), offer a wide array of substance abuse treatment initiatives designed to improve the effectiveness of treatment services. The following programs are funded in this category:

Cooperative Agreements for Substance Abuse Treatment and Recovery Systems for Rural, Remote, and Culturally Distinct Populations

This program supports model systems of substance abuse and/or dependence intervention, treatment, and recovery services for rural, remote, or culturally distinct populations. Projects are designed to improve the availability, accessibility, and effectiveness of services for Native Americans, Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, recent immigrants, and farm workers who reside in areas that are rural, remote, or geographically isolated. A key focus of the program is the development of objective outcome measures and the utilization of evaluation data for program management and decisionmaking, thus producing a self-correcting and self-improving treatment system. Competitive continuation grants are awarded for 2 years, with a maximum award of 5 years. Total FY 1995 funding for this program is \$4 million.

Cooperative Agreements for CMHS (Center for Mental Health Services)/CSAT Collaborative Demonstration Program for Homeless Individuals

This program supports the following activities: (1) projects that will document treatment approaches that address the multiple needs of homeless individuals who have co-occurring substance abuse and mental disorders and (2) projects that will determine each approach's potential effectiveness.

This program documents and evaluates effective interventions that can be used by local programs that serve homeless substance-abusing persons and persons with co-occurring mental illnesses. It also improves the capacity of service providers to provide outreach services; administer appropriate screening and assessment instruments; develop individualized treatment plans, triaging persons whose mental illnesses are severe enough to warrant comprehensive mental health care; and provide effective treatment and support to the alcohol and other drug (AOD)-using homeless population with co-occurring mental illnesses. Other goals are to achieve abstinence from AOD use and to reduce the days spent homeless by the target population. As required by the authorizing legislation, programs funded by this initiative also must serve individuals having only a substance abuse disorder. Competitive continuation grants are awarded for 2 years. Total CSAT FY 1995 funding for this program is \$1.2 million.

Job Corps Drug Treatment Enrichment Program

The Job Corps Drug Treatment Enrichment Program is a 5-year Interagency Agreement (IA) between CSAT and the Department of Labor/Job Corps program. CSAT transferred \$900,000 for the fourth year of the program, begun in October 1994. The fourth year will be a phase-out year. The original IA called for 4 years of programming and 5 years of evaluation funding. The preliminary evaluation findings have been positive, and outcome data should be available in the beginning of FY 1995.

The program matches four control centers and four experimental centers with enriched treatment staff and programming. The program is intended to demonstrate the effectiveness of treatment for at-risk adolescents in a residential job training environment.

Cooperative Agreements for Managed Care Demonstration Models for SSI Beneficiaries Disabled Due To Addiction to Alcohol and Other Drugs

This program, in cooperation with the Social Security Administration, will help maximize substance abusers' opportunities for rehabilitation and ensure the effective utilization of Federal resources by (1) ensuring that every potential SSI (Supplemental Security Income) disability recipient who is addicted to drugs or alcohol is identified and assisted in filing for disability benefits; (2) developing a uniform procedure for referral and monitoring of drug abuse and alcoholism benefit recipients; and (3) ensuring the identification of individuals or agencies that are qualified, willing, and available to serve as representative payees. Both process and outcome evaluation criteria are required. Grants are awarded for up to 3 years. Total FY 1995 funding for this program is \$2.6 million.

Metropolitan Area Treatment Enhancement System Project

This program will provide comprehensive substance abuse treatment services within the metropolitan Washington, D.C., area to improve patient retention, accessibility of services, staff retention, and general service quality and to reduce rates of patient relapse. Grants are awarded for 3 years. Total FY 1995 funding for this program is \$3.8 million.

For More Information Contact:

Rural, Remote and Culturally Distinct Populations Program, the CMHS/CSAT Homeless Program, and the Job Corps Program:

Dr. Joyce Johnson
Director
Division of National Treatment Demonstrations
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 740
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
(301) 443-7745
FAX: (301) 443-3543

SSI Program and Metropolitan Area Demonstration Project:

Ms. Susan Becker
Director
Division of State Programs
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 880
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
(301) 443-3820
FAX: (301) 443-8345

COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS FOR ADDICTION TRAINING CENTERS PROGRAM ___

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$5.4 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$5.6 million

(\$230,000 for new grants)

Grant Type: Demonstration Grants to

Addiction Training Centers

This program develops and maintains a group of Addiction Training Centers (ATCs) responsible for cultivating a group of health and allied health care practitioners devoted full time to the practice of addiction treatment and recovery in publicly funded programs. It achieves three objectives: (1) to increase the number of health and allied health practitioners who pursue careers in nonprofit substance abuse treatment and recovery programs; (2) to link publicly funded addiction treatment and recovery programs with institutions that train health and allied health care practitioners, with the specific goal of improving the competency of practitioners who practice in publicly funded addiction treatment programs; and (3) to strengthen addiction treatment curricula within institutions and programs that train health and allied health care practitioners.

Funding for this program is authorized for up to 5 years.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Susan Becker
Director
Division of State Programs
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 880
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
(301) 443-3820
FAX: (301) 443-8345

CRITICAL POPULATIONS DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$43.7 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$23.6 million

(\$0 for new grants)

Grant Type: Demonstration Grants to Treatment Programs

This program, administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT), enhances existing drug treatment programs and improves treatment outcomes for individuals whose health and welfare are at risk because of their involvement with alcohol and other drugs (AODs). These critical populations include substance abusers who are adolescents ages 10 to 21; racial and ethnic minority populations; women and their children; residents of public housing; and individuals living in rural areas, including migrant farm workers and their families.

The overarching goal of this demonstration program is to expand practitioners' knowledge of interventions that have the greatest impact on improving treatment outcomes for the critical populations listed above. Additional goals for the program are to (1) provide comprehensive treatment to address the multiple health and human service needs of individuals and their families, thereby maximizing retention and patient/client outcome; (2) reduce AOD abuse; (3) reduce the incidence of tuberculosis, HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) infection and other sexually transmitted diseases, as well as other infectious diseases; (4) develop documented models of service delivery that can be replicated in similar communities; (5) reduce crime associated with AOD abuse; and (6) increase work productivity and family and social functioning.

Grants may be used to improve existing programs, as opposed to creating new programs that will not be funded by State or local governments. No less than 98 percent of the total amount awarded may be allocated for treatment improvement projects. Grants are awarded for 3 or 4 years.

For More Information Contact:

Dr. Joyce Johnson
Director
Division of National Treatment Demonstrations
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 740
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857

(301) 443-7745 FAX: (301) 443-3543

TARGET CITIES COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$34.8 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$35.5 million

(\$0 for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to Cities

This program is administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) to improve the quality and effectiveness of drug treatment services in targeted cities and to develop drug treatment systems providing high-quality, patient-oriented, coordinated, and accessible treatment that can be replicated in other cities.

Additional goals of the program are to accomplish the following:

- Increase access for those in need of treatment;
- Foster coordination among (1) addiction treatment and recovery programs; (2) health, housing, welfare, job training, education, community redevelopment, and social programs and institutions; and (3) the legal system (e.g., police, courts, and jails) as a means of involving drug-using individuals in treatment and improving treatment outcomes; and
- Develop methods by which metropolitan systems of care can continually improve treatment effectiveness.

Funds are intended to augment existing programs and to act as seed money to initiate activities that will later be funded by other sources. Eligibility is limited to States requesting support on behalf of one city with a population of over 315,000. All programs must have been in existence for 2 or more years prior to submitting an application. In 1990 seven cities were funded for a period of 3 years: Albuquerque, Atlanta, Baltimore, Boston, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, and San Juan. Philadelphia was funded in 1991, and the following cities were funded in 1993: Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, Detroit, Miami, Newark, New York, Portland, St. Louis, and San Francisco. Funds are awarded to new applicants for up to 5 years, and competitive continuation funds for currently funded cities are available for up to 2 years.

For More Information Contact:

Dr. Joyce Johnson
Director
Division of National Treatment Demonstrations
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 740
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
(301) 443-7745
FAX: (301) 443-3543

CRIMINAL JUSTICE TREATMENT PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$34 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$37.5 million

(\$13.2 million for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to Criminal

Justice Agencies

This program is administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) to develop model approaches that link substance abuse treatment to the criminal justice system. CSAT criminal justice initiatives are based on the philosophy that addiction is a chronic, relapsing disorder, treated most successfully when providers offer a continuum of comprehensive services, including coordination of court and correctional authorities; substance abuse treatment services; health services, including screening, testing, and referral for HIV/AIDS (human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immune deficiency syndrome); mental health services; education and work skills training; and related case management and drug-testing activities. The program targets the following populations for demonstrating model treatment services: (1) individuals in prison, jail, or juvenile detention settings; (2) individuals who are suited for diversion from incarceration to treatment programs; and (3) probationers and parolees who are at high risk for recidivism and drug use.

As a component of this program, CSAT administers the Correctional Populations Program, which expands the availability of high-quality State prison-based and local and regional jail-based treatment and rehabilitative services for incarcerated individuals who suffer from serious alcohol and other drug problems. The purpose of the Correctional Populations Program is to improve treatment outcomes for adolescents and adult males and females who are incarcerated in State correctional systems, State juvenile facilities, or regional correctional facilities. CSAT is demonstrating a number of comprehensive treatment models for correctional populations, including the following:

- "Treatment jails" that devote all or most of the facilities to substance abuse treatment and other rehabilitation services;
- Enhancements to current treatment efforts in one or more institutions based on comprehensive State correctional treatment plans;
- Continuum of treatment, recovery, and support services for incarcerated female offenders (these programs include services for children as well as coordinated health, housing, social, educational, and other services for low socioeconomic groups);
- Integration of juvenile offender services with juvenile justice agencies, local detention centers, experienced adolescent treatment providers, and community-based consortia for incarcerated or at-risk youth; and
- · Substance abuse screening and education, infectious disease screening, and referral to

treatment and other appropriate services for pretrial populations in regional facilities.

Applicants must identify one population group for which funds are requested. The designated target populations are State correctional populations, incarcerated female offenders, State juvenile justice populations, and regional correctional populations.

Grants are awarded for 3 to 5 years, and no less than 98 percent of the total amount may be allocated for treatment improvement projects. Grants are awarded for the Correctional Populations Program for up to 3 years.

For More Information Contact:

Dr. Joyce Johnson Director Division of National Treatment Demonstrations Center for Substance Abuse Treatment Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 740 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

(301) 443-7745 FAX: (301) 443-3543

WOMEN AND CHILDREN DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAMS FOR TREATMENT ____

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$54.2 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$64.2 million

(\$10 million in forfeiture funds that may be used for new grant awards)

Grant Type: Demonstration Grants for Treatment Programs

The Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) supports these programs designed to make substance abuse treatment services more available, accessible, and appropriate for pregnant or postpartum women and parenting women and their children who are not receiving such help from conventional medical and social services sources. In addition, these programs seek to (1) promote the physical, social, psychological, and economic well-being of women recovering from alcohol and other drug (AOD) dependencies; (2) enhance the physical, emotional, social, and cognitive development of children exposed to AOD abuse; and (3) increase the percentage of children who receive recommended primary care services. CSAT provides support for women and children through the Residential Treatment for Women and Their Children Program, Residential Treatment Program for Pregnant and Postpartum Women, and the Pregnant and Postpartum Women and Their Infants Demonstration Grant Program.

Residential Treatment for Women and Their Children Program

This program provides comprehensive substance abuse and mental health treatment for parenting and pregnant or postpartum women in residential settings that allow children to live with their mothers. It emphasizes services to women in public housing communities, homeless women, women in rural areas, and women with infectious diseases.

Residential Treatment Demonstration Program for Pregnant and Postpartum Women Program

This program offers comprehensive care that links substance abuse treatment with pre- and postnatal health care within a residential setting for mothers and their children. It includes pediatric health care; education on sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS (human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immune deficiency syndrome); tuberculosis; domestic violence and sexual abuse; and psychological, legal, and employment counseling. In addition, other services such as educational activities are provided to increase awareness of the risk of AOD use during pregnancy among all women of childbearing age.

Pregnant and Postpartum Women and Their Infants Demonstration Grant Program

This program was transferred from the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) to CSAT in FY 1993. Forty-four new demonstrations grants were awarded with FY 1993 funding.

FY 1994 funding was used for continuations of the grants awarded in FY 1993. There were no new starts for FY 1994. Appropriations for FY 1995 will include approximately \$10 million from asset forfeiture funds to award new grants in the women and children demonstration programs. Awards for the FY 1993 grant program were made on a competitive basis. Support may be requested for a period of up to 5 years. Annual awards will be made subject to continued availability of funds and progress achieved.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Maggie Wilmore Chief Women and Children Branch Center for Substance Abuse Treatment Rockwall II Blag., Suite 618 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857 (301) 443-8160 FAX: (301) 443-3543

AIDS DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAMS

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$21.2 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$18 million

(\$6.7 million for new Community-Based Outreach and Intervention grants, and \$0 for new Linkage of Community-Based

Health Care Service grants)

Grant Type: Demonstration Grants to States and

Community Coalitions

The Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) is responsible for all substance abuse treatment programs within the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. CSAT administers two AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) demonstration programs: HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)/AIDS Community-Based Outreach and Intervention Demonstration Program and the Linkage of Community-Based Health Care Services Program.

HIV/AIDS Community-Based Outreach and Intervention Demonstration Program

The purpose of this program is to demonstrate the replicability and cost-effectiveness of three community-based intervention strategies (models) designed to alter behaviors that contribute to the spread of HIV and related diseases among high-risk substance abusers, including adolescents, female addicts and their children, pregnant women, homeless people, public housing residents, racial and ethnic minority populations, and gay and lesbian populations.

This program is based on three models:

- The National Institute on Drug Abuse Standard Intervention Model, which incorporates counseling sessions;
- The Health Education Model, which uses mobile vans and personal contact for providing access and educating individuals; and
- The Indigenous Leader Outreach Model, which provides role models within a community to give street outreach services.

If possible, grantees also attempt to determine if altering behavior produces changes in the incidence of HIV, sexually transmitted diseases, and tuberculosis. Therefore, preference will be given to applicants proposing projects in communities with ongoing HIV seroprevalence measurements for the past 3 years. Only States are eligible to apply for funding.

Linkage of Community-Based Health Care Services Demonstration Program

This purpose of this program is to build linkages among community-based providers of primary health care and alcohol, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, and mental health treatment who deliver

integrated services as a means of effectively addressing the health needs of injecting drug users and other high-risk substance abusers. Program goals include the following:

- Reducing alcohol and other drug use;
- Decreasing criminal involvement;
- Maximizing rates in retention in treatment;
- Increasing early identification and treatment for HIV/AIDS, sexually transmitted diseases, and tuberculosis;
- Improving overall patient/client health performance;
- Reducing disease in the community;
- Facilitating patient receipt of health services as well as housing, transportation, and other necessary facilitation and support; and
- Improving the efficiency of intraprogram and interprogram coordination.

Projects should demonstrate models that have multiple links with community service networks and county, city, and State delivery systems.

Both AIDS Demonstration Grants Programs award grants for 3 years. For HIV/AIDS Community-Based Outreach and Intervention Demonstration Programs, competitive continuations are available for years 4 and 5 with 12-month budget periods.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Warren Hewitt
Director
Division of Clinical Programs
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
Rockwall II Bldg., Suite 740
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
(301) 443-8160
FAX: (301) 443-3543

DRUG ABUSE AND PREVENTION PROGRAM FOR RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$14.6 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$14.5 million

(\$6.4 million for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Community-Based Organizations

This competitive discretionary grant program is administered by the Family and Youth Services Bureau of the Administration for Children and Families. In FY 1994 the program supported community-based programs serving runaway and homeless youth who were at risk of abusing alcohol and other drugs. For example, funding supported local efforts to intervene in the lives of at-risk adolescents by providing services such as individual, family, group, and peer counseling. In addition to services, funding also supported research, model development, community education efforts, technical assistance and training, and improved coordination of local services.

Grants are awarded for up to 3 years on a competitive basis. Grantees must provide at least 25 percent of the total approved cost of the project. The total approved cost of the project is the sum of the Federal share and the non-Federal share. For example, a project having a total approved cost of \$400,000 and requesting \$300,000 in Federal funds over a 3-year project period (based on an award of \$100,000 per 12-month budget period) must include a match of at least \$100,000 (25 percent of the total approved cost of the project).

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Pam Johnson
Family and Youth Services Bureau
Administration for Children and Familles
P.O. Box 1182

Washington, DC 20013 (202) 205-8049

FAX: (202) 260-9333

YOUTH INITIATIVE PROGRAM/YOUTH GANG DRUG EDUCATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$10.6 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$10.5 million

(\$10.4 million for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Community-Based Organizations

This competitive discretionary grant program is administered by the Family and Youth Services Bureau of the Administration for Children and Families. It assists communities in controlling the spread of gang and gang drug-related activities by supporting local programs that provide early intervention and diversion for at-risk youth.

In FY 1994 the program funded projects to (1) prevent and reduce participation in gangs, (2) promote lawful activities, (3) provide outreach and referral services, and (4) provide public information about drug treatment and rehabilitative services. The program also helped organize neighborhood coalitions and target services toward such underserved groups as adolescent females and new immigrants. Funding also supported research, evaluation, and planning efforts to facilitate coordination among law enforcement, educational, and social service agencies.

A priority of the program in FY 1995 and FY 1996 will be collaboration with the Department of Health and Human Services Youth Initiative Program, which seeks to strengthen the efforts of communities to develop comprehensive and coordinated preventive services targeting at-risk youth. Toward this end, some grants during these fiscal years will fund projects to implement the coordination plans developed under grants awarded in FY 1994.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Maria Candamil-Dominguez
Family and Youth Services Bureau
Administration for Children and Families
P.O. Box 1182

Washington, DC 20013 (202) 205-8078

FAX: (202) 260-9333

ABANDONED INFANTS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$14.6 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$14.4 million

(\$0 for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Government and Community-

Based Organizations

This competitive discretionary grants program is administered by the Children's Bureau of the Administration for Children and Families. The program provides a broad range of community-based intervention services for women who abuse substances or who may be HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) positive in order to prevent the abandonment of infants and young children.

The program funds a broad range of community-based services, including family support services and foster family care, health care and substance abuse treatment, counseling and case management, and group residential homes. Previous awards have funded recruitment and training of health and social service personnel, foster care families, and residential care providers in an effort to meet the needs of abandoned children. Some awards also have been made to programs whose purpose is to expedite the legal adoption of abandoned children.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Patricia Campiglia Children's Bureau Administration for Children and Families P.O. Box 1182 Washington, DC 20013 (202) 205-8657 FAX: (202) 205-8221

TEMPORARY CHILD CARE AND CRISIS NURSERIES PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$6 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$6 million

(\$0 for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Government and Community-

Based Organizations

In FY 1994 this competitive discretionary grants program primarily supported operations of two kinds of services: respite care to chronically or terminally ill children, including HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)-positive children and crisis nursery care for abused and neglected children, including children from substance-abusing families. The drug-related portion of this program primarily includes services to babies born addicted to drugs, particularly crack-cocaine.

Respite care is defined as temporary nonmedical child care in or out of the home for families who have children with disabilities, chronic or terminal illnesses, or both. Respite programs serve children in all life stages, from infancy to adulthood. Often programs serve a particular disability or illness, such as HIV. Many respite care services are incorporated within larger social service agencies, at both State and local levels, that provide an array of support services such as counseling, support groups, parent training, and access to medical services.

Crisis nursery care is defined as temporary care for children who are at risk of or who have experienced abuse and neglect. Crisis nursery programs primarily serve children ages birth to 12 and often serve only one age group, such as preschoolers. Most crisis nurseries also provide family support services within their own delivery system, including counseling, parenting classes, substance abuse prevention services, and developmental assessments.

Respite care and crisis nursery programs may vary for each local service area according to the needs of families within the community. Populations served include but are not limited to children who are medically fragile or who are victims of abuse and neglect for reasons related to substance abuse.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Orietta Cuellar Children's Bureau Administration for Children and Families P.O. Box 1182 Washington, DC 20013 (202) 205-8899 FAX: (202) 205-8221

COMMUNITY-BASED RESOURCE CENTERS PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$0

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$19 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

In 1994 Congress authorized this new program by consolidating three existing programs; this reconfiguration should better assist States in developing, expanding, and improving statewide systems to support child abuse and neglect prevention and treatment activities at the community level. This program is administered by the National Center for Child Abuse and Neglect in the Administration for Children and Families.

This program is intended to support innovative funding mechanisms and to foster collaboration among existing State and local educational, health, mental health, child welfare, employment, training, and social services agencies. A wide range of services may be provided based on community needs and priorities, including services to the children of substance-abusing families.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Eleanor Wagoner National Center for Child Abuse and Neglect Administration for Children and Families P.O. Box 1182 Washington, DC 20013 (202) 205-8879 FAX: (202) 205-8221

HEAD START FAMILY SERVICE CENTER PROJECTS PROGRAM.

Department of Health and Human Services—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$25 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$25 million

(\$0 for new grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to Head Start

Programs

This program, administered by the Administration for Children and Families, provides grant funds to Head Start Family Service Center Projects, which strive to improve the self-sufficiency and functioning of parents of children enrolled in the Head Start program.

In FY 1994 discretionary grants were awarded to provide substance abuse prevention and other community-based services to parents and other family members of children enrolled in the Head Start program. Funds also supported literacy activities, job training, and collaboration with other agencies on substance abuse initiatives.

In FY 1995 the Family Service Centers will continue to focus on three major problems of families with multiple difficulties: substance abuse, illiteracy, and unemployment. Funding also will support training, technical assistance, and collaboration with other agencies on substance abuse projects.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Richard Johnson
Head Start Bureau
Administration for Children and Families
P.O. Box 1182
Washington, DC 20013
(202) 205-8405
FAX: (202) 401-5916

COMMUNITY SCHOOLS AND YOUTH SERVICES AND SUPERVISION GRANT PROGRAM

Department of Health and Human Services—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$26 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$72.5 million

Grant Type: Matching Formula Grants to

Community-Based Organizations

This program was established as part of the Family and Community Endeavor Schools (FACES) Grant Program and authorizes the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Attorney General, to make matching formula grants to private, community-based, and nonprofit organizations in communities with significant poverty and juvenile delinquency for after-school, weekend, and summer recreation and education programs.

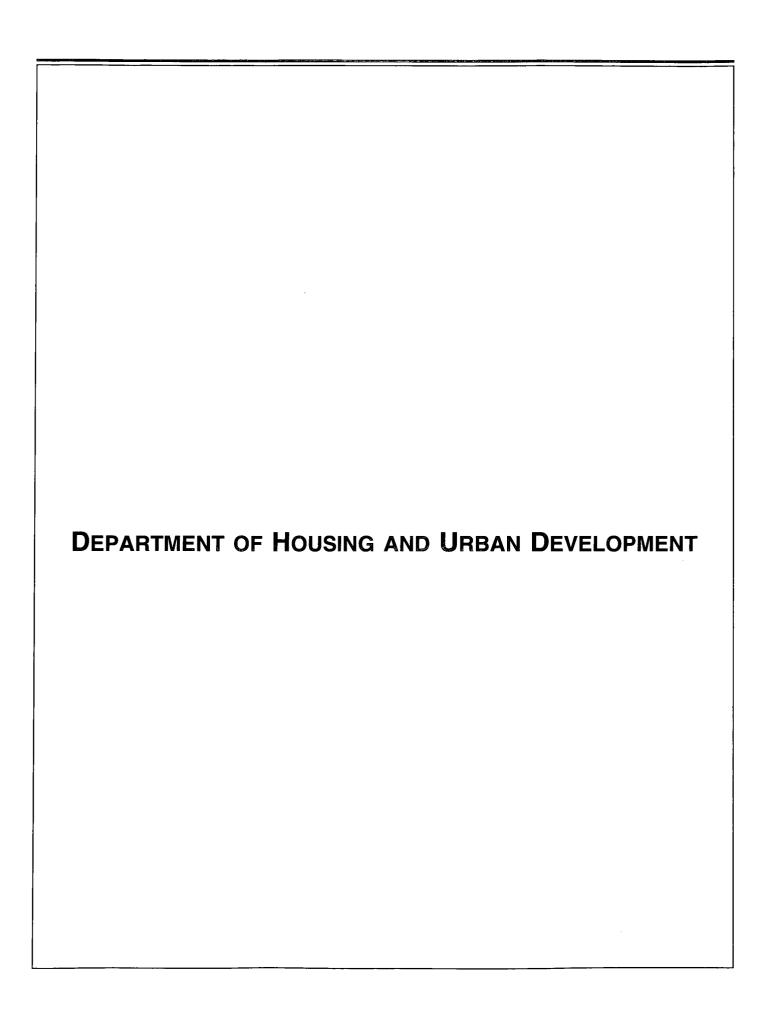
To receive grants, projects must (1) serve children ages 5 through 18; (2) require the express written approval of parents or guardians before children can participate in the program; (3) use public school facilities (when school is not in session) or other appropriate facilities; and (4) provide supervised recreational activities, educational enrichment programs, tutoring, mentoring, workforce preparation, and access to health care including counseling and substance abuse treatment. Priority will be given to applicants that demonstrate the greatest effort in generating local support for the program.

If \$20 million or more is appropriated, allocations for States and Indian tribes will be based on the relative percentages of low-income children in the States; if less than \$20 million is available, then grants will be awarded competitively. The Federal share of program costs is limited to 75 percent in FY 1995 and FY 1996, 70 percent in FY 1997, and 60 percent in FY 1998 and thereafter. The non-Federal share may be in cash or in-kind. At least 15 percent of the non-Federal share must come from private or nonprofit sources.

Program funding is authorized for 6 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. No more than 3 percent of total funding may be used for Federal administrative costs. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$26 million. Total authorization for this program is \$567 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

Terry Lewis
Family and Youth Services Bureau
Administration for Children and Families
P.O. Box 1182
Washington, DC 20013
(202) 205-8102
FAX: (202) 260-9333



		·

PUBLIC HOUSING DRUG ELIMINATION GRANTS PROGRAM.

Department of Housing and Urban Development—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$265 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$290 million

Grant Type: Competitive Grants to Public and Indian Housing Authorities

Through this program, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) awards competitive grants to public housing agencies and Indian housing authorities to fund comprehensive antidrug strategies. The grants can be used for a wide range of services, including hiring security personnel or investigators; supporting resident patrols; and funding security, prevention, intervention, and treatment programs.

For FY 1995 the President requested \$275 million to fund a new initiative called Community Partnerships Against Crime (COMPAC). At this time, Congress has not authorized this new initiative but has continued the Public Housing Drug Elimination Grants Program with funding greater than the amount requested by the President. Thus, all \$290 million appropriated for FY 1995 grants will be awarded under the Public Housing Drug Elimination Grants Program.

Grants are awarded for a period of up to 2 years, and continuations can be awarded for a period of up to 6 months.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Malcolm (Mike) Main
Program Analyst
Drug-Free Neighborhood Division
Office of Resident Initiatives
Office of Public and Indian Housing
Department of Housing and Urban Development
451 Seventh St., N.W., Rm. 4116
Washington, DC 20410
(202) 708-1197
FAX: (202) 401-7965

LOCAL PARTNERSHIP ACT PROGRAM

Department of Housing and Urban Development—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$270 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

This program adds a new Chapter 67 to 31 U.S.C., Federal Payments. It targets formula grants to States for providing education, substance abuse treatment, and job programs to prevent crime. Under the Local Partnership Act, local units of government receive formula payments from their State to implement these programs.

According to the Act, funds must be used for activities under at least one or more of the following Federal programs (or activities substantially similar):

- Substance Abuse Treatment and Prevention programs;
- Drug Abuse Resistance Education (D.A.R.E.) programs;
- National Youth Sports programs;
- Gang Resistance Education and Training (G.R.E.A.T.) programs;
- Programs under Title II or Title IV of the Job Training Partnership Act;
- Programs under Title I of the National and Community Service Act of 1990;
- School to Work Opportunities Act programs;
- Head Start programs;
- Chapter 1 education programs;
- TRIO higher education programs;
- National Literacy Act of 1991 programs;
- Perkins Vocational Educational and Applied Technology Education Act programs;
- Runaway and homeless youth programs under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act programs;
- Demonstration partnerships including community initiatives targeted to minority youth under the Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1994;
- Family support programs under the McKinney Homeless Assistance Act;

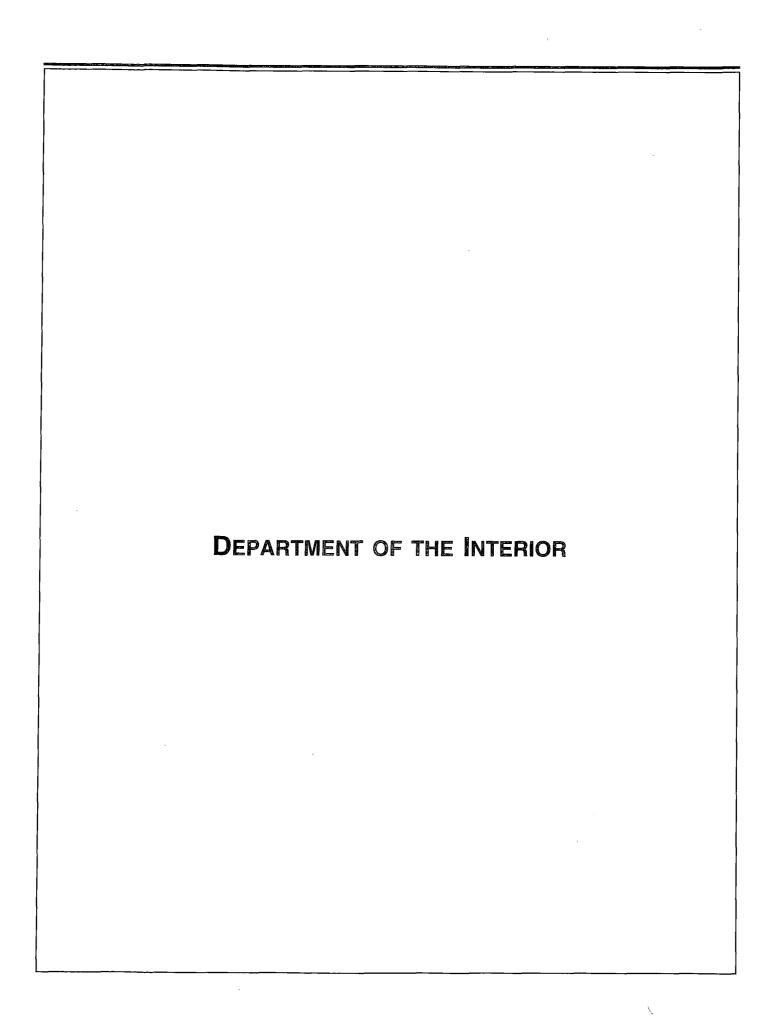
- Afterschool activities for school-age children under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act;
- Community-based family resource programs under the Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1994;
- Family violence prevention and service programs under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act amendments of 1984; and
- Job-training programs administered by the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Defense, or the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Funding for this program is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$1.6 billion through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

Department of Justice Response Center (800) 421-6770

		·		
	r			
			·	



·			
			,
	,		

URBAN RECREATION AND AT-RISK YOUTH PROGRAM

Department of the Interior—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$2.7 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to States

This program provides discretionary grants to States to improve recreational facilities and expand recreational services in urban areas that have a high incidence of crime. The purpose of this program is to deter crime by expanding recreation opportunities for at-risk youth.

To receive these grants, a local government must amend its 5-year action plan to incorporate the goal of reducing crime and juvenile delinquency and to provide a description of the implementation strategies to achieve this goal. The plan also must address how the local government coordinates its recreation programs with the crime prevention efforts of law enforcement, juvenile corrections, and youth social service agencies.

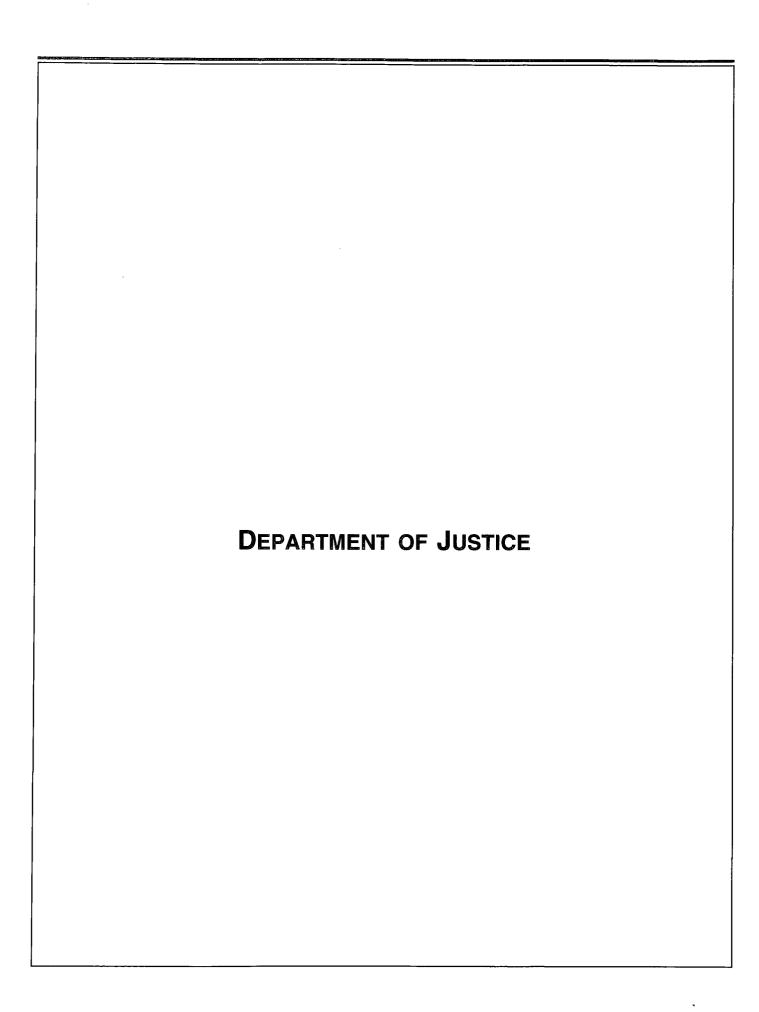
In awarding grants to implement programs, the Secretary of the Interior will give priority to programs targeting youth who are at the greatest risk of becoming involved in violence and crime. Priority will be given to programs that teach important values and life skills such as teamwork, respect, leadership, and self-esteem, as well as to programs that offer tutoring, remedial education, mentoring, and counseling along with recreation opportunities during late night or other afterschool hours.

Program funding is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$4.5 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

Department of Justice Response Center (800) 421-6770

,			
		,	
			·



·				

EDWARD BYRNE MEMORIAL STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM ______

Department of Justice—Current Program

FY 1994	Actual:	\$474,5 million	\$358 million	\$116.5 million
FY 1995	Appropriation:	\$512 million	\$450 million	\$62 million

The Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) administers this program, which provides financial and technical assistance to States and local units of government to control drug abuse and violent crime and to improve the criminal justice system. Financial assistance is provided through formula and discretionary grants. Formula grants are awarded to enforce State and local laws that establish offenses similar to those defined in the Controlled Substances Act and to improve the functioning of the criminal justice system, emphasizing violent crime and serious offenders. States are required to provide statewide antidrug and violent crime strategies in their applications and contribute 25 percent of State funds to the cost of the projects.

The discretionary grant program supports projects that are national and multistate in scope, such as the National Crime Prevention Campaign (i.e., McGruff the Crime Dog). Unlike the Byrne formula grant program, these discretionary grants do not require matching funds. BJA also administers the Regional Information Sharing System program. Additionally, the States are encouraged to include programs that address national priorities as identified by the *National Drug Control Strategy*, Congress, and the Administration in their statewide drug and violent crime strategies.

Byrne Formula Grant Program

Under the Byrne formula grant program, each State receives a base amount of either \$500,000 or 0.25 percent of the total formula allocation, whichever is greater. Remaining funds are allocated on the basis of each State's relative share of the total U.S. population. Up to 10 percent of the funds may be used to pay for costs incurred in administering the program, and at least 25 percent of the cost of the program or project must be matched with non-Federal funds. Matching funds must be made available for law enforcement. The match is provided on a project-by-project basis and, in distributing the funds, the State must give priority to those jurisdictions with the greatest need.

Projects may be funded for a maximum of 4 years in the aggregate. Funds may be used to provide additional personnel, training, and facilities for widespread apprehension, prosecution, and adjudication of persons who violate laws relating to producing, possessing, and transferring controlled substances and to improve the criminal justice system.

The Byrne formula grant program provides funding in the following 21 purpose areas:

- 1. Demand-reduction education programs that involve law enforcement officers;
- 2. Multijurisdictional task force programs that integrate Federal, State, and local drug law enforcement agencies and prosecutors to enhance interagency coordination and intelligence and facilitate multijurisdictional investigations;
- 3. Programs that target the domestic sources of controlled and illegal substances such as precursor chemicals, diverted pharmaceuticals, and clandestine laboratories and cannabis cultivations;
- 4. Community and neighborhood programs that assist citizens in preventing and controlling crime, including special programs aimed at crimes against the elderly and crimes in rural areas;
- 5. Programs that disrupt illicit commerce in stolen goods and property;
- 6. Improvement programs that investigate and prosecute white-collar crime, organized crime, public corruption crimes and fraud against the Government with priority attention to cases involving drug-related official corruption;
- 7a. Programs that improve the operational effectiveness of law enforcement by using crime analysis techniques, street sales enforcement, schoolyard violator programs, and gang-related and low-income housing drug control programs;
- 7b. Programs that develop and implement antiterrorism plans for deep draft ports, international airports, and other important facilities;
- 8. Career and criminal prosecution programs that include the development of model drug control legislation;
- 9. Financial investigative programs that target the identification of money-laundering operations and assets obtained through illegal drug trafficking, including the development of proposed model legislation, financial investigative training, and financial information-sharing systems;
- 10. Programs that improve the operational effectiveness of the court process by expanding prosecutorial, defender, and judicial resources and by implementing court delay-reduction programs;
- 11. Programs that provide additional public correctional resources and improve the correctional system by focusing on treatment in prisons and jails, intensive supervision programs, and long-range corrections and sentencing strategies;
- 12. Prison industry programs that place inmates in realistic working and training environments to enable them to acquire marketable skills and make financial payments for restitution to their victims, support of their own families, and support of themselves in the institution;
- 13. Programs that identify and meet the substance abuse treatment needs of drug-dependent and alcohol-dependent adult and juvenile offenders;

- 14. Programs that assist jurors, witnesses, and victims of crime (other than compensation);
- 15a. Programs that improve drug control technology, such as pretrial drug-testing programs and programs that identify, assess, refer to treatment, provide case management for, and monitor drug-dependent offenders and enhance State and local forensic laboratories;
- 15b. Criminal justice information systems that assist law enforcement, prosecution, courts, and corrections organizations, including automated fingerprint identification systems;
- 16. Innovative programs that demonstrate new approaches to enforcement, prosecution, and adjudication of drug offenses and other serious crimes:
- 17. Programs that address drug trafficking and the illegal manufacture of controlled substances in public housing;
- 18. Programs that improve the criminal and juvenile justice system's response to domestic and family violence, including spouse abuse, child abuse, and abuse of the elderly;
- 19. Drug control evaluation programs that State and local governments may utilize to evaluate programs and projects directed at State drug control activities;
- 20. Programs that provide alternatives to detention, jail, and prison for persons who pose no danger to the community; and
- 21. Programs with the primary goal of strengthening urban enforcement and prosecution efforts targeted at street drug sales.

The Crime Control Act reauthorized the Byrne Grant program through the year 2000. Thus, this program is authorized for a total of \$1 billion through the year 2000.

Discretionary Grant Program

This program awards grants to public or private organizations and private, nonprofit organizations to foster leadership and direction in controlling the use and availability of illegal drugs. This can be accomplished through criminal justice education and training by (1) providing technical assistance to State and local units of government and (2) undertaking programs that are national and multijurisdictional in scope and that demonstrate concepts or strategies that are likely to be successful and can be replicated nationally. Either 20 percent of the total allocation, or \$50 million—whichever is less—is reserved for this program. For FY 1994 and FY 1995, Congress appropriated additional funds under the Byrne formula grant program for BJA discretionary programs. In FY 1994 an additional \$53.4 million was appropriated for community policing, correctional options, State and local overtime pay, and anticar theft programs. For FY 1995 an additional \$12 million was appropriated for correctional options programs. Programs are announced in the Federal Register each year.

For More Information Contact:

Byrne Formula Grant Information:

Mr. Butch Straub State and Local Assistance Division Bureau of Justice Assistance 633 Indiana Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20531 (202) 514-6638 FAX: (202) 514-5956

Discretionary Grant Information:

Mr. Richard Ward Director, Discretionary Grants Office Bureau of Justice Assistance 633 Indiana Ave., Rm. 602 Washington, DC 20531 (202) 514-5943 FAX: (202) 616-2421

Other Point of Contact:

OPERATION WEED AND SEED PROGRAM.

Department of Justice—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$6.2 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$6.3 million

Grant Type: Demonstration Grants to Cities

This program is implemented by the Weed and Seed Program Fund, which initially was funded by the Office of Justice Programs and the U.S. Attorneys. Operation Weed and Seed is a comprehensive, multiagency approach to combatting violent crime, drug use, and gang activity in high-crime neighborhoods. The goal is to "weed out" crime from targeted neighborhoods and then to "seed" the sites with a range of crime and drug prevention programs, and to provide human service resources to prevent crime. The strategy emphasizes a coordinated approach uniting Federal, State, and local governments; the community; and the private sector in a partnership that creates a safe, drug-free environment.

The Weed and Seed strategy is comprised of four elements: (1) coordinated law enforcement efforts to "weed out" violent offenders in target neighborhoods; (2) community-oriented policing, which supports intensive law enforcement suppression activities and provides a bridge to programs aimed at drug prevention, intervention, and treatment, and neighborhood reclamation and revitalization; (3) increased services in demonstration neighborhoods, including drug and crime prevention programs, educational opportunities, drug treatment, family services, and recreational activities, to create a crime-free environment; and (4) economic development and expanded opportunities for residents to revitalize distressed neighborhoods.

Operation Weed and Seed was first implemented in FY 1991 through grants to three pilot cities. Eighteen additional cities were selected as 1992 Weed and Seed grant recipients, including Los Angeles, California, which was awarded \$19 million to implement a special Weed and Seed program. In 1994, 36 sites were funded, including 15 new sites. In 1995 funding will be continued for each of these 36 sites.

In addition to the pilot demonstration sites, other cities have designed and are implementing Weed and Seed strategies independent of Weed and Seed funding grants. The U.S. Department of Justice and other cooperating Federal agencies provide guidance and technical assistance to these cities as appropriate and have developed a process to officially recognize additional sites as Weed and Seed Communities. In 1995 it is anticipated that approximately 40 unfunded sites could receive official recognition. The official recognition process was developed by the Interagency Weed and Seed Working Group in 1992 as a means by which the Federal Government can officially recognize and reward communities that are implementing the Weed and Seed strategy.

For More Information Contact:

FAX: (202) 514-1770

Mr. Bob Samuels Assistant Director Executive Office for Weed and Seed 633 Indiana Ave., N.W., Rm. 550 Washington, DC 20531 (202) 307-1357

JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION STATE GRANTS PROGRAM

Department of Justice—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$6.9 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$10.4 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States and Discretionary/Project Grants to Community-Based Organizations

The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) administers formula, discretionary, and project grants as described below.

Formula Grants

OJJDP allocates formula grants to States and Territories on the basis of their relative population under age 18. The purpose of the grants is to increase the capacity of State and local governments to develop more effective education, training, research, prevention, diversion, treatment, and rehabilitation programs in the area of juvenile delinquency and to improve the juvenile justice system.

To be eligible for a formula grant, each State must submit a comprehensive plan for implementation, applicable to a 3-year period and embodying the purposes of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act. Grantees are required to match dollar for dollar on planning funds. Action programs allow no match. To receive a grant, at least 66.6 percent of the funds must be expended by or passed through to local government programs, private nonprofit agencies, and Indian tribes performing law enforcement functions, insofar as they are consistent with the State plan.

Discretionary Grants

Funds under the Special Emphasis Programs (SEPs) are allocated on a discretionary basis to develop and implement programs that design, test, and demonstrate effective approaches, techniques, and methods for preventing and controlling juvenile delinquency. SEPs include (1) community-based alternatives to institutional confinement; (2) development and implementation of effective means of diverting juveniles from the traditional juvenile justice and correctional system; (3) advocacy activities aimed at improving services to youth impacted by the juvenile justice system; (4) model programs to strengthen and maintain the family unit; (5) prevention and treatment programs relating to juveniles who commit serious crimes; and (6) a national, law-related education program of delinquency prevention.

SEP grants have been awarded for law-related education activities; a school-based, student-initiated drug prevention program; intensive supervision programs for serious offenders; juvenile aftercare; and drug and alcohol abuse prevention and treatment programs. SEP grants do not require a cash match except for construction periods, wherein the match must be 50 percent on community-based facilities of 20 beds or fewer. Initial awards usually

are made for a period of 12 to 18 months; further funding is based on the project period, grantee performance, and availability of funds.

Project Grants

OJJDP also administers project grants to establish and support programs and activities that reduce juvenile involvement in drug-related crimes and gangs and promote the involvement of juveniles in lawful activities in geographical areas in which gangs commit crimes.

Programs also are designed to (1) develop, within the adjudicatory and correctional systems, innovative means to address the problems of juveniles convicted of serious drug- and gang-related offenses; (2) provide treatment to juveniles who are members of such gangs; (3) inform juveniles of the availability of treatment and services for which financial assistance is provided under this program; (4) facilitate Federal and State cooperation with local officials to assist juveniles who are likely to participate in the activities of gangs that commit crimes; (5) provide personnel, training, equipment, and supplies to prevent and reduce the participation of juveniles in unlawful gang activities or drug activities; (6) provide pretrial and posttrial drug abuse treatment to juveniles in the juvenile justice system; and (7) provide drug abuse education, prevention, and treatment involving police and juvenile officials in demand reduction programs.

Initial grants are awarded usually for a period of 12 to 18 months; further funding is based on the project period, grantee performance, and availability of funds.

For More Information Contact:

OJJDP Clearinghouse (800) 638-8736

PUBLIC SAFETY AND COMMUNITY POLICING GRANTS PROGRAM ..

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$1.3 billion

FY 1996 Authorization: \$1.9 billion

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants

This program will award discretionary grants to State and local governments, Indian tribal governments, and public and private organizations to accomplish the following:

- · Rehire police officers who have been laid off as a result of State and local budget cuts;
- Hire new police officers for deployment in community policing, including individuals who were involuntarily separated from the Armed Forces;
- Increase the number of police officers participating with community residents in proactive crime control and prevention activities and programs;
- Provide specialized training to police officers to enhance their problemsolving, conflict resolution, mediation, and other skills working with the community;
- Increase police participation in multidisciplinary early intervention teams;
- Develop and implement innovative programs that permit community residents to assist police officers in preventing crime;
- Establish and implement innovative crime control and prevention programs involving young persons and police officers; and
- Develop and establish new administrative and managerial systems that facilitate the adoption of community policing as a departmentwide philosophy.

Grants will be awarded for a minimum of 1 year and may be renewed for up to 5 years for grants to hire officers, and for up to 2 years for all other grants. The portion of program costs covered by a grant must not exceed 75 percent. Preference in funding will be given to applicants for law enforcement hiring and rehiring funds whose non-Federal contribution exceeds 25 percent. No more than 3 percent of total funds will be used for Federal administrative costs. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$1.3 billion. This program is authorized for a total of \$8.8 billion through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

VIOLENT OFFENDER INCARCERATION AND TRUTH IN SENTENCING INCENTIVE GRANTS PROGRAMS _____

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$175 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$750 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

These programs will award formula grants to States and multistate compacts to construct, develop, expand, modify, operate, or improve correctional facilities, including boot camp facilities and other alternative correctional facilities that can free conventional prison space to confine violent offenders. (Boot camps are defined as correctional facilities for nonviolent offenders that provide a daily regimen of physical training and work as well as appropriate education, job training, substance abuse treatment, and aftercare services.) FY 1995 grants will be awarded only for the construction of military-style boot camps.

Program funding is authorized for 6 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. The portion of program costs covered by a grant must not exceed 75 percent. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$24.5 million. Total authorization for this program is \$7.9 billion through the year 2000. Total funding is divided equally between the two grant programs, described in the following sections.

Truth in Sentencing Incentive Grants

These grants are awarded to States that have laws requiring persons convicted of violent crimes to serve at least 85 percent of their sentences or States that since 1993 have achieved the following: increased percentage of convicted violent offenders sent to prison; increased average prison time served by convicted violent offenders sentenced to prison; increased percentage of prison sentence served by convicted violent offenders; and implemented laws requiring individuals convicted of their second violent crime or serious drug offense to serve at least 85 percent of the sentence imposed.

Violent Offender Incarceration Grants

These grants are awarded to States that have not implemented truth in sentencing laws but have demonstrated a commitment to implementing such laws and that meet all other requirements of the grant application.

For More Information Contact:

CERTAIN PUNISHMENT FOR YOUNG OFFENDERS GRANTS PROGRAM.

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$20 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

This program will award formula grants to States for developing alternative methods of punishment for young offenders. Local agencies may apply for these grants through their State grant representative.

Projects that will be funded under this program include (1) innovative methods that address the problems of young offenders convicted of serious substance abuse and gang-related offenses; (2) alternative sanctions that create accountability and certain punishment for young offenders; (3) restitution programs; (4) innovative education, job training, and family counseling; (5) correctional options such as community-based incarceration, weekend incarceration, and

electronic monitoring; (6) community work service programs; and (7) adequate and appropriate aftercare programs.

Program funding is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$150 million through the year 2000. The portion of program costs covered by the grant must not exceed 75 percent. No grants will be awarded for land acquisition or construction except for alternative correctional facilities.

For More Information Contact:

MODEL INTENSIVE GRANT PROGRAM

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$100 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Communities

This program will award discretionary grants to 15 chronic, high-intensity crime areas to develop comprehensive crime prevention programs. Model programs should involve and utilize a wide spectrum of community resources, attempt to relieve conditions that encourage crime, and provide meaningful and lasting alternatives to involvement in crime.

Applicants will need to prove their status as a high-intensity crime area. The Crime Control Act identifies a high-intensity crime area as an area that lacks one or more of the following: adequate public services such as public transportation, street lighting, community-based substance abuse treatment facilities or employment services offices; alternative activities and programs for youth; adequate public facilities; and adequate police or public safety services, equipment, or facilities.

Priority will be given to applicants who are innovative in their approaches to preventing crime in a specific area, that vary in their approaches to allow for comparisons of different models, and that coordinate crime prevention programs funded under this program with other existing Federal programs.

Program funding is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. In awarding grants, the U.S. Attorney General may consult with the Ounce of Prevention Council, which coordinates prevention planning and works to simplify the grantmaking process. Total authorization for this program is \$625.5 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

LOCAL CRIME PREVENTION BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: SO

FY 1996 Authorization: \$75.9 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to Local

Governments

This program will provide formula grants to local units of government to address several areas of crime prevention, including the following:

- Education, training, research, prevention, diversion, treatment, and rehabilitation programs to prevent juvenile violence, juvenile gangs, and the use and sale of illegal drugs by juveniles;
- Supervised visitation centers for children who have been removed from their homes as a result of abuse or neglect and for at-risk children, including children with a single parent who is impaired because of substance abuse;
- Programs to prevent crimes against the elderly, including "safety corridors";
- Jobs programs offered either separately or in conjunction with the Youth Fair Chance Program;
- Midnight sports league programs that also offer employment counseling, job training, and other educational classes:
- Supervised day, afterschool, and/or weekend sports and recreation programs;
- Youth anticrime councils;
- Establishment of Boys and Girls Clubs in public housing:
- Family outreach teams that train volunteers in outreach, mentoring, community organizing and peer counseling;
- Child or family services professionals that on a 24-hour basis respond to or address violent incidents in which a child is involved as a perpetrator, witness, or victim; and
- Dwelling units for police officers without charge or at a substantially reduced rent for the purpose of providing greater security for residents of high-crime areas.

Program funding is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. No more than 2.5 percent of total grant funding may be used for Federal administrative costs. Total authorization for this program is \$377 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

FAMILY UNITY DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$3.6 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to States

This project will award discretionary grants to States to implement demonstration projects that enable nonviolent, nonabusive offenders who are the primary caretakers of children under age 7 to live in community correctional facilities with their children. In addition, this program provides funding for eligible Federal prisoners to live in community correctional facilities with their children.

A community correctional facility is defined as a residential facility not within the confines of a jail or prison that provides the following services: alcoholism and drug treatment; pediatric and adult medical care; programs to improve the stability of the parent-child relationship, including those that educate parents regarding child development and household management; counseling; wellness programs; and programs and support services to help inmates obtain housing, employment or employment training, and child care upon release.

Preferences for discretionary grants will be given on the basis of the level of State and community cooperation, current jail placement policies for eligible offenders, estimated time of project implementation, and the process of prisoner notification of eligibility and selection. Funding for Federal prisoners may be used to contract with private or public agencies to provide services to Federal prisoners under this program. Funding also may be used to reimburse States that accept Federal prisoners into their community correctional facilities.

Program funding is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$19.8 million through the year 2000. Of the total funding available, 90 percent is to be allocated for State grants, and 10 percent is to be allocated for Federal prisoners.

For More Information Contact:

RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FOR STATE PRISONERS PROGRAM _

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$27 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to States

This program will award discretionary grants to States to develop and implement residential substance abuse treatment programs within State correctional facilities. States may award funds to local units of government to develop and implement residential treatment facilities within existing correctional and detention facilities in which inmates are incarcerated long enough to permit substance abuse treatment.

To receive grants, States must outline a plan for substance abuse testing of prisoners and for coordinating the development of residential treatment facilities with the State or local drug and alcohol abuse agency and the Department of Health and Human Services. No money will be awarded for land acquisition or construction projects.

Preference will be given to States that include an aftercare component in their proposal. Aftercare is defined as the placement of correctional substance abuse treatment program participants with appropriate community substance abuse treatment facilities when such individuals are paroled or released from the correctional facility. State aftercare services must coordinate the correctional facility treatment program with other human service and rehabilitation programs, such as educational and job-training programs, parole supervision programs, halfway house programs, and self-help and peer group programs, that may further aid in the rehabilitation of individuals.

Program funding is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. The Federal share of projects awarded grants may not exceed 75 percent. Total authorization for this program is \$270 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

DRUG COURTS PROGRAM

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$100 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$150 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to State and Local Criminal Justice Agencies

This program will award discretionary grants to States, State courts, local courts, units of local government, and Indian tribal governments acting directly or through agreements with other public or private entities for the systematic provision of court-mandated drug treatment and related services to nonviolent offenders.

Grants are intended to provide for continuing judicial oversight of nonviolent offenders and the integrated administration of graduated sanctions and services as follows:

- Offender management, including treatment and rehabilitation needs assessment, referral to treatment, supervision and monitoring, mandatory testing for use of controlled substances, application of graduated sanctions, and routine progress and compliance reporting to the court;
- Appropriate substance abuse treatment for each participant;
- Diversion, probation, or other supervised release programs involving the possibility of prosecution, confinement, or incarceration based on noncompliance with program requirements or failure to show satisfactory progress; and
- Programmatic and aftercare services such as relapse prevention, health care, education, vocational training, job placement, housing placement, and child care or other family support services for each participant who requires such services.

States applying for grants must demonstrate the steps they will take to ensure that violent offenders are not included in the Drug Courts program. Funding will be suspended immediately for States that are found to have violent offenders participating in the program.

Program funding is authorized for 6 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. The portion of program costs covered by a grant must not exceed 75 percent. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$29 million. Total authorization for this program is \$1 billion through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

ASSISTANCE FOR DELINQUENT AND AT-RISK YOUTH PROGRAM

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$5.4 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Community-Based Organizations

Under this program, the U.S. Attorney General may award discretionary grants to public or private nonprofit organizations to support the development and operation of projects that provide residential services to youth ages 11 to 19 who have dropped out of school, have come into contact with the juvenile justice system, or are at risk of either of the above. Services should include activities designed to increase the self-esteem of at-risk youth, assist at-risk youth in making healthy and responsible choices, improve the academic performance of at-risk youth, and provide at-risk youth with vocational and life skills.

Federal funds may not bear more than 70 percent of the cost of each program, although non-Federal funds may be in-kind. At least 15 percent of non-Federal funds must come from private sources. In awarding grants, the U.S. Attorney General may consult with the Ounce of Prevention Council, which coordinates prevention planning and works to simplify the grantmaking process.

Grants are authorized for 5 years beginning in FY 1996, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$36 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

RURAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE—DRUG TRAFFICKING IN RURAL AREAS PROGRAM _____

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$24 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

This program will provide formula grants to States for establishing Rural Crime and Drug Enforcement Task Forces (RCDETFs) in judicial districts that encompass significant rural lands. The task forces should include representatives from (1) State and local law enforcement agencies; (2) the U.S. Attorney's office for the judicial district; and (3) the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Immigration and Naturalization Service, and the U.S. Marshals Service. Task forces also may include representatives from the U.S. Customs Service; the U.S. Park Police; the U.S. Forest Service; the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms; and the Bureau of Land Management.

Consistent with the guidelines of equitable sharing, assets seized as a result of investigations initiated by a RCDETF (and forfeited under Federal law) will be used primarily to enhance the operations of the task forces and participating State and local law enforcement agencies. Funding will be distributed so that rural areas continue to receive comparable support for broad-based crime-fighting initiatives. Funding for anticrime initiatives in rural communities should remain at the FY 1994 level and should not decrease as a result of any legislative or administrative actions.

Funding for this program is authorized for 5 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$240 million through the year 2000.

For More Information Contact:

GRANTS TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN PROGRAM,

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$26 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$130 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to States

This program will assist State and local governments in developing and strengthening effective law enforcement and prosecution strategies to combat violent crimes against women, including sexual assault and domestic violence, as well as developing and strengthening services to the victims of these crimes.

Grants will fund activities designed to accomplish the following:

- Train police officers and prosecutors to identify and respond to violent crimes against women;
- Develop, train, or expand law enforcement units specifically targeting violent crimes against women;
- Develop and implement police and prosecution policies and services to identify, prevent, and respond to violent crimes against women;
- Develop or enhance data collection and communication systems to enable law enforcement personnel and agencies to identify and track arrests, protection orders, and prosecutions and convictions for violent crimes against women;
- Develop or strengthen victim services programs;
- Provide advocates specializing in domestic violence in courts granting a significant number of protection orders;
- Increase reporting rates and reduce attrition rates for cases involving violent crimes against women;
- Develop or strengthen antistalking programs; and
- Develop or strengthen programs targeting Indian tribes.

To qualify, applicants must certify that (1) the funds will be used for any of the purposes described above; (2) grantees and subgrantees will consult and coordinate with nonprofit, nongovernmental victim services programs; (3) prosecution, law enforcement, and victim services will each receive, without duplication, at least 25 percent of the amount awarded; and (4) Federal funds will be used to *supplement*, not replace, non-Federal funds that would otherwise be available for these activities. Applications should include documentation demonstrating need for funds, intended use of the grant funds, and demographic characteristics

of the population to be served (e.g., age, marital status, disability, race, ethnicity, and language background).

This program is authorized for 6 years, but actual length of a grant award may vary. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$26 million. Total authorization for this program is \$800 million through FY 2000.

For More Information Contact:

RURAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND CHILD ABUSE ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM.

Department of Justice—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$0

FY 1996 Authorization: \$7 million

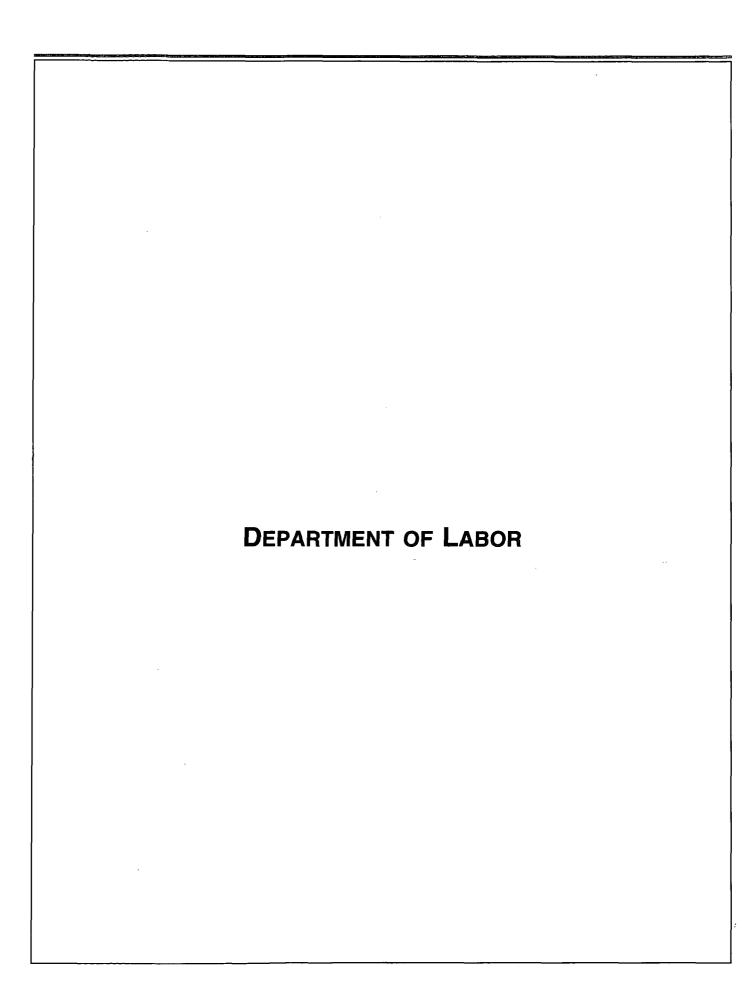
Grant Type: Discretionary Grants

This program will award discretionary grants to States, Indian tribal governments, local governments of rural States, and other public or private entities in rural States for the following purposes:

- To implement, expand, and establish cooperative efforts and projects between police officers, prosecutors, victim advocacy groups, and other related parties to investigate and prosecute incidents of domestic violence and child abuse;
- To provide treatment and counseling to victims of domestic violence and child abuse; and
- To work in cooperation with the community to develop education and prevention strategies directed toward such issues.

Funding is authorized for 3 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total authorization for this program is \$30 million through FY 1998.

For More Information Contact:



•					
·					

JOB TRAINING PARTNERSHIP ACT PROGRAMS ..

Department of Labor—Current Program

Adult Training Grants Program and Youth Training Grants Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$75.9 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$78 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) establishes programs that prepare youth and adults facing serious barriers to employment for participation in the labor force. The programs provide job training and other services that will result in increased employment and earnings, increased educational and occupational skills, and decreased welfare dependency, thereby improving the quality of the workforce and enhancing the productivity and competitiveness of the Nation. Two programs are described below: the Adult Training Grants Program (Part A) and the Youth Training Grants Program (Part C). Funds for these programs are allocated by formula to States based on unemployment and poverty rates among service delivery areas. Although JTPA allows and encourages certain ancillary activities for substance abuse prevention, the primary purpose of this title is to provide employment and training to disadvantaged individuals. Decisions on providing substance abuse prevention services are made by grantees.

Adult Training Grants Program (Part A)

The purpose of the Adult Training Grants Program is to establish programs that will prepare adults to enter the labor force by increasing their occupational and educational skills; this assistance should result in improved long-term employability, increased employment and earnings, and reduced welfare dependency. To participate individuals must be 22 years of age or older and economically disadvantaged. At least 65 percent of participants must be in one or more of the following categories: (1) those who are deficient in basic skills; (2) school dropouts; (3) recipients of cash welfare payments, including the Jobs Opportunities and Basic Skills (JOBS) program; (4) criminal offenders; (5) persons with disabilities; and (6) homeless individuals. Services include an assessment of an individual's needs and abilities and a strategy of services such as classroom training, on-the-job training, job search assistance, work experience, counseling, basic skills training, and supportive services.

Youth Training Grants Program (Part C)

The purpose of the Youth Training Grants Program is to (1) improve the long-term employability of youth; (2) enhance the educational, occupational, and citizenship skills of youth; (3) encourage school completion or enrollment in alternative school programs; (4) increase the employment and earnings of youth; (5) reduce welfare dependency; and (6) assist youth in addressing problems that impair their ability to make successful transitions from school to work, apprenticeship, the military, or postsecondary education and training. This program is conducted on a year-round basis.

Individuals eligible to participate will be:

- In school or out of school and ages 16 to 21 (or if designated in the job-training plan, ages 14 to 21 and economically disadvantaged);
- Participating in a compensatory education program under Chapter 1 of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act; or
- Eligible for free meals under the National School Lunch Act during the most recent school year.

The program targets hard-to-serve individuals who are in school and are included in one or more of the following categories: (1) those deficient in basic skills; (2) those with an educational attainment that is one or more grade levels below the grade level appropriate to the age of the individual; (3) individuals who are pregnant or parenting; (4) individuals with disabilities, including a learning disability; (5) homeless or runaway youth; and (6) criminal offenders. Program services may include all authorized adult services and limited internships in the private sector, school-to-work transition services, and alternative high school services.

Job Corps Program

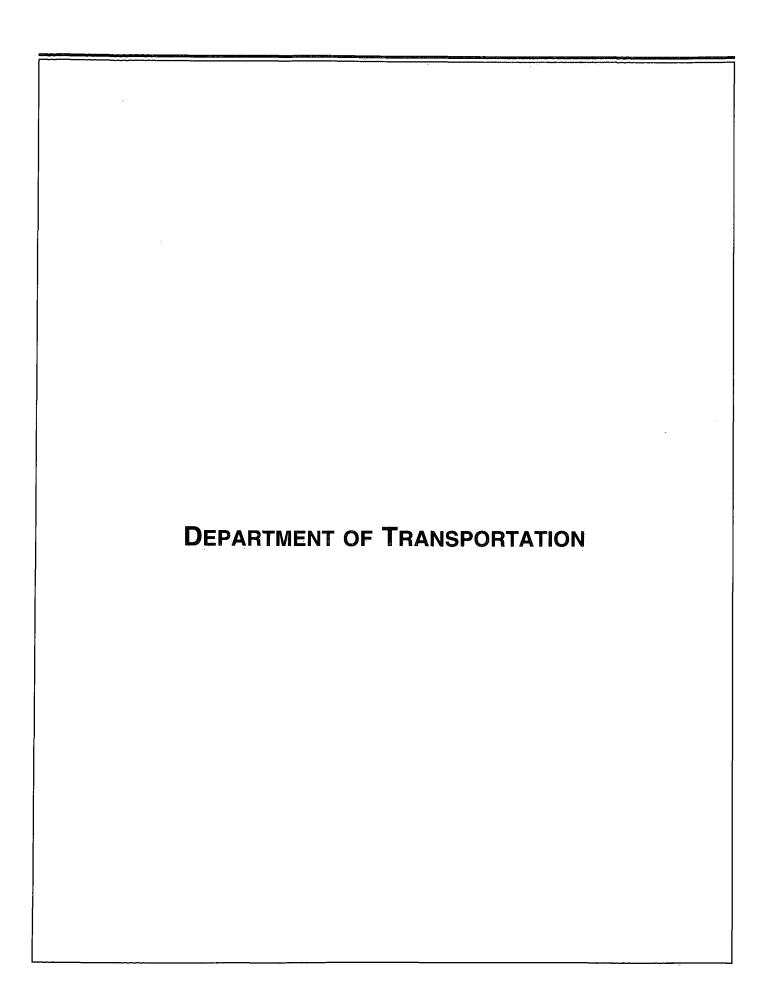
FY 1994 Actual: \$13 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$13.4 million

Authorized under Title IV, Part B of the JTPA, the Job Corps Program is a comprehensive job-training program for young adults. Job Corps administers an Alcohol and Other Drugs of Abuse (AODA) component, which consists of drug prevention and intervention activities for all Job Corps participants. Activities under the AODA component include the administration of drug tests and educational programs to increase knowledge about drug and alcohol abuse and the assignment of those whose drug test results are positive to treatment activities.

For More Information Contact:

U.S. Department of Labor Employment and Training Administration Office of Public and Intergovernmental Affairs Rm. N4700 200 Constitution Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20210 (202) 219-6871 FAX: (202) 273-4793





NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION PROGRAMS.

Department of Transportation—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$26 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$25.9 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) funds and administers programs that assist States in developing and implementing highway safety projects to reduce traffic crashes and resulting deaths, injuries, and property damage.

Under the Highway Safety Act, Section 402, State and Community Highway Safety Grants, annual formula grants to States, territories, and the Indian Nations are apportioned based on total resident population (75 percent) and public road mileage (25 percent). The grants are used to fund various types of projects that have been proven effective, including countermeasures to alcohol- and drug-impaired driving. Typical uses of these funds include public information and education campaigns; chemical-testing programs; youth and adult prevention programs; and improved training for police, prosecutors, and courts.

Funded projects include DWI (driving while intoxicated) prevention programs with special emphasis on enforcement of drunk-driving laws and public education about such laws; the purchase of breath-testing devices and the training of police officers in their proper use; and overtime pay for police personnel conducting selective traffic enforcement programs related to alcohol- and drug-impaired driving.

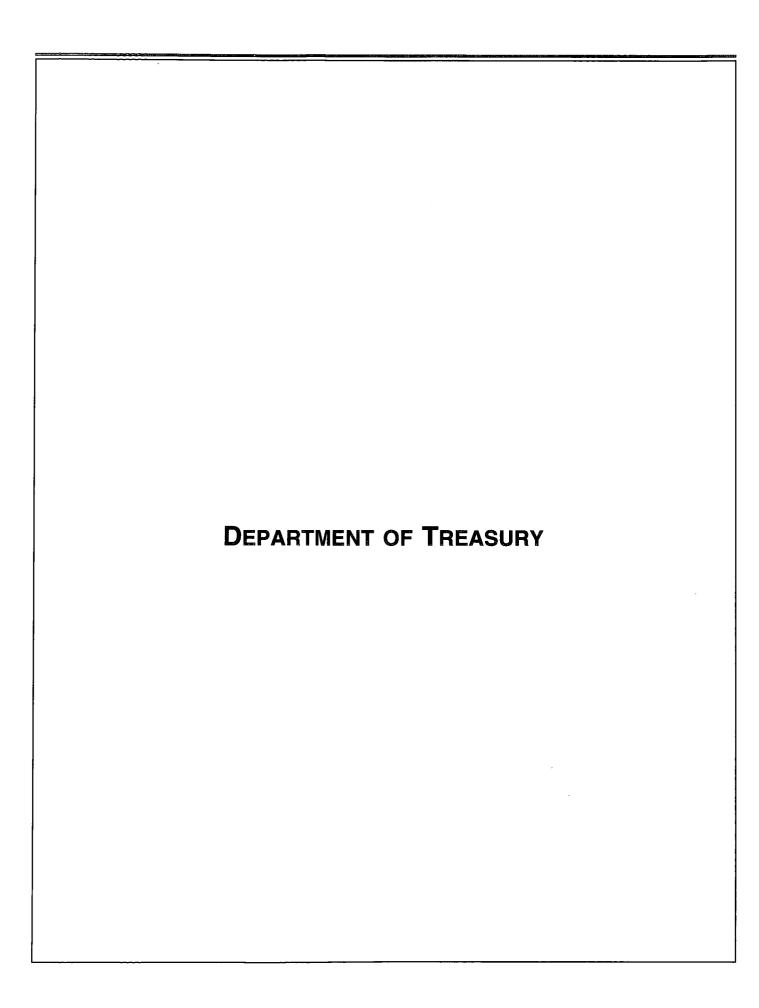
NHTSA also administers grants under Section 410, Alcohol-Impaired Driving Countermeasures Grants, to provide funds to States to implement programs that are designed to reduce alcoholand drug-impaired driving. These grants encourage States to adopt stronger sanctions against impaired drivers, including such measures as expedited mandatory license suspensions for all offenders and mandatory sentencing for repeat offenders.

For FY 1995 approximately \$19.9 million of Section 402 funding is expected to be directed to underage drunk-driving and drug control activities, and approximately \$6 million of Section 410 funding is expected to target underage drunk-driving programs. Grants are awarded to qualifying States for a maximum of 5 years. Grant amounts are determined according to a formula based on Section 402.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Marlene Markison Chief, Program Support Staff Department of Transportation 400 Seventh St., S.W., Rm. 5238 Washington, DC 20590 (202) 366-2121 FAX: (202) 366-7394

			. '



· ·

GANG RESISTANCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAM.

Department of Treasury—Crime Control Act Program

FY 1995 Authorization: \$9 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$7,2 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to States

Through this program the Secretary of the Treasury will award discretionary grants to establish not less than 50 Gang Resistance Education and Training (G.R.E.A.T.) projects in communities nationwide, in addition to the number of projects currently funded.

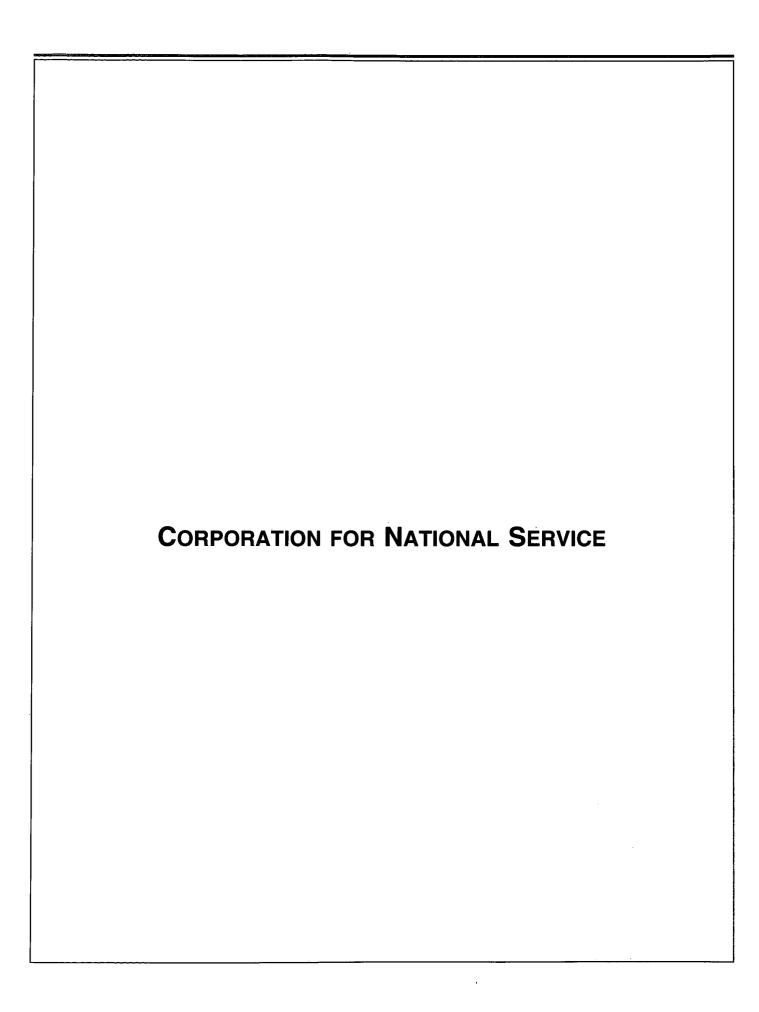
The G.R.E.A.T. program is designed to decrease gang violence across the Nation. The curriculum is taught in schools by trained, uniformed police officers and targets students at the seventh-grade level.

The G.R.E.A.T. curriculum includes many optional and extended activities that reinforce classroom instruction. Both the police officer and school teacher work together to reduce gang involvement in both the school and community.

Funding for each project will be not less than \$800,000, subject to the availability of appropriations. Fifty percent of funds will be allocated to State and local law enforcement and prevention organizations participating in such projects, and 50 percent will be allocated to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms for administrative costs.

Funding is authorized for 6 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$9 million. Total authorization for this program is \$45 million through FY 2000.

For More Information Contact:



·			

AMERICORPS*USA

Corporation for National Service—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$155.5 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$250 million

(Approximately \$4 million for new national direct grants and \$15 million for new State grants)

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants Plus Formula Grants to States and Territories

AmeriCorps*USA is the President's national service program that directly and demonstrably addresses at the community level four national priorities: education, human service, environment, and public safety. Through AmeriCorps*USA, individuals who provide a year of full-time community service receive an educational award worth \$4,725. Within the four priorities, FY 1994 grants target school readiness, school success, crime prevention, crime control, health, home, neighborhood environment, and natural environment. For FY 1995 the Corporation has tailored the target areas to address community policing, victim assistance, neighborhood environment, early childhood development, and school success. Reducing illicit drug use and other drug-related activities also can be integrated into activities related to school success, community policing, and victim assistance programs.

In FY 1994 the Corporation awarded \$49 million and 6,000 educational awards to Federal agencies, multistate programs, Indian tribes, and other nonprofit organizations, including labor and religious organizations; \$100 million and 12,000 educational awards to AmeriCorps programs sponsored through State Commissions; \$1.5 million and 112 educational awards on a competitive basis to Indian tribes; and \$1.5 million and 112 educational awards on a formula allotment basis to U.S. territories.

A total of \$250 million is appropriated for FY 1995 to renew FY 1994 grants, operationalize 1994 planning grants, and provide formula funding to States. Of this amount, the Corporation has approximately \$4 million for new national direct grants and \$15 million for new State grants. The Corporation also will award a large number of educational awards to programs that meet the national standards of AmeriCorps programs.

One example of an AmeriCorps*USA project is the Youth Fair Chance (YFC) project of the U.S. Department of Labor. The YFC project concentrates available public and private resources for youth from high-poverty areas within their immediate neighborhoods. Through the use of this approach, 56 YFC Corps members seek to increase school attendance and completion rates, postsecondary education enrollment, and substantive employment rates among youth, and to reduce gang involvement, delinquency, pregnancy, and drug use among youth.

The Corporation will give preference to new applicants who integrate *concentrated* services at fewer sites and involve *groups* of Corps members rather than individually placed Corps members. The Corporation prefers a *specialized* approach to addressing priority areas,

engaging Corps members in a single priority area. Programs will be accorded special consideration if proposed activities occur in Empowerment Zones, Enterprise Zones, communities adversely affected by cuts in defense spending, or communities otherwise in need based on poverty indices.

For More Information Contact:

AmeriCorps*USA National Direct Grants:

Ms. Meg Maguire
The Corporation for National Service
1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl.
Washington, DC 20525
(202) 606-5000, ext. 464
FAX: (202) 565-2792

AmeriCorps*USA State Grants:

Ms. Diana Algra
The Corporation for National Service
1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl.
Washington, DC 20525
(202) 606-5000, ext, 426
FAX: (202) 565-2787

AMERICORPS*VISTA

Corporation for National Service—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$34,5 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$42.6 million

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

The Corporation administers this program, which awards formula grants to States to place Volunteers in Service to America (VISTAs) in service positions in nonprofit and community-based organizations throughout the State.

VISTAs serve in a year-long program to increase the capability of low-income people to improve the conditions of their own lives. VISTAs receive a monthly living allowance and comprehensive health care coverage. They also are eligible to receive, upon completion of the service year, either an educational award worth \$4,725 or a \$95-per-month stipend. VISTAs may serve for up to 2 years. In FY 1994, 3,600 VISTAs were assigned to 800 projects with State and local public agencies or private nonprofit organizations, and the volunteers participated in orientation and training relevant to their service work.

The AmeriCorps*VISTA program, while not specifically drug-related, offers many activities that address drug education and awareness. VISTAs are more frequently involved in leveraging community resources and building partnerships among community groups, businesses, and organizations to improve the delivery and accessibility of public services to individuals and families; VISTAs are less frequently involved in performing direct services. In one VISTA program in Lansing, Michigan, 31 VISTAs are working to address the rising incidence of crime in 14 neighborhoods through community beautification efforts, security surveys, gang intervention strategies, and mentoring activities for youth.

Organizations interested in sponsoring VISTAs in their community service projects should contact their State office for national service, which receives a formula allotment of volunteer service years from the Corporation. States award service years to nonprofit and community-based organizations on a competitive rolling basis.

For More Information Contact:

Ms. Diana London Assistant Director of VISTA The Corporation for National Service 1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl. Washington, DC 20525 (202) 606-5000, ext. 228

FAX: (202) 565-2789

NATIONAL SENIOR VOLUNTEER CORPS

Corporation for National Service—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$130.2 million

(\$66.1 million for the Foster

Grandparents program, \$34.3 million for Retired Senior Volunteer Program (RSVP), and \$29.7 million for Senior

Companion program).

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$135.7 million

(\$67.8 million for the Foster Grandparents program, \$35.7 million for Retired Senior Volunteer Program (RSVP), \$31.2 million for Senior Companion program, and \$1 million for a Senior Demonstration Program (program to be determined)).

Grant Type: Formula Grants to States

The Corporation administers this program, which awards formula grants to States to place senior citizens in service positions in community-based organizations throughout the State.

The National Senior Volunteer Corps utilizes the skills, talents, and experience of more than 470,000 older volunteers who serve in 1,223 local projects and devote an annual total of more than 111 million hours of service to their local communities. There are three programs within the Senior Corps: Foster Grandparents Program, Retired Senior Volunteer Program (RSVP), and Senior Companion Program. Foster Grandparents and Senior Companion members, most of whom fall below the poverty level, receive a small stipend. Retired Senior Volunteers are nonstipended individuals over 55 years of age; RSVP has no poverty-level restriction for participants in the program.

The positive impact of the Foster Grandparents Program can be seen in many communities around the United States. In Window Rock, Arizona, for example, a Foster Grandparent has developed the Traditional and Cultural Values and Peace Court programs for juvenile delinquents referred from the Crownpoint Family Court of the Navajo Tribal Government's judicial branch. In both programs the Foster Grandparent works one on one with youth who are delinquent, abuse alcohol or drugs, lack self-esteem, endanger the welfare of others, or are not communicating with parents. In the Traditional and Cultural Values program, the Foster Grandparent teaches youth about themselves, their culture, and their traditions as a means of building their self-esteem and helping them better relate to their parents. In the Peace Court program, the Foster Grandparent unites two parties to solve their differences outside of court using conflict resolution strategies. The staff at Crownpoint Family Court respect this Foster Grandparent and consider him to be an integral part of their team.

Many of the activities performed by members of the National Senior Volunteer Corps address drug education and awareness. Organizations interested in applying for volunteers should contact their State office, which receives annual funding on a formula allotment basis.

For More Information Contact:

Mr. Tom Endres
Assistant Director for National Senior Volunteer Corps
The Corporation for National Service
1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl.
Washington, DC 20525
(202) 606-5000, ext. 199
FAX: (202) 565-2789

Foster Grandparents Program:

Mr. Rey Tejada The Corporation for National Service 1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl. Washington, DC 20525 (202) 606-5000, ext. 197 FAX: (202) 565-2789

Retired Senior Volunteer Program:

Ms. Suzanne Fahy
The Corporation for National Service
1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl.
Washington, DC 20525
(202) 606-5000, ext. 196
FAX: (202) 565-2789

Senior Companion Program:

Ms. Barbara Wilson The Corporation for National Service 1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl. Washington, DC 20525 (202) 606-5000, ext. 297 FAX: (202) 565-2789

LEARN AND SERVE

Corporation for National Service—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$40 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$50 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants Plus Formula Grants to States

Learn and Serve grants fund two types of programs: (1) school-based and community-based service-learning programs for school-age youth and (2) programs at institutions of higher education. School-based grants are awarded on a formula basis to State education agencies and on a competitive basis to nonprofit organizations; community-based grants are awarded on a competitive basis to nonprofit organizations, Indian tribes, U.S. territories, and State commissions on national service.

Grants require that schools and community organizations such as local businesses, police departments, and health centers collaborate to engage youth in local activities in the four national service priority areas of education, human service, environment, and public safety. Many of the activities performed under these projects address drug education and awareness in K-12 programs and on college campuses.

One Learn and Serve grantee, the Youth Volunteer Corps (YVC) of America, is building school-community partnerships in 14 sites to implement community-based service-learning activities for middle and high school students. A total of 1,500 youth identify local needs and organize service projects that address those needs. Activities emphasize public safety and include conflict resolution, peer mediation, and drug awareness education at five sites in the Operation Weed and Seed program—Kansas City, Missouri; Omaha, Nebraska; Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; San Antonio, Texas; and Seattle, Washington. Nine other sites will be competitively selected. Program activities will not be limited to public safety and will develop and disseminate a YVC public safety curriculum.

For More Information Contact:

School-Based and Community-Based Programs:

Ms. Ruby Anderson The Corporation for National Service 1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl. Washington, DC 20525 (202) 606-5000, ext. 115 FAX: (202) 565-2787

Higher Education Programs:

Mr. Goodwin Liu The Corporation for National Service 1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl. Washington, DC 20525 (202) 606-5000, ext. 429 FAX: (202) 565-2787

AMERICORPS*NCCC

Corporation for National Service—Current Program

FY 1994 Actual: \$20 million

FY 1995 Appropriation: \$26 million

Grant Type: Community Service Projects

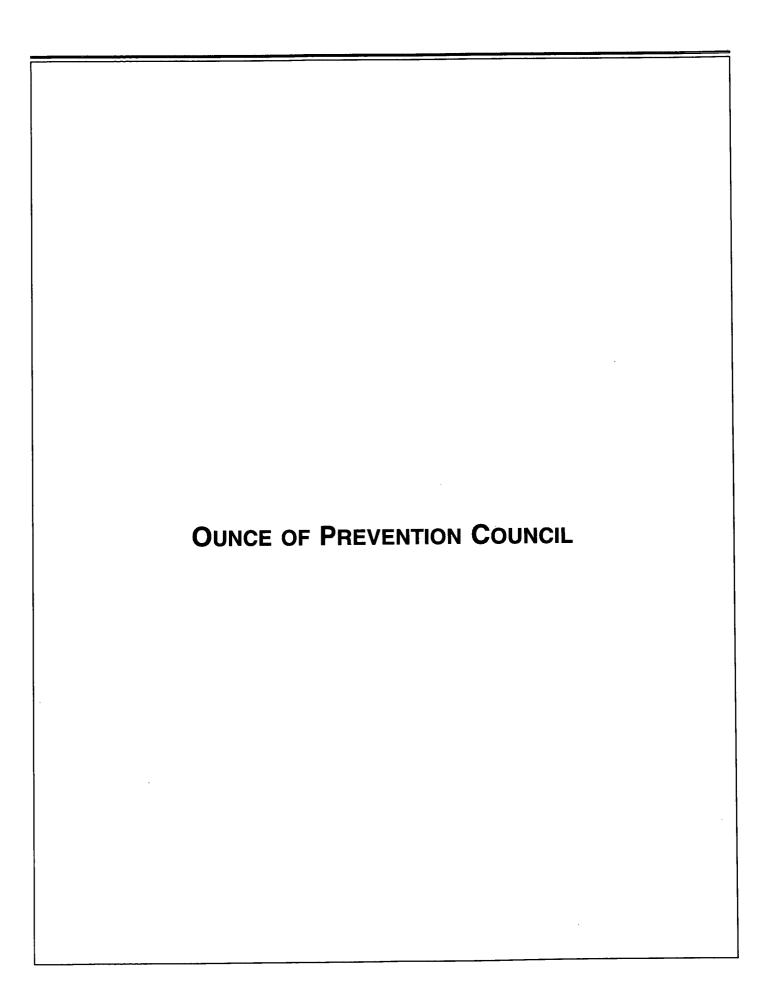
The National Civilian Community Corps (NCCC) engages more than 1,000 young people in community service. The NCCC is a national residential service option in which participants are housed and trained on military bases and deployed as teams to community service activities. The NCCC provides participants with opportunities to solve real community problems while they develop leadership skills and receive invaluable training. Fifty percent of NCCC activities address the environment; the NCCC also engages in drug prevention and drug education programs.

Four military bases were chosen on a noncompetitive basis to house the NCCC members: Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland; Charleston Naval Complex, South Carolina; Lawry Air Force Base, Colorado; and San Diego Naval Training Center, California. For FY 1995 the number of bases utilized for NCCC programs will not be increased. Organizations who would like to collaborate with the NCCC on projects in communities near existing NCCC base programs should contact the Corporation for National Service.

For More Information Contact:

FAX: (202) 565-2792

Mr. David Silverberg
Special Assistant to the Director of the NCCC
The Corporation for National Service
1201 New York Ave., N.W., 9th Fl.
Washington, DC 20525
(202) 606-5000, ext. 120



OUNCE OF PREVENTION COUNCIL GRANTS PROGRAM

Ounce of Prevention Council—Crime Control Act Program¹

FY 1995 Authorization: \$1.5 million

FY 1996 Authorization: \$14.7 million

Grant Type: Discretionary Grants to

Community-Based Organizations

The Ounce of Prevention Council is led by the Vice President of the United States and includes nine Cabinet members: the Attorney General, the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of the Treasury. The council coordinates prevention planning, develops a comprehensive crime prevention program catalog, assists communities and community-based organizations seeking information regarding crime prevention programs, and develops strategies for program integration and grant simplification.

The Ounce of Prevention Council will award discretionary grants to Indian tribal governments, cities, counties or other municipalities, school boards, colleges and universities, private nonprofit entities, or consortia of eligible applicants. Grants will be awarded for projects in the following four areas:

- Prevention and treatment programs to reduce substance abuse, child abuse, and adolescent pregnancy, including outreach programs for at-risk families;
- Mentoring, tutoring, and other programs involving participation by adult role models such as D.A.R.E. (Drug Abuse Resistance Education);
- Summer and afterschool education and recreation programs; and
- Job training, placement, or other employability assistance programs.

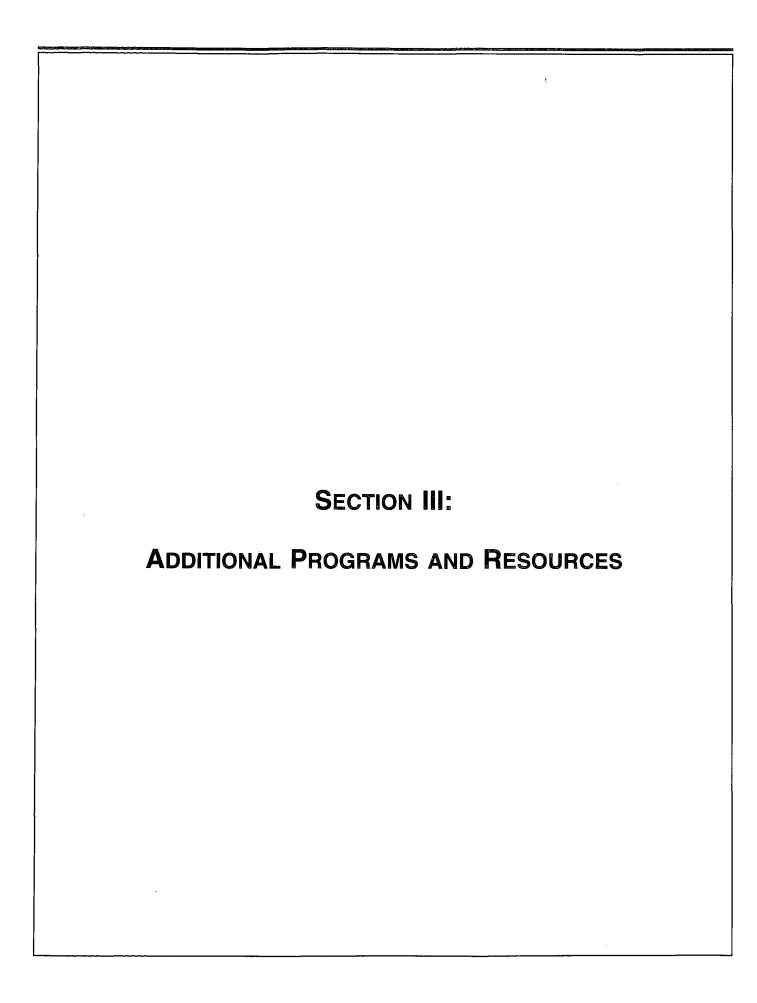
The council will give funding preference to coalitions consisting of a broad spectrum of community-based and social service organizations that have a coordinated team approach to reducing gang membership and the effects of substance abuse and to providing alternatives to at-risk youth.

Program funding is authorized for 6 years, but actual length of grant award may vary. The portion of program costs covered by a grant must not exceed 75 percent. Total appropriation for FY 1995 is \$1.5 million. Total authorization for this program is \$90 million through the year 2000.

¹For FY 1995, the Ounce of Prevention Council will be administered by the Department of Justice; for FY 1996 and years thereafter, the Ounce of Prevention Council will operate as an independent agency.

For More Information Contact:

Department of Justice Response Center (800) 421-6770



		,	
	* .		

Section III: Additional Programs And Resources

This section describes three additional sources of funding for drug-related programs. The first source is an Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP) program that applies only to the most critical drug-trafficking areas in the United States. The second source is a reference guide prepared by the Federal Government. The third source is a list of private-sector foundations and available resources from the Foundation Center.

HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAFFICKING AREAS PROGRAM.

Pursuant to the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, the Director of ONDCP designates areas in the United States that have the most critical drug-trafficking problems as High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTAs).

Initially, five areas were designated: Houston, Texas; Los Angeles, California; Miami, Florida; New York City, New York; and the Southwest Border. In addition to these drug "gateway areas," the Director of ONDCP designated the Washington, D.C./Baltimore, Maryland, area as a "distribution" HIDTA to address the extensive distribution of drugs to chronic hardcore drug users, as indicated by the Drug Abuse Warning Network (DAWN) and other data. This prototype HIDTA uses a multidisciplinary approach to reduce the number of drug distribution organizations and their clientele and covers the full drug control spectrum of interdiction, law enforcement, treatment, and prevention. In November 1994 the Director of ONDCP also designated Puerto Rico/U.S. Virgin Islands as a HIDTA. This gateway HIDTA will address the full drug control spectrum but will concentrate initially on a joint interdiction and enforcement system.

Each HIDTA has a joint Federal, State, and local executive committee and a designated coordinator to manage joint efforts. For more information about individual HIDTA programs, contact the program coordinator in the appropriate area (see Appendix B).

THE CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE _

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (the Catalog) is an annual governmentwide compendium of Federal programs, projects, services, and activities that provide assistance or benefits to the American public. The Catalog is designed to provide information about all programs (drug-related and nondrug-related) administered by Federal departments and agencies in a single publication. Program information is cross-referenced by functional classification, subject, applicant, deadline for program application submission, and authorizing legislation. Other sections of the Catalog provide information on regional and local offices, intergovernmental review requirements, proposal writing, grant application procedures, and additional sources of information on Federal programs and services.

The *Catalog* complements the information contained in this directory and resource guide in three ways:

- It provides detailed information concerning program funding, eligibility requirements, and application procedures;
- It identifies sources of nonfinancial, technical assistance for drug-related programs; and

• It identifies sources of financial and nonfinancial assistance for programs in areas indirectly linked to illicit drug use and related violence, including community development, health training, housing, mental health, and rehabilitation training.

The *Catalog* is published annually, usually in June, and an *Update to the Catalog* is published in December. Complimentary copies are made available to elected officials, libraries, and appropriate service agencies at all levels of government. Thus, several copies may be accessible in each community. For those unable to obtain a free copy of the *Catalog*, it is available for sale in magnetic tape, floppy disk, and hard-copy format through the Government Printing Office.

For More Information Contact:

Federal Domestic Assistance Catalog Staff (WKU) General Services Administration Ground Fl., Reporters Bldg. 300 Seventh St., S.W. Washington, DC 20407 (202) 708-5126

PRIVATE-SECTOR FOUNDATIONS.

The Federal Government is not the only source of funding assistance for reducing the impact of drug use and drug-related violence in America. More than 300 foundations—philanthropic trust funds established privately by individuals, families, and corporations—award more than \$50 million each year to nonprofit organizations for drug-related treatment, prevention, education, and research activities. While some foundations give grants nationwide, many foundations award grants only to a single State or community. Many foundation grants serve as complements to Federal grant programs. This funding can be crucial for Federal grant applicants who must obtain a percentage of their funding through non-Federal sources. Following is a brief description of several foundations and the drug-related grants they award.

National Foundations

The following are examples of foundations that have a national focus.

The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, Princeton, New Jersey

The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation in New Jersey is the largest private-sector donor of drug-related grants in the United States. Its mission is to improve the health and health care of the Nation by pursuing three main goals: promoting health and preventing disease by reducing substance abuse; ensuring access to basic health care for all Americans; and improving the organization and provision of health services to persons with chronic health conditions.

In 1992 the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation awarded 71 drug-related grants totaling \$50.6 million. Two examples of recently awarded grants are as follows:

 Alameda County Castlemont Corridor Coordinating Council, Oakland, California.—\$568,207 for Fighting Back, a Robert Wood Johnson nationwide program for community consortiums, to plan strategies of public awareness, prevention, early intervention, drug and alcohol treatment, and relapse prevention.

• American Bar Association Fund for Justice and Education, Chicago, Illinois.—\$197,094 for recruiting members for community antidrug coalitions.

Public Welfare Foundation, Washington, D.C.

An example of a public- or private-sector partnership that addresses the link between drugs and crime is the Public Welfare Foundation in Washington, D.C. One of the top donors of grants for drug-related programs in the United States, this organization awards grants primarily to grassroots organizations in the United States and abroad for programs related to disadvantaged youth, criminal justice, health, community support, population/family planning, the environment, and the elderly. As part of its criminal justice mission, the foundation awards grants to private, nonprofit organizations serving substance-abusing individuals involved in the criminal justice system. In 1993 the Public Welfare Foundation awarded 10 grants for drug-related programs for a total of \$335,000. Two examples of recently awarded grants by the foundation are as follows:

- Center for Community Alternatives, Syracuse, New York.—The Foundation awarded \$50,000 for continued support of Project Proud (Prosecutor's Response to Offenders of Drugs), which provides alternatives to prosecution and possible incarceration for select nonviolent substance-abusing offenders.
- Episcopal Social Ministries, Baltimore, Maryland.—The Foundation awarded \$10,000 for the Jericho Project and Cathedral House Job Training Program, which provide coordinated case management and support services to addicted inmates in the early stages of recovery.

Regional Foundations ___

The following are examples of foundations that have a regional focus or geographical restrictions.

The Morris and Gwendolyn Cafritz Foundation, Washington, D.C.

The Morris and Gwendolyn Cafritz Foundation of Washington, D.C., limits its giving to programs in the metropolitan Washington area that focus on community service, arts and humanities, education, and health. In 1993 the foundation awarded 5 grants for drug-related programs for a total of \$210,000. Recently, the Cafritz Foundation awarded a drug-related grant of \$75,000 to the Corporation Against Drug Abuse, Washington, D.C., for the expansion of Project Star, an alcohol and drug abuse prevention program.

Woods Charitable Fund, Lincoln, Nebraska

The Woods Charitable Fund provides grants mainly to organizations in Lincoln, Nebraska. Its primary purpose is to promote community development through community organization and increased opportunities for disadvantaged people. In 1993 the fund awarded 4 grants for drug-related programs for a total of \$64,520. Recently, the fund awarded a drug-related grant of \$14,320 to the Lincoln Council on Alcoholism and Drugs for the development of Homebase: Prevention Skills for Parents, a program that teaches parenting skills to parents of elementary school children to prevent alcohol and drug abuse by youth.

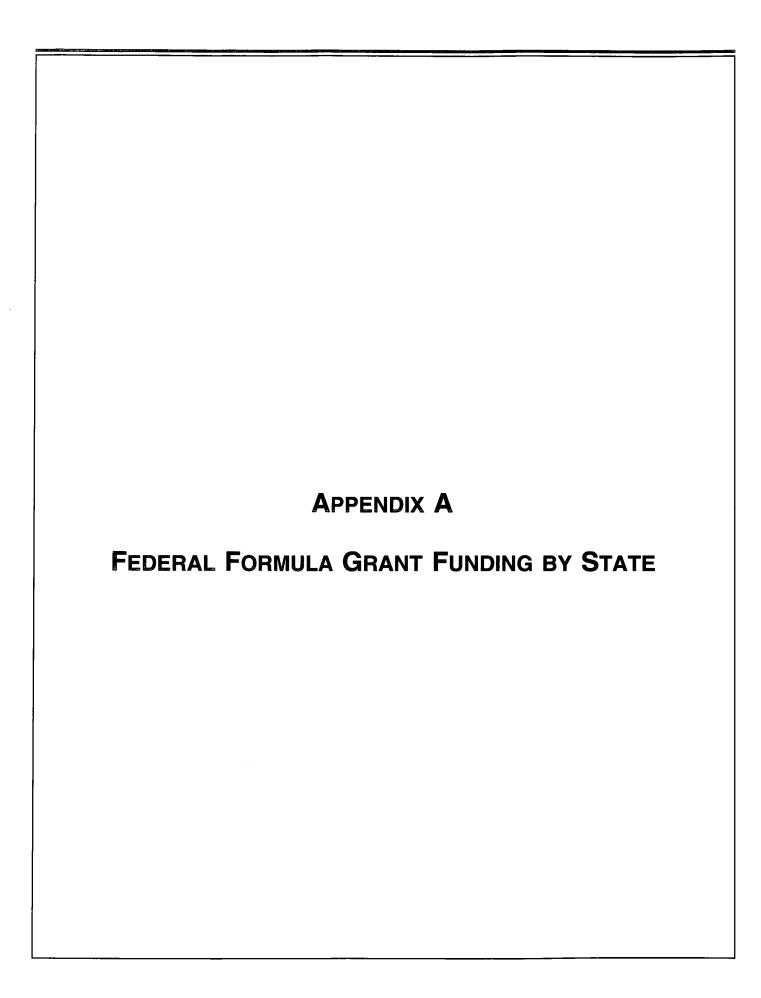
The Foundation Center

To apply for foundation grants, an agency or organization must identify potential donors, understand the restrictions individual foundations place on grantmaking, and compile general information about each foundation to include in the application. To facilitate this process, the foundations maintain the Foundation Center, a library and data base of existing foundations, grants awarded, and other information. The Foundation Center operates libraries in Atlanta, Georgia; Cleveland, Ohio; New York, New York; San Francisco, California; and Washington, D.C. In addition, the Foundation Center houses reference collections at nearly 200 cooperating public libraries in all 50 States and Puerto Rico.

The Foundation Center publishes the *Grants for Alcohol and Drug Abuse* and the *National Guide to Funding in Health*. Grants for Alcohol and Drug Abuse provides a list of grants recently awarded nationwide by foundations to nonprofit organizations in the areas of counseling, education, medical research, residential care and halfway houses, and media projects on alcohol and drug abuse prevention and treatment. Grants are cross-referenced by geographic area and by subject matter. The *National Guide to Funding in Health* provides a comprehensive directory of foundations that award grants to health-related projects including substance abuse. Descriptions of foundations include address and contact information, financial data, grantmaking priorities and limitations, application information, and sample grants awarded.

For More Information Contact:

The Foundation Center 1001 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Suite 938 Washington, DC 20036-5588 (800) 424-9836



	·			
	·			

FEDERAL FORMULA DRUG GRANTS TO STATES' (\$ millions)

	HHS Substance Abuse Block Grant Distribution		EDUCATION Safe and Drug-Free Schools State Grant Allocations		JUSTICE Byrne Formula Grant Distribution by State ²		TOTAL Grants By State			Percent Change			
STATE / TERRITORY	1993	1994	1995	1993³	1994³	1995	1993	1994	1995	1993	1994	1995	'93-'95
Alabama	14.9	15.6	16.5	` 8.5	5.9	7.5	6.9	5.8	7.3	20.0	07.0	04.0	
Alaska	2.2	2.2	1.7	2.4	1.8	2.2	1.9	1.6	7.3 2.0	30.3 6.5	27.3 5.6	31.3	3.5
Arizona	15.4	16.0	18.2	6.8	5.4	6.5	6.4	5.5	7.0	28.5		5.9	-8.5
Arkansas	7.2	7.8	8.3	4.9	3.5	4.5	4.4	3.8	4.7	∠8.5 16.6	27.0 15.1	31.7	11.1
California	152.2	158.8	164.1	54.0	41.9	49.8	44.3	3.6 37.7	4.7 47.4	250.5		17.4	5.3
Colorado	14.4	15.7	17.8	5.9	4.7	5.2	5.9	5.0	6.4		238.4	261.3	4.3
Connecticut	13.2	13.2	13.4	5.3	3.9	4.1	5.9 5.7	4.8	6.0	26.2 24.2	25.4	29.4	11.9
Delaware	3.3	3.4	3.4	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.0	4.6 1.7	2.2	24.2 7.7	21.9 6.9	23.5 7.8	-2.8
District of Columbia	3.9	3.9	3.2	2.4	1.8	2.2	1.9	1.6	2.2	7.7 8.2	7.3	7.8 7.4	1.5
Florida	50.1	50.1	49.2	21.4	16.1	19.0	20.0	17.0	21.4	o.∠ 91.5			-10.0
Georgia	23.1	24.9	26.7	13.1	9.5	11.1	10.5	8.9	11.4	91.5 46.7	83.2	89.6	-2.1
Hawaii	5.3	5.7	5.7	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.9		43.3	49.2	5.3
ldaho	3.5	3.9	4.3	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	2.3 2.2	2.9	10.5	9.8	10.8	3.3
Illinois	49.7	51.3	53.6	22.0	16.0	19.7	2.5 17.5	2.2 14.8		8.4	7.9	9.4	11.1
Indiana	24.5	26.3	29.2	10.2	7.7	8.2	9.1		18.5	89.2	82.1	91.8	2.9
lowa	9.8	10.3	11.2	5.1	3.9	6.2 4.1		7.6	9.6	43.8	41.6	47.0	7.2
Kansas	8.2	8.8	9.7	4.6			5.0	4.2	5.3	19.9	18.4	20.6	3.4
Kentucky	0.∠ 13.0				3.6	3.8	4.6	3.9	4.9	17.4	16.2	18.4	6.1
		14.0	15.3	7.5	5.4	7.2	6.3	5.4	6.7	26.8	24.7	29.2	8.6
Louisiana	17.6	18.8	20.4	9.7	7.0	10.1	7.1	6.0	7.5	34.4	31.8	38.0	10.5
Maine	4.3	4.3	4.8	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.8	2.4	3.0	9.6	8.6	10.0	4.4
Maryland	22.2	23.0	24.3	8.4	6.2	6.6	8.0	6.7	8.5	38.6	35.9	39.4	2.0
Massachusetts	28.6	28.6	29.9	10.0	7.1	8.2	9.6	8.0	10.0	48.2	43.7	48.1	-0.1
Michigan	43.7	46.2	48.7	18.3	13.5	17.7	14.4	12.1	15.2	76.4	71.8	81.6	6.8
Minnesota	16.1	17.0	18.5	8.1	6.3	6.7	7.4	6.2	7.8	31.5	29.5	32.9	4.4
Mississippi	8.6	9.3	9.8	6.4	4.3	6.5	4.8	4.0	5.0	19.8	17.6	21.3	7.5
Missouri	18.2	18.5	20.7	9.5	7.2	8.2	8.4	7.1	8.9	36.2	32.8	37.7	4.3
Montana	2.8	3.0	3.4	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.4	7.4	6.8	8.0	7.6
Nebraska	4.8	5.1	5.3	3.0	2.3	2.4	3.3	2.8	3.5	11.1	10.2	11.2	0.8
Nevada	5.5	5.7	6.3	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.9	2.5	3.2	10.9	10.0	11.7	7.8
New Hampshire	4.2	4.2	4.4	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.8	9.3	8.2	9.5	2.3
New Jersey	37.5	37.5	35.3	13.7	9.7	10.9	12.1	10.2	12.8	63.2	57.3	59.0	-6.8
New Mexico	5.6	5.6	5.8	3.4	2.6	3.4	3.3	2.8	3.5	12.3	11.0	12.7	3.6
New York	82.3	82.3	84.7	35.4	24.1	33.8	26.8	22.5	28.1	144.5	128.9	146.6	1.5
North Carolina	23.7	25.3	26.0	12.0	8.7	9.5	10.7	9.1	11.4	46.4	43.1	46.9	1.0

FEDERAL FORMULA DRUG GRANTS TO STATES' (\$ millions)

	HHS Substance Abuse Block Grant Distribution		EDUCATION Safe and Drug-Free Schools State Grant Allocations		For	JUSTICE Byrne Formula Grant Distribution by State ²		TOTAL Grants By State		Percent Change			
STATE / TERRITORY	1993	1994	1995	1993³	1994³	1995	1993	1994	1995	1993	1994	1995	'93-'95_
Morth Dokota	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.0	1.7	2.1	6.5	5.7	6.6	1.4
North Dakota	49.8	53.1	55.3	20.2	15.1	18.7	16.6	14.0	17.6	86.7	82.2	91.6	5.7
	11.3	12.2	13.3	6.0	4.7	5.5	5.6	4.7	5.9	22.9	21.6	24.7	7.8
Oklahoma	11.3	12.2	13.1	5.2	4.1	4.6	5.2	4.4	5.6	21.6	20.5	23.3	8.0
Oregon				21.4	15.4	19.0	18.1	15.2	19.0	88.5	79.7	90.5	2.3
Pennsylvania	49.1	49.2	52.5	21.4	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.6	10.8	9.7	9.3	-13.5
Rhode Island	5.8	5.8	4.5	2.4 7.0	5.0	6.0	2.5 6.1	5.2	6.5	26.2	24.1	26.9	3.0
South Carolina	13.1	13.9	14.5	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.1	1.7	2.2	7.5	6.5	6.5	-13.8
South Dakota	3.0	3.0	2.1	9.3	6.7	2.2 8.0	8.1	6.9	8.7	34.4	31.7	35.7	4.0
Tennessee	16.9	18.1	19.0		27.2	35.4	25.8	22.0	27.9	131.0	124.4	144.3	10.1
Texas	70.2	75.2	81.0	35.0		35.4	23.6 3.6	3.1	3.9	16.3	15.0	16.9	3.7
Utah	8.5	8.6	9.8	4.2 2.4	3.4 1.8	3.2 2.2	1.9	1.6	2.0	7.4	6.5	6.7	-10.4
Vermont	3.1	3.1	2.4		8.0	8.3	10.0	8.5	10.7	45.0	42.1	47.9	6.5
Virginia	24.2	25.6	28.9	10.8	-	6.3 7.5	8.2	7.0	8.9	40.1	38.8	41.7	3.9
Washington	23.2	24.8	25.3 7.6	8.7 3.6	7.0 2.6	7.5 3.6	3.6	3.1	3.8	13.7	12.7	14.9	9.0
West Virginia	6.5	7.0			2.6 7.1	3.6 8.2	3.0 8.1	6.9	8.6	36.0	33.8	38.7	7.5
Wisconsin	18.7	19.8	21.8	9.2	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.8	5.4	4.7	5.5	1.8
Wyoming	1.3	1.4	1.5	2.4	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.0	9.4	4.7	3.3	1.0
Puerto Rico	13.6	14.2	15.4	11.0	7.0	12.1	6.1	5.1	6.4	30.7	26.4	33.9	10.6
Virgin Islands	1.0	1.0	0.4	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.3	4.0	3.3	3.2	-18.7
Guam	0.5	0.5	0.6	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.2	1.1	1.3	3.9	3.3	3.7	-3.6
Other Insular Areas	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.2	4.3	3.8	4.0	-6.6
State/Territory Total	1074.0	1118.3	1172.4	498.6	369.5	450.5	423.0	358.0	450.0	1995.6	1845.7	2072.9	3.9
Federal Set-Aside	56.5	58.9	61.7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	56.5	58.9	61.7	9.2
Indian Youth Set-Aside	n/a	n/a	n/a	5.6	5.4	4.6	n/a	n/a	n/a	5.6	5.4	4.6	0.0
Native Hawaiian Set-Aside	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.1	1.1	0.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.0
Evaluation Set-Aside	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
TOTAL	1130.5	1177.1	1234.1	505.3	.376.0	457.0	423.0	358.0	450.0	2058.8	1911.1	. 2141.1	4.0

11995 data are preliminary estimates.

²Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

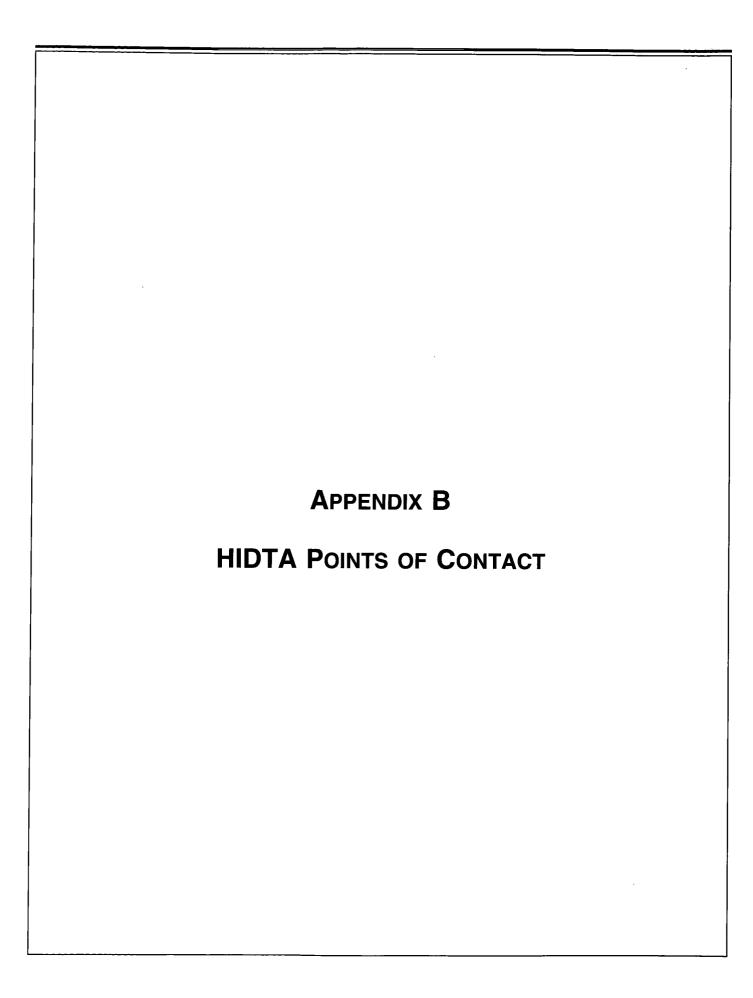
^aAdjusted for comparability with FY 1995 amounts appropriated under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act. In FY 1993 and FY 1994, funds were appropriated for programs authorized under the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act.

DRUG ELIMINATION GRANTS TO HOUSING AUTHORITIES BY STATE (\$ millions)

STATE / TERRITORY	1993	1994	STATE / TERRITORY	1993	1994
Alabama	6.4	7.1	New Hampshire	0.5	0.6
Alaska	0.2	0.2	New Jersey	8.0	10.1
Arizona	1.1	2.1	New Mexico	0.6	1.1
Arkansas	1.0	1.4	New York	21.6	40.8
California	8.2	9.6	North Carolina	6.0	7.5
Colorado	0.8	1.2	North Dakota	0.3	0.3
Connecticut	0.7	3.9	Ohio	4.1	9.1
Delaware	0.2	0.8	Oklahoma	3.0	3.7
District of Columbia	0.0	2.9	Oregon	0.8	1.0
Florida	6.4	7.6	Pennsylvania	8.2	6.8
Georgia	7.6	9.4	Rhode Island	0.9	n/a
Hawaii	0.0	1.3	South Carolina	0.2	1.7
ldaho	0.0	n/a	South Dakota	0.5	1.7
Illinois	9.4	15.3	Tennessee	3.4	6.5
Indiana	1.6	2.7	Texas	8.6	9.7
lowa	0.5	0.0	Utah	0.3	0.4
Kansas	0.9	0.9	Vermont	0.0	0.4
Kentucky	1.3	3.0	Virginia	4.9	4.7
Louisiana	1.6	5.0	Washington	2.3	
Maine	0.3	0.3	West Virginia	2.3 1.0	3.4
Maryland	0.6	5.4	Wisconsin	1.6	0.5 0.5
Massachusetts	5.3	6.5	Wyoming	0.0	
Michigan	2.8	2.0	wyoning	0.0	0.2
Minnesota	2.7	2.6	Puerto Rico	6.0	440
Mississippi	0.2	1.6	Virgin Islands		14.3
Missouri	2.3	2.6	Guam	0.0	1.1
Montana	0.6	0.6	Other ¹	n/a	n/a
Nebraska	0.6	0.6	Other	28.1	42.1
Nevada	1.1	1.1			
	.,.	***	TOTAL	175.0	265.0

NOTE: FY 1995 grant applications will not be available until July, 1995. Grant awards will be announced before the end of FY 1995. ¹Includes Section 8 Assisted Housing Grants, technical assistance programs, and administrative costs.

	•		
			,



Los Angeles, CA

Ms. Lisa Lench HIDTA Coordinator 312 North Spring St. Los Angeles, CA 90012 (213) 894-3739

FAX: (213) 894-0142

MIAMI, FL

Mr. Doug Hughes HIDTA Director 8245 N.W. 53rd St. Miami, FL 33130 (305) 597-2091 FAX: (305) 597-2041

NEW YORK, NY

Mr. Harry Brady HIDTA Director 26 Federal Plaza, Rm. 29 New York, NY 10278 (212) 385-6980 FAX: (212) 385-7514

PUERTO RICO/VIRGIN ISLANDS

Ms. Rosa Rodriguez
Office of the United States Attorney
Federal Building
Chardon Avenue
Hato Rey, PR 00918
(809) 766-5656
FAX: (809) 766-6222

SOUTHWEST BORDER

Mr. Warren Reese HIDTA Director 185 West F St., Suite 600 San Diego, CA 92101 (619) 557-5324 ext. 629 FAX: (619) 557-6945

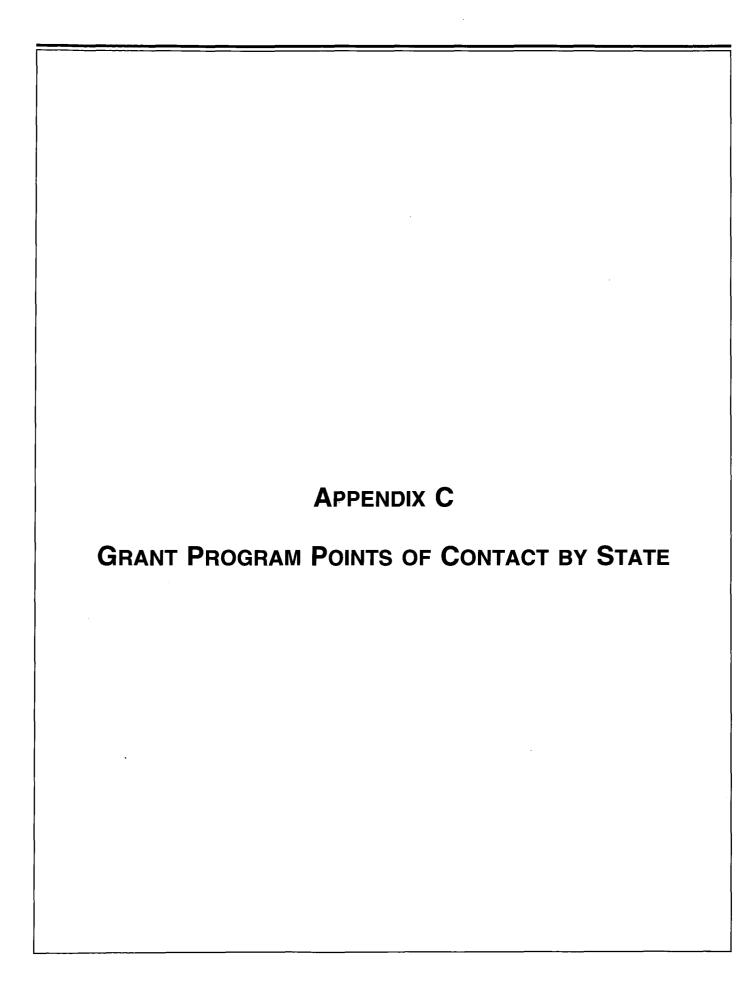
HOUSTON, TX

Mr. Bernard Hobson HIDTA Coordinator 910 Travis, Suite 1500 Houston, TX 77002 (713) 567-9342 FAX: (713) 652-6311

Washington, DC/ Baltimore, MD

Mr. Tom Carr HIDTA Director Office of National Drug Control Policy 750 17th St., N.W. Washington, DC 20500 (202) 395-6745 FAX: (202) 395-6721

• .



ALABAMA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Gail H. Ellerbrake Coordinator Governor's Office of Drug Abuse Policy Alabama Center for Commerce, Rm. 464 Montgomery, AL 36130 (205) 242-7126 FAX: (205) 242-2454

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Mr. Doug Miller Chief, Law Enforcement Planning 401 Adams Ave. P.O. Box 5690 Montgomery, AL 36103-5690 (205) 242-5900 FAX: (205) 242-0712

Col. Robert Patterson Acting Director Alabama Department of Public Safety P.O. Box 1511 Montgomery, AL 36102 (205) 242-4394 FAX: (205) 242-0512

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACTS:

Mr. Richard Hanan Commissioner Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation 200 Interstate Park Dr. P.O. Box 3710 Montgomery, AL 36109-0710 (205) 271-9209 FAX: (205) 270-4629 Mr. O'Neill Pollingue
Director
Division of Substance Abuse Services
Department of Mental Health
and Mental Retardation
200 Interstate Park Dr.
P.O. Box 3710
Montgomery, AL 36109-0710
(205) 270-4650
FAX: (205) 270-4654

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Penny Deavers
Coordinator, Drug Education
Department of Education
Gordon Persons Office Bldg.
50 North Ripley St.
P.O. Box 302101
Montgomery, AL 36130-2101
(205) 242-8049
FAX: (205) 242-9708

ALASKA

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Ms. Catherine Katsel Grants Manager Department of Public Safety 5700 East Tudor Rd. Anchorage, AK 99507 (907) 269-5082 FAX: (907) 337-2059

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Loren A. Jones, Director Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Alaska Department of Health and Social Services P.O. Box 110607 Juneau, AK 99811-0607 (907) 465-2071 FAX: (907) 465-2185

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Rosemary Hagevig Program Manager Drug-Free Schools Program Alaska Department of Education 801 West 10th St., Suite 200 Juneau, AK 99801-1894 (907) 465-8715 FAX: (907) 465-3396

Ms. Helen Mehrkens Education Specialist Drug-Free Schools Program Alaska Department of Education 801 West 10th St., Suite 200 Juneau, AK 99801-1894 (907) 465-8730

FAX: (907) 465-3396

AMERICAN SAMOA

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACTS:

Mr. Faafetai Iaulualo Chief Social Services Division Government of American Samoa Pago Pago, AS 96799 011 (684) 633-2696 FAX: 011 (684) 633-7449

Dr. Edgar Reid Acting Director of Health Government of American Samoa Pago Pago, AS 96799 011 (684) 633-4606 FAX: 011 (684) 633-5379

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Leroy Lutu Program Director Department of Education Drug-Free Schools Program Government of American Samoa Pago Pago, AS 96799 011 (684) 633-5244 FAX: 011 (684) 633-7859

ARIZONA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Bob Blakely Director Governor's Office of Drug Policy State Capitol 1700 West Washington, Rm. 503 Phoenix, AZ 85007 (602) 542-3456 FAX: (602) 542-0868

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Mr. F. Kenton Komadina Chief Counsel Drug and Gang Prevention Unit Attorney General's Office State of Arizona 1275 West Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007 (602) 542-3881 FAX: (602) 542-5997

Ms. Linda Fogle Grants Administrator Criminal Investigations Bureau Arizona Department of Public Safety P.O. Box 6638 Phoenix, AZ 85005-6638 (602) 223-2122 FAX: (602) 223-2919

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Terri Goens
Office of Substance Abuse
Arizona Department of Behavioral
Health Services
2122 East Highland
Phoenix, AZ 85016
(602) 381-8999
FAX: (602) 553-9142

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Jaimie Leopold Prevention Specialist Comprehensive Health Unit Arizona Department of Education 1535 West Jefferson Phoenix, AZ 85007 (602) 542-3051 FAX: (602) 542-5545

Ms. Cathy Olson Prevention Specialist Comprehensive Health Unit Arizona Department of Education 1535 West Jefferson Phoenix, AZ 85007 (602) 542-3051 FAX: (602) 542-5545

ARKANSAS

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Robert Shepherd State Drug Director Governor's Office State Capitol Little Rock, AR 72201 (501) 682-2345 FAX: (501) 682-1382

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Joe M. Hill
Director
Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Prevention
Freeway Medical Center, Suite 907
5800 West 10th
Little Rock, AR 72204
(501) 280-4501
FAX: (501) 280-4519

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Otistene Smith Drug Education Program Advisor Arkansas Department of Education #4 Capitol Mall, 403B Little Rock, AR 72201-1071 (501) 682-5170 FAX: (501) 682-4618

CALIFORNIA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Dr. Andrew M. Mecca Director Alcohol and Drug Programs Executive Office 1700 K Street, 5th Fl. Sacramento, CA 95814-4037 (916) 445-1943 FAX: (916) 323-5873

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

The Honorable Dan Lungren Attorney General Justice Department 1515 K Street Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 324-5437 FAX: (916) 324-6734

Mr. Ray Johnson Executive Director Office of Criminal Justice Planning 1130 K Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 324-9140 FAX: (916) 324-9167

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Dr. Andrew M. Mecca Director Alcohol and Drug Programs Executive Office 1700 K Street, 5th Fl. Sacramento, CA 95814-4037 (916) 445-1943 FAX: (916) 323-5873

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Mr. James Kooler Deputy Director Division of Alcohol and Drug Prevention 1700 K Street, 2nd Fl. Sacramento, CA 95814-4037 (916) 324-4398 FAX: (916) 323-0633

Ms. Shirley Hazlett
Administrator, Safe and Drug-Free Schools
State Department of Education
Office of Healthy Kids, Healthy California
721 Capital Mall, 3rd Fl.
Sacramento, CA 95814
(916) 657-2810
FAX: (916) 657-5149

COLORADO

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Gene Giron
Director, Neighborhood and Community
Organizing
Community Partnership Office
Department of Local Affairs
140 East 19th Ave., Suite 100
Denver, CO 80203
(303) 894-2750

FAX: (303) 894-2759

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

The Honorable Gale Norton Attorney General State of Colorado 1525 Sherman St., 5th Fl. Denver, CO 80203 (303) 866-3052 FAX: (303) 866-3955

Mr. John Inmann
Program Manager
Drug Control and System Improvement
Division of Criminal Justice
Colorado Department of Public Safety
700 Kipling St., Suite 3000
Denver, CO 80215
(303) 239-4470
FAX: (303) 239-4491

Mr. William Woodward
Director
Criminal Justice Planning Agency
700 Kipling St., Suite 1000
Denver, CO 80215
(303) 239-4442/4451
FAX: (303) 239-4491

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Robert Aukerman Alcohol and Drug Abuse Division Colorado Department of Human Services 4300 Cherry Creek Dr. South Denver, CO 80222 (303) 692-2932 FAX: (303) 753-9775

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Kathie Jackson
Program Director, Drug-Free Schools
and Communities
Colorado Department of Education
High Risk Intervention Unit
201 East Colfax Ave.
Denver, CO 80203
(303) 866-6869
FAX: (303) 830-0793

CONNECTICUT

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Sher Horosko
Assistant to the Commissioner
for Substance Abuse
Department of Public Health and
Addiction Services
999 Asylum Ave.
Hartford, CT 06106
(203) 566-6412
FAX: (203) 566-6416

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. John F. Cronan Executive Assistant State's Attorney 340 Quinnipiac St. Wallingford, CT 06492 (203) 265-2373 FAX: (203) 265-1837

LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACT:

Captain John McGoldrick Commanding Officer Statewide Narcotics Task Force 1111 Country Club Rd. P.O. Box 2794 Middletown, CT 06457-9294 (203) 238-6616 FAX: (203) 238-6037

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Veronica Skerker Comprehensive Health Education Consultant Department of Education 165 Capitol Ave. Hartford, CT 06106 (203) 566-2763 FAX: (203) 566-5623 Ms. Nancy Letney-Pugliese Education Consultant Department of Education 165 Capitol Ave., Rm. G-32 Hartford, CT 06106 (203) 566-6645 FAX: (203) 566-5623

DELAWARE

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Karen L. Johnson Secretary of Public Safety Public Safety Bldg. P.O. Box 818 Dover, DE 19903 (302) 739-4321 FAX: (302) 739-4874

The Honorable Carmen Nazario Secretary Department of Health and Social Services 1901 North Dupont Highway Newcastle, DE 19720 (302) 577-4502 FAX: (302) 577-4510

Ms. Francine Booth
Intergovernmental Review of Federal
Programs
Office of the Budget
Thomas Collins Bldg.
P.O. Box 1401
Dover, DE 19903
(302) 739-3326
FAX: (302) 739-5661

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Tom Quinn
Executive Director
Criminal Justice Council
Attorney General's Office
State of Delaware
Carvel State Office Bldg.
820 North French St.
Wilmington, DE 19801
(302) 577-3838
FAX: (302) 577-3090

TREATMENT CONTACTS:

Judith E. Johnston, Ph.D.
Division of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse and Mental Health
1901 North DuPont Highway
Newcastle, DE 19720
(302) 577-4461
FAX: (302) 577-4486

Paul E. Poplawski, Ph.D.
Division of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse and Mental Health
Springer Bldg.
1901 North DuPont Highway
Newcastle, DE 19720
(302) 577-4980
FAX: (302) 577-4984

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mrs. Edith P. Vincent
Education Associate
Health Education and Services
Department of Public Instruction
Townsend Bldg.
P.O. Box 1402
Dover, DE 19903
(302) 739-4676
FAX: (302) 739-3744

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Vernel Roberts
Grants Manager
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services
Administration
1300 First St., N.E.
Washington, DC 20002
(202) 727-9076
FAX: (202) 727-0092

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Ms. Natalie Nash Administrative Officer Criminal Division Office of the Corporation Counsel 451 Indiana Ave., N.W., Suite 324 Washington, DC 20001 (202) 727-4868 FAX: (202) 727-3733

Mr. Jim Himes Grants Development Officer Finance and Budget Division Metropolitan Police Department 300 Indiana Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20001 (202) 727-6223 FAX: (202) 727-9531

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Maude R. Holt Administrator/State Director Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services Administration 1300 First St., N.E. Washington, DC 20002 (202) 727-9393 FAX: (202) 535-2028

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Dr. Constance R. Clark
Associate Superintendent
Division of Operations and Special Programs
D.C. Public Schools
215 G St., N.E.
Logan Administrative Bldg.
Washington, DC 20003
(202) 724-4080/4982
FAX: (202) 724-4791

FLORIDA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Bob Reinshuttle
Office of Intergovernmental Affairs
Executive Office of the Governor
1603 The Capitol
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0001
(904) 488-8114
FAX: (904) 488-9005

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Robert A. Butterworth Attorney General Legal Affairs Department PL-01 The Capitol Tallahassee, FL 32399-1050 (904) 487-1963 FAX: (904) 487-2564

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. John Bryant
Acting Deputy Assistant Director
Alcohol and Drug Abuse and Mental Health
Program Office
Department of Health and Rehabilitative
Services
Bldg. B, Rm. 176
1317 Winewood Blvd.
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0700
(904) 488-0900
FAX: (904) 487-2239

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Skip Forsyth
Director
Florida Department of Education
Prevention Center
325 West Gaines St., Section 414
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0400
(904) 488-6304
FAX: (904) 488-6319

GEORGIA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Ed Kilgore Director, Intergovernmental Relations Office of the Governor 245 State Capitol Atlanta, GA 30334 (404) 651-7768 FAX: (404) 656-5947

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

The Honorable Michael Bowers Attorney General State of Georgia 40 Capitol Square Atlanta, GA 30334-1300 (404) 656-4585 FAX: (404) 651-9148

Mr. J. Terry Norris Director Criminal Justice Coordinating Council 503 Oak Pl., Suite 540 Atlanta, GA 30349 (404) 559-4949 FAX: (404) 559-4960

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Dr. Thomas Hester Director Substance Abuse Services Section Georgia Department of Human Resources #2 Peachtree St., Suite 320 Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 657-6407 FAX: (404) 657-6424

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. J. Rendel Stalvey Coordinator Health and Physical Education Georgia State Department of Education 2054 Twin Towers East Atlanta, GA 30334 (404) 651-9406 FAX: (404) 651-9330

GUAM

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Mr. Michael J. Cruz Acting Director Bureau of Planning Office of the Governor Agana, GU 96910 011 (671) 472-4201/4202/4203 FAX: 011 (671) 477-1812

Ms. Machelle Craig-Leon Guerrero Planner Bureau of Planning Office of the Governor Agana, GU 96910 011 (671) 472-4201/4202/4203 FAX: 011 (671) 477-1812

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Elizabeth Barrett-Anderson Attorney General Law Department PDN Bldg., Suite 701 238 Archbishop F.C. Flores St. Agana, GU 96910 011 (671) 472-6841 FAX: 011 (671) 472-2493

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Marilyn L. Wingfield
Director
Department of Mental Health and
Substance Abuse
P.O. Box 9400
Tamuning, GU 96911
011 (671) 646-9262/9269
FAX: 011 (671) 649-6948

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Ernestina A. Cruz Administrator Federal Programs Division Department of Education P.O. Box DE Agana, GU 96910 011 (671) 472-8524 FAX: 011 (671) 477-4587

HAWAII

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Lari Koga Administrator Resource Coordination Division Attorney General State of Hawaii 425 Queen St., Suite 221 Honolulu, HI 96813 (808) 586-1282 FAX: (808) 586-1239

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Elaine Wilson Division Chief Alcohol and Drug Abuse Division Hawaii Department of Health 1270 Queen Emma St., Suite 305 Honolulu, HI 96813 (808) 586-3962 FAX: (808) 586-4016

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Kenneth Yamamoto Assistant Superintendent Department of Education Office of Instructional Services 1390 Miller St., Rm. 316 Honolulu, HI 96813 (808) 586-3446 FAX: (808) 586-3429

OTHER CONTACT:

Ms. Charlotte Murakami Youth Affairs Officer Office of Children and Youth Office of the Governor 426 Queen St., B10 Honolulu, HI 96813 (808) 586-0110 FAX: (808) 586-0122

IDAHO

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Tina Klamt Chief Bureau of Substance Abuse Idaho Department of Health and Welfare P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0036 (208) 334-5700 FAX: (208) 334-6699

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Larry EchoHawk Attorney General State of Idaho P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0010 (208) 334-2400 FAX: (208) 334-2942

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Mr. Ken Patterson Administrator Division of Family and Children Services Idaho Department of Health and Welfare P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0036 (208) 334-5934 FAX: (208) 334-6699

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Tina Klamt Chief Bureau of Substance Abuse Idaho Department of Health and Welfare P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0036 (208) 334-5700 FAX: (208) 334-6699

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Patricia B. Getty
Safe and Drug-Free Schools Consultant
Idaho Department of Education
P.O. Box 83720
Boise, ID 83720-0027
(208) 334-2281
FAX: (208) 334-2228

ILLINOIS

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Sharon Zahorodnyj
Administrator of Program Development
Department of Alcoholism and Substance
Abuse
100 West Randolph, Suite 5600
Chicago, IL 60601
(312) 814-3840
FAX: (312) 814-2419

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Ms. Candice Kane
Associate Director
Federal and State Grants Unit
Illinois Criminal Justice Information
Authority
120 South Riverside Plaza, Suite 1016
Chicago, IL 60606
(312) 793-8550
FAX: (312) 793-8422

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Ms. Jo Tracy
Assistant Manager, Northern Section Field
Services
Illinois Department of Alcoholism
and Substance Abuse
160 North LaSalle
Chicago, IL 60601
(312) 814-4776
FAX: (312) 814-4731

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Karen Furlong
Administrator of Prevention
Illinois Department of Alcoholism
and Substance Abuse
100 West Randolph, Suite 5600
Chicago, IL 60601
(312) 814-6420
FAX: (312) 814-2419

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Myron Mason Consultant Senior Grants and Applications Section Illinois State Board of Education 100 North First St. Springfield, IL 62777 (217) 782-3810 FAX: (217) 782-6097

INDIANA

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Catherine O'Connor Executive Director Indiana Criminal Justice Institute 302 West Washington St., Rm. E209 Indianapolis, IN 42604 (317) 232-2560 FAX: (317) 232-4979

Mr. Doug Fowler Program Director Drug Grant Programs Indiana Criminal Justice Institute 302 West Washington St., Rm. E209 Indianapolis, IN 42604 (317) 232-1233 FAX: (317) 232-4979

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Pamela Carter Attorney General State of Indiana 420 West Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317) 232-6201 FAX: (317) 232-7979

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Mr. John Underwood Deputy Assistant for Government Relations Division of Mental Health Addiction Services W-353 402 West Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739 (317) 232-7824 FAX: (317) 233-3472

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Helen C. Dillon
Assistant Deputy Director of Contracting
and Licensure
Division of Mental Health
Addiction Services W-353
402 West Washington St.
Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739
(317) 232-7924
FAX: (317) 233-3472

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Dr. Robert Dalton Deputy Superintendent Department of Education State House, Rm. 229 Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317) 232-0510 FAX: (317) 232-0504

IOWA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Charles Larson Coordinator Governor's Alliance on Substance Abuse Lucas State Office Bldg., 2nd Fl. Des Moines, IA 50319 (515) 281-3784 FAX: (515) 242-6390

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Bonnie Campbell Attorney General State of Iowa Hoover Bldg., 2nd Fl. Des Moines, IA 50319 (515) 281-8373 FAX: (515) 281-4209

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Allen Van Derlinden Contracts Administrator Iowa Department of Public Health Division of Substance Abuse Lucas State Office Bldg., 3rd Fl. Des Moines, IA 50319 (515) 281-3641 FAX: (515) 281-4535

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Dr. David A. Wright Substance Education Consultant Iowa Department of Education Grimes State Office Bldg. Des Moines, IA 50319 (515) 281-3021 FAX: (515) 242-6025

KANSAS

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Lisa Moots
Executive Director
Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating
Council
700 S.W. Jackson, Suite 501
Topeka, KS 66603
(913) 296-0923
FAX: (913) 296-0927

Mr. Ron McVey
Grants Coordinator
Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating
Council
700 S.W. Jackson, Suite 501
Topeka, KS 66603
(913) 296-0923
FAX: (913) 296-0927

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Robert T. Stephan Attorney General State of Kansas Kansas Judicial Center 301 West 10th St. Topeka, KS 66612 (913) 296-2215 FAX: (913) 296-6296

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Jim Schalansky Director of Grants Management Kansas Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services Biddle Bldg., 2nd Fl. 300 S.W. Oakley Topeka, KS 66606 (913) 296-3925 FAX: (913) 296-0494

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Kristy Meeks-Johnson
Program Coordinator
Kansas State Department of Education
Community Colleges and Community
Education
120 East 10th St.
Topeka, KS 66612
(913) 296-6714
FAX: (913) 296-7933

KENTUCKY

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Barbara Witten
Prevention Specialist
Champions Against Drugs
Professional Consultation Services
409 Gibson Lane
Richmond, KY 40475
(606) 624-3622
FAX: (606) 623-2720

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Edward L. Mercer Director Special Investigations Division Attorney General's Office P.O. Box 2000 Frankfort, KY 40602-2000 (502) 573-5965 FAX: (502) 573-8317

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Michael Townsend
Director
Division of Substance Abuse
Kentucky Department of Mental Health and
Mental Retardation Services
275 East Main St.
Frankfort, KY 40621
(502) 564-2880
FAX: (502) 564-3844

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Mr. Steve Kimberling
Program Consultant
Drug and Alcohol Program
Division of Program Resources
Kentucky Department of Education
Capitol Plaza Tower, 8th Fl.
500 Mero St.
Frankfort, KY 40601
(502) 564-4970
FAX: (502) 564-6721

Mr. Wallace Webb Consultant, Governmental Relations Division of Program Resources Kentucky Department of Education Capitol Plaza Tower, 8th Fl. 500 Mero St. Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3421

FAX: (502) 564-6721

LOUISIANA

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Linda Day Executive Director Office of Drug Policy P.O. Box 94005 Baton Rouge, LA 70804 (504) 339-5190 FAX: (504) 342-8703

Ms. Ruby Williams
Director, Grants and Program Development
Office of Drug Policy
P.O. Box 94005
Baton Rouge, LA 70804
(504) 342-9649
FAX: (504) 342-8703

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACTS:

Mr. Joseph Williams, Jr.
Assistant Secretary
State Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Department of Health and Hospitals
1201 Capitol Access Rd.
P.O. Box 2790, Bin 18
Baton Rouge, LA 70821
(504) 342-6717
FAX: (504) 342-3931

Ms. Theresa Harris
Director of Treatment
State Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Department of Health and Hospitals
1201 Capitol Access Rd.
P.O. Box 3868, Bin 9
Baton Rouge, LA 70821
(504) 342-2579
FAX: (504) 342-3931

Mr. Sanford Hawkins
Director of Prevention
State Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Department of Health and Hospitals
1201 Capitol Access Rd.
P.O. Box 3868, Bin 9
Baton Rouge, LA 70821
(504) 342-9354
FAX: (504) 342-3931

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Simone Patin Executive Director Drug-Free Schools and Communities P.O. Box 94004 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9004 (504) 342-3422 FAX: (504) 342-7099

MAINE

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Marlene McMullen-Pelsor Director Office of Substance Abuse State House Station No. 159 24 Stone St., Bldg. 6 Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-2595 FAX: (207) 287-4334 Ms. Jo McCaslin Librarian Information and Resource Center Office of Substance Abuse State House Station No. 57 24 Stone St., Bldg. 6 Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 624-6525 FAX: (207) 624-6505

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. T. Gregory Motta Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division State of Maine State House Station No. 6 Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 626-8800 FAX: (207) 287-3120

LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACTS:

Mr. David Giampetruzzi Grants Program Administrator Maine Criminal Justice Academy 93 Silver St. Waterville, ME 04901 (207) 877-8016 FAX: (207) 877-8027

Mr. Steve McCausland Maine Department of Public Safety 36 Hospital St. Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 624-7064 FAX: (207) 624-7137

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Marlene McMullen-Pelsor Director Office of Substance Abuse State House Station No. 159 24 Stone St., Bldg. 6 Augusta, ME 04333-0159 (207) 287-2595 FAX: (207) 287-4334

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Michael Lahti Coordinator Student Assistance Team Unit Division of Special Services Department of Education State House Station No. 161 24 Stone St. Augusta, ME 04333-0161 (207) 287-4729 FAX: (207) 287-4727

MARYLAND

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Mr. Gregory Leyko
Deputy Director
Governor's Drug and Alcohol Abuse
Commission
300 East Joppa Rd., Suite 1105
Towson, MD 21286
(410) 321-3525
FAX: (410) 321-3116

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable J. Joseph Curran, Jr. Attorney General State of Maryland 200 St. Paul Pl. Baltimore, MD 21202 (410) 576-6300 FAX: (410) 576-7003

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Margaret McIntyre
Assistant Director for Grants and
Administration
Maryland State Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Administration
201 West Preston St.
Baltimore, MD 21201
(410) 225-6872
FAX: (410) 333-7206

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Lu Morrissey Section Chief, Drug-Free Schools Drug-Free Schools Programs Maryland State Department of Education 200 West Baltimore St., 4th Fl. Baltimore, MD 21201 (410) 333-2436

FAX: (410) 333-2423

MASSACHUSETTS

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Georgette Watson Executive Director Governor's Alliance Against Drugs One Ashburton Pl., Rm. 611 Boston, MA 02108 (617) 727-0786, ext. 577 FAX: (617) 727-6137

Mr. William Paterson Deputy Director Governor's Alliance Against Drugs One Ashburton Pl., Rm. 611 Boston, MA 02108 (617) 727-0786 ext. 579 FAX: (617) 727-6137

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. David Burns
Chief
Narcotics and Special Investigations Unit
Attorney General
State of Massachusetts
One Ashburton Pl.
Boston, MA 02108
(617) 727-2200
FAX: (617) 727-5761

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Cheryl Gayle
Federal Grants Manager
Massachusetts Department of Public Health
Bureau of Substance Abuse Services
150 Tremont St., 6th Fl.
Boston, MA 02111
(617) 727-1960
FAX: (617) 727-9288

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. John Bynoe
Part B Coordinator, Drug-Free Schools and
Communities Act
Bureau of Student Development and Health
Department of Education
1385 Hancock St.
Quincy, MA 02169-5183
(617) 388-3300, ext. 415
FAX: (617) 388-3394

MICHIGAN

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Mr. Robert E. Peterson
Director
Office of Drug Control Policy
State of Michigan
Michigan National Tower, Suite 1200
124 West Allegan St.
P.O. Box 30026
Lansing, MI 48909
(517) 373-4700
FAX: (517) 373-2963

Ms. Ardith DaFoe Director, Anti-Drug Abuse Act Grants Office of Drug Control Policy State of Michigan Michigan National Tower, Suite 1200 124 West Allegan St. P.O. Box 30026 Lansing, MI 48909 (517) 373-4700 FAX: (517) 373-2963 Ms. Judith Pasquarella
Discretionary Grants, Drug-Free Schools
Office of Drug Control Policy
State of Michigan
Michigan National Tower, Suite 1200
124 West Allegan St.
P.O. Box 30026
Lansing, MI 48909
(517) 373-4700
FAX: (517) 373-2963

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Robert Ianni Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division State of Michigan Law Bldg. P.O. Box 30212 Lansing, MI 48909 (517) 334-6010 FAX: (517) 334-6777

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACTS:

Ms. Karen Schrock Chief Center for Substance Abuse Services Michigan Department of Public Health 3423 North Martin Luther King Blvd. P.O. Box 30195 Lansing, MI 48909 (517) 335-8808 FAX: (517) 335-8837

Ms. Pat Degnan Chief of Treatment Center for Substance Abuse Services Michigan Department of Public Health 3423 North Martin Luther King Blvd. P.O. Box 30195 Lansing, MI 48909 (517) 335-8834 FAX: (517) 335-8837 Ms. Edie Miles
Chief, Resource Development
Program Policy Division
Center for Substance Abuse Services
Michigan Department of Public Health
3423 North Martin Luther King Blvd.
P.O. Box 30195
Lansing, MI 48909
(517) 335-8852
FAX: (517) 335-8837

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Barbara Knutson
Health Education Specialist
Comprehensive School Health Unit
Department of Education
P.O. Box 30008
Lansing, MI 48909
(517) 373-7022
FAX: (517) 373-1233

Ms. Patricia Nichols
Supervisor
Comprehensive School Health Unit
Department of Education
P.O. Box 30008
Lansing, MI 48909
(517) 373-1486
FAX: (517) 373-1233

MINNESOTA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. William Collins
Director
Office of Drug Policy
Department of Public Safety
444 Cedar St., Suite 100-D
St. Paul, MN 55101
(612) 296-1057
FAX: (612) 297-7313

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. John Docherty Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division, Narcotics Unit State of Minnesota 1400 NCL Tower 445 Minnesota St. St. Paul, MN 55101 (612) 296-3212 FAX: (612) 297-4348

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Cynthia Turnure, Ph.D.
Director
Chemical Dependency Program Division
Minnesota Department of Human Services
444 Lafayette Rd.
St. Paul, MN 55155-3823
(612) 296-4610
FAX: (612) 297-1862

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Barbara Yates
Director, Drug Free Policy Issues
Minnesota Department of Education
Capitol Square Bldg., Rm. 989
550 Cedar St.
St. Paul, MN 55101
(612) 296-9010
FAX: (612) 297-5695

Ms. Carol Thomas Supervisor Federal Drug Abuse Grant Program Minnesota Department of Education Capitol Square Bldg., No. 976 550 Cedar Street St. Paul, MN 55101 (612) 296-8023 FAX: (612) 297-5695

MISSISSIPPI

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Mr. Herbert Terry
Director, Justice Programs
Division of Public Safety Planning
P.O. Box 23039
Jackson, MS 39225-3039
(601) 359-7880
FAX: (601) 359-7832

Ms. Terrie Ainsworth Coordinator, Executive Programs Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 220 Jackson, MS 39205-0220 (601) 359-3828 FAX: (601) 359-3441

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Herbert Terry
Director, Justice Programs
Division of Public Safety Planning
P.O. Box 23039
Jackson, MS 39225-3039
(601) 359-7880
FAX: (601) 359-7832

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACTS:

Mr. Herbert Loving
Director
Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Mississippi Department of Mental Health
239 North Lamar St.
Jackson, MS 39201
(601) 359-1288
FAX: (601) 359-6295

Ms. Darlene Murphy
Program Planner-Evaluator
Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Mississippi Department of Mental Health
239 North Lamar St.
Jackson, MS 39201
(601) 359-1288
FAX: (601) 359-6295

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Ginger Steadman
Director of Health Related Services
Mississippi Department of Education
Ike Sandford Bldg., Suite 205
P.O. Box 771
Jackson, MS 39205
(601) 359-3915
FAX: (601) 359-3798

MISSOURI

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Jeanne Massic
Department of Mental Health and
Alcohol Abuse
1706 East Elm St.
P.O. Box 687
Jefferson City, MO 65102
(314) 751-4942
FAX: (314) 526-4698

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon Attorney General State of Missouri Supreme Court Bldg. P.O. Box 899 Jefferson City, MO 65102 (314) 751-3321 FAX: (314) 751-0774

LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACT:

Captain James Keathley
Director
Division of Drug and Crime Control
Missouri State Highway Patrol
General Headquarters
P.O. Box 568
Jefferson City, MO 65102
(314) 751-3313
FAX: (314) 751-9419

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Greg Riley
Director of Operations
Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Missouri Department of Mental Health
1706 East Elm St.
P.O. Box 687
Jefferson City, MO 65109
(314) 751-4942
FAX: (314) 526-4698

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Betty Lohraff
Director of Instructional Improvement and
Resources
State Department of Elementary and
Secondary Education
P.O. Box 480
Jefferson City, MO 65102
(314) 751-9053
FAX: (314) 751-9434

MONTANA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Cathy Kendall Grants Planning Bureau Chief Board of Crime Control Montana Department of Justice 303 North Roberts Helena, MT 59620 (406) 444-3604 FAX: (406) 444-4722

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Joseph Mazurek Attorney General State of Montana Justice Bldg. 215 North Sanders Helena, MT 59620 (406) 444-2026 FAX: (406) 444-3549

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Darryl Bruno
Administrator
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Division
Department of Corrections and Human
Services
P.O. Box 201301
Helena, MT 59620-1301
(406) 444-2827/4927
FAX: (406) 444-4920

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Spencer Sartorius Administrator Health Enhancement Division Office of Public Instruction P.O. Box 202501 Helena, MT 59620-2501 (406) 444-4434 FAX: (406) 444-3924

NEBRASKA

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Allen Curtis
Executive Director
Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement
and Criminal Justice
301 Centennial Mall South
P.O. Box 94946
Lincoln, NE 68509
(402) 471-2194
FAX: (402) 471-2837

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Terry Rohren
State Prevention Coordinator
Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
Nebraska Department of Public Institutions
P.O. Box 94728
Lincoln, NE 68509
(402) 471-2851, ext. 5576
FAX: (402) 479-5162

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Ms. Sammye Davies
Program Specialist
Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
Nebraska Department of Public Institutions
P.O. Box 94728
Lincoln, NE 68509
(402) 471-2851, ext. 5574
FAX: (402) 479-5162

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Karen Stevens
Project Director, Instructional Programs
Nebraska State Department of Education
301 Centennial Mall South
P.O. Box 94987
Lincoln, NE 68509-4987
(402) 471-2448
FAX: (402) 471-0117

Ms. Mary Ann Losh Administrator of Instructional Programs Nebraska State Department of Education 301 Centennial Mall South P.O. Box 94987 Lincoln, NE 68509-4987 (402) 471-2448

FAX: (402) 471-0117

NEVADA

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Dorothy North
Chairperson
Commission on Substance Abuse, Education,
Prevention, Enforcement, and Treatment
State of Nevada
P.O. Box 2580
Elko, NV 89803
(702) 738-8004
FAX: (702) 738-2625

Ms. Julia Payne-Starke Coordinator Office of State Substance Abuse Programs 1830 East Sahara Ave., Suite 314 Las Vegas, NV 89104 (702) 486-7990 FAX: (702) 486-8253

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Ms. Mary Lynne Evans Administrator Office of Narcotics Control Assistance 555 Wright Way Carson City, NV 89711 (702) 687-5282 FAX: (702) 687-5328

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Liz Breshears
Chief
Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Department of Employment, Training, and
Rehabilitation
505 East King St., Rm. 500
Carson City, NV 89710
(702) 687-4790
FAX: (702) 687-6239

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Michael Fitzgerald Coordinator Drug-Free Schools and Communities Nevada Department of Education 400 West King St. Carson City, NV 89710 (702) 687-3187 FAX: (702) 687-4499

NEW HAMPSHIRE

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Geraldine Sylvester
Director
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention
State Office Park South
105 Pleasant St.
Concord, NH 03301
(603) 271-6104
FAX: (603) 271-6116

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Mark Thompson Director of Administration Attorney General State of New Hampshire 33 Capitol St. Concord, NH 03301 (603) 271-3658 FAX: (603) 271-2110

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Richard Hodges
Effective Programs Administrator
Department of Education
State Office Park South
101 Pleasant St.
Concord, NH 03301
(603) 271-2717
FAX: (603) 271-1953

NEW JERSEY

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Riley W. Regan
Executive Director
Governor's Council on Alcoholism and
Drug Abuse
CN 345
122 West State St.
Trenton, NJ 08625-0345
(609) 777-0380
FAX: (609) 777-0535

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Debra Poritz Attorney General Law and Public Safety Department CN 080 Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 292-4925 FAX: (609) 292-3508

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Terrence O'Connor
Assistant Commissioner
Division of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse and
Addiction Services
Department of Health
CN 362
129 East Hanover St.
Trenton, NJ 08625-0362
(609) 292-5760
FAX: (609) 292-3816

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Gary Vermeire
Professional Development Coordinator
Drug and Alcohol Program
Division of Student Services
New Jersey Department of Education
CN 500
240 West State St.
Trenton, NJ 08625-0500
(609) 292-0321
FAX: (609) 292-6483

NEW MEXICO

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Jeanette Miller
Liaison to the Governor for Demand
Reduction
Office of the Governor
P.O. Box 5160
Santa Fe, NM 87502
(505) 827-8003
FAX: (505) 827-8016

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Ms. Donna Ferrell Planner-Director Department of Public Safety P.O. Box 1628 Santa Fe, NM 87504-1628 (505) 827-3420 FAX: (505) 827-3434

Mr. Harold Byford Director Office of Special Projects Department of Public Safety P.O. Box 1628 Santa Fe, NM 87504-1628 (505) 827-3338 FAX: (505) 827-3434

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Geraldine Salazar Director Department of Health Division of Substance Abuse 1190 St. Francis Dr. P.O. Box 26110 Sante Fe, NM 87502-6110 (505) 827-2601 FAX: (505) 827-0097

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. James Ball Program Manager Risk Reduction Services Division Children, Youth and Families Department P.O. Drawer 5160 Santa Fe, NM 87502 (505) 827-8012 FAX: (505) 827-8016

NEW YORK

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Karen Carpenter-Palumbo Assistant Secretary to the Governor for **Human Services** State Capitol Executive Chamber, Rm. 229 Albany, NY 12224 (518) 474-3036 FAX: (518) 473-9932

Ms. Marguerite T. Saunders Commissioner New York Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services 1450 Western Ave. Albany, NY 12203 (518) 457-2061 FAX: (518) 457-5474

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

The Honorable G. Oliver Koppell Attorney General Law Department State Capitol, Rm. 220 Albany, NY 12224 (518) 474-7330 FAX: (518) 474-8995

Mr. Richard Girgenti Director of Criminal Justice and Commissioner Division of Criminal Justice Services Executive Park Tower Stuyvesant Plaza Albany, NY 12203 (518) 457-1260 FAX: (518) 457-3089

Col. Raymond Dutcher Assistant Deputy Superintendent for Planning and Research New York State Police State Office Campus, Bldg. 22 Albany, NY 12226 (518) 457-6712 FAX: (518) 457-9620

Mr. William Mango Director Substance Abuse Services New York State Department of Correctional Services State Office Campus, Bldg. 2 Albany, NY 12226 (518) 457-2186 FAX: (518) 457-2689

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Duane Saari Assistant Director **Bureau of Federal Relations** New York Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services 1450 Western Ave. Albany, NY 12203 (518) 457-7629 FAX: (518) 485-6014

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Ms. Kathleen Coughlin Director of Program Management New York Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services 1450 Western Ave., 2nd Fl. Albany, NY 12203 (518) 485-2121 FAX: (518) 485-2142

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Frances Harding Assistant Director for Prevention—Upstate New York Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services 1450 Western Ave., 2nd Fl. Albany, NY 12203 (518) 485-5469 FAX: (518) 485-2142

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Arlene Sheffield Director, Drug Free Schools & Community **ACT Program** State Education Department Education Bldg. Annex, Rm. 385 Albany, NY 12234 (518) 474-6380 FAX: (518) 474-1405

OTHER CONTACTS:

Mr. Frank Puig
Deputy Commissioner
Division of Services and Community
Development
New York State Department of Social
Services
40 North Pearl St.
Albany, NY 12243
(518) 474-9428
FAX: (518) 474-1842

Mr. Roger Vogt
Director
Bureau of Community Management Services
New York State Division for Youth
Capital View Office Park
52 Washington St.
Rensselaer, NY 12144
(518) 473-3980
FAX: (518) 486-7905

Ms. Aiyoung Choi
Director of Operations
Office of Legal Affairs
New York State Division of Housing and
Community Renewal
1 Fordham Plaza
Bronx, NY 10458
(718) 563-5708
FAX: (718) 563-5518

NORTH CAROLINA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Dr. James G. Jones Executive Director North Carolina Health Planning Commission 2108 Umstead Dr. Scott Bldg. Raleigh, NC 27603 (919) 715-4740 FAX: (919) 715-4759

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Dr. Joel Rosch Grants Manager North Carolina Bureau of Investigation P.O. Box 29500 Raleigh, NC 27626 (919) 662-4500 FAX: (919) 662-4523

Mr. Thurman B. Hampton
Secretary
Department of Crime Control and Public
Safety
512 North Salisbury St.
P.O. Box 27687
Raleigh, NC 27611-7687
(919) 733-2126
FAX: (919) 733-0296

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Flo Stein
Assistant Chief
Substance Abuse Services
Division of Mental Health and Mental
Retardation Services
North Carolina Department of Human
Resources
325 North Salisbury St.
Raleigh, NC 27603
(919) 715-4670
FAX: (919) 733-9455

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Steven L. Hicks Chief Consultant Department of Education Education Bldg. 301 North Wilmington St. Raleigh, NC 27601-2825 (919) 715-1676 FAX: (919) 715-2229/1628

NORTH DAKOTA

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Mr. John Allen
Director
Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
North Dakota Department of Human
Services
1839 East Capitol Ave.
Bismarck, ND 58501
(701) 328-2769
FAX: (701) 328-3008

Ms. Tove Mandigo Office Manager Office of the Governor State Capitol 600 East Boulevard Ave. Bismarck, ND 58505 (701) 328-2200 FAX: (701) 328-2205

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

The Honorable Heidi Heitkamp Attorney General State of North Dakota 600 East Boulevard Ave. Bismarck, ND 58505-0040 (701) 328-2210 FAX: (701) 328-2226

Mr. Joe Herslip Grants Manager Research and Statistics Department Bureau of Criminal Investigation P.O. Box 1054 Bismarck, ND 58502 (701) 328-5500 FAX: (701) 328-5510

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Dr. David L. Lee Director Department of Public Instruction 600 East Boulevard Ave. Bismarck, ND 58505-0440 (701) 328-2269 FAX: (701) 328-4770

OTHER CONTACT:

Mr. Jim Boyd Office of Intergovernmental Assistance State Capitol, 14th Fl. 600 East Boulevard Ave. Bismarck, ND 58505-0170 (701) 328-2094

FAX: (701) 328-2308

NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Mr. Richard A. Pierce
Special Assistant for Drugs and Substance
Abuse
Office of the Governor
Government of the Northern Mariana Islands
Caller Box 10007
Saipan, MP 96950
011 (670) 322-5091/5094
FAX: 011 (670) 322-5102

Dr. Isamu Abraham
Secretary for Public Health Services
Department of Public Health and
Environmental Services
Government of the Northern Mariana Islands
P.O. Box 409 CK
Saipan, MP 96950
011 (670) 234-8950
FAX: 011 (670) 234-8930

Dr. Michael Mason
Director of Mental Health Services
Department of Public Health and
Environmental Services
Government of the Northern Mariana Islands
P.O. Box 409 CK
Saipan, MP 96950
011 (670) 323-6560
FAX: 011 (670) 234-8930

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Jackie Quitugua Science/Health/Drug-Free Coordinator CNMI Public School System Lowel Base P.O. Box 1370 Saipan, MP 96950 011 (670) 322-4052 FAX: 011 (670) 322-4056

OHIO

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Mary Mertz Chief of Staff for the Lieutenant Governor State of Ohio 77 South High St. Columbus, OH 43215 (614) 466-3396 FAX: (614) 644-0575

The Honorable Nancy Hollister Lieutenant Governor State of Ohio 77 South High St. Columbus, OH 43215 (614) 466-3396 FAX: (614) 644-0575

Mr. Michael Stringer
Chief
Division of Treatment Services
Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services
280 North High St., 12th Fl.
Columbus, OH 43215
(614) 466-3445/8317
FAX: (614) 752-8645

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Charles E. Smith Director of Law Enforcement Attorney General State of Ohio 30 East Broad St., 17th Fl. Columbus, OH 43215-3428 (614) 466-5026 FAX: (614) 466-5087

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Judy Airhart Assistant Director Student Development Ohio Department of Education 65 South Front St., Rm. 719 Columbus, OH 43215-4183 (614) 644-2471

FAX: (614) 752-3952

OKLAHOMA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Elaine Dowdd
Director
Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
Dangerous Drugs Control
Office of the Attorney General
2300 North Lincoln Blvd., Rm. 112
Oklahoma City, OK 73105
(405) 521-2885
FAX: (405) 521-6246

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Bruce Walker Executive Coordinator District Attorney's Counsel 2200 Classen Blvd., Suite 1800 Oklahoma City, OK 73106 (405) 557-6700 FAX: (405) 524-0581

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Steve Davis, PhD.
Director, Evaluation and Policy Analysis
Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services
P.O. Box 53277, Capitol Station
Oklahoma City, OK 73152
(405) 271-8752
FAX: (405) 271-7413

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Jan Hardwick
Director of Prevention
Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and
Substance Abuse Services
P.O. Box 53277
Oklahoma City, OK 73152
(405) 271-8755
FAX: (405) 271-7413

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Dan Reich
Director of Health, Safety, and Physical
Education
State Department of Education
2500 North Lincoln Blvd.
Oklahoma City, OK 73105-4599
(405) 521-4507
FAX: (405) 521-6205

OREGON

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Jane Edwards
Grants Manager
Edward Byrne Memorial Grants
Criminal Justice Services Section
Department of Administrative Services
155 Cottage St., N.E.
Salem, OR 97310
(503) 378-4123
FAX: (503) 378-8666

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Lt. Robert Miller Commander Drug Enforcement Section Superintendent of State Police 400 Public Service Bldg. Salem, OR 97310 (503) 378-3720, ext. 4429 FAX (503) 363-5475

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Mr. Jeffrey N. Kushner
Director
Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs
Department of Human Resources
500 Summer St., N.E., 3rd Fl.
Salem, OR 97310-1016
(503) 945-5763
FAX: (503) 378-8467

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Peggy Holstedt
Program Specialist
Drug-Free Schools and Communities
Oregon Department of Education
Public Service Bldg.
255 Capitol St., N.E.
Salem, OR 97310-0203
(503) 378-8004
FAX: (503) 373-7968

Mr. David Arlington Research Services Specialist Oregon Department of Education Public Service Bldg. 255 Capitol St., N.E. Salem, OR 97310-0203 (503) 378-8004 FAX: (503) 373-7968

OTHER CONTACT:

Mr. Gary Smith
Executive Director
The Oregon Partnership
123 N.E. Third Ave., Suite 470
Portland, OR 97232
(503) 239-7999
FAX: (503) 235-9799

PENNSYLVANIA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Carol Williams
Executive Director
Governor's Drug Policy Council
Executive Office of the Governor
Finance Bldg., Rm. 310
Harrisburg, PA 17120
(717) 783-8626
FAX: (717) 787-8614

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Joseph Peters
Deputy Attorney General
Drug Law Division
Pennsylvania Office of the Attorney General
Strawberry Square, 16th Fl.
Harrisburg, PA 17120
(717) 787-9996
FAX: (717) 783-5431

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Gene R. Boyle
Director
Bureau of Program Services
Office of Drug and Alcohol Programs
Health and Welfare Bldg.
P.O. Box 90
Harrisburg, PA 17108
(717) 783-8200
FAX: (717) 787-6285

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Biagio Musto Chief Division of Student Services and Drug Free School Coordinator State Department of Education 333 Market St., 5th Fl. Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333 (717) 783-9294 FAX: (717) 783-6617

PUERTO RICO

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Ms. Jackie Novas Special Assistant to the Secretary Puerto Rico Department of Justice P.O. Box 192 San Juan, PR 00902 (809) 723-6287 FAX: (809) 724-4770

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Magda Ross
Director
Office of Planning
Mental Health and Anti-Addiction Services
Administration
Box 21414
San Juan, PR 00928-1414
(809) 758-7330
FAX: (809) 765-5895

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Elsie Valdez
Director
Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program
Puerto Rico Department of Education
P.O. Box 190759
Hato Rey, PR 00919-0759
(809) 751-8764
FAX: (809) 765-8845

RHODE ISLAND

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Brian Peterson Director of Administration and Financing Attorney General State of Rhode Island 72 Pine St. Providence, RI 02903 (401) 274-4400 ext. 2350 FAX: (401) 277-1331

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Sheila Hildebrandt Acting Assistant Director Department of Substance Abuse P.O. Box 20363 Cranston, RI 02920 (401) 464-2141 FAX: (401) 464-2089

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. George A. McDonough
Coordinator, Substance Abuse, Suicide, and Violence Prevention
Office of Integrated Social Services
State Department of Education
22 Hayes St.
Providence, RI 02908
(401) 277-6523
FAX: (401) 277-4979

SOUTH CAROLINA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. William L. Belvin, Jr.
Director
Division of Program Support
South Carolina Department of Alcohol and
Other Drug Abuse Services
3700 Forest Dr., Suite 300
Columbia, SC 29204
(803) 734-9589
FAX: (803) 734-9663

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Burke Fitzpatrick Assistant Deputy Director Office of Safety and Grant Programs Department of Public Safety 1205 Pendleton St. Columbia, SC 29201 (803) 734-0425

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Bunny Mack Coordinator Department of Education Drug Free Schools & Communities 1429 Senate St., Rm. 912 Columbia, SC 29201 (803) 734-8566 FAX: (803) 734-3525

Mr. Wayne Cole Coordinator Department of Education Drug Free Schools & Communities 1429 Senate St., Rm. 912 Columbia, SC 29201 (803) 734-8566 FAX: (803) 734-3525

SOUTH DAKOTA

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

The Honorable Mark Barnett Attorney General State of South Dakota State Capitol 500 East Capitol Pierre, SD 57501 (605) 773-3215 FAX: (605) 773-4106

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Gilbert (Gib) Sudbeck Director Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Department of Human Services East Highway 34 500 East Capitol Pierre, SD 57501-5070 (605) 773-3123 FAX: (605) 773-5483

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Dr. Richard Parker Coordinator Drug-Free Schools South Dakota Department of Education Division of Education 700 Governor's Dr. Pierre, SD 57501-2291 (605) 773-4670

FAX: (605) 773-6139

TENNESSEE

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Mike Herrmann
Program Director
Drug-Free Schools and Communities
Program
Tennessee Department of Education
Gateway Plaza, 6th Fl.
710 James Robertson Pkwy.
Nashville, TN 37243-0375
(615) 741-3248
FAX: (615) 741-6236

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Pat McCutchen Executive Secretary Tennessee District Attorney's Conference 226 Capitol Blvd., Suite 800 Nashville, TN 37243 (615) 741-1696 FAX: (615) 741-7459

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Michel Randle
Director, Research and Planning
Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services
Tennessee Tower, 12th Fl.
312 Eighth Ave. North
Nashville, TN 37247-4401
(615) 741-1927
FAX: (615) 532-2286

TEXAS

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Melda Benavidez Director of Programs Criminal Justice Division Office of the Governor P.O. Box 12428 Austin, TX 78711 (512) 463-1919 FAX: (512) 475-3155

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACTS:

Ms. Regan Faulkner
Director, Governmental Resources
Texas Commission on Alcohol and Drug
Abuse
710 Brazos St.
Austin, TX 78701-2576
(512) 867-8700
FAX: (512) 867-8181

Mr. Steve Casillas
Director
Funding Processes Department
Texas Commission on Alcohol and Drug
Abuse
710 Brazos St.
Austin, TX 78701-2576
(512) 867-8265/8267
FAX: (512) 867-8181

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. B.J. Gibson
State Coordinator for Drug-Free Schools and
Communities
Texas Education Agency
Division of Accelerated Instruction
1701 North Congress Ave.
Austin, TX 78701
(512) 463-9006
FAX: (512) 475-2619

UTAH

PRINCIPAL CONTACTS:

Ms. Laura Lewis
Grants Manager
Commission on Criminal and Juvenile
Justice
101 State Capitol
Salt Lake City, UT 84114
(801) 538-1031
FAX: (801) 538-1024

Ms. Mary Lou Bozich Coordinator Utah Substance Abuse Coordinating Council 101 State Capitol Salt Lake City, UT 84114 (801) 538-1031 FAX: (801) 538-1024

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Craig Bunker Program Specialist Utah Department of Human Services Division of Substance Abuse 120 North 200 West, 4th Fl. Salt Lake City, UT 84103 (801) 538-3956 FAX: (801) 538-4334

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Lorraine Furia Associate Director Utah State Division of Substance Abuse 120 North 200 West, 4th Fl. Salt Lake City, UT 84103 (801) 538-3939 FAX: (801) 538-4334

Mr. Verne Larsen Services for At-Risk Students Substance Abuse Prevention Programs Utah State Office of Education 250 East 500 South Salt Lake City, UT 84111 (801) 538-7713 FAX: (801) 538-7991 Ms. Nikki Lovell
Utah Coordinator
Southwest Regional Center for Drug-Free
Schools and Communities
120 North 200 West, 4th Fl.
Salt Lake City, UT 84103
(801) 538-3939
FAX: (801) 538-4334

VERMONT

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Mr. Victor Masi Business Manager Attorney General's Office State of Vermont Pavilion Office Bldg. 109 State St. Montpelier, VT 05609-1001 (802) 828-3171 FAX: (802) 828-2154

Capt. Donald Ravenna
Assistant Criminal Division Commander and
State Drug Enforcement Coordinator
Vermont State Police
103 South Main St.
Waterbury, VT 05671-2101
(802) 244-8781
FAX: (802) 244-1106

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Mr. Peter Lee Chief of Treatment Services Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs 103 South Main St. Waterbury, VT 05671-1701 (802) 241-2170 FAX: (802) 241-3095

PREVENTION CONIACT:

Ms. Marcia LaPlate
Chief of Preventiol Services
Office of Alcohol ald Drug Abuse Programs
103 South Main Si.
Waterbury, VT 05671-1701
(802) 241-2170

FAX: (802) 241-3\()95

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Susan Mahoney Coordinator Drug Free Schools Program Vermont Department of Education 120 State St. Montpelier, VT 05620 (802) 828-3124 FAX: (802) 828-3140

OTHER CONTACT:

Mr. Ted Mable
Director
Planning Division
Vermont Agency of Human Services
103 South Main St.
Waterbury, VT 05671-0203
(802) 241-2234
FAX: (802) 241-2979

VIRGIN ISLANDS

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Gaylord Sprauve Drug Policy Advisor Office of the Governor 8172 Sub Base, Suite 3 St. Thomas, VI 00802-5803 (809) 774-6400 FAX: (809) 774-6400

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Mr. Laurent D. Javois
Director
Virgin Islands Division of Mental Health
Alcoholism and Drug Dependency Services
Charles Harwood Complex
3500 Richmond
Christiansted, St. Croix, VI 00820-4370
(809) 773-1992
FAX: (809) 773-7900

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Dr. Suzanna M. Tye
State Coordinator for Health, Physical
Education, and Safety
Department of Education
44-46 Kongens Gade
St. Thomas, VI 00802
(809) 774-4976
FAX: (809) 774-8168

VIRGINIA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Ms. Mary-Shea Sutherland Special Assistant for Drug Policy Office of the Secretary of Public Safety 200 North Ninth St. Richmond, VA 23219 (804) 786-5351 FAX: (804) 371-6381

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Mr. Joseph R. Marshall Programs Coordinator Department of Criminal Justice Services 805 East Broad St., 10th Fl. Richmond, VA 23219 (804) 786-1577 FAX: (804) 371-8981

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Nellie Randall
Director
Program Planning and Consultation
Office of Substance Abuse Services
Virginia Department of Mental Health,
Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse
Services

P.O. Box 1797 Richmond, VA 23214 (804) 371-0767 FAX: (804) 371-0091

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Ms. Arlene Cundiff
Principal Specialist
Youth Risk Prevention
Virginia Department of Education
P.O. Box 2120
Richmond, VA 23216-2120
(804) 225-2871
FAX: (804) 692-3163

WASHINGTON

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Bernie Warner Executive Policy Assistant Office of the Governor Rm. 100, Insurance Bldg. P.O. Box 43113 Olympia, WA 98504-3113 (206) 753-1022 FAX: (206) 586-8380

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Ms. Kay Boyd
Unit Manager
Community Protection Unit
Department of Community, Trade, and
Economic Development
Community-Based Family Services Area
P.O. Box 48300
Olympia, WA 98504-8300
(206) 586-0665
FAX: (206) 586-0489

TREATMENT/PREVINTION CONTACTS:

Mr. Ken Stark

Director
Division of Alcoholand Substance Abuse
Washington Department of Social and Health
Services
P.O. Box 45330
Olympia, WA 98504-5330
(206) 438-8200
FAX: (206) 438-8078

Ms. Michelle Boyd
Unit Manager
Community Mobilization Unit
Department of Community, Trade, and
Economic Development
Community-Based Family Services Area
P.O. Box 48300
Olympia, WA 98504-8300
(206) 586-7658
FAX: (206) 586-0489

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Carol R. Strong Supervisor Safe and Drug-Free Schools Old Capitol Bldg. P.O. Box 47200 Olympia, WA 98504-7200 (206) 753-5595 FAX: (206) 664-3028

Ms. Denise L. Fitch
Program Supervisor, Training and Technical
Assistance
Safe and Drug-Free Schools
Old Capitol Bldg.
P.O. Box 47200
Olympia, WA 98504-7200
(206) 753-3864
FAX: (206) 664-3028

WEST VIRGINIA

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Jamie Albert
Director
Division of Criminal Justice and
Highway Safety
1204 Kanawha Blvd.
Charleston, WV 25301
(304) 558-8814
FAX: (304) 558-0391

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Lt. Col. Gary Griffith
Deputy Superintendent
Division of Public Safety
725 Jefferson Rd.
South Charleston, WV 25309-1698
(304) 746-2111
FAX: (304) 746-2246

Maj. Jerry Cole OIC Field Operations Division of Public Safety 725 Jefferson Rd. South Charleston, WV 25309-1698 (304) 746-2111 FAX: (304) 746-2246

TREATMENT CONTACT:

Mr. Gary Koontz
Adult Treatment Services Coordinator
West Virginia Division of Alcohol and
Drug Abuse
State Capitol Complex
Bldg. 6, Rm. 738
Charleston, WV 25305
(304) 558-2276
FAX: (304) 558-1008

PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Mary Pesetsky
Program Coordinator
West Virginia Division of Alcohol and
Drug Abuse
State Capitol Complex
Bldg. 6, Rm. 738
Charleston, WV 25305
(304) 558-2276
FAX: (304) 558-1008

EDUCATION CONTACTS:

Ms. Therese M. Wilson
Director
State Department of Education
Office of Student Services and Assessment
1900 Kanawha
Bldg. 6, Rm. 057
Charleston, WV 25305
(304) 558-2651
FAX: (304) 558-1613

Ms. Mary Jane Christian
Coordinator, Drug-Free Schools
State Department of Education
Office of Student Services and Assessment
1900 Kanawha Boulevard East
Bldg. 6, Rm. 057
Charleston, WV 25305
(304) 558-2651
FAX: (304) 558-1613

WISCONSIN

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Philip McCullough
Director
Wisconsin Bureau of Substance
Abuse Services
P.O. Box 7851
Madison, WI 53707
(608) 266-3719
FAX: (608) 266-1533

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACTS:

Ms. Sandy Burie Administrator Management Services Division Justice Department P.O. Box 7857 Madison, WI 53707-7857 (608) 266-7326 FAX: (608) 267-2223

Mr. Raymond Luick Administrative Officer Wisconsin Office of Justice Assistance 222 State St., 2nd Fl. Madison, WI 53702 (608) 266-7282 FAX: (608) 266-6676

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Mr. Michael J. Thompson Team Leader Student Services, Prevention, and Wellness Department of Public Instruction P.O. Box 7841 Madison, WI 52707-7841 (608) 266-3584 FAX: (608) 267-1052

WYOMING

PRINCIPAL CONTACT:

Mr. Tom Pagel Chairman Governor's State Drug and Alcohol Advisory Board 316 West 22nd St. Cheyenne, WY 82002-0001 (307) 777-7181 FAX: (307) 777-7252

CRIMINAL JUSTICE CONTACT:

Ms. Sandra Mays
Deputy Director
Division of Criminal Investigation
316 West 22nd St.
Cheyenne, WY 82002
(307) 777-7181
FAX: (307) 777-7252

TREATMENT/PREVENTION CONTACT:

Ms. Jean DeFratis
Director
Wyoming Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs
451 Hathaway Bldg.
Cheyenne, WY 82002
(307) 777-6494
FAX: (307) 777-5580

EDUCATION CONTACT:

Paul Soumokil, Ph.D. Director, Drug-Free Schools Department of Education 243 Hathaway Bldg. Cheyenne, WY 82002 (307) 777-7168 FAX: (307) 777-6234

Acknowledgements .

Special thanks go to the following people who contributed substantively to this directory and resource guide: ONDCP Project Manager Babette Hankey, who spearheaded the overall efforts; Robert Cohen, Bridget Goodman, and Amy Scarbrough of CSR, Inc., who performed much of the research, writing, editing and proofreading tasks; and all Federal agency employees who reviewed drafts and furnished information on funding and points of contact.

ISBN 0-16-045524-3
9000

·			
		•	