

State Court Caseload Statistics, 1993

- State Court Structures
- Jurisdiction and Reporting Practices
 - State Court Caseloads
- Court Statistics Project Methodology

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Acknowledgments

The members of the Court Statistics Project gratefully acknowledge assistance and guidance from throughout the state court community. Our main debt of gratitude is to the state court administrators, the appellate court clerks, and their staffs who have provided the bulk of the information included in *Examining the Work of State Courts, 1993* and *State Court Caseload Statistics, 1993*. They have been consistently patient and helpful in answering written and telephone inquiries for more data or for explanations of the data provided. We owe a special debt of gratitude to the staff members of the administrative offices of the courts and of the appellate courts who serve as contact persons between their offices and the Court Statistics Project.

The content and design of all products produced by the CSP benefit greatly from the guidance of the 12 members of the Conference of State Court Administrators' Court Statistics Committee. The committee members have given generously of their time, talent, and experience, and their participation has been invaluable to the project staff.

The past year was a period of transition for the Court Statistics Project. Two long-time members of the project, Steven E. Hairston and Natalie B. Davis, ended their formal association with the CSP in 1994. Their strong committment to the work and quality of the CSP is greatly appreciated, and their unfailing good cheer will be missed.

The Court Statistics Project is funded through the generous support of the State Justice Institute. SJI's commitment to the project is greatly appreciated, as is the input from Kathy Schwartz, the project monitor. It should be noted that the points of view stated in *Examining the Work of State Courts* are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the policies of the State Justice Institute.

A special debt is owed to the advice and editorial skills of our colleagues Roger A. Hanson, David B. Rottman, and Susan L. Keilitz, who offered a range of constructive input that considerably improved the final product. Both *Examining the Work of State Courts, 1993* and *State Court Caseload Statistics, 1993* benefited greatly from the careful editing of Bill Fishback, while the page design and preparation for publication was managed skillfully by Hisako Sayers.

Responsibility for the information and the analysis reported in this document nevertheless rests fully with the Court Statistics Project staff. The more general responsibility for the development of the CSP products and promoting improvements to court statistics is shared with the National Center for State Courts management, working under the policy direction of the COSCA Court Statistics Committee.

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Preface

Past users of the State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report series will notice a different format used in presenting this year's caseload statistics. Previous compilations of caseload statistics by the Court Statistics Project were contained in a one-volume report. Each volume combined statistics, such as those found in this document, with a narrative discussion and analysis of the current work of the state courts and how it has been changing over time.

The decision to reconfigure the *Report* series is a direct result of the different types of requests and inquiries about state court information received each year by the Court Statistics Project. First, are those interested in what these statistics *mean*; that is, how these numbers are relevant to and can help inform ongoing public policy debates. These people want the Project's analysis and interpretation of the data.

The other main group are those people who want specific information about particular court systems. For example, many are interested in doing their own cross-state comparisons or in examining the implications of caseload volume on the work and resource needs of specific state courts. In addition, the Project receives many requests for permission to reprint individual state court structure charts, while others want to construct a more complete descriptive profile by drawing on the broad range of information that is reported state-by-state in the Structure Charts, Figures, and Caseload Tables.

Beginning this year, the CSP is making information available in three distinct formats that we believe will better serve the needs of the Project's constituents. First is this volume, *State Court Caseload Statistics*, 1993. This product offers all interested parties high quality, baseline information on state court structure, jurisdiction, reporting practices, and caseload volume and trends. This information is also available through the Inter-University Consortium or to anyone who requests a copy from the Court Statistics Project.

In a second publication, Examining the Work of State Courts, 1993, the CSP provides a readable overview, with easy to understand graphics and tables, of current state court activity and trends. The goal of this work is to provide a comprehensive yet nontechnical presentation of the demands currently being placed on state courts and how caseloads have evolved over the past 10 years. Judges, policymakers, and practitioners will find this document useful for a range of planning and research needs, as well as for gaining a greater appreciation for the business of state courts.

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Finally, State Court Organization, 1993, which is also available from the National Center for State Courts, provides an exhaustive compilation of information on state court structure and operations. This volume, the third in the series, complements and extends the information on court jurisdiction and reporting practices provided here. A detailed table of contents for State Court Organization 1993 is reprinted on page 232.

Introduction

Using State Court Caseload Statistics

This introduction provides an overview to the uses, ingredients, and interpretation of state court caseload statistics. This examination is offered at a time of significant improvements to the quality of court statistics in general and to the comparability of those statistics across the states in particular. To help realize the potential of caseload statistics, three main questions are considered: Why are caseload statistics useful? What are their ingredients? How can they address practical problems?

This is not a "technical" document. Although it is assumed that the reader has an interest in what courts are doing, there is no expectation of statistical expertise. Moreover, virtually all courts and states currently possess the information required to use caseload statistics. A count of the number of cases filed and disposed by month, quarter, or year is all that is needed to get started. Part of the message, however, is that with a small additional investment in effort, the potential exists to enhance appreciably a court's capacity to identify and solve emerging problems and to present the case for the court system's achievements and resource needs authoritatively.

The secret language of statistics, so appealing in a fact-minded culture, is employed to sensationalize, confuse, and oversimplify. Statistical methods and statistical terms are necessary in reporting the mass data of social and economic trends, business conditions, "opinion" polls, the census. But without writers who use the words with honesty and understanding and readers who know what they mean, the results can be ... nonsense.!

Why Are Caseload Statistics Useful?

Argued in abstract, caseload statistics are important because they are analogous to the financial information business firms use to organize their operations. Because a court case is the one common unit of measurement available to all court managers, caseload statistics are the single best way to describe what courts are doing currently and to predict what they will do.

The pragmatic justification for caseload statistics is more compelling. Few would argue that the state courts are currently funded at a generous level. State budget offices routinely cast a cold eye on requests for additional judgeships, court support staff, or court facilities. Because the executive and legislative branches of the government are sophisticated producers and consumers of statistics, comparable expertise is needed by the judicial branch. Skillfully deployed caseload statistics provide powerful evidence for justifying claims to needed resources.

Occasionally, information on the combined caseload of all the state courts becomes imperative. State courts as a whole are disadvantaged in debates over where to draw the jurisdictional boundaries between the federal and state court systems. Current controversies include diversity-of-citizenship in civil matters and drug cases, which the recent *Report of the Federal Courts Study Committee* proposed be transferred out of the federal courts and into the state courts.² What would be the impact of such proposals? Only comprehensive state court caseload statistics can answer this question.

¹ Darrell Huff, *How to Lie with Statistics*. New York: W.W. Horton, 1954, p.8.

² Judicial Council of the United States, Federal Courts Study Committee. Report of the Federal Courts Study Committee: April 2, 1990. Philadelphia: Federal Courts Study Committee,

In response to perceived difficulties in using caseload statistics, it must be noted that they are simply counts of court activity. They are not inherently complex or obscure. The day-to-day activities of most court systems can generate the basic information that translates into caseload statistics. No extraordinary effort is required.

Like other statistics, however, caseload statistics are susceptible to twists and turns that can mislead or distort. Those twists and turns become particularly troublesome when comparisons are made across courts in any one state or among states. Yet, valid comparisons are potentially powerful tools for managing a court system, for determining and justifying the need for additional resources, and for planning.

Frequent reference is made throughout this report to a model approach for collecting and using caseload information.³ The Conference of State Court Administrators and the National Center for State Courts jointly developed that approach over the last 17 years. The key to the approach is comparison: comparison among states and comparison over time. The COSCA/NCSC approach makes comparison possible, although at times it highlights some aspects that remain problematic when building a comprehensive statistical profile of the work of state appellate and trial courts nationally.

What Are the Ingredients of Caseload Statistics?

Five types of information are required for efficient caseload statistics: (1) counts of pending, filed, and disposed cases; (2) the method by which the count is taken (i.e., the unit of count that constitutes a case and the point at which the count is taken); (3) the composition of the counting categories (the specific types of cases that are included); (4) court structure and jurisdiction to decide cases; and (5) statistical adjustments that enhance the comparability and usefulness of case counts.

Counts are taken of the number of cases that are pending at the start of a reporting period, the number of cases filed during the period, the number of cases disposed during the period, and the number of cases left pending at the end of the period. Counts of caseloads are typically organized according to the major types of cases (civil, criminal, juvenile, and traffic/other ordinance violations). However, there is still only limited uniformity among the states in the degree of detail or the specific case categories used despite the direction offered by the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*.

Methods for taking counts vary. The greatest variation occurs in what, precisely, a court counts as a case. Some courts actually count the number of a particular kind of document, such as an indictment in a criminal case.

³ The current status of that approach is elaborated in the State Court Model Statistical Dictionary (1989 edition).

There is also variation in the point in the litigation process when the count is taken. For example, some appellate courts count cases when the notice of appeal is filed, others when the trial court record is filed, and still others when both the trial record and briefs are filed with the court.

Composition refers to the construction of caseload reporting categories that contain similar types of cases for which counts are taken of pending, filed, or disposed of cases. Once a standard is defined for the types of cases that belong in a category, it becomes possible to compare court caseloads. The standard adopted by the Court Statistics Project is defined in the State Court Model Statistical Dictionary.

A count can be complete, meaning that it includes all of the types of cases in the definition; incomplete in that it omits some case types that should be included; overinclusive in that it includes some case types that should not be included; or both incomplete and overinclusive. For instance, the model approach treats an accusation of driving while intoxicated (DWI/DUI) as part of a court's criminal caseload. If a state includes such offenses with traffic cases rather than criminal cases, the criminal caseload statistics will be incomplete, and the traffic caseload statistics will be overinclusive.

Court structure and jurisdiction to decide cases indicate whether a count includes all of the relevant cases for a given locality or state. Two or more courts in a jurisdiction may share the authority to decide a particular type of case. Thus, in many states, both a court of general jurisdiction and a court of limited jurisdiction may hear misdemeanor cases. Similarly, complaints in torts or contracts below a set maximum dollar amount can often be filed in either court.

In some courts, jurisdiction is restricted to specific proceedings. An example is a preliminary hearing in a lower court to determine whether a defendant should be bound over for trial in the court of general jurisdiction.

Information on court structure and jurisdiction is therefore essential to the use of any state's caseload statistics. Each state has established various levels and types of courts. The lack of uniformity in court structure and jurisdiction even extends to the names given to the courts of various levels. The supreme court in most states is the court of last resort, the appellate court with final jurisdiction over all appeals within the state. In New York, however, the title supreme court denotes the main general jurisdiction trial court. A knowledge of court structure and jurisdiction is necessary before one can determine whether like is being compared to like.

Adjustments help make counts of cases more interpretable. Case filings per 100,000 population provide a standard measure of caseload levels that

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adjusts for differences in population among the states. The number of case dispositions as a percentage of case filings in a given time period offers a clearance rate, a summary measure of whether a court or state is keeping up with its incoming caseload. The number of case filings or case dispositions per judge is a useful expression of the workload confronting a court.

Such simple adjustments transform counts of cases into comparable measures of court activity. It is also possible to make adjustments to counts of cases to estimate the impact of missing information or to make allowances for differences in methods of count used by state courts. Other calculations reveal important aspects of court activity. For example, the percentage of petitions granted by an appellate court indicates how many cases will be heard on the merits, which require briefing and oral arguments or other steps that create substantial demands on court time and resources.

How Should Caseload Statistics Be Used to Solve Problems?

Caseload statistics can form a response to certain types of problems that courts face. One set of problems relates to the volume of cases that a court must hear and to the composition of that caseload. Drug cases offer an example. Have drug filings risen more rapidly than other types of criminal cases? Are drug cases more likely to be disposed at trial than other felonies? Do they take longer to resolve in the trial court? How common is it for drug cases to be appealed? How does the trend in drug filings in one section of the country compare with trends in other regions?

A related set of problems revolves around the adequacy of court resources. How many cases are typically handled by a judge in the state courts? As caseloads continue to rise, have judicial resources kept pace? Is the provision of judicial support staff in one state adequate when compared to the staff in another state with comparable filings or dispositions per judge?

A third set of problems relates to the pace of litigation. Are more new cases being filed annually than the court is disposing during the year, thus increasing the size of the pending caseload? How long do cases take to be resolved in the trial court? In the appellate court? What proportion of cases is disposed of within the court's or ABA's time standards?

The model approach developed by COSCA and the NCSC answers such questions. Virtually all states, as well as many individual trial courts, publish their caseload statistics in annual reports. Yet the diverse methods that states employ to collect information on caseloads restrict the usefulness of the resulting information. It may seem as if courts in one state use the mark, others the yen, and still others the dollar. This approach looks at how caseload information can be organized nationally to address problems facing state court systems and individual courts.

Comparability

The caseload statistics from each state are collated into a coherent, comprehensive summary of all state court activity and published annually by the Court Statistics Project. The report contains tables, charts, and figures that are often lengthy and crowded with symbols and explanatory matter. This does not negate the underlying simplicity or usefulness of caseload statistics as counts of court activity.

The available statistics reflect the varied responses individual trial courts and states have made to such practical problems as what constitutes a case, whether to count a reopened case as a new filing, and whether a preliminary hearing binding a defendant over to a court of general jurisdiction is a case or merely an event equivalent to a motion.

Comparability is a more substantial issue than completeness. Six reporting categories are used by the Court Statistics Project. Appellate caseloads are divided into mandatory and discretionary cases. Trial court caseloads are divided into criminal, civil, juvenile, and traffic/other ordinance violation cases. Abbreviated definitions of these categories are:

APPELLATE COURT

mandatory case: appeals of right that the court must hear and decide on the merits

discretionary case: petitions requesting court review that, if granted, will result in the case being heard and decided on its merits

TRIAL COURT

civil case: requests for an enforcement or protection of a right or the redress or prevention of a wrong

criminal case: charges of a state law violation

juvenile petition: cases processed through the special procedures that a state established to handle matters relating to individuals defined as juvenile

traffic/other ordinance violation: charges that a traffic ordinance or city, town, or village ordinance was violated

These categories represent the lowest common denominator: what one can reasonably expect most states to provide.

The advent of automated information systems means that states increasingly collect more detailed information, distinguishing tort cases from other civil filings and personal injury cases from other tort filings. Similarly, some states distinguish between various types of felonies and misdemeanors within their criminal caseloads, including the separation of drug cases from others.

Another aspect of comparability is whether the caseload count from a particular court includes all the relevant cases for a given locality or state. In some states, one court may have complete jurisdiction over a particular type of case, while in others the jurisdiction is shared between two or more courts. For example, to get a complete count of discretionary filings at the appellate level, one may only have to check the count in the COLR (states without an intermediate appellate court (IAC) or states where the IAC has only mandatory jurisdiction) or it may be necessary to examine both the COLR and the IAC (states that allocate discretionary jurisdiction to both the COLR and IAC). Therefore, when making comparisons with state court caseload statistics, it is essential to have an awareness of the variation on court structure and jurisdiction.

The court structure charts summarize in a one-page diagram the key features of each state's court organization. The format meets two objectives: (1) it is comprehensive, indicating all court systems in the state and their interrelationship; and (2) it describes the jurisdiction of the court systems using a comparable set of terminology and symbols. The court structure charts employ the common terminology developed by the NCSC Court Statistics Project for reporting court statistics.

The charts identify all the state courts in operation during the year and describe each court system's geographic and subject matter jurisdiction. The charts also provide basic descriptive information, such as the number of authorized judicial posts and whether funding is primarily local or state. Routs of appeal are indicated by lines, with an arrow showing which court receives the appeal or petition.

Conclusion

Caseload statistics are less complex and more practical than often imagined. By following relatively simple steps, courts, state court administrative offices, trial court administrative offices, trial court administrators, and others can more effectively use the statistics that they currently produce. A useful point of reference when considering an upgrade to the quality and quantity of information currently being collected is the *State Court Statistical Dictionary*.

The flexibility and power of automated record systems means that the information compiled nationally to describe state court caseloads is becoming more comparable year by year. Caseload data available for the 1990s will be significantly more comparable across the states than what has been published in the past. Differences among states in the criminal and juvenile unit of count will continue to make comparisons tentative for those cases. Still, those differences do not affect comparisons of clearance rates or of trends.

What can be done to realize the potential that caseload statistics offer for planning and policymaking? There are three priorities. First, reliable statistics on the size of the active pending caseload are needed. Unless courts routinely review their records to identify inactive cases, an accurate picture of their backlogs is not possible. Second, information on the number of cases that reach key stages in the adjudication process would be an important addition. How many "trial notes of issue" are filed in civil cases? In what proportion of civil cases is no answer ever filed by the defendant? Third, revisions to court record systems should consider the feasibility of including information on the workload burden being imposed on the court through pretrial conferences, hearings, and trial settings.

Accurate and comprehensive statistics are ultimately important because they form part of the currency when public policy is debated and decided in a "fact-minded culture." Those organizations and interests that master the statistics that describe their work and output are at an advantage in the competition for scarce resources. The Court Statistics Project offers the state court community a resource for both examining itself and representing its case to the larger commonwealth.

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State Court Structure Charts

Understanding the Court Structure Charts

- The court structure charts summarize in a one-page diagram the key features of each state's court organization. The format meets two objectives: (1) it is comprehensive, indicating all court systems in the state and their interrelationships, and (2) it describes the jurisdiction of the court systems, using a standard set of terminology and symbols. The court structure charts employ the common terminology developed by the National Center for State Court's Court Statistics Project for reporting caseload statistics.
- The first chart is a prototype. It represents a state court organization in which there is one of each of the four court system levels recognized by the Court Statistics Project: courts of last resort, intermediate appellate courts, general jurisdiction trial courts, and limited jurisdiction trial courts. Routes of appeal from one court to another are indicated by lines, with an arrow showing which court receives the appeal or petition.
- The charts also provide basic descriptive information, such as the number of authorized justices, judges, and magistrates (or other judicial officers). Each court system's subject matter jurisdiction is indicated using the Court Statistics Project case types. Information is also provided on the use of districts, circuits, or divisions in organizing the courts within the system and the number of courts.

The case types, which define a court system's subject matter jurisdiction, require the most explanation.

Appellate Courts

The rectangle representing each appellate court contains information on the number of authorized justices; the number of geographic divisions, if any; whether court decisions are made en banc, in panels, or both; and the Court Statistics Project case types that are heard by the court. The case types are shown separately for mandatory and discretionary cases. The case types themselves are defined in other Court Statistics Project publications, especially 1984 State Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting and State Court Model Statistical Dictionary: 1989 Edition.

An appellate court can have both mandatory and discretionary jurisdiction over the same Court Statistics Project case type. This arises, in part, because the Court Statistics Project case types are defined broadly to be applicable to every state's courts. There are, for example, only two appellate Court Statistics Project case types for criminal appeals: capital and noncapital. A court may have mandatory jurisdiction over felony cases, but discretionary jurisdiction over misdemeanors. The list of case

types would include "criminal" for both mandatory and discretionary jurisdiction. The duplication of a case type under both headings can also occur if appeals from one lower court for that case type are mandatory, while appeals from another lower court are discretionary. Also, statutory provisions or court rules in some states automatically convert a mandatory appeal into a discretionary petition—for example, when an appeal is not filed within a specified time limit. A more comprehensive description of each appellate court's subject matter jurisdiction can be found in the 1984 State Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting.

Trial Courts

The rectangle representing each trial court also lists the applicable Court Statistics Project case types. These include civil, criminal, traffic/other violation, and juvenile. Where a case type is simply listed, it means that the court system shares jurisdiction over it with other courts. The presence of exclusive jurisdiction is always explicitly stated.

The absence of a case type from a list means that the court does not have that subject matter jurisdiction. The dollar amount jurisdiction is shown where there is an upper or a lower limit to the cases that can be filed in a court. A dollar limit is not listed if a court does not have a minimum or maximum dollar amount jurisdiction for general civil cases. In criminal cases, jurisdiction is distinguished between "felony," where the court can try a felony case to verdict and sentencing, and "preliminary hearings," which applies to those limited jurisdiction courts that can conduct preliminary hearings that bind a defendant over for trial in a higher court.

Trial courts can have what is termed incidental appellate jurisdiction. The presence of such jurisdiction over the decisions of other courts is noted in the list of case types as either "civil appeals," "criminal appeals," or "administrative agency appeals." A trial court that hears appeals directly from an administrative agency has an "A" in the upper right corner of the rectangle.

For each trial court, the chart states the authorized number of judges and whether the court can impanel a jury. The rectangle representing the court also indicates the number of districts, divisions, or circuits into which the court system is divided. These subdivisions are stated using the court system's own terminology. The descriptions, therefore, are not standardized across states or court systems.

Some trial courts are totally funded from local sources and some receive some form of state funds. Locally funded court systems are drawn with broken lines. A solid line indicates some or all of the funding is derived from state funds.

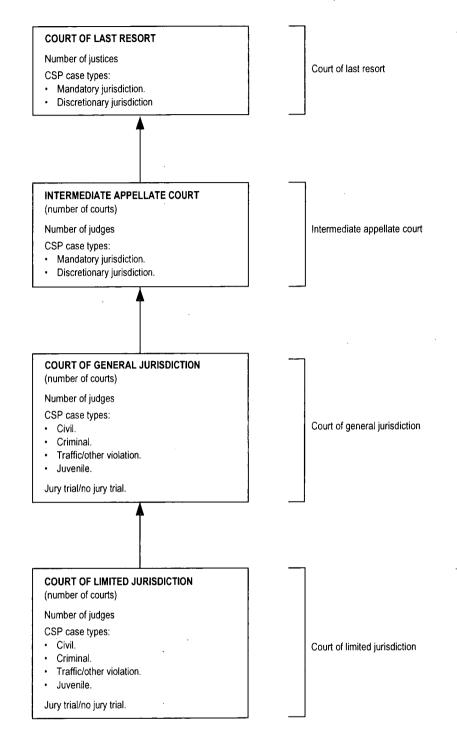
Symbols and Abbreviations

An "A" in the upper right corner of a rectangle, representing either an appellate or a trial court, indicates that the court receives appeals directly from the decisions of an administrative agency. Where "administrative agency appeals" is listed as a case type, it indicates that the court hears appeals from decisions of another court on an administrative agency's actions. It is possible for a court to have both an "A" designation and to have "administrative agency appeals" listed as a case type. Such a court hears appeals directly from an administrative agency ("A") and has appellate jurisdiction over the decisions of a lower court that has already reviewed the decision of the administrative agency.

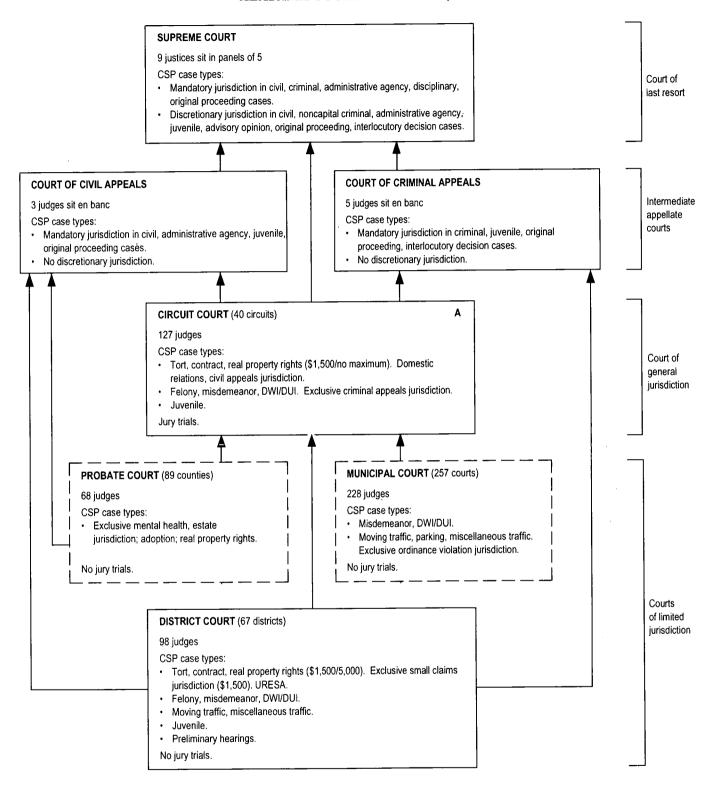
The number of justices or judges is sometimes stated as "FTE." This represents "full-time equivalent" authorized judicial positions. "DWI/DUI" stands for "driving while intoxicated/driving under the influence." The "SC" abbreviation stands for "small claims." The dollar amount jurisdiction for civil cases is indicated in parentheses with a dollar sign. Where the small claims dollar amount jurisdiction is different, it is noted.

The court structure charts are convenient summaries. They do not substitute for the detailed descriptive material contained in the 47 tables of *State Court Organization*, 1993, Moreover, they are based on the Court Statistics Project's terminology and categories. This means that a state may have established courts that are not included in these charts. Some states have courts of special jurisdiction to receive complaints on matters that are more typically directed to administrative boards and agencies. Since these courts adjudicate matters that do not fall within the Court Statistics Project case types, they are not included in the charts. The existence of such courts, however, is recognized in a footnote to the state's court structure chart.

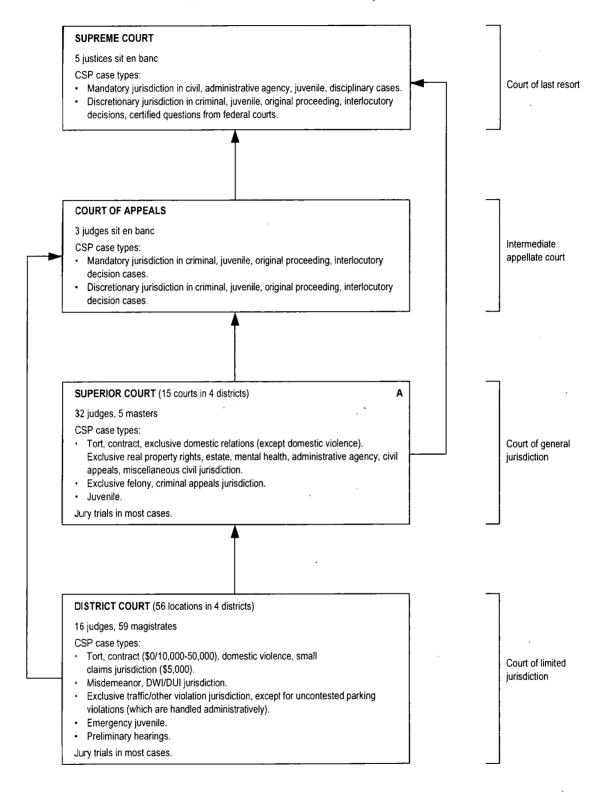
STATE COURT STRUCTURE PROTOTYPE, 1993



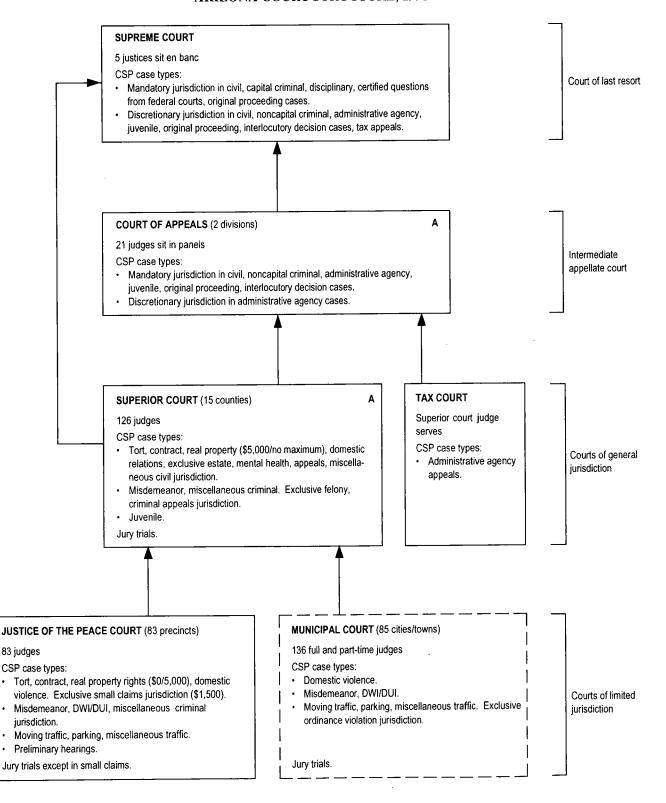
ALABAMA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



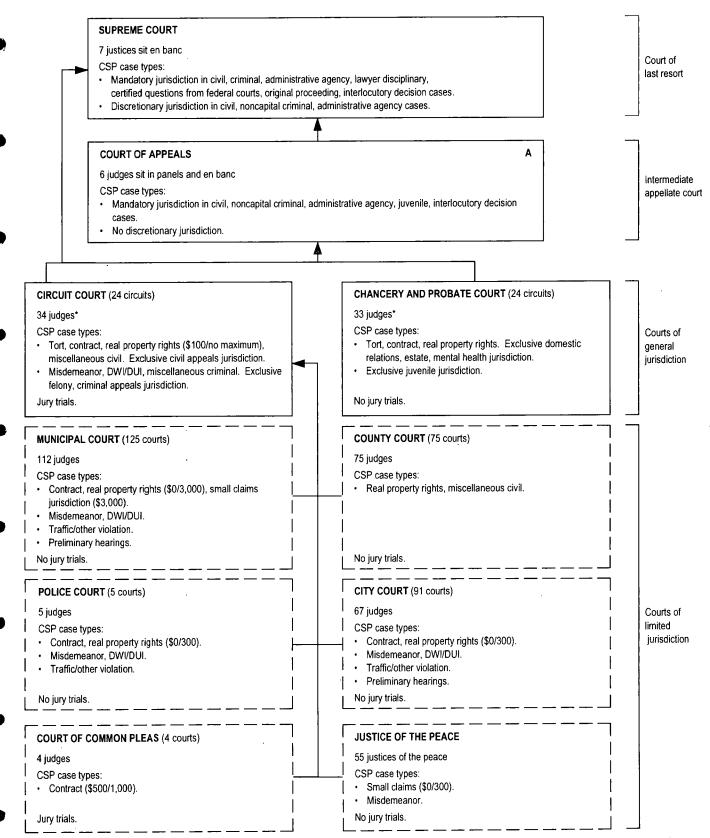
ALASKA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



ARIZONA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

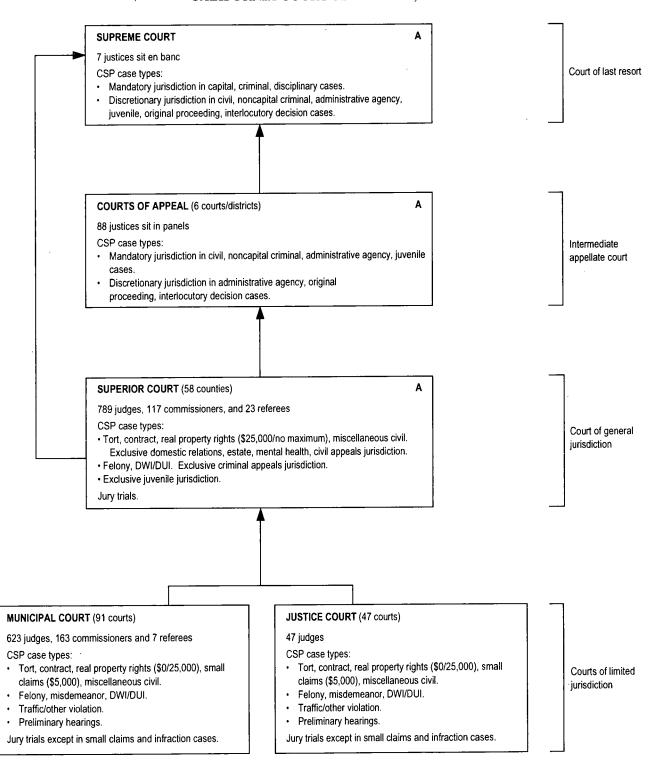


ARKANSAS COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

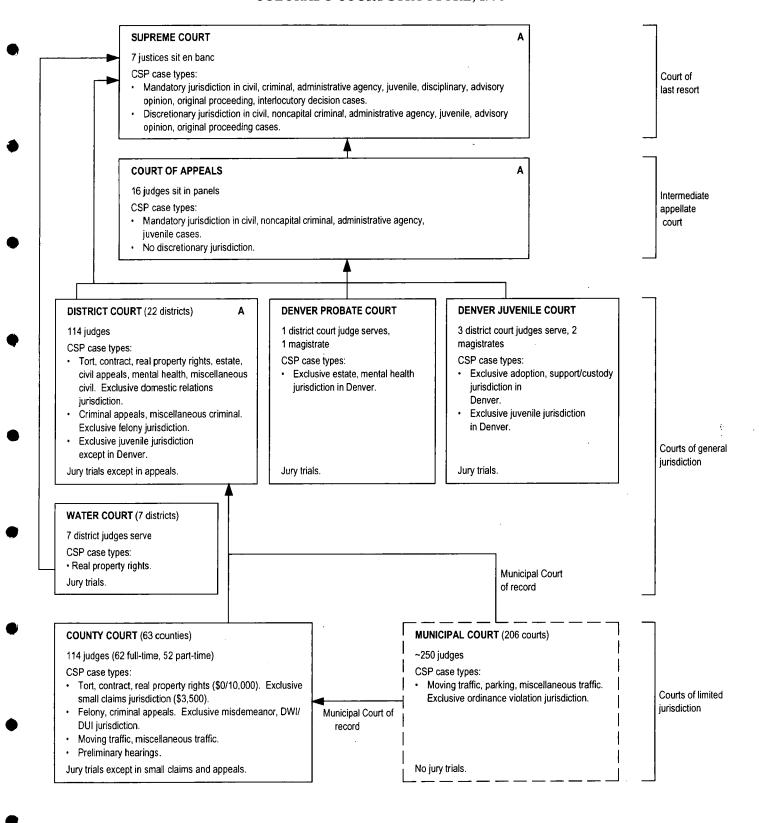


^{*} Thirty-three additional judges serve both circuit and chancery courts, 27 of which are primarily responsible for the juvenile division of chancery court.

CALIFORNIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



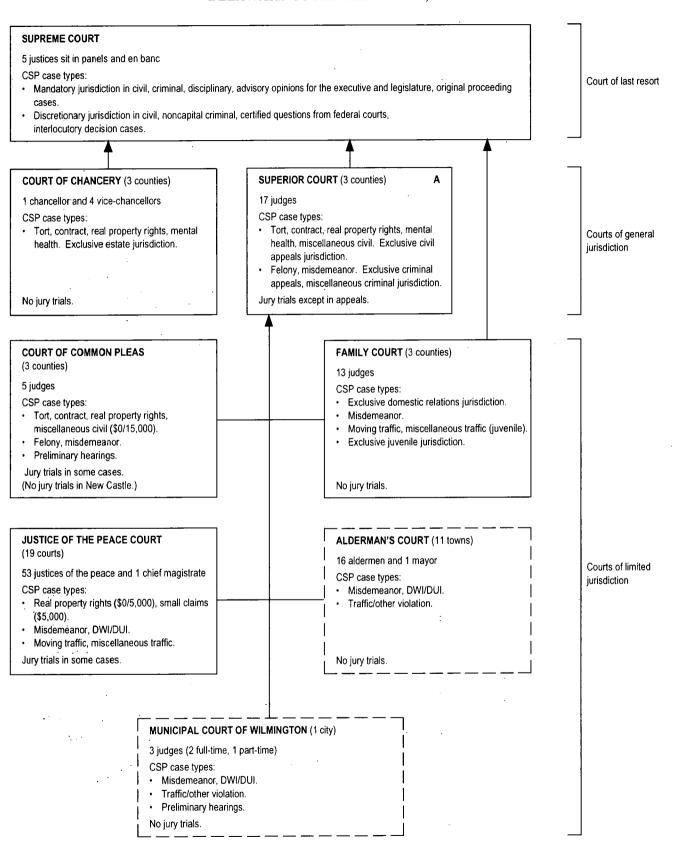
COLORADO COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



CONNECTICUT COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit in panels of 5 (membership rotates daily); upon order of chief justice, 6 or 7 may sit on panel Court of last resort CSP case types: · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, judge disciplinary cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency cases. Α **APPELLATE COURT** 9 judges sit in panels of 3 (membership rotates daily, may sit en banc) Intermediate CSP case types: appellate court · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency (workers' compensation), juvenile, lawyer disciplinary, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in administrative agency (zoning only) cases. SUPERIOR COURT (12 districts and 21 geographical areas for civil/criminal matters, and 14 districts for juvenile matters) 150 judges CSP case types: · Support/custody, paternity, miscellaneous domestic relations, mental health, miscellaneous civil. Exclusive tort, contract, real property rights, small claims Court of general (\$2,000), marriage dissolution, domestic violence, administrative agency jurisdiction appeals (except workers' compensation). Exclusive criminal jurisdiction. Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction, except for uncontested parking (which is handled administratively). Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in most cases. PROBATE COURT (133 courts) Court of limited 133 judges jurisdiction CSP case types: Support/custody, paternity, miscellaneous domestic relations, mental health, miscellaneous civil. Exclusive adoption, estate jurisdiction. No jury trials.

DELAWARE COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

COURT OF APPEALS

A

9 judges sit in panels and en banc

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases.
- Discretionary jurisdiction in small claims, minor criminal, original proceeding cases

Court of last resort

SUPERIOR COURT

Α

59 judges

CSP case types:

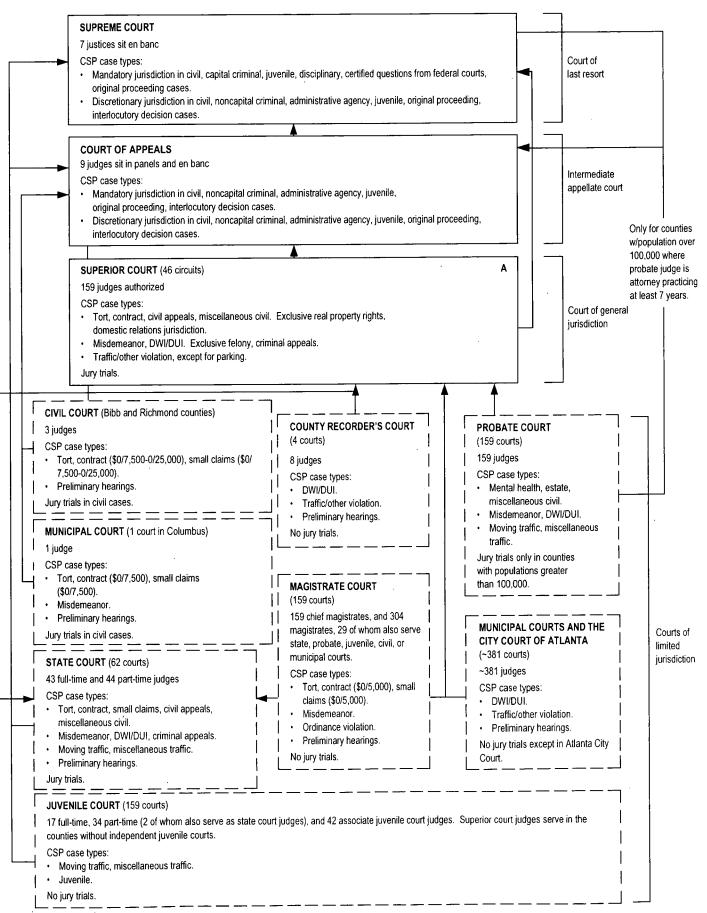
- Exclusive civil jurisdiction (\$2,001/no maximum). Small claims jurisdiction (\$2,000).
- · Exclusive criminal jurisdiction.
- Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction, except for most parking cases (which are handled administratively).
- · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.
- · Preliminary hearings.

Court of general jurisdiction

FLORIDA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc CSP case types: Court of last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, advisory opinion cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, advisory opinion, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. **DISTRICT COURTS OF APPEAL** (5 courts) 57 judges sit in 3-judge panels CSP case types: Intermediate · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, appellate court original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. **CIRCUIT COURT (20 circuits)** 421 judges CSP case types: · Tort, contract, real property rights (\$15,001 /no maximum), miscellaneous civil. Exclusive domestic relations, mental health, estate, civil Court of general appeals jurisdiction. jurisdiction · Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal. Exclusive felony, criminal appeals jurisdiction. Juvenile. · Preliminary hearings. Jury trials except in appeals. **COUNTY COURT (67 counties)** 241 judges CSP case types: • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$2,500/\$15,000), miscellaneous civil. Court of limited Exclusive small claims jurisdiction (\$2,500). jurisdiction · Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal. · Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction, except parking (which is handled administratively). Preliminary hearings. Jury trials except in miscellaneous traffic.

GEORGIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

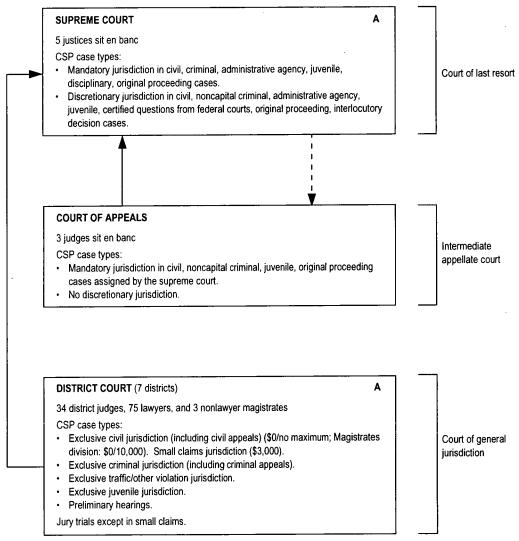


HAWAII COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 5 justices sit en banc Court of last resort CSP case types: Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. INTERMEDIATE COURT OF APPEALS Intermediate appellate 3 judges sit en band court CSP case types: Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases assigned to it by the No discretionary jurisdiction. **CIRCUIT COURT AND FAMILY COURT (4 circuits)** 25 judges and 14 district family judges. One first circuit judge hears contested land matters and tax appeals. Court of general CSP case types: jurisdiction Tort, contract, real property rights, miscellaneous civil (\$5,000/no maximum) [concurrent from \$5,000-10,000)]. Exclusive domestic relations, mental health, estate, administrative agency appeals jurisdiction. · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal. Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials. **DISTRICT COURT (4 circuits)** 22 judges and 33 per diem judges* CSP case types: Court of limited • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/10,000) [concurrent from 5,000-10,000 (civil nonjury)], jurisdiction miscellaneous civil . Exclusive small claims jurisdiction (\$0/2,500). · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. Exclusive parking, ordinance violation jurisdiction. Preliminary hearings. No jury trials.

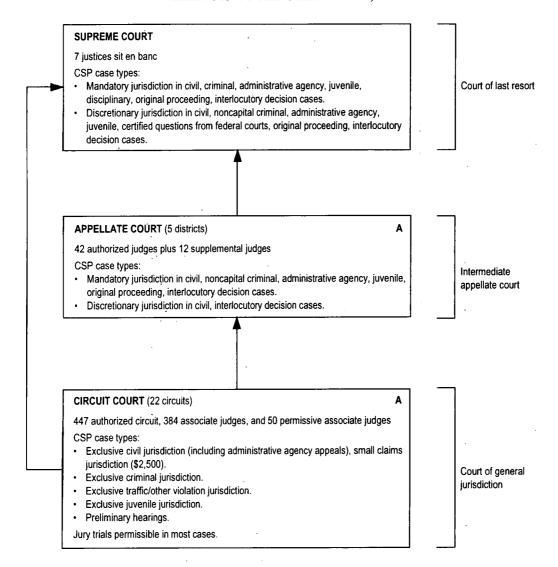
- Indicates assignment of cases.
- * Some per diem judges are assigned to serve as per diem district and family court judges in the first circuit.

IDAHO COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

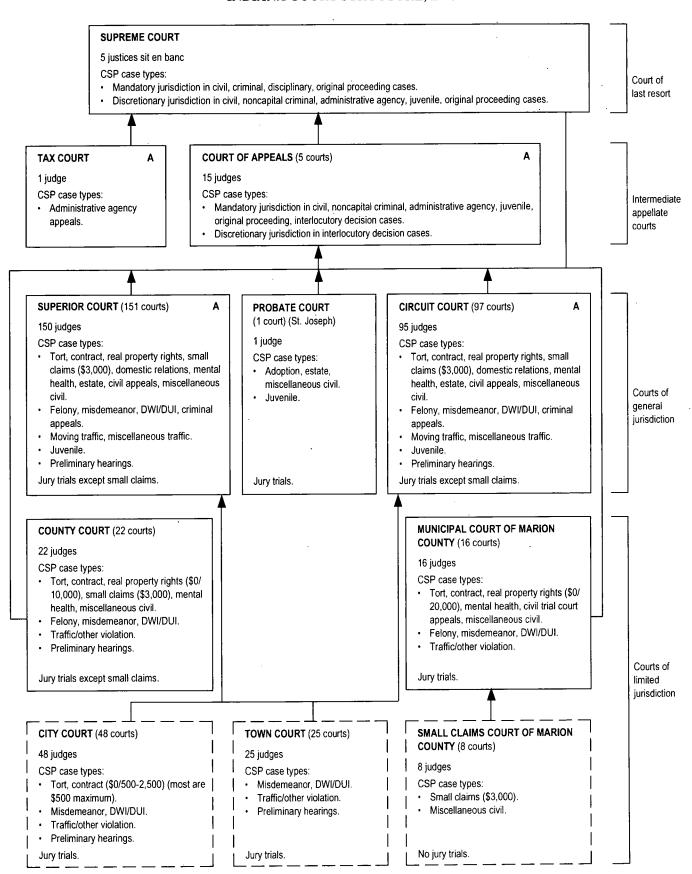


Indicates assignment of cases.

ILLINOIS COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



INDIANA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



IOWA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT

9 justices sit in panels and en banc

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases.
- Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases.

Court of last resort

COURT OF APPEALS

6 judges sit in panels and en banc

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases assigned by the supreme court.
- · No discretionary jurisdiction.

Intermediate appellate court

DISTRICT COURT (8 districts in 99 counties)

8 chief judges, 101 district judges, 50 district associate judges, 26 senior judges, 11 associate juvenile judges, 135 part-time magistrates, 1 associate probate judge

CSP case types:

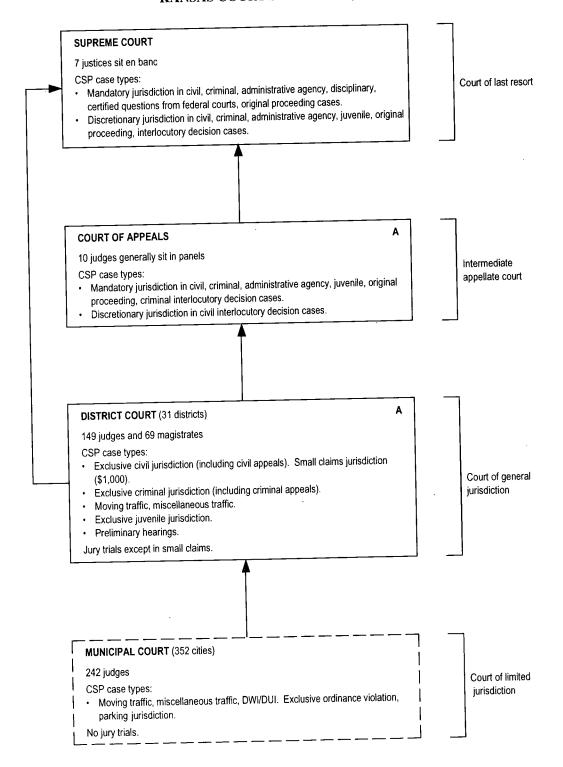
- Exclusive civil jurisdiction (including trial court appeals). Small claims jurisdiction (\$2,000).
- · Exclusive criminal jurisdiction (including criminal appeals).
- Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction except for uncontested parking.
- · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.
- · Preliminary hearings.

Jury trials except in small claims, juvenile, equity cases, city and county ordinance violations, mental health cases.

Court of general jurisdiction

Indicates assignment of cases.

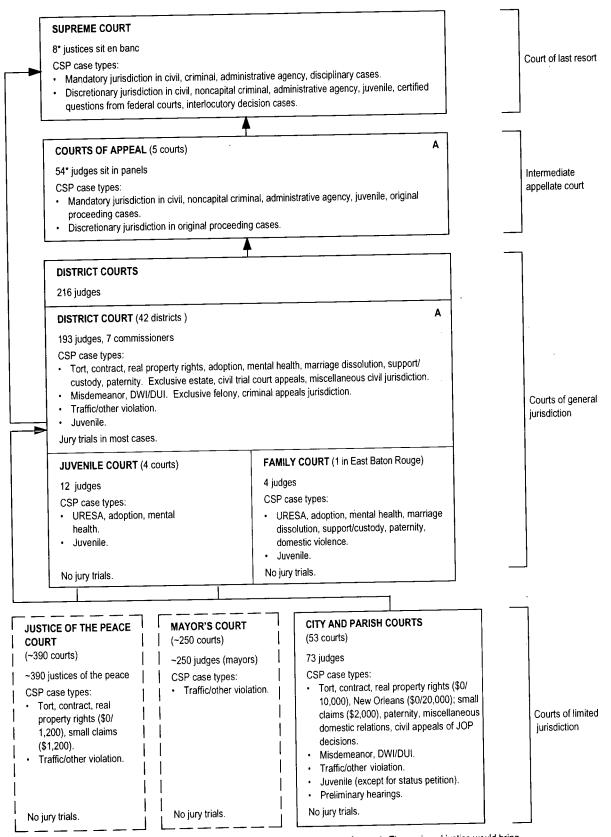
KANSAS COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



KENTUCKY COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc CSP case types: Mandatory jurisdiction in capital and other criminal (death, life, Court of last resort 20 yr+ sentence), disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. **COURT OF APPEALS** 14 judges generally sit in panels, but sit en banc in a policy making capacity. CSP case types: Intermediate · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, original proceeding cases. appellate court Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. CIRCUIT COURT (56 judicial circuits) 93 judges CSP case types: Court of general Tort, contract, real property rights (\$4,000/no maximum), URESA, estate. jurisdiction Exclusive marriage dissolution, support/custody, adoption, miscellaneous domestic relations, civil appeals, miscellaneous civil jurisdiction. Misdemeanor: Exclusive felony, criminal appeals jurisdiction. Jury trials except in appeals. **DISTRICT COURT** (59 judicial districts) 125 judges CSP case types: Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/4,000), URESA, estate. Exclusive paternity, Court of limited domestic violence, mental health, small claims jurisdiction (\$1,500). jurisdiction · Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI jurisdiction. · Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. · Preliminary hearings. Jury trials in most cases.

LOUISIANA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

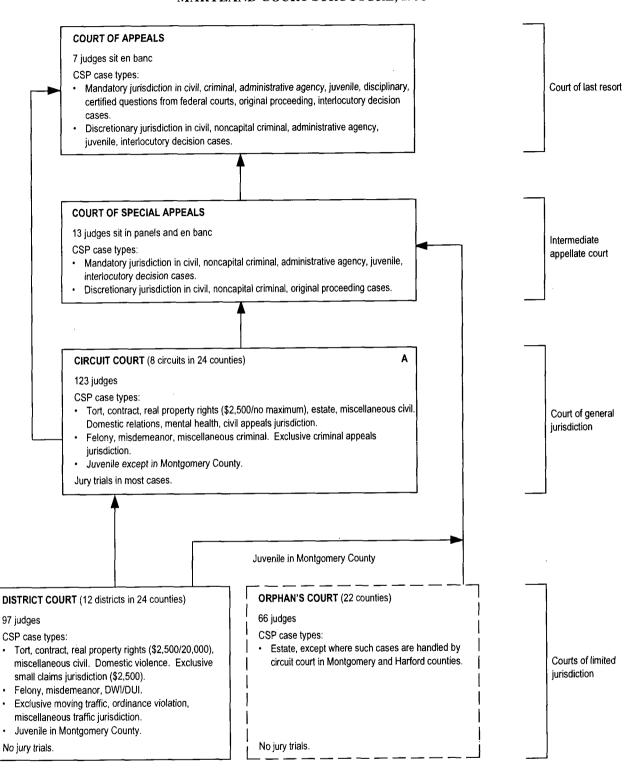


^{*} The supreme court has 7 elected justices and 1 justice assigned from the courts of appeal. The assigned justice would bring the number of courts of appeal judges to 55. (This assignment is by state statute.)

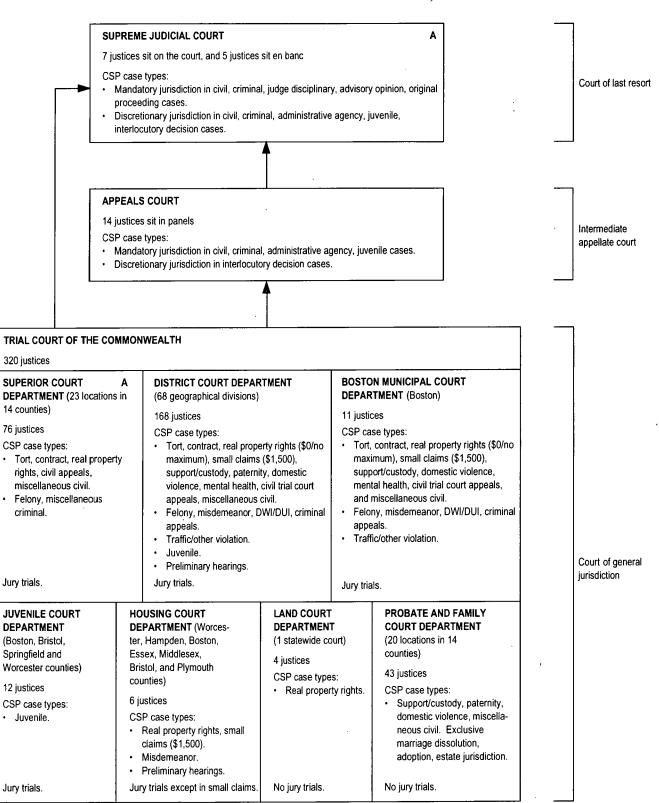
MAINE COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT SITTING AS LAW COURT 7 justices sit en banc CSP case types: Court of last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, advisory opinion, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in criminal extradition, administrative agency, original proceeding cases. Sentence review panel: review of criminal sentences of one year or more. **SUPERIOR COURT (16 counties)** 16 justices CSP case types: Court of general · Tort, contract, real property rights, marriage dissolution, support/custody, jurisdiction URESA, miscellaneous civil. Exclusive paternity, civil appeals jurisdiction. Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Exclusive criminal appeals, miscellaneous criminal, juvenile appeals jurisdiction. Jury trials in some cases. **DISTRICT COURT (13 districts)** PROBATE COURT (16 courts) 25 judges 16 part-time judges CSP case types: CSP case types: • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/30,000), Domestic violence, miscellaneous domestic domestic relations (except for adoption). relations. Exclusive adoption, estate jurisdiction. Exclusive small claims (\$3,000), mental health jurisdiction. · Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Moving traffic, ordinance violation. Exclusive parking, miscellaneous traffic jurisdiction. Original juvenile jurisdiction. Courts of limited Preliminary hearings. jurisdiction No jury trials. No jury trials. **ADMINISTRATIVE COURT** 2 judges CSP case types: · Appeals of administrative agency cases. No jury trials.

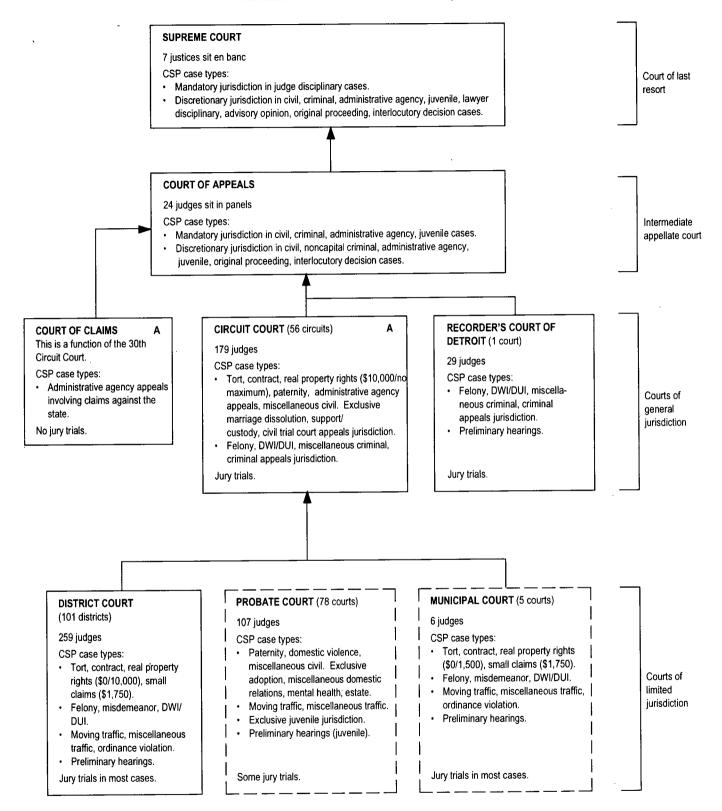
MARYLAND COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



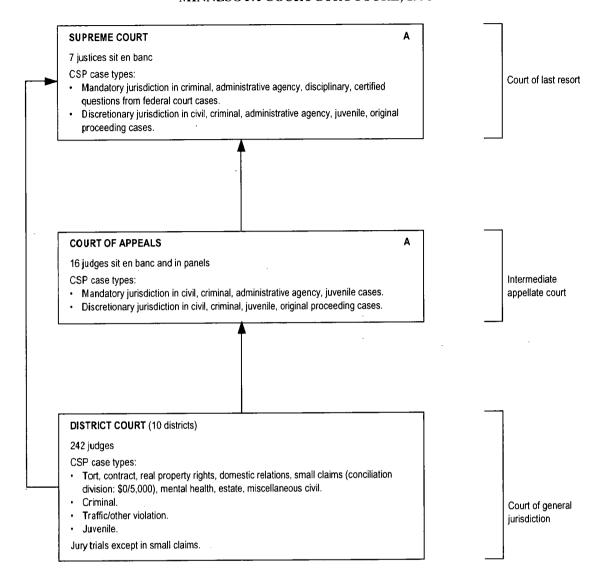
MASSACHUSETTS COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



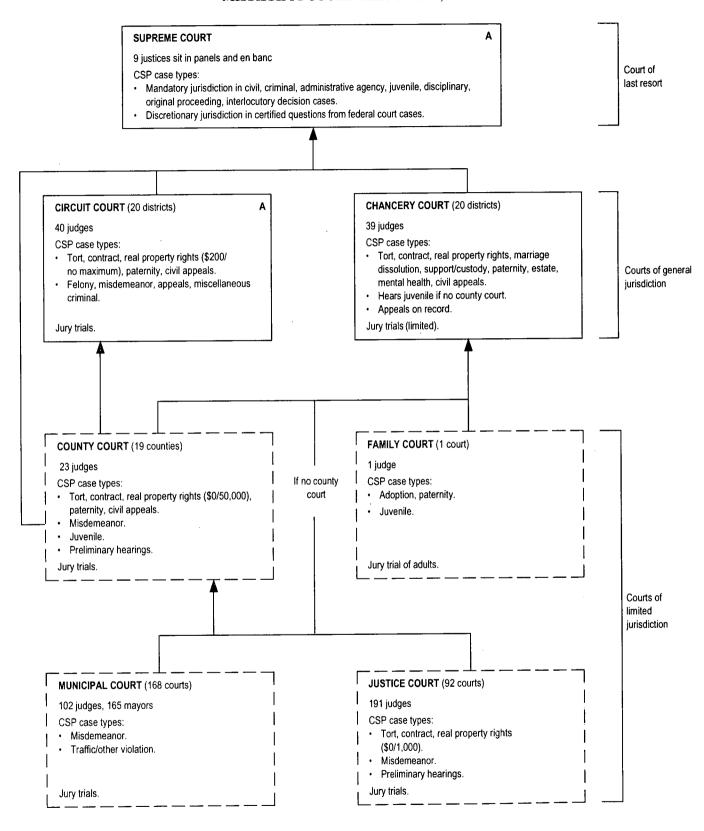
MICHIGAN COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



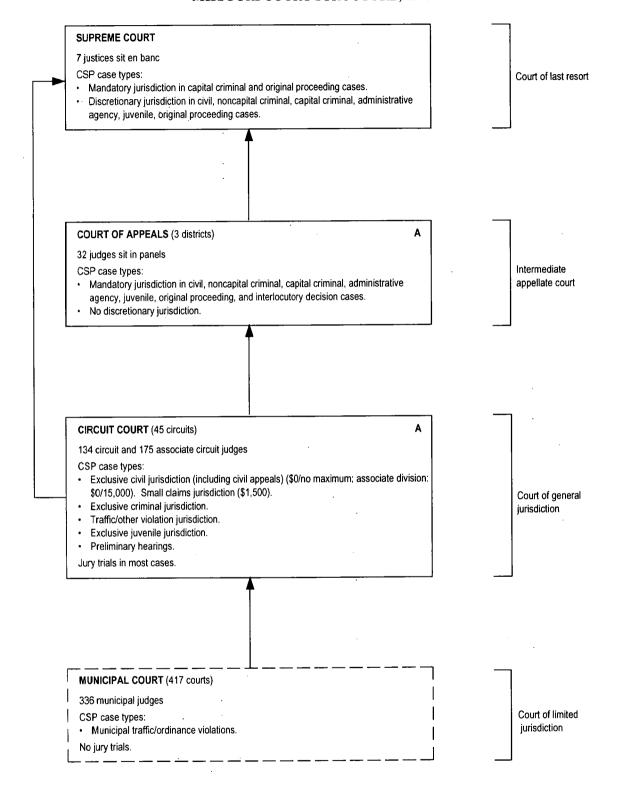
MINNESOTA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



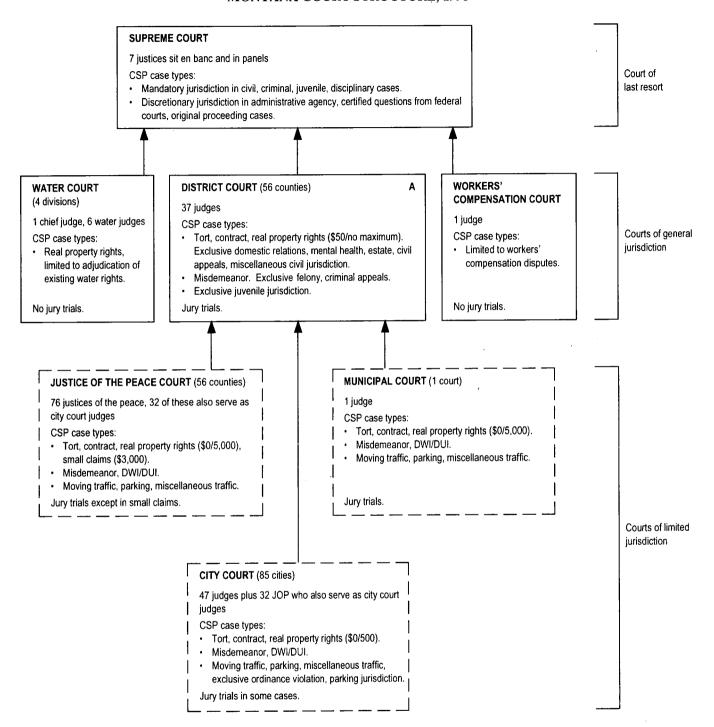
MISSISSIPPI COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



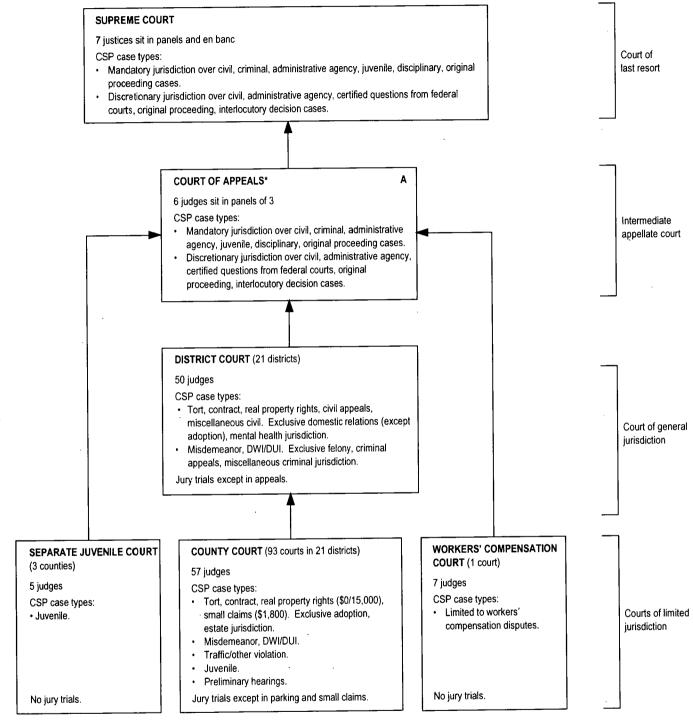
MISSOURI COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



MONTANA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

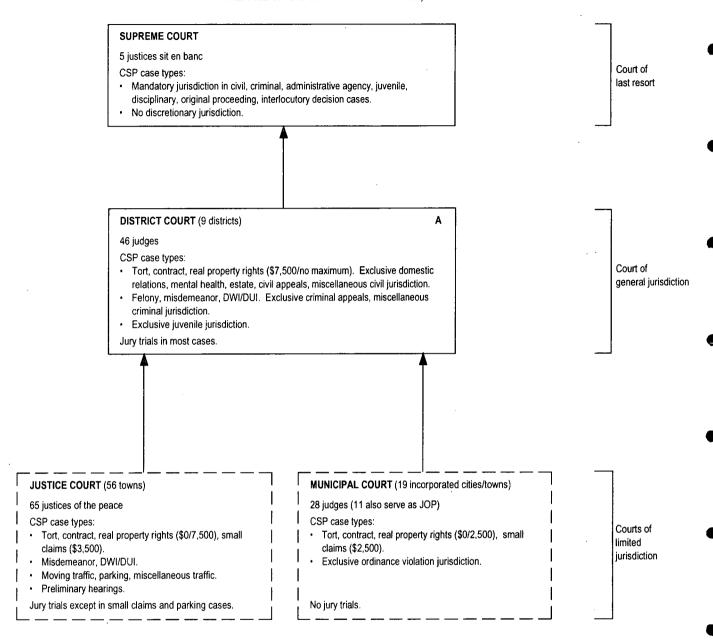


NEBRASKA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

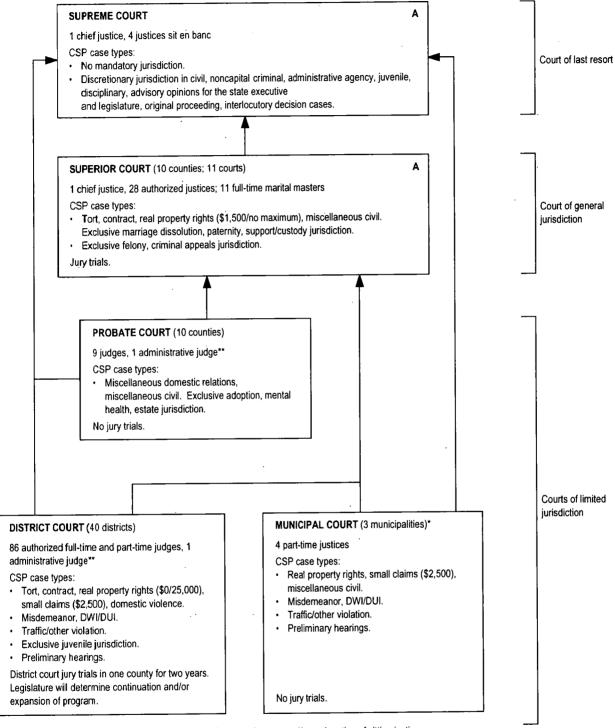


^{*} The Nebraska Court of Appeals was established September 6, 1991.

NEVADA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

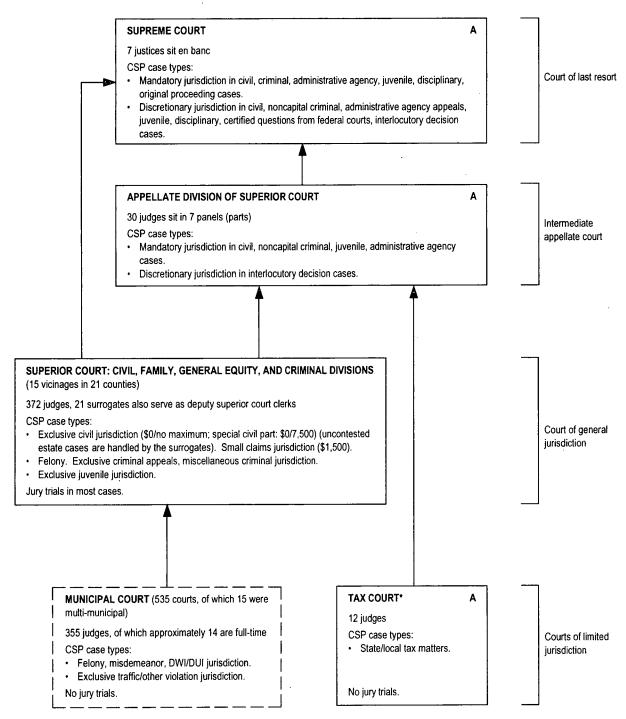


NEW HAMPSHIRE COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



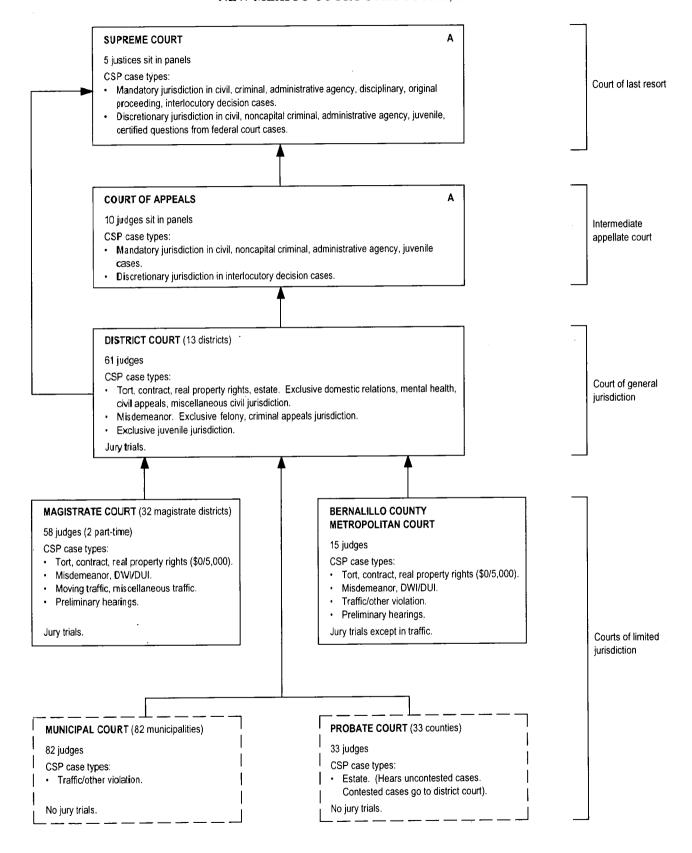
- * The municipal court is being phased out (by statute) upon retirement and/or resignation of sitting justices.
- ** Administrative judges also sit on the bench.

NEW JERSEY COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

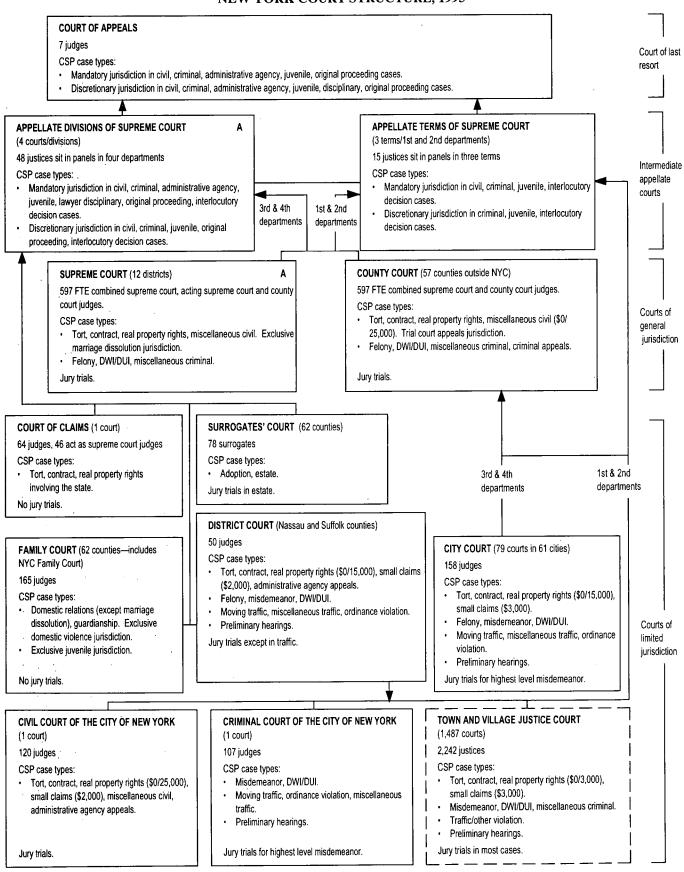


Tax court is considered a limited jurisdiction court because of its specialized subject matter. Nevertheless, it receives appeals from administrative bodies and its cases are appealed to the intermediate appellate court. Tax court judges have the same general qualifications and terms of service as superior court judges and can be cross assigned.

NEW MEXICO COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

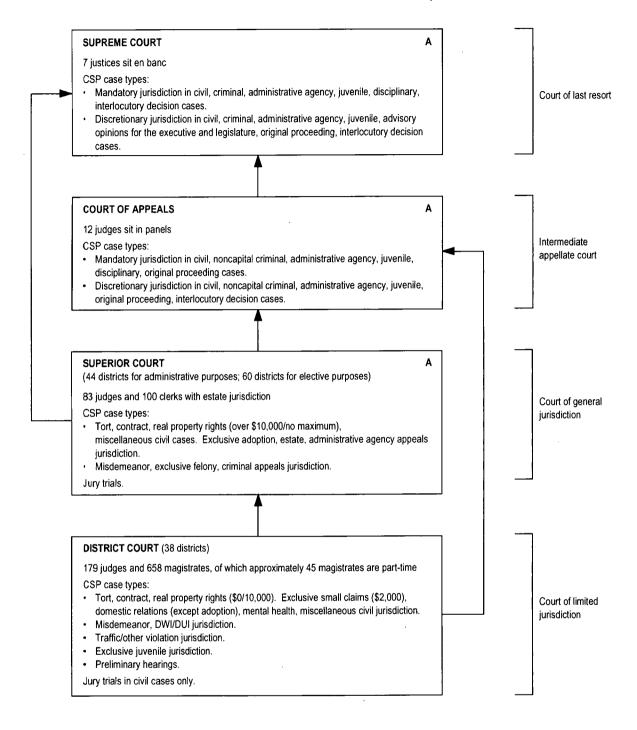


NEW YORK COURT STRUCTURE, 1993*

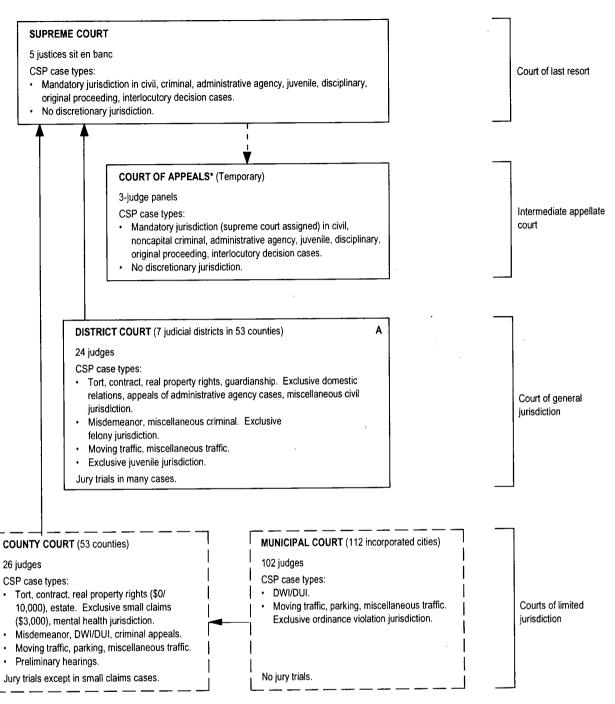


Unless otherwise noted numbers reflect statutory authorization. Many judges sit in more than one court so the number of judgeships indicated in this chart does not reflect the
actual number of judges in the system.

NORTH CAROLINA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

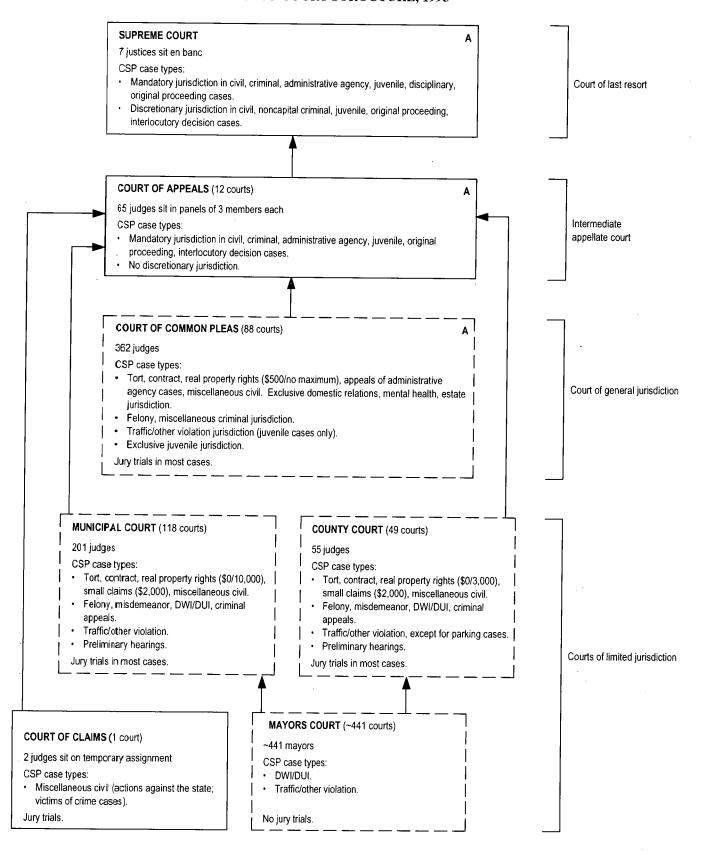


NORTH DAKOTA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

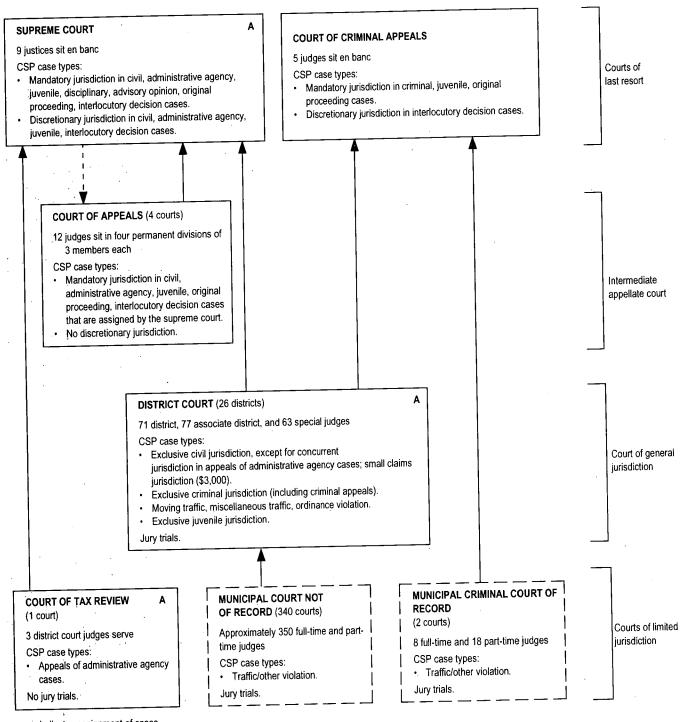


- - Indicates assignment of cases.
 - * Effective July 1, 1987 through January 1, 1996, a temporary court of appeals is established to exercise appellate and original jurisdiction as delegated by the supreme court.

OHIO COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



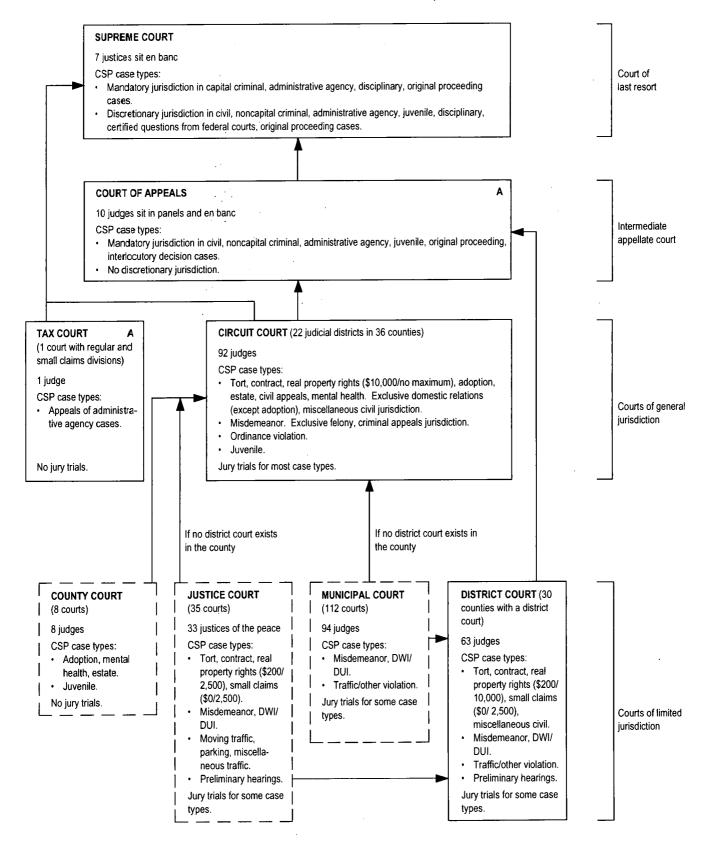
OKLAHOMA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



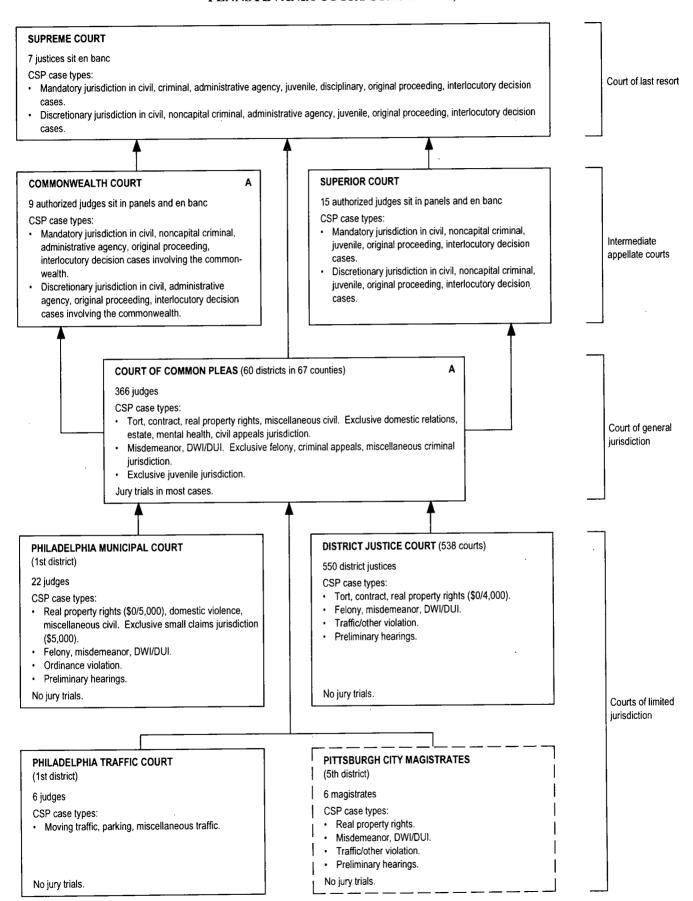
Indicates assignment of cases.

Oklahoma has a workers' compensation court, which hears complaints that are handled exclusively by administrative agencies in other states.

OREGON COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



PENNSYLVANIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

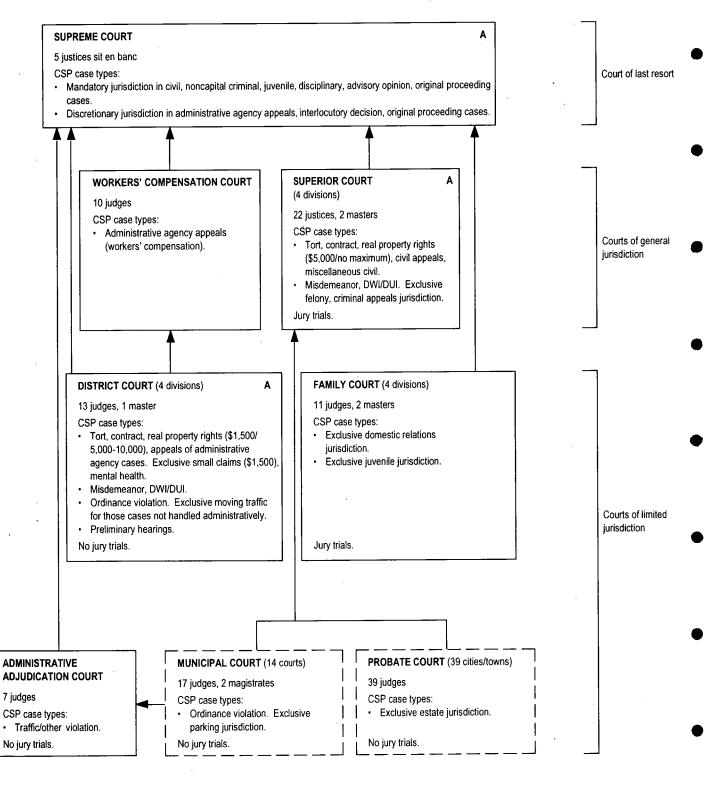


PUERTO RICO COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

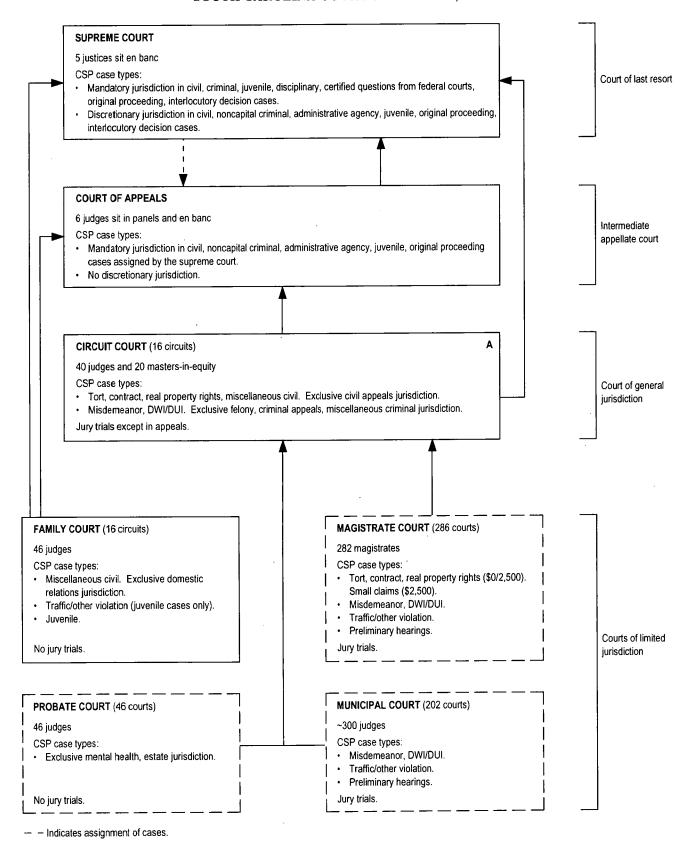
SUPREME COURT 7 justices CSP case types: Court of last resort · Reviews judgments and decisions of court of first instance, and cases on appeal or review before the superior court. Reviews rulings of the registrar of property and rulings of certain administrative agencies. **SUPERIOR COURT (12 districts)** 111 judges CSP case types: • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$50,000/no maximum), domestic relations, and Court of general jurisdiction miscellaneous civil. Exclusive estate and civil appeals jurisdiction. Misdemeanor. Exclusive felony and criminal appeals jurisdiction. · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in criminal cases. **DISTRICT COURT (38 courts)** 96 judges CSP case types: · Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/50,000), marriage dissolution, domestic violence, miscellaneous domestic relations, and miscellaneous civil. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Traffic/other violation (except parking). Preliminary hearings. Courts of limited jurisdiction No jury trials. MUNICIPAL COURT (53 courts) 60 judges CSP case types: · Traffic/other violation. No jury trials.

Note: Since June 30, 1991, the justice of the peace court was eliminated according to Law #17 of July 21, 1990. This jurisdiction is now with the municipal court.

RHODE ISLAND COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



SOUTH CAROLINA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



SOUTH DAKOTA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT

5 justices sit en banc

CSP case types:

- Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding cases.
- Discretionary jurisdiction in advisory opinions for the state executive, interlocutory decision, original proceeding cases.

Court of last resort

CIRCUIT COURT (8 circuits)

4

36 judges, 17 law magistrates, 7 part-time law magistrates, 83 full-time clerk magistrates, and 49 part-time clerk magistrates

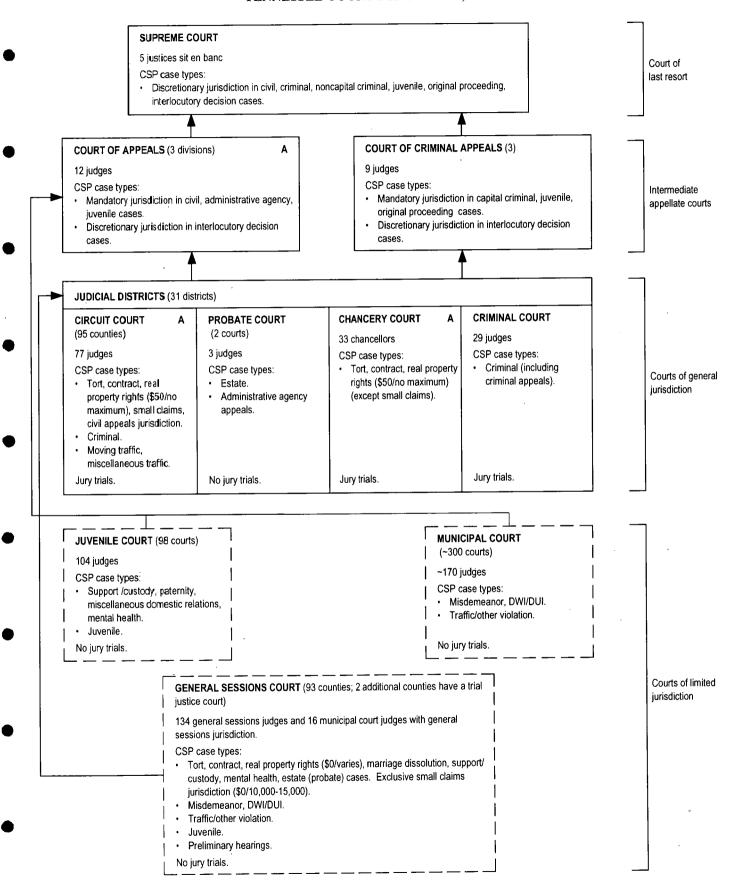
CSP case types:

- Exclusive civil jurisdiction (including civil appeals). Small claims jurisdiction (\$4,000).
- · Exclusive criminal jurisdiction (including criminal appeals).
- Exclusive traffic/other violation jurisdiction (except for uncontested parking, which is handled administratively).
- · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.
- · Preliminary hearings.

Jury trials except in small claims.

Court of general jurisdiction

TENNESSEE COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

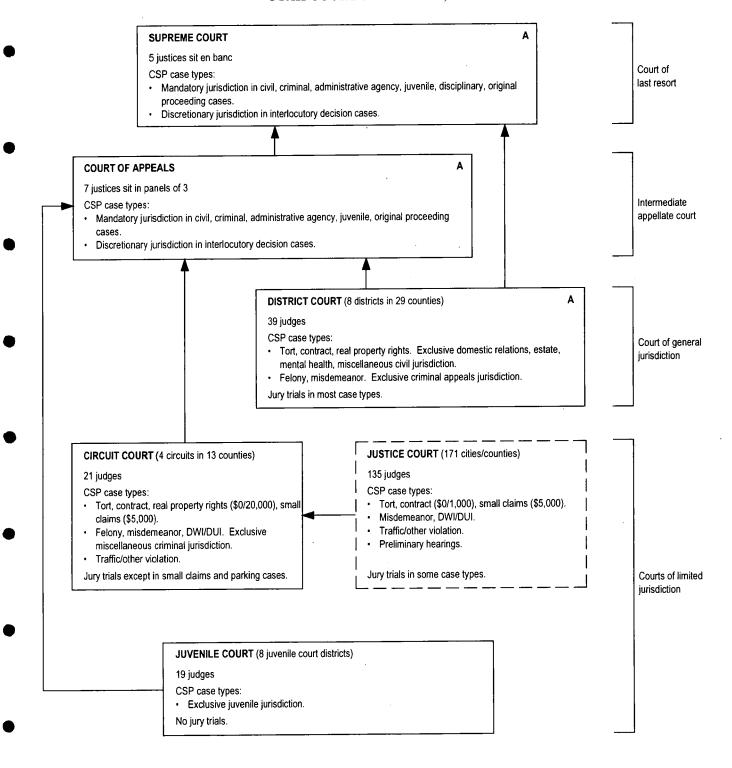


TEXAS COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

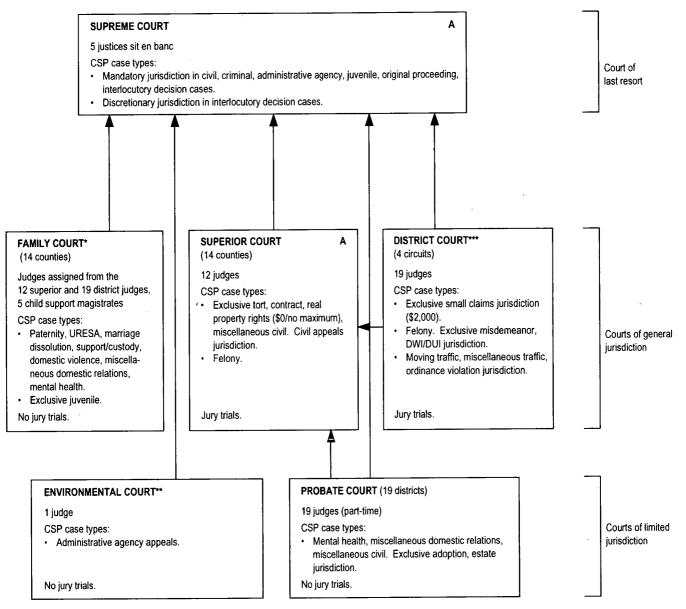
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS SUPREME COURT 9 justices sit en banc 9 judges sit en banc CSP case types: CSP case types: Mandatory jurisdiction in criminal, original Courts of Mandatory jurisdiction in civil cases last resort proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, administrative Discretionary jurisdiction in noncapital criminal, agency, juvenile, certified questions from federal original proceeding cases and certified questions courts, original proceeding cases. from federal court. **COURTS OF APPEALS (14 courts)** 80 justices sit in panels Intermediate CSP case types: appellate court Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. No discretionary jurisdiction. DISTRICT COURTS (386 courts) 386 judges **CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT COURT (376 courts)** (10 courts) 376 judges 10 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: Tort, contract, real property rights (\$200/no Court of general Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellamaximum), domestic relations, estate, jurisdiction miscellaneous civil. Exclusive administrative neous criminal cases. agency appeals jurisdiction. Felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal. Juvenile. Jury trials. Jury trials. COUNTY-LEVEL COURTS (434 courts) 434 judges **COUNTY COURT AT LAW (167 courts)** CONSTITUTIONAL COUNTY COURT PROBATE COURT (254 courts) (18 courts) 167 judges 254 judges 18 judges CSP case types: Tort, contract, real property rights (\$200/ CSP case types: CSP case types: varies), estate, mental health, civil trial Tort, contract, real property rights (\$200/ Estate. court appeals, miscellaneous civil. 5,000), domestic relations, estate, mental Mental health. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, criminal appeals. health, civil trial court appeals, miscella-Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. neous civil. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, criminal appeals. Juvenile. Moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic. Courts of limited Juvenile. iurisdiction Jury trials. Jury trials. Jury trials JUSTICE OF THE PEACE COURT* (885 courts) MUNICIPAL COURT* (847 courts) 885 judges 1,216 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/5,000), small Misdemeanor. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Exclusive claims (\$0/5,000), mental health. ordinance violation jurisdiction. Misdemeanor. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Preliminary hearings. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials. Jury trials.

* Some municipal and justice of the peace courts may appeal to the district court.

UTAH COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

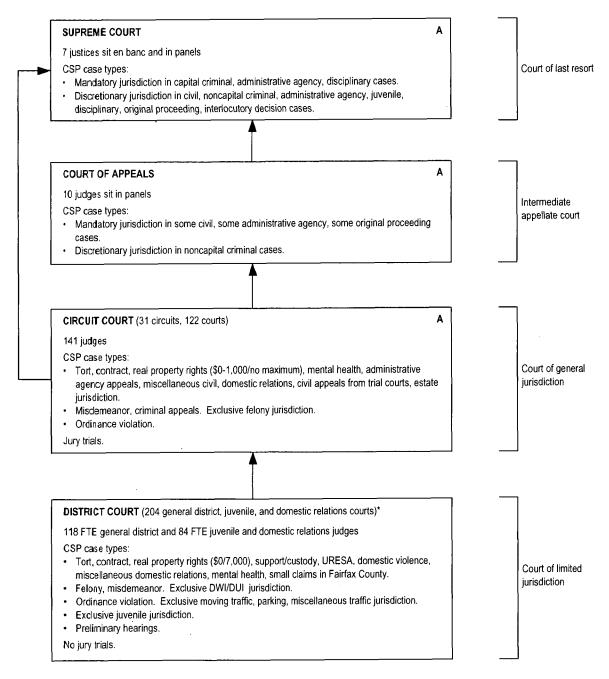


VERMONT COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



- * Vermont established a family court in 1990.
- ** Vermont established an environmental court in 1990.
- *** The district court, although created as a court of limited jurisdiction, has steadily increased its scope to include almost all criminal matters. In 1983, the district court was granted jurisdiction over all criminal cases, and has become the court of general jurisdiction for most criminal matters. A small number of appeals go to the superior court. Effective July 1, 1990, most traffic offenses became civil violations and were placed in the jurisdiction of the Vermont Traffic Bureau.

VIRGINIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



* The district court is referred to as the juvenile and domestic relations court when hearing juvenile and domestic relations cases, and as the general district court for the balance of the cases.

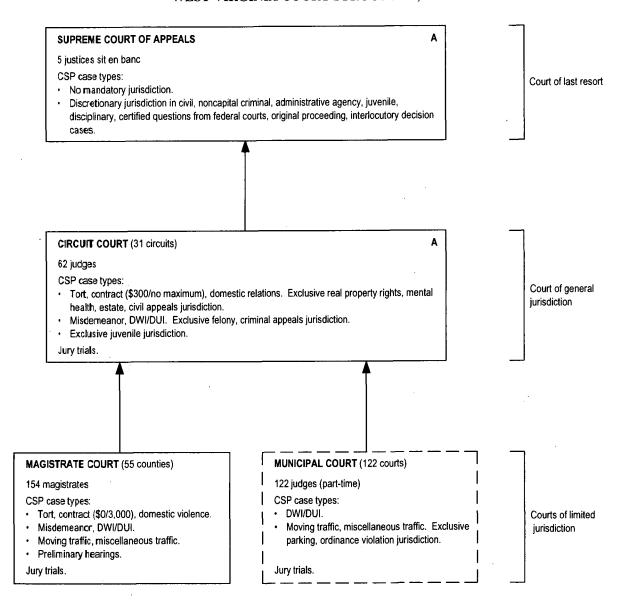
NOTE: A family court pilot project authorized by legislation passed in the 1989 session of the general assembly became operational on January 2, 1990, and concluded its two-year pilot operation on December 31, 1991.

WASHINGTON COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 9 justices sit en banc and in panels CSP case types: Court of last resort Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, certified questions from federal court cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, original proceeding, interlocutory decision cases. COURT OF APPEALS (3 courts/divisions) 17 judges sit in panels Intermediate CSP case types: appellate court Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, noncapital criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in administrative agency, interlocutory decision cases. Α SUPERIOR COURT (30 districts in 39 counties) 157 judges Court of general CSP case types: Tort, contract (\$0/no maximum). Exclusive real property rights (\$0/no maximum), domestic jurisdiction relations, estate, mental health, civil appeals, miscellaneous civil jurisdiction. Exclusive felony, criminal appeals jurisdiction. Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. DISTRICT COURT (50 courts in 64 locations for **MUNICIPAL COURT (122 cities)** 39 counties)* 102 judges 110 judges CSP case types: CSP case types: · Domestic violence. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Tort, contract (\$0/25,000), domestic violence. Courts of limited Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic, Exclusive small claims jurisdiction (\$2,500). jurisdiction Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. and ordinance violation. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous (nontraffic) violations. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials except in traffic and parking. Jury trials except in infractions and parking.

* District court provides services to municipalities that do not have a municipal court.

WEST VIRGINIA COURT STRUCTURE, 1993



WISCONSIN COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 7 justices sit en banc Court of last resort CSP case types: · No mandatory jurisdiction. · Discretionary jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding, juvenile cases. **COURT OF APPEALS (4 districts)** 13 judges sit in 3-judge districts (one 4-judge district) Intermediate appellate court CSP case types: Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile cases. · Discretionary jurisdiction in interlocutory decision cases. **CIRCUIT COURT (69 circuits)** 223 judges CSP case types: Court of general • Exclusive civil jurisdiction (including civil appeals). Small claims jurisdiction (\$2,000). jurisdiction · DWI/DUI. Exclusive felony, misdemeanor jurisdiction. · Contested moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. Ordinance violations if no municipal · Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials in most cases. **MUNICIPAL COURT (197 courts)** 202 judges Court of limited CSP case types: jurisdiction DWI/DUI (first offense). · Traffic/other violation. No jury trials.

WYOMING COURT STRUCTURE, 1993

SUPREME COURT 5 justices sit en banc CSP case types: Court of last resort · Mandatory jurisdiction in civil, criminal, administrative agency, juvenile, disciplinary, certified questions from federal courts, original proceeding cases. Discretionary jurisdiction in extraordinary writs, writs of certiorari on appeals from limited jurisdiction courts. **DISTRICT COURT (9 districts)** 17 judges CSP case types: Court of general • Tort, contract, real property rights (\$1,000-7,000/no maximum [depends on whether appeal is iurisdiction from county court or justice of the peace court]). Exclusive domestic relations (except for domestic violence), mental health, estate, civil appeals, miscellaneous civil jurisdiction. Exclusive felony, criminal appeals jurisdiction. Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Jury trials. JUSTICE OF THE PEACE COURT MUNICIPAL COURT (80 courts) (14 courts in 11 counties) 2 judges (full-time), 73 judges (part-time) 14 justices of the peace (part-time) CSP case types: DWI/DUI. CSP case types: Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic. · Tort, contract, real property rights Exclusive ordinance violation jurisdiction. (\$0/3,000), small claims (\$2,000). Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. · Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic/ other violation. Preliminary hearings. Courts of limited Jury trials. Jury trials except in small claims. jurisdiction **COUNTY COURT (14 courts in 12 counties)** 18 judges CSP case types: Tort, contract, real property rights (\$0/7,000), small claims (\$2,000), domestic violence. Misdemeanor, DWI/DUI. Moving traffic, parking, miscellaneous traffic violation. Preliminary hearings. Jury trials except in small claims.

urisdiction and State Court Reporting Practices

FIGURE A: Reporting Periods for All State Courts, 1993

		Reporting periods		
	January 1, 1993	July 1, 1992	September 1, 1992	October 1, 1992
State	to December 31, 1993	to June 30, 1993	to August 31, 1993	to September 30, 1993
Alabama				х
Alaska		X		
Arizona		X		
Arkansas		X		<u>. </u>
California		Χ		
Colorado		X		
Connecticut	X	X		
Dalawa	Probate Court	X		
Delaware ————————————————————————————————————		X		
District of Columbia	Х			
Florida	X			
Georgia	X	X	X	
	Court of Appeals	Magistrate Court	Supreme Court	
	Superior Court	Probate Court	(Aug. 1, 1992-	
	State Court		July 31, 1993	
Hawaii	Juvenile Court	X		
	-			
ldaho	X			
Illinois	X			
Indiana	X			
lowa	X			
Kansas		X		
Kentucky		X		
Louisiana	X			
Maine	X	X		
	Supreme Court	(Trial Courts)		
Maryland		X		
Massachusetts	X	X		· X
	(District Court	Trial Court (all but		Supreme Judicial Court
	Department only)	District Court Department)		Appeals Court
Michigan	X	X		
	Court of Appeals	Supreme Court		
(#!	(Trial Courts)			
Minnesota	X			
Mississippi	χ .			
<i>d</i> issouri		X		
Montana	X	X		
	Supreme Court	City Court		
	District Court	Justice of the Peace Court		
Internation		Municipal Court		
Nebraska	X	X		
	Supreme Court	Workers'		
	Court of Appeals	Compensation Court		
	District Court			
	County Court			
	Separate Juvenile			

	•	Reporting periods		
State	January 1, 1993 to. December 31, 1993	July 1, 1992 to June 30, 1993	September 1, 1992 to August 31, 1993	October 1, 1992 to September 30, 199
Nevada	X District Court		X Supreme Court (April 1992 - March 1993)	
New Hampshire	X Supreme Court Superior Court District Court Municipal Court	X Probate Court		
New Jersey New Mexico		X X		
New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	X X X	X		
Oklahoma Oregon	X X	Х		
Pennsylvania Puerto Rico	^	X	·	·
Rhode Island	X (Trial Courts)			X Supreme Court
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	X	X X		
Texas			X	·
Utah	X Supreme Court	X (Trial Courts)		
Vermont Virginia	X	X .		
Washington	X X			
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	X X			

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, an "X" means that all of the trial and appellate courts in that state report data for the time period indicated by the column.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE B: Methods of Counting Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993

			Case cou	unted at:		Case	filed with:	Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of the trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court		Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new cas
ALABAMA:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	0	0	0	Χ	0	X	0	0
Court of Civil Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	X	0	X	0	0
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	X	0	0	0	X	0	X	0	0
ALASKA:						•				
Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	X	0		ITIFIED SEP	
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	. 0	0	X	0	IDEN	NTIFIED SEF	ARATELY
ARIZONA:									-	
Supreme Court	COLR	X-CR	0	0	X *	0	0	X		SEPARATEL'
Court of Appeals	IAC ·	X-CR *	х*	X*	X	0 (except indus- trial cases & civil petition for special action)	X (only industrial cases & civil petition for special action)	X	COUNTED	SEPARATEL
ARKANSAS:										
Supreme Court	COLR	0	Χ	0	0	Х	0	0	Х	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	X	0	0	Х	0	0	· X	0
CALIFORNIA: Supreme Court	COLR	X*	Х	0 .	0	X (death penalty only)	COLR (if petition for review of IAC)		0	0
Courts of Appeal	IAC	0	Х	0	0	X	0	Х	0	0
COLORADO:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Χ	0	0	0	0	Х		NTIFIED SEF	
Court of Appeals	IAC	X	0	0	0	0	X	IDE	NTIFIED SEF	ARATELY
CONNECTICUT:										
Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	X (if motion to open)	0	0
Appellate Court	IAC	×	0	0	0	X	0	X (if motion to open o if remand by COLR)		0
DELAWARE: Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	0	х	х	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Court of Appeals	COLR	×	0	0	0	x	0	IDE	NTIFIED SEF	ARATELY

	Case counted at:					Casa f	iled with:	Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of the trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
FLORIDA: Supreme Court District Courts of Appeal	COLR IAC	X X	0 0	0 0	0 0		IAC (ADM. AGY. and Workers' Comp.)	X X	0	0
GEORGIA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	х	0	×	0 (no	X otice of appeal)	0	0	X (if new appeal)
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	X	0	0	X	X	X	0	0
HAWAII: Supreme Court	COLR	0	х	0	0	X	X (original proceeding)	0	0	Х
Intermediate Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	X (when assigned by COLR)	0	0	0 ·	0	Х
IDAHO: Supreme Court	COLR	х	0	0	X (appeal from trial	X (COLR if appeal	X	0	X	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	.0	0	0	court) X (when assigned by COLR)	from IAC) 0	0	0	Х	0
ILLINOIS: Supreme Court Appellate Court	COLR IAC	X X	0	0	0	0 X	X 0	X X	0	0
INDIANA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X (any first filing, notice, record, brief, or motion)	X (only death penalty and/or sentence over 10 years)	X COLR (if petition for transfer from IAC)	0	0	х
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	X (any first filing)	X (praecipe)	0	0	0	X
Tax Court	IAC	0	0	0	y,	0	0	0	0	Х

						Cana fi	Case filed with:		oes the cou tated/reope count of n	ned cases
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Case cou Filing of the trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new cas
OWA: Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	X (if appeal from trial court)	X (COLR if appeal from IAC)	X	0	0
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	TRANSFER (if appeal from trial court)	X	0	X	0	0
KANSAS: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	0	0	0	X* X*	X X	0	0	0	X
KENTUCKY: Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X*	X (COLR if review is sought from IAC)	X	X	0	. 0
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	X	X	0	X	0	0
LOUISIANA: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	0	X X	0	0	0	X X	X	0	0
MAINE: Supreme Judicial Court Sitting as Law Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	X	0	X (if remande	0 ed)	X (if new appeal)
MARYLAND: Court of Appeals	COLR	0	х	0	0	X (if direct appeal)	X (IAC if appeal from IAC)	0	0	х
Court of Special Appeals	IAC	0	X	0	0	Х	0	0	0	X
MASSACHUSETTS: Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court	COLR IAC	0	×	0	. 0	X X	0 0	X 0	0 X (if origina dismissed premature	i as

FIGURE B: Methods of Counting Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

								reinst	ated/reop	urt count ened cases
			Case cou	unted at:		Case	filed with:	in its	count of r	new filings?
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of the trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	<u>No</u>	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
MICHIGAN: Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	0	x	X (if remanded w/jurisdic-	0 X	X (if new appeal)
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	0	x	tion retained) 0	0	X
MINNESOTA: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X X	0	0	0	0	X X	X X	0 0	0 0
MISSISSIPPI: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	IDENTI	FIED SEP	ARATELY
MISSOURI: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X X	0	0	0	X X	0 0	X X	0	0
MONTANA: Supreme Court	COLR	X (notice plus any other filing: fee, record, motion)	0	0	0	х	0	х	0	0
NEBRASKA: Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X X	0	0	0	X X	0	X X	0	0
NEVADA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	х	0	0 .	0	х	IDENTI	FIED SEP	ARATELY
NEW HAMPSHIRE: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0 .	X	X (if remanded a jurisdiction retained)	0	Х
NEW JERSEY: Supreme Court Appellate Division	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	х	IDENTI	FIED SEP	ARATELY
of Superior Court	IAC	X	0	0	0	0	X	IDENTI	FIED SEP	ARATELY

								reinsta	Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
		Notice	Case cou Filing of the	nted at:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Case	filed with:	_ in its o	count of r	ew filings? Yes, or	
State/Court name:	Court type	of appeal	trial record	plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No	Rarely	frequently as new case	
NEW MEXICO:											
Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X (within 30 days of notice)	Х	0	X	0	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	X (within 30 days of notice)	X	0	IDENTI	FIED SEP	ARATELY	
NEW YORK:						- •					
Court of Appeals Appellate Divisions	COLR	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	0	0	Х	
of Supreme Court	IAC	0	X	0	0	X		X (if remit for specific issues)	0	X (if remand for new trial)	
Appellate Terms of Supreme Court	IAC	0	x	0	0	Х	0	x	0	0	
NORTH CAROLINA: Supreme Court	COLR	0	X	0	0	X (if direct appeal)	X (COLR if appeal from IAC)	X (if petition to rehear)	x ,	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	X		0	X	0	X (if reconsidering dismissal)	X	0	
NORTH DAKOTA: Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	Х	.0	0	0	x	
OHIO:											
Supreme Court	COLR	X	0 .	0	0	0	IAC	X	0	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	X*	0	X	0	0	
OKLAHOMA:									•		
Supreme Court	COLR COLR	X * 0	0 X	0 0	0 0	X X	0 0	X * X *	0	X * X *	
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	(notice plus	^	U	U	^	U	^	U	^	
Court of Appeals	IAC	transcript) 0	0	0	TRANSFER	0	COLR	x *	0	X *	
OREGON:											
Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	X			ARATELY	
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	IDENTI	FIED SEF	PARATELY	

		Case counted at:				Casa	filed with:	reins	Does the court count reinstated/reopened cases in its count of new filings?		
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	Filing of the trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial	Appellate court	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case	
PENNSYLVANIA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	X	X*	X*	X	×	0	
Supreme Court	OGLIK	(direct appeal only)	·	·	(discre- tionary certiorari granted)			(if re- instated to enforce order)	(if new appeal)	0	
Superior Court	IAC	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	Х	0	0	
Commonwealth Court	IAC	Х	0	0	0	Х	Х	0 (ADM. AGY.)	0	X	
PUERTO RICO: Supreme Court	COLR	х	0	0	0	CR	CV	IDEN	X TIFIED SEF	X PARATELY	
RHODE ISLAND: Supreme Court	COLR	0	X	0	0	0	х	0	0	X	
SOUTH CAROLINA:											
Supreme Court	COLR	0	Х	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	0	0	TRANSFER	0	0	X	0	0	
SOUTH DAKOTA: Supreme Court	COLR	х	0	0	0	Х	0	Х	0	0	
TENNESSEE:											
Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		ITIFIED SÉI		
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	0	X (Court of Appeals)	IDEN	ITIFIED SE	PARATELY	
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	0	X (Court of Criminal Appeals)	IDEN	ITIFIED SEI	PARATELY	
TEXAS:											
Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	0	X	IDEN	ITIFIED SEI	PARATELY	
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	0	0	0	X (any first filing)	Х	X (Court of Crim. App	eals)	ITIFIED SE		
Court of Appeals	IAC	X (Civil only)	0		0	Х	0	IDEN	ITIFIED SE	PARATELY	
UTAH: Supreme Court	COLR	х	0	0	0	0	X (ADM.	0	0	0	
Court of Appeals	IAC	х	0	0	0	Х	AGY.) X	0	Х	0	

			Case co	inted at:		Case filed with:		reinst		urt count ened cases new filings?
			Filing of	anted at.					in the death of the willings.	
State/Court name:	Court type	Notice of appeal	the trial record	Record plus briefs	Other point	Trial court	Appellate court	No	Rarely	Yes, or frequently as new case
VERMONT: Supreme Court	COLR	X	0	0	0	×	0	X (if dis- missed & reinstated)	0	X (if after final decision or if statistical period has ended)
VIRGINIA:			_		_	_				
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X	0	0	0	0 X	X 0	X	0	0
WASHINGTON:										
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	COLR IAC	X	0 0	.0	0 0	X X	0 0	. X X	0 0	0 0
WEST VIRGINIA: Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	х	. 0	X (counted as new filings as of 8/86)	0	0
WISCONSIN: Supreme Court	COLR	0	0	0	X (when accepted by court)	0	x	0	0	X
Court of Appeals	IAC	Х	0	0	0	Х	0	0	0	X
WYOMING:									_	
Supreme Court	COLR	Х	0	0	0	0	Х	0	0	X

ADM. AGY. = Administrative agency cases only.

CR = Criminal cases only.

CV = Civil cases only.

DP = Death penalty cases only.

COLR = Court of last resort.

IAC = Intermediate appellate court.

X = Yes

0 = No

FOOTNOTES*

Arizona-Supreme Court: Civil cases are counted when the fee is paid within 30 days after trial record is filed.

Arizona-Court of Appeals: Civil cases are counted when the fee is paid within 30 days after trial record is filed. Juvenile/industrial/habeas corpus cases are counted at receipt of notice or at receipt of the trial record.

California-Supreme Court: Cases are counted at the notice of appeal for discretionary review cases from the IAC.

Kansas: Cases are counted at the docketing, which occurs 21 days after a notice of appeal is filed in the trial court.

Kentucky: Cases are counted at either the filing of the brief or request for intermediate relief.

Ohio-Court of Appeals: The clerk of the trial court is also the clerk of the Court of Appeals.

Oklahoma: The notice of appeal refers to the petition in error. The courts do not count reinstated cases as new filings, but do count any subsequent appeal of an earlier decided case as a new filing.

Pennsylvania-Supreme Court: Mandatory cases are filed with the trial court, and discretionary cases are filed with the appellate court.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1993

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small o	daims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
ALABAMA:							
Circuit Court District Court	G L	\$1,500/No maximum -	- \$1,500/\$5,000	\$1,500	- No	- Yes	- Optional
ALASKA:							
Superior Court District Court	G L	0/No maximum -	- 0/\$50,000	\$5,000	- No	- Yes	- Yes
ARIZONA:			•				
Superior Court	G	\$5,000/No maximum	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	.
Justice of the Peace Co.	urt L	•	0/ \$5,000	\$1,500	No	Yes	No ————
ARKANSAS:							
Circuit Court	G	\$100/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Court of Common Pleas	L	•	\$500/\$1,000 (contract only)	-	-	•	=
Municipal Court	L		0/ \$3,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
wuriicipai Court	L	<u>-</u>	(contract and	ψ3,000	110	103	110
			real property)				
City Court, Police Court	L		0/\$300	-	-	-	-
			(contract and				
Justice of the Peace	L		real property)	\$300	No	Yes	No
OALISODANA					-		
CALIFORNIA: Superior Court	G	\$25,000/No maximum	_	_	_		_
Municipal Court	L	φ25,000/140 maximum	0/\$25,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	No
Justice Court	Ĺ	-	0/\$25,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	No
COLORADO:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
District Court	G	0/No maximum		-	-	-	-
Water Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
County Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$3,500	No	Yes	No
CONNECTICUT:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
DELAWARE:							
Court of Chancery	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	<u>.</u>	-	-	•	-
Court of Common Pleas		-	0/\$15,000	- #E 000	- N:-	· Vaa	- V
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	•	0/ \$5,000	\$5,000	No 	Yes	Yes
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:							
Superior Court	G	\$2,001/No maximum (no minimum for real property)	-	\$2,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
FLORIDA:							
Circuit Court	G	\$15,001/No maximum	-	-	-	-	. -
County Court	L	-	\$2,500/ \$15,000	\$2,500	Yes	Yes	Yes

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small	claims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
GEORGIA:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	•	No max	Yes	No	Yes
State Court	L	0/No maximum (No real property)	-	No max	Yes	No	Yes
Civil Court (Bibb & Richmond counties only)	L	<u>.</u>	0/\$7,500 - 0/\$25,000 (Bibb) - (Richmond)	\$25,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
Magistrate Court	L	-	0/\$5,000 (No real property)	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court (Columbus)	L	-	0/ \$7,500	\$7,500	Yes	Yes	Yes
HAWAII:							
Circuit Court	G	\$5,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	<u>-</u>	0/\$10,000 (No maximum in summary possession or ejectment)	\$2,500 (Except in residential security de- posit cases)	No	Yes	Yes
IDAHO:							
District Court: (Magistrates Division)	G L	0/No maximum -	- 0/\$10,000	- \$3,000	- No	- Yes	- No
ILLINOIS: Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$2,500	Yes	Yes	Yes
INDIANA:							
Superior Court and							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	· _	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
County Court	Ĺ	-	0/\$10,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court of			,,				
Marion County Small Claims Court of	L	-	0/\$20,000	-	-	-	-
Marion County	L	-	-	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
City Court	L	· -	0/ \$500- \$2,500 (No real property)	-	-	-	-
IOWA:	· <u></u>						
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
KANSAS:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$1,000	No	Yes	No
KENTUCKY:							
Circuit Court	G	\$4,000/No maximum	=	-	•	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/ \$4,000	\$1,500	No	Yes	Yes
LOUISIANA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	=	-	-	-	-
City Court, Parish Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
(New Orleans City Court		-	0/\$20,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
Justice of the Peace Cor	urt L	•	0/ \$1,200	\$1,200	No	Yes	Yes

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts,		,		
		torts, contracts, real property	real property		Small o	laims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
MAINE:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	. •	-	-	
District Court	L		0/\$30,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	Yes
MARYLAND:							
Circuit Court	G	\$2,500/No maximum	-	-		-	<u>-</u>
District Court	L	0/No maximum (real property)	\$2,500/\$20,000 (tort, contract)	\$2,500	No	Yes	Yes
MASSACHUSETTS:							
Trial Court of the							
Commonwealth:							
Superior Court Dept.	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	•
Housing Court Dept.	G	0/No maximum	-	\$1,500	No	No	Yes
District Court Dept.	G	0/No maximum	-	\$1,500	Yes	Yes	Yes
Boston Municipal							
Court Dept.	G	0/No maximum	-	\$1,500	Yes	Yes	Yes
MICHIGAN:							
Circuit Court	G	\$10,000/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$1,750	No	Yes	No
Municipal Court	L	-	0/ \$1,500				
MINNESOTA:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_		
District Court	G	0/No maximum	<u>-</u>	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
MISSISSIPPI:							
Circuit Court	G	\$200/No maximum				•	
County Court	Ĺ	0/\$50,000					
Justice Court	L	0/\$1,000					
MISSOURI:							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
(Associate Division)	L	-	0/\$15,000	\$1,500	No	Yes	Yes
MONTANA:							
District Court	G	\$50/No maximum	•	-	-	-	-
Justice of the Peace Co		-	0/\$5,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
Municipal Court	L	-	0/ \$5,000	\$3,000	No	Yes	No
City Court	L	-	0/ \$500	<u> </u>	-	-	-
NEBRASKA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
County Court	Ļ	<u>-</u>	0/\$15,000	\$1,800	No	Yes	No
NEVADA:							
District Court	G	\$7,500/No maximum	-	-	-	-	
Justice Court	L	=	0/ \$7,500	\$7,500	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L	-	0/ \$2,500	·	-	<u>.</u>	-
NEW HAMPSHIRE:				·			
Superior Court	G	\$1,500/No maximum	•	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	-	0/\$25,000	\$2,500	No	Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L	-	0/ \$2,500 (only landlord-tenant, and small claims)	\$2,500	No	Yes	Yes

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small	laims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers
NEW JERSEY:							
Superior Court (Law Divis	sion						
and Chancery Divisio	n) G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
(Law Division, Special Civil Part)	L	_	0/ \$7.500	\$1,500	No	Yes	Yes
Special Civil Fait;				Ψ1,000			
NEW MEXICO:	_						
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	•
Magistrate Court	L	-	0/ \$5,000	-	-	-	-
Metropolitan Court of Bernalillo County	L	_	0/ \$5,000	_	-	_	-
——————————————————————————————————————							
NEW YORK:							
Supreme Court	G	0/No maximum		-	-	-	-
County Court	G	-	0/\$25,000	-	•	-	-
Civil Court of the City			0.000.000	#2.000		Vaa	Yes
of New York	L	•	0/\$25,000	\$3,000	-	Yes Yes	Yes
City Court	L	•	0/\$15,000	\$3,000	-	Yes	Yes
District Court	L	O/No massimum	0/\$15,000	\$3,000 -	-	162	-
Court of Claims	L	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	
Town Court and Village Justice Court	L	-	0/ \$3,000	\$3,000	-	Yes	Yes
NORTH CAROLINA:	0	¢40,000/No movimum				_	_
Superior Court	G	\$10,000/No maximum	0/\$10,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
District Court	L			Ψ2,000			
NORTH DAKOTA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	., -
County Court	L	<u>-</u>	0/\$10,000	\$3,000	No 	Yes	Varies
OHIO:							
Court of Common Pleas	G G	\$500/No maximum	•	-	-	-	-
County Court	L	-	0/ \$3,000	\$2,000	No	· Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L	-	0/\$10,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
OKLAHOMA:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$3,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
OREGON:							
Circuit Court	G	\$10,000/No maximum		-	_	-	_
District Court	L	\$10,000/140 maximum	\$200/\$10,000	\$2,500	No	Yes	No
Justice Court	Ĺ	-	\$200/ \$2,500	\$2,500	No	Yes	No
PENNSYLVANIA:		0/No maximum	_	_	_	_	_
Court of Common Pleas		O/NO MAXIMUM	0/ \$4,000	-	•	_	-
District Justice Court Philadelphia Municipal	L	-	υ ψτ,υυυ	_			
Court	L	_	0/ \$5,000	\$5,000	No	Yes	Yes
Court	L	-	(only real property)	40,000		-	
Pittsburgh City							
Magistrates Court	L	-	0/No maximum (only real property)	•	-	-	-
			(3)				
PUERTO RICO:	•	#EQ 000/NI=		_	_	_	_
Superior Court District Court	G	\$50,000/No maximum	0/\$50,000	-	_	_	· <u>-</u>
Linemat Court	L	_	11/25/11/11/11/	_	-		

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

(continued)							
		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small o	laims	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers
RHODE ISLAND:							
Superior Court	G	\$5,000/No maximum	- #4 FOOL#F 000	- #4 EOO	- No	- Yes	- Yes
District Court	L	-	\$1,500/ \$5,000- \$10,000	\$1,500	No		
SOUTH CAROLINA:							
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	V	- Voe	- Yes
Magistrate Court	L	- (no	0/ \$2,500 max. in landlord-tenant)	\$2,500	Yes	Yes	res
SOUTH DAKOTA:				# 4.000	NI-	Vas	Yes
Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$4,000	No	Yes	
TENNESSEE: Circuit Court, Chancery	_						
Court	G	\$50/No maximum	- 0/\$10 000/All oivil	\$10,000	- No	- Yes	Yes
General Sessions Court	L	0/No maximum	0/\$10,000(All civil actions in counties	\$10,000	INO	163	103
		(Forcible entry, detainer, and in	with population under				
			700,000); 0/\$15,000				
		actions to recover	•				
		personal property)	(All civil actions in counties with popula-				
			tion over 700,000)				
TEXAS:				-		•	
District Court	G	\$200/No maximum	-	-	-	•	-
County Court at Law, Cor							
tutional County Court	L	-	\$200/varies	-	-	-	-
Justice of the Peace Co	urt L	•	0/ \$5,000	\$5,000	Yes	Yes .	Yes
UTAH:							
District Court	G	0/No maximum	•	-	-	-	-
Circuit Court	L	•	0/\$10,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
Justice Court	L	-	0/\$1,000	\$2,000 	No	Yes	Yes
VERMONT:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	- #0.000	- V	- V	- Van
District Court	G 			\$2,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
VIRGINIA:							
Circuit Court	G	0-\$1,000/No maximum	- w)	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	0/No maximum(real property -	0/ \$7,000		-	<u>-</u>	-
WASHINGTON:							
Superior Court	G	0/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
District Court	L	<u>-</u>	0/\$25,000	\$2,500	No	Yes	No
WEST VIRGINIA:							
Circuit Court	G	\$300/No maximum	-	-	-	-	-
Magistrate Court	L	-	0/ \$3,000	-	-	-	-
Magistrate Court	_		(No real property)				

FIGURE C: Dollar Amount Jurisdiction for Original Tort, Contract, Real Property Rights, and Small Claims Filings in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Unlimited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property	Limited dollar amount torts, contracts, real property		Small c	laims	
State/Court name: J	lurisdiction	Minimum/maximum	Minimum/maximum	Maximum dollar amount	Jury trials	Summary procedures	Lawyers permitted
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G	0/No maximum	-	\$2,000	Yes	Yes	Yes
WYOMING:							
District Court	G	\$1,000-\$7,000/No maximun	n -	•	-	-	-
County Court	L	•	0/ \$7,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes
Justice of the Peace Cou	ırt L	-	0/ \$3,000	\$2,000	No	Yes	Yes

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General jurisdiction court.

L = Limited jurisdiction court.

- = Information not available.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1993

			Number	of defendants		Contents of cha	arging document	t
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents
ALABAMA:	_						V	
Circuit Court	G	Information/Indictment	X				X X	
District Court Municipal Court	L	Complaint Complaint	X X		x		^	
ALASKA:							,	
Superior Court	G	Indictment	Χ	r	nultiple cha	rges	X	
District Court	L	Complaint	X		multiple cou	unts	X	
ARIZONA:								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ					Х
Justice of the Peace Court	L	Complaint				/aries with jurisdi		
Municipal Court	L	Complaint			\	/aries with jurisdi	ction*	
ARKANSAS:								v.
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment		X	.,			Х
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Х		Х	* *		
City Court, Police Court	L	Complaint	X		X			
CALIFORNIA:							.,	
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	X				X	
Justice Court	L	Complaint	X				X X	
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	X					
COLORADO:	_	•	v					Х
District Court	G	Complaint	X X					x
County Court	L	Complaint/summons					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CONNECTICUT:							(varies among	l
Superior Court	G	Information	Х				local police	
							departments)	
DELAWARE:	_							
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	X				. X	
Family Court	L	Petition	X		V		X	
Justice of the Peace Court	_	Complaint	X		X			
Court of Common Pleas	L 4 1	Complaint	X		X			
Municipal Court of Wilming		Complaint Complaint	X X		X X			
Alderman's Court	L .	Complaint						
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:	0	Complaint/information/	V				X	
Superior Court	G	Complaint/information/ indictment	Х				^	
FLORIDA:								
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	X			(1	prosecutor decid	les)
County Court	Ĺ	Complaint	Х				X	

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

			Number o	of defendants		Contents of char	ging docume	ent
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	
GEORGIA:								
Superior Court	G	Indictment/accusation		X			. X	
State Court	Ĺ	Accusation/citation		X			X	
Magistrate Court	Ē	Accusation/citation	Χ				X	
Probate Court	Ē	Accusation/citation	X				Х	
Municipal Court	Ĺ	No data reported						
Civil Court	ī	No data reported						
County Recorder's Court	Ĺ	No data reported				-		
Municipal Courts and the	-	110 data reported						
City Court of Atlanta	L	No data reported						
HAWAII:								
Circuit Court	G	Complaint/indictment	Χ				Χ	(most serious
District Court	Ĺ	First appearance/ information	Χ .		Х			charge)
IDAHO:								
District Court	G	Information	X					X
(Magistrates Division)	L	Complaint	X					Х
ILLINOIS:								
Circuit Court	G indictment	Complaint/information/		X			. X	
INDIANA:								
Superior Court and Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Х				Х	(may not be consistent)
County Court	L	Information/complaint	Х				Х	(may not be consistent)
Municipal Court of Marion County	L	Information/complaint	Χ				Х	(may not be consistent)
City Court and Town Cour	t L	Information/complaint	Х				Х	(may not be consistent)
IOWA: District Court	G	Information/indictment	Х				X	
		THOTHAGOT/HIGICUTION						
KANSAS: District Court	G	First appearance	x				Х	
KENTUCKY:								· — —
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Х				Χ	
District Court	L	Complaint/citation	X				X	
LOUISIANA:		-						
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Varies Y		Х	Varies		
City and Parish Court	L	Information/complaint	X					
MAINE:	C	Information/indiatmant	V				×	
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	X X		X		^	
District Court	L	Information/complaint	^		^			

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

			Number o	f defendants		Contents of charging document				
State/Court name: J	urisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents		
MARYLAND:										
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ				X			
District Court	L	Citation/information	Х				Χ			
MASSACHUSETTS: Trial Court of the Commonwealth:					,					
Superior Court Dept.	G	Information/indictment	Χ					Χ		
Housing Court Dept.	Ĺ	Complaint	Χ					Х		
District Court Dept.	Ē	Complaint	· X					X		
Boston Municipal Ct.	Ĺ	Complaint	X					X		
MICHIGAN:	· -									
Circuit Court	G	Information	Х		Varies	s, depending on	prosecutor			
District Court	Ĺ	Complaint	X			s, depending on				
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Complaint	X			s, depending on				
District Court	G	First appearance	X				X			
MISSISSIPPI:										
Circuit Court	G	Indictment	Х				Х			
County Court	Ĺ	Indictment	Х				Х			
Justice Court	L	Indictment	Χ				Χ			
MISSOURI:			-							
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment		X			X			
(Associate Division)	L	Complaint/Information		X			X	<u></u>		
MONTANA:										
District Court	G	Information/indictment		X			X			
Justice of Peace Court	L	Complaint ⁻	Χ				X			
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	Χ.				X			
City Court	L	Complaint	Χ				X			
NEBRASKA:										
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Х				Х	(not consistently observed statewide)		
County Court	Ľ	Information/complaint	Х				X			
NEVADA:										
District Court	G	Information/indictment	Varies			s, depending on				
Justice Court	L	Complaint	Varies			s, depending on				
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Complaint	Varies		Varie	s, depending on	prosecutor			
NEW HAMPSHIRE:		-								
Superior Court	G	Information/indictment	Χ		Χ					
District Court	L	Complaint	Х		Χ					
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	X		X					
NEW JERSEY:								.,		
	n) G	Accusation/indictment	Χ				Х	Х		
Superior Court (Law Division	1)	, toododionini diotinioni	X				Х	X		

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		_	Number	of defendants		Contents of cha	rging docum	ent
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited of charge	
NEW MEXICO:				-				
District Court	G	Indictment/information	Χ				Х	(may
Magistrate Court	L	Complaint	Χ				Х	vary with
Bernalillo County								prosecutor)
Metropolitan Court	L	Complaint	X				X	
NEW YORK:								
Supreme Court	G	Defendant/indictment		X	Varies	depending on i	prosecutor	
County Court	G	Defendant/indictment		X	Varies	depending on i	prosecutor	
Criminal Court of the								
City of New York	L	Defendant/docket		Х	Varies	depending on	orosecutor	
District Court and City Cou		Defendant/docket		X		depending on		
Town Court and Village	·· -			-				
Justice Court	L	N/A			Varies	depending on	orosecutor	
Justice Court								
NORTH CAROLINA:	O T				Varion	s depending on	procedutor	
Superior Court	G Tı	ransfer (from District Court)) X		vanes	s depending on	Joseculoi	
		Indictment (when case						
		riginates in Superior Court)			Varios	s depending on	oronocutor	
District Court		/arrant/summons (includes			varies	s depending on	Jioseculoi	
	С	itations, Magistrates order,						
		misdemeanor statement of charges)						
NORTH DAKOTA:								
	G	Information/indictment	X				Х	(may vary)
District Court		Complaint/information	x				Varies	(may rany)
County Court	L L	Complaint	X				Х	
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	^					
OHIO:	_						V	
Court of Common Pleas	G	Arraignment	X				Х	
County Court	L	Warrant/summons	X				Х	
Municipal Court	L	Warrant/summons	Х				Х	
Mayor's Court	L	No data reported						
OKLAHOMA:								
District Court	G	Information/indictment		X			<u> </u>	X
OREGON:								
Circuit Court	G	Complaint/indictment		X	(numb	per of charges n	ot consisten	t statewide)
District Court	L	Complaint/indictment		X		oer of charges n		
Justice Court	Ĺ	Complaint		X		per of charges n		
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Complaint		X	x	-		
PENNSYLVANIA:								
Court of Common Pleas	G	Information/docket						
Court of Continion Fields	9	transcript	X				Х	
District Justice Court	L	Complaint	X				X	
Philadelphia Municipal Cou		Complaint	X				X	
Philadelphia Municipal Cou Pittsburgh City Magistrates		Complaint	x				x	
PUERTO RICO:								
Superior Court	G	Accusation	Х		Χ			
District Court	Ĺ	Filing of Charge	x		X			

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

			Number	of defendants		Contents of charging document				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One- or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents		
RHODE ISLAND:								.,		
Superior Court	G:	Information/indictment	Х					Х		
District Court	Ļ	Complaint	Х			X				
SOUTH CAROLINA:										
Circuit Court	G.	Warrant/summons	Χ.		Χ.					
Magistrate Court	L	Warrant/summons	X		X					
Municipal Court	L	Warrant/summons	X		Х					
SOUTH DAKOTA:										
Circuit Court	G	Complaint	Х				Х			
TENNECCEE										
TENNESSEE: Circuit Court and Criminal C	Court G	Information/indictment	Not	consistent state	wide					
General Sessions Court	L	No data reported	1101	CONDICION CLAR						
Municipal Court	Ŀ	No data reported						_		
TEXAS:										
District Court and							•			
Criminal District Court	G:	Information/indictment	Х				X			
County-level Courts	Ĺ	Complaint/information	Х				X			
Municipal Court	Ĺ.	Complaint	Х		X			•		
Justice of the Peace Court		Complaint	X		X					
UTAH:										
District Court	G	Information		Х				Х		
Circuit Court	L	Information/citation	Х				X			
Justice Court	L	Citation	X				X			
VERMONT:										
District Court	G	Arraignment.	Х					X		
VIRGINIA:										
Circuit Court	G	Information/indictment.	X		Х					
District Court	L	Warrant/summons	Х		X					
WASHINGTON:			·							
Superior Court	G	(Original) Information	Х					Х		
District Court	L	Complaint/citation	Х			X (2 max).				
Municipal Court	L.	Complaint/citation	X			X (2 max)				
WEST VIRGINIA:								v		
Circuit Court	G.	Information/indictment	X					X		
Magistrate Court	L	Complaint			Х			X		
Municipal Court	L	Complaint	X.		X					
WISCONSIN:								V		
Circuit Court	G	Initial appearance	Х					Χ.		
Municipal Court	Ł	Citation*	Χ'		X					

FIGURE D: Criminal Case Unit of Count Used by State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

			Number of defendants		Contents of charging document				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of counting a criminal case	One	One or more	Single charge	Single incident (set # of charges per case)	Single incident (unlimited # of charges)	One or more incidents	
WYOMING:									
District Court	G	Information/indictment		X				X,	
County Court	L	Citation/information		X				Х	
Justice of the Peace Court	t L	Citation/information		X				Х	
Municipal Court	L	Citation/information	Χ		X				

JURISDICTION CODES:

. G = General jurisdiction court.

L = Limited jurisdiction court.

FOOTNOTES*

Arizona-Varies in limited jurisdiction courts. Prosecutor can file long form. Long form can involve one or more defendants and/or charges. Misdemeanors can also be included on citations.

Wisconsin-Municipal Court-The court has exclusively civil jurisdiction, but its caseload includes first offense DWI/DUI cases. The State Court Model Statistical Dictionary treats all DWI/DUI cases as a subcategory of criminal cases.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1993

		Filings are	e counted	Disposition	on counted	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
ALABAMA: Circuit Court District Court	G L		X X	X X		18 18
ALASKA: Superior Court	G		x	Х		18
ARIZONA: Superior Court	G		X	Х		18
ARKANSAS: Chancery Court	G		x	,,,,	Х	18
CALIFORNIA: Superior Court	G		X	X		18
COLORADO: District Court (includes Denver Juven	G ile Court)		×		X	18
CONNECTICUT: Superior Court	G	X			X	16
DELAWARE: . Family Court	L (special)		Х	х		18
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Superior Court	G	Х			Х	18*
FLORIDA: Circuit Court	G		х	Х		18
GEORGIA: Superior Court and Juvenile Court	G (special)		х		×	17*
HAWAII: Circuit Court	G (Family Court Division)	х		Х		16
IDAHO: District Court	G		Х	×		18
ILLINOIS: Circuit Court	G		х		X	17 (15 for first-degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual assault, armed robbery, robbery with a firearm, and unlawful use of weapons on school grounds)

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Filings ar	e counted	Disposition	on counted	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
INDIANA: Superior Court and Circuit Court Probate Court	G L		X X	X X		. 18 18
IOWA: District Court	G		х	Disposition data are not collected		18
KANSAS: District Court	G		х		X	18 14 (for traffic violation) 16 (for fish and game or charged with felony with two prior juvenile adjudications, which would be considered a felony)
KENTUCKY: District Court	L		Х	x		18
LOUISIANA: District Court Family Court and Juvenile Cour	G G		X X	X X		17 15 (for first- and second- degree murder, manslaughter, and
City Court	L		X	х		aggravated rape) 16 (for armed robbery, aggravated burglary, and aggravated kidnapping)
MAINE: District Court	L		х		х	18
MARYLAND: Circuit Court District Court	G L		X X		X X	18 18
MASSACHUSETTS: Trial Court of the Commonweal District Court Dept. Juvenile Court Dept.	th: G		X X	X X		17 . 17
MICHIGAN: Probate Court	L		Х		Х	17
MINNESOTA: District Court	G		Х	Х		18
						(continued on next page)

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Filings a	re counted	Dispositi	on counted		
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts	
MISSISSIPPI: County Court Family Court	L L		X X	X X			
MISSOURI: Circuit Court	G		X	. X		17	
MONTANA: District Court	G		X		x	18	
NEBRASKA: Separate Juvenile Court County Court	L L		X X		× ×	18 18	
NEVADA: District Court	G		Varies by district		Varies by district	18*	
NEW HAMPSHIRE: District Court	L		X		x	18 16 (for traffic violation) 15 (for some felony charges)	
NEW JERSEY:* Superior Court	G	x		X	·	18 complaint	
NEW MEXICO: District Court	G		х	х		18	
NEW YORK: Family Court	L		Х		X	16 (except for specified felonies, 13, 14, 15)	
NORTH CAROLINA: District Court	L		X (first filing only)	X		16 (14- and 15-year olds may be transfered (after the courts finds probable cause) only as follows: if the offense is first degree murder, the judge must transfer jurisdiction; for other felony-level offenses, the judge may exercise discretion to transfer jurisdiction.)	
NORTH DAKOTA: District Court	G		х		X	· 18	
OHIO: Court of Common Pleas	G	X (warrant)			X	18	

FIGURE E: Juvenile Unit of Count Used in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Filings ar	e counted	Disposition	counted	
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	At intake or referral	At filing of petition or complaint	At adjudication of petition	At disposition of juvenile	Age at which juvenile jurisdiction transfers to adult courts
OKLAHOMA: District Court	G		X (case number)	х		18
OREGON: Circuit Court County Court	G L		X X	Dispositions are not counted		18 18
PENNSYLVANIA: Court of Common Pleas	G	х		x		18
PUERTO RICO: Superior Court	G		х	Х		18
RHODE ISLAND: Family Court	L		х	x		18
SOUTH CAROLINA: Family Court	L		x	×		17
SOUTH DAKOTA: Circuit Court	G	х		X		18
TENNESSEE: General Sessions Court Juvenile Court	L L	X X			X X	18 18
TEXAS: District Court County Court at Law, Constitutional County	G		х		Х	17
Court, Probate Court	L		Х		X	17
UTAH: Juvenile Court	L		Х		Х	18
VERMONT: Family Court	G		х		х	16
VIRGINIA: District Court	L		Х		х	18
WASHINGTON: Superior Court	G		х	х		18
WEST VIRGINIA: Circuit Court	G		X		х	18
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G		Х	×		18
WYOMING: District Court	G		х	×		19
						(continued on next page)

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General jurisdiction court.

L = Limited jurisdiction court.

FOOTNOTES*

District of Columbia-Depending on the severity of the offense a juvenile between the ages of 16-18 can be charged as an adult.

Georgia-Age 18 for deprived juveniles.

New Jersey-All signed juvenile delinquency complaints are filed with the court and are docketed upon receipt (and therefore counted). Once complaints have been docketed they are screened by Court Intake Services and decisions are made as to how complaints will be processed (e.g., diversion, court hearings, etc.)

Nevada-Unless certified at a younger age because of felony charged.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1993

		A destatate the	Trial Cou	rt Appeals		0
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
ALABAMA: Circuit Court	G	X	X	х	de novo	District, Probate, Municipal Courts
ALASKA: Superior Court	G	Х	0	0	de novo	
		X	Х	X	on the record	District Court
ARIZONA: Superior Court	G	× .	Х	Х	de novo (if no record)	Justice of the Peace, Municipal Court
ARKANSAS: Circuit Court	G	0	х	х	de novo	Court of Common Pleas, County, Municipal, City, and Police Courts, and Justice of the Peace
CALIFORNIA: Superior Court	G	x	×	Х	de novo on the record	Justice Court, Municipal Court
COLORADO: District Court	G	X	х	0	on the record	County and Municipal Court of Record
County Court	L	0	X	X	de novo not of record	Municipal Court
CONNECTICUT: Superior Court	G	x	·X	0	de novo or on the record	Probate Court
DELAWARE: Superior Court	G	0	х	Х	de novo	Municipal Court of Wilmington, Alderman's, Justice of
		0	(arbitration) O	х	on the record	Peace Courts Family Court
		0	X (arbitration)	0		Superior Court
		0	X	X		Court of Common Pleas
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Superior Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	Office of Employee Appeals, Administra- tive Traffic Agency
FLORIDA: Circuit Court	G	0	х	0	de novo on the record	County Court
		0	0	X	on the record	County Court
				·		(continued on next page)

			Trial Court Appeals			0
State/Court_name:	Jurisdiction	Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Source of Trial Court Appeal
GEORGIA:					-	
Superior Court	G	X	Х	0	de novo or on the record	Probate Court, Magistrate Court
		0	0	X	de novo, on the record, or certiorari	Probate Court, Municipal Court, Magistrate Court, County Recorder's Court
State Court	L	0	Х	0	certiorari on	Magistrate Court
Citato Count		O	0	Х	the record	County Recorder's Court
HAWAII:	_					
Circuit Court	G	X	0	0	de novo	
DAHO: District Court	G	X	Х	Х	de novo	Magistrates Division
		(small claims only) O	X	0	on the record	Magistrates Division
LLINOIS:						<u> </u>
Circuit Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	
NDIANA:						
Superior Court and Circuit Court	G	· x	Х	X	de novo	City and Town Courts
Municipal Court of						
Marion County	L	0	Х	0	de novo	Small Claims Court of Marion County
OWA: District Court	G	X	0	0	de novo	
District Court						
		0	X	Х	on the record	Magistrates Division
KANSAS: District Court	G	х	Х	Х	criminal on the record civil on the record	Criminal (from Municipal Court) Civil (from limited jurisdiction judge)
KENTUCKY: Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	Х	on the record	District Court
LOUISIANA: District Court	G	Х	Х	х	on the record de novo	City and Parish Justice of the Peace, Mayor's Courts
MAINE: Superior Court	G	х	x	х	on the record	District Court, Administrative Court
MARYLAND: Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	Χ.	de novo, on the record	District Court
			-			(continued on next pag

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1993 (continued)

		Administrative	I rial Co	urt Appeals		Source of
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Trial Court Appeal
MASSACHUSETTS:						
Superior Court Department	G	X	X	0	de novo, on the record	Other departments
District Court Department and Boston Municipal Cou	G rt	X	X	X	de novo, first instance	Other departments
MICHIGAN:			-			
Circuit Court	G	X	X	X	de novo	Municipal Court
					on the record	District, Municipal, and Probate Courts
MINNESOTA:						
District Court	G	0	· X		de novo	Conciliation Division
MISSISSIPPI: Circuit Court	G	Х	х	х	on the record	County and Municipal
Chancery Court	G	x	х	Х	on the record	Commission
MISSOURI:						
Circuit Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	
		X	X	0	de novo	Municipal Court, Associate Divisions
MONTANA:		V			do nove and an	Justice of Peace,
District Court	G	X	Х	0	de novo and on the record	Municipal, City Courts and State Boards
		Ο	0	X	de novo	
NEBRASKA:						
District Court	G	X	0	0	de novo on the record	
		0	X	X	on the record	County Court
NEVADA:						
District Court	G	X	X	Χ	on the record	Justice Court
		0	0	X	de novo	Municipal Court
·		0	0	Х	de novo on the record	Municipal Court designated court of record
NEW HAMPSHIRE:		· · ·			do nove	District Municipal
Superior Court	G	X	0	X	de novo	District, Municipal, Probate Courts
NEW JERSEY:						Maria al C
Superior Court	G	0	0	Х	de novo on the record	Municipal Court
NEW MEXICO:		X	Х	X	de novo	Magistrate, Probate,
District Court	G	^		^	de 110VO	Municipal, Bernalillo County Metropolitan Courts

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1993 (continued)

		A dunin interestina	Trial Co	urt Appeals		Source of
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Administrative Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Trial Court Appeal
NEW YORK: County Court	G	0	x	X	on the record	City, Town and Village
odanty odant						Justice Courts
NORTH CAROLINA:						
Superior Court	G	X	0	X	de novo	District Court
		X	0	0	de novo on the record	
		X	0	0	on the record	
NORTH DAKOTA:						
District Court	G	X	0	0	Varies	
County Court	L	0	X	X	de novo	Municipal Court
OHIO:			_			
Court of Common Pleas	G	X	0	0	de novo and on the record	
County Court	L	0	0	· X	de novo	Mayor's Court
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Ö	Ö	X	de novo	Mayor's Court
Court of Claims	L	×	0	0	de novo	
OKLAHOMA:						
District Court	G	X	0	Х	de novo on the record	Municipal Court Not of Record
Court of Tax Review	L	X	0	0	de novo on	Not of Rosord
Court of Tux Novion	-	,	•	_	the record	
OREGON:	.,,,,					-
Circuit Court	G	X	X	X	on the record	County Court, Municipal Court (in counties with no District Court), Justice Court (in counties with no District Court)
Tax Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	,
PENNSYLVANIA:			.,			District Laborated and
Court of Common Pleas	G	X	X	0	on the record	Philadelphia Municipal Court, District Justice, Philadelphia Traffic, Pittsburgh City
Magistrates Court		0	0	х	de novo	r ittsburgii City
PUERTO RICO:						
Superior Court	G	X	X	X	-	District Court
RHODE ISLAND:			_	_		
Superior Court	G	X	0	0	on the record	District Musicipal
		0	Х	Х	de novo	District, Municipal, Probate Courts
District Court	L	X	0	0	on the record	
SOUTH CAROLINA:						
Circuit Court	G	Х	Х	X	de novo on the record	Magistrate, Probate, Municipal Courts
						(continued on next page

FIGURE F: State Trial Courts with Incidental Appellate Jurisdiction, 1993 (continued)

		Administrative	Trial C	ourt Appeals		Source of
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Agency Appeals	Civil	Criminal	Type of Appeal	Trial Court Appeal
SOUTH DAKOTA: Circuit Court	G	x	O	0	de novo and on the record	
		0	X	Х	de novo	Magistrates Division
TENNESSEE:						
Circuit, Criminal and Chancery Courts	G	X	X	Х	de novo	General Sessions, Municipal, and Juvenile Courts
TEXAS: District Court	G	х	0	0	de novo	Municipal Court not of record, Justice of the Peace Courts
					de novo on the record	Municipal Courts of record
County-level Courts	L	0	х	. X	de novo	Municipal Court not of record, Justice of the
					de novo on the record	Peace Courts Municipal Courts of record
UTAH: District Court	G	х	x	Х	de novo	Justice of the Peace Courts
Circuit Court	L	0	X	X	de novo	Justice of the Peace Courts
VERMONT: Superior Court	G	х	х	0	de novo or on the record	Probate Court, Small Claims from District Court
District Court	G	0	Х	0	de novo or on the record	Probate Court, Traffic Complaint Bureau
VIRGINIA:	·					
Circuit Court	G	X O	O X	O X	on the record de novo	District Court
WASHINGTON: Superior Court	G	х	Х	х	de novo and de novo on the record	District, Municipal Courts
WEST VIRGINIA: Circuit Court	G	X O	O X	O X	on the record de novo	Municipal Court Magistrate Court
VISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G	0	Х	X (first offense DWI/DUI only)	de novo	Municipal Court
WYOMING: District Court	G	х	X	Х	de novo on the record	Justice of the Peace, Municipal, County Courts
						(continued on next page

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General jurisdiction court.

L = Limited jurisdiction court.

- = Information not available.

X = Yes

O = No

Definitions of types of appeal:

certiorari: An appellate court case category in which a petition is presented to an appellate court asking the court to review the judgment of a trial court or administrative agency, or the decision of an intermediate appellate court.

first instance: If dissatisfied with the de novo verdict of the judge, defendant can go before the jury.

de novo: An appeal from one trial court to another trial court that results in a totally new set of proceedings and a new trial court judgment.

de novo on the record: An appeal from one trial court to another trial court that is based on the record and results in a new trial court judgment.

on the record: An appeal from one trial court to another trial court in which procedural challenges to the original trial proceedings are claimed, and an evaluation of those challenges are made—there is not a new trial court judgment on the case.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FIGURE G: Number of Judges/Justices in State Courts, 1993

State:	Court(s) last reso		Intermediate appellate court(s)		General jurisdiction court(s)		Limited jurisdiction court(s)
	9	8		127		394	(includes 228 part-time judges)
ALASKA	5	3		37	(includes 5 masters)	75	(includes 59 magistrates)
ARIZONA	5	21		126		219	(includes 83 justices of the peace, 60 part-time judges)
ARKANSAS	7	6		100		318	(includes 55 justices of the peace)
CALIFORNIA	7	88		929	(includes 117 commissioners and 23 referees)	840	(includes 163 commissioners and 7 referees)
COLORADO	7	16		117	(includes 3 magistrates)	364	(includes 52 part-time judges)
COLORADO	7	9		150	(morados a magistratos)	133	
CONNECTICUT	5	3		22	(includes 1 chancellor	92	(includes 53 justices of the
DELAWARE	5	_			and 4 vice-chancellors)	-	peace, 1 chief magistrate, 16 aldermen, 1 part-time judge, 1 mayor)
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	9	-		59		-	
FLORIDA	7	57		421		241	
GEORGIA	7	9		159	(authorized)	1,224	(includes 78 part-time judges, 159 chief magistrates, 304 full- time and 29 part-time magis- trates, and 42 associate juvenile court judges)
HAWAII	5	3		39	(includes 14 family court judges)	55	(includes 33 per diem judges)
IDAHO	5	3		112	(includes 75 lawyer and 3 nonlawyer magistrates)	-	
ILLINOIS	7	54	(includes 12 supplemental judges)	881	(includes 384 associate judges and 50 permissive associate judges)	-	
INDIANA	5	16	(includes 1 tax court judge)	246		119	
IOWA	9	6	, ,	332	(includes 135 part-time magistrates, 11 associate juvenile judges, and 1 associate probate judge)	-	
KANSAS	7	10		218	(includes 69 district magistrates)	242	
KENTUCKY	7	14		93		125	
LOUISIANA	o a: fr	ncludes 54 ne ssigned om courts		216	(includes 7 commissioners)	713	(includes 390 justices of the peace, 250 mayors)
•		f appeal)		4.0		40	(includes 16 part-time judges
MAINE	7	_		16		43	(includes to part-time judges
MARYLAND	7	13		123		163	
MASSACHUSETTS	7	14		320		-	
MICHIGAN	7	24		208		372	
MINNESOTA	7	16		242		-	Construction 405 404
MISSISSIPPI	9	-		79	(includes 39 chancellors)		(includes 165 mayors, 191 justices of the peace)
MISSOURI	7	32		309		336	
MONTANA	7	-		45		124	(includes 32 justices of the peace that also serve on the city court)
NEDDACKA	7	6	•	50		69	•
NEBRASKA NEVADA	7 5	-		46		93	(includes 65 justices of the peace)

FIGURE G: Number of Judges/Justices in State Courts, 1993 (continued)

State:	Court(s) of last resort	Intermediate appellate court(s)		General jurisdiction court(s)	Limited jurisdiction court(s)
NEW HAMPSHIRE	5	_	40	(includes 11 full-time 10 marital masters)	1 (includes part-time judges)
NEW JERSEY	7	30	393	(includes 21 surrogates) 36	7 (includes 341 part-time judges
NEW MEXICO	5	10	61	18	
NEW YORK	7	63	597	2,93	8 (includes 78 surrogates, 2,242 justices of the peace)
NORTH CAROLINA	7	12	183	(includes 100 clerks who 83 hear uncontested probate)	7 (includes 658 magistrates of which approximately 45 are part-time)
NORTH DAKOTA	5	3 *	24	12	8
OHIO	7	65	362	69	9 (includes 441 mayors)
OKLAHOMA	14	12	211	(includes 63 special 37 judges)	6 (includes part-time judges)
OREGON	7	10	92	19	8 (includes 33 justices of the peace)
PENNSYLVANIA	7	24	366	58	4 (includes 550 district justices and 6 magistrates)
PUERTO RICO	7	_	111	15	
RHODE ISLAND	5	-	34	(includes 2 masters) 9	2 (includes 3 masters, 2 magistrates)
SOUTH CAROLINA	5	6	60	(includes 20 masters-in- 67 equity)	4 (includes 282 magistrates)
SOUTH DAKOTA	5	_	192	(includes 7 part-time law magistrates, 17 law magistrates, 83 full-time clerk magistrates, 49 part-time clerk mag- istrates)	-
TENNESSEE	5	21	142	(includes 33 chancellors) 40	8
TEXAS	18	80	386	2,54	
UTAH	5	7	39	17	• •
VERMONT	5	_	36	(includes 5 child support 2 magistrates)	• •
VIRGINIA	7	10	141	20	(includes 84 FTE juvenile and domestic relations judges)
WASHINGTON	9	17	157	20	7
WEST VIRGINIA	5	-	62	27	
WISCONSIN	7	13	223	20	
WYOMING	5	-	17	10	•
Total	356	860	9,751	18,31	6

^{- =} The state does not have a court at the indicated level.

NOTE: This table identifies, in parentheses, all individuals who hear cases but are not titled judges/justices. Some states may have given the title "judge" to officials who are called magistrates, justices of the peace, etc., in other states.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

FOOTNOTES*

Minnesota—General jurisdiction and limited jurisdiction courts were consolidated in 1987.

Nebraska-The Nebraska Court of Appeals was established September 6, 1991.

North Dakota–Court of Appeals effective July 1, 1987 through January 1, 1996. A temporary court of appeals was established to exercise appellate and original jurisdiction as delegated by the supreme court.

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1993

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunc- tions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
ALABAMA:					
Circuit Court	G	New filings		No	No
District Court	L	New filings		No	No
ALASKA:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	No
District Court	L	Reopened		, No	No
ARIZONA:					
Superior Court	G	New filings		No	No
Justice of the Peace Court	L	New filings		No	No
ARKANSAS:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	No
Chancery and Probate Cou		Reopened		No	No
CALIFORNIA:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened	Retried cases	No	No
Municipal Court	Ĺ	Reopened	Retried cases	No	NA
Justice Court	L	Reopened	Retried cases	No	NA
COLORADO:					
District Court	G	Reopened	Post activities	No	No
Water Court	G	Reopened	Post activities	No	No
County Court	L	Reopened	Post activities	No	No
Municipal Court	L	NA		NA	NA
CONNECTICUT:					
Superior Court	G	New filings		No	No If heard separately (rarely occurs)
DELAWARE:					
Court of Chancery	G	Reopened		No	No
Superior Court	G	New filings reopened	If remanded Case rehearing	No	Yes/No
Justice of the Peace Court	L	New filings	Odde reneaming	No	Yes/No
Family Court	Ĺ	New filings	If part of original	No	No
ranny Godit	_	are heard	proceeding		,,,,
		separately			
		Reopened if			
		rehearing			
		of total case			
Court of Common Pleas	L	New filings reopened	If remanded rehearing	No	No
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:		•			
Superior Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No
FLORIDA:					
County Court	L	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, oridentified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunc- tions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
GEORGIA:	÷				
Superior Court	G	New filings		Yes	No
Civil Court	Ĺ	NC O		NC	NC
State Court	Ē	New filings		Yes	No
Probate Court	Ĺ	New filings		NC	NC
Magistrate Court	Ē	New filings		Yes	No
Municipal Court	L	NC		NC .	NC
HAWAII:					V - 0/
Circuit Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes Special proceedings	Yes/Yes Circuit Court: Special proceedings
Family Court	G	New filings			Yes/No
District Court	L	New filings		No	Yes/No
District Court	L	-t			(included as new case filing)
IDAHO:	4		•		
District Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	No
ILLINOIS:		Barrand		No	No
Circuit Court	G 	Reopened			110
INDIANA:		December	Dadadadad	No	No
Superior Court	G	Reopened	Redocketed	No No	No
Circuit Court	G	Reopened	Redocketed	No No	No
County Court Municipal Court of	L	Reopened	Redocketed	NO	
Marion County	L	Reopened	Redocketed	No	No
City Court	L	NA	NA	NA	N/Applicable
Small Claims Court of Marion County	L	NA	NA	NA	NA
IOWA:					
District Court	G	New filings		Contempt actions are counted as separate cas other enforcement proceedings are not cour	
KANSAS:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
KENTUCKY:	_			N 1 :	Vac Vac
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes Yes/Yes
District Court	L	Reopened		No	Y es/ Y es
LOUISIANA:	_			Yes/Yes	Yes/No
District Court	G	New filings			No
Juvenile Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes No	No
Family Court City & Parish Courts	G L	New filings New filings		Yes/Yes	No
MAINE:		Now filings		No	Yes/No
Superior Court	G	New filings		· No	No
District Court	L '	NC NC		No No	No
Probate Court	L	INO			

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
MARYLAND:					
Circuit Court	G	Reopened, but includ	ed	No	NIA
	•	with new filings		NO	NA
District Court	L	NA NA		NA	Yes/No
MASSACHUSETTS:					
Trial Court of the					
Commonwealth:					
Superior Court Dept.	G	NC		NIA	V (0.1
District Court Dept.	G	NC		NA Yes/Yes	Yes/No
Boston Municipal Court Dep	ot. G	NC		Yes/Yes	NA
Housing Court Dept.	G	NC		Yes/Yes	NA
Land Court Dept.	G	NC		N/Applicable	NA NA
MICHIGAN:					19/1
Court of Claims	G	Doonanad			
Circuit Court	G	Reopened		No	No
District Court	Ĺ	Reopened		No	No
Municipal Court	Ĺ	New filings		NA	NA
		New filings		NA	NA
MINNESOTA:					
District Court	G	Identified separately	No	No	
MISSISSIPPI:					
Circuit Court	G	NA		NIA	
Chancery Court	G	NA		NA	NA
County Court	Ĺ	NA NA		NA	NA
Family Court	L	NA		NA NA	NA
Justice Court	L	NA		NA NA	NA NA
MISSOURI:					
Circuit Court	G	New filings		V = /A1-	
MONITANIA				Yes/No	Yes/No
MONTANA: District Court					
Justice of the Peace Court	G	New filings		Yes/Yes	Yes/No
	L.	NA		NA	NA
Municipal Court City Court	L	NA		NA	NA
City Court	L	NA NA		NA	NA
NEBRASKA:					
District Court	G	Reopened		No	
County Court	L	Reopened		No No	No
MENADA:				INU	No
NEVADA: District Court					
District Court	G	b	May not be reopened out refers back to original case	Varies/Varies	Varies
NEW HAMPSHIRE:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		A 1.	
District Court	Ĺ	NC NC		No	No
Municipal Court	-	140		No	No

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

tate/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
IEDOEV.					
IEW JERSEY: Superior Court: Civil, Family, General Equity, and Criminal Divisions	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No (except for domestic violence)
JEW MEXICO:					No
District Court	G	Reopened		Yes/Yes	No No
Magistrate Court	L	Reopened		No	NO
Metropolitan Court of				Na	No
Bernalillo County	L	Reopened		No	
NEW YORK:				M /NI -	Yes/No
Supreme Court	G	Reopened		Yes/No	Yes/No No
County Court	Ĺ	NC		No	No No
Court of Claims	L	NC		No Yan/No	No No
Family Court	L	Reopened		Yes/No	No No
District Court	Ĺ	NC		No No	No No
City Court	L	NC		No	INU
Civil Court of the				N.l.	No
City of New York	L	NC		No	INU
Town & Village				Nia	No
Justice Court	L	NC		No	
NORTH CAROLINA:				No	No
Superior Court	G	NC		Yes/No	No
District Court	L	NC			
NORTH DAKOTA:				Yes/Yes	Yes/Yes
District Court	G	New filings		(only counted if a hear	
				was held)	9
		Now filings		No	No
County Court	L	New filings		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
OHIO:		Doomand		Yes/No	Yes/No
Court of Common Pleas	G	Reopened		(are counted separatel	y in
				domestic relations cas	
		Reopened		Yes	Yes
Municipal Court	L	Reopened		Yes	Yes
County Court	L	NA NA		NA	NA
Court of Claims		IVA			
OKLAHOMA:	G	Reopened		No	No
District Court					
OREGON:	_	Deanand not counted		Yes/No	Yes/No
Circuit Court	G	Reopened, not counted NA		NA	NA
Justice Court	L	NA NA		NA	NA
Municipal Court	L	Reopened, not counted		NA	, NA
District Court	L	neopened, not counted			
PENNSYLVANIA:	^	Reopened		No	No
Court of Common Pleas District Justice Court	G L	New filings		NA	NA
					Na
PUERTO RICO: Superior Court	G	New filings		Yes/No	No No
				Yes/No	INU

FIGURE H: Method of Counting Civil Cases in State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases	Qualifications	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?
RHODE ISLAND:					
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
District Court	Ĺ	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes
Family Court	L	Reopened		No	Yes/Yes
Probate Court	L	NA		NA	NA
SOUTH CAROLINA:		·.			-
Circuit Court	G	New filings		No	No (Permanent
Family Court	L	New filings		No	No injunctions
Magistrate Court	L	New filings		No	No are counted
Probate Court	Ļ	New filings		No	No as a new filing)
SOUTH DAKOTA:					
Circuit Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
TENNESSEE:		_			
Circuit Court	G	·	(varies based on local pra		(varies based on local practice)
Chancery Court	G	•	(varies based on local pra		(varies based on local practice)
General Sessions Court	L	Reopened	(varies based on local pra	actice)	(varies based on local practice)
TEXAS:	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
District Court	G	Reopened		No	No
Constitutional County Court		Reopened		No	No
County Court at Law	Ĺ	Reopened		No	No
Justice Court	L	New filings		No	No
UTAH:					
District Court	G	NC		No	Yes/Yes
Circuit Court	L	NC		No	Yes/Yes
Justice Court	L	NC		No	Yes/Yes
VERMONT:					
Superior Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
District Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
Family Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
Probate Court	L	NC		No	N/Applicable
VIRGINIA:			5		
Circuit Court	G	Reopened	Reinstated cases	.,	A.
District Court	L	New filings		Yes/No	No
WASHINGTON:	_	_			
Superior Court	G	Reopened		No	Yes/No
Municipal Court District Court	L L	New filings New filings		NA No	NA NA
	-	- Townings			
WEST VIRGINIA: Circuit Court	G	NC		No	Yes/No
Magistrate Court	Ĺ	NC		No	N/Applicable

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Are reopened cases counted as new filings, or identified separately as reopened cases?	Qualifications or Conditions	Are enforcement/ collection proceed- ings counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	Are temporary injunctions counted? If yes, are they counted separately from new case filings?	
WISCONSIN: Circuit Court	G	New filings	Identified with R (reopened) suffix, but included in total count	No	Yes/Yes	
WYOMING:			•			
District Court	G	Reopened		No	No	
Justice of the Peace Court	L	Reopened		No	NA	
County Court	L	Reopened		No	NA	

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General Jurisdiction Court
L = Limited Jurisdiction Court
NA = Information is not available

NC = Information is not collected/counted

N/Applicable = Civil case types heard by this court are not applicable to this figure.

Source: State administrative offices of the courts.

State Court Caseload Tables

1993 State Court Caseload Tables

105	TABLE 1:	Reported National Caseload for State Appellate Courts, 1993. Mandatory jurisdiction cases and discretionary jurisdiction petitions in courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts.
106	TABLE 2:	Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1993. Total mandatory cases, total discretionary petitions, and total discretionary petitions granted that are filed and disposed. The number of and filed-per-judge figures for both the sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions, and the sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted. Court type and the point at which cases are counted.
117	TABLE 3:	Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993. Court type. Filed and disposed cases. Disposed as a percent of filed. Number of judges. Filed per judge. Filed per 100,000 population.
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132	TABLE 6:	Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1993. Opinion unit of count. Composition of opinion count. Signed opinions. Number of justices/judges. Number of lawyer support personnel.
136	TABLE 7:	Reported National Civil and Criminal Caseloads for State Trial Courts, 1993. Civil and criminal cases in general jurisdiction and limited jurisdiction courts.
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147	TABLE 9:	Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993. Jurisdiction, support/custody codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 total population.
155	TABLE 10:	Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1993. Jurisdiction, criminal unit of count, and point of filing codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 adult population.
163	TABLE 11:	Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1993. Jurisdiction, parking codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 total population.
170	TABLE 12:	Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1993. Jurisdiction, point of filing codes. Case filings and dispositions. Dispositions as a percentage of filings. Filings per 100,000 juvenile population.
174	TABLE 13:	Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993. Case filings and dispositions, 1984-1993.
184	TABLE 14:	Discretionary Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993. Case filings and dispositions, 1984-1993.
192	TABLE 15:	Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993. Case filings, 1984-1993.
196	TABLE 16:	Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993. Case filings, 1984-1993.

TABLE 1: Reported National Caseload for State Appellate Courts, 1993

Rep	orted (Caseload	Filed	_	Disposed
Cou	ırts of	last resort:			
i.	Man	datory jurisdiction cases:			
	A.	Number of reported complete cases	22,71 4	9 1	19,254 34
	B.	Number of reported complete cases that include some discretionary petitions	1,76	0 . 5	4,868 9
	C.	Number of reported cases that are incomplete	69	1 2	441 1
	D.	Number of reported cases that are incomplete data and include some discretionary petitions Number of courts reporting incomplete data that include some discretionary petitions	91	2 2	922 2
II.	Disc	retionary jurisdiction petitions:			
	A.	Number of reported complete petitions	48,77 4	7 2	41,140 33
	В.	Number of reported complete petitions that include some mandatory cases		0 0	4,516 3
	C.	Number of reported petitions that are incomplete	1,09	4 3	1,334 4
inte	rmedi	ate appellate courts:			
l.	Man	datory jurisdiction cases:			
	A.	Number of reported complete cases	118,59 3	3 8	119,562 37
	B.	Number of reported complete cases that include some discretionary petitions	32,70	2 5	37,609 5
	C.	Number of reported cases that are incomplete	4,20	8 1	3,837 1
II.	Disc	retionary jurisdiction petitions:			
	A.	Number of reported complete petitions Number of courts reporting complete petitions	23,54 2	.7 :1	20,683 18
	В.	Number of reported complete petitions that include some mandatory cases		0 0	0
	C.	Number of reported petitions that are incomplete		0	0 0
Sur	nmary	section for all appellate courts:	Rec	orted Filings	5
			COLR	IAC	Total
	A. B. C.	Number of reported complete cases/petitions Number of reported complete cases/petitions that include other case types Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete	71,496 1,760 1,785	142,140 32,702 4,208	213,63 34,46 5,99
	D.	Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete and include other case types	912	470.050	91
	Tota	l	75,953	179,050	255,00
			COLR	ed Dispositi	ons Total
	A. B.	Number of reported complete cases/petitions Number of reported complete cases/petitions that include other case types	60,424 9,384 1,775	140,245 37,609 3,837	200,66 46,99 5,61
	C. D.	Number of reported cases/petitions that are incomplete	922	-	92
	Tota	l	72,505	181,691	254,19

TABLE 2: Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1993

		Total	Total	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
State/Court name:	Total mandatory cases filed	Total discretionary petitions filed	discretionary petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
States	with one court o	f last resort and	one intermediate	e appellate cou	urt		
ALASKA		000	00	E04	110	397	79
Supreme Court	365	226	32	591 461	118 154	413	138
Court of Appeals	411	50	2 34	1,052	132	810	101
State Total	776	276	34	1,002	102	010	
ARIZONA							
Supreme Court	94	1,309	NA	1,403	281		
Court of Appeals	3,722	205	NA	3,927	187		
State Total	3,816	1,514		5,330	205		
ARKANSAS							
Supreme Court	514 C	NA	NA				400
Court of Appeals	1,129	NJ	NJ	1,129	188	1,129	188
State Total	1,643 *					1,570 *	
CALIFORNIA							
Supreme Court	38	5,810	84 A	5,848	83 5	122	17
Courts of Appeal	14,308	7,163	394	21,471	244	14,702	167
State Total	14,346	12,973	478 *	27,319	288	14,824	156
COLORADO							
Supreme Court	170 A	1,081	NA	1,251	179		
Court of Appeals	2,209	. NJ	NJ	2,209	138	2,209	138
State Total	2,379 *	1,081		3,460	150		
CONNECTICUT							
Supreme Court	158	NA	NA				
Appellate Court	1,164	0	NA	1,164	129		
State Total	1,322						
FLORIDA							
Supreme Court	706	1,247	NA	1,953	279		
District Courts of Appeal	15,799	2,883	NA	18,682	328		•
State Total	16,505	4,130		20,635	322		
OF OP OIL							
GEORGIA	613	1,179	162	1,792	256	775	111
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	2,601	925	269	3,526	392	2,870	319
State Total	3,214	2,104	431	5,318	332	3,645	228
otate rotal	0,211	_,					
HAWAII	016	. 40	0	964	193	916	183
Supreme Court	916 311	48 NJ	; NJ	311	104	311	104
Intermediate Court of Appeals State Total	1,227	NJ 48	0	1,275	159	1,227	153
State Total	1,441		v	.,		•	
IDAHO					400		
Supreme Court	398 C	101	NA	499	100	220	80
Court of Appeals	239	NJ	NJ	239	80 92	239	00
State Total	637 *	101		738	94		

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Court type	Point at which cases are counted
States with one	court of last res	ort and one inte	ermediate appel	ate court		
303	241	NA	544		COLR	1
440 743	52 293	NA	492 1,036		IAC	1
	233		1,000			
		_				
88	1,237 177	0 NA	1,325 4,992	88	COLR IAC	6 6
4,815 4,903	1,414	INA	4,992 6,317		IAC	O
,,,,,,	,,		-,			
506 C	NA	NA		•	COLR	2
1,064	NJ	NJ	1,064	1,064	IAC	2
1,00				,		
25 14,574	5,775 7,216	3,814 NA	5,800	3,839	COLR IAC	6 2
14,574	7,216 12,991	NA	21,790 27,590		IAC	2
11,000	(_ , - ,-,-		2.,			
NA	1,261 B	NA			COLR	1
2,269	NJ	NJ	2,269	2,269	IAC	1
1,261 *						
	N. A.	***			001.0	4
255 1,033	NA NA	NA NA			COLR IAC	1 1
1,288	N/A	TVA			,, (0	•
681	1,250	NA	1,931		COLR	1
15,766	2,703	NA	18,469		IAC	1
16,447	3,953		20,400			
670	001	NΙΛ	1 660		COLP	2
679 2,695	983 919	NA NA	1,662 3,614		IAC	2 2
3,374	1,902		5,276			
				•		
599	49	NA	648	400	COLR	2 2
132 731	N J 49	NJ	132 780	132	IAC	2
131	4 3		100			
416 C	94	NA	510		COLR	1
268	NJ	NJ	268	268	IAC	4
684 *	94		778			
					(continued or	n next page)

State/Court name: Total mandatory cases filed	petitions filed 1,572 NA	discretionary petitions filed granted 116 NA 42 NJ 42	Number 2,453	Filed per judge 350	Number 997	Filed per judge 142
Supreme Court 881 Appellate Court 9,116 State Total 9,997 IOWA Supreme Court 1,324 Court of Appeals 673 State Total 1,997 KANSAS Supreme Court 201	B NA NA NA NJ	NA 42 · NJ				
Appellate Court 9,116 8 State Total 9,997 9 IOWA Supreme Court 1,324 Court of Appeals 673 State Total 1,997 KANSAS Supreme Court 201	B NA NA NA NJ	NA 42 · NJ				
State Total 9,997 IOWA Supreme Court 1,324 Court of Appeals 673 State Total 1,997 KANSAS Supreme Court 201	NA NJ	42 · NJ	673	440	1,366	
Supreme Court 1,324 Court of Appeals 673 State Total 1,997 KANSAS Supreme Court 201	NJ	· NJ	673	440	1,366	
Court of Appeals 673 State Total 1,997 KANSAS Supreme Court 201	NJ	· NJ	673	440	1,366	
State Total 1,997 KANSAS Supreme Court 201			673			152
KANSAS Supreme Court 201	£00	42		112	673	112 136
Supreme Court 201	EUO				2,039	130
ouprome esunt	E00					00
Court of Appeals 1,488		27	709	101	228	33 NA
		NA			1,353 B 1,651 *	NA
State Total 1,689	*				1,001	
KENTUCKY						
Supreme Court 289	771	NA	1,060	151 217		
Court of Appeals 2,924	114	NA	3,038 4,098	195		
State Total 3,213	885		4,090	195		*
LOUISIANA			0.400	457	672	96
Supreme Court 175	3,021	497	3,196	457 166	5,550	105
Courts of Appeal 4,007	4,773	1,543 2,040	8,780 11,976	200	6,222	104
State Total 4,182	7,794	2,040	11,370	200	0,222	, , ,
MARYLAND		444	4.040	145	364	52
Court of Appeals 253	765	111 23	1,018 2,363	182	2,054	158
Court of Special Appeals 2,031 State Total 2,284	332 1,097	23 134	3,381	169	2,418	121
State Total 2,284	1,091	104	0,001	,00	-, · · · -	
MASSACHUSETTS	670	199	763	109	292	42
Supreme Judicial Court 93	670 996	NA	2,810	201	232	
Appeals Court 1,814 State Total 1,907	1,666	19/5	3,573	170		
State Fotal	1,000		-,			
MICHIGAN	2.747	87	2,749	393	89	13
Supreme Court 2 Court of Appeals 12,494	2,747 B NA	NA	2,143	000	00	
Court of Appeals 12,494 State Total 12,496		10.				
MINNESOTA						
Supreme Court 222	733	86	955	136	308	44
Court of Appeals 2,337	66	NA	2,403	150		
State Total 2,559	799		3,358	146		
MISSOURI						
Supreme Court 291	734	60	1,025	146	351	50
Court of Appeals 4,032	NJ	NJ	4,032	126	4,032	126
State Total 4,323	734	60	5,057	130	4,383	112

	Total nandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Court type	Point at which cases are counted
	839 8,746 B 9,585 *	1,499 N A	0 NA	2,338 8	39	COLR IAC	1 1
	1,207 B 660 1,867 *	159 A N J 159 *	AN UN	1,366 660 2,026	660	COLR IAC	1 4
	298 N A	NA	NA			COLR IAC	5 5
	297 2,841 3,138	725 118 843	NA NA	1,022 2,959 3,981		COLR IAC	6 3
	152 4,297 4,449	2,832 4,659 7,491	497 1,494 1,991	2,984 8,956 11,940	649 5,791 6,440	COLR IAC	2 2
	222 2,047 2,269	767 332 1,099	NA NA	989 2,379 3,368		COLR IAC	2 2
	NA 1,763	NA 996	NA NA	2,759		COLR IAC	2 2
1	NA 3,037 B	2,516 B NA	NA NA			COLR IAC	1 1
	231 2,409 2,640	628 53 68 1	86 NA	859 2,462 3,321	317	COLR IAC	1 1
	283 3,786 4,069	712 NJ 712	0 NJ 0	995 3,786 4,781	283 3,786 4,069	COLR IAC	1 1 .
						(continued on	next page)

TABLE 2: Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

	Total Total		Total	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
State/Court name:	Total mandatory cases filed	Total discretionary petitions filed	discretionary petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
NEBRASKA							
Supreme Court	32 B	NA	NA				
Court of Appeals	1,103	NA	NA				
State Total	1,135 *						
NEW JERSEY	•			0.450	451	520	74
Supreme Court	389	2,770	131	3,159	224	320	• •
App. Div. of Super. Ct.	6,712	0	NA	6,712	267		
State Total	7,101	2,770		9,871	201		
NEW MEXICO				000	138		
Supreme Court	236	453	NA	689	81	7 78	78
Court of Appeals	778	33	0	811	100	770	, 0
State Total	1,014	486		1,500	100		
NORTH CAROLINA				404	66	189	27
Supreme Court	120	341	69	461	66 141	1,374	114
Court of Appeals	1,329	361	45	1,690	113	1,563	82
State Total	1,449	702	114	2,151	113	1,000	V -
NORTH DAKOTA				400	81	403	81
Supreme Court	403	NJ	NJ	403	2	6	2
Court of Appeals	6	NJ	NJ	6 409	51	409	51
State Total	409	0	0	409	51	400	•
OHIO			400	0.007	377	868	124
Supreme Court	705	1,932	163	2,637	169	11,010	169
Courts of Appeals	11,010	NJ	NJ 100	11,010	190	11,878	165
State Total	11,715	1,932	163	13,647	190	11,070	
OREGON				4.045	149	272	39
Supreme Court	172	873	100	1,045	441	4,410	441
Court of Appeals	4,410	NJ	NJ	4,410	321	4,682	275
State Total	4,582	873	100	5,455	321	. 4,002	
SOUTH CAROLINA				404	98	491	98
Supreme Court	417	74	74	491	98	585	98
Court of Appeals	585	NJ	NJ	585 1,076	98	1,076	98
State Total	1,002	. 74	74	1,076	30	1,010	
UTAH			***	007	107		
Supreme Court	. 592	45	NA	637	127		
Court of Appeals	830	NA	NA				
State Total	1,422						
VIRGINIA					077	430	61
Supreme Court	82	1,854	348	1,936	277	967	97
Court of Appeals	600	1,990	367	2,590	259 266	1,397	82
State Total	682	3,844	715	4,526	266	1,001	~ -

Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Court type	Point at which cases are counted
NA NA	NA NA	. "		COLR 1	1
2,806 0 2,806	NA NA	3,197 6,601 9,798		COLR IAC	1
436 0 436	NA NA	632 0 632		COLR IAC	5 5
317 307 624	61 N A	406 1,465 1,871	150	COLR IAC	2 2
и Ги 0	0 LN LN	382 7 389	382 7 389	COLR IAC	1
1,700 NJ 1,700	117 NJ 117	2,294 11,325 13,619	711 11,325 12,036	COLR IAC	1 1
797 NJ 797	(B) NJ	1,087 5,625 6,712	5,625	COLR IAC	1
NA NJ	NA NJ	602	602	COLR IAC	2 4
NA NA	NA NA	٠		COLR	1
1,446 2,491 3,937	0 NA	1,512	66	COLR IAC	1
	discretionary petitions disposed NA NA 2,806 0 2,806 436 0 436 317 307 624 NJ NJ 0 0 1,700 NJ 1,700 797 NJ 797 NA NJ 797 NA NJ 797 NA NJ 797	Total discretionary petitions petitions disposed discretionary petitions granted disposed NA N	Total discretionary petitions disposed Total discretionary petitions granted disposed mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed NA N	Total discretionary petitions petitions petitions disposed Total discretionary petitions petitions adisposed Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions	Total discretionary petitions disposed

TABLE 2: Reported Total Caseload for All State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

			Total	Sum of ma cases discreti petition	and onary	Sum of ma cases discretionary filed gra	and petitions
State/Court name:	Total mandatory cases filed	Total discretionary petitions filed	discretionary petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	146 B 3,396 3,542 *	1,054 A 358 1,412 *	NA NA	1,200 3,754 4,954	133 221 191		
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	NJ 3,290 3,290	1,156 NA	0 NA	1,156	165	0	0
States	with no intermed	diate appellate c	ourt				
DELAWARE Supreme Court	542 B	0 A	NA	542	108		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	1,724	21	NA	1,745	194		
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	654 B	NA	NA				
MISSISSIPPI Supreme Court	1,113	69	0	1,182	131	1,113	124
MONTANA Supreme Court	521 A	138	, NA	659	94		
NEVADA Supreme Court	1,138	NJ	NJ	1,138	228	1,138	228
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	NJ	· 864	NA	864	173		
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	449	288	NA	737	147		
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	386 B	40 A	. 10	426	85	396	79
VERMONT Supreme Court	622	. 27	0	649	130	622	124
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	NJ	2,113	660	2,113	423	660	132
WYOMING Supreme Court	306	NJ	NJ	306	. 61	306	61

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Court type	Point at which cases are counted
131 .B 3,350	1,058 A 3 7 4	0 NA	1,189 3,724	131	COLR IAC	6 6
3,481 *	1,432 *	19/3	4,913		1710	
NJ	888	97	888	. 97	COLR	6
3,226 3,226	NA	NA			IAC	6
0,220						
,					001.5	
552 B	0 A	NA	552		COLR	1
1 CEE	46	NA	1,701		COLR	1
1,655	40	NA.	1,701		COLIN	'
544 B	NA	NA			COLR	1
011 5	10/1	1			002.1	·
718	38	0	756	718	COLR	2
441 A	117 A	NA	558		COLR	. 1
943	NJ	NJ	943	943	COLR	2
NJ	662	NA	662		COLR	1
400	292	NA	692		COLR	1
425 B	NA	NA			COLR	2
070	22		000		001 D	4
673	26	NA	699		COLR	1
NJ	2,100	615	2,100	615	COLR	1
IAD	۷,۱۷۷	010	۷, ۱۰۰۰	VIJ	COLIN	
306	NJ	NJ	306	306	COLR	1
500	,40	,,,,		540		
		•			(continued or	next page)

State/Court name: Stat ALABAMA Supreme Court Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals			Total	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed		Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions filed granted	
	Total mandatory cases filed	Total discretionary petitions filed	discretionary petitions filed granted	Number	Filed per judge	Number	Filed per judge
St	ates with multiple ap	pellate courts at	any level				
ALABAMA			•				
Supreme Court	1,241	737	NA	1,978	220		
Court of Civil Appeals	830	NJ	NJ	, 830	2 7 7	830	277
Court of Criminal Appeals	2,094	NJ	13	2,094	419	2,107	421
State Total	4,165	737		4,902	288		
INDIANA							
Supreme Court	231	604	NA	835	167		
Court of Appeals	1,872	0	55	1,872	144	1,927	148
Tax Court	101	NJ	NJ	101	8	101	8
State Total	2,204	604		2,808	91		
NEW YORK							
Court of Appeals	NA	4,489	NA	4,489	641	·	
App. Div. of Sup. Ct.	10,326 B	NA	NA				
App. Terms of Sup. Ct.	2,502 B	NA	NA				
State Total	12,828 *						
OKLAHOMA							
Supreme Court	1,458	507	NA	1,965	218		
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,268	NJ	NJ	1,268	254	1,268	254
Court of Appeals	1,495	NJ	NJ	1,495	125	1,495	125
State Total	4,221	507		4,728	182		
PENNSYLVANIA							
Supreme Court	289	2,734	NA	3,023	432		
Superior Court	6,964	NJ	NJ	6,964	464	6,964	464
Commonwealth Court	4,208 A	. 29	NA	4,237	471		
State Total	11,461 *	2,763		14,224	459		
TENNESSEE							
Supreme Court	271	782	61	1,053	211	332	66
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,007	165	38	1,172	130	1,045	116
Court of Appeals	1,050	259	43	1,309	109	1,093	91
State Total	2,328	1,206	142	3,534	136	2,470	95
TEXAS							
Supreme Court	2	1,441	197	1,443	160	199	22
Court of Criminal Appeal	2,870	1,610	169	4,480	498	3,039	338
Courts of Appeals	9,420	NJ	NJ	9,420	118	9,420	118
State Total	12,292	3,051	366	15,343	157	12,658	129

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

POINTS AT WHICH CASES ARE COUNTED:

1 = At the notice of appeal

2 = At the filing of trial record

3 = At the filing of trial record and complete briefs

4 = At transfer

5 = Other

6 = Varies

Total mandatory cases disposed	Total discretionary petitions disposed	Total discretionary petitions granted disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions disposed	Sum of mandatory cases and discretionary petitions granted disposed	Court type	Point at which cases are counted
States with mu	ıltiple appellate c	ourts at any leve	el			
1,277	757	85	2,034	1,362	COLR	1
761	NJ	NJ	761	761	IAC	1
2,110	NJ	NJ	2,110	2,110	IAC	1
4,148	757	85	4,905	4,233		
•		•		•		
228	592	0	820	228	COLR	6
1,592	74	57	1,666	1,649	IAC	6
1,592	74	57	1,666	1,649	IAC	6
3,412	74 0	114	4,152	3,526		
					001.0	_
296	4,792	202	5,088	498	COLR	1
12,475 B	NA	0		12,475	IAC	2
1,998 B	NA	NA			IAC	2
14,769 *						
1,700	652	NA	2,352		COLR	1
1,388	NJ	NJ	1,388	1,388	COLR	2
1,260	NJ	NJ NJ	1,260	1,260	IAC	4
4,348	652	140	5,000	1,200	"10	•
304	2,459	NA	2,763		COLR	6
7,417	NJ	NJ	7,417	7,417	IAC	1
3,837 A	NA	NA			IAC	1
11,558 *						
					001.5	
NA	739 B	61			COLR	1
863	109	NA	972		IAC	1
1,069	103	NA	1,172		IAC	1
•	951 *					
-						
3	1,574	0	1,577	3	COLR	1
2,723	1,666	249	4,389	2,972	COLR	5
9,654	NJ	NJ	9,654	9,654	IAC	1
12,380	3,240	249	15,620	12,629		

NOTE:

- NA = Indicates that the data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.
- NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.
- () = Mandatory and discretionary jurisdiction cases cannot be separately identified. Data are reported within the jurisdiction where the court has the majority of its caseload.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

An absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that the data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- ** Total mandatory cases filed and disposed in the Illinois Supreme Court do not include the **miscellaneous record cases**.

- *** Total mandatory cases filed in the New Mexico Supreme Court do not include **petitions for extension of time** in criminal cases.
- **** Total cases filed in the Virginia Supreme Court reflect data reported by the clerk's office. See methodology for further discussion.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted filed data do not include original proceedings and administrative agency cases.
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data do not include some reopened cases, some disciplinary matters, and some interlocutory decisions.
 - Delaware—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed and disposed data do not include some discretionary interlocutory petitions and some discretionary advisory opinions.
 - lowa—Supreme Court—Discretionary petitions granted and disposed data do not include some discretionary original proceedings.
 - Montana—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency, advisory opinions, and original proceedings. Total discretionary petitions disposed do not include criminal appeals.
 - Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency cases and some original proceedings.
 - South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed data do not include advisory opinions, which are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.
 - Washington—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed and disposed data do not include some discretionary petitions.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.
 - Delaware—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include some discretionary petitions.
 - Illinois—Appellate Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
 - lowa—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include some discretionary petitions that were dismissed by the

- Court, which are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.
- Kansas—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Maine—Supreme Judicial Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary petitions.
- Massachusetts—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted disposed data include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.
- Michigan—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include mandatory cases disposed.
- —Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary petitions.
- Nebraska—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- New York—Appellate Divisions of Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all **discretionary** petitions.
 - —Appellate Terms of Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Oregon—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all **discretionary petitions** that were granted.
- South Carolina—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all **discretionary petitions** that were disposed.
- South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data include **discretionary advisory opinions**. Total mandatory disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Tennessee—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.
- Utah—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
- Washington—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include some discretionary petitions.
- C. The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Arkansas—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include a few discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory attorney disciplinary cases and certified questions from the federal courts.
 - Idaho—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary original proceedings, interlocutory decisions and advisory opinions, but do not include mandatory interlocutory decisions.

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993

State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
State	s with one court	of last resort an	d one intermed	liate appellate co	urt		
ALASKA							
Supreme Court	COLR	365	303	83	5	73	61
Court of Appeals	IAC	411	440	107	3	137	69
State Total		776	743	96	8	97	130
ARIZONA							
Supreme Court	COLR	94	88	94	5	19	2
Court of Appeals	IAC	3,722	4,815	129	21	177	95
State Total		3,816	4,903	128	26	147	97
ARKANSAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	514 C	506 C	98	7	73	21
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,129	1,064	94	6	188	47
State Total		1,643 *	1,570 *	96	13	126	68
CALIFORNIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	38	25	66	7	5	1
Courts of Appeal	IAC	14,308	14,574	102	88	163	46
State Total		14,346	14,599	102	95	151	46
COLORADO		•					
Supreme Court	COLR	170 A	NA		7	24	5
Court of Appeals	IAC	2,209	2,269	103	16	138	62
State Total		2,379 *			23	103	67
CONNECTICUT							_
Supreme Court	COLR	158	255	161	7	23	5
Appellate Court	IAC	1,164	1,033	89	9	129	36
State Total		1,322	1,288	97	16	83	40
FLORIDA							
Supreme Court	COLR	706	681	96	7	101	5
District Courts of Appeal	IAC	15,799	15,766	100	57	277	115
State Total		16,505	16,447	100	64	258	121
GEORGIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	613	679	111	7	88	9
Court of Appeals	IAC	2,601	2,695	104	9	289	38
State Total		3,214	3,374	105	16	201	46
HAWAII							
Supreme Court	COLR	916	599	65	5	183	78
Intermediate Court of Appeals	IAC	311	132	42	3	104	27
State Total	1,227	731	60	8	153	105	
IDAHO					_		
Supreme Court	COLR	398 C	416 C	105	5	80	36
Court of Appeals	IAC	239	268	112	3	80	22
State Total		637 *	684 *	107	8	80 .	58
ILLINOIS						100	0
Supreme Court	COLR	881 B	839 B	95	7	126	8
Ammallada Caurd	IAC	9,116 B	8,746 B	96	42	217	78
Appellate Court State Total	,, ,,	9,997 *	9,585 *	96	49	204	85

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

	·	·		Disposed as a percent	Number of	Filed per	Filed per 100,000
State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	of filed	judges	judge	population
IOWA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	1,324 673 1,997	1,207 B 660 1,867 *	98	9 6 15	147 112 133	47 24 71
KANSAS Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	201 1,488 B 1,689 *	298 1,353 B 1,651 *	148 91 98	7 10 17	29 149 99	8 59 67
KENTUCKY Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	289 2,924 3,213	297 2,841 3,138	103 97 98	7 14 21	41 209 153	8 77 85
LOUISIANA Supreme Court Courts of Appeal State Total	COLR IAC	175 4,007 4,182	152 4,297 4,449	87 107 106	7 53 60	25 76 70	4 93 97
MARYLAND Court of Appeals Court of Special Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	253 2,031 B 2,284 *	222 2,047 B 2,269 *	88 101 99	7 13 20	36 156 114	5 41 46
MASSACHUSETTS Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court State Total	COLR IAC	93 1,814 1,907	NA 1,763	97	7 14 21	13 130 91	2 30 32
MICHIGAN Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	2 12,494 B 12,496 *	NA 13,037 B	104	7 24 31	0 521 403	0 132 132
MINNESOTA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	222 2,337 2,559	231 2,409 2,640	104 103 103	7 16 23	32 146 111	5 52 57
MISSOURI Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	291 4,032 4,323	283 3,786 4,069	97 94 94	7 32 39	42 126 111	6 77 83
NEBRASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	32 B 1,103 1,135 *	429 B 1,159 1,588 *	1,341 105 140	7 7 14	5 158 81	2 69 71
NEW JERSEY Supreme Court App. Div. of Super. Ct. State Total	COLR IAC	389 6,712 7,101	391 6,601 6,992	101 98 98	7 30 37	56 224 192	5 85 90
NEW MEXICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals State Total	COLR IAC	236 778 1,014	196 NA 196	83 19	5 10 15	47 78 68	15 48 63

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
NORTH CAROLINA		<u> </u>					
Supreme Court	COLR	120	89	74	7	17	2
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,329	1,158	87	12	111	19
State Total	I/O	1,449	1,247	86	19	76	21
NORTH DAKOTA							
Supreme Court	COLR	403	382	95	5	81	63
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	6 409	7 389	117 95	3 8	2 51	1 64
ОНЮ							
Supreme Court	COLR	705	594	84	7	101	6
Courts of Appeals	IAC	11,010	11,325	103	65	169	99
State Total		11,715	11,919	102	72	163	106
OREGON				4	_		•
Supreme Court	COLR	172	290 B	4	7	25	6
Court of Appeals	IAC	4,410	5,625	128	10	441	145
State Total		4,582	5,915 *		17	270	151
SOUTH CAROLINA					•	,	
Supreme Court	COLR	417	572 B		5	83	11
Court of Appeals	IAC	585	602	103	6	98	16
State Total		1,002	1,174 *		11	91	28
UTAH	00LD	500	740 D		r	110	32
Supreme Court	COLR	592	718 B 847	102	5 7	118 119	32 45
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	830 1,422	1,565 *	102	12	118	76
VIRGINIA							
Supreme Court	COLR	82	66	80	7	12	1
Court of Appeals	IAC	600	NA		10	60	9
State Total		682			17	40	11
WASHINGTON				••	•	40	0
Supreme Court	COLR	146 B	131 B	90	9	16	3
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	3,396 3,542 *	3,350 3,481 *	99 98	17 26	200 136	65 67
WISCONSIN							
Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		7		
Court of Appeals	IAC	3,290	3,226	98	15	219	65
State Total	•	3,290	3,226	98	22	150	65
	States with no interm	ediate appellate	e court				
DELAWARE							
Supreme Court	COLR	542 B	552 B	102	5	108	77
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	COLR	1,724	1,655	96	9	192	298
MAINE							
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	654 B	544 B	83	7	93	53
MISSISSIPPI	621.5	4.440	. 740	65	0	124	42
Supreme Court	COLR	1,113	718	65	9		
						(continu	ued on next page

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
MONTANA Supreme Court	COLR	521 A	441 A	85	7	74	62
NEVADA Supreme Court	COLR	1,138	943	83	5	228	82
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		. 5		
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	COLR	449	400	89	5	90	45
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	386 B	425 B	110	5	77	54
VERMONT Supreme Court	COLR	622	673	108	5	124	108
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	NJ	NJ		5 .		
WYOMING Supreme Court	COLR	306	306	100	5	. 61	65
State	es with multiple a	ppellate courts	at any level				
ALABAMA Supreme Court Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals State Total	COLR IAC IAC	1,241 830 2,094 4,165	1,277 761 2,110 4,148	103 92 101 100	9 3 5 17	138 277 419 245	30 20 50 99
INDIANA		4,100	٦,١٠٠٠	100		210	
Supreme Court Court of Appeals Tax Court State Total	COLR IAC IAC	231 1,872 101 2,204 *	228 1,592 77 1,897	99 85 76 86	5 13 1 19	46 144 101 116	4 33 2 39
NEW YORK Court of Appeals App. Div. of Sup. Ct. App. Terms of Sup. Ct. State Total	COLR IAC IAC	0 10,326 B 2,502 B 12,828 *	296 12,475 B 1,998 B 14,769 *	121 80 115	7 47 15 69	220 167 186	57 14 70
OKLAHOMA Supreme Court Court of Criminal Appeals Court of Appeals State Total	COLR COLR IAC	1,458 1,268 1,495 4,221	1,700 1,388 1,260 4,348	117 109 84 103	9 5 12 26	162 254 125 162	45 39 46 131
PENNSYLVANIA Supreme Court Superior Court Commonwealth Court State Total	COLR IAC IAC	289 6,964 4,208 A 11,461 *	304 7,417 3,837 A 11,558 *	105 107 91 101	7 15 9 31	41 464 468 370	2 58 35 95

TABLE 3: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Mandatory Cases in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
TENNESSEE							
Supreme Court	COLR	271	NA		5	54	5
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,050	1,069	102	12	88	21
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	1,007	863	86	9	112	20
State Total		2,328			26	90	46
TEXAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	. 2	3	150	9	0	0
Court of Criminal Appeal	COLR	2,870	2,723	95 .	9	319	16
Courts of Appeals	IAC	9,420	9,654	102	80	118	52
State Total		12,292	12,380	101	98	125	68

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

NA = Data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.

NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.

- = Inapplicable

(B) = Mandatory jurisdiction cases cannot be separately identified and are reported with discretionary petitions. (See Table 4.)

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- See the qualifying footnote for each court in the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data do not include some reopened cases some disciplinary matters and some interlocutory decisions.
 - Montana—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals, advisory opinions, and original proceedings.
 - Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency cases and some original proceedings.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Delaware—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and diposed data include some discretionary petitions and discretionary petitions that were granted.
 - Illinois—Appellate Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions.

- Iowa—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include some discretionary cases that were dismissed.
- Kansas—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all **discretionary petitions**.
- Maine—Supreme Judicial Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary petitions.
- Michigan—Court of Appeals—Total mandatory filed and diposed data include **discretionary petitions**.
- Nebraska—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and diposed data include all discretionary petitions.
- New York—Appellate Divisions of Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and diposed data include all **discretionary petitions** that were granted.
 - —Appellate Terms of Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include all discretionary petitions that were granted.
- Oregon—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all **discretionary petitions** that were granted.
- South Carolina—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all **discretionary petitions** that were disposed.
- South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data include discretionary advisory opinions. Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary advisory opinions.
- Utah—Supreme Court—Total mandatory disposed data include all discretionary petitions.
- Washington—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include some **discretionary petitions**.
- C: The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Arkansas—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include a few discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory attorney disciplinary cases and certified questions from the federal courts.
 - Idaho—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed and disposed data include discretionary original proceedings, interlocutory decisions and advisory opinions, but do not include mandatory interlocutory decisions.

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1993

State/Court name:	Court type	Filed_	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
	es with one court	of last resort a	nd one intermed	diate appellate co	urt		
ALASKA				••			•
Supreme Court	COLR	226	241	107	5	45	38
Court of Appeals	IAC	50	52	104	3	17	8
State Total		276	293	106	8	34	46
ARIZONA				0.4	_	200	33
Supreme Court	COLR	1,309	1,237	.94	5	262 10	
Court of Appeals	IAC	205	177	86	21	58	· 38
State Total		1,514	1,414	93	26	96	30
ARKANSAS		•			_		
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA		7		
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ	NJ		6 13		
CALIFORNIA					_		40
Supreme Court	COLR	5,810	5,775	99	7	830	19
Courts of Appeal	IAC	7,163	7,216	101	88	81	23
State Total		12,973	12,991	100	95	137	42
COLORADO			_		_	454	30
Supreme Court	COLR	1,081	1,261 B		7	154	30
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ		16 23	47	30
State Total		1,081	1,261 *		23	41	30
CONNECTICUT					7		
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA . NA		9		
Appellate Court State Total	IAC	0	, NA		16		
FLORIDA					_	470	
Supreme Court	COLR	1,247	1,250	100	7	178	9 21
District Courts of Appeal	IAC	2,883	2,703	94	57	51 65	30
State Total		4,130	3,953	96	64	65	30
GEORGIA				00	7	168	17
Supreme Court	COLR	1,179	983	83	7 9	103	13
Court of Appeals	IAC	925	919	99	· 16	132	30
State Total		2,104	1,902	90	. 10	132	00
HAWAII	00LD	48	49	102	5	10 ,	4
Supreme Court	COLR	40 NJ	NJ	102	3	,	
Intermediate Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	48	49	102	8	6	4
IDAHO Supreme Court	COLR	101	94	93	5	20	9
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	ŊĴ		3		
State Total		101	94	93	8	13	9
ILLINOIS							
Supreme Court	COLR	1,572	1,499	95	7	225	13
Appellate Court	IAC	NA	NA		42		•
State Total					49		,
IOWA					_		
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	159 A		9		
	IAC	NJ	NJ		6		
Court of Appeals		159 *			15		

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Court type	_Filed_	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
KANSAS							
Supreme Court	COLR	508	NA		7	73	20
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA	NA		10		
State Total					17		
KENTUCKY							
Supreme Court	COLR	771	725	94	7	110	20
Court of Appeals	IAC	114	118	104	14	8	3
State Total		885	843	95	. 21	42	23
LOUISIANA							
Supreme Court	COLR	3,021	2,832	94	7	432	70
Courts of Appeal	IAC	4,773	4,659	98	53	90	111
State Total		7,794	7,491	96	60	130	181
MARYLAND							
Court of Appeals	COLR	765	767	100	7	109	15
Court of Special Appeals	IAC	332	332	100	13	26	7
State Total		1,097	1,099	100	20	55	22
MASSACHUSETTS							
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	670	NA		7	96	11
Appeals Court	IAC	996	996	100	14	71	17
State Total		1,666			21	79	28
MICHIGAN							
Supreme Court	COLR	2,747	2,516 B		7	392	29
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA.	NA		24	332	23
State Total					31		
MINNESOTA							
Supreme Court	COLR	733	628	86	7	105	16
Court of Appeals	IAC	66	53	80	16	4	1
State Total		799	681	85	23	35	18
MISSOURI							
Supreme Court	COLR	734	712	97	7	105	14
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	0,	32	100	17
State Total		734	712	97	39	19	14
NEBRASKA							
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA		7		
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA	NA		7		
State Total					14		
NEW JERSEY							
Supreme Court	COLR	2,770	2,806	101	7	396	35
App. Div. of Super. Ct.	IAC	0	0		, 30	555	55
State Total		2,770	2,806	101	37	75	35
NEW MEXICO						•	
Supreme Court	COLR	453	436	96	5	91	28
Court of Appeals	IAC	33	0		10	3	2
State Total		486	436	90	15	32	30
NORTH CAROLINA							
Supreme Court	COLR	341	317	93	7	49	5
Court of Appeals	IAC	361	307	85	12	30	· 5
State Total		702	624	89	19	37	10
						(continue	an on nevt name)

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and				Disposed as a percent	Number of	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	of filed	judges_	juuge	роралелен
NORTH DAKOTA					_		
Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		5		
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ		3 8	0	0
State Total		0	0		0	Ū	ŭ
OHIO	001.0	1,932	1,700	88	7	276	17
Supreme Court	COLR IAC	1,932 NJ	NJ	00	65		
Courts of Appeals State Total	IAC	1,932	1,700	88	72	27	17
OREGON					-	405	29
Supreme Court	COLR	873	797	91	7	125	25
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	04	10 17	51	29
State Total		873	797	91	17	51	20
SOUTH CAROLINA	001.5	74	NA		5	15	2
Supreme Court	COLR IAC	74 NJ	NJ		6		
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	74	110		11	7	2
UTAH							0
Supreme Court	COLR	45	NA		5	9	2
Court of Appeals	IAC	NA	NA		7		
State Total					12		
VIRGINIA	001.0	1 054	1,446	78	7	265	29
Supreme Court	COLR	1,854 1,990	2,491	125	10	199	31
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	3,844	3,937	102	17	226	59
WASHINGTON				400	0	117	20
Supreme Court	COLR	1,054 A	1,058 A	100	9 17	21	7
Court of Appeals	1AC	358	374	104	26	54	27
State Total		1,412 *	1,432 *	101	20	01	
WISCONSIN	COLR	1,156	888	77	7	165	23
Supreme Court	IAC	NA	NA		15		
Court of Appeals State Total					22		
		U. 4	4				
	States with no intern	nediate appella	te court				
DELAWARE	COLR	0 A	0 A		5		
Supreme Court	COLK	UA	o n				
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	COLR	21	46	219	9	2	4
MAINE					_		
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	NA	NA		7		
MISSISSIPPI					^	o	3
Supreme Court	COLR	69	, 38	55	9	8	J
MONTANA					_	00	16
Supreme Court	COLR	138	117 A		7	20	10
						(con	tinued on next page)

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Court type	_Filed_	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population					
NEVADA Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		5							
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	COLR	864	662	77	5	173	77					
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	COLR	288	292	101	5	58	29					
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	40 A	NA	· ·	5	8	6					
VERMONT Supreme Court	COLR	. 27	26	96	5	5	5					
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	2,113	2,100	99	5	423	116					
WYOMING Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ		5							
States with multiple appellate courts at any level												
ALABAMA												
Supreme Court Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR IAC IAC	737 NJ NJ	757 NJ NJ	103	9 3 . 5	82	18					
State Total	1710	737	757	103	17	43	18					
INIDIANIA	•											
INDIANA Supreme Court	COLR	604	592	98	5	121	11					
Court of Appeals	IAC	0	74	30	13	121	1.1					
Tax Court	IAC	NJ	NJ		1							
State Total		604 *	666	110	19	32	11					
NEW YORK												
Court of Appeals	COLR	4,489	4,792	107	7	641	25					
App. Div. of Sup. Ct.	IAC	NA	NA.		47	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20					
App. Terms of Sup. Ct. State Total	IAC	NA	NA		15 69							
OKLAHOMA	-											
Supreme Court	COLR	507	652	129	9	56	16					
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	NJ	NJ		5							
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ 507	NJ 652	129	12 26	20	16					
PENNSYLVANIA		•										
Supreme Court	COLR	2,734	2,459	90	7.	391	23					
Superior Court	IAC	NJ	NJ	-	15							
Commonwealth Court	IAC	29	NA		9	3	0					
State Total		2,763			31	89	23					
			_									

TABLE 4: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Court type	Filed	Disposed	Disposed as a percent of filed	Number of judges	Filed per judge	Filed per 100,000 population
TENNESSEE					-	450	15
Supreme Court	COLR	782	739 B		5	156	
Court of Appeals	IAC	259	103	40	12	22	5
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	165	109	66	9	18	3
State Total		1,206	951 *		26	46	24
TEXAS					•	400	8
Supreme Court	COLR	1,441	1,574	109	9	160	
Court of Criminal Appeal	COLR	1,610	1,666	103	9	179	9
Courts of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ		80		
State Total		3,051	3,240	106	98	31	17

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

- NA = Data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.
- NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.
- (B) = **Discretionary petitions** cannot be separately identified and are reported with **mandatory cases**. (See Table 3).

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court in the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Delaware—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed and disposed data do not include some discretionary interlocutory petitions and some discretionary advisory opinions.

- Iowa—Supreme Court—Discretionary petitions granted and disposed do not include some discretionary original proceedings.
- Montana—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed do not include criminal cases.
- South Dakota—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed data do not include discretionary advisory opinions, which are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.
- Washington—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions filed and disposed data do not include some discretionary petitions that are reported with mandatory jurisdiction cases.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Colorado—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.
 - Michigan—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include mandatory jurisdiction cases.
 - Tennessee—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions disposed data include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1993

		Dis	Discretionary petitions:			s Disposed		Filed
State/Court name:	Court type	filed	filed granted	granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	as a percent of granted	Number of judges	granted per judge
Sta	tes with one o	ourt of last r	esort and one in	itermediate ap	pellate court			
ALASKA								
Supreme Court	COLR	226	32	NA	14		5	6
Court of Appeals	IAC	50	2	NA	4		3	1
State Total		276	34		12			
ARIZONA						•		
Supreme Court	COLR	1,309	NA	0			5	
Court of Appeals	IAC	205	NA	NA			21	
State Total		1,514						
ARKANSAS								
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA	NA			· 7	
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			6	
State Total	IAO	140	140	140			J	
CALIFORNIA								
Supreme Court	COLR	5,810	84 A	3,814	•		. 7	12
Courts of Appeal	IAC	7,163	394	NA	6		88	4
State Total	., .0	12,973	478 *		· ·			
COLORADO								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,081	NA	NA			7	•
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			16	
State Total	1,710	1,081						
CONNECTICUT								
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA	NA			7	
Appellate Court	IAC	0	NA	NA			9	
State Total		v						
FLORIDA								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,247	NA	NA			7	
District Courts of Appeal	IAC	2,883	NA	NA			57	
State Total	.,	4,130						
GEORGIA								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,179	162	NA	14		7	23
Court of Appeals	IAC	925	269	NA	29		9	30
State Total	<i></i> 10	2,104	431		20			
HAWAII								
Supreme Court	COLR	48	0	NA			5	
Intermediate Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NĴ	NJ			3	
State Total		48	0		0		-	
IDAHO								
Supreme Court	COLR	101	NA	NA			5	
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	ŊĴ	ŊJ			3	
State Total	.,.0	101	110	140			-	
ILLINOIS								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,572	116	0	7		7	17
Subjettle Coult					•			
Appellate Court	IAC	NA	NA	NA	_		42	

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Di	scretionary petiti	ons:	0	5		5 9. d
State/Court name:	Court type	filed	filed granted	granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	Filed granted per judge
IOWA								•
Supreme Court	COLR	NA	42	NA			9	5
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ	NJ 42	NJ			6	
KANSAS								
Supreme Court	COLR	508	27	NA	5		7	4
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA		,	10	
KENTUCKY								
Supreme Court	COLR	771	AA,	NA			7	
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	114 885	NA	NA			14	
LOUISIANA								
Supreme Court	COLR	3,021	497	497	16	100	7	71
Courts of Appeal	IAC	4,773	1,543	1,494	32	97	53	29
State Total		7,794	2,040	1,991	26	98	60	34
MARYLAND							_	40
Court of Appeals	COLR	765	111	NA NA	15 7		7 13	16 2
Court of Special Appeals State Total	IAC	332 1,097	23 134	INA	12	. •	13	2
MASSACHUSETTS								
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	670	199	NA	30		7	28
Appeals Court State Total	IAC	996 1,666	NA	NA			. 14	
MICHIGAN								
Supreme Court	COLR	2,747	87	NA	3		7	12
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA			24	
MINNESOTA								
Supreme Court	COLR	733	86	86	12	100	7	12
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	66 799	NA	NA			16	
MISSOURI								
Supreme Court	COLR	734	60	0	8		7	9
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ 734	NJ 60	. N J 0	8	0	32	
NEBRASKA Supreme Court	COLR	NA	NA	NA			7	
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA NA			7	
NEW JERSEY								
Supreme Court	COLR	2,770	131	NA	5		7	19
App. Div. of Super. Ct. State Total	IAC	0 2,770	NA	NA			30	
NEW MEXICO								
Supreme Court	COLR	453	NA	NA			5	
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	33 486	0	NA			10	
		•					(continued	on next page)

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

	•	Disc	Discretionary petitions:					-
State/Court name:	Court type	filed	filed granted	granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	Filed granted per judge
NORTH CAROLINA								
Supreme Court	COLR	341	69	61	20	88	7	10
Court of Appeals	IAC	361	45	NA	12		. 12	4
State Total		702	114		16			
NORTH DAKOTA	•							
Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			5	
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			3	
State Total		0	0	0				
OHIO								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,932	163	117	8	72	7	23
Courts of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			65	
State Total		1,932	163	117	8	72		
OREGON								
Supreme Court	COLR	873	100	NA	11		7	14
Court of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			10	
State Total		873	100		11			
SOUTH CAROLINA								
Supreme Court	COLR	74	74	NA	100		5	15
Court of Appeals	IAC	N J	NJ	NJ			6	
State Total		74	74		100			
UTAH								
Supreme Court	COLR	45	NA	NA			5	
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA			. 7	
VIRGINIA		•						
Supreme Court	COLR	1,854	348	0	19		7	50
Court of Appeals	IAC	1,990	367	. NA	18		10	37
State Total		3,844	715		19			
WASHINGTON								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,054 A	NA	0			9	
Court of Appeals	IAC	358	NA	NA			17	
State Total		1,412 *			•			
WISCONSIN							_	
Supreme Court	COLR	1,156	0	97			7	
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA			15	
	States with no in	termediate ap	pellate court					
DELAWARE								
Supreme Court	COLR	0 A	NA	NA			5	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA								
Court of Appeals	COLR	21	NA	NA			9	
MAINE								
Supreme Judicial Court	COLR	NA	NA	NA			7	
MISSISSIPPI								
Supreme Court	COLR	69	0	0			9	
							(continued	on next page)

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Dis	Discretionary petitions:					Filed
State/Court name:	Court type	filed	filed granted	granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	granted per judge
MONTANA Supreme Court	COLR	138	NA	NA		•	7	
NEVADA Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			5	
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	COLR	864	NA	NA			5	
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	COLR	288	NA	NA			5	
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	COLR	40 A	10	NA			5	2
VERMONT Supreme Court	COLR	27	0	NA			5	
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	COLR	2,113	660	615	31	93	5	132
WYOMING Supreme Court	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			5	* .
\$	States with multi	ple appellate (courts at any l	evel				
ALABAMA		•						
Supreme Court	COLR	737	NA	85			9 .	
Court of Civil Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			3	2
Court of Criminal Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ 737	13	NJ 85			5	3
INDIANA								
INDIANA Supreme Court	COLR	604	NA	0			5	
Court of Appeals	IAC	004	55	57		104	13	4
Tax Court	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			1	
State Total	1110	604	110	57				
NEW YORK								
Court of Appeals	COLR	4,489	NA	202			7	
App. Div. of Sup. Ct.	IAC	NA	NA	0			47	
App. Terms of Sup. Ct. State Total	IAC	NA	NA	NA			15	
OKLAHOMA			•					
Supreme Court	COLR	507	NA	NA			9	
Court of Criminal Appeals	COLR	NJ	NJ	NJ			5	
Court of Appeals State Total	IAC	NJ 507	NJ	NJ			12	
PENNSYLVANIA								
Supreme Court	COLR	2,734	NA	NA			7	
Superior Court	IAC	NJ	NJ	ŊJ			15	
Commonwealth Court State Total	IAC	29 2,763	NA	NA			9	
		,					(continued	on next page)

TABLE 5: Selected Caseload and Processing Measures for Discretionary Petitions Granted in State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

		Di	scretionary petiti	ons:	0	Dianagad		Filed
State/Court name:	Court type	filed	filed granted	granted disposed	Granted as a percent of filed	Disposed as a percent of granted	Number of judges	granted per judge
TENNESSEE							٠	
Supreme Court	COLR	782	61	61	8	100	5	12
Court of Appeals	IAC	259	43	NA	17		12	4
Court of Criminal Appeals	IAC	165	38	NA	23		9	4
State Total		1,206	142		12			
TEXAS								
Supreme Court	COLR	1,441	197	0	14		9	22
Court of Criminal Appeal	COLR	1,610	169	249	10	147	9	19
Courts of Appeals	IAC	NJ	NJ	NJ			80	
State Total	•	3,051	366	249	12	68		

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

NA = Data are unavailable. Blank spaces indicate that a calculation is inappropriate.

NJ = This case type is not handled in this court.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

* See the qualifying footnote for each court in the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.

A: The following courts' data are incomplete:

California—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted filed data do not include original proceedings and administrative agency cases.

Delaware—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted filed data do not include some discretionary interlocutory petitions and some discretionary advisory opinions.

Washington—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted filed and disposed data do not include some cases reported with **mandatory jurisdiction cases**.

B. The following courts' data are overinclusive:

Massachusetts—Supreme Court—Total discretionary petitions granted disposed data include all mandatory jurisdiction cases.

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1993

State/Court name: viriten case with one court of last resort and one intermediate appellate court ALASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
ALASKA Supreme Court
Supreme Court X O X O O 132 5 11 Court of Appeals X O X O O 70 3 8 ARIZONA Supreme Court X O X X O NA 5 16
Court of Appeals X O X O O 70 3 8 ARIZONA Supreme Court X O X X O NA 5 16
ARIZONA Supreme Court X O X X O NA 5 16
Supreme Court X O X X O NA 5 16
oupletile doubt
Court of Appeals X O X X some 247 21 48
ARKANSAS
Supreme Court X O X X X 424 7 15
Court of Appeals X O X X O 652 6 16
CALIFORNIA
Supreme Court X O X X some 102 7 50
Courts of Appeal X O X X some 12,075 88 206
COLORADO
Supreme Court X O X X O 181 7 14
Court of Appeals X O X O some 406 16 32
CONNECTICUT
Supreme Court X O X X some 185 7 9
Appellate Court X O X X some 449 9 10
FLORIDA
Supreme Court X O X X O 202 7 15
District Courts of Appeal X. O X X O 343 57 102
GEORGIA
Supreme Court X O X X O 316 7 17
Court of Appeals X O X O O 2,501 9 28
HAWAII
Supreme Court X O X X some 125 5 14
Intermediate Court of Appeals X O X X X 81 3 6
IDAHO
Supreme Court O X X X X NA 5 11
Court of Appeals O X X X O NA 3 6
ILLINOIS
ILLINOIS Supreme Court X O X X O 79 7 24
Appellate Court X O X X some 2,195 42 88
IOWA Supreme Court O X X O O 306 9 16
Supreme Court O X X O O 306 9 16 Court of Appeals X O X O O 593 6 6
KANSAS Supreme Court X O X X some 208 7 7
Supreme Court
Court of Appeals X O X X some 1,023 10 21
KENTUCKY Supreme Court X O X X some 83 7 11
Supreme Court X O X X some 83 7 11 Court of Appeals X O X X some 1,662 14 22
Coult of Appeals A O A A Some 1,002 11 22

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

	Opinion	count is by:	Compo	sition of opinior	count:	Total	Number of	Number of
State/Court name:	case	written document	signed opinions	per curiam opinions	memos/ orders	dispositions by signed opinion	authorized justices/ judges	lawyer support personnel
LOUISIANA Supreme Court Courts of Appeal	O O	X X	X X	X X	some X	120 3,258	7 53	32 158
MARYLAND Court of Appeals Court of Special Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	0 0	0 0	NA 217	7 13	14 29
MASSACHUSETTS Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court	0 0	X X	X X	o X	o X	234 203	7 · 14	20 31
MICHIGAN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	X X	O some	90 331	7 24	15 84
MINNESOTA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0	X X	0 0	0 0	120 1,345	7 16	10 36
MISSOURI Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	X X	some some	NA 1,727	7 32	15 54
NEBRASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	X X	X X	389 611	7	14
NEW JERSEY Supreme Court App. Div. of Super. Ct.	O X	X O	X X	0 X	O X	NA 3,675	7 30	24 60
NEW MEXICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X O	O X	X X	0	some O	129 683	5 10	10 20
NORTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	0	some X	99 984	7 12	19 28
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X 0	х 0	0 0	225 7	5 3	11 1
OHIO Supreme Court Courts of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	0 0	X X	NA 7,353	7 65	20 varies
OREGON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0	X X	X O	0	117 693	7 10	10 18
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	X X	O O	206 569	5 6	19 11

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

	Opinion	Opinion count is by:		sition of opinior	count:	Total	Number of	Number of
State/Court name:	_case_	written document	signed opinions	per curiam opinions	memos/ orders	dispositions by signed opinion	authorized justices/ judges	lawyer support personnel
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0	X X	X X	0 0	NA NA	5 7	12 9
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0	X X	X ·	0 0	142 755	7 10	23 15
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	X X	some some	134 1,582	9 17	23
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	X X	0 0	X X	X O	0 0	118 1,777	7 15	10 25
S	states with no	intermediate ap	pellate court					
DELAWARE Supreme Court	х	0	Х	o	. 0	54	5	5
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	x	0	X	Х	0	418	9	27
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	O	x	х	0	0	310	7	. 11
MISSISSIPPI Supreme Court	x	0	x	0	×	226	9	38
MONTANA Supreme Court	x	0	x	0	0	437	7	14
NEVADA Supreme Court	0	x	. x	x	0	177	5	22
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	х	0	х	X	0	182	5	12
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	. X	0	Χ.	0	0	86	. 5	17
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	x	0	·X	Х	0	204	5	1
VERMONT Supreme Court	x	0	x	0	0	125	5	8
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	. X	0	x	X	some	220	5	20
WYOMING Supreme Court	X	0	X	x	some	188	5	12

TABLE 6: Opinions Reported by State Appellate Courts, 1993 (continued)

	Opinior	count is by:	Compo	sition of opinior	n count:	Total	Number of	Number of
State/Court name:	case	written document	signed opinions	per curiam opinions	memos/ orders	dispositions by signed opinion	authorized justices/ judges	lawyer support personnel
:	States with mu	ıltiple.appellate o	courts at any l	evel				
ALABAMA								
Supreme Court	X	0	X	X	some	745	9	18
Court of Civil Appeals	X	0	X	X	X	491	3	6
Court of Criminal Appeals	Х	0	Χ	0	some	441	5	15
INDIANA								
Supreme Court	X	0	X	X	0	139	5	13
Court of Appeals	.X	X	X	Х	X	1,651	13	10
Tax Court	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	0	1	2
NEW YORK								
Court of Appeals	0	X	X	0	0	138	7	28
App. Div. of Sup. Ct.	0	X	X	X	some	NA	47	25
App. Terms of Sup. Ct.	0	X	Χ	Χ	some	NA	15	171
OKLAHOMA								
Supreme Court	X	0	Х	X	О .	NA	9	16
Court of Criminal Appeals	X	0	X	X	0	NA	5	12
Court of Appeals	Х	0	Χ	Х	Х	1,260	12	12
PENNSYLVANIA								
Supreme Court	X	0	X	0	0	190	7	NA
Superior Court	X	0	X	X	Х	NA	15	NA
Commonwealth Court	0	Х	Χ	Х	Х	1,743	9	58
TENNESSEE			ű					
Supreme Court	X	0	X	X	some	222	5	12
Court of Criminal Appeals	X	0	X	X	some	753	9	9
Court of Appeals	Х	0	Χ	Χ	some	843	12	12
TEXAS								
Supreme Court	0	X	X	0	0	145	9	44
Court of Criminal Appeal	X	0	X	0	О	198	9	30
Courts of Appeals	X	0	X	0	0	5,699	80	217

CODES:

X - Court follows this method when counting opinions. O - Court does not follow this method when counting opinions.

NA - Data are not available.

TABLE 7: Reported National Civil and Criminal Caseloads for State Trial Courts, 1993

Rep	orted	Caseload	Filed	Disposed
Civi	case	es:		
1.	Gen	eral jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete civil cases Number of courts reporting complete civil data	5,069,77 35	3,859,598 31
	В.	Number of reported complete civil cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete civil data that include other case types	2,978,244 21	2,186,299 15
	C.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete	1,421,148 8	2,175,538 10
	D.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types	45,720 1	438,223
11.	Limi	ted jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete civil cases Number of courts reporting complete civil data	4,319,131 48	2,985,548 37
	B.	Number of reported complete civil cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete civil data that include other case types	194,409 2	32,163 1
	C.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete	5,055,900 21	4,876,94 26
	D.	Number of reported civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types Number of courts reporting civil cases that are incomplete and include noncivil case types	0 0	92,654 1
Crir	ninal	cases:	•	
1.	Ger	neral jurisdiction courts:		
	Α	Number of reported complete criminal cases Number of courts reporting complete criminal data	1,484,508 29	1,479,923 28
	В.	Number of reported complete criminal cases that include other case types Number of courts reporting complete criminal data that include other case types	661,807 10	636,367 10
	C.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete	1,087,167 12	667,616 10
	D.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types	740,889 . 3	788,063 3
II.	Lim	ited jurisdiction courts:		
	A.	Number of reported complete criminal cases	2,635,846 18	2,033,492 15
	B.	Number of reported complete criminal cases that include other case types	1,618,187 16	1,383,306 13
	C.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete	2,190,579 14	2,201,837 14
	D.	Number of reported criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types Number of courts reporting criminal cases that are incomplete and include noncriminal case types	2,058,621 11	2,014,025 12
			(continued	on next page)

TABLE 7: Reported National Civil and Criminal Caseloads for State Trial Courts, 1993 (continued)

Summary section for all trial courts:

				Report	ed Filings		
		General J	urisdiction	Limited .	Jurisdiction	Total (inco	omplete)
		Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal
1.	Total number of reported complete cases	5,069,77	1,484,508	4,319,131	2,635,846	9,388,901	4,120,354
2.	Total number of reported complete cases that include other case types	2,978,244	661,807	194,409	1,618,187	3,172,653	2,279,994
3.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete	1,421,148	1,087,167	5,055,900	2,190,579	6,477,048	3,277,746
4.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete and include other case types	45,720	740,889	0	2,058,621	45,720	2,799,510
Tota	al (incomplete)	9,514,882	3,974,371	9,569,440	8,503,233	19,084,322	12,477,604
				Reported	Dispositions		
	•	General J	urisdiction	Limited	Jurisdiction	Total (inco	omplete)
		Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal	Civil	Criminal
1.	Total number of reported complete cases	3,859,598	1,479,923	2,985,512	2,033,492	6,845,146	3,513,415
2.	Total number of reported complete cases that include other case types	2,186,299	636,367	32,163	1,383,306	2,218,462	2,019,673
3.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete	2,175,538	667,616	4,876,945	2,201,837	7,052,483	2,869,453
4.	Total number of reported cases that are incomplete and include other case types	438,223	788,063	92,654	2,014,025	530,877	2,802,088
Tota	al (incomplete)	8,659,658	3,571,969	7,987,310	7,632,660	16,646,968	11,204,629

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1993

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
ALABAMA								
Circuit	G	2	G	6	176,136 B	171,247 B		4,207
District	L	1	В	1	553,591	531,675	96	13,222
Municipal	Ĺ	1	М	1	292,567 A	264,467 A	90	6,988
Probate	Ĺ	2	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	,	0,000
State Total	L	2	'	•	IVA	1471		
ALASKA								
Superior	G	. 1	В	6	20,663 C	20.159 C	98	3,449
District	L	3	В	5	107,430	114,701	107	17,930
	L	3	ь	J	128,093 *	134,860 *	105	21,379
State Total					120,093	134,000	103	21,010
ARIZONA	_	•		•	. 440.077	400.045	00	2 640
Superior	G	2	D	6	142,077	139,615	98	3,610
Tax	G	2	I	1	1,924	2,271	118	49
Justice of the Peace	L	1	Z	1	553,313	539,254	97	14,057
Municipal	L	1	Z	1	966,385	946,102	98	24,552
State Total		ŧ			1,663,699	1,627,242	98	42,267
ARKANSAS							i.	
Chancery and Probate	G	2	1	3	93,014	91,265	98	3,837
Circuit	Ğ	1	Α	1	63,093	59,802	95	2,602
City	Ĺ	1	A	1	32,658	18,194	56	1,347
County	Ĺ	2	i i	1	NA .	, NA		
Court of Common Pleas	Ĺ	2	i	1	NA	NA		
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	2	À	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	Ĺ	1	Â	1	737,906 A	497,386 A	67	30,436
Police	Ĺ	, i	Â	1	NA	NA NA		
State Total	L	r	^	'	IVA	101		
CALIFORNIA								
Superior	G	2	В	6	1,008,359 A	881,969 A	87	3,231
Justice	Ĺ	3	В	1	349,662 A	300,422 A	86	1,120
Municipal	L	3	В	1	13,367,179 A	12,240,797 A	92	42,829
State Total	_	3	В	'	14,725,200 *	13,423,188 *	91	47,180
COLORADO								
COLORADO District, Denver Juvenile,								
Denver Probate	G	2	D	3	127,688 B	114,418 B	90	3,581
Water	Ğ	2	1	1	1,119	988	88	31
County	Ĺ	2	D	1	659,838 B	393,867 C		18,504
Municipal	Ĺ	1	-	1	NA	NA		
State Total	_	·						
CONNECTICUT								
Superior	G	6	E	5 **	522,963 B	557,524 B	107	15,957
Probate	Ĺ	2	- l	1	59,746	NA		1,823
State Total	-	_	•		582,709 *	,		17,780
DELAWARE								
Court of Chancery	G	2	1	1	3,418	3,123	91	488
	G	2	В	1	13,808 B	13,322 B	96	1,972
Superior	L	4	A	1	29,668	29,967	101	4,237
Alderman's	-			1	56,826	59,090	104	8,115
Court of Common Pleas	L	2	A B	1 3 **	47,684	47,196	99	6,809
Family	L	2		1	329,461 A	323,512 A	98	47,048
Justice of the Peace	L	2	A	1	43,473 B	43,928 B	101	6,208
Municipal Court of Wilmingt	on L	5	Α	1	•			
State Total					524,338 *	520,138 *	99	74,877

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Superior	G	6	В	6 **	196,280	198,684	101	33,932
FLORIDA								
Circuit	G	2	E	4	889,719	655,344 A		6,504
County	L	5	Α	1	3,805,231	3,257,159	86	27,818
State Total					4,694,950	3,912,503 *		34,323
GEORGIA								
Superior	G	2	G	3	276,937	271,144	98	4,004
Civil	L	2	M	1	NA	NA		
County Recorder's	L	1	М	1	NA	NA		
Juvenile	Ĺ	2	ï	1	100,319 A	73,983 A	74	1,450
Magistrate	ī	2	В	1	424,159 A	286,119 A	67	6,132
Municipal	Ĺ	2	М	1	NA NA	NA NA		,
Municipal and City of Atlanta	Ĺ	1	M	1	NA NA	NA NA		
				1	185,995 A	143,528 A		2,689
Probate	L	2	B G		•		78	7,573
State State Total	L	2	G	1	523,803 A	408,430 A	70	1,515
HAWAII								
Circuit	G	2	G	6	70,588 B	64,215 B	91	6,025
District	L	4	Α	1	722,104	664,558	92	61,634
State Total					792,692 *	728,773 *	92	67,659
IDAHO								
District	G	3	D	6 **	380,452 A	368,623 A	97	34,615
ILLINOIS								
Circuit	G	4	G	6 **	4,060,270	4,178,892	103	34,711
INDIANA								
Probate	G	2	ì	1	2,871	2,831	99	50
Superior and Circuit	G	3	. В	5	738,078 A	715,941 A	97	12,920
City and Town	L	3	В	1	268,675	245,536	91	4,703
County	ī	4.	В	1	235,688	222,900	.95	4,126
Municipal Court of Marion Cou	unty L	3	В	1	63,815 A	66,294 A	104	1,117
Small Claims Court of	,	2	ı	1	74,888	69,740	93	1,311
Marion County State Total	Ĺ	2		,	1,384,015 *	1,323,242 *	96	24,227
IOWA .								
District	G	3	В	6	938,738 B	927,145 C		33,359
MANICAC								
KANSAS	C	4	D	6 **	433,259	435,066	100	17,120
District	G	4 1	В В	1	459,023 A	430,035 A	94	18,138
Municipal State Total	L	1	В	1	459,023 A 892,282 *	865,101 *	9 7	35,258
KENTUCKY								
Circuit	G	2	В	6	82,843	81,195	98	2,187
District	L	3	В	1	694,682 B	650,511 B	94	18,335
State Total					777,525 *	731,706 *	94	20,522

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
LOUISIANA								
District	G	1	Z	6	576,152 B	NA		13,413
Family and Juvenile	, G	2	ı	4 ***	32,559	28,250	87	758
City and Parish	L	1	В	1	788,596	645,906	82	18,359
Justice of the Peace	L	1	ı	1	NA	NA		
Mayor's State Total	L	1		1	NA	NA		
MAINE								
Superior	G	2	E	6	18,610 B	19,121 B	103	1,501
Administrative	L	2	1	1	336	319	95	27
District	L	4	E	5	232,906 B	119,893 C		18,791
Probate	L	2	ſ	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
MARYLAND								
Circuit	G	2	В	6 **	265,387 B	240,468 B	91	5,345
District	L	1	В	1	1,884,922	1,052,658 A		37,965
Orphan's	L	2	I	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
MASSACHUSETTS								
Trial Court of the Commonw	ealth G	1 .	D	5 **	1,447,177	852,974 A		24,070
MICHIGAN								
Circuit	G	2	В	6 **	238,295	237,204	100	2,514
Court of Claims	G	2	1	1	569	594	104	6
Recorder's Court of Detroit	G	1	В	1	17,196	16,469	96	181
District	L	4	В	1	2,753,201 A	2,687,561 A	98	29,050
Municipal	L	4	. В	1	30,108 A	30,784 A	102	318
Probate	L	2	1	1	204,539	44,189 A		2,158
State Total					3,243,908 *	3,016,801 *		34,227
MINNESOTA					,			
District	G	4	В	6	1,847,319	1,798,295	97	40,893
MISSISSIPPI	*							
Chancery	G	I I	1	5	65,365 B	NA		2,473
Circuit	G	1	В	I	40,903 B	NA		1,548
County	L	1	. B	I	45,316 B	NA		1,715
Family	L	I	I	i	964	· NA		36
Justice	L	į.	В	Ĭ	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1	В	ŀ	NA	. NA		
State Total								
MISSOURI						•		
Circuit	G	2	G	6 **	780,622 A	822,407 A	105	14,915
Municipal State Total	L	1	1	1	NA	NA		
MONTANA								
District	G	2	G	3	27,362	24,541	90	3,260
Water	Ğ	2	i	1	NA NA	NA		
Workers' Compensation	Ğ	2	i	1	NA	NA		
City	Ĺ	1	В	1	NA	NA		
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	1	В	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	Ĺ	1	В	1	NA	NA		
State Total	-	,	-					

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1993 (continued)

	مرماناه الدراد الم	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Paiking		<u>oddiody</u>				
NEBRASKA			_	_	50.045 D	50 101 B	100	3,257
District	G	2	В	5	52,345 B	52,191 B	102	24,256
County	L	1	В	1	389,841 A	397,013 A	102	217
Separate Juvenile	L	2	l	1	3,483	NA	400	13
Workers' Compensation	L	2	I	1	213	387	182	27,743
State Total					445,882 *			21,143
NEVADA						NA		3,716
District	G	2	Z	2	51,605 A	NA		3,710
Justice	L,	1 .	Z	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1	Z	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
NEW HAMPSHIRE				_	40.007	40.002	114	3,896
Superior	G	2	Α	5	43,837	49,903	114	21,067
District	L	4	Α	1	237,072	NA		152
Municipal	L	4	Α	1	1,714	NA a sasa A		
Probate	L	2	I	1	18,173	8,326 A		1,615
State Total					300,796			26,730
NEW JERSEY					==	4 404 777	102	14,662
Superior	G	2	В	6 **	1,155,230	1,181,777	102	71,645
Municipal	L	4	В	1	5,645,015	6,026,293		190
Tax	L	2	1	1	14,967	16,560	111	
State Total					6,815,212	7,224,630	106	86,497
NEW MEXICO						= 0.450	00	5,015
District	G	2	Ε	6	81,072	78,156	96	
Magistrate	L	3	E	1	149,070 A	126,163 A	85	9,222
Metropolitan Ct. of							70	47.004
Bernalillo County	L	3	E	1	278,055 A	210,589 A	76	17,201
Municipal	L.	1	1	1	NA	NA		
Probate	Ĺ	2	1	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
NEW YORK							400	0.040
Supreme and County	G	2	E	1	426,399 B	437,574 B	103	2,343
Civil Court of the City								0.040
of New York	L	2	1	1	591,306 A			3,249
Court of Claims	Ĺ	2	1	1	2,222	2,975	134	12
Criminal Court of the City of								
New York	L	2	Ε	1	343,481 A	317,191 A		1,888
District and City	Ĺ	4	E	1	1,310,168 A			7,200
	Ĺ	2	Ì	4	590,513	599,087	101	3,245
Family Surrogates'	ī	2	ı	1	121,343	112,508	93	667
•	Ĺ	1	E	1	NA	NA		
Town and Village Justice State Total	_	,	_					
NORTH CAROLINA					244.000	006766	97	3,517
Superior	G	2	E	1	244,286 E			31,199
District	L	6	E	6 **	2,166,840			34,717
State Total					2,411,126 *	2,367,232 *	30	UM, EEE
NORTH DAKOTA			_		20 500	32,154	99	5,133
District	G	4	В	6 **	32,593			15,355
County	L	1	E	1	97,497			10,000
Municipal	L	1	В	1	NA 100 500 1	32,954 <i>F</i>	`	
State Total					160,583	-		
							(aantin	ued on next nage

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1993 (continued)

					Grand total	Grand total	Dispositions	· Filings per
Chata/Caudanana			Criminal unit	Support/	filings and qualifying	dispositions and qualifying	as a percentage	100,000 total
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	of count	custody	footnotes	footnotes	of filings	population
OHIO								
Court of Common Pleas	G	2	В	6 **	711,863 B	711,270 B	100	6,418
County	L	5	В	1	232,951	232,671	100	2,100
Court of Claims	L	2	1	1	9,341	9,330	100	84
Mayor's	L	1	В	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	5	В	1	2,323,316	2,323,463	100	20,947
State Total					•			
OKLAHOMA								
District	G	2	J	6	451,312	436,041	97	13,966
Court of Tax Review	L	2	Ī	1	NA	NA	31	75,500
Municipal Court Not of Record	d L	1	1	1	NA	NA		
Municipal Criminal Court of								
Record	L	1	1	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
OREGON					•		•	•
Circuit	G	2	E	6 **	153,671	131,763 A		5,069
Tax	Ğ	2	ī	1	464	454	98	5,069 15
County	Ĺ	2	i	1	NA	NA	90	15
District	L	1	Ē	1	418,785 A	438,761 A	105	13,813
Justice	L	3	Ε	1	NA NA	NA NA	100	10,010
Municipal	L	3	Α	1	NA	NA NA		
State Total								
PENNSYLVANIA								
Court of Common Pleas	G	2	В	4	E17 E40 A	547.450 A	400	4.000
District Justice	Ĺ	4	В	1	517,543 A NA	517,459 A NA	100	4,296
Philadelphia Municipal	Ĺ	2	В	1	177,989	180,926	100	4 477
Philadelphia Traffic	Ĺ	1	i	1	189,418 A	180,926 182,754 A	102 96	1,477
Pittsburgh City Magistrates	Ē	4	B	1	375,389	162,754 A NA	90	1,572 3,116
State Total	_	·		·	07 0,000	NA.		3,110
PUERTO RICO						:		
Superior	Ğ	2		c	404.540	100 170		
District	L	2	J J	6 1	104,518	102,170	98	2,886
Municipal	Ĺ	1	J	1	192,901 A	190,274 A	99	5,327
State Total	_	ļ	'	•	13,743 311,162 *	7,662	56	379
					311,102	300,106 *	96	
RHODE ISLAND			•					
Superior	G	2	D	1	15,829 B	6,584 A		1,583
Workers' Compensation	G	2	I,	1	12,585 A	12,891 A	102	1,258
District	L	2	Α .	1	61,534 A	61,003 A		6,153
Family	L	2	1	6	23,894	14,067 A		2,389
Municipal	L	1	ı	1	NA	NA		
Probate	L	2	1	1	NA	NA		
Administrative Adjudication State Total	Ļ	1	ı	1	NA	NA		
SOUTH CAROLINA	_							
Circuit	G	2	В	1	162,922 B	165,611 B	102	4,473
Family	L	2	1	6 **	94,088	91,768	98	2,583
Magistrate	L	4	В	1	945,000 A	940,061 A	99	25,942
Municipal Brabata	L	4	В	1	397,678	394,295	99	10,917
Probate State Total	L	2	1	1	35,207	34,892	99	967
State Total					1,634,895 *	1,626,627 *	99	44,881
SOUTH DAKOTA								
Circuit	G	3	A	Α	210,285	199,325 A		29,394
							(continued	on nevt nage)

TABLE 8: Reported Grand Total State Trial Court Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Criminal unit of count	Support/ custody	Grand total filings and qualifying footnotes	Grand total dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings pe 100,000 total population
TENNESSEE								
Circuit, Criminal, and Chance	ry G	2	Z	6 **	190,267 A	176,009 A	93	3,732
Probate	G	2	1	1	2,325 A	NA		46
General Sessions	L	1	М	6 **	NA	NA		
Juvenile	L	2	i	1	77,651	95,532 B		1,523
Municipal	L	1	М	1	NA	NA		
State Total								
TEXAS							•	
District	G	2	В	6 **	641,889	643,375	100	3,560
County-level	L.	2	В	6 **	662,506	583,516 A		3,674
Justice of the Peace	L	4	Α	1	2,318,162 A	2,119,138 A	91	12,856
Municipal	L	4	Α	1	6,287,032 A	5,032,633 A	80	34,867
State Total					9,909,589 *	8,378,662 *		54,957
UTAH						٠		
District	G	2	J	3	37,105 B	32,663 B	88	1,995
Circuit	L	4	В	1	289,592 B	284,889 B	98	15,573
Justice	L	4	В	1	237,796 A	222,294 A	93	12,788
Juvenile	L	2	1	1	50,241	29,720	. 59	2,702
State Total					614,734 *	569,566 *	93	33,058
VERMONT								
District	G	2	D	4 ***	31,109	33,074	106	5,404
Family	G	2	D	4 ***	16,668	16,191	97	2,895
Superior	G	2	В	5	6,831	8,059	118	1,187
Environmental	L	2	1	1	81	81	100	14
Probate	L	2	1	1	4,931	4,502	91	857
State Total					59,620	61,907	104	
VIRGINIA								
Circuit	G	2	Α	3	227,184	218,140	96	3,500
District	L	4	Α	4	3,306,846	3,361,322	102	50,948
State Total					3,534,030	3,579,462	101	54,448
WASHINGTON								
Superior	G	2	D	6	211,489 B	195,108 B	92	4,024
District	L	4	С	1	934,820 A	1,005,943 A		17,788
Municipal	L	4	С	1	1,183,484 A	595,618 A		22,520
State Total					2,329,793 *	1,796,669 *		44,332
WEST VIRGINIA						,		
Circuit	G	2	J	5	69,644 B	67,085 B	96	3,826
Magistrate	L	2	J	1	286,948	290,675	101	15,765
Municipal State Total	L	1	Α	1	NA	NA		
WISCONSIN Circuit	G	3	D	6 **	998,880	778,751 A		19,827
	L	3	A	1	990,000 NA	453,538 A		13,021
Municipal State Total	L	s	A	ı	1,232,289 *	400,000 A		
WYOMING								
District	G	2	J	5	15,742 A	15,212 A	97	3,348
County	L	1	J	4	109,834	111,498 A	-	23,357
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	1	J	1	NA	NA NA		,,
	L	1	A	1	NA NA	NA NA		
Municipal State Total	L	ı	^	1	INA	INA		
State Total								

NOTE:

All state trial courts with grand total jurisdiction are listed in the table, regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

- G = General Jurisdiction
- L = Limited Jurisdiction

SUPPORT/CUSTODY CODES:

- 1 = The court does not have jurisdiction over support/custody cases
- 2 = Support/custody caseload data are not available
- 3 = Only contested support/custody cases and all URESA cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested support/custody cases and URESA cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 5 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution and, thus, a marriage dissolution that involves support/custody is counted as one case
- 6 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution, but URESA cases are counted separately
- ** = Nondissolution support/custody cases are also counted separately
- *** = Court has only URESA jurisdiction

PARKING CODES:

- 1 = Parking data are unavailable
- 2 = Court does not have parking jurisdiction
- 3 = Only contested parking cases are included
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested parking cases are included
- 5 = Parking cases are handled administratively
- 6 = Uncontested parking cases are handled administratively; contested parking cases are handled by the court

CRIMINAL UNIT OF COUNT CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = Single defendant—single charge
- B = Single defendant—single incident (one/more charges)
- C = Single defendant—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- D = Single defendant—one/more incidents
- E = Single defendant-content varies with prosecutor
- F = One/more defendants—single charge

- G = One/more defendants—single incident (one/more charges)
- H = One/more defendants—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- J = One/more defendants—one/more incidents
- K = One/more defendants—content varies with prosecutor
- L = Inconsistent during reporting year
- Z = Both the defendant and charge components vary within the

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Alabama—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from 96 municipalities.
 - Arkansas—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include any data from five municipalities and partial data from 12 others.
 - California—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include partial data from 14 courts.
 - —Justice Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include partial data from seven courts.
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include partial data from three courts.
 - Delaware—Justice of the Peace Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—Grand total disposed data do not include civil appeals.
 - Georgia—Juvenile Court—Grand total filed data do not include cases from nine counties. Disposed data do not include cases from 11 counties, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —Magistrate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **misdemeanor** cases, any data from 19 counties, and partial data from 13 counties.
 - —Probate Court—Grand total filed data do not include any civil cases from 40 of 159 counties, and partial civil data from 18 counties, any criminal and traffic cases from 32 counties, and partial criminal and traffic data from nine courts, and are less than 75% complete. Disposed data do not include any civil cases, any criminal and traffic data from 32 counties, and partial criminal and traffic data from nine courts, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —State Court—Grand total filed data do not include civil and criminal cases from 23 courts, and traffic cases from 22 courts. Disposed data do not include civil and traffic data from 23 of 62 courts, and criminal cases from 24 courts, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Idaho—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** and **parking** cases.

- Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include civil appeals, criminal appeals and some support/custody cases.
 - —Municipal Court of Marion County—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include appeals of trial court cases.
- Kansas—Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include parking cases and partial year data from 19 courts.
- Maryland—District Court—Grand total disposed data do not include ordinance violation, parking and most civil cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth-- Grand total disposed data do not include civil cases from the Housing Court Department, criminal cases from the Boston Municipal Court and Housing Court Departments, DWI/DUI and most criminal appeals cases from the District Court Department, most moving traffic violation cases from the Boston Municipal Court Department, ordinance violation and miscellaneous criminal cases, most juvenile data from the Juvenile Court Department, and some juvenile data from the District Court Department, and are less than 75% complete.
- Michigan—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases.
 - —Probate Court—Grand total disposed data do not include paternity, miscellaneous domestic relations, mental health, miscellaneous civil, adoption, traffic and juvenile cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Missouri—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include those **ordinance violation** cases heard by municipal judges.
- Nebraska—County Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include parking cases.
- Nevada—District Court—Grand total filed data do not include felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, miscellaneous criminal, and all juvenile cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- New Hampshire—Probate Court—Grand total disposed data do not include some estate and some miscellaneous civil cases.
- New Mexico—Metropolitan Court of Bernalillo County—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include miscellaneous traffic cases.
 - —Magistrate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include some cases due to incomplete reporting.
- New York—District and City Courts—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals cases.
 - —Civil Court of the City of New York—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals cases.
 - —Criminal Court of the City of New York—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic, and some ordinance violation cases.
- North Carolina—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases. Disposed data also do not include miscellaneous civil cases.

- North Dakota—County Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include criminal appeals, miscellaneous criminal, ordinance violation and parking cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** and **parking** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Oregon—Circuit Court—Grand total disposed data do not include juvenile cases.
 - —District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases.
- Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include some **civil appeals** and some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - —Philadelphia Traffic Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation**, **parking**, and **miscellaneous traffic** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Puerto Rico—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **small claims** cases.
- Rhode Island—Superior Court—Grand total disposed data do not include civil cases.
 - —Workers' Compensation Court— Grand total filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency appeals.
 - —District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases. Disposed data also do not include domestic violence and administrative agency appeals.
 - —Family Court—Grand total disposed data do not include paternity and URESA cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- South Carolina—Magistrate Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- South Dakota—Circuit Court—Grand total disposed data do not include adoption, estate, administrative agency appeals, and juvenile data.
- Tennessee—Circuit, Criminal and Chancery Courts—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include miscellaneous criminal and traffic/other violation cases.
 - —Probate Court—Grand total filed data do not include cases from Davidson County and are less than 75% complete.
- Texas—County-level Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **estate** and **mental health** cases.
 - —Justice of the Peace Court—Grand total filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 94%.
- Utah—Justice Court—Grand total filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 89%.
- Washington—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from several districts.
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include any cases from several courts. Disposed data also do not include any cases from Seattle Municipal Court, which handled more than half the total filings statewide. Disposed data are less than 75% complete.

- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Grand total disposed data do not include cases from District 1 (Milwaukee).
 - —Municipal Court—Grand total disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
- Wyoming—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.
 - —County Court—Grand total disposed data do not include **trial court civil appeals** and **criminal appeals** cases.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings. Filed data include some extraordinary writs; disposed data include all extraordinary writs.
 - Colorado—District, Denver Juvenile, and Denver Probate Courts— Grand total filed and disposed data include extraditions, revocations, parole, and release from commitment hearings.
 - —County Court—Grand total filed data include some **preliminary hearing proceedings**.
 - Connecticut—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Delaware—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include **postconviction remedy proceedings** and **extraordinary writs**.
 - ---Municipal Court of Wilmington----Grand total filed and disposed data include **preliminary hearing proceedings**.
 - Hawaii—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include criminal postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - lowa—District Court—Grand total filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Kentucky—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include sentence review only proceedings.
 - Louisiana—District Court—Grand total filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Maine—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
 - —District Court—Grand total filed data include preliminary hearing proceedings.
 - Maryland—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include estate cases from the Orphan's Court, and some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
 - Mississippi—Chancery Court—Grand total filed data include extraordinary writs.

- —Circuit Court—Grand total filed data include extraordinary writs.
- —County Court—Grand total filed data include **preliminary** hearing proceedings.
- Nebraska—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- New York—Supreme and County Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- North Carolina—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include mental health cases from District Court.
- Ohio—Court of Common Pleas—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Rhode Island—Superior Court—Grand total filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- South Carolina—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Tennessee—Juvenile Court—Grand total disposed data are somewhat inflated. Disposed data are counted by number of actions rather than number of referrals. Data for this court are for 1992
- Utah—District Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
 - —Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Washington—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
- West Virginia—Circuit Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Alaska—Superior Court—Grand total filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs, orders to show cause, unfair trade practices, and postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include criminal appeals cases.
 - Colorado—County Court—Grand total disposed data include some **preliminary hearing proceedings**, but do not include cases from Denver County Court.
 - lowa—District Court—Grand total disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include some domestic violence cases and all juvenile cases.
 - Maine—District Court—Grand total disposed data include preliminary hearing proceedings, but do not include parking, miscellaneous traffic, some moving traffic, and some ordinance violation cases.

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993

		Support/o	custody:		Total civil		
State/Court_name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
ALABAMA							
Circuit	G	6	NF	101,877 B	98,608 B	97	2,433
District	Ĺ	1		174,876	169,457	97	4,177
Probate	Ē	1		NA	NA		
State Total	_			•			
ALASKA							0.004
Superior	G	6	R	16,125 B	16,352 B	101	2,691
District	L	5		19,434	28,487	147	3,244
State Total				35,559 *	44,839 *	126	5,935
ARIZONA						00	2.447
Superior	G	6	NF	96,319	94,310	98	2,447
Tax	G	1		1,924	2,271	118	49
Justice of the Peace	L	1		124,244	122,977	99	3,156
Municipal	L	1		14,688	14,627	100	373
State Total				237,175	234,185	99	6,026
ARKANSAS						07	3,181
Chancery and Probate	G ·	3	R	77,113	75,066	97	915
Circuit	G	1		22,187	21,618	97	915
City	L	1		40	24	60	2
Justice of the Peace	L	1	NA	NA			
County	L	1	NA	NA			
Court of Common Pleas	L	1	NA	NA .	00.005.4	51	2,413
Municipal	L	1		58,492 A	29,625 A	51	2,413 唐
Police	L	1	NA	NA			-28
State Total							
CALIFORNIA		_	NO	744 270 . 4	624 277 1	. 87	2,289
Superior	G	6	NC	714,279 A	624,377 A 18,234 A	88	67
Justice	L	1		20,801 A		104	3,343
Municipal	, L	1		1,043,311 A	1,083,990 A 1,726,601 *	97	5,698
State Total				1,778,391 *	1,720,001		5,000
COLORADO							
District, Denver Juvenile,	_	•		82,084	74,489	91	2,302
Denver Probate	G	3	R		988	88	31
Water	G	1		1,119 169,531	122,450 A	00	4,754
County	L	1		252,734	197,927 *		7,087
State Total				252,754	191,921		,,,,,,
CONNECTICUT	•	5 **	NC	176,857 B	191,243 B	108	5,396
Superior	G		NC	59,746	NA NA		1,823
Probate	L	1	•	236,603 *			7,219
State Total				250,000			.,
DELAWARE	-	4		3,418	3,123	91	488
Court of Chancery	G	1		6,513 B	6,551 B	101	930
Superior	G	1		4,735	6,056	128	676
Court of Common Pleas	L	1	R	32,767 B	32,163 B	.25	4,679
Family	L	3 **	ĸ	30,293	30,142	100	4,326
Justice of the Peace	L	1		77,726 *	78,035 *		11,099
State Total				11,120	7 0,000		,
DISTRICT-OF COLUMBIA					400 750	101	22,428
Superior	G	6 **	R	129,736	130,750	101	ZZ,4ZU
						(continue	ed on next page)

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993 (continued)

		Support/e	custody:				ons Filings per
State/Court name:	lurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
FLORIDA							
Circuit	G	4	R	599,497	426,463 A		4,383
County	L	1		332,380	291,646	88	2,430
State Total				931,877	718,109 *	•	6,813
GEORGIA							
Superior	G	3	NF	188,083	184,212	98	2,719
Civil	L	1	NA	NA	101,212	00	2,7 10
Magistrate	Ĺ	1		334,192 A	220,547 A	66	4,831
Municipal	Ĺ	1	NA	NA	220,041 A	00	4,001
Probate	Ĺ	1	NA.	34,618 A	ALA		500
State	Ĺ	1			NA	50	500
State Total	L	ı		181,183 A	105,376 A	58	2,619
HAWAII							
Circuit	C	e	Р	00 040 B	00 E44 D	ė.	0.750
Circuit District	G	6	R	32,246 B	30,544 B	95	2,752
	L	1		24,279	24,103	99	2,072
State Total				56,525 *	54,647 *	97	4,825
IDAHO	_						
District	G	6 **	R	72,016 A	71,194 A	99	6,552
ILLINOIS							
Circuit	G	6 **	R	620,524	654,823	106	5,305
INDIANA							
Probate	G	1		2,068 A	2,026 A	98	36
Superior and Circuit	Ğ	5	R	290,995 A	277,760 A	95	5,094
City and Town	Ĺ	1	1	14,971	14,964	100	262
County	Ĺ	1					
Municipal Court of Marion County	L			44,823	42,905	96	785
		1		10,375 A	10,113 A	97	182
Small Claims Court of Marion County State Total	/ L	1		74,888 438,120 *	69, 74 0 417,508 *	93 95	1,311 7,669
1014/4				,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		7,000
IOWA	_						
District	G	6	NF	165,298 B	160,332 C		5,874
KANSAS							
District	G	6 **	NC	168,794	168,375	100	6,670
KENTUCKY							
Circuit	G	6	R	62,930	62,289	99	1,661
District	L	1		172,249 A	155,520 A	90	4,546
State Total				235,179 *	217,809 *	93	6,207
LOUISIANA							
District	G	6	NF	174,237 B	NA		4,056
Family and Juvenile	Ğ	4 ***	NF	13,325	10,477	79	310
City and Parish	Ĺ	1	141	69,821	54,843	79 79	1,625
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	1	NA	09,821 NA	UT,UTJ	19	1,020
State Total	L	ı	INA	IVA			
MAINE							
Superior	G	۵	NO	E 000	6 440	444	400
	G	6	NC	5,809	6,419	111	469
Administrative	L	1	336	319	40.000	95 97	27
District	L,	5	NC	44,094	42,990	97	3,558
Probate	Ļ	1	NA	NA			
State Total						/a==#:=	n next nage)
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TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993 (continued)

		Support/o	custody:				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
MARYLAND							
Circuit	G	6 **	NF	158,281 B	139,354 B	88	3,188
District	L	1		796,886	9,875 A		16,050
Orphan's State Total	L	1	NA	NA			
MASSACHUSETTS		5 **	D	FFC 000	388.735 A		9,261
Trial Court of the Commonwealth	G	5 ***	R	556,802	300,733 A		9,201
MICHIGAN	_						4 000
Circuit	G	6 **	NC	188,442	187,174	99	1,988
Court of Claims	G	1		569	594	104	6
District	Ł	1		408,349	410,503	101	4,309
Municipal	L	1		779	720	92	8
Probate	Ł	1		114,043	44,189 A		1,203
State Total				712,182	643,180 *		7,514
MINNESOTA	0	^	ME	205 706	220 651	98	4,998
District	G	6	NF	225,796	220,651	90	4,990
MISSISSIPPI							
Chancery	G	5	NF	61,269 B	NA		2,318
Circuit	G	1		23,350 B	NA		884
County	L	1		29,960	NA		1,134
Family	L	1		NA	NA		
Justice State Total	L	1		NA	NA		
MISSOURI							
Circuit	G	6 **	NF	256,637	276,050	108	4,903
MONTANA							
District	G .	3	R	21,845	19,554	90 .	2,602
Water	G	1	NA	NA			
Workers' Compensation	G	1	NA	NA			
City	L	1	NA	NA			
Justice of the Peace	L	1	NA	NA			
Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	ŅA			
NEBRASKA							
District	G	5	R	45,720 C	45,122 C	99	2,845
County	L	1		65,194	63,065	97	4,056
Workers' Compensation	L	1		213	387	182	13
State Total				111,127 *	108,574 *	98	6,914
NEVADA	_	_	_				0.745
District	G	2 .	R	51,598	NA		3,715
Justice	L	1	NA	NA			
Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA			
NEW HAMPSHIRE							
Superior	G	5	R	30,607	34,723	113	2,720
District	Ĺ	1		35,499	NA		3,155
Municipal	Ĺ	1		105	NA		9
Probate	Ĺ	1		18,173	8,326 A		1,615
State Total	-	•		84,384	,		7,499
2,2,2				•		(continued	on next page)
						-	•

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993 (continued)

			Support/custody:		custody:				
State/Court name: Jui	isdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population		
NEW JERSEY									
Superior	G	6 **	R	1,004,547	1,027,854	102	12,749		
Tax	Ĺ	1		14,967	16,560	111	190		
State Total				1,019,514	1,044,414	102	12,939		
NEW MEXICO									
District	G	6	R	57,262	55,649	97	3,542		
Magistrate	Ĺ	1		12,978 A	11,014 A	85	803		
Metropolitan Ct. of Bernalillo County	Ĺ	1		9,276	10,021	108	574		
Probate	L	1	NA	NA					
State Total									
NEW YORK									
Supreme and County	G	1		353,360 B	360,767 B	102	1,942		
Civil Court of the City of New York	Ĺ	i		591,306 A	454,672 A	77	3,249		
Court of Claims	Ĺ	1		2,222	2,975	134	12		
District and City	Ĺ	1		232,049 A	238,670 A	103	1,275		
Family	Ĺ	4	R	534,497	538,988	101	2,937		
Surrogates'	Ĺ	1		121,343	112,508	93	667		
Town and Village Justice	L	1	NA	NA					
State Total									
NORTH CAROLINA									
Superior	G	1		120,451 B	113,682 B	94	1,734		
District	Ĺ	6 **	R	444,470 A	391,653 A	88	6,400		
State Total				564,921 *	505,335 *	89	8,134		
NORTH DAKOTA									
District	G	6 **	NF	19,390	18,965	98	3,054		
County	Ĺ	1		16,793	14,680	87	2,645		
State Total				36,183	33,645	93	5,699		
OHIO									
Court of Common Pleas	G	6 **	R	400,375 B	402,322 B	100	3,610		
County	Ĺ	1		18,432	18,554	· 101	166		
Court of Claims	L	1		9,341	9,330	100	84		
Municipal	L	1		345,416	341,139	99	3,114		
State Total				773,564 *	771,345 *	100	6,975		
OKLAHOMA									
District	G	6	R	198,179	194,481	98	6,133		
Court of Tax Review	Ĺ	1	NA	NA	·				
State Total									
OREGON									
Circuit	G	6 **	R	106,308 B	104,992 B	99	3,506		
Tax	Ğ	1		464	454	98	15		
County	L	1	NA	NA					
District	Ĺ	1		91,919	91,903	100	3,032		
Justice	Ĺ	1	NA	NA					
State Total									
PENNSYLVANIA									
Court of Common Pleas	G	4	NF	314,827 A	316,990 A	101	2,613		
District Justice	Ĺ	1	NA	NA					
Philadelphia Municipal	Ĺ	1		116,033 A	116,623 A	101	963		
Pittsburgh City Magistrates	L	1		6,410	NA		53		
State Total						(continued	I on next page)		
						Continued	. on non page)		

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993 (continued)

		Support/o	custody:				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
•							
PUERTO RICO							4.070
Superior	G	6	NF	46,207	47,718	103	1,276
District	L	1		73,355 A	75,058 A	102	2,026
State Total				119,562 *	122,776 *	103	3,301
RHODE ISLAND							
Superior	G	1		9,521 B	NA		952
Workers' Compensation	G	1		12,585 A	12,891 A	102	1,258
District	L	1		32,442 A	33,205 A	102	3,244
Family	L	6	R	14,820	5,883 A		1,482
Probate	L	1	NA	NA			
State Total							
SOUTH CAROLINA				•			
Circuit	G	1		48,421 B	47,548 B	98	1,329
Family	L	6 **	NF	73,918	72,352	98	2,029
Magistrate	Ĺ	1	141	158,004	157,173	99	4,338
9	L	1		35,207	34.892	99	967
Probate State Total	L	•		315,550 *	311,965 *	99	8,662
State Polar				0,0,000	,		,
SOUTH DAKOTA	_			45.000	40.07C A		6.420
Circuit	G	Α	В	45,990	43,376 A		6,429
TENNESSEE							
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	G	6 **	R	124,482	116,004	93	2,441
Probate	G	1		2,325 A	NA		46
General Sessions	L	6 **	R	NA	NA		
Juvenile	L	1		6,989	6,088	87	137
State Total							
TEXAS							
District	G	6 **	R	450,163 B	452,103 B	100	2,497
County-level	Ĺ	6 **	R	161.642 B	92,654 C		896
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	1		229,935 A	182,335 A	79	1,275
Municipal	Ĺ	1		486 A	. 486 A	100	3
State Total	_	•		842,226 *	727,578 *		4,671
UTAH							
District	G	3	R	29,601 B	27,743 B	94	1,592
Circuit	L	1		116,477	114,661	98	6,264
Justice	L	1		2,672 A	2,436 A	91	144
State Total				148,750 *	144,840 *	97	7,999
VERMONT					•		
District	G	4 ***	NC	12,862	14,142	110	2,234
Family	Ğ	4 ***	NC	14,440	13,985	97	2,508
Superior	Ğ	5	NC	6,831	8,055	118	1,187
Environmental	Ĺ	1	-	81	81	100	14
Probate	Ĺ	i 1		4,931	4,502	91	857
State Total	_	ı		39,145	40,765	104	
VIDOINIA							
	C	3	a	115.005	107 110	93	1 772
VIRGINIA Circuit District	G L	3 4	R R	115,005 1,241,343 A	107,110 1,264,138 A	93 102	1,772 19,125

TABLE 9: Reported Total State Trial Court Civil Caseload, 1993 (continued)

		Support/o	custody:				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	(a) method of count code	(b) decree change counted as	Total civil filings and qualifying footnotes	Total civil dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
WASHINGTON							
Superior	G	6	R	152,192 B	143,102 B	94	2,896
District	L	1		133,595 A	97,606 A		2,542
Municipal	L	1		388 A	443 A		7
State Total				286,175 *	241,151 *		5,445
WEST VIRGINIA							
Circuit	G	5	R	53,624 B	51,388 B	96	2,946
Magistrate	L	1		48,248	51,186	106	2,651
State Total				101,872 *	102,574 *	101	5,597
WISCONSIN							
Circuit	G	6 **	NF	339,291 B	232,769 C		6,735
WYOMING							
District	G	5	R	12,053 A	11,726 A		2,563
County	L	4	R	17,460	18,751 A		3,713
Justice of the Peace State Total	L	1	NA	NA			

NOTE: All state trial courts with civil jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General Jurisdiction

L = Limited Jurisdiction

SUPPORT/CUSTODY CODES:

- (a) Method of count codes:
- 1 = The court does not have jurisdiction over support/custody cases
- 2 = Support/custody caseload data are not available
- 3 = Only contested support/custody cases and all URESA cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested support/custody cases and URESA cases (where the court has jurisdiction) are counted separately from marriage dissolution cases
- 5 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution and, thus, a marriage dissolution that involves support/custody is counted as one case
- 6 = Support/custody is counted as a proceeding of the marriage dissolution, but URESA cases are counted separately

- ** Nondissolution support/custody cases are also counted separately
- *** Court has only URESA jurisdiction
 - (b) Decree change counted as:

NC = Not counted/collected

NF = New filing

R = Reopened case

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Arkansas—Municipal Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include any cases from five municipalities, and partial data from 12 others.
 - California—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include partial data from 14 courts.
 - —Justice Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include partial data from seven courts.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from three courts.

- Colorado—County Court—Total civil disposed data do not include cases from Denver County.
- Florida—Circuit Court—Total civil disposed data do not include civil appeals.
- Georgia—Magistrate Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 19 counties, and partial data from 13 counties
 - —Probate Court—Total **civil** filed data do not include any cases from 40 of 159 counties, and partial data from 18 counties, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —State Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 23 of 62 courts, and are less than 75% complete.
- Idaho—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases.
- Indiana—Probate Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include miscellaneous domestic relations cases.
 - —Superior and Circuit Courts—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include civil appeals and support/custody cases.
 - —Municipal Court of Marion County—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include appeals of trial court cases.
- Kentucky—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include paternity cases.
- Maryland—District Court—Total civil disposed data do not include tort, contract, real property rights, small claims, and miscellaneous civil cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Total civil disposed data do not include some real property rights, some small claims, and most domestic relations cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Michigan—Probate Court—Total civil disposed data do not include adoption, paternity, miscellaneous domestic relations, mental health, and miscellaneous civil cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- New Hampshire—Probate Court—Total civil disposed data do not include some estate and some miscellaneous civil cases.
- New Mexico—Magistrate Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include some cases due to incomplete reporting by several counties.
- New York—District and City Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals cases.
 - —Civil Court of the City of New York—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include administrative agency appeals cases
- North Carolina—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include mental health cases. Disposed data also do not include miscellaneous civil cases.
- Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include some civil appeals cases.
 - —Philadelphia Municipal Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include miscellaneous domestic relations cases.

- Puerto Rico—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include small claims cases.
- Rhode Island—Workers' Compensation Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include some administrative agency appeals.
 - —District Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include **mental health** cases. Disposed data also do not include **domestic violence** and **administrative agency appeals**.
 - —Family Court—Total civil disposed data do not include URESA and paternity cases.
- South Dakota—Circuit Court—Total civil disposed data do not include adoption, estate, and administrative agency appeals cases.
- Tennessee—Probate Court—Total civil filed data do not include cases from Davidson County, and are less than 75% complete.
- Texas—Justice of the Peace Court—Total civil filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
 - —Municipal Court—Total civil filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 94%.
- Utah—Justice Court—Total civil filed and disposed data represent only those courts that are automated (a reporting rate of 89%).
- Virginia—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include some domestic relations cases.
- Washington—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not include cases from several districts.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **civil** filed and disposed data do not include cases from several courts.
- Wyoming—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data do not incude cases from one county that did not report.
 - —County Court—Total civil disposed data do not include trial court civil appeals cases.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include some postconviction remedy proceedings and some extraordinary writs.
 - Alaska—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs, orders to show cause, unfair trade practices, and postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Connecticut—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Delaware—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include extraordinary writs.
 - —Family Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include status offense petition cases.
 - Hawaii—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include criminal postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - Iowa—District Court—Total civil filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.

- Louisiana—District Court—Total civil filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Maryland—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include estate cases from the Orphan's Court.
- Mississippi—Chancery Court—Total civil filed data include extraordinary writs.
 - —Circuit Court—Total civil filed data include extraordinary writs.
- New York—Supreme and County Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- North Carolina—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include mental health cases from District Court.
- Ohio—Court of Common Pleas—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Oregon—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include criminal appeals cases.
- Rhode Island—Superior Court—Total civil filed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- South Carolina—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Texas—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include child-victim petition cases.
 - —County-level Court—Total civil filed data include child-victim petition cases.
- Utah—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include some postconviction remedy proceedings.

- Washington—Superior Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
- West Virginia—Circuit Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings and extraordinary writs.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total civil filed data include criminal appeals cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - lowa—District Court—Total civil disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include some domestic violence cases.
 - Nebraska—District Court—Total civil filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include civil appeals cases.
 - Texas—County-level Court—Total civil disposed data include child-victim petition cases, but do not include probate/wills/intestate, guardianship/conservatorship/ trusteeship, and mental health cases, and are less than 75% complete. The court conducted 79,519 probate hearings and 24,405 mental health hearings during the year.
 - Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total civil disposed data include criminal appeals, but do not include District 1 (Milwaukee) caseload

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1993

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
ALABAMA							
Circuit	G	G	Α	52,777 B	52,105 B	99	1,697
District	L	В	В	110,341 A	121,074		3,547
Municipal	L	M	В	129,322 C	155,552 C		4,158
State Total				292,440 *	328,731 *		9,402
ALASKA							
Superior	G	В	Α	2,660 A	2,392 A	90	649
District	L	В	В	29,206 B	27,446 B	94	7,124
State Total				31,866 *	29,838 *	94	7,773
ARIZONA .							
Superior	G	D	Α	28,722	28,630	100	1,002
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	Z	В	72,705	61,643	85	2,536
Municipal	Ĺ	Z	В	215,880	204,521	95	7,531
State Total	-	-	<u>-</u>	317,307	294,794	93	11,070
ARKANSAS							
Circuit	G	Α	Α	40,906	38,184	93	2,286
City	Ĺ	A	В	10,248 B	5,410 B	53	573
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	Â	В	NA NA	NA NA		
Municipal	Ĺ	A	В	264,939 C	194,842 C	74	14,803
Police	Ĺ	Ä	В	NA NA	NA		,
State Total	_	,,	_				
CALIFORNIA							
Superior	G	В	Α	160,033 A	143,197 A	89	708
Justice	Ĺ	В	В	33,528 C	29,196 C	87	148
Municipal	Ĺ	В	В	757,470 C	706,217 C	93	3,349
State Total		В	, ,	951,031 *	878,610 *	92	4,205
COLORADO							
District, Denver Juvenile, Denver Probate	G	D	В	23,487 B	22,557 B	96	894
County	Ĺ	D	В	121,948 B	61,193 C	00	4,641
State Total	L	D	J	145,435 *	83,750 *		5,534
CONNECTICUT							
Superior	G	E	Α	138,549 C	150,775		5,536
DELAWARE							
Superior	G	В	. A	7,295 B	6,771 B	93	1,389
Alderman's	Ĺ	A	В	4,367 B	4,736 B	108	832
Court of Common Pleas	Ĺ	Ä	В	9,958 A	NA	100	1,896
Family	Ĺ	В	В	4,625	4,664	101	881
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	Ą	. B	75,359 A	75,464 A	100	14,350
Municipal Court of Wilmington	Ĺ	Â	В	16,655 C	16,766 C	101	3,171
State Total	L	^	Ď.	118,259 *	10,700 0	101	22,519
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA							
Superior	G	В	G	41,765 A	42,556 A	102	9,012
El ODIDA			,				
							4 000
	C	⊏	Δ	168 961	150 970	89	1,608
FLORIDA Circuit County	G L	E A	A B	168,961 393,498	150,970 352,959	89 90	1,608 3,744

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
GEORGIA							
Superior	G	G	Α	88,854 B	86,932 B	98	1,750
Civil	L	М	М	NA	NA		
County Recorder's	L	М	М	NA	NA SE CZZ A	70	963
Magistrate	L	В	B ·	48,879 A NA	35,677 A NA	73	903
Municipal	L L	M M	M M	NA NA	NA NA		
Municipal and City of Atlanta	L	В	A	3,211 A	3,091 A	96	63
Probate State	L	G	Â	123,705 C	104,929 C	00	2,437
State Total	_	Ü	•	,20,, 00	,		,
HAWAII							
Circuit	G	G	В	10,756	7,841	73	1,233
District	L	Α	С	40,093 A	37,549 A	94	4,595
State Total				50,849 *	45,390 *	89	5,828
IDAHO District	G	D	F	77,815	71,072	91	10,150
		J	·	77,070	11,012	•	,
ILLINOIS	G	G	Α	592,279 C	514,327 C	87	6,863
Circuit	G	G	^	592,279 C	314,327 C	07	0,000
INDIANA							
Superior and Circuit	G	В	Α	119,521 A	110,769 A	93	2,816
City and Town	L	В	F -	50,420 B	44,000 B	87	1,188
County	L	В	F	25,558	25,790 32,656	101 94	602 820
Municipal Court of Marion County State Total	L	В	F	34,791 230,290 *	213,215 *	93	5,427
IOWA							
District	G	В	Α	75,844 A	73,256 A	97	3,646
KANSAS	0	Б	6	40.040	42,830	105	2,215
District	G L	B B	C C	40,919 14,181 A	15,070 A	106	768
Municipal	L	Ь	C	55.100 *	57,900 *	105	2,983
State Total				55,100	37,300	100	2,500
KENTUCKY		_		40.040	40.000	٥٣	707
Circuit	Ģ	В	A F	19,913	18,906	95 90	6,394
District State Total	L	В	F	180,134 B 200,047 *	162,522 B 181,428 *	91	7,100
LOUISIANA				•			
District	G	Z	Α	110,395	NA		3,617
City and Parish	L	В	F	163,873	135,901	83	5,369
State Total	•			274,268			8,985
MAINE	•	_		10.001.0	0.007.0	00	1,079
Superior	G	Ė	A	10,061 C 36,930 C	9,867 C 36,019 C	98 98	3,960
District State Total	L	E	F	46,991 *	45,886 *	98	5,039
MARYLAND							
Circuit	G	В	Α	69,475 B	66,165 B	95	1,865
District	Ĺ	В	Α	198,232	215,218	109	5,323 7.188
State Total				267,707 *	281,383 *	105	7,188
MASSACHUSETTS Trial Court of the Commonwealth	G	D	В	359,188 A	263,869 C		7,776
mai Court of the Commonwealth	G	U	J	300,100 A	200,000	(d on nevt nage

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
MICHIGAN							
Circuit	G	В	Α	49,853	50,030	100	715
Recorder's Court of Detroit	G ·	В	Α	17,196	16,469	96	247
District	L.	В	В	289,606 B	283,012 B	98	4,154
Municipal	L	В	В	2,586 B	2,625 B	102	37
State Total				359,241 *	352,136 *	98	5,153
MINNESOTA							
District	G	В	В	204,049 B	201,576 B	99	6,203
MISSISSIPPI							
Circuit	G	В	В	17,553	NA		931
County	L	В	В	5,227 B	NA		277
Justice	L	В	В	NA	NA		
Municipal .	L	В	В	NA	NA		
State Total							
MISSOURI			_		100.017	400	2 504
Circuit	G	G	G	138,999	139,617	100	3,591
MONTANA			_		0.500	. 04	040
District	G	G	A	3,938	3,596	91	648
City	L	В	В	NA	NA		
Justice of the Peace	L	В	В	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	В	В	NA	NA		
State Total							
NEBRASKA	•	_		C COF D	7.060 B	107	567
District	G	В	A	6,625 B 83,327 B	7,069 B 78,963 B	95	7,134
County	L	В	F	83,327 B 89,952 *	76,963 В 86,032 *	96	7,701
State Total				89,932	60,032	90	1,701
NEVADA	•	-		7. 4	NA		1
District	G	Z	A	7 A NA	NA NA		,
Justice	L L	Z Z	B B	NA NA	NA NA		
Municipal State Total	L	۷	ь	INA	WA		
NEWLIAMBOURE							
NEW HAMPSHIRE	G	Α	Α	13,230	15,180	115	1,572
Superior District	Ĺ	Ä	В	32,581	NA		3,872
Municipal Municipal	Ĺ	Ä	В	241	NA		29
State Total	_	,,	_	46,052			5,473
NEW JERSEY							
Superior	G	В	Α	50,586	51,812	102	846
Municipal	Ĺ	В	В	365,182	357,316	98	6,104
State Total				415,768	409,128	98	6,949
NEW MEXICO							
District	G	Ε	Α	13,369	12,518	94	1,176
Magistrate	L	E	В	28,601 C	24,634 C	86	2,517
Metropolitan Ct. of Bernalillo County	L	Ε	В	97,377 B	45,317 B	47	8,569
State Total				139,347 *	82,469 *	59	

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1993 (continued)

		-	-				
State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
NEW YORK							
Supreme and County	G	E	Α	73,039	76,807	105	532
Criminal Court of the City of New York	Ĺ	Ē	D	235,952	222,595	94	1,719
District and City	L	Ē	Ď	208,904 B	201,018 B	96	1,522
Town and Village Justice	L	E	В	NA	NA		
State Total							
NORTH CAROLINA							
Superior	G	Е	Α	123,835	122,073	99	2,363
District	L	E	G	532,570 C	537,790 C	101	10,161
State Total				656,405 *	659,863 *	101	12,524
NORTH DAKOTA							
District	G	В	Α	2,299	2,007	87	497
County	L	Ε	F	22,189 A	22,280 A	100	4,794
Municipal	L	В	В	NA	NA		
State Total							
OHIO							
Court of Common Pleas	G	В	С	63,744	64,701	102	774
County	L	В	E	37,337 B	37,000 B	99	454
Mayor's	L	В	E	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	В	Ε	460,368 B	463,459 B	101	5,593
State Total							
OKLAHOMA							
District	. G	J	Α	80,940 B	72,258 B	89	3,427
OREGON							
Circuit	G	E	G	28,210 A	26,600 A	94	1,253
District	L	E	G	61,843	63,669	103	2,748
Justice	L	E	В	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	Α	В	NA	NA		
State Total							
PENNSYLVANIA						•	
Court of Common Pleas	G	В	Α	139,672 A	138,678 A	99	1,522
District Justice	L	В	В	NA	NA		
Philadelphia Municipal	L	В	В	33,516 A	35,975 A	107	365
Pittsburgh City Magistrates State Total	L	В	В	8,040 B	NA		88
ALIEDTO DIGO							
PUERTO RICO	•		_	40.450	44.040	00	4.044
Superior	G	J	В	46,452	44,610	96 06	1,914
District	L	J	В	50,770	48,623	96	2,092
State Total		•		97,222	93,233	96	4,007
RHODE ISLAND	•	_		0.000	0.50:	407	205
Superior District	G L	D	A B	6,308	6,584	104	825
LOSHICI	L	Α	D	29,092 B 35,400 *	27,798 B 34,382 *	96 97	3,804 4,628
State Total							
State Total				,			
	G	В	A	114,501	118,063	103	4,256
State Total SOUTH CAROLINA	G L	B B	A E		118,063 182,741 C	103 99	4,256 6,828
State Total SOUTH CAROLINA Circuit				114,501			

TABLE 10: Reported Total State Trial Court Criminal Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/Court name:	Jurisdiction	Unit of count	Point of filing	Total criminal filings and qualifying footnotes	Total criminal dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 adult population
SOUTH DAKOTA							
Circuit [.]	G	Α	В	28,408	25,407	89	5,606
TENNESSEE							
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	G	Z	Α	65,785 A	60,005 A	91	1,717
General Sessions	. L	М	М	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	М	М	NA	NA		
State Total							
TEXAS						•	
District	G	В	Α	173,527	172,900	100	1,351
County-level	L	В	F	476,378	391,801 A		3,708
Justice of the Peace	L	Α	В	516,012 A	400,166 A	78	4,016
Municipal	L	Α	В	737,916 A	474,149 A	64	5,743
State Total				1,903,833 *	1,439,016 *		14,818
UTAH							
District	G	J	Α	7,504 B	4,920 B	66	628
Circuit	L	В	Α	43,988 C	41,629 C	95	3,682
Justice	L	В	В	30,910 C	27,446 C	. 89	2,587
State Total				82,402 *	73,995 *	90	6,898
VERMONT							
District	G	D	С	15,899	16,339	103	3,683
Superior	G	В	Α	0	4		
State Total				15,899	16,343	103	3,683
VIRGINIA							
Circuit	G	Α	Α	112,179 B	111,030 B	99	2,288
District	Ĺ	Α	Ε	411,121 A	429,898 A	105	8,385
State Total				523,300 *	540,928 *	103	10,673
WASHINGTON							
Superior	G	D	F	29,765	28,484	96	771
District	Ĺ	Ċ	В	127,009 A	129,255 A	102	3,288
Municipal	Ē	č	В	80,222 A	93,352 A		2,077
State Total	_	Ū		236,996 *	251,091 *		6,136
WEST VIRGINIA							•
Circuit	G	J	Α	8,907	8,911	100	643
Magistrate	Ľ	Ĵ	Ë	116,505	122,776	105	8,407
Municipal	Ĺ	Ä	В	NA	NA NA	100	0,
State Total	L	^					
WISCONSIN							
·Circuit	G	D	С	92,647 A	68,529 A	74	2,506
Municipal	Ĺ	Ā	В	NA NA	13,859 A		_,
State Total		,,	۶	82,388 *	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
WYOMING							
District	G	J	Α	1,835 A	1,634 A	89	553
County	L	J	В	10,416 A	NA NA		3,140
Justice of the Peace	L	J	В	10,410 A NA	NA NA		5, , , , 5
	L	A	В	NA NA	NA NA		
Municipal State Tetal	L	^	U	14/7	147		
State Total						145	d on novt nagel

NOTE:

All state trial courts with criminal jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

- G = General Jurisdiction
- L = Limited Jurisdiction

UNIT OF COUNT CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = Single defendant—single charge
- B = Single defendant—single incident (one/more charges)
- C = Single defendant—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- D = Single defendant—one/more incidents
- E = Single defendant—content varies with prosecutor
- F = One/more defendants—single charge
- G = One/more defendants-single incident (one/more charges)
- H = One/more defendants—single incident/maximum number charges (usually two)
- J = One/more defendants—one/more incidents
- K = One/more defendants—content varies with prosecutor
- L = Inconsistent during reporting year
- Z = Both the defendant and charge components vary within the state

POINT OF FILING CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = At the filing of the information/indictment
- B = At the filing of the complaint
- C = When defendant enters plea/initial appearance
- D = When docketed
- E = At issuing of warrant
- F = At filing of information/complaint
- G = Varies (at filing of the complaint, information, indictment)

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

* See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.

- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Alabama—District Court—Total criminal filed data do not include DWI/DUI cases.
 - Alaska—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **criminal appeals** cases.
 - California—Superior Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include partial data from 14 courts.
 - Delaware—Court of Common Pleas—Total **criminal** filed data do not include most **misdemeanor** cases.
 - —Justice of the Peace Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - District of Columbia—Superior Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Georgia—Magistrate Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 19 counties, and partial data from 13 counties.
 - —Probate Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 32 of 159 counties, partial data from nine counties, and do not include **DWI/DUI** cases which are reported with **traffic/other violation** data, and are less than 75% complete.
 - Hawaii—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **misdemeanor** cases.
 - Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **criminal appeals** cases.
 - Iowa—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include some misdemeanor cases.
 - Kansas—Municipal Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include partial year data from 19 courts.
 - Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Total criminal filed data do not include some misdemeanor cases.
 - Nevada—District Court—Total criminal filed data do not include felony, misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, and miscellaneous criminal cases and are less than 75% complete.
 - North Dakota—County Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include criminal appeals and miscellaneous criminal cases.
 - Oregon—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include **criminal appeals** cases.
 - Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - —Philadelphia Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include some **misdemeanor** cases.
 - Tennessee—Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery Courts—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include miscellaneous criminal cases.
 - Texas—County-level Court—Total **criminal** disposed data do not include some **criminal appeals** cases.
 - —Justice of the Peace Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 94%.

- Virginia—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include DWI/DUI cases.
- Washington—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include cases from several districts.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include cases from several courts. Disposed data also do not include cases from Seattle Municipal Court (which handled more than half the filings statewide) and are less than 75% complete.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data do not include criminal appeals and uncontested first offense DWI/DUI cases
 - —Municipal Court—Total criminal disposed data do not include some **DWI/DU**I cases, and represent a reporting rate of 90%...
- Wyoming—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.
 - --County Court--Total **criminal** filed data do not include reopened **misdemeanor** and reopened **DWI/DUI** cases.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Circuit Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include some postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - —District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include preliminary hearing proceedings.
 - Alaska—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include some moving traffic violation cases and all ordinance violation cases.
 - Arkansas—City Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
 - Colorado—District, Denver Juvenile, and Denver Probate Courts— Total criminal filed and disposed data include extraditions, revocations, parole, and release from commitment hearings.
 - —County Court—Total criminal filed data include some preliminary hearing proceedings.
 - Delaware—Superior Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings.
 - —Alderman's Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
 - Georgia—Superior Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include all traffic/other violation cases.
 - Indiana—City and Town Courts—Total criminal filed and disposed data include some ordinance violation and some unclassified traffic cases
 - Kentucky—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases and sentence review only proceedings.
 - Maryland—Circuit Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
 - Michigan—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.

- —Municipal Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
- Minnesota—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
- Mississippi—County Court—Total criminal filed data include preliminary hearing proceedings.
- Nebraska—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **civil appeals** cases.
 - —County Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
- New Mexico—Metropolitan Court of Bernalillo County—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
- New York—District and City Courts—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Ohio—County Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Oklahoma—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases.
- Pennsylvania—Pittsburgh City Magistrates Court—Total criminal filed data include ordinance violation cases.
- Rhode Island—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include moving traffic violation and ordinance violation cases
- Utah—District Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
- Virginia—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Alabama—Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include data that were unavailable from 96 municipalities. Disposed data also do not include acquittals and nolle prosequi dispositions for **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Arkansas—Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include data from several municipalities.
 - California—Justice Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include some ordinance violation cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases and partial data from seven courts.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases, and partial data from three courts.
 - Colorado—County Court—Total **criminal** disposed data include some **preliminary hearing proceedings**, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases and data from Denver County Court.

- Connecticut—Superior Court—Total criminal filed data include ordinance violation cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Delaware—Municipal Court of Wilmington—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases and preliminary hearings, but do not include most **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Georgia—State Court—Total criminal filed data include some traffic/other violation cases, but do not include some DWI/DUI and misdemeanor cases, and data from 26 courts, and are less than 75% complete. Disposed data include some traffic/other violation cases, but do not include some DWI/DUI and misdemeanor cases, and data from 28 courts, and are less than 75% complete.
- Illinois—Circuit Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **ordinance violation** cases. Filed data do not include **DWI/DUI** cases for courts downstate; disposed data do not include any **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Maine—Superior Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include ordinance violation cases, and postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings, but do not include DWI/DUI and some criminal appeals cases.
 - —District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include **preliminary hearing proceedings** and some **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** and some **misdemeanor** cases, and are less than 75% complete.

- Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Total criminal disposed data include some moving traffic violation cases, but do not include some cases from the Boston Municipal, Juvenile, District, and Housing Court Departments.
- New Mexico—Magistrate Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **traffic** cases, but do not include some cases due to incomplete reporting by several counties.
- North Carolina—District Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **ordinance violation** cases, but do not include **DWi/DUI** cases.
- South Carolina—Magistrate Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include miscellaneous juvenile cases, but do not include **DWI/DUI** cases. (Filed data were estimated using percentages provided by the AOC.)
- Utah—Circuit Court—Total criminal filed and disposed data include postconviction remedy proceedings, but do not include some miscellaneous criminal cases.
 - —Justice Court—Total **criminal** filed and disposed data include some **moving traffic violation** cases, but represent a reporting rate of 89%.

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1993

		.	Total traffic filings and qualifying	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying	Dispositions as a percentage	Filings pe 100,000 total
State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	footnotes	footnotes	of filings_	populatio
ALABAMA						
District	L	1	238,367	213,770		5,694
Municipal	L .	1	163,245 A	108,915 A	67	3,899
State Total			401,632 *	322,685 *		9,593
ALASKA						
District	L	3	58,700 A	58,700 A	100	9,797
ARIZONA						
Justice of the Peace	L	1	356,364	356,364	100	9,054
Municipal	L	1	735,817	726,954	99	18,694
State Total			1,092,181	1,081,588	99	
ARKANSAS						
City	L	1	22,370 A	12,760 A	57	923
Municipal	L	1	414,475 A	272,919 A	66	17,096
Police	L	1	NA	NA		
State Total		i				
CALIFORNIA						
Justice	L	3	295,333 C	252,992 C	86	946
Municipal	L	3	11,566,398 C	10,450,590 C	90	37,059
State Total			11,861,731 *	10,703,582 *	90	
COLORADO						
County	L	2	368,359	210,224 C		10,330
Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
CONNECTICUT					e e	
Superior	G	6	192,721 C	201,328		5,880
DELAWARE .						
Alderman's	L	4 .	25,301 A	25,231 A	100	3,613
Court of Common Pleas	L	2	42,133 B	53,034 B		6,017
Family	L	2	451	426	94	64
Justice of the Peace	L	2	223,809	217,906	97	31,960
Municipal Court of Wilmington	L	5	26,818 C	27,162 C	101	3,830
State Total			318,512 *	323,759 *	102	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA		_	,	47 100 5	27	0.404
Superior	G	6	18,051	17,486 B	97	3,121
FLORIDA		_	0.070.050	2.642.554	0.5	00.640
County	L	5 .	3,079,353	2,612,554	85	22,512
GEORGIA	0	•	ALA	N 1A		
Superior	G	2	NA NA	NA NA		
County Recorder's	L	1	NA 45 467 A	NA 11 264 A	7.4	240
Juvenile	L	2	15,167 A	11,264 A	74	219
Magistrate	L	2	41,088 A	29,895 A	73	594
Municipal and City of Atlanta	L	1	NA	NA	٥٤	0.440
Probate	L	2	148,166 C	140,437 C	95	2,142
State	L	2	218,915 C	198,125 C		3,165
State Total						

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
HAWAII						
Circuit	G	2	581	499	86	50
District	L	4	657,732 B	602,906 B	92	56,140
State Total	£.		658,313 *	603,405 *	92	
IDAHO						
District	G	3	217,937 A	214,231 A	98	19,829
ILLINOIS						
Circuit	G	4	2,807,229 C	2,972,172 C		23,999
INDIANA						
Superior and Circuit	G	3	293,143	293,638	100	5,131
City and Town	L	3	203,284 A	186,572 A	92	3,558
County	L	4	165,307	154,205	93	2,894
Municipal Court of Marion Cour	ntv L	3	18,582	23,525	127	325
State Total	,		680,316 *	657,940 *	97	
IOWA						
District	G	3	688,990 B	963,557 B	101	24,484
KANSAS						
District	G	4	206,818 A	207,822 A	100	8,172
Municipal	L	1	444,842 A	414,965 A	93	17,578
State Total			651,660 *	622,787 *	96	
KENTUCKY						
District	L.	. 3	292,434 A	290,954 A	99	7,718
LOUISIANA						
District	G	1	282,976	NA		6,588
City and Parish	L	1	545,387	447,779	82	12,697
Justice of the Peace	L	1	NA	NA		
Mayor's	L	1	NA	NA		
State Total						
MAINE						
Superior	G	2	2,740 C	2,835 C	103	221
District	L	4	146,663 C	35,947 C	25	11,833
State Total			149,403 *	38,782 *	26	
MARYLAND						
District	L	1	884,314	822,136 A		17,811
MASSACHUSETTS						
Trial Court of the Commonweal	lth G	1	484,959 B	183,826 C		8,066
MICHIGAN						
District	L	4	2,055,246 A	1,994,046 A	97	21,685
Municipal	Ĺ	4	26,743 A	27,439 A	103	282
Probate	Ĺ	2	17,821	NA		188
State Total	L	4	2,099,810 *			
MINNESOTA						
District	G	4	1,371,679 A	1,333,695 A	97	30,364
					(cont	inued on next page)

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1993 (continued)

•	State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
							
	MISSISSIPPI Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		
	MISSOURI						
	Circuit	G	2	363,798 A	386,047 A	106	6,951
)	Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
	MONTANA						
	City	L	1	NA	NA		
	Justice of the Peace	L	1	NA	NA		
)	Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
	NEBRASKA						
	County	L	1	236,013 A	250,055 A	106	14,685
	NEVADA						
	Justice	L	1	NA	NA		
)	Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
	NEW HAMPSHIRE						
	District	L	4	160,846	NA		14,293
	Municipal State Total	L	4	1,368 162,214	NA		122
)	NEW JERSEY						
	Municipal	L	4	5,279,833	5,668,977	107	67,010
	NEW MEXICO		_			2.4	0.050
	Magistrate Metropolitan Ct. of	L	3	107,491 C	90,515 C	84	6,650
	Bernalillo County	ı	3	171,402 A	155,251 A	91	10,603
	Municipal	L	1	NA NA	NA NA	0.	10,000
	State Total						
	NEW YORK						
	Criminal Court of the	1	0	407 E20 A	04 506 4	0.0	591
	City of New York	<u>L</u>	2	107,529 A	94,596 A 869,215 A	88 100	4,777
	District and City Town and Village Justice	L L	4 1	869,215 A NA	809,215 A NA	100	4,777
	State Total	L	ı	NA	14/4		
	NORTH CAROLINA						
	District	L	6	1,155,851 C	1,167,804 C	101	16,642
	NORTH DAKOTA				•		
	District	G	4	437	NA		69
	County	L	1	58,515 A	58,515 A	100	9,216
	Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	32,954 C		
	ОНЮ						
	Court of Common Pleas	G	2	104,487	103,993	100	942
	County	L	5	177,182 A	177,117 A	100	1,597
	Mayor's	L	1	NA	NA 1.510.005.4	400	40.000
	Municipal State Total	L	5	1,517,532 A	1,518,865 A	100	13,682
	Oldio Poldi					(conti	nued on next page)

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/court name: J	urisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
OKLAHOMA			*			
District	G	2	162,595 A	161,292 A	99	5,032
Municipal Court Not of Record	. L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal Criminal Court of Recor State Total	d L	1	NA	NA		
OREGON						
District	L	1	265,023 A	283,189 A	107	8,741
Justice	L	3	· NA	NA		
Municipal	L	3	NA	NA		
State Total						
PENNSYLVANIA						
District Justice	L	4	NA	NA	100	236
Philadelphia Municipal	L	2	28,440 B	28,328 B 182,754 A	100	1,572
Philadelphia Traffic Pittsburgh City Magistrates	L L	1 4	189,418 A 360,939 A	162,754 A NA		2,996
State Total	L	4	300,535 A	IVA		2,330
PUERTO RICO						
District	L	2	68,776	66,593	97	1,899
RHODE ISLAND	_	_				
District	L	2	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1 1	NA NA	NA NA		
Administrative Adjudication State Total	L	ı	IVA	NA.		
SOUTH CAROLINA						
Family	L	2	NA	NA		
Magistrate	L	4	603,288 C	600,147 C	99	16,561
Municipal	L	4	319,746	317,014	99	8,778
State Total						
SOUTH DAKOTA		•	100.510	100 540	400	40.240
Circuit	G	3	130,542	130,542	100	18,248
TENNESSEE						
Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	G	2	NA	NA		
General Sessions	L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal State Total	L	1	NA	NA		
TEXAS		•				
County-level	L	2	20,083	94,882 B		111
Justice of the Peace	Ĺ	4	1,572,215 A	1,536,637 A	98	8,719
Municipal	Ĺ	4	5,548,630 A	4,557,998 A	82	30,772
State Total			7,140,928 *	6,189,517 *		
UTAH						
Circuit	L	4	129,127 B	128,599 B	100	6,944
Justice	L	4	204,214 A	192,412 A	94	10,982
Juvenile	L	2	1,383	1,165	84	74
State Total			334,824 *	322,176 *	96	

TABLE 11: Reported Total State Trial Court Traffic/Other Violation Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Parking	Total traffic filings and qualifying footnotes	Total traffic dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 total population
VERMONT						
District	G	2	2,348	2,593	110	408
VIRGINIA						
Circuit	G	2	NA	NA		
District	L	4	1,526,556 B	1,544,920 B	101	23,519
State Total						
WASHINGTON						
District	L	4	674,216 A	779,082 A		12,829
Municipal	, F	4	1,102,874 A	501,823 A		20,986
State Total			1,777,090 *	1,280,905 *		
WEST VIRGINIA						
Magistrate	L	2	122,195	116,713	96	6,714
Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		
State Total						
WISCONSIN						
Circuit	G	3	519,982 B	446,753 C		10,321
Municipal	L	3	NA	439,679 C		
State Total				886,432 *		
WYOMING						
County	L	1	81,958 B	92,747 B	113	17,429
Justice of the Peace	L	1	NA	NA		
Municipal	L	1	NA	NA		
State Total						

NOTE:

Parking violations are defined as part of the traffic/other violation caseload. However, states and courts within a state differ to the extent in which parking violations are processed through the courts. A code opposite the name of each court indicates the manner in which parking cases are reported by the court. Qualifying footnotes in Table 11 do not repeat the information provided by the code, and, thus, refer only to the status of the statistics on moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic, and ordinance violations. All state trial courts with traffic/other violation jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

G = General Jurisdiction

L = Limited Jurisdiction

PARKING CODES:

- 1 = Parking data are unavailable
- 2 = Court does not have parking jurisdiction
- 3 = Only contested parking cases are included
- 4 = Both contested and uncontested parking cases are included
- 5 = Parking cases are handled administratively
- 6 = Uncontested parking cases are handled administratively; contested parking cases are handled by the court

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

* See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.

- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Alabama—Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation data do not include ordinance violation cases and represent data from 161 of 257 municipalities.
 - Alaska—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include some moving traffic violation cases and all ordinance violation cases.
 - Arkansas—City Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases and are missing all data from several municipalities.
 - Delaware—Alderman's Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** cases:
 - Georgia—Juvenile Court—Total traffic/other violation filed data do not include cases from nine counties. Disposed data do not include cases from 11 counties, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —Magistrate Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include any cases from 19 counties, and partial data from 13 counties.
 - Idaho—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include parking cases.
 - Indiana—City and Town Courts—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include some ordinance violation and some unclassified traffic cases.
 - Kansas—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include juvenile traffic cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **parking** cases, and partial year data from several courts.
 - Kentucky—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
 - Maryland—District Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data do not include parking and ordinance violation cases.
 - Michigan—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation and parking
 - —Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** and **parking**
 - Minnesota—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
 - Missouri—Circuit Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include those **ordinance violation** cases heard by municipal judges.
 - Nebraska—County Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation and parking cases.
 - New Mexico—Metropolitan Court of Bernalillo County—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation and miscellaneous traffic cases, and are less than 75% complete.

- New York—Criminal Court of the City of New York—Total traffic/ other violation filed and disposed data do not include moving traffic, miscellaneous traffic, and some ordinance violation cases and are less than 75% complete.
 - —District and City Courts—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
- North Dakota—County Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include **ordinance violation** and **parking** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- Ohio—County Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
 - —Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
- Oklahoma—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
- Oregon—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include parking cases.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia Traffic Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include ordinance violation, parking, and miscellaneous traffic cases, and are less than 75% complete.
 - —Pittsburgh City Magistrates Court—Total traffic/ other violation filed data do not include ordinance violation cases.
- Texas—Justice of the Peace Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 90%.
 - —Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data represent a reporting rate of 94%.
- Utah—Justice Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data do not include some moving traffic violation cases, and represent a reporting rate of 89%.
- Washington—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include cases from several districts.
 - —Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data do not include cases from several courts. Disposed data also do not include cases from Seattle Municipal Court, which handled more than one-half of the total case filings for the municipal courts statewide. Disposed data are therefore less than 75% complete.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Alabama—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Delaware—Court of Common Pleas—Total traffic/other violation filed data include most misdemeanor cases. Disposed data include all felony and misdemeanor cases.
 - District of Columbia—Superior Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Hawaii—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include some **misdemeanor** cases.
 - lowa—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include some misdemeanor cases.

- Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Total traffic/ other violation filed data include some misdemeanor cases.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include miscellaneous domestic relations and some misdemeanor cases.
- Texas—County-level Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data include some criminal appeals cases.
- Utah—Circuit Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include some miscellaneous criminal cases.
- Virginia—District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total traffic/other violation filed data include uncontested first offense **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Wyoming—County Court—Total traffic/other violation filed data include reopened misdemeanor and reopened DWI/DUI cases. Disposed data include all misdemeanor and all DWI/DUI cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - California—Justice Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include some **ordinance violation** cases and partial data from seven courts.
 - —Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include some **ordinance violation** cases, and partial data from three courts.
 - Colorado—County Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data include DWI/DUI cases, but do not include data from Denver County Court.
 - Connecticut—Superior Court—Total traffic/other violation filed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include **ordinance** violation cases.
 - Delaware—Municipal Court of Wilmington—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include most DWI/DUI cases, but do not include ordinance violation cases.
 - Georgia—Probate Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include data from 32 of 159 counties, partial data from nine counties, and are less than 75% complete.

- —State Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include some **DWI/DUI** and **misdemeanor** cases, but filed data do not include cases from 22 of 62 courts, and are less than 75% complete. Disposed data do not include cases from 23 courts.
- Illinois—Circuit Court—Total traffic/other violation filed data include some DWI/DUI cases, but do not include some ordinance violation cases. Disposed data include all DWI/DUI cases, but do not include some ordinance violation cases.
- Maine—Superior Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** and some **criminal appeals** cases, but do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- —District Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include DWI/DUI and some misdemeanor cases, but do not include some ordinance violation cases. Disposed data also do not include cases disposed by the District Court Violations Bureau (DCVB).
- Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Total traffic/ other violation disposed data include some misdemeanor cases, but do not include ordinance violation and most moving traffic cases.
- New Mexico—Magistrate Court—Total traffic/other violation data include some DWI/DUI cases, but do not include some cases reported with criminal data and other cases due to incomplete reporting.
- North Carolina—District Court—Total **traffic/other violation** filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include some **ordinance violation** cases.
- North Dakota—Municipal Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include **ordinance violation** and **parking** cases, and are less than 75% complete.
- South Carolina—Magistrate Court—Total traffic/other violation filed and disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include **ordinance violation** cases.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total **traffic/other violation** disposed data include some **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include cases from District 1 (Milwaukee).
 - —Municipal Court—Total traffic/other violation disposed data include **DWI/DUI** cases, and represent a reporting rate of 90%.

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1993

State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
ALABAMA Circuit District State Total	G L	A A	21,482 29,987 51,469	20,534 27,374 47,908	96 91 93	1,996 2,786
ALASKA Superior District State Total	G L	C I	1,878 90 1,968	1,415 68 1,483	75 76 75	993 48
ARIZONA Superior	G	С	17,036	16,675	98	1,593
ARKANSAS Chancery and Probate	G	С	15,901	16,199	102	2,505
CALIFORNIA Superior	G	С	134,047 A	114,395 A	85	1,560
COLORADO District, Denver Juvenile, Denver Probate	G	Α	22,117	17,372	79	2,358
CONNECTICUT Superior	G	F	14,836	14,178	96	1,915
DELAWARE Family	L	С	9,841 A	9,943 A		5,620
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Superior	G	В	6,728	7,892	117	5,850
FLORIDA Circuit	G	Α	121,261	77,911	64	3,826
GEORGIA · Juvenile	L	Α	85,152 A	62,719 A	74	4,626
HAWAII Circuit	G	F	27,005	25,331	94	9,031
IDAHO District	G	С	12,684	12,126	96	3,815
ILLINOIS Circuit	G	С	40,238	37,570	93	1,312
INDIANA Probate Superior and Circuit State Total	G G	C C	803 B 34,419 B 35,222 *	805 B 33,774 B 34,579 *	100 98 98	55 2,343
IOWA District	G	Α	8,606	NA		1,172
KANSAS District	G	С	16,728 B	16,039 B	96	2,446

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
KENTUCKY						
District	Ĺ	С	49,865 B	41,515 B	83	5,134
LOUISIANA						
District	G	С	8,544	NA		687
Family and Juvenile	G	С	19,234	· 17,773	92	1,547
City and Parish	L	С	9,515	7,384	78	765
State Total			37,293			
MAINE						
District	L	С	5,219	4,937	95	1,700
MARYLAND						
Circuit	G	С	37,631	34,949	93	3,033
District	L	Č	5,490	5,429	99	443
State Total	_	J	43,121	40,378	94	
			70,121	-U,570	34	
MASSACHUSETTS		•	40.000	40.544.0		0.040
Trial Court of the Commonwealth	n G	С	46,228	16,544 C		3,319
MICHIGAN						
Probate	L	С	72,675	NA		2,900
MINNESOTA						
District	G	С	45,795	42,373	93	3,730
MISSISSIPPI						
Chancery	G	С	4,096	NA		541
County	L	С	10,129	NA		1,337
Family	L	C	964 B	NA		127
State Total	_	_	15,189 *			
MISSOURI						
Circuit	G	С	21,188	20,693	98	1,554
MONTANA						•
District	G ·	С	1,579	1,391	88	681
NÉBRASKA County	L	C	5,307	4,930	93	1,209
Separate Juvenile	Ĺ	C	3,483	NA	- -	793
State Total		•	8,790			
NEVADA						
District	G	C	NA	NA		
NEW HAMPSHIRE						
District	L	С	8,146	NA		2,870
District	L	J	0,170	14/3		2,010
NEW JERSEY						
Superior	G	F	100,097	102,111	102	5,278
NEW MEXICO						
District	G	С	10,441	9,989	96	2,175
NEW YORK						
Family	L	С	56,016	60,099	107	1,254
•						
					/4!	nuad on novt na

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
NORTH CAROLINA District	L	С	33,949	34,230	101	1,992
NORTH DAKOTA District	G	С	10,467	11,182 B		6,082
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	G	E	143,257	140,254	98	5,010
OKLAHOMA District	G	G	9,598	8,010	83	1,104
OREGON Circuit	G	С	18,976	· NA		2,429
PENNSYLVANIA Court of Common Pleas	G	F	63,044	61,791	98	2,195
PUERTO RICO Superior	G	С	11,859	9,842	83	
RHODE ISLAND Family	L	С	9,074	8,184	90	3,859
SOUTH CAROLINA Family Magistrate State Total	L L	C	20,170 B NA	19,416 B NA	96	2,118
SOUTH DAKOTA Circuit	G	В	5,345	NA		2,561
TENNESSEE General Sessions Juvenile State Total	L L	В В	NA 70,662	NA 89,444 B		5,572
TEXAS District County-level State Total	G L	C C	18,199 A 4,403 A 22,602 *	18,372 A 4,179 A 22,551 *	101 95 100	351 85
UTAH Juvenile	L	С	48,858	28,555	58	7,347
VERMONT Family	G	С	2,228	2,206	99	1,548
VIRGINIA District	L	С	127,826 B	122,366 B	96	8,051
WASHINGTON Superior	G	Α	29,532	23,522	80	2,120
WEST VIRGINIA Circuit	G	С	7,113	6,786	95	1,638

TABLE 12: Reported Total State Trial Court Juvenile Caseload, 1993 (continued)

State/court name:	Jurisdiction	Point of filing	Total juvenile filings and qualifying footnotes	Total juvenile dispositions and qualifying footnotes	Dispositions as a percentage of filings	Filings per 100,000 juvenile population
WISCONSIN Circuit	G	С	46,960	30,700 A		3,500
WYOMING District	G	С	1,854 A	1,852 A	100	1,339

NOTE: All state trial courts with juvenile jurisdiction are listed in the table regardless of whether caseload data are available. Blank spaces in the table indicate that a particular calculation, such as the total state caseload, is not appropriate. State total "filings per 100,000 population" may not equal the sum of the filing rates for the individual courts due to rounding.

NA = Data are not available.

JURISDICTION CODES:

- G = General Jurisdiction
- L = Limited Jurisdiction

POINT OF FILING CODES:

- M = Missing data
- I = Data element is inapplicable
- A = Filing of complaint
- B = At initial hearing (intake)
- C = Filing of petition
- E = Issuance of warrant
- F = At referral
- G = Varies

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

The absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that data are complete.

- * See the qualifying footnote for each court within the state. Each footnote has an effect on the state's total.
- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - California—Superior Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include partial data from 14 courts.
 - Delaware—Family Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include **status offense** cases.
 - Georgia—Juvenile Court—Total **juvenile** filed data do not include cases from nine counties. Disposed data do not include cases from 11 counties.

- Texas—District Court—Total juvenile filed and disposed data do not include child-victim petition cases.
 - —County-level Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include **child-victim petition** cases and are less than 75% complete.
- Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Total **juvenile** disposed data do not include cases from District 1 (Milwaukee).
- Wyoming—District Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data do not include cases from one county that did not report.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Indiana—Probate Court—Total juvenile filed and disposed data include miscellaneous domestic relations cases.
 - —Superior and Circuit Courts—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data include some **support/custody** cases.
 - Kansas—District Court—Total juvenile filed and disposed data include juvenile traffic/other violation cases.
 - Kentucky—District Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data include **paternity** cases.
 - Mississippi—Family Court—Total juvenile filed data include adoption and paternity cases.
 - North Dakota—District Court—Total juvenile disposed data include traffic/other violation cases.
 - South Carolina—Family Court—Total juvenile filed and disposed data include traffic/other violation cases.
 - Tennessee—Juvenile Court—Total juvenile disposed data are somewhat inflated. Disposed data are counted by number of actions rather than number of referrals. Data for this court are for 1992.
 - Virginia—District Court—Total **juvenile** filed and disposed data include some **domestic relations** cases.
- C: The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Total **juvenile** disposed data include juvenile **traffic** cases from the District Court Department, but do not include most cases from the Juvenile Court Department and some cases from the District Court Department, and are less than 75% complete.

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993

		<u>-</u>		Number	r of filings and	d qualifying f	ootnotes			
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
	States with	one court o	f last resort	and one into	ermediate a _l	ppellate cou	rt			
ALASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	320 467	334 446	318 505	368 469	363 435	342 404	347 429	356 454	315 383	365 411
ARIZONA										
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	105 A 2,753	81 A 2,843	118 A 3,352	116 A 3,451	112 A 3,902	159 A 3,858	92 4,491	100 4,746	83 4,603	94 3,722
ARKANSAS Supreme Court	479 C	439 C	411 C	459 C	400 C	443 C	482 C	534 C	512 C	514 C
Court of Appeals	855	846	951	949	899	1,079	1,096	1,200	1,021	1,129
CALIFORNIA Supreme Court Courts of Appeal	222 A 10,118	284 A 10,252	236 A 10,035	315 A 9,985	319 A 10,954	380 A 11,542	522 13,012	31 13,024	36 14,763	38 14,308
COLORADO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	256 1,580	200 1,626	205 1,862	214 1,930	197 1,946	205 2,012	228 2,269	202 2,147	198 2,201	170 2,209
CONNECTICUT Supreme Court Appellate Court	NA 1,362 B	NA 934 B	NA 953 B	58 945	86 995	274 985	281 1,107	302 1,091	254 1,127	158 1,164
FLORIDA Supreme Court District Cts. of Appeal	587 11,770	597 12,262	629 13,502	581 13,861	510 14,195	642 13,924	617 14,386	662 15,670	649 16,492	706 15,799
GEORGIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	663 B 2,070 B	692 B 1,946 B	616 B 2,666 B	640 B 2,071 B	639 B 2306 B	674 B 2,361 B	690 2,384	696 2,265	706 2,455	613 2,601
HAWAII Supreme Court Intermediate Ct. of App.	471 B 101	496 B 132	604 B 132	616 B 134	715 B 120	650 B 140	489 138	688 123	541 253	916 311
IDAHO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	349 B 146	348 B 149	288 B 174	289 B 181	382 B 227	366 B 221	349 B 215	398 B 224	400 B 308	398 B 239
ILLINOIS Supreme Court Appellate Court	118 7,134 B	167 7,611 B	218 7,550 B	176 7,954 B	275 8,119 B	153 8,139 B	199 8,191 B	182 8,785 B	860 9,126 B	
IOWA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA 569	NA 730	1,528 552	877 B 618	801 B 728	1,303 678	1,211 743	1,355 654	1,398 684	1,324 673
KANSAS Supreme Court Court of Appeals	169 1,041 B	177 1,087 B	189 1,131 B	214 1,127 B	347 1,176 B	179 1,154 B	165 1,201 B	147 1 <u>,</u> 297 B	184 1,389 B	201 1,488 B
KENTUCKY Supreme Court Court of Appeals	221 2,725	282 3,156	· 251 2,769	261 2,691	258 2,665	304 2,712	281 2,569	357 2,882	316 3,040	289 2,924

Number of dispositions and	qualifying footnotes

	Number of dispositions and qualifying footnotes											
1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993			
347	287	355	291	394	298	349	306	405	303			
449	406	589	429	403	431	387	389	457	440			
111 A	87 A	70 A	86 A	79 A	133 A	162	122	97	88			
2,598	2,953	3,445	3,372	3,240	3,478	3,659	4,095	4,026	4,815			
448 C	451 C	404 C	416 C	457 C	421 C	448 C	508 C	512	506 C			
827	895	840	983	827	978	1,016	1,199	1,126	1,064			
NA	NA	NA	73 A	101 A	46 A	20 A	28	26	25			
NA	NA	NA	10,669	10,577	13,886	14,584	12,880	16,688	14,574			
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
1,411	1,396	1,590	1,602	2,028	2,193	2,105	2,192	2,335	2,269			
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	296	285	301	230	255			
568 B	877 B	1,055 B	893	1,026	1,135	1,107	1,067	1,017	1,033			
530	639	644	548	534	580	595	655	655	681			
11,941	12,540	12,847	13,591	13,559	14,073	14,503	15,994	15,766	15,766			
NA 2,090 B	NA NA	NA NA	NA 1,961 B	NA 1,986 B	NA 1,918 B	502 1,535	649 1,886	776 2,498	679 2,695			
454 B	516 B	691 B	579 B	609 B	749 B	565	614	774	599			
125	105	132	142	129	138	120	126	171	132			
352 B	333 B	359 B	295 B	332 B	347 B	369 B	397 B	399 B	416 B			
175	282	174	174	162	231	204	260	277	268			
309	152	207	152	292	191	185	137	879	839			
6,891 B	6,961 B	7,007 B	7,451 B	7,648 B	7,722 B	7,951 B	8,387 B	8,481 B	8,746 B			
846 B	868 B	933 B	944 B	899 B	970 B	947 B	1,110	1,145	1,207			
532	637	589	578	669	799	662	682	696	660			
343	344	331	333	459	290	267	291	272	298			
1,045 B	989 B	1,106 B	1,143 B	1,174 B	1,218 B	1,152 B	1,165 B	1,291	1,353			
280	259	253	271	302	305	278	324	316	297			
2,696	2,757	2,661	2,304	2,243	2,438	2,463	2,347	2,836	2,841			

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes									
State/Court name:	1984	1985_	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991_	1992	1993
LOUISIANA Supreme Court Courts of Appeal	147 B 3,870 B	79 B 3,578 B	112 3,695	135 3,846	124 3,967	108 3,562	82 3,835	106 3,782	157 4,008	175 4,007
MARYLAND Court of Appeals Court of Spec. Appeals	220 B 1,777	218 B 1,642	238 B 1,644	233 B 1,714	242 B 1,754	205 B 1,841	261 2,006	259 2,035	222 1,956	253 2,031
MASSACHUSETTS Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court	141 1,375 B	129 1,301 B	86 1,352 B	72 1,434 B	96 1,394 B	75 1,451 B	86 1,568	81 1,527	90 1,871	93 1,814
MICHIGAN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	5 4,796	3 5,187	4 NA	5 8,186 B	4 8,559 B	4 10,951 B	2 12,340 B	2 11,825 B	5 10,159 B	2 9,270 B
MINNESOTA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA NA	NA NA	175 1,767	241 1,924	271 2,065	248 1,772	282 2,157	269 1,828	229 2,314	222 2,337
MISSOURI Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA 2,852	NA 3,166	NA 3,147	NA 3,055	219 3,315	227 3,659	247 3,565	371 3,706	257 3,826	291 4,032
NEBRASKA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,002 B NC	997 B NC	1,014 B NC	1,196 B NC	1,103 B NC	1,497 B NC	1,207 B NC	834 B NC	40 B 2,041	. 32 B 1,103
NEW JERSEY Supreme Court App. Div. of Super. Ct.	368 6,224 B	227 6,037 B	236 6,106 B	349 6,277 B	357 6,458 B	413 6,492 B	387 7,007	501 6,569	407 6,871	389 6,712
NEW MEXICO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	322 572	303 662	325 671	320 604	296 648	368 777	297 797	310 768	232 756	236 778
NORTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	230 1,314 B	222 1,375 B	249 1,381 B	182 1,265 B	147 1,351 B	109 1,378 B	116 1,408	137 1,325	112 1,304	120 1,329
NORTH DAKOTA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	370 NC	338 NC	377 NC	382 NC	367 9	397 0	429 13	456 0	377 14	403 6
OHIO Supreme Court Court of Appeals	338 9,383	442 9,522	491 9,683	422 9,983	500 10,005	535 10,771	685 10,721	592 11,031	581 11,377	705 11,010
OREGON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	205 3,828	180 3,981	145 4,146	176 4,305	192 3,739	217 3,795	194 4,584	197 5,123	230 5,102	172 4,410
SOUTH CAROLINA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	479 404	451 391	519 351	511 440	624 307	463 448	602 370	339 425	587 383	417 585

Number	of dispositions and qualify	ing footnotes
Number	JI UISDOSIIIOIIS AIIU UUAIIIY	iniq iootiiotes

NA NA 3,944 3,380 3,429 3,646 3,517 3,745 4,361 4,297 230 B 232 B 188 B 222 B 183 B 221 B 244 243 240 222 1,877 1,807 1,552 1,777 1,762 1,811 1,808 1,824 2,019 2,047 NA N					or disposition		v	4654	4000	4000
NA NA 3,944 3,380 3,429 3,646 3,517 3,745 4,361 4,297 230 B 232 B 188 B 222 B 183 B 221 B 244 243 240 222 1,877 1,807 1,552 1,777 1,762 1,811 1,808 1,824 2,019 2,047 NA N	1984	1985	1986	_1987_	1988	_1989_	1990	1991	1992	1993
NA NA 3,944 3,380 3,429 3,646 3,517 3,745 4,361 4,297 230 B 232 B 188 B 222 B 183 B 221 B 244 243 240 222 1,877 1,807 1,552 1,777 1,762 1,811 1,808 1,824 2,019 2,047 NA N										
230 B 232 B 188 B 222 B 183 B 221 B 244 243 240 222 1,877 1,807 1,552 1,777 1,762 1,811 1,808 1,824 2,019 2,047 NA N	NA	NA	71	123	134		95			
1,877 1,807 1,552 1,777 1,762 1,811 1,808 1,824 2,019 2,047 NA NA </td <td>NA</td> <td>NA</td> <td>3,944</td> <td>3,380</td> <td>3,429</td> <td>3,646</td> <td>3,517</td> <td>3,745</td> <td>4,361</td> <td>4,297</td>	NA	NA	3,944	3,380	3,429	3,646	3,517	3,745	4,361	4,297
1,877 1,807 1,552 1,777 1,762 1,811 1,808 1,824 2,019 2,047 NA NA </td <td>230 B</td> <td>232 B</td> <td>188 B</td> <td>222 B</td> <td>183 B</td> <td>221 R</td> <td>244</td> <td>243</td> <td>240</td> <td>222</td>	230 B	232 B	188 B	222 B	183 B	221 R	244	243	240	222
NA NA NA NA NA 1,171 1,450 1,214 1,763 NA										
NA NA NA NA NA 1,171 1,450 1,214 1,763 NA	NA	NIA	NΙΔ	NIA	NΙΔ	NΛ	NΛ	NΙΔ	NΛ	NΔ
NA N										
NA N	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA NA 1,848 1,916 1,949 1,872 2,042 1,818 2,252 2,409 NA NA NA NA 222 227 267 376 258 283 3,159 3,177 3,206 3,259 3,145 3,331 3,568 3,440 3,641 3,786 NA NA NA NA 964 B 1,094 B 1,277 B 1,022 B 1,420 B 634 B 429 NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC 886 1,159 408 251 237 381 349 383 401 556 425 391 6,262 B 6,056 B 6,611 B 6,400 B 6,494 B 6,531 B 6,284 6,770 6,445 6,601 NA NA NA NA 365 A 313										
NA NA 1,848 1,916 1,949 1,872 2,042 1,818 2,252 2,409 NA NA NA NA 222 227 267 376 258 283 3,159 3,177 3,206 3,259 3,145 3,331 3,568 3,440 3,641 3,786 NA NA NA NA 964 B 1,094 B 1,277 B 1,022 B 1,420 B 634 B 429 NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC 886 1,159 408 251 237 381 349 383 401 556 425 391 6,262 B 6,056 B 6,611 B 6,490 B 6,531 B 6,284 6,770 6,445 6,601 NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA<	NΑ	NΑ	157	204	250	242	260	219	238	231
3,159 3,177 3,206 3,259 3,145 3,331 3,568 3,440 3,641 3,786 NA NA NA NA 964 B 1,094 B 1,277 B 1,022 B 1,420 B 634 B 429 NC										
3,159 3,177 3,206 3,259 3,145 3,331 3,568 3,440 3,641 3,786 NA NA NA NA 964 B 1,094 B 1,277 B 1,022 B 1,420 B 634 B 429 NC	NA	NA	NA	NA	222	227	267	376	258	283
NC 886 1,159 408 251 237 381 349 383 401 556 425 391 6,262 B 6,056 B 6,611 B 6,400 B 6,494 B 6,531 B 6,284 6,770 6,445 6,601 NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA 196 NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA 196 NA NA NA 853 B 690 B 741 B 763 B 771 751 NA 219 183 245 192 213 95 102 119 128 89 1,412 B 1,464 B 1,626 B 1,310 B 1,188 <td></td>										
NC 886 1,159 408 251 237 381 349 383 401 556 425 391 6,262 B 6,056 B 6,611 B 6,400 B 6,494 B 6,531 B 6,284 6,770 6,445 6,601 NA NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA 196 NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA 196 NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA 196 NA NA NA 853 B 690 B 741 B 763 B 771 751 NA 1412 B 1,412 B 1,626 B 1,310 B	NA	NA	NA	964 B	1,094 B	1,277 B	1,022 B	1,420 B	634 B	429 B
6,262 B 6,056 B 6,611 B 6,400 B 6,494 B 6,531 B 6,284 6,770 6,445 6,601 NA NA NA NA NA NA 365 A 313 386 NA 196 NA	NC	NC	NC	NC		NC	NC	NC	886	1,159
NA N	408	251	237	381	349	383	401	556	425	391
NA NA NA NA NA NA Section 1 Section 2 NA NA NA 196 NA	6,262 B	6,056 B	6,611 B	6,400 B	6,494 B	6,531 B		6,770	6,445	6,601
219		NA	NA				313		NA	196
1,412 B 1,464 B 1,626 B 1,310 B 1,272 B 1,188 B 1,366 1,414 1,099 1,158 331 335 NC 357 357 405 381 439 408 414 382 NC NC NC NC NC NC 13 0 7 6 8 7 7 6 8 7 320 383 414 380 462 457 531 648 627 594 9,124 9,491 9,296 9,393 9,668 9,871 10,928 11,569 11,944 11,325 390 B 296 B 262 B 313 B 322 B 301 B 271 B 257 B 403 290 3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	NA	NA	NA	853 B	690 B	741 B	763 B	771	751	NA
331 335 357 357 405 381 439 408 414 382 NC NC NC NC NC 13 0 7 6 8 7 320 383 414 380 462 457 531 648 627 594 9,124 9,491 9,296 9,393 9,668 9,871 10,928 11,569 11,944 11,325 390 B 296 B 262 B 313 B 322 B 301 B 271 B 257 B 403 290 3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	219	183				95	102		128	
NC NC NC NC 13 0 7 6 8 7 320 383 414 380 462 457 531 648 627 594 9,124 9,491 9,296 9,393 9,668 9,871 10,928 11,569 11,944 11,325 390 B 296 B 262 B 313 B 322 B 301 B 271 B 257 B 403 290 3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	1,412 B	1,464 B	1,626 B	1,310 B	1,272 B	1,188 B	1,366	1,414	1,099	1,158
320 383 414 380 462 457 531 648 627 594 9,124 9,491 9,296 9,393 9,668 9,871 10,928 11,569 11,944 11,325 390 B 296 B 262 B 313 B 322 B 301 B 271 B 257 B 403 290 3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	331	335	357	357	405	381	439		414	382
9,124 9,491 9,296 9,393 9,668 9,871 10,928 11,569 11,944 11,325 390 B 296 B 262 B 313 B 322 B 301 B 271 B 257 B 403 290 3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	ŅC	NC	NC	NC	13	0	7	. 6	8	· 7
390 B 296 B 262 B 313 B 322 B 301 B 271 B 257 B 403 290 3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	320	383	414	380	462	457	531	648	627	594
3,759 3,784 4,014 4,232 3,985 3,601 3,725 4,558 5,060 5,625 NA NA NA S96 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	9,124	9,491	9,296	9,393	9,668	9,871	10,928	11,569	11,944	11,325
NA NA NA 596 B 385 B 537 B 537 B 560 B 544 B 572	390 B	296 B	262 B		322 B					290 B
	3,759	3,784	4,014	4,232	3,985	3,601	3,725	4,558	5,060	5,625
	NA	NA	NA	596 B	385 B	537 B	537 B	560 B	544 B	
441 000 014 000 001 011 001 011 120 002	441	398	374	368	367	377	367	374	420	602

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes										
State/Court name:	1984_	1985_	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990_	1991	1992	1993	
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals	640 NA	628 NA	623 NA	474 560 A	443 721	498 764	566 629	553 755	553 865	592 830	
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA NC	NA 538	NA 419	NA 422	NA 455	NA 443	13 464	20 490	63 678	82 600	
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	228 B 2,866	194 B 3,270	162 B 3,535	135 B 3,238	123 B 3,157	101 B 3,222	148 B 3,653	137 B 3,789	126 B 3,693	146 B 3,396	
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	98 2,239	91 2,358	NA 2,053	NA 2,185	NA 2,147	NA 2,355	NA 2,853 B	NA 2,970 B	N A 3,187	NA 3,290	
	States with	no intermedi	iate appellat	e court							
DELAWARE Supreme Court	331 B	406 B	417 B	397 B	473 B	517 B -	483 B	473 B	530	542 B	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	1,810 B	1,770 B	1,556 B	1,500	1,624	1,515	1,650	1,567	1,643	1,724	
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	61 A	NA	59 A	631 C	528 C	540 C	622 C	646 C	569 C	654 C	
MISSISSIPPI Supreme Court	838	815	1,010	891	919	773	961	912	1,025	1,113	
MONTANA Supreme Court	NA	NA	566 A	546 A	597 A	627 B	633 A	636 A	533 A	521 A	
NEVADA Supreme Court	799 B	777	853	856	991	997	1,089	1,080	1,129	1,138	
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ŅA	NA	NA	
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	409	403	389	323	410	455	465	445	413	449	
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	NA	358 B	363 B	422 B	428 B	387 B	403 B	366 B	354 B	386 B	
VERMONT Supreme Court	623	575	550	538	620	619	590	542	610	622	
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
WYOMING Supreme Court	331	306	342	320	357	321	314	301	302	306	

Number of dispositions and	avalifying footpotos
number of dispositions and	dualitying tootnotes

1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
NA	NA	NA	521 B	617 B	642 B	556 B	560 B	675 B	718
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	785 B	691 B	725 B	799	847
NA	ŃΑ	. NA	NA	NA	NA	13	13	58	66
NC	216	476	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA	NA *
176 B	184 B	209 B	148 B	154 B	127 B	139 B	159 B	136 B	131 B
2,724	2,994	3,238	3,870	3,289	2,902	3,086	2,991	3,493	3,350
NA 2 222	NA 0.504	NA 0.470	NA 0.000	NA 0.000	NA 0.444	NA 0.040	NA 2.055	NA 0.040	NA a ass
2,223	2,501	2,178	2,206	2,368	2,414	2,612	2,955	2,942	3,226
354 B	373 B	415 B	419 B	407 B	480 B	553 B	439 B	549	552
1,510 B	1,568 B	1,568 B	1,595	1,602	1,598	1,798	1,727	1,474	1,655
494 A	506 A	521 A	495 A	507 C	517 C	618 C	590 C	571 C	544 C
637	853	912	831	793	840	944	922	872	718
037	633	312	651	793	040	344	3 22	072	710
NA	. NA	355	NA	NA	618 B	624	578 A	437 A	441
788	867	854	1,013	922	1,047	1,057	1,035	987	943
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
447	393	478	402	403	396	476	472	421	400
NA	NA	NA	NA	463 B	484 B	434 B	428 B	341 B	425 B
NA.	19/3	19/3		403 B		404 B	420 B	041 B	420 D
532 B	506	535	527	593	624	685	656	612	673
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
250	347	327	302	334	363	287	300	331	306
							(cc	ontinued on r	next page)

TABLE 13: Mandatory Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes										
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
;	States with r	nultiple app	ellate court	s at any leve	el						
ALABAMA										4.044	
Supreme Court	745	798	827	998	829	908	998	1,000	1,274	1,241 830	
Court of Civil Appeals	532	548	530	584	529	556	651	770	738		
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,400	1,520	1,537	1,695	1,784	2,132	2,042	1,953	2,027	2,094	
INDIANA										004	
Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	409	NA	336	199	210	154	231	
Court of Appeals	1,150 B	1,037 B	1,073 B	1,149 B	1,222 B	1,516	1,966	1,779	1,752	1,872	
Tax Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	69	69	101	
NEW YORK											
Court of Appeals	NA	NA	680	409	324	330	302	289	280	NA	
App. Div. of Sup. Ct.	NA	135 C	NA	9,205 B	10,740 B	11,338 B	10,577 B	10,339 B	11,187 B	10,236 B	
Appellate Terms of Sup. Ct.	NA	NA	NA	2,208 B	2,192 B	2,461 B	2,245 B	2,201 B	2,092 B	2,502 B	
OKLAHOMA											
Supreme Court	789	1,128	788	1,105	809	862	1,033	732	1,509	1,458	
Court of Appeals	788	635	971	931	1,362	1,373	1,323	1,184	1,143	1,495	
Court of Criminal Appeals	502	NA	NA	980 B	1,046 B	1,192 B	1,445 B	1,244 B	1,268	1,268	
PENNSYLVANIA											
Supreme Court	268	142	92	80	121	94	225	97	270	289	
Commonwealth Court	4,012	3,554	3,737 A	3,030 A	3,164 A	3,115 A	3,491 A	3,774 A	3,571 A	4,208 A	
Superior Court	5,793 B	5,878 B	5,989 B	6,137 B	6,439 B	6,040 B	6,291	6,743	7,121	6,964	
TENNESSEE											
Supreme Court	216	139	146	170	161	161	107	192	239	271	
Court of Appeals	951	999	1,173	1,003	889	889	980	961	1,046	1,050	
Court of Criminal Appeals	868 B	850 B	885 B	811 B	994	994	1,002	899	1,007	1,007	
TEXAS											
Supreme Court	0	1	2	3	3	3	3	2	7	2	
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,959	1,998	2,221	2,450	3,578	3,504	2,281	2,189	2,751	2,870	
Courts of Appeals	7,386	7,954	7,832	7,857	8,250	8,813	8,062	8,563	10,722	9,420	

Number of dispositions and	qualifying footpotes
Number of dispositions and	qualitying tootholes

			11011100	or diopositio	110 4110	.,			
1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991_	1992_	1993_
NA	797	940	1,017	994	620	569	750	1,181	1,277
536	516	548	518	576	528	641	673	691	761
1,480	1,424	1,745	1,819	1,774	1,927	1,904	2,243	2,127	2,110
357	359	470	384	380	418	259	245	160	228
1.137 B	1.062 B	1,116 B	1,130 B	1,137 B	1,334	1,657	2,162	1,744	1,592
NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	43	43	77
391	401	350	369	369	295	287	293	306	296
NA NA	135 C	NA	13,392 B	13,225 B	14,534 B		12,885 B		12,475 B
NA	NA			2,124 B			2,235 B		1,998 B
	*		_,	,			·		
229 A	149 A	174 A	813 B	852 B	NA	NA	NA	1,841	1,700
801	693	856	728	1,215	1,337	1,038	1,123	1,399	1,260
645	404	536	626	693	773	774	814	1,320	1,388
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	441	304
NA	NA.	NA		4,392 B	3,973 B	3,519 B			3,837 B
5,908 B	8,355 B		6,253 B	6,416 B	6,218 B				
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,010	1,010	1,330	1,033	1,015 B	1,015 B	924	932	954	1,069
851 B	891 B	946 B	747 B	794 B	794 B	843 B	923 B	1,101	863
			· -					•	
0	1	2	3	3	1	3	2	6	3
2,237	2,084	•	2,448		3,806	2,487	2,273	2,482	2,723
8,274	7,981	8,161	7,824	7,984	8,416	8,134	8,091	9,281	9,654
	*						/-	ontinuad on	novt nago)

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

- NA = Indicates that the data are unavailable.
- NC = Indicates that the court did not exist during that year.
- NJ = Indicates that the court does not have jurisdiction.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

An absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that the data are complete.

- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Arizona—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1989 do not include mandatory judge disciplinary cases.
 - California—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1989 do not include judge disciplinary cases.
 - Maine—Supreme Judicial Court—Filed data for 1984-1986 and 1984-1987 disposed data do not include mandatory disciplinary and advisory opinion cases.
 - Montana—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1989 do not include advisory opinions and some original proceedings. Data for 1991-1993 do not include administrative agency, advisory opinions, and original proceedings.
 - New Mexico—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1989 do not include **criminal** or **administrative agency** cases.
 - Oklahoma—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1984-1986 do not include mandatory appeals of final judgments, mandatory disciplinary cases and mandatory interlocutory decisions.
 - Pennsylvania—Commonwealth Court—Filed data for 1986-1989 do not include transfers from the Superior Court and Court of Common Pleas. Filed data for 1990-1993 also do not include some original proceeding and some administrative agency appeals.
 - Utah—Court of Appeals—Filed data for 1987 represent an 11month reporting period.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Connecticut—Appellate Court—Data for 1984-1986 include a few discretionary petitions that were granted review.
 - Delaware—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1991 include some discretionary petitions and filed data include discretionary petitions that were granted.
 - District of Columbia—Court of Appeals—Data for 1984-1986 include **discretionary petitions** that were granted and refiled as appeals.
 - Georgia—Supreme Court—Total mandatory filed data for 1984-1989 include a few discretionary petitions that were granted and refiled as appeals.
 - —Court of Appeals—Total **mandatory** data for 1984-1989 include all **discretionary** petitions that were granted and refiled as appeals.

- Hawaii—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1989 include a few discretionary petitions granted.
- Idaho—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1993 include discretionary petitions that were granted.
- Illinois—Appellate Court—Data for 1984-1993 include all discretionary petitions.
- Indiana—Court of Appeals—Data for 1984-1988 include all discretionary petitions.
- Iowa—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1987-1988 include some discretionary petitions that were dismissed by the court. Disposed data for 1984-1990 include some discretionary petitions that were dismissed by the court.
- Kansas—Court of Appeals—Filed data for 1984-1993 include a few discretionary petitions that were granted. Disposed data for 1984-1991 include all discretionary petitions.
- Louisiana—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1984 and 1985 include a few discretionary appeals.
 - —Courts of Appeal—Filed data for 1984 and 1985 include refiled discretionary petitions that were granted review.
- Maryland—Court of Appeals—Data for 1984-1989 include discretionary petitions that were granted, and refiled as appeals.
- Massachusetts—Appeals Court—Data for 1984-1989 include all discretionary petitions.
- Michigan—Court of Appeals—Data for 1987-1993 include discretionary petitions.
- Montana—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1989 include discretionary petitions.
- Nebraska—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1993 include discretionary petitions.
- New Jersey—Appellate Division of Superior Court—Data for 1984-1989 include all discretionary petitions that were granted.
- New Mexico—Court of Appeals—Disposed data for 1987-1990 include **interlocutory decisions**.
- New York—Appellate Divisions and Terms of Supreme Court— Data for 1987-1993 include all **discretionary petitions**.
- North Carolina—Court of Appeals—Mandatory data for 1984-1989 include a few discretionary petitions that were granted and refiled as appeals. Data include some cases where relief, not review, were granted.
- Oklahoma—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1987 and 1988 includes granted **discretionary petitions** that were disposed.
 - —Court of Criminal Appeals—Data for 1987-1991 include all discretionary petitions.
- Oregon—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1984-1993 include all discretionary petitions that were granted.
- Pennsylvania—Superior Court—Data for 1984-1989 include all discretionary petitions disposed that were granted.
 - —Commonwealth Court—Disposed data for 1987-1993 include some discretionary petitions.
- South Carolina—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1984-1993 include all discretionary jurisdiction cases except disciplinary matters.

- South Dakota—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1993 include discretionary advisory opinions.
- Tennessee—Court of Appeals—Disposed data for 1988-1989 include discretionary petitions.
 - —Court of Criminal Appeals—Filed data for 1984-1987 and disposed data for 1984-1991 include all **discretionary** petitions.
- Utah—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1987-1993 include all discretionary petitions.
 - —Court of Appeals—Disposed data for 1989-1991 include all discretionary petitions.
- Washington—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1993 include some discretionary petitions.

- Wisconsin—Court of Appeals—Data for 1990-1991 include discretionary interlocutory decisions.
- C: The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:
 - Arkansas—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1993 include a few discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory attorney disciplinary cases and advisory opinions.
 - Maine—Supreme Judicial Court Sitting as Law Court—Filed and 1987-1993 disposed data include discretionary petitions, but do not include mandatory disciplinary and advisory opinion cases.
 - New York—Appellate Divisions of Supreme Court—Data for 1985 footnote could not be determined because of manner reported.

TABLE 14: Discretionary Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993

•	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes										
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987_	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
	States with	one court of	last resort a	and one inter	mediate app	ellate court					
ALASKA											
Supreme Court	221	194	313	219	244	251	231	256	253	226	
Court of Appeals	63	64	83	54	62	62	61	60	63	50	
ARIZONA											
Supreme Court	1,016 B	1,161 B	1,156 B	995 B	1,018 B	1,004 B	1,044 B	1,082	1,123	1,309	
Court of Appeals	50	40	49	51	60	52	83	113	185	205	
ARKANSAS										***	
Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	, NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
CALIFORNIA								4 000	5.007	E 040	
Supreme Court	3,991	4,346	4,808	4,558	4,351	4,214	4,622	4,992	5,367	5,810 7,163	
Courts of Appeal	5,838	5,938	6,234	6,732	7,005	6,966	7,236	7,025	6,865	7,103	
COLORADO						000	4.070	4.000	4 445	1 001	
Supreme Court	813	767	783	756	825	993	1,072 NJ	1,063 NJ	1,115 NJ	1,081 N J	
Appellate Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NO	INO	
CONNECTICUT									242	***	
Supreme Court	344	286	204	NA	162	204	196	207	218	. NA	
Appellate Court	49	50	47	NA	98	105	109	95	80	NA	
FLORIDA											
Supreme Court	1,056	1,175	1,097	1,270	1,316	1,111	1,303	1,324	1,195	1,247	
District Cts. of Appeal	1,970	1,975	2,294	2,282	2,285	2,259	2,457	2,591	2,644	2,883	
GEORGIA											
Supreme Court	941	975	980	1,006	998	1,101	1,079	1,085	1,078	1,179	
Court of Appeals	623	641	647	733	717	809	794	450	957	925	
HAWAII -											
Supreme Court	32	41	43	57	45	42	43	32	55	48	
Intermediate Ct. of App.	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
IDAHO											
Supreme Court	60	92	77	82	76	91	77	93	92	101	
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
ILLINOIS											
Supreme Court	1,675	1,579	1,637	1,673	1,558	1,558	1,582	1,673	1,887	1,572	
Appellate Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
IOWA											
Supreme Court	NA	NA	352	327	371	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	
KANSAS											
Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	526	461	500	495	508	
Court of Appeals	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
KENTUCKY											
Supreme Court	986	813	847	693 A	686 A	748 A	753 A	788 A	664	771	
Court of Appeals	79	96	94	90	92	89	59	314	81	114	

Number of dispositions and qual	fvina footnotes
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1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
						-			
220	197	290	231	255	243	235	241	271	241
77	54	99	54	66	56	64	66	60	52
1,048 B	1,078 B	1,156 B	1,054 B	905 B	995 B	1,006 B	1,061	1,074	1,237
59	45	48	45	63	53	56	99	156	177
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	ИЛ	NA	NA	NA
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ		NJ	NJ	NJ
NA	NA	NA	4,004	4,052	4,442	4,442	4,907	5,440	5,775
NA	NA	NA	6,776	7,334	7,070	7,438	7,266	5,727	7,216
NA	NA	NA	1,036 B	1,001 B	1,215 B	1,261 B	1,326 B	1,286 B	1,261 B
NJ	NJ	LN	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NA
716	373	338	NA	278	NA	155	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	46	NA	NA	NA
1,060	1,123	1,260	1,223	1,426	965	1,251	1,361	1,235	1,250
1,669	1,683	1,751	1,887	1,839	1,893	2,297	2,421	2,404	2,703
NA	NA	NA	1,524 B	1,615 B	1,885 B	1,559 B	986 B	854	983
629	NA	NA	701	683	7 06	794	386	957	919
35	39	45	58	42	45	43	32	50	49
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
55	99	71	76	84	88	86	79	1Ó7	94
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ ·	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NÚ	NJ
1,715	1,673	1,622	1,633	1,482	1,484	1,498	1,551	1,808	1,499
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	N A	NA
479 A	497 A	520 A	317 A	291 A	303 A	311 A	501 A	184 A	159 A
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ŅA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
793	1,044	898	706 A	678 A	640 A	718 A	702 A	731	725
73	87	107	71	77	89	76	315	62	118

TABLE 14: Discretionary Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

				Number	of filings and	qualifying for	otnotes			
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
LOUISIANA										
Supreme Court	2,126 A	2,313 A	2,455	2,673	2,657	2,776	2.684	2,298	3,181	3,021
Courts of Appeal	1,842	2,538	3,016	3,541	3,877	4,189	3,980	4,844	4,926	4,773
MARYLAND										
Court of Appeals	761	713	607	655	682	598	626	646	658	765
Court of Special Appeals	308	192	240	294	220	230	204	254	193	332
MASSACHUSETTS										
Supreme Judicial Court	1,246	1,336	1,473	336	563	592	444	501	563	670
Appeals Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	886	959	916	950	969	996
MICHIGAN										-
Supreme Court	2,347	2,069	2,042	2,082	2,662	2,805	2,507	2,233	2,422	2,747
Court of Appeals	1,756	2,249	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA ·	NA	2,801	2,845
MINNESOTA										
Supreme Court	NA	NA	589	NA	651	711	662	703	767	733
Court of Appeals	NA	NA	240	NA	331	295	312	482	68	66
MISSOURI										
Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	900	857	809	710	771	734
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	ИJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NEBRASKA										
Supreme Court	NA NC	NA NC	NA NC	NA NC	NA NC	NA NG	NA NG	NA NG	NA	NA
Court of Appeals	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA
NEW JERSEY										
Supreme Court	1,142 A	1,053 A	1,382 A	1,382 A	1,354 A	1,482 A	1,217 A	2,907	2,881	2,770
App. Div. of Super. Ct.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NEW MEXICO										
Supreme Court	174	155	202	350	295	366	414	364	504	453
Court of Appeals	57	68	52	57	64	44	46	49	53	33
NORTH CAROLINA										
Supreme Court	541	620	735 546	676	636	447	626	492	388	341
Court of Appeals	471	484	546	483	446	385	451	415	356	361
NORTH DAKOTA		1.95								
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	NA NC	NA NC	NA NC	NA NC	6 NA	0 NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Count of Appeals	NC	IVC	NC	NC	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	. INA
OHIO	4.704	4.044		4.040	4 770	4.000	4.070		0.005	4.000
Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,704	1,644	1,733	1,846	1,770	1,686	1,872	1,984	2,065	1,932
Court of Appears	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
OREGON	070	222					70.	6.45	205	270
Supreme Court	870	903	990	1,086	857 N.I	709	791 N. I	845	882	873
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
SOUTH CAROLINA									,	
Supreme Court	NA	NA	24 A	32 A	26 A	43 A	61	95	62	74
Court of Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ

Number of dispositions and	qualifying footnotes
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			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
NA	NA	2,230	2,660	2,404	2,633	2,870	3,084	3,003	2,832
NA	NA	2,935	3,460	3,802	4,138	3,945	4,440	4,842	4,659
785	678	700	562	776	543	608	659	640	767
308	192	185	294	220	230	204	254 .	193	332
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	916	950	969	996
2,495 B	2,314 B	2,397 B	2,168 B	2,254 B	2,453 B	2,755	2,444	2,665	2,516
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	622	NA	586	683	679	627	773	628
NA	NA	261	NA	330	283	306	395	67	53
NA	NA	NA	NA	902	871	823	703	773	712
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
1,075	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NA	NA
NA	1,025 A	1,378 A	1,411 A	1,398 A	1,472 A NA	1,200 A NA	2,941 NA	2,982 NA	2,806 N A
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	INA	INA	INA	IVA	IVA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	344	402 NA	334 9	NA 5	436 0
NA	NA	NA ·	NA	NA	NA	INA	9	J	U
465	665	748	637	727	397	601	498 415	396 356	317 307
423	462	560	483	446	385	431	415	330	307
NA	NA	NA	NA	5	0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
NC	NC	NC ·	NC	NA	NA	INA	-	IVA	IVA
1,293	1,428	1,532	1,598		1,372	1,413	1,956 N J	1,859 N J	1,700 NJ
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	ina	140	143
NA	873	1,013	1,042	871 N.I	733	707 NJ	773	726	797 NJ
.NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA N.I	NA
NA	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ

TABLE 14: Discretionary Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes												
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991_	1992	1993			
UTAH Supreme Court Court of Appeals	72 N A	42 NA	51 NA	30 10	61 20	36 NA	48 NA	33 NA	60 NA	45 NA			
VIRGINIA Supreme Court Court of Appeals	1,915 NC	1,043 1,103	1,193 1,113	1,441 1,201	1,439 1,291	1,573 1,523	1,775 1,570	1,936 1,853	1,908 1,933	1,854 1,990			
WASHINGTON Supreme Court Court of Appeals	881 C 263	906 C 320	897 C 371	1,151 C 346	947 A 372	821 A 318	891 A 351	881 A 355	1,020 A 400	1,054 A 358			
WISCONSIN Supreme Court Court of Appeals	718 245	761 228	836 241	869 221	915 228	896 191	842 NA	992 NA	972 NA	1,156 N A			
	States with r	no intermedi	ate appellat	e court									
DELAWARE Supreme Court	5 A	3 A	3 A	4 A	4 A	6 A	1 A	0	0	0			
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Court of Appeals	85	81	76	96	61	49	45	36	44	21			
MAINE Supreme Judicial Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
MISSISSIPPI Supreme Court	2	4	3	, 2	0	43	64	80	65	69			
MONTANA Supreme Court	NA	NA	36	25	31	6	NA	NA	94	138			
NEW HAMPSHIRE Supreme Court	603 A	574 A	534 A	516 A	504	567	627	597	774	864			
RHODE ISLAND Supreme Court	202	288	168	219	189	179	177	201	268	288			
SOUTH DAKOTA Supreme Court	27 A	17 A	32 A	27 A	35 A	39 A	49 A	31 A	28 A	40 A			
VERMONT Supreme Court	25	19	24	31	32	34	32	36	26	27			
WEST VIRGINIA Supreme Court of Appeals	1,282	1,372	1,585	2,037	1,621	1,644	1,623	3,180	2,357	2,113			
WYOMING Supreme Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ			

Number	۸f	dispositions and	qualifying	footnotes
number	U	uispusiiiviis aiiu	uuaniviilu	10001000

				<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
1,919 NC	1,321 637	1,095 881	1,169 1,743	1,655 1,454	1,800 1,777	1,610 2,140	1,295 2,308	1,530 2,380	1,446 2,491
905 C 270	907 C 283	786 C 317	1,093 C 388	1,060 A 388	829 A 305	883 A 354	862 A 270	943 A 361	1,058 A 374
721 B 209	699 228	765 241	725 188	866 162	802 148	728 NA	905 NA	720 NA	888 NA
		÷			• .				
5 A	2 A	3 A	4 A	3 A	5 A	5 A	0	0	0
NA	77	72	87	65	49	45	36	44	46
52	68	67	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	4	3	2	0	32	59	76	69	38
NĄ	NA	19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	117
550 A	602 A	415 A	451 A	543	532	567	543	515	662
218	219	199	241	178	169	197	188	255	292
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA	ŇA	NA	NA	NA
26	20	21	26	32	35	36	33	27	26
1,124	1,268	1,396	1,909	1,775	1,735	1,586	2,675	2,598	2,100
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	, NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
								ontinued on	novt nage)

TABLE 14: Discretionary Caseload in State Appellate Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes													
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993				
	States with	multiple ap	pellate cour	ts at any leve	el					1992 1993 741 737 NJ NJ NJ NJ 731 604 124 NA NJ NJ 4,260 4,489 NA NA NA 570 507 NJ NJ NA NA 3,412 2,734 31 29 NJ NJ NJ 834 782 149 259 90 165 1,462 1,441 1,691 1,610 NJ NJ				
ALABAMA														
Supreme Court	712	606	763	713	765	806	86'7	1,028	741	737				
Court of Civil Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ						
Court of Criminal Appeals	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	. NJ	NJ				
INDIANA						,								
Supreme Court	NA	NA	NA	404	NA	565	690	822	-					
Court of Appeals	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	81	112	93						
Tax Court	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ				
NEW YORK														
Court of Appeals	NA	NA	NA	NA	4,280	4,411	4,499	4,420	•	•				
App. Div. of Sup. Ct.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA						
App. Terms of Sup. Ct.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
OKLAHOMA														
Supreme Court	388	295	340	293	295	443	446	388						
Court of Appeals	N J	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ						
Court of Criminal Appeals	284	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
PENNSYLVANIA														
Supreme Court	1,537	2,579	2,242	1,936	2,207	2,227	3,645	3,456	,	,				
Commonwealth Court	82	81	NA	115	45	29	36	128						
Superior Court	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ				
TENNESSEE														
Supreme Court	842	772	765	758	758	820	731	775						
Court of Appeals	57	82	74	77	77	103	109	131						
Court of Criminal Appeals	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	67	55	71	90	165				
TEXAS														
Supreme Court	1,130	1,169	1,228	1,176	1,243	1,126	1,206	1,283						
Court of Criminal Appeals	1,281	1,360	1,360	1,339	1,416	1,792	1,380	1,340	•					
Courts of Appeal	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ				

COURT TYPE:

COLR = Court of last resort

IAC = Intermediate appellate court

NOTE:

NA = Indicates that the data are unavailable.

NC = Indicates that the court did not exist during that year.

NJ = Indicates that the court does not have jurisdiction.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

An absence of a qualifying footnote indicates that the data are complete.

A: The following courts' data are incomplete:

Delaware—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1990 do not include some discretionary interlocutory decision cases.

Iowa—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1984-1993 do not include some discretionary original proceedings.

Kentucky—Supreme Court—Data for 1987-1991 do not include some unclassified **discretionary petitions**.

Louisiana—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1984 and 1985 do not include some **discretionary petitions**.

New Hampshire—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1987 include discretionary judge disciplinary cases.

New Jersey—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1990 do not include discretionary interlocutory decisions.

1984	1985	_1986	_1987_	_1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
NA	588	582	654	603	1,104	1,248	1,248	782	757
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
356	325	355	437	494	599	629	770	898	592
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	76	116	106	104	74
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
3,477	3,505	3,549	3,478	3,392	3,621	3,808	3,907	4,176	4,792
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ŅĀ	NA	NA
NA	NA	, NA	237	231	NA	NA	NA	442	652
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ
256	267	264	283	291	312	412	412	NJ .	NJ
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,683	2,459
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NJ
NA	NA	NA	1,087	1,087	1,057	772	708	885	739
57	82	74	77	77	97	74	115	130	103
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	35	36	37	55	109
1,034	1,187	1,166	1,261	1,168	1,096	1,166	1,301	1,472	1,574
1,081	1,046	1,100	1,672	1,437	2,107	1,352	1,387	1,526	1,666
NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ	NJ

South Dakota—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1984-1993 do not include advisory opinions.

South Carolina—Supreme Court—Filed data for 1986-1989 do not include **discretionary petitions** that were denied or otherwise dismissed/withdrawn or settled.

Washington—Supreme Court—Data for 1988-1993 do not include some discretionary cases.

B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:

Arizona—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1990 include mandatory judge disciplinary cases.

Colorado—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1987-1993 include mandatory jurisdiction cases.

Georgia—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1987-1991 represent some double counting because they include all **mandatory appeals** and **discretionary appeals** that were granted and refiled as appeals.

Michigan—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1984-1989 include a few mandatory jurisdiction cases.

Wisconsin—Supreme Court—Disposed data for 1984 include all disposed mandatory jurisdiction cases.

The following courts' data are both incomplete and overinclusive:

Washington—Supreme Court—Data for 1984-1987 include

mandatory certified questions from the federal courts, but
do not include some discretionary petitions.

C:

TABLE 15: Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes												
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993			
	General juris	diction cour	ts										
ALABAMA Circuit	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	31,807	35,066	39,814	38,773			
ALASKA Superior	NA	NA	2,658	2,661	2,526	2,757	2,718	2,442	2,763	2,660			
ARIZONA Superior	15,360	17,295	20,653	21,444	22,176	23,981	26,057	B 26,140 B	27,677	B 26,471 B			
ARKANSAS Circuit	NA	21,425 B	21,944	B 24,805	B 22,110 B	24,842	B 25,755	B 27,742 B	31,776	B 33,192 B			
CALIFORNIA Superior	74,412	82,372 B	94,779	B 104,906	B 115,595 B	132,486	C 150,975	C 161,871 C	164,583	C 155,971 C			
COLORADO District	14,783	15,804	16,087	16,223	17,391	19,284	20,212	20,655	22,565	22,068			
CONNECTICUT Superior*	NA	4,179	4,512	4,985	6,204	6,194	5,268	4,684	4,102	3,610			
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Superior	10,583	12,399	16,207	19,986	21,472	21,332	20,138	21,774	17,521	17,940			
FLORIDA Circuit	173,420	NA	146,449	B 159,701	B 184,532 B	199,111	В 192,976	B 186,732 B	177,186	B 168,066 B			
GEORGIA Superior	33,725	36,182	37,146	45,104	53,984	63,977	66,275	70,339	68,761	68,761			
HAWAII Circuit*	2,969	2,878 C	2,842	C 2,766	C 2,909 C	3,115	C 3,025	C 3,174 C	4,675	B 4,049 B			
IDAHO District	3,649	4,006	NA	NA	4,747	5,260	5,725	6,535	7,107	7,324			
ILLINOIS Circuit	46,107	45,925 B	47,075	B 46,342	B 58,289 B	69,114	B 74,541	C 77,849 B	78,778	B 80,554 B			
INDIANA Superior and Circuit	13,619	14,894 B	18,436	B 19,804	B 21,313 B	26,358	B 27,681	B 29,098 B	28,958	B 32,166 B			
IOWA District	NA	7,970 B	7,692	B 8,230	B 8,666 B	10,481	B 10,884	B 12,867 B	14,004	B 13,451 B			
KANSAS District	NA	10,470	11,106	11,500	12,188	12,631	12,197	11,436	13,412	13,229			
KENTUCKY Circuit	13,961	13,439 B	13,380	B 13,500	B 12,518 B	14,411	B 14,881	B 15,078 B	17,032	B 19,478 B			
LOUISIANA District	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	23,621	29,138	27,251	31,694			
MAINE Superior	3,189	3,656	3,583	3,612	3,657	4,142	4,745	4,571	4,342	3,842			

TABLE 15: Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes											
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987_	1,988.	1989	1990	1991	1992_	1993		
MARYLAND Circuit	NA	NA	44,656 C	50,939 C	53,229 C	56,775 C	55,755 C	62,935 C	67,828 C	63,824 C		
MASSACHUSETTS Trial Court of the Commonwealth	n NA	NA	NA	6,790	6,075	5,583	6,271	5,796	5,782	10,211		
MINNESOTA District	11,777	12,208	12,366	13,008	13,637	13,607	14,747	16,277	16,273	17,385		
MISSOURI Circuit	30,305	30,494 B	32,796 B	34,971 B	36,965 B	39,952 B	40,968 B	44,208 B	47,431 B	44,727 B		
MONTANA District	NA	2,574 C	2,591 C	2,443 C	2,726 C	2,710 C	2,966 C	3,140 C	NA	NA		
NEBRASKA District	NA	NA	NA	3,445 B	4,024 B	4,823 B	5,105 B	5,348 B	5,738 B	5,139 B		
NEW HAMPSHIRE Superior	3,813	4,198	4,857	5,527	6,079	6,599	6,678	7,345	7,604	7,442		
NEW JERSEY Superior	37,135	37,784	38,443	41,198	43,837	53,215	57,223	54,703	51,054	47,958		
NEW MEXICO District	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9,017		
NEW YORK Supreme and County*	49,191	51,034 B	56,356 B	62,940 B	67,177 B	79,025 B	79,322 B	78,354 B	76,814 B	71,824 B		
NORTH CAROLINA Superior	42,160	40,915	44,980	51,210	55,284	62,752	69,810	73,908	85,748	83,939		
NORTH DAKOTA District	NA	1,312 B	1,390 B	1,487 B	1,497 B	1,444 B	1,637 B	1,837 B	1,951	2,155		
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	37,073	36,249	38,374	39,376	43,613	51,959	55,949	61,836	65,361	63,744		
OKLAHOMA District	24,178 B	24,673 B	25,782 B	26,438 B	25,997 B	26,482 B	27,541 B	28,325 B	29,868 B	30,676 B		
OREGON Circuit	19,913	20,682	22,533	24,591	26,859	27,248	28,523	26,050	27,159	27,333		
PENNSYLVANIA Court of Common Pleas	NA	NÁ	98,880 B	106,972 B	113,605 B	128,478 B	139,699 B	137,046 B	140,416 B	139,672 B		
PUERTO RICO Superior	14,511 B	15,516 B	20,073 B	20,314 B	21,532 B	21,548 B	23,328 B	28,340 B	28,591 B	28,591 B		
RHODE ISLAND Superior	4,232	4,780	4,360	4,278	6,685	6,740	6,011	5,665	5,764	5,772		
SOUTH DAKOTA Circuit	2,606	3,088	3,182	3,275	3,257	3,388	4,072	3,675	4,441	4,435		
		1						(0	continued on	next page)		

TABLE 15: Felony Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

	Number of filings and qualifying footnotes															
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	_	1987	_	1988	1989	_	1990	_	1991	1992	•	1993	_
TENNESSEE Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	NA	NA	38,656	В	41,533	В	NA	50,412	В	55,622	В	55,587 B	58,771	В	57,778	В
TEXAS District	87,249	93,968	111,331		119,395		122,903	139,611		147,230		144,408	153,853		148,960	
UTAH District	NA	NA	5,055	В	4,320	В	4,182 B	4,215	В	4,608	В	4,316 B	4,833	В	7,504	В
VERMONT District Superior	1,837 NA	1,897 6	2,177 1		2,111 85		2,115 112	1,993 138		2,202 53		2,319 6	2,810 6		2,716 0	
VIRGINIA Circuit	42,642	43,096	45,646		49,481		53,445	63,304		64,053		70,145	73,889		75,867	
WASHINGTON Superior	NA	17,885	19,693		21,071		25,476	28,121		26,914		27,503	28,529		28,032	
WEST VIRGINIA Circuit	NA	4,707 B	4,546	В	4,885	В	4,291 B	4,121	В.	4,071	В	4,217 B	4,446	В	4,308	В
WISCONSIN Circuit	13,607	14,549	14,470		13,802		14,484	17,625		18,738		19,523	20,399	Α	20,399	Α
WYOMING District	NA	1,468	1,466		1,353		1,480	1,591		1,503		1,365	1,282	Α	1,638	Α

NOTE: The footnoting scheme has been consolidated. Footnotes for 1985-1987 have been translated into the footnote scheme for 1988 through 1993.

NA = Data were unavailable or not comparable.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

- A: The following courts' data are incomplete:
 - Wisconsin—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1993 do not include some cases reported with unclassified criminal.
 - Wyoming—District Court—Felony data for 1992 do not include cases from two counties. For 1993 one county did not report.
- B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:
 - Arizona—Superior Court—Felony data for 1990-1993 include **DWI**/ **DUI** cases
 - Arkansas—Circuit Court—Felony data include DWI/DUI cases.
 - California—Superior Court—Felony data for 1985-1988 include **DWI/DUI** cases.
 - Florida—Circuit Court—Felony data include misdemeanor, DWI/ DUI, and miscellaneous criminal cases.

- Hawaii—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1992-1993 include misdemeanor cases.
- Illinois—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1985-1989 and 1991-1993 include **preliminary hearings** for courts "downstate."
- Indiana—Superior and Circuit Courts—Felony data include **DWI**/ **DUI** cases.
- Iowa—District Court—Felony data include third-offense DWI/DUI cases.
- Kentucky—Circuit Court—All felony data include misdemeanor cases. 1985-1990 data also include sentence review only and postconviction remedy proceedings.
- Missouri—Circuit Court—Felony data include some **DWI/DUI** cases.
- Nebraska—District Court—Felony data include misdemeanor, **DWI/DUI**, and miscellaneous criminal cases.
- New York—Supreme and County Courts—Felony data include **DWI/DUI** cases.
- North Dakota—District Court—Felony data for 1985-1991 include sentence review only and postconviction remedy proceedings.

- Oklahoma—District Court—Felony data include some miscellaneous criminal cases.
- Pennsylvania—Court of Common Pleas—Felony data include misdemeanor, DWI/DUI, and some criminal appeals cases.
- Puerto Rico-Superior Court-Felony data include appeals.
- Tennessee—Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery Court—Felony data include **misdemeanor** and some **criminal appeals** cases.
- Utah—District Court—Felony data include misdemeanor and criminal appeals cases, and some postconviction remedy and sentence review only proceedings.
- West Virginia—Circuit Court—Felony data include DWI/DUI cases.
- The following courts' data are incomplete and overinclusive:
 - California—Superior Court—Felony data for 1989 include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include partial year data from several courts. Data for 1990 include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include partial year data from one court. Data for 1991 include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include data from one court. Data for 1992 include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include partial year data from one court. Data for 1993 include **DWI/DUI** cases, but do not include partial data from 14 courts.
 - Hawaii—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1985-1991 include misdemeanor cases, but do not include reopened prior cases.

- Illinois—Circuit Court—Felony data for 1990 include **preliminary hearings** for courts downstate, but do not include some reinstated and transferred cases.
- Maryland—Circuit Court—Felony data include some **misdemeanor** cases, but do not include some cases.
- Montana—District Court—Felony data include some trial court civil appeals, but do not include some cases reported with unclassified criminal data.

*Additional court information:

- Connecticut—Superior Court—Figures for felony filings do not match those reported in the 1985 and 1986 State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Reports. Felony filings have been adjusted to include only triable felonies so as to be comparable to 1987 through 1993 data.
- Hawaii—Circuit Court—Figures for felony filings do not match those reported in the 1985 and 1986 State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Reports. Misdemeanor cases have been included to allow comparability with 1987 through 1993 data.
- New York—Supreme and County Courts—These courts experienced a significant increase in the number of filings due to the change to an individual calendaring system in 1986.

TABLE 16: Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993

		Number of filings and qualifying footnotes								
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	_1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
	General juris	diction cour	ts							
ALASKA Superior	1,305	2,096	2,344	1,664	937	851	826	838	815	935
ARIZONA Superior	9,173	10,748	11,888	12,260	20,490	12,559	15,418	15,442	13,842	12,940
ARKANSAS Circuit	NA	5,382	5,541	5,606	5,132	5,000	5,045	5,099	5,098	5,228
CALIFORNIA Superior	97,068	112,049 A	130,206 A	137,455 A	A 132,378 A	131,900 A	121,960 A	114,298 A	109,219 A	88,346 A
COLORADO District*	4,199	4,537	6,145	3,666	4,506	5,490	5,886	6,295	6,151	5,001
CONNECTICUT Superior	NA	12,742	13,754	15,385	15,741	16,955	16,477	16,266	16,250	15,947
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Superior	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NÁ	3,605	5,424	NA
FLORIDA Circuit*	26,815	NA	35,535	35,453	35,986	38,415	40,748	44,257	43,458	43,536
HAWAII Circuit	1,611	1,676 A	1,749 A	1,785 <i>A</i>	1,736 A	1,793 A	2,065 A	2,365 A	2,689 A	2,941 A
IDAHO District	1,729	2,010 A	2,118 A	1,757 <i>A</i>	A 1,453 A	1,478 A	1,417 A	1,257 A	1,325 A	1,292 A
INDIANA Superior and Circuit	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5,697	6,719	7,910	8,043	9,452
KANSAS District	4,033	4,061	4,273	4,380	4,595	4,513	4,010	4,076	4,338	4,395
MAINE Superior	2,083	2,072	2,044	1,786	1,776	1,950	1,878	1,686	1,643	1,615
MARYLAND Circuit	10,826	10,120 A	12,373 A	12,938 A	14,170 A	14,274 A	14,908 A	16,270 A	15,612 A	14,989 A
MASSACHUSETTS Trial Court of the Commor	nwealth NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	76,806 A	74,641 A	68,341 A	42,684 A
MICHIGAN Circuit	23,186	22,811	32,612	29,756	30,966	32,663	38,784	31,869	34,497	35,450
MINNESOTA District	NA	NA	10,356	10,739	10,125	9,658	7,135	7,252	7,460	6,861
MISSOURI Circuit	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	21,680	21,245	19,999	17,883
MONTANA District	·NA	1,870	1,836	1,792	1,541	1,613	1,651	1,518	NA	NA

(continued on next page)

TABLE 16: Tort Caseload in State Trial Courts, 1984-1993 (continued)

				Number	of filings and	qualifying fo	ootnotes			
State/Court name:	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
NEVADA District	NA	NA	NA	NA	4,329	4,799	5,295	5,871	6,185	6,788
NEW JERSEY Superior*	41,722	ŇA	NA	NA	NA	71,367 A	72,463 A	73,614 A	67,380 A	63,776 A
NEW MEXICO District	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4,578	5,759
NEW YORK Supreme and County*	37,847	NA	NA	NA	53,104	62,189	65,026	65,767	72,189	71,113
NORTH CAROLINA Superior	NA	8,062	8,897	8,981	7,639	7,879	8,175	8,656	9,361	9,754
NORTH DAKOTA District	550	512	561	551	552	602	744	531	411	525
OHIO Court of Common Pleas	22,149	25,518	28,225	29,375	28,614	29,039	34,488	34,422	33,196	31,229
OREGON Circuit	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5,999	5,568	5,636
PUERTO RICO Superior	3,968	4,388 B	4,558 B	4,811 B	4,077 B	5,579 B	6,095 B	6,569 B	5,610 B	5,610 B
TENNESSEE Circuit, Criminal, and Chancery	11,775	12,565	13,167	13,597	NA	13,501	13,453	13,223	13,100	12,106
TEXAS District	34,224	37,596	38,238	40,764	36,597	36,710	39,648	44,088	46,762	47,586
UTAH District	1,433	1,245 B	2,527 B	1,335 B	1,404 B	1,233 B	1,631 B	1,729 B	1,979 B	1,804 B
WASHINGTON Superior	8,997	9,747	19,515	8,007	8,746	10,146	10,147	11,375	11,142	11,856
WISCONSIN Circuit	NA	NA	NA	9,545	9,534	9,152	9,669	8,865	8,835	8,835
WYOMING District	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	504 A	553 A

(continued on next page)

NOTE:

The footnoting scheme has been consolidated. Footnotes for 1985-1987 have been translated into the footnote scheme for 1988 through 1993.

NA = Data were unavailable or not comparable.

QUALIFYING FOOTNOTES:

A: The following courts' data are incomplete:

California—Superior Court—Tort data do not include medical malpractice and product liability cases. Tort data for 1989 also do not include partial data from several courts. Data for 1990 and 1992 also do not include partial data from one court. Data for 1991 also do not include data from one court. Data for 1993 do not include medical malpractice, product liability, and partial data from 14 courts.

Hawaii—Circuit Court—**Tort** data do not include a small number of District Court transfers reported with other **civil** cases.

Idaho—District Court—Tort data do not include some cases reported with unclassified civil cases.

Maryland—Circuit Court—**Tort** data do not include some cases reported with unclassified **civil** cases.

Massachusetts—Trial Court of the Commonwealth—Tort data do not include cases from the Boston Municipal Court Department.

New Jersey—Superior Court—Tort data do not include some cases reported with unclassified civil cases.

Wyoming—District Court—**Tort** data for 1992 do not include cases from two counties. For 1993 one county did not report **tort** data

B: The following courts' data are overinclusive:

Puerto Rico-Superior Court-Tort data include appeals.

Utah—District Court—**Tort** data include de novo **appeals** from the Justice Court.

*Additional court information:

Colorado—District and Denver Superior Courts—The Denver Superior Court was abolished 11/14/86 and the caseload absorbed by the District Court.

Florida—Circuit Court—The large increase in tort filings for 1991 is due in part to the filing of 1,113 asbestos cases in Miami in July of 1991.

New Jersey—Superior Court—The unit of count changed in 1989, so data from previous years are not comparable.

New York—Supreme and County Court—The unit of count changed in 1988, so data from previous years are not comparable.

Appendix 1: Methodology

Methodology

Court Statistics Project: Goals and Organization

The Court Statistics Project of the National Center for State Courts compiles and reports comparable court caseload data from the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Project publications and technical assistance encourage greater uniformity in how individual state courts and state court administrative offices collect and publish caseload information. Progress toward these goals should result in more meaningful and useful caseload information for judges, court managers, and court administrators.

The State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report series is a cooperative effort of the Conference of State Court Administrators (COSCA) and the National Center for State Courts (NCSC). Responsibility for project management and staffing is assumed by the NCSC's Court Statistics Project. COSCA, through its Court Statistics Committee, provides policy guidance and review. The Court Statistics Committee includes members of COSCA and representatives of state court administrative office senior staff, the National Conference of Appellate Court Clerks, the National Association for Court Management, and the academic community. Preparation of the 1993 caseload report was funded by an ongoing grant from the State Justice Institute (SJI-07X-C-B-007-P94-1) to the NCSC.

In addition to preparing publications, the Court Statistics Project responds to nearly 700 requests for information and assistance each year. These requests come from a variety of sources, including state court administrative offices, local courts, individual judges, federal and state agencies, legislators, the media, academic researchers, students, and NCSC staff.

Evolution of the Court Statistics Project

- During the Court Statistics Project's original data compilation efforts, the State of the Art and State Court Caseload Statistics: 1975 Annual Report, classification problems arose from the multitude of categories and terms used by the states to report their caseloads. This suggested the need for a model annual report and a statistical dictionary of terms for court usage.
- The State Court Model Statistical Dictionary provides common terminology, definitions, and usage for reporting appellate and trial court caseloads. Terms for reporting data on case disposition methods are provided in the Dictionary and in other project publications. The classification scheme and associated definitions serve as a model framework for developing comparable and useful data. A new edition of the State Court Model Statistical Dictionary was published in 1989, consolidating and revising the original 1980 version and the 1984 supplement.

Once a set of recommended terms was adopted, the project's focus shifted to assessing the comparability of caseload data reported by the courts to those terms. It became particularly important to detail the subject matter jurisdiction and methods of counting cases in each state court. Problems with categorizing and counting cases in the trial and appellate courts were resolved through the development of the 1984 State Trial Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting and the 1984 State Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide for Statistical Reporting. Key information from both guides is updated annually as part of the preparation for a new caseload report. The introduction to the 1981 Report details the impact of the Trial Court Jurisdiction Guide on the Court Statistics Project data collection and the introduction to the 1984 Report describes the effect of the Appellate Court Jurisdiction Guide.

The State Court Organization series, recently updated for 1993 and published in 1995, is a valuable complement to the Report series. State Court Organization 1993 describes in great depth the structure, organization, and management of state trial and appellate courts.

Sources of Data

Information for the national caseload databases comes from published and unpublished sources supplied by state court administrators and appellate court clerks. Published data are typically official state court annual reports, which vary widely in form and detail. Although constituting the most reliable and valid data available at the state level, they arrive from statistical data filed monthly, quarterly, or annually by numerous local jurisdictions and, in most states, several trial and appellate court systems. Moreover, these caseload statistics are primarily collected to assist states in managing their own systems and are not prepared specifically for inclusion in the COSCA/NCSC caseload statistics report series.

Some states either do not publish an annual report or publish only limited caseload statistics for their trial or appellate courts. The Court Statistics Project receives unpublished data from those states in a wide range of forms, including internal management memos, computer-generated output, and the project's statistical and jurisdictional profiles, which are updated by state court administrative office staff.

Extensive telephone contact and follow-up correspondence collect missing data, confirm the accuracy of available data, and determine the legal jurisdiction of each court. The Court Statistics Project also collects information on the number of judges per court or court system (from annual reports, offices of state court administrators, and appellate court clerks); the state population (based on Bureau of the Census revised estimates); and special characteristics regarding subject matter jurisdiction and court

structure. Appendix 2 lists the source of each state's 1993 caseload statistics.

Data Collection Procedures

The following outline summarizes the major tasks involved in compiling the 1993 caseload data reported in this volume:

- A. The 1993 state reports were evaluated to note changes in the categories and terminology used for data reporting, changes in the range of available data, and changes in the state's court organization or jurisdiction. This entailed a direct comparison of the 1993 material with the contents of individual states' 1992 annual reports. Project staff used a copy of each state's 1992 trial and appellate court statistical spreadsheets, trial and appellate court jurisdiction guides, and the state court structure chart as worksheets for gathering the 1993 data. The previous year's spreadsheets provide the data collector with a reference point to identify and replicate the logic used in the data collection, which ensures consistency over time in the *Report* series. The caseload data were entered onto the 1993 spreadsheets. Caseload terminology is defined by the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*, 1989. Prototypes of appellate and trial court statistical spreadsheets can be found in Appendix 3.
- **B.** Caseload numbers were screened for significant changes from the previous year. A record that documents and, where possible, explains such changes is maintained. This process serves as another reliability check by identifying statutory, organizational, or procedural changes that potentially affect the size of the reported court caseload.
- C. The data were then transferred from the handwritten copy to computer databases that are created as EXCEL spreadsheets. Mathematical formulas are embedded in each spreadsheet to compute the caseload totals. The reliability of the data collection and data entry process was verified through an independent review by another project staff member of all decisions made by the original data collector. Linked spreadsheets contain the information on the number of judges, court jurisdiction, and state population needed to generate caseload tables for the 1993 *Report*.
- **D.** After the data were entered and checked for entry errors and internal consistency, individual spreadsheets were generated for the appellate and trial courts using EXCEL software. The spreadsheet relates the total for each model reporting category to the category or categories the state used to report its caseload numbers.
- E. Trial and appellate court spreadsheets for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico were sent directly to the states' administra-

tive offices of the courts and/or the appellate court clerks' offices for verification. This fairly recent step in the data collection process (which began with the 1989 *Report*) provides further assurance of data accuracy and often yields the bonus of additional caseload data or improved information on the content and accuracy of the data.

F. The final databases are stored in SPSS and Excel at the NCSC. The annual CSP databases are also archived with the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR) at the University of Michigan.

Ongoing Data Collection

Four basic types of data elements are collected by the Court Statistics Project: (1) trial court caseload statistics, (2) trial court jurisdictional/ organizational information, (3) appellate court caseload, and (4) appellate court jurisdictional/organizational information.

For trial courts, emphasis is placed on reporting the total number of civil, criminal, juvenile, and traffic/other violation cases according to the model reporting format. Each of these major case types can be reduced to more specific caseload categories. For example, civil cases consist of tort, contract, real property rights, small claims, mental health, estate, domestic relations cases, trial court civil appeals, and appeals of administrative agency cases. In some instances, these case types can be further refined; for example, domestic relations cases can be divided into marriage dissolution, URESA, support/custody, adoption, domestic violence, and paternity cases.

Currently, only filing and disposition numbers are entered into the database for each case type. Data on pending cases were routinely collected by the project staff until serious comparability problems were identified when compiling the 1984 *Report*. Some courts provide data that include active cases only; others include active and inactive cases. The COSCA Court Statistics Committee recommended that the collection of pending caseload be deferred until a study determines whether and how data can be made comparable across states.

The trial court jurisdictional profile collects an assortment of information relevant to the organization and jurisdiction of each trial court system. Before the use of EXCEL spreadsheets for reporting statistical data, the main purpose of the profile was to translate the terminology used by the states when reporting statistical information into generic terms recommended by the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*. Each court's spreadsheet captures the state's terminology. The jurisdictional profile

currently collects information on number of courts, number of judges, methods of counting cases, availability of jury trials, dollar amount jurisdiction of the court, and time standards for case processing.

There are also statistical spreadsheets and jurisdiction guides for each state appellate court. Two major case types are used on the statistical spreadsheet: mandatory cases, which the court must hear on the merits as appeals of right and discretionary petition cases, which the court decides whether to accept and then reaches a decision on the merits. The statistical spreadsheet also contains the number of petitions granted where it can be determined. Mandatory and discretionary petitions are further differentiated by whether the case is a review of a final trial court judgment or some other matter, such as a request for interlocutory or postconviction relief. Where possible, the statistics are classified according to subject matter, chiefly civil, criminal, juvenile, disciplinary, or administrative agency.

The appellate court jurisdiction guide contains information about each court, including number of court locations, number of justices/judges, number of legal support personnel, point at which appeals are counted as cases, procedures used to review discretionary petitions, and use of panels.

Periodic Data Collection

Periodically, the Court Statistics Project supplements its ongoing, general data collection efforts by collecting manner of disposition data from the states' general jurisdiction courts (the last time the Court Statistics Project collected manner of disposition data was for the 1988 Report). All of the states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico were contacted and asked to make an effort to supply manner of disposition data to the project. Forty-two states provided some criminal disposition data, and 42 provided civil disposition data. Disposition statistics from these 42 courts present a picture of the way cases are disposed in state trial courts nationally. They are useful in comparing court backlogs, case management systems, and the impact of specialized programs such as arbitration and mediation.

Several obstacles hinder the achievement of comprehensive national statistics on manner of disposition for court cases. First, some states do not collect any disposition data. There were 10 such states in 1993. Second, other states define disposition categories differently, so information may not be comparable. For example, many states have a different definition of bench trial and what is considered a hearing before a judge. States with a very high bench trial rate use a more liberal definition of what constitutes a bench trial. Third, the mix of cases included in disposition totals may vary. For example, some states report contested and

uncontested divorce cases together, while others do not. Also differences in subject matter jurisdiction, court structure, and units for counting cases affect the comparability of disposition statistics.

Each of the 42 states that could provide manner of disposition data for 1993 was sent a copy of how their data was to be reported. Thirty-two of the states verified these and returned them to the Court Statistics Project.

Completeness

States vary in the comprehensiveness and completeness with which they are able to report manner of disposition data. For criminal cases, Colorado, Connecticut, Maryland, and Oregon reported trial dispositions only with no other disposition categories. Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, New York, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Washington reported total criminal trials, but did not separate these into jury and bench trials. Louisiana provided the number of criminal cases disposed by jury trials only. Only 13 states were able to report conviction rates. Eight states reported only one disposition category for civil cases—trials. Of these states, Arizona, Colorado, Maryland, Oregon, and Rhode Island were able to separate civil trials into jury and bench trials.

Comparability

Comparability is possible where states count trials similarly; use similar methods for counting what is a case; and report information for a similar range of case types. The point at which a state counts a jury trial varies widely. The table below shows the relative use of alternative trial definitions.

Definitions	Number of states which use definition for criminal	Number of states which use definition for civil
 A) A jury trial is counted at jury selection, empaneling, or when jury is sworn. A nonjury trial is counted when evidence is first introduced or first witness is sworn. 	27	28
B) A jury trial is counted at introduction or swearing of first witness. A nonjury trial is counted when evidence is first introduced or swearing of first witness.	2	0
A jury trial is counted at verdict or decision. A nonjury trial is counted at the decision.	13	14

The definitional differences for trials explain some of the variation in trial rates. Generally, most states providing data define a trial in a way that inflates the number of cases disposed at trial.

On the criminal side, courts also vary at the point they count a case as initially filed. Most states count a criminal case as filed at the information or indictment, although some use the arraignment. Since a number of cases will drop out of the system between these two points (usually by a plea or a dismissal), those courts that use an early count will have a higher rate of nontrial dispositions. Courts also differ in case unit of count. As shown below, states differ on whether they count charges, defendants, or indictments.

Definitions for unit of count—Criminal	Number of states
Single Defendant/Single Charge	3
Single Defendant/Single Incident	20
Single Defendant/Single Incident (maximum number of charges)	1
Single Defendant/One or More Incidents	4 .
Single Defendant/Varies with Prosecutor	2
One or More Defendants/Single Incidents	6
One or More Defendants/One or More Incidents	3
Varies with Prosecutor/Varies with Prosecutor	3

Definition of point of count—Criminal	Number of states			
At the filing of the Information or Indictment	24			
At the filing of the Information or Complaint	12			
At filing of Complaint (Warrant/Accusation)	1			
At the Arraignment (First Appearance)	5			

Footnotes

Footnotes indicate the degree to which a court's statistics conform to the Court Statistics Project's reporting categories as defined in the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*. Footnoted caseload statistics are either overinclusive in that they contain case types other than those defined for the term in the *Dictionary*, or are underinclusive in that some case types defined for the term in the *Dictionary* are not included. It is possible for a caseload statistic to contain inapplicable case types while also omitting those that are applicable, making the total or subtotal simultaneously overinclusive and underinclusive.

The 1993 *Report* uses a simplified system of footnotes. An "A" footnote indicates that the caseload statistic for a statewide court system does not include some of the recommended case types; a "B" footnote indicates that the statistic includes some extraneous case types; a "C" footnote

indicates that the data are both incomplete and overinclusive. The text of the footnote explains for each court system how the caseload data differ from the reporting category recommended in the *State Court Model Statistical Dictionary*. Caseload statistics that are not qualified by a footnote conform to the *Dictionary's* definition.

Case filings and dispositions are also affected by the unit and method of count used by the states, differing subject matter and dollar amount jurisdiction, and different court system structures. Most of these differences are described in the figures found in this volume and summarized in the court structure charts for each state. The most important differences are reported in summary form in the main caseload tables.

Variations in Reporting Periods

As indicated in Figure A, most states report data by fiscal year, others by calendar year, and a few appellate courts report data by court term. Therefore, the 12-month period covered in this report is not the same for all courts.

This report reflects court organization and jurisdiction in 1993. Since 1975, new courts have been created at both the appellate and trial level, additional courts report data to the Court Statistics Project, courts may have merged or changed counting or reporting methods. The dollar amount limits of civil jurisdiction in many trial courts also vary. Care is therefore required when comparing 1993 data to previous years. The trend analysis used in this report offers a model for undertaking such comparisons.

Final Note

Comments, corrections, and suggestions are a vital part of the work of the Court Statistics Project. Users of the *Report* are encouraged to write to the Director, Court Statistics Project, National Center for State Courts, 300 Newport Avenue (Zip 23185), P.O. Box 8798, Williamsburg, Virginia, 23187-8798.

Appendix 2: Sources of 1993
State Court Caseload Statistics

Sources of 1993 State Court Caseload Statistics

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction		
Alabama	Alabama Judicial System Annual Report, 1993	Alabama Judicial System Annual Report, 1993	Alabama Judicial System Annual Report, 1993	Alabama Judicial System Annual Report, 1993. Unpublished data were provided by the Municipal Court.		
Alaska	Alaska Court System 1993 Annual Report	Alaska Court System 1993 Annual Report	Alaska Court System 1993 Annual Report	Alaska Court System 1993 Annual Report		
Arizona	The Arizona Courts Data Book, 1993	The Arizona Courts Data Book, 1993	The Arizona Courts Data Book, 1993	The Arizona Courts Data Book, 1993		
Arkansas	Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary FY 1992-1993	Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary FY 1992-1993	Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary FY 1992-1993	Annual Report of the Arkansas Judiciary FY 1992-1993		
California	1994 Annual Report, Judicial Council of California	1994 Annual Report, Judicial Council of California. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.	Judicial Council of California Annual Data Reference, 1992-1993	Judicial Council of California Annual Data Reference, 1992-1993		
Colorado	Colorado Judicial Department Annual Report 1993 Statistical Supplement	Colorado Judicial Department Annual Report 1993 Statistical Supplement	Colorado Judicial Department Annual Report 1993 Statistical Supplement	Colorado Judicial Department Annual Report 1993 Statistical Supplement		
Connecticut	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Chief Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Chief Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Chief Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Office of the Chief Court Administrator.		
Delaware	1993 Annual Report of the Delaware Judiciary		1993 Annual Report of the Delaware Judiciary	1993 Annual Report of the Delaware Judiciary		
District of Columbia	District of Columbia Courts Annual Report, 1993		District of Columbia Courts Annual Report, 1993. Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Officer.			
Florida	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator and the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator and the Department of Highways, Safety, and Motor Vehicles.		
Georgia	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Nineteenth Annual Report on the Work of the Georgia Courts, July 1, 1992-June 30, 1993. Additional unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.		
Hawaii	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report 1993 and Statistical Supplement 1992-1993	The Judiciary State of Hawaii : Annual Report 1993 and Statistical Supplement 1992-1993	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report 1993 and Statistical Supplement 1992-1993	The Judiciary State of Hawaii: Annual Report 1993 and Statistical Supplement 1992-1993		
Idaho	The Idaho Courts Annual Report Appendix, 1993	The Idaho Courts Annual Report Appendix, 1993	The Idaho Courts Annual Report Appendix, 1993			
Illinois	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of the Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of the Courts.			

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction
Indiana	1993 Indiana Judicial Report	1993 Indiana Judicial Report	1993 Indiana Judiciał Report	1993 Indiana Judicial Report
lowa	1993 Annual Statistical Report. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.	1993 Annual Statistical Report. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.	1993 Annual Statistical Report	
Kansas	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: 1992-1993 FY	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: 1992-1993 FY	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: 1992-1993 FY	Annual Report of the Courts of Kansas: 1992-1993 FY
Kentucky	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.
Louisiana	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	1993 Annual Report of the Judicial Council of the Supreme Court of Louisiana.	1993 Annual Report of the Judicial Council of the Supreme Court of Louisiana. Unpublished data were provided by the Judicial Administrator.	1993 Annual Report of the Judicial Council of the Supreme Court of Louisiana. Unpublished data were provided by the Judicial Administrator.
Maine	State of Maine Judicial Branch Annual Report, FY 93		State of Maine Judicial Branch Annual Report, FY 93	State of Maine Judicial Branch Annual Report, FY 93
Maryland	Annual Report of the Maryland Judiciary 1992-1993	Annual Report of the Maryland Judiciary 1992-1993	Annual Report of the Maryland Judiciary 1992-1993. Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.	Annual Report of the Maryland Judiciary 1992-1993
Massachusetts	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Appeals Court.	Annual Statistical Report of the Trial Court, 1993. Unpublished data were provided by the Administrator of Courts.	
Michigan	The Michigan State Courts Annual Report Statistical Supplement	The Michigan State Courts Annual Report Statistical Supplement	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.
Minnesota	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	
Mississippi	Supreme Court of Mississippi 1993 Annual Report		Supreme Court of Mississippi 1993 Annual Report	Supreme Court of Mississippi 1993 Annual Report
Missouri	Supplement to the Missouri Judicial Report, Fiscal Year 1993	Supplement to the Missouri Judicial Report, Fiscal Year 1993	Unpublished data were provided by the State Courts Administrator.	Data were not available.
Montana	Unpublished data were provided by the Court Administrator of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Data were not available.
Nebraska	Nebraska Supreme Court 1993 Annual Report		Nebraska Supreme Court 1993 Annual Report	Nebraska Supreme Court 1993 Annual Report
Nevada	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Data were not available.
New Hampshire	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.		Unpublished data were provided by the Director, AOC.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director, AOC.

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction		
New Jersey	Annual Report 92-93. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Annual Report 92-93. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Appellate Court.	NJ Judiciary: Superior Court Caseload Reference Guide, 1990-1994. Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.		
New Mexico	New Mexico State Courts, 1993 Annual Report	New Mexico State Courts, 1993 Annual Report	New Mexico State Courts, 1993 Annual Report	New Mexico State Courts, 1993 Annual Report		
New York	1993 Annual Report of the Clerk of Court, Court of Appeals of the State of New York. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.	1993 Annual Report of the Clerk of Court, Court of Appeals of the State of New York. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.	Unpublished data were provided by the Chief Administrator of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Chief Administrator of Courts.		
North Carolina	Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.	Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.		
North Dakota	North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1993	North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1993	North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1993. Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.	North Dakota Courts Annual Report, 1993. Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.		
Ohio	Ohio Courts Summary, 1993	Ohio Courts Summary, 1993	Ohio Courts Summary, 1993	Ohio Courts Summary, 1993		
Oklahoma	State of Oklahoma, The Judiciary: Annual Report FY 93	State of Oklahoma, The Judiciary: Annual Report FY 93	State of Oklahoma, The Judiciary: Annual Report FY 93 and Statistical Appendix	Data were not available.		
Oregon	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.		
Pennsylvania	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.		
Puerto Rico	Not available.		Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Administrative Director of Courts.		
Rhode Island	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.		Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.	Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.		
South Carolina	SC Judicial Department Annual Report, 1993	SC Judicial Department Annual Report, 1993	SC Judicial Department Annual Report, 1993. Additional unpublished data were provided.	SC Judicial Department Annual Report, 1993		
South Dakota	SD Courts, The State of the Judiciary and 1993 Annual Report of SD Unified Judicial System		SD Courts, The State of the Judiciary and 1993 Annual Report of SD Unified Judicial System			
Tennessee	Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Secretary.	Unpublished data were provided by the Executive Secretary.	Tennessee Judicial Council Annual Report and Statistical Supplement, 1992-93. Unpublished data were provided by the Clerks of Probate Court.	Data were not available.		

State	Courts of Last Resort	Intermediate Appellate	General Jurisdiction	Limited Jurisdiction
Texas	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1993	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1993	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1993	Texas Judicial System Annual Report, FY 1993
Utah	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Appellate Court.	Utah State Courts 1994 Annual Report. Additional unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.	Utah State Courts 1994 Annual Report. Additional unpublished data were provided by the State Court Administrator.
Vermont	Judicial Statistics, State of Vermont for Year Ending June 30, 1993		Judicial Statistics, State of Vermont for Year Ending June 30, 1993	Judicial Statistics, State of Vermont for Year Ending June 30, 1993
Virginia	Virginia State of the Judiciary Report 1993	Virginia State of the Judiciary Report 1993	Virginia State of the Judiciary Report 1993	Virginia State of the Judiciary Report 1993
Washington	The Report of the Courts of Washington, 1993	The Report of the Courts of Washington, 1993	The Report of the Courts of Washington, 1993	1993 Caseloads of the Courts of Limited Jurisdiction of Washington State
West Virginia	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk.		Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.	Unpublished data were provided by the AOC.
Wisconsin	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Supreme Court.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.	Unpublished data were provided by the Clerk of the State Courts.	Unpublished data were provided by the Director of State Courts.
Wyoming	Unpublished data were provided by the Court Coordinator.		Unpublished data were provided by the Court Coordinator.	Unpublished data were provided by the Court Coordinator.

Appendix 3: Prototypes of State Appellate Court and Trial Court Statistical Spreadsheets

Prototype of State Appellate Court Statistical Spreadsheet

State Name, Court Name Court of last resort or intermediate appellate court Number of divisions/departments, number of authorized justices/judges Total population

	Beginning			End	
	pending	Filed	Disposed	pending	
MANDATORY JURISDICTION: Appeals of final judgments:					
Civil Criminal:					
Capital criminal					
Other criminal Total criminal	•				
Juvenile					
Administrative agency Unclassified					
Total final judgments	•			•	
Other mandatory cases:	:				
Disciplinary matters Original proceedings		•			
Interlocutory decisions					
Advisory opinions Total other mandatory					
Total mandatory cases					
Total manuatory cases					
				Filed Petitions	
	Filed	Filed Petitions Granted	Disposed	Granted Disposed	
DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION:					
Petitions of final judgment: Civil					
Criminal			•		
Juvenile . Administrative agency					
Unclassified					
Total final judgments					
Other discretionary petitions:		•			
Disciplinary matters Original proceedings					
Interlocutory decisions					
Advisory opinions Total other discretionary					
Total discretionary cases					
GRAND TOTAL					
OTHER PROCEEDINGS: Rehearing/reconsideration requests Motions Other matters					
Number of supplemental judges/justices Number of independent appellate courts at this leve	el				

MANNER OF DISPOSITION Opinions Decision Predecision Per curiam Signed without opinion disposition (dismissed/ opinion Other opinion (memo/order) Transferred withdrawn/settled) MANDATORY JURISDICTION: Appeals of final judgment Civil Criminal Juvenile Administrative agency Unclassified Other mandatory cases: Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Interlocutory decisions Total mandatory jurisdiction cases DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION: Petitions of final judgments: Civil Criminal Juvenile Administrative agency Unclassified Other discretionary petitions Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Total discretionary cases **GRAND TOTAL** TYPE OF DECISION IN MANDATORY CASES/GRANTED PETITIONS OF FINAL JUDGMENT Administrative Other mandatory cases Total Civil Criminal Juvenile agency Opinions: Affirmed Modified Reversed Remanded Mixed Dismissed Other Total decisions: Affirmed Modified Reversed Remanded Mixed Dismissed Other TYPE OF DECISION IN OTHER DISCRETIONARY PETITIONS Petition denied Other Petition granted Other discretionary petitions:

Disciplinary matters Original proceedings Total discretionary jurisdiction cases

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TIME INTERVAL DATA (MONTH/DAYS)

Notice of appeal or ready for hearing

Ready for hearing or under advisement (submitted or oral argument completed) Under advisement (submitted or oral argument completed) to decision

Notice of appeal to decision

Number of cases

Mean Median

Number of cases

Mean Median

Number edian of cases

of cases Mean

n Median

Number of cases Mean Median

MANDATORY JURISDICTION:

Appeals of final judgment

Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other mandatory cases

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Total mandatory jurisdiction cases

DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION:

Petitions of final judgments

Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other discretionary petitions

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Advisory opinions

Total discretionary jurisdiction cases

GRAND TOTAL

AGE OF PENDING CASELOAD (DAYS)

Not ready for hearing

	Awaiting court reporter's transcript		aŗ	Awaiting opellant's t		Awaiting respondent's brief			Ready for hearing		Submitted or oral argument completed	
0-60 days	61-120 days	over 120 days	0-60 days	61-120 days	over 120 days	0-60 days	61-120 days	over 120 days	0-60 days	61-120 days	over 120 days	Average age of pending caseload

MANDATORY JURISDICTION:

Appeals of final judgment

. Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other mandatory cases

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Total mandatory jurisdiction cases

DISCRETIONARY JURISDICTION:

Petitions of final judgments

Civil

Criminal

Juvenile

Administrative agency

Unclassified

Other discretionary petitions

Disciplinary matters

Original proceedings

Interlocutory decisions

Advisory opinions

Total discretionary jurisdiction cases

GRAND TOTAL

Prototype of State Trial Court Statistical Spreadsheet

State Name, Court Name
Court of general jurisdiction or court of limited jurisdiction
Number of circuits or districts, number of judges
Total population

Beginning End
Pending Filed Disposed Pending

CIVIL:

Tort:

Auto tort

Product liability

Medical malpractice

Unclassified tort

Miscellaneous tort

Total Tort

Contract

Real property rights

Small claims

Domestic relations:

Marriage dissolution

Support/custody

URESA

Adoption

Paternity

Domestic violence

Miscellaneous

Unclassified

Total domestic relations

Estate:

Probate/wills/intestate

Guardianship/conservatorship/trusteeship

Miscellaneous estate

Unclassified estate

Total estate

Mental health

Appeal:

Appeal of administrative agency case

Appeal of trial court case

Total civil appeals

Miscellaneous civil

Unclassified civil

Total civil

CRIMINAL:

Felony

Misdemeanor

DWI/DUI

Appeal

Miscellaneous criminal

Unclassified criminal

Total Criminal

TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION:

Moving traffic violation

Ordinance violation

Parking violation

Miscellaneous traffic

Unclassified traffic

Total traffic/other violation

Beginning End Pending Pending Filed Disposed JUVENILE: Criminal-type petition Status offense Child-victim petition Miscellaneous juvenile Unclassified juvenile Total juvenile **GRAND TOTAL** Drug cases OTHER PROCEEDINGS: Postconviction remedy Preliminary hearings Sentence review only Extraordinary writs Total other proceedings MANNER OF CIVIL DISPOSITIONS Uncontested/ Settled Transferred Arbitration Total Default Dismissed Withdrawn CIVIL: Tort: Auto tort Product liability Medical malpractice Unclassified tort Miscellaneous tort **Total Tort** Contract Real property rights Small claims Domestic relations: Marriage dissolution Support/custody URESA Adoption Paternity Domestic violence Miscellaneous Unclassified Total domestic relations Estate: Probate/wills/intestate Guardianship/conservatorship /trusteeship Miscellaneous estate Unclassified estate Total estate Mental health Appeal: Appeal of administrative agency case Appeal of trial court case Total civil appeals Miscellaneous civil Unclassified civil Total civil

MANNER OF CRIMINAL DISPOSITIONS AND TYPE OF DECISION

·	Felony	Misdemeanor	DWI/DUI	Appeal	Miscellaneous criminal	Tota
Jury trial:						
Conviction			•			
Guilty plea						
Acquittal						
Dismissed						
lonjury trial:			•			
Conviction						
Guilty plea						
Acquittal						
Dismissed						
ismissed/nolle prosequi						
Bail forfeiture						
Bound over			h			
ransferred						
Other						
Total dispositions						

MANNER OF TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION DISPOSITIONS AND TYPE OF DECISION

	Moving traffic violation	Ordinance violation	Parking violation	Miscellaneous traffic violation	Tota
ury trial:					
Conviction					
Guilty plea					
Acquittal					
Dismissed					
lonjury trial:					
Conviction					
Guilty plea					
Acquittal					
Dismissed					
ismissed/nolle prosequi	•				
ail forfeiture		•		-	
arking fines				•	
ransferred					
Other					
otal dispositions		•			
·					

MANNER OF DISPOSITION: TRIALS

		Trial				Trial	
J	ury	Nonjury	Total		Jury	Nonjury	Total
CIVIL:				CRIMINAL:			
Tort:				Felony			
Auto tort				Misdemeanor			
Product liability				DWI/DUI			
Medical malpractice				Appeal			
Unclassified tort				Miscellaneous criminal			
Miscellaneous tort				Unclassified criminal			
Total Tort				Total criminal		•	
Contract							
Real property rights				TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION:			
Small claims				Moving traffic violation			
Domestic relations:				Ordinance violation			
Marriage dissolution				Parking violation			
Support/custody				Miscellaneous traffic			
URESA				Unclassified traffic			
Adoption				Total traffic/other violation			
Paternity							
Domestic violence				JUVENILE:			
Miscellaneous				Criminal-type petition		•	
Unclassified				Status offense			
Total domestic relations				Child-victim petition			
Estate:				Miscellaneous juvenile			
Probate/wills/intestate				Unclassified juvenile			
Guardianship/conservatorship				Total juvenile			
/trusteeship				ŕ			
Miscellaneous estate				GRAND TOTAL			
Unclassified estate							
Total estate							
Mental health							
Appeal:							
Appeal of administrative agency	case						
Appeal of trial court case							
Total civil appeals							
Miscellaneous civil							
Unclassified civil							
Total civil							

AGE OF PENDING CASELOAD (DAYS)

	0-30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	181-360 days	361-720 days	over 720 days	Average age of pending cases
CIVIL:								
Tort:								
Auto tort								
Product liability								
Medical malpractice								
Unclassified tort								
Miscellaneous tort								
Total Tort								
Contract								
Real property rights								
Small claims								
Domestic relations:								•
Marriage dissolution								
Support/custody								
URESA								
Adoption								
Paternity								
Domestic violence								
Miscellaneous								
Unclassified								
Total domestic relations								
Estate:								
Probate/wills/intestate								
Guardianship/conservatorship/truste	eship							
Miscellaneous estate								
Unclassified estate								
Total estate								
Mental health								
Appeal:								
Appeal of administrative agency cas	se							
Appeal of trial court case								
Total civil appeals Miscellaneous civil								
Miscellaneous civil Unclassified civil								
Total civil								
I OLAI CIVII								

AGE OF PENDING CASELOAD (DAYS)

0-30	31-60	61-90	91-180	181-360	361-720	over 720	Average age
days	days	days	_days	days	days	days	of pending cases

CRIMINAL:

Felony

Misdemeanor

DWI/DUI

Appeal

Miscellaneous criminal

Unclassified criminal

Total criminal

TRAFFIC/OTHER VIOLATION:

Moving traffic violation

Ordinance violation

Parking violation

Miscellaneous traffic

Unclassified traffic

Total traffic/other violation

JUVENILE:

Criminal-type petition

Status offense

Child-victim petition

Miscellaneous juvenile

Unclassified juvenile

Total juvenile

GRAND TOTAL

Drug cases

OTHER PROCEEDINGS:

Postconviction remedy

Preliminary hearings

Sentence review only

Extraordinary writs

Total other proceedings

• ,* Appendix 4: State Populations

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State Populations

Resident Population, 1993

		Population (in thousands)	4000
	1993	1993	1993 Total
State or territory	Juvenile	Adult	IOIAI
Alabama	1,076	3,111	4,187
Alaska	189	410	599
Arizona	1,070	2,866	3,936
Arkansas	634	1,790	2,424
California	8,593	22,618	31,211
Colorado	938	2,628	3,566
Connecticut	774	2,503	3,277
Delaware	175	525	700
District of Columbia	115	463	578
Florida	3,169	10,510	13,679
	4.044	E 076	6.017
Georgia	1,841	5,076	6,917
Hawaii	299	873	1,172
ldaho	332	767	1,099
Illinois	3,067	8,630	11,697
Indiana	1,469	4,244	5,713
lowa	734	2,080	2,814
	684	1,847	2,531
Kansas	971	2,818	3,789
Kentucky		3,052	4,295
Louisiana Maine	1,243 307	932	1,239
Walle	001		
Maryland	1,241	3,724	4,965
Massachusetts	1,393	4,619	6,012
Michigan	2,506	6,972	9,478
Minnesota	1,228	3,289	4,517
Mississippi	758	1,885	2,640
	4.262	3,871	5,234
Missouri	1,363		839
Montana	232	607	
Nebraska	439	1,168	1,607
Nevada	352	1,037	1,389
New Hampshire	284	841	1,12
New Jersey	1,896	5,983	7,879
New Mexico	480	1,136	1,616
New York	4,467	13,730	18,19
	1,704	5,241	6,94
North Carolina	172	463	. 63
1		_ 1	
Ohio	2,859	8,232	11,09
Oklahoma	869	2,362	3,23
Oregon	781	2,251	3,03
Pennsylvania	2,871	9,177	12,04
Puerto Rico	1,195	2,426	3,62
			ntinued on next page

State Populations (continued)

Resident Population, 1993

State or territory	1993 Juvenile	Population (in thousands) 1993 Adult	1993 Total
Rhode Island	235	765	1,000
South Carolina	952	2,691	3,643
South Dakota	208	507	715
ennessee	1,268	3,831	5,099
Texas	5,183	12,848	18,031
tah	665	1,195	1,860
ermont	144	462	576
rirginia	1,588	4,903	6,491
Vashington	1,393	3.862	5,255
Vest Virginia	434	1,386	1,820
Visconsin	1,342	3,696	5,038
Vyoming	138	3332	470

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1994.

Total State Population for Trend Tables, 1986-93

				•	in thousand	•		
State or territory	1986	1987	1988	1989	<u> 1990 </u>	<u> 1991</u>	1992	199
labama	4,053	4,083	4,103	4,119	4,041	4,089	4,136	4,
laska	533	525	523	527	550	570	587	:
rizona	.3,319	3,386	3,489	3,557	3,665	3,750	3,832	3,9
rkansas	2,372	2,388	2,394	2,407	2,351	2,372	2,399	2.
alifornia	26,981	27,663	28,315	29,064	29,760	30,380	30,867	31,
				·	•			
olorado	3,267	3,296	3,301	3,316	3,294	3,377	3,470	3,
onnecticut	3,189	3,211	3,235	3,239	3,287	3,291	3,281	3,
elaware	633	644	660	672	666	680	689	
istrict of Columbia	625	622	618	604	607	598	589	
lorida	11,675	12,023	12,335	12,671	12,938	13,277	13,488	13,
eorgia	6,104	6,222	6,342	6,436	6,478	6,623	6,751	6,
awaii	1,063	1,083	1,099	1,112	1,108	1,135	1,160	1,
laho	1,002	998	1,003	1,014	1,007	1,039	1,067	1,
inois ·	11,551	11,582	11,612	11,658	11,431	11,543	11,631	11,
diana	5,503	5,531	5,555	5,593	5,544	5,610	5,622	5,
wa [.]	2,850	2,834	2,834	2,838	. 2,777	2,795	2,812	2.
ansas	2,460	2,476	2,495	2,513	2,478	2,495	2,523	2,
	3,729	3,727	3,726	3,727	3,685	3,713	3,755	3,
entucky		•		•	•			
ouisiana	4,502	4,461	4,407	4,383	4,220	4,252	4,287	4,
aine	1,173	1,187	1,205	1,222	1,228	1,235	1,235	1,
aryland	4,463	4,535	4,624	4,694	4,781	4,860	4,908	4,
assachusetts	5,832	5,855	5,888	5,912	6,016	5,996	5,988	6,
ichigan	9,144	9,200	9,239	9,274	9,295	9,368	9,437	9,
innesota	4,214	4,246	4,307	4,352	4,375	4,432	4,480	4,
ississippi	2,625	2,625	2,620	2,621	2,573	2,592	2,614	2,
issouri	5,066	5,103	5,142	5,160	5,117	5,158	5,193	5,
ontana	819	809	805	805	799	808	824	
ebraska	1,597	1,594	1,602	1,611	1,578	1,593	1,606	1,
evada	964	1,007	1,054	1,109	1,202	1,284	1,327	1,
ew Hampshire	1,027	1,057	1,086	1,106	1,109	1,105	1,111	1,
ew Jersey	7,620	7,672	7,720	7,736	7,730	7,760	7,789	7.
ew Mexico	1,479	1,500	1,506	1,528	1,515	1,548	1,581	1.
ew York	17,772	17,825	17,910	17,950	17,990	18,058	18,119	18,
			•			•		
orth Carolinaorth Dakota	6,334 679	6,413 672	6,490 667	6,570 661	6,629 639	6,737 635	6,843 636	6,
•								
hio	10,753	10,784	10,855	10,908	10,847	10,939	11,016	11,
klahoma	3,305	3,272	3,241	3,223	3,146	3,175	3,212	3,
regon	2,698	2,724	2,766	2,820	2,842	2,922	2,977	3,
ennsylvania	11,888	11,936	12,001	12,039	11,882	11,961	12,009	12,
uerto Rico	3,267	3,274	3,294	3,291	3,521	3,522	3,522	3,
node Island	97.5	986	993	996	1,003	1,004	1,005	1,
outh Carolina	3,376	3,425	3,471	3,512	3,487	3,560	3,603	3,
outh Dakota	708	709	713	716	696	703	711	,
ennessee	4,803	4,855	4,896	4,939	4,877	4,953	5,024	5,
exas	16,685	16,789	16,840	16,991	16,987	17,349	17,656	18,
ah	1,665	1,680	1,688	1,707	1,723	1,770	1,813	1,
ermont	541	548	557	566	563	567	570	١,
rginia	5,787	5,904	6,016	6,097	6,187	6,286	6,377	6,
3								
/ashington /est.Virginia	4,463 1,919	4,538 1,897	4,648 1,876	4,760 1,857	4,867 1,793	5,018 1,801	5,136 1,812	5, 1,
•	•			•	•			
isconsin	4,785	4,807	4,854	4,867	4,892	4,955	5,007	5,
yoming	507	490	479	474	454	460	466	

State Court Organization 1993

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A joint project of the Conference of State Court Administrators, the State Justice Institute, the Bureau of Justice Statistics, and NCSC

