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U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Programs



161135

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National Criminal History Improvement Program

Fiscal Year 1996 Program Announcement

NCHIP

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(Revised May 1996)

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National Criminal History Improvement Program

Fiscal Year 1996 Program Announcement

May 1996, NCJ-161135

U.S. Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics

Jan M. Chaiken, Ph.D. Director Contents

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ii National Criminal History Improvement Program Announcement

Foreword

The National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP) continues the Justice Department's efforts, begun by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in 1924, to build an accurate and useful national system of criminal records. Availability of complete computerized criminal records is vital for criminal investigations, prosecutorial charging, sentencing decisions, correctional supervision and release, and background checks for licensing, purchase of handguns, and applying for child-care positions or other responsibilities involving children, the elderly, and the disabled.

The NCHIP program is administered by the Bureau of Justice Statistics and began in 1995 with \$100 million appropriated under the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act. Awards were made to every State and the District of Columbia for improvement of their criminal history record systems, and \$6 million was transferred to the FBI to help support its work on building the federal segment of the national instant background check system. Eighteen States received funding under the Advanced State Award Program, which assists in building systems for identification of persons other than felons who are prohibited from purchasing firearms.

In 1996 the program's purposes expand to include assistance to States in implementing the National Child Protection Act of 1993 and the National Stalker and Domestic Violence Reduction program. The total funding available for grants to States in 1996 is \$26.5 million plus any remaining funds from 1995. The program will continue for several more years and has an authorized total funding of \$226 million. The National Child Protection Act is intended to help protect people who are vulnerable either because of age or disability from those who would prey on them. This year's program enables States to improve record systems in order to identify whether a person has been convicted of a crime that bears upon an individual's fitness to have responsibility for the safety and wellbeing of children, the elderly, and the disabled. The 1996 NCHIP program also permits funds to be used to assist States in providing rapid, inexpensive, reliable background checks on individuals who wish to work with these sensitive populations.

The National Stalker and Domestic Violence Reduction program is intended to provide State and local law enforcement with the information needed to prevent people under court-ordered protection orders from stalking or committing domestic violence. The 1996 NCHIP program enables States to improve the processes for entering data regarding stalking and domestic violence into local, State, and national crime information databases. With domestic violence a priority for the Justice Department, this program will help States gather information needed to enforce the Violence Against Women Act.

Applications for NCHIP grants are accepted only from the single State agency that is designated by the Governor to coordinate the distribution of funds within the State. The due date is July 29, 1996.

Zon H. Chailen

Jan M. Chaiken, Ph.D. Director, Bureau of Justice Statistics

Fiscal 1996 Program Announcement

National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP)

Summary

The Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) is publishing this notice to announce the continuation of the National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP) in Fiscal Year 1996. The program implements the grant provisions of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act (Brady Act),¹ the National Child Protection Act of 1993 (Child Protection Act),² those provisions of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (Omnibus Act),³ as amended, and the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Violent Crime Control Act),⁴ which pertain to the establishment, maintenance, or use of criminal history records and criminal record systems.

Under NCHIP, States were asked to submit three year plans in FY 1995. Every State received an award in 1995. Most States received partial funding last year. This program will provide additional funds in FY 1996 to assist States in continuing implementation of their multi-year programs and to address the Child Protection and National Stalker and Domestic Violence Reduction initiatives authorized under the new appropriation. Since the NCHIP program was designed as a multi-year effort, 1996 applications will be less comprehensive than applications in 1995. Applicants are encouraged to use portions of last year's application when appropriate, or to reference the application by topic and page number.

This program announcement describes procedures for awards which will be made under the NCHIP program with FY 1996 funds. Awards may be for up to 12 months. States will have the flexibility to begin activities under the award as early as September 1, 1996 and as late as the summer of 1997. Activities must be completed by June 1, 1998.

Updated guidelines governing use of Byrne Formula funds pursuant to the 5% set-aside established under Section 509 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended, were issued on February 23, 1995, by the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA), in consultation with BJS. The Byrne Guidelines should be considered together with this program announcement in developing a State's program to meet the goals of the Brady Act and the Child Protection Act.

Program goals

The goal of the NCHIP grant program is to improve the nation's public safety by —

- facilitating the accurate and timely identification of persons who are ineligible to purchase a firearm;
- ensuring that persons with responsibility for child care, elder care, or care of the disabled do not have disqualifying criminal records;
- improving access to protection orders and records of people wanted for stalking and domestic violence; and
- enhancing the quality, completeness and accessibility of the nation's criminal history record systems.

¹ Pub. L. No. 103-159, 107 Stat. 1536 (1993), codified as amended at 18 U.S.C. §§ 921 *et seq.*

² Pub. L. No. 103-209, 107 Stat. 2490 (1993), codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. §§ 3759, 5101 note, 5119, 5119a, 5119b, 5119c.

³ Pub. L. No. 90-351, 82 Stat. 197 (1968), codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. §§ 3711 *et seq.*

⁴ Pub. L. No. 103-322, 108 Stat. 1796 (1994), codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. §§ 13701 *et seq.*

More specifically, NCHIP is designed to assist States —

• to meet timetables for criminal history record completeness and participation in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Interstate Identification Index (III) established for each State by the Attorney General;

• to improve the level of criminal history record automation, accuracy, completeness, and flagging;

• to expand and enhance participation in the FBI's III and the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS);

• to develop and implement procedures for accessing records of persons other than felons who are ineligible to purchase firearms;

• to identify (through interface with the National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] where necessary) records of crimes involving use of a handgun and/or abuse of children, elderly, or disabled persons;

• to identify, classify, collect, and maintain (through interface with the National Crime Information Center [NCIC] and the III where necessary) protection orders, warrants, arrests, and convictions of persons violating protection orders intended to protect victims of stalking and domestic violence; and

• to ensure that States develop the capability to monitor and assess State progress in meeting legislative and programmatic goals.

To ensure that all NCHIP-funded efforts support the development of the national criminal record system, the program will be closely coordinated with the FBI, the Bureau of Justice Assistance, and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF). Funding under the NCHIP program is available to both those States which are subject to the 5-day waiting period (Brady States) and those States which are operating under an alternative system pursuant to approval of BATF (Brady Alternative States).

Legislative background

Section 106 (b) of the Brady Act provides that —

The Attorney General, through the Bureau of Justice Statistics, shall, subject to appropriations and with preference to States that as of the date of enactment of this Act have the lowest percent currency of case dispositions in computerized criminal history files, make a grant to each State to be used (A) for the creation of a computerized criminal history record system or improvement of an existing system; (B) to improve accessibility to the national instant criminal background system; and (C) upon establishment of the national system, to assist the State in the transmittal of criminal records to the national system.

The provisions of 18 U.S.C. §§ 922 (g) and (n), as amended by the Violent Crime Control Act, prohibit the sale of firearms to an individual who —

(1) is under indictment for, or has been convicted in any court, of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;

(2) is a fugitive from justice;

(3) is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, any controlled substance;

(4) has been adjudicated as a mental defective or been committed to a mental institution;

(5) is an alien who is illegally or unlawfully in the United States;

(6) was discharged from the Armed Forces under dishonorable conditions;

(7) has renounced his United States citizenship; or

(8) is subject to a court order restraining them from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner or child.

The latter category was added as part of the Violent Crime Control Act.

The Brady Act, enacted in November 1993 and effective in February 1994, requires that licensed firearm dealers request a presale check on all potential handgun purchasers by the chief law enforcement officer in the purchaser's residence community to determine, based on available records, if the individual is legally prohibited from purchase of the firearm under the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 922 or State law. The sale may not be completed for 5 days unless the dealer receives an approval before that time. The 5-day waiting period requirement terminates by 1998, at which time presale inquiries for all firearms will be made only to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS). Section 103 of the Brady Act provides that NICS will supply information on "whether receipt of a firearm ... would violate (18 U.S.C. §922) or State law." As noted above, Section 106 (b) of the Brady Act establishes a grant program to assist States in

upgrading criminal record systems and in improving access to, and, interface with, the NICS system.

In addition, Section 106 (a) of the Brady Act amended Section 509 (d) of the Omnibus Act to specifically provide that funds from the 5% set-aside under the Byrne Formula grant program may be spent for "the improvement of State record systems and the sharing ... of records ... for the purposes of implementing ... (the Brady Act)."

The Child Protection Act, as amended by the Violent Crime Control Act, requires that records of abuse against children be transmitted to the FBI's national record system. The Child Protection Act also encourages States to adopt legislation requiring background checks on individuals prior to assuming responsibility for care of children, the elderly, or the disabled. Section 4 of the Act establishes a grant program to assist States in upgrading records to meet the requirements of the Act. Under the definition set forth in Section 5 (3) of the Act, "child abuse crimes" include crimes under any law of the State and are not limited to felonies.

Both the Brady and Child Protection Acts required the Attorney General to survey the status of State criminal history records and develop timetables for States to achieve complete and automated records. The survey was conducted during March 1994, and Governors were advised of timetables by the Attorney General in letters of May and June 1994. The letters indicated that compliance with timetable goals assumed availability of grant funds under each Act.

The National Stalker and Domestic Violence Reduction program (Stalker Reduction), Section 40602 of the Violence Against Women Act

National Criminal History Improvement Program Announcement 3

(VAWA),⁵ which was included in the Violent Crime Control Act, authorized a program to assist States in entering data on stalking and domestic violence into local, State, and national data-bases. The Act emphasizes the importance of ensuring that data on convictions for these crimes are included in databases being developed with Federal funds.

Section 40606 of VAWA authorized technical assistance and training in furtherance of the purposes of the Stalker Reduction program. This section also allows for the evaluation of programs that receive funds under this provision.

The NCHIP program implements the requirements of the programs established in the Brady Act, Child Protection Act, and the Stalker Reduction provision of VAWA.

Appropriation

Section 106 (b) of the Brady Act authorized \$200 million for the grant program; the Child Protection Act authorized \$20 million; Section 40603 of the Violent Crime Control Act authorized a total of \$6 million over 3 years for the Stalker Reduction program included in VAWA.

An appropriation of \$100 million was made to implement Section 106 (b) of the Brady Act for FY 1995, to be available until expended. No appropriation was made for Child Protection or Stalker Reduction activities in FY 1995.

An appropriation of \$25 million was made in FY 1996 to continue implementation of Section 106

(b) of the Brady Act and to implement Section 4 (b) of the Child Protection Act. In addition, an appropriation of \$1.5 million was made in FY 1996 for Stalker Reduction. In light of the overlap between Brady, Child Protection, and Stalker Reduction goals, these appropriations are combined under NCHIP.

Program strategy

The 1995 NCHIP program covered criminal history records improvements. The 1996 program includes criminal history records improvements and expands to incorporate serious misdemeanors against children, the elderly, and the disabled, and improving access to domestic violence protection orders.

The 1996 NCHIP program also permits funds to be used to assist States in providing rapid, inexpensive, reliable background checks on individuals who wish to work with sensitive populations. This will include assisting States in identifying people who commit felony and serious misdemeanor offenses against children, the elderly, and/or the disabled. It also includes supporting background checks, and improving access to domestic violence protection orders.

Consistent with Section 40602, the Stalker Reduction program, BJS is allowing funds to be used to help State and local governments improve the process for classifying and entering data regarding stalking and domestic violence into local, State, and national crime information databases.

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⁵ Pub. L. No. 103-322, 108 Stat. 1902-1955 (1994), codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. § 14031.

Application and award process

Eligibility requirements

Only one application will be accepted from each State. The application must be submitted by the agency previously designated by the Governor or by a successor agency designated by the Governor in writing to BJS. A State may, however, choose to submit its application as part of a multi-state consortium or other entity. In such case, the application should include a statement of commitment from each State and be signed by an individual designated by the Governor of each participating State. The application should also indicate specific responsibilities, and include a separate budget, for each State. States may receive successive awards over time, assuming availability of funds.

A grant will be made to each State with funds from the 1996 appropriation. States other than "priority States" are eligible to receive funds for criminal records improvement, Child Protection, and Stalker Reduction activities. Priority States, which received 3-year awards in FY 1995 for criminal records improvements, should apply for Child Protection and Stalker Reduction activities only.

States may submit an application even though funds remain unexpended under the 1995 award. Applications must contain a start date and end date which fall between September 1, 1996 and June 1, 1998. FY 1996 projects may overlap with FY 1995 projects or the projects may run consecutively.

Program narrative

In addition to the requirements set forth in Appendix A, the NCHIP application should include the following four parts:

Part I. Background

This section should include a short update of current efforts relating to criminal history record improvement funded under the BJS NCHIP, Advanced State Award Program (ASAP), and Criminal History Record Improvements (CHRI) programs, and the BJA Byrne 5% set-aside or with State funds over the past year. The discussion should specify the amount of funds received under the BJS and Byrne programs and the funds remaining at the time of application. The section should also briefly describe accomplishments with these funds and the relationship to proposed FY 1996 NCHIP activities.

Part II. Identification of needs

This part should discuss any recent evaluative efforts undertaken to identify the key areas of weakness in the State's criminal record system. Applications should include a short discussion of the State's ability to identify ineligible firearm purchasers, persons ineligible to hold positions involving children, the elderly, or the disabled, and data on protection orders and people wanted, arrested, or convicted of stalking and/or domestic violence. Among other things, this section may include areas that were either eligible for funds last year, but did not receive funding, or that were not eligible for funds because of the wording of the FY 1995 appropriation. Proposals described in your 1995 NCHIP application may be used or cited.

Part III. NCHIP effort

This section should describe the activities to be undertaken with NCHIP funds over the 12-month period. Specifically, each application should indicate the activities proceeding, how these activities relate to efforts funded under the 1995 award, and the results that will be achieved from 1996 funding.

Part III of the application should also describe any efforts to be supported to monitor State compliance with legislative or programmatic goals through ongoing audits or other means such as statistical analysis, comparison between Computerized Criminal History (CCH) records and NIBRS or Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) data. Studies relating to handgun use or sales approval, if proposed, should be described in this section.

In furtherance of the Child Protection Act and the Stalker Reduction program, up to \$6.5 million of the funds appropriated in FY 1996 for Brady, Child Protection, and Stalker Reduction may go towards the following Child Protection and Stalker Reduction activities:

• capturing domestic violence and/or stalking protection orders;

• flagging of child abuse records, crimes against children, the elderly and the disabled, convictions for domestic violence and/or stalking, and domestic violence protection orders;

• incorporating serious misdemeanor offenses against children, the elderly, and the disabled into existing criminal history records;

 offsetting the cost of certain background checks, including development and implementation of technological and procedural advances;

• improving processes for entering data regarding stalking and domestic violence into local, State, and national crime information data bases.

Section 4(b) of the Child Protection Act requires preference to be given to States that have in computerized criminal history files the lowest percentages of charges and dispositions of identifiable child abuse cases as of December 20, 1993. In accordance with this section of the Child Protection Act, the five "priority States" with the lowest percentages of charges and dispositions in their computerized criminal history files will be awarded a total of \$1 million to be used for the Child Protection and Stalker Reduction activities listed above.

Section 40602(b) of the Violent Crime Control Act states that in order to be eligible to receive a grant under the Stalker Reduction program, a State shall certify that it has or intends to establish a program that enters into the National Crime Information Center the following records:

• warrants for the arrest of persons violating protection orders intended to protect victims from stalking or domestic violence;

• arrests or convictions of persons violating protection or domestic violence orders; and

• protection orders for the protection of persons from stalking or domestic violence.

The Bureau of Justice Statistics will coordinate the Stalker Reduction portion of NCHIP with the Violence Against Women Office (VAWO) at the Department of Justice.

Because funds are limited for FY 1996, not every State which requests funds for Child Protection and/or Stalker Reduction activities may receive funds for these purposes.

In light of the importance of complete and nationally accessible criminal records for the NICS instant check, Child Protection background checks, and to protect society against stalkers and domestic violence offenders, BJS, in reviewing applications requesting funds for Child Protection and Stalker Reduction tasks, will consider the extent to which the State has progressed in developing its State criminal records system and taken steps to achieve participation in the national system.

In order to permit assessment of State progress in meeting grant goals, Part III of all applications should set forth measurable benchmarks or goals for each proposed activity.

Part IV. Coordination between NCHIP and the Byrne 5% set-aside program

Funds under the Byrne Formula 5% set-aside program are available to support the improvement of record systems and to meet the goals of the Brady and Child Protection Acts.

The Bureau of Justice Statistics and the Bureau of Justice Assistance have jointly agreed that close and continuing coordination between the NCHIP and Byrne 5% set-aside program is critical to meeting the goals of the Brady Act, and the National Child Protection Act. Such coordinated efforts are also necessary to ensure the development of an effective interstate criminal history record system to meet the needs of law enforcement, the criminal justice community and the increasing number of non-criminal justice users of criminal history record information. To achieve this goal, BJS and BJA prepared Guidelines governing use of the Byrne 5% setaside funds. The Guidelines were issued February 23, 1995, to State Administrative Agencies that receive and distribute Byrne formula grant funds.

BJS expects that program plans for projects to be funded under NCHIP and the Byrne 5% setaside will be coordinated by the State agencies responsible for these programs in order to avoid overlap and maximize funding effectiveness. Where costs of a proposed activity exceed NCHIP available funds or are unallowable under NCHIP, the State might, for example, use Byrne funds to fill remaining needs. This joint effort, we believe, will maximize the effectiveness of both of these programs.

Award period

The application may be for up to 12 months. States will have the flexibility to begin activities under the award as early as September 1, 1996, and as late as the summer of 1997. Activities must be completed by June 1, 1998. The budget should provide details for expenses in required categories and by individual task (see Appendix A, Application content). The application should identify those agencies to receive direct funding and indicate the fiscal arrangements to accomplish fund transfer.

Application submission and due dates

Applications may be submitted at any time after publication of this announcement. Applications must be received by July 29, 1996, to be eligible to be funded from the 1996 appropriation.

States that submitted applications with multiple year budgets for FY 1995 NCHIP funds and received funding for the first year (extended to 2 years on February 8, 1996), may re-submit the parts of their proposals which did not receive funds in 1995.

Allocation of funds

NCHIP funds for FY 1995 were allocated among all 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, and Guam. Certain III States received ASAP FY 1995 awards to assist in the identification of persons other than felons who are prohibited from purchasing firearms. Funds may be available in future years to implement those activities.

Awards under this program announcement may be made from the Brady, Child Protection, and Stalker Reduction appropriations, and from residual FY 1995 funds. The 1996 appropriation is 26.5 percent of the FY 1995 amount. Up to \$6.5 million will go for Child Protection and Stalker Reduction activities.

Review criteria

States should understand that full funding may not be possible for all proposed activities. Allocation of funds will be based on the amount requested and the following factors:

(1) the extent to which the proposed activities will enable the State to meet the timetables established for the State by the Attorney General;

(2) the extent to which improvements in the State system, by virtue of record numbers, levels of technical development, or operating procedures, will have a major impact on availability of records throughout the national system;

(3) the proposed use or enhancement of innovative procedures which may be of value to other jurisdictions;

(4) the technical feasibility of the proposal and the extent to which the proposal appears reasonable in light of the State's current level of system development and statutory framework;

(5) amount awarded under FY 1995 NCHIP program, including whether the State received funds as a priority State;

(6) prior activity of the State with funds under the NCHIP, ASAP, Byrne, and CHRI programs; (7) State commitment to the national record system as evidenced by membership in III, and participation in the FBI's National Fingerprint File (NFF), Felon Identification in Firearms Sales (FIFS) programs, etc., and the current status of development of its CCH;

(8) reasonableness of the budget;

(9) evidence of State progress in meeting record improvement and background check goals as measured in terms of audits, and data collection relating to presale firearm checks and background checks on persons seeking positions involving children, the aged and the disabled;

(10) appropriate focus on criminal history data improvement regarding protection orders and crimes against children, the elderly, and the disabled;

(11) documentation of a program or intention to establish a system to enter protection orders, and warrants, arrests, and convictions of people violating protection orders intended to protect victims from stalking or domestic violence (for States applying for Stalker Reduction activities);

(12) nature of the proposed expenditures;

(13) the extent to which the plan reflects constructive interface between relevant components of the State organization and/or multi state systems; and

(14) the reasonableness of the relationship between the proposed activities and the current status of the State system, in terms of technical development, legislation, current fiscal demands, and future operating costs.

The program does not require either "hard" (cash) or "soft" (in-kind) match. Indications of

State support, however, may be interpreted as expressions of commitment by the State to the program.

All applicants must agree to participate in evaluations sponsored by the federal government. Applicants must also agree to provide data relating to Brady Act activity to the Firearm Inquiry STatistics (FIST) program in the format designated by the FIST program.

Allowable costs

Allowable expenses are detailed below. All expenses are allowable only to the extent that they directly relate to programs described in the application's program narrative.

(1) Participation in III: This is a key goal, and costs should be related to achieving full participation. Covered costs include, but are not limited to, costs associated with automation of the database (see limitations in [4] below), synchronization of records between State and FBI, and development of necessary software and hardware enabling electronic access on an intrastate or interstate basis.

(2) Database enhancement: Improving the quality, completeness and accuracy of criminal history records is a key goal of the NCHIP effort. Allowable costs include the costs associated with implementing improved record capture procedures, establishing more effective accuracy controls, and ensuring that records of all criminal events that start with an arrest or indictment are included in the database. In addition to felony records, limited funds may be used to capture data on serious misdemeanors, and to ensure that data on persons wanted, arrested, and convicted of stalking and/or domestic abuse

are included in the database. Use of funds for capture of data on misdemeanors and persons convicted of stalking will only be approved where the state has, or is actively undertaking efforts to upgrade, the basic elements of the criminal history record system.

(3) Improved disposition capture: Automated interface between the criminal history repository and the courts, prosecutors, and/or corrections agencies is encouraged. Funds provided to courts or prosecutors for these purposes are allowable only to the extent that the function to be supported is related to the capture of disposition or other data relating to the offender record (for example, full costs associated with establishment of court MIS systems are not allowable under the NCHIP program).

(4) Record automation: These are allowable costs only with respect to records where the subject has been arrested, indicted, convicted, or released from confinement within 5 years of the date of automation. As appropriate, allowable costs also include costs associated with system design in States with non-automated systems or in States proposing to enhance system operation to include access to non-CCH databases.

(5) Flagging of records: Upgrading the accessibility of records, through flagging, for presale and preemployment checks is an important activity. Allowable costs include costs of flagging, or algorithms used for flagging, felony records and records of persons with convictions for crimes involving children, the elderly, and/or the disabled, and persons convicted of crimes involving domestic violence and/or stalking. Costs may include the cost of technical record flagging as well as the costs associated with identification of records to be flagged (see [7] below regarding interface with NIBRS).

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(6) AFIS/livescan: Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS)/livescan equipment for local law enforcement agencies is allowable to improve the level of arrest and disposition reporting, but only where —

(1) the State repository system is automated, participating or looking toward participation in III, and has in place the technical capability to accept AFIS transmissions, and

(2) sufficient traffic can be demonstrated to justify the cost, possibly through the use of regional systems.

AFIS/livescan in squad cars is not allowable since field inquiries are not a factor in checks under either the Brady Act or the Child Protection Act. Additionally, since data are not generally input to the system by the field unit, AFIS in the squad car would not support record improvement or completeness. AFIS/livescan for use in courts is allowable to support record completeness. The same conditions regarding repository capability and levels of traffic are also applicable to costs in this category.

Costs associated with AFIS/livescan communication from the repository to the FBI national system (IAFIS) are allowable but only where the State can demonstrate adequate levels of record completeness (both arrest and disposition) and current membership in III.

States should understand that Byrne 5% setaside funds are available for AFIS/livescan, and that, accordingly, use of NCHIP funds for AFIS or livescan will only be allowable when justified as appropriate given the overall status of the State system, its participation in the national system, and its planned use of Byrne 5% setaside funds. This is particularly relevant with respect to State proposals to use NCHIP funds to cover costs of local livescan equipment. (7) Interface with NIBRS: Funds may be used to interface with any State data system which is compatible with NIBRS for purposes of identifying persons convicted of crimes against children, the elderly, or the disabled, involving domestic violence and/or stalking, and/or identification of records involving firearm crimes for operational or research purposes. NCHIP funds are not available, however, to develop the NIBRS database.

(8) Research, evaluation, monitoring, and audits: Costs associated with research or evaluation efforts are allowable to the extent that they are directly associated with a project approved in the application. Costs associated with monitoring State compliance with legislative or programmatic goals, through ongoing or periodic audits or other procedures, are allowable and encouraged. The purchase of equipment such as modems and the necessary communications and data software for storing and transmitting evaluative data between States and to BJS or other designated federal agencies is an allowable expense.

(9) Conversion of juvenile records to the adult system: The Attorney General has recently amended Federal Regulations to allow the FBI to accept juvenile records if submitted by the State or local arresting agency. Expenditures to interface juvenile and adult records are allowable if consistent with relevant State law and undertaken to further the goals of the NCHIP program.

(10) Missing dispositions backlog reduction: These costs are allowable to improve the level of disposition reporting, but only where limited to records with arrests within the past 5 years. States must also propose a strategy to prevent future backlogs from developing. (11) Equipment upgrades: Upgrade costs are allowable where related to improving availability of data and where appropriate given the level of data completeness, participation in III, etc. Replacement costs will be considered but States are encouraged to contribute some portion of the total costs.

(12) Training, participation in seminars and meetings: Limited funds may be used to cover costs of training and participation in State, regional, or national seminars or conferences (including travel, where necessary).

(13) Expenditures related to presale handgun background checks: Funds are allowable to cover costs incurred by a governmental agency for equipment or development of capability required to conduct presale background checks. This "governmental agency" limitation may be waived in a very limited number of cases where the State has implemented a functioning background check system and can demonstrate that the vast preponderance of inquiries are made by a limited number of dealers, that technical and procedural safeguards have been established to protect the privacy of potential purchasers, and that the equipment to be provided to dealers would be of use for operation under the permanent system. Waivers will only be considered in States which are participants in III and which have achieved high levels of automation and record completeness. NCHIP funds may not be used to cover costs of conducting presale background checks.

(14) Reducing cost of background checks:

States may use funds to develop and implement technologies that lower costs of conducting background checks. These funds may also be used to pay all or part of the cost to the State of conducting background checks on persons who are employed by or volunteer with a public, notfor-profit, or other voluntary organization to reduce the amount of fees charged for such background checks.

The Bureau of Justice Statistics is conducting parallel efforts to develop standard definitions of domestic violence and child abuse. States proposing to use funds for flagging or to interface with NIBRS to identify convictions for domestic violence and/or stalking, domestic violence protection orders, or crimes against children must coordinate their efforts with BJS.

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Appendix A Application and administrative requirements

 $(x_1, \dots, x_n) = (x_1, \dots, x_n) + (x_1, \dots, x_n$

Appendix A

Application and administrative requirements

Application content

All applicants must submit:

• Standard Form 424, Application for Federal Assistance

Standard Form 424A, Budget Information

• OJP Form 4000/3 (Rev. 1-93), Program Narrative and Assurances

OJP Form 4061/6 Certifications

• OJP Form 7120/1 (Rev. 1-93), Accounting System and Financial Capability Questionnaire (to be submitted by applicants who have not previously received Federal funds).

Applicants are requested to submit an original and two copies of the application and certifications to the following address:

> Application Coordinator Bureau of Justice Statistics 633 Indiana Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20531 Phone: (202) 616-3500

Standard Form 424 (SF-424). The SF-424, a one page sheet with 18 items, serves as a cover sheet for the entire application. This form is required for every application for Federal assistance. No application can be accepted without a completed, signed original SF-424. Directions to complete each item are included on the back of the form.

Standard Form 424A (SF-424A). All applications must include SF- 424A, Budget Information for all years of project activity. Applicants should ensure that all appropriate columns and rows balance. Directions to complete this form are found on page 3 of SF-424A.

Detailed budget. Applicants must provide a detailed justification for all costs including the basis for computation of these costs. For example, the detailed budget would include the salaries of staff involved in the project and the portion of those salaries to be paid from the award; fringe benefits paid to each staff person; travel costs related to the project; equipment to be purchased with the award funds; and supplies required to complete the project.

Budget narrative. The budget narrative closely follows the content of the detailed budget. The narrative should relate the items budgeted to specific tasks and allowable cost categories and should provide a justification and explanation for the budgeted items including the criteria and data used to arrive at the estimates for each budget category. Please note applications that include noncompetitive contracts for the provision of specific services must contain a sole source justification for any procurement in excess of \$100,000.

The budget narrative should indicate amounts to be made available to agencies other than the grant recipient (for example, the agency with responsibility for CCH, the courts, local agencies.)

Applicants for grants must submit a budget narrative on separate sheets. The budget narrative should detail by budget category for Federal and non-Federal (in-kind and cash) share. The purpose of the budget narrative is to relate items budgeted to project activities and to provide justification and explanation for budget items, including criteria and data used to arrive at the estimates for each budget category. The following information is provided to assist the applicant in developing the budget narrative.

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a. *Personnel category.* List each position by title (and name of employee if available), show annual salary rate and percentage of time to be devoted to the project by the employee. Compensation paid for employees engaged in Federally-assisted activities must be consistent with that paid for similar work in other activities of the applicant.

b. *Fringe benefits category.* Indicate each type of benefit included and explain how the total cost allowable for employees assigned to the project is computed.

c. *Travel category.* Itemize travel expenses of project personnel by purpose (e.g., faculty to training site, field interviews, advisory group meetings, etc.) And show basis or computation (e.g., "Five trips for x purpose at \$80 average cost — \$50 transportation and 2 days per diem at \$15" or "Six people to 30-day meeting at \$70 transportation and \$45 subsistence.") In training projects where travel and subsistence for trainees is included, this should be separately listed indicating the number of trainees and the unit costs involved.

(1) Identify the tentative location of all training sessions, meetings, and other travel.

(2) Applicants should consult such references as the Official Airline Guide and the Hotel and Motel Redbook in projecting travel costs to obtain competitive rates.

d. *Equipment*. List each type of equipment to be purchased or rented with unit or monthly costs.

e. *Supplies.* List items within this category by major type (office supplies, training materials,

research forms, postage) and show basis for computation. Provide unit or monthly estimates.

f. *Contractual category.* State the selection basis for any contract or subcontract or prospective contract or subcontract (including construction services and equipment).

For individuals to be reimbursed for personal services on a fee basis, list by name or type of consultant or service, the proposed fee (by day, week, or hour) and the amounts of time to be devoted to such services.

For construction contracts and organization (including professional associations and education institutions performing professional services), indicate the type of service to be performed and the estimated contract cost data.

g. *Construction category.* Describe construction or renovation which will be accomplished using grant funds and the method used to calculate cost.

h. Other category. Include under "other" such items as rent, reproduction, telephone, and janitorial or security services. List items by major type with basis of computation shown. (Provide square footage and cost per square foot for rent — provide local and long distance telephone charges separately.)

i. *Indirect charges category.* The Agency may accept an indirect cost rate previously approved for an applicant by a Federal agency. Applicants must enclose a copy of the approved rate agreement with the grant application.

j. *Program income.* If applicable, provide a detailed estimate of the amount of program income to be generated during the grant period and its proposed application (to reduce the cost of the project or to increase the scope of the project). Also, describe the source of program income, listing the rental rates to be obtained, sale prices of publications supported by grant funds, and registration fees charged for particular sessions. If scholarships (covering, for example, registration fees) are awarded by the organization to certain conference attendees, the application should identify the percentage of all attendees that are projected as "scholarship" cases and the precise criteria for their selection.

Program narrative. All applications must include a program narrative which fully describes the expected design and implementation of the proposed program. OJP Form 4000/3 (Rev. 1-93) provides additional detailed instructions for preparing the program narrative.

The narrative should include a time line of activities indicating, for each proposed activity, the projected duration of the activity, expected completion date, and any products expected.

The application should include a description of the roles and responsibilities of key organizational and/or functional components involved in project activities; and a list of key personnel responsible for managing and implementing the major elements of the program.

Assurances. OJP Form 4000/3 (Rev 1-93) must be included in the application submission. If submitting this form separate from the SF-424, the applicant must sign and date the form to certify compliance with the Federal statutes, regulations, and requirements as cited.

Certification Regarding Lobbying; Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters; and Drug-Free Workplace. Applicants should refer to the regulations cited in OJP Form, 4061/6 to determine the certification to which they are required to attest. A copy of OJP Form 4061/6 can be obtained from the BJS Application Coordinator. Applicants should also review the instructions for certification included in the regulations before completing this form. Signature of this form provides for compliance with certification requirements under 28 C.F.R. Part 69, "New Restrictions on Lobbying," and 28 C.F.R. Part 67, "Government-wide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) and Government-wide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)." The certifications shall be treated as a material representation of fact upon which reliance will be placed when the U.S. Department of Justice determines to award the covered transaction, grant, or cooperative agreement.

Financial and administrative requirements

Discretionary grants are governed by the provisions of OMB Circulars applicable to financial assistance. The circulars, with additional information and guidance, are contained in the "Financial and Administrative Guide for Grants," Office of Justice Programs, Guideline Manual, M7100, available from the Office of Justice Programs. This guideline manual, provided upon request, is intended to assist grantees in the administration of funds and includes information on allowable costs, methods of payment, Federal rights of access to records, audit requirements, accounting systems, and financial records. Complete and accurate information is required relative to the application, expenditure of funds, and program performance. The consequences of failure to comply with program guidelines and requirements will be determined at the discretion of the Department.

Civil rights obligations

All applicants for Federal financial assistance must sign Certified Assurances that they are in compliance with the Federal laws and regulations which prohibit discrimination in any program or activity that receives such Federal funds. Section 809(c), Omnibus Crime Control & Safe Streets Act of 1968, provides that:

No person in any State shall on the ground of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under, or denied employment in connection with any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds made available under this title.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and Title II of the Americans With Disabilities Act prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability.

The applicant agency must discuss how it will ensure nondiscriminatory practices as they relate to:

(1) *Delivery of services or benefits* — to ensure that individuals will not be denied access to services or benefits under the program or activity on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, gender, age, or disability;

(2) *Employment practices* — to ensure that its personnel in the program or activity are selected for employment without regard to race, color,

religion, national origin, gender, age, or disability; and

(3) *Program participation* — to ensure members of any planning, steering or advisory board, which is an integral part of the program or activity, are not excluded from participation on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, gender, age or disability; and to encourage the selection of such members who are reflective of the diversity in the community to be served.

Audit requirement

In October 1984, Congress passed the Single Audit Act of 1984. On April 12, 1985, the Office of Management and Budget issued Circular A-128, "Audits of State and Local Governments," which establishes regulations to implement the Act. OMB Circular A-128, "Audits of State and Local Governments," outlines the requirements for organizational audits which apply to BJS grantees.

Disclosure of Federal participation

Section 8136 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act (Stevens Amendment), enacted in October 1988, requires that, "when issuing statements, press releases for proposals, bid solicitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal money, all grantees receiving Federal funds, including but not limited to State and local governments, shall clearly state (1) the percentage of the total cost of the program or project which will be financed with Federal money, and (2) the dollar amount of Federal funds for the project or program."

Intergovernmental review of Federal programs

Federal Executive Order 12372, "Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs," allows States to establish a process for reviewing Federal programs in the State, to choose which programs they wish to review, to conduct such reviews, and to make their views known to the funding Federal agency through a State "single point of contact."

If the State has established a "single point of contact," and if the State has selected this program to be included in its review process, the applicant must send a copy of its letter or application to the State "single point of contact" at the same time that it is submitted to BJS. The letter or application submitted to BJS must indicate that this has been done. The State must complete its review within 60 days. The review period will begin on the date that the letter or application is officially received by BJS. If BJS does not receive comments from the State's "single point of contact" by the end of the review period, this will be interpreted as a "no comment" response.

If the State has not established a "single point of contact," or if it has not selected the BJS statistics development or criminal history improvement programs in its review process, this must be stated in the letter or application.

Appendix B Application forms

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OM8 Approval No. 0348-0043

APPLICATI	ON FO	R					OM8 Approval No. 0348-0043				
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Non-Construction			4. DATE F	RECEIVED B	Y FEDERAL AGENCY	Federal Identifier					
S. APPLICANT INFOR						l					
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Address (give city, county, state, and zip code):					Name and telepho this application (g	Name and telephone number of the person to be contacted on matters involving this application (give area code)					
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If Revision, enter appr A. Increase Award		er(s) in box(es):			F. Intermunicipal M. Profit Organization G. Special District N. Other (Specify):						
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10. CATALOG OF FEDE ASSISTANCE NUM	RAL DOMES BER:				11. DESCRIPTIVE TIT	LE OF APPLICANT'S PROJECT:					
12. AREAS AFFECTED E	BY PROJECT	(cities, counties, sta	ates, etc.): -		i.						
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13. PROPOSED PROJEC			SSIONAL DISTRI	CTS OF:							
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SF 424

This is a standard form used by applicants as a required facesheet for preapplications and applications submitted for Federal assistance. It will be used by Federal agencies to obtain applicant certification that States which have established a review and comment procedure in response to Executive Order 12372 and have selected the program to be included in their process, have been given an opportunity to review the applicant's submission.

Item:

Entry:

Item:

Entry:

- 1. Self-explanatory.
- 2. Date application submitted to Federal agency (or State if applicable) & applicant's control number (if applicable).
- 3. State use only (if applicable).
- 4. If this application is to continue or revise an existing award, enter present Federal identifier number. If for a new project, leave blank.
- 5. Legal name of applicant, name of primary organizational unit which will undertake the assistance activity, complete address of the applicant, and name and telephone number of the person to contact on matters related to this application.
- 6. Enter Employer Identification Number (EIN) as assigned by the Internal Revenue Service.
- 7. Enter the appropriate letter in the space provided.
- 8. Check appropriate box and enter appropriate letter(s) in the space(s) provided:
 - --- "New" means a new assistance award.
 - "Continuation" means an extension for an additional funding/budget period for a project with a projected completion date.
 - --- "Revision" means any change in the Federal Government's financial obligation or contingent liability from an existing obligation.
- 9. Name of Federal agency from which assistance is being requested with this application.
- 10. Use the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number and title of the program under which assistance is requested.
- 11. Enter a brief descriptive title of the project. if more than one program is involved, you should append an explanation on a separate sheet. If appropriate (e.g., construction or real property projects), attach a map showing project location. For preapplications, use a separate sheet to provide a summary description of this project.

- 12. List only the largest political entities affected (e.g., State, counties, cities).
- 13. Self-explanatory.
- 14. List the applicant's Congressional District and any District(s) affected by the program or project.
- 15. Amount requested or to be contributed during the first funding/budget period by each contributor. Value of in-kind contributions should be included on appropriate lines as applicable. If the action will result in a dollar change to an existing award, indicate <u>only</u> the amount of the change. For decreases, enclose the amounts in parentheses. If both basic and supplemental amounts are included, show breakdown on an attached sheet. For multiple program funding, use totals and show breakdown using same categories as item 15.
- Applicants should contact the State Single Point of Contact (SPOC) for Federal Executive Order 12372 to determine whether the application is subject to the State intergovernmental review process.
- 17. This question applies to the applicant organization, not the person who signs as the authorized representative. Categories of debt include delinquent audit disallowances, loans and taxes.
- 18. To be signed by the authorized representative of the applicant. A copy of the governing body's authorization for you to sign this application as official representative must be on file in the applicant's office. (Certain Federal agencies may require that this authorization be submitted as part of the application.)

	Bl	JDGET INFORM	ATION — Non-C	onstruction Pro	grams	OMB Approval No. 0348-0044			
Grant Dramon		· /· ····	SECTION A - BUDGET SUM	MARY					
Grant Program Function or Activity (a)	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Estimated	Unobligated Funds	New or Revised Budget					
	Number (b)	Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)			
1.		\$	\$	\$	s	\$			
2.					·····				
3.			· ·						
4.					· · · ·				
5. TOTALS		s	\$	s	s	S			
	-		SECTION B - BUDGET CATEG						
6 Object Class Categories a. Personnel				A, FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY		Total			
		\$	(2) \$	(3) \$	(4)				
		-			S	\$			
b. Fringe Benefits									
c. Travel	·								
d. Equipment									
e. Supplies									
f. Contractual			······································			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
g. Construction	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
h. Other			· ·		· ·				
i. Total Direct Charges (sum of 6a - 6h)									
j. Indirect Charges					<u> </u>				
k. TOTALS (sum of 6i and 6j)		\$	\$	s	\$	s			
7. Program Income		\$ ⁻	\$	\$	\$	S			

	and the second sec	OURCES	A. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
	(b) Applicant	(c) State	(d) Other Sources	(e) TOTALS
8.			\$	\$
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				2
				•
	s	\$	\$	S
SECTION	D - FORECASTED CASH	I NEEDS	:	
Total for 1st Year	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Ouarter
\$	\$	S	\$	\$
\$	s	S	\$	\$
- BUDGET ESTIMATES OF	FEDERAL FUNDS NEED	DED FOR BALANCE OF	THE PROJECT	
		and the second secon		
	(b) First	(c) Second	(d) Third	(e) Fourth
	\$	S	\$	\$
	\$	s	\$	S
SECTION F (Atta	- OTHER BUDGET INFO ach additional Sheets if Nece	RMATION ssary)	,	
	22. Indirec	t Charges:		·
	RRR			
· · · · ·	Total for 1st Year \$ \$ • BUDGET ESTIMATES OF	SECTION D - FORECASTED CASH	\$ \$ \$ \$	s s s SECTION D - FORECASTED CASH NEEDS s Total for 1st Year 1st Quarter 2rd Quarter 2rd Quarter 3 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 5 S 6

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SF-424A

General Instructions

This form is designed so that application can be made for funds from one or more grant programs. In preparing the budget, adhere to any existing Federal grantor agency guidelines which prescribe how and whether budgeted amounts should be separately shown for different functions or activities within the program. For some programs, grantor agencies may require budgets to be separately shown by function or activity. For other programs, grantor agencies may require a breakdown by function or activity. Sections A.B.C. and D should include budget estimates for the whole project except when applying for assistance which requires Federal authorization in annual or other funding period increments. In the latter case, Sections A,B, C, and D should provide the budget for the first budget period (usually a year) and Section E should present the need for Federal assistance in the subsequent budget periods. All applications should contain a breakdown by the object class categories shown in Lines a-k of Section B.

Section A. Budget Summary Lines 1-4, Columns (a) and (b)

For applications pertaining to a single Federal grant program (Federal Domestic Assistance Catalog number) and not requiring a functional or activity breakdown, enter on Line 1 under Column (a) the catalog program title and the catalog number in Column (b).

For applications pertaining to a single program requiring budget amounts by multiple functions or activities, enter the name of each activity or function on each line in Column (a), and enter the catalog number in Column (b). For applications pertaining to multiple programs where none of the programs require a breakdown by function or activity, enter the catalog program title on each line in Column (a) and the respective catalog number on each line in Column (b).

For applications pertaining to *multiple* programs where one or more programs *require* a breakdown by function or activity, prepare a separate sheet for each program requiring the breakdown. Additional sheets should be used when one form does not provide adequate space for all breakdown of data required. However, when more than one sheet is used, the first page should provide the summary totals by programs.

Lines 1-4, Columns (c) through (g.)

For new applications, leave Columns (c) and (d) blank. For each line entry in Columns (a) and (b), enter in Columns (e), (f), and (g) the appropriate amounts of funds needed to support the project for the first funding period (usually a year).

Lines 1-4, Columns (c) through (g.) (continued)

For continuing grant program applications, submit these forms before the end of each funding period as required by the grantor agency. Enter in Columns (c) and (d) the estimated amounts of funds which will remain unobligated at the end of the grant funding period only if the Federal grantor agency instructions provide for this. Otherwise, leave these columns blank. Enter in columns (e) and (f) the amounts of funds needed for the upcoming period. The amount(s) in Column (g) should be the sum of amounts in Columns (e) and (f).

For supplemental grants and changes to existing grants, do not use Columns (c) and (d). Enter in Column (e) the amount of the increase or decrease of Federal funds and enter in Column (f) the amount of the increase or decrease of non-Federal funds. In Column (g) enter the new total budgeted amount (Federal and non-Federal) which includes the total previous authorized budgeted amounts plus or minus, as appropriate, the amounts shown in Columns (e) and (f). The amount(s) in Column (g) should not equal the sum of amounts in Columns (e) and (f).

Line 5 — Show the totals for all columns used.

Section B Budget Categories

In the column headings (1) through (4), enter the titles of the same programs, functions, and activities shown on Lines 1-4, Column (a), Section A. When additional sheets are prepared for Section A, provide similar column headings on each sheet. For each program, function or activity, fill in the total requirements for funds (both Federal and non-Federal) by object class categories.

Lines 6a-i — Show the totals of Lines 6a to 6h in each column.

Line 6j - Show the amount of indirect cost.

Line 6k – Enter the total of amounts on Lines 6i and 6j. For all applications for new grants and continuation grants the total amount in column (5), Line 6k, should be the same as the total amount shown in Section A, Column (g), Line 5. For supplemental grants and changes to grants, the total amount of the increase or decrease as shown in Columns (1)-(4), Line 6k should be the same as the sum of the amounts in Section A, Columns (e) and (f) on Line 5.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SF-424A (continued)

Line 7 – Enter the estimated amount of income, if any, expected to be generated from this project. Do not add or subtract this amount from the total project amount. Show under the program narrative statement the nature and source of income. The estimated amount of program income may be considered by the federal grantor agency in determining the total amount of the grant.

Section C. Non-Federal-Resources

Lines 8-11 – Enter amounts of non-Federal resources that will be used on the grant. If in-kind contributions are included, provide a brief explanation on a separate sheet.

- **Column (a)** Enter the program titles identical to Column (a), Section A. A breakdown by function or activity is not necessary.
- **Column (b)** Enter the contribution to be made by the applicant.
- **Column (c)** Enter the amount of the State's cash and in-kind contribution if the applicant is not a State or State agency. Applicants which are a State or State agencies should leave this column blank.
- Column (d) Enter the amount of cash and inkind contributions to be made from all other sources.
- Column (e) Enter totals of Columns (b), (c), and (d).

Line 12 — Enter the total for each of Columns (b)-(e). The amount in Column (e) should be equal to the amount on Line 5, Column (f), Section A.

Section D. Forecasted Cash Needs

Line 13 – Enter the amount of cash needed by quarter from the grantor agency during the first year.

Line 14 – Enter the amount of cash from all other sources needed by quarter during the first year.

Line 15 – Enter the totals of amounts on Lines 13 and 14.

Section E. Budget Estimates of Federal Funds Needed for Balance of the Project

Lines 16 - 19 – Enter in Column (a) the same grant program titles shown in Column (a), Section A. A breakdown by function or activity is not necessary. For new applications and continuation grant applications, enter in the proper columns amounts of Federal funds which will be needed to complete the program or project over the succeeding funding periods (usually in years). This section need not be completed for revisions (amendments, changes, or supplements) to funds for the current year of existing grants.

If more than four lines are needed to list the program titles, submit additional schedules as necessary.

Line 20 – Enter the total for each of the Columns (b)-(e). When additional schedules are prepared for this Section, annotate accordingly and show the overall totals on this line.

Section F. Other Budget Information

Line 21 – Use this space to explain amounts for individual direct object-class cost categories that may appear to be out of the ordinary or to explain the details as required by the Federal grantor agency.

Line 22 – Enter the type of indirect rate (provisional, predetermined, final or fixed) that will be in effect during the funding period, the estimated amount of the base to which the rate is applied, and the total indirect expense.

Line 23 – Próvide any other explanations or comments deemed necessary.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Applicants must provide on a separate sheet a budget narrative which will detail by budget category, the Federal and non-Federal (in-kind and cash) share. The grantee cash contribution should be identified as to its source, i.e., funds appropriated by a State or local government or donation from a private source. The narrative should relate the items budgeted to project activities and should provide a justification and explanation for the budgeted items including the criteria and data used to arrive at the estimates for each budget category.

INSTRUCTIONS

PROGRAM NARRATIVE

Prepare the program narrative statement in accordance with the following instructions for all new grant programs. Requests for continuation or refunding and changes on an approved project should respond to item 5b only. Requests for supplemental assistance should respond to question 5c only.

1. OBJECTIVES AND NEED FOR THIS ASSISTANCE.

Pinpoint any relevant physical, economic, social, financial, institutional, or other problems requiring a solution. Demonstrate the need for assistance and state the principal and subordinate objectives of the project. Supporting documentation or other testimonies from concerned interests other than the applicant may be used. Any relevant data based on planning studies should be included or footnoted.

2. RESULTS OR BENEFITS EXPECTED.

Identify results and benefits to be derived. For example, when applying for a grant to establish a neighborhood health center provide a description of who will occupy the facility, how the facility will be used, and how the facility will benefit the general public.

3. APPROACH.

- a. Outline a plan of action pertaining to the scope and detail of how the proposed work will be accomplished for each grant program, function or activity, provided in the budget. Cite factors which might accelerate or decelerate the work and your reason for taking this approach as opposed to others. Describe any unusual features of the project such as design or technological innovations, reductions in cost or time, or extraordinary social and community involvement.
- b. Provide for each grant program, function or activity, quantitative monthly or quarterly projections of the accomplishments to be achieved in such terms as the number of jobs created; the number of people served; and the number of patients treated. When accomplishments cannot be quantified by activity or function, list them in chronological order to

show the schedule of accomplishments and their target dates.

- c. Identify the kinds of data to be collected and maintained and discuss the criteria to be used to evaluate the results and successes of the project. Explain the methodology that will be used to determine if the needs identified and discussed are being met and if the results and benefits identified in item 2 are being achieved.
- d. List organizations, cooperators, consultants, or other key individuals who will work on the project along with a short description of the nature of their effort or contribution.

4. GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION.

Give a precise location of the project or area to be served by the proposed project. Maps or other graphic aids may be attached.

5. IF APPLICABLE, PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- a. For research or demonstration assistance requests, present a biographical sketch of the program director with the following information; name, address, phone number, background, and other qualifying experience for the project. Also, list the name, training and background for other key personnel engaged in the project.
- b. Discuss accomplishments to date and list in chronological order a schedule of accomplishments, progress or milestones anticipated with the new funding request. If there have been significant changes in the project objectives, location approach, or time delays, explain and justify. For other requests for changes or amendments, explain the reason for the change(s). If the scope or objectives have changed or an extension of time is necessary, explain the circumstances and justify. If the total budget items have changed more than the prescribed limits contained in the Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements 28 CFR, part 66, Common Rule (or Attachment J to OMB Circular A-110, as applicable), explain and justify the change and its effect on the project.
- c. For supplemental assistance requests, explain the reason for the request and justify the need for additional funding.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 26 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspects of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Comptroller, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice, 633 Indiana Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20531; and to the Public Use Reports Project, 1121-0140, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

1.1

ASSURANCES

The Applicant hereby assures and certifies compliance with all Federal statutes, regulations, policies, guidelines and requirements, including OMB Circulars No. A-21, A-110, A-122, A-128, A-87; E.O. 12372 and Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements – 28 CFR, Part 66, Common Rule, that govern the application, acceptance and use of Federal funds for this federally-assisted project. Also the Applicant assures and certifies that:

- It possesses legal authority to apply for the grant; that a resolution, motion or similar action has been duly adopted or passed as an official act of the applicant's governing body, authorizing the filing of the application, including all understandings and assurances contained therein, and directing and authorizing the person identified as the official representative of the applicant to act in connection with the application and to provide such additional information may be required.
- It will comply with requirements of the provisions of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisitions Act of 1970 P.L. 91-646) which provides for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs.
- 3. It will comply with provisions of Federal law which limit certain political activities of employees of a State or local unit of government whose principal employment is in connection with an activity financed in whole or in part by Federal grants. (5 USC 1501, et seq.)
- 4. It will comply with the minimum wage and maximum hours provisions of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act if applicable.
- 5. It will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that is or gives the appearance of being motivated by a desire for private gain for themselves or others, particularly those with whom they have family, business, or other ties.
- It will give the sponsoring agency or the Comptroller General, through any authorized representative, access to and the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the grant.
- It will comply with all requirements imposed by the Federal sponsoring agency concerning special requirements of law, program requirements, and other administrative requirements.
- 8. It will insure that the facilities under its ownership, lease or supervision which shall be utilized in the accomplishment of the project are not listed on the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) list of Violating Facilities and that it will notify the Federal grantor agency of the receipt of any communication from the Director of the EPA Office of Federal Activities indicating that a facility to be used in the project is under consideration for listing by the EPA.
- 9. It will comply with the flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Public Law 93-234, 87 Stat. 975, approved December 31, 1976. Section 102(a) requires, on and after March 2, 1975, the purchase of flood insurance in communities where such insurance is available as a condition for the receipt of any Federal financial assistance for construction or acquisition purposes for use in any area that has been identified by the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development as an area having special flood hazards. The phrase "Federal financial assistance" includes any form of Ioan, grant, guaranty, insurance payment, rebate, subsidy, disaster assistance.
- 10. It will assist the Federal grantor agency in its compliance with Section

106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended (16 USC 470), Executive Order 11593, and the Archeological and Historical Preservation Act of 1966 (16 USC 569a-1 et seq.) by (a) consulting with the State Historic Preservation Officer on the conduct of investigations, as necessary, to identify properties listed in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places that are subject to adverse effects (see 36 CFR Part 800.8) by the activity, and notifying the Federal grantor agency of the existence of any such properties, and by (b) complying with all requirements established by the Federal grantor agency to avoid or mitigate adverse effects upon such properties.

- 11. It will comply, and assure the compliance of all its subgrantees and contractors, with the applicable provisions of Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended, the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act, or the Victims of Crime Act, as appropriate; the provisions of the current edition of the Office of Justice Programs Financial and Administrative Guide for Grants, M7100.1; and all other applicable Federal laws, orders, circulars, or regulations.
- 12. It will comply with the provisions of 28 CFR applicable to grants and cooperative agreements including Part 18, Administrative Review Procedure; Part 20, Criminal Justice Information Systems; Part 22, Confidentiality of Identifiable Research and Statistical Information; Part 23, Criminal Intelligence Systems Operating Policies; Part 30, Intergovernmental Review of Department of Justice Programs and Activities; Part 42, Nondiscrimination/Equal Employment Opportunity Policies and Procedures; Part 61, Procedures for Implementing the National Environmental Policy Act; Part 63, Floodplain Management and Wetland Protection Procedures; and Federal laws or regulations applicable to Federal Assistance Programs.
- 13. It will comply, and all its contractors will comply, with the nondiscrimination requirements of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended, 42 USC 3789(d), or Victims of Crime Act (as appropriate); Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; Subtitle A, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) (1990); Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975; Department of Justice Non-Discrimination Regulations, 28 CFR Part 42, Subparts C, D, E, and G; and Department of Justice regulations on disability discrimination, 28 CFR Part 35 and Part 39.
- 14. In the event a Federal or State court or Federal or State administrative agency makes a finding of discrimination after a due process hearing on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, or disability against a recipient of funds, the recipient will forward a copy of the finding to the Office for Civil Rights, Office of Justice Programs.
- 15. It will provide an Equal Employment Opportunity Program if required to maintain one, where the application is for \$500,000 or more.
- 16. It will comply with the provisions of the Coastal Barrier Resources Act (P.L. 97-348) dated October 19, 1982 (16 USC 3501 et seq.) which prohibits the expenditure of most new Federal funds within the units of the Coastal Barrier Resources System.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER

CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING LOBBYING; DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS; AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE REQUIREMENTS

Applicants should refer to the regulations cited below to determine the certification to which they are required to attest. Applicants should also review the instructions for certification included in the regulations before completing this form. Signature of this form provides for compliance with certification requirements under 28 CFR Part 69, "New Restrictions on Lobbying" and 28 CFR Part 67, "Government-wide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) and Government-wide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)." The certifications shall be treated as a material representation of fact upon which reliance will be placed when the Department of Justice determines to award the covered transaction, grant, or cooperative agreement.

1. LOBBYING

As required by Section 1352, Title 31 of the U.S. Code, and implemented at 28 CFR Part 69, for persons entering into a grant or cooperative agreement over \$100,000, as defined at 28 CFR Part 69, the applicant certifies that:

(a) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the making of any Federal grant, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal grant or cooperative agreement;

(b) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal grant or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form - LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," in accordance with its instructions;

(c) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subgrants, contracts under grants and cooperative agreements, and subcontracts) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

2. DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (DIRECT RECIPIENT)

As required by Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension, and implemented at 28 CFR Part 67, for prospective participants in primary covered transactions, as defined at 28 CFR Part 67, Section 67.510-

A. The applicant certifies that it and its principals:

(a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, sentenced to a denial of Federal benefits by a State or Federal court, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State, or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and

(d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default; and

B. Where the applicant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, he or she shall attach an explanation to this application.

3. DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE (GRANTEES OTHER THAN INDIVIDUALS)

As required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, and implemented at 28 CFR Part 67, Subpart F, for grantees, as defined at 28 CFR Part 67 Sections 67.615 and 67.620-

A. The applicant certifies that it will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

(a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition;

(b) Establishing an on-going drug-free awareness program to inform employees about-

(1) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;

(2) The grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;

(3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and

(4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;

(c) Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph (a);

(d) Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph (a) that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will-

(1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and

(2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;

(e) Notifying the agency, in writing, within 10 calendar days after receiving notice under subparagraph (d)(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to: Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, ATTN: Control Desk, 633 Indiana Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20531. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;

(f) Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under subparagraph (d)(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted—

(1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or

(2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;

(g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drugfree workplace through implementation of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).

B. The grantee may insert in the space provided below the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the specific grant:

Place of Performance (Street address, city, county, state, zip code)

Check \square if there are workplaces on file that are not indentified here.

Section 67, 630 of the regulations provides that a grantee that is a State may elect to make one certification in each Federal fiscal year. A copy of which should be included with each application for Department of Justice funding. States and State agencies may elect to use OJP Form 4061/7.

Check \Box if the State has elected to complete OJP Form 4061/7.

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE (GRANTEES WHO ARE INDIVIDUALS)

As required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, and implemented at 28 CFR Part 67, Subpart F, for grantees, as defined at 28 CFR Part 67; Sections 67.615 and 67.620-

A. As a condition of the grant, I certify that I will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance in conducting any activity with the grant; and

B. If convicted of a criminal drug offense resulting from a violation occurring during the conduct of any grant activity, I will report the conviction, in writing, within 10 calendar days of the conviction, to: Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, ATTN: Control Desk, 633 Indiana Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20531.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant, I hereby certify that the applicant will comply with the above certifications.

1. Grantee Name and Address:

2. Application Number and/or Project Name

3. Grantee IRS/Vendor Number

4. Typed Name and Title of Authorized Representative

5. Signature

6. Date

			ОМ	B APPROVA	L NO. 1121-	0021, EXPIRES: 7/31/94
ACCOUNTING SYST	OFFICE	PARTMENT OF JUSTI OF JUSTICE PROGRA	MS	QUESTIC	NNAIRE	
		TION A: PURPOS	_			
 The financial responsibility of grantees must be su authority to expend public funds. Adequate accour manual entitled, "Financial and Administrative Gui (1) Accounting records should provide inform the expenditure of funds for each grant, financial entitled. (2) Entries in accounting records should refer readily located. (3) The accounting system should provide accounting system should be integrat covered, check the accuracy and reliability prescribed management policies. 	ich that the inting system ide for Gran nation neede or each acti- to subsidiar curate and o ed with an	grantee can properly ms should meet the f ts." d to adequately ident on program covered ry records and/or doo current financial repor	discharge to ollowing critify the rece by a State's cumentation ting inform	iteria as out sipt of funds s grants and which sup ation.	lined in the s under each d for each su port the entr	OJP guideline grant awarded and bgrant awarded by y and which can be
	SECT	TION B: GENERA	L			
1. Name of Organization:		2. Type of Or Other □	ganization: Explain: _	For-Prof	fit 🗆 N	ot-for-Profit
 If your firm publishes a general information pam please provide this office with a copy; otherwis 	phlet setting e, complete	a forth the history of		organizatio	nal structure	of your business,
	o. Principal (Titles		
c. Employer Identification Number:				<u> </u>		
d. Number of Employees Full Time: Part Time:					<u> </u>	
 Is the firm affiliated with any other firm? Ye If "yes", provide details: 	es 🗆 No				nues in most d. (12 month	
SEC	CTION C:	ACCOUNTING S	YSTEM			
1. Has any Government Agency rendered an officia identification and allocation of costs under Feder	I written op al contracts	inion concerning the /grants?	adequacy o	of the accou	unting system	n for the collection,
 a. If yes, provide name and address of Agency per review: 	forming b.	Attach a copy of the correspondence, cle	e latest revi arance doc	ew and any uments, etc	v subsequent	
		Note: If review occurs of this Section and	Irred within t Section D.	he past three	e years, omit c	uestions 2-9
2. Which of the following best describes the account	nting systen	n? 🗆 Manual		ated 🗆 Co	ombination	
3. Does the organization use a double-entry system			s?	□ Yes	🗆 No	Not Sure
 Does the accounting system identify the receipt a program funds separately for each contract/gram 	and expendi t?	itures of		Yes	🗆 No	□ Not Sure
5. Does the accounting system provide for the reco grant/contract by the component project and but shown in the approved budget?	rding of exp dget cost ca	penditures for each ategories		Yes	🗆 No	□ Not Sure
Are time distribution records maintained for an er can be specifically identified to a particular cost o	nployee wh bjective?	en his/her effort			🗆 No	□ Not Sure
If the organization proposes an overhead rate, do provide for the segregation of direct and indirect	es the acco expenses?	unting system		□ Yes	🗆 No	□ Not Sure
 8. Does the accounting/financial system include buc obligations in excess of: a. Total funds available for a grant? b. Total funds available for a budget cost categ Travel, etc.)? 			rring	□ Yes □ Yes	□ No □ No	□ Not Sure □ Not Sure
 Is the firm generally familiar with the existing regulation cost principles and procedures for the determination costs in connection with Federal contracts/grant 		guidelines containing owance of	the	C Yes	□ No	□ Not Sure

SECTION D: FUND	CONTROL			
1. Is a separate bank account maintained for grant/contract funds?		□ Yes	🗆 No	Not Sure
 If Federal grant/contract funds are commingled with organization funds, the Federal grant funds and related costs and expenses be readily identified 	can ed?	□ Yes	□ No	Not Sure
3. Are the officials of the firm bonded?		🗆 Yes	🗆 No	Not Sure
SECTION E: FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS			
1. Did an independent certified public accountant (CPA) ever examine the financial statements?		□ Yes	□ No	
 If an independent CPA review was performed please provide this office w a copy of their latest report and any management letters issued. 	vith	Enclose	d □ N/A	
3. If an independent CPA was engaged to perform a review and no report w	vas issued, please	provide detai	is and an ex	planation below:
 4. If an independent CPA has never examined your financial statements, ple financial statements: a. A detailed "Balance Sheet" for the most current and previous year; b. A detailed "Income Statement" for the most current and previous year. 	and	rovide this of	ffice with a c	copy of the following
SECTION F: ADDITIONAL	INFORMATIO	N		
1. Use this space for any additional information (indicate section and item n	umbers if a continu	uation)		
SECTION G: APPLICANT	CERTIFICATIO	N T		
I certify that the above information is complete and correct to the best of m	ny knowledge.			
1. Signature and Date	b. Firm Name,	Address, an	d Telephone	Number
a. Title				
	c. Application	dentifier Nu	mber	
	i . L			
	RTIFICATION			
The purpose of the CPA certification is to assure the Federal agency that the which assure that Federal and State/local funds available for the conduct of properly.	recipient can estab the grant programs	blish fiscal co and project	entrols and a s are disburs	ccounting procedures ed and accounted for
1. Signature and Date	b. Firm Name,	Address, an	d Telephone	Number
a. Title			,	_
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