

PROFESSIONAL PRIDE



1972-73
BIENNIAL REPORT

19013

COUNTY OF ORANGE
SHERIFF-CORONER DEPARTMENT



LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS

AS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, my fundamental duty is to serve mankind; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional rights of all men to liberty, equality, and justice.

I WILL keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided in me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I WILL never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I RECOGNIZE the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of the police service. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession. . . law enforcement.

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SECTION I

Organizational Information

- BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
- INTRODUCTION
- TABLE OF ORGANIZATION
- DIVISION COMMANDERS
- PATROL DIVISION
- JAIL DIVISION
- RECORDS/IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
- INVESTIGATION DIVISION
- PERSONNEL/TRAINING DIVISION
- CIVIL DIVISION
- CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY DIVISION
- CORONER DIVISION
- INDUSTRIAL FARM



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS



1973



James A. Musick

JAMES A. MUSICK
Sheriff-Coroner

INTRODUCTION.

The Orange County Sheriff-Coroner Department is pleased to present its 1972-73 Biennial Report. During the past two years, the County has undergone significant changes, and is emerging as a major metropolis and industrial center. The continued population expansion attests to the migratory patterns of people seeking a better way of life, away from densely populated cities and counties, with the high crime rates always associated with congestion. To keep pace with the growth of Orange County, and to provide the highest quality of law enforcement to the citizens of Orange County, the Sheriff-Coroner Department continues to innovate and implement changes within its operating structure. This report is therefore dedicated to the members of the department who meet the new challenges set before them with what can be best described in two words.

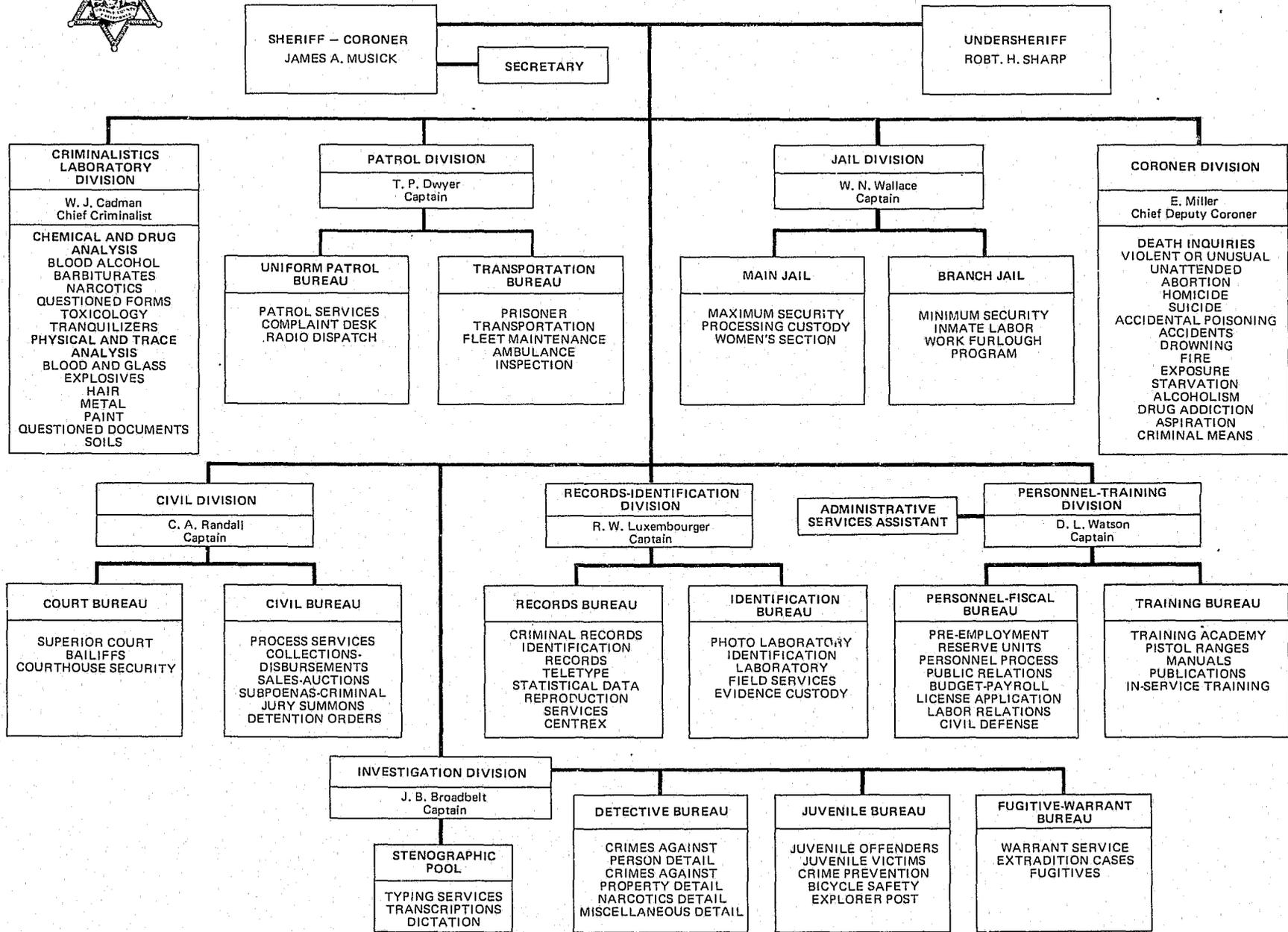
PROFESSIONAL PRIDE.



Robert H. Sharp

ROBERT H. SHARP
Undersheriff

TABLE OF ORGANIZATION



12/31/74

DIVISION COMMANDERS



CAPT. T. P. DWYER
Patrol Division



CAPT. W. H. WALLACE
Jail Division



CAPT. R. W. LUXEMBOURGER
Records-Identification Division



CAPT. J. B. BROADBELT
Investigation Division



CAPT. D. L. WATSON
Personnel-Training Division



CAPT. C. A. RANDALL
Civil Division



W. J. CADMAN
Chief Criminalist



E. MILLER
Chief Deputy Coroner

PATROL

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total Felony Arrests | 3,417 | 2,680 |
| Total Miscellaneous Arrests | 9,693 | 11,368 |
| Total Actual Incidents | 44,396 | 51,362 |
| Prisoners Transported | 124,177 | 116,257 |
| Patrol Mileage | 1,581,855 | 1,819,492 |



During the past two years the Patrol Division has undergone several changes that have increased its operational efficiency. These important changes and improvements have included advanced communications equipment, increased patrol unit protection equipment, and the new substation.

Commensurate with County and Department growth is a continued increase in radio traffic between the Department and its mobile units. The need for a more efficient radio system to meet these increasing demands became even more apparent with the explosive growth of south Orange County.

During 1973, a UHF radio system was installed in all Sheriff's Department mobile units. This new system replaced the antiquated VHF radio, and provides distinct advantages by reducing verbal transmission through the use of message buttons; thereby, allowing more air time for emergency traffic. Other advantages include the ability of car-to-car direct contact anywhere in the County, including radio contact with police units of other law enforcement agencies. The new system also

eliminates other agencies transmitting over the same frequency as the Sheriff's Department, thus permitting more expeditious dispatching of emergency vehicles.

A mobile Teleprinter was also installed in all Sheriff's Department patrol units. This Teleprinter allows the dispatcher to transmit teletype messages and information to each Sheriff's unit independently or to all units simultaneously when necessary.

Along with the installation of the new radio system, all patrol units were equipped with a special plexiglass shield to afford maximum protection to deputies when transporting prisoners.

With these equipment improvements, the accomplishments made during 1972-1973, and the projected future growth of the proposed substation in Laguna Niguel, the Patrol Division should continue to make great progress in the coming years in their position with our professional team.

JAIL

The Jail Division has continued to be a source of pride within the Sheriff's Department through its modern and well equipped facilities. This was further evidenced in August 1973 when the State Board of Corrections "Minimum Jail Standards" became effective. The Jail Division was able to meet these standards with a minimum of change.

In an effort to stay ahead of any future inmate housing problems, construction was started on the fourth floor of the Men's Jail. This area is due for completion in March 1974. The fourth floor will be an exact duplicate of the present third floor housing area, including a new inmate dining hall.

An addition of a Jail Psychiatric Team as a full time jail program has greatly enhanced the efficiency of handling inmates

with mental disorders. The Psychiatric Team is funded through the Mental Health Department, and permanently housed at the Men's Jail. The team has a staff of six personnel who screen all inmates referred by courts, medical staff, or jail deputies for possible mental disorders. The program also consists of an outpatient service used for counseling the inmate's family regarding the mental problem.

The problem of jail over-crowding was greatly eased with the establishment of the Detention Release Program funded by the Orange County court system. This program has a staff of seven personnel who review all inmate bookings for possible release on their own recognizance or bail adjustments. The success of this program can be seen by the fact that 38% of all inmates are released within eight hours after booking.

STATISTICS

MAIN JAIL

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Average Daily Headcount | 825 | 810 |
| Prisoners Booked | 45,249 | 47,469 |
| Bails & Fines | \$1,540,518.46 | \$2,218,626.06 |

THEO LACY FACILITY

| | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|
| Average Daily Headcount | 256 | 224 |
| Prisoners Assigned | 5,812 | 5,670 |
| Inmate Hours Worked | 822,661 | 799,799 |



RECORDS-IDENTIFICATION

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Identification Cases | 19,757 | 15,189 |
| Persons Fingerprinted | 8,399 | 8,819 |
| Records Checked | 322,295 | 342,211 |
| Teletypes | 248,494 | 357,247 |
| Criminal Records Received | 68,415 | 63,570 |
| Juvenile Contact Reports | 45,901 | 41,332 |
| Property Bookings | 13,395 | 16,075 |
| Forms Mimeographed | 565,690 | 628,005 |



Two extremely critical functions are performed by this Division. Police records are at the very heart of any law enforcement function. The need to document the action taken by the Sheriff's Department in any given instance is imperative. As the courts rely more and more on physical evidence, the functions of this Division in the comparative analysis field becomes more salient to the entire Criminal Justice Process (CJP).

During the 1972-1973 fiscal year the Record Bureau has continued plans for the automation of Sheriff's records. The Municipal Court Automated Procedures System (MCAPS) now provides deputies with Municipal Court traffic related information. MCAPS will be a subsystem of Subject in Process (SIP). SIP will provide county wide law enforcement agencies with an automated system in which a subject can be located within the CIP forever from time of entry. All this means a faster and more accurate means of obtaining Criminal History or want/warrant information.

Records provided the dispatcher with a Video Data Terminal (VDT) which allowed accesses to both the County Computer and the numerous automated state files. This procedure also provided the dispatcher with an interface to the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) in Washington, D.C.

The Identification Bureau has continued to up-grade the training of personnel in this bureau. The Mira Code System of fingerprint comparison was implemented. As the data base for this automated process increases, more identifications of suspected persons are expected. A portable X-Ray was purchased, and has been used successfully in locating projectiles in questionable death cases.

This Division is continuing in its function as a service unit to provide the Department with fast and efficient records information and outstanding technical identification expertise in identification and comparative analysis.

INVESTIGATION

Under a Federal grant, the Sheriff's Department established a burglary prevention program, with the primary purpose being to reduce the rate of burglaries committed in a specific area of the unincorporated portion of the County. By the use of special teams of Deputy Sheriffs, inspections were made of residential and commercial premises to make the occupants aware of security deficiencies. These teams also provided selective enforcement patrol in undercover vehicles to apprehend persons suspected of committing burglaries. The public was also made aware of this campaign through the distribution of printed handout materials, news media sources, and formal programs. The duration of the grant was for a period of one year.

In the Spring of 1972 the "Student and The Law" program was instituted under the direction of the Juvenile Bureau. During the 1973 school year, 269 students experienced the semester-long elective course presented by the School Re-

sources Officer at Villa Park and Canyon High Schools. The main objectives of the program are to promote an understanding of the criminal justice system's role as it affects the community, to provide an interaction between students and law enforcement personnel, and to assist the student in providing a guide about laws that may affect him.

The course is taught over an 18-week period, and includes such topics as the history of law enforcement, powers and duties of the Sheriff, Constitutional and California criminal law, juvenile procedures, and other areas of concern for today's teenagers. In addition to the School Resources Officer, other members of the Department are requested to give assistance to the program as guest speakers.

The success of these programs truly exemplifies the professional quality of the Department members involved with their own organization.

| <u>STATISTICS</u> | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
| <u>DETECTIVE BUREAU</u> | | |
| Cases Assigned | 13,218 | 14,272 |
| <u>JUVENILE BUREAU</u> | | |
| Cases Assigned | 7,585 | 7,056 |
| Juvenile Arrests | 5,014 | 4,971 |
| <u>FUGITIVE BUREAU</u> | | |
| Warrants Received | 30,987 | 32,470 |
| Bail Monies Collected | \$313,021.33 | \$311,043.55 |



PERSONNEL - TRAINING

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Personnel Hired | 105 | 95 |
| Public Relations Programs | 402 | 359 |
| Student Training Hours | | |
| Regular | 45,330 | 46,642 |
| Reserve | 14,017 | 17,146 |
| Permit/Licenses Issued | 2,271 | 707 |

A direct correlation exists between the professionalism of a law enforcement agency and the quality of its personnel. The Personnel-Training Division has the responsibility of maintaining the high caliber of personnel for which the Orange County Sheriff-Coroner Department has been noted over the years.

The Personnel-Fiscal Bureau continued to carry out its function of hiring only highly qualified personnel during the 1972-1973 period; however, the Training Bureau displayed the epitome of professional law enforcement with its many expanded programs.

The Training Bureau has implemented its function with many new programs covering a vast area of the law enforcement field. With the creation of the PC-832 Academy, which is a 40-hour special law enforcement training course, the Training Bureau has certified over 1,000 people in that category alone.



Advanced Jail, Civil, Investigation, and Sergeant's Academies have also been implemented into the training program.

The year 1973 saw an increase in the number of Basic Academies offered by the Training Bureau. In that year four Basic Academies were held which accounted for 44 weeks of the entire year. With all of its programs, the Training Bureau is vested with the responsibility of training personnel from law enforcement agencies throughout the County, as well as personnel of the Sheriff's Department.

The field of in-service training has also been expanded to include regularly scheduled monthly sessions for the Patrol Division, as well as CPR (Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation) training classes.

Future academies that are now being planned include training for extra-help deputies, identification technicians, and narcotic investigators.

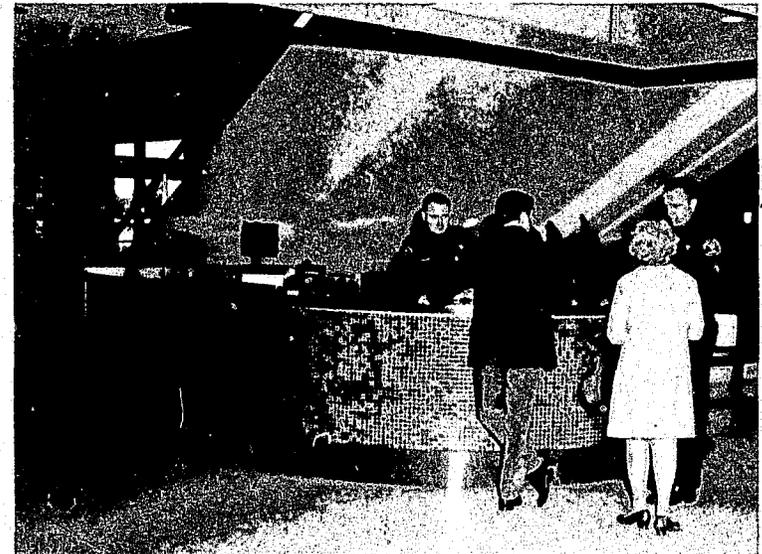
CIVIL

The Office of the Sheriff-Coroner is unique in the law enforcement field in that it serves two branches of our government. Normally law enforcement agencies are categorized under the Executive branch of government; however, the Sheriff-Coroner serves not only the Executive branch, but also the Judicial branch of government. In this latter capacity the Sheriff-Coroner is said to be an officer of the courts, and in that capacity is required to render obedience to the mandates of the court. The Civil Division functions to serve this Judicial responsibility.

Along with the initial responsibility of maintaining order and security within the Superior Courts and carrying out court orders, this Division is also vested with the responsibility of maintaining 24-hour security within the Courthouse building. During the past two years, the security phase of the Civil Division has been expanded to include all county buildings within the Civic Center mall complex. The security deputies also man the public information counter within the Central Court facility.

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Jury Summons | 8,482 | 11,002 |
| Criminal Subpoenas | 27,987 | 35,250 |
| Total Civil Cases | 5,482 | 6,078 |
| Monies Deposited | \$87,691.62 | \$88,435.83 |



Criminalistics Laboratory

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| General Lab Cases | 2,763 | 3,022 |
| (Other Departments) | 1,984 | 2,233 |
| Examinations Conducted | 24,683 | 34,053 |
| (Other Departments) | 18,984 | 26,410 |
| Blood-Alcohol Exams | 6,496 | 8,461 |



During the 1972-1973 period the State of California, Department of Justice, conducted a survey for the purpose of establishing criminalistic laboratories, as needed, throughout the State. This survey showed the Orange County Sheriff-Coroner Criminalistics Laboratory to be of the highest professional quality in personnel, as well as utilizing the most modern methods of evidence examinations. From this survey, the Criminalistics Laboratory Division of the Department was designated as a Regional Laboratory for the Orange County area.

Through this new designation, the Criminalistics Laboratory received a federal grant to expand its capabilities by an increase in personnel and improved automated equipment. The goal of this grant was to increase efficiency in the testing of alcohol and dangerous drugs.

Along with the original federal grant for expansion of this Division's facilities, another grant was received for establishment of a satellite laboratory. The satellite laboratory concept was planned to serve specific high-demand areas within the County.

Included with the satellite laboratory grant were funds to further study the Regional Laboratory concept and standardize procedures and reporting systems within the region, for participating agencies. This was accomplished through the publishing of the Handbook of Standard Physical Evidence Procedures by this Division. Training programs were also administered by Departmental personnel, which were designed to meet the needs of each agency utilizing the Criminalistics Laboratory.

CORONER

The Coroner Division is the most recent addition to the Sheriff-Coroner Department, in that, it was incorporated into the Department in 1971. During the 1972-1973 period the efficiency between the Coroner Division and other investigative units of the Department continued to increase.

In addition, the Coroner Division maintains a continuous study program with the California Highway Patrol on the ever-increasing problem of motor vehicle deaths. Medical and scientific studies are necessary to effectively explain the causative factors of motor vehicle accidents. Through this study program it was ascertained in 1973, that alcohol was present in 47% of all tested drivers in motor vehicle fatalities within the County.

The Coroner Division also takes an active part in the training

programs of some police and fire departments, for the purpose of better serving the public with coordinated investigative services. Several Coroner Investigators possess teaching credentials and give highly specialized instructions in homicide and death investigations at the Criminal Justice Center and other schools under the Peace Officer's Standards and Training (POST) program.

The inquest is a coroner's court, held at the coroner's discretion before a jury, in accordance with provisions of California State Law, to bring forward facts and to fix responsibility in questionable cases. National authorities on the subject state that a thorough investigation is superior to an inquest. The professional quality of this Division can be seen in the fact that no inquests were required during the 1972-1973 period.

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total Deaths | 4,703 | 4,819 |
| Autopsies | 2,601 | 2,294 |
| Inquests | 0 | 0 |



INDUSTRIAL FARM

STATISTICS

| | <u>1972</u> | <u>1973</u> |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Average Daily Count | 81 | 73 |
| Prisoners Assigned | 432 | 329 |
| Inmate Hours | 197,376 | 191,607 |
| Farm Items Value | \$58,937.25 | \$75,452.36 |



The Orange County Industrial Farm has continued to maintain its position as one of the finest county correctional facilities in the country. As a correctional facility, the Industrial Farm's primary objective is to discharge inmates with the ability to become productive citizens in our society. This objective is attained through a continuous educational program in both vocational and academic fields.

The 1972-1973 period saw an increase in educational programs available through the Industrial Farm. New vocational classes started during this period include welding, general shop, and small engine repair. Academic classes available to the inmates now include English, Social Studies, American Literature, English Literature, Art, Psychology, Reading,

Business Math, and Algebra.

Since the Industrial Farm's educational program is coordinated through the Adult Irvine High School District, full credit is given to everyone who satisfactorily completes the course of study. Even though the average stay of an inmate at the Industrial Farm is only 4½ months, one man was recently able to accumulate 35 high school credits.

The progress of the educational program can be seen through the unusually low number of escapes occurring at the Industrial Farm. During its 11 years of operation, there have been only 25 escapes from this minimum security facility.

SECTION II

Special Services

- **E.A.G.L.E. UNITS**
- **RESERVE FORCES**
- **EXPLORER POST**
- **CROSSING GUARDS**

EMERGENCY ACTION GROUP, LAW ENFORCEMENT

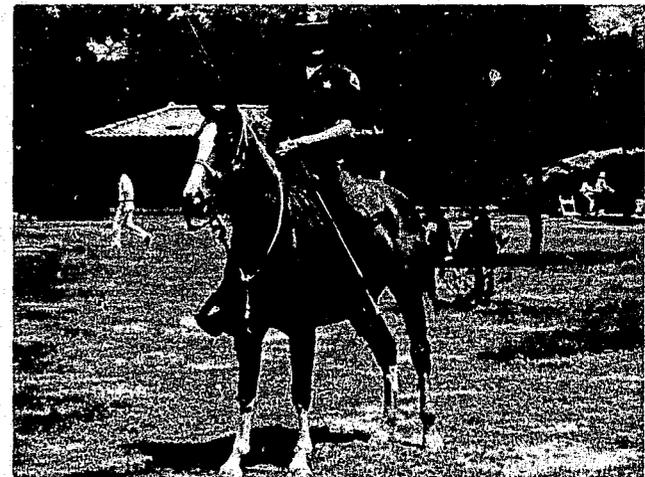
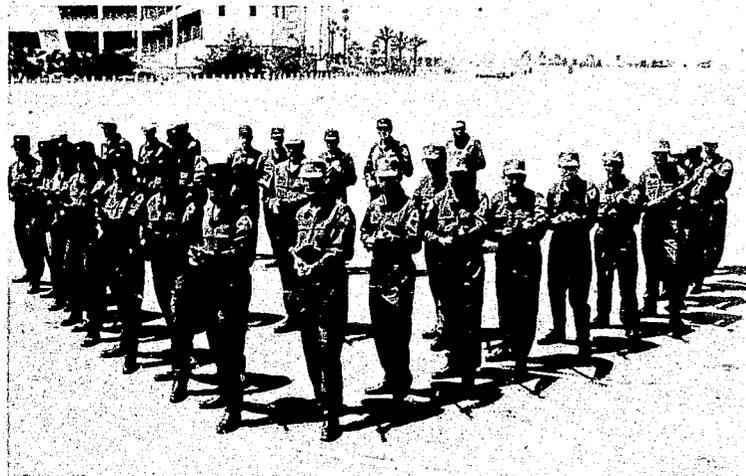
The professional quality of any law enforcement agency is often related to its ability to handle special critical situations. Through Emergency Action Group, Law Enforcement (EAGLE), the Department has structured expert units prepared to take immediate action against any major emergency situation.

The main tactical unit of EAGLE is utilized to cope with civil disorders, selective enforcement, and both natural and man-made disasters. The tactical unit also includes an Equestrian Unit, which is used extensively in crowd control at County parks during peak holiday periods; and a Motorcycle Unit that is utilized in off-road patrol of problem areas.

Other special EAGLE units include Special Weapons Assault Team (SWAT) and Hazardous Devices Squad (HDS). The

SWAT Unit is designed to protect the main tactical unit during sniper activity, or may be utilized to handle barricaded felon-type problems.

The HDS is a source of true pride for the Department. Although it has been in existence for only a few short years, the squad is already recognized as one of the finest units of this nature in the Country. In addition to disposal of hazardous devices and materials for all County law enforcement agencies, the squad includes some members with State teaching credentials who give safety classes to both governmental agencies and private concerns on methods of handling bomb threats and situations involving hazardous devices and materials. Considering the quality and quantity of duties performed by its members, working extra duty, the HDS is truly the epitome of professionalism in law enforcement.





HEADQUARTERS



SEARCH & RESCUE



AERO SQUADRON



TECHNICAL SERVICES

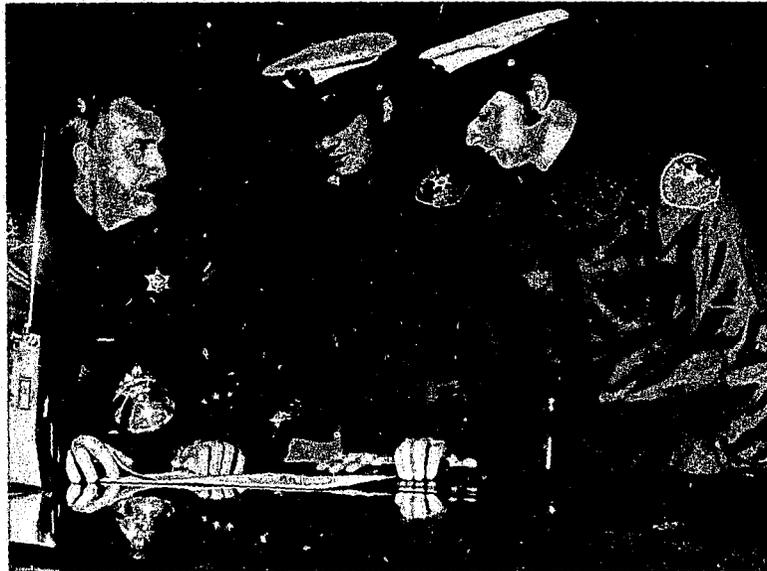
RESERVE FORCES

All of the Sheriff-Coroner Department's Reserve Units are manned by "Citizen Officers". These are men who are gainfully employed in civilian occupations, but find the time to perform additional services for their community by assisting their local law enforcement agency. Qualifications are generally the same as for a regular deputy.

Four Reserve Units are maintained within the Department, each with a specific function to perform. The Headquarters Reserve Unit is utilized to back up regular deputies working in the Patrol Division or Jail Division. The Search/Rescue Reserve Unit is made up of members who specialize in searching techniques from mountain areas to underwater, with each

man being trained in emergency medical techniques. The Technical Services Reserve Unit supports the Department with specialized talents from their members who are writers, illustrators, printers, and photographers. The Aero Squadron Reserve Unit, whose members are aircraft owner/pilots, assists the Department by flying missions to photograph evidence, search for lost people, and survey disaster areas.

Basic law enforcement knowledge is provided to reserve deputies through the Reserve Officer Academy, which is coordinated by the Department's Training Bureau. The training received by the reserve officers closely parallels that received in the Basic Academy for regular officers.

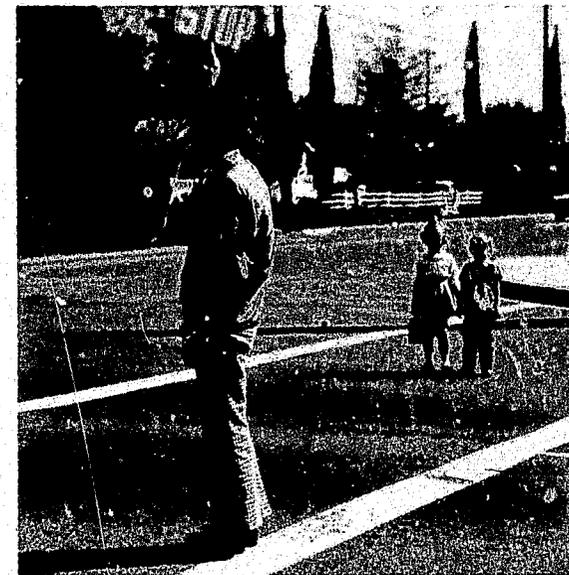


EXPLORER POST

The Orange County Sheriff-Coroner Explorer Post was organized nearly fourteen years ago. It was the first Law Enforcement Post in the United States under the new occupation-oriented Explorer Scout program. The Explorer Post gives young men and women an opportunity to learn about law enforcement first hand. The size of the Post continues to grow each year, and in 1972 the need was apparent to include young people in the south County area who might not have the capabilities of attending meetings in Santa Ana. At that time another division of the Post was formed in Laguna Hills utilizing the County Fire Station as a meeting place. The south division will eventually meet at the Sheriff's substation when it commences operation in September, 1974.

CROSSING GUARDS

Crossing guards man school crosswalks throughout unincorporated Orange County. The 57 regular positions are filled by people from all walks of life, ranging in age from 18 to 70, male and female. They all share one common interest, to see that elementary grade children are safely conducted across dangerous intersections. Their contributions to the community cannot be minimized; their dedication and concern are reflected by the fact that there have been no traffic accidents in protected crosswalks for the past seven years. All the crossing guards are annually trained in first aid, and many arrests of potential child molesters have been made due to their astute observations.

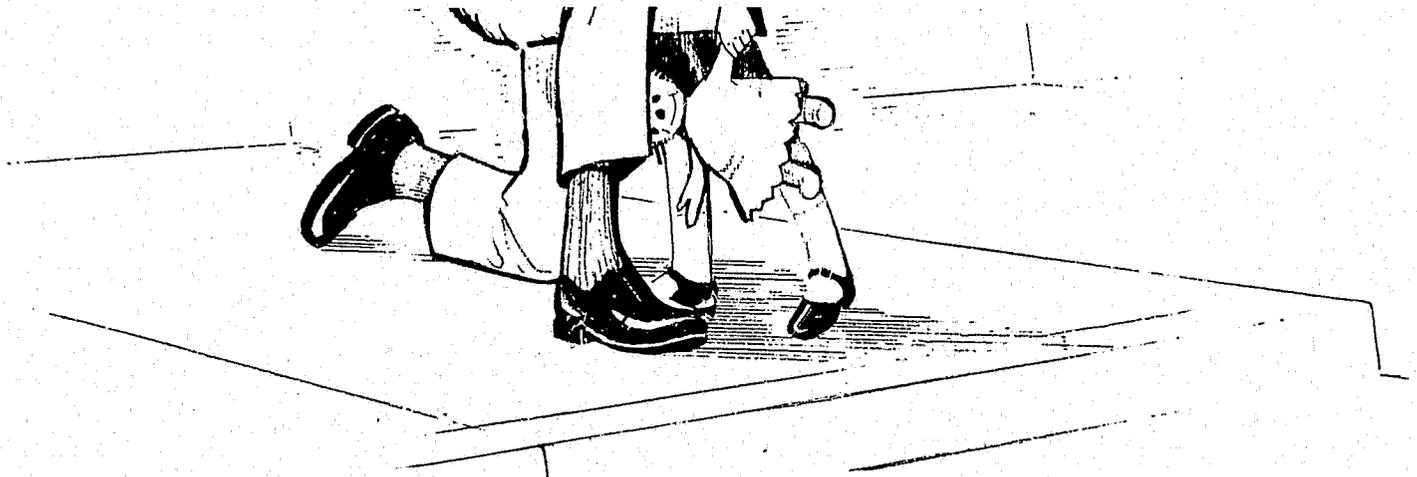


SECTION III

Accomplishments



- MEDAL OF VALOR
- OUTSTANDING SERVICE AWARDS





MEDAL OF VALOR

DEPUTY TIMOTHY W. STEWART

In the early morning hours of December 6, 1972, Deputy Timothy W. Stewart responded to a call for assistance initiated by the Tustin Police Department. Tustin Police Officer Waldon Karp was conducting a search for a suspect reported to be armed with a rifle.

The suspect was located, and during the resulting gun battle, Officer Karp was critically wounded and lying in a driveway in the direct line of fire. Deputy Stewart, seriously wounded in the face and without regard for personal safety, went to the aid of Officer Karp. Deputy Stewart administered first aid until the suspect had been apprehended by other officers. Only after an ambulance arrived on the scene did Deputy Stewart pause to accept aid for himself.



Timothy W. Stewart



Andrew P. Romero

DEPUTY ANDREW P. ROMERO

On January 4, 1973, Deputy Andrew Romero was dispatched to assist two Los Angeles Sheriff's Department Deputies in Midway City. Deputy Romero took a position to cover the rear of the residence. Upon hearing gunfire, he investigated and found a wounded officer lying on the ground and observed the armed suspect standing nearby with a machine gun in his hands and wearing a bullet-proof vest.

Deputy Romero fired once, wounding the suspect, and proceeded to handcuff him. As other officers arrived, Deputy Romero directed them to administer first aid, and made the decision to rush and search the residence. The search uncovered no other suspects. The suspect was responsible for two deaths at this time, and both Los Angeles Deputies subsequently died as a result of their wounds.

OUTSTANDING SERVICE AWARDS



LT. JAMES C. ELDER
1972 American Legion
Award of Merit

Lt. Elder assisted with development of a new "Mutual Aid Concept", drafting of a "Mutual Aid Manual", and training of over 2,000 police officers and sheriff's deputies during the later part of 1972. The Mutual Aid System has been highly acclaimed by the California Council of Criminal Justice and is being revised and adopted by law enforcement agencies throughout the state.



SGT. JERRY KRANS
1972 Officer of the Year
Santa Ana Exchange Club

Sgt. Krans and Inv. LaDucer recognized a need to effectively deal with the rising incidence of crime and delinquency and to promote better community understanding of the administration of justice. The deputies discovered, as guest lecturers at local high schools and colleges, a lack of knowledge, not only about the criminal justice system, but about constitutional rights as they directly relate to the individual. Concern began to develop with the deputies over these problems, and they began to examine possible solutions.

A comprehensive program was written by the deputies and submitted to the Sheriff. The program involved a full semester elective course to be taken by secondary school students. On January 31, 1972, the Orange County Sheriff-Coroner Department began the program entitled Student And The Law at Villa Park High School. Although teaching and evaluating the efforts of the course, the deputies were still required to perform their normal duty assignments. Implementation during this period required many donated hours.



INV. DENNIS LADUCER
1972 Officer of the Year
Santa Ana Exchange Club



DEP. CHARLES H. STUMPH
1972 Officer of the Year
Saddleback Valley Exchange Club
1973 American Legion
Award of Merit

Deputy Stumph spends much of his off-duty time involved in community projects, especially those concerning young citizens. He has organized "rap sessions" with high school students in the El Toro-Mission Viejo area, and most recently formed the Saddleback Valley Law Enforcement Explorer Post. Deputy Stumph also spends his off-duty time as a member of the Hazardous Devices Squad and as an instructor with the Department's Training Bureau.

In 1973 Deputy Stumph along with Deputy Robert Kemmis organized one of the largest and most successful Emergency Services displays ever held in Orange County.



INV. HAROLD H. MINICK
1972 Commendation Medal
Sons of the American Revolution

Inv. Minick has devoted a great deal of his off-duty time to gathering statistics and information regarding drug deaths in Orange County. As a result, his efforts have been reflected in various Orange County newspapers and he has appeared on live TV in this regard. He also has given many lectures regarding the operation of the Coroner's Division; and in particular he has spoken often to elementary, intermediate, and high school student groups regarding drug deaths. He has also been guest speaker many times at the Orange Unified School District Drug Seminars where he spoke to both parent and teacher groups.



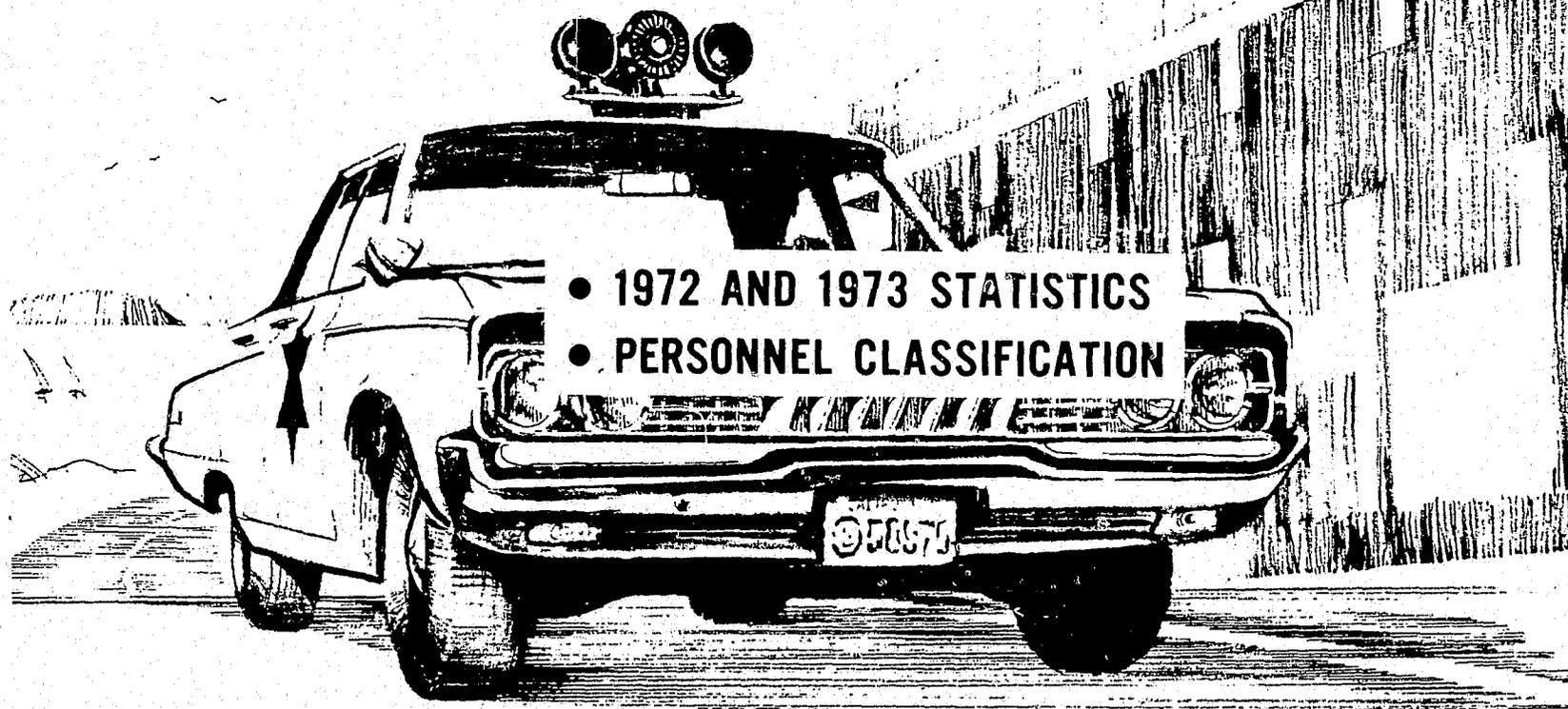
SGT. EUGENE D. CHIZEK
1973 Commendation Medal
Sons of the American Revolution

Sgt. Chizek first brought recognition to himself for his work in the Narcotics Detail. In this highly specialized field of law enforcement he is regarded as an expert and was often called upon to testify as such in court regarding the illegal use of narcotics.

Sgt. Chizek again distinguished himself while assigned to the Training Bureau. His duties have been to pilot the Reserve Officers Basic Academy, and to completely re-organize and revise the minimum mandatory standard class for California Peace Officers in Orange County.

SECTION IV

Crime Report



PART I CRIMES

| | 1972 | | | 1973 | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | Actual Offenses | Number Cleared | Percent Cleared | Actual Offenses | Number Cleared | Percent Cleared |
| DEATHS ¹ | | | | | | |
| A. Homicide | 6 | 4 | 66.7 | 10 | 8 | 80.0 |
| B. Negligent Manslaughter | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 1 | 1 | 100.0 |
| RAPE ² | | | | | | |
| A. Forcible | 42 | 21 | 50.0 | 46 | 23 | 50.0 |
| B. Statutory | 18 | 17 | 94.4 | 21 | 17 | 81.0 |
| ROBBERY ³ | | | | | | |
| A. Weapon | 60 | 20 | 33.3 | 82 | 24 | 29.3 |
| B. Strongarm | 49 | 10 | 20.4 | 27 | 10 | 37.0 |
| AGGRAVATED ASSAULT ⁴ | 292 | 239 | 81.8 | 243 | 190 | 78.2 |
| BURGLARY ⁵ | | | | | | |
| A. Residence | 1,993 | 287 | 14.4 | 1,891 | 321 | 17.0 |
| B. Non-Residence | 872 | 165 | 18.9 | 887 | 135 | 15.2 |
| C. Safe | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 100.0 |
| D. Locked Vehicle | 430 | 23 | 5.3 | 527 | 41 | 7.8 |
| LARCENY ⁶ | | | | | | |
| A. Grand Theft | 333 | 54 | 16.2 | 449 | 56 | 12.5 |
| B. Petty Theft | 2,850 | 421 | 14.8 | 2,672 | 471 | 17.6 |
| AUTO THEFT ⁷ | | | | | | |
| A. Felony | 401 | 105 | 26.2 | 405 | 78 | 19.3 |
| B. Misdemeanor | 17 | 12 | 70.6 | 27 | 16 | 59.3 |
| TOTALS | 7,369 | 1,379 | 18.7 | 7,289 | 1,392 | 19.1 |

PART II CRIMES

| | 1972 | | | 1973 | | |
|--|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | Actual Crimes | Number Cleared | Percent Cleared | Actual Crimes | Number Cleared | Percent Cleared |
| Other Assaults ⁸ | 929 | 728 | 84.2 | 861 | 709 | 82.3 |
| Forgery & Counterfeiting ⁹ | 854 | 736 | 86.2 | 761 | 500 | 65.7 |
| Embezzlement & Fraud ¹⁰ | 44 | 21 | 47.7 | 48 | 22 | 45.8 |
| Stolen Property — Rec. Poss. ¹¹ | 75 | 59 | 78.7 | 69 | 58 | 84.1 |
| Weapons Laws ¹² | 395 | 194 | 49.1 | 397 | 221 | 55.7 |
| Prostitution & Comm Vice ¹³ | 42 | 38 | 90.5 | 6 | 6 | 100.0 |
| Sex Offenses (Exc. 2 & 13) ¹⁴ | 549 | 254 | 46.3 | 534 | 207 | 38.8 |
| Offenses Against Fam—Child ¹⁵ | 2,800 | 2,445 | 87.3 | 2,552 | 2,249 | 88.1 |
| Narcotics Laws ¹⁶ | 3,134 | 1,862 | 59.4 | 3,413 | 3,259 | 95.5 |
| Liquor Laws (Exc. 18 & 22) ¹⁷ | 395 | 350 | 88.6 | 487 | 434 | 89.1 |
| Drunkenness ¹⁸ | 480 | 462 | 96.3 | 472 | 437 | 92.6 |
| Disorderly Conduct ¹⁹ | 1,328 | 1,114 | 83.9 | 1,000 | 872 | 87.2 |
| Vagrancy ²⁰ | 214 | 45 | 21.0 | 195 | 37 | 19.0 |
| Gambling Laws ²¹ | 4 | 4 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | 00.0 |
| Driving While Intoxicated ²² | 340 | 325 | 95.7 | 351 | 331 | 94.3 |
| Road & Driving Violations ²³ | 2,030 | 1,976 | 97.3 | 2,059 | 1,939 | 94.2 |
| Parking Violations ²⁴ | 5,277 | 5,277 | 100.0 | 4,086 | 4,085 | 100.0 |
| Other Vehicle Laws ²⁵ | 3,530 | 3,030 | 85.8 | 3,847 | 3,307 | 86.0 |
| Miscellaneous Violations ²⁶ | 3,729 | 2,614 | 70.1 | 3,482 | 2,283 | 65.6 |
| GRAND TOTALS | 26,149 | 21,588 | 82.6 | 24,620 | 20,956 | 85.1 |

CRIME TREND

| | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | % Change 1972-1973 |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Homicide | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 10 | + 66.7 |
| Manslaughter | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 00.0 |
| Rape | 41 | 66 | 76 | 54 | 60 | 67 | +11.7 |
| Robbery | 51 | 96 | 85 | 89 | 109 | 109 | 00.0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 194 | 215 | 261 | 290 | 292 | 243 | -16.8 |
| Burglary | 2,394 | 2,798 | 3,046 | 3,120 | 3,298 | 3,306 | +00.2 |
| Larceny | 2,527 | 2,652 | 3,069 | 3,448 | 3,183 | 3,121 | -01.9 |
| Auto Theft | 340 | 327 | 423 | 440 | 418 | 432 | +03.3 |
| GRAND TOTALS | 5,547 | 6,155 | 6,964 | 7,445 | 7,367 | 7,289 | -01.1 |

STOLEN-RECOVERED PROPERTY

| Year | Stolen-Local Jurisdiction | Recovered-Local Jurisdiction | Percent Recovered | Recovered-Other Jurisdictions | Total Recovered |
|------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1969 | \$1,244,863.00 | \$435,450.00 | 35.8% | \$259,886.00 | \$695,336.00 |
| 1970 | 1,761,363.00 | 431,481.00 | 26.9% | 288,423.00 | 719,904.00 |
| 1971 | 1,924,934.00 | 518,042.00 | 24.5% | 274,042.00 | 792,084.00 |
| 1972 | 1,733,993.00 | 396,480.00 | 22.9% | 245,669.00 | 642,149.00 |
| 1973 | 2,105,230.00 | 545,926.00 | 25.9% | 245,062.00 | 790,988.00 |

NON-CRIMINAL

| NON-CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Accidents and Illnesses | 1,591 | 1,583 | 815 | 939 | 1,141 |
| Non-Criminal Deaths | 126 | 134 | 136 | 142 | 120 |
| Mentals and Inebriates | 830 | 398 | 326 | 305 | 233 |
| Missing Persons, Juvenile-Adult | 346 | 357 | 400 | 427 | 385 |
| Miscellaneous Non-Criminal | 1,499 | 1,576 | 1,292 | 1,702 | 1,673 |
| GRAND TOTALS | 4,392 | 4,048 | 2,969 | 3,515 | 3,552 |

STOLEN-RECOVERED VEHICLES

| Year | Stolen-Local Jurisdiction | Recovered-Local Jurisdiction | Recovered-Other Jurisdiction | Total Recoveries |
|------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1969 | 327 | 255 | 179 | 434 |
| 1970 | 409 | 290 | 236 | 526 |
| 1971 | 426 | 337 | 221 | 558 |
| 1972 | 401 | 262 | 214 | 476 |
| 1973 | 405 | 258 | 156 | 414 |

PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION

| <u>ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL (465)</u> | | <u>SALARY</u> |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Sheriff-Coroner | \$2,648 |
| 1 | Undersheriff | 1,950-2,425 |
| 6 | Captain | 1,574-1,950 |
| 12 | Lieutenant | 1,336-1,661 |
| 6 | Investigative Sergeant | 1,302-1,531 |
| 40 | Sergeant | 1,201-1,491 |
| 35 | Investigator II | 1,201-1,431 |
| 15 | Investigator I | 1,106-1,302 |
| 12 | Identification Technician | 995-1,232 |
| 196 | Deputy Sheriff II | 1,021-1,201 |
| 137 | Deputy Sheriff I | 969-1,137 |
| 4 | Photographer | 851-1,047 |

| <u>TOTALS</u> | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| Enforcement personnel | 465 |
| Civilian personnel | 242 |
| Industrial Farm personnel | 20 |
| Total personnel | 727 |
| Headquarters personnel | 462 |
| Main Jail personnel | 194 |
| Branch Jail personnel | 25 |
| Coroner personnel | 26 |

| <u>CIVILIAN PERSONNEL (242)</u> | | <u>SALARY</u> |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Account Clerk III | \$ 669-827 |
| 9 | Account Clerk II | 574-705 |
| 1 | Administrative Services Assistant II | 1,168-1,451 |
| 3 | Associate Toxicologist | 1,302-1,615 |
| 1 | Chief Deputy Coroner | 1,375-1,706 |
| 1 | Chief Criminalist | 1,661-2,059 |
| 1 | Chief Toxicologist | 1,491-1,849 |
| 3 | Clerk III | 638-783 |
| 34 | Clerk II | 544-669 |
| 3 | Clerk I | 468-574 |
| 3 | Cook | 605-742 |
| 12 | Coroner Investigator | 995-1,232 |
| 3 | Commitment Clerk | 605-742 |
| 5 | Correctional Nurse | 945-1,168 |
| 3 | Criminalist III | 1,451-1,799 |
| 7 | Criminalist II | 1,302-1,615 |
| 4 | Criminalist I | 995-1,232 |
| 3 | Fingerprint Clerk | 638-783 |
| 1 | Food Service Supervisor | 969-1,201 |
| 1 | Head Cook | 742-920 |
| 6 | Investigative Aid | 638-783 |
| 2 | Laboratory Aid | 518-638 |
| 7 | Lead Cook | 669-827 |
| 1 | Legal Property Clerk | 653-804 |
| 1 | Library Assistant | 544-669 |
| 6 | Medical Transcriptionist | 605-705 |
| 1 | Morgue Attendant | 653-804 |
| 5 | Radio Dispatcher | 785-969 |
| 1 | Range Assistant | 742-920 |
| 1 | Recreation Director | 874-1,076 |
| 1 | Secretary II | 705-874 |
| 1 | Secretary I | 638-742 |
| 15 | Security Officer | 723-896 |
| 2 | Senior Head Cook | 783-969 |
| 3 | Senior Coroner Investigator | 1,106-1,375 |
| 1 | Senior Correctional Nurse | 1,047-1,302 |
| 3 | Stenographer Clerk III | 669-827 |
| 4 | Stenographer Clerk II | 605-705 |
| 1 | Storekeeper II | 783-969 |
| 2 | Supervising Clerk I | 783-969 |
| 12 | Supplies Clerk | 638-783 |
| 1 | Supervising Coroner Investigator | 1,201-1,491 |
| 3 | Teletype Operator | 605-705 |
| 7 | Typist Clerk III | 638-783 |
| 59 | Typist Clerk II | 574-669 |
| 1 | Typist Clerk I | 494-574 |

*Salary/Positions allowed Dec. 31, 1973.

END