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INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

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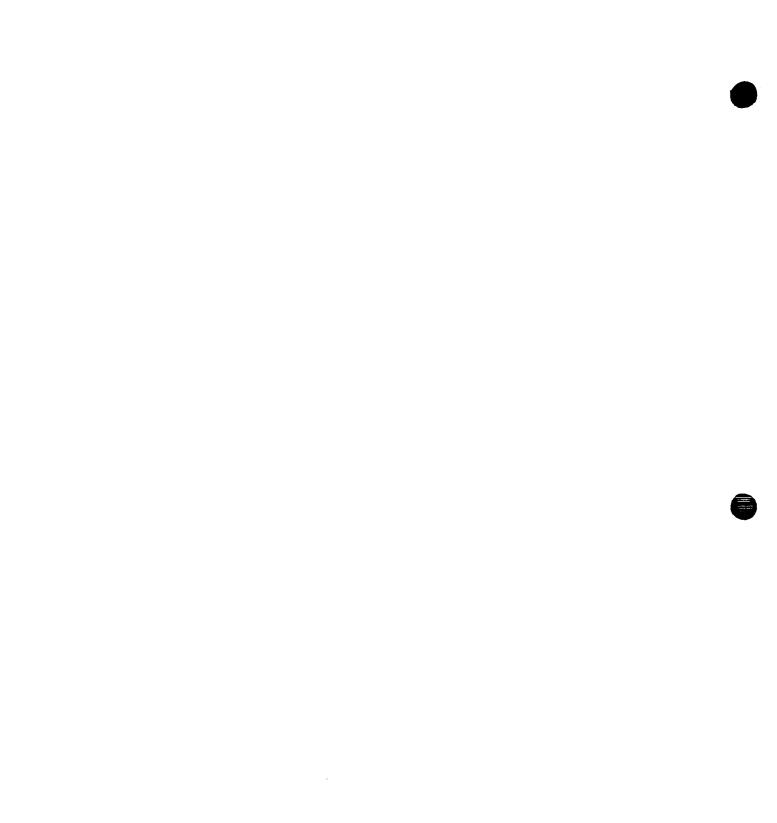
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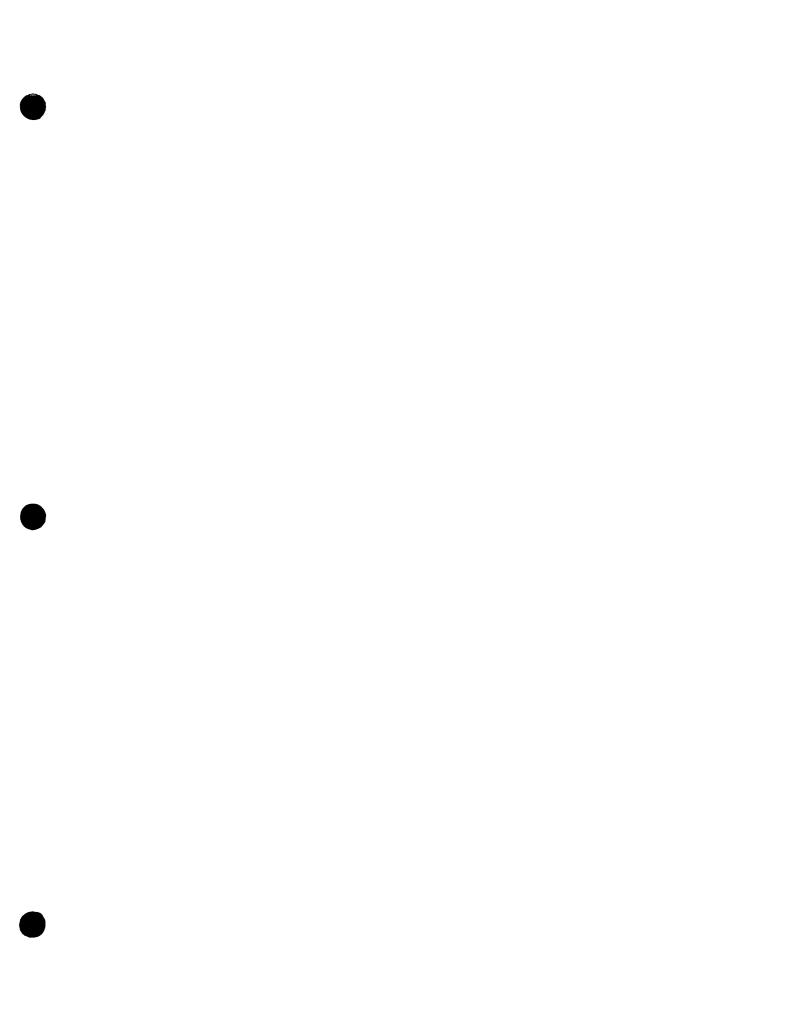
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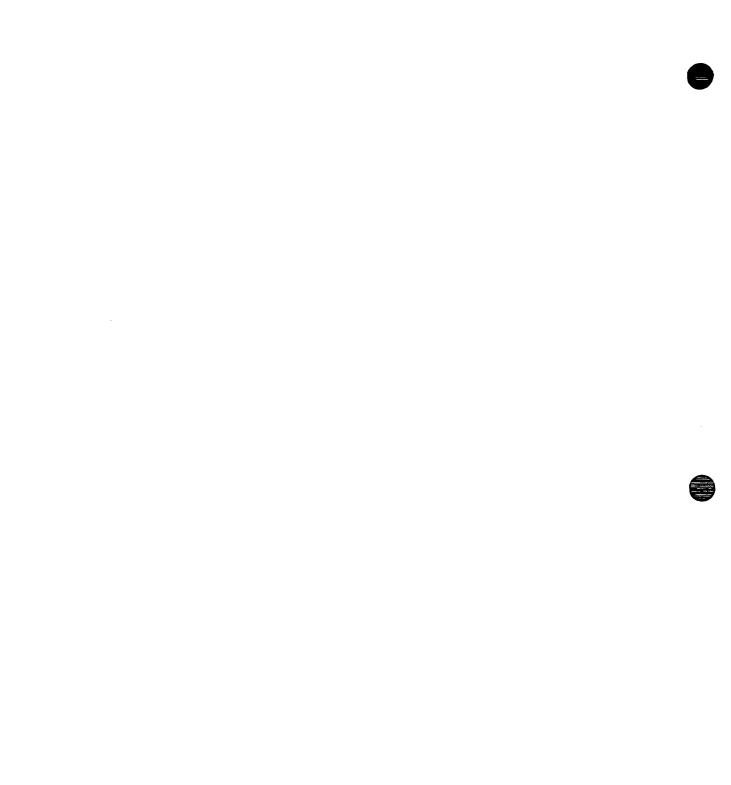
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# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

The Interviewer's Manual



INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

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The Interviewer's Manual

#### **I. THE INTERVIEWER'S MANUAL**

This Interviewer's Manual has been prepared for interviewers selected to work on the **Second National Incidence** of **Missing**, **Abducted**, **Runaway and Thrownaway Children Study**, more commonly known as **NISMART-2**. The study is being conducted for the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) in Washington, D.C. The manual describes procedures to be followed in completing each task of your interviewing assignment.

Every interviewer is expected to be familiar with the Interviewer's Manual as a requirement for completing this assignment according to ISR standards. Most of the manual will be reviewed during interviewer training, but there will be some sections that you will need to read on your own outside of training. Please make sure that you have read the entire manual before you report for your first interviewing shift. This manual will be a useful reference for the duration of data collection. You must follow all procedures and specifications detailed in the manual as you complete your data collection activities.

As questions or problems arise, refer to this manual to be sure that you apply ISR approved resolutions before proceeding. Whenever you need additional help, speak to the telephone center Supervisor or to Pam Kokkalis, the Study Field Administrator.

## **II. OVERVIEW OF SURVEY RESEARCH**

A research study involves the collection of data by interviewing a specific group of people. Each person (respondent) in the group (sample) is asked the same series of questions. The person's answers to these questions are recorded by interviewers and then organized by the researcher for later analyses. The researcher will draw conclusions about the issues examined in the study based upon these analyses.

There are several steps involved in a research project. A general outline to follow in conducting a typical study would be:

- 1. Define the study objectives
- 2. Determine the study design (phone, in-person, mail, fax, etc.)
- 3. Select a sample (list sample, Random Digit Dial, etc.)
- 4. Construct and pretest the questionnaire(s)
- 5. Train interviewers
- 6. Interview respondents
- 7. Code and key the information that has been collected
- 8. Tabulate and analyze the results
- 9. Write the study report
- 10. Deliver the study report and data files to the client or funding agency

Every step in this process is important to the success of the study. If a mistake is made in any of these steps, it will have an effect on the final results and conclusions.

At this point, the success of our study rests in your hands. The manner in which you carry out your assignment, ask the questions, and record information will determine the reliability of the information gathered.

Precise interviewing procedures are critical to ensure complete and accurate data collection. Your responsibility as an interviewer is to follow the procedures described in this manual as well as any additional information that you are given during and after training.

#### **III. THE TEMPLE UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH**

#### A. The Institute for Survey Research

Temple University's Institute for Survey Research is one of only three university-based research facilities equipped to carry out national surveys using either telephone interviews or in-person interviews. ISR conducts studies initiated by its own Study Directors, as well as providing services to researchers and social scientists in other universities, foundations, and private and governmental agencies. Within Temple University, the Institute also provides training opportunities for graduate students and faculty. ISR consists of four functional units: **Study Direction, Field Administration, Data Processing, and Sampling**.

The **Study Direction Department** houses the survey research specialists who initiate studies, interact with clients, design studies and survey instruments, and oversee data tabulation and analysis. Study Directors are also responsible for writing reports and providing oral briefings when appropriate. The department incorporates researchers from a number of academic disciplines, principally psychology and sociology.

The **Field Department** maintains a national field and telephone interviewing force of Coordinators, Supervisors and approximately 1,300 experienced interviewers. The department manages the day-to-day data collection efforts, oversees interviewers, coordinates interviewer training, and assures uniformly high standards of interviewer performance. The Field Department houses experts in both in-person and telephone interviewing.

The **Data Processing and Programming Department** oversees editing, coding, data entry, data cleaning, and data table and data tape production activities within ISR. The department also programs instruments for Computer-Assisted Telephone/Personal Interviewing (CATI/CAPI) and participates in training interviewers to use CATI and CAPI programs.

The **Sampling Department** houses the statistical expertise needed to establish and maintain ISR's national probability sample, as well as providing custom designs for specific studies. The department maintains an array of census and other demographic data to support its work in both sample design and post-stratification weighting of study data.

During its thirty-year history, ISR has conducted hundreds of studies about such topics as mental health, adaptations to stress, drug and alcohol use, sexual practices and their role in the transmission of disease, child development, health care, and patterns of domestic violence. In addition, ISR has evaluated numerous programs for disadvantaged people of all ages.

# B. Research Conducted by ISR

The Institute has experience in research involving a wide range of disciplines. The following examples demonstrate the diverse sizes, methods, and complexity of studies conducted during recent years:

#### Long-term Services and Outcomes in Rural Drinkers Study

Problem drinkers were identified in this National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA) funded study.

#### Evaluating Family Experiences with Clients and Services in Ohio

Funded by the Ohio Department of Mental Health, this study sought to evaluate family experiences in caring for a relative with a serious mental illness.

### Twin Family Study

The purpose of this NIAAA-funded pilot study was to determine the feasibility of a full-scale investigation of the role of genetic and family environmental influences in the development of alcoholism. CATI interviews were conducted nationwide with one of a pair of VETR (Vietnam Era Twin Registry) twins.

#### **Ohio LEAP Survey**

Sponsored by the Manpower Demonstration Research Corporation, this study was the second wave of a longitudinal study of teen parents (between the ages of 17 and 21) in seven counties in Ohio.

#### Survey Mode Effects in Epidemiological Drug Use Studies

This survey was funded by NIDA to evaluate the impact of computer-assisted, self-administered interviewing (CASI) techniques on self-reporting of drug usage. About 3,000 randomly selected respondents aged 12 through 34 in primarily urban areas of the United States were interviewed.

### Harvard Twin Study

This study of drug use and dependence, conducted for the Harvard Medical School, involved contacting the Vietnam Era Twins for a one- to two-hour telephone survey. Special attention was devoted to describing drug use specific to the Vietnam experience.

#### **Comprehensive Legal Needs Study**

The purpose of this study for the American Bar Association was to collect data on the incidence of problems of low- and moderate-income Americans that may constitute legal needs, steps that people take to solve such problems, and public perceptions of lawyers and the legal/judicial system.

#### IV. OVERVIEW OF THE NISMART-2 STUDY

The Second National Incidence of Missing, Abducted, Runaway, and Thrownaway Children Study (NISMART-2) is sponsored by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) of the Department of Justice. This is a Random Digit Dial (RDD) national study with data collection being done using Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI).

The first NISMART study (NISMART-1) was funded in 1986 and was undertaken in response to the mandate of the 1984 Missing Children Act. NISMART-1 was a landmark study that provided the first national estimates of the number of missing, abducted, runaway, and thrownaway children in America. The study laid an important foundation for thinking about the missing children issue and setting the stage for future incidence studies. Overall:

- 1. It provided a conceptual framework for dividing the missing children's issue into separate problems;
- 2. It constructed precise definitions so that the various problems could be measured;
- 3. It provided the first national estimates for some elements of the missing children issue; and
- 4. It gave support to the idea that parents or caretakers can provide accurate information when interviewed in such incidence studies.

A number of important weaknesses and serious gaps in knowledge were identified in NISMART-1. We hope to be able to resolve those problems in the NISMART-2 Study. Some of those items are listed below:

- There is still a need for a *single aggregate estimate* of the number of missing children. NISMART-1 only provided estimates of the different types of "Missing Children" categories, but did not provide the single combined figure. We will attempt to provide that single aggregate from data collected in NISMART-2.
- It is thought that some of the estimates from NISMART-1 may have been flawed. It was suggested that
  interviewing parents alone, as was done in NISMART-1, created some bias. For example, parents would be
  less likely than children to provide information regarding a "thrownaway" incident. In NISMART-2 we will be
  including interviews from children 10 to 18 years old in addition to the adult interviews in each household.
- The "rare population" problem (low incidence) works against the achieving of accurate information. In an
  attempt to achieve more accuracy, we will be using a larger household sample this time, with the goal being
  to select a sample large enough to permit the inclusion of a sufficient number of subject children.

The NISMART-2 Study poses many challenges. One of the most difficult challenges is that we will be asking about a "sensitive topic". Whether the respondent is the parent or the youth, it must be recognized that the subject of this survey is a socially sensitive topic and special care must be taken to ensure that you do not in any way prompt answers that are socially desirable rather than accurate. The importance of you, the interviewer, remaining objective while interviewing must be stressed. Because we are concerned that youths in particular may not be candid when answering sensitive questions in the presence of a parent or another household member, you will be telling both parents and youths that interviews are best done in private. In addition, most answer choices to sensitive questions are limited to "yes" or "no" in order to hide from outside listeners any episodes being discussed. Participating in an interview, particularly on the telephone, will probably be a new experience for most of the youths. You will need to be sensitive to their possible discomfort and put them at ease.

It is also important to recognize that interviewing children creates a number of new challenges. At the very least you will be obtaining verbal consent from all parents and caretakers to interview the selected child in the household. In addition, you must take extra care to try to make sure that all terms and questions are fully understood by the younger respondents. We will be providing you with regular feedback from Supervisors/Monitors whose job will be to monitor interviews and make suggestions for improvement. We will also provide a "NISMART-2 Interviewer Newsletter" on a regular basis that will include helpful tips that come from monitoring any changes to procedures that may have occurred after data collection begins, and information regarding study progress.

This study will be conducted with a Random Digit Dial (RDD) sample. This means that, unlike "list samples" where names of respondents are provided, you will only have telephone numbers when you begin calling. The sample goal for NISMART-2 is specified in number of completed household interviews. We expect to complete eligible interviews in 23,000 households over a six and a half-month data collection period. In order to complete that many household interviews, you, the interviewers, will need to call approximately 181,000 telephone numbers.

In addition to the 23,000 adult interviews, the sample is expected to yield interviews with about 11,000 youths. One of your goals is to interview one randomly-selected 10 to 18 year-old in each screened in household. The main objective will be to produce estimates of missing children incidents and their classification, but it is expected that the large sample size will allow us to obtain reliable and useful information about other factors related to the missing children phenomenon as well.

The questionnaire is designed to first collect whether there have been any children 18 or younger living in the household for at least two weeks during the past twelve months. If there have been children in the household, a series of questions regarding "missing children" episodes will be asked of the Adult respondent. If there are any episodes reported, detailed information will be gathered about each one.

In addition to the adult interview and regardless of whether there were any "missing child" events reported in the adult interview, a separate "Youth Interview" will be conducted if there is <u>currently</u> a 10 to 18 year-old youth living in the household. If more than one youth is currently living in the household, the CATI program will randomly select one to be the "Youth" respondent.

The types of missing children episodes that we will be collecting data about are:

- Non-Family Abductions (e.g., kidnapped or assaulted by a stranger)
- Family Abductions (e.g., custody problems of a family member keeping, concealing, not returning child, etc.)
- Runaways (e.g., a child chooses to leave home)
- Thrownaways (e.g., a child is forced to leave home by the parent or other adult household member)
- General Missing (e.g., any other "missing children" episodes such as lost)

An average interview will take approximately 10 minutes for the screening section and then up to 45 additional minutes for the episodes, if any are reported. Because of the importance of the survey data, OJJDP insists on a very high response rate. Thus, it is critical that the utmost effort is given to interviewing every appropriate respondent.

The NISMART-2 Study represents a challenging, but interesting, interviewing assignment. The sensitive nature of the study, and the need to interview children both contribute to the challenge. Respondents may not always remember dates or details or even be willing to respond to certain questions. Despite these challenges, we know that when interviewers are thoroughly knowledgeable and comfortable with a study, they are able to complete the interviews successfully. Interviewers who are professional, who maintain an objective viewpoint and steady pace, and who are interested and patient with respondents will be able to complete interviews smoothly while still being able to collect high quality data.

# V. INTERVIEWER'S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

### A. Interviewer's Role

Each interviewer is a valuable and vital member of the research team. The interviewers are the eyes and ears of the project. They serve as a link between those who seek information and the respondents who provide it. As an interviewer, you are involved in a very important act of communication. Your responsibility includes making sure that each person interviewed hears the questions exactly the way they appear on the screen. You are also responsible for entering responses that accurately reflect what the respondent said. The information obtained and recorded during an interview must be accurate and complete to avoid bias or distortion of the data.

### B. Ethics and Survey Research

Many of the questions we ask respondents elicit information that even their closest friends or relatives do not know about them. Revealing that information could cause harm—financial, emotional, or social—to a respondent. A survey researcher's commitment to protecting the confidentiality of the information respondents provide reflects a respect and an appreciation for those respondents. Their willingness to answer questions makes our research possible. The commitment to confidentiality also constitutes the cornerstone of our success in collecting data. The data we collect from *each respondent* are combined with data from *all other respondents* so that only percentages and totals appear; no individual respondent's answers can be identified.

On the NISMART-2 Study, as with other studies, our promise to our respondents is to never reveal information that they have provided that could be connected with their names in any way. Because we make this promise, you will be asked to sign a pledge of confidentiality. Your duty is to keep that pledge and never reveal the names of respondents, divulge facts about them, or repeat their opinions to anyone other than members of the study team—people under the same obligation to maintain the confidentiality of those data as you are.

# C. Interviewer's Responsibilities

# 1. Reading the Interviewer's Manual

Being familiar with the Interviewer's Manual is of prime importance. The manual was written to provide important instructions, guidelines and information you need in order to complete your work according to specifications. You are required to read it and be familiar with all of the specifications before you begin data collection.

# 2. Understanding the Question Style and Intent

You must be familiar with the organization, structure, and purpose of the questionnaire used on the study. The instrument has been tested and refined to adapt to telephone administration. Surveys by telephone require special attention to ensure that the information elicited from respondents is accurate. Misunderstanding, particularly about the meaning of a question, can occur more easily in a phone conversation than in person because the visible cues are missing. That is why you must read all questions exactly as they are worded, as well as listen to make sure that the respondent has heard and understood what you are asking.

In the NISMART-2 Study you will encounter three basic types of questions in CATI. They are: closed-end, open-end, and dates.

- <u>Closed-end questions</u> have all acceptable responses already specified and listed. These are usually "Yes/No" questions. Preceding each response category will be a number that you will type at the prompt. <u>Closed-end questions with "Other (SPECIFY:)"</u> response categories allow for the possibility that a respondent may answer in a way that does not fit an already specified response category. Only when no other category fits would you choose the "SPECIFY" field. At that point, the CATI system will prompt you to type in a response at the "TEXT" prompt.
- <u>Open-end questions</u> require that you record the respondent's answers word for word ("RECORD VERBATIM"). You will be presented with a prompt for each available line of text. Type in the response carefully. When recording verbatim responses, be prepared to slow the respondent down by repeating the response as you type it. Tell the respondent that you are typing their answer.
- <u>Dates</u> are entered as 2-digit numbers for the month and for the day, and as 4-digit numbers for the year, with each component entered separately. For example, May 12, 1999 would be entered as "5" (the computer will zero-fill), "12", "1999".

ISR CATI instruments have a standard format for ease of administration. Questions and statements that are always to be read to respondents are **in upper and lower case letters**. For example:

Your telephone number was randomly selected and will be erased after we complete the interview process. We do not have your last name or address. Any answers you provide are completely confidential and anonymous. Your answers will help us to better protect children nationwide.

Questions and statements that are read to respondents only in specific situations are enclosed in **parentheses**. It may be necessary to read statements in parentheses when a respondent needs to be lead back on track after straying from the question, or to help clarify a question. For example:

In case you move or are traveling when we try to recontact you, could you please give me the name and phone number of a friend or relative who would know how to reach you. (IF NECESSARY, READ: This information will be kept completely confidential. It won't be used as part of the study in any way. It's just so we can get back in touch with you.)

Interviewer instructions that are <u>never</u> to be read to respondents are in **capital letters enclosed in parentheses**. For example:

### (CODE ALL THAT APPLY)

**Question marks** indicate points at which you should stop when reading a question; **colons and commas** separate portions of a question but do not indicate stopping points. When a question ends with a question mark, stop at that point without reading the listed choices. For example:

Was this person a family member?

<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED When a question stem ends with a **colon**, read each response category that appears in lower case letters, again, stopping at the question mark. For example:

Was it:

<1> Less than \$25,000, <2> From \$25,000 up to \$30,000, <3> From \$30,000 up to \$40,000, or <4> \$40,000 or more? <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED

When the categories end with **commas**, continue reading all the lower case response categories, pausing briefly at the commas, until you reach a question mark. With these questions, <u>be sure to read every choice</u>, even if the respondent interrupts you with an answer. Respondents often find answers that are more appropriate later in the list. For example:

Which of the following best describes your <u>current</u> marital status? Would you say:

- <1> married and living with your spouse,
- <2> married and not living with your spouse,
- <3> legally separated,
- <4> divorced,
- <5> widowed, or
- <6> have you never been married?

When there is no "Other (SPECIFY):" category in a question, the question must be answered in terms of the categories given. If necessary, repeat the categories and say, for example: "Which of these comes closest to describing your marital status?"

When "Other (SPECIFY):" is one of the categories, use it to record a response that does not fit into one of the precoded categories. Handle it like an open-ended question and probe for a complete response. For example:

Interviewer:	Where else did [CHILD] live?			
	(CODE ALL THAT APPLY)			
	<1> CAMP			
	<2>	FOSTER CARE		
	<3>	BOARDING SCHOOL		
	<4>	JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER		
	<5>	MENTAL HEALTH FACILITY		
	<6>	HOSPITAL / MEDICAL FACILITY		
	<5>	OTHER (SPECIFY, END WITH ///)		
	<98>	DON'T KNOW		
	<97>	REFUSED		
Respondent:	"There was a live-in learning center that Jamie went to for three weeks. It really wasn't a			
	camp or a board	ing school; it was kind of a combination of the two."		

In this instance, you would enter a code <s>and record this response verbatim.

Follow instructions in open-ended questions carefully, probing as much as necessary to obtain a complete answer. Enter an "X" each time you probe. For example:

Interviewer:	What type of facility did this child live in?			
	<s> SPECIFY (RECORD VERBATIM, END WITH ///)</s>			
	<998> DON'T KNOW			
	<997> REFUSED			
Respondent:	He lived in a boarding school most of the time but he moved around a lot.			
Interviewer:	What other facility did this child live in?			
Respondent:	He also lived in foster homes.			
Interviewer:	Where else?			
Respondent:	And in the summer he lived at camp.			
Interviewer:	Where else?			
Respondent:	That's all.			

You would enter:

He lived in a boarding school most of the time but he moved around a lot. X He also lived in foster homes. X And in the summer he lived at camp. X That's all.

## 3. Be Familiar With ISR's CATI System

The telephone interviews on the NISMART-2 Study will be completed using Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI). CATI introduces a number of efficiencies into telephone surveys by reducing errors, eliminating a data-entry step, and by carrying out logic checks so that less time and effort need to be spent on data cleaning at the end of the study.

CATI offers three distinct advantages over paper-and-pencil questionnaire administration. The CATI system's primary advantage comes from its ability to take care of the "housekeeping" involved in interviewing. The system keeps track of all the data needed to determine which questions apply to the current respondent and which questions should be skipped. That means that you can proceed seamlessly through the interview without having to watch for skip instructions or flipping several pages ahead to the next applicable question. And, because CATI handles skips automatically, your chance of missing appropriate items is eliminated. As a result, you will not be faced with having to re-contact a respondent to retrieve missing information.

Second, CATI incorporates logic checks to prevent the recording of inconsistent answers. Thus problems will be identified during the interview while you are still speaking to the respondent, avoiding the need to call back to resolve them later.

And third, the CATI program is written to select the appropriate word choices for reading the questions. In a paper questionnaire, all word choices are included in parentheses and the interviewer must choose the right words to read for the situation. For example, a question would be written "What is (his/her/your) race?" in a hardcopy questionnaire. This same question in CATI would be displayed with only the appropriate word choice, for example "What is his race?"

Despite the many advantages of CATI, you should be mindful of one drawback. Because CATI offers only one question at a time, you often do not have a sense of the overall structure of the questionnaire. Do not become complacent and think that you are totally familiar with the instrument. Because some questions come up infrequently, you should never assume that you know what the next question will be.

For those of you who have worked with paper questionnaires, recording responses in CATI does not differ significantly. The primary difference is that you are using a keyboard instead of a pen. Just as with a paper questionnaire, CATI allows you to change answers when a respondent changes his or her mind or if you realize that you recorded a response incorrectly. Using the technique you will be shown in training, you simply move backward through the questionnaire until you reach the question that must be changed.

Also, when a respondent makes an important comment that might alter the coding of the response, or if you are not sure you have recorded the appropriate response category, you can write a note in the margin of a paper instrument. CATI has the same ability to capture notes. However, instead of writing in the margin, you enter the command to go into "TEXT" mode and type the note. When you have completed the note, you will be returned to the question. Be aware that you still must record an answer to the question before you can move on to the next one.

A Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI) system enables interviewers to automatically skip past any inapplicable questions. In addition, the CATI system checks to make sure that answers fall within appropriate ranges, that appropriate logic is followed, and it also makes the interviewer's job easier by displaying the correct words in a question (such as pronouns, dates, etc.). ISR uses a CATI software package that was developed at the University of California at Berkeley. The CATI software is called CASES (Computer-Assisted Survey Execution System). With some practice during training, you should have no difficulty learning the few commands that allow you to correct a response, stop an interview, etc.

You must be familiar with the operation of CATI in order to avoid awkward silences or an unnecessary lengthening of the interview, either of which could lead the respondent to "break off," i.e., terminate the interview before you have asked all the questions. Establishing an appropriate interviewing relationship with the respondent helps to gain cooperation and maintain a smooth flow during the interview. As an interviewer you have the responsibility for establishing such a relationship. Being familiar with the CATI system will help.

#### 4. Know the Basic CATI Commands

The basic commands are posted at each interviewing station for quick reference. You will practice each of them during your training. Please refer to the next page for a summary of these commands.

### NISMART-2

#### **GENERAL PROMPTS AND COMMANDS**

Login:

annex:	telnet temss2
login:	nistest
password:	Ntest31

what are you? ===> i (for interviewer)

enter the case id ===> (press "Enter ")

enter your identification code ===> (enter your booth number)

# BASIC COMMANDS

===>	_	Response arrow
///	_	Ends text entry
CTRL "C" (^C)		Puts you in CATI Command mode. Also exits the questionnaire program when
		you are at the "enter case id" prompt

# CATI COMMANDS

(COMMAND:) b		backs-up to the previous question
(COMMAND:) caN	_	changes answer to a previously answered question (e.g. ca5 changes the
		answer to "5")
(COMMAND:) d	_	redraws the screen
(COMMAND:) f	_	moves forward one question
(COMMAND:) jb	_	jumps back to a screen that shows all of the questions that have been answered
		so far
(COMMAND:) jb N	—	jumps back to question N (N = the question number you specify)
(COMMAND:) jf	_	jumps forward to the next unanswered question
(COMMAND:) jf N		jumps forward to question N
(COMMAND:) n	_	allows you to enter notes (always end text with ///)
(COMMAND:) sh	_	shows text of notes
(COMMAND:) sk cbx	-	skips to CallBack question

## 5. Follow the Rules of Good Interviewing

Here are some rules that apply to most studies. You will be expected to follow them on NISMART-2.

- On your first call to a household you will ask to speak to any household member. During the household screening questions, a "child roster" of who lives in the household will be collected. If there are any children under 18 listed, the "adult who is most responsible for the children" will be designated to do the Adult Interview. In addition, if there is a youth age 10 to 18 currently living in the household, a Youth Interview respondent will be selected by the CATI program to also be interviewed. It is your job to ONLY interview the DESIGNATED respondents. Do not under any circumstances substitute someone else for a CATI-chosen respondent.
- Read ALL questions EXACTLY as worded; do not add or omit anything. It is possible that you may have to
  define some terms for a respondent (particularly a child), but you will only be allowed to do so if a specific
  definition has been given to you, either on the screen or in the question-by-question specifications (QxQs).
- Read questions AS THEY APPEAR on the computer screen, being sure to follow all interviewer instructions.
- DO NOT ASSUME you know any of the respondent's answers <u>before they are given to you</u>. It is possible that
  a respondent will have already mentioned a topic before you reach that question in the interview. However,
  you must ask the question regardless. Many respondents, upon hearing the full question, end up reversing
  or adding to what they had said earlier.
- While reading the questions verbatim, do so in a relaxed, conversational style. Do not appear to be an examiner or inquisitor. On the other hand, never apologize for asking a question.
- Be a good LISTENER and model good listening skills for the respondent.
- Be sure to enter the CORRECT RESPONSE at the prompt in CATI, to record verbatim responses when necessary, and to type all open-ended responses carefully.
- Do not make approving or disapproving remarks such as "too bad", or "that's fine", after responses. Rather, go to the next question.
- If necessary, slow the respondent's pace by explaining that you are entering his or her response in a computer, that it is important, and that you want to record the answer accurately.
- Accept the RESPONSIBILITY for <u>all</u> response errors, even if you were not at fault. Do not blame a
  respondent if you have to correct his or her mistake. You will find the respondent to be more cooperative in
  correcting his or her answers if you accept the responsibility for the mistake or misunderstanding.

## D. Interviewing Techniques

In order to interview responsibly and efficiently you must know your role, be prepared, have a nonjudgmental, professional manner, and maintain a steady interviewing pace. The best interviewers combine a friendly attitude with a business-like manner. Being overly friendly or concerned about the respondent's personal matters can alter and bias the information you obtain. Under no circumstances should you indicate a personal opinion—positive or negative—about a respondent's answers either by your comments or the inflection of your voice. Remember that your own objectivity is the best method of putting the respondent at ease and allowing him or her to feel willing to answer openly and honestly.

Always try to maintain a calm, unhurried manner, asking each question in an objective and deliberate way in order to promote an attitude of relaxed attention on the part of the respondent. When you first contact the respondent, always assume that he or she has time for the interview unless he or she states otherwise. If a respondent does not have time to be interviewed, try to establish a more convenient date and time for the interview. Or, if the respondent does not want to reschedule the interview, politely try to obtain as much information as possible that could help in calling back to "convert" his or her refusal.

Always be prepared during an interview to direct the respondent tactfully toward the next question when he or she begins to wander to topics or issues unrelated to the interview. It may be necessary to say something like the following:

"I see what you mean, but getting back to the interview..."

"We have really strayed from the question, so let me read it to you again."

"We still have some questions remaining, so let's get back to the interview."

"That's interesting. Maybe that will be the subject of a future survey." ASK THE NEXT QUESTION.

However, some people do not recognize subtlety. If variations of the above do not work, you might need to say something like the following:

"Because we have several questions remaining, it's very important that we continue with the interview. Perhaps we could save some time at the end to discuss this."

As mentioned earlier, good interviewing requires an understanding of the questionnaire's structure and intent. It also requires being prepared to deal with the occasional uncooperative respondent, trying to prevent breakoffs or firm refusals, and paying close attention to what informants and respondents say to make sure you understand and record responses properly.

Through experience with many ISR telephone studies, the following guidelines have been developed. Following them will facilitate the successful completion of your assignment on the NISMART-2 Study.

- The tone of your voice and the phrasing you use are extremely important to your success as a telephone interviewer. It is essential that you speak distinctly over the telephone because your voice is the only mechanism for transmitting the meaning of questions to respondents. Your intonation and diction need to make the intent of each question clear.
- To control the pace and maintain control of the interview, you must sound knowledgeable about the study and confident about your role as a professional interviewer.
- An interviewer's worst enemy during a telephone study is <u>silence</u>. In the absence of visual cues about the reason for long pauses, telephone respondents may become tense when silences occur. To avoid this discomfort, know your CATI instructions and gain familiarity with the instrument as quickly as possible. If the silence is due to your entering a verbatim response, repeat the respondent's answer as you enter it. This will not only let the respondent know what you are doing, it will also slow down the response, allowing you to record it accurately.
- Respondent questions or hesitation can usually be handled successfully with a positive attitude toward the study and your role in it. For you to have sufficient knowledge about the purpose and importance of the study is critical. Answer respondents' questions truthfully, but keep the answer short and to the point.
   Proceed with the next question as soon as possible.
- Do not mention the length of the interview unless you are asked. Then, say that it varies "depending upon your answers." The words you should use are on the "Questions and Answers" card that is in the appendix of this manual.
- Tell the respondent that he or she may prefer to do the interview in private where his or her answers will not be overheard.
- If the respondent is interrupted by someone in the household, another phone call, or a visitor, offer to wait while he or she attends to that person. You want to have the respondent's total attention when you are conducting the interview. Try to avoid having to call back later, since you may not reach him or her again easily.

### 1. Remember to Listen

Listening is such an important part of the interviewer's role that it deserves special attention. Make it your goal to become adept at listening to everything a respondent is saying. Often a respondent may sound at first as though he or she is giving one answer, but will end up with a much different one by the time the response has been completed. To capture the correct answer you must listen to the entire response.

Be aware of, and avoid, a poor listening style. The following types of listening styles are traps into which you could fall. <u>They are to be avoided at all cost.</u>

- <u>Coded Listening</u>: In coded listening, only the basic substance of what the respondent is saying is recorded. Simply listening for the key words that fit the response categories in the questionnaire is not suitable because inaccurate responses can be entered when you miss shifts in meaning, negatives, and qualifiers in the respondent's answer. These things could change how an answer should be recorded. Remember you are to listen to everything a respondent has to say, not just to the key words.
- <u>Inattentive Listening</u>: This occurs when listening stops after the initial response is recorded. Inattentive listening leads to missing shifts that frequently occur as a respondent says one thing, but changes to something else as he or she continues. Pay attention from the respondent's first words to his or her last. For questions with pre-coded responses, record the appropriate response only after the respondent has completed the answer to his or her satisfaction. For "open-ended" and "specify" questions, listen carefully to understand the respondent's answer and record exactly what was said.
- <u>Careless Listening</u>: Making assumptions about what words in a response are "important" is detrimental to collecting quality data because the true meaning of a response can be lost. Never ignore qualifying words like "supposed," "hope," "expect," "wish," or "think." These words often indicate that what is being described never actually happened. Do not <u>assume</u> you already know what words in a response are important.
- <u>Distracted Listening</u>: Watching, listening to, or thinking about other things rather than devoting full attention to the respondent leads to mistakes. Attend fully to the interviewing task at hand, and, when you are momentarily between telephone calls, avoid doing things that will distract other interviewers.

# 2. Probing

A good interviewer not only avoids the four listening style traps, but also knows that he or she cannot assume that a respondent has completely understood or answered a question. A good interviewer hears all the words and nuances of a respondent's answer and compares them to the question and its intent. Avoiding bias also means you will use only non-directive probes, i.e., probes that do not lead a respondent in a certain direction in answering. When question and answer do not seem to match, the interviewer then probes to clarify the answer and its responsiveness to the question. Let the respondent know, through gentle non-directive probing, whether or not he or she has answered a question satisfactorily.

If you are not clear on what the respondent is saying, or need more details, you could use the following probes: "I'm not sure what you mean by that—please tell me a little more."

or "I'd like to hear more details about that."

This technique assures the respondent that you are listening and interested in what he or she is saying. To that extent, it can facilitate cooperation. But be careful not to overdo it or it will become tedious and you will needlessly lengthen the interview.

When a respondent answers with "I don't know" or "I'm not sure," you could probe for a better answer simply by repeating the question. You may also say "Just give me your best guess" if the respondent remains unsure. Frequently, when recall difficulties are anticipated or when "don't know" responses are to be especially avoided, you will find specific probes given on the CATI screen.

When the respondent asks you for clarification you may do one of the following:

- Repeat the entire question or a part of the question.
- Use only the clarifications or definitions which are specified on the screen or in the manual.
- When a respondent requests information that is <u>not</u> covered in the questionnaire instructions, use the phrase, "Whatever \_\_\_\_\_ means to you," or "Whatever you think of as \_\_\_\_\_."

If the respondent actually does not have the information requested, this is in itself significant to the survey results. It is the interviewer's responsibility to be sure that this is, in fact, the case and not a matter of the respondent requiring more thinking time before coding a "Don't Know" response. If necessary, assure the respondent that the interview is not a test and there are no right or wrong answers.

Be prepared to let the respondent know that we are interested in his or her opinions, that his or her answers are important. You might say:

"We are interested in what you have to say."

or "We are interested in what <u>you</u> think."

If the respondent talks about others' opinions (when you have asked for his or hers), say something like:

"I suppose some people feel that way; how you feel is what is important."

An interviewer can probe to get the respondent to add to or explain what has been said or to direct attention back to the subject when he or she has strayed from the question. Most often, a probe is used where it is necessary to clarify or to increase the specificity or the precision of the response.

#### **General Rules for Probing**

- Be neutral; avoid directive probes. Never ask leading questions. A leading question would suggest a particular response. Also, do not provide probes or clarifications that would suggest a certain answer.
- Repeat the entire question if the respondent's reply indicates he or she did not understand it, or if he or she
  needs more time to think about the response. If the respondent has clearly eliminated a response option,
  you do not have to include it in the repetition. Repeat the entire question unless you are sure that only one
  part of it was misunderstood.
- Use a "What do you mean?" type probe when you can not understand the respondent's reply.
- Use a "Please tell me more about that" type of probe when the respondent gives an incomplete answer.
- Use a "What do you think?" type of probe to follow-up an initial "don't know" response.
- Use a "Which would be closer?" type of probe when the respondent's answer straddles two response categories. For example:

Interviewer:	On a scale of 0 to 10, where 0 means extremely dissatisfied and 10 means
	extremely satisfied, how satisfied are you with this job?
Respondent:	About 7 or 8.
Interviewer:	Would it be closer to "7" or to "8"?
Respondent:	7.

• As you read, always emphasize words that are <u>underlined</u> within a question. For example:

To the best of your knowledge, was anything <u>else</u> done to hide what was going on?

<1>	YES
<5>	NO
<8>	DON'T KNOW
<9>	REFUSED

# 3. Contacting Respondents

The success of the study depends largely upon the cooperation of the people that you call. The way in which you present yourself and the study could have a major impact on a respondent's willingness to be interviewed.

Prepare for each contact attempt by knowing the "history" of the case you are calling. We have provided a "call record" screen at the beginning of the interview. This screen will contain information regarding the number of call attempts so far, who we are trying to contact, the most recent result code, etc. Detailed specifications regarding this screen can be found in the QxQs.

You must be prepared to answer any questions that arise about the study. A "Frequently Asked Questions" and a "Refusal Avoidance" card has been created for your reference. It is recommended that you have this card available whenever you call a number.

Listed below are some guidelines to help you prepare for each call and to help you achieve a higher completion rate.

- Keep the introduction brief. You must read the introduction that is provided; do not offer additional information unless you are asked or sense it is needed.
- Be confident. Expect that the respondent will want to participate in the study. After you have read the introduction, do not wait for the respondent to give permission for you to continue.
- Do not take rejection personally. No matter how pleasant and enthusiastic you are, sometimes respondents hang up on you or refuse to participate. It is not your fault if the respondent is having a bad day. Start fresh with the next call. If you are calling a respondent who has refused previously, begin the call with the same expectations you would have when calling a respondent for the first time.
- Be prepared. The best weapon against refusal is knowing how to answer questions. It is not enough to simply explain that the respondent's answers are important; you also must show the respondent *how* they are important. Being knowledgeable not only reassures the respondent that the study is legitimate but also makes him or her feel important.
- Establish rapport with respondents. Although you want to avoid lengthening the interview with needless conversation, take a moment to acknowledge what the respondent is saying. If the respondent feels good about you, he or she will not only want to complete the study for personal reasons, but he or she will also want to do it for you.

# VI. Study Result Codes

The following is a complete list of the result codes to be recorded for each contact attempted. After each contact attempt, a result code will either be entered into the CATI system for the call OR will be hand-written on the LFU (Link Follow-Up) Call Record. The codes that are used in the CATI system are all numeric, while the hand-written codes that are used on the LFU Call Record are all alpha.

This chapter is divided into four sections as follows:

- CATI Result codes for the Household Screener
- CATI Result codes for the Adult Interview
- CATI Result codes for the Youth Interview
- Hand-written Result codes for the Adult Follow-Up Interviews

For most "final" results, the result code will be assigned by the computer (for example, after a completed interview), but for most interim results the interviewer will select the appropriate code from a list that is displayed on the CATI screen. "Interim" codes will keep the ID active. "Final" codes will close the case.

# **DEFINITIONS OF RESULT CODES**

#### A. CATI Result codes for the Household Screener—INTERIM CODES:

## 073 Specific Callback Appointment Made

Use this code only if you make an appointment for a **specific date and time**. Enter the date and time the respondent wants to be called back, making sure that you accommodate the time zones involved. For example, if a California respondent wants to be called back on Thursday, September 17 at 6:10 pm and you are on the East Coast, be aware that you will enter the **Respondent's time** of 6:10 pm but the call will actually occur at 9:10 pm EST. You will be provided with a schedule of the hours of operation for the phone center and you will need to try to keep all appointments within those hours. If a respondent insists that the only time they can be interviewed is outside our hours of operation, let a supervisor know and an attempt will be made to accommodate that respondent.

Please try to encourage respondents to choose a time that is not "on the hour". For example, if a respondent says "Call me at 10:00 am", ask if it would be alright to call a little before 10:00 am or would they prefer a little after 10:00 am. By doing this the appointments will be somewhat more evenly spread throughout the interviewing shifts.

# 074 General Callback Appointment Made

Use this code when the respondent has given a more general callback date or time. An example might be: "call me back tomorrow afternoon." You should always attempt to get a specific date and time whenever possible, but this code is provided for those times when the respondent will not commit to an exact time.

# 075 Refusal at the Household Screener Level

Use this code when someone refuses at the screener level. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal and anything else you think will be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 077 and the case will no longer be active.

# 072 Language Barrier

This code can be used whenever you encounter a respondent who does not speak English at all or one who speaks some English but strongly prefers to be interviewed in another language. You will indicate the respondent's language (if known) after you have selected this result code. If you do not recognize which language the respondent is speaking, you should choose "Language Unknown." If you do recognize the language, but it is not on our list, choose "Other Language" and then specify the language.

You should not automatically assume that there will be a language problem when you hear an accent. However, if you sense that the respondent is having a comprehension problem and is not accurately answering your questions, you will need to use your best judgment regarding whether to continue or to assign the Language Barrier code. Code 072 is an interim code. The ID will remain active until a second language code has been entered and then the CATI program will automatically convert the second code into a Final Language Barrier code (code 081).

# 076 Initial Problem

Use this code whenever no other code is appropriate. A supervisor will review all code 076s on a daily basis. When you enter this code into the CATI program, you will be given a screen that asks for some additional information. This is where you will provide a detailed explanation of what the problem is. Please be sure to note who you spoke with, what they said, and any ideas you may have to solve the problem.

On rare occasions you may encounter a respondent who claims to have already been interviewed. In an RDD study where households are listed by telephone number, this should hardly ever happen. However, occasionally a respondent may confuse this study with another one that he or she may have participated in and insist that this interview has already been done. When that is the case, enter code 076 and the case will then be reviewed by a supervisor. Apologize to the respondent and mention that we may need to re-contact them for more information to make sure that we are able to correct the problem. If the respondent indicates that he or she has two household phone numbers and the interview was already done on the first phone number, and you are now calling on the second number, use this code.

# 064 No answer after 8 rings

This code is used when the phone rings 8 times without being answered.

#### 065 Busy signal

This code is used when you hear a busy signal. Be careful to use this only for a regular busy signal, not a "fast busy." The fast busy would be assigned code 061 for Temporarily Disconnected.

# 070 Answering Machine/Voice Mail—No Message Left

This code is used when you hear an answering machine or voice mail message and you are not leaving a message. (Note: You are not allowed to leave a message when calling to conduct the household screener; however, you are allowed to leave a message when calling to do the Adult or the Youth Interviews.)

# 060 FAX/Modem

Use this code when a fax line or other high pitched sound is heard. On the third separate call attempt that this code is entered for an ID, the CATI program will revise the code to be FINAL code

#### 061 Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number

Use this code when a recorded message informs you that the number you have dialed is temporarily disconnected. Because disconnected numbers are often restored quickly, the case will remain active until this code has been entered on 5 separate call attempts. On the fifth entry the CATI program will revise the code to be final code 062 and the case will no longer remain active.

# CATI Result codes for the Household Screener-FINAL CODES:

# 055 Completed Screener-No Adult or Youth Interview Needed

This code is recorded for a completed CATI *Screener* interview where the roster indicates that there are no children in the household. This code is assigned by the CATI program at the end of the Screener. This case is then considered finished.

# 056 No Qualified Respondent

This code is used when the number you have dialed is for a household, but there is no one living in the household who is 19 years old or older. Do not use this code for language or hearing problems.

# 077 Final Refusal at the Household Screener Level

The computer will assign this code when someone refuses at the screener level on two different calls.

# 081 Final Language Barrier

The computer will assign this code when there is a language barrier at the screener level on two different calls.

# 066 Non-residential number

This code is used when the number you have dialed is a business number, not a household number (if the number is used for both purposes, the number can be considered "household"). Verify the telephone number with whoever answers before entering this code. If you hear a recorded message indicating that this is a business, hang up and redial to be sure that you have reached the correct number. If you get the same recording, then enter the code 066.

The computer will also assign this code when code 060 for a fax line or other similar reason has occurred for this ID at least three times on separate calls. The case will no longer be active.

# 062 Final Phone Disconnect/Non-working Number/Fast Busy

The computer will assign this code when code 061 for a Temporarily Disconnected Phone Number has occurred for this ID at least five times on separate calls. The code will also be assigned on the <u>first</u> attempt that is a permanent non-working number on RDD studies.

# 079 Final End of Field Period

This code is assigned by a supervisor at the end of data collection ONLY when there is no more time left to continue calling respondents. This code is assigned after review when there has been no completed interview or other final result code.

# B. CATI Result codes for the Adult Interview—INTERIM CODES:

#### 011 Specific Callback Appointment Made

Use this code only if you make an appointment for a specific date and time. Enter the date and time the respondent wants to be called back, making sure that you accommodate the time zones involved. For example, if a California respondent wants to be called back on Thursday, September 17 at 6:10 pm and you are on the East Coast, be aware that you will enter the **Respondent's time** of 6:10 pm but the call will actually occur at 9:10 pm EST. You will be provided with a schedule of the hours of operation for the phone center and you will need to try to keep all appointments within those hours. If a respondent insists that the only time they can be interviewed is outside of our hours of operation, let a supervisor know and an attempt will be made to accommodate that respondent.

Please try to encourage respondents to choose a time that is not "on the hour". For example, if a respondent says "Call me at 10:00 am," ask if it would be alright to call a little before 10:00 am or would they prefer a little after 10:00 am. By doing this, the appointments will be somewhat more evenly spread throughout the interviewing shifts.

#### 012 General Callback Appointment Made

Use this code when the respondent has been more general in their callback date or time. An example might be: "call me back tomorrow afternoon." You should always attempt to get a specific date and time whenever possible, but this code is provided for those times when the respondent will not commit to an exact time.

# 013 General Callback—800 number given

Use this code when you have provided the 800 number because the respondent wants to verify the legitimacy of the study. Encourage the respondent to call within the next week and say that we will call back in about two weeks. Unless the respondent requests a specific callback date and time, you will check your calendar and then enter an appointment for two weeks from the current call, selecting the current time as well.

#### 006 Partial interview (Breakoff/Suspend)—Willing to complete

Use this code when the respondent has begun the interview and for some reason cannot complete it on this call **and is willing** to continue at another time. This is a callback (not a refusal) and the program will ask for a date and time for a callback to finish the interview.

# 007 Partial interview (Breakoff/Suspend)—Unwilling to complete

Use this code when the respondent has begun the interview and for some reason cannot complete it on this call **and is unwilling** to continue at another time. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal and any other information you think might be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 009 and the case will no longer be active.

# 021 Refusal by Respondent

This code is used when the selected Adult respondent firmly refuses to be interviewed. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal and any other information you think might be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 028 and the case will no longer be active.

# 022 Refusal by Someone Other than the Respondent

Use this code when someone other than the respondent refuses on behalf of the respondent. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal, the person's relationship to the respondent, and anything else you think will be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 029 and the case will no longer be active.

# 023 Completed Adult Interview—No Youth Interview Consent

This is an interim code and is recorded for a **completed Adult Interview** where there are children in the household between ages 10 and 18, and **no consent was given** for the Youth Interview. Refusal conversion attempts will need to be tried. Also refer to final code 003 which is assigned by the computer when refusal conversion attempts are unsuccessful on this type of case.

## 042 Language Barrier

It is unlikely that you will need this code for the Adult interview because you have already completed the Household Screener with this respondent. However, if you sense that the respondent is having a comprehension problem and is not accurately answering your questions, you will need to use your best judgment regarding whether to continue or to assign the Language Barrier code. Code 042 is an interim code.

The ID will remain active until a second language code has been entered and then the CATI program will automatically convert the second code into a Final Language Barrier code (code 050).

# 099 New Phone Number

This code will never be used on an RDD study for the <u>screening</u> call because RDD studies use the original phone number as the primary "identifier" for a case. If you are working on the Screener and you get a telephone company recording indicating that the number has been changed to a new one, you will record the result code for the case as a 062 (Non-Working Number). However, during the screener an adult respondent will be identified as a main respondent (caretaker) and it is possible that you may have to set an appointment for a callback with that person. Later, when calling back to complete the Adult Interview, you could get a recording about a number change. That is when you will use this code.

#### 019 Initial Problem

Use this code for the Adult Interview whenever no other code is appropriate. A supervisor will review all code 019s on a daily basis. When you enter this code into the CATI program, you will be given a screen that asks for some additional information. This is where you will provide a detailed explanation of what the problem is. Please be sure to note who you spoke with, what they said, and any ideas you may have to solve the problem.

#### 034 No answer after 8 rings

This code is used when the phone rings 8 times without being answered.

#### 035 Busy Signal

This code is used when you hear a busy signal. Be careful to use this only for a regular busy signal, not a "fast busy." The fast busy would be assigned code 031 for Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number.

# 040 Answering Machine/Voice Mail—No Message Left

This code is used when you hear an answering machine or voice mail message and you are <u>not</u> leaving a message. (Note: You are not allowed to leave a message when calling to conduct the Household Screener; however, you <u>are</u> allowed to leave a message when calling to do the Adult or the Youth interviews.)

# 041 Message left on Answering Machine/Voice Mail

This code denotes that a message has been left on an answering machine or voice mail. You will be provided in the QxQs with appropriate words for the message that can be left as well as when it is appropriate to do so.

# 030 FAX/Modem

Use this code when a fax line or other high pitched sound is heard. On the third separate call attempt that this code is entered for an ID, the CATI program will revise the code to be final code 048 (Final Not Available) and the case will no longer remain active.

# 031 Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number

Use this code when a recorded message informs you that the number you have dialed is temporarily disconnected. Because disconnected numbers are often restored quickly, the case will remain active until this code has been entered on 5 separate call attempts. On the fifth entry the CATI program will revise the code to be final code 038 (Final Unlocatable) and the case will no longer remain active.

# CATI Result codes for the Adult Interview—FINAL CODES:

#### 001 Completed Adult Interview—No Youth Interview Needed

This is recorded for a completed **Adult Interview** where the roster indicates that there are **no** children in the household between the ages of 10 and 18, and therefore no Youth Interview is needed. This code is assigned by the CATI program, and the case will be considered finished.

# 002 Completed Adult Interview—Youth Interview Needed

This is recorded for a completed **Adult Interview** where the roster indicates that there are children in the household between the ages of 10 and 18, and consent was given for the Youth Interview. This code is assigned by the program and will lead you to the Youth Interview next.

# 003 Completed Adult Interview—No Youth Interview Consent

This code is recorded for a completed Adult Interview where the Screener roster indicates that there are children in the household between the ages of 10 and 18, but no consent was given for the Youth Interview, and refusal conversion attempts to obtain consent have not been successful. The assignment of this code completes all requirements for this case.

# 009 Final Breakoff—Unwilling to Complete

The computer will assign this code when the respondent has begun the interview and a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The case will no longer be active.

# 028 Final Refusal by Respondent

The computer will assign this code when the selected respondent firmly refuses to be interviewed and a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The case will no longer be active.

# 029 Final Refusal by Someone Other Than the Respondent

The computer will assign this code when someone other than the selected respondent firmly refuses and a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The case will no longer be active.

#### 050 Final Language Barrier

The computer will assign this code when there is a language barrier at the Adult Interview level on two different calls.

# 038 Final Unlocatable

This code is used when the number you have dialed is no longer a working number, or someone tells you the respondent no longer lives in the residence and there is no new number available. The computer will also assign this code when code 031 for a Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number or other similar reason has occurred for this ID at least three times on separate calls. The case will no longer be active.

# 048 Final Not Available

This code is assigned by a supervisor at the end of data collection when the maximum number of attempts to reach the respondent have been tried.

# 049 Final End of Field Period

This code is assigned by a supervisor at the end of data collection **<u>ONLY</u>** when there is no more time left to continue calling respondents.

# C. CATI Result codes for the Youth Interview—INTERIM CODES:

# 111 Specific Callback Appointment Made

Use this code only if you make an appointment for a **specific date and time**. Enter the date and time for the callback making sure that you accommodate the time zones involved. Be aware that you will enter the **Respondent's time**. You will be provided with a schedule of the hours of operation for the phone center and you will need to try to keep all appointments within those hours. If a respondent insists that the only time they can be interviewed is outside our hours of operation, let a supervisor know and an attempt will be made to accommodate that respondent.

# 112 General Callback Appointment Made

Use this code when the respondent has been more general in their callback date or time. And example might be: "call me back tomorrow afternoon." You should always attempt to get a specific date and time whenever possible, but this code is provided for those times when the respondent will not commit to an exact time.

# 113 General Callback—800 Number Given

Use this code when you have provided the 800 number because the respondent wants to verify the **legitimacy** of the study. Encourage the respondent to call within the next week and say that we will call back in about two weeks. Unless the respondent requests a specific callback date and time, you will check your calendar and then enter an appointment for two weeks from the current call, selecting the current time as well.

# 106 Partial Interview (Breakoff/Suspend)—Willing to Complete

Use this code when the respondent has begun the interview and for some reason cannot complete it on this call **and is willing** to continue at another time. This is a callback (not a refusal) and the program will ask for a date and time for a callback to finish the interview.

# 107 Partial Interview (Breakoff/Suspend)—Unwilling to Complete

Use this code when the respondent has begun the interview and for some reason cannot complete it on this call **and is unwilling** to continue at another time. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal and any other information you think might be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 109 and the case will no longer be active.

#### 121 Refusal by Respondent

This code is used when the selected Youth respondent firmly refuses to be interviewed. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal and any other information you think might be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 128 and the case will no longer be active.

#### 122 Refusal by Someone Other than the Respondent

Use this code when someone other than the respondent refuses on behalf of the respondent. When this code is entered, the CATI program will then ask you a series of questions regarding the reason for the refusal, the person's relationship to the respondent, and anything else you think will be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The program will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt. The second time a refusal code is entered, the CATI program will revise it to final code 129 and the case will no longer be active.

# 142 Language Barrier

It is unlikely that you will need this code for the Youth Interview. However, if you sense that the respondent is having a comprehension problem and is not accurately answering your questions, you will need to use your best judgment regarding whether to continue or to assign the Language Barrier code. Code 142 is an interim code. The ID will remain active until a second language code has been entered and then the CATI program will automatically convert the second code into a Final Language Barrier code (code 150).

#### 199 New Phone Number

At the end of the Adult Interview, a Youth respondent will be identified and it is possible that you may have to set an appointment for a callback with that person. Later, when calling back to complete the Youth Interview, you could get a recording about a number change, or someone in the household may tell you the person no longer lives there and gives you their new number. That is when you will use this code.

# 119 Initial Problem

Use this code for the Youth Interview whenever no other code is appropriate. A supervisor will review all code 119s on a daily basis. When you enter this code into the CATI program, you will be given a screen that asks for some additional information. This is where you will provide a detailed explanation of what the problem is. Please be sure to note who you spoke with, what they said, and any ideas you may have to solve the problem.

# 134 No Answer after 8 rings

This code is used when the phone rings 8 times without being answered.

# 135 Busy Signal

This code is used when you hear a busy signal. Be careful to use this only for a regular busy signal, not a "fast busy". The fast busy would be assigned code 131 for Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number.

# 140 Answering Machine/Voice Mail—No Message Left

This code is used when you hear an answering machine or voice mail message and you are not leaving a message. (Note: You are not allowed to leave a message when calling to conduct the Household Screener; however, you are allowed to leave a message when calling to conduct the Adult or the Youth interviews.)

# 141 Message left on Answering Machine/Voice Mail

This code denotes that a message has been left on an answering machine or voice mail. You will be provided in the QxQs with appropriate words for the message that can be left as well as when it is appropriate to do so.

# 130 FAX/Modem

Use this code when a fax line or other high pitched sound is heard. On the third separate call attempt that this code is entered for this ID, the CATI program will revise the code to be final code 148 (Final Not Available) and the case will no longer remain active.

# 131 Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number

Use this code when a recorded message informs you that the number you have dialed is temporarily disconnected. Because disconnected numbers are often restored quickly, the case will remain active until this code has been entered on 5 separate call attempts. On the fifth entry the CATI program will revise the code to be final code 138 (Final Unlocatable) and the case will no longer remain active.

# CATI Result codes for the Youth Interview—FINAL CODES:

# 101 Completed Youth Interview

This code is recorded for a completed **Youth** interview. This code is assigned by the CATI program and completes all requirements for this ID.

# 109 Final Breakoff—Unwilling to Complete

The computer will assign this code when the respondent has begun the interview and a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The case will no longer be active.

# 128 Final Refusal by Respondent

The computer will assign this code when the selected respondent firmly refuses to be interviewed and a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The case will no longer be active.

# 129 Final Refusal by Someone Other than the Respondent

The computer will assign this code when someone other than the selected respondent firmly refuses and a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The case will no longer be active.

# 150 Final Language Barrier

The computer will assign this code when there is a language barrier at the Youth Interview level on two different calls.

# 138 Final Unlocatable

This code is used when the number you have dialed is no longer a working number, or someone tells you the respondent no longer lives in the residence and there is no new number available. The computer will also assign this code when code 131 for a Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number or other similar reason has occurred for this ID at least three times on separate calls. The case will no longer be active.

# 148 Final Not Available

This code is assigned by a supervisor at the end of data collection when the maximum number of attempts to reach the respondent have been tried.

# 149 Final End of Field Period

This code is assigned by a supervisor at the end of data collection **ONLY** when there is no more time left to continue calling respondents.

# D. Hand-written Result codes for the Adult Follow-Up Interviews—INTERIM CODES:

# CB Specific Callback Appointment Made

Use this code whenever you make an appointment. Write the date and time the respondent wants to be called back on the LFU Sheet, making sure that you accommodate the time zones involved. For example, if a California respondent wants to be called back on Thursday, September 17 at 6:10 pm and you are on the East Coast, be aware that you will write the **Respondent's time** of 6:10 pm, but the call will actually occur at 9:10 pm EST. You will be provided with a schedule of the hours of operation for the phone center and you will need to try to keep all appointments within those hours. If a respondent insists that the only time they can be interviewed is outside our hours of operation, let a supervisor know and an attempt will be made to accommodate that respondent.

Please try to encourage respondents to choose a time that is not "on the hour." For example, if a respondent says "Call me at 10:00 am," ask if it would be alright to call a little before 10:00 am or would they prefer a little after 10:00 am. By doing this the appointments will be somewhat more evenly spread throughout the interviewing shifts.

# RB Partial Interview (Breakoff/Suspend)—Unwilling to Complete

Use this code when the respondent has begun the Adult Follow-Up Interview and for some reason cannot complete it on this call **and is unwilling** to continue at another time. When this code is used, be sure to indicate on the LFU Sheet the reason for the refusal and any other information you think might be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The supervisor will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt.

#### RS Refusal—Soft

This code is used when the selected Adult respondent refuses to do any of the Adult Follow-Up Interviews. The respondent may be "reluctant" to even finish the interview but you feel that this refusal could fairly easily be converted (for example, the respondent really just ran out of time and another might be better). When this code is used, be sure to indicate on the LFU Sheet the reason for the refusal and any other information you think might be helpful in the refusal conversion effort. The supervisor will select a date and time for a callback for a refusal conversion attempt.

# LB Language Barrier

It is unlikely that you will need this code for the Adult Interview because you have already completed the Household Screener with this respondent. However, if you sense that the respondent is having a comprehension problem and is not accurately answering your questions, you will need to use your best judgment regarding whether to continue or to assign the Language Barrier code.

#### PO Problem—Other

Use this code for the Adult Follow-Up Interview whenever no other code is appropriate. A supervisor will review all code POs on a daily basis. Be sure to provide a detailed explanation of what the problem is. Please be sure to note who you spoke with, what they said, and any ideas you may have to solve the problem.

# RNA No Answer after 8 Rings

This code is used when the phone rings 8 times without being answered.

# BZ Busy Signal

This code is used when you hear a busy signal. Be careful to use this only for a regular busy signal, not a "fast busy." The fast busy would be assigned code TD for Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number.

#### AM Answering Machine/Voice Mail

This code is used when you hear an answering machine or voice mail message. Be sure to note whether you left a message.

# FX FAX/Modem

Use this code when a fax line or other high pitched sound is heard.

#### TD Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number

Use this code when a recorded message informs you that the number you have dialed is temporarily disconnected. Because disconnected numbers are often restored quickly, the case will remain active until this code has been entered on 5 separate call attempts.

# Hand-written Result codes for the Adult Follow-Up Interviews—FINAL CODES:

# CA Completed Adult Follow-Up Interviews

This is recorded when all required Adult Follow-Up interviews have been completed. When this code is assigned, the case can move back into the main CATI program to be finished.

# RF Final Refusal—Unwilling to Complete

This code is assigned when a refusal conversion effort was unsuccessful. The supervisor will determine whether to keep the case active.

# UL Final Unlocatable

This code is used when the number you have dialed is no longer a working number, or someone tells you the respondent no longer lives in the residence and there is no new number available. This code is used when a Temporarily Disconnected Telephone Number or other similar reason has occurred for this ID at least three times on separate calls. The case will no longer be active.

# VII. STUDY MATERIALS

# A. The Interviewer's Manual

Familiarize yourself with the manual's contents and use it as a reference for this project. It contains important information about the study in general, as well as specific information and instructions for the questionnaire. Record notes in your Interviewer's Manual during training, and use your manual as a reference throughout the entire study.

# B. Confidentiality Pledge

A copy of this form must be signed by each interviewer prior to working on this project. This form is a pledge by each interviewer to uphold the standards and rules regarding each respondent's confidentiality and identity.

# C. Interviewer Payment Record (IPR)

Complete an Interviewer Payment Record (IPR) each week that you work on this study. During the last shift you work before each Wednesday, place your completed IPR in the IPR tray located by the Supervisor's desk in the phone room. Be sure to retain the pink copy for your records.

# D. Training Fee Payment Record

On the IPR stamped TRAINING FEE ONLY, record the dates of the 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-day training you attended and show a \$165.00 total payment due for the conference and any tutorial sessions you attended. Submit the IPR to the Field Administrator prior to the completion of training.

# E. Other Study Materials

Please refer to the Appendix at the end of this manual for all other hardcopy materials that you may need for NISMART-2.

# VIII. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

All interviewers are expected to arrive for their assigned shift at least five minutes prior to schedule. If you must miss a shift for a valid reason, call the Supervisor or Field Administrator two days in advance so that he or she can obtain a replacement for your shift. Failure to appear for your assigned shift without properly notifying ISR can result in your termination from the study.

Supervisors will monitor interviews to assure that they are being conducted according to ISR specifications. They will also rate your work and interviewing techniques for inclusion in your ISR file. They will provide you with regular feedback.

# A. Recording Working Hours

You will sign in and sign out on the Phone Interviewer Time Sheet for each shift that you work. During the shift you will be required to take a mandatory 15-minute break after each four hours of work. When taking the break, tell your Supervisor, then sign yourself out and then back in after your break. Your working hours will be documented and monitored by Supervisors.

The Phone Interviewer Time Sheet will have all the information you will need to complete your Interviewer Payment Record (IPR). IPRs are processed every Wednesday morning. To be paid for the previous week's work, submit your Payment Record on your last working shift before Wednesday morning.

Follow these instructions in completing IPRs:

- <u>Full-time Temple University Students:</u> If you are a full-time Temple student, use the Student's Payment Record. Record your name, the date you are submitting it, the number of hours worked during that period, the study number (31-191), your Social Security number, and your interviewer ID number. Full-time Temple students are paid weekly and you may pick up your check every Friday.
- <u>Interviewers Who Are Not Full-time Temple Students:</u> All interviewers who are not full-time Temple University students and who work on ISR studies are employees of Headway Staffing Services (formerly Select). Interviewers who successfully complete training and who are recommended to Headway for hiring and subsequent assignment to this ISR study will receive payment directly from Headway for the services they provide to ISR.

If you are <u>not</u> a full-time student, use the Interviewer's Weekly Payment Record. Record the study number (31-191) at the top of the page along with the date of the week ending Tuesday. Use one line per day worked. In column 1, record the day of the week. In column 2, record the date. Leave columns 3, 4 and 5 blank. In column 6, record the total number of hours you worked on that day. Sign your name, record your ISR ID# and the date you are submitting the Payment Record. Print your name, address, and telephone number on the appropriate lines and fill in your Social Security number in the space provided. Headway checks are mailed the week following the submission of a properly completed payment record.

• <u>All Interviewers:</u> Submit the top two copies to the Supervisor, and keep the pink third copy for your records. If you have any questions about payment, be sure to refer to the IPR number imprinted on all three copies.

In order to complete your work according to the Institute's specifications and be paid the training fee, you are required to:

- Attend the training sessions required to interview on the study.
- Conduct every interview as specified in this manual and at training.
- Make every reasonable effort to complete an interview with every eligible respondent.
- Call back any refusals, appointments or other cases assigned to you and make every attempt to complete the interview.
- Work all hours for which you are scheduled, and report all hours worked accurately.
- Work at least 3 shifts per week, including one weekend shift for at least a total of 75 hours worked.
- Administer the questionnaire as constructed and record answers accurately.

Note that if you have not worked the required shifts or you have not worked on the study for at least 75 hours, you will not be paid for training.

If at any time you decide that you are no longer able to work on this project, please tell the Supervisor or Field Administrator immediately. You should follow-up your announcement with a formal letter giving at least two weeks notice. This is standard business practice.

# B. Causes for Termination

Any of the following reasons can result in your termination from the study and forfeiture of the training fee:

- You are unable to administer the questionnaire according to ISR standards (your interviews will be monitored throughout the study to see that you are administering the questionnaire properly and recording answers accurately).
- You will be <u>terminated</u> from the study if you violate ISR's trust by:
  - Falsifying an interview in any way.
  - Violating your pledge of confidentiality.
  - Intentionally misrepresenting the hours worked on a Time Sheet or Payment Record.
  - Not working the shifts that you agreed to work, and failing to notify the Shift Supervisor or Field Administrator in advance.
  - Being habitually late or absent.
  - Making personal calls from any of ISR's telephones. (There are pay phones in the fourth floor lounge and the lobby which you may use during your break.)
  - Smoking, eating, or chewing gum while working. (Smoking is prohibited everywhere in the building; you may eat in the lounge on the fourth floor. Drinking at your station is allowed *only* when you are not conducting an interview and the drink is in an approved, spill-proof container.)
  - Abusing the ISR facility in any way.
  - Insubordination or not treating co-workers or respondents in a professional manner.

INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Question by Question Specifications

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INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

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# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Question by Question Specifications

# ADMINISTERING THE HOUSEHOLD SCREENER

You will attempt to conduct a Household Screener for each telephone number that is called to determine whether or not the telephone number belongs to a household residence. You will then identify those cases with children 18 and under who have lived in that household for at least two weeks in the past 12 months. This is called the "Household Screener" to distinguish it from the "Episode Screener."

This chapter discusses the rules for determining an eligible respondent for the Primary Questionnaire, and gives the specifications for enumerating the children who live in the household (the Child Roster). Later chapters describe the other sections of the questionnaire. The Episode Screener follows the Child Roster. If any "missing child" episodes are identified in the Episode Screener, the appropriate Follow-Up Questionnaires will come next. Then, to finish the Adult Interview, Adult Demographics will be collected. The final section of the interview is the Youth Interview which will only occur if there is currently at least one child age 10 to 18 living in the household.

# A.1. Eligible Screener Respondent

The introductory statement >pint1< is read to whomever answers the phone. The first three questions can be asked:

- has the number been dialed correctly,
- is this a residence, and
- are there any other residential telephone numbers in the household?

To continue with the screening questions, we determine whether there are any children 18 and under who have lived in the household for at least two consecutive weeks during the past 12 months. To qualify as "lived" in the household, a child must have stayed overnight in the household for at least one uninterrupted two-week period during the 12 months that preceded the interview. If the household has (or had) children, we ask how many children and then whether any of those children use the Internet on a regular basis. We then ask who the primary caretaker is and ask for that person. The primary caretaker is the parent or other adult household member who takes (or took) care of the children most of the time when they are (or were) in the household. If a change in respondents occurs during this sequence, the introduction will be repeated. If no household member is available, you must schedule a callback.

# A.2. Overview of the Basic Screener

This short screening questionnaire designed to flow smoothly through the following steps.

Preliminary Section:

- An introduction, in which you introduce yourself and briefly explain the purpose of your call;
- A question in which you verify that the phone number was dialed correctly;
- A question in which you determine whether or not the phone reached is residential;
- A question in which you determine whether there are any other residential telephone numbers in the household.

Primary Questionnaire Section:

- A question in which you determine if any children 18 years old or younger lived in the household for at least two consecutive weeks in the 12 months prior to the interview, and if so, how many;
- A guestion that determines Internet usage by the children in the household;
- A question that identifies the parent or other adult in the household that takes care of the children most of the time, and then, once identified, asks to speak with that person;
- A question that determines the educational level of the head of the household, and
- A series of questions in which you obtain basic identifying information about the children in the household.

There are a number of situations in which you will end a call without administering all of these Basic Screener questions. To deal with most of these situations, termination statements are provided at appropriate places throughout the questionnaire. There is a closing statement for:

- A wrong number dialed,
- A non-residential number, and
- An ineligible household.
- At times, you will encounter situations that require some deviation from the normal flow of these screeners. Because this is an RDD (Random Digit Dial) study, you will be reaching both residential and non-residential numbers. Under normal circumstances, you will read the introduction before verifying the phone number and determining whether the number is residential or non-residential. However, if the person who answers the phone indicates immediately that the phone is non-residential (e.g., by answering "Sears," "Doctor Wilson's office," or by giving some other business name), you should continue with the questions so that you can verify the telephone number. If the number is correct, the next question asks whether this is a residential number and then, if non-residential, "Is this phone number for business and home use or for business use only?" to determine the status of the phone. If it is for business use only, the CATI program will give you a "thank you" screen and you will end the call.

# A.3. Screener Introduction

Your initial contact with the respondent is your first opportunity to establish rapport and capture the respondent's interest. Be certain that your tone is pleasing and friendly, that you speak clearly, and that you know what you intend to say. Hesitation, because you are not certain what to say, or to whom you wish to speak, can create a negative impression in a telephone contact. The respondent's reaction to the interview as a person is very important. Respondents will react more favorably if they think the person on the telephone is someone with whom they will enjoy talking.

The introductions in the screening sections are designed to identify working residential numbers and to tell the person you initially talk to who you are, what you are doing, and who you wish to speak to. They are designed to be informative and to also quickly involve the respondent in the interview process. Remember that the introductions are designed to provide you with a clear and efficient way of introducing yourself and the study to the respondent. It is usually when the interviewer begins to deviate from the written introduction that he or she becomes confused and unclear in his or her explanations to the respondent. This may cause the respondent to doubt the authenticity of the study and refuse to continue the interview. Read the introductions verbatim and be certain to pronounce the words clearly. Practice each introduction until your presentation is confident and sincere. Rushing through an introduction gives an impression of lack of confidence and may cause the listener to misunderstand. Generally, do not pause before asking the first question following the introduction. A pause will give the impression that you are waiting for approval or disapproval or for questions from the respondent.

## A.4. Basic Screener Specifications

This section provides the specifications and is designed to help you better understand the intent of each question in the Basic Screeners and to provide you with specific procedures to make the administration of these screeners go as smoothly as possible.

The Basic Screeners consist of two types: those which are Preliminary (household screening questions), and those which occur only for respondents who enter the Primary section of the study. These are discussed in detail in separate sections, below. Since the CATI program will automatically "skip" you to the next appropriate question or series of questions, skip patterns do not appear.

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## A.4.1. Preliminary Section

The questions in the Preliminary Section of the Basic Screener cover the activities from the initial introductory statement through the point where we verify that you are speaking with a household member who is at least 19 years old.

 >pint3
 As part of an important nationwide study sponsored by the Office of Juvenile Justice, we are calling randomly selected telephone numbers to ask about children's safety and how to better protect them from dangerous situations.

 <1> TO CONTINUE

 >pint4<</td>
 I'd like to make sure I have dialed correctly. Is this [AREA CODE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER]?

 <1> YES

 <5> NO

If "NO" is selected at screen >pint4<:

>pwgnu< Thank you very much, but the number has been dialed incorrectly. It is possible that your number may be called at a later time. Goodbye.

<1> TO RETURN TO DIAL SCREEN AND RE-DIAL THE PHONE NUMBER

Read the introduction clearly and distinctly. It has been kept brief, as previous experience has shown that long or wordy introductions have a negative effect on respondent cooperation. Confirm the area code and telephone number and record the response to the question.

If the respondent answers question >pint4< with a "NO," you will read the closing statement in question >pwgnu< and end the call. Then select option <1> to redial the number. If you get the same respondent, verify that you have reached the same number. If you have, and it is still an number other than the one you dialed, the telephone number should be classified as a non-working number.

>pp2<

Is this a residential phone number?

<1> YES <5> NO <6> BOTH RESIDENTIAL & BUSINESS

If "NO" is selected at screen >pp2<:

>pp2a< Is this strictly a place of business or is this a residence with a business phone line?

- <1> STRICTLY A PLACE OF BUSINESS
- <5> RESIDENCE WITH A BUSINESS LINE

If "STRICTLY A PLACE OF BUSINESS" is selected at screen >pp2a<:

. . . . . . . . .

>pnres<	Thank	you for your time.	We are only interviewing in residences at this time. Goodbye				
	<1>	TO EXIT CASE					

A home or residence must either be a private home or apartment, or a private room in a dormitory or boarding house or a nursing home room that has its own separate telephone number. To qualify as residential, the persons must reside there on a permanent basis. Dormitories, nursing homes, or other institutions in which all residents share a common telephone are considered non-residential.

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A telephone that is in a residence but which is used both for personal and business use is considered residential and should be coded as option <6> "BOTH RESIDENTIAL AND BUSINESS" in answer to question >pp2<.

When you determine that a telephone is non-residential, you will read the closing statement, >pnres<, and end the call.

>pp2b<

Are there any other <u>residential</u> numbers in <u>addition to</u> [AREA CODE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER] in your household?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

>pp3<

Altogether, how many residential phone numbers does your household have including [AREA CODE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER]?

<2 - 10> TOTAL RESIDENTIAL NUMBERS <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED

In answering these questions, include different telephone numbers, not extensions. These questions are included because households with more than one phone number have an increased probability of falling into the sample when compared to households with only one phone number, and it is very important that the data analysis take this fact into account.

Whenever a respondent answers question >pp2b< with a <1> "YES," probe to be sure he/she understands that we are talking about different phone numbers which are for residential use—not extensions. If a home has only an extension of the same telephone number, the answer to question >pp2b< should be <5> "NO."

If the respondent only offers a number at some other location where he/she can be reached (e.g., at work), the answer to question >pp2b< is <5> "NO."

In the event that a respondent has additional residential phone numbers, you will ask question >pp3< to determine how many residential telephone numbers are in the household.

# A.4.2. Main Study Section

The Main Study Section of the Basic Screener covers all activities from the point where we determine whether there were any children 18 and under who lived in the household for at least two consecutive weeks during the past 12 months up to the point where the Episode Screener questions begin. Respondents who screen-in on the first of these questions enter the Main Study.

>pm1< Are there any children 18 years old or younger, who are living or have lived in this household for at least two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months, that is, since [CURRENT MONTH] [DAY], [LAST YEAR]?

<1>	YES
<5>	NO
<6>	CHILD DID NOT LIVE ANYWHERE FOR 2 CONSECUTIVE WEEKS (I.E., JOINT CUSTODY ARRANGEMENTS) OR CHILD JOINED HH LESS THAN 2 WEEKS AGO
<8>	DON'T' KNOW
<7>	REFUSED

If the respondent says no children lived in the household for two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months, you will select option <5> "NO" and the CATI program will automatically skip you out of the Main Study and end the interview.

If there were/are any children who lived in the household for at least two consecutive weeks, you will select option <1> "YES" and continue on to find out who was/is the child's/children's primary caretaker.

If the respondent says he/she has children, but these children did not live anywhere for two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months because their custody alternates on a weekly basis, select option <6> "CHILD DID NOT LIVE ANYWHERE FOR 2 CONSECUTIVE WEEKS". Cases about which you are not certain should be answered with option <6>. Whenever you classify a case as option <6>, the CATI program will automatically continue to find out who the child's/children's primary caretaker is/was when they are/were in the household.

8

>pm1a< How many children 18 years old or younger, have lived in this household for at least two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months?

<1 - 12> UP TO 12 CHILDREN

<13 – 95> MORE THAN 12 CHILDREN <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED

You will ask how many children qualify as living in the household. We ask this question only for steering purposes. Our CATI program can only handle up to 12 children in a household. Therefore, if the respondent indicates that there are more than 12 children, at a later point in the screener, instructions will be displayed on the screen to move to a paper version in order not to miss any answers.

#### >pm1b<

On a regular basis, at least once a month or more often, [child / children] use the Internet or email through a computer located in (CODE ALL THAT APPLY)

- <1> your home,
- <2> their school, or
- <3> any other place such as a friend's house or the library?
- <98> DON'T KNOW
- <97> REFUSED
- <n> NONE NO (OTHER) RESPONSES
- <x> TO DELETE A RESPONSE

This question has been included so that sample can be identified for a possible future study regarding children's use of the Internet. This is a "CODE ALL THAT APPLY" question so you must enter "n" either to mean you have finished selecting the appropriate answers and there are no more to enter, or that none of the answers is appropriate. An entry of "n" will take you to the next question.

>pm2< Who is the parent or other adult in the household who takes care of the [child / children] most of the time (when [he is / she is / they are] staying in the household)? (IF QUESTIONED AS TO WHY WE NEED THIS INFORMATION, READ: "The focus of this study is children's safety, so I will need to talk to someone who takes care of the [child / children] in your household.")</p>

<1> SPEAKING TO PRIMARY CARETAKER <5> NOT SPEAKING TO PRIMARY CARETAKER

You will identify the primary caretaker of the children in the household, question >pm2<. If the primary caretaker is at least 19 years old and you are speaking to the primary caretaker, you will continue on to an introduction designed to assure the respondent of the confidentiality of the study (see question >pbox1< below). If the primary caretaker is not at least 19 years old, or you are not speaking to the primary caretaker, you will ask to speak to the appropriate person. If the person is not available, you will set an appointment to call back at another time.

If, in question >pm2<, you find that you are speaking with a teenager who says this is his/her private phone number, determine whether there are any adults age 19 or older in the household. If so, proceed with the questions as stated above.

>pbox1< Your telephone number was randomly selected and will be erased after we complete the interview process. Any answers you provide are completely confidential and anonymous. Your answers will help us to better protect children nationwide. While your participation is strictly voluntary, your cooperation is greatly appreciated. The interview usually takes only about 10 minutes or so, but if your case is especially helpful to the study it can be somewhat longer. Also, my supervisor may monitor this call for quality control purposes.</p>

. . . . . . . . . . . .

. .

. .

- <1> CONTINUE <5> RESULT CODES
- <6> R QUESTIONS CONFIDENTIALITY
- <7> R REFUSED

>pm3< (IF NECESSARY, ASK:) Are you male or female?

<1> MALE <5> FEMALE

Question >pm3< asks about the sex of the respondent. This is important information for the data analysis of the study, but it is also asked so that appropriate wording displays will be used throughout the CATI program. You do not need to read this question verbatim if you already know the sex of the respondent; you can verify the sex instead.

>pm4< Thinking of the household member in whose name the house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented, what is the highest grade or level of education that this person has completed?

. .....

<1> Not a high school graduate <2> High school graduate

-- -

- -

- <3> Has some college education
- <4> College graduate
- <5> Vocational school / degree
- <77> Other (SPECIFY)
- <98> DON'T KNOW
- <97> REFUSED

Question >pm4< asks about the education level of the "head of the household." If the respondent gives you a grade level (e.g., 12th grade), you will need to translate it into one of the four categories given. If you are unsure of how to translate it, use the "SPECIFY."

# A.5. Child Roster

The Child Roster section of the Basic Screener covers some demographic questions about each child who has lived in the household for at least two weeks or more during the past 12 months (or was included as a code <6> in question >pm1<). It begins with a question to determine whether the number of children in the household was recorded correctly. This is a precaution that is taken to make sure that if there are more than 12 children, the appropriate instructions will be displayed.

>pm4a<

Earlier I recorded that there [was / were] [NUMBER OF CHILDREN FROM >pm1a<] [child / children] 18 years old or younger, who [has / have] lived in this household for at least two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months, that is, since [CURRENT MONTH] [LAST YEAR]. Did I record this correctly?

<1> YES <5> NO

If option <5> "NO" is selected at screen >pm4a<:

>pm4b<

How many children 18 years old or younger, have lived in the household for at least two consecutive weeks during the past 12 months, that is, since [CURRENT MONTH] [LAST YEAR]?

<1 - 12> CHILDREN <13 - 95> CHILDREN

<97> REFUSED

You will verify/ask how many children qualify as living in the household only for steering purposes. Our CATI program can only handle up to 12 children in a household. If the respondent indicates that there are 12 or fewer children, you will continue on to the demographics section for each child. However, if the respondent indicates that there are more than 12 children, the following screen will be displayed:

>pxm5<

INTERVIEWER: BECAUSE THERE ARE <u>MORE THAN 12 CHILDREN</u> IN THIS HOUSEHOLD, YOU WILL NEED TO CONTINUE FROM THIS POINT USING PAPER. PLEASE FOLLOW THE STEPS BELOW.

- <1> LEAVE THE CATI PROGRAM SHOWING THIS SCREEN UNTIL THE CALL IS DONE.
- <2> COLLECT THE "CHILD ROSTER" ON PAPER.
- <3> COLLECT THE SUMMARY VERSION OF THE "EPISODE SCREENER" ON PAPER.
- <4> TELL THE RESPONDENT THAT WE WILL NEED TO CALL BACK TO FINISH THE INTERVIEW IN ABOUT ONE WEEK (SET A "SOFT" APPOINTMENT <u>ON PAPER</u>).
- <5> WHEN PAPER INTERVIEW IS COMPLETE, GO TO COMMAND MODE (CTRL-C). THEN, IN COMMAND MODE, TYPSE "sk cbx." MAKE THE CASE A "PROBLEM" RESULT (CODE <4> ON "cbx" SCREEN).

You will follow the instructions on this screen including making an appointment for approximately one week from this call. A supervisor will assign this case to an interviewer when it is time for the appointment to be called.

>pm5(x)<

Please give me the first name (or initials) of all the people <u>18 and under</u> who have lived in the household for at least 2 consecutive weeks during the past 12 months. Please give each name (or set of initials) one at a time. (IF R REFUSES TO GIVE FIRST NAMES, TRY TO GET INITIALS. IF R REFUSES INITIALS, RECORD CHILD NUMBER SEQUENTIALLY, BEGINNING WITH "CHILD 1," "CHILD 2," etc.)

ENTER FIRST NAME (OR INITIALS) OF THE [FIRST / NEXT] CHILD.

<NAME / INITIALS>

With question >pm5(x)< as the lead-in, you will enumerate all of the children 18 years old or younger who live or have lived in the household for at least two consecutive weeks during the past 12 months. The children may be listed in any order the respondent wishes (that is, the respondent does not have to list the children in any specific order such as from the oldest to the youngest). You will collect all the children's first names before entering any other information.

You will obtain several pieces of information for each child. The primary pieces of information you will obtain are:

- >pm5(x)<. First Name. If the respondent is hesitant to give names, try to get the child's initials. If the respondent does not want to give the child's initials, enter "child 1," "child 2," etc.
- >pm6(x)<. Sex. Enter "1" for boy or "2" for girl. Code without asking only if it is completely obvious (e.g., "my son John"); otherwise, where terms such as "son" and "daughter" do not make it completely obvious, verify each child's sex (for example, by saying "And Mary is female, right?"). Do not rely on just the child's name to indicate sex. Problems can arise when you make assumptions without verifying (e.g., "Leslie" can be either a boy's name or a girl's name).</li>
- >pm7(x)<. Birthdate. Record each child's date of birth by entering the month, the day and the 4-digit year. Verify what you have entered back to the respondent. Note: if the date of birth is not known, the CATI program will ask for age on last birthday.</li>
- >pm9a(x)<. Race or Ethnicity. Record each child's race and ethnicity. The ethnicity question will be asked first ("Is [CHILD'S NAME] of Hispanic or Latino origin?"). Then the race question will be asked. Appropriate categories are displayed on the screen. These categories are:</li>
  - American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo. This includes persons whose ancestors were of the original people of North America—The Native Americans.
  - Asian or Pacific Islander. This includes persons whose ancestors were of the people of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands.
  - Black. This includes persons whose ancestors were of the black racial groups of Africa.
  - White. This includes persons whose ancestors were of the original people of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East.
  - Other (SPECIFY). This includes persons of mixed races.

- 5. >pm10(x)<. Child's Relationship to Respondent. Record each child's relationship to the respondent. Ten relationship codes are displayed on the screen. There are nine specific relationship codes and an "Other" code for any relationships that do not fall into one of the nine specific codes. The ten relationship codes are:</p>
  - Biological child,
  - Stepchild,
  - Adopted child,
  - Grandchild,
  - Sibling's child (niece / nephew),
  - Foster child,
  - Ward (respondent is child's legal guardian),
  - Sibling (brother / sister),
  - Charge (respondent is child's babysitter),
  - Other; specify (e.g., cousin, great-grandchild, live-in boyfriend's child).
- >pm13(x)<. Disability. Did child have any serious or permanent physical or mental disability or impairment, or life threatening medication condition in the past 12 months? Record <1> for "YES" or <5> for "NO."
- 7. >pm14(x)<. Is child currently living in this household? This question is asked to determine whether the child will be eligible for the Youth Interview. If the child is currently a household member (this is the child's primary residence) but the child is currently "missing" (lost, kidnapped, etc.), you will enter "NO" for this question because the child would not have been able to be the respondent for the Youth interview.</p>
- >pm15(x)<. Did child live in any other households for at least two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months? If you enter <5> for "NO," the next question will automatically be skipped.
- 9. >pm16(x)<. How many other households did the child live in for at least two consecutive weeks in the past 12 months? Record the number that the respondent tells you. If the respondent does not know for sure, try to get the respondent to make an estimate on the basis of what they do know and record that number in answer to the question. Make a note in the comments that this answer is an estimate and indicate the extent and nature of the respondent's doubt. For example, if the respondent did not know where the child was at all for some period of time, note this fact and indicate that the estimate provided is based on what the respondent did know for sure.</p>

>pm17(x)< Has [CHILD'S NAME] stayed overnight in this household for at least 2 consecutive weeks during the past 12 months?

<1>	YES
<2>	NO
<3>	DON'T KNOW
<4>	REFUSED

The only time question >pm17(x)< will appear is if you have entered the relationship code of <9> "CHARGE" for a child in question >pm10(x)<. If the respondent is the child's babysitter, we need to determine if the child has actually lived in the household, that is, stayed overnight for two consecutive weeks during the past 12 months.

If the child has not stayed overnight in the household of two consecutive weeks during the past 12 months (e.g., the respondent just takes care of the child during the day), you will answer <5> "NO" to question >pm17(x)<. An answer of "NO" here will automatically delete the child from the Child Roster and he/she will not be included in any further questions concerning the household children.

If the child has lived in the household (stayed overnight for at least two consecutive weeks) during the past 12 months, then the child will stay in the Child Roster and will be included in subsequent questions.

>pm18(x)< (IF KNOWN, CODE APPROPRIATELY; OTHERWISE, ASK:) Is [CHILD'S NAME] living or is [he / she] deceased?

> <1> LIVING <5> DECEASED

The only time question >pm18(x)< will appear is if you have entered that the child is not currently living in the household in question >pm14(x). The answer to this question will be used for some skips in later questions.

After the last Child Roster question, an introduction for the Episode Screener will appear and that final screening section will begin.

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# **GENERAL COMMENTS REGARDING FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS**

## 1. CERTAIN QUESTIONS CANNOT BE CHANGED

- 1. We have tried very had to design this instrument to be responsive to the needs of you, the interviewer. There are many constraints on our efforts. The major one is that **this study is a replication of a study conducted 10 years ago**, and we must maintain certain elements of the original survey, even if we think they could be improved upon. In addition, many questions come from other government surveys, such as the National Crime Victims Survey, and we cannot alter these questions in any way, even if we find them cumbersome or awkward. We ask for your patience with the resulting questionnaires.
- 2. You may feel that some of the questions are redundant. However, the purpose of the follow-up instrument is to determine how serious the episode was and how much risk for harm the child/children encountered, so there are a number of key issues that are addressed repeatedly. In addition, there are certain key questions which are part of defining the different types of episodes and those questions must be asked, even if the respondent has already told us about what happened. We have tried to streamline the questionnaires as much as possible, but some questions cannot be altered or removed. An example of a key issue is how far the child/children were moved in an Abduction interview. Early in the interview, we ask "How far was the child moved?" And later in the interview, we ask "Was the child transported at least 50 miles?" The distance is so key to defining an episode that we ask about this issue more than once.

#### 2. INTERVIEWS MAY BE UPSETTING

- If an incident has occurred in a family and you are completing a follow-up questionnaire with someone, they are likely to have strong feelings about the incident. It is vitally important to **be both neutral and sympathetic** with these respondents. They may be reporting some distressing details, such as physical or sexual abuse. They may be upset, but you need to be professional and non-judgmental. At the same time, you need to be sensitive and compassionate. It is a difficult balancing act, and you should feel free to ask for help or suggestions from a supervisor or other project staff at any time.
- If you have been upset by an interview, please speak to a member of the project team. Don't be shy!! We understand that these interviews may be distressing and we're here to support you in any way we can.

# 3. YOU MUST PAY ATTENTION

- The details of these episodes are likely to be complicated. The actual wording of the questions will not fit every situation perfectly. You can't be on "automatic pilot" while asking these questions and recording the answers. It is very important to listen carefully to what the respondent is saying.
- 2. There are a number of places in the questions where alternative wording is available. You will need to pay careful attention to the particular scenario of the episode to appropriately choose the wording that fits the situation.
- 3. There are several places in each follow-up questionnaire where a series of questions will be asked separately for each child, if more than one child was involved in the episode. We have tried to make this as smooth as possible, by adding wording alternatives and transitional phrases, but it still may be a little awkward. Again, you will have to pay attention to ensure that the respondent understands the questions in these sections. When you switch back to asking about all the children, the transitional phrase "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode." will appear—<u>only read this phrase</u> if there is more than one child involved.

# 4. FIND OUT WHAT HAPPENED

- It's important for the respondent to understand each question that they're answering. We're asking for a lot of details, and it may take some time to ensure that they understand the question and that you understand their answer. **Don't be afraid to ask the respondent to explain.** Of course we want the interviews to be completed as quickly as possible, but we cannot afford to sacrifice important information.
- 2. If it will be helpful to you, encourage the respondent to elaborate on what happened. They don't have to just answer the question that they think you're asking—don't hesitate to ask them to explain the episode a bit more, since it may help you to assess which questions apply to their situation, and which answers fit. Don't let this get out of hand, though—the interviews need to be completed as quickly as possible.
- 3. You should expect to use the phrase "to the best of your knowledge" quite a bit, since the respondent may not know <u>exactly</u> what happened to the child/children during the entire time that he/she/they were away. We're interested in the respondent's understanding or their <u>belief</u> about what happened. You should **encourage them to tell you what they <u>think</u> happened**, even if they're not exactly sure. One purpose of this study is to assess the <u>risk for harm</u> that children face, so we want to make sure we don't lose any pertinent information.

# 5. TAKE NOTES

- Everything the respondent tells you is potentially very important to understanding what happened during this episode. The answer categories available for a particular question may not capture the details of every situation and sometimes, if more than one child was involved, different things happened to each child. You are the only person actually hearing the whole interview. For the benefit of the person who will later code and analyze the information, use the "other specify" option whenever it's appropriate, and use the note-taking function of the CATI system <u>as much</u> <u>as necessary</u> to give a complete picture of what the respondent tells you about what happened. Always record the response clearly and completely.
- For all open-ended or "specify" questions, you must be careful about your typing. The verbatim responses will be an important part of the analysis and the coder must be able to read and understand what's written.
- 3. Some people find it easier to have a notebook in their interviewing station and to take any necessary notes on <u>paper</u> as the interview progresses. Of course the research staff would prefer that any notes be put immediately into CATI, but hand written notes are better than losing valuable information.

# 6. HELP THE RESPONDENT PERSIST

- If you feel like the respondent is getting weary, encourage them by thanking them for their patience, by telling them "we're almost done" or "we're halfway done" (if that's true!) or any other comment that you think will be <u>heartening</u>.
- There are a number of open-ended questions. Because you need to type what they say, it may take a moment. Remember to tell the respondent that you're recording their answer, so they don't wonder why you're being silent.
- 3. If you're having a problem that can't be fixed immediately, tell the respondent that you're having trouble with your computer and you need to arrange to call them back. There's no one who won't sympathize with computer problems, and you want to avoid annoying them by keeping them on the line while you find out what the problem is and who needs to fix it.

# 7. CLEARLY IDENTIFY THE CHILD/CHILDREN YOU'RE REFERRING TO

- The wording of questions will be determined by whether there was only one, or more than one child involved. Use the name/names of the child/children when asking the question if they appear on the screen, otherwise use the pronoun provided. If there is more than one child involved, the names will just be listed on the screen—add, as appropriate, the word "or" before the last child's name. For example, "Did Aaron, Bill, or Carl contact you at any time during the episode?" or add the word "and," for example, "Which of the following best describes how concerned you were about where Aaron, Bill and Carl were?"
- 2. There are questions that are skipped if the child/children have not returned, and there will be times when some of the children have returned and some have not, however, all their names will appear on the screen. You will have to remember to only say the name/names of the child/children to whom the question refers, that is, do not include the name/names of child/children who have not returned.
- 3. In a few cases, the respondent may have refused to give the names or even the initials of the children in the household. In such instances, you will need to use the child's/children's sex an age at the time of the interview to identify who we are talking about to the respondent. For such a case, you could ask the question (for example): "Earlier you said you would prefer not to tell us the names or initials of the child/children in your household, but this next question is about the boy who is now 13 years old (and who was kept from you)."

# 8. CLEARLY IDENTIFY THE TIME AND EPISODE YOU'RE REFERRING TO

- You may need to refresh the respondent's memory about the time period we're talking about. If you
  ever get the sense that the respondent is confused, you can say, for example, "We're talking about the
  time Alice and Beverly ran away from home in June 1998." This may be especially necessary if
  there were multiple episodes in the household.
- Different questions ask about different periods of time, such as "in the <u>year</u> before the episode" or "in the <u>week</u> before the episode." Make sure that you emphasize any time periods that are contained in a particular question, especially if it's different from the time period in previous questions.
- 3. There are several questions that ask what happened "at <u>any</u> time during the episode." Make sure that the respondent hears this phrase and that his/her answer includes <u>everything</u> that was done while the episode was going on (but <u>only</u> things that happened while the episode was going on--not things that happened before or after).
- 4. If the respondent seems confused about the word "episode" (and they sometimes are), remind them of the type of incident the follow-up interview is referring to, for example, "When Aaron and Bill were kept from you."

# 9. COMMUNICATING CONTENT

- As a general rule, in the **adult version** of the follow-up interviews you should not try to explain any of the terms or intentions of the questions—if the respondent indicates that he/she does not understand what is meant, just say: "Do you <u>think</u> ..." and **restate the question**.
- 2. With the **youth interviews** this rule does <u>not</u> apply. While you should not elaborate on the meaning of a question, **it may be necessary to define words or restate the question in a different way**, especially with the younger respondents. You must be very careful <u>not to lead</u> the youth respondent toward any particular answer or reaction during this process, but make sure they understand what you're asking and what the response options are.

# 10. MANAGING SERIES QUESTIONS

- There are several questions that contain lists of actions or statements, but with the CATI program, each of the items comprising the list appears as a separate question. It may be helpful to the respondent if you tell them as you start a series question like this that you're going to be reading a (long) list of items or statements, and, if you think it would help, ask them to be patient.
- 2. In addition, these lists usually end with an item "or something else" or "or anything else." We realized recently that it makes more sense to say "or anything else <u>that I haven't mentioned already</u>" or "or anything else <u>we haven't already discussed</u>." You should use this phrasing if you think it will help clarify what we're asking for.

# 11. NUMERICAL RULES

- General rule about <u>estimation</u>: If the respondent doesn't know the exact time for any of the questions regarding a length of time, try to get him/her to give you an estimate of how long the time period was. You can probe as appropriate to help them with their estimate, for example, you could say, "Was it the same day?"
- General rule about <u>rounding</u>: Round 1/2's up to the next whole number if it's <u>even</u>, but leave them off it's <u>odd</u>. Round anything <u>more</u> than 1/2 <u>up</u> and anything <u>less</u> than half <u>down</u>.

# SPECIFIC COMMENTS REGARDING FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS IN GENERAL

Most of the comments about the sections and specific questions contained in this summary refer to both the **adult** and the **youth** versions of the questionnaire. Notes of where the youth interviews are different appear as needed. The major difference in the youth interview is that most questions say "you" rather than "the/your child/children."

## Length Of Episode

The length of the episode has already been recorded in the Episode Screener, however, due to limitations in the CATI program, **we have to ask the question again**. It is very important to record the length of the episode correctly, but because the respondent has already reported this information, it should only be a matter of confirming it. This question is asked separately for each child involved. **NOTE**: Discerning when an episode began can be a little tricky. If you are not the interviewer who completed the Episode Screener with this respondent, please use some care in determining the time period. **By "the beginning of the episode," we mean when the child/children started being somewhere other than where they were <u>supposed</u> to be. Make sure that the respondent understands what we mean by "began."** 

In each **adult** questionnaire we ask if the child has been returned from the episode (remember that "the episode" always refers to the episode that is being discussed in this follow-up interview). This question is asked separately for each child involved. (This question is <u>not</u> asked in the **youth** questionnaires, except for the Family Abduction, where the child is asked if he/she is back living with the same parent/caretaker as before the episode.) This is an important question because it directs many subsequent skip patterns—make sure you record the respondent's answer correctly. Note that in the rare event that the child was killed during the episode and the <u>body</u> was found/returned, the answer to this question NO—"returned" means that the child is back where he/she <u>belongs</u>.

### **Perpetrator/Accomplice Identification**

Each of the follow-ups contain a series of questions regarding the identity of the perpetrator. In the **abduction follow-ups** this series appears early in the interview and regards the perpetrator of the <u>abduction</u>. This same series appears at the end of **all of the follow-ups**, if applicable, regarding the perpetrator of a <u>physical or sexual assault</u>.

You can ask about a total of four people—one perpetrator and three accomplices. The same questions are asked regarding the main perpetrator of the episode or the assault, and about any additional people involved (though the questions in the accomplice series are not in exactly the same order as the perpetrator series). If there were more than four people involved, you will have to explain to the respondent that we can only take down detailed information about four of them, and the respondent should choose the four people that he/she considers the most responsible for the incident.

IMPORTANT: When you are asking about the perpetrator (or accomplices) of a **physical or sexual assault**, the phrase "the episode" no longer refers to the original missing child episode—now it means <u>when the child was</u> <u>molested and/or assaulted</u> and "the responsible person" means the person involved in molesting or attacking the child.

## **Specific Questions**

The first questions are about the relationship between the victim and the perpetrator. It is very important to find out what this relationship is. Note that we are interested in the person's relationship to the child/children at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction or molesting of the child/children). If the victim and perpetrator do not share a family bond, there is a fairly lengthy series of questions that determine exactly how well they knew each other. There are several definitions relevant to coding these questions:

**By "responsible for" we mean the person who <u>instigated</u> the incident**, that is, the person whose idea it was—this is not <u>necessarily</u> the person who physically abducted or assaulted the child/children. If the respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have him/her pick one person and answer the "perpetrator" questions about that person. You will ask the same series of questions again, and the respondent can then tell you about the other perpetrator/perpetrators as accomplices.

**By "family member," we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law** (law includes adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). <u>Also included as a family member</u> of the child is the current or former romantic partner (spouse or boyfriend/girlfriend) of any parent or guardian (he/she has to have been the partner <u>at the time</u> of the incident).

**By "known" we mean anyone that the child/children, or other members of the family, knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor**. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is "known," let the respondent decide: "Whatever known means to you."

If the respondent says the perpetrator was a "friend" of theirs or someone else in the family, we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way <u>at the time of the incident</u>.

Determining "acquaintedness." If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the child/children, we want to find out how <u>well</u> the person was known, so we ask a series of four questions: whether the family knew the person's <u>name</u>, whether they <u>spoke</u> to the person, <u>how long</u> they had known the person and <u>how often</u> they saw the person.

Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories in each relationship question and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know what to record. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "specify" line.

## **Wording Choices**

The question below is a good example (and the first occurrence, though there are several others) of a set of wording choices that appear on the screen to make reading the question easier for you. These are questions that are asked separately for each child, if there is more than one child involved in the episode. Reading the full question text for each child is cumbersome, so beneath the full text is abbreviated question text which can be read for the second child and each child after that. The name of the appropriate child will appear where noted each time the question comes up.

## EXAMPLE:

>nn10< Now I'm going to read a list of relationships. Which of the following best describes how the person (most) responsible is related to the [child / children] involved in this episode:

(And how was the person (most) responsible related to [CHILD'S NAME]?)

- <1> A friend of [CHILD'S NAME]'s
- <2> A friend of yours or someone else in the household
- <3> An acquaintance of [CHILD'S NAME]'s
- <4> An acquaintance of the family
- <5> A neighbor
- <6> A person in authority such as a teacher
- <7> A caretaker or babysitter
- <8> Someone known to [CHILD'S NAME] only by sight
- <s> Or someone else (SPECIFY; END WITH ///)?
- <96> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD
- <98> Don't know
- <97> Refused

FOR THE FIRST CHILD INVOLVED, READ AS (some codes not shown):

>nn10a< Now I'm going to read a list of relationships. Which of the following best describes how the person (most) responsible is related to the [child / children] involved in this episode?

(And how was the person (most) responsible related to Alice?):

- <1> A friend of Alice's
- <2> A friend of yours or someone else in the household
- <3> An acquaintance of Alice's
- <8> Someone known to Alice only by sight
- <s> Or someone else (SPECIFY; END WITH ///)

FOR THE SECOND CHILD INVOLVED, READ AS (some codes not shown):

- >nn10b< And how was the person (most) responsible related to Beverly?
  - <1> A friend of Beverly's
  - <2> A friend of yours or someone else in the household
  - <3> An acquaintance of Beverly's
  - <8> Someone known to Beverly only by sight
  - <s> Or someone else (SPECIFY; END WITH ///)?

#### **Perpetrator Age and Race**

We ask for the perpetrator's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview rather than at the time of the episode). If the respondent says he/she does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best estimate of age.

We ask about the race and ethnicity of the perpetrator and accomplices just as we have asked about the respondent and the child/children in the Household Roster. Hispanic is not considered a race—it is an ethnicity. We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau. With the actual question asking for race, do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in "specify." We ask these two questions repeatedly; **if the respondent knows the race of the perpetrator**, he/she usually tells you right away—in this case, as with gender, **you do not need to read the question, just mark the answer.** 

#### **Episode Detail**

This section begins with an open-ended question designed to let the respondent tell us about the episode, thereby giving an overall view of what happened, as well as allowing the respondent some "free space" in which to say his/her "piece" in an unstructured manner. **This strategy has proven to be very effective in designing interviews on sensitive subjects and about emotionally loaded events**. Respondents tend to feel more as if they have been "heard" if they are given a little space like this. Record the response as clearly, carefully and thoroughly as possible. Do not be concerned if the respondent does not answer the parts of this question in the order they are asked or does not answer all of the parts (there are several probes that appear on the screen). Most respondents are willing to provide a lot of information about such an experience. If the respondent starts to repeat information or continues to go into great detail after they have essentially answered the question, gently thank the respondent and go to the next question. Do not take the time to probe too much—we ask lots of specific questions about the episode, this question is more <u>for the respondent's benefit</u>—to allow them to express themselves.

When you already know the answer to one of the questions following this open-ended question, you should say: "I know you already told me this, but I need to ask all the questions." You could also say, "These questions may seem redundant, but they are all very important for understanding what happened to your child/children." **Say these phrases as often as necessary**—we do not want the respondent to get annoyed with the redundancy. Ask for their patience and be patient yourself. NOTE: this interview is quite lengthy and somewhat repetitive. The respondent will feel more comfortable and the interview will go more smoothly, if the respondent feels you are having a <u>conversation</u> with them, and it helps a great deal if you ask questions in a way that acknowledges that you have already heard some of the information.

#### When the Episode Began

In each follow-up interview we ask about the day of the week and the time of day that the episode began. If the respondent says he/she does not know the <u>exact day</u> of the week, we have a follow-up question which asks them if the episode started on a weekend or during the week. Encourage the respondent to answer these questions to the best of his/her knowledge.

#### How the Respondent Found Out

In each adult questionnaire we ask **how the respondent** <u>first</u> found out that the episode had happened (or started) or <u>realized</u> that the child/children were missing. The answer categories do not really fit every situation and you may find that you will use the "other, specify" category quite a bit. The first category, "your [child / children] told you" does <u>not</u> include the respondent finding out what had happened from the child/children when the child/children <u>returned</u> unless that is <u>really</u> when the respondent first found out that the child/children had been gone. The category "you witnessed it" is most likely to be true if the respondent saw the child/children abducted or observed the child/children leave the house in a runaway/thrownaway episode. If the respondent says "someone else told them," we ask about the person's relationship to the child/children (note that we are not interested in the person's <u>name</u>). In the General Missing interview, this question is arranged a little differently from the other questionnaires (see notes in that section of this summary).

What follows the open-ended question is a unique series of questions in each follow-up questionnaire—questions which are specific to the type of incident (though there are a few questions shared among the follow-ups). **Instructions on what we call the "detail" section of each interview follow this summary about shared questions.** 

## **Parental Concern**

Each follow-up questionnaire contains a series of questions regarding how concerned the child's/children's parent or guardian was during the incident. These questions are very important for determining how serious the episode was.

The first question screens respondents into, or skips respondents past, the series of questions. (It is unlikely that respondents will skip this section, because some of the episode screener questions specifically ask if the respondent was concerned.) If the respondent screens into the section, they will be asked how concerned they were, why, what efforts they undertook, and several questions regarding <u>when</u> they became concerned. Several questions are not contained in the **youth** interviews, because they do not apply. Some of these questions are occasionally difficult for the respondent.

The first question after the screening question asks what "exact events" caused them to become concerned. You may have to **probe this question extensively** in order to get a <u>good</u> description of what <u>exactly</u> preceded the parent's/parents' alarm.

This section contains a series of questions asking for time periods. This can be difficult to answer because the distinction between the time periods can be confusing. You may have to explain the question or help the respondent to determine the answer.

# IMPORTANT EXAMPLE:

In one pretest case, the teenage daughter was picked up by a stranger on her way home at approximately 6 pm. The parent said her daughter was always home by 9 pm, so <u>at that point</u> the respondent became concerned. She did not actually find out what happened until her daughter was returned three days later.

>nn68a< How long had the episode been going on when you (or someone else in your household) became concerned? <1-90> Minutes / Hours / Days / Weeks / Months <96> Immediately <98> Don't Know Refused <97> The answer to this question is "3 hours"—the daughter was taken at 6 pm and the respondent got worried at 9 pm. >nn69a< For how long had you been concerned when you found out that your daughter had been taken? <1-90> Minutes / Hours / Days / Weeks / Months <96> Immediately <98> Don't Know Refused <97> The answer to this question is "3 days"—the respondent did not find out what happened until the

One of the questions in this section asks, in an open-ended format, what the respondent did to try to find the child/children. Some people will say, among other things, "I did everything I could think of."—**include that comment verbatim**.

daughter was returned.

### **Contact With the Police**

Each follow-up questionnaire contains a series of questions regarding the household's contact with the police during the incident. These questions are very important for determining what resources are needed and used during these types of episodes.

The answer to these questions is always limited to things involving the police which took place **at any time during the episode**—this means it <u>does not only include</u> what transpired with the police when they were initially contacted, but it <u>does only include</u> things that were done while the episode was going on (not things that involved the police after the child/children were returned). **NOTE**: The police may not get very involved in a <u>runaway</u> incident, and the respondent may say that the police said they could not help or there was nothing they could do or they probably would not find the child/children or something along that line.

The first question screens respondents into, or skips respondents past, the series. If the respondent screens into the section, they will be asked about when they contacted the police and what actions the police took. In the **youth** interview, the questions in this section will only be asked <u>if the youth respondent called the police</u>. In the **adult** interview, the questions are asked if the respondent or <u>anyone</u> called the police.

In the **adult** interview, if <u>no household member</u> contacted the police with regards to the particular episode in question, the respondent will be asked an open-ended question about why the police were NOT contacted. In the **youth** interview, this open-ended question will be asked if the respondent said his/her parent did not call the police.

Note that NCMEC (the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children) may be mentioned in this section. Since they are extremely involved in this survey, it is <u>very important</u> that we do not lose any information pertaining to them. We specifically ask about them in the following section, but they may come up in this section as well, particularly when we ask if the police referred their case to any other justice agency (NCMEC is <u>not</u> a justice agency, but respondents often do not know that). <u>Any time</u> NCMEC is mentioned in the police section, make a note in "specify" and the coder can sort it out later. Also note that NCMEC is sometimes called the **Adam Walsh Center**.

### Other "Agency" Contacts

This section includes questions about services obtained from agencies other than the police and from other professionals or community members. Each question is limited to services or communications regarding **this particular episode, and is limited to** things that were done <u>while the episode was going on</u> (not things that involved services or communications <u>after</u> the child/children were returned, unless these services were a <u>direct result</u> of the episode, such as counseling for a child who was traumatized).

We specifically ask about **NCMEC** in one of the questions in this sections, but they may come up in other questions as well, such as when we ask about a missing persons agency (which NCMEC is <u>not</u>). Respondents may also mention <u>local</u> CMEC offices, which we also want to make a note of, either in "other professionals contacted" or "actions taken to have the child/children returned." Note that NCMEC is sometimes called the **Adam Walsh Center**.

## **Harm Series**

The final series of questions may be difficult both for you and the respondent. **It is very important to be neutral (non-judgmental and undisturbed) as well as sensitive** during this series of questions. This series of questions is only concerned with what happened to the child/children while the child/children were <u>away during the particular episode in question</u>. This series is <u>mostly skipped</u> for children who have <u>not</u> returned, however, four key questions will be asked for <u>all</u> children: beaten up, attempt to beat up, sexually molested, attempt to sexually molest.

If there is more than one child, you ask this entire series for the first child, then ask the same series for the next child, until you have asked this set of questions for each child involved in the particular episode.

Emphasize the phrase "To the best of your knowledge," as much as seems necessary. Most respondents will not hesitate to answer these questions if they know the answer.

The first question, about whether the child suffered any harm, screens respondents into, or skips respondents past, several questions. **If you know, at this point in the interview, that the child was hurt during the episode, just** <u>confirm</u> the answer with the respondent.

Several questions in this series are very important, because a "YES" answer leads to asking several follow-up questions. In addition, a "NO" answer to some questions leads to a follow-up question asking about <u>attempts</u> of that activity. You may have to clarify what "attempt" means—we do not want to lose any information about any risk there was to the child.

## "B Series"—Sexual Molestation

If the respondent says that the child was sexually molested, or that an attempt was made to sexually molest the child, you will ask a series of very explicit questions about what <u>exactly</u> was done to the child. Unfortunately, these questions may be embarrassing to both you and the respondent, so you will have to demonstrate a great deal of sensitivity.

In the rare case that more than one perpetrator was involved in molesting the child, say "persons" when reading the questions. Otherwise, just read "person."

In the **adult** interview, emphasize the phrase "To the best of your knowledge," as much as seems necessary. Emphasize "during this episode" if you think the respondent might be talking about activities that happened during a different episode or at some other time.

The first question screens respondents into, or skips respondents past, the first <u>half</u> of this series. If the respondent says the child was touched, CATI skips you to the second half of the series, regarding touching. If the respondent says the child was <u>not</u> touched, the next set of questions asks about what sort of non-touching activities the child was exposed to (and you will skip the questions regarding actual touching.)

# SPECIFIC COMMENTS REGARDING ABDUCTION FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS

There is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the respondent could incorrectly identify the relationship between the perpetrator and the child during the Episode Screener. If that has happened, the respondent will be directed to the wrong follow-up interview and they would miss a small number of extremely important questions that are unique to the interview they <u>should</u> be receiving. If, during the perpetrator identification section, it becomes clear that the respondent is in the wrong interview, you will need to ask the unique questions (the correct ones) from a short paper questionnaire. In the <u>rare</u> event that this is necessary, a message will appear on the CATI screen at the appropriate moment, instructing you that now is the time to ask the additional questions. There are two versions, which are color coded (Family is PURPLE and Non-Family is BLUE).

#### Where the Child/Children Started

We read a long list of possible places the child/children could have been when the episode began. **By "began," we mean where the child/children were just prior to when they started being somewhere other than where they were <u>supposed</u> to be.** If the child/children were <u>taken</u>, this would be where they were taken from, if they were <u>kept</u>, this would be where they were at the time that they should have been returned. In the case of an <u>assault</u>, this would be where they were when the assault happened. Familiarize yourself with the answer categories and the order of the list. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to see which category should be recorded. If you are unclear which answer category the respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help him/her select the appropriate response category. If the answer does not fit one of the categories, record the respondent's answer carefully and thoroughly on the "specify" line—if you have any doubt about which category is correct, record the respondent's <u>exact</u> answer on the "specify" line and the coder will figure it out later. The answer to this question represents the child's/children's "original location," which is referred to in subsequent questions.

#### Kidnapping

The first "detail" question concerns whether the respondent considers this abduction episode to be a kidnapping. Sometimes the respondent seems confused about what "episode" means in this question—if that is the case, you could probe by saying: "Would you consider the taking of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] from you to be kidnapping?" **We are interested in the <u>respondent's opinion</u> about this episode. If the respondent says the episode was <u>not</u> a kidnapping, we ask what he/she considers it to be. We want to know how the respondent thinks of this episode—in other words, if it was not a kidnapping, what was it?** 

# Moving the Child/Children

Because **moving the child/children is such an essential element of defining the episode** as an abduction, we ask in several different ways about whether, and how, the child/children were moved, and if this was done secretly. If the child/children were moved, taken, or lured even a few feet away from where they started, the answer to these questions is "YES." You may need to repeat or emphasize "to the best of your knowledge" when reading these questions, since the respondent may not know <u>exactly</u> what happened to the child/children. You may have to reread some of the questions, because the distinctions between them can be fairly subtle and you want to **make sure that the respondent understands what <u>each</u> <b>question is asking**. Do not try to explain any of the terms, such as "forced" or "lured"—if the respondent indicates that he/she does not understand what is meant, just say: "Do you <u>think</u> ..." and restate the question.

# SPECIFIC COMMENTS REGARDING NON-FAMILY ABDUCTION FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS

## **Assaults Only**

This version of the questionnaire is also used if the child/children were involved in an assault (attacked, threatened, beaten up, sexually assaulted)—these episodes may not have an element of "missingness" in them (taking or abducting) and **some questions in the interview will not apply**, such as "Did the person responsible for this episode have authority or permission to take or keep the [child / children]?" Those questions include the option of a **code <6>** for "not applicable—assault only." If the code appears on the screen, and you know the incident was an assault <u>only</u> (that is, it did not include <u>any</u> kind of abduction or attempted abduction), you may enter <6> and **not ask the question**.

## **Threat to Child/Children**

Late in the "detail" section we ask a series of questions to try to assess how threatened the child/children felt, such as "Did [your child / any of your children] believe [he / she / they] would be hurt if [he / she / they] tried to leave the [person / persons] responsible for this episode?" **These are very important for determining how serious the episode was by getting a sense of how much** <u>risk</u> **there was to the child/children**. You may find that you need to repeat or emphasize "to the best of your knowledge" when reading these questions.

# SPECIFIC COMMENTS REGARDING FAMILY ABDUCTION FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS

## **Returned Voluntarily**

At the very beginning of the interview, if the respondent says the child/children were returned, we ask if the perpetrator returned the child/children voluntarily.

# **Perpetrator's Domicile**

At the end of the perpetrator identification questions, we ask what city and state the perpetrator was living in when this episode began. You may have to remind the respondent that we are asking about the <u>beginning</u> of the episode. If the perpetrator was living in a foreign country, record the country on the text line provided for the city name.

## **Keeping After a Visit**

In a family abduction, the perpetrator may have kept the child/children, rather than having taken them, and we ask several questions about this. First we ask if the child/children had been with the perpetrator <u>with permission</u> (legitimate visit) before the episode started. We also ask how long the child/children had been with the person during the period of visitation before the child/children <u>should</u> have been returned. For example, if the child/children were staying with this person for the Christmas holidays, and the person did not return the child/children after the holidays, we want to know how long the child/children were there for the <u>holidays</u>—you would <u>not</u> include the time spent with the person during any previous visitations or the time the child/children were after they should have been returned.

# **Custody Arrangements**

We ask a series of questions concerning the custody arrangements between the respondent and the perpetrator. This series starts by asking about the <u>most formal</u> and legal kind of custody arrangement and if the respondent says that was not their arrangement, then we ask about increasingly more <u>informal</u> arrangements. If the respondent says that none of these was their arrangement, we ask an open-ended question, "If this was not a custody violation, are there other reasons for your belief that [PERPETRATOR]'s [taking / keeping] of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [is / was] unauthorized?" **You may have to reread some of the questions, because the distinctions between them can be fairly subtle** and you want to make sure that the respondent understands what each question is asking. We have provided as much definition of each type of custody arrangement as we can to make these distinctions as clear as possible.

#### **Contact with Perpetrator**

We ask the respondent if he/she had any contact with the perpetrator. This refers to **any contact (including a message)** that the respondent had with the perpetrator while the child/children were away from the household where they belonged. The contact could have been initiated by the respondent, by the perpetrator, or by someone else.

This series includes two questions about attempts by the perpetrator to prevent the respondent from having contact with the child/children. The first questions asks if the perpetrator attempted to prevent contact on a <u>one-time</u> or <u>temporary</u> basis, for example, the perpetrator could have kept the child/children from receiving a letter from the respondent or told the respondent he/she could not talk with the child/children until later. The second question concerns the respondent's perception of the perpetrator saying or doing anything to try to <u>permanently</u> keep the respondent from contacting the child/children. It is important that you communicate the distinction between these two questions to the respondent. This series is followed by a question about whether the abduction was intended to prevent the respondent from **having custody of the child/children on a permanent basis**. For each of these questions, the <u>attempt</u> may not have succeeded, but would still qualify the respondent to answer "YES."

#### Taking Child/Children Out of the State/Country

The next series of questions concerns whether the perpetrator took or tried to take the child/children to a different state or country than the one in which they were <u>supposed</u> to be. It may be that this is a different state than the one the child/children were living in when they were taken or when they should have been returned. It includes **any situation where the child/children were moved to another state or country <u>at any time</u> while the <b>perpetrator held the child/children** (i.e., after their abduction/non-return). If the child/children were taken or an attempt was made, there is a series of guestions about the <u>reasons</u> for this, such as to visit relatives.

#### Knowing the Child's/Children's Location

The last series in the "detail" section concerns whether the respondent knew where the child/children were while they were away. If the respondent said that he/she did not know the child's/children's exact address while they were away, we want to know what information he/she <u>did</u> have. If <u>some</u> of the children have returned and others have not, be sensitive when asking this question, and **carefully record any information the respondent had about** <u>any</u> **of the children's location while they were away**—those who returned <u>and</u> those that are still away from home.

## Perpetrator "Fill"

In this version of the questionnaire, there is a limited number of people who are likely to have taken or kept the child/children. For that reason, if possible, we are filling in questions that refer to "the person responsible" with the relationship of the person to the child/children.

EXAMPLE:

>ff36<

[Was / Were] the [child / children] with [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR} immediately prior to what you consider to be the beginning of this episode?

<1> Yes <5> No <8> Don't Know <7> Refused

"[PERPETRATOR]" will be filled with the appropriate phrase from the chart on the next page, depending on the answers the respondent provided to two questions: ff10 and ff14. If none of the listed relationships were selected in ff10, the words "the person responsible for this episode" will appear in place of "[PERPETRATOR]."

### Perpetrator "fills"

The far right column shows the word/words that will appear in the question text if the conditions in the two left columns are met.

>ff10< (relationship)	>ff14< (gender>	fill that replaces [PERPETRATOR]		
	male	father		
parent	female	mother		
stop parent	male	step-father		
step-parent	female	step-mother		
cibling	male	brother		
sibling	female	sister		
aunt/unclo	male	uncle		
aunt/uncle	female	aunt		
cousin	male/female	cousin		
grandparent	male	grandfather		
granuparent	female	grandmother		
foster parent	male	foster father		
	female	foster mother		
adantiva parant	male	father		
adoptive parent	female	mother		
legal guardian	male/female	guardian		
spouse/romantic partner of	male	mother's (husband/boyfriend)		
parent	female	father's (wife/girlfriend)		

#### EXAMPLE:

>ff36< Were the children with their mother immediately prior to what you consider to be the beginning of this episode?

<1> Yes <5> No <8> Don't Know <7> Refused

### SPECIFIC COMMENTS REGARDING RUNAWAY/THROWNAWAY FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS

#### **Episode Definitions**

In a "runaway episode," the child chose to leave the household, while in a "thrownaway episode" the child was forced out by the parents or other adult in the household. These two situations are frequently harder to distinguish than you think they would be. There is only one follow-up questionnaire for the two, but there are a few questions which pertain only to one or the other scenario (depending on which Episode Screener items were coded "YES").

#### **Wording Choice**

There are a couple of questions where two wording choices for a "thrownaway" scenario (i.e., child told to leave or not allowed to return home) will appear below the lead-in wording of the question, and you will have to choose the appropriate wording for the situation as it has been described to you by the respondent. It is possible that more than one of the working options applies to the situation, in which case add "and" between the options (if more than one appears) when reading the question.

EXAMPLE:	How likely do you believe it is that this situation of (INTERVIEWER: SELECT APPROPRIATE PHRASE:) asking Allen to leave home? refusing to allow Allen to return home? will happen <u>again</u> ?
READ AS:	How likely do you believe it is that this situation of asking Allen to leave <i>and</i> refusing to allow Allen to return will happen <u>again</u> ?

#### **Disability Series**

In the original Household Roster, the respondent was asked this question: "During the past 12 months, has[CHILD'S NAME] had any serious or permanent physical or mental disability or impairment, or life threatening medical condition?" For children involved in a runaway episode, we ask four specific questions (separately for each child involved), which breaks down this broader question. In each question, you should **emphasize** "**At the time of the episode**" and make sure that the respondent understands that we mean <u>this</u> episode (the episode that is the topic of <u>this</u> interview). If the respondent says "YES" to any of the four questions, you will ask about the "nature" of that condition. As with all open-ended answers, it is very important to record the response clearly and completely—it is vital that the coder be able to determine whether the child's condition put him/her at extra risk while away from home. For two of the questions, the words "diagnosed" is included, which means that a medical or mental health professional must have diagnosed the child—it cannot just be the respondent's opinion. For the other two questions, you let **the respondent** decide what constitutes the "serious condition" referred to.

#### **Reasons and Feelings**

For runaways and thrownaways, **we ask separate series' of questions about why the child left** and how the respondent felt about it (one series for runaways and a separate series for thrownaways). For the **youth** thrownaway interview, the series of yes-no questions is replaced by one open-ended question. In the **adult** follow-up, these questions are asked separately for each child involved. These are **sensitive questions**, and you should listen carefully to the respondent's tone—if you think there is something about their attitude that is worth mentioning (for the benefit of the coders), such as your perception of their honesty, <u>make a note</u> using the CATI note-taking function (in command mode).

In a thrownaway episode, we ask who wanted the child/children to leave and how long the child/children were expected to remain out of the household.

In a runaway episode, we ask if the child/children communicated that they were leaving—we mean <u>any type</u> of **communication, including a note, or an answering machine message, or a message delivered by a friend.** The child/children would not necessarily have to tell the respondent their intentions in order for the answer to this question to be "YES," for example, they may have told a friend's mother who told the respondent what the child/children said, or, if the child/children were staying at a runaway shelter, they could have told someone at the shelter, and that person could have phoned the respondent. If the respondent said the child/children did <u>not</u> communicate, we ask how the respondent knew that the child/children had left (since they typically did not actually see the child/children leave).

#### Substance Abuse

We next ask a lengthy series about the child's/children's drug use and any effects from it, such as getting expelled from school. these questions are asked separately for each child involved. You need to read the <u>entire list</u> of substances, even if the respondent already told you what they believe the child used or did not use, because something on the list may jog their memory. If appropriate, explain that you have to read the whole list, or **start by telling them that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask them to be patient.** Make sure the respondent is clear about the time frame of all these questions: in <u>the year prior</u> to the beginning of current episode.

#### Disagreement

We start this section with a screening question—if the respondent does not say, "YES," you will skip about 10 questions pertaining to the disagreement. The screening question is only asked <u>once</u>, and refers to <u>all the children</u> involved in the episode. If there is more than once child involved in the disagreement and the circumstances for the children is not identical, you will need to use the CATI note-taking function (in command mode) to provide additional details. You may need to emphasize "in the <u>week</u> prior to," so that the respondent is clear about the time period we are interested in(which is different from the time frame of the previous section). We ask who the disagreement was with, what it was about, and if it included **threats to or against** the child/children (this does <u>not</u> include the child/children <u>making</u> threats). If the respondent says "YES," we ask a series of questions about what threats were made, such as "a threat to punish."

We also ask a series of questions having to do with violence that was included in this disagreement. These questions include **any actions taken against any of the children involved** in the disagreement **and any actions taken by any of the children** against anyone else involved. These are highly sensitive questions, and you may suspect that the respondent is not being truthful—if this is the case, please <u>make a note</u> about your impression using the CATT note-taking function.

#### Parental "Control"

In one of the most sensitive sections of this interview, we ask if any physical violence was used in an attempt to control the child/children in the year before the episode (make sure the respondent is clear about the time frame of this series—in <u>the year prior</u> to the beginning of the current episode). Again, **if you may get a sense of the respondent's honesty**, <u>make a note</u>.

#### Where the Child/Children Went

We ask many questions about where the child/children went and who they were with while they were away, some of which are asked for each child separately (though in this series, each question is asked for the first child, then the next child and so on, <u>not</u>, as has been done previously, the entire series for the first child, then the entire series for the next child, and so on). The respondent may get impatient with these questions because we ask several times in different ways, so if necessary, explain how important it is for us to understand where the child/children were, and <u>ask the respondent to be patient</u> with the repetition. Also, the respondent may say different things in response to different questions—**take these opportunities to collect as much information as possible** (for the benefit of the coders)—in this interview, more is better! This section includes several series that ask about the risks present where the child/children stayed, such as "people who might be dangerous." <u>All</u> these questions are very important for assessing how serious this episode is.

#### **Criminal Activity**

The next section asks about any criminal activity that the child/children were present to and any that they were involved in at any time while they were away. If the respondent says the child was <u>involved in</u> any of the criminal activities in the list (such as stealing or selling drugs), we ask three questions about each activity mentioned—how the respondent found out about it, if the activity was reported to the police and if the child was arrested. This series is asked for each child separately and each question pertains to the <u>particular criminal activity</u> mentioned (not anything else that occurred during the episode).

#### Knowing the Child's/Children's Location

The last series in the "detail" section concerns whether the respondent knew where the child/children were while they were away. If the respondent said that he/she did not know the child's/children's exact address while they were away we want to know what information he/she <u>did</u> have. If <u>some</u> of the child/children have returned and others have not, be sensitive when asking this question, and carefully record **any information the respondent had about** <u>any</u> **of the child's/children's location while they were away**—those who returned <u>and</u> those that are still away from home.

#### Searching for the Child/Children

In all versions of the follow-up interview we ask, in an open-ended format, what the respondent did to try to get the child/children back. In the Runaway interview, there is also a question after the "agency" section listing several activities to find out which of these were done (like calling friends and driving around). This question includes the usual "or anything else." At this point, the respondent has probably already told you most of what was done. However, **we want to know <u>anything</u> the respondent did at <u>any time while the child/children were away</u> to try to get him/her/them to come home. If you probe, you may find that the respondent tells you more things that they did—take these opportunities to collect as much information as possible (for the benefit of the coders). Also note that this may be a sensitive question, especially if the child/children were forced out of the house or not allowed to return.** 

#### **Harm Series Supplement**

The Runaway interview includes three extra questions in the "Harm" section, related to the key items (physically or sexually assaulted). The extra questions concern whether the child was **in the company of someone** who had physically or sexually abused anyone else or who might have tried to engage the child in sexual activity.

## SPECIFIC COMMENTS REGARDING GENERAL MISSING FOLLOW-UP INTERVIEWS

#### How the Respondent Found Out

When we ask how the respondent <u>first</u> found out or <u>realized</u> that the child/children were missing, the question includes a list of answer categories such as "they failed to call at the arranged time." **Familiarize yourself with the answer categories** and the order of the list. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to see which category should be recorded. If you are unclear which answer category the respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help him/her select the appropriate category. If the respondent tells you anything other than the responses listed, carefully and thoroughly record what he/she says on the "specify" line—if you have any doubt about which category is correct, record the respondent's <u>exact</u> answer on the "specify" line and the coder will figure it out later.

#### Permission

"Permission" means that the respondent knew and approved of where the child was before the "missing" incident began.

Who child/children was/were with

That is, who the child/children was/were supposed to be with.

#### **Parental Concern Supplement**

At the end of the "Parental Concern" section are several addition questions concerning the child's/children's attempt to get in touch with the respondent—did the child/children know how to contact the parent and did the child/children know how to get home. We also ask, in an open-ended format, about the type of place the child/children were in. For this question, <u>get as much description as possible</u>, so that the coder can make a judgment about how much risk the child/children were in. **These questions are only asked if the child was 6 years old or older**.

#### **Reason Child/Children Were Missing**

There is a question after the "agency" section which asks the respondent the reason/reasons the child/children were missing. This question is asked separately for each child involved—**make sure the respondent hears the name of the child and knows who you are referring to**. The respondent may say "YES" to more than one statement, because more than one may apply to the situation. If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u>, do <u>not</u> attempt to explain the statement or reword it. If the respondent says that something happened other than what is included in the list, carefully and completely record what he/she says on the "specify" line.

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INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

# Question by Question Specifications Adult Follow-Up Interviews

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STUDY # 31-191

Question by Question Specifications Adult Follow-Up Interviews

QUESTION NUMBERS IN BOLD FONT INDICATE QUESTION NUMBERS FROM NISMART-2.

QUESTION NUMBERS IN ITALICIZED FONT INDICATE QUESTION NUMBERS FROM NISMART-1.

QUESTION NUMBERS IN UNDERLINED FONT INDICATE QUESTION NUMBERS FROM ORIGINAL STUDIES.

FPIC	SODE ACRONYMS:	
2.10		ł
FA	Family Abduction	i
RATA	Runaway / Thrownaway	1
NFA	Non-Family Abduction	Ì
GM	General Missing	-
	-	i

EPISODE ACRONYMS WITHIN SQUARE BRACKETS INDICATE OPTIONS ONLY APPLICABLE TO EPISODES LISTED WITHIN THE SQUARE BRACKETS.

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	r you said that there was an episode in [DATE] where D'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]	ff1	rr1	nn1	gg1
left ho	/ were] taken or kept from you. [FA] ome without permission. [RATA] / were] attacked or taken. [NFA]				
	/ were] missing and could not be located. [GM]				
I wou episod	Id like to ask you some additional questions about that de.				
	of the questions may not apply to your situation but I have to tem all. [NFA]				
<1>	TO CONTINUE				
			j.	· ·	
Was ( happe	CHILD'S NAME] living in your household when this episode ened?	ff1(x)	rr1(x)	nn1(x)	gg1(x)
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO (DESCRIBE THE SITUATION)	PPA-1	<u> PRA-1</u>	PSA-1	PGM-1
<4>	FINAL—NOT AN EPISODE				
<6>	FINAL—CHILD NOT IN HOUSEHOLD AT TIME OF EPISODE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW (DESCRIBE THE SITUATION)				
<7>	REFUSED (DESCRIBE THE SITUATION)				
<9>	FINAL—RESPONDENT UNLOCATABLE OR RESPONDENT REFUSED TO CONTINUE				
	!				
	1				
Earlier	way said that there had been an enjoyde in IMONITU ( VEAD)		7		
where trouble	you said that there had been an episode in [MONTH / YEAR] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] became a lot of e and left. I would like to ask you some additional questions this episode.		rr2		
<1>	TO CONTINUE				
Was [( happe	CHILD'S NAME] living in your household when this episode ned?		rr2(x)	,	
<1>	YES			•	
<5>	NO (DESCRIBE THE SITUATION)		<u>PTA-1</u>		
<4>	FINAL—NOT AN EPISODE		<u>FTA-T</u>		
<6>	FINAL—CHILD NOT IN HOUSEHOLD AT TIME OF EPISODE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW (DESCRIBE THE SITUATION)				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING (DESCRIBE THE SITUATION)				
<9>	FINAL—RESPONDENT UNLOCATABLE OR RESPONDENT REFUSED TO CONTINUE				

ff1 1	Read the introducto	ry text and enter <1> to see the first question.
rr1 nn1 gg1	nn1:	NOTE: There is an extra sentence that appears in the introduction to this follow-up that is not included in the others: "Some of the questions may not apply to your situation but I have to ask them all". This sentence is present because this version of the questionnaire is used for episodes that were <u>assaults only</u> and did <u>not</u> include any kind of abduction or attempted abduction. If that is the case, some of the questions in this interview will not apply and this sentence is present for those situations.
ff1(x) rr1(x) nn1(x)	ff1(x): nn1(x): gg1(x):	The purpose of this question is to confirm that the child involved in the episode was living in the respondent's household at the time the episode <u>began</u> . "Began" means when the child stopped being where [he was / she was] <u>supposed to be</u> .
gg1(x)	rr1(x):	The purpose of this question is to confirm that the child involved in a runaway episode (that is, pe5: [left / stayed away] without permission; pe6: chose not to come home, [and / or] pe9: respondent did not know where living) was living in the respondent's household at the time the episode began. "Began" means when the child stopped being where [he / she] was <u>supposed</u> to be, whether [he / she] left from home, or from some other place where [he / she] was supposed to be such as school or a friend's house.
	episode, the next qu	ed separately for each child involved. If the child was living in the household at the time of the Jestion $[ff2(x) / rr3(x) / nn2(x) / gg2(x)]$ will appear. If <u>none</u> of the children involved in the in the household, CATI will not continue with this follow-up interview.
rr2	Read the introducto	ry text and enter <1> to see the first question.
rr2(x)	leave / not allowed	question is to confirm that the child involved in a "thrownaway" episode (that is, pe7: [told to to return], [and / or] pe8: "became a lot of trouble" and left) was living in the respondent's ne the episode <u>began</u> . "Began" means when the child stopped being where [he / she] was

This question is asked separately for each child involved. If the child was living in the household at the time of the episode, the next question  $rr_3(x)$  will appear. If none of the children involved in the episode were living in the household, CATI will not continue with this follow-up interview.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Has [CHILD'S NAME]	ff2(x)	rr3(x)	nn2(x)	gg2(x)	
returned to live with you since that episode? [FA] been found or returned from this episode? [RATA / NFA / GM]	PA-1	RA-1 TA-10	SA-12	GM-1	
<1> YES	<u>PPA-2</u>	<u>RA-1</u>	<u>SA-12</u>	<u>GM-1</u>	
<5> NO	l				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	;				
Did [CHILD'S NAME] die as a result of this episode?	ff3(x)	rr4(x)	nn3(x)	gg3(x)	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>NSA-11</u>	<u>NSA-11</u>	<u>NSA-11</u>	<u>NSA-11</u>	
<7> REFUSED					
How long has	ff4(x)i	rr5(x)	nn4(x)i	gg4(x)i	
it been since [CHILD'S NAME] was [taken / kept]? [FA] [CHILD'S NAME] been gone? [RATA] [CHILD'S NAME] was taken? [NFA] [CHILD'S NAME] been missing? [GM]	PA-61	RA-46 TA-62	SA-53	GM-22	
<1> DURATION					_
<5> DATE					
	1				
	l				
	1				
	n n				
1	<del>_</del>	·			

-	
ff2(x)	This is an important question because it directs many subsequent skip patterns—make sure you record the
rr3(x)	respondent's answer correctly. This question is asked separately for each child involved. NOTE: If the child was
nn2(x)	killed during the episode and the body was [found / returned], the answer to this question is "NO;" "returned"
gg2(x)	means that the child is back where [he / she] belongs.

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ff3(x)	This question will only be asked if the respondent indicated, in the household roster, that the child was not living
rr4(x)	and the respondent said the child had <u>not</u> been returned in $[ff2(x) / rr3(x) / nn2(x) / gg2(x)]$ . This is a very
nn3(x)	sensitive question, ask it gently.
gg3(x)	

ff4(x)i	The length of the episode has already been recorded in the Episode Screener, however, due to limitations in the
rr5(x)	CATI program, we have to ask the question again. It is very important to record the length of the episode
nn4(x)i	correctly—because the respondent has already reported this information, it should only be a matter of confirming it.
gg4(x)i	NOTE: Discerning when an episode began can be a little tricky. If you are not the interviewer who completed the
	Episode Screener with this respondent, please use some care in determining the time period. By "the beginning of
	the episode," we mean when the child started being somewhere other than where [he / she] was supposed to be
	(e.g., school or friend's house).

This question is only asked if the child <u>has not been returned</u>. If the respondent tells you the number of minutes, hours, days, weeks, or months, select <1> and enter the information into [ff4a(x) / rr5a(x) / nn4a(x) / gg4a(x)]. If the respondent gives you a date when the child was [taken / kept], select <5> and enter the information into [ff4(x) / rr5m(x) / nn4(x) / gg4(x)d].

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(DURATION OF TIME)	ff4a(x)	rr5a(x)	nn4a(x)	gg4a(x)	
How long has					
it been since [CHILD'S NAME] was [taken / kept]? [FA] [CHILD'S NAME] been gone? [RATA] [CHILD'S NAME] was taken? [NFA] [CHILD'S NAME] been missing? [GM]					
<1 - 90> DURATION					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff4u(x)	rr5u(x)	nn4u(x)	gg4u(x)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<1> MINUTES	1	:			
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS					
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS					
			·	;	

ff4a(x)	DURATION
rr5a(x)	If the respondent gave a time period, the elapsed time should start from:
ın4a(x)	
gg4a(x)	ff4a(x): when the child was first taken or kept from the household where [he / she] belonged. This would <u>not</u> include time during which [he / she] was with the perpetrator <u>legally</u> , such as a sanctioned visitation. For example, if the father kept the child on Monday after a sanctione weekend visit, the episode started on Monday—the day when the child should have been returned to the household where [he / she] belonged.
	rr5a(x): when the child <u>first</u> left the household where [he / she] belonged, or left the place where [l she] was supposed to be.
	nn4a(x): when the child was first taken or accosted (assaulted).
	gg4a(x): when the child was first missing, that is [he / she] was not where [he / she] was supposed be.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(DATE)	ff4(x)d	rr5m(x)	nn4(x)d	gg4(x)d	
How long has					
it been since [CHILD'S NAME] was [taken / kept]? [FA] [CHILD'S NAME] been gone? [RATA] [CHILD'S NAME] was taken? [NFA] [CHILD'S NAME] been missing? [GM]	;				
(MONTH)	1				
<1> January					
<2> February					
<3> March					
<4> April					
<5> May					
, <6> June	I				
<7> July					
<8> August					
<9> September					
<10> October					
<11> November					
<12> December					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
······································	····			······	

DATE	
If the respondent ga	ave a date:
	that date should be the day the child was first taken or kept from the household where [he / she] belonged. This would <u>not</u> include time during which [he / she] was with the perpetrator <u>legally</u> , such as a sanctioned visitation. For example, if the father kept the child on Monday after a sanctioned weekend visit, the episode started on Monday—the day when the child shoul have been returned to the household where [he / she] belonged.
	that date should be the day the child first left the household where [he / she] belonged, or left the place where [he / she] was supposed to be.
nn4(x)d:	that date should be the day the child was first taken or accosted (assaulted).
1	that date should be the day the child was first missing that is, [he / she] were not where [he / she] were <u>supposed</u> to be.
	If the respondent ga ff4(x)d: rr5m(x): nn4(x)d: gg4(x)d:

ł

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(DAY)	ff4(x)1	rr5(x)1	nn4(x)1	gg4(x)1
<1 - 31> DAY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED	i			1
	;			
(DAY)	ff4(x)2	rr5(x)2	nn4(x)2	gg4(x)2
<1 - 30> DAY				
<98> DON'T KNOW	1			
<97> REFUSED				
(DAY)	ff4(x)3	rr5(x)3	nn4(x)3	gg4(x)3
<1 - 29> DAY	i			
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
	/	r ·	•	
(YEAR)	ff4(x)y	rr5y(x)	nn4(x)y	gg4(x)y
<1998 - 1999> YEAR				
<9998> DON'T KNOW	1			
<9997> REFUSED				
(YEAR)	ff4(x)y	2 rr5(x)y	nn4(x)y_2	gg4(x)y_2
<1999 - 2000> YEAR				
<9998> DON'T KNOW	1			
<9997> REFUSED				
	+ I			
	1			

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ff4(x)1 rr5(x)1 nn4(x)1 gg4(x)1	This question will only appear if the respondent said the episode happened in [January / March / May / July / August / October / December] or the respondent said "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED" in question [ff4(x)d / rr5m(x) / nn4(x)d / gg4(x)d].
ff4(x)2 rr5(x)2 nn4(x)2 gg4(x)2	This question will only appear if the respondent said the episode happened in [April / June / September / November] in question [ff4(x)d / $rr5m(x)$ / nn4(x)d / gg4(x)d].
ff4(x)3 rr5(x)3 nn4(x)3 gg4(x)3	This question will only appear if the respondent said the episode happened February in question [ff4(x)d / $\pi$ 5m(x) / nn4(x)d / gg4(x)d].

ff4(x)y	<sup>•</sup> This question will only appear if the interview was conducted in 1999.
rr5y(x)	
nn4(x)y	
gg4(x)y	

ff4(x)y\_2This question will only appear if the interview was conducted in 2000.rr5y(x)\_2nn4(x)y\_2gg4(x)y\_2

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
How long did this episode last altogether, that is, how long was it from the time [CHILD'S NAME] was [taken / kept] until [he / she] was returned? [FA] left until [he /she] returned? [RATA] was [taken / kept] until [he / she] was freed or returned? [NFA] was missing until [he /she] was found or returned? [GM] (DURATION OF TIME) <1 - 90> DURATION <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED	<b>ff5a(x)</b> PA-60	<b>rr6a(x)</b> RA-41 TA-57	nn5a(x) <i>SA-44</i>	gg5a(x)	
(UNIT OF TIME) <1> MINUTES <2> HOURS <3> DAYS <4> WEEKS <5> MONTHS	ff5u(x)	rr6u(x)	nn5u(x)	gg5u(x)	

This question is only asked if the child has been returned.

ff5a(x)

rr6a(x)

nn5a(x)

gg5a(x)

- ff5a(x): The elapsed time should start from when the child was first taken or kept from the household where [he / she] belonged, until [he / she] was returned to the household where [he / she] belonged. You may have to help the respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When was [CHILD'S NAME] [taken / kept]?" Then ask: "When was [he / she] returned?"
  - rr6a(x): The elapsed time should start from when the child <u>first</u> left the household where [he / she] belonged, or left the place where [he / she] was supposed to be, until [he / she] was returned to the household where [he / she] belonged. You may have to help the respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When did [CHILD'S NAME] leave?" Then ask: "When did [he / she] return?"
  - nn5a(x): The elapsed time should start from when the child was first taken or accosted, including the assault (if any) and time after the assault, until [he / she] was freed or returned. You may have to help the respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When was [CHILD'S NAME] [taken / detained]?" Then ask: "When was [he / she] freed or returned?"
  - gg5a(x): The elapsed time should start from when the child was first missing, that is, when [he / she] was not where [he / she] was supposed to be. You may have to help the respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When was [CHILD'S NAME] first missing?" Then ask: "When was [he / she] found or returned?"

#### PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did the person who [took / kept] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] return [him / her / them] voluntarily?	ff6			
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED	<u>NPA-4</u>			
Was more than one person responsible for this episode? <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED	<b>ff7</b> <u>SA-6</u>		<b>nn6</b> <i>SA-6</i> <u>SA-6</u>	
How many people were involved?	ff8		nn7 SA-7	
<pre>&lt;2 200 FEGILE &lt;98&gt; DON'T KNOW &lt;97&gt; REFUSED</pre>	<u>SA-7</u>		<u>SA-7</u>	. <u> </u>

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#### PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

NOTE: When we ask about the person "most responsible," we mean the person who <u>instigated</u> the abduction or keeping the [child / children], that is, the person whose idea it was. This person is not <u>necessarily</u> the person who physically took or kept the [child / children].

ff6	At this point, we have been asking questions separately for each child, and now we are going back to asking about all the children. If more than one child was involved, read these words: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."
	This question is asked if <u>any</u> of the children involved in the episode have been returned. If you know that [one child is / more children are] still missing, be sensitive when asking this question—even though all children's names will appear on the screen, you should only read the names of children who you know have been returned.
	· · · · · ·
ff7	By "responsible" we mean anyone who was involved in the abduction or in keeping the [child / children].
nn6	
ff8	This question is only asked if the respondent said more than one perpetrator was involved in [ff7 / nn6]. By
nn7	"involved" we mean anyone who was involved in the abduction or in keeping the [child / children].

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
I would like to ask you some questions about the person who	ff9a		nn8a1	
was most responsible for [taking / keeping] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAME]. [FA] [is / was] most responsible for [taking / assaulting] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]. [NFA] [Is / Was] the person responsible for this episode a member of the [child's / children's] family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO THE [CHILD / CHILDREN])	<u>PSA-4</u>		<u>PSA-4</u>	
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED				
[Is / Was] the person responsible for this episode a member of the [child / children]'s family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO THE [CHILD / CHILDREN])	ff9		nn8	
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PSA-4</u>		<u>P\$A-4</u>	
<7> REFUSED	_		r.	

Skip down to nn9i for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

ff9a

#### nn8a1

If the respondent reported that there was only one perpetrator, this lead-in sentence will appear. This transitional phrase explains that we are focusing on the person whom the respondent considers most responsible for [taking / keeping] the child. If there was more than one perpetrator, and the respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have [him / her] pick one person and answer this series of questions about that person. You'll ask the same series of questions again, and [he / she] can then tell you about the other [perpetrator / perpetrators] as accomplices. By "family member," we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

ff9 nn8 If there was more than one perpetrator, and the respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have [him / her] pick one person and answer this series of questions about that person. You'll ask the same series of questions again, and [he / she] can then tell you about the other [perpetrator / perpetrators] as accomplices. By "family member," we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

For the convenience of listing equivalent questions together, the Non-Family Abduction questions are not in sequence between questions nn8 and nn15.

The correct sequence is as follows:

nn8 / nn8a1 nn9i nf10 nf12 nn9 nn10(x) nn11(x) nn12(x) nn13(x) nn15(x) nn15(x) nn12 nn13 nn14 nn14 nn15

Skip down to nn9i for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
[Is / W	(as] the person (most) responsible:	ff10		nf10	
<1>	the [child / children]'s parent,				
<2>	the [child / children]'s step-parent,				
<3>	the [child / children]'s sibling,	PSA-4a		<u>PSA-4a</u>	
<4>	the [child / children]'s aunt or uncle,				
<5>	the [child / children]'s cousin,				
<6>	the [child / children]'s grandparent,	ł			
<7>	the [child / children]'s foster parent,	1			
<8>	the [child / children]'s adoptive parent,	4			
<9>	the [child / children]'s legal guardian,				
<10>	the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or				
<77>	some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)?				
<13>	BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD	к 			
<17>	GREAT NIECE				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED	:			
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED				
		·			
,					
		1			-

Skip down to nf12 for next question in sequence in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

#### FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES

ff10 nf10

nf10: Although this is the non-family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the respondent could have given confusing information previously, and the respondent may indicate at this point that the perpetrator <u>is</u> related, legally or by blood, to the [child / children]. For that reason, this questionnaire includes the questions that document the relationship of a family perpetrator (nf10 and nf12). In addition, you will ask a series of additional questions about this episode that will be found on a brief <u>hard-copy</u> questionnaire. A message will appear on the CATI screen, instructing you when it is time to do this. This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was a family member in [nn8a1 / nn8].

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children]. It is unlikely that the respondent will not know the relationship between the [child / children] and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children] at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction or keeping of the [child / children]).

Skip down to nf12 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
[Is / V	Vas] this person acting for a family member or relative?	ff11		nn9i	
<1>	Yes, the person was acting for a family member or relative				
<5>	No, the person was not acting for a family member or relative	PPA-4		<u>PPA-4</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				

Loop back up to nf10 for next question in sequence in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

i

1

[Is / W son / y	(as] the person (most) responsible someone known to [your your daughter / any of your children] (before the episode)?	•	fn9	nn9
<1>	YES			
<5>	NO	I	<u>PSA-5</u>	<u>PSA-5</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW			
<7>	REFUSED			

ff11 nn9i	This question will only be asked if the person responsible was not an actual family member (as defined in [ff9a / ff9 / nn8a1 / nn8]). The purpose of this question is to determine whether the non-related person who took or kept the [child / children] was <u>doing it for</u> a of member of the [child's / children's] family.
	Loop back up to nf10 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.
fn9	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES
fn9 nn9	
	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES
	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES fn9: Although this is the family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the
	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES fn9: Although this is the family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the respondent could have given confusing information previously, and the respondent may indicate
	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES fn9: Although this is the family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the respondent could have given confusing information previously, and the respondent may indicate at this point that the perpetrator is <u>not</u> related (legally or by blood) to the [child / children]. For
	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES fn9: Although this is the family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the respondent could have given confusing information previously, and the respondent may indicate at this point that the perpetrator is <u>not</u> related (legally or by blood) to the [child / children]. For that reason, this questionnaire includes the questions that document the acquaintanceship of a

Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the [child / children] knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I'm going to read a list of relationships. Which of the following best describes how the person (most) responsible [is / was] related to the [child / children] involved in this episode. How [is / was] the person (most) responsible related to [CHILD'S NAME]?		fn10(x)		nn10(x)	
(And how was the person (most) responsible related to [CHILD'S NAME]?)		<u>PSA-5a</u>		PSA-5a	
<1>	a friend of [CHILD'S NAME]'s,				
<2>	a friend of yours or someone else in the household,				
<3>	an acquaintance of [CHILD'S NAME]'s,				
<4>	an acquaintance of the family,				
<5>	a neighbor,				
<6>	a person in authority such as a teacher,				
<7>	a caretaker or babysitter,				
<8>	someone known to [CHILD'S NAME] only by sight,	;			
, <77>	or someone else (SPECIFY)?	!	1		
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND		1	1	
<12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER			1	
<13>	COMPLETE STRANGER				
<15>	SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT				
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES		1	1	
<95>	INAPPLICABLE			1	
<96>	PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD				
<98>	DON'T KNOW			i	
<97>	REFUSED				
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED			:	
fic / V	Vacl the percept	fn11(x)	-	nn11(x)	
[15 / V	Vas] the person:	1111(X)		······(*)	
<1>	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or		, I	:	
<5>	just an ordinary friend?			1	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PSA-5a1</u>		<u>PSA-5a1</u>	
<7>	REFUSED			1	
) 1					
				1	
	۱ له ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	 	L	i 	

fn10(x) nn10(x) This question is asked separately for each child involved and is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was known to the [child / children] in [fn9 / nn9]. There are two sets of words you can use for asking the question and you will need to <u>choose</u> the appropriate set: the longer set is used the first time you ask the question; use the shorter set if the question comes up more than once to ask about any additional [child / children] who were involved. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children]. Be familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children]).

fn11(x) nn11(x) This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [fn10(x) / nn10(x)]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a [boyfriend / girlfriend] way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the perpetrator was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of an older sibling (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

# DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE PERPETRATOR

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	CHILD'S NAME], or anyone else in your family, know this n's name (before the episode)?	fn12(x)		nn12(x)	
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO	LES-1		<u>LES-1</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Did [C persoi	HILD'S NAME], or anyone else in your family, know this new well enough to speak to him or her (before the episode)?	fn13(x)		nn13(x)	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	LES-2		LES-2	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u></u>		<u></u>	
<7>	REFUSED				
	ow long (before the episode) did [CHILD'S NAME], or other members, know this person:	f14n(x)		n14n(x)	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	<u>LES-3</u>		LES-3	
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
	often (before the episode) did [CHILD'S NAME], or other members, see this person (your best guess is fine):	fn15(x)		nn15(x)	
<1>	daily,				
<2>	weekly,	LES-4		LES-4	
<3>	several times a month, or			<u></u>	
<6>	less than once a month? (SPECIFY)				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE PERPETRATOR

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

\_ \_ \_ . . . . . . . . . . . .

fn12(x)This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else<br/>in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for any of the<br/>[child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child /<br/>children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.fn13(x)This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else<br/>in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for any of the<br/>[child / children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.fn13(x)This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else<br/>in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for any of the<br/>[child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child /<br/>children] or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to speak to.

f14n(x) n14n(x) This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [fn12(x) / nn12(x)] and [fn13(x) / nn13(x)]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

fn15(x) This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [fn12(x) / nn12(x)]
 and [fn13(x) / nn13(x)]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the respondent chooses "less than one month," use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but hadn't seen him at all, until just before the episode began.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
family	CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] or anyone else in your ever seen this person before? JDES ANYONE IN THE FAMILY)	fn12		nn12		
<1> <5> <8> <7>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED	<u>PSA-6</u>		<u>PSA-6</u>		
anyon	you say that [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] or e else in your family knew this person by sight? JDES ANYONE IN THE FAMILY)	fn13		nn13		
<1> <5> <8> <7>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED	<u>PSA-6a</u>		<u>PSA-6a</u>		
your c	/as] this person someone [your son / your daughter / any of hildren] met on the Internet or through any communications nputer?	fn14		nn14		
<1> <5> <8> <7>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED	<u>PSA-8</u>		<u>PSA-8</u>		•

Skip down to nn15 for next question in sequence in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

fn12	If the respondent says the perpetrator was unknown to the child, we want to check if anyone in the family had seen
nn12	this person before.

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fn13	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator had been seen by someone in the family in [fn12 /
nn13	nn12]—we want to find out if the respondent believes that someone in the family knew this person by sight.

fn14 This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone elsenn14 in the household], or was a neighbor, a person in authority, or a caretaker or babysitter.

Skip down to nn15 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

			FA	RATA	NFA	GM
[Is / Wa	as] this person acting for:		ff12		nf12	
<1>	the [child / children]'s parent,					
<2>	the [child / children]'s step-parent,					
<3>	the [child / children]'s sibling,	;	<u>PPA-4a</u>		<u>PPA-4a</u>	
<4>	the [child / children]'s aunt or uncle,					
<5>	the [child / children]'s cousin,					
<6>	the [child / children]'s grandparent,					
<7>	the [child / children]'s foster parent,					
<8>	the [child / children]'s adoptive parent,					
<9>	the [child / children]'s legal guardian,	ŗ				
<10>	the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or					
<77>	some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)?					
<13>	BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD					
<17>	GREAT-NIECE	ŀ				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	:				
<97>	REFUSED	1				
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED	ţ				

Loop back up to nn9 for next question in sequence in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

At the	time of the episode, which of the following best describes	ff13
	elationship to the person (most) responsible: UNTIL YES)	PA-2
<1>	former spouse,	
<2>	former partner (unmarried),	<u>PA-2</u>
<3>	current spouse,	
<4>	current partner (unmarried),	1
<77>	or something else (SPECIFY)?	
<11>	FORMER HUSBAND	
<12>	FORMER WIFE	I
<13>	CURRENT HUSBAND	
<14>	CURRENT WIFE	1
<15>	NEW PARTNER OF EX	I
<16>	CURRENT IN-LAW	
<17>	FORMER IN-LAW	1
<18>	OTHER RELATIVE	
<98>	DON'T KNOW	
<97>	REFUSED	
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED	:

ff12 nf12

ff13

nf12: This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was acting for a family member in nn9i.

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the <u>[child / children]</u>. Make sure you

are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children] at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction of or keeping the [child / children]).

Loop back up to nn9 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

By "responsible for" we mean the person who instigated the abduction or keeping of the [child / children], not necessarily the person who physically abducted the [child / children]. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list so that you can guickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. Note that we are interested in the respondent's relationship to that person at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction or keeping of the [child / children]). If the respondent says the person was [his / her] husband or wife at the time of the episode, probe by asking whether [he / she] was separated from the person at that time or not. If the answer is that they were separated (legally or not), enter <3> for current spouse. Enter <1> only if it is clear that they were officially divorced. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will again need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a former or current partner at that time. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" Boyfriend/girlfriend relationships should be recorded as partners. If the respondent says the person was a "friend," ask whether the respondent considered [him / her] as a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the relationship does not fit into any of the first four categories, record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. If the person who abducted the child was not related to the respondent (for example, a foster parent of the child), you would record that on the "SPECIFY" line. Do not automatically accept a "DON'T KNOW" response; it is unlikely that the respondent will not know how [he / she] was connected to the person responsible for the abduction.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(VERIFY: [Is / Was] this person male or female?)	ff14		nn15	
<1> MALE	PA-7		SA-1	
<5> FEMALE				
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-7</u>		<u>SA-1</u>	
<7> REFUSED				
To the best of your knowledge, what is [his / her] (the	ff15	······································	nn16	
perpetrator's) current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	PA-8		SA-2	
<0-85>0 - 85 years old	17.0		54 2	
<115> teens	<u>PA-8</u>		<u>SA-2</u>	
<120> 20's				
<130> 30's				
<140> 40's				
<150> 50's				
<160> 60's				
<170> 70's			,	
<180> 80's			1	
<998> DON'T KNOW	5			
<997> REFUSED				
Is [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff16		nn17	G
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO	PA-9		SA-3	
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO		i		
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-9</u>		<u>SA-3</u>	
<7> REFUSED				

ff14	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the perpetrator may already be clear. If the
nn15	sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.

ff15 nn16 Note that this question asks for the abductor's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

ff

ff16 We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Censusnn17 Bureau ("Hispanic" is an ethnicity not a race).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What is [his / her] race?	ff17		nn18	
<1> AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO	PA-9		SA-3	
<2> ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3> BLACK	PA-9a		<u>SA-3a</u>	
<4> WHITE				
<77> OTHER (SPECIFY)	1 -			
<95> HISPANIC	1			
<96> MIXED				
<98> DON'T KNOW	ļ.			
<97> REFUSED	-			
What city and state was [he / she] living in when this episode	ff18			
began? (IF R REFUSES OR DOESN'T KNOW, ENTER "0" (ZERO) )	PA-14			
<location> CITY / STATE</location>	<u>PA-14</u>			
	1			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

ff17 nn18 Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is <u>biracial</u>, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

ff18

You may have to remind the respondent of the specific time period we are interested in. If the respondent does not know the city, choose <0> (DON'T KNOW) for city and try to find out the state. If the perpetrator was living in a foreign country, record the country on the text line.

Enter the two digit code for the state at the arrow at the bottom of the screen. IMPORTANT: You will have to press the return key (enter key) once to move the screen up and make the arrow visible. Also note that the state code must be typed in UPPER CASE LETTERS. If the perpetrator was living in a foreign country, enter <s> for other, and carefully record what the respondent says.

# ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

ACCO	MPLICE 1	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(VERI	FY: Was this person male or female?)	ff19a		nn19a	
<1>	MALE			SA-8	
<5>	FEMALE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-8</u>		<u>SA-8</u>	
<7>	REFUSED				
;		····			
What	is [his / her] current age?(Your best guess is fine.)	ff20a		nn20a	
<b>&lt;0-85</b>	> 0 - 85 years old			SA-9	
<115>	> teens				
<120>	> 20's	<u>SA-9</u>		<u>SA-9</u>	
<130>	> 30's				
<140>	> 40's				
<150>	> 50's				
<160>	> 60's	-			
<170>	> 70's				
<180>	> 80's			1	
<998>	> DON'T KNOW				
<997>	> REFUSED				
1				• • - •	
[Is / V	Vas] [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff21a		nn21a	
<1>	YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO			SA-10	
<5>	NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-10</u>		<u>SA-10</u>	
<7>	REFUSED				
	· · · · ·	J			

# ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

The same questions that were asked regarding the main perpetrator of the episode are asked again if there were additional people involved—accomplices. You can ask about a total of four people—one perpetrator and three accomplices. The items in the accomplice section are numbered sequentially from [ff19a / nn19a] to [ff27a / nn27a]. The item numbers for the first accomplice are all followed by "a," e.g., [ff19a / nn19a]. The item numbers for the second accomplice are all followed by "b," the item numbers for the third accomplice are all followed by "c."

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## ACCOMPLICE 1

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ff19a nn19a	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
ff20a nn20a	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

ff21aWe must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question, in order to follow the convention of the Censusnn21aBureau (Hispanic is not a race).



		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What	is [his / her] race?	ff22a		nn22a	
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO	Į.		SA-10	
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3>	BLACK	<u>SA-10a</u>		<u>SA-10a</u>	
<4>	WHITE	4			
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)	1			
<95>	HISPANIC	1			
<96>	MIXED	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
		-	÷		
("FAM	/ she] a member of the [child / children]'s family? ILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO CHILD / CHILDREN])	ff23a		nn23a	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	<u>SA-11a</u>		<u>PSA-11a</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW [FA]				
<7>	REFUSED [FA]				
		<del>,</del>			
[Is / V	Vas] the person responsible:	ff24a		nn24a	
<1>	the [child / children]'s parent,			SA-11	
<2>	the [child / children]'s step-parent,				
<3>	the [child / children]'s sibling,	<u>SA-11a1</u>		<u>PSA-11a1</u>	
<4>	the [child / children]'s aunt or uncle,				
<5>	the [child / children]'s cousin,				
<6>	the [child / children]'s grandparent,				
<7>	the [child / children]'s foster parent,				
<u> </u>	the [child / children]'s adoptive parent,				
<8>					
<9>	the [child / children]'s legal guardian,				
<9>	the [child / children]'s legal guardian, the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or	!	•		
<9> <10>		:	:		
<9> <10> <77>	the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or		:		
<9> <10> <77> <13>	the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)? BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD		:		
<9> <10> <77> <13> <17>	the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)? BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD		:		
<9> <10> <77>	the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)? BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD GREAT-NIECE		:		

ff22a nn22a Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

ff23a nn23a By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

ff24a nn24a This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was a member of the [child's / children's] family in [ff23a / nn23a]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the accomplice's relationship to the <u>child</u>. It is unlikely that the respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, darify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the child <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., taking or assaulting the child).

		FA	RATA NFA
episod	DRE THAN ONE CHILD, CODE RELATIONSHIP TO OLDER	ff25a	nn25a
<1>	YES	<u>SA-11b</u>	PSA-11b
:5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW [FA]		
<7>	REFUSED [FA]		
	of the following best describes how the person responsible lated to the [child / children] involved in this episode:	ff26a	nn26a SA-11
<1>	a friend of your [child / children],		JA-11
:2>	a friend of yours or someone else in the household,	DCA-1161	DCA-1161
<3>	an acquaintance of your [child / children],	<u>PSA-11b1</u>	<u>PSA-11b1</u>
<4>	an acquaintance of the family,		
:5>	a neighbor,		
:6>	a person in authority such as a teacher,		
7>	a caretaker or babysitter,		
8>	someone known to your [child / children] only by sight,		
77>	or someone else (SPECIFY)		
11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND		
12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER		
:13>	COMPLETE STRANGER		
:15>	SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT		
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES		
:95>	INAPPLICABLE		
<98>	DON'T KNOW		
:97>	REFUSED		
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED		
:0>	PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA]		
/as tł	ne person:	ff27a	nn27a
	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or		SA-11
-1>	just an ordinary friend?		
		<u>PSA-11b2</u>	<u>PSA-11b2</u>
:1> :5> :8>	DON'T KNOW	TON ARE	

# ff25a nn25a

Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the [child / children] knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."

# ff26a nn26a

nn26a: This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was known to the [child / children] in nn25a.

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children]. If there is more than one child involved, and the relationship between the accomplice and each of the children is <u>different</u> (e.g., [he / she] is the romantic friend, teacher, or babysitter of only <u>one</u> of the children), <u>code the relationship to the oldest</u> <u>child.</u> Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the [child / children] at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction of the [child / children]).

# ff27a nn27a

This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [ff26a / nn26a]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did yo persor	our [child / children], or anyone else in your family, know this o's name (before the episode)?	ff70a		nn28a	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	<u>LES-1</u>		<u>LES-1</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Did yo persor	our [child / children], or anyone else in your family, know this n well enough to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	ff71a		nn29a	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	<u>LES-2</u>		LES-2	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u> </u>		'	
<7>	REFUSED				
			<b>.</b> .	:	
	w long (before the episode) did your [child / children], or family members, know this person:	ff73a	*	nn30a	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	<u>LES-3</u>		<u>LES-3</u>	
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW			i -	
<7>	REFUSED				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+	· · · · · ·	
	often (before the episode) did your [child / children], or other members, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff74a		nn31a	
<1>	daily,		1		
<2>	weekly,	LES-4	•	LES-4	
<3>	several times a month, or	<u></u>		1	
<6>	less than once a month? (SPECIFY)				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

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ff70aThis question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone elsenn28ain the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for any of the<br/>[child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child /<br/>children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.

. . . . .

ff71a nn29a See specifications for [ff70a / nn28a] above.

ff73a nn30a This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ff70a / nn28a] and [ff71a / nn29a]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff74aThis question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff70a / nn28a] andnn31a[ff71a / nn29a]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the<br/>household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T<br/>KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the<br/>answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the respondent chooses "less than one month", use the<br/>"SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact,<br/>for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but hadn't seen<br/>him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 2	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Is / Was] this person male or female?	ff19b		nn19b	
<1> MALE			SA-8	
<5> FEMALE				
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED				
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	ff20b		nn20b	
<0-85> 0 - 85 years old	:		5A-9	
<115> teens				
<120> 20's				
<130> 30's				
<140> 40's				
<150> 50's				
<160> 60's				
<170> 70's	l	1		
<180> 80's	I			
<998> DON'T KNOW	!			
<997> REFUSED				
[Is / Was] [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff21b		nn21b	ć
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO	İ		SA-10	
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO	5 1			
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED	÷			

# ACCOMPLICE 2 ff19b This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be dear. If the sex of the person is not dear, then ask the question. ff20b Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best estimate of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question, in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau (Hispanic is not a race).

ff21b nn21b

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What is [his / her] race?	ff22b		nn22b	
<1> AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO			SA-10	•
<2> ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3> BLACK	i			
<4> WHITE				
<77> OTHER (SPECIFY)				
<95> HISPANIC				
<96> MIXED				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED	1			
	ł			
Is [he / she] a member of the [child / children]'s family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO THE [CHILD / CHILDREN])	ff23b		nn23b	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW [FA]				
<7> REFUSED [FA]				
	ff24b		nn24b	
Is the person responsible:	ff24b			
<1> the [child / children]'s parent,	•		SA-11	
<2> the [child / children]'s step-parent,				
<3> the [child / children]'s sibling,				
<4> the [child / children]'s aunt or uncle,	I			
<5> the [child / children]'s cousin,	1			
<6> the [child / children]'s grandparent,	1			
<7> the [child / children]'s foster parent,				
<8> the [child / children]'s adoptive parent	÷			
<9> the [child / children]'s legal guardian,				
<10> the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or	I			
<77> some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)?	i			
<13> BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD				
<17> GREAT-NIECE				
<98> DON'T KNOW			•	
<97> REFUSED				
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED				
	,			
			•	

ff22b	Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of
nn22b	the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in
	"SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself]
	primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the
	respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.
	i
ff23b	By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood
nn23b	relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend /

relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

ff24b nn24b This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was a member of the [child's / children's] family in [ff23b / nn23b]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the accomplice's relationship to the <u>child</u>. It is unlikely that the respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, darify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the child <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., taking or assaulting the child).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
episode	e / she] someone known to the [child / children] (before the e)?	ff25b		nn25b	
(IF MO CHILD)	RE THAN ONE CHILD, CODE RELATIONSHIP TO <u>OLDER</u>				
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW [FA]				
<7>	REFUSED (FA]				
Which was re	of the following best describes how the person responsible lated to the [child / children] involved in this episode:	ff26b		nn26b	
~1>	a friend of your [child / children],			SA-11	
<1>	a friend of yours or someone else in the household,				
<2>	an acquaintance of your [child / children],	1			
<3>	an acquaintance of the family,				
<4>	a neighbor,	4			
<5>	a person in authority such as a teacher,	i I			
<6> <7>	a caretaker or babysitter,	1			
<8>	someone known to your [child / children] only by sight,	1			
<0>	or someone else (SPECIFY)				
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND			1	
<11>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER	:			
<13>					
<15>		:			
<15>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES	:			
<95>	INAPPLICABLE	-			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED				
<0>	PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA]				
Was th	ne person:	ff27b		nn27b	
<1>	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or			SA-11	
<5>	just an ordinary friend?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
1 <7>	REFUSED				
		1			
		١			
		•			

ff25b	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the [child / children] knew by sight, such as a crossing
nn25b	guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered
	"known," let the respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."

# ff26b nn26b

nn26b: This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was known to the [child / children] in nn25b.

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children]. If there is more than one child involved, and the relationship between the accomplice and each of the children is <u>different</u> (e.g., [he / she] is the romantic friend, teacher, or babysitter of only <u>one</u> of the children), <u>code the relationship to the oldest</u> <u>child</u>. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship the [child / children] at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction of the [child / children]).

ff27b nn27b This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [ff26b / nn26b]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did yo persor	our [child / children], or anyone else in your family, know this o's name (before the episode)?	ff70b		nn28b		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Did yc persor	our [child / children], or anyone else in your family, know this n well enough to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	ff71b		nn29b		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	w long (before the episode) did your [child / children], or family members, know this person:	ff73b		nn30b	u	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),					
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or					
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				,	
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<b>&lt;7&gt;</b>	REFUSED					
					÷	
How of family	often (before the episode) did your [child / children], or other members, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff74b		nn31b		
<1>	daily,				1	
<2>	weekly,					
<3>	several times a month, or					
<6>	less than once a month? (SPECIFY)				۹.	
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					

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This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else

in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for <u>any</u> of the [child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child /

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.

ff71b

ff70b nn28b

See specifications for [ff70b / nn28b] above.

nn29b

ff73b nn30b This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ff70b / nn28b] and [ff71b / nn29b]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff74bThis question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff70b / nn28b] andnn31b[ff71b / nn29b]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the<br/>household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T<br/>KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the<br/>answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the respondent chooses "less than one month", use the<br/>"SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact,<br/>for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but hadn't seen<br/>him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 3	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
[Is / Was] this person male or female?	ff19c		nn19c		
<1> MALE			SA-8		
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW	ļ				
<7> REFUSED					
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	ff20c		nn20c	.	
<0-85>0 - 85 years old	1		SA-9		
<115> teens	1				
<120> 20's					
<130> 30's					
<140> 40's	i !				
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's	ł				
<170> 70's					
<180> 80's					
<998> DON'T KNOW	1				
<997> REFUSED	2 4				
[Is / Was] [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff21c	•	nn21c		Ē
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO			SA-10		
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	1				
<7> REFUSED					

ff19c	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already
nn19c	clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
ff20c	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the responder
nn20c	says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best estimate of age. If necessary, probe for
	whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

ff21c nn21c We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question, in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau (Hispanic is not a race).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What is [his / her] race?	ff22c		nn22c	
<1> AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO			SA-10	
<2> ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3> BLACK				
<4> WHITE				
<77> OTHER (SPECIFY)				
<95> HISPANIC				
<96> MIXED				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
Is [he / she] a member of the [child / children]'s family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO	ff23c		nn23c	
THE [CHILD / CHILDREN])				
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW [FA]				
<7> REFUSED (FA)				
		• •	i · ·	
[Is / Was] the person responsible:	ff24c		nn24c	
<1> the [child / children]'s parent,			<b>SA</b> -11	
<2> the [child / children]'s step-parent,				
<3> the [child / children]'s sibling,				
<4> the [child / children]'s aunt or uncle,				
<5> the [child / children]'s cousin,				
<6> the [child / children]'s grandparent,				
<7> the [child / children]'s foster parent,				
<8> the [child / children]'s adoptive parent,				
<9> the [child / children]'s legal guardian,				
<10> the romantic partner of the [child / children]'s parent, or				
<77> some other relative of the [child / children]'s (SPECIFY)?				
<13> BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD				
<17> GREAT-NIECE			1	
<98> DON'T KNOW		,		
<97> REFUSED				
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED				
			1	
- ·			۰	

ff22c	Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of
nn22c	the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in
	"SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself]
	primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the
	respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.
ff23c	By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood
nn23c	relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend /

relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

ff24c nn24c This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was a member of the [child's / children's] family in [ff23c / nn23c]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the accomplice's relationship to the <u>child</u>. It is unlikely that the respondent will not know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, darify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the child at the time of the incident (i.e., taking or assaulting the child).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was [he / she] someone known to the [child / children] (before the	ff25c		nn25c		
episode)? (IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD, CODE RELATIONSHIP TO <u>OLDER</u>					
CHILD)					
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW [FA]					
<7> REFUSED [FA]					
i					
	<i>650.0</i> -		nn26c		
Which of the following best describes how the person responsible was related to the [child / children] involved in this episode:	ff26c		nn20C		
			<b>SA</b> -11		
<1> a friend of your [child / children],					
<2> a friend of yours or someone else in the household,					
<3> an acquaintance of your [child / children],					
<4> an acquaintance of the family,					
<5> a neighbor,					
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,					
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,					
<8> someone known to your [child / children] only by sight,					
<77> or someone else (SPECIFY) <11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND			•		
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND <12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER					
<12> FOSTER PAPALET MEMBER <13> COMPLETE STRANGER					
<15> SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT					
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES					
<95> INAPPLICABLE	1				
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED	1				
<0> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA]	1				
-					
Was the person:	ff27c		nn27c		
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or	•		SA-11		
<5> just an ordinary friend?					
<8> DON'T KNOW	: I				
<7> REFUSED					
	i I				
	<u></u>			- ·	

ff25c nn25c	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the [child / children] knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
ff26c	nn26c: This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was known to the [child /

nn26c

n26c: This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator was known to the [child / children] in nn25c.

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the [child / children]. If there is more than one child involved, and the relationship between the accomplice and each of the children is <u>different</u> (e.g., [he / she] is the romantic friend, teacher, or babysitter of only <u>one</u> of the children), <u>code the relationship to the oldest</u> <u>child</u>. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship the [child / children] <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the abduction of the [child / children]).

ff27c nn27c This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [ff26c / nn26c]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did your [child / children], or anyone else in your family, know this person's name (before the episode)?	ff70c		nn28c	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Did your [child / children], or anyone else in your family, know this person well enough to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	ff71c		nn29c	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
For how long (before the episode) did your [child / children], or other family members, know this person:	ff73c		nn <b>30</b> c	
<1> a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2> a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or				
<3> a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?			1	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
·		•		
How often (before the episode) did your [child / children], or other family members, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff74c		nn31c	
<1> daily,				
<2> weekiy,				
<3> several times a month, or				
<6> less than once a month? (SPECIFY)				
; <8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
·	L			

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

# ff70c nn28c

This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for <u>any</u> of the [child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child / children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.

ff71c See specifications for [ff70c / nn28c] above. nn29c

ff73c nn30c This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ff70c / nn28c] and [ff71c / nn29c]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff74cThis question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff70c / nn28c] andnn31c[ff71c / nn29c]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the<br/>household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T<br/>KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the<br/>answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the respondent chooses "less than one month", use the<br/>"SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact,<br/>for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but hadn't seen<br/>him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	g the first 30 days did you have <u>any</u> information about where D'S NAME] was?		rr7(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-33</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		1101.33		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
Which	of the following statements is most true concerning [CHILD'S		rr8(x)		F
NAME	]'s return home:				
<1>	it was entirely [CHILD'S NAME]'s decision to come home,		RA-42		
<2>	[he / she] was advised by someone else to come home, or		DA 43		
<3>	[he / she] came home against [his / her] will?		<u>RA-42</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
					<b>.</b> .
Which NAME	of the following statements is <u>most</u> true concerning [CHILD'S] ]'s return home:		<b>rr9(</b> x)		
	-		TA-58		
<1>	[he / she] was <u>asked</u> to return		1		
<2>	[he / she] was <u>allowed</u> to return, or		<u>TA-58</u>		
<3>	[he / she] came back in spite of opposition of someone in the household?		· · ·		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				

rr7(x)	This question is only asked if the child was gone more than 30 days. Emphasize "first" and "any" when you read the question.
rr8(x)	This question is asked if the child <u>left or stayed away</u> . Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] opinion. "Against [his / her / their] will" includes the police bringing the [child / children] home. Read the answer choices slowly, so that the respondent has a chance to think about each choice before the next one is read. If you have any doubt about the respondent's choice, tell [him / her] that you want to make sure you understand their answer, and read the question and their answer again. Emphasize "most" when you read the question.
rr9(x)	This question is asked if the child <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u> . Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] opinion. Read the answer choices slowly so that the respondent has a chance to think about each choice before the next one is read. If you have any doubts about the respondent's choice, tell [him / her] that you want to make sure you understand their answer, and read the question and their answer again. Emphasize "most" when you read the question.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
How like	ely do you believe it is that this situation of [CHILD'S NAME]		rr10(x)			
leaving ou say	home / refusing to come home] will happen again? Would		RA-45 TA-61			
<1>	very likely,					
<2>	somewhat likely,		<u>RA-45</u>			
<3>	somewhat <u>un</u> likely, or					
<4>	very <u>un</u> likely?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	the time this that this situation of IfOUTLDIS		rr10(x)_2			
NAME]	ely do you believe it is that this situation of [[CHILD'S leaving home / [CHILD'S NAME] refusing to come home /		1110(x)_2			
refusing	to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to return] will happen again? you say:		RA-45 TA-61			
<1>	very likely,					
<2>	somewhat likely,					
<3>	somewhat <u>un</u> likely, or					
<4>	very <u>un</u> likely?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	REFUSED					
<7>						
During home a	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now?		<b>rr11(x)</b> <i>RA-80</i>			G
During home a discussi	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now?					G
During home a discussi <1>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES		RA-80			G
During home a discussi <1> <5>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO		RA-80 TA-96			
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW		RA-80 TA-96			Ē
During home a discussi <1> <5>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO		RA-80 TA-96			G
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7> <7> 	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING	at . 124 k da maran	RA-80 TA-96			6
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7> <7>  About h episode	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING now long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es taken together, not including the episode we're discussing	a 14 k da mara	RA-80 TA-96 <u>RA-80</u> rr <b>11(x)_2</b> RA-81			
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7> <7>  About h episode	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING now long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es taken together, not including the episode we're discussing		RA-80 TA-96 <u>RA-80</u> rr <b>11(x)_2</b>			
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7> 	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING now long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es <u>taken together, not</u> including the episode we're discussing pw?		RA-80 TA-96 <u>RA-80</u> rr <b>11(x)_2</b> RA-81		·	
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7> 	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING how long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es <u>taken together, not</u> including the episode we're discussing bw?		RA-80 TA-96 <u>RA-80</u> rr11(x)_2 RA-81 TA-97		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7>  About f episode right no <1 - 90 <98>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING now long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es <u>taken together, not</u> including the episode we're discussing pw?		RA-80 TA-96 <u>RA-80</u> rr11(x)_2 RA-81 TA-97			
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7>  About h episode right no <1-90 <98> <97>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING how long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es taken together, not including the episode we're discussing bw?		RA-80 TA-96 RA-80 rr11(x)_2 RA-81 TA-97 RA-81		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7> - About h episode right no <1-90 <98> <97>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING how long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es taken together, not including the episode we're discussing bw?		RA-80 TA-96 <u>RA-80</u> rr11(x)_2 RA-81 TA-97		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7>  About h episode right no <1-90 <98> <97>	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING how long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es taken together, not including the episode we're discussing bw?		RA-80 TA-96 RA-80 rr11(x)_2 RA-81 TA-97 RA-81			
During home a discussi <1> <5> <8> <7>  About h episode right no <1 - 90 <98> <97> (UNIT 1	the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] been gone from ny other times, <u>in addition to</u> the episode that we're ing right now? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING how long was [CHILD'S NAME] gone in all of these other es taken together, not including the episode we're discussing bw? DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING OF TIME)		RA-80 TA-96 RA-80 rr11(x)_2 RA-81 TA-97 RA-81		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

rr10(x) The appropriate wording for this scenario (e.g., child told to leave or not allowed to return home) will appear below the first clause of the sentence, and, if more than one of the wording options is relevant, more than one set of rr10(x)\_2 words will appear. Add "and" between the options (if more than one appears) when reading the question. EXAMPLE: How likely do you believe it is that this situation of asking Allen to leave refusing to allow Allen to return will happen again? READS: How likely do you believe it is that this situation of asking Allen to leave and refusing to allow Allen to return will happen again? Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Emphasize "un" when you read "unlikely," so that the respondent hears the difference between "likely" and "unlikely." Do not hesitate to reread the categories if it will help the respondent determine which answer [he / she]

thinks is correct.

rr11(x)

Make sure the respondent <u>only</u> includes times when the child was away <u>during the past 12 months</u>. If necessary, ask the respondent for the dates of the other [episode / episodes], to help [him / her] double check if the other [episode / episodes] happened within 12 months of interview date.

rr11(x)\_2 We want the respondent to give us the <u>total</u> number of days, weeks, or months that the child has been away from home during the past 12 months, <u>not</u> including the time the child [has been / was] away during the current episode (the one that we are discussing in this interview).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
I'm going to read some statements that might describe how you		rr12(x)_2		
[feel / felt at the time of the episode]. Please tell me which are true for you, and which are <u>false</u> : I <u>wanted</u> [CHILD'S NAME] to		RA-48a		
come home.		TA-63a		
come nome.	,	14 050		
<1> TRUE	1	<u>RA-48</u>		
<5> FALSE	i I			
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED	•			
(I'm going to read some statements that might describe how you	:	rr13(x)		
[feel / felt at the time of the episode]. Please tell me which are	1			
true for you, and which are false:) I [don't / didn't] care one way	1	RA-48b		
or the other whether [he / she] [comes / came] home.		TA-63b		
<1> TRUE		<u>RA-48</u>		
<5> FALSE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(I'm going to read some statements that might describe how you	* <b>1</b>	rr14(x)		
[feel / felt at the time of the episode]. Please tell me which are		DA 49a		
<u>true</u> for you, and which are <u>false</u> :) I would [prefer / have preferred] that [he / she] <u>not</u> come home.	1	RA-48c TA-63c		
	1	IA-OJC		
<1> TRUE		<u>RA-48</u>		
<5> FALSE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED	l.			

rr12(x)_2	If the respondent says "YES" or "NO," verify that "YES" means "TRUE" and "NO" means "FALSE." If necessary,
rr13(x)	repeat the statement exactly as worded, do not attempt to explain the statement or reword it. It is likely that the
rr14(x)	respondent will say "TRUE" to one of the statements and "FALSE" to the other two, but not necessarily. Accept
	whatever the respondent says and do not try to reconcile [his / her] answers according to what might be considered
	logical.

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Please tell me briefly what happened during this episode. PROBE AS NEEDED: How did it take place? Why do you think it	ff28	rr15	nn28	gg6
happened? What happened to [your child / any of your children] during and after the episode?)	PA-15 PA-16	RA-2 TA-8 TA-11	SA-13 SA-14	GM-12
<77> SPECIFY		TA-12		
<98> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-15</u>	<u>RA-2</u>	<u>SA-13</u>	<u>PA-15</u>
<97> REFUSED				
i				
·				
		-	-	
Now I want to ask you some questions about this episode. You may have already told me some of these things, but I need to read the questions <u>as written</u> to make sure that we get all the details we need.	ff29	rr16	nn29	997
<1> TO CONTINUE				
I and i down as compared also in your bourshald come to patice or				gg8
How did you or someone else in your household come to notice or believe that [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were]				
missing:				GM-11 GM-12
<1> [he / she / they] failed to call at arranged time,				
<2> [he / she / they] failed to <u>come</u> at arranged time,				<u>GM-11</u>
<3> [he was / she was / they were] gone longer than usual,				
<4> [he / she / they] disappeared from your presence,				
<5> someone else noticed [child was / children were] missing, or				
<pre>&lt;77&gt; some other reason (SPECIFY)?</pre>				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED				

ff28 rr15 nn28 gg6

ff29

rr16

gg7

gg8

## EPISODE DETAIL

Up to this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking guestions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions to refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."

This is an open-ended question designed to let the respondent tell us about the episode, thereby giving an overall view of what happened, as well as allowing the respondent some "free space" in which to say [his / her] "piece" in an unstructured way. This strategy has proven to be very effective in designing interviews on sensitive subjects and about emotionally loaded events. Respondents tend to feel that they have been "heard" if they are given a little space like this. Record the response as clearly, as carefully, and as thoroughly as possible. Use the probes on the screen, but do not be concerned if the respondent does not answer the parts of this question in the order they are asked or does not answer all of the parts. Most respondents are willing to provide a lot of information about such an experience. If the respondent starts to repeat information or continues to go into great detail after [he / she] has essentially answered the question, gently thank the respondent for providing the information and then go to the next question. Do not take the time to probe too much-we will ask lots of specific questions about the episode; this question is more for the respondent's benefit-to allow [him / her] to express [himself / herself].

This lead-in sentence prepares the respondent for more detailed questions about this episode. When you already know the answer to any of the questions following [ff28 / rr15 / nn28 / gg6], you should say: "I know you already told me this, but I need to ask all the questions." You could also say, "These questions may seem redundant, but nn29 they are all very important for understanding what happened to your [child / children]." Say these phrases as often as necessary—we do not want the respondent to get annoyed with the redundancy. Ask for their patience and be patient yourself.

Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. If you are undear which answer category the respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help [him / her] select the appropriate response category. If the respondent tells you anything other than the responses listed in <1> through <5>, carefully and thoroughly record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line. If the respondent says more than one of the answers applies to this situation, you will need to make a note about the additional [answer / answers]-use the CATI note-taking function (in command mode). The respondent may have already answered this question in gg6, in which case, review with the respondent the question and the answer you believe [he / she] told you earlier.

··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Which of the following best describes how you found out about this episode (how you found out that this episode had happened):	ff30	rr17	nn30	
	PA-26		SA-32	
<1> your [child / children] told you about it,				
<2> you witnessed it,	<u>SA-32</u>	<u>SA-32</u>	<u>SA-32</u>	
<3> someone else told you about it, or				
<77> you found out about it some other way (SPECIFY)?				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
i				
		•		
1				
:				
:				
1				
Who told you about the episode (what is this person's relationship	ff31	rr18	nn31	
to the [child / children])?	PA-26		SA-32	
<777> SPECIFY				
<998> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-32a</u>	<u>SA-32a</u>	<u>SA-32a</u>	
<997> REFUSED	<u>JA J20</u>	<u> 37 320</u>	<u>57 520</u>	
Would you consider this episode to be a kidnapping?	ff32		nn32	
(IF NECESSARY: In your opinion.)				
<1> YES	PA-74		SA-61	
<5> NO <6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA]	<u>PA-74</u>		<u>SA-61</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
What kind of episode would you consider this to be?	ff33		nn33	
(IF NECESSARY: You said you didn't think this episode was a				
kidnapping. What would you call it?)	PA-75		SA-62	
<777> SPECIFY				
<998> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-75</u>		<u>SA-62</u>	
<997> REFUSED				

ff30 rr17 nn30

ff31

rr18

nn31

rr17: In other words, how did the respondent first find out or <u>realize that the [child / children] had</u> left when the episode started?

Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. If the respondent tells you anything other than the responses listed in <1>, <2>, or <3>, carefully record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line. Do not hesitate to reread the statements if it will help the respondent determine which answer [he /she] thinks is correct.

- rr17: The respondent often did not see the [child / children] leave, so [he / she] typically found out "some other way"—be prepared to record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line.
- nn30: If the respondent says [he / she] witnessed the episode and was told by the child or someone else, enter <2> because that is the most relevant answer.

Note that we <u>do not</u> want to include the respondent finding out what had happened from the [child / children] when [he / she / they] returned.

This question is only asked if the respondent said that someone else told [him / her] about the episode in [ff30 / rr17 / nn30]. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the informant's relationship to the [child / children]. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the [child / children] at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction or keeping of the [child / children]). Carefully and completely record the answer.

 ff32
 If the respondent seems confused about what "episode" means in this question, you could probe by saying: "Would

 nn32
 you consider the [taking away / keeping] of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] from you to be kidnapping?" We are interested in the respondent's opinion about this episode emphasize "would you consider" when you read the question.

ff33This question is only asked if the respondent said the episode was not a kidnapping in [ff32 / nn32]. In othernn33words, [he / she] said [he / she] did not think this episode was a kidnapping, so what would [he / she] call it?<br/>Carefully and completely record the respondent's answer.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
What d	day of the week did this episode start?	ff34	rr19	nn34	gg9	
<1>	Monday	PA-22	RA-3	SA-15	GM-3	
<2>	Tuesday		TA-13			
<3>	Wednesday	PA-22	<u>RA-3</u>	<u>SA-15</u>	PA-22	
<4>	Thursday					
<5>	Friday	1				
<6>	Saturday					
<7>	Sunday	1				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
Did thi	is episode start:	ff34a	rr19a	nn34a	gg9a	
<1>	during the week, or					
<5>	over the weekend?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
<7>	REFUSED		+ ·	• 	· ·	
	REFUSED	ff35	rr20	nn35	gg10	
		<b>ff35</b> PA-23	RA-4	nn35 SA-16	<b>gg10</b> GM-4	
And wl	hat time of day? Was it:		1			
And wl <1>	hat time of day? Was it: morning		RA-4			
And wl <1> <2>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon	PA-23	RA-4 TA-14	SA-16	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or	PA-23	RA-4 TA-14	SA-16	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night?	PA-23	RA-4 TA-14	SA-16	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	PA-23	RA-4 TA-14	SA-16	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	PA-23	RA-4 TA-14	SA-16	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	РА-23 <u>РА-23</u>	RA-4 TA-14 <u>RA-4</u>	<i>SA-16</i> <u>SA-16</u>	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	РА-23 <u>РА-23</u>	RA-4 TA-14 <u>RA-4</u>	<i>SA-16</i> <u>SA-16</u>	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	РА-23 РА-23	RA-4 TA-14 RA-1	<i>SA-16</i> <u>SA-16</u>	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	PA-23 PA-23	RA-4 TA-14 <u>RA-4</u>	<i>SA-16</i> <u>SA-16</u>	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	PA-23 PA-23	RA-4 TA-14 RA-1	<i>SA-16</i> <u>SA-16</u>	GM-4	
And wl <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	hat time of day? Was it: morning afternoon evening or night? DON'T KNOW	PA-23 PA-23	RA-4 TA-14 <u>RA-4</u>	<i>SA-16</i> <u>SA-16</u>	GM-4	

ff34 I rr19 r nn34 t

gg9

nn35

gg10

If necessary, remind the respondent that we are asking about when the episode <u>began</u>—this means, the exact moment when the [child / children] started being somewhere other than where [he / she / they] were supposed to be (it does <u>not</u> mean when respondent <u>noticed</u> the [child was / children were] missing, or when [he / she] got concerned).

Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. This is the day the episode began—it is either the day of the week when the [child / children] left or the day [he was / she was / they were] not allowed to return. It is O.K. if the respondent says "DON'T KNOW"—they will have the chance to tell us (in the follow-up question) whether the episode started during the week or on the weekend.

ff34a	If the respondent answered "DON'T KNOW" in [ff34 / rr19 / nn34 / gg9], we want to try and get [him / her] to at
rr19a	least tell us whether the episode started on a weekend or during the week. Read the two answer categories (not
nn34a	"DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED") before accepting or recording an answer so the respondent will be able to choose
gg9a	the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. Do not press the issue. If the respondent says
	"DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further.

ff35 Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording anrr20 answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation.

- ff35: This could be either the time of day when the [child was / children were] taken from the respondent or the time [he / she / they] were supposed to be returned but were not. The respondent's best guess is fine.
  - rr20: This could be either the time of day when the [child / children] left or the time of day [he was /she was/ they were] not allowed to return.
  - nn35: This could be either the time of day when the [child was /children were] taken from the respondent or the time they were assaulted. The respondent's best guess is fine.
  - gg10: This could be either the time of day when the [child / children] started being missing or the time they were supposed to return but did not.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
[Was / Were] the [child / children] with [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] immediately prior to what you consider to be the beginning of this episode?	ff36				
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED	<u>PA-17</u>				
Prior to the time [he was / she was / they were] supposed to have been returned, how long had the child / children] been with [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR]?	<b>ff36a</b> PA-17				
<1 - 90> DURATION <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED	<u>PA-17</u>				
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff36u	-	•		
<1> MINUTES <2> HOURS <3> DAYS <4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS		<u>.</u>	. <b>-</b>		T

ff36	We want to clarify whether the [child / children] had been kept, rather than taken, by the perpetrator. We are doing this by asking if the [child / children] had been with the perpetrator <u>with permission</u> (such as legitimate visitation) before the incident started.
ff36a	This question is designed for those situations where the [child was / children were] not returned to the respondent from some normal period of visitation ("kept"). You may have to clarify the intent of the question for the
	respondent. We want to know how long the [child / children] had been with the person during the normal or
	expected period of visitation before the [child / children] should have been returned. If, for example, the [child was
	/ children were] staying with this person for the Christmas holidays, and the person did not return the [child /
	children] after the Christmas holidays, we want to know how long the child was there for the holidays. Do not

include the time spent with the person during any previous visitations.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I'm going to read you a list of places. Which of the following	ff37(x)		nn36(x)	gg11(x)
best describes where [CHILD'S NAME] was at the time the episode began:	PA-18			GM-5
(And where was [CHILD'S NAME] moved?)	DA 10			
<1> in [his / her] own home or yard,	<u>PA-18</u>		<u>PSA-2</u>	<u>GM-5</u>
<2> in someone else's home or yard,				
<3> in the street, such as walking home from school,				
<4> hitchhiking,				
<5> in school or daycare,				
<6> in a shopping area or mall,				
<7> in a parent or caretaker's car,				
<8> on public transportation, [GM]				
<77> or somewhere else? (SPECIFY)				
<9> PARK / WOODED AREA				
<10> PUBLIC AREA				
<11> OUTSIDE PARTY			i -	
<12> VACATION TRIP				
<95> INAPPLICABLE				
<96> DURING RUNAWAY EVENT [FA / RATA]				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED				

ff37(x) nn36(x) gg11(x) This question is asked separately for each child involved. There are two sets of words you can use for asking the question and you will need to <u>choose</u> the appropriate set: use the longer set the first time you ask the question; use the shorter set if the question comes up more than once to ask about any additional children who were involved. By "began," we mean where the child was just prior to when they started being somewhere other than where [he / she] was <u>supposed</u> to be.

- ff37(x): If the child was <u>taken</u>, this would be where [he / she] was taken from. If the child was <u>kept</u>, this would be where [he / she] was just prior to when they should have been returned.
- nn36(x): If the child was taken, this would be where [he / she] was taken from. In the case of an assault, this would be where [he / she] was when the assault happened.

Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the child's circumstances. Familiarize yourself with the answer categories and the order of the list. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to see which category should be recorded—feel free to ask [him / her] to explain in more detail, so that you can choose the right category. If you are unclear which answer category the respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help [him / her] select the appropriate answer category. If the answer does not fit one of the categories, carefully record the answer on the "SPECIFY" line. The respondent may have already answered this question in [ff28 / nn28 / gg6], in which case, review with the respondent the question and the answer you believe they told you earlier. The answer to this question represents the [child's / children's] "original location," which will be referred to in subsequent questions.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did [C	CHILD'S NAME] have permission to be where [he / she] was?				gg12(x)
<1>	YES				GM-6
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				<u>GM-6</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
r					
Who c	lid you believe was with [CHILD'S NAME]:				gg13(x)
<1>	a babysitter or caretaker,				GM-9
<2>	brothers or sisters,				
<3>	school personnel,				<u>GM-9</u>
<4>	other family members,				
<5>	other adults,				
<6>	other children, or				
<77>	some other person (SPECIFY)?				
<95>	CHILD WAS ALONE				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
;					

gg12(x)	"Permission" means that respondent knew and approved of where the child was before the "missing" incident began.
gg13(x)	This means, who the respondent <u>thought</u> the child was with, or who the child was <u>supposed</u> to be with. Read all o
	the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. If you are unclear which answer category the respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help [him / her] select the appropriate response category. If the respondent tells you anything other than the responses listed in <1> through <6>, carefully and thoroughly record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line. If the child was with more than one person, use the "SPECIFY" line to give complete information. If the child
	was alone, that is, was not with anyone else, enter <95>.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the best of your knowledge, was [CHILD'S NAME] moved or			nn37(x)	
lured away from [his / her] original location during the episode (at any time during the episode)?			SA-17	
(ORIGINAL LOCATION MEANS THE PLACE THE CHILD PHYSICALLY WAS IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE EPISODE BEGAN)				
<1> YES			<u>SA-17</u>	
<5> NO				
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
To the best of your knowledge, was [CHILD'S NAME] moved even a			nn38(x)	
few feet from [his / her] original location?			SA-18	
<1> YES			5A-10	
<5> NO	:	L	<u>SA-21</u>	
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY			0/(21	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
			1	
(To the best of your knowledge,) Was there any <u>attempt</u> to take or move [CHILD'S NAME] by force or threat?			nn39(x)	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY			<u>NSA-14</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED		I.		

,

Starting below, some questions will contain a code <6> for "not applicable—assault only" for the Non-Family Abduction questions. If there was <u>no abduction or attempted abduction</u> included in the assault incident, some of these questions will not apply. If the code appears on the screen, and you know the incident was an assault <u>only</u> (that is, it did <u>not</u> include any kind of abduction or attempted abduction), you may enter <6> and <u>not</u> ask the question.

## nn37(x)

The next three questions are asked in a series and separately for each child involved.

This is an important question for determining how serious the episode was. You need to take time to clarify the question, if necessary, [and / or] ask the respondent to describe what happened to determine if the answer to this question is "YES." If the respondent asks what you mean by "original location," explain that we mean where the child was when the episode <u>began</u> [and / or] remind the respondent of the answer they gave in nn36(x). If the respondent asks what you mean by "not try to define the words; instead, say: "Do you think the person moved the child or tried to lure [him / her] into [going / staying] with [him / her]?"

- **nn38(x)** This question is only asked if the answer to nn37(x) is "NO," "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED." Because moving the [child / children] is such an essential element of defining the episode as an abduction, we are double checking with the respondent to find out if the child was moved. The respondent may have answered "NO" to nn37(x) because [he / she] did not think that taking the child just a few feet counts as "moving from ... original location." However, if the child was moved, taken, or lured even a few feet away from where [he / she] was, the answer is "YES." This question may seem redundant and may even annoy the respondent, but it is a very important question. Emphasize "even a few feet."
- nn39(x) This question is only asked if the answer to nn38(x) is "NO," "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED." Again, moving the child is an important element of the episode definition. Now we want to ask the respondent if they think the perpetrator attempted to move the child. In addition, forcing or threatening is different from luring, which is what we asked about before, so you may need to emphasize "by force or threat" and you may need to repeat it to make sure the respondent noticed that we are asking about something different. You may also have to repeat "to the best of your knowledge," since the respondent may not know exactly what happened to the child while [he / she] was away.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did the author childre	e [person / persons] responsible for this episode have ity or permission to take or keep [him / her / any of your n]?			nn40	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO			<u>NSA-4</u>	
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE-ASSAULT ONLY				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
	1				
	:				
To the	best of your knowledge, did this [person / persons] try to			nn41	
hide th	nat [he was / she was / they were] moving [your child / any r children]?			SA-19	
<1>	YES			<u>SA-19</u>	
<5>	NO			<u></u>	
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
1					
Which	of the following best describes how [CHILD'S NAME] was	ff38(x)		nn42(x)	
moved	d (at the beginning of the episode):	PA-19		SA-20	
(And I	now was [CHILD'S NAME] moved?)				
<1>	[he was / she was] carried	PA-19		<u>SA-20</u>	
<2>	[he / she] entered a vehicle				
<3>	[he / she] entered a vende				
<77>					
<96>	-				
<98>	Don't Know Refused	1			
<9/2	REFUSED				
•		1			
To the	e best of your knowledge, did [his / her / their]	ff39		nn43	
[ PERF	ETRATOR] use any kind of <u>force or threat</u> in moving [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES] from [his / her / their] original	PA-20		SA-21	
locati	on?	FA-20		on Li	
(ORIC	SINAL LOCATION MEANS THE PLACE THE [CHILD /	<u>PA-20</u>		<u>SA-21</u>	
	DREN] PHYSICALLY [WAS / WERE] IMMEDIATELY BEFORE EPISODE BEGAN)	<u>FA-20</u>		<u>UN LI</u>	
<1>	YES	: 1			
<5>	NO				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA]				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
~/~		1 4			
		*	·	. –	

nn40	If the respondent did <u>not</u> say "YES" to nn37(x), nn38(x), <u>or</u> nn39(x), you will skip to nn50b.
	Up to this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions that refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."
	nn40: This means: did <u>any</u> of the people involved have the authority to have <u>any</u> of the children involved.
nn41	This includes <u>any</u> attempt to conceal the removal of the [child / children]: trying to conceal the actual taking or assaulting of the [child / children], or any attempt to be secretive about the [child's / children's] location <u>after</u> the abduction or assault.

ff38(x) nn42(x) This question is asked separately for each child involved. There are two sets of words you can use for asking the question and you will need to <u>choose</u> the appropriate set: use the longer set the first time you ask the question; use the shorter set if the question comes up more than once to ask about any additional children who were involved. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. If the respondent says something that is a combination of the categories, record the answer that represents the most serious (least voluntary) situation. If the child was carried to a vehicle, mark, "entered a vehicle." "Vehicle" means car, truck or van. If the answer does not fit one of the categories, record how the child was moved on the "SPECIFY" line (for example: "train," "subway," etc.).

ff39 nn43 If the respondent asks what you mean by "original location," explain that we mean where the [child was / children were] just prior to when [he / she / they] started being somewhere other than where [he was / she was / they were] <u>supposed</u> to be, [and / or] remind the respondent of the answer they gave in [ff37(x) / nn36(x)] (where the [child was / children were] when the episode <u>began</u>).

If the respondent asks what you mean by "force or threat," do not try to define the words; instead, say: "<u>Do you</u> <u>think</u> the person used any kind of force or threat against [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to get [him / her / them] [to go / to stay] with [him / her]?"

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What kind of force or threat was used?		ff40a		nn44a	
<77> SPECIFY		PA-20		SA-21	
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED	1	<u>PA-20a</u>		<u>SA-21a</u>	
(To the best of your knowledge,) [Was your		ff41		nn45	
daughter / Were any of your children] <u>lured</u> way to go with [his / her / their] [PERPETRA	or persuaded in some TOR]?	PA-21		SA-22	
<1> YES					
<5> NO		<u>PA-21</u>		<u>SA-22</u>	
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [	NFA]				
<95> NOT APPLICABLE—CHILD TOO YOU					
<96> NOT APPLICABLE CHILD TOO YOU					
<pre>&lt;98&gt; DON'T KNOW</pre>					
<97> REFUSED					
How [was / were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDR	EN'S NAMEST lured or	ff42a		nn46a	
persuaded to go with [his / her / their] [PER		1142d		nn <del>4</del> 0a	
<77> SPECIFY		PA-21		SA-22	
		<u>PA-21a</u>		<u>SA-22a</u>	
<97> REFUSED					
Which of the following best describes what k	ind of place [CHILD'S			nn47(x)	
NAME] was taken to by the [person / person					
episode: (USE "SPECIFY" IF CHILD TAKEN TO <u>MORE '</u>	THAN ONE PLACE			SA-23	
DURING EPISODE):					
<1> a vehicle (for the whole episode),				<u>SA-23</u>	
<2> a building,					
<3> the perpetrator's home,					
<4> an outside area like woods,					
<77> or somewhere else (SPECIFY)?					
<96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY					
<96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED					

ff40a nn44a	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator used force or threat in [ff39 / nn43]. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. You may have to say, "to the best of your knowledge," but otherwise, do not probe a "DON'T KNOW" answer.
ff41 nn45	Do not define or give examples of "lured or persuaded" but if necessary, say: "Do you think [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were] lured or persuaded in some way to go with the person?"
ff42a	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator lured the [child / children] in [ff41 / nn45]. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. You may have to say, "to the best of your knowledge,"
nn46a	but otherwise, do not probe a "DON'T KNOW" answer.
nn47(x)	The next two questions, nn47(x) and nn48a(x) are asked in a series and separately for each child involved.
	Response <1> should only be entered if the child was kept in a vehicle the <u>entire</u> time [he / she] was with the person who took or assaulted [him / her]. If the respondent tells you that the child was taken to a vehicle but it is not clear whether the child was kept in the vehicle for the whole episode, you should probe by asking: "Did the person keep the child in the [vehicle / car / truck] the <u>entire</u> time?" If the answer does not fit one of the categorier record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the best of your knowledge, how far was [CHILD'S NAME]	İ ı		n48a(x)	
moved? (Your best guess is fine.)	1 1 1		SA-24	
<1 - 1000> UNITS OF DISTANCE				
<9996> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	: }		<u>SA-24</u>	
<9998> DON'T KNOW				
<9997> REFUSED	i I			
	!	η -		
(UNIT OF DISTANCE)			nn48u(x)	
<1> FEET	Í			
<2> YARDS	}			
<3> MILES				
<4> CITY BLOCKS				
			. ,	
Did moving [him / her / the children] hide what was going on? (HIDE THE <u>FACT</u> THAT THE [CHILD / CHILDREN] [WAS / WERE]	1		nn49	
BEING ABDUCTED)			SA-25	
<1> YES				
<5> NO			<u>SA-25</u>	
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY				
<8> DON'T KNOW				(
<7> REFUSED				
		• •	i .	
To the best of your knowledge, was anything <u>else</u> done to hide what was going on?			nn50a	
			SA-26	
<1> YES	1			
<5> NO			<u>SA-26</u>	
<7> REFUSED				
		÷	<u>1</u>	
To the best of your knowledge, was <u>anything</u> done to hide what was going on?			nn50b	
<1> YES			SA-26	
<5> NO			<u>SA-26</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW		1	<u></u>	
<7> REFUSED				
	1			

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nn48a(x)	It may be difficult for the respondent to give you an <u>exact distance in</u> number of feet, yards, etc. Before acceptine "DON'T KNOW" answer, ask the respondent if [he / she] could give you an <u>estimate</u> of how far the child was move
nn49	. Up to this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), a
	now we are going back to asking questions that refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in t
	episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in
	this episode."
	nn49: The question is asked to find out if the [child was / children were] moved so that the [taking
	assault] could not be seen by other people.
nn50a	If the answer to nn49 was "YES," you would include the word "else" when you read this question. If the answer
nn50b	nn49 was "NO," you would stress the word " <u>anything</u> ."

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
How e	se were the activities hidden?	•		nn51a	
<77>	SPECIFY			SA-27	
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED	1		<u>SA-27</u>	
How w	ere the activities hidden?	1	· · ·	nn51c	
<77>	SPECIFY			SA-27	
	DON'T KNOW	1			
	REFUSED	 		<u>SA-27</u>	
		;			
To the	best of your knowledge. Suce your cap / was your doughter	+		nn52	
/ were	best of your knowledge, [was your son / was your daughter any of your children] stopped or held <u>against [his / her /</u>				
their] v	<u>vill</u> ?			SA-28	
<1>	YES			CA 79	
<5>	NO			<u>SA-28</u>	
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	1			
<95>	NOT APPLICABLE-CHILD TOO YOUNG				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
		-		. ,	(
To the NAME their] v	best of your knowledge, <u>how long</u> [was / were] [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES] stopped and held against [his / her / will?	i i		nn53a	
<1 - 9	D> DURATION			<u>NPA-3</u>	
<96>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	i			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	į			
<97>	REFUSED	I			
				nn53u	
	OF TIME)		:	nnoou	
<1>	MINUTES				
<2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS				
<5>	MONTHS	1			

nn51a nn51c	This question is only asked if the respondent said that something (else) was done to hide what was going on in [nn50a / nn50b]. If the answer to nn49 was "YES," you would include the word " <u>else</u> " when you read the question If the answer to nn49 was "NO," you would stress the word " <u>how</u> ." Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.
nn52	Emphasize "against [his / her / their] will" when you read the question, <u>unless this is an assault only</u> . In this case you should emphasize "stopped or held." Do not try to explain "stopped" or "held" to the respondent; if [he / she] indicates that [he / she] does not understand what is meant, just say: " <u>Do you think</u> the [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were] stopped or held against [his / her / their] will?"

## nn53a

t

This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator held the [child / children] against their will in nn52—we want to find out the amount of time that the [child was / children were] held. If necessary, probe for an <u>estimate</u> of time.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(To the best of your knowledge,) [Was he / Was she / Were any of them] stopped or held <u>using any kind of force or threat</u> ?			nn54	(
<1> YES				
<5> NO			NCA 1	
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY			NSA-1	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Was there any <u>attempt</u> to stop or hold [your son / your daughter / any of your children] by force or threat?			nn55	
<1> YES				
<5> NO			<u>NSA-15</u>	
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY			···	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
If the [person / persons] responsible had managed to stop or hold [him / her / them], do you think [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] would have been held using force or threat <u>for more than half an hour</u> ?		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nn56	
<1> YES			NSA-16a	
<5> NO				(
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(If the [person / persons] responsible had managed to stop or hold		-	nn57	
[him / her / them],) Do you think [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] would have been held using force or threat <u>in an isolated</u> <u>place</u> ?				
<1> YES			NSA-16b	
<5> NO				
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
:				
]		-	¢	

nn54	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator held the [child / children] against their will in nn52—we want to find out if the perpetrator used force in holding the [child / children]. Emphasize "using any kind of force or threat" when you read the question, <u>unless this is an assault only</u> . In this case you should emphasize "stopped or held." Do not try to explain "force or threat" to the respondent; if [he / she] indicates that [he / she] does not understand what is meant, just say: " <u>Do you think</u> the [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were] stopped or held using force or threat?"
nn55	Emphasize "attempt" when you read the question: the answer to this question would be "YES" if the [child / children] thought the perpetrator was going to use force, or if the perpetrator attempted, but was unsuccessful at holding the [child / children]. If necessary, say, "To the best of your knowledge."
nn56	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hold the [child / children] by force in nn55—we want to find out if the [child / children] would have been held for at least half an hour. This is an

This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hold the [child / children] by force in nn55—we want to find out if the [child / children] would have been held for at least half an hour. This is an important question for determining how serious the episode was—we want to get a sense of how much risk there was to the [child / children]. Emphasize "do you think" when you read the question. If necessary, say, "To the best of your knowledge."

nn57

This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hold the [child / children] by force in nn55—we want to find out if the [child / children] would have been held in an isolated place. This is also an important question for determining how serious the episode was. Emphasize "do you think" when you read the question. If necessary, say, "To the best of your knowledge."

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
would	your child / any of your children] believe [he / she / they] d be hurt if [he / she / they] tried to leave the [person / ons] responsible for this episode?	;		nn58		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	۹.		<u>NSA-2</u>		
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY					
<95>	NOT APPLICABLE—CHILD TOO YOUNG					
<98>	DON'T KNOW	u da se se se se se se se se se se se se se				
<97>	REFUSED					
		1				
respo	e best of your knowledge, did the [person / persons] onsible for this episode show [your son / your daughter / any ur children] a weapon, like a knife, gun or club?	1		nn59		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO			<u>NSA-10</u>		
<95>	NOT APPLICABLE—CHILD TOO YOUNG					
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<97>	> REFUSED					
		1				
What	: kind of weapon?			nn60		
<1>	A knife	i F				
<2>	A gun					
<3>	A club	1		<u>NSA-Wa</u>		
<77>	<ul> <li>Something else (SPECIFY)</li> </ul>					
<98>	> DON'T KNOW	1				
<97:	> REFUSED					
		i				
Was	[CHILD'S NAME] gone for at least one night?	1		nn61(x)		
<1>	YES	1				
<5>	NO	t				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE-ASSAULT ONLY			<u>NSA-10</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	REFUSED					

nn58	This is another important question for determining how serious the episode was. Emphasize "believe" when you read the question. Do not try to explain "hurt" to the respondent; if [he / she] indicates that [he / she] does not understand what is meant, just say: "Do you think the [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] would have been hurt?" If necessary, say, "To the best of your knowledge." Note that this question will be skipped if the child died during the episode.
nn59	By "weapon," we mean anything that could be used as a weapon or was <u>intended</u> to be perceived as a weapon. If necessary, emphasize, "To the best of your knowledge."

nn60

This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator showed the [child / children] a weapon in nn59. Do not read the answer categories unless necessary. If the answer does not fit one of the three categories, be sure to record on the "SPECIFY" line what kind of weapon was shown to the [child / children].

nn61(x) This question is asked separately for each child involved in the episode. This question may seem redundant, but we must ask it because it is especially important for defining the episode. This question will be skipped if the respondent previously reported that the child was gone for more than 24 hours (in nn4a(x) or nn5a(x)). If this question appears and you know the child was gone at least one night, you could just confirm the answer with the respondent: "I just want to check—[CHILD'S NAME] was gone more than 24 hours, right?"

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the than !	e best of your knowledge, was [CHILD'S NAME] taken more 50 miles from where [he / she] started?			nn62(x)	
<1>	YES				-
<5>	NO				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY			<u>NSA-11</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	ł			
To the	e best of your knowledge, did the [person / persons]	, . !		nn63	
respoi	nsible for taking [your son / your daughter / your children]			mos	
have a childre	any intention of releasing or returning [him / her / the en]?	1		5A-43	
<1>	YES	:		<u>SA-43</u>	
<5>	NO	1			
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE-ASSAULT ONLY	i			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
		1			
Did th	e [person / persons] responsible demand any ransom money,	•• ••		nn64	
goods	or services during this episode?				
<1>	YES	1		SA-54	
<5>	NO	i			e
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	1 6 1		<u>SA-54</u>	**
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
		1			
		• •			
What	was demanded?	1		nn65a	
<77>	SPECIFY	1		SA-54	
<sup>;</sup> <98>	DON'T KNOW	ł			
<97>	REFUSED	,		<u>SA-54a</u>	
1					

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nn62(x)	This question is asked separately for each child involved in the episode. This question may seem redundant, but we <u>must</u> ask it because it is especially important for defining the episode. This question should be skipped if the respondent previously reported that the child was moved more than 50 miles (in nn48a(x)). However, nn48a(x) could be interpreted as how far the child was <u>initially</u> moved, and this question refers to the <u>total</u> distance the child was moved during the <u>entire</u> course of the episode—you may need to explain the distinction to the respondent.
nn63	At this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions to refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."
	nn63: This is another important question for defining the episode. If necessary, emphasize, "To the best of your knowledge."
nn64	We want to know if the perpetrator communicated that [he / she] expected something in exchange for returning the [child / children].

nn65a

nn65a: This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator demanded some type of ransom in nn64. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. Do not probe a "DON'T KNOW" answer.

At this point, in the <u>rare</u> event that it is necessary, a message will appear on the CATI screen, instructing you that now is the time to ask a series of additional questions about this episode that will be found on a brief <u>hard-copy</u> questionnaire. You will use the PURPLE version.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	_
What CHIL[	did [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] tell [CHILD'S NAME / DREN'S NAMES] about what was happening?	ff43a				
<77>	SPECIFY	PA-24				
<95>		<b>DA</b> 34				
<98>		<u>PA-24</u>				
<97>	REFUSED	!				
custo	his episode in violation of a court order or decree, or a dy order made by a court, or agreed to during a legal divorce	ff44				
or cus	stody proceeding?	PA-54				
<1>	YES	·				
<5>	NO	<u>NPA-1</u>				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
			-			
	his episode in violation of any other kind of a <u>written</u> custody or agreement?	ff45				
	YES	PA-54				
<1> <5>	NO	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-54</u>				
<0> <7>	REFUSED	 				
		¦	<b></b>			F
Was t	his episode a violation of a mutual understanding regarding dy or visitation rights?	ff46				
CUSIO		PA-55				
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	<u>PA-55</u>				
<8>		1				
i <7>	REFUSED					
What	were the conditions of the [custody order or agreement /	ff47				
mutu	al understanding] that this episode violated?	PA-56				
<77>	SPECIFY	DC-N-				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-56</u>				
<97>	REFUSED					
· · · - ·	······································					

ff43a	Record the respondent's answers carefully and completely. If necessary, you can say, "To the best of your knowledge."
ff44	In other words, was [taking / not returning] the [child / children] a violation of a formal, legal custody order?
ff45	This question is only asked if the respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to ff44. [Taking / Not returning] the [child / children] could still be a violation of a "written" agreement that the respondent considers an informal document (perhaps the respondent and the other person wrote it themselves but no lawyer or court of law has seen it).
ff46	This question is only asked if the respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to ff45. [Taking / Not returning] the [child / children] could still be a violation of a non-legal, but <u>mutually agreed</u> to, custody and visitation "rights" agreement. That is, it could be a violation of what the respondent had <u>believed</u> [his / her] understanding was with the person who [took / kept] the [child / children].
<del>f</del> f47	This question is asked regardless of the type of agreement [ff44 / ff45 / ff46]. Try to get the respondent to be specific about [his / her] perception of the terms of the custody arrangement. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
If this	was not a custody violation, are there other reasons for your	ff48				
[CHIL	that [his /her / their] [PERPETRATOR]'s [taking / keeping] of D'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [is / was] unauthorized?	PA-57				
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	<u>PA-57</u>				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
What	are the reasons?	ff49				
<77>	SPECIFY	PA-57				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED	<u>PA-57a</u>				
[Has /	Did] [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] [made / make] any	ff50				
(IF NE	s to justify this episode? ECESSARY: Did [he / she] explain why [he / she] [took / kept] hild / children]?)	PA-58				
<1>	YES	<u>PA-58</u>				
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
			<b></b>			e
What	were these claims?	ff51				
<77>	SPECIFY	PA-59				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED	<u>PA-59</u>				

ff49	This question is only asked if the respondent said they believed the taking of the [child / children] was unauthorize
	in ff48. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.
ff50	The respondent may start to tell you the answer to ff51 when you ask this question. Do not forget to enter $<1>$ "YES" before recording what the respondent tells you in ff51 (without reading the question).

ff51

This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator made claims to justify [his / her] actions in ff50. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	ou have any contact with [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] ding [your child / any of your children] at any time <u>before</u> [he	ff52				
was / (INCL	she was / they were] returned? UDES <u>ANY</u> CONTACT, EVEN A MESSAGE FROM ETRATOR)	PA-27				•
		<u>PA-27</u>				
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	!				
<7>	REFUSED					
			-	-		
regard	you had <u>any</u> contact with [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] ding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] <u>since</u> [he was /	ff53				
(INCL)	as / they were] [taken / kept]? UDES <u>ANY</u> CONTACT, EVEN A MESSAGE FROM ETRATOR)	PA-28				
<1>	YES	<u>PA-28</u>				
<5>	NO	•				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED	1				
		1				
			•		-	
What	kind of contact did you have?	ff54				
<77>	SPECIFY	PA-28				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<97>	REFUSED	PA-28a				
		1				
,		1	•		,	
How s	oon after [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / [taken / kept] did you have contact with [his / her / their]	ff55a				
[PERP	ETRATOR]?	PA-29				
i						
<1 - 9	00> DURATION	<u>PA-29</u>				
<96>	IMMEDIATELY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
	· · · ·	† 	•			
(UNIT	OF TIME)	ff55u				
<1>	MINUTES					
<2>	HOURS					
<3>	DAYS	Ì				
<4>	WEEKS	1				
<5>	MONTHS					
		:				

96

ff52 This question is only asked if all the [child / children] involved have been returned to the respondent. It refers to any contact (including a message) that the respondent had with the perpetrator while the [child was / children were] away from the household where they belonged. The contact could have been initiated by the respondent, by the other person, or by someone else.
ff53 This question is asked when the [child / children] have <u>not</u> yet been returned to the respondent. As discussed in ff52, this includes <u>any</u> kind of contact the respondent had with the person responsible for taking or keeping the [child / children]. The contact could have been initiated by the other person, or by someone else.

ff54

This question is only asked if the respondent said [he / she] had some contact with the perpetrator in ff53. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.

**ff55a** This question is only asked if the respondent had some kind of contact with the perpetrator. In this question, we want to find out <u>how soon</u> after the [child was / children were] [taken / not returned] the respondent had the contact with the perpetrator that they described in ff54. If necessary, probe for an estimate of time. Record <96> for "IMMEDIATELY" only if the contact occurred <u>at the time of the taking or not returning</u> the [child / children].

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
How long did [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] say [he / she]	ff56a			
would be keeping [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?	PA-30			
<1 - 90> DURATION				
<94> Person denies responsibility	<u>PA-30</u>			
<95> Person responsible didn't say				
<96> Permanently				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
	-	<b>.</b>		
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff56u			
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS				
<4> WEEKS				
<5> MONTHS				
			· +	
[Has / Was] any attempt (been) made to prevent you from having	ff57			
contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?				
<1> YES	PA-37			
<5> NO	B. 0-			É
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-37</u>			
<7> REFUSED				
		• • • •	~··· ;	
Did [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] make any threats or statements or do anything that would suggest [he / she] wanted to	ff58		:	
prevent you from ever contacting [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S	PA-31			
NAMES]?				
<1> YES	<u>PA-31</u>	1 1		
<5> NO		1		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
What were these threats or statements?	ff59			
<77> SPECIFY	PA-32			
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED	<u>PA-32</u>			

This question is only asked if the respondent had some kind of contact with the perpetrator. If the perpetrator said ff56a [he / she] would keep the [child / children] permanently, but qualified the statement (for example, [he / she] would keep the [child / children] permanently unless the respondent paid alimony that was due), enter <96> and make a note of the qualifying statement (use the CATI note-taking function-in command mode). Do not try to probe a "Permanently" answer to get qualifiers that might not have been mentioned, but follow the above instructions if such information is volunteered by the respondent. Note that the person "responsible" for the episode could have had someone else relay this information (about how long the [child was / children were] to be kept). NOTE: Only enter <98> for "DON'T KNOW" if the respondent tells you that the perpetrator said [he / she] did not know how long [he / she] would keep the [child / children]. Enter <95> if the perpetrator did not tell the respondent how long the [child / children] would be kept. This could include attempts to prevent contact on a <u>one-time</u> or <u>temporary</u> basis (not only an attempt to ff57 permanently keep the respondent from contacting the [child / children]). For example, the person could have kept the [child / children] from receiving a letter from the respondent or told the respondent [he / she] could not talk with the [child / children] until later in the week. Note that the <u>attempt</u> here may not have succeeded, but would still qualify the respondent to answer "YES" to this question. ff58

Read the question slowly, pausing between the main sections of the questions. Do not hesitate to reread the question if the respondent seems confused. If the perpetrator said or did <u>anything</u> to try to permanently keep the respondent from contacting the [child / children], enter <1> for "YES."

**ff59** This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator made threats or statements in ff58. Make sure you record everything the respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to the respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.

			FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	Did [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] try to use the episode to deny you <u>custody</u> of your [child / children] on a permanent basis, that is, keep you from <u>ever</u> having custody of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?		ff60				
			PA-33				
	<1>	YES	PA-33				
	<5>	NO					
	<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	<7>	REFUSED					
	Did [PE (IF NEC	ERPETRATOR] make any <u>other</u> threats or demands? CESSARY: Anything you haven't already told me about.)	ff61				
	<1>	YES	PA-34				
	<5>	NO	<u>PA-34</u>				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
:	<7>	REFUSED					
				• · · · - ·			
		vere these threats or demands?	ff62				
ł	(PROB	E: What specifically did [he / she] say?)	PA-35				
	<77>	SPECIFY	FA 55				
;	<98>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-35</u>				
	<97>	REFUSED					-
		e best of your knowledge) Did [his / her / their]	ff63				
		ETRATOR] make any attempt to hide the fact that [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES] had been [taken / kept]?	PA-36				
	<1>	YES	l.				
	<5>	NO	<u>NPA-5</u>				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
÷	<7>	REFUSED	1				
				۱.			
	Did [bi	c / hor / their] [DEPDETDATOD] make any attempt to hide	ff64				
	from y	s / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] make any attempt to hide ou where [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was /	110-1				
	were]?		PA-36	4			
	<1>	YES	ļ				
	<5>	NO	<u>NPA-6</u> <u>PA-36</u>				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>FA-30</u>				
	<7>	REFUSED	1				

ff60	Emphasize "permanent basis" when you read the question. We want to know if the perpetrator did anything to try to affect the respondent's ability to have custody of the [child / children].
ff61	Again, this refers to threats or demands made by the person responsible for taking or keeping the children, even if the [threats / demands] were communicated by someone else. This question refers to threats or demands <u>other</u> than those the respondent told you about in ff58 and ff59.
ff62	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator made threats or demands in ff61. Make sure you record everything the respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to the respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.
ff63	Includes <u>any</u> attempt to conceal the actual abduction, or trying to keep it secret that the [child was / children were] moved from where [he was / she was / they were] living when it was time to return the [child / children].

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ff64 Includes <u>any</u> attempt to be secretive about the [child's / children's] location after the abduction.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was hiding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] intended to prevent you from having contact with [him / her / them]?	ff65				
<1> YES					
<5> NO	NPA-6a				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
				-	
Was hiding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] intended to prevent [him / her / them] from being returned?	ff66				
<1> YES					
<5> NO	NPA-6b				
<8> DON'T KNOW	1				
<7> REFUSED					
To the best of your knowledge [was / were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] taken to another state or country during thi	ff67				
episode?	PA-38				
<1> YES					
<5> NO	<u>PA-38</u>				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
To the best of your knowledge, was there any <u>intent</u> to take your [child / children] to another state or country?	ff68	······································		<u> </u>	
<1> YES					
	NPA-Z	:			
<5> NO					
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW					

ff65	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hide the [child / children] in ff64. If perpetrator was secretive about [child's / children's] location, we would like to know if this was done to keep the respondent from <u>contacting</u> the [child / children].
 ff66	This question is only asked if the respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hide the [child / children] in ff64. If perpetrator was secretive about [child's / children's] location, we would like to know if this was done to prevent the respondent from recovering the [child / children].
ff67	The answer is "YES" if the [child was / children were] taken to a different state or country than the one in which [he was / she was / they were] <u>supposed</u> to be. It may be that this is a different state than the one the [child was / children were] living in when [he was / she was / they were] taken or when [he / she / they] should have been returned. It includes cases where the [child was / children were] moved to another state or country <u>at any time</u> while the perpetrator held the [child / children] (i.e., after their [abduction / non-retum]).

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**ff68** This question is only asked if the respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to ff67. We want to know if the respondent believed the perpetrator <u>planned</u> to take the [child / children] to a different state or country.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Why do you believe that [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] intended to take [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another state or country?	ff69			
<77> SPECIFY <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED	<u>NPA-8</u>			
Which state or country was [his / her / their] [PERPETRATOR] planning to take [him / her / them] to? (IF R REFUSES OR DOESN'T KNOW, ENTER "0" (ZERO) )	ff70 PA-39			
<location> STATE / COUNTRY</location>	<u>NPA-8a</u>			
Which state or country?	ff71		*	
(IF R REFUSES OR DOESN'T KNOW, ENTER "0" (ZERO) )	PA-39			
<location> STATE / COUNTRY</location>	<u>PA-39</u>			

This question is only asked if the respondent said that the perpetrator planned to take the [child / children] to another state of country in ff68. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.
This question is only asked if the respondent said that the perpetrator planned to take the [child / children] to another state or country in ff68. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. NOTE: If the respondent does not know where the perpetrator planned to take the [child / children], but <u>does</u> think the perpetrator planned to move [him / her / them] away from the state where [he was / she was / they were] supposed to be (i.e., "YES" in ff68), record "DON'T KNOW" on the text line.
This question is only asked if the respondent said that the perpetrator took the [child / children] to another state or country in ff67. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. If the move was outside of the United States, ask which country the [child was / children were] taken to. NOTE: If the respondent does not know where

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was taking [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another [state / country] done: to take a vacation?	ff72a				
<1> YES	PA-40e				
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-40</u>				
<7> REFUSED					
· - 4		<b>w</b> 1	,		
(Was taking [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another	ff72b		4		
[state / country] done:) to go to [PERPETRATOR]'s place of residence?	<b>PA-40</b> d		4		
<1> YES	<u>PA-40</u>		ч.		
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW					
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED					
			•		
(Was taking [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another	ff72c				
[state / country] done:) to visit relatives?	PA-40c				
<1> YES					
<5> NO	<u>PA-40</u>				
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u></u>			·	
<7> REFUSED					A
(Was taking [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another [state / country] done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S	ff72d				
NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?	<b>PA-40</b> b		'		
<1> YES		1			
<5> NO	<u>PA-40</u>		4		
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
:					
		+ · · · · · ·	,. <u></u>	+	
Was taking [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another [state / country] done:) to make <u>contact</u> with [CHILD'S NAME /	ff72e	1			
CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?	PA-40a	,			
<1> YES			,		
<5> NO	<u>PA-40</u>		1	н	
<8> DON'T KNOW			2		
<7> REFUSED					
:					

ff72a	The purpose of th	nese questions is to find out why the [child was / children were] taken to another state or count
ff72b	(or why the perpe	etrator was planning to take [him / her / them] to another state or country).
ff72c		
ff72d	ff72a:	This includes either a vacation for the [child / children], or a vacation for the person who too
ff72e		the [child / children].
	ff72c:	This includes visiting [child's / children's] relatives, the relatives of the person responsible for
	·	taking or keeping the [child / children], or even the respondent's relatives.
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Would this have been done: to take a vacation?       ff72a_2         1> YES       PA-40e         <5> NO       PA-40e         <5> NO       PA-40e         <7> REFUSED       PA-40e         (Would this have been done:) to go to [Nis / her / their]       ff72b_2         [PERPETRATOR]'s place of residence?       PA-40d         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHLDS NAME/CHLDEN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40d         <6> DONT KNOW       PA-40g         <7> REFUSED       F72e_2         Would this have been done:) to make coptagt with [CHLD'S       M772e_2         RA-40a       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40g			FA	RATA	NFA	GM
<5> NO       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       PA-40         (Would this have been done:) to go to [his / her / their]       ff72b_2         [PRRFERTARTOR]'s place of residence?       PA-40d         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40d         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40c         <5> NO       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       PA-40c         <5> NO       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       PA-40c         <7> REFUSED       PA-40b         <7> REFUSED       PA-40b         <7> REFUSED       PA-40b         <7> REFUSED       PA-40a         <7> REFUSED       PA-40a         <7> NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES   more difficult?       PA-40a         <7> NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES   more difficult?       PA-4	Would	this have been done: to take a vacation?	ff72a_2			
<8> DON'T KNOW     PA-40       <7> REFUSED     ff72b_2       (Would this have been done:) to go to [his / her / their]     ff72b_2       [PERPETRATOR]'s place of residence?     PA-40d       <1> YES     PA-40d       <5> NO     PA-40       <7> REFUSED     PA-40d       (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?     ff72c_2       <1> YES     PA-40c       <5> NO     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     PA-40c       <5> NO     PA-40c       <5> NO     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     PA-40b       <1> YES     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40a       <7> REFUSED     PA-40a       <7> NO     PA-40a       <7> N	<1>	YES	PA-40e			
<7> REFUSED       (Would this have been done:) to go to [his / her / their]     ff72b_2       [PERPETRATOR]'s place of residence?     PA-40d       <1> YES     PA-40d       <5> NO     PA-40d       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     ff72c_2       <1> YES     PA-40c       <5> NO     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     Ff72d_2       (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?     ff72d_2       <7> REFUSED     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     Ff72d_2        PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40c       <7> REFUSED     Ff72e_2        PA-40a       <7> REFUSED     Ff72e_2        PA-40a       <1> YES     PA-40a       <1> NO     PA-40a       <1> NO	<5>					
(Would this have been done:) to go to [his / her / their]       ff72b_2         (PERPETRATOR]'s place of residence?       PA-40d         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40d         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40c         <5> NO       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       ff72c_2          PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       PA-40c         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       PA-40d         <7> REFUSED       ff72d_2         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72d_2         <7> REFUSED       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40b         <5> NO       PA-40b         <7> REFUSED       ff72e_2         <10 YES	<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-40</u>			
[PERPETRATOR]'s place of residence?       PA-40d         <1> YES       PA-40d         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40c         <5> NO       REFUSED         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40c         <5> NO       REFUSED         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72d_2         <1> YES       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO </td <td>&lt;7&gt;</td> <td>REFUSED</td> <td>;</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<7>	REFUSED	;			
A 40d       <1> YES     PA 40d       <5> NO     PA 40       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA 40       <7> REFUSED     ff72c_2       (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?     ff72c_2       <1> YES     PA 40c       <5> NO     PA 40c       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA 40c       <7> REFUSED     Ff72d_2       (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72d_2       <1> YES     PA 40b       <1> YES     PA 40b       <7> REFUSED     PA 40b       <1> YES     PA 40b       <7> REFUSED     Ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_1       <1> YES     PA 40a       <1> YES     PA 40a       <1> YES     PA 40a       <1> YES     PA 40a       <5> NO     PA 40a       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA 40a			ff72b_2	···· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<1> YES         <5> NO         <8> DON'T KNOW         <7> REFUSED         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?         <1> YES         <1> YES         <1> NO         <2> NO         <2> NO         (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?            <1> YES         <2> NO         <3> DON'T KNOW         <2> REFUSED         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?         <1> YES         <5> NO         <5> NO         <1> YES         <5> NO         <1> REFUSED         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?         <1> YES         <5> NO         <7> REFUSED         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?         <1> YES         <5> NO         <5> NO         <1> YES         <5> NO         <5> NO         <1> YES         <5> NO         <5> NO         <5> NO         <5> NO         <5> NO		ETRATOR]'s place of residence?	PA-40d			
<8> DON'T KNOW     FT72c_2       <7> REFUSED     ff72c_2       (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?     ff72c_2       <1> YES     PA-40c       <5> NO     PA-40       <7> REFUSED     FT72d_2       (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72d_2       <1> YES     PA-40b       <1> YES     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <7> REFUSED     PA-40b       <1> YES     PA-40b       <1> VES     PA-40b       <1> YES     PA-40b       <1> VES     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <1> VES     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <1> VES     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b	<1>	YES				
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to visit relatives? ff72c_2 <1> YES <8> DON'T KNOW <8> DON'T KNOW <8> DON'T KNOW (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <2> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S MAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? F72d_2 <i>PA-40</i> <1> YES     (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S MAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? <i>PA-40</i> </td <td>&lt;5&gt;</td> <td>NO</td> <td>PA-40</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<5>	NO	PA-40			
(Would this have been done:) to visit relatives?       ff72c_2         <1> YES       PA-40c         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       ff72d_2         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72d_2         <1> YES       PA-40b         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         <1> YES       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40	<8>	DON'T KNOW			,	
<1>YES     PA-40c       <5>NO     PA-40       <8>DON'T KNOW     PA-40       <7>REFUSED     PA-40       (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72d_2       <1>YES     PA-40b       <1>YES     PA-40b       <5>NO     PA-40b       <8>DON'T KNOW     PA-40       <7>REFUSED     ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_2       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>KNOW     PA-40a	<7>	REFUSED				
<1>YES     PA-40c       <5>NO     PA-40       <8>DON'T KNOW     PA-40       <7> REFUSED     PA-40       (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72d_2       <1>YES     PA-40b       <1>YES     PA-40b       <5> NO     PA-40b       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA-40       <7> REFUSED     ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_2       (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     ff72e_2       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>YES     PA-40a       <1>KNOW     PA-40a	i					
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? A40b <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? F726_2 PA40 <1> YES <5> NO <21> YES <25 NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? F7726_2 PA40a <21> YES <25> NO <25> NO <25> NO <26 <27 PA40a <27 PA40a <28> DON'T KNOW <28> DON'T KNOW	(Woul	d this have been done:) to visit relatives?	ff72c_2			
<8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       ff72d_2         (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of       ff72d_2         [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40b         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <58 DON'T KNOW	<1>	YES	PA-40c			
<7> REFUSED   (Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? ff72d_2   PA-40b   <1> YES   <5> NO   <8> DON'T KNOW   <7> REFUSED   (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?   (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?   (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?   (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?   <1> YES   <5> NO   <5> NO   <8> DON'T KNOW	<5>	NO				
(Would this have been done:) to make recovery or return of       ff72d_2         (CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40b         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       pA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40	<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-40</u>		1	
[CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       Ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       Ff72e_2         NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40a	<7>	REFUSED			<i>,</i>	
[CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40b         <1> YES       PA-40         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40         <7> REFUSED       Ff72e_2         (Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAMES] more difficult?       Ff72e_2         NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       PA-40a         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40a					<u>+</u>	<b>.</b> .
A-40b A-40b A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 A-40 AME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? F72e_2 AAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? F72e_40 A-40a	(Would	d this have been done:) to make recovery or return of	ff72d_2			
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make <u>contact</u> with [CHILD'S MAMES] more difficult? F12 YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <1> YES <5> NO <21 PA-40 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21 <21	[CHILI	D'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?	PA-40h			-
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make <u>contact</u> with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? F72-10 F72-10 F72-10 F72-20 F72	<1>	YES			1	
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Would this have been done:) to make <u>contact</u> with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult? FM-40a <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<5>	NO	PA-40			
(Would this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?       ff72e_2         <1> YES       PA-40a         <5> NO       PA-40         <8> DON'T KNOW       PA-40	<8>	DON'T KNOW				
NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     PA-40a       <1> YES        <5> NO     PA-40       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA-40	<7>	REFUSED				
NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     PA-40a       <1> YES        <5> NO     PA-40       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA-40					+	
NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?     PA-40a       <1> YES        <5> NO     PA-40       <8> DON'T KNOW     PA-40	(Woul	d this have been done:) to make contact with [CHILD'S	ff72e 2			
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	NAME	/ CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?				
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<1>	YES	ra-40a		1	x.
<8> DON'T KNOW			PA-40			
<7> REFUSED	<8>	DON'T KNOW				1
	<7>	REFUSED				•

ff72a_2	The purpose of these questions is to find out why the [child was / children were] taken to another state or country
ff72b_2	(or why the perpetrator was planning to take [him / her / them] to another state or country).
ff72c_2	
ff72d_2	ff72a_2: This includes either a vacation for the [child / children], or a vacation for the person who took
ff72e_2	the [child / children].

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ff72c\_2: This includes visiting [child's / children's] relatives, the relatives of the person responsible for taking or keeping the [child / children], or even the respondent's relatives.

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## DISABILITY SERIES

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	time of the episode, did [CHILD'S NAME] have a diagnosed I illness?	•	rr21(x)			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
What	was the nature of that illness?		rr22(x)			
<77>	SPECIFY					_
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
		1				
	time of the episode, did [CHILD'S NAME] have some serious al impairment or limitation?	<u>†</u>	rr23(x)			
<1>	YES	1				
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	1				
		:				
What	was the nature of that impairment or limitation?		rr24(x)		1	
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					

## DISABILITY SERIES

In the original household roster, the respondent has been asked one question about the [child's / children's] health: "During the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] had any serious or permanent physical or mental disability or impairment, or life threatening medical condition?" For children involved in a runaway episode, we ask a series of very specific questions, which essentially breakdown the elements of this broader question and ask about each separately. In each question, you should emphasize "At the time of the episode" and make sure that the respondent understands that we mean <u>this</u> episode (the episode that is the topic of <u>this</u> interview). If the respondent says "YES" to any of the four questions, you will ask about the "nature" of that condition. As with all open-ended answers, it is very important to record the response clearly and completely—it is vital that the coder be able to determine whether the child's condition put [him / her] at greater risk while [he / she] was away from home.

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rr21(x)

Emphasize "diagnosed" when you read this question. This means that a medical or mental health professional must have diagnosed the child—it cannot just be the caretaker's opinion. If the respondent says "YES," record their explanation in r22(x).

rr22(x)

Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.

**rr23(x)** As with all questions of this nature, let <u>the respondent</u> decide what constitutes a "serious" condition. If the respondent says "YES," accept their answer and record their explanation in rr24(x).

rr24(x) Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
profess commu	time of the episode, did [CHILD'S NAME] have a sionally diagnosed problem that affected [his / her] ability to unicate or interact with others, to learn, or to take care of If / herself]?		rr25(x)		
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
What w	vas the nature of that problem?		rr26(x)		
<77>	SPECIFY	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING	J			
At the i life thre	time of the episode, did [CHILD'S NAME] have a serious or eatening illness or medical problem?		rr27(x)		
<1>	YES	E 8 4			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	;			
What v	vas the nature of that condition?		rr28(x)		
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING				

rr25(x)	Emphasize "diagnosed" when you read this question. This means that a professional must have diagnosed the child—it cannot just be the caretaker's opinion. If the respondent says "YES," record their explanation in rr26(x).
rr26(x)	Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.
rr27(x)	Let <u>the respondent</u> decide what constitutes a "serious" condition. If the respondent says "YES," accept [his / her] answer and record their explanation in rr28(x).

rr28(x)Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the respondent and ask<br/>whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Which of the following statements were true at the time [CHILD'S		rr29(x)			
NAME] left? [He / She] was unhappy living at home		TA-9a			
<1> TRUE					
<5> FALSE					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
(Which of the following statements were true at the time [CHILD'S		rr30(x)		r	
NAME] left?) [He / She] was having a lot of conflicts with you or		1130(X)			
other people in the household.		TA-9b			
<1> TRUE					
<5> FALSE					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
(Which of the following statements were true at the time [CHILD'S NAME] left?) I did not really try to stop [him / her] from leaving.		rr31(x)			
		TA-9c			
<1> TRUE		τ.			
		1			
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—DIDN'T SEE CHILD LEAVE					
<8> DON'T KNOW					Ē
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
	-	÷۰ ـ		a .	
(Which of the following statements were true at the time [CHILD'S		rr32(x)			
NAME] left?) Things were easier after [he / she] had gone.					
<1> TRUE		TA-9d			
<5> FALSE					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					

rr29(x)	This series of questions is asked if the child left or stayed away. If the respondent says "YES" or "NO," verify that
rr30(x)	"YES" means "TRUE" and "NO" means "FALSE." If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded, do not
rr31(x)	attempt to explain the statement, or reword it.
rr32(x)	
	rr31(x): This is often difficult for the respondent to answer, since they frequently did not actually see t
	child leave, so they did not have a chance to try to stop [him / her]. In this case it would be
	best to ask the respondent : "Would you have tried to stop [him / her], if you had seen [him /
	her] leaving?" Or, just enter the answer that captures the essence of their attitude—by this
	point in the interview, you will usually have a sense of whether the respondent wanted the ch
	to leave or not.

ı.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
NAME]	of the following statements were true at the time [CHILD'S left?) I did not really care one way or the other whether [he		rr33(x)		
/ shej	stayed or left.		TA-9e		
<1>	TRUE				
<5>	FALSE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
	of the following statements were true at the time [CHILD'S		rr34(x)		
NAME	left?) I am glad that [he / she] left.		TA-9f		
<1>	TRUE				
<5>	FALSE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
What v	was the main reason [he / she] left?		rr35(x)		
	SPECIFY		TA-26		
<98>	DON'T KNOW		14-20		
	REFUSED / MISSING				
			• •		ſ
[CHILD	of the following were the main reason or reasons for [telling D'S NAME] to leave home / refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] rn home]? [He / She] could not control [his / her] behavior.		<b>rr36(x)</b> TA-27a		
<1>	YES		<u>TA-27</u>		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
Which	of the following were the main reason or reasons for telling		rr37(x)		
[CHILL return] housef	D'S NAME] to leave / refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to home?) [He / She] was a bad influence on other in hold.		TA-27b		
<1>	YES		<u>TA-27</u>		
_	NO				
<5>					
<5> <8>	DON'T KNOW				

rr33(x) rr34(x)	This series of questions is asked if the child <u>left or stayed away</u> . If the respondent says "YES" or "NO," verify that "YES" means "TRUE" and "NO" means "FALSE." If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u> , do not attempt to explain the statement, or reword it.
	·
rr35(x)	We have just asked the respondent a series of possible reasons, now we want to find out what [he / she] thinks w
	the <u>primary</u> reason. The respondent may have already told you why the [child / children] left (in rr15, the genera open-ended question), however, they often give additional information here.
	This series of superisons is asked if the shild upp told to logue or not allowed to return. Change either "tolling
rr36(x) rr37(x)	This series of questions is asked if the child <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u> . Choose either "telling [CHILD'S NAME] to leave" or "refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to return" if you have been able to determine the
	type of situation for this respondent from the respondent's answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use both phrases. If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u> , do not attempt to explain
	the statement, or reword it. The previous series of questions like this $(rr12(x)_2, rr13(x) and rr14(x))$ used "TRUE
	and "FALSE" as the response categories, while this question uses "YES" and "NO"—make sure the respondent
	understands that the answer choices have changed and make sure that [he / she] is not confused.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Which of the following were the main reason or reasons for telling		rr38(x)		1
CHILD'S NAME] to leave / refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to		TA-27c		
eturn] home?) [He / She] was engaging in criminal activity.		1A-2/C		
<1> YES		TA 27		
<5> NO		<u>TA-27</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
Which of the following were the main reason or reasons for telling		rr39(x)		
CHILD'S NAME] to leave / refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to return] home?) [He / She] was stealing from household.		TA-27e		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>TA-27</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
Which of the following were the main reason or reasons for telling		rr40(x)		
CHILD'S NAME] to leave / refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to		;		
eturn] home?) In order to avoid conflicts.		TA-27d		
<1> YES		: :		
<5> NO		<u>TA-27</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW		1		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
		;		
				-
(Which of the following were the main reason or reasons for [telling CHILD'S NAME] to leave / refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to		rr41(x)		
return] home?) Some other reason?		TA-27f		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>TA-27</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
What other main reason or reasons were there?				ананананананананананананананананананан
What other main reason or reasons were there?		rr42(x)		
<77> SPECIFY		TA-27f		•
<98> DON'T KNOW		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>TA-27</u>		

rr38(x) rr39(x) rr40(x) rr41(x) rr42(x) This series of questions is asked if the child <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u>. Choose either "telling [CHILD'S NAME] to leave" or "refusing to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to return" if you have been able to determine the type of situation for this respondent from the respondent's answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use both phrases. If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u>, do not attempt to explain the statement, or reword it. The previous series of questions like this (rr12(x)\_2, rr13(x) and rr14(x)) used "TRUE" and "FALSE" as the response categories, while this question uses "YES" and "NO"—make sure the respondent understands that the answer choices have changed and make sure that [he / she] is not confused.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	D'S NAME] to leave / refused to allow [CHILD'S		rr43(x)		
NAME] to return]?	was it.		TA-28		•
<1> the child's	natural father,				
<2> the child's	natural mother,		<u>TA-28</u>		
<3> the child's	stepfather,				
<4> the child's	stepmother,				
<5> a parent's	live-in boyfriend or girlfriend,				
<77> or someon	e else? (SPECIFY)				
<98> DON'T KN	W				
<97> REFUSED	/ MISSING				
When [CHII D'S NA	ME] was asked to [leave / stay away], how long		rr44(x)		
	at [he / she] stay away?				
<1> A few hour	~		TA-29		
1	-				
szz üverniant			<u>TA-29</u>		
<2> Overnight <3> A few days	,		111,22		
<3> A few days			<u> </u>		
<3> A few days <4> At least a	week		· · · · · · · · ·		
<3> A few days <4> At least a s <5> A month o	week		· · · · ·		
<3> A few days <4> At least a <5> A month o <6> For good	week r longer				
<3> A few days <4> At least a <5> A month o	week r longer DW				



You will need to press the enter key to see the bottom of this screen. This question is asked if the child <u>was told to</u> <u>leave or not allowed to return</u>. Choose either "asked [CHILD'S NAME] to leave" <u>or</u> "refused to allow [CHILD'S NAME] to return" if you have been able to determine the type of situation for this respondent from the respondent's answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use both phrases. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the relationship of the person who asked [him / her] to leave or refused to allow [him / her] to return to the <u>child</u>. It is unlikely that the respondent will not know the relationship between the child and the person, therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the relationship of that person to the child <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., when the child was asked to leave or was not allowed to return).

## rr44(x)

This question is asked if the child <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u>. You do not need to read the response categories <u>if</u> the respondent gives you an answer that fits into one of them. If the respondent hesitates, or is vague, read <u>all</u> the categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED". We want to know how long the <u>respondent</u> (or the person recorded in rr43(x)) intended for the [child / children] to stay away, not how long the [child / children] intended to stay away.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] say anything, or in any		rr45			
way communicate that [he was / she was / they were] [leaving / refusing to return] home?		RA-5			
<1> YES		TA-9A			
<5> NO		<u>RA-5</u>			
<8> DON'T KNOW !!					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
i l					
	1				
	- +		2	*	
What did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] say or communicate?	•	rr46			A
		RA-6	×		U
<77> SPECIFY	1	ТА-9В			
<98> DON'T KNOW		<u>RA-6</u>	×		
<97> REFUSED / MISSING					
			÷ .		
How did you know that [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was		rr47			
/ were] [leaving / refusing to return] home?					
<77> SPECIFY		RA-7 TA-9C			
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>RA-7</u>	й	,	
<972 REFUSED / MISSING					
			·-+ ·	Ţ	
Was [CHILD'S NAME] under a juvenile court order to stay in the		rr48(x)			
home?				i	
<1> YES		RA-8			
<5> NO		DAG	1		
<8> DON'T KNOW	1	<u>RA-8</u>			
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					

At this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions to refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."

rr45

This question is asked if the [child / children] left or stayed away. Choose either "asked [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to leave" or "refused to allow [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to return" if you have been able to determine the type of situation for this respondent from the respondent's answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use both phrases. Emphasize "in any way" when you read the question—we mean any type of communication, including a note, or an answering machine message, or a message delivered by a friend. The [child / children] would not necessarily have to tell the respondent their intentions in order for the answer to this question to be "YES," for example, [he / she / they] may have told a friend's mother who told the respondent what the [child / children] said, or, if the [child was / children were] staying at a runaway shelter, [he / she / they] could have to descent may, in answer to this question, start to tell you what the [child / children] said or did to indicate their intentions; be sure to enter <1> for "YES" and then record the respondent's answer in rr46.

 rr46
 This question is asked if the [child / children] left or stayed away and if the respondent said the [child / children] communicated something about leaving in rr45. Carefully and completely record the respondent's answer. Probe for details. If you think you missed anything, tell the respondent what you have written down and then ask [him / her] if you left anything out.

 rr47
 This question is asked if the [child / children] left or stayed away and if the respondent told you in rr45 that the

 [child / children] did not communicate [his / her / their] intentions (or said "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED"). In other

 words, how did the respondent know that the [child / children] had left (since they typically did not actually see the

 [child / children] leave). Carefully and completely record the respondent's answer.

**rr48(x)** By "the home" we mean the home of the <u>respondent</u> (who should also be the child's primary caretaker). Depending on who is answering the question, this could be the child's natural parent's home, relative's home, foster home, etc.

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
any of	year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical s: Alcohol?		rr49(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	:	<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical s:) Marijuana or hashish?		rr50(x)		
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO	ł	<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical is:) Hallucinogens such as LSD, acid, mescaline, or ecstasy?		rr51(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	1			
		:			
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical is:) PCP, which is also called angel dust, dust, or loveboat?	• • •	rr52(x)		
<1>	YES	1 1			
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
;					
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical s:) Smokeable uppers such as crystal meth or crank?		rr53(x)		
<1>	YES		ND 1 -0		
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				

rr49(x) rr50(x) rr51(x) rr52(x) rr53(x) You need to read the entire list, even if the respondent already told you what they believe the child used or did not use, because something on the list may jog their memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the respondent tells you about a drug that the [child / children] used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at rr64(x) "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
iny of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical hs:) Cocaine, not including crack?		rr54(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Crack or rock?		rr55(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DONT KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of reasor	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Heroin, which is also called smack, horse, or skag?		rr56(x)		
<1>	YES		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<5>					
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of reaso	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Narcotics other then heroin such as methadone, opium, ne, or morphine, <u>not</u> for medical reasons?		rr57(x)		
	YES		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<1>	NO				
<5>	DON'T KNOW				
<5> <8> <7> (In th any o	DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical		rr58(x)		
<5> <8> <7> (In th any o	DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use		rr58(x)		
<5> <8> <7> (In th any o	DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical				
<5> <8> <7> (In th any of reaso	DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Other uppers such as speed, bennies, or amphetamines?		<b>rr58(x)</b> <u>NRA-20</u>		
<5> <8> <7> (In th any of reaso	DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Other uppers such as speed, bennies, or amphetamines? YES				

rr54(x) rr55(x) rr56(x) rr57(x) rr58(x) You need to read the entire list, even if the respondent already told you what they believe the child used or did not use, because something on the list may jog their memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the respondent tells you about a drug that the [child / children] used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at rr64(x) "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
any of	year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical s:) Barbiturates such as downers, reds, blues, rainbows, or des?		rr59(x)		
<1>	YES		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	i			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of reason	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical s:) Tranquilizers such as librium, valium, or xanax, <u>not</u> for al reasons?	•	т60(x)		
<1>	YES		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	; 			
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical as:) Inhalants such as glue, white-out, paint, or poppers?		rr61(x)		
<1>	YES		NRA-20		
<5>	NO		INNA-20		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of reasor	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Non-prescription drugs, such as Robitussin or other cold ines, or diet or sleeping pills, <u>not</u> for medical reasons?	1	rr62(x)		
<1>	YES		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
any of	e year before, or during, the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] use f the following without a prescription or for non-medical ns:) Any other drug not taken for medical reasons?		rr63(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-20</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				

rr60(x) rr61(x) rr62(x) rr63(x)

rr59(x)

You need to read the entire list, even if the respondent already told you what they believe the child used or did not use, because something on the list may jog their memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the respondent tells you about a drug that the [child / children] used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at rr64(x) "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What other drug?		rr64(x)		
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-20</u>		
Did [CHILD'S NAME] experience a black out as a result of drinking or drug use in the year before, or during, the episode?		rr65(x)		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		NRA-21		
<8> DON'T KNOW		INNA-21		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(Did [CHILD'S NAME]) Get into fights with other people as a result of drinking or drug use in the year before, or during, the episode?		rr66(x)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>NRA-21</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW		<u></u>		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(Did [CHILD'S NAME]) Get expelled or suspended from school (as a result of drinking or drug use)?		rr67(x)		e
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>NRA-21</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(Did [CHILD'S NAME]) Get arrested (as a result of drinking or drug use)?	·	rr68(x)		
<1> YES		ан 1917 - Эл		
<5> NO		NRA-21		
<8> DON'T KNOW		TIN ZI		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
In the year before the episode did [CHILD'S NAME] attempt to commit suicide?	<b>_ _</b> .	rr69(x)		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		NRA-22		
<8> DON'T KNOW		<u></u>		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
				<b>~</b>

rr64(x) rr65(x) rr66(x) rr67(x) rr68(x) rr69(x) You need to read the entire list, even if the respondent already told you what they believe the child used or did not use, because something on the list may jog their memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the respondent tells you about a drug that the [child / children] used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at rr64(x) "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
In the year before the episode, was [CHILD'S NAME] enrolled in school?		rr70(x)			
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-23</u>			
As a result of the episode, did [CHILD'S NAME] miss days at school?		rr71(x)			
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-23a</u>			
How many days did [he / she] miss?		rr72(x)			
<1 – 365> DAYS <998> DON'T KNOW <997> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-24</u>			
	L				_

	rr70(x)	Was the child enrolled in school when this episode <u>began</u> ? This means, was the child <u>supposed</u> to be in school, whether [he / she] was attending or not.
· · _		
	rr71(x)	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was enrolled in school in rr70(x). Did the child miss school <u>because</u> of this episode?
		. This substitution is asked if the respondent spid the shift missed school is $r(716)$ . How much school did the shift
	rr72(x)	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child missed school in rr71(x). How much school did the child miss because of this episode? If necessary, encourage the respondent to give you their best guess. If they give an
		answer in something other than days, you will have to calculate the number of <u>school</u> days. 1 week is 5 school
		days, a month is 20 days of school (4 weeks times 5 days), 6 months is 120 days of school.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
CHILD	week before the episode began, did [CHILD'S NAME / NEN'S NAMES] have an argument, a disagreement, or a fight		rr73			
with a	nyone?		RA-10			
<1>	YES		TA-17			
<5>	NO	ť	<u>RA-10</u>			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
		1				
		) •				
		- - 8				
		- -				
Was th	nis person a member of the household?		rr74			6
		1				
<1>	YES	I	RA-11 TA-18			
<5>		+				
<8> <7>	DON'T KNOW REFUSED / MISSING		<u>RA-11</u>			
		;				
Was th	nis person:		rr75			
<1>	the [child / children]'s parent,		RA-12			
<2>	the [child / children]'s step-parent,		TA-19			
<3>	the [child / children]'s sibling,	}	<u>RA-12</u>			
<4>	the [child / children]'s aunt or uncle,		,			
<5>	the [child / children]'s cousin,					
<6>	the [child / children]'s grandparent, or					
<77>	some other relative of the [child / children]? (SPECIFY)					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					

Up to this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions to refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."

rr73: NOTE: This question is only asked <u>once</u>, and refers to all the children involved in the episode. If there is more than one child involved in the disagreement and the circumstances for the children is <u>not</u> identical, you will need to use the CATI note-taking function (in command mode) to provide additional details about the situation. Read the question slowly, pausing after "argument," "disagreement," "fight." Stress the phrase "in the week <u>prior</u> to," so that the respondent is clear about the time period we are interested in. The respondent may have already mentioned this in the open-ended question, rr15. In this case, you should confirm that before recording a "YES" answer for this question by saying, for example, "Now, just to make sure I have this correct, you said John had a fight with his father?" If there is more than one child, add the word "or" before the last child's name, for example, "... did John, Bill, <u>or</u> Jim have an argument ...."

NOTE: If the respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to rr73 you will skip to rr84. The next series of questions (rr74 through rr83) is asked only if the respondent said "YES" to rr73—the [child / children] had a disagreement with someone.

"This person" refers to the person that the [child / children] got into an argument with. Read this question to each respondent—do <u>not</u> assume that you know the answer, do not <u>assume</u> the person is a member of the household or not a member of the household (for example, if the respondent says, "Bill got in a fight with his father," do not <u>assume</u> that the father lives in the house with Bill).

rr75

rr74

rr73

This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a member of the household in rr74. We want the person's relationship to the [child / children]. Record, as clearly as possible, the relationship to the [child / children] if it is not straight forward—for example, person was "foster mother's son" or "aunt's boyfriend." If the respondent says that more than one person was involved in the dispute, or if there is more than one child involved and the person's relationship to each child is different, select <77> for "some other relative," and use the "SPECIFY" line to record <u>complete information</u>. It is important that the scenario be clear to the coder—if necessary, use the note-taking function of the CATI system (in command mode) to clarify what happened. FYI: <u>If the person is not a member of the household</u> we do not ask for any description of who the person is.

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	e e a e estado a actividad	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was t	his disagreement about: Drug usage?		rr76a		
<1>	YES		RA-13a		
<5>	NO		TA-20a		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>R-13</u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	i			
(Was	this disagreement about:) Alcohol usage?		rr76b	<b></b>	
<1>	YES		<b>RA</b> -13b		
<5>	NO	ł	TA-20b		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	t	<u>R-13</u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
•-	·-·· ··· ···	I 	· · · ·	<u></u>	
(Was i	this disagreement about:) Sexual behavior?		rr76c		
<1>	YES	1	RA-13c		
<5>	NO	ļ	TA-20c		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	T	<u>R-13</u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
(was i	this disagreement about:) Criminal behavior?		rr76d		
<1>	YES	ļ	RA-13d TA-20d		
<5>	NO	1	TA-200		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	l t	<u>R-13</u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
(Was t	this disagreement about:) Dress or personal appearance?		 rr76e		
<1>	YES	}	RA-13e		
<5>	NO		TA-20e		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>R-13</u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING		<u></u>		
			· ·		···· · · · · · ·
(Was t	this disagreement about:) Staying out late?		rr76f		
<1>	YES		RA-13f		
<5>	NO		TA-20f		
_	DON'T KNOW		<u>R-13</u>		
<8>					

rr76a	You need to read the entire list of items, even if the respondent already told you what the argument was about,
rr76b	because something in the list may jog their memory. If necessary, ask the respondent to be patient and explain that
rr76c	you have to read the whole list. If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded, do not attempt to explain the
rr76d	statement or reword it. If the respondent tells you about a situation that the disagreement concerned which is not
rr76e	on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question rr76j ("something else").
rr76f	If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer fully and clearly in rr77.

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and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(Was t	his disagreement about:) Friends or personal associates?		rr76g			
<1>	YES		RA-13g			
<5>	NO		TA-20g			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>R-13</u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
(Was t	his disagreement about:) School performance?		rr76h	·		
<1>	YES		RA-13h			
<5>	NO	ł	TA-20h			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>R-13</u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
(Was t	his disagreement about:) Breaking house rules?	<b>⊢</b>	rr76i			
<1>	YES		RA-13i			
<5>	NO		TA-20i			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>R-13</u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
(Was t	his disagreement about:) Or was it about something else?		rr76j			Â
<1>	YES		RA-13j			
<5>	NO		TA-20j			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I	<u>R-13</u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
What	was the disagreement about?	<u> </u>	rr77			
<77>	SPECIFY		<b>RA-</b> 13j			
<98>	DON'T KNOW		TA-20j			
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING		<u>R-13</u>			
l						

rr76gYou need to read the entire list of items, even if the respondent already told you what the argument was about,<br/>because something in the list may jog their memory. If necessary, ask the respondent to be patient and explain that<br/>you have to read the whole list. If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u>, do <u>not</u> attempt to explain the<br/>statement or reword it. If the respondent tells you about a situation that the disagreement concerned which is not<br/>on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question rr76j ("something else").<br/>If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer fully and clearly in rr77.

rr76j: If the respondent says "YES" to any of the items, read rr76j as "Was the argument <u>also</u> about something else?"

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did this disagreement involve <u>threats</u> to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?		rr78		
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		RA-14		
<1> YES		TA-21		
<5> NO		<u>RA-14</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
Which of the following threats were made: A threat to physically		<b>rr79</b> a		
punish?		н.		
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		RA-15a TA-22a		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>RA-15</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(Which of the following threats were made:) A threat to withdraw		rr79b		
privileges?		11790		
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		RA-15b TA-22b		
<1> YES		TA-220		
<5> NO		<u>RA-15</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				-
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(Which of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick		rr79c		
[CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] out of household?				
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		RA-15c TA-22c		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>RA-15</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW		i -		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(Which of the following threats were made:) A threat to call police?		rr79d		
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		RA-15d		
<1> YES		TA-150		
<5> NO		<u>RA-15</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW		W-13		
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
-				

## rr78

NOTE: This question is only asked <u>once</u>, and refers to <u>all</u> the children involved in the episode. If there is more than one child involved in the threats and the circumstances for the children is <u>not</u> identical, you will need to use the CATI note-taking function (in command mode) to provide additional details about the situation. This question is concerned with whether there were threats to (or against) the [child / children]; <u>not</u> whether the [child / children] made any threats. If there is more than one child, add the word "or" before the last child's name, for example, "... involve threats to John, Bill, <u>or</u> Jim?" If the respondent says, "What do you mean by threats?" give [him / her] an example from the follow-up question: "A threat such as punishing the child or calling the police."

## rr79a rr79b rr79c rr79d

This series of questions is only asked if the respondent said threats were made to the [child / children] in rr78. Again, these are threats made to or against the [child / children]. We only want to know if threats were made against the [child / children] involved in the episode. So as you read each of the statements, you may need to refer to the <u>specific [child / children] that were involved in the episode</u>. If the respondent tells you about a situation that included threats not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question rr79g "something else." If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely in rr80.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(Which of the following threats were made:) A threat to petition juvenile court?		rr79e			
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)	:	RA-15e TA-22e			
<1> YES					
<5> NO	t	<u>RA-15</u>			
<8> DON'T KNOW	i				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING	1				
	+				
(Which of the following threats were made:) A threat to hurt		rr <b>79</b> f			
someone else in some way?					
(ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		RA-15f TA-22f			
<1> YES					
<5> NO		<u>RA-15</u>			
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
	! 				
Which of the following threats were made: Or were they about	:	rr79g			
something else? (ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)	1	RA-15q			
		TA-22g			
<1> YES	1	<u>RA-15</u>			
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW					
<8> Don't Know <7> Refused / Missing	1				
	1				
		+			
What were these threats about?		rr80			
<77> SPECIFY		RA-15g			
<98> DON'T KNOW		TA-22g			
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>RA-15</u>			

-

rr79e rr79f rr79g rr80 This series of questions is only asked if the respondent said threats were made to the [child / children] in rr78. Again, these are threats made to or against the [child / children]. We only want to know if threats were made against the [child / children] involved in the episode. So as you read each of the statements, you may need to refer to the <u>specific [child / children] that were involved in the episode</u>. If the respondent tells you about a situation that included threats not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question rr79g "something else." If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely in rr80.

Did this disagreement involve any hitting, slapping, punching,       rr81         spanking or hitting with an object?       RA-16         <1> YES       74-23         <5> NO       RA-16         <8> DONT KNOW       RA-16         <7> REFUSED / MISSING       RA-17         Did [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       RA-17         AMME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       RA-17         <1> YES       RA-12         <5> NO       RA-12         <1> YES       RA-16         <5> NO       RA-17         <1> YES       RA-18         <5> NO       RA-12         <7> REFUSED / MISSING       RA-18         Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a stoling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a stoling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a stoling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a thing / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparen		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
<1> YES 74-23 <5> NO RA-16 Solution of the step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]? Did [a parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / Some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]? Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]? Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / A - 18 Trace other relative]? Called the step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / A - 18 Ka-18 Ka-18						
<5> NO       RA-16         <8> DONT KNOW          <7> REFUSED / MISSING       rr82         Did [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME/CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       RA-17         <1> YES       RA-12         <5> NO       RA-12         <1> YES       RA-12         <5> NO       RA-13         <7> REFUSED / MISSING       rr83         Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]?       rr83         <1> YES       RA-18         <1> YES       RA-18         <1> Some other relative]?       RA-18         <1> YES       RA-18         <5> NO       RA-18						
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING Did [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]? <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a	<1> YES		TA-23			
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING Did [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]? 7A-24 <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / a cousin / a grandparent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / a step	<5> NO		RA-16			
Did [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       rr82         <1> YES       RA-17         <1> YES       RA-12         <5> NO       RA-12         <8> DON'T KNOW       RA-12         <7> REFUSED / MISSING       rr83         Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]?       rr83         <1> YES       RA-18         <1> YES       RA-18         <5> NO       RA-18         <5> DON'T KNOW       RA-18	<8> DON'T KNOW		<u></u>			
cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S       RA-17         NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       TA-24         <1> YES       RA-17         <5> NO       RA-12         <8> DON'T KNOW       RA-17         <7> REFUSED / MISSING       RA-17         Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]?       rr83         <1> YES       RA-18         <3> DON'T KNOW       RA-18         <3> DON'T KNOW       RA-18	<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S       RA-17         NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       TA-24         <1> YES       RA-17         <5> NO       RA-12         <8> DON'T KNOW       RA-17         <7> REFUSED / MISSING       RA-17         Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]?       rr83         <1> YES       RA-18         <3> DON'T KNOW       RA-18         <3> DON'T KNOW       RA-18			,		,	
NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?       RA-17 TA-24         <1> YES       RA-17         <5> NO       RA-12         <8> DON'T KNOW	Did [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to [CHILD'S		rr82			
<ul> <li>YES</li> <li>YES</li> <li>NO</li> <li>DON'T KNOW</li> <li>REFUSED / MISSING</li> <li>Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]?</li> <li>YES</li> <li>YES</li> <li>NO</li> <li>RA-18</li> <li>TA-25</li> <li>NO</li> <li>BON'T KNOW</li> </ul>	NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?					
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]? KA-18 TA-25 <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW			TA-24			
<s> NO &lt;8&gt; DON'T KNOW &lt;7&gt; REFUSED / MISSING Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]? &lt;1&gt; YES &lt;1&gt; YES &lt;5&gt; NO &lt;8&gt; DON'T KNOW</s>			RA-17			
<7> REFUSED / MISSING       Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]?     rr83       <1> YES     RA-18 TA-25       <5> NO     RA-18       <8> DON'T KNOW     FA-18	<5> NO		<u>IN LAL</u>			
Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]? <1> YES <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<8> DON'T KNOW					
step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]? <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
step parent / a sibling / an aunt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]? <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW						
/ some other relative]?         RA-18 TA-25           <1>         YES           <5>         NO           <8>         DON'T KNOW	Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] do this to [a parent / a step parent / a sibling / an aupt or upcle / a cousin / a grandparent		rr83			
<1> YES     7A-25       <5> NO     RA-18       <8> DON'T KNOW     Empirical Statements			RA-18			
<5> NO RA-18 <8> DON'T KNOW			TA-25			
<s> NO &lt;8&gt; DON'T KNOW</s>	<1> YES		DA-19			
	<5> NO		<u>KA-10</u>			
<7> REFUSED / MISSING	<8> DON'T KNOW		•			
	<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
			1			

rr81	Read the question slowly, pausing after each type of action so that it is clear to the respondent. The answer is "YES" if <u>any</u> of these actions were taken against <u>any</u> of the children involved in the disagreement, or <u>any</u> of the children took <u>any</u> of these actions against anyone involved. In other words, this question is asking about hitting done <u>to</u> the [child / children] or <u>by</u> the [child / children].
rr82	This question is only asked if the respondent said the disagreement involved hitting in rr81—we want to know if the respondent or the person mentioned in rr75 were <u>violent toward the [child / children]</u> during the argument. The question text will be filled with the person named in rr75—you may have to explain to the respondent that we are asking about that person because the respondent said [he / she] was the person involved in the disagreement. You may need to use the note-taking function (in command mode) of the CATI system in order to clarify what happened, for example, if there was more than one person involved in the argument, or only one or a subset of the children were involved at this point. It is important that the scenario be clear to the coder.
rr83	This question is only asked if the respondent said the disagreement involved hitting in rr81—we want to know whether the [child was / children were] <u>violent toward the respondent</u> or the person mentioned in rr75 during the argument. The question text will be filled with the person named in rr75—you may have to explain to the respondent that we are asking about that person because the respondent said [he / she] was the person involved in the disagreement. Again, if more than one person was involved in the disagreement or the respondent indicates any

other qualifications, use the note-taking function (in command mode) of the CATI system in order to clarify what happened. It is important that the scenario be clear to the coder.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Parents use many different ways to try to control children when conflicts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you or any adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]: Slap [him / her / them] on the face or head or ears?		rr84a		
ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		<u>NRA-25</u>		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
		•. •		
Parents use many different ways to try to control children when conflicts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you or any adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S IAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:) Hit [him / her / them] on some part of the body <u>other than the bottom</u> with something like a belt,		rr84b		
hairbrush, stick or other hard objects? ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		<u>NRA-25</u>		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
- 1			т	
Parents use many different ways to try to control children when onflicts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you or any adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:) Throw or knock [him / her / them] lown?		rr84c		
ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		NRA-25		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
		1		
		÷		
Parents use many different ways to try to control children when conflicts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you or any adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S IAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:) Beat [him / her / them] up?		rr84d		
ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		NRA-25		
<1> YES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				

rr84a rr84b rr84c rr84d This is a difficult series of questions and you may need to use substantial sensitivity when asking it. Stress the phrase "in the year before the episode," so that the respondent is clear about the time period we are interested in. The answer to each item is "YES" if <u>any</u> adult in the household did this to <u>any</u> of the children involved in the episode being discussed in this interview. If there is more than one child listed in the opening dause, add the word "or" before the last child's name, for example, "... did you or any adult in the household do any of the following to John, Bill, <u>or</u> Jim?" We only want to know if these things were done to the [child / children] involved in the episode so as you read each of the statements, you may need to refer to the <u>specific [child / children] that were involved in the</u> episode—their names are listed in the lead-in wording that appears in parentheses above each statement.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
conflict or any NAME	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:) Grab [him / her / them] around the nd choke [him / her / them]?		rr84e		
	OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		<u>NRA-25</u>		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
conflict or any NAME	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:) Burn or scald [him / her / them] on		rr84f		
ourpos	e? Of the children involved)		NRA-25		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING		•		
					• .
conflict or any NAME	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did you adult in the household do any of the following to [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:) Threaten [him / her / them] with a		rr84g		
	r gun? DF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)		<u>NRA-25</u>		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		1		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
-					
<b>.</b>			· · ·		•
/ she /	Were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] afraid that [he they] would be beaten or abused if [he / she / they] stayed he or returned home?		rr85		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-26</u>		1
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
	REFUSED / MISSING				

rr84e rr84f rr84g This is a difficult series of questions and you may need to use substantial sensitivity when asking it. Stress the phrase "in the year before the episode," so that the respondent is clear about the time period we are interested in. The answer to each item is "YES" if <u>any</u> adult in the household did this to <u>any</u> of the children involved in the episode being discussed in this interview. If there is more than one child listed in the opening dause, add the word "or" before the last child's name, for example, "... did you or any adult in the household do any of the following to John, Bill, <u>or</u> Jim?" We only want to know if these things were done to the [child / children] involved in the episode so as you read each of the statements, you may need to refer to the <u>specific [child / children] that were involved in the episode</u>—their names are listed in the lead-in wording that appears in parentheses above each statement.

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rr85

This is a difficult question and needs to be asked with sensitivity.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	f the following best describes where [CHILD'S NAME /		rr86	• •		
CHILDR	EN'S NAMES] <u>first</u> went when [he / she / they] [left / to return / [was / were] refused permission to return]		RA-21			
home?			TA-30			
<1>	a relative's house,		<u>RA-21</u>			
<2>	a friend's house,					
<3>	[his / her / their] own place,					
<4>	a shelter,					
<5>	or somewhere else?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
Which re	elative's house did [he / she / they] go to?		rr87			
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
				· ·		
Nhere e	xactly did [he / she / they] go?		rr88			
:77>	SPECIFY					
	DON'T KNOW					
:97>	REFUSED / MISSING					9
	· · · ·				t e.	
	escribe where [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was		rr89			
FIRST "	first staying for a period of time. PRIMARY SITUATION")		TA-31			
THIS IS	NOT A PLACE THEY JUST STOPPED AT IF THEY NEXT					
	O A PLACE WHERE THEY STAYED FOR A PERIOD OF TIME)		<u>TA-31</u>			
	SPECIFY					
	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
Vas this	AING TO FIRST "PRIMARY" SITUATION:) a situation that you or another adult member of your		rr90			
	Id helped to arrange?		TA-33			
	YES			I.		
<1>			<u>TA-33</u>			
	NO					
<5>	NO DON'T KNOW					

· · · · · •	
rr86	Stress "first" when you read this question. If the children went to different places, use the note-taking function (in command mode) of the CATI system in order to clarify what happened.
r <b>r</b> 87	This question is only asked if the respondent answers "a relative's house" in rr86. Be sure the answer the
	respondent gives you is the person's relationship to the [child / children]. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know how to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the relationship of that person to the [child / children] at the time of the incident (i.e., when the [child / children] went to the person's house).
<b>788</b>	This question is only asked if the respondent answers "somewhere else" in rr86. Record the response clearly, carefully, and thoroughly.
rr89	Stress " <u>first</u> staying" when you read the question. We want the respondent to tell us whatever [he / she] knows about the <u>first</u> place the [child / children] went after [he / she / they] left—we are looking for a description of type of place, for example: "the basement apartment of his friend's house," "she stayed with her friend in a hotel near a beach in Florida," "they slept in a friend's van for several nights," "he went to stay at his girlfriend's house," etc. The respondent has probably already told you about where the [child / children] went, so ask [him / her] to be patient with these questions (we already asked this question in a different manner in rr86, but we want to give the respondent an opportunity to <u>provide a description</u> , if the place the [child / children] went does not fit into one of our categories). We consider this place to be the first "primary situation" where the [child / children] stayed—keep <u>track of what the respondent tells you</u> in answer to this question, because there are several additional questions about this "primary situation."
	If the respondent (or another adult in the household) helped to arrange for the first place the [child / children] went

If the respondent (or another adult in the household) helped to arrange for the first place the [child / children] went, [and / or] helped to arrange for there to be responsible adults available at this place, enter <1> for "YES."

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	RRING TO FIRST "PRIMARY" SITUATION:)		rr91		
CHILD	there adults in the situation where [CHILD'S NAME / OREN'S NAMES] went to stay who took responsibility for [him / them] from the time [he / she / they] first got there?		TA-32		
<1>	YES		<u>TA-32</u>		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
	RRING TO FIRST "PRIMARY" SITUATION:) u think the quality of supervision was:		rr92		•
<1>	as good or better than your [child / children] received at home,		TA-34		
<2>	adequate, but not as good as your [child / children] received at home, or		<u>TA-34</u>		
<3>	inadequate?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
<b>.</b>					
[was /	e best of your knowledge, at <u>any</u> time during this episode (were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A		rr93		
relativ	e's house?		RA-22a TA-35a		é
<1>	YES		<b>DA</b> 33		
<5>	NO		<u>RA-22</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
(To th	e best of your knowledge, at <u>any</u> time during this episode	•••	rr94		
[was / house	/ were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A friend's ?		RA-22b TA-35b		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>RA-22</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
			rr95		
(Ta th	a bact of your knowledge, at any time during this apisode				
[was /	e best of your knowledge, at <u>any</u> time during this episode were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A		1155		
[was /	e best of your knowledge, at <u>any</u> time during this episode / were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A ray shelter?		RA-22c		
[was / runaw	were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A				
[was / runaw <1>	/ were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A ay shelter? YES		RA-22c		
[was /	/ were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] at:) A ay shelter?		RA-22c TA-35c		

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rr91	We are interested in whether there were responsible adults in the first place the [child / children] went after [he / she / they] [left / were told to leave] home. If necessary, refer back to the answer in rr89 and ask this question about that place or situation.
rr92	"This situation" refers to the first primary situation where the [child was / children were] staying after they left home. In this question, "supervision" refers to the supervision received by the [child / children] involved in the
	episode (rather than all the [child / children] in the household, since other [child / children] might receive more comprehensive supervision). Slowly and clearly read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] opinion. You may have to reread the categories because the respondent may not have clearly heard the options the first time.
rr93 rr94	The [child / children] may not have stayed in one place while [he was / she was / they were] away, so some of the answer categories from rr86 are asked again. Stress "at any time" when you read the question.
rr94 rr95	NOTE: "(To the best of your knowledge, at <u>any</u> time during this episode)" appears in parentheses, but make sure that you <u>read it</u> for the <u>first</u> item in the series (whichever that may be—it could be any of them) and for subsequent items, if necessary.
	rr93: This question will not appear if the respondent said "a relative's house" in rr86.
	rr94: This question will not appear if the respondent said "a friend's house" in rr86.

rr95: This question will not appear if the respondent said "a shelter" in rr86.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the best of your knowledge, were there any nights during this episode that [CHILD'S NAME] had <u>no</u> place to sleep?		rr1(x)_2		
<1> YES	1	RA-23 TA-36		
	1	1A-30		
<5> NO	*	<u>RA-23</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED / MISSING	1			
How many nights?		rr2(x)_2		
	1	RA-23		
<1 - 90> NIGHTS		TA-36		
<98> DON'T KNOW		<u>RA-23a</u>		
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		141-24		
	1			
	A			

Starting with  $rr1(x)_2$  and continuing through rr36e(x) in the Runaway / Thrownaway series, each question will be asked for each child individually, that is, each question will be asked for the first child, then the next child and so on (<u>not</u>, as has been done previously, the entire series for the first child, then the entire series for the next child, and so on). Note that  $rr3(x)_2 - rr5(x)_2$ ,  $rr7(x)_2 - rr11(x)_3$  and  $rr27(x)_2 - rr33(x)_2$  are considered single questions, although they are asked as a group first for one child, then for the next child, and so on. Notice that  $rr1(x)_2$  through  $rr13(x)_2$  are essentially a long list of questions about what kind of place the [child was / children were] staying while [he was /she was / they were] away.

## rr1(x)\_2

By "place to sleep" we mean a place the [child / children] knew for sure would be available to [him / her / them] to stay the night. "No place to sleep" would mean that [he / she / they] had to find shelter on the streets, in an abandoned building, etc. If the [child / children] slept in shelters for the homeless or were offered a place to sleep by someone (even a stranger), those nights would <u>not</u> be counted as nights without any place to sleep.

## rr2(x)\_2

This question is only asked if the respondent said the child had no place to sleep in  $rr1(x)_2$ . Carefully record the number of nights. If the respondent tells you that [he / she] is <u>sure</u> that there were some nights the child did not have a place to sleep but [he / she] cannot make an <u>estimate</u> of the number, enter <98>, but also make a note using the CATI note-taking function (in command mode), indicating that respondent said [he / she] was sure there [were some nights / was at least one night] [CHILD'S NAME] had no place to sleep."

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the best of your knowledge, during this episode, Did [CHILD'S NAME] spend any night in: A public place, like a bus station or restaurant?		rr3(x)_2		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		<u>NRA-1</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode,) Did [CHILD'S NAME] spend any night in: An unoccupied vehicle, such as a car, truck, van, or railcar?		rr4(x)_2		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		NRA-1		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode,) Did [CHILD'S NAME] spend any night in: An outdoor area, like a park, street, or rooftop?		rr5(x)_2		<b></b>
<1> YES				5
<5> NO		<u>NRA-1</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
Were any of the places where [CHILD'S NAME] spent the night open or accessible to the public?		rr6(x)		
<1> YES				
<5> NO		NRA-2		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				

 		 -
rr3(x)_2	Emphasize "any night" when you read these questions.	
rr4(x)_2		
rr5(x)_2		

rr6(x)

c) This means, did the [child / children] ever stay in a public place, such as a park or a bus station.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Were	any of the places [CHILD'S NAME] stayed unsafe because of: ure to traffic, vehicles or machinery?		rr7(x)_2			
LAPUS						
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		NRA-3			
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
(Were of:) L	any of the places [CHILD'S NAME] stayed unsafe because Jnsanitary conditions?		rr8(x)_2			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		NRA-3			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		INKA-3			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
	any of the places [CHILD'S NAME] stayed unsafe because The possibility of falling?		rr9(x)_2			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		,			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>NRA-3</u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					_
				• •		
	any of the places [CHILD'S NAME] stayed unsafe because The lack of heat when it was cold outside?		rr10(x)_3			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>NRA-3</u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
(Were	any of the places [CHILD'S NAME] stayed unsafe because		rr11(x)_3			
ot:) P	People were there who might be dangerous?					
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-3</u>			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u> </u>			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					

rr7(x)_2	This series is concerned with the conditions the [child / children] stayed in. These are important questions for
rr8(x)_2	determining how much risk the [child was / children were] exposed to while [he was / she was / they were] away
rr9(x)_2	from home.
rr10(x)_3	
rr11(x)_3	

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	e best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did [CHILD'S ] spend any night in a place where there were <u>no</u> adults?		rr12(x)_3			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		NRA-35			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		11147.33			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
NAME	e best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did [CHILD'S ] spend any night where there were adults, but the adults not in charge?		rr13(x)_2			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-36</u>			
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	REFUSED / MISSING					

rr12(x)_3	If necessary, emphasize, "To the best of your knowledge."
rr13(x)_2	This means, the [adult was / adults were] not supervising the behavior of the respondent's child. If necessary, emphasize, "To the best of your knowledge."

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the	best of your knowledge, at any time during the episode was D'S NAME] more than: 100 miles from home?		rr14(x)_2		
LCHILL	DS NAME; more than: 100 miles from nome?		RA-24a		
<1>	YES		TA-37a		
<5>	NO		RA-24		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		MALAT .		
<7>	REFUSED /MISSING				
To the	best of your knowledge, at any time during the episode was		rr15(x)_2		
[CHIL	D'S NAME] more than: 50 miles from home?		DA 346		
<1>	YES		RA-24b TA-37b		
<5>	NO		D4 34		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>RA-24</u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
To the	best of your knowledge, at any time during the episode was		rr16(x)		
CHIL	D'S NAME] more than: 10 miles from home?				
<1>	YES		RA-24c TA-37c		
<5>	NO		TA-5/C		
-			<u>RA-24</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		4.		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				(
To the	best of your knowledge, at any time during the episode was		rr17(x)		
	D'S NAME] more than: 1 mile from home?		RA-24d		
<1>	YES		TA-37d		
<5>	NO		<u>RA-24</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u></u>		
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				

rr14(x)_2	Obviously, if the [child / children] have been more than 100 miles from home, they have also been more than 50, 10, and 1 [mile / miles] from home, so CATI will skip you to the next question rr18(x) as soon as the respondent
rr15(x)_2	
rr16(x)	answers "YES" to any of these items.
rr17(x)	

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··· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
At any time during this episode [has / did] [CHILD'S NAME] [left / leave] the state?		rr18(x)			
:		RA-25			
<1> YES		TA-38			
<5> NO		RA-25			
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) [has / was]		rr19(x)_2			
[CHILD'S NAME] (been) with other people?		RA-26			
<1> YES		TA-39			
<5> NO		<u>RA-26</u>			
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
How many other people were with [CHILD'S NAME]?		rr20(x)			
, FF					
<1 - 20> PEOPLE		RA-27 TA-40			
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		<u>RA-27</u>			
		1			
Who [are / were] these other people? (PROBE FOR RELATIONSHIP OF CHILD, OR DESCRIPTIVE TERMS)		rr21(x)_2			
		RA-28			
<1> FRIENDS OF CHILD		TA-41			
<2> CLASSMATES		<u>RA-28</u>			
<3> ACQUAINTANCES					
<4> RELATIVES					
<5> STRANGERS MY CHILD MET ON THE STREET					
<77> SOMETHING ELSE (SPECIFY)		1			
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED / MISSING		1			

rr 18(x)	The "state" refers to the state the <u>respondent</u> was living in at the time the [child / children] left home, chose not return home, or was not allowed to return.
rr19(x)_2	This includes <u>anyone</u> the child was with <u>at any time</u> while [he / she] was away from home. The "other people" could be either adults or children or both, and could include various situations, such as the [child / children] could have run away with friends who helped plan the running away; or the [child / children] could have met another person or persons after they ran away.
rr20(x)	This question is only asked if the respondent said the [child / children] had been with other people in $rr19(x)_2$ —want to know the <u>total</u> number of other people the child was with while [he / she] was away, even if [he was / swas / they were] with different people at different times. For example, if the [child was / children were] with a friend the first week and then went to another town and stayed with a person they met there, the answer would <2>.
rr21(x)_2	This question is only asked if the respondent said the [child / children] had been with other people in rr19(x)_2 want to know who these people were in relation to the [child / children] (we are <u>not</u> looking for names). Do <u>not</u> read the list of response options; enter the number of a category <u>only if</u> you are very sure that it is the correct relationship. Feel free to ask the respondent to explain in more detail so that you can pick a category or record response under "SPECIFY." If you are recording their response under "SPECIFY," probe if necessary, for more descriptive terms such as "person [he / she / they] met in Chicago," "people in the shelter," "boyfriend," "friend,
	etc.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
NAME]	e best of your knowledge, during this episode) Was [CHILD'S in the company of someone who was dependent on, or g, drugs?		rr22(x)_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-11</u>		t.
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
	e best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did [CHILD'S spend time in a place where criminal activity was <u>known</u> to ng on?		rr23(x)_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-27</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
What v	vas that place?		rr24(x)_2		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-28</u>		
What o	riminal activity was going on there?		rr25(x)_2		
			···· <b>·</b>		
<98>	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW				
<90>	REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-29</u>		r.
How d	id you know about this criminal activity?		rr26(x)_2		
			•		
<77><98>	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW				
~30>	REFUSED / MISSING		<u>NRA-30</u>		

rr22(x)_2	This question is only asked if the respondent said the [child / children] had been with other people in rr19(x)_2—we want to know if any of the people were drug addicts. This includes <u>any</u> time while the [child was / children were] away from home. If necessary, emphasize, "To the best of your knowledge."
rr23(x)_2	This question, and the three follow-up questions, are only asked if the respondent said the [child / children] had been with other people in rr19(x)_2—we want to know if any of the people were criminals. This includes <u>any</u> time while the child was away from home. If necessary, emphasize, "To the best of your knowledge."
rr24(x)_2	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was present where criminal activity was going on in rr23(x)_2—we want to know where the child was when the criminal activity was going on. This could be a public place, such as a park, a street corner, or bus station, or it could be someone's house or car, or a shelter. Wherever the child was.
rr25(x)_2	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was present where criminal activity was going on in rr23(x)_2—we want to know what the activity was that the child was present to.

rr26(x)\_2 This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was present where criminal activity was going on in rr23(x)\_2—we want to know how the respondent found out about the child being present when criminal activity was going on. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activity could have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
During thi things of	is episode, did [CHILD'S NAME]: Steal any money or value?	i	rr27(x)_2		
<1> Y	ES				
<5> N	0	1	<u>NRA-31</u>		
<8> D	ON'T KNOW		INC JI		
<7> R	EFUSED / MISSING	1 1 1			
(During th	nis episode, did [CHILD'S NAME]:) Destroy property?		rr28(x)_2		
<1> Y	ES				
<5> N	0	1			
<8> D	ON'T KNOW		<u>NRA-31</u>		
<7> R	EFUSED / MISSING				
(During th assault ar	nis episode, did [CHILD'S NAME]:) Attack or sexually nother person?		rr29(x)_2		
<1> Y	ES				
<5> N	0		NRA-31		
<8> D	ON'T KNOW		INNA-51		
<7> R	EFUSED / MISSING		· ·		
(During th	nis episode, did [CHILD'S NAME]:) Sell drugs?	i • •	rr30(x)_2		
<1> Y	ES	i F			
<5> N					
<8> D	ON'T KNOW	ł	NRA-31		
	EFUSED / MISSING				

rr27(x)_2	This includes any time while the child was away from home.
rr28(x)_2	
rr29(x)_2	
rr30(x)_2	i de la construcción de

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	this episode, did [CHILD'S NAME]:) Engage in any sexual nexchange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay?		rr31(x)_2			
-	YES		RA-71b TA-87b			
<5> 1	NO		<u>NRA-31</u>			
<8> I	DON'T KNOW		MV DI			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
During the criminal a	his episode, did [CHILD'S NAME]: Engage in any other activity?		rr32(x)_2			
<1>	YES					
<5> I	NO		<u>NRA-31</u>			
<8> I	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
What kin	nd of criminal activity?		rr33(x)_2		•	
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
× J0/ 1			NRA-32b			

rr31(x)_2	This includes any time while the child was away from home.
rr32(x)_2	
	í
	1
	This question will only be asked if the respondent said that the child engaged in other criminal activity in rr32(x)_2.
rr33(x)_2	
	Record the response clearly and thoroughly.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
in the	g this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] was involved criminal activity you just described). How did you find out this activity?		r34f(x)			
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
ļ.						
in the	g this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] was involved criminal activity you just described.) Was this activity ed to the police?		r35f(x)		~	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING			:		
in the	g this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] was involved criminal activity you just described.) Was [CHILD'S NAME] ed because of this activity?		r36f(x)	; · · ·	•	0
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					

For each "YES" to  $rr27(x)_2 - rr32(x)_2$ , a series of three questions will be asked. **NOTE**: The question text will include the criminal activity, except in the case of "other;" if the respondent says the child was involved in some other criminal activity, you need to keep track of what the respondent says, so that you can remind them about what these questions are referring to.

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r34f(x)	If respondent answere	d "YES" to question $rr32(x)_2$ (child engaged in any other criminal activity), this series of
r35f(x)	three questions will be	asked.
r36f(x)	cri	is means, how the respondent found out about the child being involved in <u>this particular</u> minal activity. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activity uld have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.
	r35f(x): Th	e answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity, including the respondent.
		e answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the child was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not r something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	-
During this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] stole money or things of value. How did you find out about this activity?		r34a(x)			
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED / MISSING	;				
	÷				
(During this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] stole money or things of value.) Was this activity reported to the police?	!	r35a(x)			
<1> YES					
<5> NO	t				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					
	ł				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+			-	
(During this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] stole money or things of value.) Was [CHILD'S NAME] arrested because of this activity?		r36a(x)			
<1> YES	1				
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	1				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING					

r34a(x)	If respondent answer	ed "YES" to question rr27(x)_2 (child stole money or things of value), this series of three
r35a(x)	questions will be aske	ed.
r36a(x)	s T	
	r34a(x): T	his means, how the respondent found out about the child being involved in this particular
	c	riminal activity. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activit
	с	ould have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.
	r35a(x): T	The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity, including the responde
	r36a(x): T	The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the child was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, r
	' fe	or something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.

L

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	g this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] destroyed rty. How did you find out about this activity?		r34b(x)		
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING				
	ng this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] destroyed rty.) Was this activity reported to the police?		r35b(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
	ng this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] destroyed rty.) Was [CHILD'S NAME] arrested because of this activity?		r36b(x)		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
	DON'T KNOW				
<8>					

34b(x)	If respondent answered "YES" to question rr28(x)_2 (child destroyed property), this series of three questions will b
r35b(x)	' asked.
r36b(x)	
	r34b(x): This means, how the respondent found out about the child being involved in this particular
	criminal activity. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activit
	could have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.
	r35b(x): The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity, including the respondent
	r36b(x): The answer is "YES" only if the child was arrested because of this particular criminal activity, r
	for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	g this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] attacked or Ily assaulted another person. How did you find out about this y?		r34c(x)			
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
	ig this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] attacked or Ily assaulted another person.) Was this activity reported to plice?		r35c(x)			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		· ·			
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
sexual	ng this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] attacked or Ily assaulted another person.) Was [CHILD'S NAME] arrested se of this activity?		r36c(x)			
<1>	YES		а .			
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING		1			Ê

r34c(x)	If respondent answered "YES" to question rr29(x)_2 (child attacked or sexually assaulted another person), this
r35c(x)	series of three questions will be asked.
r36c(x)	
	r34c(x): This means, how the respondent found out about the child being involved in this particular
	criminal activity. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activity
	could have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.
	r35c(x): The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity, including the responde
	r36c(x): The answer is "YES" only if the child was arrested because of this particular criminal activity,
	for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.

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		· · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
		this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] sold drugs. d you find out about this activity?		r34d(x)			
	<77> <98>	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW					
	<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
		this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] sold drugs.) is activity reported to the police?		r35d(x)			
	<1>	YES					
	<5>	NO	1				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	1				
,							
		this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] sold drugs.) HILD'S NAME] arrested because of this activity?		r36d(x)			
i	<1>	YES					
,	<5>	NO	1				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	I				
,	<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					

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r34d(x):	This means, how the respondent found out about the child being involved in this particular
	criminal activity. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activity
	could have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.
r35d(x):	The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity, including the responde
r36d(x):	The answer is "YES" only if the child was arrested because of this particular criminal activity, r
	for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.
	r35d(x):

ł

_		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
sexua	g this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] engaged in I activity in exchange for money, drugs, food, or a place to How did you find out about this activity?		r34e(x)			
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING					
			- · · · · · ·		-	
sexua	ng this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] engaged in I activity in exchange for money, drugs, food, or a place to Was this activity reported to the police?		r35e(x)			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
sexua	ng this episode, you stated that [CHILD'S NAME] engaged in I activity in exchange for money, drugs, food, or a place to Was [CHILD'S NAME] arrested because of this activity?		r36e(x)			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					-
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING					
						-

r <b>34e(x)</b>	If respondent answered "YES" to question rr31(x)_2 (child engaged in sexual activity in exchange for money, drugs,								
r <b>35e(x)</b>	food, or a place to stay), this series of three questions will be asked.								
r36e(x)									
	r34e(x): This means, how the respondent found out about the child being involved in this particular								
	criminal activity. For example, the child could have told the respondent, or the criminal activit								
	could have been reported to the police and the police contacted the family.								
	r35e(x): The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity, including the responde								
	r36e(x): The answer is "YES" only if the child was arrested because of this particular criminal activity,								
	for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.								
	!								

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] contact you at any time during this episode?		rr37		
<1> YES		RA-29 TA-42		
<5> NO		<u>RA-29</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED / MISSING				
	<b>.</b> .			
During how much of the episode [have you known / did you know] where [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were]? Was	ff73	rr38		
it:	PA-41	RA-30 TA-43		
<1> most of the time, <2> more than half of the time,	<u>PA-41</u>	<u>RA-30</u>		
<3> less than half of the time,				
<4> or not at all?				
		•		

Up to this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions to refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."

rr37: If there is more than one child listed, add the word "or" before the last child's name, for example, "Did John, Bill, <u>or</u> Jim contact ...?" This includes any kind of contact—the answer to this question is "YES" if the [child / children] called the respondent's home, even if [he / she / they] did not speak directly to the respondent. It would also be "YES" if the [child / children] called someone else and asked that person to call the respondent for [him / her / them].

ff73 rr38

rr37

This only includes what the respondent <u>knew</u> (not what they thought or what they assumed or what they suspected) during the time the [child was / children were] away from home <u>during this episode</u>. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. Do not hesitate to reread the categories if it will help the respondent determine which answer [he / she] thinks is correct.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	_
Did you know the actual address or phone number where [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were] staying?	ff74	rr39			
<1> YES	PA-42	RA-31 TA-44			•
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-42</u>	<u>RA-31</u>			
<7> REFUSED	1				
	!				
	i 				
What information [did] you have about [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]'s location?	ff75	rr40	· · · · · · · ·	·	
<77> SPECIFY		RA-32 TA-45			
<98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED	<u>PA-42a</u>	<u>RA-32</u>			
	: :				
	, , , ,				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· <u> </u>			

This question is only asked if the respondent said that [he / she] knew where the [child was / children were] at least ff74 part of the time [he was / she was / they were] away (<1>, <2>, or <3> in [ff73 / rr38]). rr39 This question refers to the place the [child was / children were] staying while with the ff74: perpetrator. This guestion refers to the [place / places] the [child was / children were] staying while [he was rr39: / she was / they were] away from home. If the respondent indicates that [he / she] knew at least one address where the [child / children] lived while away, even if [he / she] did not know all of the addresses, enter <1> for "YES." This question is only asked if the respondent said that [he / she] did not know the [child's / children's] exact address ff75 while [he was / she was / they were] away in [ff74 / rr39]-we want to know what information [he / she] did have. rr40 If some of the children have returned and others have not, be sensitive when asking the question, and be careful to record any information the respondent had about any of the [child's / children's] location while [he was / she was / they were] away-those who returned and those that are still away from home. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. At this point, in the rare event that it is necessary, a message will appear on the CATI screen, ff75:

75: At this point, in the <u>rare</u> event that it is necessary, a message will appear on the CATI screen, instructing you that now is the time to ask a series of additional questions about this episode that will be found on a brief <u>hard-copy</u> questionnaire. You will use the BLUE version.

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## "CAR SERIES"-PARENT'S CONCERN

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
While this episode was going on, was there a point in time when you or someone else in your household <u>became concerned</u> because you did not know where [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were]? (That is, you realized your [child was / children were] missing)?	ff76	rr41	nn66	<b>gg14</b> GM-10
<1> YES <5> NO <6> NOT APPLICABLEASSAULT ONLY <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED	<u>CAR-1</u>	<u>CAR-1</u>	<u>CAR-1</u>	<u>CAR-1</u>
What were the exact events that caused you (or someone else in your household) to be concerned about where your [child was / children were]? (PROBE FOR DETAILS. IF NECESSARY: What happened to make you become concerned? Why did you become concerned?) <77> SPECIFY	<b>ff77</b> <u>CAR-2</u>	<b>rr42</b> <u>CAR-2</u>	nn67 <u>CAR-2</u>	<b>gg15</b> <u>CAR-2</u>
<98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED		4 · · - · ·	· ·	

## "CAR SERIES"—PARENTS' CONCERN

The following is an important series of questions for determining how serious this episode was.

ff76 rr41 nn66 gg14	This question screens respondents into or skips respondents past, the series of questions regarding the respondent's concern over the [child / children]. nn66: <u>This question will not apply if this is an assault only</u> , so just enter <6> for "NOT APPLICABLE."
ff77 rr42 nn67 gg15	Probe for details—we want to know exactly what [event / events] alarmed the respondent. Make sure you record everything the respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to the respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.
	i de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la constru La construcción de la construcción d

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
How long had the episode been going on when you (or someone	ff78a	rr43a_2	nn68a	gg16a	
else in your household) became concerned?	PA-25		SA-33	GM-10	
<1 - 90> DURATION					
<95> IMMEDIATELY [NFA]	<u>CAR-3</u>	CAR-3	CAR-3	<u>CAR-3</u>	
<96> IMMEDIATELY [FA / RATA]					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
	<b>67</b> 0				
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff78u	rr43u	nn68u	gg16u	
<1> MINUTES					
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS					
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS					
		L			
					E
How long had you been concerned when you found out that your	ff79a	φ	nn69a		
son / daughter / children] had been [kept / taken]?					
IF NECESSARY: That is, you found out what had happened.)	PA-25		SA-33		
<1 - 90> DURATION	<u>PA-25</u>		<u>SA-33</u>		
<95> IMMEDIATELY [NFA]					
<96> IMMEDIATELY [FA]					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED		,			
· · · · · · ·				÷ .	
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff79u		nn69u		
<1> MINUTES					
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS		1			
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS					

This question assumes that the respondent knows when the episode actually began, that is, when the [child / ff78a rr43a 2 children] started to be somewhere other than where [he was / she was / they were] supposed to be. nn68a However, the calculation must start from when the [child / children] started being gg16a ff78a: nn68a: somewhere other than where [he was / she was / they were] supposed to be, not when the respondent noticed [he was / she was / they were] gone. gg16a: rr43a 2: However, the calculation must start from when the [child / children] left home, not when the respondent noticed [he was / she was / they were] gone. If the respondent does not know exactly when the episode began, try to get an estimate of how long the [child / children] had been missing when the respondent became concerned. For example, you could say: "Was it the same day?" Do not probe too long-if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning. If the respondent saw the abduction or was told right away that the [child was / children ff78a: nn68a: were] not going to be returned, and became concerned at that time, enter <96> for gg16a: "IMMEDIATELY." rr43a 2: Only enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY" if the respondent knew when the [child / children] left and became worried right away. This question refers to the time that elapsed between when the respondent became concerned, and when [he / she] ff79a found out what had happened to the [child / children]. If the respondent says [he / she] does not know, ask nn69a whether [he / she] could estimate how long it was. For example, you could say: "Did you find out the same day?" Do not probe too long-if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning. If the respondent saw the abduction or was told right away that the [child was / children were] not

going to be returned, enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY."

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
At the time you (or some one else in your household) became concerned, what did you (or this other person) know about where [CHILD'S NAME] was? Did you know: which town or city [he / she] was in?	ff80(x)	rr44(x)_2	nn70(x)	gg17(x)	I
<1> YES	CAR-4	CAR-4	CAR-4	CAR-4	
<5> NO	1				
<7> REFUSED					
(At the time you (or some one else in your household) became concerned, what did you (or this other person) know about where [CHILD'S NAME] was?) Did you know: which neighborhood [he / she] was in?	ff81(x)	rr45(x)	nn71(x)	<b>gg18(x)</b>	
<1> YES	<u>CAR-4</u>	CAR-4	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	
<5> NO					
<7> REFUSED					
At the time you (or some one else in your household) became	ff82(x)	rr46(x)	nn72(x)	gg19(x)	
<u>concerned</u> , what did you (or this other person) know about where [CHILD'S NAME] was? Did you know: the house, dwelling or building [he / she] was in?	, , ,				
<1> YES	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	
<5> NO	ł			r	
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—CHILD OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA]					
<6> NOT APPLICABLE [GM]	4 0				
<7> REFUSED					
,	•	÷ .			
(At the time you (or some one else in your household) became concerned, what did you (or this other person) know about where [CHILD'S NAME] was?) Did you know: the house, dwelling or building where [he / she] would be <u>spending the night</u> ?	ff83(x)	rr47(x)	nn73(x)	gg20(x)	
<1> YES	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	CAR-4	<u>CAR-4</u>	
<5> NO	 				
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—CHILD OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA]					
<6> NOT APPLICABLE [GM]				r.	
<7> REFUSED					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 : += · · ·				

ff80(x) rr44(x)_2 nn70(x) gg17(x)	This series of questions is asked separately for each child involved. Only include what the respondent knew at t time that [he / she] first became concerned about the [child / children] and what [he / she] knew about where the child <u>actually</u> was, <u>not</u> what the respondent knew about where the [child was / children were] <u>supposed</u> to be.
ff81(x)	See specifications for [ff80(x) / rr44(x)_2 / nn70(x) / gg17(x)] above.
rr45(x)	
nn71(x)	This question, about the neighborhood the child was in, will be skipped if the respondent said "NO" to [ff80(x) /
gg18(x)	rr44(x)_2 / nn70(x) / gg17(x)].
ff82(x)	See specifications for [ff80(x) / rr44(x)_2 / nn70(x) / $gg17(x)$ ] above.
rr46(x)	
nn72(x)	This question, about the building the child was in, will be skipped if the respondent said "NO" to [ff80(x) / rr44(
gg19(x)	/ nn70(x) / gg17(x)] <u>or</u> [ff81(x) / rr45(x) / nn71(x) / gg18(x)].

**ff83(x)** See specifications for [ff80(x) /  $rr44(x)_2$  / nn70(x) / gg17(x)] above.

rr47(x)nn73(x) This question, about where the child would be overnight, is especially important for determining how serious the

**gg20(x)** episode was so it will be asked regardless of how the respondent answered the previous questions. It seems awkward to ask again about the building where the child would be, but this question concerns where the child would be <u>during the night</u>.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
concer	e time you (or some one else in your household) became rned, what did you (or this other person) know about where D'S NAME] was?) Did you know: who [he / she] was with?	ff84(x)	rr48(x)_2	nn74(x)	gg21(x)
<1>	YES	<b>C1D</b> 4	CAD 4		CAD 4
<5>	NO	CAR-4	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
conce	e time you (or some one else in your household) became rned, what did you (or this other person) know about where D'S NAME] was?) Did you know: where [he / she] was ?		rr49(x)_2	nn75(x)	gg22(x)
<1>	YES	<u>CAR-4</u>	<u>CAR-4</u>	CAR-4	CAR-4
<5>	NO				
<7>	REFUSED				
descri house	point you were <u>most</u> concerned, which of the following best bes <u>how</u> concerned you (or the other person in your hold) were about where [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S S] [was / were]? Would you say:	ff86	rr50	nn76	gg23
	mildly concerned,	CAR-5	<u>CAR-5</u>	CAR-5	<u>CAR-5</u>
<1>					
<1> <2>	somewhat concerned,	,			
-	somewhat concerned, alarmed, or				
<2>	·				
<2> <3>	alarmed, or				

ff84(x)	This series of questions is asked separately for each child involved. Only include what the respondent knew at the					
 rr48(x)_2 time that [he / she] first became concerned about the child, and what [he / she] knew about where th						
nn74(x)	actually was, not what the respondent knew about where the child was supposed to be.					
gg21(x)						
 ff85(x)	See specifications for [ff84(x) / rr48(x)_2 / nn74(x) / gg21(x)] above.					
rr49(x)_2						
nn75(x)						
gg22(x)						
ff86	Emphasize "most concerned" when you read the question. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T					
rr50	KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the					
nn76	answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. Do not hesitate to reread the statements if it will help					
gg23	the respondent determine which answer [he / she] thinks is correct.					

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	÷
For how long did you (or this other person in your household) remain alarmed about where [your son was / your daughter was/ your children were]?	ff87a	rr51a_2	nn77a	gg24a	
<1 - 90> DURATION	CAR-7	<u>CAR-7</u>	<u>CAR-7</u>	<u>CAR-7</u>	
<95> STILL ALARMED					
<96> THE WHOLE TIME					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff87u	rr51u	nn77u	gg24u	
<1> MINUTES					
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS					
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS					
Did you (or this other person in your household) do anything to try to find [him / her / them]?	ff88	rr52	nn78	gg25	
<1> YES					
<5> NO	<u>CAR-8</u>	<u>CAR-8</u>	<u>CAR-8</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u></u>				
<7> REFUSED					
How soon after becoming concerned about where [he was / she was / they were] did you (or this other person) start trying to find [him / her / them]?	ff89a	rr53a_2	nn79a	gg26a	
<1 - 90> DURATION	<u>CAR-9</u>	<u>CAR-9</u>	<u>CAR-9</u>	<u>CAR-9</u>	
<95> IMMEDIATELY					
<98> DON'T KNOW				,	
<97> REFUSED					
UNIT OF TIME)	ff89u	rr53u	nn79u	gg26u	
<1> MINUTES				-	
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS		,			
<4> WEEKS					
<4> WEEKS <5> MONTHS					

ff87a rr51a\_2 nn77a gg24a

ff88

rr52

This question is only asked if the respondent said "alarmed" or "very alarmed" in [ff86 / rr50 / nn76 / gg23]-we want to know how long [he / she] was alarmed. If the respondent says [he / she] does not know, ask whether [he / she] could estimate how long it was. Depending on what you know about the episode, you could say: "Was it within one week (or two days)?" Do not probe too long-if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning. If the respondent is still alarmed, which may be the case if the [child / children] are still missing, enter <95> for "still alarmed." If the respondent in any way indicates that [he / she] was alarmed the entire time the [child / children] [was / were / has been / have been] missing, enter <96> for "the whole time."

Includes anything that was done while the [child was / children were] away. If the respondent does not say "YES," you will skip to [ff93(x) / rr57(x)\_2 / nn83(x) / gg30(x)]. If the respondent says "YES," they may start to tell you what they did-you need to say: "I'll ask for the details in a moment, first let me ask ..." and go to [ff89a / rr53a\_2 / nn78 nn79a / gq26a]. gg25

This question is only asked if the respondent said something was done to try to find the [child / children] in [ff88 / ff89a rr52 / nn78 / gg25]-we want to know how soon these efforts were started. If the respondent says [he / she] does rr53a\_2 not know, ask whether [he / she] could estimate when it was. You could say: "Was it the same day?" Do not nn79a probe too long-if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning. If gg26a the respondent started to search for the [child / children] right away, enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY."

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	. <b>.</b>
What did you (or this other person) do to try to find [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]? (INCLUDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE)	ff90a	rr54a_2	nn80a	gg27a	
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW	<u>CAR-10</u>	<u>CAR-10</u>	<u>CAR-10</u>	<u>CAR-10</u>	
<97> REFUSED					
How long did you (or this other person) continue your efforts to try to find [him / her / them]?	ff91a	rr55a_2	nn81a	gg28a	
<1 - 90> DURATION					
<95> ON-GOING	<u>CAR-11</u>	<u>CAR-11</u>	<u>CAR-11</u>	<u>CAR-11</u>	
<96> THE WHOLE TIME					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff91u	rr55u	nn81u	gg28u	
<1> MINUTES					
<2> HOURS			,		
<3> DAYS		1	1		
<4> WEEKS			,		
<5> MONTHS					
			-	-	
Did any of these efforts result in you (or this other person) finding out where [he was / she was / they were]?	ff92	rr56	nn82	gg29	
<1> YES					
<5> NO	CAR-12	CAR-12	CAR-12	CAR-12	
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
			1		

ff90a rr54a_2 nn80a gg27a	This question is only asked if the respondent said something was done to try to find the [child / children] in [ff88 / rr52 / nn78 / gg25]—we want to know what was done. This includes <u>anything</u> that was done. Keep probing and make sure you record everything the respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to the respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.					
ff91a rr55a_2 nn81a	This question is only asked if the respondent said something was done to try to find the [child / children] in [ff88 rr52 / nn78 / gg25].					
gg28a	ff91a: We want to know how soon these efforts were started.					
	gg28a: We want to know how soon these efforts were started.					
	rr55a_2: We want to know how long these efforts lasted.					
	nn81a: We want to know how long these efforts continued.					

If the respondent says [he / she] does not know, ask whether [he / she] could <u>estimate</u> when it was. You could say: "Was it the same day?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning. If the respondent is still trying to locate the [child / children], which may be the case if the [child / children] are still missing, enter <95> for "on-going." If the respondent says that [he / she] continued looking for the [child / children] the whole time, enter <96>.

ff92This question is only asked if the respondent said something was done to try to find the [child / children] in [ff88 /rr56rr52 / nn78 / gg25]—we want to know if these efforts were successful.

nn82 gg29

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
How much time passed from when you (or someone in your household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>found</u> (you discovered where [he / she] was)?	ff93(x)	rr57(x)_2	nn83(x)	<b>gg30(x)</b> GM-21
	CAR-13	<u>CAR-13</u>	CAR-13	CAR-13
<1 - 90> DURATION				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff93(x)_2	rr58(x)_2	nn83(x)_2	gg30(x)_2
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS	:			
<4> WEEKS				
<5> MONTHS	:			
	ff94(x)	rr59(x)_2	nn84(x)	gg31(x)
How much time passed from when you (or someone in your household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>returned</u> ? <1 - 90> DURATION <96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA] <98> DON'T KNOW	ff94(x) <u>CAR-14</u>	<b>rr59(x)_2</b> <u>CAR-14</u>	nn84(x) <u>CAR-14</u>	<b>gg31(x)</b> <u>CAR-14</u>
household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>returned</u> ? <1 - 90> DURATION <96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA] <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED				
household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>returned</u> ? <1 - 90> DURATION <96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA] <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED (UNIT OF TIME)	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>
household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>returned</u> ? <1 - 90> DURATION <96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA] <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED (UNIT OF TIME) <1> MINUTES	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>
household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>returned</u> ? <1 - 90> DURATION <96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA] <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED (UNIT OF TIME) <1> MINUTES <2> HOURS	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>
household) became concerned about where [CHILD'S NAME] was and when [he / she] was actually <u>returned</u> ? <1 - 90> DURATION <96> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA] <98> DON'T KNOW <97> REFUSED (UNIT OF TIME) <1> MINUTES	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>	<u>CAR-14</u>

ff93(x)	This question is asked separately for each child involved in the episode who has been returned. This question refers
rr57(x)_2	; to the time that elapsed between when the respondent became concerned, and when [he / she] found out where
nn83(x)	the child was. If the respondent says [he / she] does not know, ask whether [he / she] could estimate when it was.
gg30(x)	Depending on what you know about the episode, you could say: "Was it within one week (or two days)?" Do not
	probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

ff94(x) rr59(x)\_2 nn84(x) gg31(x)

This question is asked separately for each child involved in the episode who has been <u>returned</u>. This question refers to the time that elapsed between when the respondent became concerned, and when the child was returned to where [he / she] belonged. It is not usual for this to be <u>the same amount of time</u> that elapsed between when the respondent became concerned, and when [he / she] found out where the child <u>was</u> (i.e., [ff93(x) / rr57(x)\_2 / nn83(x) / gg30(x)]). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know, ask whether [he / she] could <u>estimate</u> when it was. Depending on what you know about the episode, you could say: "Was it within one week (or two days)?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
During the time when you were attempting to locate the [child / children], [was / were] the [child / children] trying to get home or make contact with you? (ANY OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)				gg32
<1> YES				<u>NGM-12</u>
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
	; 4 ◆			
Did your [child / children] know <u>how</u> to make contact with you? ( <u>ANY</u> OF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)	1			gg33
<1> YES	1			
<5> NO	4			NGM-13
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			<u>11011 XQ</u>
<7> REFUSED				
·	 			<b>.</b>

This series of questions in General Missing, gg32 – gg36, about the [child / children] attempting to contact the [parent / caretaker], is only asked for [child / children] six years old or older.

At this point, we have been asking about each child individually (asking questions separately for each child), and now we are going back to asking questions to refer to all the children. If more than one child was involved in the episode, the following words will appear for you to read: "The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode."

Note that these questions and statements are worded in the <u>past tense</u>—in the <u>rare event</u> that the [child / children] are still missing you will need to adjust the verbs yourself.

gg32 This is an important question for determining how serious this episode is.

gg33

j

This means, were the [child / children] aware of how to get in touch with the [parent / caretaker]—did they know where the [parent / caretaker] was, did they know how to reach [him / her], such as the phone number, and so on.

		FA	۱ 	RATA	NFA	GM
you we	ur [child / children] know how to return home or to where ere? DF THE CHILDREN INVOLVED)					gg34
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	4				<u>NGM-14</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
childre			·		,	gg35
<77> <98>	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW	1				
<97>	REFUSED	t				<u>NGM-15</u>
<b>~</b> 3/2	KLFU3ED					
Was th not cor	nat a place where [he / she / they] could not leave or could ntact anyone?	, I				gg36
<1>	YES					а.
<5>	NO	   				NGM-16
<8>	DON'T KNOW					<u>110, 1 10</u>
<7>	REFUSED					

gg34	This means, were the [child / children] aware of how to get home, for example, did they know how to get transportation.
gg35	This could be a public place, such as a park or bus station, or it could be someone's house, or a shelter, or it could be an outdoor place, like "in the woods." Wherever the [child was / children were]. <u>Get as much description as possible</u> so that the coder can make a judgment about how much risk the [child was / children were] in.
gg36	For example, were they lost, or hurt, or were they in a place where there was no telephone and no one to ask for help (such as lost in the woods).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	u or anyone else in your household contact the police about	ff95	rr61	nn85	gg37
this ep	isode?	PA-43	RA-33	SA-34	GM-13d
<1>	YES	x #	TA-46		
<5>	NO	POL-1	POL-1	POL-1	POL-1
<8>	DON'T KNOW	ł		<u>SA-35</u>	
<7>	REFUSED	ļ ·			
	was the reason this episode was not reported to the police?	ff96a	rr62a_2	nn86a	gg38a
Can y	ou tell me a little more?) What other reason?	PA-44	RA-34	SA-35	
<77>	SPECIFY		TA-47	54 55	
<98>	RESPONDENT NOT PRESENT OR DOESN'T KNOW WHY IT WASN'T REPORTED	<u>NCVS-117</u> <u>PA-44</u>	<u>NCVS-117</u> <u>PA-44</u>	<u>NCVS-117</u> <u>SA-36</u>	<u>NCVS-117</u> PA- <u>44</u>
<97>	REFUSED		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
Which why th (IF NE	Y ONE REASON CODE 91, OTHERWISE ASK: one of these would you say was the <u>most important</u> reason the episode was not reported to the police? CESSARY: Which one of the reasons that you just told me	ff97	rr63	nn87	gg39
	was the most important?)	NCVS-118	NCVS-118	NCVS-118	NCVS-118
	ONLY ONE REASON GIVEN			,	
<77>					
<95> <98>	NO ONE REASON MORE IMPORTANT RESPONDENT NOT PRESENT OR DOESN'T KNOW WHY IT WASN'T REPORTED				
<97>	REFUSED				
Did an	yone <u>outside</u> your household contact the police about this	ff98	rr64	nn88	gg40
episod					
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	POL-1a	POL-1a	POL-1a	POL-1a
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>FOL-10</u>			TOL 10
<7>	REFUSED				
	ontacted the police (what is this person's relationship to the / children])?	ff99	rr65	nn89	gg41
<777>	> SPECIFY				
		POL-1a1	<u>POL-1a1</u>	POL-1a1	<u>POL-1a1</u>
<998>	> DON'T KNOW				

ff95 rr61 nn85 gg37	CONTACT WITH POLICE Any kind of contact with the police about <u>this</u> particular episode should be recorded <1> for "YES."
ff96a rr62a_2 nn86a gg38a	This question, and the three after it, are only asked if the answer to [ff95 / $\pi$ 61 / nn85 / gg37] is <u>not</u> "YES." Carefully and completely record exactly what the respondent tells you.
ff97 rr63 nn87 gg39	This question is asked regardless of the answer to [ff96a / rr62a_2 / nn86a / gg38a]. If the respondent only gave one reason in [ff96a / rr62a_2 / nn86a / gg38a] for not contacting the police, enter <91>. If the respondent said "DON'T KNOW" in [ff96a / rr62a_2 / nn86a / gg38a], enter <98>. Otherwise ask the question about the one most important reason they gave in [ff96a / rr62a_2 / nn86a / gg38a]. Carefully and completely record exactly what the respondent tells you. NOTE: Because this question comes from another survey, we cannot alter the wording, but we have created another sentence you can use to clarify the meaning of the question—use it if you need to, but or <u>after</u> you have read the original question wording.

ff98This question is only asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW, or "REFUSED" to [ff95 / rr61 / nn85 / gg37].rr64Includes other relatives not living in the household or neighbors, who made any kind of contact with the police aboutnn88this particular episode.gg40

ff99This question is only asked if the respondent said that someone outside the household contacted the police in [ff98 /rr65rr64 / nn88 / gg40]. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the relationship of the person who contactednn89the police to the [child / children].gg41

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	or the other person) became concerned were	ff100	rr66a_2	nn90a	gg42a
he police contacted?		PA-45	RA-35 TA-48	5A-36	GM-14
<1 - 90> DURATION					
<95> IMMEDIATELY	(	POL-2	<u>POL-2</u>	POL-2	POL-2
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
(UNIT OF TIME)		ff100_2	rr66u	nn90u	gg42u
<1> MINUTES			I.		
<2> HOURS		-			
<3> DAYS					
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS					
When people call the police, sometimes it is to help them locate a missing child, sometimes it is to help them recover a child whose general location is known, and sometimes police are contacted for some other reason, such as to report a crime or catch an offender. Was the purpose of this report to the police:		ff101 POL-4	<b>rr67</b> <i>TA-49</i> <u>POL-4</u>	nn91 <u>POL-4</u>	<b>gg43</b> <u>POL-4</u>
<1> primarily to lo	cate a missing child,		<u></u>		<u></u>
<2> primarily to re	cover a child whose location was known, or				
	,				
	ome other reason?				
	ome other reason?				
<3> primarily for s <8> DON'T KNOW	ome other reason?				
<3> primarily for s <8> DON'T KNOW	ome other reason?		· · ·		
<3> primarily for s <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED I just want to confirm you did not know whe wanted the police to f	ome other reason?	ff101_2	rr67a_2	nn91a	gg43a
<3> primarily for s <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED I just want to confirm you did not know whe wanted the police to h (You were <u>not</u> calling	ome other reason? . This means that when you called the police, are your [child was / children were] and you help you find [him / her / them]?			nn91a	gg43a
<3> primarily for s <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED I just want to confirm you did not know whe wanted the police to h (You were <u>not</u> calling <1> YES	ome other reason? . This means that when you called the police, are your [child was / children were] and you help you find [him / her / them]?		rr67a_2	nn91a	gg43a
<3> primarily for s <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED I just want to confirm you did not know whe wanted the police to h (You were <u>not</u> calling <1> YES	ome other reason? This means that when you called the police, re your [child was / children were] and you help you find [him / her / them]? the police for some other reason.)			nn91a	gg43a

qxqs - adult.doc

ff100 rr66a\_2 nn90a gg42a

gg43

This question is only asked if the respondent said that [he / she] or someone outside the household contacted the police ("YES" to [ff95 / rr61 / nn85 / gg37] or [ff98 / rr64 / nn88 / gg40]).

NOTE: Say "the other person" rather than "you" if the respondent did <u>not</u> contact the police ("NO" to [ff95 / rr61 / nn85 / gg37]) but someone else did ("YES" to [ff98 / rr64 / nn88 / gg40]). If the respondent contacted the police as soon as [he / she] realized the [child was / children were] missing, enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY." If the respondent tells you [he / she] "Doesn't know" or "Can't remember," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could <u>estimate</u> how long it was before [he / she] contacted the police. If necessary, you could help the respondent's recall by asking "Were the police contacted the same day?" If the answer is "YES," you could then ask: "Do you think that you contacted the police within an hour after you found out?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

NOTE: The phrase "after you became concerned" is used in this question, even if the respondent said "NO" to [ff76 / rr41 / nn66 / gg14] ("Was there a point in time when you became concerned ...") If the respondent said "NO" to [ff76 / rr41 / nn66 / gg14], change the wording of this question to: How soon after you (the other person) realized the [child was / children were] missing were the police contacted?

ff101This question is especially important for determining how serious the episode was. Read the question slowly torr67make sure the respondent understands you. Clarify if necessary to make sure you understand what the respondentnn91intends with [his / her] answer.

 ff101\_2
 This question is only asked if the respondent said the police were contacted in order to locate a missing child in

 rr67a\_2
 [ff101 / rr67 / nn91 / gg43]. We want to <u>check</u> that the respondent called the police for this particular reason.

 nn91a
 gg43a

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did the police come when they found out about the episode?	ff102	rr68	nn92	gg44
<1> YES				
<3> RESPONDENT WENT TO POLICE				
<5> NO	NCVS-121	NCVS-121	NCVS-121	NCVS-121
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED	1			
How soon after the police found out did they respond?	ff103	rr69a_2	nn93a	gg44a
<1 - 90> DURATION	۰.			
<98> DON'T KNOW	NCVS-122	NCVS-122	NCVS-122	<u>NCVS-122</u>
<97> REFUSED	<u>11013 122</u>	<u>NCVJ 122</u>	<u>NCV5-122</u>	<u>NCV5-122</u>
(UNIT OF TIME)	ff103_2	rr69u	nn93u	gg44u
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS				
<4> WEEKS				
<5> MONTHS				

ff102	Only enter <1> for "YES" if the police came to the respondent. If the respondent went to the police, enter <3>
rr68	
nn92	
gg44	

ff103	This question is only asked if the respondent said the police came when contacted ([ff102 / rr68 / nn92 / gg44]).
rr69a_2	That is, how long did it take for the police to come. If the respondent tells you [he / she] "Doesn't know" or "Can't
nn93a	remember," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could estimate how long it was before the police came. If necessary, you
gg44a	could help the respondent's recall by asking "Do you think that the police came within an hour after you called?" Do
	not try to probe too long-if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the
	questioning.

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-		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What of take a	What did the police do (at any time during the episode? Did they: ake a report over the phone?		rr70a_2	nn94a	gg45a
		PA-47a	RA-37a	SA-38a	GM-16a
<1>	YES		TA-51a		
<5>	NO	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(What	did the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they: i fficers to your household or the scene?	ff105	rr70b_2	nn94b	gg45b
Scriu C		PA-47b	RA-37b	SA-38b	GM-16b
<1>	YES		TA-51b		
<5>	NO	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>
<7>	REFUSED				
(What	did the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they:	ff106	rr70c_2	nn94c	gg45c
Intervi	ew you or adult household members in person?	PA-47c	RA-37c	CA 290	CM 16+
<1>	YES	FA-7/L	TA-51c	SA-38c	GM-16c
<5>	NO	CA-20	CA 20	CA 20	CA 30
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
What c	lid the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they	ff107	,		45-1
take a	written report?	11107	r <b>r70d_2</b>	nn94d	gg45d
<1>	YES	<b>PA-4</b> 7d	RA-37d	SA-38d	GM-16d
<5>	NO		TA-51d		
<5> <8>	NO DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
What d	lid the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they:	ff108	rr70e_2	nn94e	gg45e
give yo	ou or adult household members a copy of the report?	PA-47e	RA-37e	SA-38e	GM-16e
<1>	YES		TA-51e	0,, 500	0,7200
<5>	NO	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u> </u>	<u>97.90</u>	<u>oc-nc</u>	<u>00-70</u>
<7>	REFUSED				

	ff104 rr70a_2 nn94a gg45a	This series of questions, [ff104 – ff117 / rr70a_2 – rr70h_2 / nn94a – nn94n / gg45a – gg45i] asks what actions the police took at any time during the episode—this means it <u>does not only include</u> what the police did when they were initially contacted but it <u>does only include</u> things that were done while the episode was going on (not things that the police did <u>after</u> the [child was / children were] returned). Remind the respondent of this fact if you feel it is needed.
	ff105 rr70b_2 nn94b gg45b	See specifications for [ff104 / rr70a_2 / nn94a / gg45a] above.
	ff106 rr70c_2 nn94c gg45c	See specifications for [ff104 / rr70a_2 / nn94a / gg45a] above.
•	ff107 rr70d_2 nn94d gg45d	See specifications for [ff104 / rr70a_2 / nn94a / gg45a] above.

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ff108	See specifications for [ff104 / rr70a_2 / nn94a / gg45a] above.
rr70e_2	
nn94e	This question, about whether the police provided a copy of the report, will be skipped if the respondent said "NO,"
gg45e	"DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to [ff107 / rr70d_2 / nn94d / gg45d] (did the police take a report).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	: did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did get photos of the [child / children]?	ff109	rr <b>70f_</b> 2	nn94f	gg45f	
-		PA-47f	RA-37f	SA-38f	GM-61f	
<1>	YES		TA-51f			
<5>	NO	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
(What they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did search or look around?	ff110		nn <b>94g</b>		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	<u>SA-38</u>		<u>SA-38</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>3A-30</u>		<u>JA J0</u>		
<7>	REFUSED					
(What they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did take evidence such as fingerprints or inventory?	ff111	-	nn94h		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	CA 29		<u>SA-38</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-38</u>		<u>3A-30</u>		
<7>	REFUSED					
(Whai they:	t did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did question witnesses or suspects?	ff112		nn94i		
<1>	YES	+				
<5>	NO	CA 39		CA 20		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-38</u>		<u>SA-38</u>		
<7>	REFUSED					
(What	t did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did	ff113		nn94j	<u></u>	
they:	promise surveillance?			····· • <b>·</b>		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	CA 20		CA 30		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-38</u>		<u>SA-38</u>	r.	
- ·	REFUSED	1				

ff109 rr70f_2 nn94f gg45f	This series of questions, [ff104 – ff117 / rr70a_2 – rr70h_2 / nn94a – nn94n / gg45a – gg45i] asks what actions the police took at any time during the episode—this means it <u>does not only include</u> what the police did when they were initially contacted but it <u>does only include</u> things that were done while the episode was going on (not things that the police did <u>after</u> the [child was / children were] returned). Remind the respondent of this fact if you feel it is needed.
ff110 nn94g	See specifications for [ff110 / nn94g] above.
ff111 nn94h	See specifications for [ff110 / nn94g] above.
ff112 nn94i	See specifications for [ff110 / nn94g] above.

.

ff113	See specifications for [ff110 / nn94g] above.
nn94j	

	·····	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What did the poli hey: promise to	ice do (at any time during the episode)?) Did investigate?	ff114		nn94k	gg45g
<1> YES					
<5> NO		<u>SA-38</u>		<u>SA-38</u>	<u>SA-38</u>
<8> DON'T KN	low .	20.32		<u>94.90</u>	<u>2A 30</u>
<7> REFUSED					
(What did the poli they: make an ar	ce do (at any time during the episode)?) Did	ff115		nn94l	
<1> YES					
<1> 123					
< 3> 110 < 8> DON'T KN	OW	<u>SA-38</u>		<u>SA-38</u>	
<7> REFUSED					
What did the coli	$c_{0}$ do (at any time during the opicodo) <sup>2</sup> ). Did	<b>6411</b> C			
(What did the poli hey: refer the ca <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KN <7> REFUSED	ce do (at any time during the episode)?) Did se to another justice agency? OW	<b>ff116</b> PA-47g <u>SA-38</u>	<b>rr70g_2</b> RA-37g TA-51g <u>SA-38</u>	nn <b>94m</b> <i>SA-38g</i> <u>SA-38</u>	<b>gg45h</b> GM-16g <u>SA-38</u>
they: refer the ca <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KN <7> REFUSED	se to another justice agency? OW ce do (at any time during the episode)?) Did	PA-47g	RA-37g TA-51g	SA-38g	GM-16g
they: refer the ca <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KN <7> REFUSED	se to another justice agency? OW ce do (at any time during the episode)?) Did	PA-47g <u>SA-38</u>	RA-37g TA-51g <u>SA-38</u> rr <b>r70h_2</b> RA-37h	SA-38g <u>SA-38</u>	GM-16g <u>SA-38</u>
they: refer the ca <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KN <7> REFUSED What did the polithey: do anything	se to another justice agency? OW ce do (at any time during the episode)?) Did	PA-47g <u>SA-38</u> <b>ff117</b> PA-47h	RA-37g TA-51g <u>SA-38</u> <b>rr70h_2</b> RA-37h TA-51h	SA-38g <u>SA-38</u> nn94n SA-38h	GM-16g <u>SA-38</u> <b>gg45i</b> GM-16h
they: refer the ca <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KN <7> REFUSED What did the poli hey: do anything <1> YES	se to another justice agency? OW ce do (at any time during the episode)?) Did else?	PA-47g <u>SA-38</u> ff117	RA-37g TA-51g <u>SA-38</u> rr <b>r70h_2</b> RA-37h	SA-38g SA-38 nn94n	GM-16g <u>SA-38</u> gg45i

ff114 nn94k gg45g	This series of questions, [ff104 – ff117 / rr70a_2 – rr70h_2 / nn94a – nn94n / gg45a – gg45i] asks what actions the police took at any time during the episode—this means it <u>does not only include</u> what the police did when they were initially contacted but it <u>does only include</u> things that were done while the episode was going on (not things that the police did <u>after</u> the [child was / children were] returned). Remind the respondent of this fact if you feel it is needed
ff115 nn94l	See specifications for [ff114 / nn94k / gg45g] above.
ff116 rr70g_2 nn94m gg45h	See specifications for [ff114 / nn94k / gg45g] above.
ff117 rr70h_2 nn94n	See specifications for [ff114 / nn94k / gg45g] above.

gg45i

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What justice agency did the police refer the case to (to the best of your knowledge)? (EXACT NAME OF AGENCY)	ff118	rr71a_2	<b>nn95a</b> <i>SA-38g</i>	gg46a
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-38m1</u>	<u>SA-38m1</u>	<u>SA-38m1</u>	<u>SA-38m1</u>
<97> REFUSED				
What else did the police do?	f11f9	rr72	nn95c	gg47
<77> SPECIFY	<b>PA</b> -47h	RA-37h	SA-38h	GM-16h
<98> DON'T KNOW		TA-51h		
<97> REFUSED	ļ		<u>SA-38m1</u>	<u>SA-38m1</u>
What did the police tell you (at any time during the episode)?	ff119	rr73_2	nn96	gg48
<77> SPECIFY	PA-46	RA-36	SA-37	GM-15
<98> DON'T KNOW		TA-50		
<97> REFUSED	<u>GM-15</u>	<u>GM-15</u>	<u>GM-15</u>	<u>GM-15</u>
To the best of your knowledge, did the police report the case to: he Federal Parent Locator Service?	ff120	rr74a		I
<1> YES	PA-48a			
5> NO	DA-48	PA-48		
8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-48</u>	<u>ra-40</u>		
<7> REFUSED				

ff118 rr71a_2 nn95a gg46a	This question is only asked if the respondent said that the police referred the case to another justice agency in [ff116 / rr70g_2 / nn94m / gg45h]—we want to know which agency. Encourage the respondent to tell you the exact name of the agency, but if [he / she] does not know, <u>get as much information as you can</u> . NCMEC (National Center for Missing and Exploited Children) or their local offices, <u>may</u> be mentioned; NCMEC is sometimes called the Adam Walsh Center. Make a note of the respondent's answer and do not dispute their understanding (NCMEC is no a justice agency)—the coder will sort it out later.
f11f9 rr72 nn95c gg47	This question is only asked if the respondent said that the police did something other than what is listed in this question series in [rr117 / rr70h_2 / nn94n / gg45i]—we want to know what they did, such as put out an APB. Carefully and completely record everything that the respondent tells you.
ff119 rr73_2 nn96 gg48	Probe if necessary—we want to know about anything the police said at any time during the episode—this means it <u>includes</u> what the police said when they were initially contacted and it <u>also includes</u> things that were said while the episode was going on (not things that the police said <u>after</u> the [child was / children were] returned). The respondent may have <u>already told you</u> what the police said during their answer to one of the previous questions about the police; if so, <u>confirm</u> with the respondent what you are writing down, and ask if there was anything else, other than what they told you so far. Carefully and completely record everything that the respondent tells you.
	rr73_2: NOTE: The police may not get very involved in a missing person or runaway incident. If the respondent says that the police said they could not help or there was nothing they could do or they probably would not find the [child / children] or something along that line, make sure that you include that verbatim.

ff120This series of questions asks about referrals that the local police made to law enforcement agencies at the <u>federal</u>rr74alevel.

Respondents may not be familiar with the Parent Locator Service, even if they say "YES" to this item. If they say, "YES," just take their word for it, and do not try to determine if they are correct.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(To the best of your knowledge, did the police report the case to:)	ff121	rr74b	nn97a	gg49a	
the FBI?	PA-48b	RA-38a TA-52a	SA-39a	GM-17a	
<5> NO	DA_49	<u>PA-48</u>	<u>SA-39</u>	<u>PA-48</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-48</u>	<u>ra-10</u>	<u>38-39</u>	<u>17-10</u>	
<7> REFUSED	i i				
(To the best of your knowledge, did the police report the case to:)	ff122	rr74c	nn97b	gg49b	
any other federal agency?					
<1> YES	PA-48c	RA-38b TA-52b	SA-39b	GM-17b	
<5> NO	<u>PA-48</u>	<u>PA-48</u>	<u>SA-39</u>	<u>PA-48</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW	i				
<7> REFUSED					
Which federal agency did the police report the case to (to the best of your knowledge)?	ff123	rr75a	nn98a	gg50a	
(EXACT NAME OF AGENCY)	PA-48c	RA-38b TA-52b	<b>SA-39</b> b		
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-48c1</u>	<u>PA-48c1</u>	<u>SA-39a</u>	<u>PA-48c1</u>	
<97> REFUSED			,		
•			:		E
How satisfied [are / were] you with the way the police [handled / are handling] your case? Would you say:	ff124	rr76	nn99	gg51	
are nanuning your case? Would you say.	PA-49	RA-39	SA-40	GM-18	
<1> very satisfied,		TA-53	1		
<2> somewhat satisfied,	<u>PA-49</u>	<u>PA-49</u>	<u>SA-40</u>	PA-49	
<3> somewhat <u>dis</u> satisfied, or			1		
<4> very <u>dis</u> satisfied?		,			
<5> NO OPINION					
<8> DON'T KNOW					

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ff121 rr74b nn97a gg49a	This series of questions asks about referrals that the local police made to law enforcement agencies at the <u>federal</u> level. The answer is "YES" only if <u>the police</u> referred the case to the FBI, not if the respondent or someone else contacted the FBI directly.
ff122 rr74c nn97b gg49b	This series of questions asks about referrals that the local police made to law enforcement agencies at the <u>federal</u> level.
ff123 rr75a nn98a gg50a	This question is only asked if the respondent said that the police referred the case to another <u>federal</u> agency in [ff122 / rr74c / nn97b / gg49b]—we want to know which agency. Encourage the respondent to tell you the exact name of the agency, but if [he / she] does not know, <u>get as much information as you can</u> . NOTE: This might be the same agency that was discussed in [ff118 / rr71a_2 / nn95a / gg46a] ("justice" agency); just note the information again. If [he / she] says something that you believe is not a <u>federal agency</u> , just write down what they tell you, and do not try to determine if [he / she] is correct—get as much detail as you can so the coder can assess their answer.
ff124 rr76 nn99 gg51	Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. Emphasize "dis" when you read "dissatisfied," so that the respondent hears the difference between "satisfied" and "dissatisfied." Do not hesitate to reread the categories if it will help the respondent determine which answer [he / she] thinks is correct.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
As far as you know, was anyone arrested, or were charges brought against anyone, in connection with this episode?	ff125	rr77_2	nn100 SA-42	•	
<1> TES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED	<u>NCVS-129</u>	<u>NCVS-129</u>	<u>NCVS-129</u>		
Did anyone tell you that you could receive money or compensation from a state agency because of this episode? (FEDERAL LEGISLATION ALLOWS CRIME VICTIMS TO BE COMPENSATED FOR THINGS LIKE MEDICAL EXPENSES AND LOST	ff126		nn101		
WAGES) <1> YES <5> NO	OVC-1		<u>OVC-1</u>		
<pre>&lt;8&gt; DON'T KNOW &lt;7&gt; REFUSED</pre>				•	
Did you <u>receive</u> any money or compensation (from a state agency because of this episode)?	ff127		nn102		
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED	OVC-2		OVC-2		

ff125	ff125: This question will be skipped if the respondent answered "YES" to [ff115 / nn94l]. This
r <b>r77_2</b>	nn94I: includes <u>anyone</u> who was arrested.
nn100	
	rr77_2: This includes anyone who was arrested, (except the [child / children] involved in the episode-
	we are going to ask about [him / her / them] in a later question).
	However, this only includes arrests resulting from this episode (it would not include, for example, an arrest of a
	person involved, if the arrest was for an unrelated crime, such as an outstanding warrant).
ff126	OTHER "AGENCY CONTACT
nn101	
	The government has the option to pay victims of crime, in order to compensate them for lost wages or other
	material hardship. We want to know if the respondent has ever heard of this. Explain what the compensation is i
	necessary.
ff127	This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" to [ff126 / nn101]—we want to know if they received any

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was the state child protection agency contacted about this episode?	ff128	rr78_2	nn103	
<1> YES	PA-53			
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-41a</u>	<u>SA-41a</u>	<u>SA-41a</u>	
<7> REFUSED				
	· · ·			<b>-</b> .
Did the state child protection agency conduct an investigation?	ff129	rr79	nn104	
<1> YES				
<5> NO	}			
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-41b</u>	<u>SA-41b</u>	<u>SA-41b</u>	
<7> REFUSED				
			• •• •••••	
What were the results of that investigation?	ff130	rr80a	nn105	
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED	<u>SA-41c</u>	<u>SA-41c</u>	<u>SA-41c</u>	
	1			
Did you or anyone else in your household contact a missing persons	ff131	rr81_2	nn106	gg52
agency concerning your [child / children]? (NOT INCLUDING PRIVATE DETECTIVES OR INVESTIGATORS)	PA-53		SA-41	GM-19
<1> YES	:			
<5> NO	POL-3	<u>POL-3</u>	<u>POL-3</u>	<u>POL-3</u>
<6> NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA]	i			
<8> DON'T KNOW	ŧ			
<7> REFUSED				
	}			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

ff128 rr78_2 nn103	This would include a situation where the respondent or someone else contacted the agency regarding <u>this particular</u> <u>episode</u> . However, the only kind of agency that counts for this question is one run by the <u>state government</u> , such as The Department of Youth and Family Services.
ff129 rr79 nn104	This question is only asked if the respondent said a state agency was contacted in [ff128 / rr78_2 / nn103]—we want to know if the agency conducted an investigation into this particular episode.
ff130 rr80a nn105	This question is only asked if the respondent said an investigation was conducted in [ff128 / rr78_2 / nn103]—we want to know what the outcome was. Carefully and completely record everything that the respondent tells you.
ff131 rr81_2 nn106 gg52	This would include a situation where the respondent or someone else contacted the agency, regarding this particular episode. rr81_2: It does not include others outside the household who made such contacts (neighbors, the police, etc.).

However, only an <u>agency</u> counts for this question, not individuals, such as a private detective. NCMEC (National Center for Missing and Exploited Children) or their local offices, <u>can</u> be included; NCMEC is sometimes called the "Adam Walsh Center."

THE N	EXT SIX QUESTIONS ARE "CODE ALL THAT APPLY" SUBSETS OF	FA <b>ff133</b>	RATA <b>rr83z</b>	NFA <b>nn108</b>	GM
As a re house	As a result of this episode, did you or anyone else in your household contact: a shelter?		rr83a	nn08a	
<1>	YES	PA-53	PA-53	PA-53	
<5>	NO	<u>OVC-3</u>	OVC-3	<u>OVC-3</u>	
<98>	DON'T KNOW	<u></u>		<u></u>	
<97>	REFUSED				
house	esult of this episode, did you or anyone else in your hold contact: a child advocacy center, like the National for Missing and Exploited Children?	<b>ff13b</b> PA-53	<b>rr83b</b> PA-53	nn08b PA-53	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	
-					
<98>			i.	i.	
<97>	REFUSED				
As a re house	esult of this episode, did you or anyone else in your nold contact: a crisis counseling center or hotline?	ff13c	rr83c	nn08c	
<1>	YES	PA-53	PA-53	PA-53	
<5>	NO				
	DON'T KNOW	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	
	REFUSED				
~			± .		
	esult of this episode, did you or anyone else in your nold contact: a sexual assault center or support group?	ff13d	rr83d	nn08d	
<1>	YES	PA-53	PA-53	PA-53	
<5>	NO				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	OVC-3	
<97>	REFUSED				
As a re	esult of this episode, did you or anyone else in your	ff13e	rr83e	nn08e	
	nold contact: a victim services agency?				
<1>	YES	PA-53	PA-53	PA-53	
<5>	NO				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	<u>OVC-3</u>	OVC-3	<u>OVC-3</u>	
<97>	REFUSED				
· Ac a re	esult of this episode, did you or anyone else in your	ff13f	rr83f	nn08f	
house	nold contact: or something else (SPECIFY)?				
<1>	YES	PA-53	PA-53	PA-53	
<5>	NO	<b></b> -	e		
<7>	SPECIFY	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	<u>OVC-3</u>	
<98>	DONT KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
~312				<b>_</b>	

ff133	Read the list slowly, allowing the respondent to respond to each item; enter the number for any (and all) agencies
rr83z	that the respondent says [he / she] contacted. Only code agencies that were contacted during the episode. Local
nn108	chapters of NCMEC do not count as NCMEC; NCMEC is sometimes called the "Adam Walsh Center. Enter "n" if the
	respondent says no agencies were contacted, or when you have finished entering everything the respondent
	reported.

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did you receive	u (or) [your son / your daughter / any of your children] e services from [this agency / these agencies]?	ff134_2	rr84	nn109		
<1>	YES	:				
<5>	NO			<u>OVC-5</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>OVC-5</u>	<u>OVC-5</u>	046-2		
<7>	REFUSED					
Did yo	u contact any other agency or professional person?	ff135	rr85_2	nn110	gg53	
<1>	YES			SA-41	GM-19	
<5>	NO			0,1,12	0,, 19	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-41</u>	<u>SA-41</u>	<u>SA-41</u>	<u>SA-41</u>	
<7>	REFUSED	<u>GM-19</u>	<u>GM-19</u>	<u>GM-19</u>	<u>GM-19</u>	
What k	ind of agency or professional person (did you contact)?			nn111		
(EXAC	NAME OF AGENCY)			CA 41		
<77>	SPECIFY			SA-41		
<98>	DON'T KNOW			CA 410		
<97>	REFUSED			<u>SA-41a</u>		
who w official	ras contacted: a minister, priest, rabbi, or other religious ?	ff136	rr86a_2	nn112	gg54a	F
<1>	YES			<b>SA-4</b> 1	GM-20a	
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>GM-20a</u>	<u>GM-20a</u>	<u>NSA-P</u>	<u>GM-20a</u>	
<7>	REFUSED					
					•	
					•	
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				,		
			1			
				,		
				<b>1</b>		
			·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- ·

ff134_2 rr84 nn109	This question is only asked if the respondent contacted any of the agencies listed in [ff133 / rr83z / nn108]—we want to know if [he / she], or any of the children involved, received services or <u>got any help</u> from any of these organizations during the episode. The [child / children] will <u>not</u> be included in this question if [he / she / they] have <u>not</u> been returned. NOTE: If <u>some</u> of the [child / children] have been returned and others have not, be sensitive when asking the question, and be careful not to include a reference to any child who has not yet been returned, though <u>all</u> the names will appear.
ff135	This only includes agencies or professionals that have not already been discussed (i.e., we have already asked about
rr85_2	the police and crisis intervention agencies). Media, like newspapers and TV stations, <u>do not</u> count. Make sure the
nn110 gg53	respondent hears you say "professional people" so they do not think that you are only asking about other agencies. Only includes agencies and professionals that were contacted <u>during</u> the episode.
nn111	This question is only asked if the respondent said that other agencies or professionals were contacted in nn110—we
	want to know who was contacted. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely.

ff136 rr86a\_2 nn112 gg54a ff136: This series of questions is only asked if the respondent said that other professionals were
rr86a\_2: contacted in [ff135 / rr85\_2 / gg53] and asks about the types of professionals that might
gg54a: have been contacted. The answer is "YES," even if someone else contacted the professional, as long as [he / she] did it <u>on behalf of</u> the respondent in connection with this particular episode. If it was done by someone else in this way, be sure to make a note about that fact (use the CATI note-taking function—in command mode). Do not probe for this, but just note it down if the respondent volunteers the information.

nn112: This series is only asked if the respondent said that other professionals were contacted in nn110. It asks about the types of professionals and community members who might have <u>found out</u> about the episode. The question is worded this way on purpose—we are interested in people that the respondent contacted [himself / herself], but <u>also</u> people who found out about the episode some other way. However, this only includes people who found out <u>while the episode was going on</u>, that is, before the episode was resolved (the [child was / children were] returned or their status was determined) —this does <u>not</u> include people who found out later, after the episode was over.

····	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(Who was contacted:) a lawyer?	, <b>ff137</b>	rr86b_2	nn113	gg54b
<1> YES	PA-50		SA-41	GM-20b
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>GM-20b</u>	<u>GM-20b</u>	<u>NSA-P</u>	<u>GM-20b</u>
<7> REFUSED				
	:			
	;			
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· · · ·	r I	• •		
(Who was contacted:) a teacher or school official?	ff138	rr86c_2	nn114	gg54c
<1> YES			SA-41	GM-20c
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>GM-20c</u>	<u>GM-20c</u>	NSA-P	<u>GM-20c</u>
<7> REFUSED				
Who was contacted:) a social worker, therapist, counselor, or	ff139	rr06d		· ·
sychologist?	11723	rr86d	nn115	gg54d
<1> YES	:		SA-41	GM-20d
<5> NO				
<pre>&lt;8&gt; DON'T KNOW</pre>	<u>GM-20d</u>	<u>GM-20d</u>	<u>NSA-P</u>	<u>GM-20d</u>
<pre>&lt;7&gt; REFUSED</pre>	1			
	+·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Who was contacted:) a doctor, nurse, or medical person?	ff140	rr86e	nn116	gg54e
<1> YES	:		SA-41	
	1	•		1
<5> NO				
	<u>GM-20e</u>	<u>GM-20e</u>	<u>NSA-P</u>	<u>GM-20e</u>

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ff137	ff137:	This series of questions is only asked if the respondent said that other professionals were
rr86b_2	rr86b_2:	contacted in [ff135 / rr85_2 / gg53] and asks about the types of professionals that might
nn113	gg54b:	have been contacted. The answer is "YES," even if someone else contacted the professional,
gg54b	•	long as [he / she] did it on behalf of the respondent in connection with this particular episode
		If it was done by someone else in this way, be sure to make a note about that fact (use the
		CATI note-taking function—in command mode). Do not probe for this, but just note it down i
	ł	the respondent volunteers the information.
	nn113:	This series is only asked if the respondent said that other professionals were contacted in
	-	nn110. It asks about the types of professionals and community members who might have
		found out about the episode. The question is worded this way on purpose—we are interested
		people that the respondent contacted [himself / herself], but also people who found out about
		the episode some other way. However, this only includes people who found out while the
	1 1 1	episode was going on, that is, before the episode was resolved (the [child was / children were
		returned or their status was determined) —this does not include people who found out later,
		after the episode was over.
ff138	See specifications f	or [ff137 / rr86b_2 / nn113 / gg54b] above.
rr86c_2	See Speemeatons r	
nn114		
gg54c		
995-10		
ff139	See specifications f	or [ff137 / rr86b_2 / nn113 / gg54b] above.
rr86d		

ff140	See specifications for [ff137 / rr86b_2 / nn113 / gg54b] above.
rr86e	
nn116	
gg54e	

nn115 gg54d

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(Who	was contacted:) anyone else?	ff141	rr86f		gg54f
<1>	YES				GM-20e
<6>	OTHER (SPECIFY) [GM]				0/1/200
<5>	NO	<u>GM-20f</u>	<u>GM-20f</u>		<u>GM-20f</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				<u></u>
<7>	REFUSED				
		i 			
Who el	lse did you call?	f141f	rr87_2		
<77>	SPECIFY	PA-52			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
[was /	ng after you realized [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] were] [taken / kept] did you contact a lawyer?	<b>ff142</b> PA-51			
<1 - 90	)> DURATION				
	AS SOON AS R FOUND OUT / IMMEDIATELY	<u>PA-51</u>			
	AFTER [CHILD WAS / CHILDREN WERE] RETURNED				
	DON'T KNOW				1
<97>	REFUSED				
	OF TIME)	ff142_2			
<1>	MINUTES				
<2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS				
	MONTHS				

ff141	ff141:	Do not slide past this category—make sure you give the respondent the opportunity to
rr86f	rr86f:	tell you if they contacted someone other than a professional on the preceding list. If the answer
gg54f		is "YES," be sure to record the answer fully and clearly in [f141f / $rr87_2$ ].
:	gg54f:	Do not slide past this category—make sure you give the respondent the opportunity to tell you if they contacted someone other than a professional on the preceding list. If the respondent says someone else was contacted, carefully and completely record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line.
	If the respondent s	says someone else was contacted, carefully and completely record what [he / she] says on the
	-	ily asked if the respondent said that an attorney was contacted in ff137—we want to know how ne respondent realized the [child was / children were] missing that an attorney was contacted,
		Ise contacted the attorney for the respondent. If an attorney was immediately contacted by the neone other than the respondent), enter <95>, even if it was not the respondent who initially

/ children] returned.

contacted the attorney. If the respondent tells you [he / she] "Doesn't know" or "Cant' remember," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could estimate how long it was between the point at which [he / she] realized the children were [taken / kept] and the time [he / she] contacted an attorney. If necessary, you could help the respondent's recall by asking "Was an attorney contacted the same day?" and if the answer is "YES," you could then ask :Do you think that you contacted an attorney within an hour after you realized?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning. Use <96> if a lawyer was contacted after the [child

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
[Have NAME	you taken / Did you take] any other actions to have [CHILD'S / CHILDREN'S NAMES] returned?	ff143			
<1>	YES	PA-52			
<5> <8>	NO DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-52</u>			
<7>	REFUSED				
14/6-4					
	else [have you done / did you do]?	ff144			
	SPECIFY	PA-53			
<98> <97>	DON'T KNOW REFUSED	<u>PA-53</u>			
To try did yo	to get [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to come home u: Contact [his / her / their] friends or parents of friends?		rr88a		
<1>	YES		RA-40a TA-54a		
<5>	NO		<u>RA-40</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		<u>KA-40</u>		
<7>	REFUSED				
did you	to get [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to come home u:) Go to any places where you believe [he / she / they] be / might have been] staying?		rr88b		
			RA-40b TA-54b		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>RA-40</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				

(To try did yo	1	rr88c	
<1>	YES	1	RA-40c TA-54c
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1	<u>RA-40</u>
<7>	REFUSED	!	

<7> REFUSED

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ff143	This includes anything <u>other</u> than what has already been discussed, (we have already discussed whether the respondent or someone else contacted the police or an attorney). You may find that some respondents will say something like: "Yes, I" and at that point tell you what else [he / she] did. If this happens, be sure to enter <1> for "YES" and then record the answer in ff144 <u>without asking</u> the question. this question will not be asked if the [child / children] have not been returned. If some of the [child / children] have been returned and others have not, be sensitive when asking the question, and be careful not to include a reference to any child who has not yet been returned, though <u>all</u> the names will appear.
ff144	This question is only asked if the respondent said that other actions were taken to have the [child / children] returned in ff143—we want to know <u>anything</u> the respondent did at <u>any</u> time while the [child was / children were] away to try to get [him / her / them] home. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. However, the respondent may have told you what [he / she] did to try and get the [child / children] back in ff90, so do not probe extensively unless [he / she] are telling you new things (things that were <u>not</u> mentioned before).
rr88a rr88b rr88c	Recall that earlier we asked, in an open-ended format, what the respondent did to try to find the [child / children] (in rr54a_2), so [he / she] has probably already told you most of what was done. Read through the list, and confirm anything that the respondent already mentioned.
	We want to know <u>anything</u> the respondent did at <u>any</u> time while the [child was / children were] away to try to get

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. . . . . . .

[him / her / them] to come home, so enter <1> for "YES" if [he / she] did this <u>at any time during the episode</u>. NOTE: This may be a sensitive series of questions, especially if the [child was / children were] forced out of the house or not allowed to return.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(To try to get [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to come home	·····	rr88d			
did you:) Contact runaway shelters?		RA-40d			
<1> YES		TA-54d			
<5> NO		<u>RA-40</u>			
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	I				
To try to get [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to come home	ļ ;	rr88e		·	
did you:) Did you do something else?	•	RA-40e			
<1> YES	i	TA-54e			
<5> NO		<u>RA-40</u>			
8> DON'T KNOW	1				
7> REFUSED					
Vhat else did you do?		rr89_2			
77> SPECIFY		RA-40e			
198> DON'T KNOW	l	TA-54e			
97> REFUSED	5 1				
97> REFUSED	1				
	r			· · · · · ·	
o the best of your knowledge, during this episode [was [CHILD'S IAME] / has [CHILD'S NAME] been] placed in a juvenile detention		rr90(x)			
enter?		RA-49a TA-64a			
<1> YES					
5> NO		<u>RA-49</u>			
8> DON'T KNOW					
7> REFUSED	1				
	I				
low long was [he / she] in the juvenile detention center?		rr91(x)			
<1 - 90> DURATION		RA-49b TA-64b			
<pre>&lt;98&gt; DON'T KNOW</pre>					
<97> REFUSED		<u>RA-49b</u>			
		· .		r	
UNIT OF TIME)		<b>rr92(x)</b>		1	
1> MINUTES					
2> HOURS					
3> DAYS	1				
4> WEEKS	:				
5> MONTHS	l ]				
	;				-

rr88d rr88e Recall that earlier we asked, in an open-ended format, what the respondent did to try to find the [child / children] (in rr54a\_2), so [he / she] has probably already told you most of what was done. Read through the list, and confirm anything that the respondent already mentioned.

We want to know <u>anything</u> the respondent did at <u>any</u> time while the [child was / children were] away to try to get [him / her / them] to come home, so enter <1> for "YES" if [he / she] did this <u>at any time during the episode</u>. NOTE: This may be a sensitive series of questions, especially if the [child was / children were] forced out of the house or not allowed to return.

rr89\_2

This question is asked if the respondent said that [he / she] did "something else" in rr88e. Record the response clearly and thoroughly, however, the respondent has probably told you what [he / she] did to try and get the [child / children] back in rr54a\_2, so do not probe extensively unless [he / she] is telling you new things (things that were not mentioned before).

rr90(x)

) It is implied in this question that the child was picked up by the police and placed in a detention center by the police.

rr91(x)

This question is only asked if the respondent said that the child was placed in a detention center in rr90(x). If the child was placed in a detention center more than once during the episode, we would like to know the <u>total</u> number of hours, days, weeks, or months [he / she] was detained. Before accepting a "DON'T KNOW" response, ask the respondent if [he / she] can make an <u>estimate</u>.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) [was [CHILD'S NAME] / has [CHILD'S NAME] been] placed in a jail?		rr93(x)		
		RA-50a TA-65a		
<1> YES				
<8> DON'T KNOW		<u>RA-50a</u>		
<7> REFUSED				
		· · ·		•
How long was [he / she] in jail?		rr94(x)		-
<1 - 90> DURATION		RA-50b TA-65b		
<98> DON'T KNOW		<u>RA-50b</u>		
<97> REFUSED		<u>INT_300</u>		
(UNIT OF TIME)		rr95(x)		<u> </u>
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS				
<4> WEEKS				
<5> MONTHS				
	÷			

rr93(x)

It is implied in this question that the child was picked up by the police and placed in jail by the police.

rr94(x)

This question is only asked if the respondent said that the child was placed in jail in rr93(x). If the child was placed in jail more than once during the episode, we would like to know the <u>total</u> number of hours, days, weeks, or months [he / she] was detained. Before accepting a "DON'T KNOW" response, ask the respondent if [he / she] can make an <u>estimate</u>.

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Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the       9955(         following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?       GM-2         <1> YES       GM-2         <5> NO       GM-2         <6> DON'T KNOW       GM-2         <7> REFUSED       GM-2         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg56()         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       GM-2         (I'+ YES       GM-2         <5> NO       GM-2         <1> YES       GM-2         <5> NO       GM-2         <6> DON'T KNOW       GM-2         <7> REFUSED       GM-2         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg57()         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg47()         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statem	
<5> NO <6> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] was lost. (4) YES <5> NO <6> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] Torgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	
<8> DONT KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] was lost. (Show I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (INOW I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	
<7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] was lost. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot ubbut was missing?)	3
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)     [He / She] was lost.       <1> YES     GM-22       <5> NO     GM-22       <8> DON'T KNOW     GM-23       (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)     gg57(x)       (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)     gg57(x)       (I'm yES     GM-23       <1> YES     GM-23       <5> NO     GM-23       <1> YES     GM-23       <5> NO     GM-23       <1> YES     GM-23       <5> NO     GM-23       <6> DON'T KNOW     GM-23       <7> REFUSED     GM-23       (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	
following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       GM-22         (He / She] was lost.       GM-22         <1> YES       GM-22         <8> DON'T KNOW       GM-23         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg57(x)         (He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment.       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <1> REFUSED       GM-23         <1> With of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x)         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x)	
following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       GM-22         (He / She] was lost.       GM-22         <1> YES       GM-22         <8> DON'T KNOW       GM-23         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg57(x)         (He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment.       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <1> Sector (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x)         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x)	
<1> YES <5> NO GM-23 <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. GM-23 <1> YES <5> NO <6> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] misunderstrod what was mented. (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] misunderstrod what was mented.	
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. GM-23 <1> YES <5> NO <68> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	,
<7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment. GM-23 <1> YES <5> NO <6> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	3
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg57(x)         [He / She] forgot about time or about an appointment.       GM-23         <1> YES       GM-23         <5> NO       GM-23         <8> DON'T KNOW       GM-23         <7> REFUSED       gg58(x)         (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       gg58(x)	
following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       Image: Specific statement in the specif	
following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)       Image: Specific statement in the specif	
<1> YES <5> NO GM-23 <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He (Shell misunderstood what was expected]	•
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He ( Shell misunderstood what was expected)	}
<8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] misunderstood what was expected	ł
<7> REFUSED (Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He ( Shell misunderstood what was expected]	-
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)	
following describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) [He / She] misunderstood what was expected	
He / She] misunderstood what was expected	:)
	}
<1> YES	
<5> NO <u>GM-23</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW	
<7> REFUSED	

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gg55(x)	This question is asked separately for each child involved—make sure the respondent hears the name of the child and
gg56(x)	knows who you are referring to. Enter a response for each statement. The respondent may say "YES" to more than
gg57(x)	one statement, because more than one of the statements may apply to this situation. If necessary, repeat the
gg58(x)	statement exactly as worded, do not attempt to explain the statement or reword it. The question and statements
	are worded in the past tense—in the rare event that the [child / children] are still missing you will need to adjust the
	verbs yourself.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	n going to read a short list of statements. Which of the	1			gg59(x
	describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?) e taking care of [him / her] had misunderstood what was d.	:			GM-23
<1> \	YES	ŗ			<u>GM-23</u>
<5> 1	NO				
<8> [	DON'T KNOW				
<7> F	REFUSED				
	n going to read a short list of statements. Which of the describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?)				gg60(x
	en circumstances caused delay.	1			GM-23
<1> )	YES				
<5>	NO				<u>GM-23</u>
<8> [	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> F	REFUSED				
/k. ••		-			
	n going to read a short list of statements. Which of the describes a reason that [CHILD'S NAME] was missing?				gg61()
	r reason?				GM-23
<6> (	other (specify)				
<5> î	NO				<u>GM-23</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW	!			
<7> F	REFUSED	1			
		1			

gg59(x) gg60(x)	These questions are asked separately for each child involved—make sure the respondent hears the name of the child and knows who you are referring to. Enter a response for each statement. The respondent may say "YES" to more than one statement, because more than one of the statements may apply to this situation. If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u> , do <u>not</u> attempt to explain the statement or reword it. The question and statements are worded in the <u>past tense</u> —in the <u>rare event</u> that the [child / children] are still missing you will need to adjust the verbs yourself.
gg61(x)	If the respondent says something else happened, carefully and completely record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line that will appear if you enter <1>.

HARM SERIES

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the best of your knowledge, did [CHILD'S NAME] suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode?	ff(x)1	rr(x)1	nn(x)1	gg(x)1
<1> YES	PA-68	RA-72 TA-88	SA-55	GM-45
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-68</u>	PA-68	<u>SA-55</u>	<u>PA-68</u>
<7> REFUSED				
Please describe this harm.	ff(x)2a	rr(x)2a	nn(x)2a	gg(x)2a
<77> SPECIFY <98> DON'T KNOW	PA-69	RA-73 TA-89	SA-56	GM-46
<97> REFUSED	<u>PA-69</u>	<u>PA-69</u>	<u>SA-56</u>	<u>PA-69</u>
Did this injury or harm require medical attention?	ff(x)3	rr(x)3	nn(x)3	gg(x)3
(PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY)	PA-70	RA-74 TA-90	SA-57	GM-47
<5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-70</u>	<u>PA-70</u>	<u>SA-57</u>	<u>PA-70</u>
<7> REFUSED		* *		
		•		

### HARM SERIES

The final series of questions may be difficult both for you, the interviewer, and the respondent. It is very important to be neutral (non-judgmental and calm) as well as sensitive during this series of questions. This series of questions is only concerned with what happened to the [child / children] while the [child was / children were] <u>away during this episode</u>. This series is <u>mostly skipped</u> for children who have <u>not</u> returned, however, four key questions in each follow-up will be asked: [ff(x)12 / rr(x)12 / nn(x)14 / gg(x)12], [ff(x)13 / rr(x)13 / nn(x)15 / gg(x)13], [ff(x)17 / rr(x)15 / nn(x)19 / gg(x)14], and [ff(x)18 / rr(x)16 / nn(x)20 / gg(x)15].

If there is more than one child, you ask this series ([ff(x) / rr(x)1 / nn(x)1 / gg(x)1] through [ff(x)96 /  $rr(x)96 / nn(x)97 / gg(x)78_2$ ] for the first child, then ask the same series for the next child, until you have asked this set of questions for each child involved in the episode.

Throughout the series, if the respondent questions what "episode" means (and [he / she] may!), you could say, "When [CHILD'S NAME] was gone from home." Also, stress the phrase "To the best of your knowledge," as much as seems necessary. Most respondents will not hesitate to answer these questions if [he / she] knows the answer.

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ff(x)1 rr(x)1 nn(x)1	This is a lead-in to question [ff(x)2a / $rr(x)2a$ / $nn(x)2a$ / $gg(x)2a$ ] which allows the respondent to describe any physical harm or injury the child may have suffered during the episode. If you know, at this point in the interview, that the child was hurt during the episode, just <u>confirm</u> the answer with the respondent.			
gg(x)1	nn(x)1: This is especially true if this is an <u>assault only</u> , so if appropriate, just enter <1> and do not read the question.			

ff(x)2a	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was harmed in $[ff(x)1 / rr(x)1 / nn(x)1 / gg(x)1]$ .
rr(x)2a	Carefully and completely record the respondent's answer.
nn(x)2a	
gg(x)2a	

ff(x)3	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was harmed in $[ff(x)1 / rr(x)1 / nn(x)1 / gg(x)1]$ . By
rr(x)3	"medical attention" we mean professional attention. That is, the child was seen by a doctor, nurse, or other medical
nn(x)3	personnel, but not including a psychiatrist or other mental health professional (we ask about that later).
gg(x)3	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	is injury include any broken bones or bleeding, cuts, or s <u>that lasted until the next day</u> ?	ff(x)4	rr(x)4	nn(x)4	gg(x)4
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	NCA 14	NCA 14	NCA-14	NCA 14
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>NSA-14</u>	<u>NSA-14</u>	<u>NSA-14</u>	<u>NSA-14</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
To the in <u>seri</u>	best of your knowledge, during this episode was [he / she] ous danger of being harmed? Would you say:	ff(x)5	rr(x)5	nn(x)5	<b>gg(x)5</b> GM-48
<1>	definitely,				Gr1-40
<2>	probably, or	<u>GM-48</u>	<u>GM-48</u>	<u>GM-48</u>	<u>GM-48</u>
<3>	not at all?	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Plaace	describe this danger.	ff(x)6a	rr(x)6a	nn(x)6a	gg(x)6a
	-	n(x)oa	11(x)00	iiii(x)oa	
<77>	SPECIFY				GM-49
<98>		CM 40	CM 40	CM 40	CM 40
<97>	REFUSED	<u>GM-49</u>	<u>GM-49</u>	<u>GM-49</u>	<u>GM-49</u>
Was [	CHILD'S NAME] mentally harmed by this episode?	ff(x)7	rr(x)7	nn(x)7	gg(x)7
<1>	YES	PA-71	RA-75	SA-58	GM-50
<5>	NO	. –	TA-91		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-71</u>	<u>PA-71</u>	<u>SA-58</u>	<u>PA-71</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
	1				
Would	you say this mental harm was:	ff(x)8	rr(x)8	nn(x)8	aa(x)8
	you say this mental harm was:	ff(x)8	rr(x)8	nn(x)8	gg(x)8
<1>	very serious,	<b>ff(x)8</b> PA-72	RA-76	nn(x)8 SA-59	<b>gg(x)8</b> GM-51
<1> <2>	very serious, somewhat serious,	PA-72	RA-76 TA-92	SA-59	GM-51
<1> <2> <3>	very serious, somewhat serious, mild, or		RA-76		
Would <1> <2> <3> <4> <8>	very serious, somewhat serious,	PA-72	RA-76 TA-92	SA-59	GM-51

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ff(x)4	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was harmed in $[ff(x)1 / rr(x)1 / nn(x)1 / gg(x)1]$ —we
rr(x)4	want to get a sense of how serious the child's injury was.
nn(x)4	
gg(x)4	

ff(x)5	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was not harmed in $[ff(x)1 / rr(x)1 / nn(x)1 / gg(x)1]$ —we
rr(x)5	want to know if the child was at risk for physical harm. Stress "To the best of your knowledge."
nn(x)5	
gg(x)5	

ff(x)6a	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was not harmed in $[ff(x)1 / rr(x)1 / nn(x)1 / gg(x)1]$ but
rr(x)6a	was in danger of being harmed in [ff(x)5 / $rr(x)5$ / $nn(x)5$ / gg(x)5]. Carefully and completely record the
nn(x)6a	respondent's answer, probe for details if necessary (the coder needs to understand how much risk the child was
gg(x)6a	exposed to).

ff(x)7	Stress the word "mentally" when you read this question. If the respondent asks what you mean by "mentally
rr(x)7	harmed," do not try to define what that means. Instead, you could say: "Do you feel [CHILD'S NAME] was mentally
nn(x)7	harmed by this episode?"
gg(x)7	

ff(x)8	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was mentally harmed in [ff(x)7 / rr(x)7 / nn(x)7 /
rr(x)8	gg(x)7]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an
nn(x)8	answer.
gg(x)8	

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Has [CHILD'S NAME] received any counseling because of this episode?		ff(x)9	rr(x)9	nn(x)9	gg(x)9
	ESSIONAL COUNSELING ONLY)	PA-73	RA-77 TA-93	SA-60	GM-52
<1>	YES	D4 73	54 70	<b>.</b>	
<5>	NO	<u>PA-73</u>	<u>PA-73</u>	<u>SA-60</u>	<u>PA-73</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
robbe	e best of your knowledge, during this episode was [he / she] d or did [he / she] have any personal property or money	ff(x)10	rr(x)10	nn(x)10	gg(x)10
taken		,	RA-71a TA-87a		
<1>	YES	NSA-7	<u>NSA-7</u>	NSA-7	
<5>	NO		<u>113A-7</u>	<u>N3A-7</u>	<u>NSA-7</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	:			
		1 •	_		
(To th any <u>in</u> her]?	e best of your knowledge,) During this episode was there tent to rob or take personal property or money from [him /	ff(x)11	rr(x)11	nn(x)13	gg(x)11
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	<u>NSA-8</u>	<u>NSA-8</u>	<u>NSA-8</u>	<u>NSA-8</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
~ ··					
NAME	e best of your knowledge,) During this episode was [CHILD'S hit, punched, beaten up, hit with an object, or otherwise	ff(x)12	rr(x)12	nn(x)14	gg(x)12
physic	ally abused?	PA-67	RA-56	SA-50	GM-29
<1>	YES		TA-71		
<5>	NO	<u>PA-67</u>	<u>SA-50</u>	<u>SA-50</u>	<u>PA-67</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
.,,					
(To the best of your knowledge,) During this episode was there any <u>attempt</u> to hit, punch, beat up, hit with an object or otherwise physically abuse [him / her]?		ff(x)13	rr(x)13	nn(x)15	gg(x)13
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	<u>PA-67a</u>	<u>SA-50a</u>	<u>SA-50a</u>	<u>PA-67a</u>
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
-, -					
	!				

•	ff(x)9 rr(x)9 nn(x)9 gg(x)9	This question is only asked if the respondent said the child was mentally harmed in $[ff(x)7 / rr(x)7 / nn(x)7 / gg(x)7]$ . By "counseling" we mean counseling provided by a professional person, not discussions with someone in the household. The counseling could be provided by a social worker, a psychologist, hospital professional staff, etc.
	ff(x)10 rr(x)10 nn(x)10 gg(x)10	If necessary, stress "To the best of your knowledge."
)	ff(x)11 rr(x)11 nn(x)13 gg(x)11	This question is only asked if the respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" in $[ff(x)10 / rr(x)10 / nn(x)10 / gg(x)10]$ . In other words, did the perpetrator or anyone else <u>plan</u> to rob the child during this episode.

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ff(x)13	This question is only asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" in [ff(x)12 / $rr(x)12$ /
rr(x)13	nn(x)14 / gg(x)12]. This is also an important question. Read the question slowly, pausing after each comma, and
nn(x)15	emphasizing "attempt."
gg(x)13	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the	best of your knowledge, was [CHILD'S NAME] held there by or threat after the (attempted) assault?	ff(x)14_2		nn(x)16_2	
<1>	YES			SA-51	
<5>	NO	64 F1		<b>CA F</b> 1	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-51</u>		<u>SA-51</u>	
<7>	REFUSED				
What I	kind of force or threat was used?	ff(x)15		nn(x)17	
<77>	SPECIFY			SA-51	
<98>	DONT KNOW				
	REFUSED	<u>SA-51a</u>		<u>SA-51a</u>	
How lo	ong was [CHILD'S NAME] held there after the (first) assault?	ff(x)16		nn(x)18	
				SA-52	
	0> DURATION				
	DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-52</u>		<u>SA-52</u>	
<97>	REFUSED				
(UNIT	OF TIME)	ff16(x)_2		nn(x)18_2	
<1>	MINUTES				
<2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS				
<5>	MONTHS				
child w	e best of your knowledge) During this episode, was your vith someone who beat up or physically abused someone else le other time?		rr(x)14		
	YES				
<1>			<u>NRA-37</u>		
<1> <5>	NO				
	NO DON'T KNOW				

ff(x)14_2 nn(x)16_2	This question is only asked if the respondent answered "YES" to $[ff(x)12 / nn(x)14]$ or $[ff(x)13 / nn(x)15]$ . In this question, "assault" refers to "hit, punched, beaten up, hit with an object or otherwise physically abused." If the respondent asks what you mean by "force or threat," do not try to define the words; instead, say: "Do you think the person used any kind of force or threat to hold [CHILD'S NAME] there? NOTE: "Add the word "attempted" if the respondent answered "YES" to [ff(x)13 / nn(x)15].
ff(x)15 nn(x)17	This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" to [ff(x)14_2 / nn(x)16_2]. Carefully and completely record the respondent's answer.
ff(x)16 nn(x)18	This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" to [ff(x)14_2 / nn(x)16_2]. If necessary, say "To the best of your knowledge." If the respondent tells you [he / she] "doesn't know," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could estimate how long the child was held there. NOTE: Add the word "first" if the respondent indicated (while

answering previous questions) that there was more than one assault.

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rr(x)14 We are checking to see if the child might have been at risk for being beaten up or physically assaulted. Emphasize "someone else" when you read the question.

## SEXUAL ASSAULT SECTION

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(To the	e best of your knowledge) During this episode, was [CHILD'S sexually abused or molested?	ff(x)17	rr(x)15	nn(x)19	gg(x)14
<1>	YES	PA-62	RA-51 TA-66	SA-45	GM-24
<5>	NO	DA (2	D4 54	o	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-62</u>	<u>RA-51</u>	<u>SA-45</u>	<u>PA-62</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
(To the	e best of your knowledge,) During this episode, was there <u>empt</u> to sexually abuse or molest [him / her]?	ff(x)18	rr(x)16	nn(x)20	gg(x)1!
<1>	YES	PA-63	RA-52 TA-67	SA-46	GM-25
<5>	NO	D4 (2)	<b>5</b> 4 5 5		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PA-63</u>	<u>RA-52</u>	<u>SA-46</u>	<u>PA-63</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
child in	best of your knowledge,) During this episode, was your the company of someone who had sexually assaulted or ed someone else at some other time?		rr(x)17		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-9</u>		
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
child in	best of your knowledge,) During this episode, was your the company of someone who might have tried to engage d in sexual activities?		rr(x)18		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO		<u>NRA-10</u>		
-					
<8>	DON'T KNOW				

# SEXUAL ASSAULT SECTION

ff(x)17 rr(x)15 nn(x)19 gg(x)14	This is a very important question, because a "YES" answer leads to asking several follow-up questions. It is also <u>very</u> sensitive, so ask it gently.
ff(x)18 rr(x)16 nn(x)20 gg(x)15	This question is only asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" in [ff(x)17 / rr(x)15 / nn(x)19 / gg(x)14]. This is also an important question. Read the question gently, and emphasize "attempt."
rr(x)17	We are checking to see if the child might have been at risk for being sexually molested. Emphasize "someone else" when you read the question.

rr(x)18 The wording of this question may be a little awkward: "tried to engage the child in" but we need to avoid just having a pronoun ["him" / "her"] because it might be unclear to some respondents whether the pronoun referred to the child or the perpetrator.

## "B SERIES"-SEXUAL MOLESTATION

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
To the best of your knowledge, during this episode did [the person / any of the persons] actually touch [CHILD'S NAME] or get your child to touch [him / her / them] (the [person / persons] responsible for the episode)?	ff(x)70	rr(x)70	nn(x)21	gg(x)70	
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED			<u>B21</u>		
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the [person / persons] ask [CHILD'S NAME] to do something sexual with [him / her / them] or with someone else? (ANY OF THE PERSONS)	ff(x)71	rr(x)71	nn(x)22	gg(x)71	
<1> YES			<u>B21b</u>		
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the [person / persons] show [CHILD'S NAME] [his / her / their] private parts? (ANY OF THE PERSONS)	ff(x)72	rr(x)72	nn(x)23	gg(x)72	
<1> YES			<u>B21a</u>		
<5> NO			<u> – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
			· ••••• •••• •••		-

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### "B SERIES"---SEXUAL MOLESTATION

If the respondent says "YES" to either [ff(x)17 / rr(x)15 / nn(x)19 / gg(x)14] or [ff(x)18 / rr(x)16 / nn(x)20 / gg(x)15], you will ask a series of very explicit questions about what exactly was done to the child. Unfortunately, these questions may be embarrassing to both you and the respondent, so you will have to demonstrate a great deal of sensitivity.

In the rare case that more than one perpetrator was involved in molesting the child, say "persons" when reading the questions. Otherwise, just read "person."

Stress the phrase "To the best of your knowledge," as much as seems necessary. Emphasize "during this episode" if you think the respondent might be talking about activities that happened during a different episode or at some other time.

ff(x)70	This question screens respondents into, or skips respondents past, the first half of this series. If the respondent
rr(x)70	; says the child was touched, CATI skips you to the second half of the series, regarding touching. If the respondent
nn(x)21	says the child was not touched, the next set of questions asks about what sort of non-touching activities the child
gg(x)70	was exposed to.

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ff(x)71 rr(x)71 nn(x)22 gg(x)71	Was the child <u>asked</u> to do something.
ff(x)72 rr(x)72 nn(x)23 gg(x)72	"Private parts" means genitalia or sexual organs.

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
[perso her] w	<pre>ne best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the on / persons] spy on [CHILD'S NAME] or try to look at [him / vithout [his / her] clothes on? OF THE PERSONS)</pre>	ff(x)73	rr(x)73	nn(x)24	gg(x)73	
<1>	YES			<u>B21c</u>		
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
(To th	e best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the on / persons] show [CHILD'S NAME] something sexual, like	ff(x)74	rr(x)74	nn(x)25	gg(x)74	
picture	es or a movie? OF THE PERSONS)		RA-71c TA-87c			
<1>	YES			<u>B21d</u>		
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
[perso any to	e best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the n / persons] do something else sexual that did <u>not</u> include uching? DF THE PERSONS)	ff(x)75	rr(x)75	nn(x)26	gg(x)75	
<1>	YES			<u>B21e</u>		e
<5>	NO					E
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
To the were ti	best of your knowledge, what exactly [was he / was she / hey] doing?	ff(x)76	rr(x)76	nn(x)27	gg(x)76	
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DONT KNOW			DOIL		
	REFUSED			<u>B21h</u>		

ff(x)73	Was the child watched while undressed?
rr(x)73	
nn(x)24	
gg(x)73	
ff(x)74	Refers to pornographic pictures or movies.
rr(x)74	
nn(x)25	
gg(x)74	

ff(x)75	This question gives the respondent the opportunity to tell you if something else happened that was not specified in
rr(x)75	the previous questions.
nn(x)26	
gg(x)75	

ff(x)76This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" in [rr(x)75 / rr(x)75 / nn(x)26 / gg(x)75]. Try to get therr(x)76respondent to be as specific as possible. Record the respondent's answer carefully and completely. Do not probe ann(x)27"DON'T KNOW" answer.gg(x)76Second the respondent to t

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the person / persons] do something else sexual that <u>did</u> include ouching? ANY OF THE PERSONS)	ff(x)77	rr(x)77	nn(x)28	gg(x)77
<1> YES			<u>B21f</u>	
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the person / persons] touch [ <u>CHILD'S NAME]'s</u> private parts in any vay?	ff(x)78	. rr(x)78	nn(x)29	gg(x)78
ANY OF THE PERSONS)				
<1> YES			<u>B22</u>	
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Vas this touching done on top of [his / her] clothes or directly on he skin?	ff(x)79	rr(x)79	nn(x)30	gg(x)79
<1> ON TOP		1		
<5> ON SKIN			<b>P</b> 775	
<8> DON'T KNOW			<u>B22a</u>	
<7> REFUSED			1 •	
To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the person / persons] get [CHILD'S NAME] to touch [ <u>his / her / their]</u> rivate parts in any way?	ff(x)80	rr(x)80	• nn(x)31	gg(x)80
<1> YES				
<5> NO			<u>B22þ</u>	
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
			t	
Vas this on top of the [person's / persons'] clothes or directly on he skin?	ff(x)81	rr(x)81	nn(x)32	gg(x)81
<1> ON TOP				
<5> ON SKIN			, 	
<8> DON'T KNOW			<u>B22c</u>	1
<7> REFUSED			1	

ff(x)77 rr(x)77 nn(x)28 gg(x)77	Although the respondent has already said that the perpetrator did not touch the child, we are asking again, in cas [he / she] wants to change [his / her] answer.
ff(x)78 rr(x)78 nn(x)29 gg(x)78	The second half of the series concerns the particular type of touching. "Private parts" means genitalia or sexual organs.
ff(x)79 rr(x)79 nn(x)30 gg(x)79	This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" in [ff(x)78 / $rr(x)78$ / $nn(x)29$ / $gg(x)78$ ]. This means: we the perpetrator touching the child's skin or touching the child through [his / her] clothes.

ff(x)80	This question is skipped if the respondent said that the perpetrator touched the child's bare skin in $[rr(x)79 / rr(x)79]$
rr(x)80	/ $nn(x)30$ / $gg(x)79$ ]. This means: did the child touch the perpetrator in a sexual way. NOTE: If the respondent
nn(x)31	says "NO" at this point, you will skip to [ff19(x) / π(x)22 / nn(x)36 / gg(x)19].
gg(x)80	

ff(x)81	This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" in [ff(x)80 / rr(x)80 / nn(x)31 / gg(x)80]. This means: was
rr(x)81	the child touching the perpetrator's skin or touching the perpetrator through [his / her] dothes.
nn(x)32	
gg(x)81	

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the [person / persons] actually put some part of [his / her / their] body, or something else, inside of [CHILD'S NAME]?	ff(x)82	rr(x)82	nn(x)33	gg(x)82	
<1> YES					
<5> NO			<u>B22d</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the [person / persons] try to put some part of [his / her / their] body, or something else, inside of [CHILD'S NAME]?	ff(x)83	rr(x)83	nn(x)34	gg(x)83	
<1> YES					
<5> NO			<u>B22e</u>		
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
(To the best of your knowledge, during this episode) Did the [person / persons] actually put [his / her / their] mouth on [CHILD'S NAME]'s private parts, or get [CHILD'S NAME] to put [his / her] mouth on (any of) the [person's / persons'] private parts?	ff(x)84	rr(x)84	nn(x)35	gg(x)84	
<1> YES			<u>B22f</u>	ŧ	
<5> NO		r. F			Â
<8> DON'T KNOW					a sur
<7> REFUSED					
1	1		,		

ff(x)82 rr(x)82	Did the perpetrator put an object or a body part (including a finger) into the child (in a sexual way).
nn(x)33	
gg(x)82 ff(x)83 rr(x)83 nn(x)34 gg(x)83	If the perpetrator did <u>not</u> put something into the child, did the perpetrator <u>attempt</u> to do this.
ff(x)84 rr(x)84 nn(x)35 gg(x)84	This question is skipped if the respondent said "YES" in [ff(x)82 / $rr(x)82$ / $nn(x)33$ / $gg(x)82$ ]. Did the perpetrator perform oral sex on the child, or have the child perform oral sex on the perpetrator.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
During the episode, when [CHILD'S NAME] was assaulted, was the person most responsible for the <u>assault</u> the <u>same</u> person who was (most) responsible for the episode?	ff(x)19		nn(x)36	
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED		:	<u>AS-1</u>	
Was the person (most) responsible for the assault someone <u>else</u> that you already told me about?	ff(x)20	• · - •	nn(x)37	
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED			<u>AS-1a</u>	
I know you already told me about this person, but I need to ask a few questions again, because it's important to know exactly who the person was. <1> TO CONTINUE	ff(x)21		nn(x)38	

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### PHYSICAL OR SEXUAL ASSAULT PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

If the respondent said "YES" to [ff(x)12 / rr(x)12 / nn(x)14 / gg(x)12], [rr(x)13 / rr(x)13 / nn(x)15 / gg(x)13], [ff(x)17 / rr(x)15 / nn(x)19 / gg(x)14], or [ff(x)18 / rr(x)16 / nn(x)20 / gg(x)15] in the "HARM" section, the following questions about the identity of the perpetrator of a physical or sexual assault or molestation will be asked.

In this series, "the episode" no longer refers to the original abduction episode—now it means <u>when the child was molested [and / or]</u> <u>assaulted</u>. "The responsible person" (or people) means the person (or people) involved in molesting or attacking the child.

As with the previous section, stress the phrase "To the best of your knowledge," as much as seems necessary.

ff(x)19 nn(x)36 \_\_\_\_\_

VERY IMPORTANT: "Assault" in this question refers to a physical or sexual assault or molestation, as determined by the four questions asked in the "HARM" section noted above. A "YES" answer to this question allows you to skip past the identification questions, because you have already discussed the perpetrator of the physical or sexual assault or molestation at the beginning of the interview as the perpetrator of the abduction or assault episode that was the topic of this interview.

 ff(x)20
 This question is only asked if the respondent said "YES" for [ff(x)19 / nn(x)36]—we are asking if the physical or

 nn(x)37
 sexual assault perpetrator was one of the accomplices in the abduction or assault episode discussed at the beginning of the interview.

ff(x)21 NOTE: The transitional phrase will only appear if the respondent said that the perpetrator of the physical or sexual assault or molestation was one of the accomplices in the abduction or assault episode discussed at the beginning of the interview. This sentence explains that we have to ask these identification questions again, though we have asked [him / her] at the beginning of the interview, because we do not want any confusion about who was responsible for molesting the child.

-	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was more than one person responsible for the assault?	ff(x)22	rr(x)22	nn(x)38_2	gg(x)19
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-6</u>	<u>SA-6</u>	<u>SA-6</u>	<u>SA-6</u>
<7> REFUSED				
··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	÷ ·	æ		
How many people were involved?	ff(x)23	rr(x)23	nn(x)39	gg(x)20
<2 - 20> PEOPLE	ł			
<98> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-7</u>	<u>\$A-7</u>	<u>SA-7</u>	<u>SA-7</u>
<97> REFUSED		<u>9/17</u>	<u>911.1</u> .	<u>201</u>
I would like to ask you some questions about the person who was most responsible for assaulting your child.	ff(x)24	rr(x)24	nn(x)40	gg(x)21
Was the person (most) responsible for the assault a member of the	e <b>ff(x)25</b>	rr(x)25	nn(x)41	gg(x)22
child's family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO THE [CHILD / CHILDREN])				GM-30
<1> YES	PSA-4	<u>PSA-4</u>	<u>PSA-4</u>	PSA-4
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	I			

ff(x)22 rr(x)22 nn(x)38_2	The following series of questions is identical to the questions asked at the beginning of the interview about the <u>episode</u> perpetrator.
gg(x)19	By "responsible" we mean anyone who was involved in molesting or attacking the child.
ff(x)23 rr(x)23 nn(x)39 gg(x)20	This question is only asked if the respondent said more than one perpetrator was involved in $[ff(x)22 / rr(x)22 / nn(x)38_2 / gg(x)19]$ . By "involved" we mean anyone who was involved in molesting or attacking the child.
ff(x)24 rr(x)24 nn(x)40 gg(x)21	If the respondent reported that there was more than one perpetrator, this lead-in sentence will appear. This transitional phrase explains that we are focusing on the person the respondent considers most responsible for molesting or attacking the child. If the respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have [him / her] pick one person and answer the series of questions about that person. You'll ask the same series of questions again, and [he / she] can then tell you about the other [perpetrator / perpetrators] as accomplices.
ff(x)25 rr(x)25 nn(x)41 gg(x)22	By "family member," we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was t	he person responsible:	ff(x)26	rr(x)26	nn(x)42	gg(x)23	
<1> <2>	the child's parent, the child's step-parent,	1	RA-57 TA-72		GM-30	
<3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8> <9> <10> <77>	the child's sibling, the child's aunt or uncle, the child's cousin, the child's grandparent, the child's foster parent, the child's adoptive parent, the child's legal guardian, the romantic partner of the child's parent, or some other relative of the child's (SPECIFY)?	<u>PŞA-4a</u>	<u>PSA-4a</u>	<u>PSA-4a</u>	<u>PSA-4a</u>	
<13> <17> <98> <97> <99>	BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD GREAT NIECE DON'T KNOW REFUSED NOT ASCERTAINED					
Was th NAME <1>	ne person (most) responsible someone known to [CHILD'S ] (before the episode)? YES	ff(x)27	rr(x)27	nn(x)43	gg(x)24	
<5> <8> <7>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED	PSA-5	<u>PSA-5</u>	<u>PSA-5</u>	<u>PSA-5</u>	9

rr(x)26 nn(x)42 gg(x)23

ff(x)26

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the <u>child</u>. It is very likely that the respondent will know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the child <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., molesting the child).

ff(x)27 Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the child knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or
 rr(x)27 hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the
 nn(x)43 respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."

nn(x)43 gg(x)24

<u></u>	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I'm going to read a list of relationships. Which of the following best describes how the person (most) responsible for the assault was related to the child involved in this episode: (How was the person (most) responsible related to [CHILD'S NAME]?)	ff(x)28	<b>rr(x)28</b> RA-57 TA-72	nn(x)44	<b>gg(x)25</b> GM-30
	PSA-5a	PSA-5a	PSA-5a	PSA-5a
<1> a friend of [CHILD'S NAME], <2> a friend of yours or someone else in the household,				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,				
<5> a neighbor,				
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,				
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,				
<8> someone known to [CHILD'S NAME] only by sight,		ι.		
<77> or someone else (SPECIFY)?				
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND <12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER				
<12> COMPLETE STRANGER				
<15> SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT				
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES				
<10> DEPARTMENT OF HOMAN SERVICES <95> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA / RATA]				
<0> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [PA] KATA]				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED				
<0> INAPPLICABLE [FA]				
<95> INAPPLICABLE [NFA / GM]				
;		·		
Was the person:	ff(x)29	rr(x)29	nn(x)45	gg(x)26
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or		RA-57		GM-30
<5> just an ordinary friend?		TA-72		
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>PSA-5a1</u>	<u>PSA-5a1</u>	<u>PSA-5a1</u>	PSA-5a1
<7> REFUSED				
i I				
		·		£

ff(x)28 rr(x)28 nn(x)44 gg(x)25 Read all the answer categories except "DONT KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the <u>child</u>. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the child <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., molesting the child).

ff(x)29 rr(x)29 nn(x)45 gg(x)26 If the respondent says the person was a "friend," we want to know if the person was considered as a partner in a [boyfriend / girlfriend] way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the perpetrator was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of an older sibling (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?")

## DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS"

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	HILD'S NAME], or anyone else in your family, know this I's name (before the episode)?	ff(x)66	rr(x)66	nn(x)82	gg(x)63	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	LES-1	LES-1	LES-1	LES-1	
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Did [C persor	HILD'S NAME], or anyone else in your family, know this well enough to speak to him or her (before the episode)?	ff(x)67	rr(x)67	nn(x)83	gg(x)64	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	<u>LES-2</u>	LES-2	LES-2	<u>LES-2</u>	
<8>	DON'T KNOW			:		
<7>	REFUSED			1		
	w long (before the episode) did [CHILD'S NAME], or other members, know this person:	ff(x)68	rr(x)68	nn(x)84	gg(x)65	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),		:			
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	<u>LES-3</u>	<u>LES-3</u>	<u>LES-3</u>	<u>LES-3</u>	
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
How o family	often (before the episode) did [CHILD'S NAME], or other members, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff(x)69	rr(x)69	nn(x)85	gg(x)66	
<1>	daily,			,		
<2>	weekly,	LES-4	LES-4	LES-4	LES-4	
<3>	several times a month, or		<u>LLJ-7</u>		<u></u>	
<6>	less than once a month? (SPECIFY)					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<b>\U</b> /						

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS"

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the child, we want to find out how well the person was known.

ff(x)66	This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone
rr(x)66	else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If the
nn(x)82	perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the child, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the
gg(x)63	family knew the person's name.

ff(x)67	This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone
rr(x)67	else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If the
nn(x)83	perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the child, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the
gg(x)64	family knew the person well enough to <u>speak to</u> .

 ff(x)68
 This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff(x)66 / rr(x)66 / rr(x)68

 nn(x)82 / gg(x)63] and [ff(x)67 / rr(x)67 / nn(x)83 / gg(x)64]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff(x)69This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff(x)66 / rr(x)66 /<br/>rr(x)69rr(x)69nn(x)82 / gg(x)63] and [ff(x)67 / rr(x)67 / nn(x)83 / gg(x)64]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friendof the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of thegg(x)66possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so therespondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the respondentchooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the<br/>"SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and<br/>saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Had [CHILD'S NAME] or anyone else in your family ever seen this person before? (INCLUDES <u>ANYONE</u> IN THE FAMILY)	ff(x)30	rr(x)30	nn(x)46	gg(x)27
<1> YES			<b>701</b> C	
<5> NO	PSA-6	PSA-6	PSA-6	<u>PSA-6</u>
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED	;			
Would you say that [CHILD'S NAME] or anyone else in your family knew this person by sight? (INCLUDES <u>ANYONE</u> IN THE FAMILY)	ff(x)31	rr(x)31	nn(x)47	gg(x)28
<1> YES			<b>561</b> 6	<b>56</b> (
<5> NO	PSA-6a	<u>PSA-6a</u>	PSA-6a	<u>PSA-6a</u>
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED	:			
Was this person someone your [son / daughter] met on the Internet or through any communications by computer?	ff(x)32	rr(x)32	nn(x)48	gg(x)29
<1> YES				
<5> NO	PSA-8	<u>PSA-8</u>	PSA-8	<u>PSA-8</u>
<8> DON'T KNOW				<u></u>

ff(x)30	If the respondent says the perpetrator was not known to the child, we want to check if <u>anyone</u> in the family had
rr(x)30	seen this person before.
nn(x)46	
gg(x)27	
ff(x)31 rr(x)31	This question is only asked if the respondent says the perpetrator had been seen by someone in the family in $[rr(x)30 / rr(x)30 / nn(x)46 / gg(x)27]$ —we want to find out if the respondent believes that someone in the fami
nn(x)47 gg(x)28	knew this person by sight.
ff(x)32 rr(x)32 nn(x)48	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someon else in the household, or was a neighbor, a person in authority, or a caretaker or babysitter.
gg(x)29	

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(VERIFY: Was this person male or female?)	ff(x)33	rr(x)33	nn(x)49	gg(x)30	(
<1> MALE					
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-1</u>	<u>SA-1</u>	<u>SA-1</u>	<u>SA-1</u>	
<7> REFUSED					
To the best of your knowledge, what is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	ff(x)34	rr(x)34	nn(x)50	gg(x)31	
<0-85>0 - 85 years old					
<115> teens	<u>SA-2</u>	<u>SA-2</u>	<u>SA-2</u>	<u>SA-2</u>	
<120> 20's		<u>JR 2</u>	<u>271-7</u>	<u> 38 4</u>	
<130> 30's	I				
<140> 40's	I				
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's					
<170> 70's					
<180> 80's					
<998> DON'T KNOW					
<997> REFUSED					
Is [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff(x)35	rr(x)35	nn(x)51	gg(x)32	
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-3</u>	<u>SA-3</u>	<u>SA-3</u>	<u>SA-3</u>	
<7> REFUSED					
		×	•		
What is [his / her] race ?	ff(x)36	rr(x)36	nn(x)52	gg(x)33	
<1> AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO					
<2> ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER			I.		
<3> BLACK	<u>SA-3a</u>	<u>SA-3a</u>	<u>SA-3a</u>	<u>SA-3a</u>	
<4> WHITE					
<77> OTHER (SPECIFY)					
<95> HISPANIC					
<96> MIXED					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
	i				

e that this question asks for the perpetrator's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for ther the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
S

 ff(x)35
 We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census

 rr(x)35
 Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).

 nn(x)51
 gg(x)32

ff(x)36Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one ofrr(x)36the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer innn(x)52"SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself]gg(x)33primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race, or write the<br/>answer in "SPECIFY." If the respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

#### SEXUAL ASSAULT ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

ACCOMPLICE 1	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(VERIFY: Was this person male or female?)	ff(x)37	rr(x)37	nn(x)53	gg(x)34	
<1> MALE	1				
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-8</u>	<u>SA-8</u>	<u>SA-8</u>	<u>SA-8</u>	
<7> REFUSED					
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	ff(x)38	rr(x)38	nn(x)54	gg(x)35	
<0-85>0 - 85 years old					
<115> teens					
<120> 20's	<u>SA-9</u>	<u>SA-9</u>	<u>SA-9</u>	<u>SA-9</u>	
<130> 30's					
<140> 40's					
<150> 50's	1				
<160> 60's					
<170> 70's					Ê
<180> 80's					Ű
<998> DON'T KNOW	•				
<997> REFUSED					
Is [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff(x)39	гт(x)39	nn(x)55	gg(x)36	
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>SA-10</u>	<u>SA-10</u>	<u>SA-10</u>	<u>SA-10</u>	
<7> REFUSED	<del>~~.+X</del>	<u>90 10</u>	20.10	<u> 96 10</u>	

#### SEXUAL ASSAULT ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

The same questions that were asked regarding the main perpetrator of the sexual assault are asked again if there were additional people involved—accomplices. You can ask about a total of four people—one perpetrator and three accomplices.

ACCOMPLI	
ff(x)37	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be
rr(x)37	clear. If the sex of the person is not clear, then ask the question.
nn(x)53	
gg(x)34	
ff(x)38 rr(x)38 nn(x)54	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
gg(x)35	

ff(x)39	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census
rr(x)39	Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).
nn(x)55	
gg(x)36	

<b></b>		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
What is [his / her] race?		ff(x)40	rr(x)40	nn(x)56	gg(x)37	
<1> AMERICAN INDIAN, ALI	eut, eskimo					
<2> ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISL						
<3> BLACK		<u>SA-10a</u>	<u>SA-10a</u>	<u>SA-10a</u>	<u>SA-10a</u>	
<4> WHITE						
<77> OTHER (SPECIFY)						
<95> HISPANIC / LATINO		т				
<96> MIXED						
<98> DON'T KNOW						
<97> REFUSED						
i						
Is [he / she] a member of the c	child's family?	ff(x)41	rr(x)41	nn(x)57	gg(x)38	
<1> YES		1				
<5> NO						
<8> DON'T KNOW [FA]		PSA-11a	<u>PSA-11a</u>	<u>PSA-11a</u>	<u>PSA-11a</u>	
<7> REFUSED [FA]		Ì				
		- +	•			
Is the person responsible:		ff(x)42	rr(x)42	nn(x)58	gg(x)39	
<1> the child's parent,						
<2> the child's step-parent,						
<3> the child's sibling,		PSA-11a1	<u>PSA-11a1</u>	<u>PSA-11a1</u>	<u>PSA-11a1</u>	
<4> the child's aunt or uncle	2,					
<5> the child's cousin,		ļ				
<6> the child's grandparent,	,					
<7> the child's foster parent	- -					
<8> the child's adoptive pare	ent,					
<9> the child's legal guardian	n,					
<10> the romantic partner of	the child's parent, or					
<77> some other relative of the source of	he child's (SPECIFY)?					
<13> BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFR	IEND'S CHILD					
<17> GREAT NIECE						
<98> DON'T KNOW		1				
<97> REFUSED		ĺ				
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED		1				
;						

ff(x)40	Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of
rr(x)40	the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in
nn(x)56	"SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself]
gg(x)37	primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

ff(x)41By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a bloodrr(x)41relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend /nn(x)57girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.gg(x)38girlfriend

ff(x)42 rr(x)42 nn(x)58 gg(x)39 Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the child's relationship to the accomplice. It is unlikely that the respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in the child's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., molesting the child).

		, FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was [	he / she] someone known to the child (before the episode)?	ff(x)43	rr(x)43	nn(x)59	gg(x)40
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW [FA]	PSA-11b	<u>PSA-11b</u>	<u>PSA-11b</u>	PSA-11b
<7>	REFUSED [FA]		TOU ARE		
	of the following best describes how the person (most) nsible was related to the child involved in this episode:	ff(x)44	rr(x)44	nn(x)60	gg(x)41
<1>	a friend of your child,	j ,			
<2>	a friend of yours or someone else in the household,	PSA-11b1	<u>PSA-11b1</u>	<u>PSA-11b1</u>	PSA-11b
<3>	an acquaintance of your child,		<u>. AU 9467</u>	LAU TTAT	
<4>	an acquaintance of the family,				
<5>	a neighbor,				
<6>	a person in authority such as a teacher,	1			
<7>	a caretaker or babysitter,	1			
<8>	someone known to your child only by sight,	1			
<77>	or someone else (SPECIFY)?	1			
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND				
<12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER				
<13>	COMPLETE STRANGER	r			
<15>	SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT	1 			
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES				
<95>	INAPPLICABLE	)			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	ł			
<97>	REFUSED				
<99>	NOT ASCERTAINED				
<0>	PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA / RATA / NFA]				
Wac th	ne person:	ff(x)45	rr(x)45	nn(x)61	gg(x)42
		11(X)=3	11(X)45	m(x)or	99(X)+4
<1>	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or	1	•		
<5>	just an ordinary friend?	1 1 !			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	<u>PSA-11b2</u>	<u>PSA-11b2</u>	<u>PSA-11b2</u>	<u>PSA-11b</u>
<7>	REFUSED				
		1 1 2 3			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L			<b></b>

ff(x)43	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that child knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or
rr(x)43	hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the
nn(x)59	respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
gg(x)40	
ff(x)44	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the <u>child's</u> relationship to the person. Make sure you are familiar with
rr(x)44	- · · ·
ff(x)44 rr(x)44 nn(x)60 gg(x)41	sure the answer the respondent gives you is the child's relationship to the person. Make sure you are familiar with

relationship to that person at the time of the episode (i.e., the assault of the child).

ff(x)45 rr(x)45 nn(x)61 gg(x)42 1

This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [ff(x)44 / rr(x)44 / nr(x)60 / gg(x)41]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a [boyfriend / girlfriend] way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was <u>at the time of the episode</u>, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did your child, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name (before the episode)?	ff(x)85	rr(x)85	nn(x)86	gg(x)67
<1> YES				
<5> NO	150.1			
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>LES-1</u>	<u>LES-1</u>	<u>LES-1</u>	<u>LES-1</u>
<7> REFUSED				
	1			
Did your child, or anyone else in your family, know this person well enough to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	ff(x)86	rr(x)86	nn(x)87	gg(x)68
<1> YES				
<5> NO	<u>LES-2</u>	LES-2		
<8> DON'T KNOW	<u>LLJ*Z</u>	<u>LCJ-2</u>	<u>LES-2</u>	<u>LES-2</u>
<7> REFUSED	1			
	i			
For how long (before the episode) did your child or other family members, know this person:	ff(x)87	rr(x)87	nn(x)88	gg(x)69
<1> a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2> a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	<u>LES-3</u>	<u>LES-3</u>	<u>LES-3</u>	<u>LES-3</u>
<3> a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
How often (before the episode) did your child, or other family members, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff(x)88	rt(x)88	nn(x)89	gg(x)70_2
<1> daily,				
<2> weekly,				
<3> several times a month, or	<u>LES-4</u>	<u>LES-4</u>	<u>LES-4</u>	<u>LES-4</u>
<6> less than once a month? (SPECIFY)				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
i				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	<del></del>	· · ·

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If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

ff(x)85	This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone
rr(x)85	else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for any of the
nn(x)86	[child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child /
gg(x)67	children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
	$c_{1} = c_{1} + c_{2} + c_{3} + c_{4}
ff(x)86	See specifications for [ff(x)85 / rr(x)85 / nn(x)86 / gg(x)67] above.
rr(x)86	
rr(x)86 nn(x)87	

ff(x)87 rr(x)87 nn(x)88 gg(x)69 This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ff(x)85 / rr(x)85 / nn(x)86 / gg(x)67] and [ff(x)86 / rr(x)86 / nn(x)87 / gg(x)68]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff(x)88 rr(x)88 nn(x)89 gg(x)70\_2

This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ff(x)85 / rr(x)85 / nn(x)86 / gg(x)67] and [ff(x)86 / rr(x)86 / nn(x)87 / gg(x)68]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the respondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 2	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(VERIFY: Was this person male or female?)	ff(x)47	rr(x)47	nn(x)63	gg(x)44	
<1> MALE	•				
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW	1				
<7> REFUSED	:				
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	ff(x)48	rr(x)48	nn(x)64	gg(x)45	
<0-85>0 - 85 years old					
<115> teens					
<120> 20's					
<130> 30's					
<140> 40's					
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's					
<170> 70's					
<180> 80's					
<998> DON'T KNOW					
<997> REFUSED				1	
Is [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff(x)49	rr(x)49	nn(x)65	gg(x)46	Â
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO	1				U
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					

### ACCOMPLICE 2

ff(x)47 rr(x)47 nn(x)63 gg(x)44	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
ff(x)48 rr(x)48 nn(x)64 gg(x)45	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
ff(x)49 rr(x)49 nn(x)65 gg(x)46	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).

.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What is [his / her] race?	ff(x)50	rr(x)50	nn(x)66	gg(x)47
<1> AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO	!			
<2> ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	:			
<3> BLACK				
<4> WHITE	ł			
<77> OTHER (SPECIFY)				
<95> HISPANIC	ĺ			
<96> MIXED			*	
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
Is [he / she] a member of the child's family?	ff(x)51	rr(x)51	nn(x)67	gg(x)48
				JJ <u></u> ]/
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
Is the person responsible:	ff(x)52	rr(x)52	nn(x)68	gg(x)49
<1> the child's parent,				
<2> the child's step-parent,				
<3> the child's sibling,				
<4> the child's aunt or uncle,		1	•	
<5> the child's cousin,				
<6> the child's grandparent,			•	•
<7> the child's foster parent,			•	•
<8> the child's adoptive parent,			i.	
<9> the child's legal guardian,				
<10> the romantic partner of the child's parent, or				1
				i.
<77> some other relative of the child's (SPECIFY)?	P			
<13> BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD				•
		- - -		• •
<13> BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD <17> GREAT-NIECE		• • •		
<13> BOYFRIEND'S / GIRLFRIEND'S CHILD <17> GREAT-NIECE		· • •		•

ff(x)50	Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of
rr(x)50	the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in
nn(x)66	"SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself
gg(x)47	primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the
	respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.
ff(x)51	By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood
rr(x)51	relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). "Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend /
nn(x)67	girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.
gg(x)48	:
ff(x)52	Read all the answer categories except "DONT KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
rr(x)52	sure the answer the respondent gives you is the child's relationship to the accomplice. It is unlikely that the
nn(x)68	respondent will not know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T
gg(x)49	KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so
	that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure
	you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you

. . .

understand their answer. Note that we are interested in the child's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the</u> incident (i.e., molesting the child).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was [he / she] someone known to the child (before the episode)?	ff(x)53	rr(x)53	nn(x)69	gg(x)50	
<1> YES					
<5> NO	n.				
	1	1			
	1	_			
Which of the following best describes how the person (most) responsible was related to the child involved in this episode: (How was the person (most) responsible related to [CHILD'S NAME]?)	ff(x)54	rr(x)54	nn(x)70	gg(x)51	
<1> a friend of your child,					
<2> a friend of yours or someone else in the household,					
<3> an acquaintance of your child,					
<4> an acquaintance of the family,					
<5> a neighbor,					
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,					
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,			:		
<8> someone known to your child only by sight,			1		
<77> or someone else (SPECIFY)?			1		
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND					
<12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER	1				
<13> COMPLETE STRANGER			,		
<15> SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT	-				A
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES					
<95> INAPPLICABLE			1		
<98> DON'T KNOW			k.		
<97> REFUSED				I.	
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED					
<0> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA / RATA / NFA]			1		
	1		•		
Was the person:	ff(x)55	rr(v)55	nn(x)71	gg(x)52	
	11(x)55			99(x)32	
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or					
<5> just an ordinary friend?			I		
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
	1	n N			
			1		
			Į		

ff(x)53	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that child knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or
rr(x)53	hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the
nn(x)69	respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
gg(x)50	
ff(x)54	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
rr(x)54	sure the answer the respondent gives you is the child's relationship to the person. Make sure you are familiar with
nn(x)70	the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen
gg(x)51	carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in the child's
	relationship to that person at the time of the episode (i.e., the assault of the child).

ff(x)55 rr(x)55 nn(x)71 gg(x)52 This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [ff(x)54 / rr(x)54 / nn(x)70 / gg(x)51]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a [boyfriend / girlfriend] way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was <u>at the time of the episode</u>, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	ur child, or anyone else in your family, know this person's (before the episode)?	ff(x)89	rr(x)89	nn(x)90	gg(x)71_2	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW				;	
<7>	REFUSED					
Did yo	ur child, or anyone else in your family, know this person well	ff(x)90	rr(x)90	nn(x)91	gg(x)72_2	
enougl	h to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?					
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW		1			
<7>	REFUSED					
	w long (before the episode) did your child, or other family ers, know this person:	ff(x)91	rr(x)91	nn(x)92	gg(x)73_2	8
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),		1			
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or					
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW		1	<i>i</i>		
<7>	REFUSED		•			
How of membe	ften (before the episode) did your child, or other family ers, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff(x)92	rr(x)92	nn(x)93	gg(x)74_2	
<1>	daily,					
<2>	weekly,			•		
<3>	several times a month, or					
<6>	less than once a month? (SPECIFY)			•		
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	REFUSED					

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

ff(x)89	This question is not asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone
rr(x)89	else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for any of the
nn(x)90	[child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child
gg(x)71_2	children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
-	
ff(x)90	See specifications for $[ff(x)90 / rr(x)90 / nn(x)91 / gg(x)72_2]$ above.
.,	See specifications for $[ff(x)90 / rr(x)90 / nn(x)91 / gg(x)72_2]$ above.
ff(x)90 rr(x)90 nn(x)91	See specifications for [ff(x)90 / rr(x)90 / nn(x)91 / gg(x)72_2] above.

ff(x)91This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff(x)89 / rr(x)89 /rr(x)91nn(x)90 / gg(x)71\_2] and [ff(x)90 / rr(x)90 / nn(x)91 / gg(x)72\_2]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was ann(x)92friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all ofgg(x)73\_2the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so<br/>the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the<br/>definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff(x)92This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff(x)89 / rr(x)89 /rr(x)92nn(x)90 / gg(x)71\_2] and [ff(x)90 / rr(x)90 / nn(x)91 / gg(x)72\_2]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was ann(x)93friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all ofgg(x)74\_2the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, sothe respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If therespondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also usethe "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago,and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 3	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(VERIFY: Was this person male or female?)	ff(x)57	rr(x)57	nn(x)73	gg(x)54	
<1> MALE					
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW	i				
<7> REFUSED					
			<b></b>		
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	ff(x)58	rr(x)58	nn(x)74	gg(x)55	
<0-85>0 - 85 years old	i i				
<115> teens	ł				
<120> 20's	1				
<130> 30's <140> 40's					
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's	1				
<170> 70's	ł				
<180> 80's					
<998> DON'T KNOW					
<997> REFUSED					
	-				
Is [he / she] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	ff(x)59	rr(x)59	nn(x)75	gg(x)56	A
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	1		1		

#### ACCOMPLICE 3

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ff(x)57 rr(x)57 nn(x)73 gg(x)54	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
ff(x)58 rr(x)58 nn(x)74 gg(x)55	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
ff(x)59 rr(x)59 nn(x)75 gg(x)56	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).

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)60 nn(x)76	GM
	5 gg(x)57
)61 nn(x)77	gg(x)58
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)62 nn(x)78	gg(x)59
	,
1	
•	
	•

ff(x)60 rr(x)60 nn(x)76 gg(x)57	Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.
ff(x)61 rr(x)61 nn(x)77 gg(x)58	By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). "Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.
ff(x)62 rr(x)62 nn(x)78 gg(x)59	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the respondent gives you is the child's relationship to the accomplice. It is unlikely that the respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in the child's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the</u> <u>incident</u> (i.e., molesting the child).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Nas [he / she] someone known to the child (before the episode)?	ff(x)63	rr(x)63	nn(x)79	gg(x)60
<1> YES	:			
<5> NO	:			
Vhich of the following best describes how the person (most) esponsible was related to the child involved in this episode:	ff(x)64	rr(x)64	nn(x)80	gg(x)61
(1) a friend of your child,				
2> a friend of yours or someone else in the household,				
<3> an acquaintance of your child,				
<4> an acquaintance of the family, .				
<5> a neighbor,				
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,				
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,				
<8> someone known to your child only by sight,			¥	
<pre>&lt;77&gt; or someone else (SPECIFY)?</pre>				
11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND	1	1	,	
12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER			•	
13> COMPLETE STRANGER				
15> SOMEONE KNOWN TO YOU BY SIGHT		1		
16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES			,	
95> INAPPLICABLE		•		
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED			i.	
<99> NOT ASCERTAINED			•	
20> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO THIS CHILD [FA / RATA / NFA]				
Vas the person:	ff(x)65	rr(x)65	nn(x)81	gg(x)62
	(2)00			33(~)~2
1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or			¢.	
S> just an ordinary friend? DON'T KNOW			•	
		и 4 ж		
<7> REFUSED			i	

ff(x)63	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that child knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or
rr(x)63	hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the
nn(x)79	respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
gg(x)60	
ff(x)64	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
rr(x)64	sure the answer the respondent gives you is the child's relationship to the person. Make sure you are familiar with
nn(x)80	the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen
gg(x)61	carefully to the respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the
	respondent has said so that you are sure you understand their answer. Note that we are interested in the child's
	relationship to that person at the time of the episode (i.e., the assault of the child).

ff(x)65 rr(x)65 nn(x)81 gg(x)62 This question is only asked if the respondent said the person was a friend of the [child / children] or a friend of the family in [ff(x)64 / rr(x)64 / nr(x)80 / gg(x)61]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a [boyfriend / girlfriend] way. If the respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was <u>at the time of the episode</u>, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the child's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your daughter's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

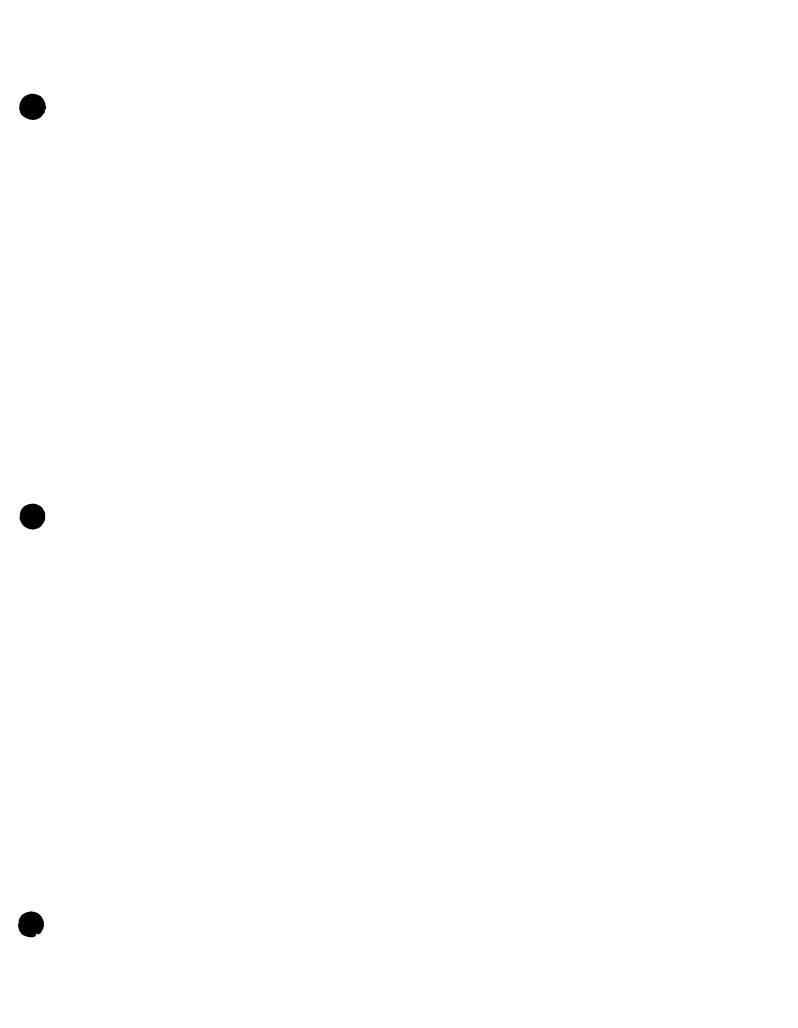
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did y name	our child, or anyone else in your family, know this person's (before the episode)?	ff(x)93	rr(x)93	nn(x)94	gg(x)75_2	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Did yo enoug	our child, or anyone else in your family, know this person well gh to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	ff(x)94	fr(x)94	nn(x)95	gg(x)76_2	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
1						
For ho	ow long (before the episode) did your child, or other family pers, know this person:	ff(x)95	rr(x)95	nn(x)96	gg(x)77_2	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),					
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or					
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				,	
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
1	í					
How of memb	often (before the episode) did your child, or other family ers, see this person (your best guess is fine):	ff(x)96	rr(x)96	nn(x)97	gg(x)78_2	
<1>	daily,					
<2>	weekly,					
<3>	several times a month, or					
<6>	less than once a month? (SPECIFY)					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					

If the respondent said that the perpetrator was known to the family or the [child / children], we want to find out how well the person was known.

ff(x)93 rr(x)93 nn(x)94	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight (for <u>any</u> of t [child / children] involved in the episode). If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the respondent or the [child
gg(x)75_2	children], or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
ff(x)94	See specifications for [ff(x)94 / rr(x)94 / nn(x)95 / gg(x)76_2] above.
ff(x)94 rr(x)94	See specifications for [ff(x)94 / rr(x)94 / nn(x)95 / gg(x)76_2] above.
• •	See specifications for [ff(x)94 / rr(x)94 / nn(x)95 / gg(x)76_2] above.

ff(x)95This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff(x)93 / rr(x)93 /<br/>nn(x)94 / gg(x)75\_2] and [ff(x)94 / rr(x)94 / nn(x)95 / gg(x)76\_2]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a<br/>friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of<br/>the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so<br/>the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the<br/>definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ff(x)96This question is not asked if the respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ff(x)93 / rr(x)93 /rr(x)96nn(x)94 / gg(x)75\_2] and [ff(x)94 / rr(x)94 / nn(x)95 / gg(x)76\_2]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was ann(x)97friend of the respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all ofgg(x)78\_2the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so<br/>the respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the<br/>respondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use<br/>the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago,<br/>and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.





INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Question by Question Specifications Youth Follow-Up Interviews

INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

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STUDY # 31-191

## Question by Question Specifications of Youth Follow-Up Interviews

FA Family Abduction

RATA Runaway / Thrownaway

NFA Non-Family Abduction

GM General Missing

EPISODE ACRONYMS WITHIN SQUARE BRACKETS INDICATE OPTIONS ONLY APPLICABLE TO EPISODES LISTED WITHIN THE SQUARE BRACKETS.

and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Earlier you said that there had been an episode in [MONTH] [YEAR] where		yw1	ya1	yu1	
you left home without permission. [RATA] you were attacked or taken. [NFA] you were missing and could not be located. [GM]	:				
I would like to ask you some additional questions about that episode. First I need to make sure that this episode happened while you were living in the household where you live now.					
<1> TO CONTINUE					
Were you living with the same [parent / parents] or [caretaker / caretakers] when this episode happened?	     	yw1a	yaia	yula	
<1> YES	1				
<5> NO	:				
<8> DON'T KNOW	:				
<7> REFUSED	1				
	!				
	t I				
	1				
!					
	- - +	· • .			
Earlier you said that there had been an episode in [MONTH] [YEAR] where you were taken away from the household where you were supposed to be. I would like to ask you some additional questions about that episode. First, I need to make sure that this episode happened while you were living in the household where you live now. Were you living with the same [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) at the time of this episode?	ур1				
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
					-

yw1 ya1 yu1	Read the introductory text and enter <1> to see the first question. Although other children might have been involved in the episode (i.e., [taken / kept / runaway / thrownaway / missing]), we are only interested in the experiences of this youth respondent.
ywla yala yula	<ul> <li>ya1a: The purpose of this question is to confirm that the youth respondent involved in the episode yu1a: was living in the household at the time the episode <u>began</u>. "Began" means when the youth respondent stopped being where [he / she] was <u>supposed to be</u>.</li> </ul>
	yw1a: The purpose of this question is to confirm that the youth respondent involved in a runaway episode (that is, yy5: [left / stayed away] without permission; yy6: chose not to come home, [and / or] yy9: [parents / caretakers] did not know where youth respondent was living) was living in the household at the time the episode <u>began</u> . "Began" means when the youth respondent stopped being where [he / she] was <u>supposed to be</u> , whether [he / she ] left from home, or from some other place where [he / she] was supposed to be such as school or a friend's house.
	If the youth respondent was living in the household at the time of the episode, the next question [yw3a / ya2a / yu2a] will appear. If the youth respondent involved in the episode was <u>not</u> living in the household, CATI will not continue with this follow-up interview.
ур1	The purpose of this question is to confirm that the youth respondent involved in the episode was living in the household at the time the episode began. "Began" means when the youth respondent stopped being where [he / she] was supposed to be.
	If the youth respondent was living in the household at the time of the episode, the next question, yp2a will appear If the youth respondent involved in the episode was not living in the household, CATI will not continue with this follow-up interview.

			FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	where y to leave you sor make s	you said that there had been an episode in [MONTH] [YEAR] you had a lot of trouble at home and left (someone told you home or refused to allow you back). I would like to ask ne additional questions about that episode. First I need to ure that this episode happened while you were living in the old where you live now.		γw2			
	<1>	TO CONTINUE		s			
			<u> </u>				
		ou living with the same [parent / parents] or [caretaker / ers] when this episode happened?		yw2a			
	<1>	YES	1				
	<5>	NO					
	<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	<7>	REFUSED					
;							
			 :				
ł							
	Are you episode	u back living in the same household you left during this e?		уw3а			
ļ	<1>	YES					
	<5>	NO	:				Â
į	<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	<7>	REFUSED	1				
	1		1				
		·	k -			•.	

yw2	Read the introductory text and enter <1> to see the first question.
	The number of this question is to confirm that the youth respondent involved in a "thrownaway" episode (that is
yw2a	The purpose of this question is to confirm that the youth respondent involved in a "thrownaway" episode (that is, yy7: [told to leave / not allowed to return], [and / or] yy8: "became a lot of trouble" and left) was living in the household at the time the episode <u>began</u> . "Began" means when the youth respondent stopped being where [he / she] was <u>supposed to be</u> , but with this type of episode, this is <u>most likely</u> to be the youth respondent's [parent's / caretaker's] house.
	If the youth respondent was living in the household at the time of the episode, the next question yw3a will appear. If the youth respondent involved in the episode was <u>not</u> living in the household, CATI will not continue with this follow-up interview.
yw3a	This is an important question because it directs many subsequent skip patterns—make sure you record the youth respondent's answer correctly.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
How long did this episode last altogether, that is, how long was it from the time you	yp5aa	ужбаа	ya5aa	yu5aa	
were [taken / kept] until you were returned? [FA] left until you returned? [RATA] were [taken / assaulted] until you were freed or returned? [NFA] were missing until you were found or returned? [GM]					
<1 - 90> DURATION					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED			,		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<b>،</b>		;	
(UNIT OF TIME)	yp5ua	yw6ua	ya5ua	yu5ua	
<1> MINUTES					
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS					
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS				,	
		;	i.		
			1		
1				•	

- ---

ур5аа ужбаа уа5аа уu5аа	ур5аа:	The elapsed time should start from when the youth respondent was first taken or kept from the household where [he / she] belonged, until [he / she] was returned to the household where [he / she] belonged. You may have to help the youth respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When were you [taken / kept]?" Then ask: "When were you returned?"
	уwбаа:	The elapsed time should start from when the youth respondent first left the household where [he / she] belonged, or left the place where [he / she] was supposed to be, until [he / she] was returned to the household where [he / she] belonged. You may have to help the youth respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When did you leave?" Then ask: "When did you return?"
	ya5aa:	The elapsed time should start from when the youth respondent was first taken or accosted, including the assault (if any) and time after the assault, until [he / she] was freed or returned. You may have to help the youth respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When were you [taken / detained]?" Then ask: "When were you freed or returned?"
	yu5aa:	The elapsed time should start from when the youth respondent was first missing, that is, when [he / she] was not where [he / she] was <u>supposed</u> to be. You may have to help the youth respondent determine the answer to this question. You could say: "When were you first missing?" Then ask: "When were you found or returned?"

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### PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did the	e person who [took / kept] you return you voluntarily?	урб			
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Are vo	u still with the person who [took / kept] you?	yp6a	<b>.</b>	<b>n</b> .	
1		,,,			
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>					
<7>	REFUSED				
		-	· · · · ·	4	:
Was m	nore than one person responsible for this episode?	yp7		ya6	
<1>	YES			,	
<5>	NO			1	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED			•	
1			• •	:	1
How m	nany people were involved?	ур8		ya7	
<2 - 2	0> PEOPLE				
<98>	DON'T KNOW			:	
<97>	REFUSED				
i.					

## PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

NOTE: When we ask about the person "most responsible," we mean the person who instigated the abduction or keeping the youth respondent, that is, the person whose idea it was. This person is not necessarily the person who physically took or kept the youth respondent.

yp7 ya6 r

÷

By "responsible" we mean anyone who was involved in the abduction or in keeping the youth respondent.

yp8This question is only asked if the youth respondent said more than one perpetrator was involved in [yp7 / ya6]. Byya7"involved" we mean anyone who was involved in the abduction or in keeping the youth respondent.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
I would like to ask you some questions about the person who was <u>most</u> responsible for	yp9a		ya8	
[taking / keeping] you. [FA] [taking / assaulting] you. [NFA]				
Was the person (most) responsible for this episode a member of your family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO THE CHILD)				
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED			• 	
Was the person responsible for this episode a member of your family? ("FAMILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO THE CHILD)	ур9	•	ya8a1	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
		· - ·	<b>.</b>	

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skip down to ya9i for next question in sequence for the Non-Family Abduction Series

yp9a

ya8

If the youth respondent reported that there was only one perpetrator, this lead-in sentence will appear. This transitional phrase explains that we are focusing on the person whom the youth respondent considers most responsible for [taking / keeping] [him / her]. If there was more than one perpetrator, and the youth respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have [him / her] pick one person and answer this series of questions about that person. You'll ask the same series of questions again, and [he / she] can then tell you about the other [perpetrator / perpetrators] as accomplices. By "family member," we mean anyone related to the youth respondent by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

yp9 ya8a1 If there was more than one perpetrator, and the youth respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have [him / her] pick one person and answer this series of questions about that person. You'll ask the same series of questions again, and [he / she] can then tell you about the other [perpetrator / perpetrators] as accomplices. By "family member," we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

For the convenience of listing equivalent questions together, the Non-Family Abduction questions are not in sequence between questions ya8 and ya15.

The correct sequence is as follows:

ya8 / ya8a1 ya9i yp10\_2 ypp12 ya9 ya10a ya11a yles1 yles2 yles3 yles4 ya12 ya12 ya13 ya14 ya15

skip down to ya9i for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was t	he person (most) responsible:	yp10		yp10_2		
<1>	your parent,					
<2>	your step-parent,					
<3>	your brother or sister,					
<4>	your aunt or uncle,					
<5>	your cousin,					
<6>	your grandparent,					
<7>	your foster parent,					
<8>	your adoptive parent,					
<9>	your legal guardian,					
<10>	the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or					
<77>	some other relative of yours? (SPECIFY)					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
	due down to ymp12 far pout gyaction in cogura	nco for the Non	Esmily Abductio	n Cortos		
	skip down to ypp12 for next question in sequer		-ranny Adducuo	in Series		
Was t	his person acting for a family member or relative?	yp11		ya9i		ê
<1>	Yes, the person was acting for a family member or relative					
<5>	No, the person was not acting for a family member or relative					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
1						
	loop back up to yp10_2 for next question in sequ	ience for the No	on-Family Abduct	ion Series		
	he person (most) responsible someone known to you (before bisode)?	γp9_2		ya9		
<1>	YES			•		
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW			,		
; <7>	REFUSED					
1						
ļ						

yp10 yp10_2	FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES
	yp10_2: Although this is the non-family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a <u>slight</u> possibility that the youth respondent could have given confusing information previously, and [he / she] may indicate at this point that the perpetrator is related, legally or by blood, to [him / her]. For that reason, this questionnaire includes the questions that document the relationship of a family perpetrator (yp10_2 and ypp12). This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was a family member in [ya8a1 / ya8].
	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will not know [his / her] relationship to the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the perpetrator's relationship to the youth respondent at the time of the episode (i.e., the abduction or keeping of the youth respondent.)
	skip down to ypp12 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.
үр11 үа9і	This question will only be asked if the person responsible was not an actual family member (as defined in [yp9a / yp9 / ya8a1 / ya8]). The purpose of this question is to determine whether the non-related person who took or kept the youth respondent was <u>doing it for</u> a of member of the youth respondent's family.
	loop back up to yp10_2 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.
ур9_2 уа9	NON-FAMILY PERPETRATOR SERIES
	yp9_2: Although this is the family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a slight possibility that the youth respondent could have given confusing information previously, and the youth respondent may

\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_

yp9\_2: Although this is the family perpetrator questionnaire, there is a slight possibility that the youth respondent could have given confusing information previously, and the youth respondent may indicate at this point that the perpetrator is not related (legally or by blood) to [him / her]. For that reason, this questionnaire includes the questions that document the acquaintanceship of a non-family perpetrator (yp9 through yp14).

. . . . . . . .

Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I'm going to read a list of relationships. Which of the followin best describes how the person (most) responsible for this episode related to you:			ya10a	•
<1> a friend of yours,	1			
<2> a friend of someone else in the household,	1			
<3> an acquaintance of yours,	1			
<4> an acquaintance of your family,	i			
<5> a neighbor,	]			
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,				
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,			•	
<8> someone known to you only by sight,				
<77> or someone else? (SPECIFY)				
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND/GIRLFRIEND				
<12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER				
<13> COMPLETE STRANGER				
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES				
<96> PERSON NOT KNOWN TO YOU				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
	- +			
Was the person:	yp11a		ya11a	
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or				
<5> just an ordinary friend?				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
1			<u> </u>	

yp10a

ya10a

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was known to [him / her] in [yp9\_2 / ya9]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. Be familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the perpetrator's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the abduction of the youth respondent).

yp11a ya11a This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of the family in [yp10a / ya10a]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a [boyfriend / girlfriend] way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the perpetrator was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

# DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE PERPETRATOR

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name re the episode)?	ypes1		yles1	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO			,	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Did yo enoug	bu, or anyone else in your family, know this person well h to speak to him or her (before the episode)?	ypes2		yles2	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
For ho memb <1> <2> <3>	ow long (before the episode) did you, or other family bers, know this person: a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months), a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?	ypes3		yles3	
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
How of see th	often (before the episode) did you, or other family members, his person (your best guess is fine):	ypes4	<b>4</b> .	yles4	
<1>	Daily,				
<2>	Weekly,	:			
<3>	Several times a month, or				
; <4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<sup>°</sup> <5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	;			
<7>	REFUSED [FA]				
<9>	REFUSED [NFA]				
		ì			

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE PERPETRATOR

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or to the family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

ypes1 yles1	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight to the youth respondent. If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
ypes2 yles2	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight to the youth respondent. If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to speak to.
ypes3 yles3	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ypes1 / yles1] and [ypes2 / yles2]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

ypes4This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [ypes1 / yles1]yles4and [ypes2 / yles2]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else<br/>in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T<br/>KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the<br/>answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth respondent chooses "less than one month,"<br/>use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular<br/>contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but<br/>hadn't seen him at all, until just before the episode began.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Had you or anyone else in your family ever seen this person before (INCLUDES ANYONE IN THE FAMILY)	? <b>yp12</b>		ya12		
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
Would you say that you or anyone else in your family knew this person by sight? (INCLUDES ANYONE IN THE FAMILY)	yp13		ya13		
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
Was this person someone you met on the Internet or through any communications by computer?	yp14		ya14		
<1> YES					
<5> NO	1				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
·					
skip down to ya15 for next question in sequ	ience for the Non-	Family Abduction	Series		
Was this person acting for:	yp12_2		ypp12		
<1> your parent,		•			
<2> your step-parent,					
<3> your brother or sister,					
<4> your aunt or uncle,					
<5> your cousin,					
<6> your grandparent,					
<7> your foster parent,					
<8> your adoptive parent,					
<9> your legal guardian,					
<10> the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or		:			
<77> some other relative of yours? (SPECIFY)					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
,		;			

loop back up to ya9 for next question in sequence for the Non-Family Abduction Series

ур12 ya12	If the youth respondent says the perpetrator was unknown to the child, we want to check if <u>anyone</u> in the family had seen this person before.
yuzz	
ур13	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator had been seen by someone in the family in
ya13	[yp12 / ya12]—we want to find out if the youth respondent believes that someone in the family knew this person by
	sight.
ур14	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers /
ур14 уа14	someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a person in authority, or a caretaker or babysitter.
-	
	skip down to ya15 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.
yp12_2	ypp12: This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was acting for a family
ypp12	member in ya9i.

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the perpetrator's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the abduction of or keeping the youth respondent).

loop back up to ya9 for the next question in sequence of the Non-Family Abduction series.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(VERIFY: Was this person male or female?)	yp14_2		ya15	(	
<1> MALE					
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
To the best of your knowledge, what is [his / her] (the perpetrator's) current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	yp15		ya16		
<0-85> 0 - 85 years old					
<115> teens					
<120> 20's					
<130> 30′s					
<140> 40's					
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's			5		
<170> 70's					
<180> 80's					
<998> DON'T KNOW		1			
<997> REFUSED		1			
· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	÷	•··· ,		
Now I'm going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's start with ethnicity.	ур16		ya17		
Is this person of Hispanic or Latino origin?					
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO			1		
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<98> DON'T KNOW		•			
<97> REFUSED		1			
		k			
		-			

yp14_2 ya15	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the perpetrator may already be clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
yp15	Note that this question asks for the abductor's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth
ya16	respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best estimate of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
yp16	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau ("Hispanic" is an ethnicity not a race).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
What is	s this person's race?	yp17		ya18		
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO					
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	1				
<3>	BLACK	ļ				
<4>	WHITE					
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)	i -		a		
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO					
<96>	MIXED	1				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
1			· • ·			
What c	ity and state was [he / she] living in when this episode	yp18				
began?	•	,pro				
(IF CH)	ILD REFUSES OR DOESN'T KNOW, ENTER ZERO "0")					
<loca< td=""><td>TION&gt; CITY / STATE</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></loca<>	TION> CITY / STATE					
t						
- 			•		,	
1						
			+			·

yp17 ya18 Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is <u>biracial</u>, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

yp18

You may have to remind the youth respondent of the specific time period we are interested in. If the youth respondent does not know the city, choose <0> (DON'T KNOW) for city and try to find out the state. If the perpetrator was living in a foreign country, record the country on the text line.

Enter the two digit code for the state at the arrow at the bottom of the screen. IMPORTANT: You will have to press the return key (enter key) once to move the screen up and make the arrow visible. Also note that the state code must be typed in UPPER CASE LETTERS. If the perpetrator was living in a foreign country, enter <s> for other, and carefully record what the youth respondent says.

### ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

ACCOMPLICE 1	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I would like to ask you about the <u>next</u> most responsible person.	yp19a		ya19a	
Is this person male or female?				
<1> MALE				
<5> FEMALE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				• •
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	yp20a		ya20a	
<0–85> 0 – 85 years old				
<115> teens				
<120> 20's				
<130> 30's				
<140> 40's				
<150> 50′s	•			
<160> 60's				
<170> 70's				
<180> 80's				
<998> DON'T KNOW				
<997> REFUSED				
Now I'm going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's	yp21a		ya21a	
start with ethnicity.	, p		<b>,</b>	
Is this person of Hispanic or Latino origin?	:			
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<98> DON'T KNOW	1			
<97> REFUSED				

...<u>-</u>

### ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

The same questions that were asked regarding the main perpetrator of the episode are asked again if there were additional people involved—accomplices. You can ask about a total of four people—one perpetrator and three accomplices. The items in the accomplice section are numbered sequentially from [yp19a / ya19a] to [yp27a / ya27a]. The item numbers for the first accomplice are followed by "a," e.g., [yp19a / ya19a]. The item numbers for the second accomplice are followed by "b," the item numbers for the third accomplice are all followed by "c," except for the "acquaintedness" portion.

### ACCOMPLICE 1

yp19a	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be
ya19a	clear. If the sex of the person is not clear, then ask the question.
	,

yp20a ya20a Note that this question asks for the accomplice's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

yp21aWe must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question, in order to follow the convention of the Censusya21aBureau (Hispanic is not a race).

	•	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What i	is this person's race?	yp22a		ya22a	
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO				
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3>	BLACK				
<4>	WHITE				
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)				
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO	:			
<96>	MIXED	!			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED	1			
Is [he ("FAM THE C	/ she] a member of your family? ILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO HILD)	yp23a		ya23a	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	T.			
<7>	REFUSED	: !			
Is the	person responsible:	yp24a		ya24a	
<1>	your parent,	i			
<2>	your step-parent,	1			
<3>	your brother or sister,	:			
<4>	your aunt or uncle,	i			
<5>	your cousin,	I			
<6>	your grandparent,				
	your foster parent,				
<7>					
<7> <8>	your adoptive parent,	1			
	your adoptive parent, your legal guardian,	-			
<8> <9>	your legal guardian,				
<8> <9> <10>	your legal guardian, the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of				
<8> <9> <10>	your legal guardian, the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or some other relative of yours? (SPECIFY)				

 yp22a
 Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

 yp23a
 By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

yp24a ya24a This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was a member of [his / her] family in [yp23a / ya23a]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the accomplice's relationship to the child. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., taking or assaulting the youth respondent).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was [he / she] someone known to you (before the episode)?	yp25a		ya25a	
<1> YES	1			
<5> NO				
<7> REFUSED				
Which of the following best describes how the person responsible was related to you:	yp26a		ya26a	
<1> a friend of yours,				
<2> a friend of someone in your household,				
<3> an acquaintance of yours,				
<4> an acquaintance of your family,				
<5> a neighbor,				
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,				
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,				
<8> someone known to you only by sight,				
<77> or someone else? (SPECIFY)				
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND/GIRLFRIEND				4
<12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER				
<13> COMPLETE STRANGER				
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
Was the person:	yp27a		ya27a	
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or	ł			
<5> just an ordinary friend?				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED		•		
				۱.
		۰.		

yp25a ya25a	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
yp26a ya26a	<ul> <li>ya26a: This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was known to [him / her] in ya25a.</li> <li>Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. If there is more than one child involved, and the relationship between the accomplice and each of the children is different, we are only interested in relationship of the accomplice to the youth respondent. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that</li> </ul>
	we are interested in that person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the abduction of the youth respondent).

yp27a This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of the family in [yp26a / ya26a]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner at that time. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the time of the episode?").

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE ACCOMPLICES

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name e the episode)?	yp150		ya27d	
<1>	YES	<b>)</b>			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1 1 1			
<7>	REFUSED				
Did yo enoug	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person well h to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	yp151		ya27e	
<1>	YES	, 1			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	i			
<7>	REFUSED				
For ho memb	ow long (before the episode) did you, or other family vers, know this person:	yp152		ya27f	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or				
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	1			
	often (before the episode) did you, or other family members, is person (your best guess is fine):	yp153		ya27g	
<1>	Daily,	1			
<2>	Weekly,				
<3>	Several times a month, or				
<4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)				
<5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED [NFA]				
<9>	REFUSED [FA]	ł			

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE ACCOMPLICES

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or to [his / her] family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

•	and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second
yp150	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers /
ya27d	someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
yp151	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers /
ya27e	someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
	we ask if anyone in the family knew the well enough to <u>speak to</u> .

yp152 ya27f This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [yp150 / ya27d] and [yp151 / ya27e]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp153This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [yp150 /ya27gya27d] and [yp151 / ya27e]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or<br/>someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories<br/>except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be<br/>able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth respondent chooses "less<br/>than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to<br/>record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly<br/>at that time, but hadn't seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 2	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Now I would like to ask you about the <u>next</u> most responsible person.	yp19b		ya19b		
Is this person male or female?					
<1> MALE	i				
<5> FEMALE	:				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	i				
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	yp20b		ya20b		
<0-85> 0 - 85 years old	1				
<115> teens					
<120> 20's					
<130> 30's	1				
<140> 40's					
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's	1				
<170> 70's					
<180> 80's					
<998> DON'T KNOW					
<997> REFUSED					-
Now I'm going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's start with ethnicity.	5 <b>yp21b</b>		ya21b		•
Is this person of Hispanic or Latino origin?					
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
i					

#### ACCOMPLICE 2

/p19b	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already
/a19b	clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
/p20b	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth
/a20b	respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best estimate of age. If
	necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

yp21b We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question, in order to follow the convention of the Censusya21b Bureau (Hispanic is not a race).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What i	s this person's race?	yp22b		ya22b	
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO	۶. ۲			
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	;			
<3>	BLACK	1 2			
<4>	WHITE	i.			
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)	1			
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO	- 			
<96>	MIXED	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<97>	REFUSED	1			
	/ she] a member of your family? (LY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO HILD)	yp23b		ya23b	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
Is the	person responsible:	yp24b		ya24b	
<1>	your parent,				
<1> <2>	your parent, your step-parent,				
<1> <2> <3>	your step-parent,				
<2>	your step-parent, your brother or sister,				
<2> <3>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle,				9
<2> <3> <4>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin,			· · · · ·	
<2> <3> <4> <5>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle,			· · · · ·	9
<2> <3> <4> <5> <6>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent,			· · · · · ·	•
<2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9
<2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent, your adoptive parent, your legal guardian,			· · · ·	•
<2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8> <9> <10>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent, your adoptive parent, your legal guardian, the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ê
<2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8> <9> <10>	your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent, your adoptive parent, your legal guardian, the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or			· · · · ·	ē

yp22b ya22b Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

yp23b va23b By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

yp24b ya24b This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was a member of [his / her] family in [yp23b / ya23b]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the accomplice's relationship to the <u>youth respondent</u>. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., taking or assaulting the youth respondent).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was [	he / she] someone known to you (before the episode)?	yp25b		ya25b	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	! :			
	of the following best describes how the person responsible elated to you:	yp26b		ya26b	
<1>	a friend of yours,				
<2>	a friend of someone in your household,				
<3>	an acquaintance of yours,	1			
<4>	an acquaintance of your family,				
<5>	a neighbor,	:			
<6>	a person in authority such as a teacher,				
<7>	a caretaker or babysitter,				
<8>	someone known to you only by sight,				
<77>	or someone else? (SPECIFY)				
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND/GIRLFRIEND				
<12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER				
<13>	COMPLETE STRANGER			,	
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
Was tl	ne person:	yp27b		ya27b	
<1>	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or				
<5>	just an ordinary friend?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				

yp25b ya25b	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."				
yp26b ya26b	ya26b: This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was known to [him / her] in ya25b.				
	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. If there is more than one child involved, and the relationship between the accomplice and each of the children is different, we are only interested in the relationship of accomplice to the youth respondent. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship the youth respondent <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the abduction of the youth respondent).				

yp27b ya27b This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of the family in [yp26b / ya26b]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend ] girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

# DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE ACCOMPLICES

- -

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	you, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name ore the episode)?	yp154		ya27h	
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO	• •			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	ļ.			
<7>	REFUSED				
Did enou	you, or anyone else in your family, know this person well ugh to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	yp155		ya27i	
<1>	YES	;			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
; <7>	REFUSED				
	how long (before the episode) did you, or other family nbers, know this person:	yp156		ya27j	
<1>	<ul> <li>a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),</li> </ul>				
<2>	<ul> <li>a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or</li> </ul>				
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	1			
		ļ	4		
How	v often (before the episode) did you, or other family members, this person (your best guess is fine):	yp157		ya27k	
÷ <1>	> Daily,				
<2>	> Weekly,	1			
<3>	<ul> <li>Several times a month, or</li> </ul>				
<4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<8>	> DON'T KNOW				
<7>	> REFUSED [NFA]	;			
<9>	> REFUSED [FA]	1		1	
		l			

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE ACCOMPLICES

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or to [his / her] family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

	n and a second second of the second of the second second second second second second second second second second
yp154	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers /
ya27h	someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
yp155	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers /
va27i	someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
•	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to speak to.

yp156 ya27j This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [yp154 / ya27h] and [yp155 / ya27i]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp157This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [yp154 /ya27hya27h] and [yp155 / ya27i]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or<br/>someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories<br/>except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be<br/>able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth respondent chooses "less<br/>than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to<br/>record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly<br/>at that time, but hadn't seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 3	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I would like to ask you about the <u>next</u> most responsible person.	yp19c		γa19c	$\bullet$
Is this person male or female?				
<1> MALE				
<5> FEMALE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
	- •			
What is [his / her] current age? (Your best guess is fine.)	yp20c		ya20c	
<0-85> 0 - 85 years old				
<115> teens				
<120> 20's				
<130> 30's				
<140> 40's				
<150> 50's				
<160> 60's				
<170> 70's				
<180> 80's			•	
<998> DON'T KNOW				
<997> REFUSED				-
		-		
Now I'm going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's start with ethnicity.	yp21c		ya21c	•
Is this person of Hispanic or Latino origin?	;			
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				

## ACCOMPLICE 3

yp19c ya19c	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
ур20с	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's <u>current</u> age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth
ya20c	respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best <u>estimate</u> of age. If necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
yp21c ya21c	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the race question, in order to follow the convention of the Census Bureau (Hispanic is not a race).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What i	s this person's race?	yp22c		ya22c	
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO				
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3>	BLACK	1			
<4>	WHITE				
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)				
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO				
<96>	MIXED	r.			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED	ļ			
Is [he ("FAM] THE CI	/ she] a member of your family? ILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO HILD)	ур23с		ya23c	
<1>	YES	- 			
<5>	NO				
	person responsible:	yp24c		ya24c	
<1>	your parent,				
<2>	your step-parent,				
<3>	your brother or sister,				
<4>	your aunt or uncle,				
<5>	your cousin,	1			
<6>	your grandparent,				
<7>	your foster parent,	1			
<8>	your adoptive parent,				
	your legal guardian,				
<9>	the shouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or dirlfriend) of				
<9>	the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or	ļ			
<9>	your parent, or				
<9> <10>	your parent, or some other relative of yours? (SPECIFY)				

yp22c page 22c Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.
yp23c By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood

By "family member" we mean anyone related to the child by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

yp24c ya24c

ya23c

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was a member of [his / her] family in [yp23c / ya23c]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the accomplice's relationship to the <u>youth</u> respondent. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between the child and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., taking or assaulting the youth respondent).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was [he / she] someone known to you (before the episode)?	yp25c		ya25c		
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
Which of the following best describes how the person responsible was related to you:	ур26с		ya26c		
<1> a friend of yours,					
<2> a friend of someone in your household,					
<3> an acquaintance of yours,					
<4> an acquaintance of your family,					
<5> a neighbor,					
<6> a person in authority such as a teacher,					
<7> a caretaker or babysitter,					
<8> someone known to you only by sight,					
<77> or someone else? (SPECIFY)					
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND					
<12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER					
<13> COMPLETE STRANGER					
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					Ê
				-	
Was the person:	yp27c	1	ya27c		
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or		1			
<5> just an ordinary friend?					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
	,				
		1			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		L			

yp25c ya25c	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
yp26c ya26c	ya26c: This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator was known to [him / her] in ya25c.
	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. If there is more than one child involved, and the relationship between the accomplice and each of the children is different, we are only interested in relationship of the accomplice to the youth respondent. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the abduction of the youth respondent).

yp27c ya27c This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of the family in [yp26c / ya26c]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode?" or "Did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

## DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE ACCOMPLICES

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
	u, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name e the episode)?	yp158		ya27l	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Did yc enoug	u, or anyone else in your family, know this person well h to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	yp159		ya27m	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
For ho memb	w long (before the episode) did you, or other family ers, know this person:	yp160		ya27n	
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or				
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
				4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	often (before the episode) did you, or other family members, is person (your best guess is fine):	yp161		ya27o	
<1>	Daily,				
<2>	Weekly,				
<3>	Several times a month, or				
<4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW			ч. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
<7>	REFUSED [NFA]				

## DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS" OF EPISODE ACCOMPLICES

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or to [his / her] family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

yp158	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers /
ya27l	someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.

yp159	
ya27m	

This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers / someone else in the household], or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to <u>speak to</u>.

yp160 ya27n This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [yp158 / ya27l] and [yp159 / ya27m]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp161This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [yp158 / ya27l]ya27oand [yp159 / ya27m]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone<br/>else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except<br/>"DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to<br/>choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth respondent chooses "less than<br/>one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record<br/>any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that<br/>time, but hadn't seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	of the following statements is <u>most</u> true concerning your home:		yw8a			
<1>	it was entirely your decision to come home,					
<2>	you were advised by someone else to come home, or					
<3>	you came home against your will?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED					
			<u>.</u> .		,	
	of the following statements is <u>most</u> true concerning your home:		yw9a			
<1>	you were <u>asked</u> to return,					
ˈ <2>	you were <u>allowed</u> to return, or					
<3>	you came back in <u>spite of opposition</u> of someone in the household?		:			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	† ,				
<7>	REFUSED					
		1	1			

yw8a

This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>left or stayed away</u>. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] opinion. "Against your will" includes the police bringing the youth respondent home. Read the answer choices slowly, so that the youth respondent has a chance to think about each choice before the next one is read. If you have any doubt about the youth respondent's choice, tell [him / her] that you want to make sure you understand [his / her] answer, and read the question and [his / her] answer again. Emphasize "most" when you read the question.

yw9a

This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u>. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] opinion. Read the answer choices slowly so that the youth respondent has a chance to think about each choice before the next one is read. If you have any doubts about the youth respondent's choice, tell [him / her] that you want to make sure you understand [his / her] answer, and read the question and [his / her] answer again. Emphasize "most" when you read the question.

RATA

NFA

GM

FA

How likely do you believe it is that this situation of your [leaving home / refusing to come home] will happen <u>again</u>? Would you say:

- <1> very likely,
- <2> somewhat likely,
- <3> somewhat <u>un</u>likely, or
- <4> very <u>un</u>likely?
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

How likely do you believe it is that this situation of [asking you to leave / refusing to allow you to return] will happen <u>again</u>? Would you say:

- <1> very likely,
- <2> somewhat likely,
- <3> somewhat unlikely, or
- <4> very unlikely?
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

During the past 12 months, were you away from home any other times, in addition to the episode that we're discussing right now?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

About how long were you away in all of these other episodes <u>taken</u> together, not including the episode we're discussing right now?

<1 - 90> DURATION			
<98>	DON'T KNOW		
<97>	REFUSED		
(UNIT	OF TIME)		

<1>	DAYS

- <2> WEEKS
- <3> MONTHS

yw10a\_2

yw11

yw11a

yw11a\_2

/w10a		this scenario (e.g., youth respondent told to leave or not allowed to return home) will			
rw10a_2		of the sentence, <u>and</u> , if more than one of the wording options is relevant, more than Add "and" between the options (if more than one appears) when reading the			
	question.	Add and between the options (in more than one appears) when reading the			
	EXAMPLE:	How likely do you believe it is that this situation of your			
		leaving home			
	:	refusing to come home			
		will happen <u>again</u> ?			
	READS:	How likely do you believe it is that this situation of your			
		leaving home and			
	1	refusing to come home			
		will happen <u>again</u> ?			
	Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an				
	answer. Emphasize "un" whe	en you read "unlikely," so that the youth respondent hears the difference between			
	"likely" and "unlikely". Do no answer [he / she] thinks is co	t hesitate to reread the categories if it will help the youth respondent determine which prrect.			
w11		ent only includes times when [he / she] was away during the past 12 months. If			
	necessary, ask the youth resp	pondent for the dates of the other [episode / episodes], to help [him / her] double			
	check if the other [episode /	episodes] happened within 12 months of interview date.			

yw11a

We want the youth respondent to give us the <u>total</u> number of days, weeks, or months that [he / she] has been away from home during the past 12 months, <u>not</u> including the time [he / she] [has been / was] away during the current episode (the one that we are discussing in this interview).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
'm going to read some statements that might describe how you feel / felt at the time of the episode]. Please tell me which are <u>rue</u> for you, and which are <u>false</u> : I <u>wanted</u> to come home.		yw12a		
<1> TRUE	1			
<5> FALSE	(			
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED / MISSING	:			
[I'm going to read some statements that might describe how you [feel / felt at the time of the episode]. Please tell me which are <u>true</u> for you, and which are <u>false</u> :) I [don't / didn't] care one way or the other whether I [come / came] home.		yw13a		
<1> TRUE	, , 1			
<5> FALSE	1			
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED / MISSING				
(I'm going to read some statements that might describe how you [feel / felt at the time of the episode]. Please tell me which are <u>true</u> for you, and which are <u>false</u> :) I would [prefer / have preferred] <u>not</u> to come home.		<b>yw14a</b>		
<1> TRUE				
<5> FALSE				
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED / MISSING	1			

yw12a	, If the youth respondent says "YES" or "NO," verify that "YES" means "TRUE" and "NO" means "FALSE." If
yw13a	necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded, do not attempt to explain the statement or reword it. It is likely
yw14a	that the youth respondent will say "TRUE" to one of the statements and "FALSE" to the other two, but not
	necessarily. Accept whatever the youth respondent says and do not try to reconcile [his / her] answers according to
	what might be considered logical.

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Please tell me briefly in your own words about the episode, including how it took place, why it might have taken place, how long it lasted, and what happened to you during and after the episode?	ур28	yw15	ya28	уиб	
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
		,			
-					
				<u>.</u>	
Now I want to ask you some questions about this episode. You may have already told me some of these things, but I need to read the questions <u>as written</u> to make sure that we get all the details we need.	yp29	yw16	ya29	yu7	
<1> TO CONTINUE					
				•	Â
: 		: • •		•	
How did your [parent / parents] or someone else in your household come to notice or believe that you were missing:				yu8	
<1> failed to call at arranged time,					
<2> failed to come at arranged time,					
<3> gone longer than usual,					
<4> disappeared from their presence,					
<5> someone else noticed you were missing, or					
<77> some other reason? (SPECIFY)					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
			1		

ур28 уw15

## EPISODE DETAIL

ya28 yu6

5

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This is an open-ended question designed to let the youth respondent tell us about the episode, thereby giving an overall view of what happened, as well as allowing the youth respondent some "free space" in which to say [his / her] "piece" in an unstructured way. This strategy has proven to be very effective in designing interviews on sensitive subjects and about emotionally loaded events. Respondents tend to feel that they have been "heard" if they are given a little space like this. Record the response as clearly, as carefully, and as thoroughly as possible. Use the probes on the screen, but do not be concerned if the youth respondent does not answer the parts of this question in the order they are asked or does not answer all of the parts. Most respondents are willing to provide a lot of information about such an experience. If the youth respondent starts to repeat information or continues to go into great detail after [he / she] has essentially answered the question, gently thank the youth respondent for providing the information and then go to the next question. Do not take the time to probe too much—we will ask lots of specific questions about the episode; this question is more <u>for the youth respondent's benefit</u>—to allow [him / her] to express [himself / herself].

yp29 yw16 ya29 yu7

yu8

This lead-in sentence prepares the youth respondent for more detailed questions about this episode. When you already know the answer to any of the questions following [yp28 / yw15 / ya28 / yu6], you should say: "I know you already told me this, but I need to ask <u>all</u> the questions." You could also say, "These questions may seem redundant, but they are <u>all</u> very important for understanding what happened to you." Say these phrases as often as necessary—we do not want the youth respondent to get annoyed with the redundancy. Ask for [his / her] patience and be patient yourself.

Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. If you are unclear which answer category the youth respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help [him / her] select the appropriate response category. If the youth respondent tells you anything other than the responses listed in <1> through <5>, carefully and thoroughly record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line. If the youth respondent says more than one of the answers applies to this situation, you will need to make a note about the additional [answer / answers]—use the CATI note-taking function (in command mode). The youth respondent may have already answered this question in yu6, in which case, review with the youth respondent the question and the answer you believe [he / she] told you earlier.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Would you consider this episode to be a kidnapping?	yp32_2		ya32	
<1> YES	1			
<5> NO	i			
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
What kind of episode would you consider this to be?	yp33_2		ya33	
<777> SPECIFY				
<998> DON'T KNOW		4		
<997> REFUSED				

ур32_2 уа32	If the youth respondent seems confused about what "episode" means in this question, you could probe by saying: "Would you consider [taking away / keeping] you to be kidnapping?" We are interested in the <u>youth respondent's</u> <u>opinion</u> about this episode—emphasize "would you consider" when you read the question.
ур33_2 уа33	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the episode was <u>not</u> a kidnapping in [yp32 / ya32]. In othe words, [he / she] said [he / she] did not think this episode was a kidnapping, so what would [he / she] call it? Carefully and completely record the youth respondent's answer.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(IF KEI be retu	day of the week did this episode start? PT OR CONCEALED: We mean the day you were supposed to urned, but instead you were kept.) KEN OR KIDNAPPED: We mean the day you were taken.)	yp34_2	yw19	ya34	γu9	
<1>	Monday					
<2>	Tuesday					
<3>	Wednesday					
<4>	Thursday					
<5>	Friday	:				
<6>	Saturday					
<7>	Sunday					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED	!				
Did thi	s episode start:	yp34a	yw19a	ya34a	yu9a	
<1>	during the week, or	1				
<5>	over the weekend?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED					
		1. 1				
And w	hat time of day? Was it:	yp35_2	yw20	ya35	yu10	
<1>	morning,	1				
<2>	afternoon,	1 1 V				
<3>	evening, or	!				
<4>	night?	i				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED	; 				
		i				
1						
:						
		1				

ур34_2	If necessary, remi	nd the youth respondent that we are asking about when the episode <u>began</u> —this means, the exac
/w19	moment when [he	e / she] started being somewhere other than where [he / she] was supposed to be
ya34		
yu9	when the youth re says "DON'T KNO\	nswer list unless necessary. This is the day the episode began—it is either the day of the week espondent left or the day [he / she] was not allowed to return. It is O.K. if the youth respondent W"—[he / she] will have the chance to tell us (in the follow-up question) whether the episode week or on the weekend.
yp34a yw19a ya34a	her] to at least tel categories (not "D	Indent answered "DON'T KNOW" in [yp34_2 / yw19 / ya34 / yu9], we want to try and get [him / I us whether the episode started on a weekend or during the week. Read the two answer YON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED") before accepting or recording an answer so the youth respondent
yu9a		ose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. Do not press the issue. If lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further.
	the youth respond	lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further.
ур35_2	the youth respond Read all of the pos	lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further.
ур35_2 уw20	the youth respond Read all of the pos	lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further. ssible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an
yu9a yp35_2 yw20 ya35 yu10	the youth respond Read all of the pos answer, so the you	lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further. ssible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an
ур35_2 уw20 уа35	the youth respond Read all of the pos answer, so the you	lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further. ssible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an
yp35_2 yw20 ya35	the youth respond Read all of the pos answer, so the you situation.	lent says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further. ssible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an uth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] This could be either the time of day when the youth respondent was taken from the household or the time [he / she] was supposed to be returned but were not. The youth respondent's bes
ур35_2 уw20 уа35	the youth respond Read all of the por answer, so the you situation. yp35:	Ient says "DON'T KNOW" again, do not probe further. ssible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an uth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] This could be either the time of day when the youth respondent was taken from the household or the time [he / she] was supposed to be returned but were not. The youth respondent's bes guess is fine. This could be either the time of day when the youth respondent left or the time of day [he was

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Before long ha episod	the time you were supposed to have been returned, how ad you been with (the [person / persons] responsible for this e)?	yp36_2			
<1 - 9	0> DURATION				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
(UNIT	OF TIME)	yp36u		· · ·	
<1>	MINUTES				
- <2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS				
<5>	MONTHS				
Now I'ı best de	m going to read you a list of places. Which of the following escribes where you were at the time the episode began:	yp37a		ya36a	yu11a
<1>	in your own home or yard,				
<2>	in the home or yard of the person who [took / kept] you, [FA]				
<2>	in someone else's home or yard, [NFA / GM]				
<3>	in someone else's home or yard, [FA]				
<3>	in the street, such as walking home from school, [NFA / GM]				
<4>	in the street, such as walking home from school, [FA]				
<4>	hitchhiking [NFA / GM]				
<5>	hitchhiking, [FA]				
<5>	in school or daycare, [NFA / GM]				
<6>	in school or daycare, [FA]				
<6>	in a shopping area or mall, [NFA / GM]				
<7>	in a shopping area or mall, [FA]				
<7>	in a parent or caretaker's car, [NFA / GM]				
<8>	in a parent or caretaker's car, [FA]				
<8>	on public transportation [GM]				
<77>	or somewhere else? (SPECIFY)			1	
<9>	IN WOODS OR AN OUTDOOR AREA [GM]				
<9>	PARK/WOODED AREA [FA / NFA]				
<10>	PUBLIC PLACE (RESTAURANT, FAIR)	1			
<11>	OUTSIDE PARTY				
<12>	VACATION TRIP				
<96>	DURING RUNAWAY EVENT [FA / NFA]				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				

yp36\_2

yp37a ya36a

yu11a

This question is designed for those situations where the youth respondent was not returned to the household from some normal period of visitation ("kept"). You may have to clarify the intent of the question for the youth respondent. We want to know how long the youth respondent had been with the person during the normal or expected period of visitation before [he / she] should have been returned. If, for example, the youth respondent was staying with this person for the Christmas holidays, and the person did not return [him / her] after the Christmas holidays, we want to know how long the youth respondent was there for the holidays. Do not include the time spent with the person during any previous visitations.

By "began," we mean where the youth respondent was just prior to when [he / she] started being somewhere other than where [he / she] was <u>supposed</u> to be.

yp37a: If the youth respondent was <u>taken</u>, this would be where [he / she] was taken from. If the youth respondent was <u>kept</u>, this would be where [he / she] was just prior to when [he / she] should have been returned.

ya36a: If the youth respondent was taken, this would be where [he / she] was taken from. In the case of an assault, this would be where [he / she] was when the assault happened.

Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] circumstances. Familiarize yourself with the answer categories and the order of the list. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to see which category should be recorded—feel free to ask [him / her] to explain in more detail, so that you can choose the right category. If you are unclear which answer category the youth respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help [him / her] select the appropriate answer category. If the answer does not fit one of the categories, carefully record the answer on the "SPECIFY" line. The youth respondent may have already answered this question in [yp28 / ya28 / yu6], in which case, review with the youth respondent the question and the answer you believe [he / she] told you earlier. The answer to this question represents the youth respondent's "original location," which will be referred to in subsequent questions.

	u have your [parent's / parents'] (or [caretaker's / kers']) permission to be where you were?	:		yu12a
<1>	YES			
<5>	NO			
<8>	DON'T KNOW			
<7>	REFUSED			
Who w	vas with you:			yu13a
<1>	a babysitter or caretaker,			
<2>	brothers or sisters,			
<3>	school personnel,			
<4>	other family members,	1		
<5>	other adults,			
<6>	other children, or	1		
<77>	some other person? (SPECIFY)			
<98>	DON'T KNOW			
<97>	REFUSED	:		

- -

yu12a	"Permission" means that the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] knew and approved of where [he / she] was before the "missing" incident began.
yu13a	This means, who the youth respondent was with, or who the youth respondent was <u>supposed</u> to be with. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. If you are unclear which answer category the youth respondent is choosing, reread the categories, or probe to get more details so you can help [him / her] select the appropriate response category. If the youth respondent tells you anything other than the responses listed in <1> through <6>, carefully and thoroughly record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line. If the youth respondent was with more than one person, use the "SPECIFY" line to give complete information.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
the ep (ORIG	you moved or lured away from your original location during isode (at any time during the episode)? INAL LOCATION MEANS THE PLACE YOU PHYSICALLY WERE DIATELY BEFORE THE EPISODE BEGAN)			ya37a		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Were	you moved even a few feet from your original location?			ya38a		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
1						
1					(	Ê
	· · · · · · · · ·			• • •		
Was th	here any <u>attempt</u> to take or move you by force or threat?	1		ya39a		
<1>	YES			i.		
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED	•				
i İ						

Starting below, some questions will contain a code <6> for "not applicable—assault only" for the Non-Family Abduction questions. If there was <u>no abduction or attempted abduction</u> included in the assault incident, some of these questions will not apply. If the code appears on the screen, and you know the incident was an assault <u>only</u> (that is, it did <u>not</u> include any kind of abduction or attempted abduction), you may enter <6> and <u>not</u> ask the question.

**ya37a** This is an important question for determining how serious the episode was. You need to take time to clarify the question, if necessary, [and / or] ask the youth respondent to describe what happened to determine if the answer to this question is "YES." If the youth respondent asks what you mean by "original location," explain that we mean where the youth respondent was when the episode <u>began</u> [and / or] remind the youth respondent of the answer [he / she] gave in ya36a. If the youth respondent asks what you mean by "moved" or "lured," do not try to define the words; instead, say: "<u>Do you think</u> the person moved you or tried to lure you into [going / staying] with [him / her]?"

ya38aThis question is only asked if the answer to ya37a is "NO," "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED." Because moving the child<br/>is such an essential element of defining the episode as an abduction, we are double checking with the youth<br/>respondent to find out if [he / she] was moved. The youth respondent may have answered "NO" to ya37a because<br/>[he / she] did not think that taking [him / her] just a few feet counts as "moving from ... original location."<br/>However, if the youth respondent was moved, taken, or lured even a few feet away from where [he / she] was, the<br/>answer is "YES." This question may seem redundant and may even annoy the youth respondent, but it is a very<br/>important question. Emphasize "even a few feet."

**ya39a** This question is only asked if the answer to ya38a is "NO," "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED." Again, moving the child is an important element of the episode definition. Now we want to ask the youth respondent if [he / she] thinks the perpetrator <u>attempted</u> to move [him / her]. In addition, forcing or threatening is different from luring, which is what we asked about before, so you may need to emphasize "by force or threat" and you may need to repeat it to make sure the youth respondent noticed that we are asking about something different.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did the authori	[person / persons] responsible for this episode have ty or permission to take or keep you?			ya40	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	,			
	is person / these persons] <u>try to hide</u> that [he was / she was were] moving you?	•		ya41	
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO	I			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
		ş			
Which your lo	of the following best describes <u>how</u> you were moved (from cation at the beginning of the episode):	yp38a		ya42a	
<1>	you were carried,	ł			
<2>	you entered a vehicle,				
<3>	you walked, or	!			
<77>	some other way? (SPECIFY)				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	:			
<97>	REFUSED	I			
		1			
of <u>forc</u> (ORIGI	e [person / persons] responsible for this episode use any kind <u>e or threat</u> in moving you from your original location? NAL LOCATION MEANS THE PLACE THE YOU PHYSICALLY IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE EPISODE BEGAN)	ур39_2		ya43	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I.			
<7>	REFUSED	1			
		; 		<u></u>	

ya40	If the youth respondent did <u>not</u> say "YES" to ya37a, ya38a, <u>or</u> ya39a, you will skip to ya50b. This means: did <u>any</u> of the people involved have the authority to have the youth respondent.
ya41	This includes <u>any</u> attempt to conceal the removal of the youth respondent: trying to conceal the actual taking or assaulting of the youth respondent, or any attempt to be secretive about the youth respondent's location <u>after</u> the abduction or assault.
yp38a ya42a	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. If the youth respondent says something that is a combination of the categories, record the answer that represents the most serious (least voluntary) situation. If the youth respondent was carried to a vehicle, mark "carried." If the youth respondent walked to a vehicle, mark, "entered a vehicle." "Vehicle" means car, truck or van. If the answer does not fit one of the categories, record how the youth respondent was moved on the "SPECIFY" line (for example: "train," "subway," etc.).

yp39\_2If the youth respondent asks what you mean by "original location," explain that we mean where [he / she] was justya43prior to when [he / she] started being somewhere other than where [he / she] was <u>supposed</u> to be, [and / or]remind the youth respondent of the answer [he / she] gave in [yp37a / ya36a] (where the youth respondent was<br/>when the episode began).

If the youth respondent asks what you mean by "force or threat," do not try to define the words; instead, say: "Do you think the person used any kind of force or threat against you to get you [to go / to stay] with [him / her]?"

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What	kind of force or threat was used?	yp40a		ya44a	
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED	!			
		i			
		:			
	you <u>lured or persuaded</u> in some way to [go with / stay with] person / persons] responsible for this episode?	ур41		ya45	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY [NFA]	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	1			
	were you lured or persuaded to [go with / stay with] the on / persons] responsible for this episode?	yp42a		ya46a	
<77>	SPECIFY	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·
taken (USE	n of the following best describes what kind of place you were to by the [person / persons] responsible for the episode: "SPECIFY" IF CHILD TAKEN TO <u>MORE THAN ONE PLACE</u> NG EPISODE)			ya47a	
<1>	a vehicle (for the whole episode),				
<2>	a building,				
<3>	the perpetrator's home,				
<4>	an outside area like woods,				
<77>	or somewhere else? (SPECIFY)				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
		···		·	

yp40a ya44a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator used force or threat in [yp39_2 / ya43]. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely. You may have to say, "to the best of your knowledge," but otherwise, do not probe a "DON'T KNOW" answer.
yp41 ya45	Do not define or give examples of "lured or persuaded" but if necessary, say: " <u>Do you think</u> you were lured or persuaded in some way to go with the person?"
yp42a ya46a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator lured [him / her] in [yp41 / ya45]. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely. You may have to say, "to the best of your knowledge," bu otherwise, do not probe a "DON'T KNOW" answer.
ya47a	Response <1> should only be entered if the youth respondent was kept in a vehicle the <u>entire</u> time [he / she] was with the person who took or assaulted [him / her]. If the youth respondent tells you that [he / she] was taken to a vehicle but it is not clear whether [he / she] was kept in the vehicle for the whole episode, you should probe by asking: "Did the person keep you in the [vehicle / car / truck] the <u>entire</u> time?" If the answer does not fit one of

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
How fa	ar were you moved? (Your best guess is fine.)			<b>y48</b> aa		
<1-9	000> DISTANCE					
	> DON'T KNOW					
	> REFUSED					
				<u> </u>		-
(UNIT	OF DISTANCE)			y48ua		
<1>	FEET					
<2>	YARDS					
<3>	MILES					
<4>	CITY BLOCKS	,				
Did mo (HIDE	oving you hide what was going on? THE <u>FACT</u> THAT YOU WERE BEING ABDUCTED)			ya49		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	• ! !				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE-ASSAULT ONLY					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED	1				
Was a	nything else done to hide what was going on?			ya50a		8
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO DON'T KNOW	'				
<8> <7>	REFUSED	:				
.	KEFUSED	i ,				
,		• • • •				
Was <u>a</u>	nything done to hide what was going on?	i l		ya50b		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					

y48aa	It may be difficult for the youth respondent to give you an <u>exact distance</u> in number of feet, yards, etc. Before a "DON'T KNOW" answer, ask the youth respondent if [he / she] could give you an <u>estimate</u> of how far
	[he / she] was moved.
ya49	The question is asked to find out if youth respondent moved so that the [taking / assault] could not be seen by
ya49	other people.

ya50a	If the answer to ya49 was "YES," you would include the word "else" when you read this question. If the answer to
ya50b	ya49 was "NO," you would stress the word " <u>anything</u> ."

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
How else were the activities hidden?			ya51a	
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
How were the activities hidden?			ya51c	
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED		:	i	
		ı		
Were you stopped or held <u>against your will</u> ?	1		ya52	
<1> YES				
<5> NO	1			
<8> DON'T KNOW				•
<7> REFUSED				
	-	4	· •.	• • • • •
How long were you stopped and held against your will?			ya53a	
<1 - 90> DURATION		:		
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ya53u	
(UNIT OF TIME)			yassa	
<1> MINUTES			1	
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS				
<4> WEEKS				
<5> MONTHS		1		

emphasiz	"against your will" when you read the question, <u>unless this is an assault only</u> . In this case you should "stopped or held." Do not try to explain "stopped" or "held" to the youth respondent; if [he / she] hat [he / she] does not understand what is meant, just say: " <u>Do you think</u> you were stopped or held ur will?"

in ya52—we want to find out the amount of time that the youth respondent held. If necessary, probe for an <u>estimate</u> of time.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Were	you stopped or held using any kind of force or threat?			ya54		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Was th	here any <u>attempt</u> to stop or hold you by force or threat?		aya a a a a <b>a a a a a a a a a a a a a a</b>	ya55		- • •
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
			** - * * * ******			
you, d	[person / persons] responsible had managed to stop or hold o you think you would have been held using force or threat re than half an hour?			ya56		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
						-
you,)	[person / persons] responsible had managed to stop or hold Do you think you would have been held using force or threat solated place?		· • •	ya57		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	1					

ya54	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator held [him / her] against [his / her] will in ya52—we want to find out if the perpetrator used force in holding the youth respondent. Emphasize "using any kind of force or threat" when you read the question, <u>unless this is an assault only</u> . In this case you should emphasize "stopped or held." Do not try to explain "force or threat" to the youth respondent; if [he / she] indicates that [he / she] does not understand what is meant, just say: " <u>Do you think</u> you were stopped or held using force or threat?"
ya55	Emphasize "attempt" when you read the question: the answer to this question would be "YES" if the youth respondent thought the perpetrator was going to use force, or if the perpetrator attempted, but was unsuccessful at holding the youth respondent.
ya56	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hold [him / her] by force in ya55—we want to find out if the youth respondent would have been held for at least half an hour. This is an important question for determining how serious the episode was—we want to get a sense of how much risk there was to the youth respondent. Emphasize " <u>do you think</u> " when you read the question.

. . . . .

ya57

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator attempted to hold [him / her] by force in ya55—we want to find out if the youth respondent would have been held in an isolated place. This is also an important question for determining how serious the episode was. Emphasize "do you think" when you read the question.

	-• · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did yo person	u believe you would be hurt if you tried to leave the [person / is] responsible for this episode?	i		ya58	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	4			
<7>	REFUSED				
Did the	e [person / persons] responsible for this episode show you a	:		ya59	
weapo	n, like a knife, gun or club?	1		ya39	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
What k	kind of weapon?			ya60	
<1>	A knife				
<2>	A gun	i.			
<3>	A club				
<77>	Something else (SPECIFY)				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<97>	REFUSED	1			
		1			
Were y	rou gone for at least one night?			ya61a	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	į			
		1			

ya58	This is another important question for determining how serious the episode was. Emphasize "believe" when you read the question. Do not try to explain "hurt" to the youth respondent; if [he / she] indicates that [he / she] does not understand what is meant, just say: "Do you think you would have been hurt?"
ya59	By "weapon," we mean anything that could be used as a weapon or was <u>intended</u> to be perceived as a weapon.
ya60	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator showed [him / her] a weapon in ya59. Do not read the answer categories unless necessary. If the answer does not fit one of the three categories, be sure to record on the "SPECIFY" line what kind of weapon was shown to the youth respondent.
ya61a	This question may seem redundant, but we <u>must</u> ask it because it is especially important for defining the episode. This question will be skipped if the youth respondent previously reported that [he / she] was gone for more than 24 hours (in ya5aa) If this question appears and you know the youth respondent was gone at least one night, you could just confirm the answer with [him / her]: "I just want to check—you were gone more than 24 hours, right?"

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Were you taken more than 50 miles from where you started?			ya62a	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
·				
Do you think the [person / persons] responsible for taking you had any intention of releasing or returning you?			ya63	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
		L		
Did the [person / persons] responsible demand any ransom money, goods or services during this episode?			ya64	
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
1		:	·	
What was demanded?		:	ya65a	
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
		- +		

ya62a	This question may seem redundant, but we <u>must</u> ask it because it is especially important for defining the episode. This question should be skipped if the youth respondent previously reported that [he / she] was moved more than 50 miles (in y48aa). However, y48aa could be interpreted as how far the youth respondent was <u>initially</u> moved, and this question refers to the <u>total</u> distance the youth respondent was moved during the <u>entire</u> course of the episode— you may need to explain the distinction to the youth respondent.
ya63	This is another important question for defining the episode.
ya64	We want to know if the perpetrator communicated that [he / she] expected something in exchange for releasing or returning the youth respondent.
ya65a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator demanded some type of ransom in ya64. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely. Do not probe a "DONT KNOW" answer.

What did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode tell you about what was happening?

,

<77> SPECIFY

<98> DON'T KNOW

<97> REFUSED

custod	is episode in violation of a court order or decree, or a y order made by a court, or agreed to during a legal divorce ody proceeding?	ур44	
<1>	YES		
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		
<7>	REFUSED		
	is episode in violation of any other kind of a <u>written</u> custody or agreement?	ур45	
<1>	YES		
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		
<7>	REFUSED		
	is episode a violation of a mutual understanding regarding y or visitation rights?	yp46	•
<1>	YES		
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		
<7>	REFUSED		
	vere the conditions of the [custody order or agreement / understanding] that this episode violated?	ур47	
<77>	SPECIFY	1	
<98>	DON'T KNOW	I	
<97>	REFUSED	1	

yp43a	Record the youth respondent's answers carefully and completely.
ур44	In other words, was [taking / not returning] the youth respondent a violation of a formal, legal custody order?
ур45	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to yp44. [Taking / Not returning] the youth respondent could still be a violation of a "written" agreement that the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] considers an informal document (perhaps the [parent / caretaker] and the other person wrote it themselves but no lawyer or court of law has seen it).
ур46	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to yp45. [Taking / Not returning] the youth respondent could still be a violation of a non-legal, but <u>mutually agreed</u> to, custody and visitation "rights" agreement. That is, it could be a violation of what the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] had <u>believed</u> [his / her] understanding was with the person who [took / kept] the youth respondent.

yp47This question is asked regardless of the type of agreement [yp44 / yp45 / yp46]. Try to get the youth respondent to<br/>be specific about [his / her] perception of the terms of the custody arrangement. Record the youth respondent's<br/>answer carefully and completely.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (at the household where you were supposed to be) have any contact with [the [person / persons] responsible for this episode] at any time before you were returned? (INCLUDES <u>ANY</u> CONTACT, EVEN A MESSAGE FROM PERPETRATOR)	ур52			
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Have your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) had <u>any</u> contact with (the [person / persons] responsible for this episode) <u>since</u> you were returned? (INCLUDES <u>ANY</u> CONTACT, EVEN A MESSAGE FROM PERPETRATOR)	ур53	· · · · ·		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
		4		
What kind of contact did they have?	ур54			
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
: :				

	والمروح المروح المتعاد المتحاص والمتعادي والمروح المتعادي والمتعاد المتعاد المتعاد المتعاد المتعاد المتعاد
ур52	This question refers to <u>any contact</u> (including a message) that the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] had with the perpetrator while the youth respondent was away from the household where [he / she] belonged. The contact could have been initiated by the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker], by the other person, or by someone else.
ур53	As discussed in yp52, this includes <u>any</u> kind of contact the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] had with the person responsible for taking or keeping the youth respondent. The contact could have been initiated by the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker], by the other person, or by someone else.
yp54	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [his / her] [parent / caretaker] had some contact with the perpetrator in yp53. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
How lo say [he	ng did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode e / she] would be keeping you?	yp56a				٠
<1 - 90	> DURATION					
<94>	Permanently	1				
<95>	Person responsible didn't say					
<96>	Person denies responsibility	1				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	 		1		
<97>	REFUSED	1		1		
		1		1		
t		1	r			
(UNIT	OF TIME)	yp56u				
<1>	MINUTES					
<2>	HOURS					
<3>	DAYS					
<4>	WEEKS					
<5>	MONTHS					
1						
ł		-	ι .	1 · · · ·	£	
preven [careta	[person / persons] responsible for this episode try to t you from having contact with your [parent / parents] (or ker / caretakers]) (at the household where you were	ур57				
suppos	ed to be)?					
<1>	YES				1	
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
I				٠		
		50				
bid the	e [person / persons] responsible for this episode make any or statements or do anything that would suggest [he / she]	yp58				
wanted	to prevent your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker /			1		
	<pre>kers]) (at the household where you were supposed to be) ver contacting you?</pre>					
15	YES				ŀ	
<1> <5>	NO		1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				1	
<7>	REFUSED					
~//						
			+ · - · ·	+	"	
	vere these threats or statements? E: What specifically did [he / she] say?)	ур59				
<77>	SPECIFY		•			
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					

ł

If the perpetrator said [he / she] would keep the youth respondent permanently, but qualified the statement (for example, [he / she] would keep the youth respondent permanently unless the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] paid alimony that was due), enter <94> and <u>make a note of the qualifying statement</u> (use the CATI note-taking function—in command mode). Do not try to probe a "Permanently" answer to get qualifiers that might not have been mentioned, but follow the above instructions if such information is volunteered by the youth respondent. Note that the person "responsible" for the episode could have had <u>someone else</u> relay this information (about how long the youth respondent was to be kept). NOTE: Only enter <98> for "DON'T KNOW" if the youth respondent tells you that the perpetrator said [he / she] did not know how long [he / she] would keep [him / her]. Enter <95> if the perpetrator <u>did not tell</u> the youth respondent how long [he / she] would be kept.

yp57

This could include attempts to prevent contact on a <u>one-time</u> or <u>temporary</u> basis (not only an attempt to permanently keep the youth respondent from contacting [his / her] [parent / caretaker]). For example, the person could have kept the youth respondent from receiving a letter from [his / her] [parent / caretaker] or told the youth respondent [he / she] could not talk with [his / her] [parent / caretaker] until later in the week. Note that the <u>attempt</u> here may <u>not</u> have succeeded, but would still qualify the youth respondent to answer "YES" to this question.

**yp58** Read the question slowly, pausing between the main sections of the questions. Do not hesitate to reread the question if the youth respondent seems confused. If the perpetrator said or did <u>anything</u> to try to permanently keep the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] from contacting the youth respondent, enter <1> for "YES."

yp59

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator made threats or statements in yp58. Make sure you record everything the youth respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to the youth respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
[Was the person / Were the persons] responsible for this episode trying to use this episode to keep you permanently?	ур60			
<1> YES				
<5> NO	9 1			
<8> DON'T KNOW	4			
<7> REFUSED				
Did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode] make any <u>other</u> threats or demands? (PROBE: What specifically did [he / she] say?) (IF NECESSARY: Anything you haven't already told me about.)	ур61	• • •		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
What were these threats or demands? (PROBE: What specifically did [he / she] say?)	ур62	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<77> SPECIFY		1		
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				e
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		a		
Did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode make any attempt to hide the fact that you had been [taken / kept]?	ур63	· .		
<1> YES	1			
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode make any attempt to hide your location from your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (at the household where you were	ур64	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
supposed to be)?				
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
	I			

ур60	Emphasize "permanently" when you read the question. We want to know if the perpetrator did anything to try to affect the youth respondent's [parent's / caretaker's] ability to have custody of the youth respondent.
ур61	Again, this refers to threats or demands made by the person responsible for taking or keeping the youth respondent, even if the [threats / demands] were communicated by someone else. This question refers to threats or demands other than those the youth respondent told you about in yp58 and yp59.
ур62	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the perpetrator made threats or demands in yp61. Make sure you record everything the youth respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to the youth respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.
yp63	Includes <u>any</u> attempt to conceal the actual abduction, or trying to keep it secret that the youth respondent was moved from where [he / she] was living when it was time to return [him / her].
ур64	Includes <u>any</u> attempt to be secretive about the youth respondent's location after the abduction.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Were you taken to another state or country during this episode?	ур67			
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode think about or plan to take you to another state or country?	ур68			. <u>.</u>
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
What did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode do to make you believe that [he / she] was thinking about or planning to take you to another state or country?	ур69			
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
-				
Which state or country was the [person / persons] responsible for this episode planning to take you to? (IF CHILD REFUSES OR DOESN'T KNOW, ENTER ZERO "0")	<b>ур70</b>			
<location> STATE / COUNTRY</location>				
Which state or country?	yp71_2			
(IF CHILD REFUSES OR DOESN'T KNOW, ENTER ZERO "0")	<b>-</b>			
<location> STATE / COUNTRY</location>				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·	

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ур67	The answer is "YES" if the youth respondent was taken to a different state or country than the one in which [he / she] was <u>supposed</u> to be. It may be that this is a different state than the one the youth respondent was living in when [he / she] was taken or when [he / she] should have been returned. It includes cases where the youth respondent was moved to another state or country <u>at any time</u> while the perpetrator held the youth respondent (i.e., after [his / her] [abduction / non-return]).
ур68	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to yp67. We want to know if the youth respondent believed the perpetrator <u>planned</u> to take [him / her] to a different state or country.
ур69	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that the perpetrator planned to take [him / her] to another state of country in yp68. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely.

yp70

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that the perpetrator planned to take [him / her] to another state or country in yp68. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely. NOTE: If the youth respondent does not know where the perpetrator planned to take [him / her], but <u>does</u> think the perpetrator planned to move [him / her] away from the state where [he / she] was supposed to be (i.e., "YES" in yp68), record "DON'T KNOW" on the text line.

yp71\_2 This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that the perpetrator took [him / her] to another state or country in yp67. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely. If the move was outside of the United States, ask which country [he / she] was taken to. NOTE: If the youth respondent does not know where [he / she] was taken, but <u>does</u> know [he / she] was taken out of the state [he / she] was supposed to be in (i.e., "YES" in yp67), record "DON'T KNOW" on the text line.

	······································	FA	RATA	NFA	G
Was ta vacati	aking you to another [state / country] done: to take a on?	yp72a			
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(Was I [PERP	taking you to another [state / country] done:) to go to ETRATOR]'s place of residence?	yp72b			-
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
relativ <1>	YES	<b>yp72</b> c			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DONT KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
harder	aking you to another [state / country] done:) to make it for the people in the household where you were supposed to ind you?	yp72d			
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
harder	aking you to another [state / country] done:) to make it for the people in the household where you were supposed to contact you?	yp72e			
<1>	YES				
	NO				
<5>					
<5> <8>	DON'T KNOW				

yp72a	The purpose of the	ese questions is to find out why the youth respondent was taken to another state or country (or
yp72b	why the perpetrate	or was planning to take [him / her] to another state or country).
yp72c		
yp72d	yp72a:	This includes either a vacation for the youth respondent, or a vacation for the person who took
<b>yp72</b> e		the youth respondent.
	yp72c:	This includes visiting youth respondent's relatives, the relatives of the person responsible for
	1	taking or keeping the youth respondent, or even the youth respondent's [parent's / caretaker's]
		relatives.
	I	
	i I	

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Would	this have been done: to take a vacation?	yp72a_2				
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	ł				
<7>	REFUSED	, ! !				
(Would resider	this have been done:) to go to [PERPETRATOR]'s place of ice?	yp72b_2		· · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
(Would	this have been done:) to visit relatives?	yp72c_2				
<1>	YES	1				
<5>	NO	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED					
(Would the ho	I this have been done:) to make it harder for the people in usehold where you were supposed to be to <u>find</u> you?	yp72d_2				6
<1>	YES	I.				
<5>	NO	• •				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
(Would	this have been done:) to make it harder for the people in usehold where you were supposed to be to <u>contact</u> you?	yp72e_2				
<1>	YES	1				
_	NO	1				
<5>		1				
<5> <8>	DON'T KNOW					

yp72a_2	The purpose of these questions is to find out why the youth respondent was taken to another state or country (or
yp72b_2	why the perpetrator was planning to take [him / her] to another state or country).
yp72c_2	
yp72d_2	yp72a_2: This includes either a vacation for the youth respondent, or a vacation for the person who too
yp72e_2	the youth respondent.

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yp72c\_2: This includes visiting youth respondent's relatives, the relatives of the person responsible for taking or keeping the youth respondent, or even the youth respondent's [parent's / caretaker's] relatives.

## DISABILITY SERIES

		<b>FA</b>	RATA	NFA	. (
At the	time of the episode, did you have a diagnosed mental		yw21a		
<1>	YES		:		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED		:		
What v	vas the nature of that illness?	- · · ·	yw22a		n - 1
	SPECIFY		• · · · · ·		
<98>	DON'T KNOW				1
<97>	REFUSED				
At the	time of the episode, did you have some serious physical		yw23a		• •
impairr	ment or limitation?		•		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				•
What w	vas the nature of that impairment or limitation?		yw24a		ŧ
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW		· · · · ·		
<97>	REFUSED				
		1			

## DISABILITY SERIES

In the original household roster, the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] has been asked one question about the youth respondent's health: "During the past 12 months, has [CHILD'S NAME] had any serious or permanent physical or mental disability or impairment, or life threatening medical condition?" For children involved in a runaway episode, we ask a series of very specific questions, which essentially breakdown the elements of this broader question and ask about each separately. In each question, you should emphasize "At the time of the episode" and make sure that the youth respondent understands that we mean <u>this</u> episode (the episode that is the topic of <u>this</u> interview). If the youth respondent says "YES" to any of the four questions, you will ask about the "nature" of that condition. As with all open-ended answers, it is very important to record the response clearly and completely—it is vital that the coder be able to determine whether the youth respondent's condition put [him / her] at greater risk while [he / she] was away from home.

## yw21a

Emphasize "diagnosed" when you read this question. This means that a medical or mental health professional must have diagnosed the youth respondent—it cannot just be the youth respondent's opinion or that of [his / her] [parent's /caretaker's]. If the youth respondent says "YES," record [his / her] explanation in r22a.

yw22a

Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the youth respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.

**yw23a** As with all questions of this nature, let <u>the youth respondent</u> decide what constitutes a "serious" condition. If the youth respondent says "YES," accept [his / her] answer and record [his / her] explanation in yw24a.

**yw24a** Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the youth respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	-
proble	time of the episode, did you have a professionally diagnosed m that affected your ability to communicate or interact with , to learn, or to take care of yourself?	1	yw25a			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED	1 1 1				
What v	was the nature of that problem?	• - -	<b>yw26</b> a			
<77>	SPECIFY	-				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	8				
<97>	REFUSED	İ				
At the	time of the episode, did you have a serious or life		yw27a		<u> </u>	
threate	ening illness or medical problem?	1				
<1>	YES	н 1				
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED	i i				
What v	was the nature of that condition?		yw28a		-	e
<77>	SPECIFY	Ì				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					

yw25a	Emphasize "diagnosed" when you read this question. This means that a medical or mental health professional must have diagnosed the youth respondent—it cannot just be the youth respondent's opinion or that of [his / her] [parent's /caretaker's]. If the youth respondent says "YES," record [his / her] explanation in yw26a.
yw26a	Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the youth respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.
yw27a	Let <u>the youth respondent</u> decide what constitutes a "serious" condition. If the youth respondent says "YES," accept [his / her] answer and record [his / her] explanation in yw28a.

yw28a

:

Record the response clearly and completely. If necessary, read what you have recorded to the youth respondent and ask whether you have recorded everything [he / she] said.

Which of the following statements were true at the time you left? You were unhappy living at home.

- <1> TRUE
- <5> FALSE
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

(Which of the following statements were true at the time you left?) You were having a lot of conflicts with a parent or other people in the household.

- <1> TRUE
- <5> FALSE
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

(Which of the following statements were true at the time you left?) Your parent or caretaker did not really try to stop you from leaving.

- <1> TRUE
- <5> FALSE
- <6> NOT APPLICABLE—DIDN'T SEE ME LEAVE
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

yw30a

yw29a

yw31a

yw29a	This series of questions is asked if the youth respondent left or stayed away. If the youth respondent says "YES" o
yw30a	"NO," verify that "YES" means "TRUE" and "NO" means "FALSE." If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as
yw31a	worded, do not attempt to explain the statement, or reword it.
	yw31a: This is often difficult for the youth respondent to answer, since [his / her] [parent / caretaker]
	frequently did not actually see the youth respondent leave, so they did not have a chance to the

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to stop [him / her]. In this case it would be best to ask the youth respondent: "Would your [parent / caretaker] have tried to stop you, if [he / she] had seen you leaving?" Or, just enter the answer that captures the essence of [his / her] attitude—by this point in the interview, you will usually have a sense of whether the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] wanted [him / her] to leave or not.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(Which of the following statements were true at the time you left?) Your parent or caretaker did not really care one way or the other whether you stayed or left.		yw33a		
<1> TRUE				
<5> FALSE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(Which of the following statements were true at the time you left?) Your parent or caretaker was glad that you left.		yw34a		
<1> TRUE				
<5> FALSE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
What was the main reason you left?		yw35a		
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
Please tell me the <u>main</u> reasons your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) [told you to leave home / refused to allow you to return home]?		yw36a		
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

/w33a /w34a	This series of questions is asked if the youth respondent <u>left or stayed away</u> . If the youth respondent says "YES" of "NO," verify that "YES" means "TRUE" and "NO" means "FALSE." If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as</u> worded, do not attempt to explain the statement, or reword it.
w35a	We have just asked the youth respondent a series of possible reasons, now we want to find out what [he / she] thinks was the <u>primary</u> reason. The youth respondent may have already told you why [he / she] left (in yw15, the
	general open-ended question), however, they often give additional information here.
w36a	This series of questions is asked if the youth respondent was told to leave or not allowed to return. Choose either
	"telling you to leave" or "refusing to allow you to return" if you have been able to determine the type of situation for
	this youth respondent from [his / her] answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use
	both phrases. If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded, do not attempt to explain the statement, or reword it. The previous series of questions like this (yw12a_2, yw13a and yw14a) used "TRUE" and "FALSE" as the

response categories, while this question uses "YES" and "NO"-make sure the youth respondent understands that

the answer choices have changed and make sure that [he / she] is not confused.

a a sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Who [asked you to leave / refused to allow you to return]? Was it:		yw43a		
<1> your natural father,				
<2> your natural mother,				
<3> your stepfather,				
<4> your stepmother,				
<5> your parent's live-in-boyfriend or girlfriend,				
<77> or someone else? (SPECIFY)				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
1				
When you were asked to [leave / stay away], how long did the person who asked you to [leave / stay away] want you to stay away?		yw44a	·	
<1> A few hours				
<2> Overnight				
<3> A few days				

1

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i

- <4> At least a week
- <5> A month or longer
- <6> For good
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

ł

yw43a

You will need to press the enter key to see the bottom of this screen. This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u>. Choose either "asked you to leave" <u>or</u> "refused to allow you to return" if you have been able to determine the type of situation for this youth respondent from the [his / her] answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use both phrases. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the relationship of the person who asked [him / her] to leave or refused to allow [him / her] to return. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will not know the relationship between [himself / herself] and the person, therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the relationship of that person to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., when the youth respondent was asked to leave or was not allowed to return).

yw44a

This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>was told to leave or not allowed to return</u>. You do not need to read the response categories <u>if</u> the youth respondent gives you an answer that fits into one of them. If the youth respondent hesitates, or is vague, read <u>all</u> the categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED". We want to know how long the <u>youth respondent's [parent / caretaker]</u> (or the person recorded in yw43a) intended for the youth respondent to stay away, not how long the youth respondent intended to stay away.

Did you gov pruthing, or in pry way communicate that you ware	104/15	
Did you say anything, or in any way communicate that you were [leaving / refusing to return] home?	yw45	
<1> YES		
<5> NO		
<8> DON'T KNOW		
<7> REFUSED		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 • • •	
What did you say or communicate?	yw46	
<77> SPECIFY		
<98> DON'T KNOW		
<97> REFUSED		
How did your parent or caretaker know that you were [leaving /	yw47	
refusing to return] home?		
<77> SPECIFY		
<98> DON'T KNOW		
<97> REFUSED		
· ·		
Were you under a juvenile court order to stay in the home?	yw48a	
<1> YES		
<5> NO		
<8> DON'T KNOW		
<7> REFUSED		

yw45

This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>left or stayed away</u>. Choose either "leaving" or "refusing to return" if you have been able to determine the type of situation for this youth respondent from [his / her] answer to previous questions; if you do not know what the situation is, use both phrases. Emphasize "in any way" when you read the question—we mean <u>any type</u> of communication, including a note, or an answering machine message, or a message delivered by a friend. The youth respondent would not necessarily have to tell [his / her] [parent / caretaker] [his / her] intentions in order for the answer to this question to be "YES," for example, [he / she] may have told a friend's mother who told the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] what the youth respondent said, or, if the youth respondent was staying at a runaway shelter, [he / she] could have told someone at the shelter, and that person could have phoned the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker]. The respondent may, in answer to this question, start to tell you what [he / she] said or did to indicate [his / her] intentions; be sure to enter <1> for "YES" and then record [his / her] answer in yw46.

yw46

This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>left or stayed away</u> and if [he / she] said [he / she] communicated something about leaving in yw45. Carefully and completely record the youth respondent's answer. Probe for details. If you think you missed anything, tell the youth respondent what you have written down and then ask [him / her] if you left anything out.

yw47 This question is asked if the youth respondent <u>left or stayed away</u> and if [he / she] told you in yw45 that [he / she] did <u>not</u> communicate [his / her] intentions (or said "DON'T KNOW" or "REFUSED"). In other words, how did the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] know that the youth respondent had left (since they typically did not actually see the youth respondent leave). Carefully and completely record the youth respondent's answer.

**yw48a** By "the home" we mean the home of the adult respondent (who should also be the youth respondent's primary caretaker).

	······	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
In the followin Alcoho	year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the ng without a prescription or for non-medical reasons: I?		yw49a		•
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
				-	
followi	e year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the ng without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) ana or hashish?		yw50a		
<1>	YES	;			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DONT KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	i			
followi	e year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the ng without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) inogens such as LSD, acid, mescaline, or ecstasy?		yw51a		
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO	1			-
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
		- - -		-	
followi	e year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the ng without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) PCP, is also called angel dust, dust, or loveboat?		yw52a		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING				
i.					
followi	e year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the ing without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) eable uppers such as crystal meth or crank?		yw53a		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	н. -			
<7>	REFUSED / MISSING	1			
v					
		i			

yw49a yw50a

yw51a yw52a yw53a You need to read the entire list, even if the youth respondent already told you what [he / she] used or did not use, because something on the list may jog [his / her] memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the youth respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the youth respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the youth respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the youth respondent tells you about a drug that the youth respondent used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at yw64a "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
foll	the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the pwing without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) raine, not including crack?		yw54a		
<1	> YES				
<5	> NO	1			
<8	> DON'T KNOW				
<7	> REFUSED / MISSING				
foll	the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the owing without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Crack ock?		yw55a		
<1	> YES				
່ <5	> NO				
<8	> DON'T KNOW	1			
_ <7	> REFUSED / MISSING				
, <del>-</del>		 	· ··	+	• • • • • • •
foll	the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the owing without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) roin which is also called smack, horse, or skag?		yw56a		
<1	> YES				
<5	> NO				
<u></u> <8	> DON'T KNOW				
່ <7	> REFUSED / MISSING				
foll Na	the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the owing without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) cotics other than heroin, such as methadone, opium, codeine, or rphine, <u>not</u> for medical reasons?		yw57a		
. <1	> YES				
<5					
<8	> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			· - ·
foll	the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the owing without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Other pers such as speed, bennies, or amphetamines?		yw58a		
<1	> YES	1			
; <5	> NO				
<8>	> DON'T KNOW	ļ			
<7	> REFUSED / MISSING	1			
		1			

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. .\_

yw54a yw55a yw56a yw57a yw58a You need to read the entire list, even if the youth respondent already told you what [he / she] used or did not use, because something on the list may jog [his / her] memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the youth respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the youth respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the youth respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the youth respondent tells you about a drug that the youth respondent used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at yw64a "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

GM

(In the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the following without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Barbiturates such as downers, reds, blues, rainbows, or Quaaludes?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED / MISSING

(In the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the following without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Tranquilizers such as librium, valium, or xanax, <u>not</u> for medical reasons?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED / MISSING

(In the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the following without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Inhalants such as glue, white-out, paint or poppers?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED / MISSING

(In the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the following without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Non-prescription drugs, such as Robitussin or other cold medicine, or diet or sleeping pills, <u>not</u> for medical reasons?

<1> YES

- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED / MISSING

(In the year before, or during the episode, did you use any of the following without a prescription or for non-medical reasons:) Any other drug not taken for medical reasons?

<1> YES

<7>

<5> NO

<8> DON'T KNOW

REFUSED

- ---
- yw60a

RATA

vw59a

yw61a

yw62a

w63a

yw59a yw60a yw61a yw62a yw63a yw64a ---

You need to read the entire list, even if the youth respondent already told you what [he / she] used or did not use, because something on the list may jog [his / her] memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the youth respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the youth respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the youth respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the youth respondent tells you about a drug that the youth respondent used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at yw64a "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What other drug?		yw64a		
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW				

<97> REFUSED

		8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Did ye in the	bu: Experience a black out as a result of drinking or drug use year before, or during, the episode?	<b>yw65</b> a
<1>	YES	
<5>	NO	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	
<7>	REFUSED	· ·
(Did y or dru	ou:) Get into fights with other people as a result of drinking g use in the year before, or during, the episode?	уw66а
<1>	YES	
<5>	NO	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	:
<7>	REFUSED	
		1
(Did y drinkiı	ou:) Get expelled or suspended from school (as a result of ng or drug use)?	уw67а
<1>	YES	
<5>	NO	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	Ì
<7>	REFUSED	
	·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	
(Did y	ou:) Get arrested (as a result of drinking or drug use)?	ужб8а
<1>	YES	
<5>	NO	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	
<7>	REFUSED	
		en en en en en en en en en en en en en e

You need to read the entire list, even if the youth respondent already told you what [he / she] used or did not use, because something on the list may jog [his / her] memory. Explain that you have to read the whole list, or start by telling [him / her] that you are going to be reading a long list, and ask [him / her] to be patient. Whenever appropriate, make sure that the youth respondent understands that we are interested in the <u>non-medical</u> use of these substances. Make sure the youth respondent is clear about the time frame of this question. If necessary, ask the youth respondent for the [date / dates] of the drug use to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date. If the youth respondent tells you about a drug that the youth respondent used which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer at yw64a "other drug." If the answer is "YES" to "any other drug," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely.

respondent for the [date / dates] of the incident, to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of

Make sure the youth respondent is clear about the time frame of these items. If necessary, ask the youth

yw65a yw66a yw67a yw68a

the interview date.

113

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
In the	year before the episode did you attempt to commit suicide	?	yw69a		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
In the	year before the episode, were you enrolled in school?		<b>yw70a</b>		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	4			
<7>	REFUSED				
As a re	esult of the episode, did you miss days at school?	1	yw71a		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	:			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	,			
How m	nany days did you miss?	-	yw72a		
<1 - 9	0> DAYS	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<97>	REFUSED	i			
		1			
		, 1			

yw69a yw70a	Make sure the youth respondent is clear about the time frame of these items. If necessary, ask the youth respondent for the [date / dates] of the incident, to help [him / her] double check if it happened within 12 months of the interview date.
yw71a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was enrolled in school in yw70a. Did the youth
	respondent miss school because of this episode?

yw72a

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] missed school in yw71a. How much school did [he / she] miss <u>because</u> of this episode? If necessary, encourage the youth respondent to give you [his / her] best guess. If [he / she] gives an answer in something other than days, you will have to calculate the number of <u>school</u> days. 1 week is 5 school days, a month is 20 days of school (4 weeks times 5 days), 6 months is 120 days of school.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
In the week before the episode began, did you have an argument,	:	yw73		
a disagreement, or a fight with anyone?				
<1> YES				
<5> NO	r			
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED				
:	4			
· •	1			
: 1				
	1 ]			
Was this person a member of the household?		yw74		
		<b>JH7</b> +		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED				
	· · ·		1 •	
Was this person:		yw75		
1		-	,	
<1> your parent,	1			
<2> your step-parent, <3> your brother or sister,				
<3> your brother or sister, <4> your aunt or uncle,				
< 5> your cousin,				
<pre>&lt;6&gt; your grandparent,</pre>				
<pre>&lt;7&gt; your joint parent,</pre>				
<pre>&lt;8&gt; your adoptive parent,</pre>				
<9> your legal guardian,				
<10> the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or				
<77> some other relative of the yours? (SPECIFY)				
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
			I	
	L			



If there is more than one child involved in the disagreement and the circumstances for the children is <u>not</u> identical, we are only interested in the circumstances for the youth respondent. Read the question slowly, pausing after "argument," "disagreement," "fight." Stress the phrase "in the week <u>prior</u> to," so that the youth respondent is clear about the time period we are interested in. The youth respondent may have already mentioned this in the open-ended question, yw15. In this case, you should confirm that before recording a "YES" answer for this question by saying, for example, "Now, just to make sure I have this correct, you said you had a fight with your father?"

NOTE: If the youth respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to yw73 you will skip to yw84. The next series of questions (yw74 through yw83) is asked only if the youth respondent said "YES" to yw73—the youth respondent had a disagreement with someone.

yw74

"This person" refers to the person that the youth respondent got into an argument with. Do <u>not</u> assume that you know the answer, do not <u>assume</u> the person is a member of the household or not a member of the household (for example, if the youth respondent says, "I got in a fight with my father," do not <u>assume</u> that the father lives in the house with the youth respondent).

yw75

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a member of the household in yw74. We want the person's relationship to the <u>youth respondent</u>. Record, as clearly as possible, the relationship to the youth respondent if it is not straight forward—for example, person was "foster mother's son" or "aunt's boyfriend." If the youth respondent says that more than one person was involved in the dispute, select <77> for "some other relative," and use the "SPECIFY" line to record <u>complete information</u>. It is important that the scenario be clear to the coder—if necessary, use the note-taking function of the CATI system (in command mode) to clarify what happened. FYI: <u>If the person is not a member of the household</u> we do not ask for any description of who the person is.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was t	his disagreement about: Drug usage?		yw76a			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED					
tee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>*</b> * ·		<b>.</b>		
(Was	this disagreement about:) Alcohol usage?		yw76b			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	·	+ · · ·	<b>.</b>	· · · · · · •		
(Was	this disagreement about:) Sexual behavior?	;	yw76c			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	1				
<8>	DONT KNOW	)				
<7>	REFUSED					
1			· ··· ··· ··	- · · · · · ·		
(Was	this disagreement about:) Criminal behavior?	1	yw76d		e	à
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-•			
	this disagreement about:) Dress or personal appearance?		yw76e			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
<7>	REFUSED					
			706		<u></u>	
	this disagreement about:) Staying out late?		yw76f			
<1>	YES					
<5> <8>		:				
<8> <7>	DON'T KNOW REFUSED					
~/>						
		1				

yw76b yw76c yw76d yw76e yw76f

yw76a

You need to read the entire list of items, even if the youth respondent already told you what the argument was about, because something in the list may jog [his / her] memory. If necessary, ask the youth respondent to be patient and explain that you have to read the whole list. If necessary, repeat the statement <u>exactly as worded</u>, do <u>not</u> attempt to explain the statement or reword it. If the youth respondent tells you about a situation that the disagreement concerned which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question yw76j ("something else"). If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer fully and clearly in yw77.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(Was this disagreement about:) Friends or personal associates?	:	yw76g		(	
<1> YES	:				
<5> NO	1				
<8> DON'T KNOW	i i				
<7> REFUSED	1				
<u>.</u>					
(Was this disagreement about:) School performance?	i	yw76h			
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 				
(Was this disagreement about:) Breaking house rules?		<b>yw76</b> i			
<1> YES		· ·			
<5> NO		L			
<8> DON'T KNOW		1			
<7> REFUSED					
(Was this disagreement about:) Or was it about something else?		yw76j			••••
<1> YES					7
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED			1		
		: 	<u></u>		
What was the disagreement about?		yw77			
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW			1		
<97> REFUSED					
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

yw76g yw76h yw76i yw76j yw77

You need to read the entire list of items, even if the youth respondent already told you what the argument was about, because something in the list may jog [his / her] memory. If necessary, ask the youth respondent to be patient and explain that you have to read the whole list. If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded, do not attempt to explain the statement or reword it. If the youth respondent tells you about a situation that the disagreement concerned which is not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question yw76j ("something else"). If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer fully and clearly in yw77.

yw76j:

If the youth respondent says "YES" to any of the items, read yw76j as "Was the argument also about something else?"

....

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did th	is disagreement involve threats to you?		yw78		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Which punisł	of the following threats were made: A threat to physically ?		yw79a		. <u></u>
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(Whid privile	h of the following threats were made:) A threat to withdraw ges? YES		yw79b		
<1>	125				
	NO				
<5>					
<5> <8>	NO		:		
<5> <8> <7>	NO DON'T KNOW		у <b>w79</b> с		G
<5> <8> <7> (Whid out of	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you		<b>yw79</b> c		
<5> <8> <7> (Whid out of <1>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household?		yw79c		G
<5> <8> <7> (Whid out of <1> <5>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household? YES		у <b>w79</b> с		
<1> <5> <8> <7> (Whid out of <1> <5> <8> <7>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household? YES NO		yw79c		
<5> <8> <7> (Whid out of <1> <5> <8> <7>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household? YES NO DON'T KNOW		yw79c yw79c		C
<5> <8> <7> (Whid out of <1> <5> <8> <7>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED n of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED		<b>.</b> . <b>.</b>		
<5> <8> <7> (Whidout of <1> <5> <8> <7> (Whidout) <1>	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to call police?		<b>.</b> . <b>.</b>		
<5> <8> <7> (Whid out of <1> <5> <8> <7> (Whid	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to kick you household? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED h of the following threats were made:) A threat to call police? YES		<b>.</b> . <b>.</b>		

**yw78** NOTE: If there is more than one child involved in the threats and the circumstances for the children is <u>not</u> identical, we are only interested in the circumstances for the youth respondent. This question is concerned with whether there were threats to (or against) the youth respondent; <u>not</u> whether the youth respondent made any threats. If the youth respondent says, "What do you mean by threats?" give [him / her] an example from the follow-up question: "A threat such as punishing you or calling the police."

yw79a yw79b yw79c yw79d This series of questions is only asked if the youth respondent said threats were made to [him / her] in yw78. Again, these are threats made to or against the youth respondent. We only want to know if threats were made against the youth respondent involved in the episode. So as you read each of the statements, you may need to remind the youth respondent that we are only interested in threats made to [him / her]. If the youth respondent tells you about a situation that included threats not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question yw79g "something else." If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely in yw80.

(Whict juvenil	n of the following threats were made:) A threat to petition le court?	yw79e	
<1>	YES		
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		
<7>	REFUSED		
(Which someo	n of the following threats were made:) A threat to hurt needse in some way?	yw79f	
<1>	YES		
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW		
<7>	REFUSED		
(Which somet	n of the following threats were made:) Or were they about hing else?	yw79g	
<1>	YES		
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	· · · ·	
<7>	REFUSED		Æ
14/bot	were these threats about?	yw80	
		умоо	
	SPECIFY		
<98>	DON'T KNOW		
<97>	REFUSED		

FA

yw79e yw79f yw79g yw80 This series of questions is only asked if the youth respondent said threats were made to [him / her] in yw78. Again, these are threats made to or against the youth respondent. We only want to know if threats were made against the youth respondent involved in the episode. So as you read each of the statements, you may need to remind the youth respondent that we are only interested in threats made to [him / her]. If the youth respondent tells you about a situation that included threats not on the list you are reading, you will get the opportunity to record that answer in question yw79g "something else." If the answer is "YES" to "something else," be sure to record the answer clearly and completely in yw80.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did th spank	is disagreement involve any hitting, slapping, punching, ing or hitting with an object?		yw81		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
/ a cou (HITT	parent / a step-parent / a brother or sister / an aunt or unde usin / a grandparent / some other relative] do this to you? ING, SLAPPING, PUNCHING, SPANKING, OR HITTING WITH BJECT)		yw82		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
an aur (HITT)	ou do this to [a parent / a step-parent / a brother or sister / nt or uncle / a cousin / a grandparent / some other relative]? ING, SLAPPING, PUNCHING, SPANKING, OR HITTING WITH DECT)		yw83		<b>.</b> .
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				

yw81	Read the question slowly, pausing after each type of action so that it is clear to the youth respondent. The answer is "YES" if <u>any</u> of these actions were taken against the youth respondent, or if the youth respondent took <u>any</u> of these actions against anyone involved. In other words, this question is asking about hitting done <u>to</u> the youth respondent or <u>by</u> the youth respondent.
yw82	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the disagreement involved hitting in yw81—we want to know if the [person / persons] mentioned in yw75 [was / were] <u>violent toward the youth respondent</u> during the argument. The question text will be filled with the [person / persons] named in yw75—you may have to explain to the youth respondent that we are asking about that person because the youth respondent said [he / she] was the person involved in the disagreement. You may need to use the note-taking function (in command mode) of the CATI system in order to clarify what happened, for example, if there was more than one person involved in the argument. It is important that the scenario be clear to the coder.
yw83	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the disagreement involved hitting in yw81—we want to know whether the youth respondent was <u>violent toward [his / her] [parent / caretaker]</u> or the person mentioned in yw75 during the argument. The question text will be filled with the person named in yw75—you may have to explain to the youth respondent that we are asking about that person because the youth respondent said [he / she] was the person involved in the disagreement. Again, if more than one person was involved in the disagreement or

CATI system in order to clarify what happened. It is important that the scenario be clear to the coder.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
conflic parent	s use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your or any adult in the household do any of the following to Slap you on the face or head or ears?		yw84a	_ ·		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	1					
conflic parent you?)	Its use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your or any adult in the household do any of the following to Hit you on some part of the body <u>other than the bottom</u> with hing like a belt, hairbrush, stick or other hard object?		yw84b			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DONT KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
conflic parent	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your t or any adult in the household do any of the following to Throw or knock you down?		уw84c			Â
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DONT KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
t.						
conflic	nts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your t or any adult in the household do any of the following to Beat you up?		yw84d			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					

yw84a yw84b yw84c yw84d

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This is a difficult series of questions and you may need to use substantial sensitivity when asking it. Stress the phrase "in the year before the episode," so that the youth respondent is clear about the time period we are interested in. The answer to each item is "YES" if any adult in the household did this to the youth respondent in the episode being discussed in this interview. If more than one child was involved in the episode, we only want to know if these things were done to the youth respondent. As you read each of the statements, you may need to remind the youth respondent.

conflict parent	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your or any adult in the household do any of the following to Grab you around the neck and choke you?	<b>уw84</b> е
<1>	YES	
<5>	NO	
<8>	DON'T KNOW	
<7>	REFUSED	
conflic parent	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your or any adult in the household do any of the following to Burn or scald you on purpose?	yw84f
<1>	YES	
<5>	NO	•
<8>	DON'T KNOW	
<sup>'</sup> <7>	REFUSED	1
		1
		1
conflic parent	ts use many different ways to try to control children when ts arise with them. In the year before the episode, did your or any adult in the household do any of the following to Threaten you with a knife or gun?	yw84g
<1>	YES	:
<5>	NO	ŧ.
<8>	DON'T KNOW	;
<7>	REFUSED	
		i
l I		
: Were ) at hom	you afraid that you would be beaten or abused if you stayed ne or returned home?	yw85

RATA

FA

NFA

GM

<1> YES

<5> NO

<8> DON'T KNOW

REFUSED <7>

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yw84eThis is a difficult series of questions and you may need to use substantial sensitivity when asking it. Stress the<br/>phrase "in the year before the episode," so that the youth respondent is clear about the time period we are<br/>interested in. The answer to each item is "YES" if any adult in the household did this to the youth respondent in the<br/>episode being discussed in this interview. If more than one child was involved in the episode, we only want to know<br/>if these things were done to the youth respondent. As you read each of the statements, you may need to remind<br/>the youth respondent.

yw85

This is a difficult question and needs to be asked with sensitivity.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Which of the following best describes where you <u>first</u> went when you [left / refused to return / were refused permission to return] home? Was it:		<b>yw86</b>			
<1> a relative's home,					
<2> a friend's house,	;				
<3> your own place,	1				
<4> a shelter,	1				
<5> or somewhere else?					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
• •		<b>i</b>			
Which relative's house did you go to?		yw87			
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
	1				
Where exactly did you as?		10400	•		
Where exactly did you go?		<b>yw88</b>	1. · · ·		
<77> SPECIFY	ł				_
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
Please describe where you were <u>first</u> staying <u>for a period of time</u> . (FIRST "PRIMARY SITUATION") (THIS IS <u>NOT</u> A PLACE YOU JUST STOPPED AT <u>IF</u> YOU <u>NEXT</u> WENT TO A PLACE WHERE YOU STAYED FOR A PERIOD OF TIME)		<b>yw89</b>	· ·		
<77> SPECIFY					
<pre>&lt;98&gt; DON'T KNOW</pre>					
< <97> REFUSED					
(REFERRING TO FIRST "PRIMARY" SITUATION:) Was this a situation that a parent or another adult member of your household helped to arrange?		yw90			
<1> YES					
<5> NO	1				
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	i i				
	1				
	I				

yw86	Stress "first" when you read this question. If other children were involved in the episode and they went to different places, we are only interested in where the youth respondent went.
yw87	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answers "a relative's house" in yw86. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the person's relationship to the <u>youth respondent</u> . Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know how to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the relationship of that person to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., when the youth respondent went to the person's house).
yw88	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answers "somewhere else" in yw86. Record the response clearly, carefully, and thoroughly.
yw89	Stress " <u>first</u> staying" when you read the question. We want the youth respondent to tell us whatever [he / she] knows about the <u>first</u> place [he / she] went after [he / she] left—we are looking for a description of type of place, for example: "the basement apartment of my friend's house," "I stayed with my friend in a hotel near a beach in Florida," "We slept in a friend's van for several nights," "I went to stay at my girlfriend's house," etc. The youth respondent has probably already told you about where [he / she] went, so ask [him / her] to be patient with these questions (we already asked this question in a different manner in yw86, but we want to give the youth respondent an opportunity to <u>provide a description</u> , if the place [he / she] went does not fit into one of our categories). We consider this place to be the first "primary situation" where the youth respondent stayed—keep track of what the youth respondent tells you in answer to this question, because there are several additional questions about this "primary situation."
yw90	If the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] (or another adult in the household) helped to arrange the first place the youth respondent went, [and / or] helped to arrange for there to be responsible adults available at this place, enter <1> for "YES."

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133

			FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	Were th	RING TO FIRST "PRIMARY" SITUATION:) here adults in the situation where you went to stay who took sibility for you from the time you first got there?		yw91			
	<1>	YES					
	<5>	NO	3				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
	<7>	REFUSED	* 5				
			4				
		RING TO FIRST "PRIMARY" SITUATION:) e quality of supervision in this situation:	•	yw92			
	<1>	as good or better than you received at home,					
	<2>	adequate, but not as good as you received at home, or	1				
	<3>	probably inadequate?	1				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				
	<7>	REFUSED					
	(At <u>any</u>	time during this episode) were you at: a relative's house?		yw93			
	<1>	YES					
	<5>	NO	1	<b>.</b> .			
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	;				
	<7>	REFUSED	- 				
			l				
•	(At <u>any</u> ( <u>ANY</u> C	time during this episode) were you at: a friend's house? F THE CHILDREN)		yw94			
I.	<1>	YES					
i	<5>	NO	1				
	<8>	DON'T KNOW	ł				
	<7>	REFUSED	ł				
			1				
:	(At <u>any</u> ( <u>ANY</u> C	time during this episode) were you at: a runaway shelter? F THE CHILDREN)		yw95			
i	<1>	YES					
:	<5>	NO					
	<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	<7>	REFUSED	1 - -				
			1				

)	yw91	Ve are interested in whether there were responsible adults in the first place the youth respondent went after [he / the] [left / was told to leave] home. If necessary, refer back to the answer in yw89 and ask this question about that place or situation.
	yw92	This situation" refers to the first primary situation where the youth respondent was staying after [he / she] left nome. In this question, "supervision" refers to the supervision received by the [child / children] <u>involved in the</u> <u>episode</u> (rather than all the [child / children] in the household, since other [child / children] <u>might</u> receive more comprehensive supervision). Slowly and clearly read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] opinion. You may have to reread the categories because the youth respondent may not have clearly heard the options the first time.
	yw93 yw94 yw95	The youth respondent may not have stayed in one place while [he / she] was away, so some of the answer categories from yw86 are asked again. Stress "at any time" when you read the question.
)	yuoo	NOTE: "(At <u>any</u> time during this episode)" appears in parentheses, but make sure that you <u>read it</u> for the <u>first</u> item n the series (whichever that may be—it could be any of them) and for subsequent items, if necessary.
		yw93: This question will not appear if the youth respondent said "a relative's house" in yw86.
		yw94: This question will not appear if the youth respondent said "a friend's house" in yw86.
		yw95: This question will not appear if the youth respondent said "a shelter" in yw86.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Were there any nights during this episode that you had <u>no</u> place to sleep?		yw1a_2		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
				5
How many nights?		yw2a_2		
<1 - 90> NIGHTS				
<98> DON'T KNOW				•
<97> REFUSED				
		, 		

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Note that yw3a\_2 – yw5a, yw7a – yw11a\_3 and yw27a\_2 – yw33a are considered single questions, although they are asked as a group. Notice that yw1a\_2 through yw13a\_2 are essentially a long list of questions about what kind of place the youth respondent was staying while [he / she] was away.

yw1a\_2

By "place to sleep" we mean a place the youth respondent knew for sure would be available to [him / her] to stay the night. "No place to sleep" would mean that [he / she] had to find shelter on the streets, in an abandoned building, etc. If the youth respondent slept in shelters for the homeless or was offered a place to sleep by someone (even a stranger), those nights would <u>not</u> be counted as nights without any place to sleep.

yw2a\_2 This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] had no place to sleep in yw1a\_2. Carefully record the number of nights. If the youth respondent tells you that [he / she] is <u>sure</u> that there were some nights [he / she] did not have a place to sleep but [he / she] cannot make an <u>estimate</u> of the number, enter <98>, but also make a note using the CATI note-taking function (in command mode), indicating that youth respondent said [he / she] was sure there [were some nights / was at least one night] [he / she] had no place to sleep."

· · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did you spend any night in: A public place, like a bus station or restaurant?		yw3a_2		
<1> YES	1			
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
	i			·
Did you spend any night in: An unoccupied vehicle, such as a car, truck, van, or railcar?	:	yw4a		
<1> YES	İ			
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Did you spend any night in: An outdoor area, like a park, street, or rooftop?		yw5a		-
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
Were any of the places where you spent the night open or accessible to the public?		уw6а		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				1
<7> REFUSED				

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yw3a_2	Emphasize "any nights" when you read these questions.
yw4a	
yw5a	

yw6a

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This means, did the youth respondent ever stay in a public place, such as a park or a bus station.

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Were a traffic,	any of the places you stayed unsafe because of: Exposure to vehicles or machinery?	yw7a		
<1>	YES			
<5>	NO	1		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I		
<7>	REFUSED			
:				
(Were conditi	any of the places you stayed unsafe because of:) Unsanitary ons?	yw8a_2	• •	
<1>	YES	1 		
<5>	NO			
<8>	DON'T KNOW			
<7>	REFUSED			
# •			• 2	
(Were possib	any of the places you stayed unsafe because of:) The ility of falling?	yw9a_2		
<1>	YES			
<5>	NO			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		н	
<7>	REFUSED			_
(Were	any of the places you stayed unsafe because of:) The lack	yw10a_3	3	
or nea	t when it was cold outside?			
<1>	YES		Υ.	
<5>	NO			
<8>	DON'T KNOW			
<7>	REFUSED			
۱ <u>ـ</u>		   	, 	
(Were were t	any of the places you stayed unsafe because of:) People here who might be dangerous?	yw11a_3	3	
<1>	YES		I	
<5>	NO			
<8>	DON'T KNOW		,	
<7>	REFUSED			
		1	•	

w7a	This series is concerned with the conditions the youth respondent stayed in. These are important questions for
w8a_2	determining how much risk the youth respondent was exposed to while [he / she] was away from home.
w9a_2	
w10a_3	
w11a_3	

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did yo	u spend any night in a place where there were no adults?		yw12a_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Did yo were r	u spend any night where there were adults, but the adults not in charge?		yw13a_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
At any from h	time during the episode were you more than: 100 miles		yw14a_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(At an	y time during the episode were you more than:) 50 miles		yw15a		
from † <1> <5>	nome? YES NO				
from h <1> <5> <8>	nome? YES NO DON'T KNOW				
from h <1> <5> <8>	nome? YES NO				
from h <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles				
from h <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from h	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles		<b>yw15</b> a		
from F <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from F <1>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles nome?		<b>yw15</b> a		
from h <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles home? YES		<b>yw15</b> a		
from F <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from F <1> <5>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles home? YES NO		<b>yw15</b> a		
from F <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from F <1> <5> <8> <7>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles nome? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 1 mile from		<b>yw15</b> a		· · · ·
from F <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from F <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles nome? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 1 mile from		yw15a yw16a		
from f <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from f <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an home:	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles nome? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 1 mile from		yw15a yw16a		
from f <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an from f <1> <5> <8> <7> (At an home <1>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 10 miles nome? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED y time during the episode were you more than:) 1 mile from YES		yw15a yw16a		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

γw12a_2	This question is also important in determining how much risk the youth respondent was exposed to while [he / she] was away from home.
yw13a_2	This means, the [adult was / adults were] not supervising the behavior of the youth respondent.
yw14a_2	Obviously, if the youth respondent has been more than 100 miles from home, [he / she] has also been more than
yw15a	50, 10, and 1 [mile / miles] from home, so CATI will skip you to the next question yw18a as soon as the youth
yw16a	respondent answers "YES" to any of these items.
yw17a	

I.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
At any time during the episode [have you left / did you leave] the state?		<b>yw18</b> a			
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
· · · · · ·		, ,			
(During this episode) Were you with other people?		yw19a_2			
<1> YES					
<5> NO		•			
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
How many other people were with you?		yw20a			
<1 - 90> PEOPLE					
<98> DON'T KNOW		,			
<97> REFUSED					
:					
Who were these other people?		yw21a_2			â
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
: 		k		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

yw18a	The "state" refers to the state the <u>youth respondent</u> was living in at the time [he / she] left home, chose not to return home, or was not allowed to return.
yw19a_2	This includes <u>anyone</u> the youth respondent was with <u>at any time</u> while [he / she] was away from home. The "other people" could be either adults or children or both, and could include various situations, such as the youth responden could have run away with friends who helped plan the running away; or the youth respondent could have met another person or persons after [he / she] ran away.
yw20a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] had been with other people in yw19a_2—we want to know the <u>total</u> number of other people the youth respondent was with while [he / she] was away, even if [he / she] was with different people at different times. For example, if the youth respondent was with a friend the first week and then went to another town and stayed with a person [he / she] met there, the answer would be "2".
yw21a_2	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] had been with other people in yw19a_2—we

want to know who these people were in relation to the youth respondent (we are <u>not</u> looking for names). Feel free to ask the youth respondent to explain in more detail so that you can pick a category or record [his / her] response under "SPECIFY." If you are recording [his / her] response under "SPECIFY," probe if necessary, for more descriptive terms such as "person [he / she] met in Chicago," "people in the shelter," "boyfriend," "friend," etc.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(During this episode) Were you in the company of someone who was dependent on, or abusing, drugs?			yw22a_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
		;			
(During this episode) Did you spend time in a place where criminal activity was <u>known</u> to be going on (people were doing things that were against the law)?			yw23a_2		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
What	was that place?	1	yw24a_2		
<77>	SPECIFY	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING	1			
		1			
What criminal activity was going on there? (What kinds of illegal things were people doing there?)			yw25a_2		
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING				
How di things)	id you know about this criminal activity (about these illegal ?	1	yw26a_2		
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<97>	REFUSED / MISSING				
		1			
-		L			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

yw22a_2	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] had been with other people in yw19a_2—we want to know if any of the people were drug addicts. This includes <u>any</u> time while the youth respondent was away from home.
 yw23a_2	This question, and the three follow-up questions, are only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] had been with other people in yw19a_2—we want to know if any of the people were criminals. This includes <u>any</u> time while the youth respondent was away from home.
yw24a_2	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was present where criminal activity was going on in yw23a_2—we want to know where the youth respondent was when the criminal activity was going on. This could be a public place, such as a park, a street corner, or bus station, or it could be someone's house or car, or a shelter. Wherever the youth respondent was.
yw25a_2	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was present where criminal activity was going on in yw23a_2—we want to know what the activity was that the youth respondent was present to.

yw26a\_2 This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was present where criminal activity was going on in yw23a\_2—we want to know how the youth respondent found out about the criminal activity that was going on. For example, the youth respondent could have seen the criminal activity or a friend could have told the youth respondent about the criminal activity.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
During this episode, did you: Steal any money or things of value?		yw27a_2		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(During this episode, did you:) Destroy property?		yw28a_2		<u></u>
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(During this episode, did you:) Attack or sexually assault another person?		yw29a_2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(During this episode, did you:) Sell drugs?		yw30a_2		
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED		,		
		4		

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y	w27a_2	This includes any time while the youth respondent was away from home.
Г у	w28a_2	
У	w29a_2	
У	w30a_2	

. . . . .

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(During this episode, did you:) Engage in any sexual activity in exchange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay?			yw31a_2		(
<1>	YES				
<sup>°</sup> <5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(Durir activit	ng this episode, did you:) Engage in any other criminal y?	• - -	yw32a		
<1>	YES	ł			
<5>	NO	;			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	i			
<7>	REFUSED				
		i.			
What	kind of criminal activity (were you involved in)?	1	yw33a_2		
<77>	SPECIFY	!			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<97>	REFUSED	f.			
		·	_		

yw31a_2 yw32a	This includes any time while the youth respondent was away from home.

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**yw33a\_2** This question will only be asked if the youth respondent said that [he / she] engaged in <u>other</u> criminal activity in yw32a. Record the response dearly and thoroughly.

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		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
criminal ac	is episode, you stated that you were involved in the tivity you just described.) WER: REFER BACK TO yw33a_2 IF NECESSARY)		y35fa		
Was this a	ctivity reported to the police?				
<1> YE	S				
<5> NC	)				
<8> DC	DN'T KNOW				
<7> RE	FUSED				
criminal ac	s episode, you stated that you were involved in the tivity you just described.) WER: REFER BACK TO yw33a_2 IF NECESSARY)		y36fa		
Were you a	arrested because of this activity?				
<1> YE	S				
<5> NO	1				
<8> DO	N'T KNOW				
<7> REI	FUSED				
	:				2.0
(During this value.) Wa	s episode, you stated that you stole money or things of is this activity reported to the police?		<b>y35aa</b>		
<1> YES	5				
<5> NO					
<8> DO	N'T KNOW				
<7> Ref	USED				
	I				
(During this value.) We	episode, you stated that you stole money or things of re you arrested because of this activity?		уЗбаа		
<1> YES					
<5> NO	1				
<8> DOI	NT KNOW				
<7> REF	USED				
	i				
· ·				·	

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For <u>each</u> "YES" to yw27a\_2 - yw32a, a series of two questions will be asked. **NOTE**: The question text will include the criminal activity, except in the case of "other;" if the youth respondent says [he / she] was involved in some other criminal activity, you need to keep track of what the youth respondent says, so that you can remind [him / her] about what these questions are referring to.

y35fa y36fa		answered "YES" to question yw32a (youth respondent engaged in any other criminal activity) iestions will be asked.				
	y35fa:	The answer is "YES" if anyone reported this particular criminal activity.				
	y36fa:	The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the youth respondent was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.				
	•					
)						
y35aa y36aa	If youth responder series of two quest	nt answered "YES" to question yw27a_2 (youth respondent stole money or things of value), this tions will be asked.				
	y35aa:	The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity.				
	у36аа:	The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the youth respondent was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this				

episode.

NFA

GM

RATA

y35ba

(During this episode, you stated that you destroyed property.) Was this activity reported to the police?

<1> YES

- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

(During this episode, you stated that you destroyed property.) Were you arrested because of this activity?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

(During this episode, you stated that you attacked or sexually assaulted another person.) Was this activity reported to the police?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

(During this episode, you stated that you attacked or sexually assaulted another person.) Were you arrested because of this activity?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

y36ba

y35ca

у36са

y35ba y36ba	If youth respondent answered "YES" to question yw28a_2 (youth respondent destroyed property), this series of two questions will be asked.
	y35ba: The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity.
	y36ba: The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the youth respondent was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.
y35ca	If youth respondent answered "YES" to question yw29a_2 (youth respondent attacked or sexually assaulted another
уЗбса	person), this series of two questions will be asked.
	y35ca: The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity.
)	y36ca: The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the youth respondent was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.

	··· ··· · ··· · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(Durii activii	ng this episode, you stated that you sold drugs.) Was this y reported to the police?		y35da		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(Durin arrest	ng this episode, you stated that you sold drugs.) Were you ed because of this activity?		y36da		
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(Durir	ig this episode, you stated that you engaged in sexual activity		y35ea		
in exc	ng this episode, you stated that you engaged in sexual activity hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES		y35ea		
in exc activit <1>	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police?		y35ea		
in exc activit <1> <5>	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES		y35ea		
in exc activit <1> <5> <8>	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES NO		y35ea		
in exc activit <1> <5>	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES NO DON'T KNOW		y35ea		
in exc activit <1> <5> <8> <7> (Durir in exc	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES NO DON'T KNOW		у35еа у36еа		
in exc activit <1> <5> <8> <7> (Durir in exc	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED g this episode, you stated that you engaged in sexual activity hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Were you				
in exc activit <1> <5> <8> <7> (Durir in exc arrest <1>	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED g this episode, you stated that you engaged in sexual activity hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Were you ed because of this activity?				
in exc activit <1> <5> <8> <7> (Durir in exc arrest	hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Was this y reported to the police? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED g this episode, you stated that you engaged in sexual activity hange for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay.) Were you ed because of this activity? YES				

y35da	If youth respondent answered "YES" to question yw30a_2 (sold drugs), this series of two questions will be asked.
y36da	r35da: The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity.
	r36da: The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the youth respondent was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.
-	
y35ea	If youth respondent answered "YES" to question yw31a_2 (youth respondent engaged in sexual activity in exchange
y36ea	for money, drugs, food, or a place to stay), this series of two questions will be asked.
	y35ea: The answer is "YES" if <u>anyone</u> reported this particular criminal activity.
	y36ea: The answer is "YES" only if the youth respondent was arrested because of this particular

ŧ.

36ea: The answer is "YES" <u>only if</u> the youth respondent was arrested because of <u>this particular</u> criminal activity, not for something else, and not for running away or being involved in this episode.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did yo at any	u contact your [parent / parents] or [caretaker / caretakers] time during this episode?		yw37			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
[careta	how much of the episode did your [parent / parents] (or aker / caretakers]), (at the household where you were sed to be), know where you were? Was it:	yp73_2	yw38			
<1>	most of the time,	1				
<2>	more than half of the time,	f F				
<3>	less than half of the time,	1				
<4>	or not at all?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
		1				
Did the staying	ey know the actual address or phone number where you were	ур74_2	yw39			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					E
<7>	REFUSED					
		l ,				
!						
		1				
		<b>7</b>				
What i	nformation did they have about your location?	yp75_2	yw40		~ · _	-
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW	:				
<97>	REFUSED					
		)				

yw37	This includes any kind of contact—the answer to this question is "YES" if the youth respondent called [his / her] [parent's / caretaker's] home, even if [he / she] did not speak directly to the [parent / caretaker]. It would also be "YES" if the youth respondent called someone else and asked that person to call the respondent for [him / her].					
 ур73_2 уw38	This only includes what the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] <u>knew</u> (not what they thought or what they assumed or what they suspected) during the time the youth respondent was away from home <u>during this episode</u> . Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her] situation. Do not hesitate to reread the categories if it will help the youth respondent determine which answer [he / she] thinks is correct.					
ур74_2 уw39	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that [his / her] [parent / caretaker] knew where [he / she] was at least part of the time [he/ she] was away (<1>, <2>, or <3> in [yp73_2 / yw38]).					
	yp74_2: This question refers to the place the youth respondent was staying while with the perpetrator.					
	yw39: This question refers to the [place / places] the youth respondent staying while [he / she] was away from home.					
	If the youth respondent indicates that [his / her] [parent / caretaker] knew <u>at least one</u> address where [he / she] lived while away, even if the [parent / caretaker] did not know all of the addresses, enter <1> for "YES."					
ур75_2 уw40	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that [his / her] [parent / caretaker] did not know [his / her] exact address while [he / she] was away in [yp74_2 / yw39]—we want to know what information [his / her] [parent					

/ caretaker] did have. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely.

## "CAR SERIES"-PARENTS' CONCERN

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I'd like to ask you about the experiences of your parents (or caretakers), during this episode.	<b>yp76_2</b>	yw41	ya66	yu14
While this episode was going on, was there a point in time when your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]), or someone else, in the household where you were supposed to be, <u>became</u> <u>concerned</u> because they did not know where you were? (That is, they realized you were missing.)	:			
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW	1			
<7> REFUSED				
	:			
To the best of your knowledge, what were the exact events that caused your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) to be concerned about where you were?	ур77_2	<b>yw42</b>	ya67	yu15
<77> SPECIFY				
<98> DON'T KNOW	t			
<97> REFUSED				
	!			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ··	-		

## "CAR SERIES"-PARENTS' CONCERN

The following is an important series of questions for determining how serious this episode was.

yp76_2	This question screens youth respondents into or skips youth respondents past, the series of questions regarding the
yw41	youth respondent's [parent's / caretaker's] concern over [him / her].
ya66	
yu14	
	ł

yp77\_2Probe for details—we want to know exactly what [event / events] alarmed the youth respondent's [parent /yw42caretaker]. Make sure you record everything the youth respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you haveya67written down to the youth respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.yu15

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
To the best of your knowledge, how long had the episode been going on when your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (or someone else in your household) became concerned?	yp78a	yw43a_2	ya68a	yu16a	
<1 - 90> DURATION					
<96> IMMEDIATELY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
(UNIT OF TIME)	yp78u	yw43u	ya68u	yu16u	
<1> MINUTES				-	
<2> HOURS					
<3> DAYS					
<4> WEEKS					
<5> MONTHS					
:					
4					

. . .

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yp78a This question assumes that the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] knew when the episode began and that theyw43a\_2 youth respondent knew when [his / her] [parent / caretaker] became concerned.

ya68a yu16a

- yp78a: However, the calculation must start from when the youth respondent started being
- ya68a: somewhere other than where [he / she] was supposed to be, not

yu16a: when the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] noticed [he / she] was gone.

yw43a\_2: However, the calculation must start from when the youth respondent left home, <u>not</u> when the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] <u>noticed</u> [he / she] was gone.

If the youth respondent does not know exactly when [his / her] [parent / caretaker] became concerned, try to get an <u>estimate</u> of how long [he / she] had been missing when the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] became <u>concerned</u>. For example, you could say: "Was it the same day?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the youth respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

yp78a: If the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] saw the abduction or was told right away that
ya68a: the youth respondent was not going to be returned, and became concerned at that time,
yu16a: enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY."

yw43a\_2: <u>Only</u> enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY" if the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] knew when [he / she] left <u>and</u> became worried <u>right away</u>.

<u>At the</u>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (or	yp80a	yw44a_2	ya70a	yu17a
some	one else in the household) became concerned, what did they about where you were? Did they know: Which town or city				,
you w	vere in?				
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLER OUTSIDE [FA]				
<8>	DON'T KNOW [RATA]				
<7>	REFUSED				
					н ж
(At th	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers])	yp81a	yw45a	ya71a	yu18a
they k	meone else in the household) became concerned, what did know about where you were?) Did they know: Which				
neighl	borhood you were in?				
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLE-R OUTSIDE [FA]				
<8>	DON'T KNOW (RATA)				
<7>	REFUSED				
(At the	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did	<b>yp82</b> a	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> (or so	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers])	yp82a	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> (or so	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house,	yp82a	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
<u>(At the</u> (or so they k dwellin	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in?	yp82a	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> (or soj they k dwellir <1>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES	ур82а	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> (or soj they k dwellin <1> <5>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO	yp82a	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> (or so they k dwellin <1> <5> <6>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA]	yp82a	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM]	yp82a	<b>yw46a</b>	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <8>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLER OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA]	ур82а	yw46a	ya72a	yu19a
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <6> <8> <7>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLER OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED		•		
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <6> <6> <7> <7> ( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or sor</u>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did	ур82а ур83а	уw46а , уw47а	ya72a ya73a	yu19a yu20a
(At the (or so they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <7> <7> < <u>At the</u> (or so they k	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house,		•		
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <7> <7> ( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or sor</u> they ki dwellin	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building where you would be spending the night?		•		
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <6> <7> <7> ( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin dwellin	e time vour [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building where you would be spending the night? YES		•		
(At the (or so) they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <7> <at the<br="">(or so) they k dwellin &lt;1&gt; &lt;5&gt;</at>	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building where you would be spending the night? YES NO		•		
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <7> ( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6>	e time vour [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building where you would be spending the night? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA]		•		
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <7> ( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <6> <6> <6>	e time vour [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time vour [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building where you would be spending the night? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE[GM]		•		
( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6> <7> ( <u>At the</u> ( <u>or so</u> they k dwellin <1> <5> <6>	e time vour [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building you were in? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA] NOT APPLICABLE [GM] DON'T KNOW [RATA] REFUSED e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: The house, ng or building where you would be spending the night? YES NO NOT APPLICABLE—R OUTSIDE [FA / RATA / NFA]		•		

- ·	and a second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second
yp80a	Only include what the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] knew at the time that [he / she] first became
yw44a_2	concerned about the youth respondent and what [he / she] knew about where the youth respondent actually was.
ya70a	
yu17a	

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
yp81a	See specifications for [yp80a / yw44a_2 / ya70a / yu17a] above.
yw45a	
ya71a	This question, about the neighborhood the youth respondent was in, will be skipped if the youth respondent said
yu18a	"NO" to [yp80a / yw44a_2 / ya70a / yu17a].

yp82a	See specifications for [yp80a / yw44a_2 / ya70a / yu17a] above.
yw46a	
ya72a	This question, about the building the youth respondent was in, will be skipped if the youth respondent said "NO" to
yu19a	[yp80a / yw44a_2 / ya70a / yu17a] <u>or</u> [yp81a / yw45a / ya71a / yu18a].
yursu	

yp83a yw47a	See specifications for [yp80a / yw44a_2 / ya70a / yu17a] above.
ya73a yu20a	This question, about where the youth respondent would be overnight, is especially important for determining how serious the episode was so it will be asked regardless of how the youth respondent answered the previous questions. It seems awkward to ask again about the building where the youth respondent would be, but this question concerns where the youth respondent would be <u>during the night</u> .

	• • • • • • • • • •			NFA	
(or so	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did now about where you were?) Did they know: <u>Who</u> you were	yp84a	yw48a_2	ya74a	yu21a
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<6>					
<0>					
<0> <7>					
	REFUSED				
(or so	e time your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) meone else in the household) became concerned, what did	yp85a	yw49a_2	ya75a	yu22a
they k were g	now about where you were?) Did they know: <u>Where</u> you going?				
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<6>	NOT APPLICABLER OUTSIDE [FA]				
<8>	DON'T KNOW [RATA]				
<7>	REFUSED				
[careta	best of your knowledge, did your [parent / parents] (or sker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the	ур88	yw52	ya78	yu25
[careta	ker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the normal supposed to be) do anything to try to	ур88	yw52	ya78	yu25
[careta housel	ker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the normal supposed to be) do anything to try to	yp88	<b>уw52</b>	ya78	yu25
[careta housel find yo	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to nu?	yp88	уw52	ya78	yu25
[careta housef find yo <1>	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES	yp88	yw52	ya78	yu25
[careta househ find yo <1> <5>	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO	yp88	уw52	ya78	yu25
[careta househ find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> <7> What o	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW	ур88 ур90а	уw52 уw54а_2	ya78 ya80a	yu25 yu27a
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> <7> What o (INCLU	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED Id they do (to try to find you)? JDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE)				
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> <7> What o (INCLL <77>	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED Id they do (to try to find you)? IDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY				
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <7> <7> What o (INCLU <77> <98>	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED Id they do (to try to find you)? JDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY DON'T KNOW				
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> <7> What o (INCLL <77>	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED Id they do (to try to find you)? JDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY DON'T KNOW				
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> What o (INCLU <77> <98> <97> Old any careta	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED Id they do (to try to find you)? JDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY DON'T KNOW				
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> What o (INCLU <77> <98> <97> Qid any careta where	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED id they do (to try to find you)? JDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED / of these efforts result in your [parent / parents] (or ker / caretakers]) (or this other person) (at the household	yp90a	γw54a_2	ya80a	yu27a
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> What o (INCLU <77> <98> <97> Old any careta	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED Id they do (to try to find you)? IDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED y of these efforts result in your [parent / parents] (or ker / caretakers]) (or this other person) (at the household you were supposed to be) finding out where you were?	yp90a	γw54a_2	ya80a	yu27a
[careta housef find yo <1> <5> <8> <7> What o (INCLL <77> <98> <97> Old any careta where <1>	aker / caretakers]) (or someone else in the household) (at the hold where you were supposed to be) do anything to try to u? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED id they do (to try to find you)? JDES ANYTHING THAT WAS DONE) SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED y of these efforts result in your [parent / parents] (or ker / caretakers]) (or this other person) (at the household you were supposed to be) finding out where you were? YES	yp90a	γw54a_2	ya80a	yu27a

yp84a yw48a_2	Only include what the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] knew at the time that [he / she] first became concerned about the child, and what [he / she] knew about where the youth respondent <u>actually</u> was.
ya74a	
yu21a	

	i
<b>yp85</b> a	See specifications for [yp84a / yw48a_2 / ya74a / yu21a] above.
yw49a_2	
ya75a	
yu22a	
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yp88Includes anything that was done while the youth respondent was away. If the youth respondent does not sayyw52"YES," you will skip to [yp93a / yw57a\_2 / ya83a / yu30a]. If the youth respondent says "YES," [he / she] mayya78proceed to tell you what [his / her] [parent / caretaker] did—you will need to be prepared to take down [his / her]yu25answer in question [yp90a / yw54a\_2 / ya80a / yu27a] in the "SPECIFY" line.

yp90a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said something was done to try to find [him / her] in [yp88 /
yw54a_2	yw52 / ya78 / yu25]—we want to know what was done. This includes anything that was done. Keep probing and
ya80a	make sure you record everything the youth respondent tells you. If necessary, read what you have written down to
yu27a	the youth respondent and ask whether you have written down everything [he / she] said.

ур92	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said something was done to try to find [him / her] in [yp88 /
yw56	yw52 / ya78 / yu25]—we want to know if these efforts were successful.
ya82	
yu29	

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
How much time passed from when your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (or this other person) (in the household where you were supposed to be) became concerned about where you were and when you were actually <u>found</u> (they discovered where you were)?	<b>yp93a</b>	yw57a_2	ya83a	yu30a
<1 - 90> DURATION	• • •			
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED				
(UNIT OF TIME)	yp93a_2	yw58a_2	ya83a_2	yu30a_2
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS	,			
<3> DAYS	1			
<4> WEEKS	; 1			
<5> MONTHS	1			
	, ) <del> </del>			
How much time passed from when your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (or this other person) (in the household where you were supposed to be) became concerned about where you were and when you were actually <u>returned</u> ?	yp94a	yw59a_2	ya84a	yu31a
<1 - 90> DURATION	1			
<98> DON'T KNOW	1			
<97> REFUSED	l			
		•		
(UNIT OF TIME)	yp94a_2	yw60a_2	ya84a_2	yu31a_2
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS	:			
<4> WEEKS	<b>1</b>			
<5> MONTHS				

yp93a	This question refers to the time that elapsed between when the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] became
yw57a_2	concerned, and when [he / she] found out where the youth respondent was. If the youth respondent says [he /
ya83a	she] does not know, ask whether [he / she] could estimate when it was. Depending on what you know about the
yu30a	episode, you could say: "Was it within one week (or two days)?" Do not probe too long-if one or two questions do
	not help the youth respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

ур94а уw59а\_2 уа84а уu31а This question refers to the time that elapsed between when the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] became concerned, and when the youth respondent was returned to where [he / she] belonged. It is not usual for this to be the same amount of time that elapsed between when the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] became concerned, and when [he / she] found out where the youth respondent was (i.e., [yp93a / yw57a\_2 / ya83a / yu30a]). If the youth respondent says [he / she] does not know, ask whether [he / she] could estimate when it was. Depending on what you know about the episode, you could say: "Was it within one week (or two days)?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the youth respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·-	• •
get ho	g the time when you were missing or lost, were you trying to ome or make contact with your [parent / parents] or aker / caretakers]?				yu32
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	i			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	:			
Did yo [careta	ou know <u>how</u> to make contact with your [parent / parents] or aker / caretakers]?	1 1 1	•		yu33
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
		1			
parent <1>	u know how to return home or to where your [parent / s] were? YES				yu34
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	r 5			
<7>	REFUSED	s. 1			
		:			
	this episode, what kind of a place were you in?		•		 vu35
During	this episode, what kind of a place were you in?		•		yu35
During <77>	SPECIFY		•		yu35
During			•		yu35
During <77> <98> <97>	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED nat a place where you could not leave or could not contact		• • • • •		yu35 yu36
During <77> <98> <97> Was th	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED nat a place where you could not leave or could not contact		• • • •		
During <77> <98> <97> Was th anyone	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED nat a place where you could not leave or could not contact e?		• • • • •		
During <77> <98> <97> Was th anyone <1>	SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED nat a place where you could not leave or could not contact e? YES		• • • •		

**.**...

	yu32	This is an important question for determining how serious this episode is.
		This was a state of the second and a second of the section to sect in the with the [parent / parents/or] _ did [be / she]
	уи33	This means, was the youth respondent aware of how to get in touch with the [parent / caretaker]—did [he / she] know where the [parent / caretaker] was, did the youth respondent know how to reach [his / her] [parent / caretaker], such as a phone number, and so on.
		:
	yu34	This means, was the youth respondent aware of how to get home, for example, did [he / she] know how to get transportation.
)		
	yu35	This could be a public place, such as a park or bus station, or it could be someone's house, or a shelter, or it could be an outdoor place, like "in the woods." Wherever the youth respondent was. <u>Get as much description as possible</u> so that the coder can make a judgment about how much risk the youth respondent was in.
	yu36	For example, was [he / she] lost, or hurt, or was [he / she] in a place where there was no telephone and no one to ask for help (such as lost in the woods).

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I family	'd like to ask you some questions about any experience your may have had with the police as a result of this episode.	yp95	yw61	ya85	yu37
else, i	our [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]), or anyone n the household where you were supposed to be, contact the about this episode?				
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
What v (Can y	was the reason this episode was not reported to the police? rou tell me a little more?) What other reason?	yp96a	<b>үw62a_2</b>	ya86a	yu38a
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	RESPONDENT NOT PRESENT OR DOESN'T KNOW WHY IT WASN'T REPORTED				
<97>	REFUSED				
Which why th (IF NE(	ILY ONE REASONCODE 91, OTHERWISE ASK: one of these would you say was the <u>most important</u> reason be episode was not reported to the police?) CESSARY, SAY: Which one of the reasons that you just told out was the most important?)	ур97	<b>yw63</b>	ya87	yu39
<91>	ONLY ONE REASON GIVEN				
<77>	SPECIFY				
<95>	NO ONE REASON MORE IMPORTANT				
<98>	RESPONDENT NOT PRESENT OR DOESN'T KNOW WHY IT				
< 50 >					

ур95	CONTACT WITH POLICE
yw61	
ya85	Any kind of contact with the police about this particular episode should be recorded <1> for "YES."
yu37	

1

yp97

yw63

ya87

yu39

ур96а	This question, and the three after it, are only asked if the answer to [yp95 / yw61 / ya85 / yu37] is not "YES."
yw62a_2	Carefully and completely record exactly what the youth respondent tells you.
ya86a	
yu38a	

This question is asked regardless of the answer to [yp96a / yw62a\_2 / ya86a / yu38a]. If the youth respondent only gave one reason in [yp96a / yw62a\_2 / ya86a / yu38a] for not contacting the police, enter <91>. If the youth respondent said "DON'T KNOW" in [yp96a / yw62a\_2 / ya86a / yu38a], enter <98>. Otherwise ask the question about the one most important reason [he / she] gave in [yp96a / yw62a\_2 / ya86a / yu38a]. Carefully and completely record exactly what the youth respondent tells you. NOTE: Because this question comes from another survey, we cannot alter the wording, but we have created another sentence you can use to clarify the meaning of the question—use it if you need to, but only <u>after</u> you have read the original question wording.

_		FA	RATA	NFA	
Did		yp98	yw64	ya88	yu40
anyon anyon	ne else (fa) ne <u>outside</u> your household (Rata / NFA / GM)				
conta	act the police about this episode?	;			
<1>	YES	8 8 5			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
Who o you)?	contacted the police (what is this person's relationship to the	ур99	yw65	ya89	yu41
you)? <777: <998:	contacted the police (what is this person's relationship to the > SPECIFY > DON'T KNOW > REFUSED	ур99	yw65	ya89	yu41
you)? <777: <998: <997: _	> SPECIFY > DON'T KNOW	ур99 ур99а	уw65 уw66	ya89 ya89a	yu41 yu41a
you)? <777: <998: <997: _	> SPECIFY > DON'T KNOW > REFUSED	· · · ·			
you)? <777: <998: <997: _ Did <u>ye</u>	<ul> <li>SPECIFY</li> <li>DON'T KNOW</li> <li>REFUSED</li> <li>ou contact the police about this episode?</li> </ul>	· · · ·			
you)? <777: <998: <997: _ Did <u>yc</u> <1>	<ul> <li>&gt; SPECIFY</li> <li>&gt; DON'T KNOW</li> <li>&gt; REFUSED</li> <li>ou contact the police about this episode?</li> <li>YES</li> </ul>	· · · ·			

ур98	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW, or "REFUSED" to [yp95 / yw61 / ya
yw64	/ yu37]. Includes other relatives not living in the household or neighbors, who made any kind of contact with the
ya88	police about <u>this</u> particular episode.
yu40	
ур99	This guestion is only asked if the youth respondent said that someone outside the household contacted the police
vw65	[yp98 / yw64 / ya88 / yu40]. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the relationship of the persor
ya89	who contacted the police to the <u>youth respondent</u> .
yu41	
	ł
yp99a	This is an important question. Read question clearly and record answer carefully.
yw66	
yw66 ya89a	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
How so	low soon after this episode started were the police contacted?		yw66a_2	ya90a	yu42a
<1 - 9	0> DURATION				
<95>	IMMEDIATELY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
(UNIT	OF TIME)	yp100_2	ужбби	ya90u	yu42u
<1>	MINUTES				
<2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS	i			
<5>	MONTHS				
		1 1			
home a	people call the police, sometimes it is to help them get back and sometimes police are contacted for some other reason, s to report a crime or catch an offender. Was the <u>main</u> se of this report to the police:	yp101	yw67	ya91	yu43
<1>	primarily to help you get home, or [FA / NFA / GM]				
<1>	primarily for someone to help you get home, or [RATA]				
<5>	primarily for some other reason?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	, 1			
<7>	REFUSED				
What v	was the reason?	yp101_2	yw67a_2	ya91a	yu43a
<77>	SPECIFY	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	 • 			
<97>	REFUSED	1			

yp100 yw66a_2 ya90a yu42a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that [he / she], [his / her] [parent / caretaker] or someone outside the household contacted the police ("YES" to [yp95 / yw61 / ya85 / yu37] or [yp98 / yw64 / ya88 / yu40] or [yp99a / yw66 / ya89a / yu41a]).
<b>yu-z</b> a	If the police were contacted as soon the youth respondent was missing, enter <96> for "IMMEDIATELY." If the youth respondent tells you [he / she] "Doesn't know" or "Can't remember," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could estimate how long it was before the police were contacted. If necessary, you could help the youth respondent's recall by asking "Were the police contacted the same day?" If the answer is "YES," you could then ask: "Do you think that the police were contacted within an hour after [you / your [parent / caretaker] / the person outside the household] found out?" Do not probe too long—if one or two questions do not help the youth respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.
yp101 yw67 ya91 yu43	This question is especially important for determining how serious the episode was. Read the question slowly to make sure the youth respondent understands you. Clarify if necessary to make sure you understand what the youth respondent intends with [his / her] answer.

yp101\_2 This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the police were contacted for a reason other than to help
yw67a\_2 [him / her] get home in [yp101 / yw67 / ya91 / yu43]. We want to know the reason the police were contacted.
ya91a
yu43a

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did the police come when they found out about the	episode? yp102	yw68	ya92	yu44
<1> YES				
<2> NO				
<3> RESPONDENT WENT TO POLICE				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
How soon after the police found out did they respon	d? <b>yp103</b>	γw69a_2	ya93a	yu44
<1 - 90> DURATION	1			
<98> DON'T KNOW				
<97> REFUSED	• •			
(UNIT OF TIME)	yp103_2	yw69u	ya93u	yu4
<1> MINUTES				
<2> HOURS				
<3> DAYS	1			
SP DRIS				
<4> WEEKS	i			

ур102 уw68 уа92 уu44	Only enter <1> for "YES" if the police <u>came to the youth respondent</u> . If the youth respondent went to the police, enter <3>.
yp103 yw69a_2 ya93a yu44a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the police came when contacted ([yp102 / yw68 / ya92 / yu44]). That is, how long did it take for the police to come. If the youth respondent tells you [he / she] "Doesn't know" or "Can't remember," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could estimate how long it was before the police came. If necessary, you could help the youth respondent's recall by asking "Do you think that the police came within an hour

one or two questions do not help the youth respondent to remember, discontinue the questioning.

after [you / your [parent / caretaker] / the person outside your household] called?" Do not try to probe too long-if

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
	did the police do (at any time during the episode? Did they: report over the phone?	yp104	yw70a_2	ya94a	yu45a	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DONT KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
(What send c	did the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they:	ур105	yw70b	ya94b	yu45b	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<sup>*</sup> <7>	REFUSED					
(What intervi	did the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they: ew you or adult household members in person?	ур106	уw70с	ya94c	yu45c	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
7			• .			Ð
(What they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did take a written report?	yp107	yw70d	ya94d	yu45d	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW		i.			
<7>	REFUSED					
What o give yo	did the police do (at any time during the episode)? Did they: bu or adult household members a copy of the report?	yp108	yw70e	ya94e	yu45e	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· • · · • ·		

yp104 yw70a_2 ya94a yu45a	This series of questions, [yp104 – yp117 / yw70a – yw70h_2 / ya94a – ya94n / yu45a – yu45i] asks what actions the police took at any time during the episode—this means it <u>does not only include</u> what the police did when they were initially contacted but it <u>does only include</u> things that were done while the episode was going on (not things that the police did <u>after</u> the youth respondent returned). Remind the youth respondent of this fact if you feel it is needed.
 yp105 yw70b ya94b yu45b	See specifications for [yp104 / yw70a_2 / ya94a / yu45a] above.
yp106 yw70c ya94c yu45c	See specifications for [yp104 / yw70a_2 / ya94a / yu45a] above.

yp107 yw70d	See specifications for [yp104 / yw70a_2 / ya94a / yu45a] above.
ya94d yu45d	

,

yp108	See specifications for [yp104 / yw70a_2 / ya94a / yu45a] above.
yw70e	
ya94e	This question, about whether the police provided a copy of the report, will be skipped if the youth respondent said
yu45e	"NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to [yp107 / yw70d_2 / ya94d / yu45d] (did the police take a report).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(What they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did get photos of you?	ур109	yw70f	ya94f	yu45f
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(What they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did search or look around?	yp110		ya94g	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(What they: <1>	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did take evidence such as fingerprints or inventory? YES	yp111		ya94h	
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(What they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did question witnesses or suspects?	yp112		ya94i	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
they:	did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did promise surveillance (someone to watch a place or a person what is going on)?	yp113		ya94j	
<1>	YES				
	NO				
<5>					
	DON'T KNOW				

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yp109	This series of questions, [yp104 – yp117 / yw70a_2 – yw70h / ya94a – ya94n / yu45a – yu45i] asks what actions
yw70f	the police took at any time during the episode—this means it does not only include what the police did when they
ya94f	were initially contacted but it does only include things that were done while the episode was going on (not things
yu45f	that the police did after the youth respondent was returned). Remind the youth respondent of this fact if you feel
	is needed.
yp110	See specifications for [yp109 / yw70f / ya94f / yu45f] above.
ya94g	
yp111	See specifications for [yp109 / yw70f / ya94f / yu45f] above.
ya94h	

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yp112See specifications for [yp109 / yw70f / ya94f / yu45f] above.ya94i

yp113See specifications for [yp109 / yw70f / ya94f / yu45f] above.ya94j

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(What did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did they: promise to investigate?	yp114		ya94k	yu45g	
<1> YES					
<5> NO	1				
<8> DON'T KNOW	•				
<7> REFUSED	4				
(What did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did they: make an arrest?	yp115		ya94l		
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
		·			
(What did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did they: refer the case to another justice agency?	yp116	yw70g	ya94m	yu45h	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED				E	
(What did the police do (at any time during the episode)?) Did they: do anything else?	yp117	yw70h	ya94n	yu45i	9
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED			1		
i		<u>.</u>		·	

yp114 ya94k	This series of questions, [yp104 – yp117 / yw70a_2 – yw70h / ya94a – ya94n / yu45a – yu45i] asks what actions the police took at any time during the episode—this means it <u>does not only include</u> what the police did when they
yu45g	were initially contacted but it <u>does only include</u> things that were done while the episode was going on (not things that the police did <u>after</u> the youth respondent was returned). Remind the youth respondent of this fact if you feel is needed.
yp115 ya94l	See specifications for [yp114 / ya94k / yu45g] above.
yp116 yw70g	See specifications for [yp114 / ya94k / yu45g] above.
ya94m yu45h	



yp117	See specifications for [yp114 / ya94k / yu45g] above.
yw70h	
ya94n	
yu45i	

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
What justice agency did the police refer the case to (to the best of your knowledge)? (EXACT NAME OF AGENCY)	yp118	yw71a_2	ya95a	yu46a	
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW	l				
<97> REFUSED					
What else did the police do?	y11p9	yw72	ya94c	yu47	
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
What did the police tell you or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) (at any time during the episode)?	yp119	yw73_2	ya96	yu48	
<77> SPECIFY	 				
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
		1			
					Â
				;	
		1.			
To the best of your knowledge, did the police report the case to: the Federal Parent Locator Service?	yp120	yw74a			
<1> YES		:			
<5> NO					
		1			
<8> DON'T KNOW					

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yp118 yw71a_2 ya95a yu46a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that the police referred the case to another justice agency [yp116 / yw70g_2 / ya94m / yu45h]—we want to know which agency. Encourage the youth respondent to tell yo the exact name of the agency, but if [he / she] does not know, <u>get as much information as you can</u> . NCMEC (National Center for Missing and Exploited Children) or their local offices, <u>may</u> be mentioned; NCMEC is sometimes called the Adam Walsh Center. Make a note of the youth respondent's answer and do not dispute [his / her] understanding (NCMEC is not a justice agency)—the coder will sort it out later.
y11p9 yw72 ya95c yu47	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that the police did something other than what is listed in this question series in [yw117 / yw70h / ya94n / yu45i]—we want to know what they did, such as put out an APB. Carefully and completely record everything that the youth respondent tells you.
ур119 үw73_2 ya96 yu48	Probe if necessary—we want to know about anything the police said at any time during the episode—this means if <u>also includes</u> what the police said when they were initially contacted and it <u>also includes</u> things that were said whil the episode was going on (not things that the police said <u>after</u> the youth respondent was returned). The youth respondent may have <u>already told you</u> what the police said during [his / her] answer to one of the previous questions about the police; if so, <u>confirm</u> with the youth respondent what you are writing down, and ask if there v anything else, other than what [he / she] told you so far. Carefully and completely record everything that the your respondent tells you.
	yw73_2: NOTE: The police may not get very involved in a missing person or runaway incident. If the youth respondent says that the police said they could not help or there was nothing they coul do or they probably would not find the youth respondent or something along that line, make sure that you include that in the verbatim.

yp120This series of questions asks about referrals that the local police made to law enforcement agencies at the <u>federal</u>yw74alevel.

Youth respondents may not be familiar with the Parent Locator Service, even if [he / she] says "YES" to this item. If [he / she] says "YES," just take [his / her] word for it, and do not try to determine if [he / she] is correct.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(To the best of your knowledge, did the police report the case to:) the FBI?	yp121	yw74b	ya97a	yu49a	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
(To the best of your knowledge, did the police report the case to:) any other federal agency?	yp122	<b>yw74c</b>	ya97b	yu49b	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
Which federal agency did the police report the case to (to the best of your knowledge)? (EXACT NAME OF AGENCY)	yp123	yw75a	ya98a	<b>yu50a</b>	
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
How satisfied are you with the way the police handled your case? Would you say:	yp124	yw76	ya99	yu51	
<1> very satisfied,					
<2> somewhat satisfied,					
<3> somewhat <u>dis</u> satisfied, or					
<4> very <u>dis</u> satisfied?			,		
<5> NO OPINION					
<8> DON'T KNOW					

yp121 yw74b ya97a	This series of questions asks about referrals that the local police made to law enforcement agencies at the <u>federal</u> level.
yu49a	The answer is "YES" only if <u>the police</u> referred the case to the FBI, not if the youth respondent or someone else contacted the FBI directly.
yp122 yw74c ya97b yu49b	This series of questions asks about referrals that the local police made to law enforcement agencies at the <u>federal</u> level.
yp123 yw75a ya98a yu50a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that the police referred the case to another <u>federal</u> agency in [yp122 / yw74c / ya97b / yu49b]—we want to know which agency. Encourage the youth respondent to tell you the exact name of the agency, but if [he / she] does not know, <u>get as much information as you can</u> . NOTE: This might be the same agency that was discussed in [yp118 / yw71a_2 / ya95a / yu46a] ("justice" agency); just note the information again. If [he / she] says something that you believe is not a <u>federal agency</u> , just write down wha [he / she] tells you, and do not try to determine if [he / she] is correct—get as much detail as you can so the code can assess [his / her] answer.
	• • • • • • •
yp124 yw76	Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording a answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to [his / her]

"satisfied" and "dissatisfied." Do not hesitate to reread the categories if it will help the youth respondent determine

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which answer [he / she] thinks is correct.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
As far agains	as you know, was anyone arrested, or were charges brought t anyone, in connection with this episode?			ya100	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
	d like to ask you about contacts you or your family may have ith other agencies or professionals.	yp126		ya101	
careta state a (THE (	yone tell you or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / kers]) that you could receive money or compensation from a agency because of this episode? GOVERNMENT ALLOWS CRIME VICTIMS TO BE PAID FOR SS LIKE MEDICAL EXPENSES AND LOST WAGES)	 - !			
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	:			
receiv	u or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) any money or compensation (from a state agency because episode)?	yp127		ya102	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
) <b>&lt;7&gt;</b>	REFUSED				
:		     			

ya100	This question will be skipped if the youth respondent answered "YES" to ya94I. This includes <u>anyone</u> who was arrested.
	However, this only includes arrests resulting from <u>this episode</u> (it would not include, for example, an arrest of a person involved, if the arrest was for an unrelated crime, such as an outstanding warrant).
yp126 ya101	OTHER "AGENCY CONTACT
	The government has the option to pay victims of crime, in order to compensate them for lost wages or other material hardship. We want to know if the youth respondent or [his / her] [parent / caretaker] has ever heard of this. Explain what the compensation is if necessary.

yp127This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" to [yp126 / ya101]—we want to know if [he / she] orya102[his / her] [parent / caretaker] received any monetary compensation from this source.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was th	ne state child protection agency contacted about this episode?	yp128	yw78_2	ya103		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Did the	e state child protection agency conduct an investigation?	yp129	yw79	ya104		
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
What	were the results of that investigation?	yp130	yw80a	ya105		
<77>	SPECIFY					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
l			- 			
somed	u or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers] (or ne else in the household where you were supposed to be) t a missing persons <u>agency</u> concerning your being [taken /	yp131	yw81_2	ya106	yu52	6
	INCLUDING PRIVATE DETECTIVES OR INVESTIGATORS)					
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO		-			
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
Į.						
1 1						

	ур128 уw78_2 ya103	This would include a situation where the youth respondent or someone else contacted the agency regarding <u>this</u> <u>particular episode</u> . However, the only kind of agency that counts for this question is one run by the <u>state</u> <u>government</u> , such as The Department of Youth and Family Services.
	yp129 yw79 ya104	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said a state agency was contacted in [yp128 / yw78_2 / ya103]—we want to know if the agency conducted an investigation into this particular episode.
	yp130 yw80a ya105	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said an investigation was conducted in [yp128 / yw78_2 / ya103]—we want to know what the outcome was. Carefully and completely record everything that the youth respondent tells you.
)	yp131 yw81_2 ya106	This would include a situation where the youth respondent or someone else contacted the agency regarding this particular episode.
	yu52	yw81_2: It does not include others outside the household who made such contacts (neighbors, the police, etc.).
		However, only an agency counts for this question, not individuals, such as a private detective. NCMEC (National

However, only an <u>agency</u> counts for this question, not individuals, such as a private detective. NCMEC (National Center for Missing and Exploited Children) or their local offices, <u>can</u> be included; NCMEC is sometimes called the "Adam Walsh Center."

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
THE NEXT	SIX QUESTIONS ARE "CODE ALL THAT APPLY" SUBSETS OF	yp133	yw83z	ya108	
As a result else in you	t of this episode, did your [parent / parents] (or anyone Ir household have contact with: a shelter?	yp13a	yw83a	ya08a	
<1> YE	<b></b>				
<5> NO	C				
<98> D0	ON'T KNOW				
<97> Re	FUSED				
else in you	of this episode, did your [parent / parents] (or anyone in household have contact with: a child advocacy center, ational Center for Missing and Exploited Children?	yp13b	yw83b	ya08b	
<1> YE	S				
<5> NO	C				
	- DN'T KNOW				
	EFUSED				
As a result else in you or hotline?	t of this episode, did your [parent / parents] (or anyone ur household have contact with: a crisis counseling center	yp13c	<b>yw83</b> c	ya08c	
<1> YE	ES		,		
<5> NO	D I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
<98> D0	ONT KNOW		t.		
<97> Re	FUSED		:		
	t of this episode, did your [parent / parents] (or anyone ur household have contact with: a sexual assault center group?	yp13d	yw83d	ya08d	
<1> YE	ES				
<5> N(	C				
<98> D0	ON'T KNOW				
<97> RE	FUSED				
	t of this episode, did your [parent / parents] (or anyone or household have contact with: a victim services	<b>yp13</b> e	yw83e	ya08e	
<1> YE	ES				
<5> NG	o l			1	
<98> D0	ON'T KNOW				
<97> Re	EFUSED			,	
As a result else in you (SPECIFY)	t of this episode, did your [parent / parents] (or anyone ur household have contact with: or something else ?	yp13f	yw83f	ya08f	
<1> YE	ES				
<5> NG	o l				
<6> SF	PECIFY				
<98> D0	ON'T KNOW				

yp133 yw83z ya108 Read the list slowly, allowing the youth respondent to respond to each item; enter the number for any (and all) agencies that the youth respondent says [he / she] or anyone else in [his / her] household contacted. Only code agencies that were contacted <u>during</u> the episode. <u>Local</u> chapters of NCMEC do <u>not</u> count as NCMEC; NCMEC is sometimes called the "Adam Walsh Center. Enter "n" if the youth respondent says no agencies were contacted, or when you have finished entering everything the youth respondent reported.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did you or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) receive services from (this agency / these agencies)?	yp134	yw84	ya109		
<1> YES	1				
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	i				
<9> MISSING					
Did you or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) contact any <u>other</u> agency or professional person?	yp135	yw85_2	ya110	yu53	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	i I				
<7> REFUSED					
What kind of agency or professional person (did you or your [parent / parents] (or [caretaker / caretakers]) contact)? (EXACT NAME OF AGENCY)		· · · · ·	ya111	-	
<77> SPECIFY					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
Who was contacted: a minister, priest, rabbi, or other religious official?	yp136	yw86a_2	ya112	yu54a	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW		· .			
<7> REFUSED				1	
1					
i					
			1		
			1		
		:			
		,			
1					
			,	1	
				1	

yp134	This question is only asked if the youth respondent or someone else in [his / her] household contacted any of the
yw84	agencies listed in [yp133 / yw83z / ya108]—we want to know if [he / she], or anyone else in the household,
ya109	received services or got any help from any of these organizations during the episode.

yp135	This only includes agencies or professionals that have not already been discussed (i.e., we have already asked about
yw85_2	the police and crisis intervention agencies). Media, like newspapers and TV stations, do not count. Make sure the
ya110	youth respondent hears you say "professional people" so [he / she] does not think that you are only asking about
yu53	other agencies. Only includes agencies and professionals that were contacted <u>during</u> the episode.

**ya111** This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that other agencies or professionals were contacted in ya110—we want to know who was contacted. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely.

yp136 yw86a\_2 ya112 yu54a yp136: This series of questions is only asked if the youth respondent said that other professionals were yw86a\_2: contacted in [yp135 / yw85\_2 / yu53] and asks about the types of professionals that might yu54a: have been contacted. The answer is "YES," even if someone else contacted the professional, as long as [he / she] did it <u>on behalf of</u> the youth respondent in connection with this particular episode. If it was done by someone else in this way, be sure to make a note about that fact (use the CATI note-taking function—in command mode). Do not probe for this, but just note it down if the youth respondent volunteers the information.

ya112: This series is only asked if the youth respondent said that other professionals were contacted in ya110. It asks about the types of professionals and community members who might have found out about the episode. The question is worded this way on purpose—we are interested in people that the youth respondent or someone else in [his / her] family contacted, but <u>also</u> people who found out about the episode some other way. However, this only includes people who found out <u>while the episode was going on</u>, that is, before the episode was resolved (the youth respondent was returned or [his / her] status was determined) —this does <u>not</u> include people who found out later, after the episode was over.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(Who was contacted:) a lawyer?	yp137	yw86b_2	ya113	yu54b	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
· •					
		•			
				•	
		· · · · ·			
(Who was contacted:) a teacher or school official?	yp138	yw86c_2	ya114	yu54c	
<1> YES		1		1	
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					A
<7> REFUSED					
(Who was contacted:) a social worker, therapist, counselor, or psychologist?	ур139	<b>yw86d</b>	ya115	yu54d	
<1> YES		· · · ·			
<5> NO		,			
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
(Who was contacted:) a doctor, nurse, or medical person?	yp140	yw86e	ya116	yu54e	
	,,	,	,		
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW				1	
<7> REFUSED					
	 	····			

yp137 yw86b_2 ya113 yu54b	yp137: This series of questions is only asked if the youth respondent said that other professionals were yw86b_2: contacted in [yp135 / yw85_2 / yu53] and asks about the types of professionals that might yu54b: have been contacted. The answer is "YES," even if someone else contacted the professional, a long as [he / she] did it <u>on behalf of</u> the youth respondent in connection with this particular episode. If it was done by someone else in this way, be sure to make a note about that fact (use the CATI note-taking function—in command mode). Do not probe for this, but just note it down if the youth respondent volunteers the information.
	ya113: This series is only asked if the youth respondent said that other professionals were contacted in ya110. It asks about the types of professionals and community members who might have <u>four out</u> about the episode. The question is worded this way on purpose—we are interested in people that the youth respondent or someone else in [his / her] family contacted, but <u>also</u> people who found out about the episode some other way. However, this only includes people who found out <u>while the episode was qoing on</u> , that is, before the episode was resolved (the youth respondent was returned or [his / her] status was determined) —this does <u>not</u> include people who found out later, after the episode was over.
ур138 уw86c_2 уа114 уu54c	See specifications for [yp137 / yw86b_2 / ya113 / yu54b] above.
yp139 yw86d ya115	See specifications for [yp137 / yw86b_2 / ya113 / yu54b] above.

yp140	See specifications for [yp137 / yw86b_2 / ya113 / yu54b] above.
yw86e	
ya116	
yu54e	

yu54d

	· · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(Who	was contacted:) anyone else?	yp141	yw86f		yu54f	4
<1>	YES [FA / RATA]					
<2>	YES (SPECIFY) [GM]					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					

i

<7> REFUSED

	else was contacted?	yp141z	yw87_2
<77>	SPECIFY		
<98>	DON'T KNOW		
<97>	REFUSED	;	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
To the your p friend	e best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home did parents or caretakers: Contact your friends or parents of s?	1 1	yw88a
<1>	YES	ļ	
<5>	NO		
<8>	DON'T KNOW	a M	
<7>	REFUSED		
	he best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home	1	wwash
(To ti did yo believ	he best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home our parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying?		yw88b
(To ti did yo believ <1>	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES		yw88b
(To tl did yo believ <1> <5>	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO		yw88b
(To ti did yo believ <1> <5> <8>	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO DON'T KNOW		yw88b
(To tl did yo believ <1> <5>	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO	-	<b>уw88b</b>
(To ti did yo believ <1> <5> <8>	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO DON'T KNOW		yw88b
(To ti did yo believ <1> <5> <8> <7> (To ti	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO DON'T KNOW		уw88b уw88c
(To tt did yo believ <1> <5> <8> <7> (To tt	In parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED The best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home		·
(To ti did yo believ <1> <5> <7> <7> (To ti did yo <1>	ur parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED ne best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home ur parents or caretakers): Contact a runaway hotline?		·
(To tt did yo believ <1> <5> <8> <7> (To tt did yo	IUF parents or caretakers): Go to any places where they ed you were staying? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED The best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home ur parents or caretakers): Contact a runaway hotline? YES		·

yp141 yw86f yu54f	yw86f: to te a pro	ot slide past this category—make sure you give the youth respondent the opportunity II you if [he / she] or someone else in [his / her] household contacted someone other than ofessional on the preceding list. If the answer is "YES," be sure to record the answer fully clearly in [yp141z / yw87_2].
	you i profe	ot slide past this category—make sure you give the youth respondent the opportunity to tell f [he / she] or someone else in [his / her] household contacted someone other than a essional in the preceding list. If the youth respondent says someone else was contacted, fully and completely record what [he / she] says on the "SPECIFY" line.
yp141z yw87_2	If the youth respondent s the "SPECIFY" line.	says someone else was contacted, carefully and completely record what [he / she] says on
yw88a yw88b yw88c	find the youth responden	ed, in an open-ended format, what the youth respondent's [parent /caretaker] did to try to t (in yw54a_2), so [he / she] has probably already told you most of what was done. Read irm anything that the youth respondent already mentioned.
		ing the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] did at any time while the youth respondent $(a + b + c) = b + c$

was away to try to get [him / her] to come home, so enter <1> for "YES" if [his / her] [parent / caretaker] did this <u>at any time during the episode</u>. NOTE: This may be a sensitive series of questions, especially if the youth respondent was forced out of the house or not allowed to return.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(To t did ya	the best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home our parents or caretakers): Contact runaway shelters?		yw88d	·	
<1>	YES				•
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
(To th your p	ne best of your knowledge, to try to get you to come home did parents or caretakers): Do something else?		yw88e		
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO	- - -			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
What	else did they do?	1	yw89_2		
<77>	SPECIFY	:			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	i			
· <97>	REFUSED	1			
During	this episode were you placed in a juvenile detention center?	ł - · ·	yw90a		
<1>	YES	ł			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
How lo	ong were you in the juvenile detention center?		yw91a	· _	· · · · ·
<1 - 9	D> DURATION				
	DON'T KNOW				
	REFUSED				
	I				
				• • • •	
	OF TIME)		yw92a		
<1>	MINUTES				
<2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS				
<5>	MONTHS				
<6>	YEARS				

yw88d yw88e	Recall that earlier we asked, in an open-ended format, what the youth respondent's [parent /caretaker] did to try to find the youth respondent (in yw54a_2), so [he / she] has probably already told you most of what was done. Read through the list, and confirm anything that the youth respondent already mentioned.
	We want to know <u>anything</u> the youth respondent's [parent / caretaker] did at <u>any</u> time while the youth respondent was away to try to get [him / her] to come home, so enter <1> for "YES" if [his / her] [parent / caretaker] did this <u>at any time during the episode</u> . NOTE: This may be a sensitive series of questions, especially if the youth respondent was forced out of the house or not allowed to return.
yw89_2	This question is asked if the youth respondent said that [his / her] [parent / caretaker] did "something else" in
	yw88e. Record the response dearly and thoroughly, however, the youth respondent has probably told you what [his / her] [parent / caretaker] did to try and get the [him / her] back in yw54a_2, so do not probe extensively unless [he / she] is telling you new things (things that were <u>not</u> mentioned before).
yw90a	It is implied in this question that the child was picked up by the police and placed in a detention center by the police.

yw91a yw92a

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that [he / she] was placed in a detention center in yw90a. If the youth respondent was placed in a detention center more than once during the episode, we would like to know the <u>total</u> number of hours, days, weeks, or months [he / she] was detained. Before accepting a "DON'T KNOW" response, ask the youth respondent if [he / she] can make an <u>estimate</u>.

(During this episode) were you placed in a jail?		<b>yw93</b> a	
<1> YES			
<5> NO			
<8> DON'T KNOW	!		
<7> REFUSED	1		
How long were you in jail?		yw94a	 
<1 - 90> DURATION			
<98> DON'T KNOW			
<97> REFUSED			
(UNIT OF TIME)		yw95a	
<1> MINUTES	•		
<2> HOURS	1		
<3> DAYS	i		
<4> WEEKS			
<5> MONTHS	l		
<6> YEARS			
	. '		

yw93a	It is implied in this question that the youth respondent was picked up by the police and placed in jail by the police.
yw94a yw95a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said that [he / she] was placed in jail in yw93a. If the youth respondent was placed in jail more than once during the episode, we would like to know the <u>total</u> number of hours, days, weeks, or months [he / she] was detained. Before accepting a "DON'T KNOW" response, ask the youth respondent if [he / she] can make an <u>estimate</u> .
)	

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing? You were hurt or injured.				yu55a
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing?) You were lost.				yu56a
<1> YES				
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing?) You forgot about time or about an appointment.				yu57a
<1> YES		5		
<5> NO				
<8> DON'T KNOW		1		
<7> REFUSED				
		1		
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing?) You misunderstood what was expected.		• • • • •	··· ·	yu58a
<1> YES				
<5> NO		1		
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

yu55a	Enter a response for each statement. The youth respondent may say "YES" to more than one statement, because
yu56a	more than one of the statements may apply to this situation. If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded,
yu57a	do not attempt to explain the statement or reword it.
yu58a	

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	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing?) Someone taking care of you had misunderstood what was expected.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			yu59a
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED				
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing?) Unforseen circumstances caused delay.			• • •	<b>yu60a</b>
<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED				
(Now I'm going to read a short list of statements. Which of the following describes a reason that you were missing?) Any other reason.			•	yu61a
<2> YES (SPECIFY) <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED				
	1			

yu59a	' Enter a response for each statement. The youth respondent may say "YES" to more than one statement, because
yu60a	more than one of the statements may apply to this situation. If necessary, repeat the statement exactly as worded
	do not attempt to explain the statement or reword it.
	If the youth respondent says something else happened, carefully and completely record what [he / she] says on the
yu61a	"SPECIFY" line that will appear if you enter <1>.

# HARM SERIES

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
would like to ask you some questions about what happened while you were away.	ypa1	ywa1	yaa1	yua1	
ou suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode?					
YES					
NO					
DON'T KNOW					
REFUSED					
e describe this harm.	ypa2a	ywa2a	yaa2a	yua2a	
SPECIFY		i			
DON'T KNOW					
REFUSED					
is injury or harm require medical attention? ESSIONAL MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY)	ураЗ	уwa3	yaa3	yua3	
YES					
NO					
DON'T KNOW					
	while you were away. u suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED describe this harm. SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED is injury or harm require medical attention? <u>ESSIONAL</u> MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY) YES NO	would like to ask you some questions about what happened while you were away. u suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED describe this harm. SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED si njury or harm require medical attention? ESSIONAL MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY) YES NO DON'T KNOW	would like to ask you some questions about what happened while you were away. u suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode? YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED describe this harm. SPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSED sinjury or harm require medical attention? ESSIONAL MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY) YES NO DON'T KNOW	would like to ask you some questions about what happened while you were away. ypa1 ywa1 yaa1   u suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode? YES    YES NO DON'T KNOW    DON'T KNOW REFUSED ypa2a ywa2a   SPECIFY DON'T KNOW    DON'T KNOW REFUSED   is injury or harm require medical attention? ypa3 ywa3   SSIDNAL MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY) YES   YES NO   DON'T KNOW	would like to ask you some questions about what happened while you were away.ypa1ywa1yaa1yua1u suffer any physical harm or injury during this episode?YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSEDYB22Ywa2aYaa2aYua2adescribe this harm.ypa2aywa2ayaa2ayua2aSPECIFY DON'T KNOW REFUSEDYPa3ywa3yaa3yua3asi njury or harm require medical attention? ESSIONAL MEDICAL ATTENTION ONLY)Ypa3ywa3yaa3yua3aYES NO DON'T KNOWJon KNOWJon KNOWJon KNOWJon KNOWJon KNOWJon KNOW

#### HARM SERIES

The final series of questions may be difficult both for you, the interviewer, and the youth respondent. It is very important to be neutral (non-judgmental and calm) as well as sensitive during this series of questions. This series of questions is only concerned with what happened to the youth respondent while [he / she] was away during this episode.

If there is more than one child involved in the episode, we are only interested in what happened to the youth respondent.

Throughout the series, if the youth respondent questions what "episode" means (and [he / she] may!), you could say, "When you were gone from home."

······································
This is a lead-in to question [ypa2a / ywa2a / yaa2a / yua2a] which allows the youth respondent to describe any
physical harm or injury [he / she] may have suffered during the episode. If you know, at this point in the interview,
that the youth respondent was hurt during the episode, just confirm the answer with the youth respondent.
yaa1: This is especially true if this is an <u>assault only</u> , so, if appropriate, just enter <1> and do not read the question.

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ypa2a	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was harmed in [ypa1 / ywa1 / yaa1 / yua1].
ywa2a	Carefully and completely record the youth respondent's answer.
yaa2a	
yua2a	
	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
ypa3	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was harmed in [ypa1 / ywa1 / yaa1 / yua1]. By
ywa3	"medical attention" we mean professional attention. That is, the youth respondent was seen by a doctor, nurse, or
yaa3	other medical personnel, but not including a psychiatrist or other mental health professional (we ask about that
yua3	later).

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Did thi bruises	is injury include any broken bones or bleeding, cuts, or s that lasted until the next day?	ypa4	ywa4	yaa4	yua4	
<1>	YES	1				
<5>	NO	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	•				
<7>	REFUSED	1				
During Would	this episode were you in <u>serious danger</u> of being harmed? you say:	ypa5	ywa5	yaa5	yua5	
<1>	definitely,					
<2>	probably, or					
<3>	not at all?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
			• • • •			
Please	describe this danger.	ypa6a	ywa6a	уааба	yua6a	
<77>	SPECIFY		r.			
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
		- · - · ·	. <del>.</del>	÷	ι.	
Were y	you mentally harmed by this episode?	ypa7	ywa7	yaa7	yua7	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO	ļ	:			
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED		;			
			4e - •·	<b>.</b>		
Would	you say this mental harm was:	ypa8	ywa8	yaa8	yua8	
<1>	very serious,					
<2>	somewhat serious,		i.			
<3>	mild, or					
<4>	minor?					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
	REFUSED	1				

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ypa4	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was harmed in [ypa1 / ywa1 / yaa1 / yua1]we
ywa4	want to get a sense of how serious [his / her] injury was.
yaa4	
yua4	

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ypa5	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was not harmed in [ypa1 / ywa1 / yaa1 / yua1]—
ywa5	we want to know if [he / she] was at risk for physical harm. Stress "To the best of your knowledge."
yaa5	
yua5	

ураба	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was not harmed in [ypa1 / ywa1 / yaa1 / yua1]
ywa6a	but was in danger of being harmed in [ypa5 / ywa5 / yaa5 / yua5]. Carefully and completely record the youth
yaa6a	respondent's answer, probe for details if necessary (the coder needs to understand how much risk the youth
yua6a	respondent was exposed to).

ypa7	Stress the word "mentally" when you read this question. If the youth respondent asks what you mean by "mentally
ywa7	harmed," do not try to define what that means. Instead, you could say: "Do you feel you were mentally harmed by
yaa7	this episode?"
yua7	

ypa8	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was mentally harmed in [ypa7 / ywa7 / yaa7 /
ywa8	yua7]. Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an
yaa8	answer.
yua8	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Have y ( <u>PROF</u>	ou received any counseling because of this episode? ESSIONAL COUNSELING ONLY)	ypa9	ywa9	yaa9	yua9	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	this episode were you robbed or did you have any personal ty or money taken?	ypa10	ywa10	yaa10	yua10	
<1>	YES		1			
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
During proper	this episode was there any <u>intent</u> to rob or take personal ty or money from you?	ypa11	ywa11	yaa13	yua11	
<1>	YES				r.	
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW		r.			
<7>	REFUSED				:	
During object,	this episode were you hit, punched, beaten up, hit with an , or otherwise physically abused?	ypa12	ywa12	yaa14	yua12	
<1>	YES		i. F			
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
During up, hit	this episode was there any <u>attempt</u> to hit, punch, beat you you with an object, or otherwise physically abuse you?	ypa13	ywa13	yaa15	yua13	<b>.</b>
<1>	YES		!			
<5>	NO		:			
			•		1	
<8>	DON'T KNOW					

ypa9 ywa9 yaa9 yua9	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said [he / she] was mentally harmed in [ypa7 / ywa7 / yaa7 / yua7]. By "counseling" we mean counseling provided by a professional person, not discussions with someone in the household. The counseling could be provided by a social worker, a psychologist, hospital professional staff, etc.
 ypa10 ywa10 yaa10 yua10	This is a very important question. Read the question slowly, pausing after each comma.
ypa11 ywa11 yaa13 yua11	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answered "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" in [ypa10 / ywa10 / yaa10 / yua10]. In other words, did the perpetrator or anyone else <u>plan</u> to rob the youth respondent during this episode.
ypa12 ywa12 yaa14 yua12	This is a very important question. Read the question slowly, pausing after each comma.

ypa13This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" in [ypa12 / ywa12 /ywa13yaa14 / yua12]. This is also an important question. Read the question slowly, pausing after each comma, andyaa15emphasizing "attempt."yua13

		FA	RATA	NFA	G
Were y assault	ou held there by force or threat <u>after the (attempted)</u> ?	ypa14_2		yaa16_2	
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
What k	ind of force or threat was used?	ypa15		yaa17	
<77>	SPECIFY	- - -			
	DON'T KNOW	Ì			
	REFUSED				
How lo	ng were you held there <u>after the (first) assault</u> ?	ypa16		yaa18	
<1 - 9	0> DURATION				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
(UNIT	OF TIME)	ypa16_2		yaa18_2	
<1>	MINUTES	I			
<2>	HOURS				
<3>	DAYS				
<4>	WEEKS	i			
<5>	MONTHS	1			
	·····				
	this episode, were you with someone who had beat up or ally abused someone else at some other time?		ywa14		
physic					
physica	YES	1			
	YES NO				
<1>					
<1> <5>	NO				

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ура14_2 yaa16_2	This question is only asked if the youth respondent answered "YES" to [ypa12 / yaa14] or [ypa13 / yaa15]. <u>In this question</u> , "assault" refers to "hit, punched, beaten up, hit with an object or otherwise physically abused." If the youth respondent asks what you mean by "force or threat," do not try to define the words; instead, say: " <u>Do you think</u> the person used any kind of force or threat to hold you there? NOTE: "Add the word "attempted" if the youth respondent answered "YES" to [ypa13 / yaa15].
ypa15 yaa17	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" to [ypa14_2 / yaa16_2]. Carefully and completely record the youth respondent's answer.
ypa16 yaa18	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" to [ypa14_2 / yaa16_2]. If the youth respondent tells you [he / she] "doesn't know," ask [him / her] if [he / she] could <u>estimate</u> how long [he / she] was held there. NOTE: Add the word "first" if the youth respondent indicated (while answering previous questions) that there was more than one assault.
ywa14	We are checking to see if youth respondent might have been at risk for being beaten up or physically assaulted. Emphasize "someone else" when you read the question.

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### SEXUAL ASSAULT SECTION

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
During	g this episode were you sexually abused or molested?	ypa17	ywa15	yaa19	yua14	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
	·····					
	g this episode was there any <u>attempt</u> to sexually abuse or tyou?	ypa18	ywa16	yaa20	yua15	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
During	g this episode were you in the company of someone who had Ily assaulted or molested someone else at some other time?		ywa17			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					A
<7>	REFUSED					
	_		<b>N</b> '		-	
(Durir might	ng this episode) Were you in the company of someone who have tried to engage you in sexual activities?		ywa18			
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW					
<7>	REFUSED					
			<b>.</b>			

## SEXUAL ASSAULT SECTION

ypa17	This is a very important question, because a "YES" answer leads to asking several follow-up questions. It is also
ywa15	very sensitive, so ask it gently.
yaa19	
yua14	
ypa18	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" in [ypa17 / ywa15 /
ywa16	yaa19 / yua14]. This is also an important question. Read the question gently, and emphasize "attempt."
yaa20	
yua15	
	en en en en en en en en en en en en en e
ywa17	We are checking to see if the youth respondent might have been at risk for being sexually molested. Emphasize
	"someone else" when you read the question.

ywa18This is an important question. We want to know if the youth respondent was in the presence of someone whomight have tried to engage the youth respondent in sexual activities whether that person did or not.

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## **"B SERIES"—SEXUAL MOLESTATION**

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
touch	this episode did [the person / any of the persons] actually you or get you to touch [him / her / them] (the [person / s] responsible for the episode)?	ypa70	ywa70	yaa21	yua70
<1>	YES				
, <5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	i			
		ļ			
somet	g this episode) Did the [person / persons] ask you to do hing sexual with [him / her / them] or with someone else? DF THE PERSONS)	ypa71	ywa71	yaa22	yua71
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	Т			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	: :			
i i					
her / t	g this episode) Did the [person / persons] show you [his / heir] private parts? DF THE PERSONS)	ypa72	ywa72	yaa23	yua72
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	; ;			
<sup>′</sup> <8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
***	·····		<b>.</b> . <del> </del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

### "B SERIES"-SEXUAL MOLESTATION

If the youth respondent says "YES" to either [ypa17 / ywa15 / yaa19 / yua14] or [ypa18 / ywa16 / yaa20 / yua15], you will ask a series of very explicit questions about what exactly was done to the youth respondent. Unfortunately, these questions may be embarrassing to both you and the youth respondent, so you will have to demonstrate a great deal of sensitivity.

In the rare case that more than one perpetrator was involved in molesting the child, say "persons" when reading the questions. Otherwise, just read "person."

Emphasize "during this episode" if you think the youth respondent might be talking about activities that happened during a different episode or at some other time.

ypa70	This question screens youth respondents into, or skips youth respondents past, the first half of this series. If the
ywa70	youth respondent says [he / she] was touched, CATI skips you to the second half of the series, regarding touching.
yaa21	If the youth respondent says [he / she] was not touched, the next set of questions asks about what sort of non-
yua70	touching activities [he / she] was exposed to.

Was the youth respondent <u>asked</u> to do something.

ypa72	"Private parts" means genitalia or sexual organs.
ywa72	
yaa23	
yua72	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
to lool	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] spy on you or try k at you without your clothes on? OF THE PERSONS)	ypa73	ywa73	yaa24	yua73
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
somet	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] show you hing sexual, like pictures or a movie? OF THE PERSONS)	ypa74	ywa74	yaa25	yua74
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
sexua	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] do something else I that did <u>not</u> include any touching? OF THE PERSONS)	ypa75	ywa75	yaa26	yua75
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW		:		
<7>	REFUSED				
What	exactly [was he / was she / were they] doing?	ypa76	ywa76	yaa27	yua76
<77>	SPECIFY				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				

ypa73	Was the youth respondent watched while undressed?
ywa73	
yaa24	
yua73	

ypa74	Refers to pornographic pictures or movies.
ywa74	
yaa25	
yua74	•

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ypa75	This question gives the youth respondent the opportunity to tell you if something else happened that was not
ywa75 yaa26	specified in the previous questions.
yua75	

ypa76	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" in [ywa75 / ywa75 / yaa26 / yua75]. Try to get the
ywa76	youth respondent to be as specific as possible. Record the youth respondent's answer carefully and completely. Do
yaa27	not probe a "DON'T KNOW" answer.
yua76	

	· · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
sexua	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] do something else al that <u>did</u> include touching? OF THE PERSONS)	ypa77	ywa77	yaa28	yua77
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
parts	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] touch <u>your</u> private in any way? OF THE PERSONS)	ура78	ywa78	yaa29	yua78
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
<1> <5> <8> <7>	ON TOP ON SKIN DON'T KNOW REFUSED				
(Durin [ <u>his / I</u>	g this episode) Did the [person / persons] get you to touch <u>her / their</u> ] private parts in any way?	ypa80	ywa80	yaa31	yua80
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Was th he ski	is on top of the [person's / persons'] clothes or directly on n?	ypa81	ywa81	yaa32	yua81
<1>	ON TOP				
<5>	ON SKIN				
	ON SKIN DON'T KNOW				

ypa77 ywa77 yaa28 yua77	Although the youth respondent has already said that the perpetrator did not touch [him / her], we are asking again, in case [he / she] wants to change [his / her] answer.
ypa78 ywa78 yaa29 yua78	The second half of the series concerns the particular type of touching. "Private parts" means genitalia or sexual organs.
ypa79 ywa79 yaa30 yua79	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" in [ypa78 / ywa78 / yaa29 / yua78]. This means: was the perpetrator touching the youth respondent's skin or touching the youth respondent through [his / her] clothes.
ypa80 ywa80 yaa31 yua80	This question is skipped if the youth respondent said that the perpetrator touched [his / her] bare skin in [ywa79 / ywa79 / yaa30 / yua79]. This means: did the youth respondent touch the perpetrator in a sexual way. NOTE: If the youth respondent says "NO" at this point, you will skip to [yp19a / ywa22 / yaa36 / yua19].
ypa81 ywa81	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" in [ypa80 / ywa80 / yaa31 / yua80]. This means: was the youth respondent touching the perpetrator's skin or touching the perpetrator through [his / her] clothes.

yaa32

yua81

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(Durir part o	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] actually put some f [his / her / their] body, or something else, inside of you?	ypa82	ywa82	yaa33	yua82
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
(Durir part o	ng this episode) Did the [person / persons] <u>try</u> to put some f [his / her / their] body, or something else, inside of you?	ypa83	ywa83	yaa34	yua83
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
her / t	g this episode) Did the [person / persons] actually put [his / cheir] mouth on your private parts, or get you to put your o on (any of) the [person's / persons'] private parts?	ypa84	ywa84	yaa35	yua84
<1>	YES		•		
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				:

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ypa82 ywa82 yaa33 yua82	Did the perpetrator put an object or a body part (including a finger) into the youth respondent (in a sexual way).
ypa83 ywa83 yaa34 yua83	If the perpetrator did <u>not</u> put something into the youth respondent, did the perpetrator <u>attempt</u> to do this.
ypa84 ywa84 yaa35 yua84	This question is skipped if the youth respondent said "YES" in [ypa82 / ywa82 / yaa33 / yua82]. Did the perpetrator perform oral sex on the youth respondent, or have the youth respondent perform oral sex on the perpetrator.

## PHYSICAL OR SEXUAL ASSAULT PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
During the episode, when you were as responsible for the <u>assault</u> the <u>same</u> pe responsible for the episode?	saulted, was the person most erson who was (most)	ypa19		yaa36	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW	i				
<7> REFUSED					
Was the person (most) responsible for that you already told me about?	the assault someone <u>else</u>	ypa20		yaa37	
<1> YES					
<5> NO				· · · ·	
<8> DON'T KNOW	1				
<7> REFUSED	:				
				_	
I know you already told me about this few questions again, because it's impo the person was.	person, but I need to ask a rtant to know exactly who	ypa21		yaa38	
<1> TO CONTINUE					
1					

### PHYSICAL OR SEXUAL ASSAULT PERPETRATOR IDENTIFICATION

If the youth respondent said "YES" to [ypa12 / ywa12 / yaa14 / yua12], [ywa13 / ywa13 / yaa15 / yua13], [ypa17 / ywa15 / yaa19 / yua14], or [ypa18 / ywa16 / yaa20 / yua15] in the "HARM" section, the following questions about the identity of the perpetrator of a physical or sexual assault or molestation will be asked.

In this series, "the episode" no longer refers to the original abduction episode—now it means <u>when the youth respondent was</u> <u>molested [and / or] assaulted</u>. "The responsible person" (or people) means the person (or people) involved in molesting or attacking the youth respondent.

ypa19	VERY IMPORTANT: "Assault" in this question refers to a physical or sexual assault or molestation, as determined by
yaa36	the four questions asked in the "HARM" section noted above. A "YES" answer to this question allows you to skip
	bast the identification questions, because you have already discussed the perpetrator of the physical or sexual
	assault or molestation at the beginning of the interview as the perpetrator of the abduction or assault episode that
	was the topic of this interview.

ypa20 This question is only asked if the youth respondent said "YES" for [ypa19 / yaa36]—we are asking if the physical or
 yaa37 sexual assault perpetrator was one of the <u>accomplices</u> in the abduction or assault episode discussed at the beginning of the interview.

ypa21 NOTE: The transitional phrase will only appear if the youth respondent said that the perpetrator of the physical or
 yaa38 sexual assault or molestation was one of the accomplices in the abduction or assault episode discussed at the beginning of the interview. This sentence explains that we have to ask these identification questions again, though we have asked [him / her] at the beginning of the interview, because we do not want any confusion about who was responsible for molesting [him / her].

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was n	nore than one person responsible for the assault?	ypa22	ywa22	yaa38_2	yua19	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
<8>	DON'T KNOW	i				
<7>	REFUSED					
How r	nany people were involved?	ypa23	ywa23	yaa39	yua20	-
<2 - 2	20> PEOPLE	1 				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
÷		•				
I woul <u>most</u> r	d like to ask you some questions about the person who was responsible for assaulting you.	ypa24	ywa24	yaa40	yua21	
<1>	TO CONTINUE	1 1 1 1				
		• • •				
your fa	ne person (most) responsible for the assault a member of amily? ILY" INCLUDES ANYONE WITH A BLOOD OR LEGAL TIE TO HILD)	ypa25	ywa25	yaa41	yua22	
	YES	!				
<1>						
<1> <5>	NO					
	NO DON'T KNOW					

ypa22 ywa22 yaa38_2	The following series of questions is identical to the questions asked at the beginning of the interview about the <u>episode</u> perpetrator.
yua19	By "responsible" we mean anyone who was involved in molesting or attacking the youth respondent.
ypa23	This question is only asked if the youth respondent said more than one perpetrator was involved in [ypa22 / ywa22 /
ywa23 yaa39	yaa38_2 / yua19]. By "involved" we mean anyone who was involved in molesting or attacking the child.
yua20	
ypa24	If the youth respondent reported that there was more than one perpetrator, this lead-in sentence will appear. This
ywa24 yaa40	. transitional phrase explains that we are focusing on the person the youth respondent considers most responsible for molesting or attacking [him / her]. If the youth respondent considers the perpetrators equally responsible, have
yua21	[him / her] pick one person and answer the series of questions about that person. You'll ask the same series of questions again, and [he / she] can then tell you about the other [perpetrator / perpetrators] as accomplices.
ypa25	By "family member," we mean anyone related to the youth respondent by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage
ywa25	to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse /
yaa41 yua22	boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was t	ne person responsible:	ypa26	ywa26	yaa42	yua23
<1>	your parent,				
<2>	your step-parent,				
<3>	your brother or sister,				
<4>	your aunt or uncle,				
<5>	your cousin,				
<6>	your grandparent,				
<7>	your foster parent,				
<8>	your adoptive parent,				
<9>	your legal guardian,	1			
<10>	the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or	I			
<77>	some other relative of the yours?(SPECIFY)	1			
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
Was th the epi	e person (most) responsible someone known to you (before sode)?	ypa27	ywa27	yaa43	yua24
<1>	YES	ļ			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				

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ypa26 ywa26

yaa42 yua23 Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to [him / her]. It is very likely that the youth respondent will know the relationship between [himself / herself] and the other person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too easily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent 's answer to make sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, clearly record the respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in the person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., molesting the youth respondent).

ypa27Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as aywa27crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is consideredyaa43"known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."yua24

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	-
best de	m going to read a list of relationships. Which of the following escribes how the person (most) responsible for the assault lated to you:	ypa28	ywa28	yaa44	yua25	
<1>	A friend of yours,					
<2>	A friend of someone in your household,	4				
<3>	An acquaintance of yours,					
<4>	An acquaintance of the family,					
<5>	A neighbor,					
<6>	A person in authority such as a teacher,					
<7>	A caretaker or babysitter,	ì				
<8>	Someone known to you only by sight,	1				
<77>	Or someone else? (SPECIFY)			1		
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND / GIRLFRIEND					
<13>	COMPLETE STRANGER					
<12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER	:				
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES	1				
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
Was th	ne person:	ypa29	ywa29	yaa45	yua26	
< <u>1</u> >	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or					
<5>	just an ordinary friend?	Ê.				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1				-
<7>	REFUSED	Ì				
i .						
1						

ywa28 yaa44 yua25

ypa28

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is the perpetrator's relationship to the <u>youth respondent</u>. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, darify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. If the relationship does not fit into one of the categories listed, dearly record the youth respondent's answer on the "SPECIFY" line. Note that we are interested in that person's relationship to the youth respondent <u>at the time of the</u>

incident (i.e., molesting the youth respondent).

ypa29 ywa29 yaa45 yua26 If the youth respondent says the person was a "friend," we want to know if the person was considered as a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was at the time of the episode, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the perpetrator was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?")

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did yo (befor	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name re the episode)?	yp162	yw100	ya120	yu70
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	,			
<7>	REFUSED	i i			
Did yo enoug	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person well h to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	yp163	yw101	ya121	yu71
<1>	YES	1			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	!			
For ho membe <1>	w long (before the episode) did you, or other family ers, know this person: a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),	yp164	yw102	ya122	yu72
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	1			
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I			
<9>	REFUSED				
low of ee this	ten (before the episode) did you, or other family members, s person (your best guess is fine):	yp165	yw103	ya123	yu73
:1>	Daily,				
:2>	Weekly,				
:3>	Several times a month, or				
:4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
:5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
8>	DON'T KNOW				
	REFUSED				

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or someone else in the family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

ур162 уw100	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
ya120	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
yu70	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.

. . . . . . . . . . . .

yp163	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or
yw101	someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
ya121	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
yu71	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to speak to.

yp164 yw102 ya122 yu72 1.1

This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ypa66 / ywa66 / yaa82 / yua63] and [ypa67 / ywa67 / yaa83 / yua64]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp165 yw103 ya123 yu73 This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [ypa66 / ywa66 / yaa82 / yua63] and [ypa67 / ywa67 / yaa83 / yua64]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth respondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago, and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Had you or anyone else in your family ever seen this person before? (INCLUDES <u>ANYONE</u> IN THE FAMILY)	ура30	ywa30	yaa46	yua27	
<1> YES					
. <5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
Would you say that you or anyone else in your family knew this person by sight? (INCLUDES <u>ANYONE</u> IN THE FAMILY)	ypa31	ywa31	yaa47	yua28	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
		• •	*		
Was this person someone you met on the Internet or through any communications by computer?	ypa32	ywa32	yaa48	yua29	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	··		

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pa30	If the youth respondent says the perpetrator was not known to [him / her] or anyone else in [his / her] family, we
/wa30	want to check if anyone in the family had seen this person before.
yaa46	
yua27	

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	i i de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de
ypa31	This question is only asked if the youth respondent says the perpetrator had been seen by someone in the family in
ywa31	[ywa30 / ywa30 / yaa46 / yua27]—we want to find out if the youth respondent believes that someone in the family
yaa47	knew this person by sight.
yua28	

ypa32	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or
ywa32	someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a person in authority, or a caretaker or babysitter.
yaa48	
yua29	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
(VER	IFY: Was this person male or female?)	ypa33	ywa33	yaa49	yua30
<1>	MALE				-
<5>	FEMALE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
To the (Your	e best of your knowledge, what is [his / her] current age? best guess is fine.)	ypa34	ywa34	yaa50	yua31
<0-8	5> 0 – 85 years old				
<115	> teens				
<120:	> 20's				
<130:	> 30's				
<140:	> 40's				
<150:	> 50's				
<160:	> 60's				
<170>	> 70's				
<180>	> 80's				
<998>	DON'T KNOW				
<997>	REFUSED				
			-		
start w	m going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's vith ethnicity. person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO	ypa35	ywa35	yaa51	yua32
start w Is this <1>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO	ypa35	ywa35	yaa51	yua32
start w (s this <1> <5>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW	ура35	ywa35	yaa51	yua32
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW	ура35 ура36	ywa35 ywa36	yaa51 yaa52	yua32 yua33
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is <1>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED s this person's race? AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is <1> <2>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is <1> <2> <3> <4>	Person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED s this person's race? AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER BLACK				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is <1> <2> <3> <4> <77>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED s this person's race? AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER BLACK WHITE				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is <1> <2> <3> <4> <77> <95>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED s this person's race? AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER BLACK WHITE OTHER (SPECIFY)				
start w (s this <1> <5> <98> <97> What is <1> <2> <3> <4> <77> <95>	person of Hispanic or Latino origin? YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO DON'T KNOW REFUSED s this person's race? AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER BLACK WHITE OTHER (SPECIFY) HISPANIC / LATINO				

ypa33	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the perpetrator may already be clear. If
ywa33	sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
yaa49	
yua30	
ypa34	Note that this question asks for the perpetrator's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth
ywa34	respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best estimate of age. If
yaa50	necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

yua31

ypa35 We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census
ywa35 Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).
yua32

ypa36Do not read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging toywa36one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, writeyaa52the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is two races, ask whether the personyua33identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the<br/>number for that race, or write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction,<br/>record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

## SEXUAL ASSAULT ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

ACCOMPLICE 1	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Now I would like to ask you about the <u>next</u> most responsible person. You may have already told me about this person, but I need to ask a few questions again, because it's important to know exactly who the person was. (IF YOU THINK YOU KNOW WHO THE PERSON IS, AT LEAST VERIFY THE INFORMATION)	ура37	ywa37	yaa53	yua34
Was this person male or female?	i.			
<1> MALE				
<5> FEMALE	•			
<8> DON'T KNOW				
<7> REFUSED	1			
	•			
What is [his / her] current age?	ypa38	ywa38	yaa54	yua35
<0–85> 0 – 85 years old	i			
<115> teens	I			
<120> 20's	1			
<130> 30's	1			
<140> 40's				
<150> 50's	k			
<160> 60's	i -			
<170> 70's	I			
<180> 80's	1			
<998> DON'T KNOW	ļ			
<997> REFUSED				
	:	-		
Now I'm going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's start with ethnicity.	ypa39	ywa39	yaa55	yua36
Is this person of Hispanic or Latino origin?				
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO	:			
<8> DON'T KNOW	ı			
<7> REFUSED	1			

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### SEXUAL ASSAULT ACCOMPLICE IDENTIFICATION

The same questions that were asked regarding the main perpetrator of the sexual assault are asked again if there were additional people involved—accomplices. You can ask about a total of four people—one perpetrator and three accomplices.

# ACCOMPLICE 1 ypa37 This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be ywa37 clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question. yaa53 yua34

ypa38Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youthywa38respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best estimate of age. Ifyaa54necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.yua35

ypa39	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census
ywa39	Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).
yaa55	
yua36	

-		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
What	is this person's race?	ypa40	ywa40	yaa56	yua32
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO				
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER				
<3>	BLACK	t			
<4>	WHITE	1			
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)	1			
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO				
<96>	MIXED				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
<97>	REFUSED				
Is [he	/ she] a member of	ypa41	ywa41	yaa57	yua38
	ild's family? [FA] amily? [RATA / NFA / GM]	)     			
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1 4			
	person responsible:	ypa42	ywa42	yaa58	yua39
Is the		ypa-42			
	your parent,	ypatz	•		
<1>		ypa+2			
<1> <2>	your parent,	ypa-12	. •		
<1> <2> <3>	your parent, your step-parent,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
<1> <2> <3> <4>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister,				
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5> <6>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousín, your grandparent,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent,		· ·		
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8> <9>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousín, your grandparent, your foster parent, your adoptive parent,				
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8> <9> <10>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent, your adoptive parent, your legal guardian, the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of				
<1> <2> <3> <4> <5> <6> <7> <8> <9> <10>	your parent, your step-parent, your brother or sister, your aunt or uncle, your cousin, your grandparent, your foster parent, your foster parent, your adoptive parent, your legal guardian, the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or				

ypa40 ywa40 yaa56 yua37	Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.
ypa41 ywa41 yaa57 yua38	By "family member" we mean anyone related to the youth respondent by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.
ypa42 ywa42 yaa58 yua39	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is [his / her] relationship to the accomplice. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between [himself / herself] and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the youth respondent's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., molesting the youth respondent).

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was [ł	ne / she] someone known to the you (before the episode)?	ypa43	ywa43	yaa59	yua40	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
		1				
		1				
	of the following best describes how the person (most) nsible for the assault was related to you:	ура44	ywa44	yaa60	yua41	
<1>	A friend of yours,					
<2>	A friend of someone in your household,	1				
<sup>′</sup> <3>	An acquaintance of yours,					
<4>	An acquaintance of the family,					
<5>	A neighbor,					
<6>	A person in authority such as a teacher,	1				
<7>	A caretaker or babysitter,					
<8>	Someone known to you only by sight,					
<77>	Or someone else? (SPECIFY)					
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND/GIRLFRIEND					
<13>	COMPLETE STRANGER					
<12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER	•				
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
Was th	ne person:	ypa45	ywa45	yaa61	yua42	
<1>	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or					
<5>	just an ordinary friend?	1				
<8>	DON'T KNOW			i -		
<7>	REFUSED					
•						
۱ - ···		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

ура43	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a
ywa43	crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considere
yaa59	"known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
yua40	
ypa44	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
ywa44	sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is [his / her] relationship to the person. Make sure you are familia
yaa60	with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response.
yua41	Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the youth respondent's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the assault of the youth respondent).

ypa45 ywa45 yaa61 yua42 ŤΤ

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of the family in [ypa44 / ywa44 / yaa60 / yua41]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was <u>at the time of the episode</u>, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did yo (befoi	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name re the episode)?	yp166	yw104	ya124	yu74
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
Did yo enoug	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person well h to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	yp167	yw105	ya125	yu75
<1>	YES	:			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	1			
н. 1		1	*		
For ho memb	w long (before the episode) did you, or other family ers, know this person:	yp168	yw106	ya126	yu76
<1>	a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),				
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	)			
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<9>	REFUSED	:			
How of see this	ten (before the episode) did you, or other family members, s person (your best guess is fine):	ур169	<b>yw107</b>	ya127	yu77
<1>	Daily,	1			
<2>	Weekly,	}			
<3>	Several times a month, or	:			
<4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?	i			
<5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<9>	REFUSED	İ			

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or someone else in the family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

yp166	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or
yw104	someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
ya124	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
yu74	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.

yp167	This question is not asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or
yw105	someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
ya125	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
yu75	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to speak to.

yp168	This
yw106	yw10
ya126	the y
yu76	possi
	yout

This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [yp166 / yw104 / ya124 / yu74] and [yp167 / yw105 / ya125 / yu75]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp169This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [yp166 / yw104yw107/ ya124 / yu74] and [yp167 / yw105 / ya125 / yu75]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of theya127youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of theyu77possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the<br/>youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth<br/>respondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use<br/>the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago,<br/>and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCOMPLICE 2	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
(Now I would like to ask you about the <u>next</u> most responsible person. You may have already told me about this person, but I need to ask a few questions again, because it's important to know exactly who the person was.) (IF YOU THINK YOU KNOW WHO THE PERSON IS, AT LEAST VERIFY THE INFORMATION)	ypa47	ywa47	yaa63	yua44	
Was this person male or female?					
<1> MALE					
<5> FEMALE					
<8> DON'T KNOW					
<7> REFUSED	1				
	1				
What is [his / her] current age?	ypa48	ywa48	yaa64	yua45	
<0-85> 0 - 85 years old					
<115> teens	1				
<120> 20's	,				
<130> 30's					
<140> 40's					
<150> 50's					
<160> 60's					
<170> 70's	1				
<180> 80's	4				
<998> DON'T KNOW	e e				
<997> REFUSED	i				
	i				
Now I'm going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's start with ethnicity.	ypa49	ywa49	yaa65	yua46	
Is this person of Hispanic or Latino origin?					
<1> YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO					
<5> NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO	1				
<98> DON'T KNOW	i				
<97> REFUSED					
	1				
	L				

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### ACCOMPLICE 2

ypa47	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be
ywa47	clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
yaa63	
yua44	
ypa48	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth
ywa48	respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best estimate of age. If
yaa64	necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.
yua45	

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ypa49	We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Census
ywa49	Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).
yaa65	
yua46	

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
What i	s this person's race?	ypa50	ywa50	yaa66	yua47	
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO					
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER					
<3>	BLACK					
<4>	WHITE	1				
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)					
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO					
<96>	MIXED					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
<97>	REFUSED					
		 	, ,	 _		
Is [he	/ she] a member of the your family?	ypa51	ywa51	yaa67	yua48	
<1>	YES					
<5>	NO					
Is the	person responsible:	ypa52	ywa52	yaa68	yua49	
<1>	your parent,		1		1	
<2>	your step-parent,					
<3>	your brother or sister,					â
<4>	your aunt or uncle,					
<5>	your cousin,		1			
<6>	your grandparent,					
<7>	your foster parent,	6			;	
<8>	your adoptive parent,					
<9>	your legal guardian,					
<10>	the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or					
				1		
<77>	some other relative of the yours?(SPECIFY)					
<77> <98>	DON'T KNOW	ĺ				
<98>						

ypa50 ywa50 yaa66 yua47

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Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

ypa51By "family member" we mean anyone related to the youth respondent by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage toywa51a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriendyaa67/ girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.yua48

ypa52 ywa52 yaa68 yua49 Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is [his / her] relationship to the accomplice. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between [himself / herself] and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the youth respondent's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the incident</u> (i.e., molesting the youth respondent).

	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
Was [he / she] someone known to you (before the episode)?	ypa53	ywa53	yaa69	yua50	
<1> YES					
<5> NO					
	1				
	- +				
Which of the following best describes how the person (most) responsible for the assault was related to you:	ypa54	ywa54	yaa70	yua51	
<1> A friend of yours,	1				
<2> A friend of someone in your household,	1				
<3> An acquaintance of yours,	1				
<4> An acquaintance of the family,	;				
<5> A neighbor,	1				
<6> A person in authority such as a teacher,	ł				
<7> A caretaker or babysitter,	1				
<8> Someone known to you only by sight,					
<77> Or someone else? (SPECIFY)	1				
<11> PARENT'S BOYFRIEND/GIRLFRIEND	1				
<12> FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER	1		•		
<13> COMPLETE STRANGER					
<16> DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES					
<98> DON'T KNOW					
<97> REFUSED					
Was the person:	j ypa55	ywa55	yaa71	yua52	
<1> a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or	ĺ				
<5> just an ordinary friend?	Ì	1			
<8> DON'T KNOW	1				
<7> REFUSED	1				

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ypa53 ywa53 yaa69 yua50	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
ypa54	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
ywa54	sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is [his / her] relationship to the person. Make sure you are familiar
yaa70	with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response.
yua51	Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the youth respondent's relationship to that person <u>at the time of the episode</u> (i.e., the assault of the youth respondent).

ypa55 ywa55

> yaa71 yua52

This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of the family in [ypa44 / ywa44 / yaa60 / yua41]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in a boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is not clear from the answer what the relationship was <u>at the time of the episode</u>, you will need to probe to determine whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your [boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend] at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

	· · ·	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did y (befo	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name ore the episode)?	yp170	yw108	ya128	yu7
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	i			
<7>	REFUSED	•			
Did yo enoug	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person well gh to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	yp171	yw109	ya129	yu7
<1>	YES	1 1			
<5>	NO				
<8>	DON'T KNOW	1			
<7>	REFUSED				
For ho memb <1>	ow iong (before the episode) did you, or other family ers, know this person: a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six months),	yp172	yw110	ya130	yu8(
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or				
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?	:			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	,			
<9>	REFUSED				
How of see thi	ften (before the episode) did you, or other family members, s person (your best guess is fine):	yp173	yw111	ya131	yu81
<1>	Daily,				
<2>	Weekly,				
<3>	Several times a month, or				
<4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<5>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED [FA / RATA / NFA]				

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or someone else in the family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

yp170	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or
yw108	someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If
ya128	the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure,
yu78	we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
yp171 yw109 ya129 yu79	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to <u>speak to</u> .

yp172 yw110 ya130 yu80 This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [yp170 / yw108 / ya128 / yu78] and [yp171 / yw109 / ya129 / yu79]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp173This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [yp170 / yw108yw111/ ya128 / yu78] and [yp171 / yw109 / ya129 / yu79]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of theya131youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of theyu81possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the<br/>youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youth<br/>respondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also use<br/>the "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago,<br/>and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.

ACCO	ACCOMPLICE 3		RATA	NFA	GM
(Now I would like to ask you about the <u>next</u> most responsible person. You may have already told me about this person, but I need to ask a few questions again, because it's important to know exactly who the person was.) (IF YOU THINK YOU KNOW WHO THE PERSON IS, AT LEAST VERIFY THE INFORMATION)		ypa57	ywa57	yaa73	yua54
Was tł	nis person male or female?				
<1>	MALE				
<5>	FEMALE				
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED				
What i	s [his / her] current age?	ypa58	ywa58	yaa74	yua55
<0-85	i> 0 – 85 years old				
<115>	teens				
<120>	20's				
<130>	30's				
<140>	• 40's				
<150>	50′s				
<160>	· 60's				
<170>	70's				
<180>	80's				
<998>	DON'T KNOW				
<997>	REFUSED				
Now I'r start w	m going to ask two questions about race and ethnicity. Let's ith ethnicity.	ypa59	ywa59	yaa75	yua56
s this	person of Hispanic or Latino origin?				
<1>	YES, HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<5>	NO, NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO				
<98>	DON'T KNOW				
97> REFUSED					

#### ACCOMPLICE 3

ypa57 ywa57 yaa73 yua54	This statement is not read unless necessary—at this point the sex of the [accomplice / accomplices] may already be clear. If the sex of the person is <u>not</u> clear, then ask the question.
ypa58	Note that this question asks for the accomplice's current age (i.e., at the time of the interview). If the youth

 ywa58
 respondent says [he / she] does not know the age, ask for the youth respondent's best estimate of age. If

 yaa74
 necessary, probe for whether the person is in [his / her] 20's, 30's, etc.

 yua55

ypa59We must ask the "ethnicity" question prior to the "race" question, in order to follow the convention of the Censusywa59Bureau (Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race).yaa75yua56

	e e e an an an an an an an an an an an an an	FA	RATA	NFA	GM	
What	is this person's race?	ypa60	ywa60	yaa76	yua57	
<1>	AMERICAN INDIAN, ALEUT, ESKIMO					
<2>	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER					
<3>	BLACK					
<4>	WHITE					
<77>	OTHER (SPECIFY)	i				
<95>	HISPANIC / LATINO					
<96>	MIXED					
<98>	DON'T KNOW					
< <del>9</del> 7>	REFUSED	ł				
Is [he	/ she] a member of the your family?	ypa61	ywa61	yaa77	yua58	
<1>	YES	;				
<5>	NO	:				
		I	· .			
Is the	person responsible:	ypa62	ywa62	yaa78	yua59	
<1>	your parent,	1				
<2>	your step-parent,					
<3>	your brother or sister,					
<4>	your aunt or uncle,					
<5>	your cousin,					
<6>	your grandparent,	1				
<7>	your foster parent,					
<8>	your adoptive parent,	1				
<9>	your legal guardian,	1				
<10>	the spouse or romantic partner (boyfriend or girlfriend) of your parent, or					
<77>	some other relative of the yours?(SPECIFY)	I				
<98>	DON'T KNOW	k.				
<97>	REFUSED					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-

ypa60 ywa60 yaa76 yua57 Do <u>not</u> read the answer list unless necessary. If the youth respondent clearly identifies the person as belonging to one of the four categories, enter the number for the category. If the youth respondent says something else, write the answer in "SPECIFY." If the youth respondent says that the person is <u>two</u> races, ask whether the person identifies [himself / herself] primarily or mainly with one or the other; and if you get a primary race, enter the number for that race. If the youth respondent cannot make that distinction, record both races on the "SPECIFY" line.

ypa61 ywa61 yaa77 yua58

ypa62 ywa62 yaa78 yua59 By "family member" we mean anyone related to the youth respondent by blood or by law (like adoption, marriage to a blood relative, foster care, or legal guardianship). Also, the current or former romantic partner [spouse / boyfriend / girlfriend] of a parent or guardian.

Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is [his / her] relationship to the accomplice. It is unlikely that the youth respondent will <u>not</u> know the relationship between [himself / herself] and the person; therefore, do not accept a "DON'T KNOW" response too readily. Make sure you are familiar with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response. Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are interested in the youth respondent's relationship to that person at the time of the incident (i.e., molesting the youth respondent).

	<del>.</del>	FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Was [	he / she] someone known to you (before the episode)?	ура63	ywa63	yaa79	yua60
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO				
Which	of the following best describes how the person (most)				
respor	sible for the assault was related to you:	ура64	ywa64	yaa80	yua61
<1>	A friend of yours,				
<2>	A friend of someone in your household,				
<3>	An acquaintance of yours,	1			
<4>	An acquaintance of the family,	i			
<5>	A neighbor,	1			
<6>	A person in authority such as a teacher,	,			
<7>	A caretaker or babysitter,	1.			
<8>	Someone known to you only by sight,				
<77>	Or someone else? (SPECIFY)				
<11>	PARENT'S BOYFRIEND/GIRLFRIEND				
<13>	COMPLETE STRANGER	1			
<12>	FOSTER FAMILY MEMBER	i			
<16>	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES	:			
<98>	DON'T KNOW	,			
<97>	REFUSED	i			
Was th	e person:	ура65	ywa65	yaa81	yua62
<1>	a romantic friend (boyfriend or girlfriend) or	ł			
<5>	just an ordinary friend?	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	I			
<7>	REFUSED	i			
		!			

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ypa63 ywa63 yaa79 yua60	Emphasize the word "known." "Known" includes anyone that the youth respondent knew by sight, such as a crossing guard or hotdog vendor. If there is any question about who is considered a stranger and who is considered "known," let the youth respondent decide: "Whatever that (known) means to you."
ypa64	Read all the answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer. Be
ywa64	sure the answer the youth respondent gives you is [his / her] relationship to the person. Make sure you are familiar
yaa80	with the answer categories and the order of the list, so that you can quickly and accurately record the response.
yua61	Listen carefully to the youth respondent's answer to make sure you know where to record it. If you need to, clarify
	what the youth respondent has said so that you are sure you understand [his / her] answer. Note that we are
	interested in the youth respondent's relationship to that person at the time of the episode (i.e., the assault of the
	youth respondent).

ypa65This question is only asked if the youth respondent said the person was a friend of [his / hers] or a friend of theywa65family in [ypa44 / ywa44 / yaa60 / yua41]—we want to know if the person was considered a partner in ayaa81boyfriend/girlfriend way. If the youth respondent tells you the person was a [boyfriend / girlfriend] and it is notyua62clear from the answer what the relationship was <u>at the time of the episode</u>, you will need to probe to determine<br/>whether [he / she] was a current partner <u>at that time</u>. You could probe by saying: "Was this person your<br/>[boyfriend / girlfriend] at the time of the episode, or did you consider [him / her] no longer a [boyfriend / girlfriend]<br/>at that time?" This same wording can be adapted if the accomplice was the youth respondent's friend, or a friend of<br/>some other household member, such as the friend of a sibling who was not involved in the episode (e.g., "Was this<br/>person your sister's boyfriend at the time of the episode?").

### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS"

		FA	RATA	NFA	GM
Did y (befo	rou, or anyone else in your family, know this person's name re the episode)?	yp174	yw112	ya132	yu8
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW				
<7>	REFUSED	: !			
Did y enoug	ou, or anyone else in your family, know this person well gh to speak to [him / her] (before the episode)?	ypa175	yw113	ya133	yu8
<1>	YES				
<5>	NO	1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	ł			
<7>	REFUSED				
For ho memb	ow long (before the episode) did you, or other family bers, know this person: a long-standing acquaintance (known for more than six	yp176	yw114	ya134	yu84
	months),	-   			
<2>	a recent acquaintance (known for more than one month but less than six months), or	1			
<3>	a very recent acquaintance (known for less than one month)?	- 1			
<8>	DON'T KNOW	i			
<9>	REFUSED	i I			
How o see th	ften (before the episode) did you, or other family members, is person (your best guess is fine):	ypa177	yw115	ya135	yu85
<1>	Daily,	1			
<2>	Weekly,	1			
		ł			
<3>	Several times a month, or				
	Several times a month, or Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				
<3>					
<3> <4>	Less than once a month (SPECIFY)?				

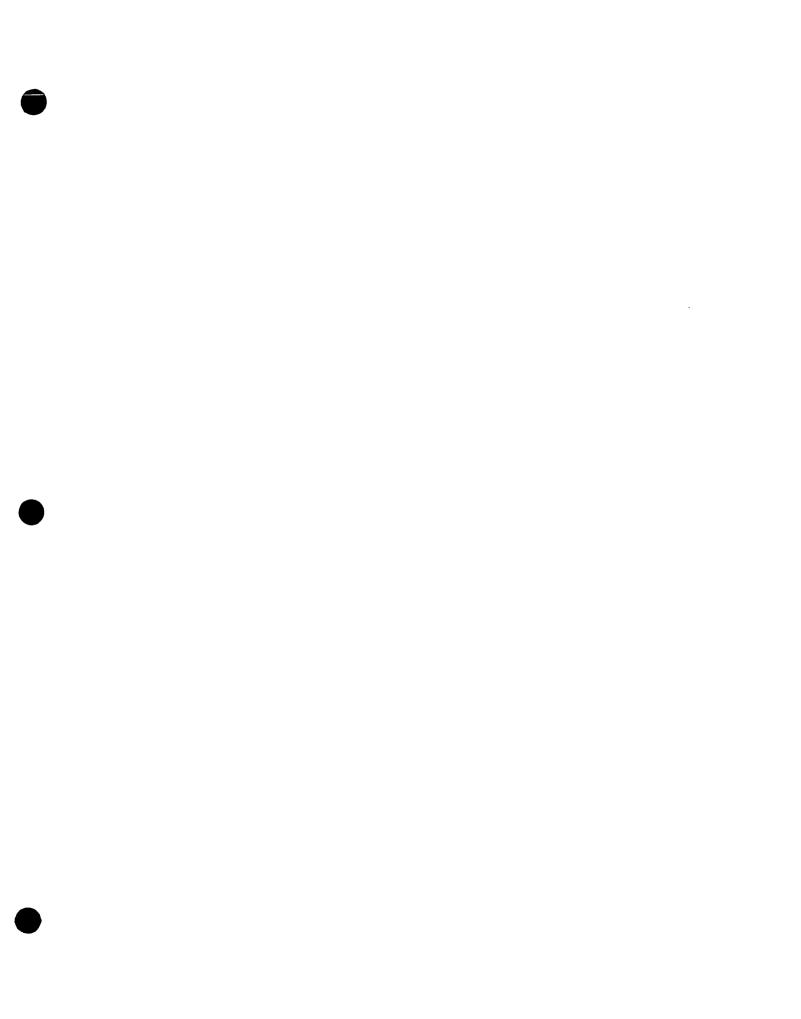
#### DETERMINING "ACQUAINTEDNESS"

If the youth respondent said that the perpetrator was known to [him / her] or someone else in the family, we want to find out how well the person was known.

ур174 уw112 уа132 уu82	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person's name.
yp175 yw113 ya133 yu83	This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent reported that the perpetrator was a friend of [his / hers] or someone else in the household, or was a neighbor, a caretaker or babysitter, or someone known only by sight. If the perpetrator was an acquaintance of the youth respondent or someone else in the family, or an authority figure, we ask if anyone in the family knew the person well enough to <u>speak to</u> .

yp176 yw114 ya134 yu84 This question is <u>not</u> asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to <u>both</u> [yp174 / yw112 / ya132 / yu82] and [yp175 / yw113 / ya133 / yu83]. However, it <u>is</u> asked if the perpetrator was a friend of the youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of the possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so the youth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. Read the definitions of the answer categories only if necessary.

yp177This question is not asked if the youth respondent said "NO," "DON'T KNOW," or "REFUSED" to both [yp174 / yw112yw115/ ya132 / yu82] and [yp175 / yw113 / ya133 / yu83]. However, it is asked if the perpetrator was a friend of theya135youth respondent's or someone else in the household, a neighbor, or a caretaker or babysitter. Read all of theyu85possible answer categories except "DON'T KNOW" and "REFUSED" before accepting or recording an answer, so theyouth respondent will be able to choose the answer that most closely corresponds to the relationship. If the youthrespondent chooses "less than one month", use the "SPECIFY" line to record the exact situation. You would also usethe "SPECIFY" line to record any irregular contact, for example, if the family knew the perpetrator a few years ago,and saw him regularly at that time, but had not seen him at all since then, until just before the episode began.



INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Appendix



INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

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# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Appendix

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## INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY - Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education -1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19122-6099

## CONFIDENTIALITY PLEDGE

## NISMART-2 STUDY #31-1893-191

ISR assures all respondents that their responses are confidential and that no information obtained in the course of this activity will be disclosed except to persons directly connected with the survey. The information is in anonymous form.

#### AGREEMENT

I have carefully read and understand the assurance which pertains to the confidential nature of informants, references, respondent identities and all records to be handled in regard to this survey. I understand that contacting informants, references or respondents for personal reasons or for reasons not related to the study constitutes a violation of confidentiality. As an interviewer or employee providing services to the Institute for Survey Research, Temple University, I understand that I am prohibited by law from disclosing any names or information obtained in this project. I understand that any violation of the Privacy Act of 1974 is a misdemeanor and may subject the violator to a fine of up to \$5,000 and possible imprisonment.

Interviewer's / Employee's Signature

ID Number

Date

Field Administrator's Signature

ID Number

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## NISMART-2 Result Codes

	HH Screener Codes	Adult Interview	Youth Interview	Hand-written LFU Sheet
Interim Codes:				
Appointment	73	11	111	СВ
General Callback	74	12	112	СВ
Callback, 800# given	i	13	113	СВ
Partial Interview Callback	1	6	106	СВ
Partial Interview Refusal		7	107	RB
General Refusal	75			RS
Refusal by Respondent	7 1	21	121	RS
Refusal by Someone Else		22	122	RS
Comp Adult, Youth Cons Ref	1	23		
Language Barrier	72	42	142	LB
New Phone Number		99	199	СВ
Initial Problem	76	19	119	PO
Ring / No Answer	64	34	134	RNA
Busy Signal	65	35	135	BZ
Answering Machine, No Message	70	40	140	АМ
Answering Machine, Message Left		41	141	АМ
FAX, Modem	60	30	130	FX
Temporary Disconnect	61	31	131	TD
Final Codes:			. – .	
Complete	55	1,2,3	101	CA
No Adult in HH	56			
Final Partial Complete, Refused		9	109	RF
General Refusal	77			RF
Refusal by Respondent		28	128	RF
Refusal by Someone Else		29	129	RF
Final Language Barrier	81	50	150	
Final Unlocatable		38	138	UL
Final Unavailable		48	148	
Final Non-Residential	66			UL
Final Non-Working	62			UL
End of Field Period	79	49	149	

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## **NISMART-2 Frequently Asked Questions**

HOW GET MY NUMBER	How did you get my phone number?	Your telephone number was randomly selected by the computer and will never be associated with your answers.
PURPOSE	What's this all about? What is the purpose of this call?	As part of a nationwide study, we are talking to parents and caretakers about issues that concern child safety.
HOW LONG	How long will this take?	In most cases this survey will only take about 10 minutes, but if your case is especially helpful to the study, it could take somewhat longer.
TEMPLE / ISR	What is Temple University?	We are a non-profit survey research organization that has been contracted to
	What is the Institute for Survey Research?	conduct this study for the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.
	Who wants this information?	The study is sponsored by the Office of Juvenile
WHO IS SPONSOR	Who is the sponsor of the study?	Justice and Delinquency Prevention.
WHY ASK IF CHILDREN IN HOME	Why do you need to know if I have children?	This study concerns the welfare of children, therefore we are speaking to households that have children. All information is kept strictly confidential.
WHAT HAPPENS TO THE INFORMATION	What happens to the answers that I give you? Who will see my answers?	I enter your answers into our computers as you give them to me. All answers you provide will be kept completely confidential and anonymous. Your answers will help us to better protect children nationwide.
IF NO CHILDREN	Why can't you interview me?	We are only talking to households where children have lived in the past twelve months.
IF NOT PRIMARY CARETAKER	Why can't you interview me?	We are only allowed to interview the household member who takes care of the [child / children] most of the time when they are at home.
WHY TALK TO MY CHILD	Why do you want to talk to my child?	Because the study concerns children, it is important to give them a voice in the matters that affect them.
LISTEN TO CHILD INTERVIEW	Can I listen to the interview when you talk to my child?	As we promised you, we also promise your child that all of his or her answers will be kept confidential and will never be revealed. Therefore, we prefer that you do <u>not</u> listen.
SURVEY RESULTS	Can I have a copy of the results of the survey?	The study results will not be ready for over a year from now. If you would like, at the time of the interview, I can take your name and address and be sure that you are included on our list of respondents who have requested this.

### NISMART-2 Refusal Avoidance

NOT INTERESTED /	I'm not interested.	I know you must be busy but this is an important survey concerning children's welfare. In most cases it will only take about 10 minutes of your
TOO BUSY	I'm too busy.	time. We can begin right now if you want, or I could call you back at a time that is better for you.
CALL SOMEONE ELSE	Why don't you just call someone else?	It would be very costly to call every household in America. Therefore, using scientific methods, a representative sample of telephone numbers has been selected for the study. Once a number has been selected, no other number can be substituted for it.
	I don't do surveys.	I can assure you that I am not trying to sell you anything. We are only interested in gaining the American public's view on issues that affect child
DON'T DO SURVEYS	I don't do surveys over the phone.	safety. In most cases, it will only take about 10 minutes of your time and you can skip any question that you don't want to answer.
IS THE STUDY LEGITIMATE	How do I know the study is legitimate?	You can call my supervisor directly at 1-800-827- 5477 Monday through Friday between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., or you can verify the study by calling the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention in Washington, D.C. at 1- 202-307-1308.
SEND ME SOME INFORMATION FIRST	I won't do the interview unless you mail me some information about it first.	We are calling a random sample of telephone numbers and I do not have your name or address. If you would like to give me that information, I could ask my supervisor to send you a letter further describing the study.
GIVE TO CHARITIES ALREADY	I already give to children's charities.	We are not collecting donations. We are conducting a very important nationwide survey concerning children's welfare. In most cases it will only take about 10 minutes of your time.
PERSONAL INFORMATION	I don't want to give out any personal information about me or my children.	All answers you provide will be kept completely confidential and anonymous. Your telephone number will not be connected with your answers, so whatever you tell me will never be linked back directly to you. Your answers, combined with the interviews from other households, will help us to better protect children nationwide.



#### NISMART-2

#### **GENERAL PROMPTS AND COMMANDS**

Login:

annex:	telnet temss2
login:	nistest
password:	Ntest31

what are you? ===> i (for interviewer)
enter the case id ===> (press "Enter ")
enter your identification code ===> (enter your booth number)

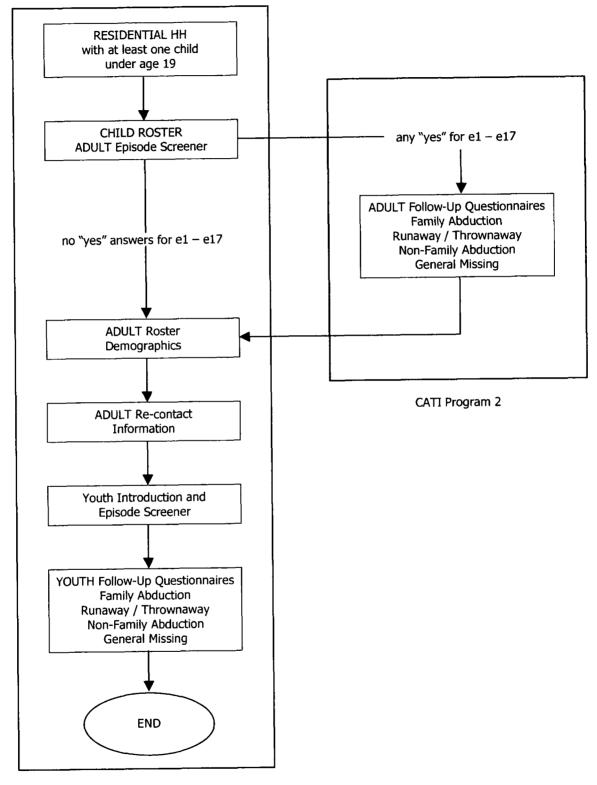
#### **BASIC COMMANDS**

===>	—	Response arrow
111	—	Ends text entry
<b>CTRL "C"</b> (^C)	—	Puts you in CATI Command mode. Also exits the questionnaire
		program when you are at the "enter case id" prompt

#### CATI COMMANDS

(COMMAND:) b	_	backs-up to the previous question
(COMMAND:) caN	—	changes answer to a previously answered question (e.g. ca5
		changes the answer to "5")
(COMMAND:) d	—	redraws the screen
(COMMAND:) f	_	moves forward one question
(COMMAND:) jb	_	jumps back to a screen that shows all of the questions that have
		been answered so far
(COMMAND:) jb N	-	jumps back to question N (N = the question number you specify)
(COMMAND:) jf	-	jumps forward to the next unanswered question
(COMMAND:) jf N		jumps forward to question N
(COMMAND:) n		allows you to enter notes (always end text with ///)
(COMMAND:) sh	_	shows text of notes
(COMMAND:) sk cbx	_	skips to CallBack question





CATI Program 1

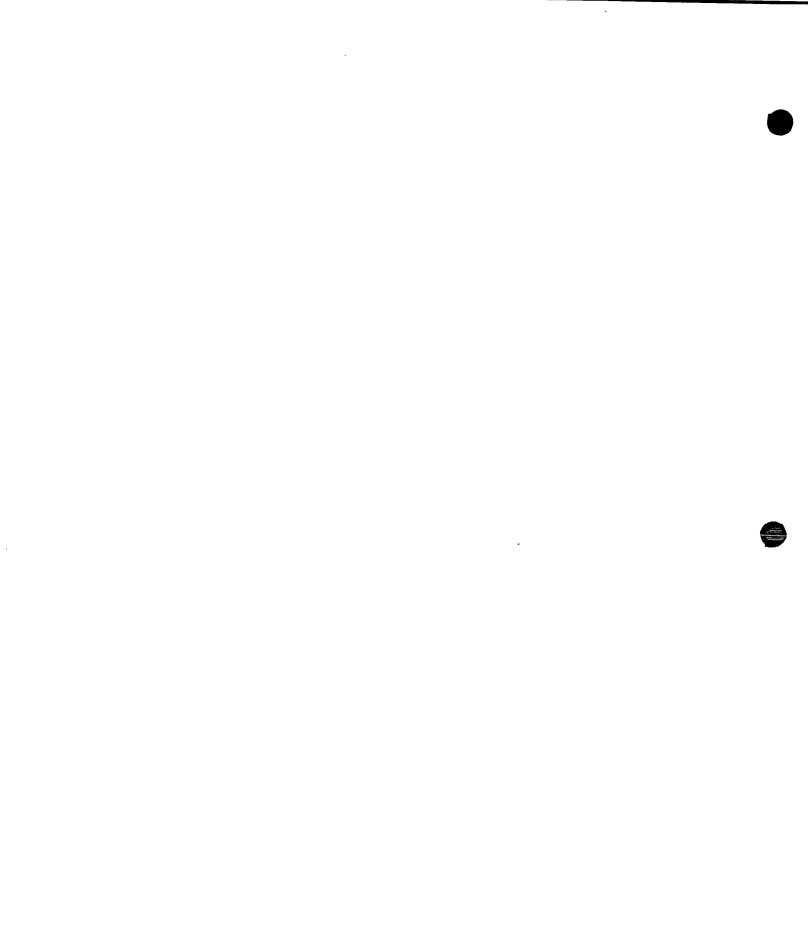
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#### **NISMART-2 PROBLEM SHEET**

Your Name:	Your ID	#:
Your Booth #:	Today's Date:	Time:
CASE ID#:	QUESTION (Screen Name)	
CURRENT RESULT CODE:		
Description of Problem:		
<u> </u>		
		· · · · ·

Problem Sheet given to: Date: Time:

Resolution:		
Problem Sheet Resolved:	Date:	Time:

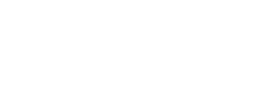


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#### **NISMART-2 INTERVIEW COMMENTS FORM**

Your Name:	-	Your ID #:		
Your Booth #:	Today's Date:	· · · · · · -		Time:
CASE ID#:	· · ·	1 T. M	-	
CURRENT RESULT CODE:				
ADULT RESPONDENT'S NAME:				

Please provide any comments regarding the Adult respondent for this interview that you feel may be helpful for a possible second interview (The Barriers Study). Describe the level of cooperation, how informed the respondent was, and any additional details that are appropriate.



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## NISMART-2 STEP-BY-STEP PROCEDURES FOR MOVING TO THE FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRES

Screen Name	What YOU Enter:	"Question"	Comments
ENDE	1	COMPUTER NEEDS TO THINK	the program is choosing the appropriate follow-up questionnaires
LIN1	1	FILL OUT LFU	information is displayed so that you can fill out the LFU sheet
Inf1, or Inr1, or Inn1 or Ing1	1 1 1 1	DESCRIBES THE [EPISODE / EPISODES] THAT [WAS / WERE] SELECTED	add this information to the LFU sheet
lin1	1 or 5	CONTINUE NOW OR CALL BACK	if "5" (call back), enter the appointment on the LFU sheet. Then continue with the set- up procedures. Otherwise, just continue
NFIN	1	ENTER "1" TO BRING UP THE CASE ID PROMPT	"1" goes to "enter the case id"
enter the case ID	CTRL/C	RETURN TO THE PRODUCTION MENU	CTRL/C takes you back to the production menu
NISMART PROD MENU	2	ENTER "2" TO SET UP THE CASE	this creates the appropriate [record / records] for the follow- up [interview / interviews]
"CASEID"	(case id)	ENTER THE CASE ID FROM THE LFU SHEET	enter the case id to set- up the follow-up [interview / interviews]
(words)	(nothing, just wait)	MESSAGES DURING THE SET-UP PROCESS	the ID is displayed plus some messages to let you know that the set- up process is working

## NISMART-2 STEP-BY-STEP PROCEDURES FOR MOVING TO THE FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRES (CONTINUED)

Screen Name	What YOU Enter:	"Question"	Comments	
(words)	(Enter الـ )	MESSAGE SAYING THE SET-UP PROCESS IS DONE	the message also says which follow-ups were created	
NISMART PRODUCTION MENU	3(FA) or 4(RA), or 5 (NFA), or 6 (GM)	Enter the number of the follow-up you need to do	if more than one follow-up needs to be done, enter the "lowest" numbered one first (e.g., if 3 and 4, enter 3 first)	
"what are you?"	i	ENTER "i" FOR INTERVIEWER	you are beginning the log-in process for the follow-up interview	
"enter the case id"	(case id)	ENTER THE CASE ID FROM THE LFU SHEET	enter the case id to access the (first, second, etc.) follow-up interview	
"what's your name?"	(your booth number)	ENTER YOUR BOOTH NUMBER	enter the number on the front of your monitor	
chk	1 or 5	1 or 5 ENTER WHETHER THIS IS THE CORRECT CASE		
inum	(your id)	ENTER YOUR ID NUMBER	enter your 5 digit interview id number	
init	(your initials)	ENTER YOUR INITIALS	enter your initials	
f1, or r1, or n1, or g1	1	DESCRIPTION OF THE EPSODE (FIRST SCREEN IN THE FOLLOW-UP)	enter "1" to continue	

## NISMART-2 STEP-BY-STEP PROCEDURES FOR MOVING FROM ONE FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE TO THE NEXT FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE

Screen Name	What YOU Enter:	"Question"	Comments
LIN1	LIN1 1		the program checks to see if there is still another follow-up that has not been completed. If so, this screen will be shown
LINN	1	ENTER "1" TO BRING UP THE CASE ID PROMPT	"1" goes to "enter the case id"
enter the case id	CTRL/C	RETURN TO THE PRODUCTION MENU	CTRL/C takes you back to the production menu
NISMART PRODUCTION MENU	4 (RA), or 5 (NFA), or 6 (GM)	ENTER THE NUMBER OF THE NEXT FOLLOW- UP YOU NEED TO DO	if there is another follow-up to be done, you will choose that number at the menu
"what are you?"	i	ENTER "i" FOR INTERVIEWER	this begins the log-in process for the next follow-up interview
"enter the case id"	(case id)	ENTER THE CASE ID FROM THE LFU SHEET	enter the case id to access the (second, third, etc.) follow-up
"what's your name?"	(your booth number)	ENTER YOUR BOOTH NUMBER	enter the number on the front of your monitor
chk	1 or 5	ENTER WHETHER THIS IS THE CORRECT CASE	compare the information to the LFU Sheet and answer appropriately
inum	(your id)	ENTER YOUR ID NUMBER	enter your 5 digit interviewer id number
init	(your initials)	ENTER YOUR INITIALS	enter your initials
r1, or n1, or g1		(FIRST SCREEN IN THE FOLLOW-UP)	enter "1" to continue

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## NISMART -2 STEP-BY-STEP PROCEDURES FOR MOVING BACK TO THE MAIN CATI ADULT ROSTER SECTION FROM THE FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRES

Screen Name	What YOU Enter:	"Question"	<b>Comments</b> "1" goes to "enter the case id"	
log	1	ENTER "1" TO BRING UP THE CASE ID PROMPT		
enter the case id	CTRL/C	RETURN TO THE PRODUCTION MENU	CTRL/C takes you back to the production men	
NISMART PRODUCTION MENU	7	ENTER "7" TO RETURN		
"what are you?"	i	ENTER "i" FOR INTERVIEWER	you are beginning the log-in process for goin back to the main Adult interview	
"enter the case id"	(case id)	ENTER THE CASE ID FROM THE LFU SHEET	enter the case id to access the Adult roster	
"enter your identification code"	(your booth number)	ENTER YOUR BOOTH NUMBER	enter the number on the front of your monitor	
inid	(your id)	ENTER YOUR ID NUMBER	enter your 5 digit interviewer id number	
init	(your initials)	ENTER YOUR INITIALS	enter your initials	
call 1		CALL HISTORY FOR THIS CASE	check to be sure you have the correct ID an that the last result cod was "004." Enter "1" t continue	

# NISMART-2 STEP-BY-STEP PROCEDURES FOR MOVING BACK TO THE MAIN CATI ADULT ROSTER SECTION FROM THE FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRES (CONTINUED)

Screen Name	What YOU Enter:	"Question"	Comments
cala	1	DESCRIBES WHO YOU ARE CONTACTING	enter "1" to continue
redy	1	DESCRIBES HOW TO REVIEW THE QUESTION WHERE THE INTERVIEW WILL "BEGIN"	enter "1" to continue
lin2	CTRL/C cx	WHEN YOU RIST REACH THIS SCREEN ENTER "CTRL/C" AND THEN ENTER "CX"	"CTRL/C" and "cx" takes you to the "dial" screen
dial	1	"SOMEONE ANSWERS"	enter "1" to choose "SOMEONE ANSWERS"
calA	1	"YES, SPEAKING TO RESPONDENT"	do not read the question to the respondent. Enter "1" to indicate that you are speaking to the respondent
par1	1 or 5	DESCRIBES THE CALLBACK	do not read the question to the respondent. Enter "1" to continue or "5" to make it a callback
lin2	1	WHEN YOU FIRST REACH THIS SCREEN (THE SECOND TIME) ENTER "1" TO CONTINUE	"1" takes you to screen "pd1x," the first screen in the Adult roster

INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Child Roster for Households with more than 12 children

>pm5< Please give me the first name (or initials) of all the people 18 and under who live or have lived in this household for at least 2 consecutive weeks at any time during the past 12 months. Please give each name (or set of initials) one at a time.

# LIST ALL NAMES OR INITIALS FIRST. THEN ASK m6 – m18 FOR EACH CHILD LISTED.

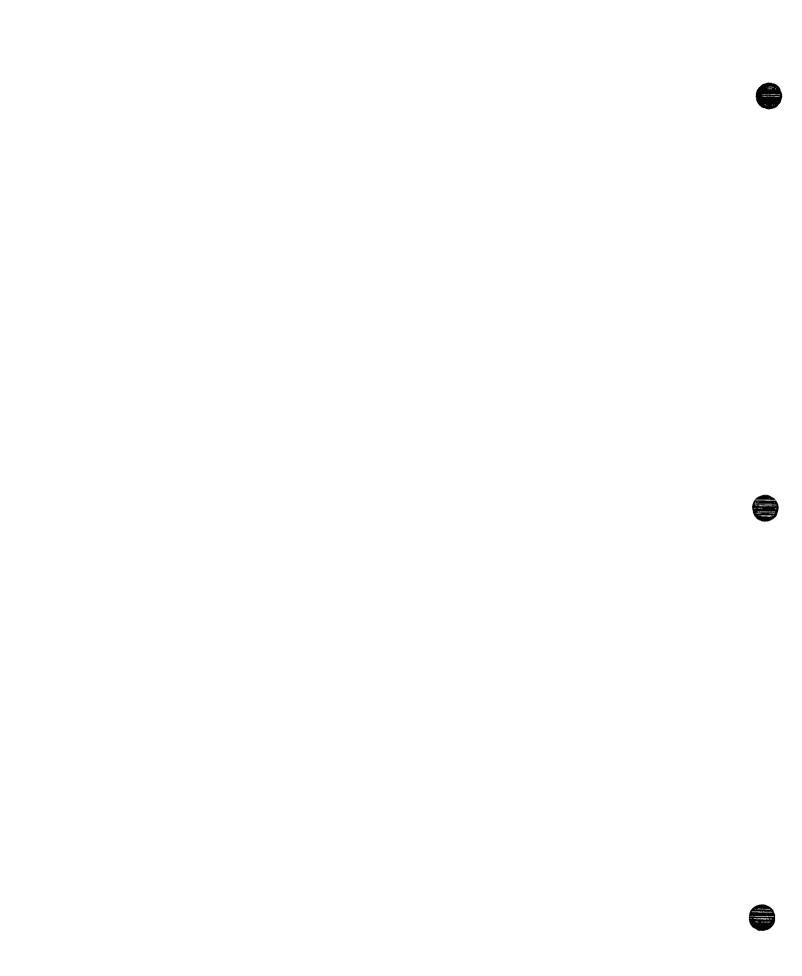
		CHILD # 1	CHILD # 2	CHILD # 3	CHILD # 4
>pm6<	(IF NECESSARY, ASK: Is [CHILD'S NAME] a boy or a girl?	<1> BOY <2> GIRL	<1> BOY <2> GIRL	<1> BOY <2> GIRL	<1> BOY <2> GIRL
>pm7<	What is [CHILD'S NAME]'s birth date?	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH
		DAY	DAY	DAY	DAY
		YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR
>pm8<	How old is [CHILD'S NAME]?	AGE	AGE	AGE	AGE
>pm9a<	(READ FIRST TIME ONLY: Now I'm going to ask you two questions about race and	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES
	ethnicity. Let's start with ethnicity.)	<5> NO <8> DK	<5> NO <8> DK	<5> NO <8> DK	<5> NO <8> DK
	Is [CHILD'S NAME] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF

. . . .

	CHILD # 1	CHILD # 2	CHILD # 3	CHILD # 4
pm9b< What is [his / her] race?	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO
	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND
	<3> BLACK	<3> BLACK	<3> BLACK	<3> BLACK
	<4> WHITE	<4> WHITE	<4> WHITE	<4> WHITE
	<s> OTHER</s>	<s> OTHER</s>	<s> OTHER</s>	<s> OTHER</s>
	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF
pm10< What is [his / her]	<1> CHILD	<1> CHILD	<1> CHILD	<1> CHILD
relationship to you? (IF NECESSARY, READ LIST)	<2> STEP	<2> STEP	<2> STEP	<2> STEP
	<3> ADOPTED	<3> ADOPTED	<3> ADOPTED	<3> ADOPTED
	<4> GRAND CHILD	<4> GRAND CHILD	<4> GRAND CHILD	<4> GRAND CHILD
	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW
	<6> FOSTER	<6> FOSTER	<6> FOSTER	<6> FOSTER
	<7> WARD	<7> WARD	<7> WARD	<7> WARD
	<8> SIBLING	<8> SIBLING	<8> SIBLING	<8> SIBLING
	<9> CHARGE	<9> CHARGE	<9> CHARGE	<9> CHARGE
	<s> OTHER (SPECIFY)</s>	<s> OTHER (SPECIFY)</s>	<s> other (specify)</s>	<s> OTHER (SPECIFY)</s>
	<98> DK	<98> DK	<98>DK	<98> DK
	<97> REF	<97> REF	<97> REF	<97> REF
pm13< During the past 12 months,	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES	+
has [CHILD'S NAME] had any serious or permanent physical	<5> NO	<5> NO	)	<5> NO
or mental disability or	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
impairment, or life threatening medical condition?	<7> REF	<7> REF	1	<7> REF



· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CHILD # 1	CHILD # 2	CHILD # 3	CHILD # 4
>pm14< Is [CHILD'S NAME] <u>currently</u> living in the household?	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF
>pm15< Did [CHILD'S NAME] live in any <u>OTHER households</u> for at least 2 consecutive weeks in the past 12 months?	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF
>pm16< (ASK IF pm15 = 1) How many other households did [CHILD'S NAME] live in for at least 2 consecutive weeks?	#HOUSEHOLDS <98> DK <97> REF	#HOUSEHOLDS <98> DK <97> REF	#HOUSEHOLDS <98> DK <97> REF	#HOUSEHOLDS <98> DK <97> REF
>pm17< (ASK IF pm10 = 9 (CHARGE)) Has [CHILD'S NAME] stayed overnight in this household for at least 2 consecutive weeks during the past 12 months?	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF	<1> YES <5> NO <8> DK <7> REF
>pm18< (ASK IF pm14 ≠ 1 (LIVING IN HH)) Is [CHILD'S NAME] living or is [he / she] deceased?	<1> LIVING <5> DECEASED	<1> LIVING <5> DECEASED	<1> LIVING <5> DECEASED	<1> LIVING <5> DECEASED



#### ASK m6 - m18 FOR EACH CHILD LISTED.

		CHILD #	CHILD #	CHILD #	CHILD #
		<u></u>			
>pm6<	(IF NECESSARY, ASK: Is [CHILD'S NAME] a boy or a girl?	<1> BOY <2> GIRL	<1> BOY <2> GIRL	<1> BOY <2> GIRL	<1> BOY <2> GIRL
>pm7<	What is [CHILD'S NAME]'s birth date?	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH	MONTH
		DAY	DAY	DAY	DAY
		YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR
>pm8<	How old is [CHILD'S NAME]?				<u> </u>
		AGE	AGE	AGE	AGE
>pm9a<	(READ FIRST TIME ONLY: Now I'm going to ask you two	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES
	questions about race and ethnicity. Let's start with	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO
	ethnicity.)	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
	Is [CHILD'S NAME] of Hispanic or Latino origin?	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF

	CHILD #	CHILD #	CHILD #	CHILD #
>pm9b< What is [his / her] race?	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO	<1> AMER INDIAN, ALUET, ESKIMO
	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND	<2> ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLAND
	<3> BLACK	<3> BLACK	<3> BLACK	<3> BLACK
	<4> WHITE	<4> WHITE	<4> WHITE	<4> WHITE
	<s> OTHER</s>	<s> OTHER</s>	<s> OTHER</s>	<s> OTHER</s>
	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF
>pm10< What is [his / her]	<1> CHILD	<1> CHILD	<1> CHILD	<1> CHILD
relationship to you? (IF NECESSARY, READ LIST)	<2> STEP	<2> STEP	<2> STEP	<2> STEP
	ST) <3> ADOPTED	<3> ADOPTED	<3> ADOPTED	<3> ADOPTED
	<4> GRAND CHILD	<4> GRAND CHILD	<4> GRAND CHILD	<4> GRAND CHILD
	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW	<5> NIECE / NEPHEW
	<6> FOSTER	<6> FOSTER	<6> FOSTER	<6> FOSTER
	<7> WARD	<7> WARD	<7> WARD	<7> WARD
	<8> SIBLING	<8> SIBLING	<8> SIBLING	<8> SIBLING
	<9> CHARGE	<9> CHARGE	<9> CHARGE	<9> CHARGE
	<s> Other (Specify)</s>	<s> OTHER (SPECIFY)</s>	<s> OTHER (SPECIFY)</s>	<s> other (Specify)</s>
	<98> DK		<98>DK	<u></u>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ -·	ь <b>т</b>
>pm13< During the past 12 month has [CHILD'S NAME] had		<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES
serious or permanent phy		<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO
•	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
threatening medical condition?	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF
<ul> <li>relationship to you?</li> <li>(IF NECESSARY, READ LI:</li> <li>&gt;pm13&lt; During the past 12 month has [CHILD'S NAME] had serious or permanent phy or mental disability or impairment, or life threatening medical</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>&lt;2&gt; STEP</li> <li>&lt;3&gt; ADOPTED</li> <li>&lt;4&gt; GRAND CHILD</li> <li>&lt;5&gt; NIECE / NEPHEW</li> <li>&lt;6&gt; FOSTER</li> <li>&lt;7&gt; WARD</li> <li>&lt;8&gt; SIBLING</li> <li>&lt;9&gt; CHARGE</li> <li>&lt;5&gt; OTHER (SPECIFY)</li> <li>&lt;98&gt; DK</li> <li>&lt;97&gt; REF</li> <li>&lt;1&gt; YES</li> <li>&lt;8&gt; DK</li> <li>&lt;8&gt; DK</li> </ul>	<2> STEP <3> ADOPTED <4> GRAND CHILD <5> NIECE / NEPHEW <6> FOSTER <7> WARD <8> SIBLING <9> CHARGE <5> OTHER (SPECIFY) <	<2> STEP <3> ADOPTED <4> GRAND CHILD <5> NIECE / NEPHEW <6> FOSTER <7> WARD <8> SIBLING <9> CHARGE <5> OTHER (SPECIFY) <98>DK <97> REF <1> YES <5> NO <8> DK	<2> STEP <3> ADOPTED <4> GRAND CHILD <5> NIECE / NEPHEW <6> FOSTER <7> WARD <8> SIBLING <9> CHARGE <5> OTHER (SPECIFY) <98> DK <97> REF <1> YES <5> NO <8> DK

		CHILD #	CHILD #	CHILD #	CHILD #
<del>.</del>	<u>.</u>		. <u>-</u>		
>pm14<		<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES
	living in the household?	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO
		<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
		<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF
>pm15<	Did [CHILD'S NAME] live in	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES
any <u>OTHER households</u> for at least 2 consecutive weeks in the past 12 months?	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO	
	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	
		<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF
>pm16<	(ASK IF pm15 = 1)				
How many other households	#HOUSEHOLDS	#HOUSEHOLDS	#HOUSEHOLDS	#HOUSEHOLDS	
	did [CHILD'S NAME] live in for	<98> DK	<98> DK	<98> DK	<98> DK
	at least 2 consecutive weeks?	<97> REF	<97> REF	<97> REF	<97> REF
>pm17<	(ASK IF pm10 = 9 (CHARGE))	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES	<1> YES
	Has [CHILD'S NAME] stayed	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO	<5> NO
	overnight in this household for at least 2 consecutive	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK	<8> DK
	weeks during the past 12 months?	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF	<7> REF
>pm18<	(ASK IF pm14 ≠ 1 (LIVING IN HH))	<1> LIVING	<1> LIVING	<1> LIVING	<1> LIVING
	Is [CHILD'S NAME] living or is [he / she] deceased?	<5> DECEASED	<5> DECEASED	<5> DECEASED	<5> DECEASED

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INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Episode Screener for Households with more than 12 children

- >peint< We know some unfortunate things can happen to children. They can get lost, hurt, or victimized, or be taken somewhere or kept from you without your permission. I am going to ask you some questions about events that may have happened to [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] during the time [he / she / they] [was / were] living in your household during the past 12 months, that is since [DATE OF INTERVIEW].</p>
- >pe1< Was there any time when anyone <u>tried to take</u> [this child / any of these children] away from you against your wishes?
  - <1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED
- >pe2< In the past 12 months, did <u>any</u> family member outside your household, such as a spouse, an exspouse, an ex-partner, brother, sister, parent, in-law, or any other person you consider a family member, or someone acting for them, do any of the following things:

Did any <u>family member</u> or someone acting for them take or try to take [this child / any of these children] <u>in violation of a custody order, agreement or other child living arrangement</u>?

<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED

## >pe3< (In the past 12 months,)

Did any family member outside of your household <u>keep or try to keep</u> [this child / any of these children] from you when you were supposed to have [him / her / them] even if for just a day or weekend?

<1>	YES
<5>	NO
<8>	DON'T KNOW
<7>	REFUSED

>pe4< (In the past 12 months,)

Did any family member <u>conceal [this child / any of these children] or try to prevent</u> you from having contact with [him / her / them]?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

#### **BOX pev**

QUESTIONS pe5 - pe9 ONLY APPLY TO CHILDREN 7 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.

ASK QUESTIONS pe5 - pe9 OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH ONLY CHILDREN 7 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.

IF HOUSEHOLD DOES NOT HAVE CHILDREN AGE 7 YEARS OR OLDER, SKIP TO pe10.

#### >pe5< These questions apply only to your [child / children] 7 years of age or older: (READ [NAME OF CHILD / NAMES OF CHILDREN] 7 YEARS OR OLDER)

In the last year did [this child / any of these children] <u>leave home</u> without permission and <u>stay</u> <u>away for at least a few hours</u>?

<1>	YES .	•		•	•	pe5a
<5>	NO .		•	•	•	pe6
<8>	DON'T KNOW		•	•	•	pe6
<7>	REFUSED					pe6

>pe5a< Did [this child / any of these children] stay away for at least one night?

<1> YES <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW <7> REFUSED

#### >pe6< (In the past 12 months:)

Did [this child / any of these children] <u>choose not to come home</u> from somewhere when [he / she / they] [was / were] supposed to <u>and</u> stay away for <u>at least two nights</u>? (SOMEWHERE INCLUDES A FRIEND'S HOUSE, A PARTY, OR A CONCERT) (IF NECESSARY, READ: Remember, we're only talking about: (READ [NAME OF CHILD / NAMES OF CHILDREN] 7 YEARS OR OLDER))

<1> YES

- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

ID Number:	
------------	--

- >pe7< (In the past 12 months:) Did you or any adult member of your household force or tell [this child / any of these children] to leave home or decide not to allow [him / her / them] back in the home? (IF NECESSARY, READ: REMEMBER, WE'RE ONLY TALKING ABOUT: (READ [NAME OF CHILD / NAMES OF CHILDREN] 7 YEARS OR OLDER)) pe7a <1> YES <5> NO pe8 pe8 <8> DON'T KNOW . <7> REFUSED pe8 Did [this child / any of these children] leave for at least one night? >pe7a< YES <1> NO <5> DON'T KNOW <8> REFUSED <7> >pe8< (In the past 12 months:) Was there any time when having [this child / any of these children] in your home became a lot of trouble and [he / she / they] left? (IF NECESSARY, READ: Remember, we're only talking about: (READ [NAME OF CHILD / NAMES OF CHILDREN] 7 YEARS OR OLDER)) YES <1> <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW REFUSED <7> Other than anything you have already told me about, has there been any time, either currently or >pe9< during the past twelve months, when you did not know where [this child / any of these children] [was / were] living? (IF NECESSARY, READ: Remember, we're only talking about: (READ [NAME OF CHILD / NAMES OF CHILDREN] 7 YEARS OR OLDER)) YES <1> <5> NO <8> DON'T KNOW
  - <7> REFUSED

		ID Number:
>pe10<		t of the questions in this section apply to ALL the children in the household. [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:)
	serious	past 12 months, was there any time when [this child / any of these children] [was / were] y <u>hurt or injured and as a result didn't come home</u> and you were <u>concerned</u> about where he / they] [was / were]?
	<1> <5> <8> <7>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED
>pe11<	Was the	past 12 months:) ere any time when you were concerned because you couldn't find [this child / any of these ] or [he / she / they] didn't come home?
		ber, now we're talking about all the children in the household: [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]:)
	<1> <5> <8> <7>	YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED
>pe12<	Was the	past 12 months:) ere any time when [this child / any of these children] became lost or you were unable to his / her / their] whereabouts <u>and</u> you became alarmed <u>and</u> tried to find [him / her /
	<1>	YES
	<5>	NO DONTE KNOW
	<8>	DON'T KNOW

<7> REFUSED

(In the past 12 months:) >pe13<

> Was there any time when anyone tried to sexually molest, rape, attack, or beat up [this child / any of these children]?

- YES <1>
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

In the past 12 months, has anyone attacked or threatened [this child / any of these children] in >pe14< any of these ways:

(READ ALL CATEGORIES BELOW)

With any weapon, for instance, a gun or knife; With anything like a baseball bat, frying pan, scissors or stick; By something thrown, such as a rock or bottle; Including any grabbing, punching or choking; Any rape, attempted rape or other type of sexual attack; Any face to face threats; Any attack or threat or use of force by anyone at all?

Did any incidents of this type happen to [this child / any of these children] (in the past 12 months)?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

>pe15<

Something that happens to some children these days is that adults or other youth try to force or trick them into doing something sexual. This includes trying to touch the child's private parts or trying to make the child touch or look at the other person's private parts. Children report that these kinds of things happen with people they know well or trust, like teachers or relatives.

In the past 12 months, has there been a time when an older person, like an adult, an older teenager, or a babysitter, deliberately touched or tried to touch your child's private parts or tried to make your child touch or look at their private parts, when your child didn't want it?

<1> YES <5> NO DON'T KNOW <8> <7> REFUSED

>pe16< (In the past 12 months:)

[Has / Have] [this child / any of these children] been forced or coerced to engage in unwanted sexual activity by someone [he / she / they] didn't know before, a casual acquaintance, or someone [he knows / she knows / they know] well?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED
- >pe17< This next question applies to: [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] for <u>ALL</u> the time [he / she / they] [has / have] lived in this household.

Has anyone EVER kidnapped or tried to kidnap [this child / any of these children]?

- <1> YES
- <5> NO
- <8> DON'T KNOW
- <7> REFUSED

#### BOX pe17

CHECK TO SEE IF ANY OF THE PREVIOUS QUESTIONS WERE ANSWERED "YES."

IF THERE ARE ANY "YES", GO TO COLUMN "a" ON THE NEXT PAGE AND MARK EACH OF THE 17 QUESTIONS AS "YES" OR "NO" BASED ON THE ANSWERS ALREADY COLLECTED. THEN FOR EACH "YES" TOPIC, ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW THAT CATEGORY.

IF NONE OF THE PREVIOUS QUESTIONS WERE ANSWERED "YES," GO TO BOX pe17-5.

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe1< A child was taken	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
against your wishes			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>pe2< A child was taken in	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
violation of a custody agreement			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	1 1 1
				CHILD	
>pe3< A child was kept	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
instead of returned			YEAR	CHILD	1 1
¢				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>pe4< A child was	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
concealed or you were prevented from contact by a			YEAR	CHILD	1 
family member				CHILD	
				CHILD	1

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe5< A child left or stayed away without permission	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
				CHILD	
>e6< A child chose not to come home	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD	
>e7< A child was told to leave or not allowed to return home	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
				CHILD	
>e8< A child became a lot of trouble and left	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
				CHILD	

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe9<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
You did not know where a child was	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
living			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>pe10<	<1> YES	<1> YES	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was seriously injured and did not come	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)			<5> NO (NEXT)
home			YEAR	CHILD	I
				CHILD	
			 	CHILD	† –
>pe11<	<1> YES	<1> YES	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child could not be found or did not	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTR	Child	<5> NO (NEXT)
come home			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
			{ }	CHILD	1
>pe12<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was lost and you were alarmed	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	
	1			CHILD	
			Ì	CHILD	

ΤΟΡΙϹ	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe13< A child was sexually assaulted or beaten	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe14< A child was attacked or threatened	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe15< An older person touched or saw a child's private parts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)

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#### **EPISODE 1**

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe16< A child was involved in unwanted sexual activity	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe17< A child was kidnapped including attempts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES <5> NO

#### BOX pe17-2

# CHECK TO SEE IF ANY OF pe22 WAS ANSWERED "YES."

IF ANY ARE "YES," GO TO COLUMN "a" FOR THE SECOND EPISODE AND MARK EACH OF THE 17 QUESTIONS AS "YES" OR "NO" BASED ON THE ANSWERS ALREADY COLLECTED. THEN FOR EACH "YES" TOPIC, ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW THAT CATEGORY.

IF NONE OF pe22 WAS ANSWERED "YES," GO TO BOX pe17-5.

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe1<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was taken against your wishes	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	   
>pe2<	<1> YES	<1> YES	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was taken in violation of a	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)			<5> NO (NEXT)
custody agreement			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	         
				CHILD	
>pe3<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was kept instead of returned	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	•
				CHILD	
				CHILD	: ;
>pe4<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was concealed or you	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
were prevented from contact by a	I		YEAR	CHILD	
family member				CHILD	
				CHILD	1

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TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
	· · · · ·	Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe5<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child left or stayed away	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
without permission	  - 		YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
	; ; 			CHILD	
>e6<	<1> YES	<1> YES	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child chose not to come home	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)			<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>e7<	<1> YES	<1> YES	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was told to leave or not	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)			<5> NO (NEXT)
allowed to return home			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>e8<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child became a lot of trouble and	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
left			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe9< You did not know	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
where a child was living			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	1
	·			CHILD	·   
>pe10< A child was seriously injured	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
and did not come home			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	5
				CHILD	
>pe11< A child could not be found or did not	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
come home			YEAR	CHILD	1 1
				CHILD	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CHILD	÷
>pe12< A child was lost and you were alarmed	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
	4		YEAR	CHILD	
			:	CHILD	
			- - - -	CHILD	

		·····			······
TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe13< A child was sexually assaulted or beaten	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe14< A child was attacked or threatened	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe15< An older person touched or saw a child's private parts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)

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#### **EPISODE 2**

ТОРІС	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe16< A child was involved in unwanted sexual activity	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe17< A child was kidnapped including attempts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES <5> NO

#### BOX pe17-3

CHECK TO SEE IF ANY OF pe22 WAS ANSWERED "YES."

IF ANY ARE "YES," GO TO COLUMN "a" FOR THE SECOND EPISODE AND MARK EACH OF THE 17 QUESTIONS AS "YES" OR "NO" BASED ON THE ANSWERS ALREADY COLLECTED. THEN FOR EACH "YES" TOPIC, ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW THAT CATEGORY.

IF NONE OF pe22 WAS ANSWERED "YES," GO TO BOX pe17-5.

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe1<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was taken against your wishes	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
ugunist your misrics			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	k
>pe2<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was taken in violation of a	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
custody agreement			YEAR	CHILD	1
				CHILD	
				CHILD	<b>)</b>
>pe3<	<1> YES	<1> YES	·	f 	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was kept instead of returned	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	
	1			CHILD	
				CHILD	
>pe4<	<1> YES	<1> YES	4·····		<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was concealed or you	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
were prevented from contact by a		:	YEAR	CHILD	
family member				CHILD	
:				CHILD	

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#### EPISODE 3

EPISODE 3					
TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe5< A child left or stayed away without permission	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>e6< A child chose not to come home	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>e7< A child was told to leave or not allowed to return home	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>e8< A child became a ot of trouble and	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
eft			YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD	

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe9<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
You did not know where a child was	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
living			YEAR	CHILD	-
				CHILD	
				CHILD	I - ∔ =
>pe10<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was seriously injured	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
and did not come home			YEAR	CHILD	1
				CHILD	
				CHILD	:
>pe11<	<1> YES	<1> YES	i •	· ·	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child could not be found or did not	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
come home			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>pe12<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was lost and you were alarmed	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
-			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	

·····		1			
TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe13< A child was sexually assaulted or beaten	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe14< A child was attacked or threatened	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe15< An older person touched or saw a child's private parts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)

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#### **EPISODE 3**

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe16< A child was involved in unwanted sexual activity	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe17< A child was kidnapped including attempts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES <5> NO

#### BOX pe17-4

#### CHECK TO SEE IF ANY OF pe22 WAS ANSWERED "YES."

IF ANY ARE "YES," GO TO COLUMN "a" FOR THE SECOND EPISODE AND MARK EACH OF THE 17 QUESTIONS AS "YES" OR "NO" BASED ON THE ANSWERS ALREADY COLLECTED. THEN FOR EACH "YES" TOPIC, ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW THAT CATEGORY.

IF NONE OF pe22 WAS ANSWERED "YES," GO TO BOX pe17-5.

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TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe1<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was taken against your wishes	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
ugumat your maries			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>pe2<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was taken in violation of a	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
custody agreement			YEAR	CHILD	   
				CHILD	1
				CHILD	1
>pe3<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was kept instead of returned	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	4 1 1 1
				CHILD	• 1 1 1
				CHILD	
>pe4<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was concealed or you	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
were prevented from contact by a		1 1	YEAR	CHILD	i .
family member				CHILD	1 !
				CHILD	,

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe5<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child left or stayed away	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
without permission			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
	 			CHILD	
>e6<	<1> YES	<1> YES	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child chose not to come home	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)			<5> NO (NEXT)
			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
	     			CHILD	
>e7<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was told to leave or not	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
allowed to return home			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	
>e8<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child became a lot of trouble and	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
left			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>pe22<
		Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe9<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
You did not know where a child was	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
living			YEAR	CHILD	1
				CHILD	
				CHILD	1
>pe10<	<1> YES	<1> YES			<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was seriously injured	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
and did not come home			YEAR	CHILD	
			i I	CHILD	
- - -				CHILD	
>pe11<	<1> YES	<1> YES	i 	· ·	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child could not be found or did not	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
come home			YEAR	CHILD	
1			:	CHILD	
		i	1	CHILD	
>pe12<	<1> YES	<1> YES	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<1> YES (NEXT)
A child was lost and	<5> NO	<5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<5> NO (NEXT)
you were alarmed			YEAR	CHILD	
			1	CHILD	
				CHILD	

#### **EPISODE 4** -----

TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18<	>pe18m<	>pe19<	>po22 <
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times wher [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe13< A child was sexually assaulted or beaten	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
	1		YEAR	CHILD	
		4		CHILD	
	) 	;   +		CHILD	
>pe14< A child was attacked or	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
hreatened		1	YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
		 		CHILD	
pe15< n older person ouched or saw a	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH	CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
hild's private parts			YEAR	CHILD	
				CHILD	
				CHILD	

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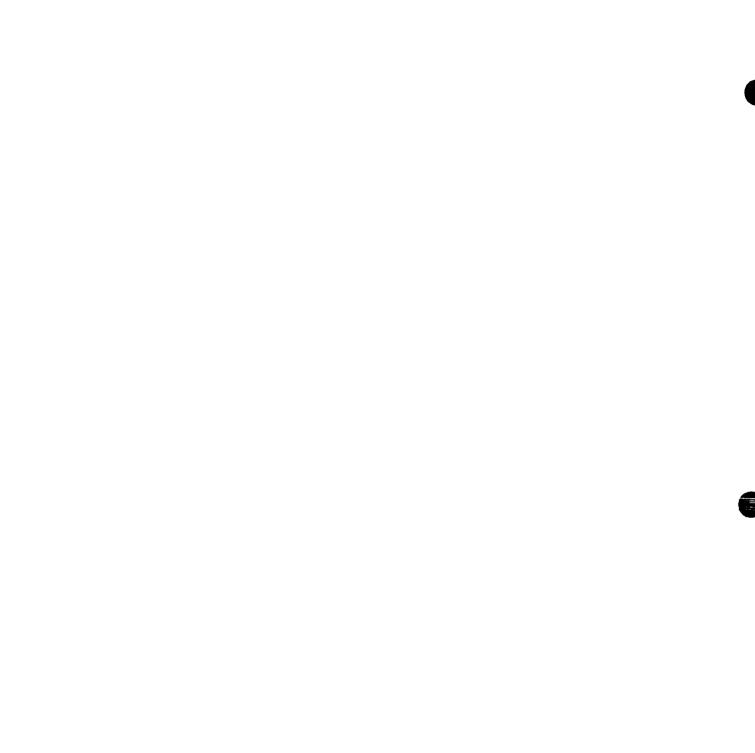
TOPIC	COL "a"	>pe18< Earlier I recorded that there was a time when [TOPIC] in the past 12 months. Is this correct?	>pe18m< Since [DATE], in what month and year did this happen the first / next time?	>pe19< Which children were involved in this incident in [pe18m DATE]? (ENTER ALL THAT APPLY)	>pe22< Were there any more times when [TOPIC] since [DATE]?
>pe16< A child was involved in unwanted sexual activity	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES (NEXT) <5> NO (NEXT)
>pe17< A child was kidnapped including attempts	<1> YES <5> NO	<1> YES <5> NO (NEXT)	MONTH YEAR	CHILD CHILD CHILD	<1> YES <5> NO

### BOX pe17-5

### TELL THE RESPONDENT THAT WE WILL NEED TO CALL BACK TO FINISH THE INTERVIEW IN ABOUT ONE WEEK. (SET A <u>SOFT</u> APPOINTMENT ON PAPER.)

THANK THE RESPONDENT, SAY GOODBYE, AND HANG UP.

GO BACK TO THE CATI SCREEN AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS LISTED THERE.



INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

Family Abduction Follow-Up Supplement

At the time of the episode, which of the following best describes your relationship to >ff13< the person most responsible: (READ UNTIL YES) 1 a. former spouse, 2 former partner (unmarried), b. ----3 c. current spouse, 4 d. current partner (unmarried), or something else? (SPECIFY) e. s DON'T KNOW 8 f. (DO NOT READ) 7 REFUSED g.

**.** .

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>ff18< What city and state was the person responsible living in when this episode began?

### (CITY)

### (STATE)

(IF FOREIGN COUNTRY, SPECIFY)

# >ff43a< What did the person responsible tell [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] about what was happening? (SPECIFY)

-

.

-

NOT APPLICAB	LE(	CHILD	roo y	OUNG	на (р. 1 1	95	
DON'T KNOW		- ·			- +	<b>98</b>	
REFUSED				÷•·· ··	··· · ·	97	

## >ff44< Was this episode in violation of a court order or decree, or a custody order made by a court, or agreed to during a legal divorce or custody proceeding?

(SKIP TO ff47)	YES		1
·· ••• •••	NO	d	5
	DON'T KNOW		8
	REFUSED	 	7

### >ff45< Was this episode in violation of any other kind of written custody order or agreement?

.

YES	1	
NO	5	
DON'T KNOW	8	
REFUSED	7	
	NO DON'T KNOW	NO 5 DON'T KNOW 8

>ff46< Was this episode a violation of a mutual understanding regarding custody or visitation rights?</p>
YES 1

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

. . .

	NO	5
(SKIP TO ff48)	DON'T KNOW	8
	REFUSED	7

>ff47< What were the conditions of the [custody order or agreement / mutual understanding] that this episode violated? (SPECIFY)

			DON'T KNOW	98
(ALL SKIP TO ff50)			REFUSED	97

>ff48<	If this was not a custody violation, are there any other reasons for your belief that the [taking / keeping] of <u>[CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]</u> [is / was] unauthorized?							
		YES	1					
		NO	5					
	(SKIP TO ff50)	DON'T KNOW	8					
		REFUSED	, <b>7</b>					
	(SPECIFY)		··· ·					
		DON'T KNOW	98					
		REFUSED	97					

>ff50<	[Has / Did] the person responsible [made / make] any (IF NECESSARY, ASK:) Did [he / she] explain why [he / children]?		
•		YES	1
:		NO	5
	(SKIP TO ff52)	DON'T KNOW	8
		REFUSED	7
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	х · ·	
>ff51<	What were these claims? (SPECIFY)		

DON'T KNOW 98 REFUSED 97



>ff52<

Did you have any contact with the person responsible regarding [your son / your daughter / any of your children] at any time before [he was / she was / they were] returned?

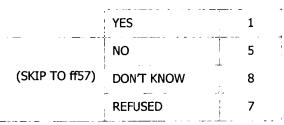
(INCLUDES ANY CONTACT, EVEN A MESSAGE FROM THE PERPETRATOR)

(SKIP TO ff54)	YES	1
	NO	5
(SKIP TO ff57)	DON'T KNOW	8
	REFUSED	7

### (IF [CHILD HAS / CHILDREN HAVE] NOT BEEN RETURNED, ASK:)

>ff53<

Have you had any contact with the person responsible regarding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] SINCE [he was / she was / they were] [taken / kept]? (INCLUDES <u>ANY</u> CONTACT, EVEN A MESSAGE FROM THE PERPETRATOR)



DON'T KNOW

-----

REFUSED

98

97

>ff54<

What kind of contact did you have? (SPECIFY)

.

## >ff55a< How soon after [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were] [taken / kept] did you have contact with the person responsible?

-----

	MINUTES	HOURS	DAYS	WEEKS	MONTHS
X				IMMEDIATELY	96
				DON'T KNOW	98
,				REFUSED	97

>ff56a< For how long did the person responsible say [he / she] would be keeping [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?

MINUTES	HOURS	DAYS	WEEKS	MONTHS
			IED RESPONSIBILITY	94
		PERSON RES	PONSIBLE DIDN'T SAY	95
		PERMANENTI	_Y	96
		DON'T KNOW	1	98
		REFUSED		97

>ff57< [Has / Was] any attempt (been) made to prevent you from having contact with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?

YES	1
NO	5
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

(SKIP T nat were these threats or statements? COBE: What specifically did [he / she] say? ECIFY)	O ff60)	NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED	5 8 7
at were these threats or statements? OBE: What specifically did [he / she] say?	l.		
OBE: What specifically did [he / she] say?	i- 	REFUSED	7
OBE: What specifically did [he / she] say?	)		
······································			
	ź	· · ·	<b>98</b>
		REFUSED	97
nil	id the person responsible try to use the episo hildren] on a permanent basis, that is, keep y CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?	id the person responsible try to use the episode to der hildren] on a permanent basis, that is, keep you from y	DON'T KNOW REFUSED id the person responsible try to use the episode to deny you <u>custody</u> of hildren] on a permanent basis, that is, keep you from <u>ever</u> having custor CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]?

>ff61<	Did the person responsible make any <u>other</u> threats or demands? (Anything you haven't told me about.)			I
:		YES	е	1
1		NO	· -	5
	(SKIP TO ff63)	DON'T KNOW	<i></i>	8
		REFUSED	а.	7

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>ff62<	What were these threats or demands? (PROBE: What specifically did [he / she] say?) (SPECIFY)

DON'T KNOW	98
REFUSED	97

•



ff63<	(To the best of your knowledge) Did the person responsion hide the fact that [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMI		
		YES	1
		NO	5
		DON'T KNOW	8
-		REFUSED	7
ff64<	Did the person responsible make any attempt to hide NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] [was / were]?	from you where [CH	IILD'S
		YES	1
	· · · · · · · ·	NO	5
	(SKIPT TO ff67)	DON'T KNOW	, 8
ff65<	Was hiding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] int	REFUSED	7
ff65<	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	REFUSED ended to prevent yo	7 ou from 1
ff65<	Was hiding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] int	REFUSED ended to prevent yo YES	7 ou from 1 5
ff65<	Was hiding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] int	REFUSED ended to prevent yo	7 pu from 1
ff65<	Was hiding [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] int	REFUSED ended to prevent yo YES NO DON'T KNOW REFUSED	7 ou from 1 5 8 7

>ff67<	To the best of your knowledge, [was / were] [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]
	taken to another state or country during this episode?

(SKIP TO ff71)	YES	1
	NO	5
·	DON'T KNOW	8
	REFUSED	7
the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s		

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>ff68<

To the best of your knowledge, was there any <u>intent</u> to take your [child / children] to another state or country?

	YES	1
	NO	5
(SKIP TO ff73)	DON'T KNOW	8
	REFUSED	7

>ff69< Why do you believe that the person responsible intended to take [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another state or country? (SPECIFY)

DON'T KNOW	98
REFUSED	97

ff70< Which state or country was the person responsible planning to take [him / her / them] to? (SPECIFY)

	(STATE	E OR COUNTRY)		
			DON'T KNOW	98
			REFUSED	97
ff71<	Which state or country? (SPECIFY)			· · · ·

(STATE OR COUNTRY)		
	DON'T KNOW	98
	REFUSED	97
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

(IF f68 = YES, THIS SERIES OF QUESTIONS WILL BE WORDED: Would this have been done:)

ff72<

Was taking [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] to another [state / country] done:

	YES	NO	Don't Know	REFUSED
To take a vacation?	1	5	8	7
To go to the person responsible's place of residence?	1	5	8	7 1
To visit relatives?	1	5	*	7
To make recovery or return of [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?	1	5	8	7
To make <u>contact</u> with [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] more difficult?	1	5	8	7

		a.	most of the time,	1
		<b>b.</b>	more than half of the time,	2
		с.	less than half of the time, or	3
		d.	not at all?	4
	(DO NOT READ)	; e.	DON'T KNOW	8
(RETURN TO CATI)		f.	REFUSED	7

(RETURN TO CATI)	YES	1
	NO	5
	REFUSED	7

What information [do / did] you have about [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES]'s >ff75< location? (SPECIFY)

DON'T KNOW	98
REFUSED	97

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(RETURN TO CATI)

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INSTITUTE FOR SURVEY RESEARCH TEMPLE UNIVERSITY -Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education-1601 NORTH BROAD STREET PHILADELPHIA, PA 19122-6099

# THE SECOND NATIONAL INCIDENCE OF MISSING, ABDUCTED, RUNAWAY AND THROWNAWAY CHILDREN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

STUDY # 31-191

## Non-Family Abduction Follow-Up Supplement

**NOTE:** Some questions contain a code 6 (or 96) for "not applicable—assault only." If you know that there was no abduction or attempted abduction included in the assault incident, you may circle the code 6 and not ask the question.

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(IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD INVOLVED IN THE EPISODE, SAY: The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode.)

>nn40< Did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode have authority or permission to take or keep [him / her / any of the children involved]?

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

>nn41< To the best of your knowledge, did the [person / persons] try to <u>hide</u> that [he was / she was / they were] moving [your child / any of your children]?

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

	(IF MULTIPLE CHILDREN I SEPARATELY FOR EACH CH		VED, ASK THE NEXT 2 QUESTIONS IN A SE	RIES,
>nn47(x)<	Which of the following best describes what kind of place [CHILD'S NAME] was taken to by the [person / persons] responsible for the episode: (MARK ALL THAT APPLY; IF NECESSARY, USE "SPECIFY" TO CLARIFY)			
		a.	a vehicle (for the whole episode),	1
		b.	a building,	2
		c.	the perpetrator's home,	3
		d.	an outside area—like the woods, or	4
		e.	somewhere else? (SPECIFY)	5
		f.	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
	(DO NOT READ)	g.	DON'T KNOW	8
	(= = = = = )	h.	REFUSED	7

>nn48a(x)< To the best of your knowledge, how far was [CHILD'S NAME] moved? (Your best guess is fine.)

FEET	YARD	MILES CITY BLOC	KS
		NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	96
		DON'T KNOW	98
		REFUSED	97
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

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(IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD INVOLVED IN THE EPISODE, SAY: The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode.)

>nn49< Did moving [him / her / the children] hide what was going on? (HIDE THE FACT THAT THE [CHILD WAS / CHILDREN WERE] BEING ABDUCTED)

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE-ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

>nn50a< (IF n49 = 1, ASK:) To the best of your knowledge, was anything else done to hide
what was going on?</pre>

(IF n49 = 5, 8, 7, ASK:) To the best of your knowledge, was <u>anything</u> done to hide what was going on?

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE-ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

>nn51a< (IF n49 = 1, ASK:) How else were the activities hidden? (SPECIFY) (IF n49 = 5, 8, 7, ASK:) How were the activities hidden?

(IF n49 = 5, 8, 7, ASK:) How were the activities hidden? (SPECIFY)

NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY		96
DON'T KNOW	4	98
REFUSED		97

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>nn52<	To the best of your knowledge, [was your son / was your daughter / were any of
	your children] stopped or held against [his / her / their] will?

-	YES	1
	NO	5
	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
(SKIP TO nn55)	NOT APPLICABLE-CHILD TOO YOUNG	95
	DON'T KNOW	8
	REFUSED	7

>nn53a< To the best of your knowledge, <u>how long</u> [was / were] [<u>CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S</u> <u>NAMES</u>] stopped and held against [his / her / their] will?

MINUT	ES HC	DURS D	DAYS		WEEKS	MONTHS	5
			I	NOT APPLI	CABLE—ASSAULT (	ONLY	96
			I	DON'T KNO	W		98
			. (	REFUSED			97

>nn54<	(To the best of your knowledge,) [wa held <u>using any kind of force or threat</u>	is he / was she / were any of them] stoppo ?	ed or
	(SKIP TO nn59)	YES	1
		NO	5
		NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
		DON'T KNOW	8
		REFUSED	7
>nn55<	Was there any <u>attempt</u> to stop or hol children] by force or threat?	d [your son / your daughter / any of your	
		YES	1
		NO	5
	(SKIP TO nn58)	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
		DON'T KNOW	8
		REFUSED	7
>nn56<		had managed to stop or hold [him / her / / CHILDREN'S NAMES] would have been h alf an hour?	eld
		YES	1

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

>nn57< (If the [person / persons] responsible had managed to stop or hold [him / her / them],) Do you think [CHILD'S NAME / CHILDREN'S NAMES] would have been held using force or threat in an isolated place?</p>

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

>nn58< Did [your child / any of your children] believe [he / she / they] would be hurt if [he / she / they] tried to leave the [person / persons] responsible for this episode?

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
NOT APPLICABLE-CHILD TOO YOUNG	95
DONT KNOW	98
REFUSED	97

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>nn59< To the best of your knowledge, did the [person / persons] responsible for this episode show [your son / your daughter / any of your children] a weapon, like a knife, gun or club?

	YES	1	1
	NO	5	5
(SKIP TO nn61(x))	DON'T KNOW	8	3
	REFUSED	7	,
	<u> </u>		

>nn60<

What kind of weapon?

a.	Knife	1
b.	Gun	2
c.	Club	3
d.	Something else? (SPECIFY)	4
e.	DON'T KNOW	8
f.	REFUSED	7

(IF MULTIPLE CHILDREN INVOLVED, ASK THE NEXT 2 QUESTIONS IN A SERIES, SEPARATELY FOR EACH CHILD)

### (IF YOU KNOW CHILD WAS GONE OVERNIGHT, SKIP TO n62)

>nn61(x)< Was [CHILD'S NAME] gone for at least one night?

NO 5	
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY 6	
DON'T KNOW 8	
REFUSED 7	

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>nn62(x)< To the best of your knowledge, was [CHILD'S NAME] taken more than 50 miles from where [he / she] started?

YES	-	1
NO		5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY		6
DON'T KNOW	,	8
REFUSED	-	7

(IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD INVOLVED IN THE EPISODE, SAY: The next questions are about all the children involved in this episode.

>nn63< To the best of your knowledge, did the [person / persons] responsible for taking your [son / daughter / children] have any intention of releasing or returning [him / her / them]?

YES	1
NO	5
NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
DON'T KNOW	8
REFUSED	7

>nn64< Did the [person / persons] responsible demand any ransom money, goods or services during this episode?

	YES	1
	NO	5
(RETURN TO CATI)	NOT APPLICABLE—ASSAULT ONLY	6
	DON'T KNOW	8
	REFUSED	7

>nn65a<	What was demanded?
	(SPECIFY)

DON'T KNOW	98
REFUSED	97

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(RETURN TO CATI)

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