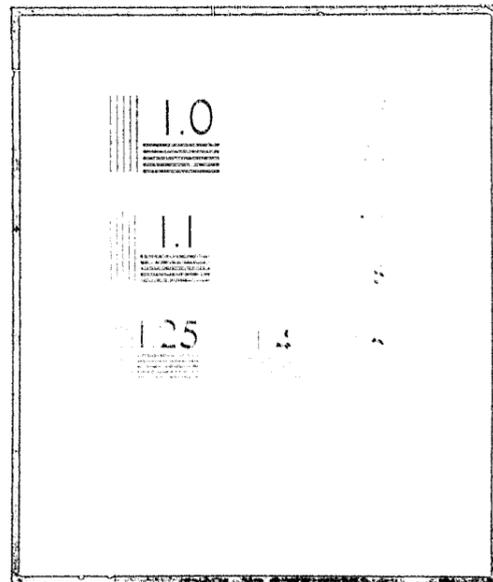


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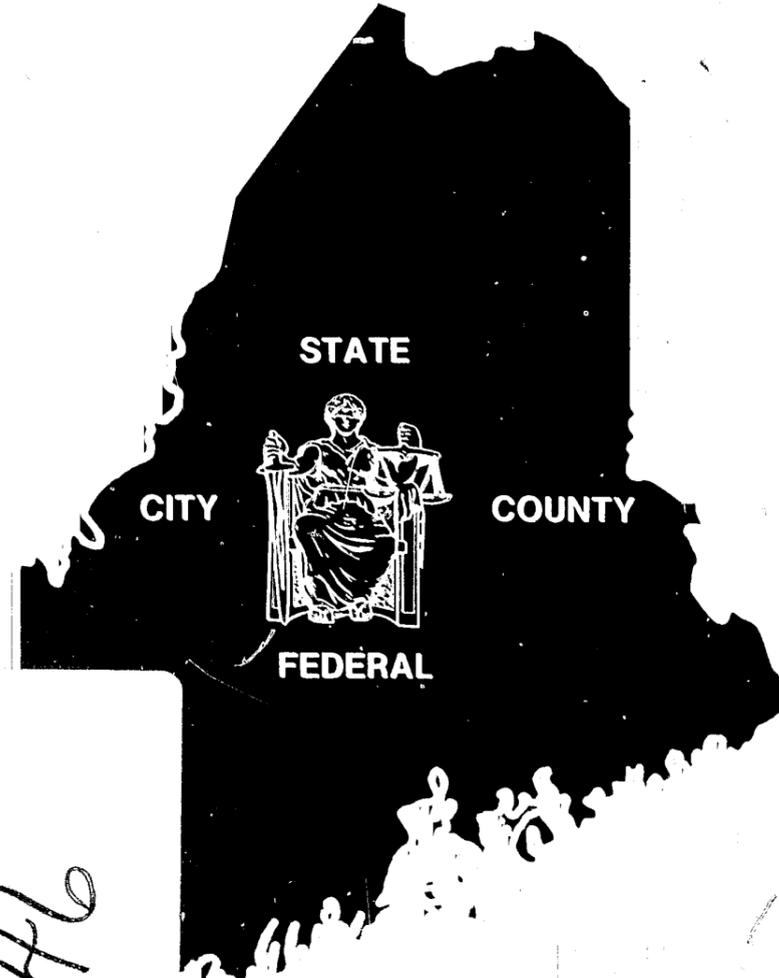


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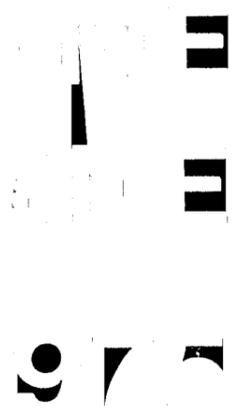
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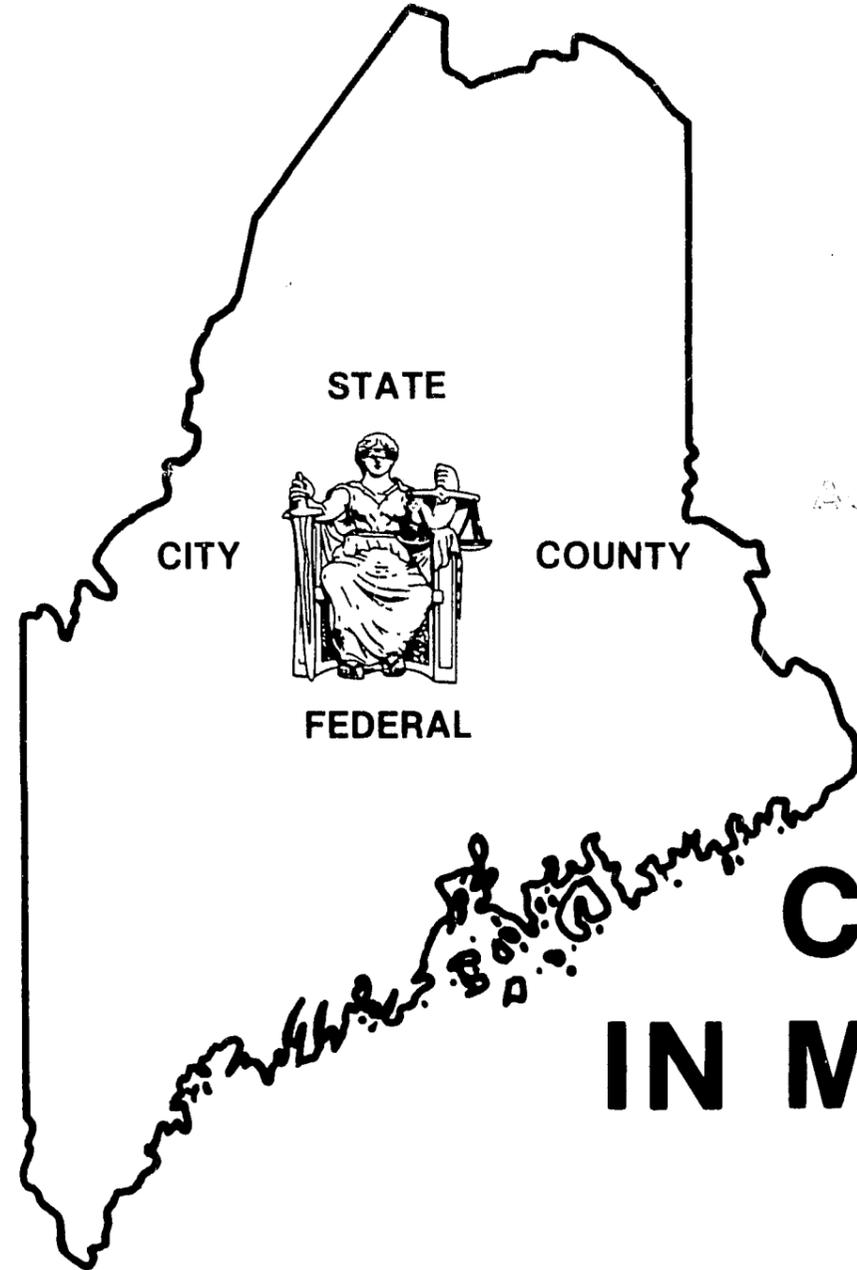


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State of Maine
Department of Public Safety



NCJRS

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ACQUISITION

CRIME IN MAINE

1975

Printed Under Appropriation Number 75-DF-01-0019



STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
36 HOSPITAL STREET
AUGUSTA MAINE 04330

May 1, 1976

The Honorable James B. Longley
Governor, State of Maine
Augusta, Maine 04330

Dear Governor Longley:

In conformance with State Law, it is my duty and pleasure to present to you this first annual report on "Crime in Maine."

The primary goal of all state, county and local law enforcement agencies is the protection of life and property. In order to achieve that goal, the problems of crime must be identified as the first step in this process.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Division of the Maine State Police, in a statewide cooperative effort, has developed the system of reporting, trained hundreds of contributors, and supervised the collection and processing of UCR reports.

Generous assistance to this program was provided by the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency, and the related Data Analysis Center.

This first annual publication presents statistics for the full calendar year of 1975 from every organized law enforcement agency in the State, and provides the base for continued evaluation of crime volume and trends.

"Crime in Maine" represents an unparalleled joint effort of all the Maine law enforcement agencies, and reflects the dedication and unselfishness of Maine public officials and law enforcement agencies in serving the best interests of the people of Maine. Their diligence and interest has made this report possible.

Sincerely,

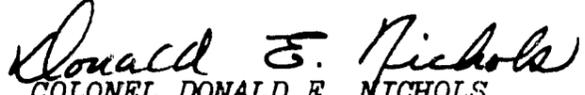

COLONEL DONALD E. NICHOLS
Commissioner

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CRIME IN MAINE - HIGHLIGHTS

During the year 1975, the Crime Clock Average in Maine showed the following:

- * One murder every 11 days.
- * One rape every 3 1/4 days.
- * One robbery every day.
- * One assault (including simple) every 2 hours. One aggravated assault every 5 hours.
- * One burglary every 36 minutes.
- * One larceny every 23 minutes. One larceny (\$200 value or more) every 2 hours 24 minutes.
- * One motor vehicle theft every 4 hours.
- * There were 41,896 index offenses during the year, or, 40.01 offenses per 1,000 persons.
- * Violent crime accounted for 5.3% of all index crimes; property crimes 94.7%.
- * Thirty-two murders occurred during the year. Twenty persons were the victims of firearms.
- * There were 1690 aggravated assaults and 2714 simple assaults.
- * Assaults on law enforcement officers totaled 461.
- * There were 14,443 burglaries during 1975. Property losses through burglary total a value in excess of \$3.8 million.
- * Property loss resulting from larceny-theft accounted for an additional \$3.1 million with approximately 23,000 offenses reported during the period.
- * A total of 2,235 motor vehicles were stolen accounting for a loss in excess of \$3.5 million.

INTRODUCTION

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Program is the initial step in the establishment of an efficient State-wide Criminal Justice Information System. This phase of the CJIS deals primarily with a state-wide uniform method of collecting crime statistics and producing a consolidated annual report of crime in Maine.

Maine statistics are forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the National Crime Report.

NATIONAL UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

Uniform Crime Reports were first collected in 1930 after being developed by a Committee of the International Association of Chiefs of Police. The Federal Bureau of Investigation was authorized by the Congress to act as a clearinghouse for the collection of crime statistics.

Today the IACP continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in the operation of the program.

Crime statistics, voluntarily submitted by individual law enforcement agencies from all fifty states, are presented annually in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports Publication entitled "Crime in the United States".

As a result of several national studies and recommendations and a determined need, the FBI has been actively assisting individual states in the development of state-wide programs of law enforcement statistics compatible with the National Uniform Crime Reporting Program. With excellent cooperation and assistance from the FBI, Maine has developed its own state-wide program for collection of law enforcement statistics.

PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

The Maine UCR Program started July 15, 1973 as a module of the Comprehensive Data System Program. It was funded by LEAA Discretionary Grant No. 74-DF-01-0001 to the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency with the State Bureau of Identification, Bureau of State Police, as the implementing subgrantee.

One year was spent researching and developing the reporting system. The staff was selected; the project researched; a manual was designed and printed; with FBI assistance 250 people were trained in regional seminars from Kittery to Presque Isle; standard arrest sheets and complaint sheets were designed with the assistance of the Maine Chiefs of Police UCR Committee; all reporting forms were designed, given FBI approval as per grant guidelines and printed; staff visits to all operational departments were made; close cooperation with the MCJPAA was maintained and all objectives of the original grant were nearing completion.

On July 1, 1974, the Maine UCR system was certified as operational by Director Clarence Kelly of the FBI and Maine became the 22nd state to have an operational Uniform Crime Reporting system. As of the end of 1975, 32 states were operational and several more in the planning stages.

The success of this program is directly related to the intense interest and cooperation of the Maine contributors. Indicative of the cooperation, is a 100 percent reporting record for all communities over 2500 population, and the organized departments under 2500 filing through the county sheriff's, who are reporting 100 percent and the State Police by county areas. The result is a complete state-wide coverage of crime statistics under supervised rules and controls to insure the integrity of the program.

"Crime in Maine" July-December, 1974 was our first publication and January-June, 1975 was our second six month report. Both publications were very well received and the potential of UCR is now being recognized.

In July of 1975 the Uniform Crime Reporting Division of the Maine State Police was refunded for a two year period. It was felt that the strong recommendation by the FBI's Chief of Uniform Crime Reporting, Robert Conger was helpful. He stated, "*The Maine UCR Program has been extremely successful in its endeavor, and we believe it is one of the finest state UCR Programs in existance.*"

This publication is the first full calendar year of crime statistics and contains extensive information on the crime picture in Maine.

The staff of UCR, teaming up with the Criminal Justice Data Analysis Center, hopes to be a valuable tool in identifying and combating crime in Maine.

Indications are that the full potential of this program will not be reached for several years. Better reporting, better automation, a deeper storage of base data and faster feedback to contributors etc., will provide the type of information needed in Maine. The data will have endless uses in planning, administration, research, problem identification and solving, and special studies.

CREDITS

The preparation and publication of this Annual Report was made possible by the Discretionary Grant Award number 75-DF-01-0019, July 1, 1975 - June 30, 1977, from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration.

* * * * *

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Division, Department of Public Safety, wishes to acknowledge and express their appreciation for the generous and cooperative assistance of the Maine Criminal Justice Data Center throughout the year and in the preparation of this Annual Report. Graphics in this publication were provided by the Data Center: Director Gary Sawyer, and associates, Richard Gribbin and Marilyn Giddings.

The Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency also provided generous assistance under the Director John Leet, and Deputy Director Ted Trott. Special thanks to the Criminal Data Supervisor of MCJPAA, Barbara Hagen and Programmer Robert Partridge.

MESSAGE FROM THE STAFF

The Maine UCR Division staff is firmly convinced that all the statistics gathered in the world would be meaningless unless they are used. Therefore, we are further convinced that gathering of meaningless statistical information is a waste of our time and the time of the contributing agencies.

It is with this attitude that we go about our work of developing information that is important, timely and relative to the existing crime situation in Maine.

We encourage constructive criticism, suggestions, inquiry, and the continued assistance of our contributors and related criminal justice agencies.

The staff members at the present time are as follows:

Robert E. Wagner, Jr., Supervisor
Richard C. Rideout, Field Representative
Betty McMillan, Clerk/verifier
Betty Hamilton, Key punch Operator

Any information or assistance needed may be obtained by calling Augusta, 289-2025.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING
ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Maine Chiefs of Police Association and Maine Sheriffs Association have furnished excellent support and cooperation in the development of the Maine UCR Program.

A committee made up of members from these associations was instrumental in the development and use of uniform arrest sheets and complaint sheets now in use in many Maine departments.

Listed below are the present members of the UCR Committee as appointed by President Clinton R. Hayward, Jr. of the Maine Chiefs of Police Association.

Chief Albert M. Smith, Chairman	Camden
Chief Richard F. Mayer	Brunswick
Chief Everett F. LaPorte	Skowhegan
Sheriff William C. Carter	Lincoln County
Chief (Ret.) Richard C. Rideout	UCR Staff

OBJECTIVES OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

The fundamental objective of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program is to produce a reliable set of criminal statistics on a State and National basis for use in law enforcement administration, operation and management. This compiled data is also intended for the use of other professionals and scholars who have an interest in the crime problem. At the same time, this information is important as a reference source for the general public as an indicator of the crime factor in our society.

The objectives of the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting program are:

1. Inform the governor, legislature, other governmental officials, and the public as to the nature of the crime problem in Maine - its magnitude and its trends.
2. Provide law enforcement administrators with criminal statistics for administrative and operational use.
3. Determine who commits crimes by age, sex and race and other attributes in order to find the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
4. Provide proper base data and statistics to measure the workload and effectiveness of Maine's Criminal Justice System.
5. Provide base data and statistics for research to improve the efficiency, effectiveness and performance of criminal justice agencies.
6. Provide base data and statistics to measure the effects of prevention and deterrence programs.
7. Provide base data to assist in the assessment of social and other causes of crime for the development of theories of criminal behavior.

The means utilized to obtain these objectives are:

1. To measure the extent, fluctuation, distribution, and nature of serious crime in the State of Maine through presentation of data on the seven Crime Index offenses.
2. To measure the total volume of serious crime known to the police.
3. To show the activity and coverage of law enforcement agencies through arrest counts, disposition of persons charged and police employee strength data.

CRIME INDEX

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft are used to establish an Index in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. They measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States and, more significantly, within the geographic regions of contributing States such as Maine. These crimes are counted by law enforcement agencies as they become known and are reported on a monthly basis. The crime index offenses were selected as a measuring device because, as a group, they represent the most common local crime problems. They are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume and frequency in which they occur.

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, aggravated assault and robbery make up the violent crime category. The offenses of burglary, larceny-theft and motor vehicle theft make up the property crime category.

Although "offense known" statistics are gathered in the classifications of manslaughter by negligence (1b) and simple assault (4e), they are not computed into the crime index for purposes of establishing crime trends.

Classification in all Part I offenses is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body.

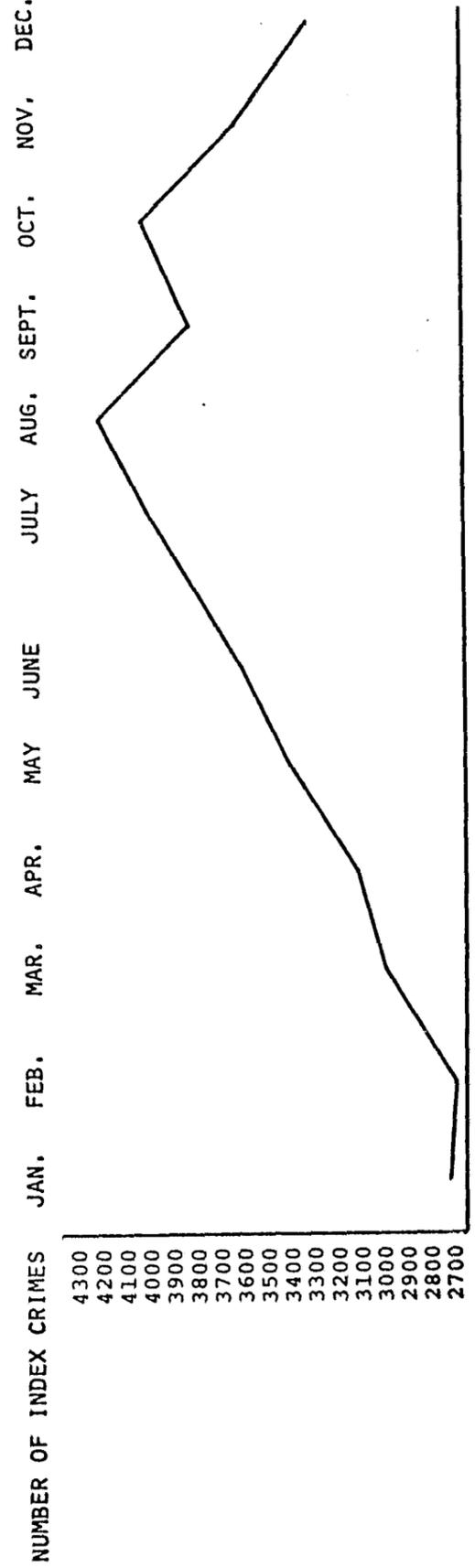
The total number of criminal acts that occur is unknown, but those that are reported to the police provide the first means of a count. Not all crimes come readily to the attention of the police; not all crimes are of sufficient importance to be significant in an index; and not all important crimes occur with enough regularity to be meaningful in an index. With these considerations in mind, and with all state and national reporting jurisdictions using uniform reporting procedures, the above crimes were selected as a group to furnish an abbreviated and convenient measure of the crime problem.

The crime counts used in the Crime Index and set forth in this publication are based on actual offenses established and determined by police investigation. When a law enforcement agency receives a complaint of a criminal matter and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred it is "unfounded". These "unfounded" complaints are eliminated from the actual crime counts.

On a state-wide average, police investigations unfound 10.21 percent of the complaints concerning Crime Index Offenses ranging from 2.97 percent in the Larceny classification to 42.24 percent in the Robbery classification.

TOTAL INDEX CRIMES BY COUNTY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

COUNTY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	TOTAL INDEX CRIMES
Androscoggin	301	228	278	276	332	316	322	402	351	339	313	268	3,726
Aroostook	122	173	139	165	160	181	204	188	204	157	221	207	2,121
Cumberland	828	847	1,000	974	1,022	1,084	1,150	1,396	1,255	1,324	1,195	1,002	13,077
Franklin	33	33	48	49	46	38	51	59	63	63	72	47	602
Hancock	95	80	81	77	102	127	139	155	126	110	79	99	1,270
Kennebec	256	237	273	322	357	341	370	363	329	340	301	353	3,842
Knox	86	81	96	88	96	126	119	85	112	126	123	78	1,216
Lincoln	64	52	38	69	71	50	88	76	51	72	79	97	807
Oxford	53	68	71	69	69	91	110	76	98	110	85	72	972
Penobscot	289	260	347	396	376	386	419	458	422	510	466	405	4,734
Piscataquis	13	18	27	26	28	38	44	33	26	30	34	31	348
Sagadahoc	85	92	100	95	127	121	134	123	101	114	101	88	1,281
Somerset	131	101	105	109	142	167	163	144	146	172	140	149	1,669
Waldo	68	63	45	65	74	63	62	61	73	71	41	64	750
Washington	75	58	65	70	90	62	108	103	97	65	83	64	940
York	300	324	319	342	385	420	546	490	377	449	311	278	4,541
Totals	2,799	2,715	3,032	3,192	3,477	3,611	4,029	4,212	3,831	4,052	3,644	3,302	41,896



CRIME INDEX DATA BY COUNTY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

COUNTY	ANNUAL CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	PERCENT, TOTAL CLEARED BY ARREST	PERCENT OF CLEARANCES INVOLVING ONLY JUVENILES
Androscoggin	39.21	3,726	2	6	34	265	1,040	2,189	190	30.41	42.10
Aroostook	21.97	2,121	4	4	3	92	565	1,308	145	33.71	25.73
Cumberland	65.11	13,077	6	35	170	498	4,623	6,960	785	17.94	32.61
Franklin	25.05	602			3	15	291	258	35	18.60	15.18
Hancock	33.70	1,270	1	5	5	36	578	600	45	13.55	30.23
Kennebec	38.38	3,842	1	12	34	176	1,154	2,283	182	21.16	19.31
Knox	38.39	1,216	4	4	8	41	411	685	63	19.33	44.68
Lincoln	36.69	807	1	1	3	31	436	321	14	16.36	26.52
Oxford	22.09	972	1	3	5	40	317	549	57	32.82	39.81
Penobscot	35.86	4,734	8	11	40	79	1,316	2,966	314	27.53	21.95
Piscataquis	19.30	348	1			21	128	175	23	29.60	16.50
Sagadahoc	50.52	1,281		2	8	24	432	778	37	21.70	38.49
Somerset	39.49	1,669		4	13	70	793	711	78	16.66	28.42
Waldo	28.88	750	1		7	37	400	289	16	11.87	30.34
Washington	29.58	940		4	6	93	384	399	54	30.64	21.53
York	37.91	4,541	2	22	48	172	1,575	2,525	197	21.45	27.52
TOTAL	40.01	41,896	32	113	387	1,690	14,443	22,996	2,235	22.18	29.76

CRIME RATES

The computation of crime rates as they appear in this report by county and state are based on 1975 population estimates provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the cooperation and assistance of the United States Bureau of Census. Monthly and annual Uniform Crime Reports currently received from 150 municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies in Maine represent 100 percent of the estimated Maine population.

The crime rate involves the number of Index Crimes per unit of population, usually per 100,000 persons. Because Maine has such a low population total, a rate per 1,000 persons has been used to reflect a more realistic volume. No attempt has been made to incorporate either transient population or other factors which contribute to the volume and type of crime in a given area. Any effort to make comparisons of crime rates between one area and another should recognize these population changes and varying environmental factors.

The Crime Index rate for Maine for the year 1975 was 40.01 offenses per 1,000 persons. Violent crimes occurred at a rate of 2.12 offenses per 1,000 persons, while the rate for property crimes was 37.89 offenses per 1,000 persons.

VIOLENT CRIMES

Crimes of violence involve the element of personal confrontation between the perpetrator and victim and entail the use or threat of violence. By their very nature, violent crimes are considered more serious than property crimes. A total of 2,222 violent crimes occurred during 1975. This number represents 5.3 percent of all Crime Index Offenses for the year. The total number indicates only the number of incidents reported to police and does not reflect the number of criminals who committed them or the number of inflicted.

PROPERTY CRIMES

Property crimes involve no use or threat of violence; but, obviously entail property of one taken by another. These crimes totaling 39,674 for the year 1975, accounted for 94.7 percent of all Crime Index Offenses for that time period in Maine.

CRIME RATES FOR INDEX OFFENSES
 JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

OFFENSE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT OF TOTAL	RATE PER 1000 POPULATION
Murder	32	.1	.03
Rape	113	.3	.11
Robbery	387	.9	.37
Aggravated Assault	1,690	4.0	1.61
Burglary	14,443	34.5	13.79
Larceny	22,996	54.9	21.96
Motor Vehicle Theft	<u>2,235</u>	<u>5.3</u>	<u>2.14</u>
TOTAL	41,896	100.0	40.01
TOTAL Violent Crimes	2,222	5.3	2.12
TOTAL Property Crimes	39,674	94.7	37.89

CRIME RATE BY CLASSIFICATION BY COUNTY

	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	TOTAL
Androscoggin	.02	.06	.36	2.79	10.94	23.04	2.00	39.21
Aroostook	.04	.04	.03	.95	5.86	13.55	1.50	21.97
Cumberland	.03	.17	.85	2.48	23.02	34.65	3.91	65.11
Franklin			.12	.62	12.11	10.74	1.46	25.05
Hancock	.03	.13	.13	.96	15.34	15.92	1.19	33.70
Kennebec	.01	.12	.34	1.76	11.53	22.80	1.82	38.38
Knox	.13	.13	.25	1.29	12.98	21.62	1.99	38.39
Lincoln	.05	.05	.14	1.41	19.81	14.59	.64	36.69
Oxford	.02	.07	.11	.91	7.20	12.48	1.30	22.09
Penobscot	.06	.08	.30	.60	9.97	22.47	2.38	35.86
Piscataquis	.05			1.16	7.10	9.71	1.28	19.30
Sagadahoc		.08	.32	.95	17.04	30.67	1.46	50.52
Somerset		.09	.31	1.66	18.76	16.82	1.85	39.49
Waldo	.04		.27	1.42	15.40	11.13	.62	28.88
Washington		.12	.19	2.92	12.09	12.56	1.70	29.58
York	.02	.18	.40	1.44	13.15	21.08	1.64	37.91
TOTAL	.03	.11	.37	1.61	13.79	21.97	2.13	40.01

UCR COMPARATIVE DATA - STATE AND NATIONAL

OFFENSE	M A I N E			CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	NUMERICAL CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE	U.S. 1975 OVER 1974	NORTHEAST U.S. 1975 OVER 1974
	1974	1975	1975						
Murder	30	32	.03	.03	+2	+6.66	-1		+2
Rape	91	113	.09	.11	+22	+24.17	+1		-1
Robbery	292	387	.28	.37	+95	+32.53	+5		+7
Aggravated Assault	1,027	1,690	.98	1.61	+663	+64.55	+5		+7
Burglary	13,809	14,443	13.19	13.79	+634	+4.59	+7		+8
Larceny	20,375	22,996	19.46	21.96	+2,621	+12.86	+12		+13
Motor Vehicle Theft	2,070	2,235	1.97	2.14	+165	+7.92	+2		+7
TOTALS	37,694	41,896	36.002	40.01	+4,202	+11.14	+9		+10

NOTE: Crime rate per 1,000 population for 1974 was as follows:
Total U.S., 48.21 - Northeast U.S., 43.77 (1975 figures
unavailable at date of printing.)

CLEARANCE DATA - 1975

OFFENSE	M A I N E		1 9 7 4	
	NUMBER OFFENSES	NUMBER CLEARED	TOTAL U.S. %	NEW ENGLAND STATES %
Murder	32	40	80	74.8
Rape	113	65	51	57.5
Robbery	387	163	27	22.2
Aggravated Assault	1,690	1,288	63	65.6
Burglary	14,443	2,876	18	15.2
Larceny	22,996	4,120	20	16.9
Motor Vehicle Theft	2,235	738	15	6.9
TOTALS	41,896	9,290	21.3	16.1

* Represents offenses cleared from prior years.

NOTE: Clearance data for 1975 Total U.S. and New England States unavailable at date of printing.

PROFILE OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

This profile is presented to provide some general knowledge and facts about the State of Maine. It is hoped that this information might assist in understanding the environment in which the crime and arrest data later detailed in this report occurred.

Maine, the northeast corner of New England and of the nation, is bounded by New Hampshire, Quebec, the Maritime Provinces of Canada, and the Atlantic Ocean. The 3,500 miles of coastline and several navigable rivers provided natural settlement areas for early colonists.

Slightly over a million people now live on nine percent of Maine's land which parallels the coast eastward towards Penobscot Bay then swerves to the northeast. Southwestern Maine is the most densely populated. Cumberland County has 219 persons per square mile, and York County - 111 persons, in contrast to Piscataquis County in north central Maine with only 4.2 persons per square mile. Eighty-four percent of Maine's 33,000 square miles is timberland and seven percent is inland water.

Half of the population lives in towns of less than 2,500 inhabitants. The only metropolitan areas are Greater Portland, Lewiston-Auburn, and Bangor-Brewer.

Maine has a high proportion of elderly people; 11.9 percent of the population being 65 years and older compared to a national average of 9.8 percent. Many of these people are retirees who have migrated to the coastal towns. For several decades, Maine experienced an out-migration of young people who completed their education and were eager to find careers with higher pay than those offered in Maine. However, in the last few years, with an increased environmental awareness and an appreciation of the natural resources of Maine, this exodus has been somewhat offset by the arrival of a number of young people abandoning the professions in the eastern megalopolis. Vocational institutions have been created to train Maine's own youth for more promising and rewarding employment.

Although fishing, farming, and forestry are historically the large industries, recreation has become a major economic benefit. Maine's population increases to over 1,500,000 during the summer. The variable but comfortable climate lures an estimated 7,000,000 out-of-state visitors each year.

REPORTING PROCEDURE

In the State Uniform Crime Reporting Program, contributing law enforcement agencies are wholly responsible for compiling their own crime reports and submitting them to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division in Augusta, Maine.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Division, in an effort to maintain quality and uniformity in the data received, furnishes to the contributing agencies, continuous training and instruction in Uniform Crime Reporting procedures. All contributors, also, are furnished with a State of Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Guide Manual which outlines in detail, procedures for scoring and classifying offenses. The Guide Manual illustrates and discusses the monthly and annual reporting forms as well as providing a question and answer training syllabus in the Crime Index categories.

A centralized record system is necessary to the sound operation of any law enforcement agency. The record system is an essential basis for crime reporting by the agency. Trained Uniform Crime Reporting field advisors are utilized to assist contributors in the established reporting procedures of Uniform Crime Reporting.

On a monthly basis, law enforcement agencies (state, county and local) report the number of offenses that become known to them during the month in the following crime categories:

- (1) Criminal Homicide
 - a. *Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter*
 - b. *Manslaughter by Negligence*
- (2) Forcible Rape
 - a. *Rape by Force*
 - b. *Attempts to Commit Forcible Rape*
- (3) Robbery
 - a. *Firearm*
 - b. *Knife or Cutting Instrument*
 - c. *Other Dangerous Weapon*
 - d. *Strong-Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet etc.)*
- (4) Assault
 - a. *Firearm*
 - b. *Knife or Cutting Instrument*
 - c. *Other Dangerous Weapon*
 - d. *Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.-Aggravated Injury*
 - e. *Other Assaults-Simple, Not Aggravated*
- (5) Burglary
 - a. *Forcible Entry*
 - b. *Unlawful Entry - No Force*
 - c. *Attempted Forcible Entry*
- (6) Larceny-Theft
(*Except Motor Vehicle Theft*)

- (7) Motor Vehicle Theft
 - a. *Autos*
 - b. *Trucks and Buses*
 - c. *Other Vehicles*

This count is taken from a record of all complaints of crime received by the law enforcement agency from victims, other sources, and/or discovered by officers.

Whenever complaints of crime are determined through investigation to be unfounded or false, they are eliminated from the actual count. The number of "actual offenses known" in these crime categories is reported to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division whether or not anyone is arrested for the crime; the stolen property is recovered; prosecution is undertaken; or any other restrictive consideration is in effect. Law enforcement agencies, on a monthly basis, report the total number of these reported crimes which they clear either by arrest or exceptional means. A separate count of crimes cleared which involve only persons under the age of 18 is shown. The number of law enforcement officers killed and assaulted and the value and type of property stolen and recovered during the month are also reported.

Arrests are reported monthly for all criminal acts, except traffic violations, by crime category and include the age, sex and race of each person arrested. A report is also submitted on an annual basis concerning the number of persons formally charged by crime classification and the disposition of such charges.

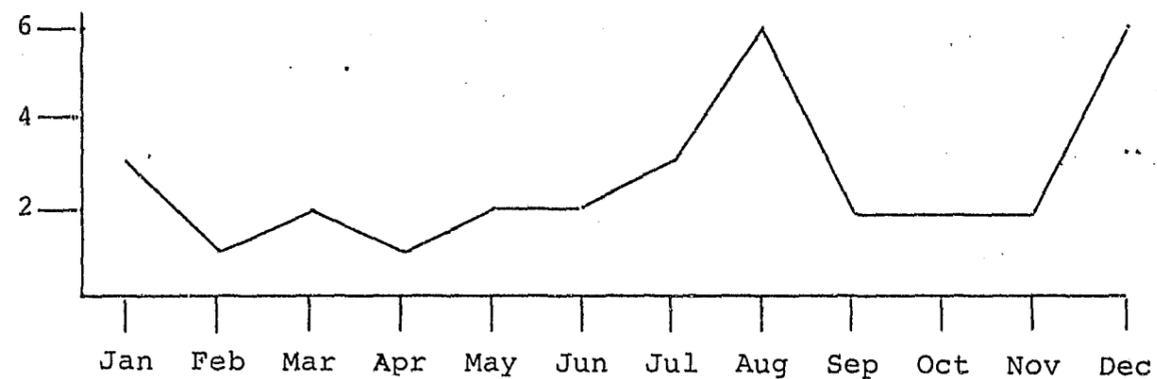
MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

The definition of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter is "the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought". This offense is recorded by a police agency on the basis of investigation alone, without regard to the findings of a court or the decision of a prosecutor. Although, manslaughter by negligence is recorded on the "Offenses Known to Police" form along with murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, it is not considered an Index Crime and is not discussed in this report.

During the year 1975 there were 37 murders reported to police. Upon investigation 5 were nullified and classified as "unfounded". Of the 32 murders, 20 involved the use of a firearm, representing 62.5% of the total. The motive for 22 of the murders was either family argument or other argument.

A month by month analysis reveals that 6 murders occurred during the month of August and 6 in the month of December. Murder accounted for .01% of all violent crimes.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: 1 murder every 11 days.



MURDERS BY WEAPON AND MOTIVE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

TYPE OF WEAPON	NUMBER	% OF TOTAL
Firearms	20	62.5
Cutting Instrument	4	12.5
Blunt Instrument	1	3.1
Strangulation or suffocation	3	9.4
Unknown	1	3.1
All Other	3	9.4
MOTIVE		
Family Arguments	10	31.3
Other Arguments	12	37.5
Robbery	1	3.1
Unknown	6	18.8
All Other	3	9.3
	19	

MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE AND SEX
 JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGE	NUMBER OF VICTIMS	MALE	FEMALE
1	1	1	
3	1	1	
19	2	2	
20	2		2
22	2	1	1
24	1	1	
25	5	3	2
30	1	1	
31	3	3	
35	2	2	
36	1	1	
38	1		1
40	1	1	
43	1	1	
46	1	1	
52	2	1	1
56	1		1
57	1	1	
61	1	1	
66	1	1	
67	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
	32	23	9

FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape is "the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will". For purpose of the Uniform Crime Report this offense is divided into two categories: Rape by force; and attempted forcible rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

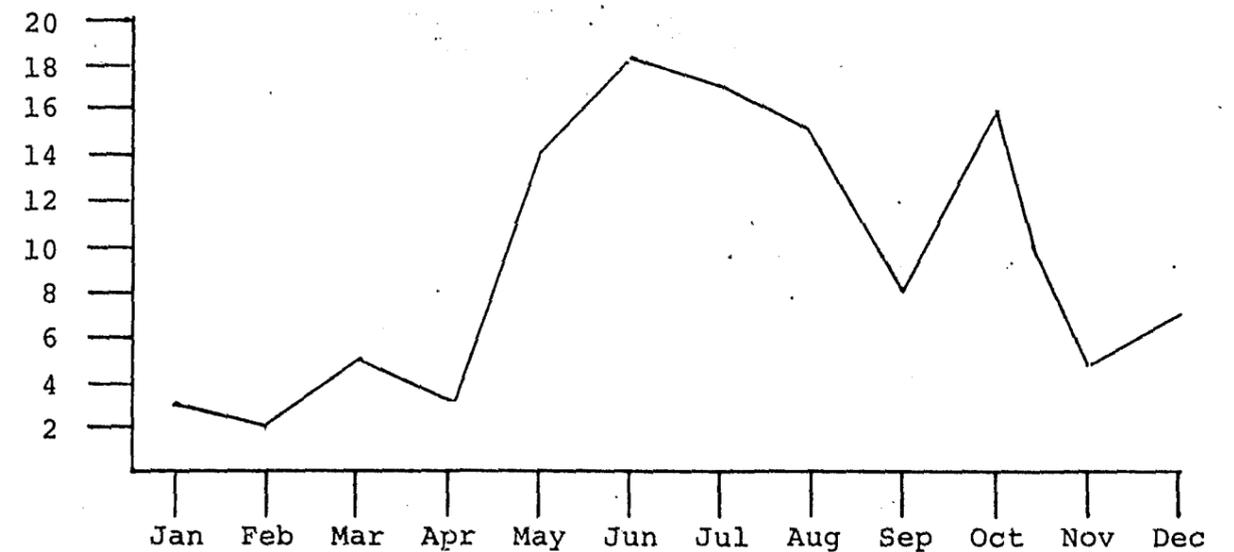
Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is reluctant to report the offense to police. The investigation by police, medical examination, court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterrent effect on the victim's willingness to make the offense known to police. The presence of any prior relationship between victim and perpetrator makes the determination of the act of force difficult to establish; and the usually clandestine nature of the offense presents a problem in verification.

In 1975, there were 136 rapes reported to police authorities in the state, but 23 were unfounded upon police investigation. Of the 113 actual offenses, 86 were classified as "Rape by Force" while the remaining 27 were classified "Assault with Intent".

Sixty-five rapes were "cleared by arrest or exceptional means" during the year; of the clearances 10 involved only juveniles.

CRIME CLOCK: One rape every 3 1/4 days.

RAPE BY MONTH



ROBBERY

Robbery is "the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear". All attempts to rob are included in the Uniform Crime Report. Robberies and attempts are reported in four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) strong arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

During 1975, there were a total of 387 robberies. Forty-six percent of the robberies occurred on the highway (streets, alleys, etc.). During this period there were 5 bank robberies accounting for 49.4% of the total valuation of the properties involved in the classification of robbery:

Robberies by strong arm accounted for 51.9% of the total while firearms were involved in 25.6% of the total.

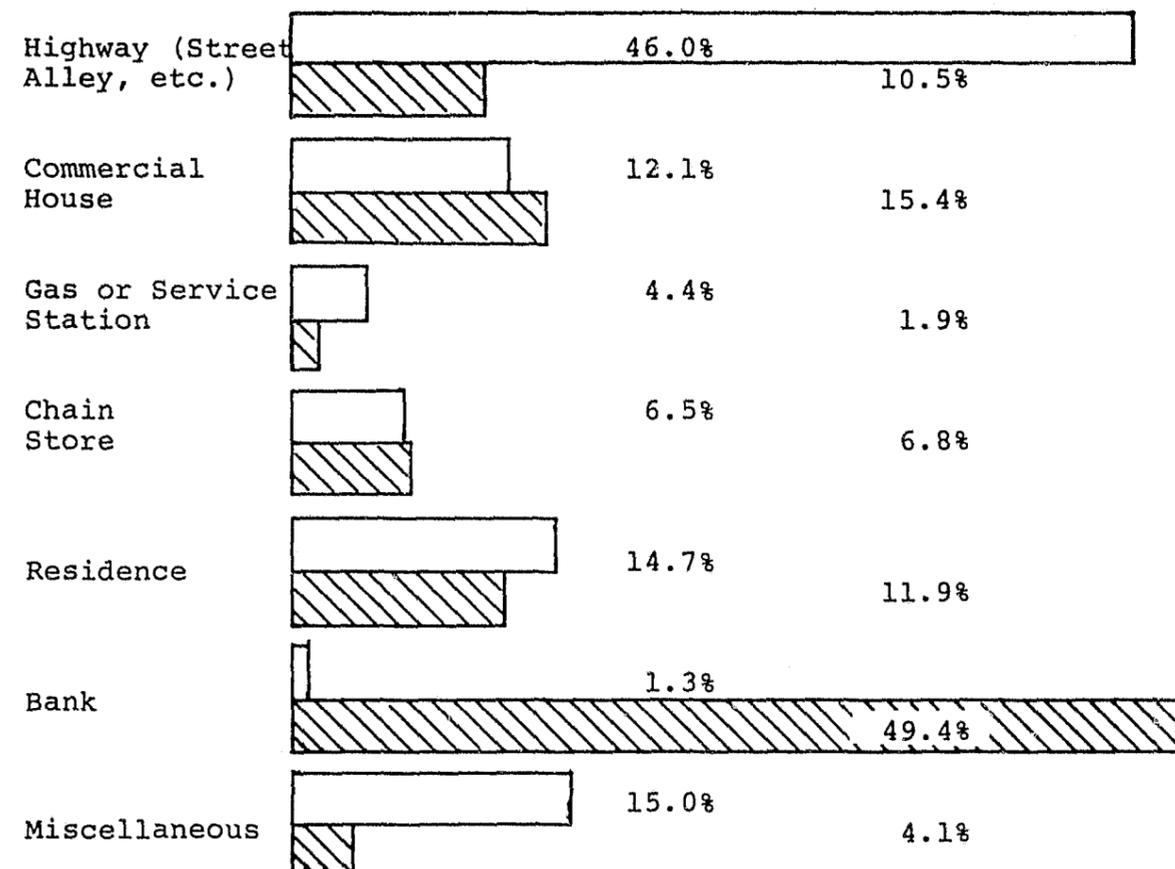
CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One robbery every day.

ROBBERY BY CLASSIFICATION AND VALUE

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Highway (Streets, Alleys, etc.)	178	46.0	\$ 25,368	10.5
Commercial House	47	12.1	37,237	15.4
Gas or Service Station	17	4.4	4,696	1.9
Chain Store	25	6.5	16,456	6.8
Residence	57	14.7	28,950	11.9
Bank	5	1.3	119,840	49.4
Miscellaneous	58	15.0	10,006	4.1
TOTAL	387	100.0	\$242,553	100.0

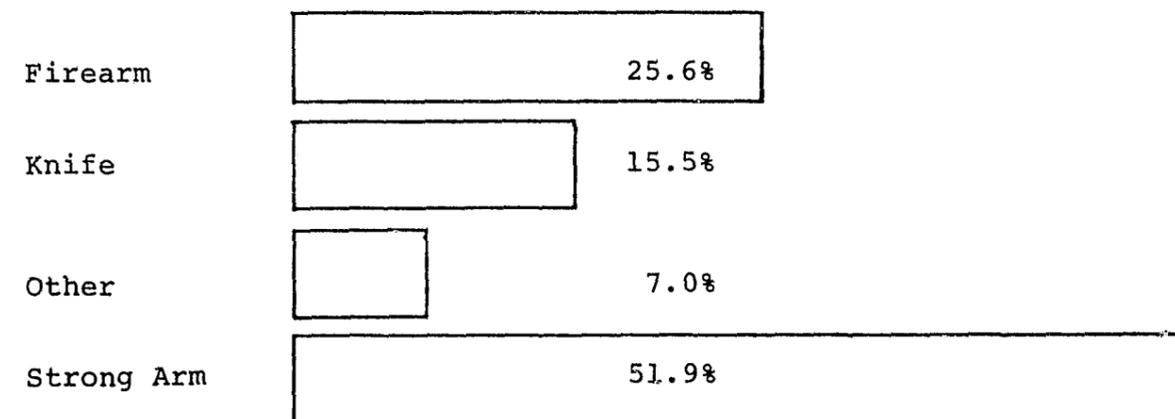
ROBBERY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY CLASSIFICATION



NOTE: White bars above indicate offenses - shaded bars above indicate percent of value stolen.

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF WEAPON



ASSAULT

An assault is "an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another". Assaults with the intent to rob or rape are not included here. For Uniform Crime Reporting, this offense is divided into four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) hands, fists, feet, etc. (causing aggravated injury). Also recorded, but not considered an Index Crime is the category "other assaults - simple", which is non-aggravated.

During the year 1975, there were a total of 1,690 aggravated assaults. Of this total, 57% involved the use of hands, fists or feet, while firearms were used in 15.6% of the assaults. There were 2,714 simple assaults during this period.

Aggravated assault represents 76.1% of all violent crimes.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One assault (including simple) every 2 hours. One aggravated assault every 5 hours.

NUMBER OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS AND PERCENT

BY CLASSIFICATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

Firearms	264	15.6%
Knives	235	13.9%
Other Weapons	227	13.5%
Hands, Fists, Feet, Aggravated	964	57.0%

BURGLARY

Burglary, also known as Breaking and Entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny". Data collection for this offense in Uniform Crime Reporting is recorded in three categories: (1) forcible entries; (2) unlawful entry - no force; and (3) attempted forcible entry.

Seventy-seven percent of all burglaries which occurred during 1975 were classified as Forcible Entry. Of the total 14,443 burglaries, 13.5% were classified Unlawful Entry - No Force, and 8.8% were classified Attempted Forcible Entry.

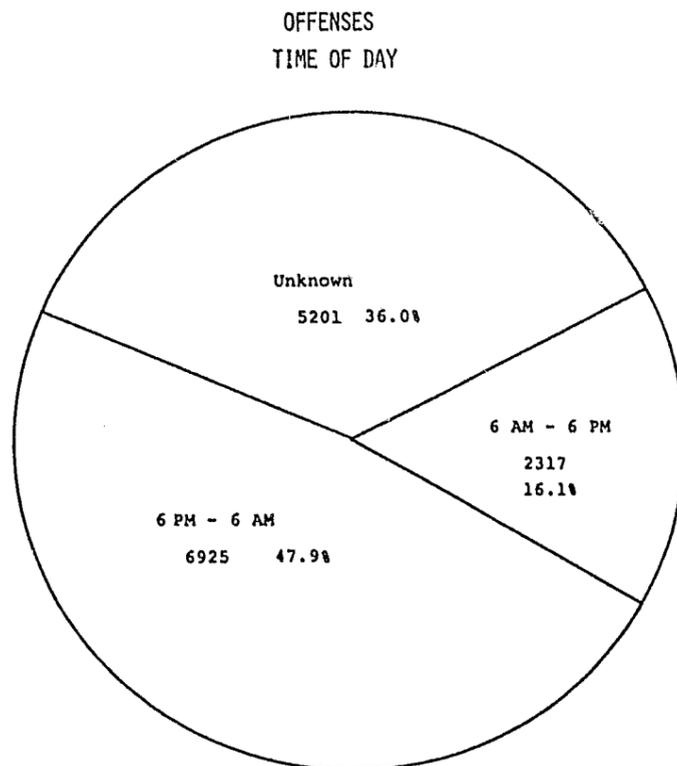
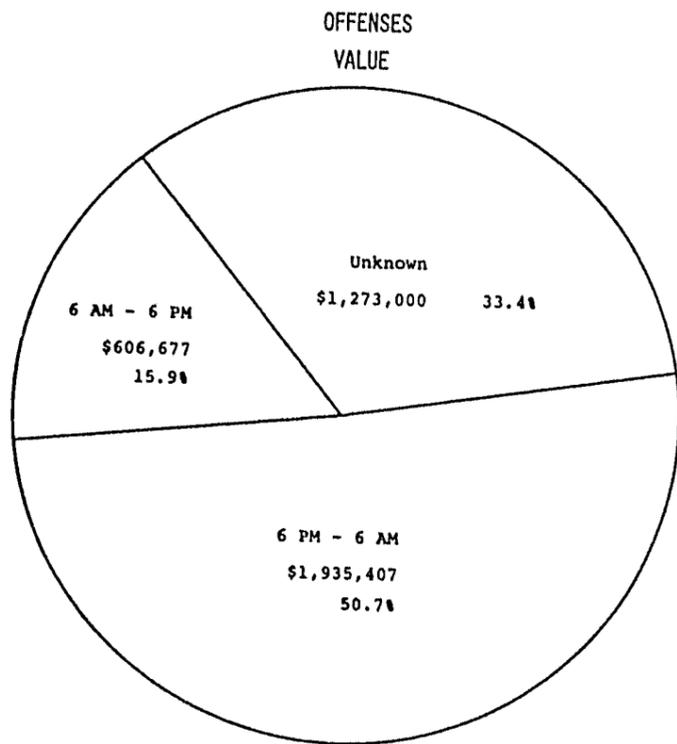
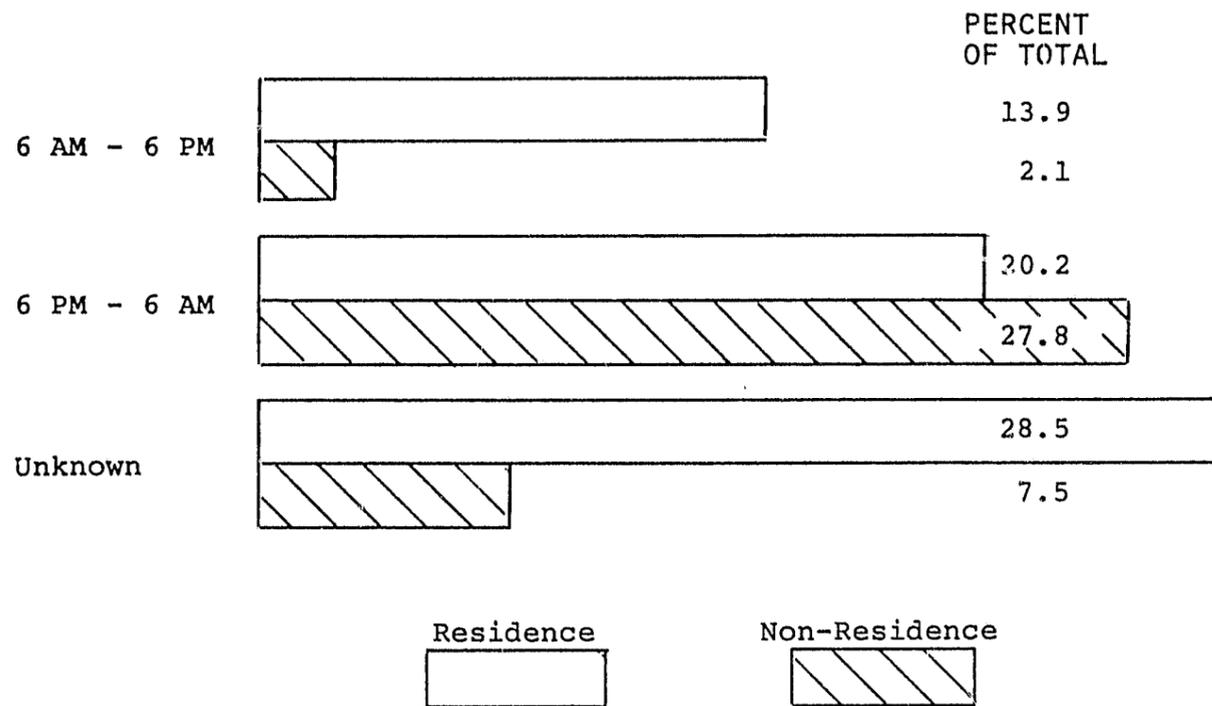
The value of property stolen in the classification of burglary was \$3,815,084, of which two thirds was from residences.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One burglary every 36 minutes.

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

TYPE OF BURGLARY	NUMBER OF OFFENSES			
Forcible Entry	11,221			
Unlawful Entry - No Force	1,951			
Attempted Forcible Entry	<u>1,271</u>			
TOTAL	14,443			
CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
RESIDENCE				
6 AM - 6 PM	2,011	13.9	\$ 544,876	14.3
6 PM - 6 AM	2,922	20.2	949,796	24.9
Unknown	<u>4,112</u>	<u>28.5</u>	<u>1,024,936</u>	<u>26.9</u>
SUB TOTAL	9,045	62.6	\$ 2,519,608	66.1
NON-RESIDENCE				
6 AM - 6 PM	306	2.1	\$ 61,801	1.6
6 PM - 6 AM	4,003	27.7	985,611	25.8
Unknown	<u>1,089</u>	<u>7.6</u>	<u>248,064</u>	<u>6.5</u>
SUB TOTAL	5,398	37.4	\$ 1,295,476	33.9
GRAND TOTAL	14,443	100.0	\$ 3,815,084	100.0

BURGLARY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975



LARCENY - THEFT

Larceny-theft is "the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership". Motor vehicle thefts are excluded from this offense classification. A supplementary report form breaks out several categories; (1) pocket-picking; (2) purse-snatching; (3) shoplifting; (4) from motor vehicles; (5) motor vehicle parts and accessories; (6) bicycles; (7) from buildings; (8) from coin operated machines; and (9) all other. Larcenies are also categorized by dollar-value: (1) under \$50; (2) \$50 to \$200; and (3) \$200 and over.

Larcenies of property in excess of \$200 in value accounted for only 16% of total larceny offenses, but accounted for approximately 67% of the value of property stolen. Larcenies of \$50 or less accounted for 47% of the total larceny offenses, but accounted for only 6% of property stolen.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGES: (a) One larceny every 23 minutes.
(b) One larceny \$200 or more in value every 2 hours 34 minutes.

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Pocket-Picking	98	.4	\$ 9,152	.3
Purse-Snatching	172	.7	16,383	.5
Shoplifting	1,980	8.6	42,970	1.3
From Motor Vehicles	4,675	20.3	647,367	20.3
MV Parts & Accessories	3,292	14.3	280,758	8.8
Bicycles	2,860	12.4	230,800	7.2
From Building	4,616	20.1	865,446	27.1
From Coin Op. Machines	207	.9	10,488	.3
All Other	5,096	22.3	1,092,359	34.2
TOTAL	22,996	100.0	\$3,195,723	100.0

LARCENY

AVERAGE LOSS PER OFFENSE

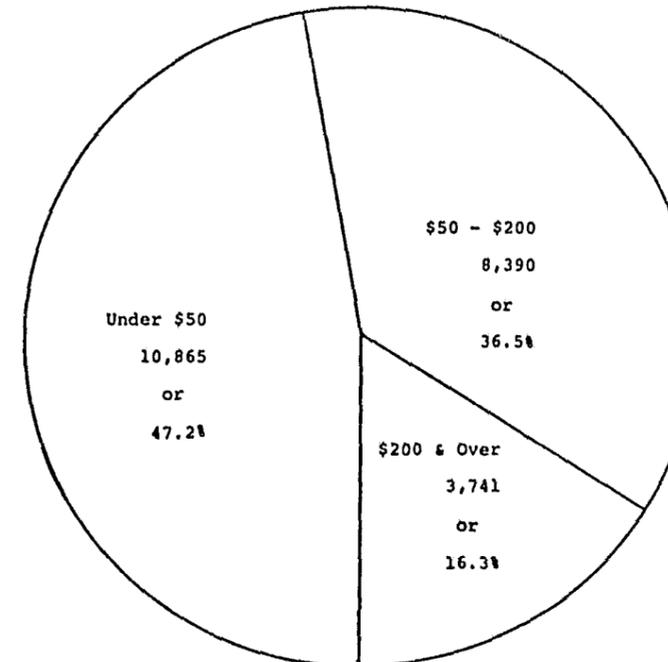
Pocket-Picking	\$ 93
Purse-Snatching	95
Shoplifting	22
From Motor Vehicles	138
MV Parts and Accessories	85
Bicycles	80
From Building	187
From Coin Operated Machines	50
All Other	214
Total	139

LARCENY ANALYSIS BY TYPE OF OFFENSES VS. VALUE

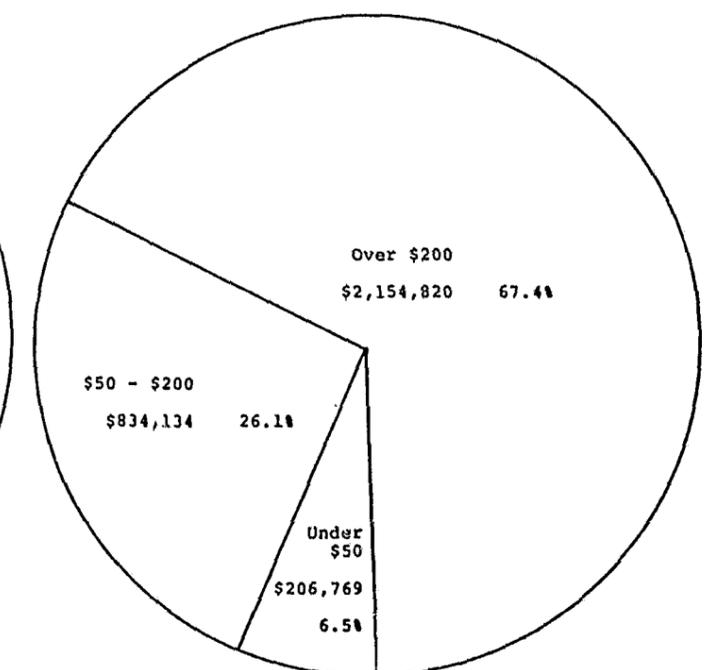
CLASSIFICATION	PERCENT OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE
Pocket-Picking Purse-Snatching Shoplifting From Coin-Op Mach	10.6	2.3
From Motor Vehicles	20.3	20.3
Motor Vehicle Parts & Acces.	14.3	8.8
Bicycles	12.4	7.2
From Buildings	20.1	27.1
All Other	22.3	34.3

NUMBER OF OFFENSES

BY CLASSIFICATION



VALUE BY CLASSIFICATION



MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

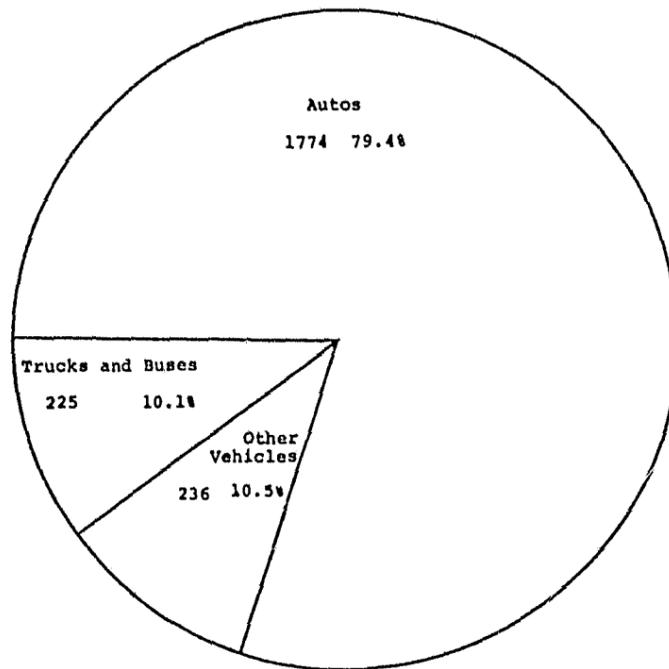
Motor vehicle theft is simply "the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle"; included here is "joy riding". Excluded from this offense for Uniform Crime Reporting is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees. The type of vehicle is classified as: (1) automobile; (2) trucks and buses; and (3) other vehicles.

During 1975 there were a total of 2,235 motor vehicle thefts in Maine. Automobiles accounted for 79.4% of motor vehicle thefts.

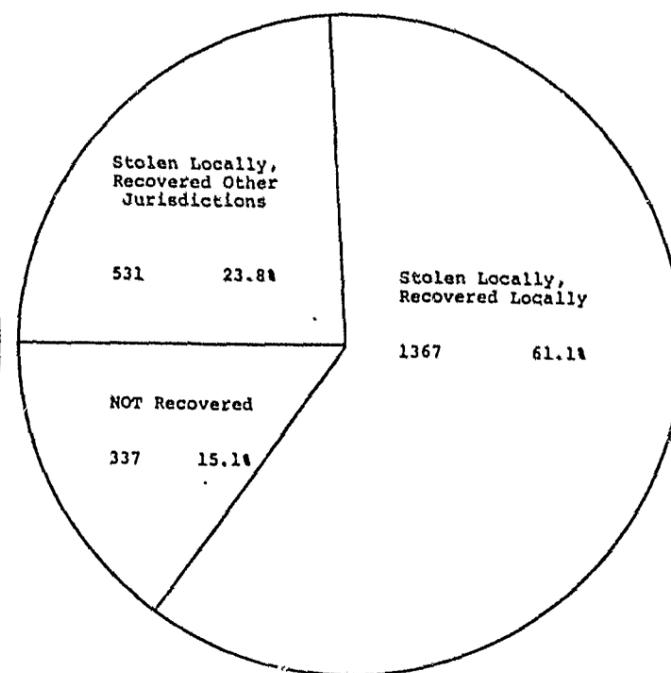
The total value of motor vehicles stolen was \$3,675,332 while the recovered value was \$3,037,402.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One Motor Vehicle Theft every 4 hours.

TYPE OF VEHICLE



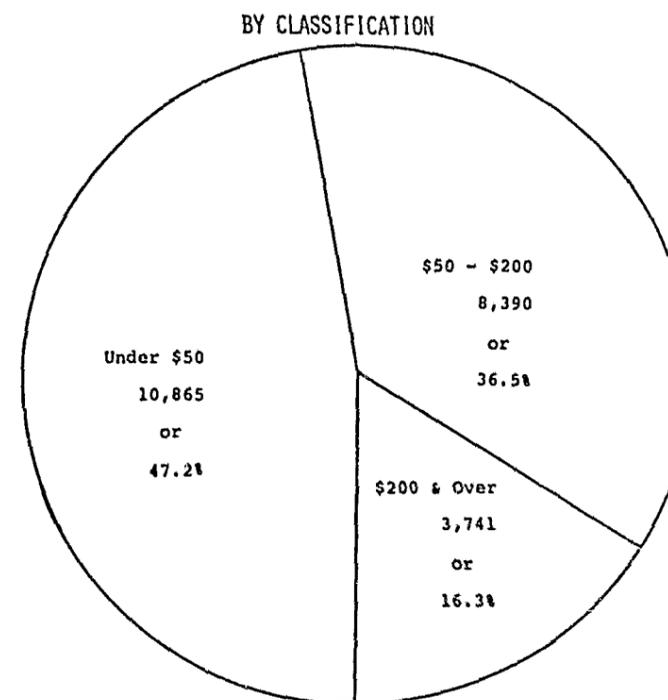
STOLEN/RECOVERED



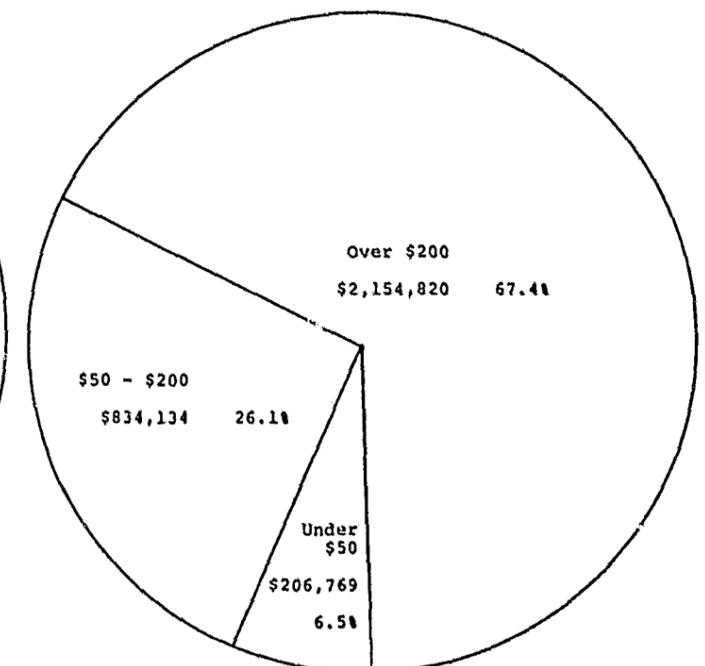
LARCENY ANALYSIS BY TYPE OF OFFENSES VS. VALUE

CLASSIFICATION	PERCENT OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE
Pocket-Picking Purse-Snatching Shoplifting From Coin-Op Mach	10.6	2.3
From Motor Vehicles	20.3	20.3
Motor Vehicle Parts & Acces.	14.3	8.8
Bicycles	12.4	7.2
From Buildings	20.1	27.1
All Other	22.3	34.3

NUMBER OF OFFENSES



VALUE BY CLASSIFICATION



MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

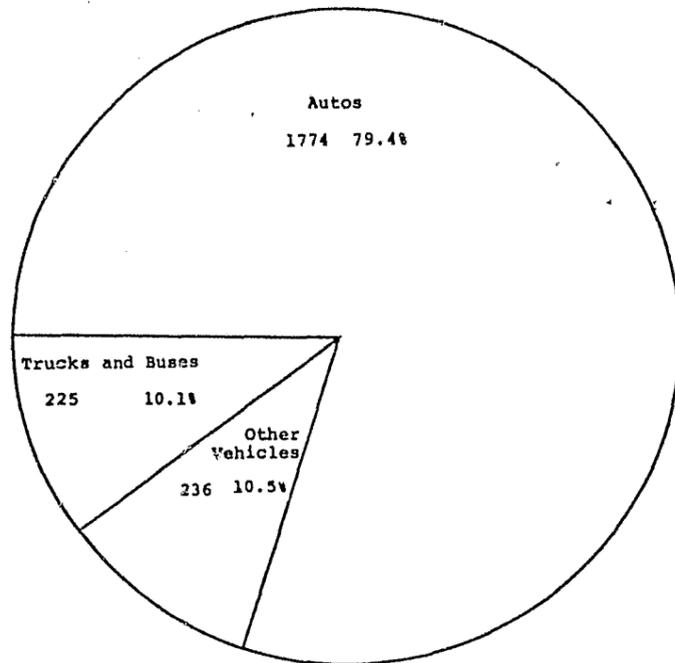
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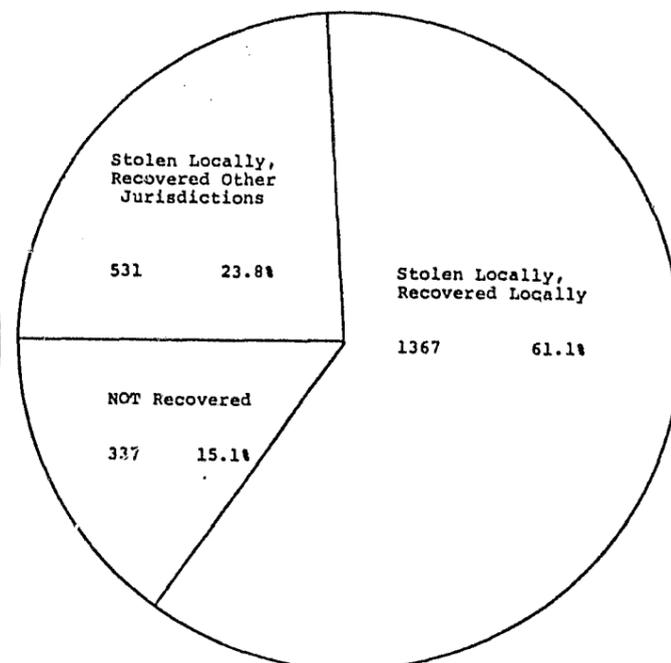
The total value of motor vehicles stolen was \$3,675,332 while the recovered value was \$3,037,402.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One Motor Vehicle Theft every 4 hours.

TYPE OF VEHICLE



STOLEN/RECOVERED



STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY VALUES

Supplementary reports relating to properties stolen and recovered provide information on the estimated value of such properties. The investigating officer has the obligation to assess the value of property stolen and recovered in each crime index offense. The officer is guided by the following instructions:

- (1) Use fair market value for items subject to depreciation.
- (2) Use wholesale cost of goods stolen from retail establishments.
- (3) Use victim's evaluation of nondepreciable items.
- (4) Use cost of replacement to victims for new or almost new items.

During the year 1975, property valued in excess of \$10 million was stolen. During this same period, law enforcement officers recovered nearly \$4.5 million for a recovery rate of 40.8%.

A breakdown by type of property follows:

TYPE OF PROPERTY	STOLEN	RECOVERED	PERCENT RECOVERED
Currency, Notes, Etc.	\$ 1,141,527	\$ 182,473	16.0
Jewelry and Precious Metals	477,113	60,984	12.8
Clothing and Furs	224,298	41,910	18.7
Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles	3,675,332	3,037,402	82.6
Office Equipment	99,030	20,480	20.7
Televisions, Radios, Cameras, Etc.	1,161,056	175,551	15.1
Firearms	217,286	33,935	15.6
Household Goods	737,033	77,435	10.5
Consumable Goods	295,571	40,080	13.6
Livestock	37,589	7,329	19.5
Miscellaneous	2,740,688	733,344	26.8
TOTAL	\$10,806,523	\$ 4,410,923	40.8

PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

		ANDROSCOGGIN	AROOSTOOK	CUMBERLAND	FRANKLIN	HANCOCK	KENNEBEC	KNOX	LINCOLN
Currency:	Stolen	\$ 87,721	\$ 60,584	\$ 262,051	\$ 99,203	\$ 48,272	\$ 86,096	\$ 23,302	\$ 10,098
	Recovered	21,520	6,803	30,081	338	7,758	11,721	706	1,100
	% Recovered	24.53	11.23	11.48	0.34	16.07	13.61	3.03	10.89
Jewelry:	Stolen	45,276	15,055	211,342	4,945	6,750	26,961	27,708	23,528
	Recovered	1,001	9,449	25,192	475	475	3,844	7,392	1,965
	% Recovered	2.21	62.76	11.91	7.04	7.04	14.26	26.68	8.35
Clothing, Furs:	Stolen	14,013	3,208	110,046	613	3,419	9,988	12,360	2,148
	Recovered	2,937	824	7,502	79	528	2,630	10,501	173
	% Recovered	20.96	25.59	6.82	12.89	15.44	26.33	84.96	8.05
Locally Stolen Automobiles:	Stolen	312,563	248,330	1,203,829	54,310	65,980	299,450	77,100	13,680
	Recovered	272,383	215,378	926,024	46,560	59,230	229,685	71,150	10,500
	% Recovered	87.14	86.73	76.92	85.73	89.77	76.70	92.28	76.75
Office Equipment:	Stolen	6,937	4,981	49,062	394	435	13,482	2,085	746
	Recovered	676	1,313	6,907			7,320	1,860	
	% Recovered	9.74	26.36	14.08			54.29	89.21	
Televisions, Cameras, etc.:	Stolen	66,559	39,816	483,167	11,764	16,130	101,774	48,283	20,412
	Recovered	12,685	7,841	66,421	3,053	3,574	25,378	3,358	2,890
	% Recovered	19.06	19.69	13.75	25.95	22.16	24.94	6.95	14.16
Firearms:	Stolen	15,000	12,740	61,768	9,656	4,819	18,255	7,699	8,256
	Recovered	4,098	2,478	8,880	290	1,846	2,047	3,795	471
	% Recovered	27.32	19.45	14.38	3.00	38.31	11.21	49.29	5.70
Household Goods:	Stolen	20,208	12,837	179,718	21,309	67,819	47,931	51,847	44,386
	Recovered	1,002	754	41,177	1,725	3,148	2,720	4,711	1,376
	% Recovered	4.96	5.87	22.91	8.10	4.64	5.67	9.09	3.10
Consumable Goods:	Stolen	23,961	20,515	62,097	2,573	18,427	15,487	21,050	3,646
	Recovered	3,647	2,542	13,219	308	3,511	1,060	3,628	353
	% Recovered	15.22	12.39	21.29	11.97	19.05	6.84	17.24	9.68
Livestock:	Stolen	3,138	1,400	17,616	150		1,525		268
	Recovered	1,255	375	2,073	100		300		105
	% Recovered	39.99	26.79	11.77	66.67		19.67		39.18
Miscellaneous:	Stolen	151,913	114,547	796,812	75,464	249,883	217,437	67,354	81,103
	Recovered	27,280	21,119	211,511	6,759	162,637	24,190	11,595	20,497
	% Recovered	17.96	18.44	26.54	8.96	65.09	11.13	17.22	25.27
TOTAL:	Stolen	747,289	534,013	3,437,508	280,381	481,934	838,386	338,788	208,271
	Recovered	348,484	268,876	1,338,987	59,212	242,707	310,895	118,696	39,430
	% Recovered	46.63	50.35	38.95	21.12	50.36	37.08	35.04	18.93

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PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

		OXFORD	PENOBSCOT	PISCATAQUIS	SAGADAHOC	SOMERSET	WALDO	WASHINGTON	YORK
Currency:	Stolen	\$ 14,294	\$ 160,253	\$ 3,850	\$ 35,479	\$ 25,988	\$ 9,354	\$ 96,302	\$ 118,680
	Recovered	4,425	14,432	611	964	12,890	253	51,927	16,944
	% Recovered	30.96	9.01	15.87	2.72	49.60	2.70	53.92	14.28
Jewelry:	Stolen	1,585	25,330	1,300	2,524	3,673	935	4,536	75,665
	Recovered	520	5,246	800	60	180	500	703	3,657
	% Recovered	32.81	20.71	61.54	2.38	4.90	53.48	15.50	4.83
Clothing, Furs:	Stolen	2,076	17,263	214	2,327	4,858	230	10,494	31,041
	Recovered	135	3,475	9	205	948		6,321	5,643
	% Recovered	6.50	20.13	4.21	8.81	19.51		60.23	18.18
Locally Stolen Automobiles:	Stolen	114,200	485,031	53,000	47,265	276,546	27,550	97,460	299,038
	Recovered	103,450	410,496	50,450	34,045	246,851	20,950	85,525	254,725
	% Recovered	90.59	84.63	95.19	72.03	89.26	76.04	87.75	85.18
Office Equipment:	Stolen	2,725	7,664	1,282	232	1,416	105	340	7,144
	Recovered	130	720			650			904
	% Recovered	4.77	9.39			45.90			12.65
Televisions, Cameras, etc.:	Stolen	10,984	120,560	6,582	34,961	30,812	21,005	8,806	139,441
	Recovered	1,279	19,907	548	6,347	1,192	2,641	2,898	15,539
	% Recovered	11.64	16.51	8.33	18.15	3.87	12.57	32.91	11.14
Firearms:	Stolen	2,150	23,364	3,548	4,986	20,020	4,017	7,335	13,673
	Recovered	1,380	2,758	535	625	1,418		1,440	1,874
	% Recovered	64.19	11.80	15.08	12.54	7.08		19.63	13.71
Household Goods:	Stolen	22,848	55,407	3,861	78,690	22,844	35,512	20,936	50,880
	Recovered	1,518	7,408	370	2,109	2,929	275	913	5,300
	% Recovered	6.64	13.37	9.58	2.68	12.82	0.77	4.36	10.42
Consumable Goods:	Stolen	19,453	30,421	919	8,860	10,376	14,050	5,603	38,133
	Recovered	801	4,518	3	701	173	70	1,177	4,369
	% Recovered	4.12	14.85	0.33	7.91	1.67	0.50	21.01	11.46
Livestock:	Stolen		1,941	1,600	475	1,278	600	5,590	2,008
	Recovered		2,170			10		798	143
	% Recovered		111.80			0.78		14.28	7.12
Miscellaneous:	Stolen	72,943	264,011	28,705	64,392	129,474	49,034	59,041	318,575
	Recovered	14,832	112,951	10,904	20,776	14,146	1,358	7,230	65,559
	% Recovered	20.33	42.78	37.99	32.26	10.93	2.77	12.25	20.58
TOTAL:	Stolen	263,258	1,191,245	104,861	280,191	527,285	162,392	316,443	1,094,278
	Recovered	128,470	584,381	64,230	65,832	281,387	26,047	158,932	374,657
	% Recovered	48.81	49.03	61.25	23.50	53.37	16.04	50.22	34.24

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CLEARANCE RATES

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a Crime Index Offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes, or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional circumstances when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes formal charges against the offender. An offense may be exceptionally cleared when it falls into one of the following categories:

1. The offender commits suicide.
2. A double murder occurs (two persons kill each other).
3. The offender dies after making a confession (dying declaration).
4. The offender is killed by law enforcement officers.
5. The offender confesses to committing the crime while already in custody for another crime or serving a sentence.
6. The offender is prosecuted in another city for a different crime by federal, state or local authorities, or for the same offense, and the other jurisdiction refuses to release the offender.
7. Another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.
8. The victim of a crime refuses to cooperate in the prosecution.
9. The offender is prosecuted for a less serious charge than the one for which he was arrested.
10. The offender is a juvenile who is handled by a verbal or written notice to the parents in instances involving minor offenses such as petit larceny.

For the year 1975, 22.2 percent of all Index Crimes were cleared either by arrest or exceptional means. The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 70.0 percent while the clearance rate for property crimes was 19.5 percent.

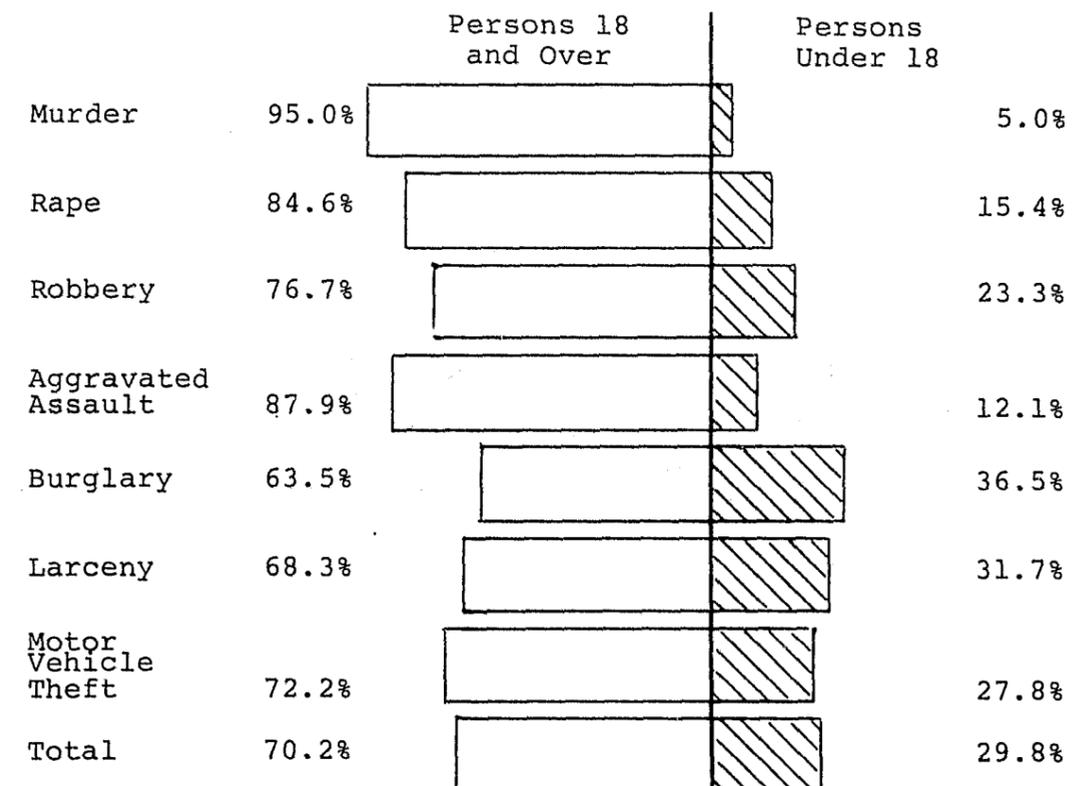
CLEARANCE RATES OF INDEX OFFENSES

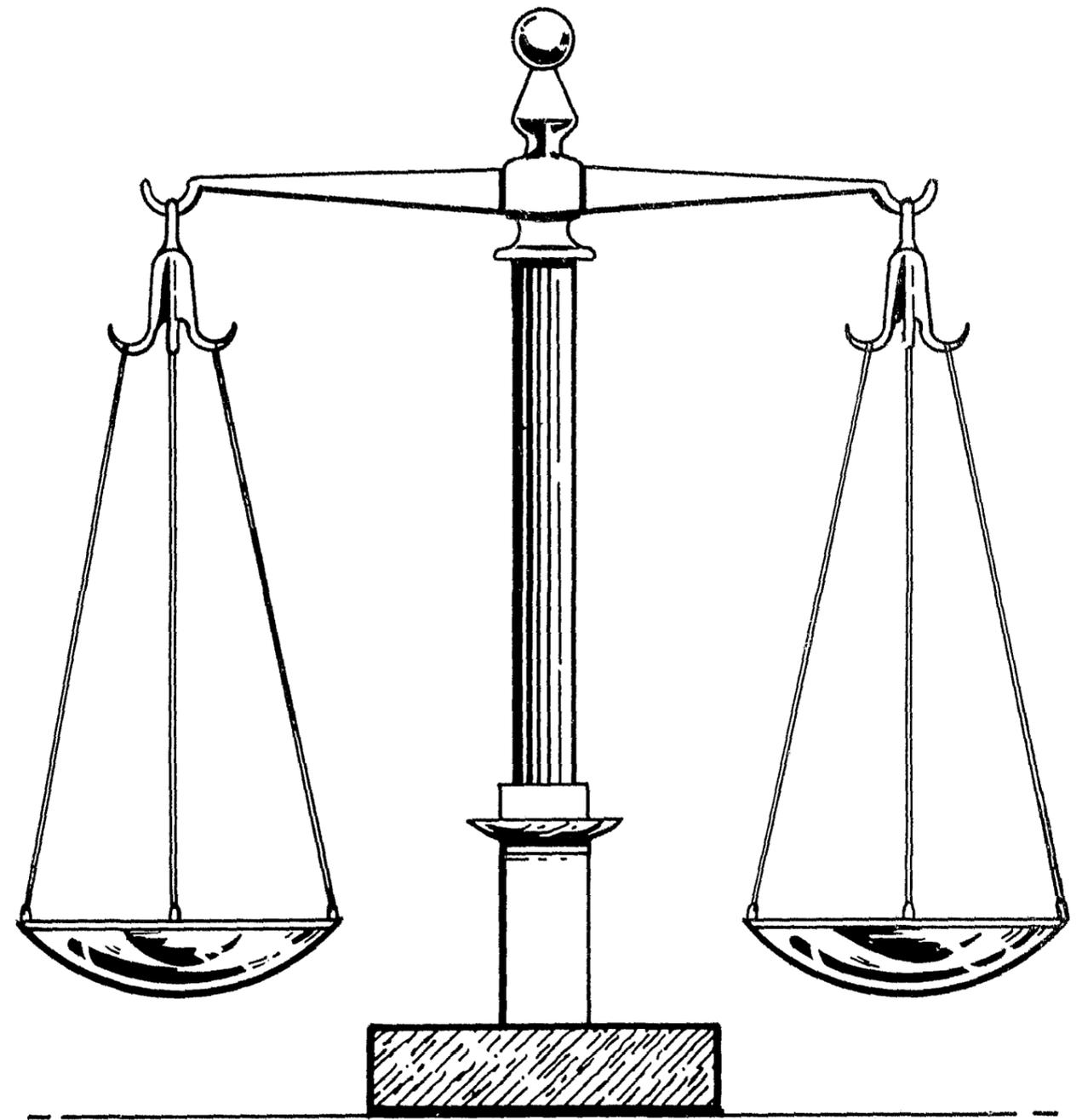
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	NUMBER OF OFFENSES CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED
MURDER	32	40	125.0%
RAPE	113	65	57.5
ROBBERY	387	163	42.1
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1,690	1,288	76.2
BURGLARY	14,443	2,876	19.9
LARCENY	22,996	4,120	17.9
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2,235	738	33.0
TOTAL	41,896	9,290	22.2

NOTE: Offenses cleared do not necessarily relate to the actual offenses during the January - December period.

Analysis of Offenses Cleared





ARREST DATA

ARREST DATA

In addition to the monthly reports on the number of Index Crimes reported, law enforcement agencies also submit monthly forms detailing the number of persons arrested. These forms categorize the arrests by offense classification (both Part I and Part II crimes), and by age, race and sex. No traffic offenses, except driving under the influence, are included. The same individual may be arrested several times over a period of time; each separate arrest is counted. A person may be arrested on several charges at one time; only one arrest is counted and is listed under the most serious charge. For Uniform Crime Reporting, a juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would result; in fact, there may not have been a formal charge.

Nearly one third (32.7%) of all arrests during 1975 were juveniles. Of the 11,027 juveniles arrested, 36.7% were for index crimes.

The report form on juvenile arrests used by the police agency, includes a section on the disposition of each person. These categories are: (1) handled within the department and released; (2) referred to juvenile court or a probation and parole office; (3) referred to a welfare agency; (4) referred to other police agency; and (5) referred to the criminal or adult court. During the year 1975, police handled 60.7% of all juveniles within their department; 33.0% were referred to the juvenile court; and a total of 6.3% were referred to a welfare agency, another police agency or criminal court.

A review of adults arrested (18 years of age and over) reveals that 18.7% were for index crimes. Over one half (51.8%) of adults arrested were under 25 years of age; and 25.0% were between 25 and 34 inclusive.

Considering both juveniles and adults, 75.5% of the 33,696 persons arrested were under 35 years of age. Twenty-four percent of all arrests were for index crimes. There were 7.9 index crime arrests for every thousand people in Maine; Part II arrests numbered 24.3 per 1,000 people.

ARREST DATA

NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED BY AGE CATEGORY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

JUVENILES

AGE CATEGORY	NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
10 + Under	410	3.7
11 - 12	681	6.2
13 - 14	2,523	22.9
15	2,185	19.8
16	2,609	23.7
17	2,619	23.7
TOTAL	11,027	100.0

ADULTS

AGE CATEGORY	NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
18	2,465	10.9
19	2,255	9.9
20	1,895	8.4
21	1,584	7.0
22	1,338	5.9
23	1,124	4.9
24	1,086	4.8
25 - 29	3,511	15.5
30 - 34	2,145	9.5
35 - 39	1,521	6.7
40 - 44	1,153	5.1
45 - 49	1,022	4.5
50 - 54	708	3.1
55 - 59	382	1.7
60 - 64	274	1.2
65 + Over	206	0.9
TOTAL	22,669	100.0

TOTAL ARRESTS FOR PART I AND PART II OFFENSES

11,027 Juvenile Arrests	21.4%	78.6%
	2,355 Female	8,672 Male
22,669 Adult Arrests	8.9%	91.1%
	2,015 Female	20,654 Male

RATES OF ARRESTS PER 1,000 POPULATION
 BY COUNTY FOR PART I AND PART II CRIMES
 JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

COUNTY	ACTUAL NUMBER OF PART I ARRESTS	RATE PER 1000 POP	ACTUAL NUMBER OF PART II ARRESTS	RATE PER 1000 POP	TOTAL ACTUAL NO. PARTS I AND II ARRESTS	RATE PER 1000 POP
Androscoggin	1,009	10.6	3,106	32.7	4,115	43.3
Aroostook	705	7.3	2,223	23.0	2,928	30.3
Cumberland	2,061	10.3	6,038	30.1	8,099	40.4
Franklin	97	4.0	418	17.4	515	21.4
Hancock	189	5.0	925	24.5	1,114	29.5
Kennebec	770	7.7	2,055	20.5	2,825	28.2
Knox	184	5.8	461	14.6	645	20.4
Lincoln	129	5.9	365	16.6	494	22.5
Oxford	290	6.6	809	18.4	1,099	25.0
Penobscot	1,045	7.9	2,819	21.4	3,864	29.3
Piscataquis	108	6.0	516	28.6	624	34.6
Sagadahoc	169	6.6	601	23.3	770	29.9
Somerset	260	6.2	1,006	23.8	1,266	30.0
Waldo	73	2.8	339	13.1	412	15.9
Washington	258	8.1	877	27.6	1,135	35.7
York	936	7.8	2,855	23.8	3,791	31.6
TOTAL	8,283	7.9	25,413	24.3	33,696	32.2

ARRESTS - DRUG AND LIQUOR VIOLATIONS

Due to the nature of the violations and a high interest and concern by public officials and the citizens of Maine generally, a special review is provided of drug and alcohol related arrests. The charts displayed reveal the number and age of people arrested between January and December, 1975.

The information provided here should be of interest to social agencies involved in the study of drugs and alcohol problems in Maine. The information pinpoints the predominant drug and liquor arrests in Maine by age and identified possible problem areas.

Facts revealed by the chart on drug violations:

* 89.1% of all juvenile drug arrests involved marijuana.

* 86.1% of all adult drug arrests involved marijuana.

Facts revealed by the chart on liquor violations:

* 83.6% of all arrests involving juveniles were for violation of liquor laws, while 16.4% were for driving under the influence.

* 90.2% of all arrests involving adults were for driving under the influence.

NARCOTIC LAW "ARRESTS" - 1975

AGE	OPIUM - COCAINE	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	NON-NAR DRUGS	TOTAL
10 and Under		1			1
11 - 12		3			3
13 - 14		90	1	10	101
15 - 16	1	250	11	21	283
17	—	<u>196</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>218</u>
Subtotal	1	540	22	43	606
18	2	218	7	4	231
19	6	180	14	10	210
20	7	147	10	13	177
21 - 29	22	516	38	35	611
30 - 39	2	39	1	4	46
40 - 49		8		3	11
50 - 59		2		1	3
60 and Over	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	39	1,110	70	70	1,289
TOTAL	40	1,650	92	113	1,895

LIQUOR LAWS "ARRESTS" - 1975 *

AGE	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE	LIQUOR LAWS VIOLATION	TOTAL
10 and Under		2	2
11 - 12		4	4
13 - 14	3	83	86
15 - 16	39	371	410
17	<u>114</u>	<u>337</u>	<u>451</u>
Subtotal	156	797	953
18	333	136	469
19	414	106	520
20	425	76	501
21 - 29	2,550	244	2,794
30 - 39	1,545	80	1,625
40 - 49	1,063	66	1,129
50 - 59	577	42	619
60 and Over	<u>220</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>241</u>
Subtotal	7,127	771	7,898
TOTAL	7,283	1,568	8,851

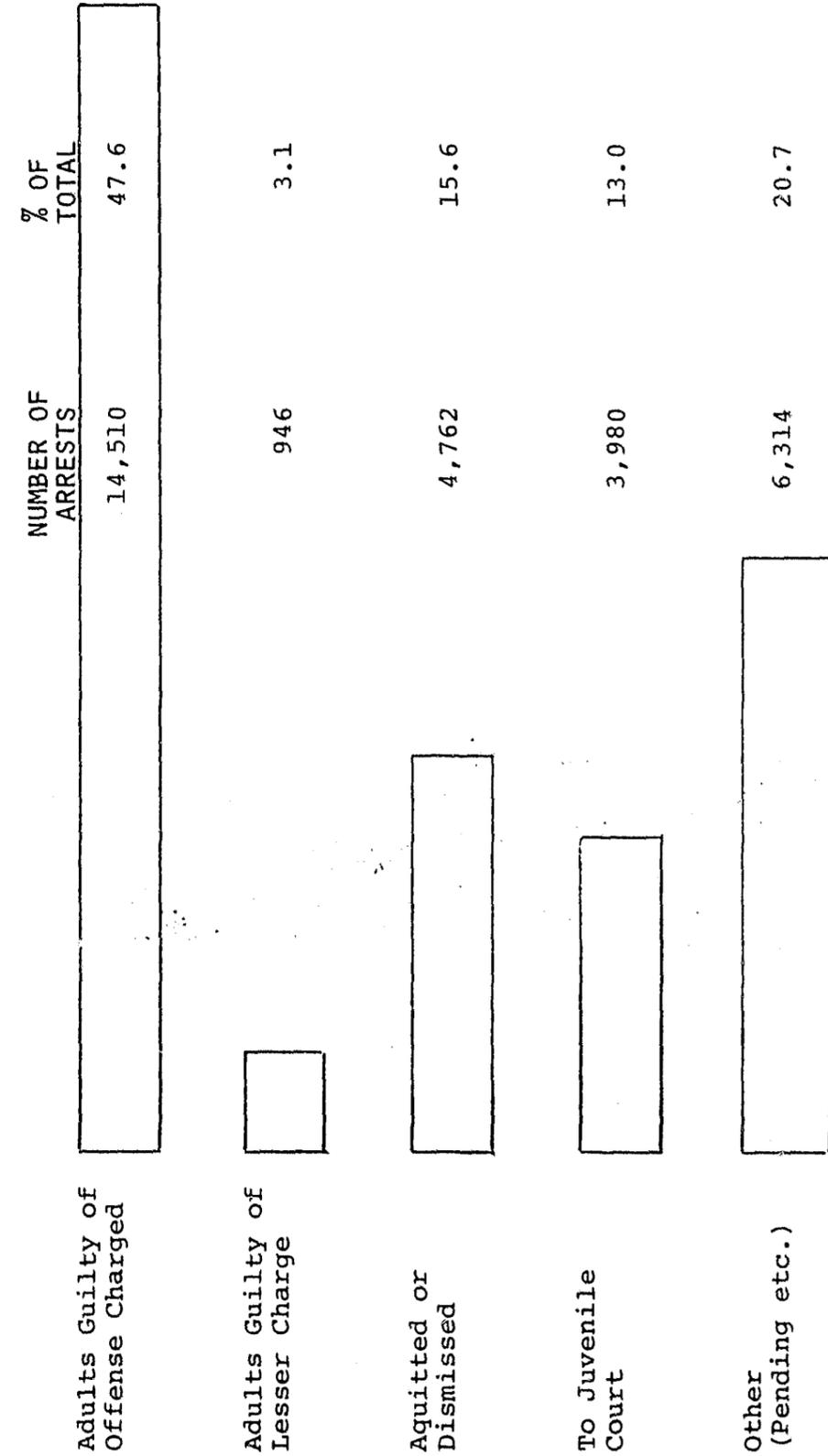
NOTE: *LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS exclude drunkenness charges as they are not "ARREST" VIOLATIONS.

ANNUAL RETURN OF PERSONS CHARGED

The Uniform Crime Reporting System includes an annual form from all reporting agencies titled "Annual Return of Persons Charged". The purpose of this form is to show the total number of persons who are charged by the police and their dispositions. Counted on this report are all persons charged for committing Part I and Part II offenses who are turned over to the court for prosecution. Persons charged and released at any prosecutive level are included. The dispositional data is broken down into several categories: (1) adults guilty - (a) of the offense charged or (b) of a lesser offense; (2) acquitted or otherwise dismissed; (3) referred to juvenile court jurisdiction; or (4) other (pending).

- * 24.9% of all persons formally charged were charged for Part I offenses.
- * 47.6% of all persons charged for Part I and Part II were adults found guilty of the offense charged; 3.1% were adults found guilty of a lesser offense.
- * 15.6% of all 30,512 persons charged had their cases acquitted or otherwise dismissed.
- * 13.0% were referred to Juvenile Court jurisdiction.
- * 20.7% of the cases were still pending at the end of the year.

ANNUAL RETURN OF PERSONS CHARGED JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975





POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

The Uniform Crime Reporting System in Maine incorporates a collection of important data relating to police within the state. Information such as ratio of police to population, assaults on officers, and related analyses are covered in this section.

On October 31 there were 1,977 full time law enforcement officers and civilian employees in communities with organized police departments. Full time sworn officers number 1,773 which represents 1.70 officers per 1,000 population.

In Maine's 16 Sheriff's Departments, 257 of the 285 employees are full time sworn officers. The number of full time officers per 1,000 population ratio for rural areas, those areas not covered by full time municipal police, is .73.

The Maine State Police with state-wide jurisdiction and providing all phases of law enforcement services employs 399 people. Of these, 317 are sworn personnel.

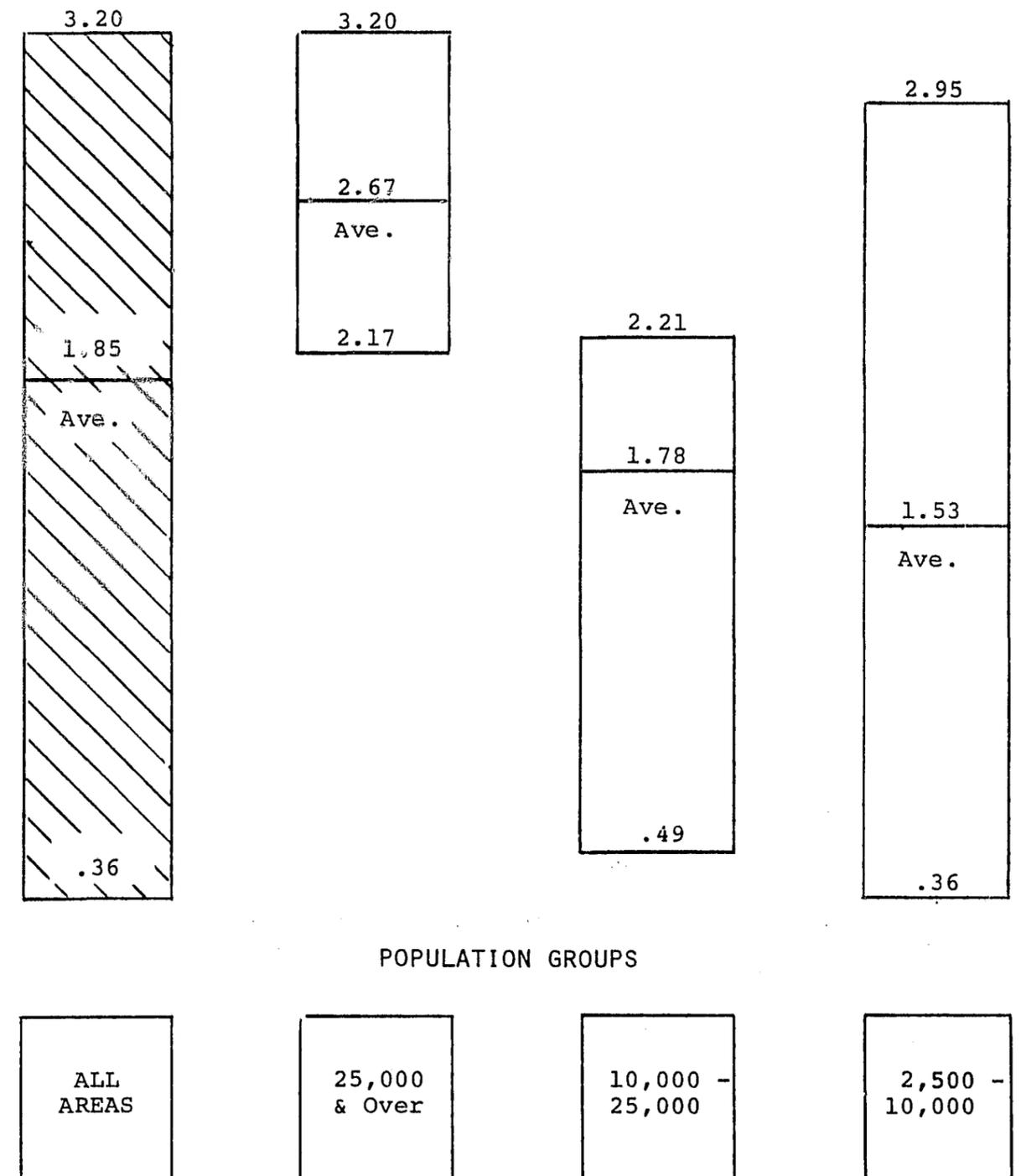
In this publication is a chart showing the average number of police department employees by population groups for communities over 2,500 population.

Caution should be exercised in using rates for comparative purposes since a wide variety of factors dictate the number of employees necessary to various law enforcement agencies. The same conditions and factors that affect the amount and type of crime in a given community also must be considered in the employment of personnel. Employee numbers are best determined by citizens and public officials of a community based upon the level of service they need and are willing to pay for.

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

AVERAGE NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, AND RANGE IN NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, PER 1,000 INHABITANTS

BY POPULATION GROUPS, OCTOBER 31, 1975



FULL TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1975
BY COUNTY

COUNTY	MUNICIPAL	COUNTY	TOTAL	OFFICERS PER 1,000 POPULATION
Androscoggin	134	24	158	1.66
Aroostook	79	23	102	1.06
Cumberland	341	51	392	1.95
Franklin	18	16	34	1.41
Hancock	35	5	40	1.06
Kennebec	103	13	116	1.16
Knox	31	15	46	1.45
Lincoln	18	11	29	1.32
Oxford	29	14	43	.97
Penobscot	140	19	159	1.20
Piscataquis	10	7	17	.94
Sagadahoc	31	13	44	1.74
Somerset	32	11	43	1.02
Waldo	11	7	18	.69
Washington	28	9	37	1.16
York	159	19	178	1.49
Total	1,199	257	1,456	1.39
Total State Police			317	
Total Law Enforcement Officers (Maine)			1,773	1.70

ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

The following information is based on a detailed monthly collection of data in the Uniform Crime Reporting System regarding the problem of assaults on local, county, and state law enforcement officers in this Nation. The large number of reported assaults on sworn officers is part due to a prevalent attitude of disrespect for law enforcement in certain elements of our society.

There were 461 assaults on law enforcement officers during the year 1975. This represents an assault ratio of 26 assaults per 100 full time law enforcement officers.

The greatest number of assaults, 35.8% occurred while officers were responding to disturbance calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.). Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 85.4% of all assaults on law enforcement officers.

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

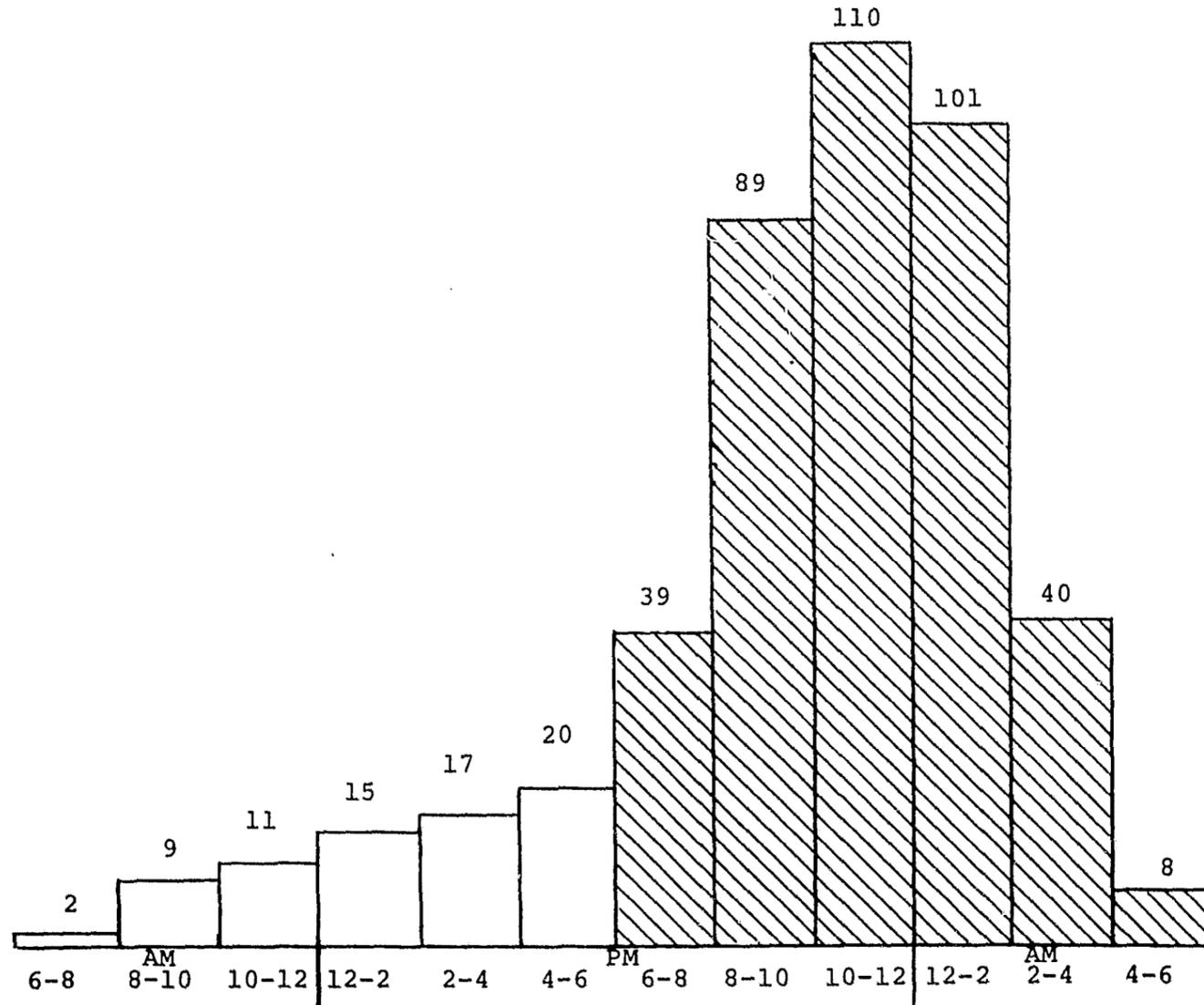
COUNTY	NUMBER OF ASSAULTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	ASSAULT RATE PER 100 OFFICERS
Androscoggin	23	5.0	14.6
Aroostook	33	7.2	32.4
Cumberland	159	34.4	40.6
Franklin	5	1.1	14.7
Hancock	11	2.4	27.5
Kennebec	26	5.6	22.4
Knox	10	2.2	21.7
Lincoln	11	2.4	37.9
Oxford	10	2.2	23.3
Penobscot	55	11.9	34.6
Piscataquis	1	.2	5.9
Sagadahoc	4	.9	9.1
Somerset	13	2.8	30.2
Waldo	2	.4	11.1
Washington	14	3.0	37.8
York	57	12.4	32.0
Total	434	94.1	29.8
State Police	27	5.9	8.5
TOTAL Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted	461	100.0	26.0

ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

TYPE OF WEAPON

Type of Weapon	Count	Percentage
HANDS, FISTS, FEET	394	85.4%
OTHER WEAPON	37	8.0%
CUTTING INSTRUMENT	9	2.0%
FIREARM	21	4.6%

TIME OF DAY



CRIME FACTORS

Statistics gathered under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program are submitted by the law enforcement agencies of Maine and represent a spectrum of Maine crime on state-wide, region, and county levels. Awareness of the presence of certain crime factors, which may influence the resulting volume and type of statistics presented, is necessary if fair and equitable conclusions are to be drawn. These crime influencing factors are present, to some degree, in every community and their presence affects, in varying degrees the crime developments of that community. Comparison of crime figures between communities should not be made without first considering the individual factors present in each community.

Crime, as an outgrowth of society, remains a social problem of grave concern and the police are limited in their role to its suppression and detection. As stated by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice in their report "The Challenge of Crime in a Free Society" (1967 - pg. 92).

"But the fact that the police deal daily with crime does not mean that they have unlimited power to prevent it, or reduce it, or deter it. The police did not create and cannot resolve the social conditions that stimulate crime. They did not start and cannot stop the convulsive social changes that are taking place in America. They do not enact the laws that they are required to enforce, nor do they dispose of the criminals they arrest. The police are only one part of the criminal justice system; the criminal justice system is only one part of the government; and the government is only one part of society. Insofar as crime is a social phenomenon, crime prevention is the responsibility of every part of society. The criminal process is limited to case by case operations, one criminal or one crime at a time."

Set forth below are some of the conditions which will, by type and volume, affect the crime that occurs from place to place:

Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.

Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex and race.

Economic status of the population.

Relative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.

The main goal of this program is to identify crime and related problems. The statistics in this publication should not be used to measure or evaluate the workloads and results of the individual contributing departments. While most police agencies are collectively thought of as crime fighting units, considerable independent research shows only a small portion of the workload of many departments is spent fighting crime. Because of other assigned duties, the peculiar cycle of crime and clearances, and the different community factors that normally affect crime statistics, no conclusions on individual departments should be reached without consulting their in-house duties and records.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	R A P E NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	R O B B E R Y NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED						
Androscoggin Sheriffs Office 1	100.0	0	.0	2	.0	17	100.0	20	18	90.0				
Auburn Police Department 1	100.0	0	.0	8	37.5	25	80.0	34	24	70.6				
Lewiston Police Department 0	.0	4	50.0	22	6	27.3	205	151	231	159	68.8			
Livermore Falls Police Department 0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	.0			
Lisbon Police Department 0	.0	1	100.0	2	1	50.0	11	6	14	8	57.1			
Androscoggin State Police 0	100.0	1	.0	0	.0	7	100.0	8	8	100.0				
TOTAL ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY 2	3	150.0	6	3	50.0	34	10	29.4	265	201	75.9	307	217	70.7

B U R G L A R Y NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	L A R C E N Y NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	M O T O R V E H I C L E T H E F T NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	TOTAL INDEX CRIMES NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED						
Androscoggin Sheriffs Office 93	27	29.0	105	37	35.2	7	3	42.9	205	67	32.7	225	85	37.8
Auburn Police Department 318	58	18.2	722	208	28.8	58	11	19.0	1098	277	25.2	1132	301	26.6
Lewiston Police Department 518	211	40.7	1245	298	23.9	108	44	40.7	1871	553	29.6	2102	712	33.9
Livermore Falls Police Department 40	3	7.5	26	0	.0	5	2	40.0	71	5	7.0	71	5	7.0
Lisbon Police Department 53	7	13.2	85	2	2.4	5	0	.0	143	9	6.3	157	17	10.8
Androscoggin State Police 18	3	16.7	6	0	.0	7	2	28.6	31	5	16.1	39	13	33.3
TOTAL ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY 1040	309	29.7	2189	545	24.9	190	62	32.6	3419	916	26.8	3726	1133	30.4

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

AROOSTOOK COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT		TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	CLEARED	NUMBER	%	CLEARED	NUMBER	%	CLEARED	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
Aroostook Sheriffs Office	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	.0	0	16	50.0	16	8	50.0
Caribou Police Department	1	100.0	1	0	.0	1	.0	0	8	75.0	11	7	63.6
Fort Fairfield Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	.0	0	5	100.0	5	5	100.0
Fort Kent Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
Houlton Police Department	0	.0	1	0	.0	0	.0	0	7	100.0	8	7	87.5
Madawaska Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	.0	0	4	75.0	4	3	75.0
Presque Isle Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	100.0	1	12	75.0	13	10	76.9
Van Buren Police Department	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	.0	0	19	94.7	21	19	90.5
Limestone Police Department	0	.0	1	1	100.0	0	.0	0	3	100.0	4	4	100.0
Aroostook State Police	3	100.0	0	0	.0	0	.0	0	18	55.6	21	13	61.9
TOTAL AROOSTOOK COUNTY	4	100.0	4	2	50.0	3	33.3	1	92	75.0	103	76	73.8

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

AROOSTOOK COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES		TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%	CLEARED	NUMBER	%	CLEARED	NUMBER	%	CLEARED	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	
Aroostook Sheriffs Office	107	8.4	9	158	8.9	14	13	69.2	9	278	11.5	294	40	13.6
Caribou Police Department	80	16.3	13	190	33.7	64	15	40.0	6	285	29.1	296	90	30.4
Fort Fairfield Police Department	28	28.6	8	95	29.5	28	15	60.0	9	138	32.6	143	50	35.0
Fort Kent Police Department	6	16.7	1	58	19.0	11	2	50.0	1	66	19.7	66	13	19.7
Houlton Police Department	68	13.2	9	166	10.8	18	31	41.9	13	265	15.1	273	47	17.2
Madawaska Police Department	6	16.7	1	157	86.0	135	1	.0	0	164	82.9	168	139	82.7
Presque Isle Police Department	125	26.4	33	344	38.4	132	35	28.6	10	504	34.7	517	185	35.8
Van Buren Police Department	28	60.7	17	46	58.7	27	6	66.7	4	80	60.0	101	67	66.3
Limestone Police Department	32	15.6	5	29	24.1	7	7	85.7	6	68	26.5	72	22	30.6
Aroostook State Police	85	20.0	17	65	27.7	18	20	70.0	14	170	28.8	191	62	32.5
TOTAL AROOSTOOK COUNTY	565	20.0	113	1308	34.7	454	145	49.7	72	2018	31.7	2121	715	33.7

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

CUMBERLAND COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER		RAPE		ROBBERY		AGGRAVATED ASSAULT		TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
Cumberland Sheriffs Office	0	.0	4	50.0	2	50.0	21	81.0	27	74.1
Brunswick Police Department	0	.0	2	.0	3	33.3	13	30.8	18	27.8
Cape Elizabeth Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	2	.0	16	62.5	18	55.6
Falmouth Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	2	50.0	5	80.0	7	71.4
Gorham Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	1	100.0	20	20.0	21	23.9
Portland Police Department	3	133.3	18	50.0	137	46.7	261	67.1	419	60.1
South Portland Police Department	1	100.0	4	50.0	11	63.6	62	72.6	78	70.5
Scarborough Police Department	0	.0	4	.0	3	66.7	13	92.3	20	70.0
Westbrook Police Department	0	.0	1	.0	4	.0	43	67.4	48	60.4
Bridgton Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	18	77.8	18	77.8
Cumberland Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	4	100.0	4	100.0
Freeport Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	1	100.0	4	75.0	5	80.0
New Gloucester Police Department	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0
Yarmouth Police Department	0	.0	1	.0	0	.0	6	66.7	7	57.1
University of Maine, Portland/Gorham Department	0	.0	0	.0	1	.0	3	33.3	4	25.0
Cumberland State Police	2	350.0	1	100.0	3	33.3	9	66.7	15	100.0
TOTAL CUMBERLAND COUNTY	6	200.0	35	40.0	170	46.5	498	66.7	709	61.6

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

CUMBERLAND COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	BURGLARY		LARCENY		MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT		TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES		TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
Cumberland Sheriffs Office	704	14.6	416	10.1	29	27.6	1149	13.3	1176	14.7
Brunswick Police Department	264	7.6	409	6.6	35	25.7	708	7.9	726	8.4
Cape Elizabeth Police Department	72	12.5	156	21	7	28.6	235	13.6	253	16.6
Falmouth Police Department	67	13.4	148	34	6	16.7	221	19.9	228	21.5
Gorham Police Department	99	3.0	171	4	24	20.8	294	4.1	315	5.4
Portland Police Department	2423	19.9	3321	11.4	482	9.8	6226	14.6	6645	17.5
South Portland Police Department	273	32.6	1048	230	81	18.5	1402	23.8	1480	26.3
Scarborough Police Department	176	9.1	258	24	13	15.4	447	9.4	467	12.0
Westbrook Police Department	162	5.0	425	44	45	22.2	632	9.8	680	13.4
Bridgton Police Department	137	48.2	178	75	18	88.9	333	47.1	351	48.7
Cumberland Police Department	15	26.7	72	12	6	.0	93	17.2	97	20.6
Freeport Police Department	96	5.2	112	1	7	14.3	215	3.3	220	5.0
New Gloucester Police Department	0	.0	3	.0	2	100.0	5	40.0	5	40.0
Yarmouth Police Department	34	32.4	106	21	7	71.4	147	25.2	154	26.6
University of Maine, Portland/Gorham Department	15	6.7	94	10	2	.0	111	10.0	115	10.4
Cumberland State Police	86	18.6	43	9	21	52.4	150	24.0	165	30.9
TOTAL CUMBERLAND COUNTY	4623	18.2	6960	13.4	785	17.1	12368	15.4	13077	17.9

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

FRANKLIN COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
	OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Franklin Sheriffs Office	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
Farmington Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	7	6	85.7	7	6	85.7
Jay Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	2	0	.0	1	1	100.0	3	1	33.3
Wilton Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	4	100.0	4	4	100.0
Franklin State Police	0	1	100.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	2	2	100.0	3	3	100.0
TOTAL FRANKLIN COUNTY	0	1	100.0	0	0	.0	3	0	.0	15	14	93.3	18	15	83.3

	BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
	OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Franklin Sheriffs Office	159	15	9.4	89	12	13.5	5	1	20.0	253	28	11.1	254	29	11.4
Farmington Police Department	61	8	13.1	82	26	31.7	18	7	38.9	161	41	25.5	168	47	28.0
Jay Police Department	33	3	9.1	57	5	8.8	6	2	33.3	96	10	10.4	99	11	11.1
Wilton Police Department	23	2	8.7	13	3	23.1	3	1	33.3	39	6	15.4	43	10	23.3
Franklin State Police	15	4	26.7	17	5	29.4	3	3	100.0	35	12	34.3	38	15	39.5
TOTAL FRANKLIN COUNTY	291	32	11.0	258	51	19.8	35	14	40.0	584	97	16.6	602	112	18.6

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

HANCOCK COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
	OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Hancock Sheriffs Office	0	0	.0	2	2	100.0	0	0	.0	20	16	80.0	22	18	81.8
Bar Harbor Police Department	1	1	100.0	1	0	.0	2	1	50.0	3	3	100.0	7	5	71.4
Ellsworth Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	7	6	85.7	7	6	85.7
Bucksport Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
Hancock State Police	0	0	.0	2	1	50.0	3	2	66.7	6	4	66.7	11	7	63.6
TOTAL HANCOCK COUNTY	1	1	100.0	5	3	60.0	5	3	60.0	36	29	80.6	47	36	76.6

	BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
	OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Hancock Sheriffs Office	316	13	4.1	172	7	4.1	14	5	35.7	502	25	5.0	524	43	8.2
Bar Harbor Police Department	107	21	19.6	225	26	11.6	5	2	40.0	337	49	14.5	344	54	15.7
Ellsworth Police Department	79	7	8.9	110	32	29.1	16	10	62.5	205	49	23.9	212	55	25.9
Bucksport Police Department	67	0	.0	83	1	1.2	7	2	28.6	157	3	1.9	157	3	1.9
Hancock State Police	9	5	55.6	10	3	30.0	3	2	66.7	22	10	45.5	33	17	51.5
TOTAL HANCOCK COUNTY	578	46	8.0	500	59	11.5	45	21	26.7	1223	136	11.1	1270	172	13.5

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

KENNEBEC COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER		RAPE		ROBBERY		AGGRAVATED ASSAULT		TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED
Kennebec Sheriffs Office	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	5	7	7
Augusta Police Department	0	0	5	5	11	3	84	69	100	77
Gardiner Police Department	0	0	1	1	0	0	21	14	22	15
Hallowell Police Department	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	3	6	5
Waterville Police Department	0	0	1	1	10	6	22	18	33	25
Oakland Police Department	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	6	7	6
Winslow Police Department	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	3	2
Winthrop Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	8	10	8
Kennebec State Police	1	2	3	3	8	3	23	24	35	32
TOTAL KENNEBEC COUNTY	1	2	12	10	34	17	176	148	223	177

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

KENNEBEC COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	BURGLARY		LARCENY		MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT		TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES		TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED
Kennebec Sheriffs Office	114	2	94	3	0	0	208	5	215	12
Augusta Police Department	345	59	958	103	69	10	1372	172	1472	249
Gardiner Police Department	109	47	216	68	17	12	342	127	364	142
Hallowell Police Department	31	3	43	2	2	1	76	6	82	11
Waterville Police Department	228	56	616	120	57	18	901	194	934	219
Oakland Police Department	80	37	63	8	5	3	148	48	155	54
Winslow Police Department	48	11	99	2	9	3	156	16	159	18
Winthrop Police Department	61	12	126	8	2	1	189	21	199	29
Kennebec State Police	138	23	68	16	21	8	227	47	262	79
TOTAL KENNEBEC COUNTY	1154	250	2283	330	182	56	3619	636	3842	813

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

KNOX COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Knox Sheriffs Office	0	.0	1	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0
Camden Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0
Rockland Police Department	0	.0	2	2	100.0	7	0	.0	13	8	61.5	22	10	45.5
Thomaston Police Department	0	.0	1	0	.0	0	0	.0	24	23	95.8	25	23	92.0
Knox State Police	4	75.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	2	50.0	8	5	62.5
TOTAL KNOX COUNTY	4	75.0	4	2	50.0	8	1	12.5	41	33	80.5	57	39	68.4

BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Knox Sheriffs Office	125	10.3	89	4	4.5	4	1	25.0	219	18	8.2	220	18	8.2
Camden Police Department	27	40.7	79	17	21.5	4	1	25.0	110	29	26.4	111	30	27.0
Rockland Police Department	198	13.1	452	84	18.6	42	8	19.1	692	118	17.1	714	128	17.9
Thomaston Police Department	36	27.8	50	10	20.0	9	6	66.7	95	26	27.4	120	49	40.8
Knox State Police	24	4.2	15	2	13.3	4	2	50.0	43	5	11.6	51	10	19.6
TOTAL KNOX COUNTY	411	14.8	685	117	17.1	63	18	28.6	1159	196	16.9	1216	235	19.3

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

LINCOLN COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Lincoln Sheriffs Office	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	0	.0	12	12	100.0	14	13	92.9
Boothbay Harbor Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	6	6	100.0	7	7	100.0
Waldoboro Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	7	5	71.4	8	5	62.5
Wiscasset Police Department	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
Lincoln State Police	1	100.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	5	3	60.0	6	4	66.7
TOTAL LINCOLN COUNTY	1	100.0	1	1	100.0	3	1	33.3	31	27	87.1	36	30	83.3

BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Lincoln Sheriffs Office	265	12.5	164	21	12.8	3	1	33.3	432	55	12.7	446	68	15.3
Boothbay Harbor Police Department	82	7.3	65	8	12.3	3	0	.0	150	14	9.3	157	21	13.4
Waldoboro Police Department	45	22.2	39	11	28.2	3	2	66.7	87	23	26.4	95	28	29.5
Wiscasset Police Department	21	4.8	45	4	8.9	1	1	100.0	67	6	9.0	68	7	10.3
Lincoln State Police	23	4.4	8	3	37.5	4	0	.0	35	4	11.4	41	8	19.5
TOTAL LINCOLN COUNTY	436	11.7	321	47	14.6	14	4	28.6	771	102	13.2	807	132	16.4

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

OXFORD COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES			
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		
OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	
Oxford Sheriffs Office	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	14	14	100.0	15	15	100.0
Rumford Police Department	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	4	0	.0	6	5	83.3	11	6	54.5
Mexico Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	2	2	100.0	3	3	100.0
Norway Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	9	9	100.0	9	9	100.0
Paris Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	2	2	100.0	2	2	100.0
Oxford State Police	0	0	.0	2	0	.0	0	0	.0	7	6	85.7	9	6	66.7
TOTAL OXFORD COUNTY	1	1	100.0	3	1	33.3	5	1	20.0	40	38	95.0	49	41	83.7

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BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES			
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		
OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	
Oxford Sheriffs Office	138	97	70.3	86	22	25.6	6	5	83.3	230	124	53.9	245	139	56.7
Rumford Police Department	52	22	42.3	245	41	16.7	22	16	72.7	319	79	24.8	330	85	25.8
Mexico Police Department	63	14	22.2	108	9	8.3	13	6	46.2	184	29	15.8	187	32	17.1
Norway Police Department	32	7	21.9	59	10	17.0	4	3	75.0	95	20	21.1	104	29	27.9
Paris Police Department	20	4	20.0	43	12	27.9	5	2	40.0	68	18	26.5	70	20	28.6
Oxford State Police	12	3	25.0	8	2	25.0	7	3	42.9	27	8	29.6	36	14	38.9
TOTAL OXFORD COUNTY	317	147	46.4	549	96	17.5	57	35	61.4	923	278	30.1	972	319	32.8

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

SAGADAHOC COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES			
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		
OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	
Sagadahoc Sheriffs Office	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	9	6	66.7	10	6	60.0
Bath Police Department	0	0	.0	2	1	50.0	6	1	16.7	4	2	50.0	12	4	33.3
Topsham Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	8	5	62.5	8	5	62.5
Richmond Police Department	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	3	3	100.0	4	4	100.0
Sagadahoc State Police	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
TOTAL SAGADAHOC COUNTY	0	0	.0	2	1	50.0	8	2	25.0	24	16	66.7	34	19	55.9

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BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES			
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		
OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	
Sagadahoc Sheriffs Office	245	37	15.1	177	6	3.4	3	0	.0	425	43	10.1	435	49	11.3
Bath Police Department	117	50	42.7	441	120	27.2	21	16	76.2	579	186	32.1	591	190	32.2
Topsham Police Department	39	2	5.1	107	3	2.8	4	0	.0	150	5	3.3	158	10	6.3
Richmond Police Department	22	3	13.6	46	12	26.1	6	5	83.3	74	20	27.0	78	24	30.8
Sagadahoc State Police	9	5	55.6	7	0	.0	3	0	.0	19	5	26.3	19	5	26.3
TOTAL SAGADAHOC COUNTY	432	97	22.5	778	141	18.1	37	21	56.8	1247	259	20.8	1281	278	21.7

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

PENOBSCOT COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER		RAPE		ROBBERY		AGGRAVATED ASSAULT		TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED
Penobscot Sheriffs Office	2	2	3	3	1	1	7	8	13	14
Bangor Police Department	0	0	5	5	26	10	14	10	45	25
Brewer Police Department	1	1	0	0	1	0	4	1	6	2
Dexter Police Department	0	0	2	1	1	1	2	3	5	5
Lincoln Police Department	0	0	1	1	2	1	4	4	7	6
Old Town Police Department	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	5	6	5
Orono Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	6	4
Hampden Police Department	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	2	5	3
Millinocket Police Department	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	3	4	3
East Millinocket Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Newport Police Department	1	0	0	0	1	0	15	11	17	11
University of Maine, Orono Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	4	7
Penobscot State Police	4	2	0	0	3	3	12	11	19	16
TOTAL PENOBSCOT COUNTY	8	5	11	10	40	17	79	70	138	102

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

PENOBSCOT COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	BURGLARY		LARCENY		MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT		TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES		TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	
	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%
	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED
Penobscot Sheriffs Office	294	234	194	145	18	8	506	387	519	401
Bangor Police Department	467	94	1329	233	173	37	1969	364	2014	389
Brewer Police Department	100	10	275	37	32	3	407	50	413	52
Dexter Police Department	42	15	85	32	7	2	134	49	139	54
Lincoln Police Department	49	14	81	8	7	4	137	26	144	32
Old Town Police Department	28	10	73	15	9	5	110	30	116	35
Orono Police Department	37	2	120	2	10	2	167	6	173	10
Hampden Police Department	42	16	62	12	7	3	111	31	116	34
Millinocket Police Department	19	10	47	12	16	10	82	32	86	35
East Millinocket Police Department	15	0	10	2	2	2	27	4	28	5
Newport Police Department	37	11	59	6	4	0	100	17	117	28
University of Maine, Orono Department	27	4	54	87	12	11	579	102	583	109
Penobscot State Police	159	55	91	36	17	12	267	103	286	119
TOTAL PENOBSCOT COUNTY	1316	475	2966	627	314	99	4596	1201	4734	1303

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Piscataquis Sheriffs Office														
1	100.0		0	.0		0	.0		9	88.9		10	90.0	
Dover-Foxcroft Police Department														
0	.0		0	.0		0	.0		2	100.0		2	100.0	
Milo Police Department														
0	.0		0	.0		0	.0		0	.0		0	.0	
Piscataquis State Police														
0	.0		0	.0		0	.0		10	90.0		10	90.0	
TOTAL PISCATAQUIS COUNTY														
1	100.0		0	.0		0	.0		21	90.5		22	90.9	

BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Piscataquis Sheriffs Office														
87	19.5		89	15.7		12	83.3		188	21.8		198	25.3	
Dover-Foxcroft Police Department														
16	6.3		40	25.0		6	100.0		62	27.4		64	29.7	
Milo Police Department														
13	15.4		36	44.4		2	100.0		51	39.2		51	39.2	
Piscataquis State Police														
12	16.7		10	20.0		3	33.3		25	20.0		35	40.0	
TOTAL PISCATAQUIS COUNTY														
128	12.2		175	24.0		23	82.6		326	25.5		348	29.6	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

SOMERSET COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Somerset Sheriffs Office														
0	.0		2	100.0		0	.0		13	76.9		15	80.0	
Fairfield Police Department														
0	.0		0	.0		1	.0		25	100.0		26	96.2	
Skowhegan Police Department														
0	.0		1	100.0		1	.0		10	90.0		12	83.3	
Madison Police Department														
0	.0		0	.0		5	20.0		5	100.0		10	60.0	
Pittsfield Police Department														
0	.0		0	.0		2	.0		7	85.7		9	66.7	
Somerset State Police														
0	.0		1	100.0		4	50.0		10	100.0		15	86.7	
TOTAL SOMERSET COUNTY														
0	.0		4	100.0		13	23.1		70	92.9		87	82.8	

BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
Somerset Sheriffs Office														
422	6.2		214	3.3		19	10.5		65	5.3		670	7.0	
Fairfield Police Department														
45	15.6		134	14.2		13	23.1		192	15.1		218	24.8	
Skowhegan Police Department														
152	15.8		223	20.6		23	34.8		398	19.6		410	21.5	
Madison Police Department														
33	18.2		8	.0		4	75.0		45	20.0		55	27.3	
Pittsfield Police Department														
123	12.2		108	15.7		12	66.7		243	16.5		252	18.3	
Somerset State Police														
18	16.7		24	37.5		7	42.9		49	30.6		64	43.8	
TOTAL SOMERSET COUNTY														
793	10.2		711	13.8		78	34.6		1562	13.0		1669	16.7	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

YORK COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER			RAPE			ROBBERY			AGGRAVATED ASSAULT			TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
	OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
York Sheriffs Office	1	100.0		1	100.0		2	.0		9	88.9		13	10	76.9
Biddeford Police Department	0	.0		4	75.0		13	46.2		48	37	77.1	65	46	70.8
Kittery Police Department	0	.0		1	100.0		5	40.0		6	5	83.3	12	8	66.7
Old Orchard Beach Police Department	0	.0		6	66.7		5	100.0		19	16	84.2	30	25	83.3
Saco Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		5	60.0		9	4	44.4	14	7	50.0
Sanford Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		4	25.0		6	5	83.3	10	6	60.0
Berwick Police Department	0	0		0	.0		0	.0		24	24	100.0	24	24	100.0
Eliot Police Department	1	100.0		3	33.3		1	.0		3	3	100.0	8	5	62.5
Kennebunk Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		0	.0		6	4	66.7	6	4	66.7
Kennebunkport Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		0	.0		8	8	100.0	8	8	100.0
Ogunquit Police Department	0	.0		2	.0		4	.0		4	2	50.0	10	2	20.0
South Berwick Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		2	100.0		11	7	63.6	13	9	69.2
Wells Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		2	50.0		0	0	.0	2	1	50.0
York Police Department	0	.0		0	.0		2	50.0		7	6	85.7	9	7	77.8
York State Police	0	100.0		5	20.0		3	100.0		12	8	66.7	20	13	65.0
TOTAL YORK COUNTY	2	3	150.0	22	11	50.0	48	24	50.0	172	137	79.7	244	175	71.7

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
BUREAU OF STATE POLICE
UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

YORK COUNTY
DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	BURGLARY			LARCENY			MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT			TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES			TOTAL INDEX CRIMES		
	NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%		NUMBER	%	
	OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED		OFFENSES	CLEARED	
York Sheriffs Office	241	16	6.6	115	12	10.4	4	2	50.0	360	30	8.3	373	40	10.7
Biddeford Police Department	242	40	16.5	346	74	21.4	31	17	54.8	619	131	21.2	684	177	25.9
Kittery Police Department	109	18	16.5	215	33	15.4	25	5	20.0	349	56	16.0	361	64	17.7
Old Orchard Beach Police Department	178	37	20.8	359	52	14.5	33	36	109.1	570	125	21.9	600	150	25.0
Saco Police Department	132	28	21.2	381	59	15.5	17	3	17.7	530	90	17.0	544	97	17.8
Sanford Police Department	195	45	23.1	440	124	28.2	23	4	17.4	658	173	26.3	668	179	26.8
Berwick Police Department	51	14	27.5	76	26	34.2	2	2	100.0	129	42	32.6	153	66	43.1
Eliot Police Department	26	2	7.7	36	1	2.8	9	5	55.6	71	8	11.3	79	0	16.5
Kennebunk Police Department	88	9	10.2	93	11	11.8	5	2	40.0	186	22	11.8	192	26	13.5
Kennebunkport Police Department	37	2	5.4	60	8	13.3	3	1	33.3	100	11	11.0	108	19	17.6
Ogunquit Police Department	35	6	17.1	105	5	4.8	6	3	50.0	146	14	9.6	156	16	10.3
South Berwick Police Department	16	2	12.5	45	10	22.2	4	0	.0	65	12	18.5	78	21	26.9
Wells Police Department	66	5	7.6	69	7	10.1	3	2	66.7	138	14	10.2	140	15	10.7
York Police Department	65	2	3.1	127	7	5.5	7	3	42.9	199	12	6.0	208	19	9.1
York State Police	94	24	25.5	58	17	29.3	25	18	72.0	177	59	33.3	197	72	36.6
TOTAL YORK COUNTY	1575	250	15.9	2525	446	17.6	197	103	52.2	4297	799	18.6	4541	974	21.4

UCR POTENTIAL USES

In July of 1974 Maine became the 22nd state to collect Uniform Crime Reports as a part of the national system.

Building slowly by necessity of the time needed to gather meaningful statistics, the UCR program is only now beginning to bear fruit. Many individuals, initially skeptical of UCR in Maine, have reversed their positions and are now staunch supporters.

This brings us to the question - what good are Uniform Crime Reports and how may they be used? The initial thought response is limited but as the information unfolds many varied uses are revealed. Foremost is keeping the public informed as to the volume and nature of crime so they may judge and act accordingly.

Actually, UCR is a many faceted vehicle with many varied uses - Here are a few but by no means all of the possible uses as they relate to various groups and agencies.

I. CONTRIBUTORS -

Administrative information relating to:

1. *Budget - need and justification.*
2. *Manpower - number needed as to state average employees vs population and crime rate.*
3. *Department makeup - Laboratory, Detective Division, Juvenile Officers, as related to particular crime problems in the community.*
4. *Problem crimes identified.*
5. *Disbursement of personnel and shifts according to the crime picture of the individual communities. In case of State Police and Sheriffs with concurrent jurisdiction, placement according to need and avoiding of duplication of services.*
6. *Training needs - training according to crime problems in the areas by priority.*
7. *Equipment purchase - according to justified need.*
8. *Selective enforcement by crime volume as identified by particular times and seasons through UCR information.*
9. *Community crime profiles identifying particular problems.*
10. *Long-range planning as anticipated by crime trends.*

II. GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATURE -

1. *Broad true picture of crime in Maine by location, volume, type and crime rate as derived from records of all enforcement agencies.*
2. *Guide to valid funding needs of special interest groups and their requests for same.*

3. *Need for additional or less specialized type programs.*
4. *Identification of crime trends and their relation to training, courts, corrections and other criminal justice agencies.*
5. *Identification of various social problems relating to drugs, alcohol, juveniles and rehabilitation.*
6. *Effectiveness of various social programs relating to above.*

III. MAINE CRIMINAL JUSTICE PLANNING AND ASSISTANCE AGENCY -

1. *Base to evaluate needs for assistance and grant requests.*
2. *Source data for long-range planning.*
3. *A measure of effectiveness of grant programs in given communities and areas.*
4. *Identification of crime problems peculiar to Maine for inclusion in the Maine plan to the Federal Law Enforcement Assistant Administration.*
5. *Justification of a continued need for crime planning in Maine.*

IV. COURTS - PROSECUTION -

1. *Nature and types of crime generally and by District.*
2. *General disposition of persons charged in all communities and areas with crime by classification. (Guilty, guilty of lesser offenses, acquitted, referred to juvenile court, pending).*

*NOTE: Any great variation in disposition of particular crimes could indicate problems. These could be poor prosecution, inadequate police training, court problems, or just plain overloading of cases that fall victim to plea bargaining or are pending.

V. PRESS -

A factual source for use in reporting crime problems and socially related problems.

VI. SOCIAL AGENCIES -

1. *Identifies problem areas to concentrate on.*
2. *Some basis for general evaluating of the effectiveness of their programs.*

VII. EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (for various studies) -

These are but a few possible uses and many more exist. The broader the base data accumulated, the clearer the value of UCR will become. If effective problem solving begins with the identification of the problem, than UCR will continue to be meaningful for a long time.

COMMUNITY CRIME PROFILES

A continuing policy of the UCR Division is to make sure that the data gathered is meaningful beyond the routine uses of data.

Several months ago the UCR staff developed a department profile based upon data contributed by single departments over a period of six months or more. In effect it was a crime picture of the community during this period and a chance to identify continuing problems, the volume of crime, and the results of the department's effort.

Because of the many causes of crime it is not a judgment on the contributing department, but an aid to identify needs of the community in the crime area.

The demand for crime profiles exceeded our ability as a staff to provide them and we called upon the Maine Criminal Justice Data Analysis Section of the MCJPAA to help us in this area. With their help, we are computer programming our data to provide crime profiles on a current basis. With this aid, profiles should be available on request in June or July of this year.

The response from chiefs who have made use of these profiles is excellent. Many have identified their problems to the administrative and elected officials of their community and added equipment, personnel, or programs where needed. This allows adoption of aids or selected enforcement peculiar to the individual community.

Chief Lucien Longtin of Lewiston Police Department has given us permission to include a two year profile of his Department in our annual publication. We selected this Department because they contributed the extra six months period of data needed to complete a two year period and because of their quick administrative response to the UCR program and their utilization of the data.

On the following pages is the breakdown of the Lewiston Police Department Index Crime activity that permits them to watch the crime pulse of their community.

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

PROPERTY CRIMES	YEAR	NUMBER	CHANGE	VALUE STOLEN	CHANGE	
ROBBERY	1974	42	-20	17,388	-11,728	(-67.49%)
	1975	22	(47.62%)	5,660		
BURGLARY	1974	534	-16	112,449	-40,621	(-36.12%)
	1975	518	(2.99%)	71,828		
LARCENY	1974	1203	+42	95,574	+ 9,081	(+ 9.50%)
	1975	1245	(3.49%)	104,655		
M/V THEFT	1974	94	+14	111,280	+39,464	(+ 0.35%)
	1975	108	(14.89%)	150,744		
TOTALS	1974	1873	+20	336,691	- 3,804	(- 1.13%)
	1975	1893	(1.06%)	332,887		

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING ANALYSIS OF PART I OFFENSES
1974-1975

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION	1974	1975	UNFOUNDED	PERCENT UNFOUNDED	ACTUAL OFFENSES	PERCENT OF TOTAL CRIMES	NUMERICAL CHANGE
Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter	1	0			1	0.04%	-1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0					
Forcible Rape	7	5	5	71.43%	2	0.09%	+2
Robbery	52	31	20	32.25%	42	1.99%	-20
Assault (Includes Simple Assault)	250	345	16	6.40%	234	11.09%	+85
Burglary (Breaking and Entering)	883	1214	349	39.52%	534	25.30%	-16
Larceny-Theft	1344	1375	141	10.49%	1203	57.01%	+42
Motor Vehicle Theft	135	152	41	30.37%	94	4.45%	+14
PART I CRIMES TOTALS	2682	3122	572	21.33%	2110	100.00%	+107

NOTE: "Index" Offenses differ from "Part I" offenses in that 4e., Simple Assaults, and 1b, Manslaughter, are not computed in totals.

INDEX OFFENSE TOTALS	1974	1975	1974	1975
	556	712	28.09%	33.87%
	47.496	50.448		

Clearance rate for index offenses for the year of 1974 = 21% Nationally - 18% Northeast U.S.
Source: "Crime in United States" - FBI 1974.
22.2% State of Maine - 1975

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

Population = 42,300 - Reciprocal - Rate per 1,000 .024
(supplied by FBI latest statistics)

PERCENT CHANGE	OFFENSES CLEARED TOTAL	PERCENT CLEARED	OFFENSES CLEARED BY UNDER 18	PERCENT OF TOTAL CLEARED BY UNDER 18	CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION
-100%	1	100%			0.024
+100%	2	50.00%			0.048
-47.62%	11	26.19%	1	9.09%	1.008
+36.75%	249	77.81%	42	16.86%	0.528
-2.99%	211	40.73%	116	54.97%	5.616
+20.69%	298	23.93%	140	46.98%	7.680
+14.89%	44	40.74%	29	65.91%	12.816
+5.07%	660	31.28%	201	30.45%	12.432
+6.21%	810	36.53%	328	40.49%	28.872
					29.880
					2.256
					2.592
					50.640
					53.208

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

1974

1975

ANALYSIS OF BURGLARY	1974				1975				CHANGE IN NUMBER		CHANGE IN PERCENTAGE	
	NUMBER REPORTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER REPORTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	PERCENT OF TOTAL	CHANGE IN NUMBER	PERCENTAGE	CHANGE IN NUMBER	PERCENTAGE
Residence												
Night	74	13.86%	10,121	9.00%	69	13.32%	8,064	11.22%	-5	-6.75%		
Day	82	15.35%	13,369	11.88%	64	12.35%	12,189	16.97%	-18	-21.95%		
Unknown	104	19.47%	41,494	36.90%	69	13.32%	11,856	16.50%	-35	-33.65%		
Residence Total	260	48.69%	64,984	57.79%	202	38.99%	32,109	44.70%	-58	-22.30%		
Non-Residence												
Night	141	26.40%	30,218	26.87%	201	38.80%	23,799	33.13%	+60	+42.55%		
Day	26	4.87%	3,224	2.86%	18	3.47%	764	1.06%	-8	-30.77%		
Unknown	107	20.03%	14,023	12.47%	97	18.72%	15,156	21.10%	-10	-9.34%		
Non-Residence Total	274	51.31%	47,465	42.21%	316	61.00%	39,719	55.29%	+42	+15.33%		
BURGLARY TOTALS	534		112,449		518		71,828		-16	-2.99%		

1974-1975 Change in Property Stolen = \$40,621 -36.12%

HIGHLIGHTS: Although Burglary decreased in total by 2.99%, the incidence of non-residence Burglary - committed during the night - increased sharply by 42.55%. Of the total number of Burglaries committed, (518) 350, or 67.56%, were committed by forcible entry. 47.42% of these forcible entry burglaries were cleared by arrest. A sharp drop in the value of property stolen was noted between 1974 and 1975 - (\$40,621 or 36.12%).

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

1974

1975

ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY	1974				1975				CHANGE IN NUMBER		CHANGE IN PERCENTAGE	
	NUMBER REPORTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER REPORTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	PERCENT OF TOTAL	CHANGE IN NUMBER	PERCENTAGE	CHANGE IN NUMBER	PERCENTAGE
Highway	24	57.14%	886	5.09%	10	45.45%	346	6.11%	-14	-58.33%		
Commercial House	5	11.90%	1,020	5.86%	3	13.63%	5,180	91.52%	-2	-40.00%		
Gas or Service Station												
Chain Store	2	4.76%	120	0.69%	1	4.54%			-1	-50.00%		
Residence	10	23.81%	9,527	54.79%	4	18.18%	5	0.08%	-6	-60.00%		
Bank	1	2.38%	5,835	33.55%					-1	-100.00%		
Miscellaneous					4	18.18%	129	2.28%	+4	+400.00%		
ROBBERY TOTALS	42		17,388		22		5,660		-20	-47.62%		

1974-1975 Change in Property Stolen = \$11,728 -67.45%

CONTINUED

1 OF 2

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

NATURE OF LARCENY	1974				1975				CHANGE IN NUMBER		CHANGE IN PERCENTAGE	
	NUMBER REPORTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER REPORTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	PERCENT OF TOTAL	CHANGE IN NUMBER	CHANGE IN PERCENTAGE	CHANGE IN NUMBER	CHANGE IN PERCENTAGE
Pocket-Picking	2	0.16%	24	0.02%					- 2	-100.00%		
Purse-Snatching	13	1.08%	766	0.80%	3	0.24%	404	0.39%	-10	- 76.92%		
Shoplifting	92	7.64%	2,224	2.32%	121	9.72%	2,283	2.18%	+29	+ 31.52%		
From Motor Vehicles	317	26.35%	23,762	24.86%	226	18.15%	24,373	23.29%	-91	- 28.70%		
Motor Vehicle Parts	104	8.64%	5,612	5.87%	139	11.16%	7,707	7.36%	+35	+ 33.65%		
Bicycles	191	15.87%	13,283	13.90%	278	22.33%	19,405	18.54%	+87	+ 45.55%		
From Building	311	25.85%	31,005	32.44%	322	25.86%	36,383	34.76%	+11	+ 3.53%		
Coin Operated Machines	7	0.58%	100	0.10%	4	0.32%	270	0.26%	- 3	- 42.86%		
All Other	166	13.80%	18,798	19.66%	152	12.21%	13,830	13.21%	-14	- 8.43%		
LARCENY TOTALS	1,203		95,574		1,245		104,655		+42	+ 3.49%		

1974-1975 Change in Value = \$9,081 +9.50%

Larceny, with an increase of +42 total offenses (3.49%), does not appear significant in and of itself. However, the sharp increases in theft of M/V parts, bicycles, and shoplifting should alert the administration to possible trend patterns and indicate corrective measures.

LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

STOLEN/RECOVERED PROPERTY

	YEAR	VALUE	CHANGE
Stolen	1974	336,691	
	1975	332,697	- 3,804 - 1.13%
Recovered	1974	144,163	
	1975	169,508	+25,345 +17.58%
Percent Recovered	1974	42.81%	
	1975	50.92%	+ 8.11%

NOTE: National percentage of Property Recovered for 1974 FBI statistics was 31% - 1975 State recovery rate was 40.8%.

ANALYSIS OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

	1974	1975	STOLEN	RECOVERED	PERCENT OF RECOVERY
Number	1974	1975	94	82	87.23%
			108	100	92.59%
Value	1974	1975	111,280	92,795	83.38%
			150,744	135,814	90.09%

VERIFICATION PROCEDURES

Uniformity and accuracy of crime data collected under this program is of primary concern. With the receipt of reports covering approximately 150 reporting jurisdictions within the State of Maine, the problems of attaining uniformity are readily apparent. Issuance of instructions and the training of personnel within contributing agencies does not complete the role of the Uniform Crime Reporting Division. It is standard operating procedure to examine each incoming report for mathematical accuracy and completeness, and perhaps of even greater importance, for reasonableness as a possible indication of error. Clearance factors, recovery rates and other possible benefits are scrutinized and changes are suggested to the contributors where noted. In the instance of minor mathematical corrections, the contributing agencies are either contacted by phone or in-person visitations by qualified Uniform Crime Reporting field advisors.

The possibility of duplication in crime reporting is given constant attention when reports are received and verified by internal consistency checks. If duplication is suspected, the contributing agencies are immediately contacted and the matter is resolved in accordance with existing guidelines. A continual analysis of reports is maintained to assist contributors when needed and to maintain the quality necessary for a factual and successful program. Personal visitations are made to contributors to cooperatively assist in needed revisions of records and reporting methods.

Regardless of the extent of the statistical verification processes used by the Uniform Crime Reporting Division, the accuracy of the data assembled under this program depends on the sincere effort exerted by each contributor to meet the necessary standards of reporting.

CALCULATION OF RATES, PERCENTAGES AND TRENDS

The Uniform Crime Reporting program provides data for police executives to measure local problems. To facilitate this function, the local data must be converted into terms of rates and percentages. Simple formulas are presented which may assist in these computations.

CRIME RATES

One of the most meaningful crime statistics is the crime rate. This rate is the number of Part I offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. This rate can be calculated regardless of the number of inhabitants in any city, town or county.

To compute rates, divide your communities population by 100,000 and divide the number of offenses in each class by that answer. The answer is the number of offenses in that class per 100,000 population and is your crime rate for that particular offense.

EXAMPLE:

a. Population for your jurisdiction,
75,000

b. Number of burglaries for your
jurisdiction for a year, 215

Divide: 75,000 by 100,000 = 0.75

Divide: 215 by 0.75 = 286.7

Your burglary rate is 286.7 per 100,000 inhabitants. The number 0.75 can now be divided into your totals in any offense class to produce a crime rate for that offense. This same computation can be completed to give you arrest rates per 100,000 inhabitants.

CLEARANCE RATES

The percentage of crimes cleared by arrest is obtained by dividing the number of offenses cleared by the number of offenses known. This answer is then multiplied by 100. An EXAMPLE of this calculation is:

a. Number of clearances in robbery,
38

b. Number of total robberies, 72

Divide: 38 by 72 = 0.528

Multiply: 0.528 x 100 = 52.8

Your percentage of clearance in robbery is 52.8%.

CRIME TREND DATA

Local agencies can compute crime trends for a given offense for their agency for a particular period of time. For *EXAMPLE*:

- a. Auto thefts in your jurisdiction for July through December last year were 21.
- b. Auto thefts in your jurisdiction for July through December this year were 29.

Subtract: $29 - 21 = 8$

Notice that 8 is an increase over the past year.

Divide: 8 by 21 = 0.38

Always divide the difference by the total in the earlier time period.

Multiply: $0.38 \times 100 = 38$

Your trend in auto theft is an increase of 38% for the first six months of this year as compared to the first six months of last year.

POLICE EMPLOYEE RATE

Police employee rates are expressed as a number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants of your city or town. To compute this rate, divide your population by 1,000 and divide the number of employees in your department by this number.

- a. Your jurisdiction's population
75,000
- b. Your agency's number of employees
102

Divide: $75,000 \text{ by } 1,000 = 75$

Divide: $102 \text{ by } 75 = 1.36$

Your employee rate is 1.36 employees per 1,000 inhabitants.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

Uniformity in reporting under the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System is based on the proper classification of offenses reported to or known by the police.

The adoption of the National System of Uniform Crime Reporting included the utilization of the offense classifications of that system. Law enforcement in this State has made accurate application of those classifications in the reports submitted to the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System.

In view of the need for compatibility with the National System "offenses" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "misdemeanors", "felonies" or violation of municipal ordinances.

The explanations of offense classifications may vary slightly with language used by those familiar with Maine State Law. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same between the national and state levels.

PART I OFFENSES

Offense data consists of information that has been extracted from reports of Part I crimes that have come to the attention of Maine Law Enforcement Agencies. In general, Part I crimes are those crimes that, because of their very nature, are usually reported to law enforcement agencies. Part I crimes are comprised of the following offenses.

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

1 HOMICIDE

- 1a. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter - The unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought.
- 1b. Manslaughter by negligence - The unlawful killing of a human being, by another, without malice aforethought.

General Rule - The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence. Traffic deaths, when due to the gross negligence of someone other than the victim, are classified in this category.

2 FORCIBLE RAPE

- 2a. Rape by force - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.
- 2b. Attempted forcible rape - All assaults and attempts to rape.

General Rule - FORCIBLE rape of a female - excluding carnal abuse (statutory rape) or other sex offenses.

3 ROBBERY

The felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. Includes all attempts.

- 3a. Gun - All robberies and attempted robberies involving the use of any type firearm (revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.).
- 3b. Knife or Cutting Instrument - All robberies and attempted robberies involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects (knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.).

3c. Other Dangerous Weapons - All robberies or attempted robberies when any other object or thing is used as a weapon. (This includes clubs, bricks, jack handles, bottles, explosives, acid, etc.).

3d. Strong Arm—Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc. - All robberies which include muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed to deprive the victim of his property. This is limited to hands, arms, fists, feet, etc. As in armed robbery, include all attempts.

4 ASSAULTS

An assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.

General Rule - All assaults will be classified in the following categories, excluding assaults with intent to rob or rape.

- 4a. Gun - All assaults and attempted assaults involving the use of any type of firearms (revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, pellet guns, etc.).
- 4b. Knife or Cutting Instrument - All assaults and attempted assaults, involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects (knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.).
- 4c. Other Dangerous Weapon - All assaults or attempted assaults when any other object or thing is used as a weapon (clubs, bricks, pick handles, bottles, acid, explosives, lye, poison, scalding water and cases of attempted drowning, burning, etc.).
- 4d. Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.—Aggravated - assaults which are of an aggravated nature when hands, fists, feet, etc., are used. To be classified as aggravated assault, the attack must result in serious personal injury.
- 4e. Other Assaults—Not Aggravated - All offenses of simple assault and battery.

5 BURGLARY

Breaking and Entering - Unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

General Rule - Any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling house, attached structure, public building, shop, office, factory, storehouse, apartment, house trailer (considered to be permanent structures), warehouse, mill, barn, camp, other building, ship or railroad car.

NOTE: For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, the terms Burglary and Breaking and Entering are considered synonymous. All such offenses and attempts are scored as Burglary. Do not score the larceny. Breaking and Entering of a motor vehicle is classified as a larceny for Uniform Crime Reporting purposes.

- 5a. Forcible Entry - All offenses where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid, or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the structure, is also included.
- 5b. Unlawful Entry—No Force - Any unlawful entry without any evidence of forcible entry.

5c. Attempted forcible entry - When determined that forcible entry has been attempted.

6 LARCENY-THEFT (EXCEPT AUTO THEFT)

The unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership.

General Rule - All larcenies and thefts resulting from pocket-picking, purse snatching, shoplifting, larceny from auto, larcenies of auto parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, and from coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of breaking and entering is included. Embezzlement, larceny by bailee, fraud or bad check cases are excluded.

7 MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle.

General Rule - This classification includes the thefts or attempted theft of a motor vehicle which, for Uniform Crime Reporting designation, is described as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface and not on rails. Excludes reported offenses where there is a lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation or unauthorized use by others with lawful access to the vehicle (chauffeur, employees, etc.). Includes "Joy riding". Excluded from this category are airplanes, boats, farm equipment and heavy construction vehicles, which are scored in the larceny category.

PART II OFFENSES

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System requires information on persons arrested and charged by municipal, county and state agencies on a monthly basis.

In compiling data for the Monthly Returns, the violations of municipal ordinances as well as state laws are to be included.

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

8 OTHER ASSAULTS

This class is comprised of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature. These "Other Assaults" are also scored on ME. UCR-1 under item 4e as an offense known to Police. However, for the purpose of this return arrests for this offense are scored in this class.

9 ARSON

Include all arrests for violations of state laws and municipal ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson.

Include: Any willful or malicious burning to defraud, a dwelling house, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building or any building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft; contents of buildings, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fences, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, cranberry bogs, marshes, meadows etc.

In the event of a death from arson, the offense would be classified as murder and if personal injury results, the offense would be classified as assault, (4c).

10 FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING

In this class place all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true.

Include: Altering or forging public or other records. Making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tickets, checks, credit cards etc.

Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, checks, etc.

Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeiting instruments.

Signing the name of another or fictitious person with intent to defraud.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

11 FRAUD

Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Includes bad checks, confidence games etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

12 EMBEZZLEMENT

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control.

13 STOLEN PROPERTY; BUYING, RECEIVING, POSSESSING

Include in this class all offenses of buying, receiving, and possession of stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

14 VANDALISM

Include in this class all willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control, by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by law or ordinance. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property.

15 WEAPONS; CARRYING, POSSESSING ETC.

This class deals with violations of weapons laws such as:

Manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons.

Carrying deadly weapons.

Furnishing deadly weapons to minors.

Aliens possessing deadly weapons.

All attempts to commit the above.

16 PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE

Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as:

Prostitution

Keeping bawdyhouse, disorderly house, or house of ill repute.

Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes etc.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

17 SEX OFFENSES

Except forcible rape, prostitution and commercialized vice. Include offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like.

Adultery and fornication

Buggery

Incest

Indecent exposure

Sodomy

Statutory Rape-(No Force)

All attempts to commit any of the above.

18 NARCOTIC DRUG LAWS

Narcotic drug law arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Include all arrests for violations of state and local ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Make the following subdivisions of narcotic drug law arrests.

Opium or cocaine and their derivatives morphine, heroin, codeine.

Marijuana.

Synthetic narcotics, manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction. Demerol, methadones.

Dangerous non-narcotic drugs
Barbiturates, benzedrine.

19 GAMBLING

All charges which relate to promoting, permitting or engaging in gambling. To provide a more refined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown should be furnished:

Bookmaking (Horse and sport books)

Numbers and lottery.

All other.

20 OFFENSES AGAINST THE FAMILY AND CHILDREN

Include here all charges of nonsupport and neglect or abuse of family and children.

Desertion, abandonment, or nonsupport.

Neglect or abuse of children.

Nonpayment of alimony.

21 DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE

This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs.

22 LIQUOR LAWS

With the exception of "Drunkness" (Class 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21), liquor law violations, state or local, are placed in this class. Do not include federal violations.

Include: manufacturing, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing etc.

Maintaining unlawful drinking places.

Rootlogging.

Operating still.

Furnishing liquor to a minor.

Using vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor.

23 DRUNKENNESS

Include in this class, all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21)

Drunk and disorderly.

Public intoxication.

NOTE: Although "Drunkness" and/or "Intoxication" offenses have been removed from a criminal offense category by the Maine Legislature, the category remains in the Uniform Crime Reporting Part II offenses and is to be used administratively. Persons taken into custody and/or referred to alcohol rehabilitation or "De-Tox" centers should be scored in this category by age, sex and race.

24 DISORDERLY CONDUCT

In this class, count all disorderly persons arrested except those counted in classes 1 through 23 and class 25.

25 VAGRANCY

Place in this class arrests for disorderly persons when the person is arrested for failure to give a good account of himself.

26 ALL OTHER OFFENSES

Include in this class, every other state or local offense not included in classes 1 through 25.

Abduction and compelling to marry.

Abortion (Death resulting from abortion is homicide).

Bastardy and concealing death of a bastard.

Bigamy and polygamy.

Blackmail and extortion.

Bribery.

Contempt of Court.

Discrimination, unfair competition.

Kidnapping.

Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency except as provided for in classes 1 through 29, such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices, admitting minors to improper places, etc.

Perjury and subornation of perjury.

Possession, repair, manufacture, etc., of burglar's tools.

Possession or sale of obscene literature, unlawful use, possession, etc., of explosives, etc.

27 SUSPICION (NOT REPORTED IN MAINE)

28 CURFEW AND LOITERING LAWS (JUVENILES)
Count all arrests made for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances.

29 RUNAWAY (JUVENILES)

Count arrests made by other jurisdictions of runaways from your jurisdiction. Do not include protective custody actions with respect to runaways you take for other jurisdictions. Count only your own local cases.

HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
*Allagash PD												
Androscoggin SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Androscoggin MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Aroostook SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Aroostook MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Ashland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Auburn PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Augusta PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Baileyville PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Bangor PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bar Harbor PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bath PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Belfast PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Belgrade PD			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Berwick PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Bethel PD	x	x	x		x				x	x	x	x
Biddeford PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Bingham PD	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Boothbay Harbor PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Brewer PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bridgton PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x
*Brownville PD	x										x	x
Brunswick PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bucksport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Calais PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Camden PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Cape Elizabeth PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Caribou PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Cherryfield PD											x	
Cumberland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Cumberland SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Cumberland MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Damariscotta PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Dexter PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Dixfield PD	x	x	x	x	x					x		

x Denotes participation for the month.

* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

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JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
Dover-Foxcroft PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
East Millinocket PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Eastport PD	x	x							x	x	x	x
Eliot PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Ellsworth PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fairfield PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Falmouth PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Farmington PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fort Fairfield PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fort Kent PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Franklin SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Franklin MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Freeport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Fryeburg PD	x	x			x	x	x	x		x	x	x
Gardiner PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Gorham PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Greenville PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Hallowell PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Hampden PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Hancock PD 1												x
Hancock SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Hancock MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Houlton PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Howland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
*Indian Island PD 1												x
Jay PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Jonesport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebec SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebec MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebunk PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebunkport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kittery PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Knox SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Knox MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Lamoine PD 1											x	x
*Lebanon PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x		x
Lewiston PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

x Denotes participation for the month.

* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

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HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
Limestone PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Lincoln PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Lincoln SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Lincoln MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Lisbon PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Livermore Falls PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Lubec PD			x	x								x
*Machias PD			x	x								
Madawaska PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Madison PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Mattawamkeag PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Mechanic Falls PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Medway PD		x						x			x	
Mexico PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Millinocket PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Milo PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Mount Desert PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
New Glouster PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Newport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Norridgewock PD					x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*North Berwick PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Norway PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Oakland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Ogunquit PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Old Orchard PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Old Town PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Orono PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Oxford SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Oxford MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Paris PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Pembroke PD												
Penobscot SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Penobscot MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Phillips PD	x	x	x	x					x	x	x	
Piscataquis SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Piscataquis MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Pittsfield PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

x Denotes participation for the month.

* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
Portland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Presque Isle PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Rangeley PD	x	x	x	x								
Richmond PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Rockland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Rockport PD	x	x	x	x								
Rumford PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Sabattus PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Saco PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sagadahoc SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sagadahoc MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sanford PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Scarborough PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Searsport PD	x	x										
Skowhegan PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Somerset SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Somerset MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
South Berwick PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
South Portland PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Southwest Harbor PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Stonington PD	x		x	x								
Thomaston PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Topsham PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Union PD	x	x										
*UM, Farmington		x	x	x								
UM, Orono	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
UM, Portland/Gorham	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Van Buren PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Veazie PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Vinalhaven PD												
Waldo SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Waldo MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Waldoboro PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Washburn PD		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x
Washington SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Washington MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Waterville PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

x Denotes participation for the month.

* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
Wells PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Westbrook PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Wilton PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Winslow PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Winthrop PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Wiscasset PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Yarmouth PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*York Beach PD	x	x	x	x								
York PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
York SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
York MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

x Denotes participation for the month.

* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

1 New contributors - joining UCR late in 1975.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

STATEMENT OF POLICY

FOR THE RELEASE OF UCR STATISTICAL INFORMATION

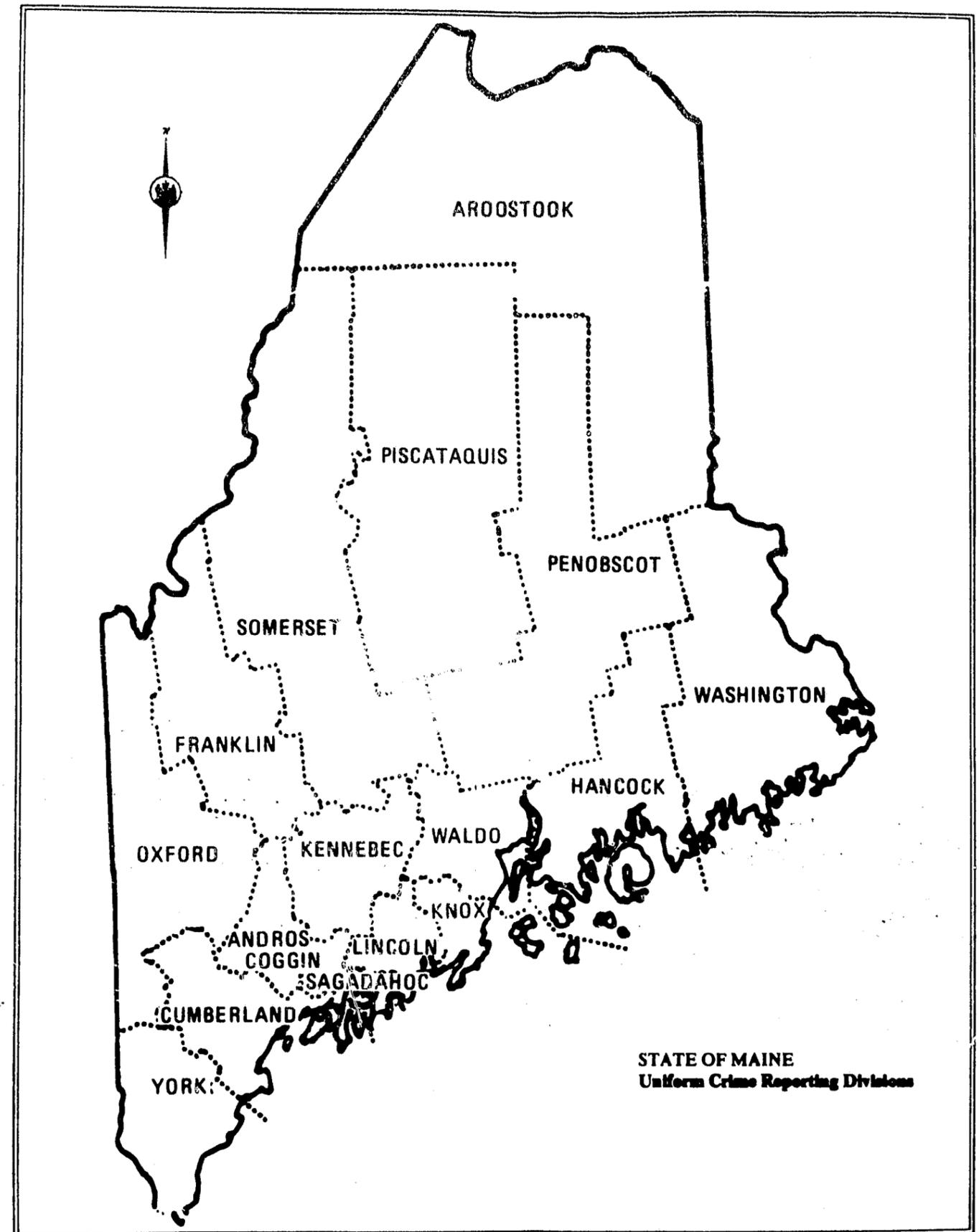
The following regulations will be observed by this agency concerning the release of Uniform Crime Reporting statistical information. Employees of this agency will observe these procedures and will not deviate from this policy without the express consent of the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division. All information to be released will originate from, and will be approved prior to being released by the Uniform Crime Reporting Division.

REGULATIONS

1. *This agency will publish an annual report reflecting crime in Maine. This report will be distributed to the Governor, to members of the Legislature, to the Attorney General, to the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency, to enforcement agencies or to any agency or committee dedicated to law enforcement or criminal justice work.*
2. *Published reports will be released to the above named agencies prior to their being released to individuals or agencies extraneous to the criminal justice community.*
3. *UCR information requests*

No person or agency will be furnished statistical information which has not previously been published, concerning any individual agency's reports without the written consent of the Chief Administrator of that Agency. The Uniform Crime Reporting Division will maintain for one year a copy of the information released along with the request and the authority for release.

- A. *Information contained in the published annual report may be released via phone, letter, etc., to any interested party.*
- B. *All requests for unpublished information from agencies or individuals should be directed by letter to the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division. These special requests will be honored only with the written consent of the agency whose statistics are requested.*
- C. *Law enforcement agencies may receive interim, unpublished, specialized reports identifying their agency only providing the request is not unreasonable. Law enforcement agencies may also receive their respective county totals along with state or district totals. All requests should be directed to the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division.*



AUTHORITY

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System Act was passed by the Special Session of the 106th Legislature and was signed into law by the Honorable GOVERNOR KENNETH M. CURTIS on February 28, 1974.

AN ACT RELATING TO THE INSTALLATION OF A UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM:

Revised Statutes., Title 25, Section 1543, amended. Section 1543 of Title 25 is amended by adding the new paragraph at the end to read as follows:

"It shall be the duty of all state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies, including those employees of the University of Maine appointed to act as policemen, to submit to the State Bureau of Identification uniform crime reports, to include such information as is necessary to establish a Criminal Justice Information System and to enable the supervisor to comply with section 1544. It shall be the duty of the Bureau to prescribe the form, general content, time and manner of submission of such uniform crime reports. The Bureau shall correlate the reports submitted to it and shall compile and submit to the Governor and Legislature annual reports based on such reports. A copy of such annual reports shall be furnished to all law enforcement agencies."

END