

MICROFICHE

TRENDS IN TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS  
1967 to 1975

By

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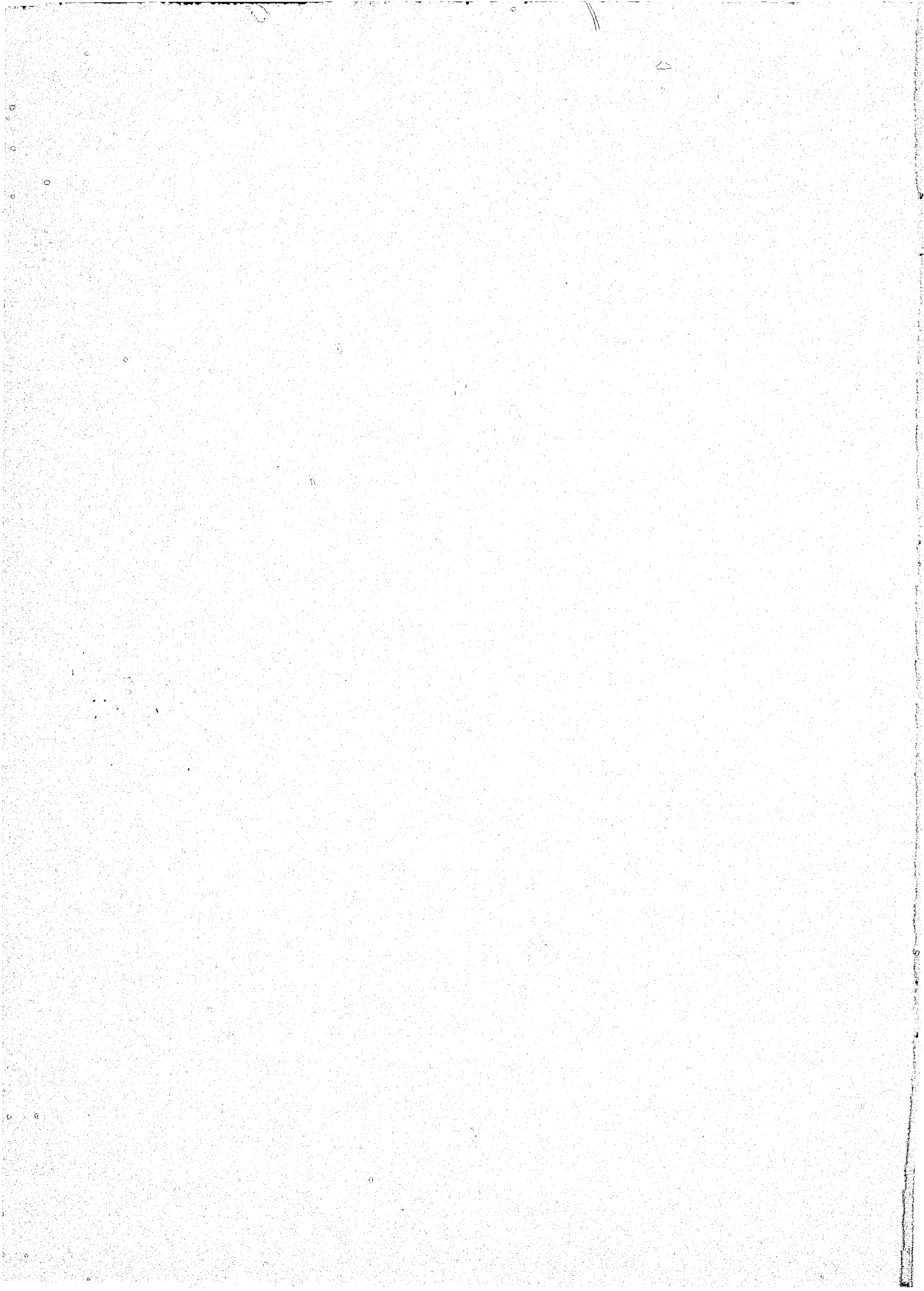
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## INTRODUCTION

Recently, proposed changes to the Training School Act (TSA) have created a widespread interest in data concerning trends in training school admissions. The present report is an attempt to satisfy the inquiries which have been made. The nature of the questions which have been asked prompted the format and the analyses which were carried out.

The temporal unit of analysis which was chosen, was the calendar year. This was done to enable comparisons with other sources of data. Data dealing with training school admissions over a fiscal year are available from the Report of the Minister which is tabled annually in the Ontario Legislature. Some deviations between these two data sets will be evident, for the decrease in training school admissions first became evident in September of 1973.

### Method:

The data presented in this report came from two sources. Much of the data for the year 1967 to 1972 was presented in a previous report (Birkenmayer and Madden, 1973). The source of these data are outlined in that report. Data for the years 1973 to 1975 were obtained from the Ministry's Juvenile Information System (JIS). In both sets of data, there were instances of missing information. Not all wards had all the information recorded for them. Consequently, the marginal total will not necessarily agree from table to table.

The data points which were used in this report are:

- 1) Act and Section under which admission order were issued. The acts are the Training School Act Sec.8 and Sec.9 and the Juvenile Delinquents Act;
- 2) Sex of ward;
- 3) Contact with Children's Aid Society (CAS) prior to first training school admission;
- 4) Age of ward at first admission;
- 5) County in which court was located.

TABLE 1

These data represent the training school admissions by TSA Sec./Act, by year. The general trend is for training school admissions to increase steadily until 1970 and decrease thereafter. The reader will note that from 1967 to 1973 the proportion of TSA Sec. 9 wards of the total population has remained relatively constant ( $\chi^2=5.497$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p>.40$ ). In 1974 a significant change in this trend became evident ( $z=3.17$ ,  $p=.0016$ ). The admissions during 1974 changed from the traditional pattern of admissions, with a much larger proportion of Sec. 9 wards having been admitted than during the previous seven years.

In order to properly evaluate the changes occurring in 1974 several factors must be considered. One is the general trend for admissions to decrease. The second is the increase in the number of children admitted under the Juvenile Delinquent Act (JDA). To control for these factors the following procedures were carried out. The JDA admissions were considered together with the TSA Sec. 8 admissions. Theoretical Sec. 8 admission figures were calculated on the basis of the average year to year change for TSA Sec. 9 admissions. The expected admissions under Sec. 8 and the JDA would be:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Expected</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Difference</u>
1973	500	513	+ 13
1974	470	371	- 99
1975	441	258	- 183

The deviations from the expected pattern of admissions were greater than chance ( $\chi^2=29.55$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.01$ ). The remaining tables in this report will explore these trends to greater detail. In all instances the patterns over the last three years (1973-1975) will be subjected to particular scrutiny.

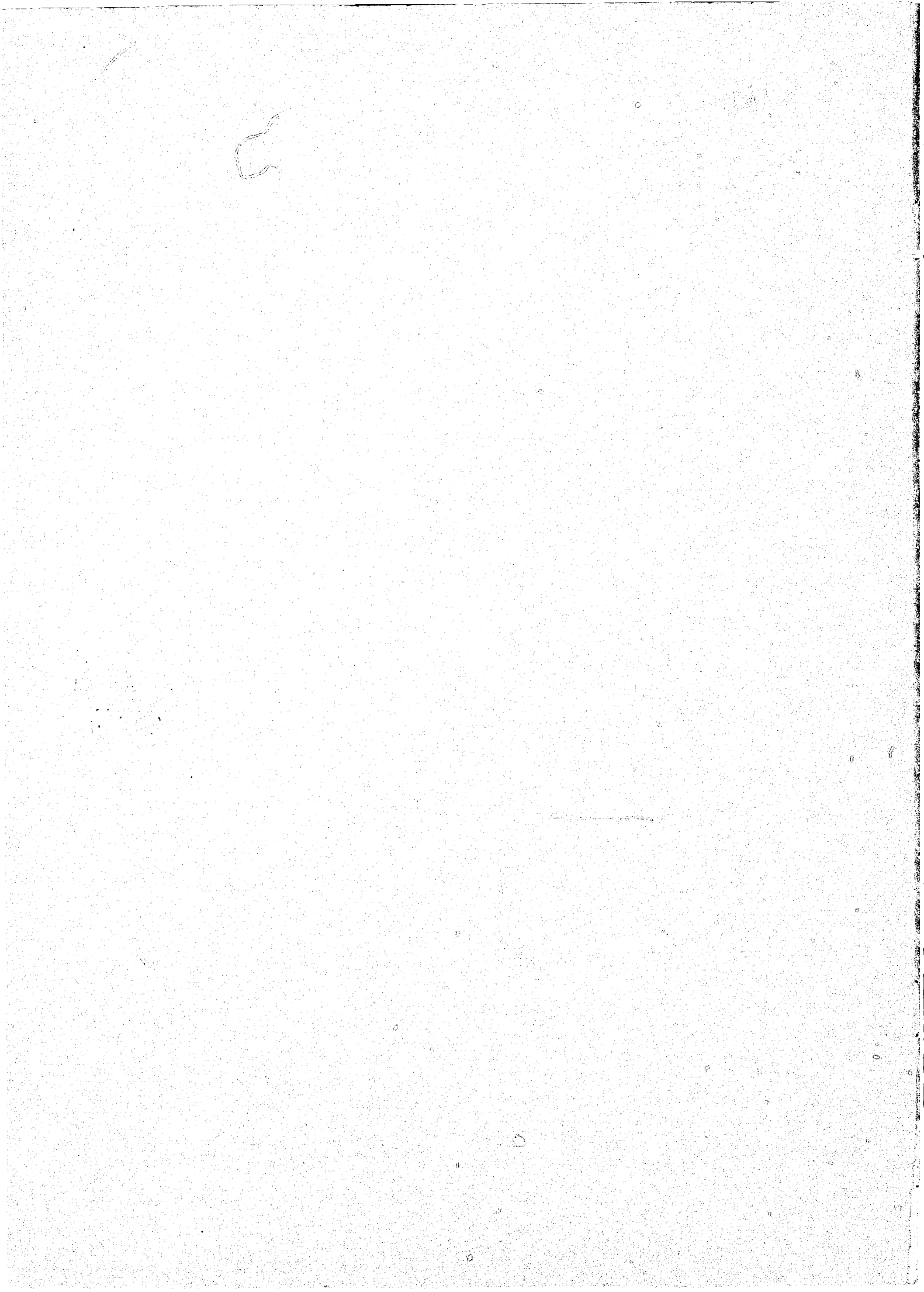


TABLE 1

ACT AND SECTION UNDER WHICH ADMITTED TO TRAINING SCHOOL

YEAR	TSA.	SEC. 8	TSA.	SEC. 9	JDA		100% =
	N	%	N	%	N	%	
1967	453	43.3	594	56.7	-	-	1047
1968	539	46.3	624	53.7	-	-	1163
1969	603	45.2	730	54.8	-	-	1333
1970	603	42.9	803	57.1	-	-	1406
1971	582	44.3	731	55.7	-	-	1313
1972	613	45.2	744	54.8	-	-	1357
1973	504	42.5	673	56.7	9	.8	1186
1974	326	32.4	634	63.1	45	4.5	1005
1975	139	16.1	608	70.2	119	13.7	866

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### TABLES 2 and 3

The data in this table are a more detailed expansion of the data presented in Table 1. Here, sex of ward is considered. During the period between 1967 and 1973 there was a tendency for female admissions to increase in relation to the number of males admitted ( $\chi^2=37.87$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.01$ ). During 1974 the proportion of females remained relatively constant, however, during 1975 there was a significant decrease in the proportion of females admitted ( $\chi^2=21.05$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.01$ ). It is evident that this change in pattern can be explained by the different legislation used to admit the wards to training school. From 1967 to 1973 there was a continuing trend to admit a larger proportion of the boys under TSA Sec. 9 ( $\chi^2=14.98$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.05$ ). This trend was continued between 1973 and 1975 ( $\chi^2=8.04$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.02$ ). On the other hand the proportion of girls admitted under TSA Sec. 8 or the JDA remained constant between 1967 and 1973 ( $\chi^2=10.54$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p>.10$ ). However, between 1973 and 1975 there was a decrease in the proportion of girls admitted under this legislation ( $\chi^2=23.29$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.01$ ). For the males there was a trend for the proportion admitted under TSA Sec. 9 to increase between 1967 and 1973 ( $\chi^2=14.98$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.05$ ) and between 1973 and 1975 ( $\chi^2=8.04$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.02$ ).

The absolute decrease in admissions in 1973 (Table 3) was 171 (12.6%). The largest component of the decrease was in Sec. 8 admissions (109, 17.8%) as compared to the Sec. 9 (71, 9.5%). Thus the rate of decrease was greater for Sec. 8 admissions than for Sec. 9 admission ( $z=4.76$ ,  $p<.001$ ). This was the case for both males ( $z=3.23$ ,  $p=.0012$ ) and females ( $z=2.15$ ,  $p=.032$ ). Yet, the rate of decrease in Sec. 8 admissions for males (44, 16.6%) was the same as for females (65, 18.7%;  $z=0.69$ ,  $p=.49$ ).

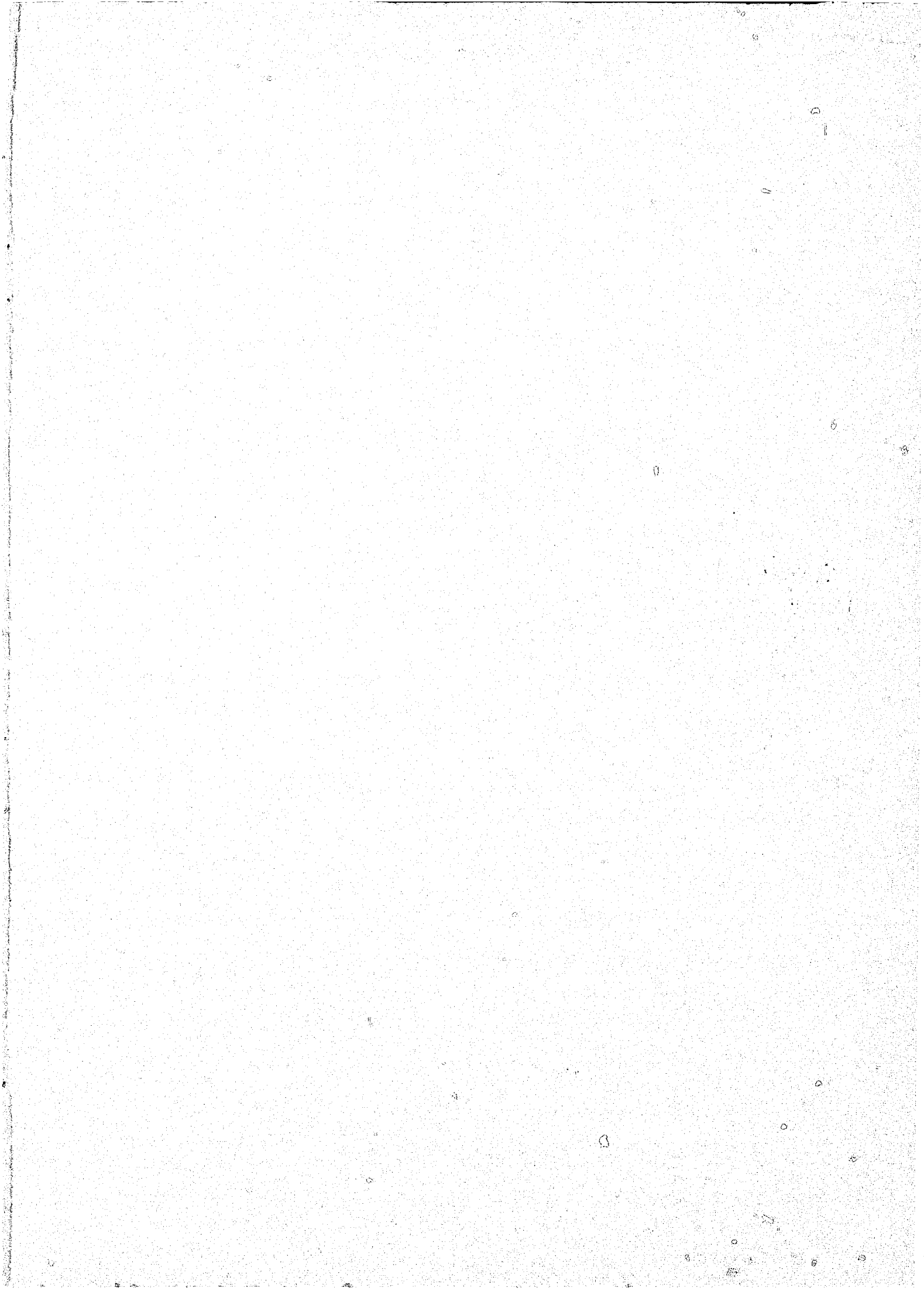


TABLE 2

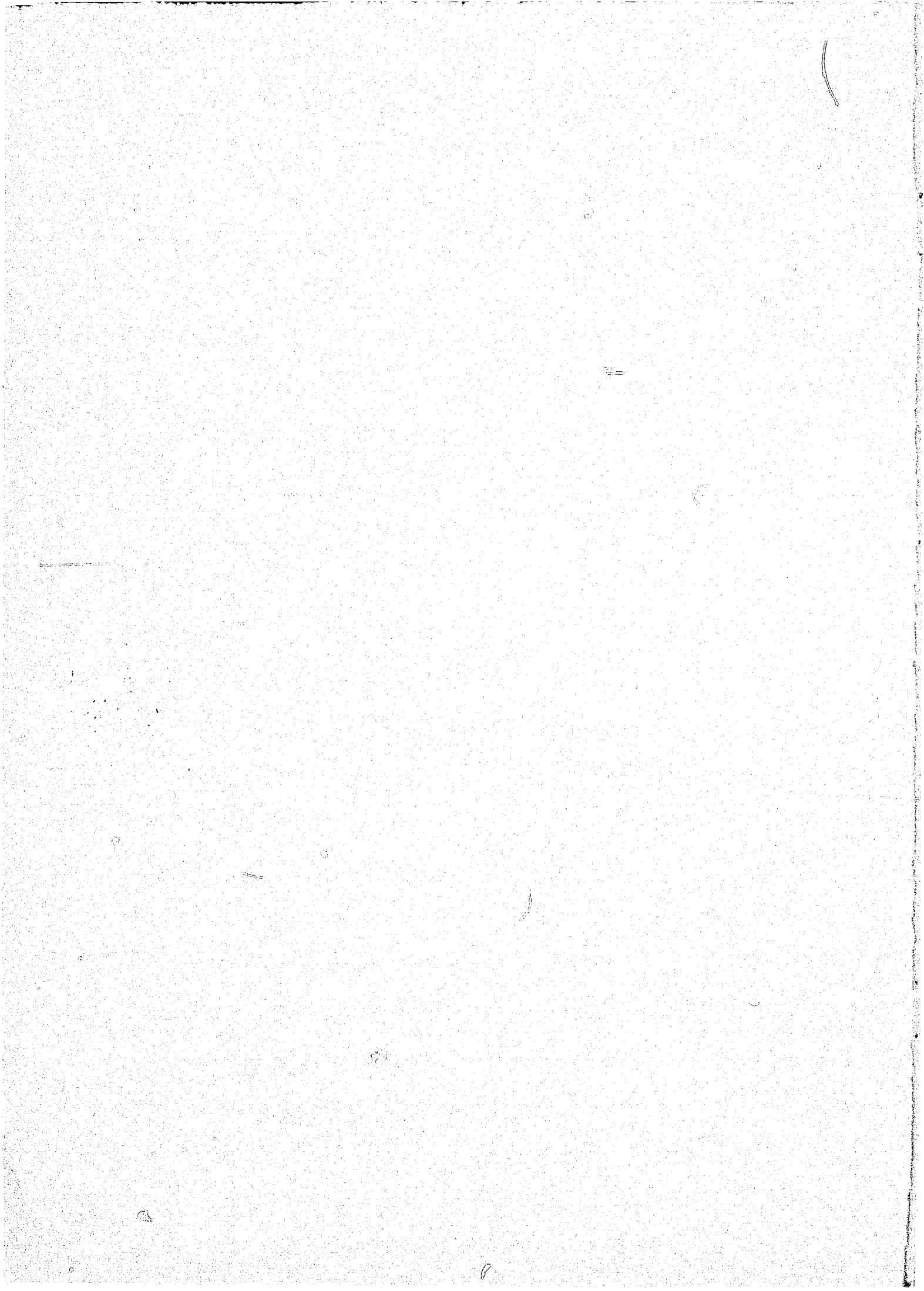
PROPORTIONS OF MALES AND FEMALES ADMITTED UNDER EACH ACT AND SECTION

YEAR	MALES				FEMALES			
	% Under SEC. 8	% Under SEC. 9	% Under JDA	TOTAL MALES	% Under SEC. 8	% Under SEC. 9	% Under JDA	TOTAL FEMALES
1967	34.8	65.2	-	797	70.4	29.6	-	250
1968	35.1	64.9	-	832	74.6	25.4	-	331
1969	33.8	66.2	-	920	70.7	29.3	-	413
1970	31.3	68.7	-	953	67.3	31.3	-	453
1971	31.2	68.8	-	917	74.7	25.3	-	396
1972	29.7	70.3	-	893	75.0	25.0	-	464
1973	27.8	71.5	.8	796	72.6	26.7	.8	390
1974	20.0	74.5	5.5	689	56.5	38.3	2.2	316
1975	8.0	78.0	14.0	659	41.5	45.4	13.0	207

TABLE 3

SEX BY ACT AND SECTION UNDER WHICH ADMITTED TO TRAINING SCHOOL

YEAR	MALES						FEMALES						100%
	TSA. SEC.8		TSA. SEC.9		JDA		TSA. SEC.8		TSA. SEC.9		JDA		
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
1967	277	26.5	520	49.7	-	-	176	16.8	74	7.1	-	-	1047
1968	292	25.1	540	46.4	-	-	247	21.2	84	7.2	-	-	1163
1969	311	23.3	609	45.7	-	-	292	21.9	121	9.1	-	-	1333
1970	298	21.2	655	46.6	-	-	305	21.7	148	10.5	-	-	1406
1971	286	21.7	631	48.1	-	-	296	22.5	100	7.6	-	-	1313
1972	265	19.5	628	46.3	-	-	348	25.6	116	8.5	-	-	1357
1973	221	18.6	569	48.0	6	.5	283	23.9	104	8.8	3	.3	1186
1974	138	13.7	513	51.0	38	3.8	188	18.7	121	12.0	7	.7	1005
1975	53	6.1	514	59.4	92	10.6	86	9.9	94	10.9	27	3.1	866



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#### TABLE 4

The major variable of concern in Table 4 is the contact that wards had with a Children's Aid Society (CAS). These wards were categorized by sex and by the legislation under which they were admitted to training school. The proportion of the wards with prior CAS involvements increased during the period between 1967 to 1973 ( $\chi^2=303.23$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.01$ ). From 1973 to 1975 there was no change in the proportion of wards with prior contacts ( $\chi^2=1.99$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p>.10$ ). Between 1967 and 1973, more males than females had CAS contacts ( $\chi^2=16.62$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.02$ ). This relationship did not change during the period 1973 to 1975.

An interesting feature of these data is that in 1973 there was an overall decrease (160, 11.9%) in training school admissions, whereas, during that year there was also an increase (108, 38.7%) in the number of wards who had prior CAS involvement. Therefore, in the real sense there was a much larger rate of decrease for the other (non-CAS) wards (279, 25.9%). In 1974 and 1975 there was a tendency for the number of wards with prior contacts to decrease. Yet, in 1975 there were still more of these wards than there were in 1972 which was one of the peak years in terms of training school admissions.

From 1967 to 1973 the majority of youths with prior CAS contacts were admitted under TSA Sec. 8. For the males there was a trend for the proportion admitted under Sec. 8 to decrease ( $\chi^2=16.27$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.05$ ). This trend was not evident for the females ( $\chi^2=4.62$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p>.50$ ). From 1973 to 1975 the trend for the increased admission of boys under Sec. 9 continued ( $\chi^2=19.55$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.01$ ). Similarly the ratio of girls admitted under Sec. 8 decreased during the period 1973 to 1975 ( $\chi^2=9.20$ ,  $df=2$ ,  $p<.02$ ). The increased use of the JDA and TSA Sec. 9 would seem to offset the use of TSA Sec. 8. Over the last three years the proportion of wards with prior CAS contact had remained constant even though there was a decrease in the absolute numbers of wards admitted to training school.

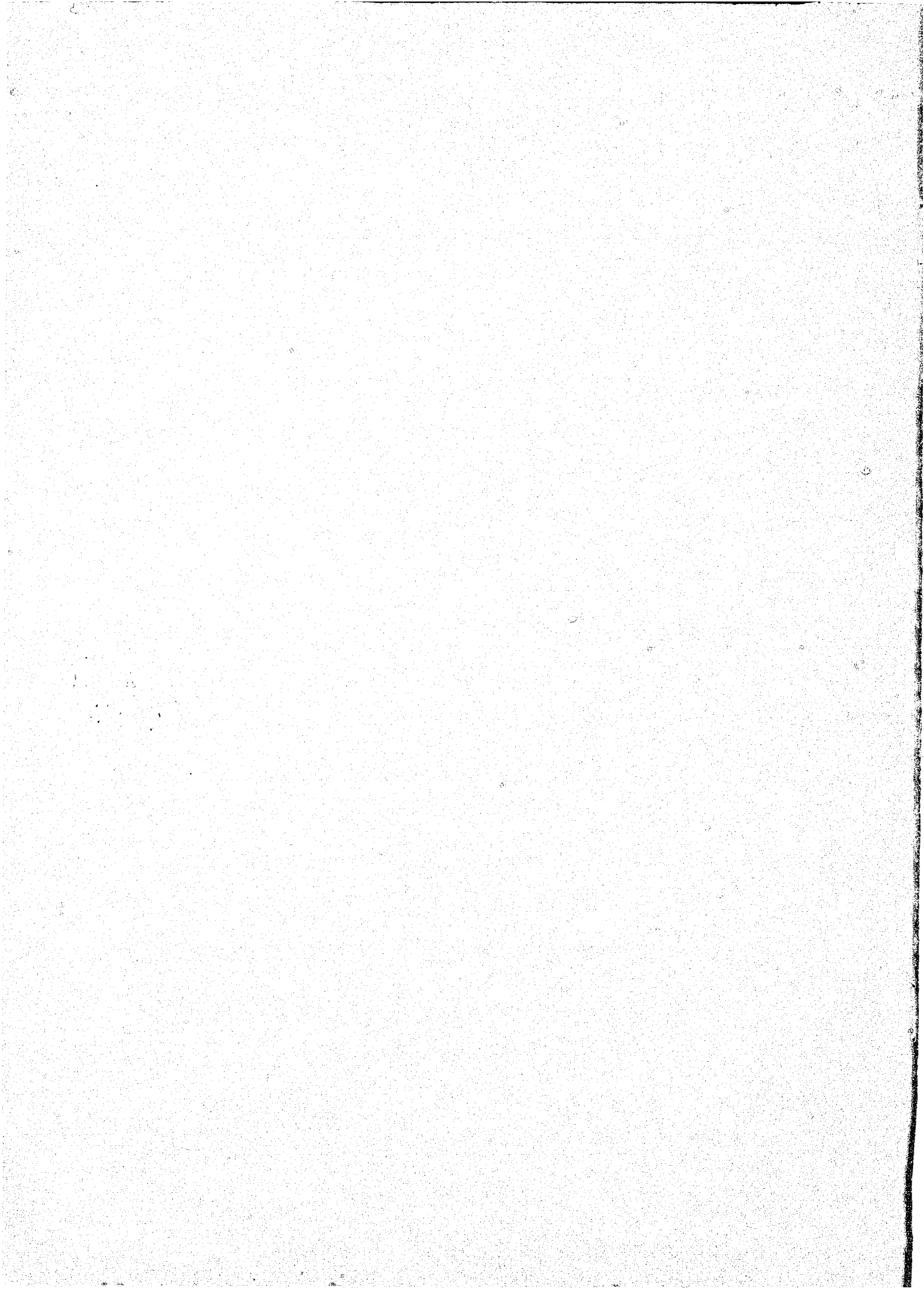




TABLE 4

PRIOR CAS CONTACT BY SEX AND ACT AND SECTION

YEAR	MALES						FEMALES						TOTAL CAS CONTACTS	% OF TOTAL ADMISSIONS
	TSA. SEC. 8		TSA. SEC. 9		JDA		TSA. SEC. 8		TSA. SEC. 9		JDA			
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
1967	59	42.1	34	24.3	-	-	38	27.1	9	6.4	-	-	140	13.4
1968	52	37.1	35	25.0	-	-	48	34.3	5	3.6	-	-	140	12.0
1969	74	42.5	39	22.4	-	-	50	28.7	11	6.3	-	-	174	13.1
1970	56	36.1	41	26.5	-	-	50	32.3	8	5.2	-	-	155	11.0
1971	69	34.2	58	28.7	-	-	58	28.7	17	8.4	-	-	202	15.4
1972	69	24.7	72	25.8	-	-	112	40.1	26	9.3	-	-	279	20.6
1973	101	26.1	118	30.5	5	1.3	134	34.6	28	7.2	1	.3	387	32.6
1974	61	17.1	127	35.7	11	3.1	119	33.4	36	10.1	2	.6	356	35.3
1975	25	8.4	140	46.8	25	8.4	61	20.4	36	12.0	12	4.0	299	34.5

TABLES 5 to 8

These tables show the age of the ward at first admission to training school. Generally, it appeared that there was a tendency between 1967 and 1973 for boys to be admitted at an increasingly older age. In order to evaluate this trend, the data were collapsed into two groups. The two groups consisted of all wards who were 13 years old or younger, and those who were 14 or 15 on admission. There was a definite tendency for the age of boys to increase between 1967 and 1973 ( $\chi^2=88.69$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.001$ ). There was no such trend evident for the girls ( $\chi^2=8.228$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p>.20$ ). There were no changes in these trends between 1973 and 1975.

One of the features of TSA Sec. 8 was that there was no lower age limit governing admission to training school. Thus, in 1967 over half of the boys admitted under Sec. 8 were 13 or younger. However, between 1967 and 1973 there was a tendency for the proportion of younger boys admitted under Sec. 8 to decrease ( $\chi^2=49.96$ ,  $df=6$ ,  $p<.001$ ). In actual fact, this trend was marked by two distinct steps. First there was a reduction in 1968 ( $z=3.26$ ,  $p=.0012$ ); next there was a marked reduction in 1972 ( $z=2.57$ ,  $p=.01$ ). There were no changes in pattern in the period between 1968 to 1971 ( $\chi^2=1.85$ ,  $df=3$ ,  $p>.50$ ) or from 1972 to 1975 ( $\chi^2=1.75$ ,  $df=3$ ,  $p>.50$ ). The year 1972 also marked a decrease in the proportion of younger girls admitted under Sec. 8. There were no changes in the proportions of younger girls admitted between 1967 and 1971 ( $\chi^2=2.62$ ,  $df=3$ ,  $p>.30$ ) and between 1972 and 1975 ( $\chi^2=0.15$ ,  $df=3$ ,  $p>.90$ ). There was, however, a marked change between 1971 and 1972 ( $z=2.54$ ,  $p=.014$ ). It is difficult to understand why there was such a marked drop of younger wards in 1972, for 1972 marked the peak of Sec. 8 admissions. Including the JDA admissions with the Sec. 8 admissions did not alter these patterns.

The age distribution of boys admitted under TSA Sec. 9 had some similarity to the pattern shown with Sec. 8 admissions. However, there was a reliable decrease in the proportion of boys 13 years and under at admission in 1968 ( $z=2.82$ ,  $p=.005$ ). From 1968 to 1975 there was no change in the age distribution for Sec. 9 boys ( $\chi^2=10.32$ ,  $df=7$ ,  $p>.10$ ). There was also no change in the age pattern for girls admitted to training school under TSA Sec. 9 ( $\chi^2=2.99$ ,  $df=8$ ,  $p>.90$ ).

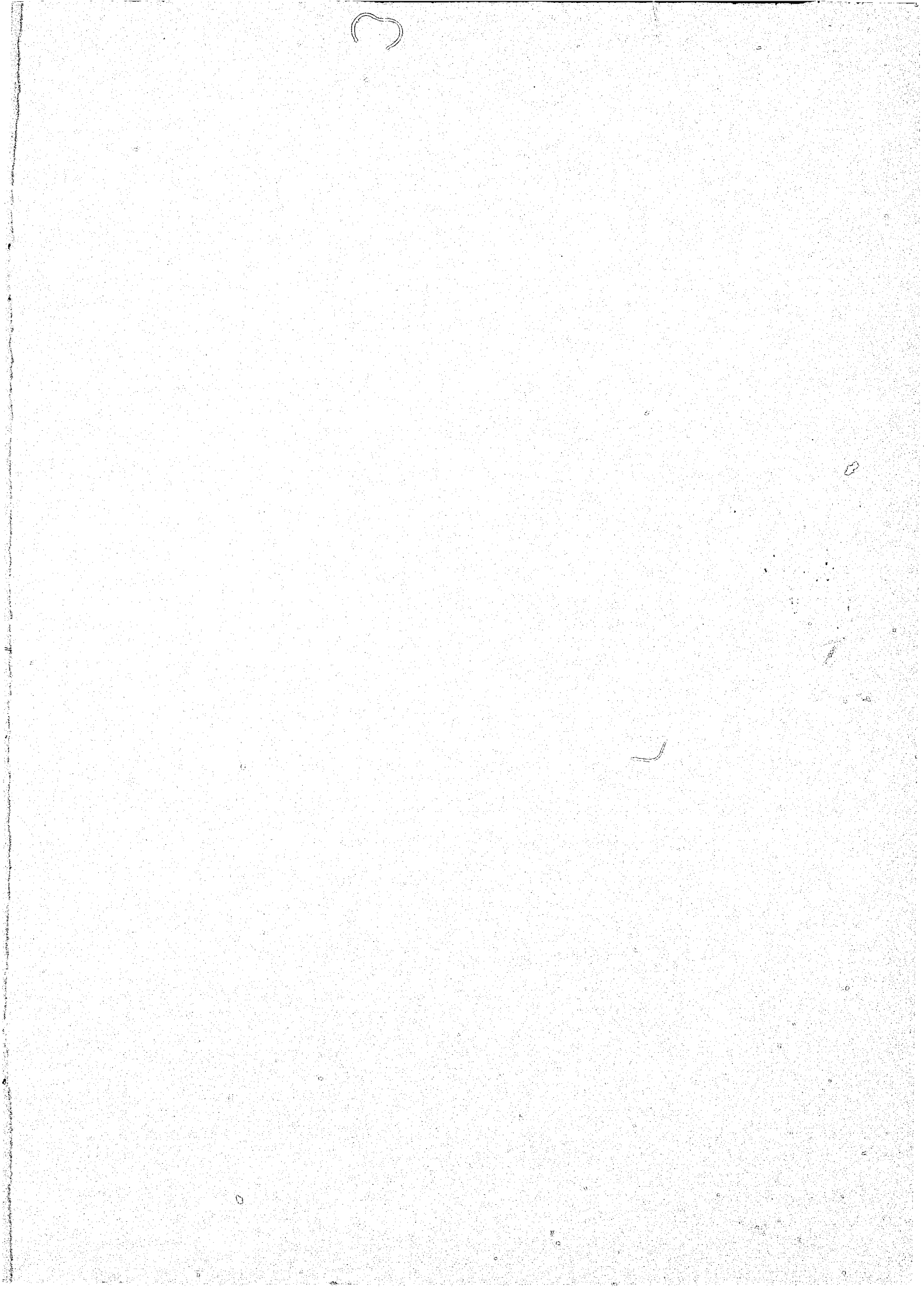


TABLE 5

AGE DISTRIBUTION OF WARDS ADMITTED TO TRAINING SCHOOLS

YEAR	MALES						FEMALES						TOTAL MALES & FEMALES
	Under 11	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	Under 11	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	
1967	69	79	149	218	278	793	3	11	39	81	110	244	1037
1968	46	65	121	244	351	827	7	21	38	112	152	330	1157
1969	62	60	127	262	401	912	1	17	56	117	221	412	1324
1970	50	70	130	262	434	946	3	22	62	164	197	448	1394
1971	35	61	127	246	447	916	-	12	64	128	190	394	1310
1972	29	37	101	249	471	887	5	15	50	153	235	458	1345
1973	34	38	101	237	385	795	1	14	45	143	187	390	1185
1974	11	41	87	196	354	689	2	11	39	108	155	315	1004
1975	17	32	83	182	345	659	2	5	27	73	100	207	866

TABLE 6

AGE DISTRIBUTION OF WARDS ADMITTED TO TRAINING SCHOOL UNDER SEC. 8

YEAR	MALES						FEMALES						TOTAL MALES & FEMALES
	Under 11	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	Under 11	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	
1967	69	20	51	62	72	274	3	6	28	50	85	172	446
1968	46	20	44	66	116	292	7	14	30	82	113	246	538
1969	62	22	37	67	119	307	1	10	37	89	155	292	599
1970	50	27	40	63	116	296	3	16	43	111	129	302	598
1971	35	18	46	70	116	285	-	9	49	95	141	294	579
1972	29	10	26	73	124	262	5	7	31	118	181	342	604
1973	30	9	23	67	92	221	1	8	28	97	149	283	504
1974	6	13	15	38	66	138	2	4	19	67	95	187	325
1975	5	4	8	18	18	53	2	3	7	31	43	86	139

TABLE 7

AGE DISTRIBUTION OF WARDS ADMITTED TO TRAINING SCHOOL UNDER SEC.9

YEAR	MALES					FEMALES					TOTAL
	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	12	13	14	15	TOTAL	BOYS & GIRLS
1967	59	98	156	206	519	5	11	31	25	72	591
1968	45	77	178	235	535	7	8	30	39	84	619
1969	38	90	195	282	605	7	19	28	66	120	725
1970	43	90	199	318	650	6	19	53	68	146	796
1971	43	81	176	331	631	3	15	33	49	100	731
1972	27	75	176	347	625	8	19	35	54	116	741
1973	29	78	169	292	568	6	15	45	38	104	672
1974	27	68	147	271	513	6	19	39	57	121	634
1975	26	67	136	285	514	2	14	33	45	94	608

TABLE 8

AGE DISTRIBUTION OF WARDS ADMITTED TO TRAINING SCHOOL UNDER THE JDA

YEAR	MALES						FEMALES						TOTAL
	Under 11	12	13	14	15+	TOTAL	Under 11	12	13	14	15+	TOTAL	MALES & FEMALES
1973	4	-	-	1	1	6	-	-	2	1	-	3	9
1974	5	1	4	11	17	38	-	1	1	2	3	7	45
1975	12	2	8	28	42	92	-	-	6	9	12	27	119

TABLES 9 to 14

These tables show training school admissions by year, by county, by sex and by legislation under which admitted. Only data pertaining to 1971 to 1975 were included. The marginal totals of these tables will not necessarily agree with the totals of the previous tables. The county was not available for all wards. No statistical analyses were carried out for these tables. Any analysis would be difficult if not impossible to interpret properly on the basis of the data which are available.

Table 14 shows the 1971 training school admissions by sex per 10,000 children for each judicial district in Ontario. Statistics Canada data tables were consulted for the population by age groups and sex in the judicial counties for census year 1971. Since the age groups used included five to nine years, 10 to 14 years and 15 to 19 years, the census figures given consisted of children not eligible for training school. The 15 to 19 year age group was adjusted to give an estimated number of children who were 15 years old at that time. The figures were totalled to give an estimated number of males and females between 5 and 15 years old in each judicial district. The populations were compared to the number of training school admissions to show the number of admissions per 10,000 children.



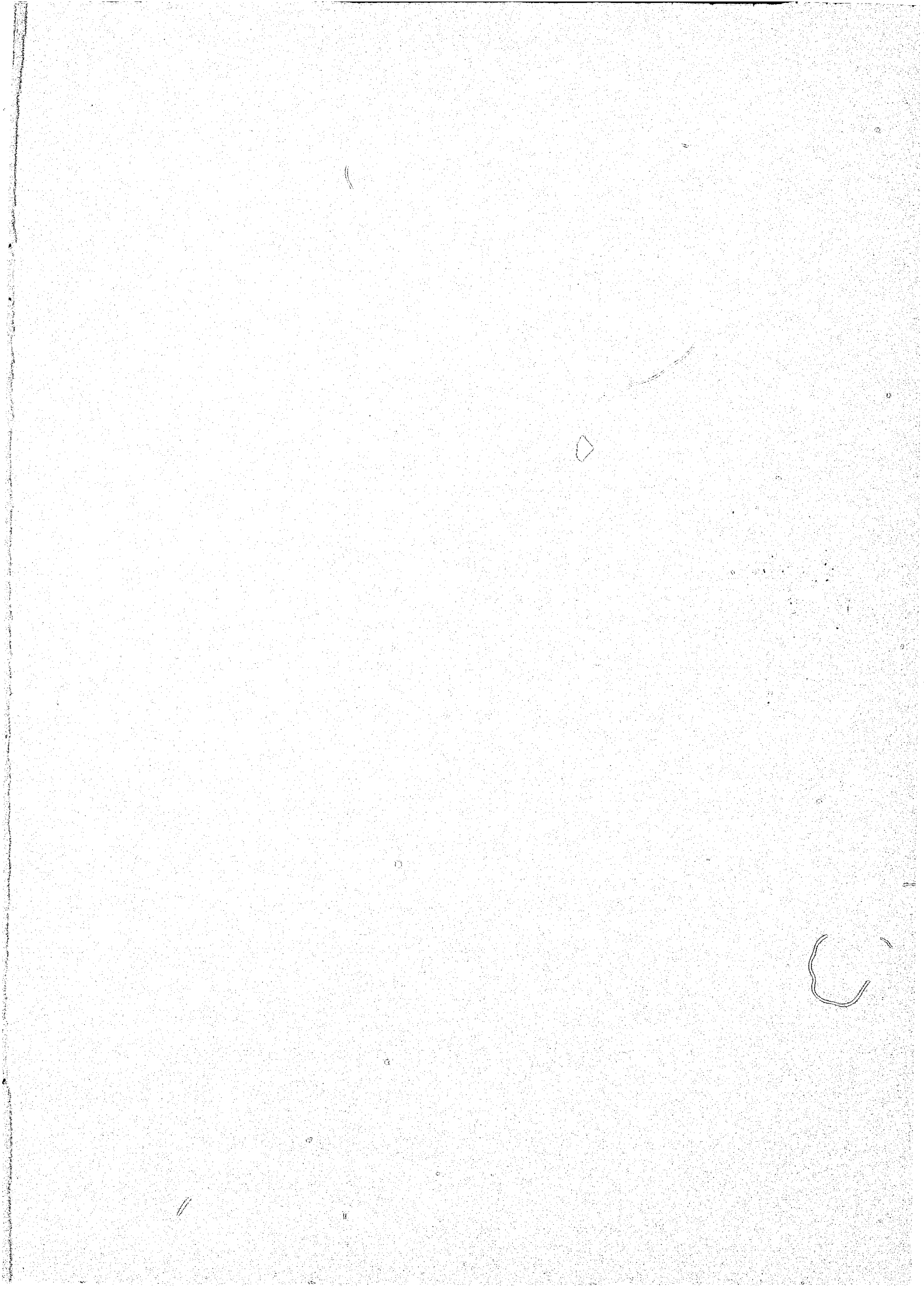


TABLE 9

## TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSION BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT FOR 1971

COUNTY/DISTRICT	MALES						FEMALES						100% =
	TSA.	SEC.8	TSA.	SEC.9	JDA		TSA.	SEC.8	TSA.	SEC.9	JDA		
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Municipality of Metro Toronto	46	15.1	161	53.0	-	-	61	20.1	36	11.8	-	-	304
Reg. Municipality of Niagara	24	19.5	61	49.6	-	-	23	18.7	15	12.2	-	-	123
Reg. Mun. of Ottawa-Carleton	15	23.8	31	49.2	-	-	15	23.8	2	3.2	-	-	63
Brant	7	18.0	21	53.9	-	-	9	23.1	2	5.1	-	-	39
Bruce	1	7.7	9	69.2	-	-	3	23.1	-	-	-	-	13
Dufferin	-	-	6	75.0	-	-	2	25.0	-	-	-	-	8
Elgin	3	15.0	9	45.0	-	-	6	30.0	2	10.0	-	-	20
Essex	2	5.4	25	67.6	-	-	9	24.3	1	2.7	-	-	37
Frontenac	9	37.5	8	33.3	-	-	6	25.0	1	4.2	-	-	24
Grey	1	16.7	5	83.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Haldimand	6	66.7	2	22.2	-	-	1	11.1	-	-	-	-	9
Provisional County of Haliburton	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	2	66.7	-	-	-	-	3
Halton	19	35.2	17	31.5	-	-	16	29.6	2	3.7	-	-	54
Hastings	6	24.0	9	36.0	-	-	9	36.0	1	4.0	-	-	25
Huron	-	-	2	66.7	-	-	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	3
Kent	2	13.3	8	53.3	-	-	4	26.7	1	6.7	-	-	15
Lambton	5	22.7	9	40.9	-	-	7	31.8	1	4.6	-	-	22
Lanark	4	33.3	6	50.0	-	-	2	16.7	-	-	-	-	12
United Counties of Leeds and Grenville	-	-	3	50.0	-	-	2	33.3	1	16.7	-	-	6
Lennox and Addington	1	33.3	2	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Middlesex	4	21.1	11	57.9	-	-	4	21.1	-	-	-	-	19
Norfolk	5	45.5	2	18.2	-	-	4	36.4	-	-	-	-	11



TABLE 10

## TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT FOR 1972

COUNTY/DISTRICT	MALES						FEMALES						100% =								
	TSA.		SEC.8		TSA.		SEC.9		JDA		TSA.			SEC.8		TSA.		SEC.9		JDA	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Municipality of Metro Toronto	36	12.4	153	52.8	-	-	54	18.6	47	16.2	-	-									290
Reg. Municipality of Niagara	12	16.9	37	52.1	-	-	20	28.2	2	2.8	-	-									71
Reg. Mun. of Ottawa-Carleton	8	11.0	40	54.8	-	-	22	30.1	3	4.1	-	-									73
Brant	5	27.8	8	44.4	-	-	5	27.8	-	-	-	-									18
Bruce	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	66.7	-	-									3
Dufferin	1	25.0	1	25.0	-	-	1	25.0	1	25.0	-	-									4
Elgin	2	28.6	3	42.9	-	-	1	14.3	1	14.3	-	-									7
Essex	1	3.2	13	41.9	-	-	15	48.4	2	6.5	-	-									31
Frontenac	7	46.7	3	20.0	-	-	5	33.3	-	-	-	-									15
Grey	1	14.3	4	57.1	-	-	1	14.3	1	14.3	-	-									7
Haldimand	4	57.1	2	28.6	-	-	1	14.3	-	-	-	-									7
Provisional County of Haliburton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									-
Halton	11	19.0	24	41.4	-	-	19	32.8	4	6.9	-	-									58
Hastings	9	36.0	10	40.0	-	-	6	24.0	-	-	-	-									25
Huron	1	50.0	1	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									2
Kent	3	13.6	15	68.2	-	-	4	18.2	-	-	-	-									22
Lambton	1	3.9	12	46.2	-	-	8	30.8	5	19.2	-	-									26
Lanark	1	10.0	4	40.0	-	-	5	50.0	-	-	-	-									10
United Counties of Leeds and Grenville	1	5.9	11	64.7	-	-	3	17.7	2	11.8	-	-									17
Lennox and Addington	1	50.0	1	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									2
Middlesex	5	10.4	28	58.3	-	-	11	22.9	4	8.3	-	-									48
Norfolk	2	20.0	5	50.0	-	-	3	30.0	-	-	-	-									10

United Counties of Northumberland and Durham	3	75.0	-	-	-	-	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	4
Ontario	13	41.9	6	19.4	-	-	11	35.5	1	3.2	-	-	31
Oxford	3	25.0	6	50.0	-	-	3	25.0	-	-	-	-	12
Peel	9	18.0	24	48.0	-	-	10	20.0	7	14.0	-	-	50
Perth	1	14.3	4	57.1	-	-	-	-	2	28.6	-	-	7
Peterborough	2	13.3	9	60.0	-	-	3	20.0	1	6.7	-	-	15
United Counties of Prescott and Russell	3	60.0	-	-	-	-	2	40.0	-	-	-	-	5
Prince Edward	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renfrew	12	33.3	13	36.1	-	-	10	27.8	1	2.8	-	-	36
Simcoe	16	32.7	13	26.5	-	-	19	38.8	1	2.0	-	-	49
United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	3	18.8	8	50.0	-	-	4	25.0	1	6.3	-	-	16
Victoria	2	25.0	2	50.0	-	-	1	12.5	1	12.5	-	-	8
Waterloo	7	25.0	15	53.6	-	-	6	21.4	-	-	-	-	28
Wellington	2	13.3	6	40.0	-	-	5	33.3	2	13.3	-	-	15
Wentworth	12	26.1	18	39.1	-	-	15	32.6	1	2.2	-	-	46
York Excluding Metropolitan Toronto Area	6	24.0	8	32.0	-	-	9	36.0	2	8.0	-	-	25
Algoma	3	7.3	22	53.7	-	-	15	36.6	1	2.4	-	-	41
Cochrane	4	12.5	15	46.9	-	-	7	21.9	6	18.8	-	-	32
Kenora	10	25.6	18	46.2	-	-	5	12.8	6	15.4	-	-	39
Manitoulin	2	25.0	5	62.5	-	-	1	12.5	-	-	-	-	8
Muskoka	3	30.0	6	60.0	-	-	-	-	1	10.0	-	-	10
Nipissing	5	31.3	5	31.3	-	-	5	31.3	1	6.3	-	-	16
Parry Sound	6	75.0	2	25.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Rainy River	-	-	5	71.4	-	-	1	14.3	1	14.3	-	-	7
Sudbury	4	21.1	6	31.6	-	-	9	47.4	-	-	-	-	19
Thunder Bay	14	21.9	28	43.8	-	-	17	26.6	5	7.8	-	-	64
Timiskaming	6	35.3	5	29.4	-	-	5	29.4	1	5.9	-	-	17
"States and Other"	1	20.0	2	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

TABLE 11

## TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT FOR 1973

COUNTY/DISTRICT	MALES						FEMALES						100% =								
	TSA.		SEC.8		TSA.		SEC.9		JDA		TSA.			SEC.8		TSA.		SEC.9		JDA	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Mun. of Metro Toronto and York	36	12.6	147	51.6	5	1.8	41	14.4	54	19.0	2	.7									285
Reg. Municipality of Niagara	12	26.1	25	54.4	-	-	7	15.2	2	4.4	-	-									46
Reg. Mun. of Ottawa-Carleton	8	19.1	14	33.3	-	-	19	45.2	1	2.4	-	-									42
Brant	-	-	3	50.0	-	-	3	50.0	-	-	-	-									6
Bruce	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-									1
Dufferin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									-
Elgin	-	-	3	75.0	-	-	1	25.0	-	-	-	-									4
Essex	7	16.3	24	55.8	-	-	7	16.3	4	9.3	1	2.3									43
Frontenac	1	20.0	2	40.0	1	20.0	-	-	1	20.0	-	-									5
Grey	-	-	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									4
Haldimand and Norfolk	1	11.1	6	66.7	-	-	2	22.2	-	-	-	-									9
Provisional County of Haliburton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									-
Halton	11	22.9	13	27.1	-	-	23	47.9	1	2.1	-	-									48
Hastings	6	31.6	6	31.6	-	-	6	31.6	1	5.3	-	-									19
Huron	2	66.7	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									3
Kent	1	4.8	15	71.4	-	-	5	23.8	-	-	-	-									21
Lambton	4	28.6	7	50.0	-	-	2	14.3	1	7.1	-	-									14
Lanark	3	17.7	9	52.9	-	-	4	23.5	1	5.9	-	-									17
United Counties of Leeds and Grenville	4	36.4	3	27.3	-	-	3	27.3	1	9.1	-	-									11
Lennox and Addington	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									4
Middlesex	5	16.1	20	64.5	-	-	4	12.9	2	6.5	-	-									31
Norfolk	See Haldimand		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									-

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United Counties of Northumberland and Durham	18	32.1	14	25.0	-	-	24	42.9	-	-	-	-	56
Ontario	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oxford	3	25.0	6	50.0	-	-	3	25.0	-	-	-	-	12
Peel	6	10.2	35	59.3	-	-	9	15.3	9	15.3	-	-	59
Perth	2	20.0	6	60.0	-	-	1	10.0	1	10.0	-	-	10
Peterborough	2	20.0	6	60.0	-	-	2	20.0	-	-	-	-	10
United Counties of Prescott and Russell	2	28.6	3	42.9	-	-	2	28.6	-	-	-	-	7
Prince Edward	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Renfrew	4	16.7	14	58.3	-	-	5	20.8	1	4.2	-	-	24
Simcoe	18	36.7	14	28.6	-	-	16	32.7	1	2.0	-	-	49
United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	2	18.2	3	27.3	-	-	6	54.6	-	-	-	-	11
Victoria	1	33.3	2	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Waterloo	1	14.3	5	71.4	-	-	1	14.3	-	-	-	-	7
Wellington	-	-	9	75.0	-	-	2	16.7	1	8.3	-	-	12
Wentworth	13	25.5	21	41.2	-	-	16	31.4	1	2.0	-	-	51
York Excluding Metropolitan Toronto Area	See Metropolitan Toronto				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Algoma	3	7.9	24	63.2	-	-	7	18.4	4	10.5	-	-	38
Cochrane	2	6.1	17	51.5	-	-	9	27.3	5	15.2	-	-	33
Kenora	6	20.0	16	53.3	-	-	4	13.3	4	13.3	-	-	30
Manitoulin	-	-	5	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Muskoka	2	15.4	8	61.5	-	-	3	23.1	-	-	-	-	13
Nipissing	2	14.3	5	35.7	-	-	3	21.4	4	28.6	-	-	14
Parry Sound	-	-	9	69.2	-	-	4	30.8	-	-	-	-	13
Rainy River	1	12.5	4	50.0	-	-	3	37.5	-	-	-	-	8
Sudbury	6	24.0	10	40.0	-	-	9	36.0	-	-	-	-	25
Thunder Bay	13	20.3	25	39.1	-	-	23	35.9	3	4.7	-	-	64
Timiskaming	7	53.9	5	38.5	-	-	1	7.7	-	-	-	-	13
"States and Other"	2	40.0	1	20.0	-	-	2	40.0	-	-	-	-	5

TABLE 12

## TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT FOR 1974

COUNTY/DISTRICT	MALES						FEMALES						100% =								
	TSA.		SEC.8		TSA.		SEC.9		JDA		TSA.			SEC.8		TSA.		SEC.9		JDA	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Mun. of Metro Toronto and York	13	5.9	115	51.8	20	9.0	20	9.0	48	21.6	6	2.7	222								
Reg. Municipality of Niagara (Lincoln and Welland)	1	2.0	31	62.0	-	-	14	28.0	4	8.0	-	-	50								
Reg. Mun. of Ottawa-Carleton	8	25.8	19	61.3	2	6.5	-	-	1	3.2	1	3.2	31								
Brant	2	10.5	6	31.6	2	10.5	6	31.6	3	15.8	-	-	19								
Bruce	1	33.3	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	1	33.3	-	-	3								
Dufferin	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1								
Elgin	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1								
Essex	2	6.9	13	44.8	8	27.6	5	17.2	1	3.5	-	-	29								
Frontenac	3	30.0	5	50.0	-	-	1	10.0	1	10.0	-	-	10								
Grey	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	1								
Haldimand and Norfolk	-	-	4	66.7	1	16.7	1	16.7	-	-	-	-	6								
Provisional County of Haliburton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								
Halton	14	42.4	7	21.2	-	-	12	36.4	-	-	-	-	33								
Hastings	4	21.1	6	31.6	-	-	9	47.4	-	-	-	-	19								
Huron	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1								
Kent	2	12.5	11	68.8	-	-	1	6.3	2	12.5	-	-	16								
Lambton	1	5.6	10	55.6	-	-	5	27.8	2	11.1	-	-	18								
Lanark	-	-	6	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6								
United Counties of Leeds and Grenville	2	22.2	4	44.4	-	-	3	33.3	-	-	-	-	9								
Lennox and Addington	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	1								
Middlesex	1	2.9	22	62.9	-	-	6	17.1	6	17.1	-	-	35								
Norfolk	See Haldimand		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-								



United Counties of Northumberland and Durham	16	44.4	7	19.4	-	-	9	25.0	4	11.1	-	-	35
Ontario	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oxford	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Peel	2	4.7	29	67.4	1	2.3	2	4.7	9	20.9	-	-	43
Perth	2	28.6	4	57.1	-	-	1	14.3	-	-	-	-	7
Peterborough	2	11.1	12	66.7	-	-	4	22.2	-	-	-	-	18
United Counties of Prescott and Russell	1	10.0	7	70.0	-	-	-	-	2	20.0	-	-	10
Prince Edward	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Renfrew	7	35.0	8	40.0	-	-	4	20.0	1	5.0	-	-	20
Simcoe	8	36.4	9	40.9	-	-	4	18.2	1	4.6	-	-	22
United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	-	-	5	83.3	-	-	1	16.7	-	-	-	-	6
Victoria	-	-	3	75.0	-	-	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	4
Waterloo	2	7.7	20	76.9	-	-	3	11.5	1	3.9	-	-	26
Wellington	3	33.3	4	44.4	-	-	2	22.2	-	-	-	-	9
Wentworth	8	12.9	37	59.7	-	-	15	24.2	2	3.2	-	-	62
York Excluding Metropolitan Toronto Area					See Metropolitan Toronto								
Algoma	3	10.3	12	41.4	1	3.5	4	13.8	9	31.0	-	-	29
Cochrane	2	7.1	15	53.6	-	-	5	17.9	6	21.4	-	-	28
Kenora	4	10.3	14	35.9	1	2.6	11	28.2	9	23.1	-	-	39
Manitoulin	1	14.3	3	42.9	-	-	2	28.6	1	14.3	-	-	7
Muskoka	1	25.0	2	50.0	-	-	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	4
Nipissing	1	10.0	4	40.0	-	-	4	40.0	1	10.0	-	-	10
Parry Sound	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	66.7	1	33.3	-	-	3
Rainy River	1	14.3	4	57.1	-	-	2	28.6	-	-	-	-	7
Sudbury	4	22.2	9	50.0	-	-	3	16.7	2	11.1	-	-	18
Thunder Bay	8	16.7	27	56.3	1	2.1	11	22.9	1	2.1	-	-	48
Timiskaming	4	25.0	3	18.8	-	-	8	50.0	1	6.3	-	-	16
"States and Other"	3	15.0	11	55.0	1	5.0	4	20.0	1	5.0	-	-	20

TABLE 13

## TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT FOR 1975

COUNTY/DISTRICT	MALES						FEMALES						100% =
	TSA.	SEC.8	TSA.	SEC.9	JDA		TSA.	SEC.8	TSA.	SEC.9	JDA		
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Mun. of Metro Toronto and York	4	2.1	86	45.7	56	29.8	5	2.7	19	10.1	18	9.6	188
Reg. Municipality of Niagara (Lincoln and Welland)	4	7.4	35	64.8	1	1.9	9	16.7	5	9.3	-	-	54
Reg. Mun. of Ottawa-Carleton	-	-	25	86.2	-	-	1	3.5	3	10.3	-	-	29
Brant	-	-	3	75.0	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Bruce	-	-	2	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Dufferin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Elgin	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	1
Essex	2	8.3	7	29.2	14	58.3	1	4.2	-	-	-	-	24
Frontenac	-	-	3	75.0	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Grey	-	-	3	75.0	-	-	-	-	1	25.0	-	-	4
Haldimand and Norfolk	1	16.7	5	83.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Provisional County of Haliburton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Halton	4	25.0	9	56.3	-	-	2	12.5	1	6.3	-	-	16
Hastings	1	14.3	3	42.9	-	-	2	28.6	-	-	1	14.3	7
Huron	-	-	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Kent	1	7.7	11	84.6	-	-	1	7.7	-	-	-	-	13
Lambton	-	-	13	81.3	-	-	2	12.5	1	6.3	-	-	16
Lanark	-	-	3	75.0	-	-	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	4
United Counties of Leeds and Grenville	2	33.3	3	50.0	-	-	1	16.7	-	-	-	-	6
Lennox and Addington	-	-	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Middlesex	1	2.3	31	72.1	3	7.0	-	-	8	18.6	-	-	43
Norfolk	See Haldimand		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

United Counties of Northumberland and Durham	5	13.9	21	58.3	-	-	3	8.3	5	13.9	2	5.6	36
Ontario	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oxford	1	14.3	4	57.1	-	-	-	-	2	28.6	-	-	7
Peel	-	-	10	76.9	1	7.7	-	-	2	15.4	-	-	13
Perth	1	14.3	6	85.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Peterborough	1	6.7	6	40.0	1	6.7	3	20.0	4	26.7	-	-	15
United Counties of Prescott and Russell	-	-	2	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Prince Edward	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renfrew	2	12.5	10	62.5	-	-	3	18.8	1	6.3	-	-	16
Simcoe	-	-	11	84.6	1	7.7	-	-	1	7.7	-	-	13
United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	-	-	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Victoria	-	-	2	50.0	-	-	-	-	2	50.0	-	-	4
Waterloo	3	11.1	22	81.5	-	-	1	3.7	1	3.7	-	-	27
Wellington	1	6.3	11	68.8	-	-	1	6.3	3	18.8	-	-	16
Wentworth	2	4.6	27	61.4	2	4.6	10	22.7	3	6.8	-	-	44
York Excluding Metropolitan Toronto Area	See Metropolitan Toronto				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Algoma	1	4.0	12	48.0	2	8.0	3	12.0	6	24.0	1	4.0	25
Cochrane	2	5.0	23	57.5	1	2.5	5	12.5	9	22.5	-	-	40
Kenora	5	9.8	25	49.0	2	3.9	9	17.7	9	17.7	1	2.0	51
Manitoulin	1	25.0	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	2	50.0	-	-	4
Muskoka	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	50.0	1	50.0	-	-	2
Nipissing	1	7.7	10	76.9	-	-	-	-	2	15.4	-	-	13
Parry Sound	2	66.7	1	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Rainy River	-	-	4	80.0	-	-	-	-	1	20.0	-	-	5
Sudbury	1	3.7	14	51.9	5	18.5	4	14.8	1	3.7	2	7.4	27
Thunder Bay	4	9.3	22	51.2	1	2.3	13	30.2	1	2.3	2	4.7	43
Timiskaming	-	-	16	80.0	-	-	4	20.0	-	-	-	-	20
"States and Other"	-	-	3	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

TABLE 14

## TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS PER 10,000 OF POPULATION BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT FOR 1971

COUNTY/DISTRICT	MALES			FEMALES		
	POPULATION 5-15 YRS.OLD	TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS	TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS 10,000	POPULATION 5-15 YRS.OLD	TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSIONS	TRAINING SCHOOL ADMISSION/10,000
Municipality of Metro Toronto	204,541	207	10.1	196,646	97	4.9
Reg. Municipality of Niagara	40,776	85	20.9	38,999	38	9.7
Reg. Mun. of Ottawa-Carleton	54,148	46	8.5	51,450	17	3.3
Brant	11,152	28	25.1	10,403	11	10.6
Bruce	5,625	10	17.8	5,339	3	5.6
Dufferin	2,603	6	23.1	2,425	2	8.3
Elgin	7,209	12	16.7	7,004	8	11.4
Essex	35,741	27	7.6	33,946	10	3.0
Frontenac	11,299	17	15.1	10,943	7	6.4
Grey	7,417	6	8.1	7,209	-	-
Haldimand	4,162	8	19.2	3,765	1	2.7
Provisional County of Haliburton	1,017	1	9.8	942	2	21.2
Halton	24,798	36	14.5	23,559	18	7.6
Hastings	12,500	15	12.0	11,798	10	8.5
Huron	6,384	2	3.1	6,208	1	1.6
Kent	12,297	10	8.1	11,682	5	4.3
Lambton	13,886	14	10.1	13,329	8	6.0
Lanark	4,836	10	20.7	4,646	2	4.3
United Counties of Leeds and Grenville	8,632	3	3.5	8,043	3	3.7
Lennox and Addington	3,493	3	8.6	3,203	-	-
Middlesex	31,755	15	4.7	30,241	4	1.3
Norfolk	6,379	7	11.0	5,762	4	6.9

United Counties of Northumberland and Durham	11,856	3	2.5	11,128	2	1.8
Ontario	24,842	17	6.8	23,913	4	1.7
Oxford	9,318	6	6.4	8,927	3	3.4
Peel	33,658	30	8.9	31,520	12	3.8
Perth	7,440	3	4.0	6,934	1	1.4
Peterborough	9,936	12	12.1	9,643	2	2.1
United Counties of Prescott and Russell	6,085	3	4.9	5,740	-	-
Prince Edward	2,431	2	8.2	2,368	1	4.2
Renfrew	11,936	13	10.9	11,372	2	1.8
Simcoe	20,954	23	11.0	19,499	12	6.1
United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	12,154	9	7.4	11,688	7	6.0
Victoria	3,744	1	2.7	3,670	1	2.7
Waterloo	28,582	22	7.7	27,619	4	1.5
Wellington	12,808	6	4.7	12,151	4	3.3
Wentworth	44,247	28	6.3	42,124	17	4.0
York Excluding Metro Toronto	21,505	11	5.1	20,131	5	2.5
Algoma	15,949	24	15.1	15,470	13	8.4
Cochrane	13,115	16	12.2	12,455	7	5.6
Kenora	7,185	22	30.6	6,746	17	25.2
Manitoulin	1,499	1	6.7	1,352	-	-
Muskoka	3,587	2	5.6	3,433	-	-
Nipissing	11,084	12	10.8	10,507	5	4.8
Parry Sound	3,666	5	13.6	3,402	3	8.8
Rainy River	3,347	8	23.9	3,027	3	9.9
Sudbury	26,371	26	9.9	25,456	5	2.0
Thunder Bay	17,137	25	14.6	16,554	11	6.6
Timiskaming	5,867	10	17.0	5,891	4	6.8
"States and Others"	-	9	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>880,953</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>840,262</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>4.7</b>

## CONCLUSIONS

The data presented in this report show a trend in decreasing training school admissions which began in 1971 but became established as a pattern in 1973. To some extent this decrease is attributable to the declining use of TSA Sec. 8. However, this pattern cannot be tied to the legislative repeal of Sec. 8, for Bill 64 was approved in the legislature only on May 5th, 1975 and as of this writing has not been proclaimed. In order to have a better understanding of the pattern of change, Table 15 was prepared. In that table the decrease in admissions was calculated on a year to year basis; that is to say, the figures entered against each year represent the actual decrease in admissions from the previous year. Figures preceded by a plus sign represent a net gain in admissions. Within any one year the largest decrease was in Sec. 8 girls. In fact from year to year a larger proportion of the decrease was accounted for by the Sec. 8 girls. This one aspect would lead to the conclusion that the underlying cause in the declining use of Sec. 8 is a change in the societal norms regarding girls rather than any legislative action. This conclusion is strengthened by the fact that the overall decrease in admissions of boys is almost equally balanced between Sec. 8 and Sec. 9.

Changing societal norms were also demonstrated by a marked increase in 1972 of the age of admission for Sec. 8 wards (see Table 6). A much larger proportion of the admissions were 14 or older. The direction of this change in attitude could be reflected in several ways. For one, in Metropolitan Toronto there was a 48% decrease in Sec. 8 application between 1973 and 1974 (1). Furthermore, the decrease in applications and admissions could reflect the increased availability of community resources to deal with these children. However, one factor which argues against the latter conclusion is the increased number of children who had prior contact with a CAS. In 1973 when all other admissions were decreasing the number of ex-CAS children increased by 108 (39%). In 1975 there were still 20 (7%) more ex-CAS children than in 1972. During the same period other admissions decreased 278 (26%) between 1972 and 1973 and 511 (47%) between 1972 and 1975. In the absence of further data these findings are difficult to interpret. Nevertheless, such results speak against the availability or the effectiveness of alternate solutions.

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(1) Central Toronto Youth Services. OPTIONS: Control Problems and Alternatives to Section 8, Ontario Training School Act, Toronto; 1975.

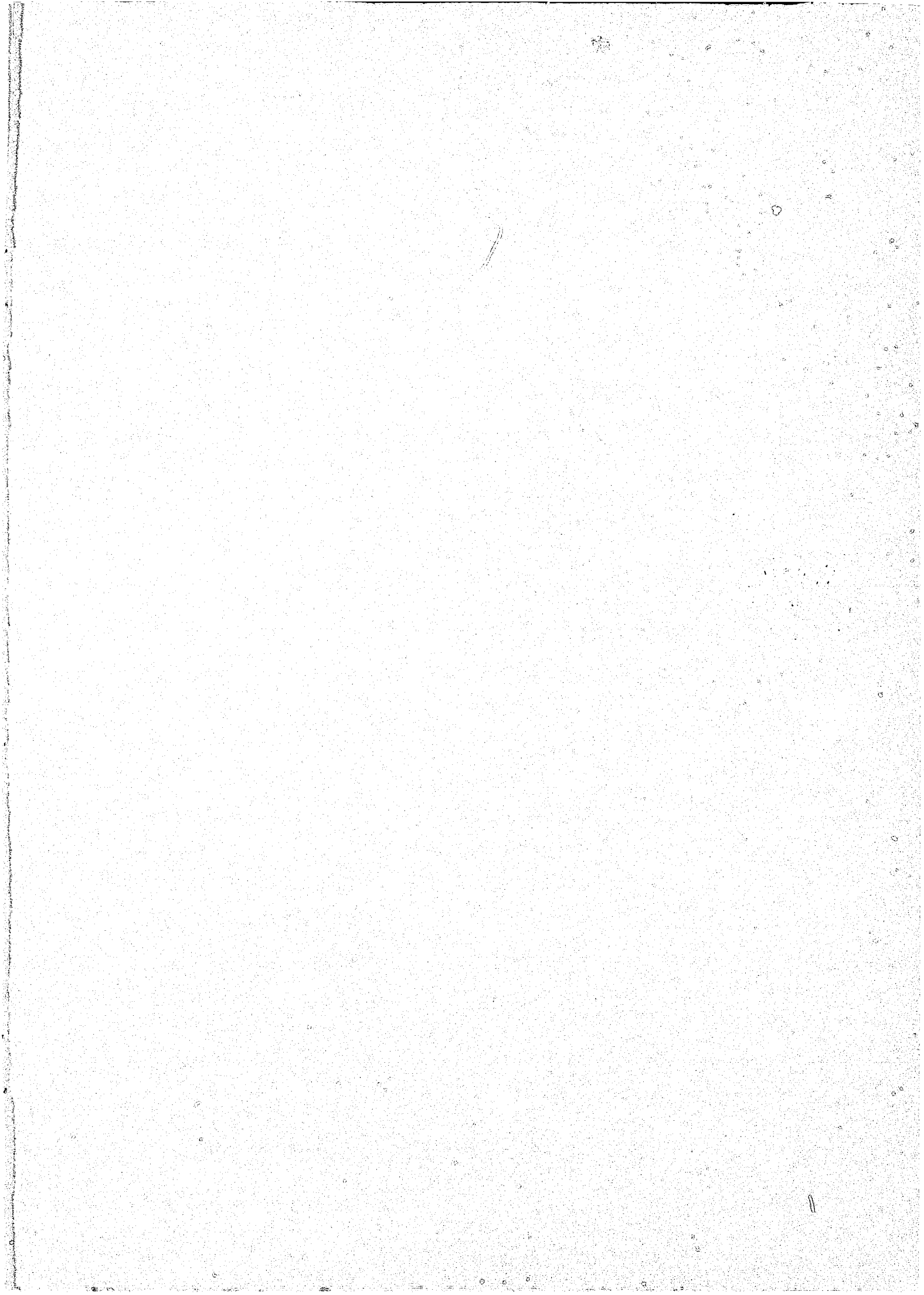


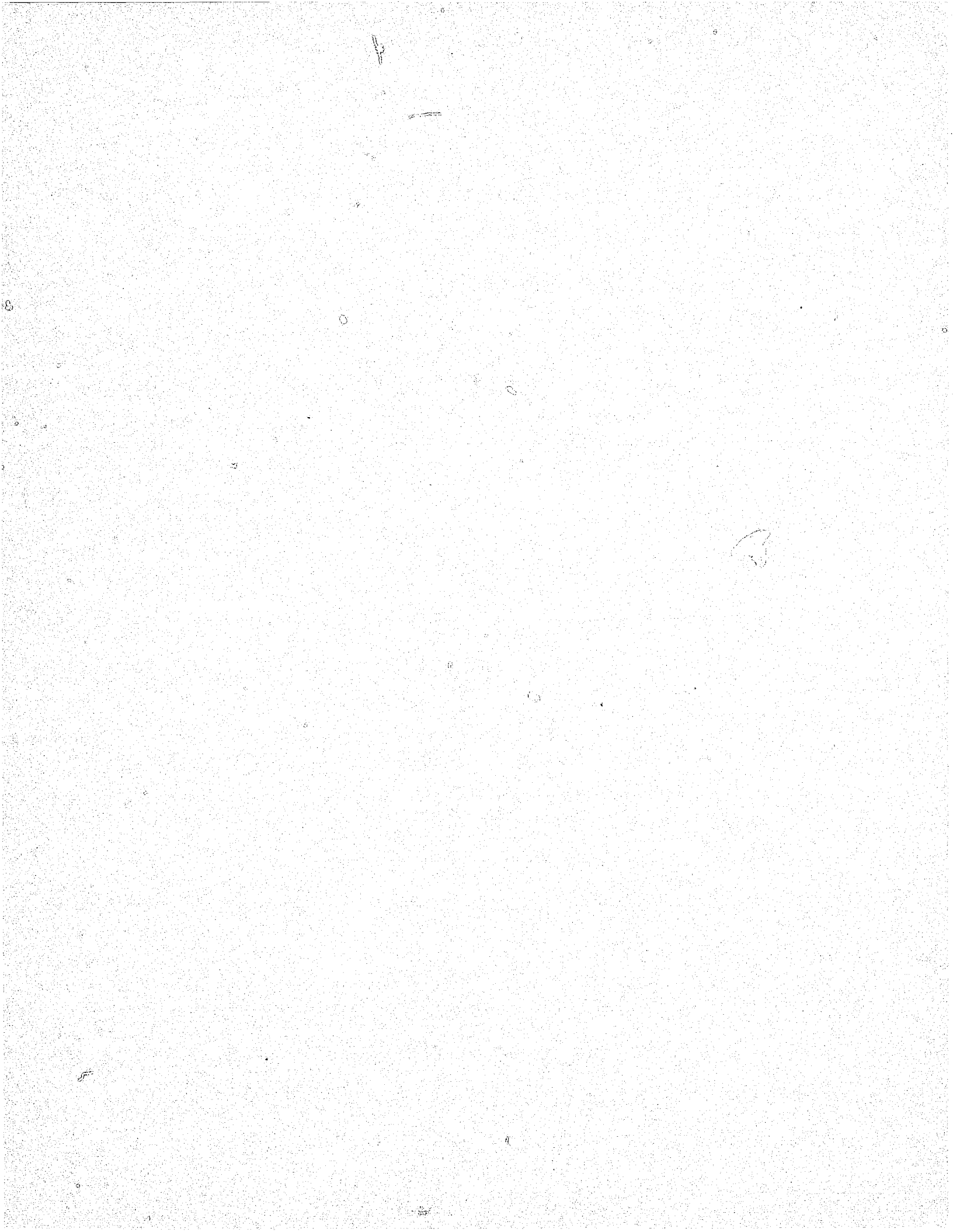
TABLE 15

THE PATTERN OF CHANGE IN ADMISSIONS BETWEEN 1972 and 1975  
(THE ACTUAL DECREASE ON A YEAR TO YEAR BASIS)

DECREASE FROM PREVIOUS YEARS

YEAR	MALES			FEMALES			OVERALL TOTAL	PERCENT DECREASE
	SEC. 9	SEC. 8 + JDA	ABSOLUTE TOTAL	SEC. 9	SEC. 8 + JDA	ABSOLUTE TOTAL		
1973	59	38	97	12	62	74	171	12.6
1974	56	51	107	+17	91	74	181	15.0
1975	+1	31	30	27	82	109	139	14.1





**END**