



*nicro*

South African

National Institute for Crime Prevention  
and Rehabilitation of Offenders  
(W.O. 313)

NCJRS

DEC 05 1977

tional Council

ACQUISITIONS

ANNUAL REPORT

4444444444

1976 - 1977

# NICRO

(Registered under the Welfare Organisations Act: No. W.O. 313)

**provides help and constructive service for prisoners, prisoners' families and ex-prisoners at the following centres:**

<b>Branch</b>	<b>Address</b>	<b>Tel.</b>
Bloemfontein	P.O. Box 351, Bloemfontein	7-6678
Cape Town	P.O. Box 10034, Cape Town	47-4000
Durban	2nd Floor, Trident Building, 58 Field Street, Durban	6-6501
East London	P.O. Box 1752, East London	2-4123
Johannesburg	P.O. Box 11410, Johannesburg	23-1971
Kimberley	Red Cross House, Stockdale Street, Kimberley	2-6392
Pietermaritzburg	16 Otto Street, Pietermaritzburg	2-5913
Port Elizabeth	2a Dawson Street, Port Elizabeth	41-1542
Pretoria	P.O. Box 468, Pretoria	2-5331
Springs	P.O. Box 395, Springs	56-8911

*This essential work is co-ordinated and promoted by the*

## **NICRO NATIONAL COUNCIL**

**Benzal House,  
3 Barrack Street,  
P.O. Box 10005,  
CALEDON SQUARE,  
7905  
CAPE TOWN.**

Branch Reports are available on request

# **NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS**

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**Patron  
THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE**

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**Head Office:  
403-407 BENZAL HOUSE  
3 BARRACK STREET  
CAPE TOWN**

**P.O. Box 10005  
Telephone 41-2362**

**National Director  
MR. R. GRASER**

**Assistant National Director  
DR. TH. TOUSSAINT VAN HOVE**

**National Supervisor  
MR. A. DU PLOOY**

## **ANNUAL REPORT for the period 1st April 1976 – 31 March 1977**

### **crime prevention**

In our last annual report, we pointed out that crime costs the taxpayer in South Africa a phenomenal amount of money. We indicated that the total of the budgets of the three state departments which deal with the matter of crime and criminals was **R276 854 000** in 1976. For the current year the amount had risen to **R320 640 000**, i.e. by 16%. The comparative budgets for 1977, are as follows, with the percentage increase over the previous year indicated in brackets: The South African Police **R204 000 000** (19,2%), the Department of Prisons **R71 940 000** (19,3%), and the Department of Justice **R44 700 000** (20%).

There is no doubt that, during the past year there has also been a disconcerting increase in crime — particularly in violent crimes. For instance **10 513** persons were reported to have died as a result of criminal violence (culpable homicide and murder), **135 705** serious assaults were reported to the police, and **38 981** robberies were reported during the past statistical year.

NICRO has taken several steps and performed a number of functions which are preventive in nature. These include further distribution of the Institute's crime prevention guide for the citizen, distributing pamphlets on the matter, as well as NICRO's report on shoplifting, giving talks to citizen groups and lectures to students, participating in radio and television programmes, newspaper reports, etc.

NICRO has become increasingly aware of the urgent need for a concerted crime prevention campaign. At the 1976 meeting of its National Council Executive Committee the Institute has, therefore, decided to organise a nation-wide prevention campaign. General du Preez, Commissioner of Prisons, has added emphasis and urgency to our concern about the dimensions that the crime problem had assumed, when he recently tabled his annual report in Parliament. He said, i.a.: "So far-reaching are the detrimental effects of crime and the expenditure involved in combating it that a **national campaign for the prevention of crime** has become an urgent priority. Prevention of crime is a matter of such crucial importance that it is essential to engender general community awareness and involvement in this regard". NICRO is the organisation which is probably in the best

position to do something meaningful about this problem. In order to develop an effective and realistic campaign, we felt that it was necessary to obtain some information on the types of crime that are most commonly committed, the conditions under which they are committed and what kind of person tends to be the victim of crime. From discussions with a number of senior police officers, and from a limited survey of newspaper reports, we came to the conclusion that many crimes occur because of the carelessness or gullibility of the victim. It became clear to us that a large number of crimes could be prevented by minimising opportunities for crime and by taking (often simple) precautions.

NICRO's country-wide crime prevention campaign will, hopefully, include the following aspects:

- 1) An intensive and on-going publicity campaign through the media — T.V., radio and the press. The aim would be to make the public crime-prevention conscious, and to inform them of ways in which crime can be prevented.
- 2) Publicity material, such as booklets, pamphlets and a crime prevention calendar, could be produced.
- 3) Crime prevention panels could be established in the main urban areas, including Black, Coloured and Indian residential areas. Such panels, which have been operating successfully in England for some years, would consist of community-conscious and influential citizens from the various communities, who would discuss the problems of criminality in that community, and organise practical campaigns to combat specific crimes. This would assist in creating neighbourhood awareness, that is, an alertness regarding crime, a willingness to play an active role in combating and preventing it, and a concern for the welfare of the community as a whole.
- 4) We have obtained a slide and tape programme on crime prevention from a firm in the U.S., which gave us permission to use it for developing our own programme. It is also a matter of finding a sponsor, which should not be too difficult. The idea is to show the programme to citizen groups and, if permission could be obtained, at schools, universities, etc. Ideally we should develop a slide programme for each of the main population groups, as criminogenic conditions vary from one group to another.

- 5) Making a film on crime prevention, which could be shown to citizen groups across the country and possibly also on television. We feel that a professionally made film could have a tremendous impact. The big stumbling block, however, is the high cost of producing a film. Preliminary enquiries indicate that a professionally produced, thirty-minute film would cost in the vicinity of R30 000. We are attempting to find a sponsor for this project, which is proving to be a difficult task.

### **commission of enquiry into the penal system**

For many years NICRO has, in a responsible and constructive way, campaigned for a more rational, a more humane and a more effective penal system. NICRO was, therefore, glad when in September 1974 a commission was appointed under the chairmanship of Mr. Justice G. Viljoen, to study the penal system of South Africa and to recommend improvements. In February this year the Commission tabled its report. This report bears considerable and clear evidence of NICRO's influence on enlightened penological thinking. A number of the measures recommended by NICRO in its memorandum and in various articles written by NICRO spokesmen were embodied in the report of the Viljoen Commission. These include, i.a. the reduction of short-term imprisonment, the training of judicial officers in the art of sentencing, the use of non-institutional alternatives to imprisonment, decriminalisation of certain offences, especially the so-called "pass laws", the avoidance of imprisonment of trial-awaiting accused, and many others.

It is obvious that NICRO's continuous striving for penal reform — the conferences and congresses it has organised, the numerous press and radio interviews of its spokesmen, the criminological articles in professional journals, memoranda to state departments, interviews with senior civil servants and cabinet ministers, etc. — has not been in vain.

### **new criminal law and criminology journal**

In November, 1976, the last issue of NICRO's criminological journal, **Crime, Punishment and Correction** appeared. The journal has been taken up into a new journal, which covers a wider field and is published by Butterworth in collaboration with NICRO. This journal, which appears under the title **South African Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology**,

is jointly edited by Prof. J. H. van Rooyen, Director of the Institute of Criminology at the University of Cape Town, and Mr. R. Graser, National Director of NICRO.

**Crime, Punishment and Correction** has had considerable influence in the field of criminal justice, as can be seen from quotations in the Report of the Commission of Enquiry into the Penal System, and from quotations in various legal and criminological publications — including such foreign publications as **Documentatieblad**, the journal of the Dutch Department of Justice.

NICRO's journal was the first criminological journal in South Africa, and the organisation is proud of having pioneered another important service. Its other pioneering achievements (some direct, some indirect), include the establishment of the Prisoners' Friend service, establishment of labour bureaux, the appointment of probation officers, and the establishment of homes for juveniles.

### **social work at nicro branches**

The nine branches of NICRO once again had a busy year. The 56 social workers at the branches had 3 614 prison interviews, 31 684 office interviews, 10 782 home visits, and had 3 265 discharged prisoners under parole supervision. This was an increase of 16,4% over the previous year. The total number of aftercare cases increased from 5 689 to 6 042, i.e. by 6,2%. Family aid was given in 2 306 cases, being an increase of 75,5%. On the negative side, only 33,81% of NICRO's clients were in employment, as compared to 41% last year. This can probably be explained by the worsening economic situation and the consequent rise in unemployment. Yet the reconviction rate remained virtually the same as last year: 5,52% as compared to 5,19%.

During the past year altogether 218 released prisoners were accommodated at the seven aftercare hostels of NICRO. These include three hostels for White ex-prisoners, three hostels for Coloured ex-prisoners and one hostel for Black ex-prisoners, with additional accommodation being available at various centres. Furthermore, an average of fifty vagrants a night were accommodated at NICRO's **Night Shelter** in Cape Town.

Since the appointment of a National Supervisor (Mr. André du Plooy) in February, 1976, National Council has intensified its supervision of the social work at the nine branches.

## **institute of criminology**

In our last report we pointed out that NICRO played an important role in the establishment of the Institute of Criminology at the University of Cape Town. The Institute commenced operation at the beginning of this year, and NICRO co-operated closely with its first Director, Prof. J. H. van Rooyen.

## **establishment of a new branch at springs**

During the year of this report NICRO established a new branch at Springs. For a number of years NICRO had operated a prisoners' aid committee, which supported a Prisoners' Friend at the Springs Bantu Apairs Commissioner's court. When an Aid Centre was established at Springs, NICRO's Prisoners' Friend service became redundant. After an investigation, it became clear, however, that there was a definite need for full prisoners' aid services in that city. As a result, Mr. W. Dannheisser, NICRO's pillar of strength in Springs, was given the green light to establish a full branch. It is envisaged that an office will be opened, a full-time social worker appointed and regular prisoners' aid and aftercare services instituted before the end of 1977.

## **ticro: transkeian institute for crime prevention and rehabilitation of offenders**

During the past year NICRO continued to support TICRO by supervising its social worker and by subsidising her salary. The organisation is slowly finding its feet and, due to the initiative of a former NICRO social worker, Mr. W. Kabane, now with the Transkei Department of Health and Social Welfare, established a branch in Butterworth. Good contact has been built up with the Department of Justice and Prisons, and regular visits are made to Wellington Prison in order to interview prisoners and discuss their problems with the internal social worker. As it so often happens that NICRO deals with men whose families are living in the Transkei, the Institute believes that assisting TICRO to establish itself as a crime prevention and aftercare organisation, is of direct importance to the Republic.

## **planning for the future**

From its inception in 1910 — as the S.A. Prisoners' Aid Association — NICRO has constantly geared its activities

towards meeting existing as well as developing needs in the community. The long history of the organisation is characterised by adapting its services to relevant needs in South African society. Not only has it initiated a number of vital services — some of which were eventually taken over by the State — but it has constantly striven for reforms, particularly in the criminal justice system.

An important example of planning with the view of meeting growing needs in the community is NICRO's projected crime prevention year for 1978. Prior to 1970 NICRO had already become aware that the crime problem was assuming major proportions. In view of this the organisation decided to give its activities a new emphasis and to change its name to fit the re-alignment of its objectives. In 1970 it, therefore, changed its name from the Social Services Association to NICRO. At the annual meeting of National Council Executive in October 1976, it was decided to organise a country-wide crime prevention campaign for 1978. Several months later, the Commissioner of Prisons stated in his annual report that there was an urgent need for such a campaign.

NICRO has become increasingly aware that it is not sufficient to concentrate almost entirely on rehabilitating the individual offender — to fit him into a society which, by its very nature, causes social disruption and deviant behaviour. In view of this, some of the branches of NICRO have already redirected part of their emphasis and resources to the field of group work and community organisation. Thus far a major obstacle to this development has been the fact that State subsidies have been confined to case-work posts, to the exclusion of group work and community organisation posts.

The matter of future planning will be discussed at the forthcoming biennial meeting of the National Council of NICRO. The organisation will also consider whether it is making a meaningful impact in terms of both the resocialisation of the offender and the prevention of crime.

## **finance and fundraising**

NICRO received a generous grant of R7 146 from the Springbok Radio Christmas Fund and distributed it to its Branches. Grants and donations amounting to R40 799 (including donations to the Development Fund) were received from

various sources, including the head offices of banks, building societies, commercial and industrial companies, mines, trust funds, women's organisations, recreational clubs and individual donors. NICRO is most grateful for this excellent support.

We are most grateful to the Sunday Times National Charity Fund for their magnificent contribution of R75 444 which enables NICRO to pay equal salaries to all its workers. The Institute is thankful for the generous distributions of R10 000 from Rapport and R5 000 from the Cape Argus.

NICRO wishes to record its appreciation for the support from the municipalities listed below. A large number of street collections was authorised which brought in a total amount of R2 204. NICRO is deeply grateful to all those who have helped to achieve this result which include organisers and collectors and their helpers as well as the communities which donated from public funds.

### list of municipalities

Aliwal North	Indwe	Scottburgh
Benoni	Ixopo	Steynsrust
Bethlehem	Kakamas	Stilfontein
Bronkhorstspruit	Lady Grey	Swartruggens
Carletonville	Lichtenburg	Touwsriver
Douglas	Leeudoringstad	Ugie
Dundee	Maclear	Uitenhage
Eshowe	Middelburg, C.P.	Umzinto North
Fort Beaufort	Mtubatuba	Virginia
George	Nigel	Vryburg
Graaff-Reinet	Orkney	Warrenton
Grahamstown	Pinetown	Wesselsbron
Heilbron	Randfontein	Westonaria
Henneman	Rustenburg	White River
Humansdorp	Sasolburg	

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### NICRO CORRECTIONAL SERVICES TO EX-PRISONERS AND FAMILIES OF PRISONERS — YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 1977

Number of office interviews . . . . .	31 684
Number of prison interviews . . . . .	3 614
Number of home visits . . . . .	10 782
Employment arranged . . . . .	5 473
Accommodation arranged . . . . .	1 804

<b>Reports</b> (Including i.a. background reports on prisoners, parole supervision reports, and family reconstruction reports) . . . . .	4 599
<b>Supervision and Aid</b>	
Ex-prisoners under parole supervision . . . . .	3 265
Offenders under suspended sentence . . . . .	170
<b>Unconditionally released offenders dealt with . . . . .</b>	<b>2 602</b>
Aid to families of offenders . . . . .	3 206
Other cases . . . . .	122
Total number of cases dealt with . . . . .	9 365

#### **Aftercare Results**

In employment: 2 043 (33,81%)  
 Unemployed at 31/3/1977: 1 245 (20,61%)  
 Contact broken: 2 207 (36,53%)  
 Reconvicted: 334 (5,53%)  
 Awaiting trial on 31/3/77: 213 (3,53%)

## **BEQUESTS**

NICRO has been fortunate in having benefited from certain deceased estates which has assisted the Institute to continue its crime prevention and prisoners' aid work amongst all races in the Republic.

An appeal is made to persons who may read this form to give serious consideration to making a bequest to NICRO.

The following form of bequest, which should be added to a will, is recommended to assist NICRO:

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#### **FORM OF BEQUEST**

*"I give and bequeath to THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS, P.O. Box 10005, Cape Town, the sum of R..... to be utilised at the discretion of the Institute for any of its objects and/or activities."*

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION  
OF OFFENDERS (Welfare Organisation no. 313)**

**NATIONAL COUNCIL**

**BALANCE SHEET AT MARCH 31, 1977**

Funds employed:

		1976
<b>GENERAL AND DEVELOPMENT</b>		
FUND (Note 2) . . . . .	257 600,05	357
<b>SPECIAL FUNDS (Notes 1 and 2)</b>		
Diamond Jubilee Fund . . . . .	—	201 643
Springbok Radio Christmas Fund . . . . .	—	9 226
Development Fund . . . . .	<u>—</u>	3 700
		<u>—</u>
<b>TRUST FUND</b> . . . . .		214 569
H. P. Smith bequest . . . . .	—	2 537
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>R257 600,05</u>	<u>R217 463</u>
Employed as follows:		
<b>FIXED ASSETS (Note 3)</b> . . . . .	2 404,36	2 617
<b>INVESTMENTS</b>		
Fixed deposits . . . . .	203 800,00	179 800
Savings accounts . . . . .	27 805,85	10 022
Debentures . . . . .	20 000,00	20 000
Interest accrued . . . . .	2 314,02	2 958
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>253 919,87</u>	<u>212 780</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash on hand . . . . .	50,00	255
Sundry debtors and amounts due from branches . . . . .	24 281,84	21 158
Books on hand . . . . .	1 600,00	—
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>25 931,84</u>	<u>21 413</u>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Bank overdraft . . . . .	3 544,06	—
Sundry creditors . . . . .	<u>21 111,96</u>	<u>19 347</u>
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>24 656,02</u>	<u>19 347</u>
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b> . . . . .	1 275,82	2 066
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>R257 600,05</u>	<u>R217 463</u>

NOTE This Balance sheet does not include any assets and liabilities dealt with in the accounts of branches.

Signed on behalf of National Council

M. E. Kumleben

National Chairman

M. Morris

Member for Finance

**Report of the Auditors**

1 August 1977

We have examined the financial statements set out on pages 12 - 14 to the extent we consider necessary and they are in agreement with the underlying books and records.

In our opinion the statements fairly present the financial position of the National Council at March 31 1977 and its income and expenditure for the year ended on that date.

Arthur Young & Company  
Chartered Accountants (S.A.)

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION  
OF OFFENDERS (Welfare Organisation no. 313)**

**NATIONAL COUNCIL**

**INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1977**

		1976
<b>INCOME</b>		
Care Gift Shop . . . . .	1 000,00	960
<b>Government Grants</b>		
Department of Social Welfare and Pensions . . . . .	93 179,45	109 077
Department of Bantu Administration . . . . .	30 725,85	—
Department of Indian Affairs . . .	5 740,00	4 945
Department of Coloured Affairs . . .	22 917,92	18 180
	<u>152 563,22</u>	<u>132 202</u>
Income received from branches . . .	—	3 525
Less payments to branches . . . .	—	3 525
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Interest . . . . .	19 103,01	23 763
<b>Legacies and donations</b>		
Springbok Radio Christmas Fund . .	7 146,91	6 921
Radio Bantu Christmas Fund . .	—	4 000
Rapport Hulpfonds . . . . .	10 000,00	25 000
Other . . . . .	25 303,45	31 380
<b>For equalisation of salaries and special projects</b>		
Sunday Times National Charity Fund . . . . .	75 444,20	65 830
Other . . . . .	22 700,00	—
	<u>98 144,20</u>	<u>65 830</u>
	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Other income . . . . .	140 594,56	133 131
Recoupment of legal costs . . . . .	2 310,36	2 649
	<u>922,69</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>316 493,84</u>	<u>292 705</u>
<b>EXPENDITURE</b>		
Advertising . . . . .	299,40	1 119
Audit fee . . . . .	475,00	488
Bank charges . . . . .	20,38	11
Bantu levy . . . . .	19,25	—
Bursaries . . . . .	775,25	230
Conference expenses . . . . .	—	2 095
Criminology Library . . . . .	290,52	593
Depreciation of office furniture and equipment . . . . .	267,15	291
<b>Donations</b>		
Institute of Criminology U.C.T., in terms of agreement with donor	—	50 000
UNISA . . . . .	—	3 000
Films . . . . .	—	724
Fundraising expenses . . . . .	1 301,59	—
Forward . . . . .	R3 448,54	R316 493,84
	<u>R3 448,54</u>	<u>R58 551</u>
	<u>R316 493,84</u>	<u>R292 705</u>

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION  
OF OFFENDERS (Welfare Organisation no. 313)**

**NATIONAL COUNCIL**

**INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1977 (Cont.)**

	R3 448,54	R316 493,84	R58 551	1976 R292 705
<b>EXPENDITURE (continued)</b>				
<b>General meetings</b>				
Annual . . . . .	1 811,81		3 271	
Bantu . . . . .	—		945	
Coloured . . . . .	—		681	
Indian . . . . .	—		83	
Honorary . . . . .	—		50	
Insurance . . . . .	146,63		134	
Legal costs . . . . .	—		1 076	
Members' fees and subscriptions . . . . .	279,33		217	
Office rent and services . . . . .	2 734,09		2 161	
<b>Payments to branches</b>				
General . . . . .	23 740,00		34 810	
Holiday pay . . . . .	6 347,44		5 541	
Personnel grants (including R24 245,48 for equalisation of salaries (1976 - R22 809)) . . . . .	173 574,60		140 486	
<b>Printing expenses</b>				
"Children on Trial" . . . . .	—		1 248	
Crime Prevention Guide . . . . .	322 00		615	
Journal . . . . .	2 812,06		4 909	
Other . . . . .	4 676,44		3 858	
<b>Press cuttings</b>				
Postages . . . . .	678,09		891	
Publications . . . . .	192,05		29	
Research project . . . . .	—		38	
<b>Repairs and maintenance of office equipment</b>				
Salaries, wages, pension fund and medical aid contribution . . . . .	42 097,20		35 816	
Salaries — holiday pay . . . . .	601,86		625	
Salaries research . . . . .	981,00		3 141	
Stationery . . . . .	1 029,90		1 943	
Sundry for journal . . . . .	152,40		25	
TICRO launching . . . . .	—		300	
TICRO grant . . . . .	3 335,00		580	
Telephone . . . . .	1 895,93		1 522	
<b>Travelling and subsistence expenses</b>				
National Council staff . . . . .	5 255,11		3 035	
National Council members . . . . .	71,24		705	
		276 357,13		307 504
<b>SURPLUS / (SHORTFALL) . . . . .</b>		R 40 136,71		R(14 799)
<b>Made up as follows</b>				
Balance of funds collected for equalisation of salaries and special projects as above . . . . .	98 144,20		65 830	
Less payment as above . . . . .	24 245,48		22 809	
		73 898,72		43 021
<b>Other (shortfall)</b>		(33 762,01)		(57 820)
<b>Transferred to general and development fund . . . . .</b>		R 40 136,71		R(14 799)

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION  
OF OFFENDERS (Welfare Organisation no. 313)**

**NATIONAL COUNCIL**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT MARCH 31, 1977**

**1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following principal accounting policy has been adopted.

**SPECIAL FUNDS**

All special funds have been transferred to a general and development fund as from April 1 1976. All income and expenditure relating to the above funds have been dealt with in the income statement. The comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly.

**2. GENERAL AND DEVELOPMENT FUND**

	1976
Balance at beginning of year . . . . .	357,41
Rapport Hulpfonds . . . . .	25 000
Less Paid to branches . . . . .	<u>11 500</u>
	—
	357,41
	13 500
Transferred from Special Funds (Note 1)	13 942
Diamond Jubilee Fund . . . . .	201 643,41
Development Fund . . . . .	3 700,00
Springbok Radio Christmas Fund	9 225,71
H. P. Smith Bequest . . . . .	<u>2 536,81</u>
	—
	217 105,93
	—
Amount transferred from income statement . . . . .	217 463,34
	13 942
Adjustment in respect of change in accounting policy . . . . .	(14 799)
	—
	1 214
	40 136,71
	(13 585)
	<u>R257 600,05</u>
	<u>R 357</u>

**3. FIXED ASSETS**

Office furniture and equipment	2 617,26	2 655
Balance at beginning of year . . . . .	54,25	253
Additions . . . . .	2 671,51	2 908
	267,15	291
Less depreciation for the year . . . . .	R2 404,36	R2 617

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS**  
**NASIONALE INSTITUUT INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN REHABILITASIE VAN OORTREDERS**

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Suid-Afrikaanse

*Nasionale Instituut insake Misdaadvoorkoming  
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(W.O. 313)

**Nasionale Raad  
JAARVERSLAG**

**1976 - 1977**

# NIMRO

(Geregistreer kragtens die Wet op Welsynsorganisasies:  
Nr. W.O. 313)

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## JAARVERSLAG vir die tydperk 1 April 1976 – 31 Maart 1977

### misdaadvoorkoming

In ons jongste jaarverslag het ons daarop gewys dat misdaad die belastingbetalers in Suid-Afrika 'n geweldige bedrag geld kos. Ons het ook daarop gewys dat die totale begroting van die drie staatsdepartemente wat met misdaad en misdadigers te doen het **R276 854 000** gedurende 1976 beloop het. Vir die huidige jaar het die bedrag tot **R320 640 000** gestyg, d.w.s. met 16%. Die vergelykende begrotings vir 1977 is soos volg, met die persentasietoename bo dié van die vorige jaar in hakies aangedui: Die Suid-Afrikaanse Polisie R204 000 000 (19,2%), die Departement van Gevangenis R71 940 000 (19,3%), en die Departement van Justisie R44 700 000 (20%).

Daar is geen twyfel dat daar gedurende die afgelope jaar ook 'n onrusbarende toename in misdade was nie — veral in gewelddadige misdade. Daar is, bv., aangemeld dat **10 513** persone as gevolg van kriminelle geweld (strafbare manslag en moord) gesterf het, en **135 705** gevalle van ernstige aanranding en **38 981** roofaanvalle is gedurende die afgelope statistiese jaar by die polisie aangemeld.

NIMRO het verskeie stappe geneem en 'n aantal daadwerklike pogings aangewend om misdaad te voorkom. Onder andere is voortgegaan met die verspreiding van die Instituut se misdaadvoorkomingsgids aan die publiek, pamflette is versprei, sowel as NIMRO se verslag oor winkeldiefstal, toesprake is aan lede van die publiek gelewer, lesings aan studente gegee, daar is aan radio- en televisieprogramme deelgeneem, onderhoude aan koerante is toegestaan, ens.

NIMRO voel reeds lank dat daar 'n behoefte aan 'n intensieve misdaadvoorkomingsveldtog bestaan. Tydens die vergadering van die Instituut se Uitvoerende Komitee in 1976 is dus besluit om 'n landswye misdaadvoorkomingsveldtog te loods. Generaal Du Preez, Kommissaris van Gevangenis, het ons besorgdheid oor die afmetings wat die misdaadprobleem aangeneem het onderstreep, toe hy onlangs sy jaarverslag aan die Parlement voorgelê het. Hy het, o.a. gesê: "So verreikend is die nadelige gevolge van misdaad en die koste van misdaadbestryding, dat 'n nasionale misdaadvoorkomingsveldtog dringend prioriteit moet geniet. Voorkoming van misdaad is 'n saak van soveel belang, dat dit noodaaklik is dat publieke gemeenskapsbewustheid en be-

trokkenheid by hierdie saak geprikkel moet word.” NIMRO is waarskynlik die organisasie wat in die beste posisie is om iets daadwerklik aan hierdie probleem te doen.

Ten einde ’n effektiewe en realistiese veldtog te loods, het ons gevoel dat ons inligting moes bekom van watter tipe misdaad die meeste gepleeg word, die toestande waaronder hulle gepleeg word en watter tipe persoon gewoonlik die slagoffer van misdaad is. Na besprekings met ’n aantal senior polisieoffisiere en ’n kort navorsingsondersoek van kocrantverslae, het ons tot die gevolg trekking gekom dat baie misdade weens die nalatigheid en liggetrouwheid van die slagoffer gepleeg word. Dit het vir ons duidelik geword dat baie misdade voorkom kan word deur geleenthede daarvoor tot ’n minimum te beperk en deur (heel dikwels eenvoudige) voorsorgmaatreëls te tref.

NIMRO se landswye misdaadvorkomingsjaar sal hopelik die volgende projekte omvat:

- 1) ’n Intensieve deurlopende publisiteitsveldtog deur die nuusmedia — T.V., radio en die pers. Die doel daarvan sal wees om die publiek bewus te maak van misdaadvorkoming en hulle in te lig oor hoe misdaad voorkom kan word.
- 2) Publisiteitsmateriaal soos, byvoorbeeld, brosjures, pamphlette en ’n misdaadvorkomingsalmanak kan versprei word.
- 3) Misdaadvorkomingspanele kan in die stedelike gebiede gestig word, insluitende die Swart-, Kleurling- en Indiëerwoonbuurtjes. Hierdie panele, wat al vir ’n aantal jare met sukses in Engeland funksioneer, sal bestaan uit gemeenskaps-bewuste en invloedryke lede van die verskillende gemeenskappe, wat die probleme van misdaad in hul onderskeie gemeenskappe sal bespreek en praktiese veldtogene sal loods om spesifieke misdade te bestry. Dit sal bydra om gemeenskapsbewustheid aan te wakker, m.a.w. lede van die publiek sal aangemoedig word om op hul hoede te wees vir misdaad, gewillig wees om ’n aktiewe rol te speel in die bestryding en voorkoming van misdaad, en om betrokke te raak by die welsyn van die gemeenskap as ’n geheel.
- 4) Ons het ’n program oor misdaadvorkoming wat op skuifies en band vasgelê is, van ’n firma in die V.S.A. gekry. Die firma het ons verlof gegee om dit te gebruik om ons eie program uit te werk. Ook vir hierdie projek

sal ons 'n onderskrywer moet hê, maar ons reken dit sal nie té moeilik wees nie. Die idee van die projek is om die program aan gemeenskapsgroepe te vertoon en, indien ons toestemming daar toe kan verkry, ook aan skole, universiteite, ens. Dit sou ideaal wees as ons 'n skuifieprogram vir elk van die hoofbevolkingsgroepe kan laat maak, aangesien misdaadwekkende toestande van groep tot groep verskil.

- 5) Om 'n rolprent oor misdaadvorkoming te maak wat aan groepe van die publiek dwarsoor die land vertoon kan word, en miskien ook op televisie gewys kan word. Ons is van mening dat 'n rolprent wat deur 'n professionele rolprentmaatskappy vervaardig is, gewledige trefkrag sal hê. Die groot struikelblok is egter die hoë koste verbonde aan die vervaardiging daarvan. Voorlopige navrae duï daarop dat 'n professioneel-vervaardigde rolprent van 30 minute in die omtrek van R30 000 sal kos. Ons is besig om 'n onderskrywer vir hierdie projek te soek, maar was tot dusver nog nie suksesvol nie.

### **Kommissie van ondersoek na die strafstelsel**

Vir baie jare reeds het NIMRO hom op 'n verantwoordelike en konstruktiewe wyse beywer vir 'n billiker, mensliker en effektiever strafstelsel. NIMRO was dus verheug toe 'n Kommissie in September 1974 onder die leiding van regter G. Viljoen aangestel is om ondersoek in te stel na die strafstelsel van Suid-Afrika en verbeterings aan te beveel. In Februarie 1977 het die Kommissie sy Verslag ter tafel gelê. Hierdie Verslag lewer 'n baie duidelike bewys van NIMRO se invloed op verligte penologiese denke. 'n Aantal van die aanbevelings wat in NIMRO se verslag aan die Kommissie en in verskeie artikels deur NIMRO-woordvoerders vervat is, is in die Verslag van die Viljoen-kommissie opgeneem. Dit sluit o.a. in dat korttermynvonnisse ingekort word, dat regssamptenare opleiding ontvang in die oplegging van vonnisse, die gebruikmaking van nie-institutionele alternatiewe tot gevangesetting, dekriminalisasie van sekere oortredings, veral die sogenaamde 'paswette', dat verhoorafwagtendes nie in gevangenisse aangehou word nie, en nog vele meer.

Dit is duidelik dat NIMRO se voortgesette strewe na 'n verbetering van die strafstelsel — die konferensies en kongresse, die groot aantal koerant- en radio-onderhoude van sy woordvoerders, die kriminologiese artikels in professionele tydskrifte, memoranda aan Staatsdepartemente, onderhoude met senior staatsamptenare en kabinetsministers — nie te vergeefs was nie.

## **nuwe strafreg en kriminologiese tydskrif**

In November 1976 het die laaste uitgawe van NIMRO se kriminologiese tydskrif **Misdaad, Straf en Hervorming**, verskyn. Dit het saamgesmelt met 'n nuwe tydskrif wat 'n wyer veld dek, en wat deur Butterworth, in samewerking met NIMRO, uitgegee word. Hierdie tydskrif, getiteld **S.A. Tydskrif vir Strafreg en Kriminologie**, word gesamentlik geredigeer deur prof. J. H. van Rooyen, Direkteur van die Instituut vir Kriminologie aan die Universiteit van Kaapstad, en mnr. R. Graser, Nasionale Direkteur van NIMRO.

**Misdaad, Straf en Hervorming** het heelwat invloed op die gebied van strafreg uitgeoefen, soos gesien kan word uit die aanhalings in die Verslag van die Kommissie van Ondersoek na die Strafregistsel, en uit aanhalings in verskeieregs- en kriminologiese publikasies — insluitende buitelandse publikasies soos **Documentatieblad**, die tydskrif van die Nederlandse Departement van Justisie.

NIMRO se tydskrif was die eerste kriminologiese tydskrif wat in Suid-Afrika verskyn het, en die organisasie is met reg trots daarop dat hy nog 'n belangrike diens van stapel kon stuur. Ander baanbrekersprestasies (sommige direk, ander indirek), was die daarstelling van die Prisoniersvrienddiens, stigting van arbeidsburo's, die aanstelling van proefbeamptes, en die oprigting van tehuise vir jeugdiges.

## **maatskaplike werk by nimro se takke**

Die nege takke van NIMRO het weer eens 'n besige jaar agter die rug. Die 56 maatskaplike werkers by die takke het 3 614 gevangenis- en 31 684 kantooronderhoude gevoer, 10 782 huisbesoeke afgelê en toesig gehad oor 3 265 ontslane gevangenes wat op parool vrygelaat is. Dit verteenwoordig 'n toename van 16,4% oor die vorige jaar. Die totale aantal nasorggevalle het van 5 689 tot 6 042 toegeneem, d.w.s. met 6,2%. Gesinsorg is in 2 306 gevalle gelewer — 75,5% meer as verlede jaar. Ongelukkig was net 33,81% van NIMRO se kliënte in diens, in vergelyking met 41% verlede jaar. Die agteruitgang van die ekonomiese toestand en die gevoldlike toename in werkloosheid kan moontlik 'n rede hiervoor wees. Tog was die herinhegtenisnemingsyfer feitlik dieselfde as verlede jaar: 5,52% teenoor 5,15%.

Gedurende die afgelope jaar is altesame 218 gevangenes in die sewe nasorghostelle van NIMRO gehuisves. Daar is drie hostelle vir Blanke, drie hostelle vir Kleurling- en een hostel vir Swart oud-gevangenes, met bykomende huisvesting by

verskeie sentrums. By NIMRO se Nagskuiling in Kaapstad is ook huisvesting aan gemiddeld 50 rondswerwers per nag verskaf.

Sedert 'n Nasionale Supervisor (mnr. André du Plooy) in Februarie 1976 aangestel is, het Nasionale Raad-kantoor sy supervisie van maatskaplike werk by sy nege takke verskerp.

### **instituut vir kriminologie**

In verlede jaar se Verslag het ons gemeld dat NIMRO 'n belangrike rol gespeel het by die totstandkoming van die Instituut van Kriminologie by die Universiteit van Kaapstad. Die Instituut het aan die begin van 1977 met sy werksamehede begin, en NIMRO werk steeds nou saam met die eerste Direkteur, prof. J. H. van Rooyen.

### **stigting van 'n nuwe tak by springs**

Gedurende die verslagjaar het NIMRO 'n nuwe tak by Spring geopen. Vir 'n aantal jare het NIMRO 'n gevangeneshulpkomitee daar gehad, en hierdie komitee het die koste van 'n Prisoniersvriend by die Kantoor van die Kommissaris van Bantoesake in Springs bygebring. Toe 'n Hulpsentrum in Springs geopen is, het NIMRO se Prisoniersvrienddiens oorbodig geword. Nadat ondersoek ingestel is, het dit egter duidelik geword dat daar 'n definitiewe behoeftte aan 'n volle gevangeneshulpdiens in Springs bestaan. Mnr. W. Dannheisser, NIMRO se steunpilaar in Springs, is dus gevra om voort te gaan met die stigting van 'n tak aldaar. Dit word beoog om 'n kantoor te open, 'n voltydse maatskaplike werkster aan te stel, en gereelde gevangeneshulp- en nasorgdienste voor die einde van 1977 in te stel.

### **TICRO (transkeise instituut vir misdaadvorkoming en rehabilitasie van oortreders)**

Gedurende die afgelope jaar het NIMRO voortgegaan met sy ondersteuning aan TICRO deur toesig te hou oor die maatskaplike werkster aldaar, en deur haar salaris te subsidiere. Die organisasie is stadig besig om op dreef te kom, en weens die inisiatief van 'n voormalige NIMRO-maatskaplike werker, mnr. W. Kabane, wat nou aan die Transkeise Departement van Gesondheid en Volkswelsyn verbonde is, is 'n tak in Butterworth gestig. 'n Goeie verhouding is met die Departemente van Justisie en Gevangenissopegebou, en gereelde besoeke word by die Wellington-gevangenis afgelê om onderhoude met gevangenes te voer, en hul probleme

met die interne maatskaplike werker te bespreek. Daar dit so dikwels gebeur dat NIMRO te doen kry met mans wie se gesinne in die Transkei woon, glo die Instituut dat deur TICRO te help om homself as 'n misdaadvorkomings- en nasorgorganisasie te vestig, dit van direkte belang vir die Republiek is.

## planne vir die toekoms

Sedert sy totstandkoming in 1910 — as die S.A. Gevangenes-hulpvereniging — het NIMRO steeds gestreef om bestaande, sowel as ontwikkelende probleme in die gemeenskap die hoof te bied. Die lang geskiedenis van die organisasie word gekenmerk deur die aanpassing van sy dienste by probleme in die Suid-Afrikaanse gemeenskap. Nie alleen het NIMRO 'n aantal noodsaklike dienste in die lewe geroep nie — sommige waarvan mettertyd deur die Staat oorgeneem is — maar die organisasie het gedurig probeer om hervormings teweeg te bring, veral van die strafregstelsel.

'n Belangrike voorbeeld van beplanning om die toenemende probleme van die gemeenskap die hoof te bied, is NIMRO se beplande misdaadvorkomingsjaar gedurende 1978. Reeds voor 1970 was NIMRO daarvan bewus dat die misdaadprobleem besig was om al groter afmetings aan te neem. Gevolglik het die organisasie besluit om sy werksaamhede 'n nuwe aanslag te gee en om sy naam te verander om beter by sy doelwitte aan te pas. In 1970 is die naam van die organisasie dus verander van Maatskaplike Dienste-vereniging na NIMRO. By die Jaarvergadering van die Uitvoerende Komitee in Oktober 1976 is besluit om 'n landswye misdaadvorkomingsveldtog gedurende 1979 te reël. 'n Paar maande later het die Kommissaris van Gevangenis in sy Jaarverslag verklaar dat daar 'n dringende behoefté vir so 'n veldtog bestaan.

NIMRO word alhoemeer daarvan bewus dat dit nie genoeg is om hom feitlik uitsluitlik daarop toe te lê om die individuele oortreder te rehabiliteer nie — sodat hy hom kan aanpas by 'n gemeenskap wat, weens sy aard, maatskaplike ontwrigting en afwykende gedrag in die hand werk. Terwille hiervan wy sommige van NIMRO se takke reeds 'n gedeelte van hul bronne en werksaamhede aan groepwerk en gemeenskapsorganisasie. Tot dusver was 'n groot struikelblok om hierdie dienste verder uit te brei die feit dat staatsubsidies tot gevallewerkposte beperk is, en dat groepwerk- en gemeenskapsorganisasieposte nie deur die Staat gedek word nie.

Planne vir die toekoms sal by die komende Tweejaarlikse Vergadering van Nasionale Raad bespreek word. Die organisasie sal ook bepaal of dit 'n betekenisvolle bydrae lewer tot die herinskakeling van die oortreder by die gemeenskap en die voorkoming van misdaad.

## finansies en fondsinsameling

NIMRO het 'n milde bydrae van R7 146 van die Springbok Radio Kersfonds ontvang, wat aan sy takkantore uitgedeel is. Toelaes en skenkings ter waarde van R40 799 (dit sluit donasies aan die Ontwikkelingsfonds in) is uit verskeie oorde ontvang, waaronder die hoofkantore van banke, bougenootskappe, sake- en industriële ondernemings, mynmaatskappye, trustfondse, vroue-organisasies, ontspanningsklubs en individuele skenkings ingesluit is. NIMRO is dankbaar vir hierdie wonderlike ondersteuning.

Ons wil in besonder ons dank betuig teenoor die Sunday Times se Nasionale Welsynsfonds vir die uitstekende bydrae van R75 444 wat NIMRO in staat stel om gelyke salarisso aan al sy maatskaplike werkers te betaal. Die Instituut is dankbaar vir die groot donasies van R10 000 van Rapport en R5 000 van die Cape Argus.

NIMRO wil ook graag die onderstaande munisipaliteite vir hulle ondersteuning bedank. 'n Groot aantal straatkollektes is toegestaan, wat 'n totale bedrag van R2 204 ten gevolg gehad het. NIMRO is inderdaad dankbaar teenoor diegene wat hiertoe meegehelp het — alle organiseerders, kollektante en hul helpers, asook diegene wat uit openbare fondse skenkings gemaak het.

## lys van munisipaliteite

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Graaff-Reinet	Orkney	Warrenton
Grahamstad	Pinetown	Wesselbron
Heilbron	Randfontein	Westonaria
Henneman	Rustenburg	Wittrivier
Humansdorp	Sasolburg	:

**NIMRO REHABILITASIEDIENSTE AAN ONTSLANE GEVANGENES  
EN AAN GESINNE VAN GEVANGENES — JAAR GEËINDIG  
31 MAART 1977**

Aantal kantooronderhoude . . . . .	31 684
Aantal gevangenisonderhoude . . . . .	3 614
Aantal huisbesoeke . . . . .	10 782
Werkverskaf . . . . .	5 473
Huisvesting verskaf . . . . .	1 804
<b>Verslae (Insluitende o.a. agtergrondverslae oor gevangenes, paroolsupervisieverslae, gesinsrekonstruksieverslae)</b>	<b>4 599</b>
<b>Toesig en hulp</b>	
Ontslane gevangenes onder parooltoesig . . . . .	3 265
Oortreders onder opgeskorte vonnis . . . . .	170
Onvoorwaardelik ontslane gevangenes wat aandag ontvang het . . . . .	2 602
Hulp aan gesinne van gevangenes . . . . .	3 206
Ander gevalle . . . . .	122
<b>Totale aantal gevalle wat hulp ontvang het . . . . .</b>	<b>9 365</b>
<b>Nasorgresultate</b>	
Werk gereeld: 2 043 (33,81%)	
Werkloos op 31/3/77: 1 245 (20,61%)	
Kontak verbreek: 2 207 (36,53%)	
Weer skuldig bevind: 334 (5,53%)	
Verhoorafwagting op 31/3/77: 213 (3,54%)	

## ERFLATINGS

NIMRO is reeds verskeie kere in boedels bevoordeel, wat bygedra het tot die Instituut se miskaadvoorkomings- en rehabiliterasiewerk onder alle rassegroepe in die Republiek.

'n Beroep word op alle persone, wat hierdie vorm lees, gedoen om ernstige porweging te skeuk aan soortgelyke hulpverlening aan NIMRO.

Daar word aan die hand gedoen dat die volgende vorm by u testament aangeheg word indien u NIMRO by wyse van erflatings wil bevoordeel:

### VORM VAN ERFLATING

"Hiermee gee en bemaak ek aan die NASIONALE INSTITUUT  
INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN REHABILITASIE  
VAN OORTREDERS, Posbus 10005, Kaapstad, die som van  
R..... om aangewend te word, na goeddunke van die  
Instituut, ten uitvoering van enige van sy doelstellings en  
aktiwiteite."

**NASIONALE INSTITUUT INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN  
REHABILITASIE VAN OORTREDERS (Welsynorganisasienommer 313)**  
**NASIONALE RAAD**

**BALANSSTAAT OP 31 MAART 1977**

Fondse aangewend:		1976
<b>ALGEMENE EN ONTWIKKELINGS-</b>		
<b>FONDS (Nota 2)</b>	<b>257 600,05</b>	<b>357</b>
<b>SPESIALE FONDSE (Notas 1 en 2)</b>		
Diamant Jubileumfonds . . . . .	201 643	
Springbok Radio Kersfeesfonds . . . . .	9 226	
Ontwikkelingsfonds . . . . .	3 700	
	—	214 569
<b>TRUSTFONDS</b>		
H. P. Smith-bemaking . . . . .	—	2 537
	<b>R257 600,05</b>	<b>R217 463</b>
Soos volg aangewend:		
<b>VASTE BATES (Nota 3)</b>	<b>2 404,36</b>	<b>2 617</b>
<b>BELEGGINGS</b>		
Vaste depositos . . . . .	203 800,00	179 800
Spaarekening . . . . .	27 805,85	10 022
Skuldbrieve . . . . .	20 000,00	20 000
Opgehopte rente . . . . .	2 314,02	2 958
	—	212 780
<b>LOPENDE BATES</b>		
Kontant . . . . .	50,00	255
Diverse debiteure en bedrae ver- skuldig deur takke . . . . .	24 281,84	21 158
Voorraad boeke . . . . .	1 600,00	—
	—	21 413
<b>LOPENDE LASTE</b>		
Bank-oortrekking . . . . .	3 544,06	—
Diverse krediteure . . . . .	21 111,96	19 347
	—	19 347
<b>NETTO LOPENDE BATES</b>	<b>1 275,82</b>	<b>2 066</b>
	<b>R257 600,05</b>	<b>R217 463</b>

**LET WEL:** Hierdie balansstaat sluit nie enige bates en laste wat in die rekeninge van die takke behandel word, in nie.

Geteken namens Nasionale Raad

M. E. Kumleben

Nasionale Voorsitter

M. Morris

Lid vir Finansies

**Verslag van die Ouditeure**

1 Augustus 1977

Die finansiële state van die Nasionale Raad van die Nasionale Instituut insake Misdaadvoorkoming en Rehabilitasie van Oortreders, soos uiteengesit op bladsye 12 - 14 is in ooreenstemming met die onderliggende boeke en rekords. Volgens ons mening gee die genoemde finansiële state 'n redelike beeld van die sake van die Nasionale Raad op 31 Maart 1977 en van die inkomste en uitgawe vir die jaar geëindig op daardie datum.

Arthur Young & Kie  
Geoktrooieerde Rekenmeesters (S.A.)

**NASIONALE INSTITUUT INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN  
REHABILITASIE VAN OORTREDERS (Welsynorganisasienommer 313)**

**NASIONALE RAAD**

**INKOMSTE STAAT VIR DIE JAAR GEËINDIG 31 MAART 1977**

<b>INKOMSTE</b>		<b>1976</b>	
Diens-geskenkwinkels	1 000,00		960
Staatstoelaes			
Departement van Volkswelsyn en Pensioene . . . . .	93 179,45	109 077	
Departement van Bantoe Administrasie . . . . .	30 725,85	—	
Departement van Indiërsake . . . . .	5 740,00	4 945	
Departement van Kleurlingsake . . . . .	22 917,92	18 180	
	<u>152 563,22</u>	<u>132 202</u>	
Inkomste ontvang van takke . . . . .	—	3 525	
Min betalings aan takke . . . . .	—	3 525	
Rente . . . . .	19 103,01		23 763
Erfatings en skenkings			
Springbok Radio Kersfeesfonds . . . . .	7 146,91	6 921	
Radio Bantoe Kersfeesfonds . . . . .	—	4 000	
Rapport Hulpfonds . . . . .	10 000,00	25 000	
Ander . . . . .	25 303,45	31 380	
Vir gelykmaking van salarisse en spesiale projekte			
Sunday Times se Nasionale Welsyn-FUND . . . . .	75 444,20	65 830	
Ander . . . . .	22 700,00	—	
	<u>98 144,20</u>	<u>65 830</u>	
Ander inkomste . . . . .	140 594,56		133 131
Vergoeding van regskoste . . . . .	2 310,36		2 649
	<u>922,69</u>	<u>—</u>	
	<u>316 493,84</u>	<u>292 705</u>	
<b>UITGawe</b>			
Advertensies . . . . .	299,40	1 119	
Ouditeursfooi . . . . .	475,00	488	
Bankkoste . . . . .	20,38	11	
Bantoeheffing . . . . .	19,25	—	
Beurse . . . . .	775,25	230	
Kongres-uitgawes . . . . .	—	2 095	
Kriminologiese biblioteek . . . . .	290,52	593	
Waardevermindering van kantoor-meubels en toerusting . . . . .	267,15	291	
<b>Skenkings</b>			
Instituut van Kriminologie, Kaapstad Universiteit, in terme van ooreenkoms met donateur . . . . .	—	50 000	
UNISA . . . . .	—	3 000	
Films . . . . .	—	724	
Fondsin samelingskoste . . . . .	1 301,59	—	
Oorgedra . . . . .	R3 448,54	R316 493,84	R58 551
			R292 705

**NASIONALE INSTITUUT INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN  
REHABILITASIE VAN OORTREDERS (Welsynorganisasienommer 313)**

**NASIONALE RAAD**

**INKOMSTE STAAT VIR DIE JAAR GEËINDIG 31 MAART 1977 (Vervolg)**

	R3 448,54	R316 493,84	R58 551	R292 705
Oorgebring . . . . .				
Algemene Vergaderings				
Jaarvergadering . . . . .	1 811,81		3 271	
Bantoe . . . . .	—		945	
Kleurling . . . . .	—		681	
Indiërs . . . . .	—		83	
Honorarium . . . . .	—		50	
Versekeringskoste . . . . .	146,63		134	
Regskoste . . . . .	—		1 076	
Ledegelede en subskripsie . . . . .	279,33		217	
Kantoorhuur en diens . . . . .	2 734,09		2 161	
Betalings aan takke . . . . .				
Algemeen . . . . .	23 740,00		34 810	
Vakansiegeld . . . . .	6 347,44		5 541	
Personeleeltoelaes (insluitend R24 245,48 vir gelyk- making van salarisse (1976 — R22 809)) . . . . .	173 574,60		140 486	
Drukkoste . . . . .				
"Children on Trial"			1 248	
Misdaadvoorkomingsgids . . . . .	322,00		615	
Tydskrif . . . . .	2 812,06		4 909	
Ander . . . . .	4 676,44		3 858	
Koerantultknipsels . . . . .	—		20	
Posgeld . . . . .	678,09		891	
Publikasies . . . . .	192,05		29	
Navorsingsprojek . . . . .	—		38	
Herstel en onderhoudskoste van kan- toortoerusting . . . . .	174,41		198	
Salarisse, lone, pensioenfonds en iniediese-hulp bydraes . . . . .	42 097,20		35 816	
Salarisse — vakansiegeld . . . . .	601,86		625	
Salarisse — navorsing . . . . .	981,00		3 141	
Skryfbefoefetes . . . . .	1 029,90		1 943	
Diverse vir tydskrif . . . . .	152,40		25	
Van stapel stuur van TIMRO . . . . .	—		300	
Toelae aan TIMRO . . . . .	3 335,00		580	
Telefoon . . . . .	1 895,93		1 522	
Reis- en onderhoudskoste . . . . .				
Nasionale Raad-personeel . . . . .	5 255,11		3 035	
Nasionale Raadslede . . . . .	71,24		705	
	276 357,13		307 504	
<b>OORSKOT/(TEKORT)</b>		<b>R 40 136,71</b>		<b>R(14 799)</b>
<b>Soos volg saamgestel</b>				
Balans van fondse ingesamel vir ge- lykmaking van salarisse en spesiale projekte soos hierbo . . . . .	98 144,20		65 830	
Min betalings soos hierbo . . . . .	24 245,48		22 809	
	73 898,72		43 021	
Ander (tekort) . . . . .	(33 762,01)		(57 820)	
Oorgedra na algemene ontwikkel- ingsfonds . . . . .		<b>R 40 136,71</b>		<b>R(14 799)</b>

**NASIONALE INSTITUUT INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN  
REHABILITASIE VAN OORTREDERS (Welsynorganisasienommer 313)**

**NASIONALE RAAD**

**NOTAS TOT DIE FINANSIELLE STATE OP 31 MAART 1977**

**1. REKENKUNDIGE BELEID**

Die volgende hoof rekenkundige beleid is aangeneem.

**SPECIALE FONDSE**

Alle spesiale fondse is oorgedra na 'n algemene en ontwikkelingsfonds vanaf 1 April 1976.

Alle inkomste en uitgawes verbonde aan die bestaande fondse word behandel deur die inkomstestaat. Die vergelykende syfers is daarvolgens reggestel.

**2. ALGEMENE- EN ONTWIKKELINGSFONDS**

1976

Saldo aan begin van jaar . . . . .	357,41	442
Rapport Hulpfonds . . . . .	25 000	
Min oorbetaling aan takke . . . . .	11 500	
	—	
	—	13 500
Oorgeplaas vanaf Spesiale Fondse (Nota 1)	357,41	13 942
Diamant Jubileumfonds . . . . .	201 643,41	
Ontwikkelingsfonds . . . . .	3 700,00	
Springbok Radio Kersfeefsonds . . . . .	9 225,71	
H. P. Smich-bemaking . . . . .	2 536,81	
	—	
	217 105,93	
	217 463,34	13 942
Bedrag oorgedra vanaf inkomstestaat		
Aansuiwing ten opsigte van ver-		
andering in rekenkundige beleid		
	—	1 214
	—	
	40 136,71	(14 799)
	—	
	40 136,71	(13 585)
	R 257 600,05	R 357
	—	

**3. VASTE BATES**

Kantoormeubels en toerusting		
Saldo aan begin van jaar . . . . .	2 617,26	2 655
Toevoegings . . . . .	54,25	253
	—	
Min waardevermindering vir die jaar	2 671,51	2 908
	267,15	291
Saldo aan einde van jaar . . . . .	R 2 404,36	R 2 617
	—	

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS**  
**NASIONALE INSTITUUT INSAKE MISDAADVOORKOMING EN REHABILITASIE VAN OORTREDERS**

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**END**