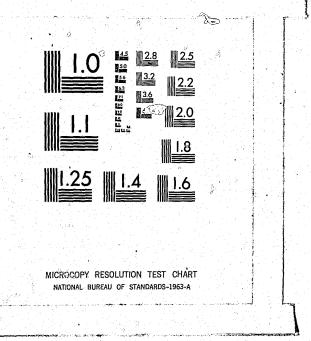
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Children in custody

A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1973

No. SD-JD-2F December 1977

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Law Enforcement
Assistance Administration

National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

James M. H. Gregg, Acting Administrator

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Preface

This report, treating the Nation as a whole, presents findings based on the 1973 Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census and on data selected for comparison purposes from the corresponding 1971 census. It provides an analysis of the characteristics of the Nation's public non-Federal residential facilities for juvenile offenders, with special reference to change occurring during the period between the two censuses. Beyond such findings, the statistical tables furnish a data base that can be further used to examine individual topics in more detail. A report on the earlier census, entitled Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971, contained a broad overview of the juvenile justice system that is not duplicated in this study.

The basic approach used in this report was, first, to classify juvenile facilities according to three main criteria—primary type or function, State or local administration, and sex of residents admitted—and, second, to utilize these differential characteristics to examine major topical areas, namely, facilities, admissions and releases, residents, staff, and expenditures.

Identification of change was hampered, in some instances, by differences in conducting the two censuses and in tabulating the results. Additional problems were caused by definitions used in 1971 that were altered in 1973, including, for instance, differing interpretations for part-time employment, for gross salaries and wages, and for capital expenditures. A misclassification of six facilities in the 1971 census that was subsequently corrected accounts for differences in some 1971 data items between this report and what was published in Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971.

The 1971 and 1973 censuses of public juvenile detention and correctional facilities were the first two in a new series on the subject conducted for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. This new series replaces the annual survey of public facilities for adjudicated juveniles conducted by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW), that was published under the title, Statistics on Public Institutions for Delinquent Children. The HEW series covered reception or diagnostic centers: training schools; and ranches, forestry camps, and farms. The LEAA-sponsored census was expanded to include detention centers and shelters (facilities intended principally as temporary residences for juveniles awaiting court action) as well as halfway houses and group homes.

Data aggregated for the present nationwide study were tabulated for each LEAA region and State and are presented in Appendix B. In certain of these tables, 1973 data are compared with those for 1971. Appendix C consists of tables containing information on a regional and State basis that, although collected during the 1973 census, pertain to 1972. The 1972 data were incomplete and were not analyzed in this study.

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General Findings

The Nation's public non-Federal juvenile detention and correctional facilities housed 16 percent fewer persons in custody on June 30, 1973, than on June 30, 1971, although there were 10 percent more such facilities at midyear 1973 than 2 years earlier. A comparison of the number of juveniles held in the facilities showed a 17 percent decrease by mid-1973. The total staff in these facilities was down about 1 percent and, while expenditures rose by 6 percent in fiscal year 1973 over fiscal year 1971, the increase in spending was not of sufficient magnitude to offset the rate of inflation. These were among the major findings when data from the 1973 Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census were compared with those from the 1971 census. Other findings showed improved juvenile-to-staff ratios, higher expenditures per resident held, and shorter detention periods in 1973. Especially noteworthy was the marked increase in the number of halfway houses and group homes and in the number of juveniles living in them; this increase was coupled with a slight reduction in the number of training schools, the traditional correctional facility for delinquent juveniles, and a more pronounced decline in the number of persons held in training schools.

In 1973, as in 1971, State governments operated most of the long-term, or correctional, facilities, whereas local units of government administered the bulk of the short-term, or detention, institutions.

Facilities

On June 30, 1973, there was a nationwide total of 794 short-term and long-term public juvenile facilities for persons held in custody under the jurisdiction of State or local government agencies. This count represented an increase of nearly 10 percent over the 722 such facilities enumerated on June 30, 1971 (Table 1). During the 2-year interval, the most notable change was the marked increase in the number of halfway houses and group homes, a long-term type of facility designed to promote mutually beneficial relationships between juveniles in custody and their home communities. This increase tended to underscore the emphasis throughout the correctional field on community ties as a prime factor in the rehabilitation of offenders.

Type of facility

Juvenile detention and correctional facilities are basically of two types: short-term, or temporary detention, and long-term, or correctional. The former exist primarily to provide temporary custodial care for juveniles while they are awaiting court disposition or undergoing physical and psychological evaluation before placement in a long-term facility.

During the period between the two censuses, the number of short-term, or temporary detention, facilities rose from 338 to 355, or by 5 percent, but the proportion of such institutions to total facilities declined from 47 to 45 percent. Growth in the overall number of short-term facilities was the result of small increases in each of the three specific types of such establishments: detention centers, shelters, and reception or diagnostic centers. Overall, the number

Table 1. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973

	N	lumber		
Type of facility	1971	1973	Percent cha	inge
All facilities	722	794	+10	
Short-term	338	355	+5	
Detention center	305	319	+5	
Shelter	17	19	+12	
Reception or diagnostic center	16	17	+6	
Long-term	384	439	+14	
Training school	191	187	-2	
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	115	103	-10	
Halfway house and group home	78	149	+91	

NOTE: Data for 1971 in this and subsequent tables may differ from those reported in <u>Children in Custody</u>: A <u>Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971</u>
Corrections have been made for six facilities misclassified in that report.

Table 2. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, midyear 1971 and 1973

		State-administered			Locally administe	ered
Type of facility	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	318	367	+15	404	427	+6
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	42 25 1 16 276 156 68 52	47 29 1 17 320 154 56 110	+12 +16 0 +6 +16 -1 -18 +112	296 280 16 0 108 35 47 26	308 290 18 0 119 33 47 39	+4 +4 +13 0 +10 -6 0

Table 3. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and sex of persons admitted, midyear 1971 and 1973

		Admit n	ales o	nly	1		Admit	femal	es onl	У		Admi	t both	sexes	
Type of facility	1971	19	773	Percent change		1971		1973		Percent change	1971		1973		Percent change
All facilities	278	2	293	+5		86		92		+7	 358		409		+14
Short-term Detention center	13 7		9	-31 -43		8		3		-63 -80	317 293		343 314		+8 +7
Shelter Reception or diagnostic center	3		3	0 -33		2		1 1		0 -50	13 11		15 14		+15 +27
Long-term Training school	265 106		284	+7 -6		78 49		89 39		+14 -20	41 36		66 48		+61 +33
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	103 56		91 93	-12 +66		9 20		7 43		-22 +115	3 2		5 13		+67 +550

of detention centers rose from 305 to 319 between the two censuses; the increase for shelters was from 17 to 19, and for reception or diagnostic centers from 16 to 17. In 1973, as in 1971, detention centers accounted for 90 percent of all short-term facilities; shelters, 5 percent; and reception or diagnostic centers, 5 percent.

The increase from 78 to 149 in the number of halfway houses and group homes between 1971 and 1973 was the principal factor accounting for the expansion of the Nation's complex of public juvenile facilities. This growth in the number of halfway houses and group homes, which constitute one of the three types of long-term facilities for juvenile offenders, more than offset decreases in the other two types, namely, training schools, whose number declined from 191 to 187, and ranches, forestry camps, and farms, reduced from 115 to 103. Overall, the number of long-term facilities rose during the period from 384 to 439, or by 14 percent; the proportion of long-term institutions to total juvenile facilities covered by the census increased from 53 percent at midyear 1971 to 55 percent 2 years later. Training schools accounted for 43 percent of longterm facilities in 1973, compared with 50 percent in 1971. The proportion for ranches, forestry camps. and farms also declined during the 2-year interval, from 30 to 23 percent, whereas that for halfway houses and group homes rose sharply, from 20 to 34

State or local administration

Approximately two-thirds of the 72 units added to the Nation's public juvenile facility complex between mid-1971 and mid-1973 were established under the auspices of State governments and one-third under the jurisdiction of local authorities. In 1973, as in 1971, local governments operated the vast majority (more than 85 percent) of short-term, or temporary detention, facilities, whereas State governments administered a preponderance (more than 70 percent) of long-term correctional institutions (Table 2).

Overall, the number of State-operated facilities, both short-term and long-term, rose from 318 in 1971 to 367 in 1973, an increase of 15 percent. Locally administered facilities grew in number from 404 to 427, or by 6 percent. State-operated facilities accounted for 44 percent of all juvenile detention and correctional establishments in 1971, and those administered by local governments made up 56 per-

cent. Two years later, the proportions were 46 and 54 percent, respectively.

Between mid-1971 and mid-1973, long-term facilities under State administration grew in number from 276 to 320, or by 16 percent, and those operated by local governments increased from 108 to 119, or by 10 percent. For State and local facilities, the entire net growth in the number of long-term facilities resulted from the sharp increase in the number of halfway houses and group homes. The number of such facilities operated by the States rose from 52 to 110, or by 112 percent; in the local sector, the increase was from 26 to 39, or 50 percent. Concomitantly, there was a decrease in the number of training schools administered by State or local governments, from 156 to 154 in the State sector and from 35 to 33 in the local. The number of ranches. forestry camps, and farms under State auspices also declined, from 68 to 56, whereas the number under local jurisdictions was the same (47) at the beginning and end of the 2-year period.

The total of short-term facilities administered by State governments increased from 42 to 47, or by 12 percent, between the two censuses; the increase in locally administered facilities of this type was from 296 to 308, or 4 percent. Of the aggregate increase of 17 short-term institutions, 14 were detention centers (4 State and 10 local), 2 were shelters (both locally operated) and 1 was a reception or diagnostic center operated by a State government. Neither at midyear 1971 nor at midyear 1973 were there any reception or diagnostic centers operated by local units of government. Only one shelter was State-administered in each of the 2 years.

Sex of persons admitted

During the 2-year intercensal period, there was a discernible trend away from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities that housed one sex only in favor of those admitting both males and females (Table 3). Although the number of facilities that housed only males or only females, or admitted both sexes all increased, the number of those that admitted both sexes grew at a faster rate (14 percent) than those restricted either to males (5 percent) or to females (7 percent). Moreover, of the net increase of 72 facilities between mid-1971 and mid-1973, 51 admitted members of both sexes.

About half of the juvenile detention and correctional facilities admitted both males and females at the time of the 1973 census, but the overall propor-

Table 4. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and size (design capacity), midyear 1971 and 1973

											design	capac	ity)						22.41.5	
Type of facility and State or local administration	1971	1973	Less 1971	than 25 1973	25 1971	-49 1973	50 1971	1973	100 1971	1973	150 1971	1973	200 1971	1973	300 1971	1973	<u>400</u>	1973	500 c 1971	r more 1973
All facilities	722	794	238	305	134	149	148	147	61	65	38	44	55	49	28	17	8	9	12	9
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	338 305 17 16 384 191 115 78	355 319 19 17 439 187 103 149	156 143 13 0 82 10 4 68	166 147 17 2 139 8 4 127	84 80 2 50 5 35 10	88 86 2 0 61 11 28 22	53 50 0 3 95 31 64 0	55 50 0 5 92 32 60 0	21 17 1 3 40 29 11 0	19 15 0 4 46 36 10 0	7 5 1 31 30 1 0	9 9 0 0 35 34 1	8 4 0 4 47 47 0 0	12 8 0 4 37 37 0	7 4 0 3 21 21 0	4 2 0 2 13 13 0 0	1 0 0 7 7 0	1 0 0 8 8 0	1 0 0 11 11 0 0	1 0 0 8 8 0
State-administered facilities	318	367	61	112	46	56	59	58	33	40	28	30	50	41	24	14	6	ક	- 11	8
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	42 25 1 16 276 156 68 52	47 29 1 17 320 154 56 110	11 11 0 0 50 2 1 47	15 13 0 2 97 3 1	13 11 0 2 33 3 25 5	14 13 1 0 42 6 19 17	5 0 3 54 20 34 0	6 1 0 5 52 23 29 0	5 1 3 28 21 7	5 1 0 4 35 29 6 0	1 0 0 1 27 26 1 0	1 0 0 29 28 1 0	4 0 0 4 46 46 0	4 0 0 4 37 37 0 0	3 0 3 21 21 0 0	2 0 0 2 12 12 0 0	0 0 0 0 6 6 0	0 0 8 8 0 0	0 0 0 0 11 11 0	00008800
Locally administered facilities Short-term	404 296	427 308	177 145	193 151	68 71	93 74	89 89	89 49	28 16	25 14	10 6	14 8	5 1	8	4	3	2	1	1	1
Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center	280 16 0	290 18	132 13	134 17 0	69 2	73 1 0	48 48 0	49 0 0	16 0 0	14 0 0	5 1 0	8	4 0 0	8	4 0 0	2 0	0	0	1 0	0
Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	108 35 47 26	119 33 47 39	32 8 3 21	42 5 3	17 2 10 5	19 5 9 5	41 11 30 0	40 9 31 0	12 8 4 0	11 7 4 0	4 4 0 0	6 6 0 0	1 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 1 0	0 0 0	0	0 0

tion masked the long-standing disparity between short-term and long-term institutions. Approximately 97 percent of the former housed members of both sexes in 1973, compared with 15 percent of the latter. Two years earlier the proportions had been 94 and 11 percent, respectively.

An increase in the number of facilities admitting members of both sexes was common to all six types of juvenile detention and correctional establishments; only halfway houses and group homes also recorded an increase in the number of facilities restricted to one sex. Fewer single-sex facilities in 1973 than in 1971 was the pattern for each of the remaining types except shelters; the number of single-sex shelters remained the same.

Size

As measured by design capacity, juvenile detention and correctional facilities, considered as a whole, were small, and tended toward even more limited capacity in 1973 than in 1971, the median size having fallen from 48 to 40. About 38 percent of all facilities in 1973 were designed for fewer than 25 persons and another 19 percent indicated a capacity within the 25-49 range (Table 4). Two years earlier, the corresponding proportions were 33 and 19 percent. Thus, in both years, a clear majority of all facilities were designed for fewer than 50 residents. Furthermore, the most common (or modal) facility in 1973, as in 1971, was of the very smallest size, i.e., designed for fewer than 25 persons. The number of facilities that could hold 500 or more persons fell from 12 in 1971 to 9 in 1973. In each year, training schools accounted for all but one of these very large institutions.

Both in 1971 and in 1973, short-term facilities had a smaller design capacity than the long-term institutions, but this finding concealed the marked disparity in size among the types of facilities within the two groups. Two types of short-term establishments—detention centers and shelters—and two categories of long-term facilities—ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as halfway houses and group homes—had relatively limited capacities in both 1971 and 1973 and tended to be clustered in a narrow range of sizes. Training schools and reception or diagnostic centers typically were larger facilities, with the former the largest of all.

The 1973 census revealed that 89 percent of the shelters and 85 percent of the halfway houses and

group homes were designed for fewer than 25 residents, and that none of the remaining facilities of either type had a capacity for as many as 50 persons. Of detention centers, 73 percent had a design capacity for fewer than 50 residents, but there was one such center in both 1971 and 1973 that could hold 500 or more persons.

Those facilities known as ranches, forestry camps, and farms were the only type to have a larger design capacity in 1973 than in 1971, the median size having risen from 64 to 66. In neither year were there any such facilities that could accommodate 200 or more persons; the most common (modal) facility in both years had a capacity in the 50-99 range. Reception or diagnostic centers were evenly divided in 1971 between those that could hold fewer than 150 residents and those able to accommodate 150 or more. By 1973, about a third of these centers had design capacities for 150 or more.

Training schools, the largest type of juvenile facility, were of all sizes, ranging from those with design capacities for fewer than 25 persons to those that could hold 500 or more. The median size declined during the intercensal period, from 184 to 160.

State-operated juvenile facilities had larger design capacities than institutions run by local units of government. In fact, the median size of State facilities was double that of local ones in 1973, and the gap had been even wider in 1971. The larger size of State institutions is a direct result of State-government predominance in the operation of training schools and reception or diagnostic centers, relatively large establishments, and local-government predominance in administering detention centers and shelters, which are typically small.

Occupancy

Even though the results of the 1971 and 1973 censuses with respect to occupancy were not strictly comparable, it was clear that most public juvenile detention and correctional facilities were operating below maximum design capacity in both years and that relatively few institutions were overcrowded. On June 30, 1971, some 16 percent of the juvenile facilities were overcrowded. Two years later, the proportion had declined to 12 percent, but the 1973 figure was slightly understated (occupancy in 1973 was based on the juvenile population only, whereas it had been determined in 1971 on the basis of the

Table 5. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and percent of capacity occupied, midvear 1971 and 1973

			<u> </u>			·		of design	capacity	occupi	ed			
Type of facility and State or local administration	To 1971	tal 1973	Less t	ıan 50% 1973	50% 1971	-69% 1973		-100% 1973.		-109% 1973		-119% 1973	120% (1971	or more 1973
All facilities	722	794	117	170	143	181	349	348	40	46	22	18	51	31
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	338 305 17 16 384 191 115 78	355 319 19 17 439 187 103 149	90 85 4 1 27 16 6 5	115 106 5 4 55 23 12 20	84 77 5 2 59 25 24 10	95 88 2 5 86 46 19 21	101 85 6 10 248 118 72 58	104 87. 11 6 244 86 57	17 16 0 1 23 10 9	12 12 0 0 34 20 10	5 0 0 17 12 4	97029513	41 37 2 2 10 10 0	20 19 1 0 11 7 4
State-administered facilities	318	367	19	48	45	71	201	193	21	32	16	10	16	13
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	42 25 1 16 276 156 68 52	47 29 1 17 320 154 56 110	7 6 0 1 12 9 2 1	11 6 1 4 37 16 9	9 7 0 2 36 19 11 6	13 8 0 5 58 39 8	15 4 1 10 186 98 47 41	17 11 0 6 176 70 26 80	3 2 0 1 18 9 6 3	1 0 0 31 19 8 4	1 1 0 0 15 12 2	2 0 0 2 8 4 1 3	7 5 0 2 9 9 0	3 3 0 0 10 6 4
Locally administered facilities Short-term Detention center And Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	404 296 280 16 0 108 35 47	427 308 290 18 0 119 33 47	98 83 79 4 0 15 7	122 104 100 4 0 18 7 3	98 75 70 5 0 23 6	110 82 80 2 0 28 7 11	148 86 81 5 0 62 20 25	155 87 76 11 0 68 16 31	19 14 14 0 0 5 1	14 11 11 0 0 3 1	6 4 4 0 0 2 0 2	8 7 7 0 0 1 1	35 34 32 2 0 1	18 17 16 1 0 1

NOTE: Percent occupancy data for June 30, 1971, were based on the total number of residents (juveniles and nonjuveniles), whereas those for June 30, 1973, were based on the total number of juveniles only. Thus, 1971 and 1973 data are not comparable for reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; and ranches, forestry camps, and farms, except those operated by local units of government.

total residential population, which included both juveniles and nonjuveniles.). Of the total number of overcrowded facilities, about half in each year exceeded design capacity by 20 percent or more (Table

A more striking finding was the high proportion of facilities operating at less than 70 percent of design capacity: 56 percent in 1971, including 16 percent that were less than half occupied, and in 1973, 44 and 21 percent, respectively, although the 1973 proportions were slightly inflated. Another 48 percent of the facilities in 1971 and 44 percent in 1973 were operating at between 70 and 100 percent

of capacity.

The decline during the intercensal period in the proportion of juvenile facilities that were overcrowded or operating at 70 to 100 percent of capacity, together with the increase in the proportion of those that were operating at less than 70 percent of capacity, meant that relatively more facilities were operating below maximum capacity in 1973 than in 1971. This was definitely true for detention centers, shelters, and halfway houses and group homes and appeared also to be true for reception or diagnostic centers. There seemed to be little change in training schools. For ranches, forestry camps, and farms, a lower proportion of facilities were operating below maximum capacity in 1973 than in 1971.

Admissions and departures

Fewer admissions to and departures from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities were recorded during fiscal year 1973 than during fiscal year 1971. More specifically, these facilities processed 600,960 admissions of juveniles and nonjuveniles during 1973, compared with 616,766 in 1971, or a decrease of 3 percent (Table 6). These same facilities also reported roughly 3 percent fewer

departures, such transactions having declined from 614,606 to 594,207 (Table 7).2

The overall reduction in admissions and departures was the result mainly of a decrease in the number of these movement transactions, particularly those involving males, for locally operated detention centers, which in both years accounted for about three of every four admissions and departures. As a consequence of the decline in admissions and departures in locally operated detention centers, there were fewer movement transactions during 1973 than during 1971 in all locally administered and in all short-term facilities. On the other hand, there were more admissions and departures in facilities operated by State governments, as well as in those providing long-term correctional custody. The decrease in the number of male admissions amounted to 4 percent, as did the decline in the number of male departures. By contrast, female admissions and departures declined by less than 1 percent.

Both admissions and departures at halfway houses and group homes were approximately 130 percent higher in 1973 than in 1971, an increase consistent with the marked growth in the number of such facilities during the intercensal period. At shelters, admissions declined by 38 percent and departures by 37 percent. These are poor indicators of change, however, because these types of facilities each accounted for no more than 1 percent of all movement transactions in either year. On the other hand, the experience at detention centers provided a more meaningful indicator of movement in the public system as a whole. A comparison of the volume of such transactions at these centers during 1971 and 1973 revealed a 3 percent decline in the number of both admissions and departures. The overall decreases, however, masked a disparity between State-administered and locally operated detention centers. Whereas the former recorded a 14 percent increase in admission transactions, the latter experienced a 4 percent decline. There was a 15 percent increase in departures at State-administered detention centers and a 5 percent decrease at those operated by local units of government.

The combined total of admissions at training schools and at ranches, forestry camps, and farms was about the same during 1973 as during 1971. In

Throughout this report, most 1971-73 comparisons involving data based wholly or partly on the number of residents have been made imprecise by this dichotomy in the tabulation of census results. Both the 1971 and the 1973 censuses ascertained the number of all persons held and the number of all juveniles held, but the former was used as the universe in 1971 whereas the latter generally was used in 1973. Inasmuch as nonjuveniles were reported only in certain types of State-administered facilities (i.e., in reception or diagnostic centers, in training schools, and at ranches, forestry camps, and farms), these comparison problems do not apply to locally administered facilities nor to State-operated detention centers, shelters, and halfway houses and group homes.

²Data for 1973 represent the actual number of admissions and departures of all residents except those classified as youthful offenders. For youthful offenders, the number of admissions and departures, included in the overall figures, was estimated.

Table 6. Admissions to public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	-		Admiss			
Type of facility and State or local administration	Both 1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	male 1973
All facilities	616,766	600,960	445,710	430,070	171,056	170,890
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	531,686 496,526 8,052 27,108 85,080 67,775 14,866 2,439	513,004 483,212 4,986 24,806 87,956 {82,407 5,549	376,681 349,407 5,294 21,980 69,029 53,089 14,015 1,925	359,319 335,556 2,951 20,812 70,751 {67,213 3,538	155,005 147,119 2,758 5,128 16,051 14,686 851 514	153,685 147,656 2,035 3,994 17,205 {15,194 2,011
State-administered facilities Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	127,956 59,479 32,233 138 27,108 68,477 59,080 7,755	129,496 61,635 36,796 33 24,806 67,861 63,955	100,177 44,943 22,880 83 21,980 55,234 46,414 7,503	101,978 47,163 26,325 26 20,812 54,815 {52,311	12,666 252	27,518 14,472 10,471 7 3,994 13,046 {11,644
Halfway house and group home	1,642	3,906	1,317	2,504	325	1,402
Locally administered facilities Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	488,810 472,207 464,293 7,914 16,603 8,695 7,111 797	471,464 451,369 446,416 4,953 20,095 8,655 9,797 1,643	345,533 331,738 326,527 5,211 13,795 6,675 6,512 608	328,092 312,156 309,231 2,925 15,936 5,878 9,024 1,034	143,277 140,469 137,766 2,703 2,808 2,020 599 189	143,372 139,213 137,185 2,028 4,159 2,777 773 609

NOTE: Data for 1973 represent actual admission transactions of juveniles and of adult residents in a New Jersey facility, plus an estimated 9,956 admission transactions of youthful offenders in California.

Not amplicable.

marked contrast to the pattern in detention centers, however, the total was up in locally administered facilities of these types and down in State institutions. Departures from training schools and from ranches, forestry camps, and farms, considered collectively, were off about 2 percent during 1973 over 1971. Again, locally operated facilities registered an increase and State-administered institutions a decrease.

The large annual volume of admissions and departures, many times larger than the average daily population residing in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, reflected the rapid turnover characteristic of the Nation's juvenile justice system. It also reflected the multiple transactions involved in processing those individuals ultimately committed to a long-term facility, particularly to training schools or to ranches, forestry camps, and farms. The transactions for such persons might show initial intake at a detention center, referral to a reception or diagnostic center for evaluation, assignment to the relevant long-term facility, and, not infrequently, recommitment for a new offense or read-

mission for failure in an aftercare or parole program. Because this range of transactions was far more likely to have been reflected in the records of those confined at training schools or at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, the collection of data designed to permit comparisons of specific types of admission and departure transactions was limited to movement of persons into and out of these two types of institutions.

Type of admission

A total of 75,955 admissions, exclusive of those involving youthful offenders, was reported by training schools and by ranches, forestry camps, and farms during fiscal year 1973. The figure for fiscal year 1971, which included admissions of all non-juveniles as well as juveniles, was 82,514. In both 1971 and 1973, training schools accounted for about four of every five admission transactions in these two types of facilities.

The majority of admissions to training schools

Table 7. Departures from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, fiscal 1971 and 1973

			Depart	ures		
Type of facility and State		sexes		a.le	Fe	male
or local administration	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities	614,606	594,207	444,544	424,933	170,062	169,274
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	529,497 494,641 8,017 26,839 85,109 68,956 14,042 2,111	508,033 478,415 5,034 24,584 86,174 {81,255 4,919	375,335 348,097 5,261 21,977 69,209 54,300 13,289 1,620	355,624 332,042 2,973 20,609 69,309 66,210 3,099	154,162 146,544 2,756 4,862 15,900 14,656 753 491	152,409 146,373 2,061 3,975 16,865 {15,045 1,820
State-administered facilities	128,093	128,292	100,623	100,943	27,470	27,349
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	58,812 31,835 138 26,839 69,281 60,451 7,397 1,433	61,228 36,574 70 24,584 67,064 {63,602 3,462	44,620 22,560 83 21,977 56,003 47,682 7,184 1,137	46,833 26,161 63 20,609 54,110 {51,942 2,168	14,192 9,275 55 4,862 13,278 12,769 213 296	14,395 10,413 7 3,975 12,954 {11,660 1,294
Locally administered facilities	486,513	465,915	343,921	323,990	142,592	141,925
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	470,685 462,806 7,879 15,828 8,505 6,645	446,805 441,841 4,964 19,110 8,435 9,218	330,715 325,537 5,178 13,206 6,618 6,105	308,791 305,881 2,910 15,199 5,723 8,545	139,970 137,269 2,701 2,622 1,887 540	138,014 135,960 2,054 3,911 2,712 673
Halfway house and group home	678	1,457	483	931	195	526

NOTE: Data for 1973 represent actual departure transactions of juveniles and of adult residents in a New Jersey facility, plus an estimated 10,408 departure transactions of youthful offenders in California.

Not applicable

during 1973 were court commitments (Table 8). First commitments accounted for 54 percent of all admissions, and recommitments made up another 10 percent. The remaining admissions were divided among those resulting from the return of those previously assigned to aftercare or parole programs (12 percent), transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles (7 percent), and a variety of "other" reasons (17 percent). These proportions varied little when admissions of males and females were considered separately, although a slightly higher proportion of male than female admissions resulted from court commitments—64 vs. 60 percent.

During 1973, court commitments made up a higher proportion of admissions into State than into local training schools. Admissions resulting from returns from aftercare or parole programs, as well as those resulting from transfers from other facilities, also were relatively more common in State than in local institutions of this type. By contrast, admissions attributed to "other" reasons were relatively more numerous in local than in State training schools.

An even greater proportion of admissions to

ranches, forestry camps, and farms than to training schools were the result of court commitments. First commitments accounted for 62 percent of all reported admissions during 1973, and recommitments made up another 9 percent. Of the remaining admissions reported by ranches, forestry camps, and farms, 4 percent resulted from the return of persons previously assigned to aftercare or parole programs, 11 percent were transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles, and 14 percent were of other, miscellaneous kinds. Males accounted for 94 percent of all reported admissions to ranches, forestry camps, and farms.

Unlike the situation in training schools, court commitments made up a higher proportion of admissions into ranches, forestry camps, and farms operated by local units of government (75 percent) than of admissions to State facilities (66 percent). The same held true for admissions for "other" reasons, but the reverse was the case for admissions involving returns from aftercare or parole programs, as well as from those representing transfers from other agencies for delinquent juveniles.

Table 8. Admissions to public training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of admission, State or local administration of facility, and sex, fiscal 1973

			Traini	ng school			Ranch, forestry camp, and farm							
m		administe		Locally	administ	ered	State-	administe	red		administ			
Type of admission	 Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes		Femal		
Total	52,023	40,722	11,301	8,655	5,878	2,777	5,480	5,321	159	9,797	9,024	773		
Committed by court First commitment Recommitment ¹ Returned from aftercare or	33,539 28,344 5,195	26,541 21,924 4,617	6,998 6,420 578	4,827 4,251 576	3,383 2,921 462	1,444 1,330 114	3,599 3,146 453	3,479 3,026 453	120 120 0	7,337 6,321 1,016	6,704 5,783 921	633 538 95		
parole program ² Transferred in ³ ther	7,115 4,464 6,905	5,446 3,362 5,373	1,669 1,102 1,532	298 153 3,377	242 49 2,204	56 104 1,173	412 1,200 269	408 1,166 268	4 34 1	150 481 1.829	135 451 1,734	15 30 95		

NOTE: Exclude admission transactions of youthful offenders in 12 California State facilities.

1 For new offense.

²Excludes juveniles returned for new offenses.
³Transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

Table 9. Departures from public training schools and from ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of departure, State or local administration of facility, and sex, fiscal 1973

			Train	ing school			Ranch, forestry camp, and farm							
The action of the state of the		administe			administ	ered	State-	administe	ered		administ	oned		
Type of departure	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes		Female	Both sexes		Female		
Total	51,310	39,923	11,387	8,435	5,723	2,712	5,265	5,079	186	9,218	8,545	673		
Discharged without further								, ,		,,,,,,,,	3,747	כוט		
supervision Discharged without further	4,467	3,289	1,178	722	578	144	1,044	1.044	0	737	696	41		
aftercare or parole program Placed in discharging agency's	5,521	4,857	664	1,640	1,146	494	988	935	53	1,576	1,403	173		
aftercare or parole program Transferred out ¹ Other	27,129 7,080 7,113	20,552 5,656 5,569	6,577 1,424 1,544	2,143 293 3,637	1,370 149 2,480	773 144 1,157	2,254 739 240	2,132 728 240	122 11 0	3,569 368 2,968	3,279 358 2,809	290 10 159		

NOTE: Exclude departure transactions of youthful offenders in 12 California State facilities.

1 Transfers to other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

Type of departure

During fiscal year 1973, a combined total of 74,228 departures of residents, exclusive of youthful offenders, was reported by training schools and by ranches, forestry camps, and farms. The total during fiscal year 1971 was 82,890, but included departures by all nonjuveniles as well as by juveniles. In both years, training schools accounted for approximately four-fifths of the reported departures from these two types of facilities.

As indicated by departure figures, most persons leaving training schools were released conditionally. that is, subject to aftercare or parole supervision. Roughly 6 out of every 10 departures from training schools during 1973 were conditional in nature (Table 9). Such departures were further subdivided into those stipulating supervision either by the releasing agency or by another agency, with departures of the latter kind outnumbering those of the former by more than four to one. Only 9 percent of the reported departures from training schools were unconditional discharges. Another 12 percent involved transfers to other facilities for delinquent inveniles. and the remainder consisted of miscellaneous kinds of departures, such as escapes or discharges of persons who had been held in a temporary status. These proportions varied only slightly when departures of males and females were considered separately.

Some marked differences in departure practices were discovered between State- and locally-run training schools. Although the proportion of unconditional discharges was approximately the same, a much larger proportion of departures in local facilities than in State institutions were of the "other" category, whereas a much lower proportion involved transfer to another facility or assignment to an aftercare or parole program. Moreover, conditional releases from locally operated training schools were more likely to have involved aftercare or parole supervision by the releasing facility than were releases from State-administered institutions. In both State and local training schools, however, aftercare or parole supervision by the releasing facility was less common than that provided by another agency.

Unconditional discharges represented a slightly higher proportion of departures from ranches, forestry camps, and farms in 1973 than from training schools—12 vs. 9 percent. In relative terms, there also were more "other" types of departures, but fewer transfers to another juvenile facility. Furthermore, whereas 60 percent of the departures from

training schools were conditional releases, the proportion at ranches, forestry camps, and farms was slightly less—58 percent. As in training schools, the majority of conditional departures from ranches, forestry camps, and farms involved supervised aftercare or parole in another agency's program.

On the basis of the departure data from ranches, forestry camps, and farms, it was shown that male residents were more likely than females to have received an unconditional discharge during 1973; they also were more apt to have been transferred to another juvenile facility or to have left because of "other" reasons. Females, on the other hand, were more likely than males to have been conditionally released. There also were disparities in departure patterns at ranches, forestry camps, and farms depending upon whether the facility was State-run or locally administered. Unconditional discharges were relatively more common in State than in local institutions, as were transfers to other juvenile facilities; departures for "other" reasons were less usual. Some 56 percent of the departures from local ranches, forestry camps, and farms were unconditional releases; the corresponding proportion in State-operated facilities of this type was 62 percent. In both State and local facilities, more than twice as many unconditional releases involved placement in another agency's aftercare or parole program as in the releasing agency's own program.

Residents

Despite a 10 percent increase in the number of facilities during the intercensal period, there were some 16 percent fewer persons (juveniles and non-juveniles) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, than 2 years earlier, the residential population having declined from 57,239 to 47,983. The reduction in this population amounted to 20 percent in State-administered facilities and to 7 percent in those operated by local units of government. Overall, there were 17 percent fewer juveniles.

In both 1971 and 1973, approximately 95 percent of the total population held in the facilities covered by the censuses were persons legally classified as juveniles (Table 10). Of the rest, 4 percent, found in California only, were youthful offenders, that is, convicted adults between ages 18 and 21 who had been committed to juvenile correctional facilities under the control of the California Youth Authority, a State agency charged with the rehabilitation of

Table 10. Residents of public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility and legal status of residents, midyear 1971 and 1973

State or local administra- tion and legal status	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	57,239	47,983	-16
Juvenile Nonjuvenile Youthful offender ¹ Other	54,729 2,510 2,023 487	45,694 2,289 1,369 420	-17 -9 -8 -14
State-administered facilities	40,775	32,692	-20
Juvenile Nonjuvenile Youthful offender ¹ Other	38,265 2,510 2,023 487	30,403 2,289 1,869 420	-21 -9 -8 -14
Locally administered facilities	16,464	15,291	-7
Juvenile Nonjuvenile	16,464 O	15,291 0	- 7

¹ In California only.

both youthful offenders and juveniles. The remaining 1 percent were other nonjuveniles held in States besides California. At the time of each census, all nonjuveniles were confined in State-administered institutions; there were no residents other than juveniles held in locally administered facilities. During the intercensal period, the juvenile population decreased by 17 percent, the number of youthful offenders dropped by some 8 percent, and the "other" nonjuvenile population declined by about 14 percent.

The decline from 54,729 to 45,694 in the number of juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities was a net result of an 11 percent reduction in the juvenile population detained in short-term facilities and an 18 percent decrease in the number of those held in long-term establishments. The proportion of the juvenile population held in short-term facilities increased from 26 percent in 1971 to 28 percent in 1973, whereas that in long-term institutions decreased from 74 to 72 percent.

Of the overall decrease of 9,035 between 1971 and 1973 in the number of juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, fully 84 percent was attributable to a net loss of juveniles

confined in training schools, although all types of facilities, except halfway houses and group homes, held fewer juveniles in 1973 than 2 years earlier (Table 11). Training schools, the most populous of the several types of establishments, experienced a 22 percent decrease in their juvenile population, as well as a reduction in their share of the total juvenile population, from 62 to 58 percent. The next most populous type of facility, the detention center, recorded a drop of 8 percent in the number of juveniles held, but at the same time increased its share of the total juvenile population from 22 to 24 percent. Reception or diagnostic centers, as well as ranches, forestry camps, and farms, also held a larger proportion of the juvenile population in 1973 than in 1971, whereas the reverse was true for

The halfway house and group home category, as noted earlier, was the only type of juvenile facility to house more juveniles in 1973 than in 1971, a 65 percent increase, from 973 to 1,602. This increase, which accompanied an unusually large growth in the number of such facilities during the period, gave halfway houses and group homes 4 percent of the total juvenile population in 1973, compared with 2 percent in 1971.

State-administered facilities, which as of mid-1971 accounted for 70 percent of the juvenile population, could claim only 67 percent at midyear 1973, their share of short-term detainees having remained stable at 5 percent but their portion of long-term residents having contracted from 65 to 61 percent. The latter decrease was a function chiefly of a decline in the State sector's share of the training

Table 11. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility and State	*	Both se	xes	<u> </u>	Mal	e		Fema.	le
or local administration	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	54,729	45,694	-17	41,781	35,057	-16	12,948	10,637	-18
Short-term	14,280	12,706	-11	NA	8,927		NA.	3.779	
Detention center	11,767	10,782	-8	7,926	7,436	-6	3,841	3,346	-13
Shelter	360	190	-47	234	120	- 49	126	70	-44
Reception or diagnostic center	2,153	1,734	-20	NA	1,371	•••	NA.	363	• • •
ong-term	40,449	32,988	-18	NA	26,130	•••	NA.	6,858	•••
Training school	34,005	26,427	-22	NA	20,327	•••	NA	6,100	7 · • •
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	5,471	4,959	- 9	NA	4,638	• • •	NA.	321	: •••
Halfway house and group home	973	1,602	+65	739	1,165	+58	234	437	+86
State-administered facilities	38,265	30,403	-21	29,890	23,908	-20	8,375	6,495	-22
hort-term	2,952	2,461	-17	NA	1,906		NA.	555	• • •
Detention center	689	715	-4	462	523	+13	227	192	-15
Shelter	110	12	-89	76	12	-84	34	.0	-100
Reception or diagnostic center	2,153	1,734	-20	NA	1,371	• • •	NA	363	•••
ong-term	35,313	27,942	-11	NA.	22,002	•••	NA	5,940	•••
Training school	31,606	24,222	-23	NA	18,712	•••	NA.	5,510	•: • •
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	3,074	2,502	-19	NA .	2,405	***	NA 100	97	• • •
Halfway house and group home	633	1,218	+92	503	885	+76	130	333	+156
Locally administered facilities	16,464	15,291	-7	11,891	11,149	-6	4,573	4,142	-9
hort-term	11,328	10,245	-10	7,622	7,021	-8	3,706	3,224	13
Detention center	11,078	10,067	-9	7,464	6,913	- 7	3,614	3,154	-13
Shelter	250	178	-28	158	108	-32	92	70	-24
Reception or diagnostic center	0	0	•••	0	0	• • •	0	O	•••
ong-term	5,136	5,046	-1	4,269	4,128	-3	867	918	+6
Training school	2,399	2,205	-8	1,834	1,615	-12	565	590	+4
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	2,397	2,457	+3	2,199	2,233	+2	198	224	+13
Halfway house and group home	340	384	+13	236	280	+19	104	104	0

NA Not available

³Of the 1971 total of 2,510 nonjuveniles (2,539 males and 151 females), 317 were in 3 reception or diagnostic centers, 1,955 were in 10 training schools, and 238 at 4 ranches, forestry camps, and farms. On June 30, 1973, there were 2,289 nonjuveniles in 16 State facilities—3 reception or diagnostic centers, 8 training schools, and 5 ranches, forestry camps, and farms.

⁴Unless otherwise indicated in the paragraphs that follow, the discussion is limited to the juvenile population within public juvenile detention and correctional facilities.

school population, from 58 to 53 percent. An increase in the number of juveniles held in State-operated halfway houses and group homes—from 633 to 1,218—did not offset the losses sustained at other types of facilities under State control.

During the intercensal period, locally administered facilities experienced a net decline of 7 percent in the number of juveniles detained, but nonetheless increased their share of the total juvenile population from 30 to 33 percent, as a consequence of the State sector's much larger loss (21 percent). Three of the five types of facilities operated by local units of governments showed a decrease between 1971 and 1973 in the number of juveniles held. Exceptions were ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as halfway houses and group homes. The number of juveniles held in locally administered halfway houses and group homes rose by about 13 percent, but the increase was not sufficiently large to expand their small percentage share of the total juvenile population, which remained at under 1 percent.

On June 30, 1973, approximately 87 percent of the juveniles under jurisdiction of State authorities were in long-term facilities and 13 percent were in short-term facilities. Two years earlier, the proportions had been 92 and 8 percent, respectively. As for juveniles held in locally administered establishments, 69 percent in 1973, compared with 67 percent in 1971, were in short-term facilities and 31 percent, compared with 33 percent, were in long-term institutions.

Half of all juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, were held in facilities that housed males only (Table 12). An additional 10 percent were being detained in facilities restricted to females, and 40 percent were in institutions that admitted both sexes, Jiveniles under the jurisdiction of State authorities were far more likely than those in locally administered facilities to have been segregated by sex. Thus, 77 percent of the juveniles in State facilities, compared with 26 percent in local institutions, were confined in facilities limited to one sex or the other.

Sex

Among juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, males outnumbered females by a margin of better than 3 to 1 in both 1971 and 1973. They accounted for 77 percent of the total number of detained juveniles on June 36, 1973, compared with 76 percent 2 years earlier.

In relation to their share of the total juvenile residential population at midyear 1973, males were overrepresented in State-administered facilities (and in long-term institutions) and underrepresented in those operated by local authorities (and in short-term facilities). This pattern also held true in 1971.

At the time of the 1973 census, females made up 31 percent of all juveniles held in detention centers; 37 percent in shelters, 21 percent in reception or diagnostic centers; 23 percent in training schools; 6 percent at ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and 27 percent in halfway houses and group homes. For detention centers, as well as halfway houses and group homes, the 1973 proportions were slightly higher than those for 1971, whereas for shelters the reverse was true. No 1971-73 comparisons were possible for the other three types of institutions, as nonjuveniles were included in the counts for these facilities in 1971 but excluded in 1973.

Age

The average age of male residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles, held in the Nation's public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, was 15.2 years; that of their female counterparts was 14.9 years (Table 13). No comparison with 1971 data was possible, as average age was not collected in the census of that year.

In five of the six types of facilities, the average age of males was slightly higher than that of females, but for halfway houses and group homes the reverse was true. Among individual types of facilities, shelters reported the lowest average age for both males (13.9 years) and females (13.3 years). For males, the average age was highest (15.9 years) at ranches, forestry camps, and farms; for females, it was highest

Table 12. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex of persons admitted and State or local administration of facility, midyear 1973

Sex of persons admitted	All facilities	State facilities	Local facilities
All facilities	45,694	30,403	15,291
Males only Females only Both sexes	22, 789 4, 568 18, 337	19,398 3,996 7,009	3,391 572 11,328

Table 13. Average age of persons held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and sex, midyear 1973

	Average age	(years)
Type of facility	Male	Female
All facilities	15.2	14.9
Short-term	14.9	14.7
Detention center	14.9	14.7
Shelter	13.9	13.3
Reception or diagnostic center	15.3	14.9
Long-term	15.5	15.3
Training school	15.3	15.1
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	15.9	15.2
Halfway house and group home	15.3	15.5

NOTE: Based on all persons held, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.

(15.5 years) in halfway houses and group homes. The disparity between the sexes in average age was most pronounced at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, where male residents, on the average, were about 8 months older than their female counterparts.

In 1973, as in 1971, persons in custody ranged in age from under 6 years old to age 21 and over. Efforts to delineate the basic characteristics of the age structure of the residential population, including both juvenile and nonjuvenile detainees, focused on identifying the oldest and youngest person held in every facility.⁵ Both in 1971 and in 1973, the largest number of institutions reported their youngest detainee in the 12-14 age group and their oldest in the 16-17 group (Tables 14-17). In each year, in fact, a majority of the facilities holding females reported their youngest and oldest female resident within these ranges; a majority of facilities holding males also reported their oldest male detained within the 16-17 age group, and a near majority recorded their voungest male as being age 12, 13, or 14.

Among facilities that held females, the largest number of each type of facility reported both in 1971 and in 1973 that their youngest female was in the 12-14 age group and that their oldest was age 16 or 17. Among facilities holding males, there were exceptions to this general pattern, depending upon type of facility, year, and whether the reporting concerned the youngest or oldest male held. Thus, in both 1971 and 1973, more ranches, forestry camps, and farms; training schools; and reception or diagnostic centers reported that their oldest male was in the 18-20 age group than in any other age bracket. Furthermore, the largest number of detention centers and reception or diagnostic centers in 1971

reported the youngest male to be under 12; halfway houses and group homes, the largest number of which reported their youngest male resident in the 15-16 age group in 1971, represented another exception to the general pattern.

As determined by both censuses, only 2 percent of the facilities detaining males and an equal proportion of those detaining females held children under 6 years of age. In both years, all persons of such age were detained in short-term facilities, specifically detention centers and shelters. Relatively few establishments also held persons age 21 and over. Those that did were mainly long-term facilities. As might have been expected, persons housed in long-term facilities tended to be somewhat older than those confined in short-term institutions.

Detention status

Almost three of every four juveniles detained in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, had been adjudicated delinquent by the courts. Another 14 percent were held pending court disposition, and 10 percent were those adjudged as being persons in need of supervision (PINS). The remaining 3 percent were divided among those identified as dependent and neglected children, those who had voluntarily entered the facilities, and those awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction (Table 18). These overall proportions for midyear 1973 were approximately the same as those determined at the time of the 1971 census, indicating that the 17 percent decline in the juvenile residential population during the intercensal period was fairly evenly distributed among the several detention status groups. An exception, however, was the precipitous 40 percent decrease in the relatively small group composed of dependent and neglected children.

In 1971, the age data so gathered pertained to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they were as of June 30.

Table 14. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of youngest male resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

		Total with	l facil	ities							Age of	younges	t male :	resident	.			
		resid	lents			er 6		-8		-11		-14		-16	17 or			eported
Type of facility	 	1971		1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities		1634		682	11	16	51	44	186	157	267	336	115	117	4	11	0	1
Short-term		327		332	11	16	36	35	134	97	133	151	13	30	. 0	. 2	0	1
Detention center		298	1. 9- 2	300	10	11	27	29	127	93	123	135	11	29	0	2	0	1
Shelter		15		16	1	5	3	3	4	2	5	5	2	1	. 0	0	0	0
Reception or diagnostic center		14		16	0	0	6	- 3	3	2	5	11	. 0	.0	0	0	0	0
Long-term		307		350	0	0	15	9.	52	60	134	185	102	87	4	9	. 0	0
Training school		142		148	0	0	11	5	44	39	68	87	19	17	0	0	.0	0
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm		106		96	0	0	1	0	6	5	48	52	47	34	4	5	0	0
Halfway house and group home		59		106	0	0	3	4	2	16	18	46	36	36	Ŏ.	4	0	0

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held males differs from the number of facilities that admit males, because some of the latter did not house any males on the reference date.

Table 15. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of youngest female resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

		Total fa							A	ge of y	oungest	female	reside	nt			
	11 5.5	resident	3	Unc	er 6	6	-8	9	-11	12	-14	15	-16	17 or	over	Not re	eported
Type of facility	4. 144	1971	, 1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities		431	462	10	11	23	11	71	68	289	307	35	56	3	7	0	2
Short-term Detention center		314 290	313 285	10 9:	11 6	22 17	8 8	56 50	50 45	204 194	205 188	19 17	31 30	3 3	6	0	2
Shelter		11	15	1	4	2	0	2	3	4	7	2	1	0	0	0	0
Reception or diagnostic center		13	13	0	1	. 3	0	4	2	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long-term		117	149	0	0	1	. 3	15	18	85	102	16	25	0	1	0	. 0
Training school		84	85	. 0	. 0	1	1	14	15	65	67	4	2	0	0	0	0
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm		12	12	0	0	0	1	1	Ö	9	10	2	1	0.	0	0.	0
Halfway house and group home		21	52	0	0	. 0	1	. 0	3	11	25	10	22	0	. 1	. 0	. 0

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held females differs from the number of facilities that admit females, because some of the latter did not house any females on the reference date.

Table 16. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of oldest male resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

	Total facilit with male	ies			Age of oldest	male resident			
Type of facility	residents 1971 1	973	Under 14 1971 1973	14-15 1971 1973	<u>16-17</u> 1971 1973	18-20 1971 1973	21 and over 1971 1973	Not reported 1971 1973	
All facilities	634	682	11 9	54 58	346 394	203 213	20 7	0 1	
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	298 15 14 307 142 106	332 300 16 16 350 148 96 106	5 2 2 2 3 0 0 0 6 7 1 1 2 0 3 6	32 33 27 31 4 2 1 0 22 25 15 12 4 3 3 10	240 255 231 237 6 12 3 6 106 139 52 60 26 30 28 49	46 41 37 29 2, 2 7 10 157 172 64 71 68 60 25 41	4 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 16 7 10 4 6 3 0 0	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

NOTF: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held males differs from the number of facilities that admit males, because some of the latter did not house any males on the reference date.

Table 17. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of oldest female resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

	and the second		. facili female	ties	. <u> </u>				Age of	oldest	female r					
Type of facility		<u>resid</u> 1971	lents	1973	<u>Unc</u> 1971	ler 14 1973	1/ 1971	<u>-15</u> 1973	<u>16-</u> 1971	1973	18- 1971	20 1973	21 an 1971	d <u>over</u> 1973	Not re 1971	eported 1973
All facilities		431		462	0	14	43	57	285	308	99	80	4	1	0	2
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm		314 290 11 13 117 84 12		313 285 15 13 149 85	0 0 0 0 0 0	12 10 2 0 2 0	35 33 2 0 8 6	49 47 2 0 8 6	235 223 7 5 50 32	230 214 9 7 78 37 8	42 34 2 6 57 44 7	20 12 2 6 60 42	2 0 0 2 2 2	0 0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 2 0 0 0

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held females differs from the number of facilities that admit females, because some of the latter did not house any females on the reference date.

Table 18. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility, detention status, and sex, midyear 1971 and 1973

State or local administration of	Both se	VAC	Male			Female	
facility and detention status	1971 1973	Percent change		Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	54,729 45,694	-17	41,781 35,057	-16	12,948	10,637	-18
Adjudicated delinquent Person in need of supervision (PINS) Voluntary admission	45,606 \begin{cases} 33,385 \ 4,551 \ 373 \end{cases}	-16	$35,745 \begin{cases} 27,001 \\ 2,623 \\ 290 \end{cases}$	-16	9,861	6,384 1,928 83	-15
Held pending court disposition Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction Dependent and neglected children	7,717 6,397 530 460 876 528	-17 -13 -40	5,178 4,571 367 307 491 265	-12 . -16 -46	2,539 163 385	1,826 153 263	-28 -6 -32
State-administered facilities	38,265 30,403	-21	29,890 23,908	-20	8,375	6,495	-22
Adjudicated delinquent Person in need of supervision (PINS) Voluntary admission	$37,279$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 26,560\\ 2,639\\ 314 \end{array} \right\}$	-21	$29,288 \begin{cases} 21,399 \\ 1,611 \\ 247 \end{cases}$	-21	7,991	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 5,161 \\ 1,028 \\ 67 \end{array} \right\} $	-22
Held pending court disposition Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction Dependent and neglected children	680 770 23 27 283 93	+13 +17 -67	447 594 14 13 141 44	+33 -7 -69	233 9 142	176 14 49	-24 +56 -65
Locally administered facilities	16,464 15,291	-7	11,891 11,149	-6	4,573	4,142	-9
Adjudicated delinquent Person in need of supervision (PINS) Voluntary admission	$8,327 \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 6,825 \\ 1,912 \\ 59 \end{array} \right\}$	+6	$6,457 \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 5,602 \\ 1,012 \\ 43 \end{array} \right\}$	+3	1,870	${1,223 \atop 900 \atop 16}$	+14
Held pending court disposition Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction Dependent and neglected children	7,037 5,627 507 433 593 435	-20 -15 -27	4,731 3,977 353 294 350 221	-16 -17 -37	2,306 154 243	1,650 139 214	-28 -10 -12

Table 19. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by detention status and type of facility, midvear 1971 and 1973

	All fa	cilities	Short	-term	Long	-term
Detention status	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All juveniles	54,729	45,694	14,280	12,706	40,449	32,988
Adjudicated delinquent Person in need of supervision (PINS) Voluntary admission	45,606	$ \begin{cases} 33,385 \\ 4,551 \\ 373 \end{cases} $	5,630	$\begin{cases} 4,432 \\ 1,450 \\ 26 \end{cases}$	39,976	$\begin{cases} 28,953 \\ 3,101 \\ 347 \end{cases}$
Held pending court disposition Awaiting transfer to another	7,717	6,397	7,468	5,977	249	420
jurisdiction Dependent and neglected children	530 876	460 528	522 660	449 372	8 216	11 156

At State-administered facilities, the proportional distribution of juveniles by detention status at midvear 1973 was shown to be virtually the same as 2 years earlier, with some 97 percent in each year falling in a group combining adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions. In terms of absolute numbers, however, there was a 21 percent reduction over the 2 years in the number of juveniles within this combined group. The pattern was markedly different in locally operated facilities. There, the combined total of adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions rose by 6 percent, from 8,327 to 8,798, and the proportion of such persons to the total juvenile residential population in local institutions increased from 51 percent in 1971 to 58 percent in 1973.

During the intercensal period, little change was noted within long-term facilities in the distribution of juvenile residents by detention status. In both years, in fact, those juveniles within the group combining adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions accounted for roughly 98 percent of the total population. In short-term facilities, however, there were relatively more adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions in 1973 than in 1971 and proportionally fewer juveniles held pending court disposition (Table 19).

Approximately 85 percent of all males and females adjudicated delinquent were held in long-term facilities at midyear 1973, especially in training schools. About two-thirds of the PINS also were so situated. In sharp contrast, the overwhelming majority of juveniles held pending court disposition or awaiting transfer to other jurisdictions were, as would have been expected, in short-term facilities, particularly detention centers. Detention centers also accounted for most of the dependent and neglected children. Among juveniles identified as voluntary admissions, a majority were in halfway

houses or group homes on June 30, 1973 (Table 20). Data for midyear 1971, although not strictly comparable, indicated a very similar pattern.

When the juvenile population was differentiated by sex and detention status, it was shown that a larger proportion of males than females (77 vs. 60 percent) were being detained as adjudicated delinquents on June 30, 1973. On the other hand, relatively more females than males (18 vs. 7 percent) were being held as PINS.

Offense

Identification of the type of offense leading to detention on June 30, 1973, as an adjudicated delinquent or as a PINS was provided for only 58 percent of the relevant males and 50 percent of the relevant females. Inasmuch as these persons may or may not have been representative of all adjudicated delinquents and PINS, the findings from the 1973 census with respect to offense data should be treated with appropriate reservations. Moreover, no meaningful comparison with data from the 1971 census was possible.

Of all adjudicated delinquents and PINS for whom offense data were available in 1973, 43 percent were being detained for felonies, 27 percent for status offenses, 23 percent for misdemeanors, and 7 percent for drug offenses (Table 21). There were substantial differences in these proportions, however, depending upon whether the persons were adjudicated delinquents or PINS and whether male or female.

Among adjudicated delinquents, males were far more likely than females to be detained for felonies

⁶The unavailability of offense data for some jurisdictions reflects the legal practices surrounding the commitment of juveniles to detention or correctional facilities. This exception aside, offense data were collected in 1973 from the resident juvenile population and from 420 edult inmates, but not from the 1,869 youthful offenders.

Table 20. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, detention status, and sex, midyear 1973

		ll niles	Adjud delin	icated quent	of supe	in need rvision INS)	Held per	nding court	Awaiti to ano dictio	ther j			untary ission	Depender neglecte	t and
Type of facility	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	F	emale	Male	Female	Male	Female
All facilities	35,057	10,637	27,001	6,384	2,623	1,928	4,571	1,826	307		153	290	83	265	263
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	8,927 7,436 120 1,371 26,130 20,327 4,638 1,165	3,779 3,346 70 363 6,858 6,100 321 437	3,366 2,153 28 1,185 23,635 18,789 4,042 804	1,066 759 15 292 5,318 4,901 176 241	830 666 12 152 1,793 1,172 437 184	620 547 5 68 1,308 1,098 95	4, 234 4, 136 64 34 337 327 4 6	1,743 1,708 32 3 83 80 0	301 300 1 0 6 6 0		148 144 4 0 5 5 0	11 5 6 0 279 4 127 148	15 10 5 0 68 0 0	185 176 9 0 80 29 28 23	187 178 9 0 76 16 50

Table 21. Adjudicated delinquents and persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of offense and £ex, midyear 1973

Type of offense	Both sexes	Male	Female
Total.	38,356	30, 944	8,312
Felony ¹ Misdemeanor ¹	9,270 4,834	8,606 4,115	664 719 326
Drug offense Status offense Not available	1,400 5,850 17,002	1,074 3,439 12,810	2,411 4,192

NOTE: Data include information on 420 male adults held in one New Jersey juvenile facility, but exclude information on the 1,869 youthful offenders held in 15 California juvenile facilities.

Exclusive of drug offenses.

and much less apt to have been in custody for status offenses (Table 22). Fifty-two percent of males adjudicated as delinquent were being held for felonies, 25 percent for misdemeanors, 6 percent for drug offenses, and 17 percent for status offenses. For females, the corresponding proportions were 20 percent, 22 percent, 9 percent, and 49 percent. As for PINS, the overwhelming majority (89 percent of the males and 92 percent of the females) had been committed for status offenses (Table 23).

Of the 4,850 juveniles identified in 1973 as being detained for status offenses, 4,283 were adjudicated delinquents and 1,567 were PINS. Of the adjudicated delinquents known to be committed for status offenses, about three-fourths were in training schools; nearly half the PINS held for status offenses also were in training schools (Table 24). The fact that two-thirds of all status offenders among adjudicated delinquents and PINS were in training schools at midyear 1973 is striking when one considers the recommendation in the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 that status offenders be placed in community-based alternatives to traditional corrections-oriented facilities.

Average length of stay

The average length of stay for all persons in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities was shorter in 1973 than in 1971 for all types of establishments, except shelters (Table 25). For short-term facilities, considered collectively, the average length of stay declined from 14 days to 12; for all long-term institutions, it decreased from about 7.8 months to 7.1. The reduction was most pronounced in halfway houses and group homes, whose residents, on the average, spent 30 fewer days in these facilities in 1973 than in 1971. By contrast, those held in shelters were confined for an average of 34 days in 1973, compared with 21 days in 1971.

In 1973, as in 1971, residents of training schools were confined, on the average, for the longest period (in excess of 7 months); those in detention centers were held the shortest time (less than 2 weeks). Also, in both years, persons in State-operated facilities of all types except halfway houses and group homes were confined, on the average, for longer periods of time than their counterparts in institutions administered by local units of government.

Staff

On June 30, 1973, there were approximately 45,000 staff members working full-time or part-time in public detention and correctional facilities for juveniles. Two of every five of these staff members

were engaged in personal custody activities, approximately one-third were treatment or educational personnel, and the rest served in administrative positions or in such support tasks as maintenance and housekeeping. Of the total number of staff personnel, 92 percent were on the payroll of the facilities and 8 percent were paid by other sources or were volunteer workers. Eighty-seven percent of all staff members were full-time workers, whereas 13 percent served part time. Nonpayroll personnel made up 3 percent of the full-time staff and 42 percent of the part-time staff (Table 26).

Between midvear 1971 and midvear 1973, the number of full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff personnel declined from 39,521 to 39,216, or by 1 percent.⁷ The decline, proportionately far smaller than the reduction in the number of residents during the intercensal period, was the net result of a 3 percent decline in the full-time staff at long-term facilities and a 5 percent increase among those in short-term institutions. Overall, the decrease in fulltime staff resulted from a 13 percent decline in the number of full-time workers performing maintenance and housekeeping chores, as there was a 10 percent increase in the number of administrative personnel and a 1 percent increase in the combined total of those in personal custody, treatment, and educational positions (Table 27).

Size and distribution

The payroll and nonpayroll staff of all 794 juvenile custody facilities enumerated in the census of June 30, 1973, totaled 44,845. Of these, 63 percent worked in State-administered facilities and 37 percent in establishments operated by local units of government (Table 28). This distribution was roughly in accord with the proportion of persons held in State and local institutions. Part-time workers constituted a larger proportion of total staff in local facilities (21 percent) than in State institutions (7 percent). Nonpayroll staff members also were relatively more common in local than in State facilities.

Fifty-four percent of the total number of staff members in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities at midyear 1973 worked at training schools, 29 percent worked at detention centers, and 7 percent were at ranches, forestry camps, and farms. Reception or diagnostic centers accounted for

⁷Comparisons between 1971 and 1973 data on staff were limited to full-time workers because of differences between the two censuses in the criteria for defining part-time workers, including the fact that community volunteers were not included in the 1971 data.

Table 22. Adjudicated delinquents held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, offense, and sex, midyear 1973

						Offen	se and sex	c				
	All o	fenses	Fe	lony1	Misd	emeanor ³	Drug o	offense	Status	offense	Not r	reported
Type of facility	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
All facilities	27,421	6,384	8,571	640	4,080	694	1,052	298	2,724	1,559	10,994	3,193
Short-term Detention center	3,366 2,153	1,066 759	654 390	91 59	404 191	142 58	133 50	38 29	320 22/ ₄	236 210	1,355 1,298	559 403
Shelter Reception or diagnostic center	28 1,185	.15 292	264 264	0 32	213	0 84	0 83	0 9	96	0 26	28 529	15 141
Long-term Training school	24,055 19,209	5,318 4,901	7,917 6,220	549 510	3,676 2,959	552 526	919 684	260 236	2,404 1,955	1,323 1,210	9,139 7,391	2,634 2,419
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group farm	4,042 804	176 241	1,524 173	31. 8	629 88	15 11	221 14	10 14	376 73	47 66	1,292 456	73 142

NOTE: Data include information on 420 male adults held in one New Jersey juvenile facility, but exclude information on the 1,869 youthful offenders held in 15 California juvenile facilities.

**Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table 23. Persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, offense, and sex, midyear 1973

				:	1.4	Offen	se and sex					
	All o	ffenses	Fe	lonyl	Misd	emeanor1	Drug o	ffense	Status	offense	Not r	reported
Type of facility	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Femal
All facilities	2,623	1,928	35	24	35	25	22	28	715	852	1,816	999
Short-term Detention center	830 666	620 547	26 26	2 2	20 19	4 4	6 5	6 6	254 209	271 244	524 407	337 291
Shelter	12	5	. 0	0	1	0	1	0	6	2	- 4	3
Reception or diagnostic center	152	68	O.	0	0	Ö	0.	0	39	25	113	.43
Long-term Training school	1,793 1,172	1,308	0	22 22	15 13	21	16 5	22 18	461 314	581 435	1,292 840	662 602
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	437	95	8	0	2	0	10	0	132	93	285	2
Halfway house and group home	184	115	1	0	.0	0	1	4	15	53	167	58

Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table 24. Juveniles adjudicated delinquent or declared as persons in need of supervision (PINS) being held for status offenses in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, midyear 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Adjudicated delinquent for status offenses	Declared PINS for status offenses				
All facilities	3,863	1,567				
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	556 434 0 122 3,307 2,745 423 139	525 453 8 64 1,042 749 225 68				
State-administered facilities	2,925	687				
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	182 60 0 122 2,743 2,385 276 82	84 20 0 64 603 511 62 30				
Locally administered facilities	938	880				
Short-term Detention center Shelter	374 374 0	ил 433 8				
Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	 564 360 147 57	439 238 163 38				

NOTE: Inasmuch as offense data were not available for about 45 percent of the adjudicated delinquents and PINS, the number of these persons held for status offenses may be understated.

... Not applicable.

another 5 percent; halfway houses and group homes, 4 percent; and shelters, 1 percent. Part-time workers were relatively more numerous in halfway houses and group homes than in any other type of facility; they were least common in training schools. The highest proportion of nonpayroll staff members also was found in halfway houses and group homes, whereas the lowest was at reception or diagnostic centers.

The full-time staff of the Nation's juvenile institutions was distributed by type of position in much the same manner as the total staff, including both fulltime and part-time workers. When the full-time staff of each type of facility was considered separately, there were some interesting differences in staffing patterns among the facilities (Table 29).

As of midyear 1973, administrative workers made up 22 percent of the full-time staff in shelters and 19 percent at halfway houses and group homes. By contrast, 11 percent of the full-time staff at training schools held administrative posts. Personal custody staff were relatively most numerous in detention centers and at reception or diagnostic centers, constituting +7 percent of all full-time workers

in each of these two types of facilities, and least numerous at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, where they accounted for 27 percent. Treatment and educational staff made up 44 percent of all full-time workers at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, but only 32 percent at training schools and 25 percent at shelters. Operational, maintenance, and other workers accounted for a high of 17 percent of all full-time staff members at training schools and a low of 8 percent at halfway houses and group homes.

Juvenile resident-to-staff ratios

The interaction between the slight decrease in the full-time staff and the proportionately much larger reduction in the juvenile population resulted in the lowering of the number of juvenile detainees per full-time staff member from 1.4 at midyear 1971 to 1.2 at midyear 1973. This, in effect, increased the full-time staff at the rate of one for every seven juvenile residents.8

⁸Certain of the ratios are slightly overstated because they were based on total full-time staff even in those 16 facilities that held some nonjuveniles. See footnote 3.

Table 25. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Average leng	th of stay 1973	Difference com- pared with 1971
All facilities	day	′s	*
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	14 11 21 53 234 261 198 216	12 10 34 30 213 249 186 186	-2 -1 +13 -23 -21, -12 -12 -30
State-administered facilities			
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	29 15 14 53 246 273 213 207	19 12 60 30 222 256 204 180	-10 -3 +46 -23 -24 -17 -9 -27
Locally administered facilities			*
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	11 11 21 204 210 183 234	11 10 33 186 198 165 204	0 -1 +12 -18 -12 -18 -30

NOTE: Based on all persons held, both juveniles and nonjuveniles. ... Not applicable.

The mid-1973 ratio of 1.2 juvenile residents for every full-time staff member was common to both State and local institutions (Table 30). For long-term facilities, the 1973 ratio also was 1.2 to 1, but at short-term institutions it was 1 to 1. The most favorable ratio (0.9 to 1) was found in reception or diagnostic centers, and the least favorable (1.6 to 1) was at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as at halfway houses and group homes. The ratio was 1.2 to 1 at training schools.

Further differences in ratios were apparent when the type of full-time worker was considered. As of June 30, 1973, there were 2.8 juvenile residents per personal custody worker, 3.7 per treatment and educational staff member, 7.6 per operational, maintenance, and other worker, and 9.4 per administrative staff member. When type of facility also was taken into consideration, still further disparity was noticed.

Vacancies

Payroll and nonpayroll staff vacancies at all facilities on June 30, 1973, numbered 2,109, of

which 1,965, or 93 percent, involved full-time positions and 144, or 7 percent, were for part-time situations. The 1973 vacancy total was 68 percent higher than the number recorded on June 30, 1971, when 1,108 full-time and 146 part-time positions were unfilled. In both 1971 and 1973, slightly more than three-fourths of all vacancies were for personal custody, treatment, or educational positions (Table 31). Fewer administrative jobs were vacant than any other type of position.

Of the total number of full-time staff vacancies on June 30, 1973, 71 percent were at training schools and 16 percent at detention centers. Reception or diagnostic centers and ranches, forestry camps, and farms accounted for another 5 percent each; halfway houses and group homes made up 3 percent (Table 32). When these proportions were compared with those derived from the distribution of full-time staff by type of facility, it was shown that the ratio of vacancies to full-time, filled posts was least favorable in training schools and most favorable in detention centers.

At detention centers, reception or diagnostic centers, training schools, and halfway houses and group

Table 26. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of personnel and employment status, midyear 1973

					Employment s		The state of		
		Total staff	Ε		Payroll sta	ff		Nonpayroll sta	ff
Type of personnel	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time
All personnel	44, 845	39,216	5,629	41,115	37,846	3,269	3,730	1,370	2,360
Administrative Personal custody Treatment and educational Operational, maintenance, and other	5,134 17,975 15,136 6,600	4,879 16,108 12,204 6,025	255 1,867 2,932 575	4,967 17,554 12,286 6,308	4,780 15,975 11,143 5,948	187 1,579 1,143 360	167 421 2,850 292	99 133 1,061 77	68 288 1,789 215

Table 27. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of personnel and type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973

	. 0				All facilitie	5	 Shor	t-term facil	ities	Lon	g-term facili	ties
Type of personnel				1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All personnel				39,521	39,216	-1	11,791	12,377	+5	27,730	26,839	- 3
Administrative Personal custody Treatment and educati Operational, maintena		r		4,441 28,165 6,915	4,879 {16,108} {12,204} 6,025	+10 +1 -13	1,361 8,809 1,621	1,642 5,768 3,332 1,635	+21 +3 +1	3,080 19,356 5,294	3,237 10,340 8,872 4,390	+5 -1 -17

NOTE: In 1971, full-time was defined as 30 hours or more per week; it was not defined in 1973.

Table 28. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and employment status, midyear 1973

					Employment				
Type of facility	Total	Total st Fayroll	Nonpayroll	Total	Full-time s Payroll	Nonpayroll	Tota	Part-time l Payroll	Nonpayroll
All/acilities	44,845	41,115	3,730	39, 216	37,846	1,370	5,62	9 3,269	2,360
nort-term Detention center Shelter	15,594 13,197 251	13,835 11,579 189	1,759 1,618 62	12,377 10,189 159	11,755 9,597 152	622 592 7	3,21 3,00	08 1,982 02 37	1,137 1,026 55
Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school	2,146 29,251 24,184	2,067 27,280 23,106	79 1,971 1,078	2,029 26,839 22,767	2,006 26,091 22,304	23 748 463	11 2,41 1,41	2 1,189	56 1,223 615
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	3,407 1,660	3,013 1,161	394 499	3,063 1,009	2,809 978	254 31	3/ 6:	4 204 1 183	140 468
State-administered facilities Locally administered facilities	28,380 16,465	26,772 14,343	1,608 2,122	26,209 13,007	25,667 12,179	542 828	2,17 3,45		1,066 1,294

Table 29. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of personnel, midyear 1973

			Type of personnel		
Type of facility and State or local administration	Total	Administrative	Personal custody	Treatment and educational	Operational, maintenance, and other
All facilities	39,216	/1,879	16,108	12,204	6,025
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	12,377 10,189 159 2,029 26,839 22,767 3,063 1,009	1,642 1,319 35 288 3,237 2,569 479 189	5,768 4,757 64 947 10,340 9,102 835 403	3,332 2,730 40 562 8,872 7,194 1,340 338	1,635 1,383 20 232 4,390 3,902 409 79
State-administered facilities	26,209	3,167	10,697	8,093	4,252
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training sthool Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home Locally administered facilities	2,788 727 32 2,029 23,421 20,994 1,671 756	392 98 6 28 2,775 2,380 252 143	1,257 298 12 947 9,440 8,585 541 314	803 232 9 562 7,290 6,418 629 243	336 99 5 232 3,916 3,611 249 56
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway buse and group home	9,589 9,462 127 3,418 1,773 1,392 253	1,250 1,221 29 462 189 227 46	4,511 4,459 52 900 517 294 89	2,529 2,498 31 1,582 776 711 95	1,299 1,284 15 474 291 160 23

...Not applicable.

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Table 30. Ratio of juvenile residents to full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of personnel, midyear 1973

			Type of personne	1	
Type of facility and State or local administration	Total	Administrative	Personal custody	Treatment and educational	Operational maintenance and other
*All facilities	1.2	9.4	2.8	3.7	7.6
Short-term	1.0	7.7	2.2	3.8	7.8
Detent in center	1.1	8.2	2.3	3.9	7.8
Shelter	1.2	5.4	3.0	4.8	9.5
*Reception or diagnostic center	0.9	6.0	1.8	3.1	7.5
Long-term	1.2	10.2	3.2	3.7	7.5
*Training school	1.2	10.3	2.9	3.7	6.8
*Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1.6	10.4	5.9	3.7	12.1
Halfway house and group home	1.6	8.5	4.0	4.7	20.3
*State-administered facilities	1.2	9.6	2.8	3.8	7.2
Short-term	0.9	6.3	2.0	3.1	7.3
Detention center	1.0	7.3	2.4	3.1	7.2
Shelter	0.4	2.0	1.0	1.3	2.4
*Reception or diagnostic center	0.9	6.0	1.8	3.1	7.5
Long-term	1.2	10.1	3.0	3.8	7.1
*Training school	1.2	10.2	2.8	3.8	6.7
*Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1.5	9.9	4.6	4.0	10.0
Halfway house and group home	1.6	8.5	3.9	5.0	21.8
Locally administered facilities	1.2	8.9	2.8	3.7	8.6
Short-term	1.1	8.2	2.3	4.1	7.9
Detention center	1.1	8.2	2.3	4.0	7.8
Shelter	1.4	6.1	3.4	5.7	11.9
Reception or diagnostic center	•••				
Long-term	1.5	10.9	5.6	3.2	10.6
Training school	1.2	11.7	4.3	2.8	7.6
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1.8	10.8	8.4	3.5	15.4
Halfway house and group home	1.6	8.3	4.3	4.0	16.7

^{...}Not applicable.

* Ratios for these facilities are slightly overstated because they are based on total full-time staff even in those 16 facilities that held some nonjuveniles. See text footnote 3.

Table 31. Vacant staff positions in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position and employment status, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of position and employment status	Number of vacancies,		Number of vacancies, 1973					
emproyment status	1971	Total	Payroll	Nonpayroll				
All positions	1,254	2,109	2,049	60				
Administrative Personal custody Treatment and educational Operational, maintenance, and other	102 976 176	158 { 955 672 324	157 917 652 323	1 38 20 1				
Full-time positions	1,108	1,965	1,919	46				
Administrative Personal custody Treatment and educational Operational, maintenance, and other	97 841 170	154 {876 634 301	153 848 618 300	1 28 16 1				
Part-time positions	146	144	130	14				
Administrative Personal custody Treatment and educational Operational, maintenance, and other	5 135 6	4 79 38 23	4 69 34 23	0 10 4				

homes, the largest number of vacancies involved personal custody positions. For ranches, forestry camps, and farms, there were more treatment and educational positions vacant than any other type of job. Only five vacancies were reported by shelters.

Expenditures

Expenditures for public non-Federal juvenile detention and correctional facilities during fiscal year 1973 amounted to approximately \$483.9 million, a figure some 6 percent above that spent during fiscal year 1971. This net increase in spending came about despite an overall reduction in the number of admissions, a decline in the resident population, and a decrease in the number of full-time staff personnel.

Such factors were more than offset by inflationary trends, an increase in the number of small facilities, a lag between the reduction of persons held and a cutback in staff, and other influences. Total costs of State-administered facilities were up by 5 percent; those for facilities operated by local units of government rose by 9 percent (Table 33). The increase amounted to 8 percent in short-term facilities and 5 percent in long-term establishments.

Higher expenditures in 1973 and in 1971 stemmed solely from increased operating costs, up some 11 percent, as there was a 36 percent decrease in funds for capital costs. Operating costs in 1973

Table 32. Number of full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and type of position, midyear 1973

1 / 1	· ·		Тут	e of vacan	t posi	tion				
Type of facility	Total	Admir	nistrative	Personal custody		Treatment and educational			Operationa maintenance and other	
All facilities	1,965		154	876		634			301	-
Short-term	421		39	214	1000	114				
Detention center	315		28	159	100	81			54	
Shelter	5		2	1		2			47	
Reception or diagnostic		2.4				~			U	
center	101		9	54		31			77	
ong-term	1,544		115	662		520			247	
Training school	1.389		100	606		462			221	
Ranch, forestry camp,	,_,			500		402			221	
and farm	100		7	34		45			41	
Halfway house and group			•	24		47			14	
home	55		8	22		13			12	

Table 33. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of expenditure, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	18 18 12	<u> </u>		Expenditur	es (thousand	s of dollars)		<u> </u>
		otal expendi		Оре	rating expend		Cap	ital expend	itures
Type of facility and State or local administration	1971	<u></u> 1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	456,474	483,941	+6	409,109	453, 814	+11	47,365	30,127	-36
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	136, 316 106, 835 7, 158 22, 322 320, 158 273, 763 40, 426 5, 969	146,958 122,283 1,468 23,207 336,983 282,253 40,910 13,820	+8 +14 -79 +4 +5 +3 +1	117,143 92,110 2,920 22,113 291,966 248,759 37,775 5,431	134,094 109,983 1,449 22,662 319,720 268,260 39,884 11,575	+14 +19 -50 +2 +10 +8 +6 +113	19,173 14,725 4,238 209 28,193 25,004 2,651 538	12,864 12,300 19 545 17,263 13,993 1,026 2,244	-33 -16 -100 +161 -39 -44 -61 +317
State-administered facilities	310,284	324,999	+5	282,826	308,131	+9	27,458	16,868	-39
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	29, 051 5, 083 1,645 22, 322 281, 234 254, 015 23, 040 4,179	30,719 7,271 240 23,207 294,281 261,844 21,409 11,028	+6 +43 -85 +4 +5 +3 -7 +164	28,577 5,013 1,451 22,113 254,250 229,572 20,994 3,683	30,048 7,150 236 22,662 278,084 248,231 20,960 8,893	+5 +43 -84 +2 +9 +8 insig +14i	474 70 194 209 26, 984 24,443 2,046 496	671 122 4 545 16,197 13,613 450 2,134	+42 +74 -98 +161 -40 -44 -78 +330
Locally administered facilities	146,190	158, 942	+9	126,282	145,683	+15	19,907	13,259	-33
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	107, 265 101, 752 5, 513 38, 925 19, 748 17, 386 1,790	116,240 115,012 1,228 42,702 20,409 19,501 2,792	+8 +13 -78 +10 +3 +12 +56	88,566 87,097 1,469 37,716 19,187 16,781 1,748	104,047 102,834 1,213 41,637 20,029 18,924 2,683	+17 +18 -17 +10 +4 +13 +53	18,699 14,655 4,044 1,208 561 605 42	12,193 12,178 15 1,066 380 577 109	-35 -17 -100 -12 -32 -5 +160

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding. In 1971, only partial data on operating expenses for three training schools in the District of Columbia were reported; capital expenditures for California's 15 State Facilities were not reported. For 1973, no data on capital expenses and only partial data on operating expenses were reported for 5 local facilities in Missouri (3 ranches, forestry camps, and farms and 2 halfway houses and group homes). Data for a State ranch, forestry camp, or farm in Missouri were included with those for a State training school. Only partial data on operating expenditures for 1 local detention center in Kentucky were reported. Capital expenditures for the 15 California State facilities include outlays for equipment only.

... Not applicable

⁹Instructions stipulated the exclusion of individual items of capital equipment valued at less than \$100 in 1971 and at less than \$1,000 in 1973.

were up 9 percent over 1971 in State-administered institutions and up 15 percent in locally operated facilities. Capital expenditures were down 39 percent in the State sector and 33 percent in the local. Of the total amount spent in 1973 on public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, 72 percent went for gross salaries and wages; 22 percent for other operating expenses, such as employee benefits, food, supplies, and contractual services; and 6 percent for capital items, such as new buildings, equipment, and major repairs and renovations (Table 34).

Among individual types of facilities, training schools, which in both 1971 and 1973 made up about one-fourth of all facilities and accounted for approximately three-fifths of all operating expenditures, reported a relatively low 3 percent increase in operating costs. Detention centers, in both years constituting roughly two-fifths of the facilities and spending some one-fourth of all operating funds, had operating outlays in 1973 that were 19 percent above those for 1971. This increase was more than

twice as large as that for any other type of facility in the census, halfway houses and group homes excepted. None of the other four types of facilities accounted for as much as 10 percent of the operating budget in either year. Ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as reception or diagnostic centers, showed increases of less than 7 percent between 1971 and 1973, whereas halfway houses and group homes recorded a 113 percent increase and shelters experienced a 50 percent decrease.

Capital expenditures were down almost across the board. Halfway houses and group homes, in addition to reception or diagnostic centers, were the only exceptions to the pattern.

Per capita operating expenditures escalated from \$7,002 in fiscal year 1971 to \$9,577 in fiscal year 1973, or by 37 percent. The increase was 40 percent for State-operated facilities and 30 percent for those locally administered (Table 35). Although the increase in per capita operating costs during the intercensal period was more pronounced in State than in

Table 34. Operating expenditures in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of expenditure, fiscal 1973

	Operatin	g expenditures (thousands	of dollars)
Type of facility and State or local administration	Total	Gross salaries and wages	Other 1
All facilities	453, 814	346,290	107,525
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	134,094 109,983 1,449 22,662 319,720 268,260 39,884 11,575	104,761 85,654 1,115 17,991 241,529 204,884 28,970 7,675	29, 334 24, 329 334 4,670 78,191 63, 376 10, 914 3, 902
State-administered facilities	308,131	232,977	75,155
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	30,048 7,150 236 22,662 278,084 248,231 20,960 8,893	23,704 5,545 168 17,991 209,273 188,713 14,692 5,867	6,344 1,605 68 4,670 68,811 59,517 6,268 3,026
Locally administered facilities	145,683	113,313	32,370
Short-term Detention center Shelter	104,047 102,834 1,213	81,056 80,110 947	22,990 22,724 266
Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	41,637 20,029 18,924 2,683	32,256 16,170 14,278 1,808	9,380 3,859 4,646 876

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding. Data for a State ranch, forestry camp, or farm in Missouri were included with those for a State training school.

Table 35. Per capita operating expenditures in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	Ave	rage popul	lation		r capita op enditures	erating (dollars)
Type of facility	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	158,429	47,385	-19	17,002	9,577	+37
Short-term Detention center Shelter Reception or diagnostic center Long-term Training school Ranch, forestry camp, and farm Halfway house and group home	15,241 12,210 377 2,654 43,187 36,664 5,603 920	13,040 10,752 186 2,102 34,345 28,102 4,714 1,529	-14 -12 -51 -21 -20 -23 -16 +66	7,686 7,544 7,745 8,332 6,761 6,785 6,742 5,903	10, 283 10, 229 7, 790 10, 781 9, 309 9, 546 8, 461 7, 570	+34 +36 +1 +29 +38 +41 +25 +28
State-administered facilities Locally administered facilities	41,592 16,837	32,408 14,977	-22 -11	6,800 7,500	9,508 9,727	+40 +30

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding. Average population for 1971 was based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles. In 1973, it was based on actual figures for all juveniles and for all adults in 1 New Jersey facility, plus estimated figures for youthful offenders in 15 California State facilities.

Figure differs slightly from that given in Table B-55, because different methods were used in computing average population.

local facilities, institutions administered by local units of government continued in 1973 to spend more per capita (\$9,727) than did those operated by State governments (\$9,508). The difference of \$219, however, was substantially less than in 1971 (\$700). In 1973, as in 1971, per capita operating expen-

ditures were highest in reception or diagnostic centers and lowest in halfway houses and group homes. During the intercensal period, per capita operating costs rose the most in training schools and the least in shelters. No type of facility registered a decrease in per capita operating expenditures.

Exclude data for other operating expenditures for 5 local facilities in Missouri (3 ranches, forestry camps, and farms and 2 halfway houses and group homes) and 1 local detention center in Kentucky.

Background and methodology

The 1973 Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census was the second in a series designed to obtain information on State- and local-government administered facilities in the juvenile justice system. The first was designed by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) in cooperation with the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; the results were published by LEAA under the title, Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971. Data for both the 1971 and the 1973 censuses were collected for LEAA by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Before these efforts, the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare sponsored an annual survey of public juvenile facilities, but its scope was limited to juvenile establishments housing adjudicated delinquents. Results were published under the title of Statistics on Public Institutions for Delinquent Children. In contrast to these earlier studies, the more recent series has a broader scope, covering residential facilities that primarily serve juveniles awaiting court action, as well as those facilities for adjudicated juveniles.

Facility selection criteria

The facilities covered in the two LEAA-sponsored censuses were residential juvenile establishments operated by State or local governments as detention centers; shelters; reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and hallway houses and group homes. To have been included in the 1973 census, these facilities were required to have been in operation at the time the census was begun (November 1973), to have been in operation at least a month before the primary census reference date (June 30, 1973), and to have had a resident population of which juveniles accounted for at least 50 percent. 10

Specifically excluded were juvenile detention centers operating in conjunction with jails but lack-

ing a separate staff or budget, Federal juvenile correctional institutions, nonresidential facilities, privately operated establishments, foster homes, and facilities exclusively for drug abusers, alcoholics, dependent and neglected children, unwed mothers, the emotionally disturbed, or the mentally retarded. An individual facility, such as a camp or annex, that was administratively dependent upon a parent entity was counted separately only if geographically apart from the parent body.

The selection criteria for the 1971 census were quite similar to those used in 1973. For the 1971 census, which was begun in October 1971, the primary reference date was June 30, 1971.

Census procedures and response rate

Names and addresses of facilities for the 1971 census were taken originally from the National Criminal Justice Directory, compiled in 1970 for LEAA by the Bureau of the Census. The directory was updated from several other sources, including the mailing list maintained by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare for its earlier surveys; the 1970 Directory of Correctional Institutions and Agencies, published by the American Correctional Association: the 1969 master facility inventory maintained by the Bureau of the Census for the National Center for Health Statistics; the 1968 Directory of Juvenile Detention Centers, published by the National Council on Crime and Delinquency: the 1970 International Halfway House Association Directory; and 1970 or 1971 comprehensive law enforcement plans, published by each State. The resulting facilities list was then sent to juvenile correctional authorities in each State for review and

For the 1973 census, the final 1971 list was used as a starting point and was updated by recourse to more recent editions, when available, of many of the above-mentioned sources. Once again, the modified list was sent to juvenile correctional authorities in each State for final review and correction.

Both the 1971 and the 1973 censuses were conducted by mail. For the 1973 enumeration, there was an initial mailout of 881 questionnaires. Three hundred and ninety-two questionnaires were mailed to 39 central agencies (32 State agencies and 7 local agencies). The remaining 489 were sent directly to individual facilities. Establishments that failed to respond initially were mailed second or third requests, as appropriate. A subsequent followup to

¹⁰The last-mentioned criterion did not apply to facilities that held youthful offenders in addition to juveniles. Of the remaining facilities, one exception was made to this criterion: a State training school in New Jersey, which had a midyear 1973 population of 599 males (420 adults and 179 juveniles) and was undergoing a conversion from a basically juvenile facility to an adult correctional establishment. At the time of the 1971 census, 405 of the 624 residents of this facility, or 65 percent, were juveniles.

those still failing to report was made by telegram or telephone. Telephone followups also were made to reconcile apparent ambiguities in the data.

Respondents were instructed to provide estimates for data that could not be obtained from available records. With respect to admissions and departures, as well as expenditures, they were asked to provide information on the basis of a fiscal year, i.e., the period from July 1, 1970, to June 30, 1971, in the instance of the 1971 census, and the period from July 1, 1972, to June 30, 1973, in the case of the 1973 enumeration, but other periods were acceptable if reporting by fiscal year was impossible. Most facilities used the specified fiscal year in their reporting.

An overall response rate of 99 percent was achieved for 1973 data items in the 1973 census, compared with 100 percent for most data items in 1971. For the six facilities that ultimately did not supply 1973 information, data were supplied from questionnaires returned in 1971.11

Comparability of data

The 1971 and 1973 census were not strictly comparable with the earlier surveys sponsored by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare nor with one another. As noted above, the earlier surveys covered only public facilities for adjudicated delinquents, specifically training schools, reception or diagnostic centers, and ranches, forestry camps, and farms. With the LEAA-sponsored censuses, the scope was broadened to include six types of facilities: detention centers; shelters; reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and halfway houses and group homes. 12 Although both the HEW and the LEAA enumerations collected information on three ap-

parently similar types of facilities, the data so gathered do not correspond exactly, because of differences in methods of classification. Accordingly, comparisons dealing with training schools, for example, should be made cautiously.

In 1971, the facilities were asked to mark the type of facility most applicable to their operation. In 1973, they were asked to indicate which type of facility applied primarily; if they had multiple functions, they were instructed to check as many types as were applicable, with the primary classification being determined in followup efforts. Facilities indicating administration by more than one level of government were classified by the level of government providing the most funding.

With the information and experience gained from the administration of the 1971 census, some methodological changes were made in the 1973 enumeration. These are discussed, as appropriate, in the various sections of this study. Mainly, they involved definitional changes, but also included disparate approaches in tabulation, i.e., whether to use the total residential population as the universe (as was done in 1971) or to restrict the universe to the juvenile population (the general pattern in 1973). These differences hampered comparisons of 1971 and 1973 results.

Data for 1972

In 1973, in addition to soliciting information as of June 30, 1973, or for the fiscal period, the census sought to gather data as of June 30, 1972, thus combining data collection efforts for 1972 and 1973. With the time lag, however, incompleteness of data for 1972 was inevitable. Not all facilities in existence on June 30, 1972, were still operational in 1973. Even among those still in existence, it was difficult for some to provide the actual data or make reliable estimates about 1972.

These limitations in data for 1972 resulted in a decision not to analyze this information nor to use it for comparative purposes. Nonetheless, these data are given on a State-by-State basis in the tables in Appendix C. In the main, they are considered to be undercounts, representing minimum figures.

Appendix A

Questionnaires

¹¹The six facilities were one detention center in Arizona with an estimated population of 11, two detention centers in Florida with estimated populations of 12 and 7, one detention center in Michigan with an estimated population of 5, one training school in Mississippi with an estimated population of 277, and one detention center in Ohio with an estimated population of 15.

¹²In the 1973 census, the category "halfway house and group home" was split. Because of overlaps in function between halfway houses and group homes, the data presented on these facilities in this report have been combined.

ECOND REQUEST	Form Approved: O.M.B. No. 41-R
ORM CJ-17 9-11-73)	Name of agency reporting
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	Data supplied by
ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION	Name
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
	Title
1973 JUVENILE DETENTION AND	Official address (Number and
CORRECTION FACILITY SURVEY	street, city, State, ZIP code)
PLEASE COMPLETE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Governments Division	
AND RETURN TO Washington, D.C. 20233	
	Telephone
Dear Sir:	Area code Number Extension
On behalf of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administra-	
tion (LEAA), U.S. Department of Justice, the Bureau of the	
Census is conducting a national survey of public juvenile	PLEASE CORRECT ANY ERROR
detention and correction facilities. A similar survey cover-	IN NAME AND ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE
ing data for the year 1971 will soon be published by LEAA	MOZODINA ZII GODZ
and a copy will be sent to you upon release.	
As there is a continuing need for current information about	
these facilities to enable LEAA to meet its responsibilities	
in implementing programs in the criminal justice field, your	
cooperation in completing this year's questionnaire will	
be appreciated.	
Please note that if there are any questions for which the answer cannot be obtained from available records, reasonable	
be appreciated. Please note that if there are any questions for which the	
Please note that if there are any questions for which the answer cannot be obtained from available records, reasonable	
Please note that if there are any questions for which the answer cannot be obtained from available records, reasonable estimates will be useful for purposes of this survey. Simply indicate estimates with an asterisk (*).	
Please note that if there are any questions for which the answer cannot be obtained from available records, reasonable estimates will be useful for purposes of this survey. Simply indicate estimates with an asterisk (*). The duplicate copy of the questionnaire is for your files.	
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Vincent P Barallo

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

Enclosures

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37

ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED BY THIS REPORT	BEGINNING (Month, day, year)	ENDING (Month, day, year)	covered year bas possible	. INFORMATION — Indie by the report. Data are its from July I, 1972 thrust if the facility began o indicate and SKIP to Seion I.	requested on a fiscal ough June 30, 1973, if peration after May 31,
A Para		Section I - ADMINIS	TERING AGENC	:Y	
	name and address of it	e agency, court, board	, etc., directly re	esponsible for adminis	tering
NAME STREET		СІТҮ		STATE	ZIP CODE
		TYPE OF INST	FITUTION OR R	POCRAM	
		on II - TYPE OF INST	אט אטווטווטו	KUGRAM	
(If the facili serving more serving more in a ph juvenil tion, al adjudic return in 2 Shelter to that physics 3 Recept juvenil them to the serving directly	ity or program primarily ty has a multiple function than that facility, man ion center — Provides to ysically restricting envious es in custody pending on the facility of the facility that delinquent or are to another jurisdiction. — Provides temporary of a detention center, ally unrestricting environ ion or diagnostic cente e court commitments are to appropriate treatment ag school — a specialize to delinquent juveniles of to it by juvenile court agency having such a	on such as a training sk (X) as many types as emporary care, rironment for court disposition are awaiting care similar in a comment. r — screens dassigns facilities. ed institution committed cor placed in	6 Holfway placed v allowing communi 7 Group he allowed such as there wh 8 Non-resi live at h sessions educatic (Comple not requ	house — facility when while on probation or a general ty such as jobs and some — facility where jextensive contact wit jobs and schools, but ille on probation or affidential community properties at the facility that uponal and counseling settion of remainder of quite white the facility of the probation of the properties at the facility that uponal and counseling settion of remainder of quite white the facility that uponal and counseling settion of remainder of quite white the facility that uponal and counseling settion of remainder of quite white the probation of the probation	" space below.) re juveniles are aftercare/parole, act with the chools. uveniles are h the community are not placed tercare/parole. ogrom — children to attend daily sually include ervices.
treatme does n a train	forestry comp, form — ent facility for juvenile ot necessitate the stric ing school, often allow t with the community.	s whose behavior t confinement of			
B. Is this facil	ity operated under the o	uspices of (administer	ed by) – (Mark (X) one box)	
1 State 2 County 3 City		ti-governmental — Spec		ire which apply to you	r facility)
C. Does the fac	ility hold —				
1 Males	only 2 Fe	nales only	з <u>П</u> Both ma	les and females	
Notes					

	Items A and B to be completed for training schools, ranches, forestry camps and farms. All ot		
		MALE	FEMALE
A,	TOTAL movement into institution during the annual period covered by this report		
	1. Committed by court: First commitments (Where applicable include first placements received through reception and diagnostic centers.)		
	2. Committed by court: Recommitments (new offense) (Include juveniles under aftercare/parole who commit a new offense and are recommitted.)	4	
	3. Returned from aftercare/parole (except for new offense)		
	4. Transferred in from another institution for delinquent juveniles (Include transfers in from another institution even though processed through reception and diagnostic centers.)		
-	5. Other admissions — Specify		
В.	TOTAL movement out of institution during the annual period covered by this report	1.00	
	 Discharged with no further agency supervision (Include those juveniles where approval for discharge is required by court.) 		
	2. Placed in aftercare/parole program operated by the institution		
	3. Placed in aftercare/parole program operated by agency other than institution		
	4. Transferred out to another institution for delinquent juveniles (Where applicable include transfers out to reception and diagnostic centers and from reception or diagnostic sections of training schools to other treatment facilities.)		
	5. Other releases - Specify		
	Item C to be completed for detention centers, shelters, reception or diagnostic centers, halfway houses, and group homes		
c.	Movement of institutional population during the annual period covered by this report —		}
	1. Persons admitted to custody		
	2. Persons discharged or remanded to other court agencies or institutions		
_	What was the population in the facility on the following dates? (Provide estimates when exact available from records. For those types of juveniles never held, enter."NA." For those types sometimes held, but not in residence on that particular date, enter "0.")	counts ar of juveni	e not les
D.			
ο.	DEFINITIONS FOR COLUMNS 3 THROUGH 8		
).	Juveniles adjudicated delinquent - Juveniles who have been adjudicated delinquent, whether they have be	een commit	ted to
).		NS. CHINS	etc.).
D.	Juveniles odjudicated delinquent — Juveniles who have been adjudicated delinquent, whether they have be that facility or are awaiting placement in another facility. Juveniles in need of supervision — Juveniles who have been declared in need of supervision (such as Plunder special statutes for juvenile "status offenders," whether they have been committed to that facility. Juveniles held pending disposition by court — Juveniles held for delinquency, who have not had any hear had only a preliminary, screening, detention, or similar hearing.	NS, CHINS lity or are a ring or who	, etc.), awaiting have
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Date		otal	adjud deli	eniles dicated nquent (3)	in n supe (P	eniles eed of ryision INS)	held p dispe	eniles pending osition court	awaiting to an juris	eniles g transfer nother diction 6)	commi	intary tments	negle child	cted
(1)	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		Female		Female	Male	Female		Female
9/30/72														
12/31/72													,	
3/31/73								•						
6/30/73														

FORM CJ-17 (9-11-73)

US COMM-DC

Page 3

USCOMM-DC

FORM CJ-17 (9-11-73)

Section III - INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION -				ller !-
Enter the numbers of "Juveniles adjudicated delinquent" and "Juveniles in need of supervision (PINS)" held on June 30, 1973, by type of offense. (Should equal the figures reported in the correspond-	adjud	eniles icated iquent	nee super (Pl	iles in d of vision NS)
ing categories in Section III,D, on page 3. If exact offense data are not available and estimates can be made, estimate and describe the	(1)	(2)
estimation procedure in the Notes space below.)	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
TOTAL juveniles adjudicated delinquent and juveniles in need of supervision				
a. Felony (number of juveniles held on charges that would be felonies if committed by adults) except drug offenses				
b. Misdemeanor (number of juveniles held on charges that would be misdemeanors if committed by adults) except drug offenses				ļ
c. Drug offenses			· ·	
d. Juvenile offenses (number of juveniles held on charges that would not be crimes if committed by adults)				
e. Offense data not available				
			MALE	FEMALE
How many juveniles is your facility designed to hold, without overcrowding would include double decked bunks where facility was designed for single use of a room as sleeping quarters that would not ordinarily be used as such	bunk, or	crowding temporary		
Section IV - AGES OF JUVENILES				
What are the ages of the youngest and oldest juveniles that were held at th			MALE	FEMALE
What was the average age of juveniles held at the facility on June 30, 197 compute the average of juveniles held by adding the ages of all male juven facility on June 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of male juvenile June 30, 1973; and by adding the ages of all female juveniles held at the june 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of female juveniles held of the state of the s	niles held les held o facility of In June 30	i at the n n), 1973.		
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compute the average of juveniles held by adding the ages of all male juven facility on June 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of male juvenil June 30, 1973; and by adding the ages of all female juveniles held at the june 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of female juveniles held of this computation is not possible, estimate and describe the estimation puthe Notes space below.)	niles held les held o facility of In June 30	i at the n n), 1973.		
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compute the average of juveniles held by adding the ages of all male juven facility on June 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of male juvenil June 30, 1973; and by adding the ages of all female juveniles held at the june 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of female juveniles held of this computation is not possible, estimate and describe the estimation puthe Notes space below.)	niles held les held o facility of In June 30	i at the n n), 1973.		

Section V - INSTITUTIONAL PERSONNEL (Count each employee only once - in the highest position he fills)

DEFINITIONS FOR THIS SECTION

Payroll Staff - Full-time and part-time staff on the payroll of this facility.

Non-payroll Staff - Full-time or part-time staff not on the payroll of this facility. Include personnel of a parent agency or other public agency or service (including school system), who are assigned for some or all of their working time to this facility. Include community volunteers, college interns, and personnel paid under contractual agreements or Federal grants.

Administrative - Include positions such as superintendent, director, administrator, assistant superintendent, business manager, purchasing agent, stenographer, bookkeeper, accountant, switchboard operator, clerk, and typist. (Custodial and maintenance personnel should be reported under the appropriate categories as described below.)

Treatment and Educational - Include positions such as psychiatrist, psychologist, chaplain, academic principal, director of vocational training, academic teacher, vocational teacher, social worker, librarian, aftercare/parole worker, recreation worker, physician, registered nurse, practical nurse, medical aide, classification officer, and counselor. (Custodial personnel should be reported under the next category.)

Custodial - Include positions such as house parent, group supervisor, group worker, cottage parent, and matron. (Maintenance personnel should be reported under the next category.)

Other - Include positions such as housekeeping, maintenance, and any other positions not included above.

				١ ،	1)	}. ((2)
				Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time
A. TOTAL nun	nber of employees on Ju	ne 30, 1973			<u> </u>		
1. Administ	rative employees						
2. Treatmen	nt and educational emplo	yees					
3. Custodia	l employees						
4. Other em	ployees — Specify						
B. TOTAL num	nber of vacancies on Ju	e 30, 1973					
1. Administ	rative vacancies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
2. Treatmen	nt and educational vacar	cies					
3. Custodia	l vacancies						
4. Other va	cancies - Specify						
	S	ection VI - LENGTH OF	JUYENILE	STAY			
(If possible stays for al juveniles re	, compute the average lo I juveniles released dur Lleased during the same	or juveniles in your facili ngth of stay by dividing t ng the reporting period, b period. If this computation n procedure in the Notes	he sum of lo y the total i on is not pos	number of ssible,		Months	Days
		Section VII - INSTITUT	IONAL CO	ST			
ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED	EGINNING: (Month, year)	ENDING: (Month, year)	i 🗲 on a	ite annual pe fiscal year 30, 1973, if p	basis from	d. Please July I, 19	report data 72 through
	rating expenditures aries and wages (Exclude	employer contributions to em	ployee benef	its and repor	t in 2.)	\$	
	erating expenditures, su ractual services	ch as the purchase of food	, supplies,			\$	
B. Capital exp	enditures, including new vipment. (Do not includ	buildings, major repairs any single expenditure l	or improvem	ents, ,000.)		\$	
Notes							

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	Sect	ion VIII	– INST	ITUTIO	NAL P	OPULA	TION F	OR PRE	VIOUS	ANNUA	L PER	OD		
ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED IN THIS SECTION	BEGIN (Mont)	NING h, day, yes	er) 	ENDIN (Monti	ig n, day, ye			ANNUAL Data are 1971 thro nnual pe The data eported a 972 so i	request ough jur- eriod for a should above.)	ed on a e 30, 19 which da be for If facilit	fiscal y 972, if pata are r the annu y began	ear basi possible, eported i al perio operation	s from Indio n this d prior	July 1, cate the section. to that
		-										MAL	E F	EMALE
1. Persons 2. Persons or instit	admitte dischar	d to cus	tody	·				vered by	y this s	ection.				
B. What was t	he popu	lation in	the fac	ility on	June 3	0. 1972?	(See	instructi	ons and	l definit	ions un	der Sect	ion III.	.D.)
Date	То	otal 2)	Juve adjudi delin	niles	Juve in r super (PI	niles need of vision NS)	Juve he pen dispo	niles eld ding sition court 5)	Juve awa tran to an jurisd	niles iting isfer other iction	Volu commi	ntary tments	Depe a negl chi	endent ind ected idren B)
(1)	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
June 30, 1972														
period give (If possible stays for a juveniles r estimate a	e, compu Il juven eleased	ite the a iles rele during t	ased du he same	ring the period	reporti	ing perio s compu	d, by tl tation i	ne total s not po	number ssible,	of				
		Section	IX - I	NSTITU	TIONA	L COST	FOR P	REVIO	JS ANN	UAL PE	RIOD			
ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED IN THIS SECTION		ining: h, year)		ENDIN (Month		_	d fi	ndicate a scal yea f possibl	r basis i					
A. Current ope	-	-		e employ	er contri	ibutions t	o emplo	yee bene	fits and	report in	2.)	\$		
2. Other op		expendi services		uch as t	the purc	hase of	food, s	upplies,				\$		
B. Capital exp										nd		s		
			Section	X - ID	ENTIF	ICATIO	N OF P	RIVATE	FACI	LITIES				
LEAA is plan these facilitie for delinquent	es is not	current	ly avail	able, pl	ated fac ease li	cilities f st the na	or delin	nquent ji d addre	uveniles sses of	s. Since any priv	a comp vately o	olete lis perated	t of the	ese ies
	:													
					· ·				71.2		 -	· · · ·		
Notes	1.50				- 1241 - ; ¹ 1	(y				· ·	10.1			
						6								

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Appendix B 1973 Data tables

FORM CJ-17 (9-11-73)

Table B-1. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration -regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	A1	facili		Sta	te faci		Loc	al faci	
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	722	794	+10	318	367	+15	404	427	+6
REGION 1	25 6 2 12 1	19 5 2 6 2 3 1	-24 -17 0 -50 +100 0	22 .6 .2 .9 .1 .3	18 5 2 6 1 3	-18 -17 0 -33 0 0	3 0 0 3 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0	-67 0 0 -100 * 0
RECTION 2	73 23 50	93 25 58	+14 +9 +16	50 8 42	60 10 50	+20 +25 +19	23 15 8	23 15 8	0 0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	90 10 14 33 20 8	93 6 10 14 31 23 9	+3 +20 0 0 -6 +15 +13	42 5 0 14 10 9 4	47 6 0 14 9 13 5	+12 +20 0 0 -10 +44 +25	48 0 10 0 23 11 4	46 0 10 0 22 10 4	-4 0 0 0 -4 -9
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FIORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	115 9 38 18 15 4 15 5	132 6 44 22 17 9 17 6	+15 -33 +16 +22 +13 +125 +13 +20	51 3 10 9 2 8 4 6	73 3 22 15 10 3 9 5	+43 0 +144 +50 +11 +50 +13 +25	64 6 29 8 6 2 7 1	59 3 22 7 7 6 8 1 5	-8 -50 -24 -13 -17 +200 +14 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO MISCONSIN	135 32 9 38 9	144 28 13 45 11 36	+7 -13 +44 +18 +22 -3 +10	58 18 3 14 5 12 6	57 15 3 18 6 10	-2 -17 0 +29 +20 -17,	77 14 6 24 4 25	87 13 10 27 5 26 6	+13 -7 +67 +13 +25 +4 +50
REGION 6 ARKANSAS .OUISIANANEM MEXICO ³ .KLAHOMA	49 7 11 4 6	58 9 14 4 8 23	+18 +29 +27 0 +33 +10	18 4 4 2 3 5	20 4 5 2 3 6	+11 0 +25 0 0 +20	31 3 7 2 3 16	38 5 9 2 5 17	+23 +67 +29 0 +67 +6
REGION 7	43 7 8 24 4	63 11 11 37 4	+47 +57 +38 +54	13 4 2 5 2	25 5 6 12 2	+92 +25 +200 +140 0	30 3 6 19 2	38 6 5 25 2	+27 +100 -17 +32 0
REGION 8 COLORADO ONTANA ONTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA ITAH IYOMING	26 9 4 3 • • • 3 • • • 5 • • • 2	35 10 4 5 3 11 2	+35 +11 0 +67 0 +120 0	19 9 3 2 2 1 2	21 9 3 1 2 4	+11 0 0 -50 0 +300 0	7 0 1 1 1 4	14 1 1 4 1 7	+100 * 0 +300 0 +75 0
REGION 9 RIZONA ALIFORNIA ALIFORNIA IEVADA	122 9 105 3	128 15 104 3 6	+5 +67 -1 0 +20	23 3 15 3 2	27 7 15 3 2	+17 +133 0 0 0	99 6 90 0 3	101 8 89 0 4	+2 +33 -1 1 0 +33
REGION 10	44 3 10 28	39 2 2 10 25	-11 -33 -33 0 -11	22 3 1 4 14	19 2 1 4 12	-14 -33 0 0 -14	22 0 2 6 14	20 0 1 6 13	-9 0 -50 0 -7

Table B-2. Public detention centers for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	A11	facil		State fac		Loca	ıl faci	lities
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971 1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percen- change
UNITED STATES	305	319	+5	25 29	+16	280	290	+4
REGION 1	8	7	-13	8 7	-13	0	0	0
AINE	4 0	4	0	4 4	0	0	0	0
ASSACHUSETTS	4	3	-25	4 3	-25	. 0	0	Ö
HODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
ERMONT	0	0	ō	o o	Ö	. 0	0	0
EGION 2	22	23	+5	0 0	. 0	22	23	+5
EW YORK	9 14 8	15 8	+7 0	0 0	0	14	15 8	+7
EGION 3	35	37	+6	3 5	+67	32	32	0
ELAWARE	2 1	2 1	0	2 2 0 0	0	0	0	0
ARYLAND	1	1	Ŏ	1 1	. 0	0	1	0
ENNSYLVALIA	21 9	21	0 +11	0 0	0 *	21	21	0
ST VIRGINIA	í	2	+100	0 1	. *	9	9 1	0
GION 4	58 6	56	-3 50	6 9	+50	52	47	-10
ORIDA	20	3 18	-50 -10	0 0 0 3	0 · * ·	6 20	3 15	-50 -25
CORGIA	14	13	-7	6 6	0	8	7	-13
SSISSIPPI	4 2	5 4	+25 +100	0 0	0	4 2	5 4	+25 +100
ORTH CAROLINA	7	8	+14	0 0	0	7	8	+14
ONNESSEE	1 4	1 4	0	0 0	0	1 4	. 1 4	0
GION 5	59	62	+5	0 0	0	59	62	+5
LINOIS	11	11	0 +33	0 0	0	ii	11	0
CHIGAN	18	18	(C+ 0	0 0	0	6 18	8 18	+33
NNESOTA	2	3	+50	0 0	0	2	3	+50
SCONSIN	19 3	18 4	-5 +33	0 0	0	19 3	- 18 4	-5 +33
GION 6	24	26	+8	0 0	0	24	26	رر. 8+
KANSAS	2 6	7	0 +17	0 0	0	2	2	0
W MEXICO	2	2	0	0 0	0	6	7 2	+17
LAHOMA XAS.	2 12	2 13	0 +8	0 0	0	2	2	0
GION A	16	18	+13	0 0	0	12	13	+8
WA))	3	3	0	0 0	0	16 3	18 3	+13
VSAS USOUPI	6 5	5 8	-17 +60	0 0	0	3	5	-17
BRASKA	2	2	0	0 0	0	5 2	8 2	+60 0
GION 8	12	15	+25	5 5	0	7	10	+43
ORADO	5 1	5 1	0	5 5 0 0	0	0	0	0
RTH DAKOTA	1	. 1	0	0 0	0	1	1	0
JTH DAKOTA	1 4	7	0 +75	0 0	0	1	1	0
OMING	ő	ó	0	0 0	0	4	7 0	+75 0
JION 9	52	55	+6	2 2	0	50	53	+6
IZONA	6 42	8 42	+33 0	0 0	0	6	8	+33
VAII	2	2	0	2 2	0	42 0	42 0	0
ADA	2	3	+50	0 0	0	2	3	+50
GION 10	19 1	20 1	+5 0	1 1	0	18	19	+6
АНО	0	1	*	0 0	0	0	0	0
EGON SHINGTON	. 5 12	5	0	0 0	0	5	5	0
CHILARD TON	13	13	0	0 0	0	13	13	0

^{*}Increase not definable

1Data for two State training school annexes in New Jersey were reported with those for the parent State
training school in both 1971 and 1973.

2Data for two local detention center annexes in New York were reported with those for the parent local
detention center in 1971. By 1973, the two annexes had been closed.

3Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school
in both 1971 and 1973.

4Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school
in 1973. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported
separately.

^{*}Increase not definable.

*IData for two local detention center annexes were reported with those for the parent detention center in 1971. By 1973, the two annexes had been closed.

Table B-3. Public shelters for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	All	facil	ities	Stat	e faci	lities	Loca	l faci	lities
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	17	19	+12	1	1	0	16	18	+13
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS MEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND VERMONT	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	1 1 0	0	-100 -100 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 1 0	0	-100 -100 0
REGION 3	6 0 4 0 1 0	6 0 4 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 -100 0 +100	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	6 0 4 0 1 0	6 0 4 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 -100 0 +100
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	1 0 1 0 0 0 0	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	+100 0 0 0 * 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0	* 0 0 * 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA. MICHIGAN MICHIGAN MINNESOTA. OHIO WISCONSIN. REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA	5 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 0	7004012 42002	+40 0 0 +33 0 +100 * * 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5 0 3 0 1 1 0 0	7 0 4 0 1 2 4 2 0 0 2	+40 0 0 +33 0 0 +100 * * 0
TEXAS	0 1 1 0	0 0 0	0 -100 -100 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 -100 -100 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
MISSOURI NEBRASKA REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA. NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWAII MEVADA REGION 10. ALASKA IDAHO. OREGON WASHINGTON	0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 2	0000000000	0 0 0 0 0 -100 -100	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 2 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 -100 -100 -100

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-4. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles —regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and Stat	е	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES .	.,	16	17	+6
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND VERMONT		0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	* 0 0 0 0 0 *
REGION 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK		0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COL MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	UMBIA.	2 0 0 1 0	2 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4		2 0 0 1 0 0	5 0 0 0 2 1 0	+150 0 0 0 +100 * 0
REGION 5		5 2 0 1 1 1	3 1 0 1 0	-40 -50 0 0 -100
REGION 6		2 1 0 0	2 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 7		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	
REGION 8		0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA		4 1 3 0	3 0 3 0	-25 -100 0 0
REGION 10 ALASKA IDAHO OREGON WASHINGTON	 	1 0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0	

NOTE: In both 1971 and 1973, all public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles were operated by State governments.
*Increase not definable.

Table B-5. Public training schools for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		All	facil	ities	Stat	e faci	lities	Loca	l faci	lities
Region and State	- y 15	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	•	191	187	-2	156	154	-1	35	33	-6
REGION 1	•	16 2 2 7 1 3	7 1 2 0 1 2	-56 -50 0 -100 0 -33	13 2 2 4 1 3	7 1 2 0 1 2	-46 -50 0 -100 0 -33	3003000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-100 0 0 -100 0 0
REGION 2	•	16 4 12	15 4 11	-6 0 -8	16 4 12	15 4 11	-6 0 -8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
REGION 3		25 3 4 7 5 3	25 3 4 7 5 3	0 0 0 0 0 0	21 3 0 4 7 5 2	20 3 0 4 6 5 2	-5 0 0 0 -14 0	4 0 3 0 0	5 0 3 0 1 0	+25 0 0 0 * 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.		35 38 42 28 35	34 3 8 5 1 2 8 3 4	-3 0 0 +25 -50 0 0 0	30 3 4 4 1 2 8 3 5	29 3 4 5 0 2 8 3 4	-3 0 0 +25 -100 0 0 0	5 0 4 0 1 0 0 0	5 0 4 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA. MICHIGAN MINNESOTA. OHIO WISCONSIN.	•	33 8 2 4 4 11	36 9 3 4 5 11	+9 +13 +50 0 +25 0	23 6 2 3 2 6 4	25 7 2 3 6 4	+9 +17 0 0 +50 0	10 2 0 1 2 5	11 1 1 2 5 0	+10 0 * 0 0 0
REGION 6		20 3 4 2 4 7	21 3 5 2 4 7	+5 0 +25 0 0	16 3 3 2 3 5	17 3 4 2 3 5	+6 0 +33 0 0	4 0 1 0 1 2	4 0 1 0 1 2	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 7	•	12 2 2 6 2	14 2 5 5 2	+17 0 +150 -17 0	9 2 2 3 2	12 2 5 3 2	+33 0 +150 0 0	3 0 0 3 0	2 0 0 2 0	-33 0 0 -33 0
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SCUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING		9 2 1 1 2	9 2 2 1 1 2	0 0 0 0 0	9 2 1 1 2	9 2 2 1 1 2	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	•	18 1 14 1 2	19 3 13 1 2	+6 +200 -7 0	12 1 8 1 2	13 3 7 1 2	+8 +200 -13 0 0	6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10ALASKAIDAHOOREGONWASHINGTON	•	7 1 1 2 3	7 1 1 2 3	0 0 0 0	7 1 1 2 3	7 1 2 3	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Table B-6. Public ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	All	facil		Stat	e faci	lities	Loca	ıl faci	lities
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	115	103	-10	68	56	-18	47	47	0
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	1 0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK	5 0 5	5 0 5	0 0 0	5 0 5	5 0 5	0 0	0	0	0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	13 0 0 5 3 2	11 0 0 4 3 2	-15 0 0 -20 0 0	12 0 0 5 3 2 2	11 0 0 4 3 2	-8 0 0 -20 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	-100 0 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH GAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	10 0 2 0 7 0 0 0	8 0 1 0 6 0 0	-20 0 -50 0 -14 0	9 0 1 0 7 0 0 0 0	7 0 0 6 0 0	-22 0 -100 0 -14 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-100 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5	22 9 1 3 2 5 2	15 6 1 3 1 3	-32 -33 0 0 -50 -40 -50	21 9 1 2 2 5 2	14 6 1 2 1 3	-33 -33 0 0 -50 -40 -50	1 0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISTANA NEW MEXICO¹ OKLAHOMA TEXAS.	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0
REGION 7	6 1 0 5	8 1 0 7 0	+33 0 0 +40 0	3 1 0 2 0	3 1 0 2 0	0 0 0 0	3 0 0 3 0	5 0 0 5 0	+67 0 0 +67
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA. NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING.	4 2 1 0 1 0	4 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	4 2 1 0 1 0	4 2 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	45 1 43 0 1	45 1 43 0 1	0 0 0 0	5 1 4 0 0	6 1 5 0	+20 0 +25 0	40 0 39 0	39 0 38 0	-3 -3 -3 0
REGION 10	9 1 0 3 5	6 0 0 3 3	-33 -100 0 () -40	8 1 0 2 5	5 0 0 2 3	-38 -100 0 0 -40	1 0 0 1	1 0 0 1	0 0 0

Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

^{*}Increase not definable.

1Data for two State training school amnexes in New Jersey were reported with those for the parent training school in both 1971 and 1973.

Table B-7. Public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	All	facil		Stat	e faci	lities	Loca	l faci	lities
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	78	149	+91	52	110	+112	26	39	+50
REGION 1 CONNEGTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	0 0 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 2 1 0	* 0 * * 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 2 0 0 0	* 0 0 * 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0	* 0 0 0 * 0
REGION 2	29 4 25	40 6 34	+38 +50 +36	29 4 25	40 6 34	+38 +50 +36	0	0	0 0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARY AND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	9 0 2 3 1 3 0	12 1 2 4 0 5	+33 * 0 +33 -100 +67	4 0 0 3 0 1 0	9 1 0 4 0 4	+125 * 0 +33 0 +300 0	5 0 2 0 1 2 0	3 0 2 0 0 1 0	-40 0 0 0 -100 -50
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI MORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	9 0 7 0 1 0 0	27 0 16 4 2 2 1 1	+200 0 +129 * +100 * *	404000000	22 0 15 4 1 0 1	+450 0 +275 * 0 * 0 *	5 0 3 0 1 0 0 0	5 0 1 0 1 2 0 0	0 -67 0 0 * 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MIOHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN	11 2 0 9 0 0	21 1 15 2 2 0	∻91 −50 * +67 * 0	9 1 0 8 0 0	15 1 0 12 2 0 0	+67 0 0 +50 * 0	2 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	6 0 1 3 0 2	+200 -100 * +200 0 *
REGION 6	3 1 0 0 0 2	5 1 0 0 3	+67 0 * 0 0 +50	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	* 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 2	4 1 0 0 2	+33 0 * 0 0
REGION 7 TOWA	8 0 8 0	23 5 1 17 0	+188 * + +113 0	0 0 0	10 2 1 7 0	* * * O	8 0 0 8 0	13 3 0 10 0	+63 * 0 +25 0
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING	1 0 0 0 0	7 1 0 3 0 3 0	+600 * 0 +200 0 *	100000	3 0 0 0 0 3	+200 0 0 -100 0 *	0 0 0 0 0	4103000	* 0 * 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWATI NEVADA	3 0 3 0	6 3 0 0	+100 * 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 0 0	* 0 0	3 0 3 0	30300	0 0 0 0
HEGION 10	5 0 0 0 5	5 0 0 5	0 0 0 0	5 0 0 5	5 0 0 5	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

^{*}Increase not definable.

¹Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. Two of these homes did not exist in 1971; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-8. Public juvenile detention and and State or local administration

	All facilit			ntion center			Shelter	
Region and State	Total State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total.	State	Local
UNITED STATES. REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND	794 367 19 18 5 5 2 2 6 6 2 1 3 3 1 1	427 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	319 7 4 0 3 0 0	29 7 4 0 3 0 0	290 0 0 0 0 0 0	19 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	18 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	83 60 25 10 58 50	23 15 8	23 15 8	0 0 0	23 15 8	0 0 0	0 0	0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANTA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	93 47 6 6 10 0 14 14 31 9 23 13 9 5	46 0 10 0 22 10 4	37 2 1 1 21 10 2	5 2 0 1 0 1	32 0 1 0 21 9	6 0 4 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	6 0 4 0 0 0 2
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA GEORGIÁ GEORGIÁ MENTESTSSIPPI NORTH GAROLINA SOUTH GAROLINA TENNESSEE.	132 73 6 3 44 22 22 15 17 10 9 3 17 9 6 5 11 6	59 3 22 7 7 6 8 1	56 3 18 13 5 4 8 1	9 3 6 0 0	47 3 15 7 5 4 8 1	2 0 1 0 1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINDISOTA OHIO MISCONEIN	244 57 28 15 13 3 45 18 11 6 36 10 11 5	87 13 10 27 5 26 6	62 11 8 18 3 18 4	0 0 0 0 0	62 11 8 18 3 18	7 0 0 4 0 1 2	0 0 0 0 0	7 0 0 4 0 1 2
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO ² OKLAHOMA TEXAS.	58 20 9 4 14 5 4 2 8 3 23 6	38 5 9 2 5 17	26 2 7 2 2 2 13	0 0 0 0	26 2 7 2 2 2	4 2 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 0	4 2 0 0 2 0
REGION 7 IONA KANSAS MISSOURI NEBRASKA	63 25 11 5 11 6 37 12 4 2	38 6 5 25 2	18 3 5 8 2	0 0 0 0	18 3 5 8 2	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING	35 21 10 9 4 3 5 1 3 2 11 4 2 2	14 1 1 4 1 7	15 5 1 1 7 0	5 5 0 0 0	10 0 1 1 1 7	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA	128 27 15 7 104 15 3 3 6 2 39 19	101 8 89 0 4	55 8 42 2 3	2 0 0 2 0	53 8 42 0 3	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
ALASKA	2 2 2 1 10 4 25 12	20 0 1 6 13	20 1 1 5 13	1 0 0 0	19 0 1 5 13	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Data for two State training school annexes in New Jersey were reported with those for the parent State training school.

Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school.

Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school.

correctional facilities, by type of facility —regions and States, midyear 1973

Kec dia	eption or agnostic cen	ter	Ti	aining scho	ol	R	anch, forest	ry m		alfway house nd group hom	
otal	State	Local	Total	State	Local.	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Loca
17	17	0	187	154	33	103	56	47	149	110	39
0	1 0	0	7	7 1 2	0	1 0	0	0	3	2	1
0	0	0	2	\(\frac{1}{2}\)	0	0	0	. 0	0	Ō	. 0
0	0	0	0 1	0 1	0	0	0	0	2	2 0	0
1	0	0	2 1	2 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	15	15	0			0		40	. 0
0	, 0	0	4 11	4	0	5	5	0	40 6	6	. 0
2	్ర 2	0		11 20	0 5	5 11	5 11	0	34 12	34 9	0
0	0	0	25 3 3	3 0	0	0	0	0	1	1	. 3
0	0	0	3	0	3 0	0	0	0	2 4	0 4	0
0	- 0	0	7	4	1	4 3 2	4 3 2	Ó	0	0	Ò
0	1 0	0	5	5 2	0 1	2	2	0	5 0	4	. (
5 =	5	0	34 3		5	8	7	···· 1	27	22	į
0	0	0	3	29 3 4 5 0	0	0	0	0 1	0 16	0 15	1
0	0	0	8 5 1	3	0	0	0	0	4	4	
2 1	2 1	0	2 8	0 2 8	1	6	6	0 .	2 2	0	
0	Ů	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	1 1	1	
1	1	Ö	. 4	3 4	0	ĭ	i	Ö	i	0	
3	3 1	0	36	25	11	15 6	14 6	1.	21	15	
0	- 0	0	9 3 4 5	7 2	2 1	6	6 1	0 0	1	1 0	
0	1 0	0	4	ž	1 2	3 1	2	1	15 2	12 2	
1	1	0	11	3 3 6	5	3	3 1	0	2	ő	
0	0	0	4	4	0	1		0	0	0	
2 1	2 1	0	2 <u>1</u> 3	17 3	4	0	. 0	0	5 1	1 0	: 1
1	1	0	21 3 5 2 4	4	1	0	0	. 0	1	0	
O	0	0	4	17 3 4 2 3 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	. 0	0	7		2	0	0	0	3	1	
0	. 0	0	14	12 2	2 0	8	3 1	5	23 5 1	10 2	1
0	0	0	2 5 5 2	5	0	0	. 0	0	í	1	
0	0	0	2 .	5 3 2	0	7	2 0	5	17 0	7	1
0	O.	0	9 2	9	0	4 2	4 2	0	7	3	
0	0	0	2	2	0	2 1	2 1	0	1	0	
0	.0	0	2	1	. 0	0	0	0	. 3	0	
Ó .	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0 3	0	
0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	
3	. 3	0	19	13 3	6	45 1	6 1	39 0	6	3 3	:
3	3	0	13 1	7 1	6	43	5	38	3	0	
0	0	0	2	1 2	0	0 1	0	0	0	0	
1	1	0	7	7	0	6	5	1	5	5	
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	C 0	0	·	0	
0 1	Ŏ 1	0	2	2	ŏ	3 3	2 3	1	0 5	5	(

Table B-9. Public jovenile detention and correctional facilities, by size (design capacity)—regions and States, midyear 1973

					Size (design ca	apacity)			
Region and State	Total	Less than 25	25-49	50-99	100-149	150-199	200-299	300-399	400-499	500 or more
UNITED STATES	794	305	149	147	65	44	49	17	9	9
REGION 1	19 5 2 6 2 3 1	7 4 0 1 1 0	5 0 0 4 0 1	2 0 1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 1 0	2 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	83 25 58	42 10 32	14 6 8	14 3 11	3 1 2	4 2 2	4 1 3	0 0 0	1 1 0	1 1 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	93 6 10 14 31 23 9	39 6 3 16 10 2	21 2 1 6 5 4 3	10 0 0 0 4 4 2	6 2 0 1 2 1	7 0 2 1 2 1	7 0 0 2 2 2 1	3 0 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4	132 6 44 22 17 9 17 6	44 16 5 6 8 2 0	35 1 16 10 3 1 1 0 3	21 2 6 3 7 0 0 1 2	9 1 1 2 1 0 1 1 2	8 0 3 0 0 0 2 2 1	7 1 0 0 0 1 4 0	5 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 2	2 0 1 1 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0 0
REGION 5	144 28 13 45 11 36	57 7 5 24 3 16 2	26 9 2 8 1 2 4	24 5 3 7 2 6 1	11 0 0 3 1 6	7 2 1 0 2 2 0	12 3 1 2 2 2	4 0 1 0 1	2 2 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6	58 9 14 4 8 23	22 4 4 1 4 9	8 1 2 0 1 4	822202	10 0 4 0 2 4	2 1 0 0 1	5 1 1 0 2	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	2 0 1 0 0
REGION 7	63 11 11 37 4	35 7 4 23 1	8 0 3 5 0	10 2 3 4 1	5 1 0 3 1	3 0 1 2 0	2 1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGTON 8	35 10 4 5 3 11 2	17 3 1 4 1 8 0	7 4 0 0 1 2 0	5 1 2 0 1 0	2 0 1 0 0 0	2 1 0 0 0 1	2 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	128 15 104 3 6	24 7 15 1 1	19 2 16 0 1	49 2 44 1 2	14 3 10 0 1	5 0 3 1 1	5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0	3 1 2 0 0	4 0 4 0 0
REGION 10	39 2 2 10 25	18 1 1 3 13	6 0 0 4 2	4 1 0 0 3	4 0 0 1 3	4 0 1 1 2	3 0 0 1 2	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Table B-10. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities,

Region and State Tot		gn capacity occupied 50%-69%	70%-89%
UNITED STATES 79	4 170	181	204
D .	9 5	5	2
	5 2	2	1
	2 1	1	0
	6 1	0	0
	2 0	0	1
	3 0	2	0
NEW JERSEY	3 12	17	31
	5 % 6	8	6
	8 6	9	25
DELAWARE	3 20	17	22
	6 1	2	1
	0 1	2	4
	4 0	0	4
	1 12	4	5
	3 2	6	6
	9 4	3	2
GEORGIA	2 24 6 2 4 7 2 1 7 6 9 2 7 5 6 1	28 2 10 2 2 2 2 7/7 2 1	35 1 14 6 5 2 1 1 5
INDIANA	4 32	38	34
	8 7	10	6
	3 4	4	2
	5 7	11	11
	1 1	3	4
	6 9	7	7
ARKANSAS	8 14 9 3 4 4 0 8 1 3 6	19 2 2 2 2 3 10	12 1 4 1 2 4
IOWA	3 14	18	8
	1 4	4	1
	1 1	4	2
	7 9	7	4
	4 0	3	1
COLORADO	5 8 0 4 1 5 2 3 0 1 5 5 2 0	8 3 1 2 0 0 2	13 5 1 1 2 4 0
CALIFORNIA¹10 HAWAII	5 6 22 3 3 6 2	23 3 19 0	34 2 29 0 3
IDAHO	9 8	8	13
	2 0	0	2
	2 0	0	1
	0 1	2	3
	5 7	6	7

Data for California do not take into account youthful offenders held in 15 State facilities; these facilities were actually operating at a higher rate of occupancy than shown.

by percent of capacity occupied—regions and States, midyear 1973

		nt of design capacity o				
90-99%	100%	101%-109%	110%-119%	120% or more		
94	50	46	18	31		
3 0 0 2 0 1	0	1 0	, 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	3 0 0 3 0 0		
ŏ	0 0	0		0		
2	0	. Ö	0	3		
ĭ	Ŏ O	0	0	Ŏ		
	0	0	0			
9 1 8	9	3 2	0	2 1 1		
8	8	1	0 0	1		
				6		
11 1 0 1 5 4	4	11 1 0	2 0	0		
1	3 0 0	0 3	0 2 0	О Д		
5	0	4	Õ	ĭ		
4 0	1 0	3 4 3 0	0	1 1 0		
21 0 5 5 4 2 2 0 3	11 0	8 1 2	4 0 2 0	1 0 0		
5	4 4	2	2	0		
4	Ó	ð	ŏ	0 0		
2	0 2 0 1	4 0 0 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 1 0		
õ	ő	0	ĭ	1		
		1		The state of the s		
9 1 0 3 1 4	10	11 2 2 4 0 3	3 1 0	7 0 1 2		
0	1 0 6	2	0	1		
3	6	4	1	2		
4	1 2	3	0 1	3 0		
Ó	2 0	o o	1 0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
7	2	1	0	3		
3	2 1 0	1 0 1	0	0		
7 1 3 1	0	, jednosti ki	0	3 1 0 0		
1 1	0	0 0		1 1		
	, i					
i	9 1 1	2 0 0	2 0 0	6		
7 1 2 4	1 7	0	0	3 0 1 2		
ð	7 0	2 0	2 0	õ		
3	2	1	0	0		
1	0	1	0	0		
ō	ŏ	1 0 0	yanik ölelen	ò		
1	0			Ŏ		
3 1 1 0 1 0	0 0 2 0 3 0 3 0	Ŏ	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 2 3 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 0 0		
	3		- 1- 15 5 .	5		
10	0	1	2	<u> </u>		
20 1 19 0 0 0 4 0 0 1 3	ő	5 1 4 0	0	ð.		
0		O	er (j. 1. 0 1.)	0		
4	0 0 0 0	3 0 0 1 2	2	1		
0	0	0) 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 /		
<u>.</u>	0		ī	i /		

Table B-11. Admissions to public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

		Both se		Male					
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	. 496,526	483,212	2 -3	349,407	335,556	-4	147,119	147,656	(z)
REGION 1	4,255	9,956 3,153	3 - 26	9,845 3,084 0	8,328 2,281	26	3,510 1,171 0	1,628 872 0	-26 0
MASSACHUSETTS	. 0	6,80 <u>)</u> (0 0	6,761 0 0 0	6,047 0	0	2,339 0 0 0	756 0 0 0	0
REGION 2	. 24,131 . 11,671	13,22	7 +13	16,716 8,620 8,096	17,030 9,618 7,412	+12	7,415 3,051 4,364	7,374 3,609 3,765	+18
REGION 3	1,984 5,478 3,389 19,980 5,630	32,487 1,595 5,339 2,025 15,539 7,065	-20 -3 -40 -22 +25	27, 968 1,483 4,711 2,154 15,616 3,645 359	23,800 1,129 4,739 1,189 11,635 4,516	24 2 +1 3 -45 4 -25 4 +24	8,993 501 767 1,235 4,364 1,985	8,687 466 600 836 3,904 2,549	-7 -22 -32 -11 +28
REGION 4	. 4,865 . 30,459 . 17,136 . 7,161 . 3,225 . 2,384 . 863	74, 956 1, 939 25, 285 18, 275 7, 846 2, 793 3, 553 873 14, 390	7 -60 5 -17 5 +7 3 +10 3 -13 449 3 +1	55,621 3,349 20,756 12,403 5,376 2,363 1,587 575 9,212	51,425 1,105 16,659 12,740 5,677 1,943 2,151 574 10,576	-67 -20 +3 +6 -18 +36 (z)	23,436 1,516 9,703 4,733 1,785 862 797 288 3,752	23, 531 834 8, 626 5, 535 2, 171 850 1, 402 299 3, 814	-45 -11 +17 +22 -1 +76 +4
REGION 5	. 13,296 . 6,840 . 20,832 . 6,917 . 30,842	85,073 16,540 8,578 18,930 6,300 27,333 7,380	+24 +25 + -9 + -9 -11	58,814 9,009 4,946 14,075 4,638 21,535 4,611	57,314 11,814 6,029 12,677 3,799 18,339 4,656	+31 +22 -10 -18 -15	27,070 4,287 1,894 6,757 2,279 9,307 2,546	27, 759 4, 726 2, 549 6, 257 2, 505 8, 994 2, 728	+10 +35 -7 +10 -3
REGION 6	1,582 4,871 4,013 2,489	33,498 1,781 6,032 3,547 3,410	+13 2 +24 7 -12 2 +37	22,875 951 3,536 2,907 1,382 14,099	23,956 1,230 4,333 2,607 2,255 13,531	+5 +29 +23 -10 +63	10,411 631 1,335 1,106 1,107 6,232	9,542 551 1,699 940 1,155 5,197	-13 +27 -15 +4
REGION 7	. 809 . 3,861 . 7,480	15,425 1,312 5,000 7,978 1,135	+62 +30 +7	8,989 486 2,568 5,369 566	10, 205 742 3, 112 5, 671 680	+53 +21 +6	4,041 323 1,293 2,111 314	5,220 570 1,888 2,307 455	+76 +46 +9
REGION 8	8,306	•	2 +20 5 +15 4 -22 0 -6 2 +76	8,977 5,760 181 84 310 2,642 0	11,574 6,595 248 64 269 4,398	+15 +37 -24 -13 +66	3,954 2,546 179 37 135 1,057	5,789 3,337 167 30 151 2,104	+31 -7 -19 +12 +99
REGION 9	. 172,468 8,996 . 157,045 . 1,349 . 5,078	9,137 147,147 1,802	7 +2 7 -6 2 +34	122,588 6,360 111,426 889 3,913	6,328	3 -1 -6 +14	49,880 2,636 45,619 460 1,165	47,044 2,809 42,176 791 1,268	+7 -8 +72
REGION 10		27, 885 276 671 7, 871 19, 062	-32 * -7	17,014 300 0 5,366 11,348	16,801 188 382 4,699 11,532	37 * * -12	8,409 105 0 3,095 5,209	11,082 88 289 3,175 7,530	-16 * +3

*Increase not definable.
(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-12. Admissions to public shelters for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	Both sexes				Male			Female		
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	
UNITED STATES	8,052	4, 986	-38	5,294	2,951	-44	2,758	2,035	-26	
REGION 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	000000	
REGION 2	701 701 0	0	-100 -100 0	515 515 0	0 0	-100 -100 0	186 186 0	0 0	-100 -100 0	
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA. VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA	2,035 0 614 0 621 0 800	1,294 0 429 0 0 0 865	-36 0 -30 0 -100 0 +8	1,518 0 532 0 486 0 500	883 0 333 0 0 0 550	-42 0 -37 0 -100 0 +10	517 0 82 0 135 0 300	411 0 96 0 0 0 315	-21 0 +17 0 -100 0 +5	
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	457 0 457 0 0 0 0	655 0 622 0 33 0 0 0	+43 0 +36 0 * 0 0	304 0 304 0 0 0	415 0 389 0 26 0 0 0	+37 0 +28 0 * 0 0 0	153 0 153 0 0 0 0	240 0 233 0 7 0 0	+57 0 +52 0 * 0 0	
REGION 5	485 0 0 257 0 110 118	845 0 0 442 0 182 221	+74 0 0 +72 0 +65 +87	246 0 0 137 0 56 53	449 0 0 242 0 100 107	+83 0 0 +77 0 +79 +102	239 0 0 120 0 54 65	396 0 0 200 0 82 114	+66 0 0 +67 0 +52 +75	
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISTANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	0 0 0	2,192 286 0 0 1,906	* 0 0 *	0 0 0 0 0 0	1,204 213 0 0 991 0	* 0 0 *	0 0 0 0 0	988 73 0 0 915	* 0 0 *	
REGION 7. IOWA. KANSAS. MISSOURI. NEBRASKA.	138 138 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0	83 83 0 0	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0	55 55 0 0	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0	
REGION 8. COLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
REGION 9. ARIZONA CALIFORNIA. HAWAII. NEVADA.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
ALASKAIDAHO	4,236 0 139 0 4,097	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 -100	2,628 0 60 0 2,568	0 0 0 0	-100 0 -100 0 -100	1,608 0 79 0 1,529	0 0 0 0	-100 0 -100 0 -100	

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-13. Admissions to public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	Both	sexes		Male				Female Percent		
Stata	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Perce		1971	1973	change
egion and State	5= 3.00		-8	21,980	20,812		-5	5,128	3,994	-22
INITED STATES	. 27,108	233	*	0	167		* .	0	66	*
REGION 1	0	0	0	0))	0	0	0	0
MAINE	. 0	0	0	0	() ·	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	. 0	0	, 0	0	16'	0	0	0	66	*
RHODE KSLAND	. 0	233 C	. * 0	0		, D	ô	ő	0	0
VERMON?	. 0	0	. 0	, 0		0 .	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	. 0	0	0	0		0	0	0,	0	. 0
NEW YORK	. 0	0	0	2,094			-4	722	668	-7
REGION 3	2,816	2,669 0	-5 0	. 0		0	Ö	· Q	0	,
DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	ō	. 0	0	933		0	0 +3	0 330	323	-2
MARYLAND	1,263	1,286	+2) '	0	0	0	0	_1.2
PENNSYLVANIA	1,553	1,383	-11	1,161		8 - 0	-11	392	345 0	/=14 (
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	1 004	.		-91	628		+6
REGION 4	2,514	4,621 0	+84	1,886)	0	0	0	. 0	(
ALABAMA	0	. 0	0)	0	0	0		(
GEORGIA	019	613	1 . 1.	74	53	36 -	-28	275	- 77	
KENTUCKY	0	391	*		30	0	* .	0		
NORTH CARCLINA	. 1,495			1,14			+8	353	464	
SOUTH CAROLINA	. 1,495			!	0 1,5		. * .	0		•
REGION 5	8,998	6,297	7 –30	7,32	5 5,6	62	-23 (2)	1,673 402		
ILLINOIS	3,458	3,069	9 -11	3,05	6 3,0 0	0 :	(z)		, (
INDIANA	54	28	+426	. 3	9 2		628 100	410		
MINNESOTA	1,795	;		1,38	5 5 2,3		-19	846	63	-2
OHIO	3,691		0 0		0	0	0			
REGION 6	2,332			1,83	9 1,6	56	-10 -19	493 176		
ARKANSAS	785 1,547		3 –14 0 –4	1,23		.65	-5	31	7 31	5 -
LCUISIANA	(0	0 :0		0	0	0			0
OKLAHOMA			0 0		0	0	Ŏ,			Ŏ
TEXAS			0 0		0	0	0			0
REGION 7		ō	ō c	i	0 .	0	0			0
KANSAS			0 0		0	Ö	0		Ŏ.	0
MISSOURI		0,	ŏ		0	0	0		-	0
REGION 8		0	0 ', (0	0	0		0	0
COLORADO		0	0 0		0	0	0		0	0
MONTANA		0	o ()	0 - 1	0	. 0		0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA		0) .	0	0	Ō		O.	0
UTAH		0		ó	Ō	0	0		0	0
REGION 9.	9,31	4 8,0	28 –1			145	-11	1,3	L5 88	33 - 0
ARIZONA	77	75	0 -10	0 7	75	0 145	-100 -1	1,3		83 -
CALIFORNIA	8,53	9 8,0	Õ	0	0 .	0	0		0	0
HAWAII	• • •	0		0	0	0	0	•1		20 -
RECION 10	1,1	-	05 -2	9 (8	337 O	585 0	-30 0	2	97 2 0	0
ALASKA	• • •	0		0	0	0	0		0	0
IDAHO		0	0	0	0 837	0 585	-30	2	0 97 2	20
WASHINGTON	1,1	34 8	05 -2	7	ارد				juveni	

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual admission transactions for all residents, juveniles and non-juveniles; data for 1973 represent actual admission transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated admission transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diag-nostic centers in California. *Increase not definable. (Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-14. Admissions to public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex-regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	B	oth sexe			Male	Poncent	-	Female	Poncort
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	82,641	82,407	(z)	67,104	67,213	(z)	15,537	15,194	-2
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS MASSACHUSETTS MEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	4,458 482 384 1,798 763 682 349	3,237 513 380 339 740 872 393	-27 +6 -1 -81 -3 +28 +13	3,537 334 278 1,596 510 588 231	2,310 356 282 339 490 614 229	-35 +7 +1 -79 -4 +4 -1	921 148 106 202 253 94 118	927 157 98 0 250 258 164	+1 +6 -8 -100 -1 +174 +39
REGION 2	4,584 1,769 2,815	3,911 1,887 2,024	-15 +7 -28	3,901 1,650 2,251	3,363 1,692 1,671	-14 +3 -26	683 119 564	548 195 353	-20 +64 -37
REGION 3	9,596 601 2,252 2,111 2,175 1,596 861	9,417 336 846 4,486 1,705 1,319 725	-2 -44 -62 +113 -22 -17 -16	8,063 467 2,088 1,801 1,927 1,128 652	7,616 241 635 3,697 1,460 990 593	-6 -48 -70 +105 -24 -12 -9	1,533 134 164 310 248 468 209	1,801 95 211 789 245 329 132	+17 -29 +29 +155 -1 -37
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	12,983 624 3,516 1,405 1,183 693 2,494 675 2,393	14,585 545 5,444 1,592 626 772 2,738 649 2,219	+12 -13 +55 +13 -47 +11 +10 -4	515 2,629 1,135 851 559 1,769 510 2,009	11,102 420 3,967 1,296 460 624 1,890 581 1,864	+11 -18 +51 +14 -46 +12 +7 +14 -7	3,006 109 887 270 332 134 725 165 384	3,483 125 1,477 296 166 148 848 68 355	+16 +15 +67 +10 -50 +10 +17 -59 -8
REGION 5. ILIZINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	17,778 3,647 1,457 2,774 2,015 4,480 3,405	13,211 3,205 1,089 1,437 2,586 3,371 1,523	-26 -12 -25 -48 +28 -25 -55	14,308 3,128 1,160 2,046 1,594 3,486 2,894	10,504 2,836 827 980 1,988 2,562 1,311	-27 -9 -29 -52 +25 -27 -55	3,470 519 297 728 421 994 511	2,707 369 262 457 598 809 212	-22 -29 -12 -37 +42 -19 -59
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHOMA TEXAS	6,929 821 1,661 379 720 3,348	7,660 639 1,636 517 797 4,071	+11 -22 -2 +36 +11 +22	5,122 672 1,341 278 455 2,376	6,094 473 1,333 416 575 3,297	+19 -30 -1 +50 +26 +39	1,807 149 320 101 265 972	1,566 166 303 101 222 774	-13 +11 -5 0 -16 -20
REGION 7	2,992 724 239 1,582 447	3,215 708 309 1,815 383	+7 -2 +29 +15 -14	2,355 530 192 1,288 345	2,540 497 241 1,514 288	+8 -6 +26 +18 -17	637 194 47 294 102	675 211 68 301 95	+6 +9 +45 +2 -7
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA ² SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	2,075 919 346 159 267 231 153	1,829 637 408 170 216 225 173	-12 -31 +18 +7 -19 -3 +13	1,590 730 243 118 208 182 109	1,445 531 301 133 180 184 116	-9 -27 +24 +13 -13 +1 +6	485 189 103 41 59 49	384 106 107 37 36 41 57	-21 -44 +4 -10 -39 -16 +30
REGION 9. ARIZONA CALIFORNIA HAWAII NEVADA	17,692 1,141 15,982 65 504	1,437	+28 +26 +27 +288 -30	15,712 1,141 14,139 50 382	1,188	+30 +4 +32 +286 -31	1,980 0 1,843 15 122	2,245 249 1,850 59 87	+13 * (Z) +293 -29
REGION 10	3,554 1,138 260 1,121 1,035	2,742 820 179 1,088 655	-23 -28 -31 -3 -37	2,539 759 194, 850 736	1,884 539 139 752 454	-26 -29 -28 -12 -38	1,015 379 66 271 299	858 281 40 336 201	-15 -26 -39 +24 -33

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual admission transactions for all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles; data for 1973 represent actual admission transactions for all juveniles and for adults held in a New Jersey training school, plus estimated admission transactions for youthful offenders held in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

and farms in California.

*Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

1Because a training school in the District of Columbia also served as a detention center during part of fiscal year 1971, admitting a large number of juveniles for temporary care, data for that year are not strictly comparable with those for fiscal year 1973,

2Deta for 1971 for one training school in Pennsylvania include admission transactions of edults, as will as juveniles. In 1973, this facility was no longer within the scope of the census.

a Liclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school in 1973.

Table B-15. Admissions to public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex--regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

		Bc	th sex			Mal		Female		
Region and State	+1.1	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	197	1973	Percen change
INITED STATES	***	2,439	5,549	+128	1,925	3,538	+84	51/	2,011	+291
REGION 1		000000	670 0 0 654 16 0	* 0 0 * * 0	0 0 0 0 0	78 0 0 67 11 0	* 0 0 * * 0	Ć	0 0 0 587 0 5	* 0 0 * * 0
DECION 2	• •	901 227 674	995 383 612	+10 +69 -9	649 169 480	671 286 385	+3 +69 -20	255 58 197	97	+29 +67 +17
LEGION 3	• •	201 0 55 49 14 83 0	257 11 49 115 0 82 0	+28 * -11 +135 -100 -1 0	162 0 31 34 14 83 0	175 0 30 84 0 61	+8 0 -3 +147 -100 -27 0		11 19 31 0 0 21	+110 * -21 +107 0 * 0
EGION 4 LABAMA. LORIDA. EORGTA. ENTUCKY LISSISSIPPI. ORTH CAROLINA OUTH CAROLINA ENNESSEE.	• • •	346 0 203 0 66 0 0 77	1,020 0 800 28 57 31 8 6	+195 0 +294 * -14 * * *	272 0 129 0 66 0 0	911 0 728, 20 40 25 8 0 90	+235 0 +464 * -39 * 0 +17	7/ (((Ó	+47 0 -3 * * 0 *
EGION 5		431 162 0 269 0 0	749 108 20 481 124 16 0	+74 -33 * +79 * 0	395 162 0 233 0 0	534 108 20 372 18 16 0	+35 -33 * +60 * 0	30 (0 0	+497 0 0 +203 * 0
EGION 6		102 12 0 0 0 90	273 20 21 0 0 232	+168 +67 * 0 0 +158	73 12 0 0 0 61	214 20 21 0 0 173	+193 +67 * 0 0 +184	, (0 0 0 0 0 0	+103 0 0 0 0 0 +103
EGION 7	• •	168 0 0 168 0	668 85 8 575 0	+298 * +242 0	137 0 0 137 0	464 70 8 386 0	+239 * * +182 0	3: (15 0 0 1 189 0 0	+558 * 0 +510 0
EGION 8 OLORADO ONTANA ONTH DAKOTA OUTH DAKOTA TAH YOMING	• • •	16 0 0 16 0 0	72 11 0 34 0 27 0	+350 * 0 +113 0 * 0	16 0 0 16 0 0	15 0 0 15 0 0	-6 0 -6 0	= ((57 11 0 0 19 0 0 27 0 0	* 0 * 0 *
EGION 9	• •	81 0 81 0 0	720 218 502 0	+789 * +520 0 0	50 0 50 0 0	388 146 242 0 0	+676 * +384 0 0	3:	72 1 260 0 0	+971 * +739 0 0
EGION 10	• • • •	193 0 0 0 193	125 0 0 0 125	-35 0 0 0 -35	171 0 0 0 171	88 0 0 0 88	-49 0 0 0 -49	2; ((2;	0 0	+68 0 0 0 +68

^{*}Increase not definable.

1Exclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota in 1973; these data were reported with those for a State training school. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-16. Admissions to public detention centers, shelters, State or local administration, and

	Detention centers						
$r = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{$			State		Both	Local	
Region and State		Both sexes	Male	Female	sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES		36,796	26,325	10,471	446,416	309,231	137,185
REGION 1		9,956 3,153 0 6,803 0 0	8,328 2,281 0 6,047 0 0	1,628 872 0 756 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2		0 0	0 0	0	24,404 13,227 11,177	17,030 9,618 7,412	7,374 3,609 3,765
REGION 3		4,198	2,649	1,549	28, 289	21,151	7,138
DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA		1,595 0 2,025 0 413 165	1,129 0 1,189 0 245 86	466 0 836 0 168 79	0 5,339 0 15,539 6,652 759	4,739 0 11,635 4,271 506	0 600 0 3,904 2,381 253
REGION 4		0	7,554 0 4,898 2,656 0 0	3,078 0 1,973 1,105 0 0	64,324 1,939 18,414 14,514 7,848 2,793 3,553 873 14,390	43,871 1,105 11,761 10,084 5,677 1,943 2,151 574 10,576	20, 453 834 6, 653 4, 430 2, 171 850 1, 402 299 3, 814
REGION 5		0 0 0 0 0 0	00000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	85,073 16,540 8,578 18,934 6,304 27,333 7,384	57,314 11,814 6,029 12,677 3,799 18,339 4,656	27,759 4,726 2,549 6,257 2,505 8,994 2,728
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA TEXAS		0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	33,498 1,781 6,032 3,547 3,410 18,728	23,956 1,230 4,333 2,607 2,255 13,531	9,542 551 1,699 940 1,159 5,19
REGION 7		0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	15,425 1,312 5,000 7,978 1,135	10,205 742 3,112 5,671 680	5,220 570 1,880 2,30 45
REGION 8		9,932 9,932 0 0 0	6,595 6,595 0 0 0 0	0	7,431 0 415 94 420 6,502	4,979 0 248 64 269 4,398	2,452 16' 3' 15: 2,10'
REGION 9		1,802 0 0 1,802	1,011 0 0 1,011 0	0 0 7 9 1	160,365 9,137 147,147 0 4,081	114,112 6,328 104,971 0 2,813	42,17
REGION 10		276 276 0 0	188 188 0 0	88 0 0	27,607 0 671 7,874 19,062		28 3,17

MOTS: Data for reception or diagnostic centers represent actual admission transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated admission transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diagnostic centers in California.

and reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by type of facility, sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973

	State	Shelt	ers	Loca	1	Reception or diagnostic centers State Local					1
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Malo	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
33	26	7	4,953	2,925	2,028	24,806	20,812	3,994	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	233 0	167 0	66 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0 '	0	0	0	0 233	0 167	0 66	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	o o	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ŏ
0	0	0	1,294	883 0	411 0	2,669	2,001 0	668 0	0	0	0
0	Ö	0	429 0	333	96 0	0 1,286	963	0 323	0	0	0
0	0	0	Ö	0	Ŏ	1,383	1,038	0 345	Ö	Ö	0
0	0	0	865	550	315	0	. 0	. 0	0	0	0
33 0	26 0	7	622	389 0	233 0	4,621 0	3,596 0	1,025	0	0	0
0	0	0	622	389 0	233 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	26 0	7 0	0	0	0	613 391	536 308	77 83	0	0	0.
. 0 . 0 . 0	0	; 0· : 0· 0	0	0	0	0 1,693 1,924	0 1,229 1,523	0 464 401	0 . 0 0	0	0
0	. 0	· 0	845	449	396	6,297	5,662	635	0	0	Ö
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,069 0	3,069	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	442 0	242 0	200	284 0	284	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	182 221	100 107	82 114	2,944 0	2,309	635 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2,192 286	1,204 213	988 73	2,153 673	1,656 491	497 182	0	0 0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1,480 0	1,165 0	315 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,906 0	991 0	915 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
,0	0	0	, O O	0	0	0	o ම	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ŏ	0	0	0
0	0 0 0	0	Ö.	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0 0 0	0	0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0 0 0	0	0	0	8,028	7,145 0	883 0	. 0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8,028	7,145	883 0	0 0 0	0 0	0
0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	7,145 0 0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	805 0 0	585 O	220 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 -	0	0	0	0	0	805	585	220	0	0	0

Table B-17. Admissions to public training schools, of admission and sex—regions

		l admiss	ions		st commi	ommitted tment	Re	commitme	ent ²
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	75,955	60,945	15,010	42,062	33,654	8,408	7,240	6,453	787
REGION 1	3,237 513 380 339	2,310 356 282 339	927 157 98 0	1,540 325 218 109 172	1,131 231 150 109	409 94 68 0 56	203 8 11 0	118 5 9 0	85 3 2 0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	740 872 393	470 614 229	250 258 164	585 131	116 455 70	130 61	184 0	164 0	80
REGION 2	3,911 1,887 2,024	3,363 1,692 1,671	548 195 353	2, 245 791 1, 454	1,908 716 1,192	75 262	178 173 5	177 172 5	1 1 0
REGION 3	9,417 336 846 4,486 1,705 1,319 725	7,616 241 635 3,697 1,460 990 593	1,801 95 211 789 245 329 132	4,331 173 421 1,142 1,246 1,080 269	3,474 119 318 722 1,112 777 226	857 54 103 220 134 303 43	1,020 70 9 460 300 142 39	868 52 9 354 276 139 38	152 18 0 106 24 3
REGION 4	14,585 51,5 5,444 1,592 626 772 2,738 649 2,219	11,102 420 3,967 1,296 460 624 1,890 581 1,864	3,483 125 477 296 166 148 848 68 355	7,474 491 2,059 1,148 460 640 1,305 391 980	5,522 380 1,513 892 332 515 858 353 679	1,952 111 546 256 128 125 447 38 301	2,294 35 399 273 97 75 67 143 1,205	2,140 21 353 252 92 75 67 122 1,158	154 14 46 21 5 0 21 47
RECION 5	13,211 3,205 1,089 1,437 2,586 3,371 1,523	10,504 2,836 827 980 1,988 2,562 1,311	2,707 369 262 457 598 809 212	7,006 1,995 688 780 1,082 1,697 764	5,903 1,763 508 535 894 1,566 637	1,103 232 180 245 188 2131 127	870 328 66 34 223 208 11	767 268 58 28 197 208 8	103 60 8 6 26 0 3
REGION 6	7,660 639 1,636 517 797 4,071	6,094 473 1,333 416 575 3,297	1,566 166 303 101 222 774	5,548 541 1,204 423 391 2,989	4, 285 416 937 342 295 2, 295	1,263 125 267 81 96 694	483 64 276 38 10 95	437 45 264 28 8 92	46 19 12 10 2 3
REGION 7	3,215 708 309 1,815 383	2,540 497 241 1,514 288	675 211 68 301 95	1,882 372 260 1,007 243	1,432 243 203 816 170	450 129 57 191 73	271 1 17 246 7	241 1 17 216 7	30 0 0 30 0
REGION 8	1,829 637 408 170 216 225 173	1,445 531 301 133 180 184 116	384 106 107 37 36 41 57	1,252 449 187 121 178 184 133	955 366 108 96 146 145 94	297 83 79 25 32 39	77 0 17 27 8 25	60 0 6 22 7 25 0	17 0 11 5 1 0
REGION 9	16,148 1,437 14,107 252 352	14,087 1,188 12,441 193 265	2,061 249 1,666 59 87	9,608 546 8,691 135 236	8,270 410 7,587 97 176	1,338 136 1,104 38 60	1,707 19 1,553 51 84	1,527 19 1,41/ ₄ 37 57	180 0 139 14 27
REGION 10 ALASKA	2,742 820 179 1,088 655	1,884 539 139 752 454	858 281 40 336 201	1,176 69 137 485 485	774 47 109 300 318	402 22 28 185 167	137 7 42 66 22	118 5 30 65 18	19 2 12 1 4

NOTE: Include admission transactions of all juveniles and of adults in one New Jersey training school, but exclude such transactions (estimated at 6,452) involving youthful offenders in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

'Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

'For new offenses.

'Exclude juveniles returned for new offenses.

'Transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type and States, fiscal 1973

	Returned from aftercare or parole ³ Both				sferred	in4		Other	<u> </u>
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	7,975	6,231	1,744	6,298	5,028	1,270	12,380	9,579	2,801
REGION 1	436 180 76 0 0 65 115	296 120 48 0 0 55 73	140 60 28 0 0 10 42	30 0 30 0 0	30 0 0 30 0 0	0000000	1,028 0 75 200 568 38 147	735 0 75 200 374 0 86	293 0 0 0 194 38 61
REGION 2	734 269 465	664 261 403	70 8 62	141 41 100	112 41 71	29 0 29	613 613 0	502 502 0	111 111 0
REGION 3	281 0 143 0 47 28 63	227 0 126 0 40 10 51	54 0 17 0 7 18 12	347 23 30 94 59 69 72	269 0 30 94 10 64 71	78 23 0 0 49 5	3,438 70 243 2,790 53 0 282	2.778 70 152 2.327 22 0 207	660 0 91 463 31 0 75
REGION 4 ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KEN1UCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	859 19 192 81 6 38 394 115	633 19 137 62 1 20 278 106 10	226 0 55 19 5 18 116 9	1,487 0 441 43 60 19 906 0	1,108 0 368 43 33 14 633 0	379 0 73 0 27 5 273 0	2,471 0 2,353 47 3 0 66 0	1,699 0 1,596 47 2 0 54 0	772 0 757 0 1 0 12 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA. MICHEGAN MINNESOTA. OHIO WISCONSIN.	2,410 372 191 65 748 701 333	1,872 372 140 43 486 536 295	538 0 51 22 262 165 38	1,969 350 121 249 259 738 252	1,412 350 121 217 225 252 247	557 0 0 32 34 486 5	956 160 23 309 274 27 163	550 83 0 157 186 0 124	406 77 23 152 88 27 39
REGION 6	1,163 27 24 56 268 788	995 5 0 46 207 737	168 22 24 10 61 51	345 7 12 0 128 198	257 7 12 0 65 173	88 0 0 0 63 25	121 0 120 0 0	120 0 120 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 7	426 150 31 158 97	311 113 10 113 75	115 37 11 45 22	365 45 11 278 31	339 31 11 266 31	26 14 0 12 0	271 140 0 126 5	217 109 0 103 5	54 31 0 23 0
REGION 8 COLDRADO MONTANA NORIH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA WYOMING	234 63 66 22 30 16 37	169 40 51 15 27 14 22	65 23 15 7 3 2	181 125 53 0 0 0	178 125 53 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0 0 3	85 0 85 0 0 0	83 0 83 0 0 0	2 0 2 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	985 444 487 54 0	789 331 408 50 0	196 113 79 4 0	1,192 428 732 0 32	1,090 428 630 0 32	102 0 102 0 0	2,656 0 2,644 12 0	2,411 0 2,402 9 0	245 0 242 3 0
REGION 10	447 1 0 357 89	275 1 0 207 67	172 0 0 150 22	241 2 0 180 59	233 2 0 180 51	8 0 0 0 8	741 741 0 0 0	484 484 0 0	257 257 0 0 0

Table B-18. Departures from public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

	Bot	h sexes		•	Male			Female	
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change		1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	494,639	478,415	-3	348,095	332,042	-5	146,554	146,373	(z)
REGION 1	4,244.	9,932 3,140 0 6,792		9,725 3,072 0 6,653	8,313 2,271 6,042	. - 26	3,514 1,172 0 2,342	. 869 0	- 26
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0 0	0	0	0 0		0	0 0	0 0	0 0
REGION 2	11,586	12,811 10,645	-3 +11 -15	16,700 8,564 8,136	9,295 7,186	+9 -12	7,370 3,022 4,348	3,516 3,459	
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. ARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA. /IRGINIA. VEST VIRGINIA	1,984 5,505 3,389 20,057 5,529	31,880 1,578 5,342 2,011 15,061 6,970 918	-14 -20 -3 -41 -25 +26 +84	27,975 1,483 4,726 2,154 15,664 3,589 359	23,362 1,127 4,792 1,174 11,225 4,456	-24 +1 -46 -28 +24	8,989 501 779 1,235 4,393 1,940	451 550 837 3,836	-10 -29 -32 -13 +30
REGION 4. ALABAMA TLORIDA GEORGIA GENTUCKY AISSISSIPPI WORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA	4,860 30,334 16,296 7,157 3,225 2,372 863	74,639 1,988 25,064 18,235 7,848 2,742 3,518 873 14,371	-4 -59 -17 +12 +10 -15 +48 +1	54,883 3,339 20,650 11,788 5,375 2,363 1,583 575 9,210	51,233 1,135 16,560 12,695 5,677 1,904 2,124 10,564	-66 -20 +8 +6 -19 +34 (Z)	23,183 1,521 9,684 4,508 1,782 862 789 288 3,749	853 8,504 5,540 2,171 838 1,394 299 3,807	+4
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA AICHIGAN. AINNESOTA HIO.	13,260 6,832 20,653 6,847 30,687	84,677 16,438 8,529 18,738 6,282 27,298 7,392	-1 +24 +25 -9 -8 -11 +3	58,526 8,991 4,934 13,953 4,606 21,431 4,611	57,034 11,736 5,996 12,542 3,790 18,315 4,655	+31 +22 -10 -18 -15	26,910 4,269 1,898 6,700 2,241 9,256 2,546	4,702 2,533 6,196 2,492	+3 +10 +33 -8 +11 -3 +8
REGION 6	1,582 5,154 3,965 2,486	33,342 1,781 5,991 3,547 3,398 18,625	(z) +13 +16 -11 +37 -8	22,985 951 3,708 2,869 1,380 14,077	23,837 1,230 4,296 2,607 2,246 13,458	+29 +16 -9 +63	10,488 631 1,446 1,096 1,106 6,209		-9 -13 +17 -14 +4 -17
REGION 7	789 3,859 7,405	15,084 1,268 4,981 7,730 1,105	+17 +61 +27 +4 +26	8,929 472 2,566 5,325 566	9,996 731 3,101 5,509 655	+55 +21 +3	4,004 317 1,293 2,080 314	5,008 537 1,880 2,221 450	+27 +69 +45 +7 +43
REGION 8. CELORADO. AONTANA OORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. JTAH. VYOMING	8,188	17,184 9,807 415 94 420 6,448	+34 +20 +15 -22 -6 +74	8,892 5,675 181 84 310 2,642 0	11,445 6,504 248 64 269 4,360	+15 +37 -24 -13 +65	3,921 2,513 179 37 135 1,057	5,739 3,303 167 30 151 2.088	+46 +31 -7 -19 +12 +98 0
REGION 9	8,970 156,817 1,349	9,007	(z)	122,471 6,343 111,326 889 3,913	6,245	-7 -7 +13	49,743 2,627 45,491 460 1,165	46,587 2,762 41,774 790 1,261	-6 +5 -8 +72 +8
REGION 10	405 0 8,461	28,005 276 671 7,988 19,070	+10 -32 * -6 +15	17,009 295 0 5,366 11,348	16,712 188 382 4,601 11,541	-36 * -14	8,422 110 0 3,095 5,217	11,293 88 289 3,387 7,529	+34 -20 * +9 +44

^{*}Increase not definable.
(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-19. Departures from public shelters for juveniles, by sex —regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

		Both se			Male			Female		
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	
UNITED STATES	8,017	5,034	-37	5,261	2,973	-43	2,756	2,061	-25	
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	
REGION 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK	701 701 0	0 0	-100 -100 0	515 515 0	0	-100 -100 0	186 186 0	0 0	-100 -100 0	
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND MENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	2,011 0 590 0 621 0 800	1,283 0 418 0 0 0 865	-36 0 -29 0 -100 0 +8	1,495 0 509 0 486 0 500	879 0 329 0 0 0 0 550	-41 0 -35 0 -100 0 +10	516 0 81 0 135 0	404 0 89 0 0 0	-22 0 +10 0 -100 0 +5	
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	457 0 457 0 0 0 0	692 0 622 0 70 0 0	+51 0 +36 0 * 0 0	304 0 304 0 0 0	452 0 389 0 63 0 0	+49 0 +28 0 * 0 0	153 0 153 0 0 0	240 0 233 0 7 0 0	+57 0 +52 0 * 0 0	
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA. MICHIGAN MINNESOTA. OHIO WISCONSIN.	474 0 0 253 0 110	873 0 0 436 0 192 245	+84 0 0 +72 0 +75 +121	236 0 0 134 0 56 46	442 0 0 237 0 101 104	+87 0 0 +77 0 +80 +126	238 0 0 119 0 54 65	431 0 0 199 0 91 141	+81 0 0 +67 0 +69	
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW METICO OKLAHOMA TEXAS	0 0 0	2,186 280 0 0 0 1,906	* 0 0 *		1,200 209 0 0 991	* * 0 0 *	0 0 0 0	986 71 0 0 915	+117 * 0 0 * 0	
REGION 7	138 138 0 0	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0	83 83 0 0	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0	55 55 0 0	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0	
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING.	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	
REGION 9	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	
ALASKA IDAHO. OREGON	4,236 0 139 0 4,097	0 0 0 0	-100 0 -100 0 -100	2,628 0 60 0 2,568	0 0 0 0	-100 0 -100 0 -100	1,608 0 79 0 1,529	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 -100	

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-20. Departures from public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex-regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

		Both se			Male			Female	
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	26,839	24,584	-8	21,977	20,609	- 6	4,862	3,975	-18
RECION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	0 0 0 0 0	243 0 0 0 0 0 243 0	* 0 0 0 0 0 *	0 0 0 0 0	175 0 0 0 0 175 0	* 0 0 0 0 * 0	0 0 0 0 0	86 0 0 0 0 86	* 0 0 0 0 *
REGION 2NEW JERSEYNEW YORK	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	ນ 0 0	0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF CCLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA VEST VIRGINIA	2,824 0 0 1,263 0 1,561 0	2,665 0 0 1,282 0 1,383	-6 0 0 +2 0 -11 0	2,009 0 0 933 0 1,166 0	1,997 0 0 959 0 1,038	-5 0 0 +3 0 -11 0	725 0 0 330 0 395 0	668 0 0 323 0 345	-8 0 0 -2 0 -13 0
RECION 4. LIABAMA LICATIDA LEORGIA LENTUCKY LISSISSIPPI LORTH CAROLINA COUTH CAROLINA CENNESSEE	2,815 0 0 0 1,024 0 0 1,791 0	4,434 0 0 0 541 391 0 1,717 1,785	+58 0 0 0 -47 * 0 -4 *	2,184 0 0 0 751 0 0 1,433 0	3,442 0 0 0 467 308 0 1,247 1,420	+58 0 0 0 -38 * 0 -13 *	631 0 0 0 273 0 0 358	992 0 0 0 74 83 0 470 365	+57 0 0 0 -73 * 0 +31 *
LEGION 5. LILINOTS. NDIANA . ICHIGAN. INNESCTA . HIO. ISCONSIN .	8,743 3,523 0 54 1,591 3,575 0	6,415 3,112 0 264 0 3,039 0	-27 -12 0 +389 -100 -15 0	7,281 3,121 0 39 1,220 2,901 0	5,726 3,112 0 264 0 2,350 0	-21 (Z) 0 +577 -100 -19 0	1,462 402 0 15 371 674 0	689 0 0 0 0 689	-53 -100 0 -100 -100 +2 0
ECION 6. RKANSAS. OUISIANA EW MEXICO. KLAHOMA. EXAS	2,187 785 1,402 0 0	2,153 673 1,480 0 0	-2 -14 +6 0 0	609	1,656 491 1,165 0 0	-4 -19 +5 0 0	468 176 292 0 0	497 182 315 0 0	+6 +3 +8 0 0
EGION 7	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
ECION 8. LICHADO. ENTANA STH DAKOTA. UTH DAKOTA. COMING	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
IIZONA LIFORNIA WAII	775	7,935 0 7,935 0	-15 -100 -15 0	775	7,062 0 7,062 0	-12 -100 -12 0 0	1,329 0 1,329 0	873 0 873 0	-34 0 -34 0
GION 10	917 0 0 0 0 917	739 0 0 0 739	-19 0 0 0 -19	670 0 0 0 0 670	551 0 0 0 0 551	-18 0 0 0 -18	247 0 0 0 0 247	188 0 0 0 0	-24 0 0 0 0

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual departure transactions for all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles; data for 1973 represent actual departure transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated departure transactions for youthful offenders held in three .reception or diagnostic centers in California.

*Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-21. Departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex -regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

						Mal a			Formal o	 ,
			oth sexe	Percent		Male	Percent		Female	Percent
-3	Region and State	1971	1973	change	1971	1973	change	1971	1973	change
	UNITED STATES	82,998		-2	67, 589		-2	15,409		-2
	REGION 1. CONNECTICUT . MAINE . MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE . HODE ISLAND. VERMONT .	4,535 652 431 1,674 722 686 370	3,020 389 416 325 736 858 296	-33 -40 -3 -81 +2 +25 -20	3,600 367 343 1,550 489 594 257	2,203 290 316 325 502 590 180	-39 -21 -8 -79 +3 -1 -30	935 •285 88 124 233 92 113	817 99 100 0 234 268 116	-13 -65 +14 -100 (Z) +191 +3
	REGION 2	4,603 1,735 2,868	4,087 1,973 2,114	-11 +14 -26	3,905 1,623 2,282	3,515 1,756 1,759	-10 +8 -23	698 112 586	572 217 355	-18 +94 -39
	REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	9,624 424 2,165 2,220 2,413 1,567 835	9,735 319 921 4,517 1,864 1,328 786	+1 -25 -57 +103 -23 -15 -6	8,235 274 1,963 1,919 2,286 1,164 629	7,928 205 708 3,742 1,609 1,024 640	-4 -25 -64 +95 -30 -12 +2	1,389 150 202 301 127 403 206	1,807 114 213 775 255 304 146	+30 -24 +5 +157 +101 -25 -29
	REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA. TENÆSSEE	13,063 597 3,236 1,375 1,366 738 2,839 646 2,266	14, 306 579 5, 714 1, 454 596 700 2, 958 464 1, 841	+10 -3 +77 +6 -56 -5 +4 -28 -19	10,213 490 2,532 1,133 1,036 614 1,949 516 1,943	10,692 454 4,175 1,157 418 579 2,052 388 1,469	+5 -7 +65 +2 -60 -6 +5 -25 -24	2,850 107 704 242 330 124 890 130 323	3,614 125 1,539 297 178 121 906 76 372	+27 +17 +119 +23 -46 -2 +2 -42 +15
	RECION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	17,752 3,549 1,655 2,950 1,960 4,359 3,279	13,283 3,099 1,024 1,328 2,713 3,653 1,466	-25 -13 -38 -55 +38 -16 -55	14,316 3,080 1,329 2,120 1,603 3,378 2,806	10,349 2,619 810 951 2,034 2,718 1,217	-28 -15 -39 -55 +27 -20 -57	3, 436 469 326 830 357 981 473	2, 934 480 214 377 679 935 249	-15 +2 -34 -55 +90 -5 -47
	RECION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	7,215 646 1,675 371 842 3,681	6,441 615 1,647 476 713 2,990	-11 -5 -2 +28 -15 -19	5,260 516 1,386 266 529 2,563	4,916 445 1,391 377 505 2,198	-7 -14 (2) +42 -5 -14	1,955 130 289 105 313 1,118	1,525 170 256 99 208 792	-22 +31 -11 -6 -34 -29
	REGION 7	3, 022 754 232 1, 582 454	3,182 686 357 1,737 402	+5 -9 +54 +10 -11	2,371 561 156 1,281 373	2,534 491 270 1,463 310	+7 -12 +73 +14 -17	651 193 76 301 81	648 195 87 274 92	(2) +1 +14 -9 +14
	REGION 8	2,213 964 393 175 246 273 162	1,901 589 441 273 217 224 157	-14 -39 +12 +56 -12 -18 -3	1,655 768 242 127 187 225 106	1,493 495 355 201 178 171 93	-10 -36 +47 +58 -4 -24 -12	558 196 151 48 59 48 56	408 94 86 72 39 53 64	-27 -52 -43 +50 -34 +10 +14
	ARIZONA	44 559	22,779 1,506 20,535 227 511	+30 +94 +27 +416 -9	15,575 775 14,332 37 431	1,276	+33 +65 +32 +384 -1	2,001 0 1,866 7 128	2,005 230 1,643 48 84	(z) * -12 +586 -34
	REGION 10	3,395 1,106 284 1,119 886	2,521 832 172 868 649	-26 -25 -39 -22 -27	2,459 715 207 842 695	1,806 563 126 694 423	-27 -21 -39 -18 -39	936 391 77 277 191	715 269 46 174 226	-24 -31 -40 -37 +18

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual departure transactions for all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles; data for 1973 represent actual departure transactions for all juveniles and adults held in a New Jersey training school, plus estimated departure transactions for youthful offenders held in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

*Increase not definable.

(2) Less than 0.5 percent.

1Because a training school in the District of Columbia also served as a detention center during part of fiscal year 1971, admitting a large number of juveniles for temporary care, data for that year are not strictly comparable with those for fiscal year 1973.

*Pata for 1971 for one training school in Pennsylvania include departure transactions of adults, as well as juveniles. In 1973, the facility was no longer within the scope of the census.

*Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

Table B-22. Departures from public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

		В	oth sex	es		Ma1	e		Female		
Region and State		1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	
UNITED STATES		. 2,111	4,919	+133	1,620	3,099	+91	491	1,820	+271	
REGION 1	· .	. 00. 00. 00. 00.	-	* 0 0 * * 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	73 0 0 63 10 0	* 0 0 * * 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	565 0 0 559 6 0	* 0 0 * * 0	
REGION 2	 	. 833 . 218 . 615	925 364 561	+11 +67 -9	594 160 434	602 268 334	+1 +68 -23	239 58 181	323 96 227	+35 +66 +25	
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND	 	. 0	216 13 39 89 0 75	+59 * -3 +324 -100 +29 0	116 0 25 16 17 58 0	145 0 25 61 0 59	+25 0 0 +281 -100 +2 0	20 0 15 5 0 0	71 13 14 28 0 16	+255 * -7 +460 0 *	
REGION 4	 	. 313 . 00 . 193 . 0 . 49 . 0 . 0	924 0 703 20 51 25 10 6	+7.95 0 +264 * +4 * * * * *	197 0 77 0 49 0 0 0	843 0 652 14 39 19 10 0 109	+328 0 +747 * -20 * 0 +54	116 0 116 0 0 0 0	81 0 51 6 12 6 0 6	-30 0 -56 * * 0 *	
REGION 5		. 403 . 134 . 0 . 269 . 0	594 68 19 377 113 17	+47 -49 * +40 * 0	367 134 0 233 0 0	403 68 19 292 7 17 0	+10 -49 * +25 * 0	36 0 0 36 0 0	0 0 85 106 0	+431 0 0 +136 * 0	
REGION 6		. 89 . 0 . 0 . 0	201 16 11 0 0 174	+126 +100 * 0 0 +115	68 8 0 0 0 60	163 16 11 0 0 136	+140 +100 * 0 0 +127	21 0 0 0 0 21		+81 0 0 0 0 0 +81	
REGION 7		. 128 . 0 . 0 . 128 . 0	576 85 9 482 0	+350 * * +277 0	109 0 0 109 0	393 70 9 314 0	+261 * * +188 0	19 0 0 19 0	183 15 0 168 0	+863 * 0 +784 0	
REGION 8		. 9 . 0 . 0 . 9 . 0	50 5 0 27 0 18 0	+456 * 0 +200 0 4	9 0 9 0 0	12 0 0 12 0 0	+33 0 0 +33 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		* 0 * 0 *	
REGION 9		. 68 . 68 . 0	675 203 472 0	+893 * +594 0 0	44 0 44 0 0	375 140 235 0 0	+752 * +434 0 0	24 0 24 0 0	63 237	+1,150 * +888 0 0	
REGION 10		. 132 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 132	120 0 0 0 120	-9 0 0 0 -9	116 0 0 0 116	90 0 0 0 90	-22 0 0 0 -22	16 0 0 0 16	30 0 0 0 30	+88 0 0 0 0 +88	

^{*}Increase not definable.

*Exclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota in 1973; these data were reported with those for a State training school. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-23. Departures from public detention centers, shelters, State or local administration, and

			Detenti	on centers		
	Both	State		Both	Local	
Region and State	sexes	Male	Female	sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	36,574	26,161	10,413	441,841	305,881	135,960
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	9,932 3,140 0 6,792 0 0	8,313 2,271 0 6,042 0 0	1,619 869 0 750 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	0 0 0	0	0 0 0	23,456 12,811 10,645	16,481 9,295 7,186	6,975 3,516 3,459
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	4,161 1,578 0 2,011 0 413 159	2,628 1,127 0 1,174 0 245 82	1,533 451 0 837 0 168 77	27,719 0 5,342 0 15,061 6,557 759	20,734 0 4,792 0 11,225 4,211 506	6,985 0 550 0 3,836 2,346 253
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI. NORTF ~ ROLINA SOUTH GAROLINA TENNESSEE.	10,601 0 6,863 3,738 0 0 0	7,521 0 4,891 2,630 0 0 0	3,080 0 1,972 1,108 0 0 0	64,038 1,988 18,201 14,497 7,848 2,742 3,518 873 14,371	43,712 1,135 11,669 10,065 5,677 1,904 2,124 574 10,564	20,326 853 6,532 4,432 2,171 838 1,394 299 3,807
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA. MICHIGAN MINNESOTA. OHIO WISCONSIN.	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	84,677 16,438 8,529 18,738 6,282 27,298 7,392	57,034 11,736 5,996 12,542 3,790 18,315 4,655	27,643 4,702 2,533 6,196 2,492 8,983 2,737
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISTANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA TEXAS.	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	33,342 1,781 5,991 3,547 3,398 18,625	23,837 1,230 4,296 2,607 2,246 13,458	9,505 551 1,695 940 1,152 5,167
REGION 7	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	15,084 1,268 4,981 7,730 1,105	9,996 731 3,101 5,509 655	5,088 537 1,880 2,221 450
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING.	9,807 9,807 0 0 0	6,504 6,504 0 0 0	3,303 3,303 0 0 0 0	7,377 0 415 94 420 6,448 0	4,941 0 248 64 269 4,360	2,436 0 167 30 151 2,088 0
REGION 9	1,797 0 0 1,797	1,007 0 0 1,007 0	790 0 0 790 0	158.419 9,007 145,361 0 4,051	112,622 6,245 103,587 0 2,790	45,797 2,762 41,774 0 1,261
REGION 10. ALASKA	276 276 0 0 0	188 188 0 0 0	88 88 0 0	27,729 0 671 7,988 19,070	16,524 0 382 4,601 11,541	11,205 0 289 3,387 7,529

NOTE: Data for reception or diagnostic centers represent actual departure transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated departure transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diagnostic centers in California.

and reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by type of facility, sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973

	State	Shel	ters	Local			Recep	tion or	diagnostic	cente Local	rs
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female
70	63	7	4,964	2,910	2,054	24,585	20,609	3,975	0	ó	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	243	175	68	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	243 243	0 175	0 68	0	. 0	0,
Ö	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	Ö	Ŏ	õ	-,0	Ö	Ö	Ō	Ö
0	0	0 .	0	0.	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	Ö	0	- 0	ő
0 ,	.0	0	1,283	879	404	2,665	1,997	668	. 0	. 0	0
0	0	0	0 418	0 329	0 89	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1,282	959	323	0	0	0
0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 1,383	1,038	0 345	:0	Ö	. 0
0	0	0	865	550	315	0	0,	0	0	0	. 0
70 0	63	7	622 0	389 0	233 0	4,434 0	3,442 0	992 0	0	· ,0	0
0	0	0	622	389	233	0	C	0	o	0	0
70	0 63	0 7	0	0	0	0 541	467	- 0 74	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	391	308	83	0	0	. 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1,717	0 1,247	0 470	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1,785	1,420	365	0	0	0
0	0	0	873 0	442 0	431 0	6,415 3,112	5,726 3,112	689 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q.	0	0
0	0	0	436 0	237	199	264 0	264 0	0	0	0	, O
0	. 0	0	192 245	101 104	91 141	3,039 0	2,350 0	689 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2,186		986	2,153	1,656	497	0	0	0
0	0	0	280 0	209	7 <u>1</u>	673	491	182	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1,480	1,165 0	315 0	Ö	0	0
0	0	0	1,906 0	991 0	915 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	. 7 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7,935	7,062	873	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7,935	7,062	0 873	0	0	0
	<u>.</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ò	0	0
0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	739 0	551 0	188 0	0	0	0
0	.0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	. 0	. 0	0	. 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	739	0 551	0 188	0	0	0

Table B-24. Departures from public training schools, of departure and sex—regions

	All de	parture	s		rged wit		or pa	i in aft role pro leasing	gram
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	74,228	59,270	14,958	6,970	5,607	1,363	9,725	8,341	1,384
REGION 1 CONNECTUCUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE NHODE ISLAND VERMONT	3,020 389 416 325 736 858 296	2,203 290 316 325 502 590 180	817 99 100 0 234 268 116	521 21 111 150 0 228 11	348 14 76 150 0 100 8	173 7 35 0 0 128 3	738 368 166 0 175 0 26	570 276 166 0 110 0	168 92 0 0 68 0 8
REGION 2	4,087 1,973 2,114	3,515 1,756 1,759	572 217 355	670 44 626	629 29 600	41 15 26	0	0	0 0 0
REGION 3	9,735 319 921 4,517 1,864 1,328 786	7,928 205 708 3,742 1,609 1,024 640	1,807 114 213 775 255 304 146	1,508 11 38 24 1,220 50 165	1,257 11 38 0 1,012 42 154	251 0 0 24 208 8 11	920 0 349 232 126 29 184	846 0 325 232 126 29 134	74 0 24 0 0 0 50
REGION 4	14,306 579 5,714 1,454 596 700 2,958 464 1,841	10,692 454 4,175 1,157 418 579 2,052 388 1,469	3,614 125 1,539 297 178 121 906 76 372	765 0 85 86 64 129 351 45	547 0 67 62 46 108 257 7	218 0 18 24 18 21 94 38 5	733 125 0 0 31 0 141 0 436	602 0 0 0 25 0 141 0 436	131 125 0 0 6 0 0
REDION 5. ILLINDIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	13,283 3,099 1,024 1,328 2,713 3,653 1,466	10,349 2,619 810 951 2,034 2,718 1,217	2, 934 480 214 377 679 935 249	1,052 88 119 333 42 240 230	722 88 81 175 30 176 172	330 0 38 158 12 64 58	3,231 697 601 7 310 1,616	3,020 557 601 7 310 1,545 0	211 140 0 0 0 71
REGION 6	6,441 615 1,647 476 713 2,990	4,916 445 1,391 377 505 2,198	1,525 170 256 99 208 792	684 110 322 185 40 27	552 73 277 170 20 12	132 37 45 15 20 15	695 356 0 251 36 52	635 356 0 207 20 52	60 0 0 44 16 0
REGION 7	3,182 686 357 1,737 402	2,534 491 270 1,463 310	648 195 87 274 92	342 80 17 188 57	312 75 12 175 50	30 5 5 13 7	495 345 26 124 0	420 292 26 102 0	75 53 0 22 0
REGION 8. CCLORADO. CCLORADO. NONTANA NORTH DAKOTA¹ SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH. WYOMING	1,901 589 441 273 217 224 157	1,493 495 355 201 178 171 93	408 94 86 72 39 53 64	428 12 134 176 76 0 30	320 7 129 126 58 0 0	108 5 5 50 18 0 30	400 0 151 20 0 224 5	342 0 151 20 0 171 0	58 0 0 0 0 53 5
REGION 9	15,752 1,506 13,508 227 511	13,834 1,276 11,952 179 427	1,918 230 1,556 48 84	887 22 686 0 179	848 21 648 0 179	39 1 38 0 0	2,200 106 1,797 0 297	1,725 106 1,399 0 220	475 0 398 0 77
REGION 10	2,521 832 172 868 649	1,806 563 126 694 423	715 269 46 174 226	113 8 8 40 57	72 6 6 22 38	41 2 2 18 19	313 0 9 304 0	181 0 7 174 0	132 0 2 130 0

NOTE: Include departure transactions of all juveniles and of adults in one New Jersey training school, but exclude such transactions (estimated at 7,027) involving youthful offenders in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

*Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

*Transfers to other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type and States, fiscal 1973

	Placed in parole pro Of other Both	ogram		Transi Both	erred o	ut ^a		Other	
Region and State		ale	Female	Bexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	35,095 27	7,333	7,763	8,480	6,891	1,589	13,958	11,098	2,860
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	828 0 51 36 0 539 202	578 0 0 36 0 413 129	250 0 51 0 0 126 73	167 0 14 69 0 84 0	140 0 0 69 0 71 0	27 0 14 0 0 13	766 0 74 70 558 7 57	567 0 74 70 392 6 25	199 0 0 0 166 1 32
REGION 2		1,812 1,168 644	255 76 179	733 68 665	580 65 515	153 3 150	617 617 0	494 494 0	123 123 0
REGION 3. DELAWARE: DISTRICT OF CCLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA: VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA.	215 159	2,542 124 89 1,194 357 720 58	700 91 70 281 0 258 0	564 23 69 119 50 219 84	484 0 52 119 50 181 82	80 23 17 0 0 38 2	3,501 70 306 2,667 111 52 295	2,799 70 204 2,197 64 52 212	702 0 102 470 47 0 83
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA. TENNESSEE	437 2,880 2 1,310 1 451 489 1,418 391	3,708 437 2,191 1,037 310 389 964 353 1,027	2,052 0 689 273 141 100 454 38 357	1,464 1 378 9 49 82 906 28	1,052 1 315 9 36 82 580 28 1	412 0 63 0 13 0 326 0	2,534 36 2,371 49 1 0 142 0	1,783 16 1,602 49 1 0 110 0	801 0 769 0 0 0 32 0
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINDISOTA OHIO. MISOTA	1,474 1 297 653	1,420 1,212 127 537 1,096 819 629	1,958 262 170 116 492 756 162	1,687 513 4 94 444 220 412	1,553 513 1 93 363 176 407	134 0 3 1 81 44 5	935 327 3 241 329 2 33	634 249 0 139 235 2	301 78 3 102 94 0
RECION 6	135 1,132 7 547	3,019 6 925 0 397 1,691	760 129 207 7 150 267	1,039 14 50 0 55 920	540 10 48 0 49 433	499 4 2 0 6 487	244 0 143 33 35 33	170 0 141 0 19	74 0 2 33 16 23
REGION 7	1,567 1 121 241 871 334	1,117 15 170 683 249	450 106 71 188 85	464 8 50 395 11	425 8 39 367 11	39 0 11 28 0	314 132 23 159 0	260 101 23 136 0	54 31 0 23 0
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	882 488 79 77 123 0	653 406 0 55 104 0 88	229 82 79 22 19 0 27	162 88 63 0 9 0	152 82 61 0 9 0	10 6 2 0 0 0	29 1 14 0 9 0 5	26 0 14 0 7 0	3 1 0 0 2 0
RECION 9	784	625 625 4,736 99	855 159 670 19 7	2,114 592 1,504 0 18	1,915 522 1,375 0 18	199 70 129 0	4,226 2 4,115 109 0	3, 876 2 3, 794 80 0	350 0 321 29 0
REGION 10	1,267 1 82 146 497 542	68 106 497 343	253 14 40 0 199	86 0 9 27 50	50 0 7 1 42	36 0 2 26 8	742 742 0 0	489 489 0 0	253 253 0 0

CONTINUED 10F2

Table B-25. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

35			Both se	xes		Male			Femal	le
	Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
	UNITED STATES			-17	41,781	35,057	-16	12, 948	10,637	-18
	REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	1,686 229 251 724 210 174 98	999 189 172 217 197 130 94	-41 -17 -31 -70 -6 -25 -4	1,242 156 179 577 139 135 56	699 136 143 156 143 77 44	-44 -13 -20 -73 +3 -43 -21	444 73 72 147 71 39 42	300 53 29 61 54 53 50	-32 -27 -60 -59 -24 +36 +19
	REGION 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK	1,532	3,122 1,200 1,922	-26 -22 -28	3,357 1,287 2,070	2,443 963 1,480	-27 -25 -29	857 245 612	679 237 442	-21 -3 -28
	DELAWARE		5,366 234 546 1,472 1,343 1,406 365	-17 -40 -26 +5 -34 -6 -15	5,158 255 618 1,096 1,769 1,109 311	4,103 155 469 1,131 1,071 990 287	-20 -39 -24 +3 -39 -11 -8	1,334 135 123 301 275 382 118	1,263 79 77 341 272 416 78	-5 -41 -37 +13 -1 +9 -34
	REGION 4. ALABAMA . FLORIDA . FLORIDA . GEORGIA . KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI . NORTH GARCLINA . SOUTH CAROLINA . TENNESSEE .	564 2,497 1,455 653 521 1,812 793	8,328 413 2,126 1,482 494 624 1,334 530 1,325	-13 -27 -15 +2 -24 +20 -26 -33 +4	6,956 407 1,827 1,090 445 397 1,258 609 923	6,338 299 1,678 1,148 387 494 887 385 1,060	-9 -27 -8 +5 -13 +24 -29 -37 +15	2,615 157 670 365 208 124 554 184 353	1,990 114 448 334 107 130 447 145 265	-24 -27 -33 -8 -49 +5 -19 -21 -25
	:	2,004 829	8,552 1,711 888 1,603 701 2,868 781	-24 -35 -17 -20 -15 -20 -31	8,555 2,156 732 1,449 654 2,679 885	6,539 1,452 649 1,124 545 2,140 629	-24 -33 -11 -22 -17 -20 -29	2,704 461 337 555 175 923 253	2,013 259 239 479 156 728 152	26 44 29 14 11 21 40
	REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHCHA. TEXAS	5,561 506 1,473 375 356 2,851	4,635 497 1,257 340 443 2,098	-17 -2 -15 -9 +24 -26	4,319 375 1,213 286 222 2,223	3,761 360 1,052 282 298 1,769	-13 -4 -13 -1 +34 -20	1,242 131 260 89 134 628	874 137 205 58 145 329	-30 +5 -21 -35 +8 -48
	REGION 7	2,224 492 417 1,065 250	1,992 344 392 1,020 236	-10 -30 -6 -4 -6	1,608 341 298 800 169	1,468 225 285 811 147	-9 -34 -4 +1 -13	616 151 119 265 81	524 119 107 209 89	-15 -21 -10 -21 +10
	REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYCMING	1,413 443 206 126 184 309 145	1,208 427 210 86 115 243 127	-15 -4 +2 -32 -38 -21 -12	1,028 340 138 95 140 218 97	847 320 141 58 93 165 70	-18 -6 +2 39 -34 -24 -28	385 103 68 31 44 91 48	361 107 69 28 22 78 57	-6 +4 -1 -10 -50 -14 +19
	ARIZONA	.10,195 672 8,918 105 500	9,549 678 8,445 108 318	-6 +1 -5 +3 -36	8,095 612 7,007 87 389	7,500 532 6,678 79 211	-7 -13 -5 -9 -46	2,100 60 1,911 18 111	2,049 146 1,767 29 107	-2 +143 -8 +61 -4
	REGION 10	520	1,943 81 151 554 1,157	-8 -44 -1 +7 -11	1,463 112 93 346 912	1,359 49 118 411 781	-7 -56 +27 +19 -14	651 32 59 174 386	584 32 33 143 376	-10 0 -44 -18 -3

Table B-26. Juveniles held in State-administered public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	E	oth se	Percent		Male			Fema	
Region and State	1971	1973	change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percen- change
	38,265	30,403	-21	29,890	23,908	-20	8,375	6,495	-22
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT AAINE AASAGHUSETTS WEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND FERMONT	1,509 229 251 547 210 174 98	994 189 172 217 192 130 94	-34 -17 -31 -60 -9 -25 -4	1,065 156 179 400 139 135	696 136 143 156 140 77 44	-35 -13 -20 -61 +1 -43 -21	444 73 72 147 71 39 42	298 53 29 61 52 53 50	-33 -27 -60 -59 -27 +36 +19
REGION 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK	3,290 1,050 2,240	2,357 725 1,632	-28 -31 -27	2,728 927 1,801	1,902 623 1,279	-30 -33 -29	562 123 439	455 102 353	-19 -17 -20
JEGION 3 JELAWARE JISTRICT OF COLUMBIA JARYLAND ZENNSYLVANIA JIRGINIA	4,953 390 0 1,397 1,543 1,257 366	4,093 234 0 1,472 932 1,132 323	-17 -40 0 +5 -40 -10	3,985 255 0 1,096 1,410 958 266	3,140 155 0 1,131 783 818 253	-21 -39 0 +3 -44 -15 -5	968 135 0 301 133 299 100	953 79 0 341 149 314 70	-2 -41 0 +13 +12 +5 -30
REGION 4 LABAMA. LORIDA. EEORGIA. EENTUCKY IISSISSIPPI. IORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA ENNESSEE.	7,515 434 1,344 1,137 477 491 1,734 782 1,116	6,924 356 1,478 1,233 321 565 1,271 523 1,177	-8 -18 +10 +8 -33 +15 -27 -33 +5	5,538 329 1,038 863 323 375 1,199 600 811	5,349 271 1,212 978 267 449	-3 -18 +17 +13 -17 +20 -30 -37 +17	1,977 105 306 271 154 116 535 182 305		-20 -19 -13 -7 -65 0 -20 -21 -25
EGION 5 LLINOIS NDIANA. ICHIGAN INNESOTA. HIO ISCONSIN.	7,997 1,820 836 995 581 2,726 1,039	5,547 1,129 592 607 481 2,083 655	-31 -38 -29 -39 -17 -24 -37	6,350 1,603 587 795 461 2,086 818	4,534 1,056 428 498 383 1,622 547	-29 -34 -27 -37 -17 -22 -33	1,647 217 249 200 120 640 221	1,013 73 164 109 98 461 108	-38 -66 -34 -46 -18 -28 -51
EGION 6	4,728 486 1,231 324 321 2,366	3,727 462 1,017 286 381 1,581	-21 -5 -17 -12 +19 -33	3,661 362 1,010 244 200 1,845	3,019 336 848 242 262 1,331	-18 -7 -16 -1 +31 -28	1,067 124 221 80 121 521	708 126 169 44 119 250	-34 +2 -24 -45 -2 -52
EGION 7	1,567 460 291 586 230	1,215 292 264 469 190	-22 -37 -9 -20 -17	1,109 326 212 417 154	866 197 204 343 122	-22 -40 -4 -18 -21	458 134 79 169 76	349 95 60 126 68	-24 -29 -24 -25 -11
EGION 8 OLORADO ONTANA ONTANA OUTH DAKOTA OUTH DAKOTA TAH YOMING	1,330 443 205 125 167 245 145	1,107 421 208 69 101 181 127	-17 -5 .+1 -45 -40 -26 -12	974 340 138 94 127 178 97	787 320 140 53 84 120	-19 -6 +1 -44 -34 -33 -28	356 103 67 31 40 67 48	320 101 68 16 17 61 57	-10 -2 +1 -48 -58 -9 +19
EGION 9	3,719 532 2,707 105 375	2,968 532 2,112 108 216	-20 0 -22 +3 -42	3,289 532 2,381 87 289	2,546 430 1,907 79 130	-23 -19 -20 -9 -55	430 0 326 18 86	422 102 205 29 86	-2 * -37 +61
EGION 10. LASKA		1,471 81 134 381 875	-11 -44 0 +9 -15	1,191 112 83 248 748	1,069 49 107 295 618	-10 -56 +29 +19 -17	466 32 51 102 281	402 32 27 86 257	-14 0 -47 -16 -9

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-27. Juveniles held in locally administered public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex —regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		Both s			Male			Femal	
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
NITED STATES	.16,464	15,291	-7	11,891	11,149	-6	4,573	4,142	-9
EGION 1	. 177 . 0 . 0 . 177 . 0 . 0	5 0 0 0 5 0	-97 0 0 -100 * 0	177 0 0 177 0 0	3 0 0 0 3 0	-98 0 0 -100 * 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 2 0 0	* 0 0 * 0
EGION 2	924 482 442	765 475 290	-17 -1 -34	629 360 269	541 340 201	-14 -6 -25	295 122 173	224 135 89	-24 +11 -49
DECION 3	. 0	1,273 0 546 0 411 274 42	-17 0 -26 0 -18 +17 -33	1,173 0 618 0 359 151 45	963 0 469 0 288 172 34	-18 0 -24 0 -20 +14 -24	366 0 123 0 142 83 18	310 0 77 0 123 102 8	-15 0 -37 0 -13 +23 -56
EGION 4. LABAMA LORIDA LORIDA LEORUCKY LENTUCKY LISSISSIPPI LORTH CAROLINA COUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	. 1,153 . 318	1,404 57 648 249 173 59 63 7	-32 -56 -44 -22 -2 +97 -19 -36	1,418 78 789 227 122 22 59 9	989 28 466 170 120 45 42 6	-30 -64 -41 -25 -2 +105 -29 -33 0	638 52 364 91 54 8 19 2	415 29 182 79 53 14 21 1	-35 -44 -50 -13 -2 +75 +11 -50 -25
DEGION 5	. 3,262 . 797 . 233 . 1,009 . 248 . 876	3,005 582 296 996 220 785 126	-8 -27 +27 -1 -11 -10 +27	2,205 553 145 654 193 593	2,005 396 221 626 162 518 82	-9 -28 +52 -4 -16 -13 +22	1,057 244 88 355 55 283 32	1,000 186 75 370 58 267 44	-5 -24 -15 +4 +5 -6 +38
REGION 6	833 20 242 51 35 485	908 35 240 54 62 517	+9 +75 -1 +6 +77 +7	658 13 203 42 22 378	742 24 204 40 36 438	+13 +85 +1 -5 +64 +16	175 7 39 9 13 107	166 11 36 14 26 79	-5 +57 -8 +56 +100 -26
REGION 7	657 32 126 479 20	777 52 128 551 46	+18 +63 +2 +15 +130	499 15 86 383 15	602 28 81 468 25	+21 +87 -6 +22 +67	158 17 40 •96 5	175 24 47 83 21	+11 +41 +18 -14 +320
REGION 8	83 0 1 17 64	101 6 2 17 14 62 0	+22 * +100 +1,600 -18 -3 0	54 0 0 1 13 40 0	60 0 1 5 9 45 0	+11 0 * +400 -31 +13 0	29 0 1 0 4 24 0	41 6 1 12 5 17 0	+41 * 0 * +25 -29 0
REGION 9	6,476 140 6,211 0	6,581 146 6,333 0 102	+2 +4 +2 0 -18	4,806 80 4,626 0	4,954 102 4,771 0 81	+3 +28 +3 0 -19	1,670 60 1,585 0 25	1,427 44 1,562 0 21	-3 -27 -1 0 -16
REGION 10	457 0 18 170 269		+3 0 -6 +2 +5	272 0 10 98 164	290 0 11 116 163	+7 0 +10 +18 -1	185 0 8 72 105	182 0 6 57 119	-2 0 -25 -21 +13

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-28. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and State or local administration

Region and State	Total	ll facilit State	Local	Dete	ention cen State	ter Local	Total	Shelter State	Local
UNITED STATES	45,694	30,403	15,291	10,782	715	10,067	190	12	178
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETIS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND	999 189 172 217 197 130	994 189 172 217 192 130 94	5 0 0 0 5 0	166 31 0 135 0 0	166 31 0 135 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	3,122 1,200 1,922	2,357 725 1,632	765 475 290	765 475 290	0 0	765 475 290	0 0 0	0 0 0	0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	5,366 234 546 1,472 1,343 1,406 365	4,093 234 0 1,472 932 1,132 323	1,273 0 546 0 411 274 42	776 26 16 34 403 278 19	77 26 0 34 0 11 6	699 0 16 0 403 267 13	74 0 58 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	74 0 58 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FIORIDA. GEORGIA KENIUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORIH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	8,328 413 2,126 1,482 494 624 1,334 530 1,325	6,924 356 1,478 1,233 321 565 1,271 523 1,177	1,404 57 648 249 173 59 63 7 148	1,249 57 484 414 58 48 63 7	302 0 137 165 0 0 0	947 57 347 249 58 48 63 7	24 0 12 0 12 0 0 0 0	12 0 0 0 12 0 0 0	12 0 12 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 TILINOIS INDIANA. MICHIGAN MINNESOTA. OHIO WISCONSIN.	8,552 1,711 888 1,603 701 2,868 781	5,547 1,129 592 607 481 2,083 655	3,005 582 296 996 220 785 126	2,192 392 256 809 96 524 115	0 0 0 0 0 0	2,192 392 256 809 96 524 115	58 0 0 30 0 17 11	0 0 0 0 0	58 0 0 30 0 17 11
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISTANA. NEW MEXICO ¹ OKLAHOMA TEXAS.	4,635 497 1,257 340 443 2,098	3,727 462 1,017 286 381 1,581	908 35 240 54 62 517	540 16 137 54 28 305	0 0 0 0	540 16 137 54 28 305	34 15 0 0 19	0 0 0 0 0	34 15 0 0 19
REGION 7	1,992 344 392 1,020 236	1,215 292 264 469 190	777 52 128 551 46	396 35 128 187 46	0 0 0	396 35 128 187 46	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING	1,208 427 210 86 115 243 127	1,107 421 208 69 101 181 127	101 6 2 17 14 62 0	216 138 2 0 14 62 0	138 138 0 0 0 0	78 0 2 0 14 62 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWAII NEVADA	9,549 678 8,445 108 318	2,968 532 2,112 108 216	6,581 146 6,333 0 102	4,016 146 3,782 27 61	27 0 0 27 0	3,989 146 3,782 0 61	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10. AIASKA IDAHO. OREGON WASHINGJON	1,943 81 151 554 1,157	1,471 81 134 381 875	472 0 17 173 282	466 5 17 162 282	5 5 0 0	461 0 17 162 282	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school.

Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school.

and correctional facilities, by type of facility —regions and States, midyear 1973

Re	ception or						anch, forestr		Ha an	lfway house d group home	· !
Total	agnostic cent	Local	Total	raining scho State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
1,734	1,734	0	26,427	24,222	2,205	4,959	2,502	2,457	1,602	1,218	384
11	- n 11 -	0	735	735	0	26 0	26 0	0	61 0	56 0	5 0 0
0	0	0	158 172	158 172	0	0 26	0 26	0	0 56	0 56	0
0	0	0	192	0 192	0	0	0	0	5	0	, 5 0
11	ij	0	119 94	119 94	0	0	0	Ö	ŏ	O	0
0	0	0	1,671	1,671	0	282	282 0	0	404 100	404 100	0
0	0	0	625 1,046	625 1,046	0 0	0 282	282	:0	304	304	0
292	292	0	3,513	3,040	○ ⁴⁷³ 0	572 0	572 0	0	139 8	112 8	27 0
0	0	0	200 452	200	452	0 172	0 2 172	0	20 67	0 67	20
111	111	0	1,088	1,088 772	0 8	160	160	0	0 44	0 37	7
181 0	181 0	0	779 214	772 779 201	. 0 13	1 <i>21</i> , 116	124 116	0	0	0	0
355	355	0	5,953	5,620	333	365 0	330 0	35 0	382 0	305 0	77
0	0	0	356 1.316	356 1,079	0 237	35	0	35 0	279 28	262 28	17
. 0	0 70	0	1,040 96	1,040	0 96	0 234	234	0	2 <u>7</u> 11	5 0	19 11
70 0	0	0	565 1,266	565 1,266	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
0 160	160	0	358	358 956	0	0 96	96	0	5 30	5 0	30
125 589	125 589	0	956 4,878	4,240	638	615	556	59	220 20	162 20	58 0
164	164	0	944 573	754 547	190 26	191 45	191 45	0	14	0	14 32
50	50 50	0	446	380 427	66 124	114	55	59 0	154 20	122 20	. 0
0 375	0 375	0	1,724	1,492	232	34 216 15	34 216 15	0	12 0	0	12 0
0 101	101	0	640 3,891	640 3,612	279	0	0	0	69	14	55 4 11
18	18	0	1,026	444 934	0 92	0	" O	0	1	0	11
83	83 O	0	286 396	286 381	0 15	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0 0	1,739	1,567	172	0	0	0	54 152	14 58	40
0	0	0	1,176 195	1,022 195	154	268 92	135 92	133	22 6	5 5	94 17 0
0 -	0	ŏ	258 533	258 379	0 154	176	0 43	133 0	124	47 0	77
0	0	Ŏ	190	190	0	0 146	0 146	0	0 15	22	23 6
0	0	0	801 190	801 190	0	93	93	0	45 6 0	0	6
0	0	0	178 69	178 69	0	30 0	30 0	0	17	Ŏ	17 0
0	0	0	78	78 159	0,/ C	23 0	23 0	0	0 22	22	. 0
0	0	0	159 127	127	0	0	0	0	0 79	0 34	0 45
236	236	0	2,853 421	2,525 421	328 0	2,365 77	146 77 69	2,219 0	79 34	34 0	45
236	0 236	0	2,135 81	1,807	// 328 0	2,247	0	2,178 0	34 45 0	0	45 0
0	0	0	216	216	∦. 0	41	0	41 11	0 51	0 51	0
150	150 0	0	956 76	956 76	0	320 0	309 0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	76 134 336 410	134./ 336	0	0 56	0 45	0 11	0	0 51	0
0 150	0 150	ŏ	410	410	0	264	264	0 🦠	51		

Table B-29. Juveniles held in public detention centers for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	All.	facilit		Stat	e faci	lities	Loc	al faci	lities
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	. 11,767	10,782	8	689	715	+4	11,078	10,067	-9
REGION 1	. 238 . 35 . 0 . 203 . 0	166 .31 0 135 0 0	-30 -11 0 -34 0 0	238 35 0 203 0 0	166 31 0 135 0 0	-30 -11 0 -34 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 2	909 467 442	765 475 290	-16 +2 -34	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	909 467 442	765 475 290	-16 +2 -34
REGION 3	• 66	776 26 16 34 403 278 19	-15 -41 -79 -48 -15 +32 -47	110 44 0 66 0 0	77 26 0 34 0 11 6	-30 -41 0 -48 0 *	798 0 78 0 474 210 36	699 0 16 0 403 267 13	-12 0 -79 0 -15 +27 -64
REGION 4	. 1,699 . 130 . 753 . 484 . 79 . 30 . 78 . 11	1,249 57 484 414 58 48 63 7 118	-26 -56 -36 -14 -27 +60 -19 -36	166 0 0 166 0 0 0	302 0 137 165 0 0 0	+82 0 * -1 0 0 0 0	1,533 130 753 318 79 30 78 11 134	947 57 347 249 58 48 63 7	-38 -56 -54 -22 -27 +60 -19 -36 -12
	2,496 585 233 925 60 601	2,192 392 256 809 96 524 115	-12 -33 +10 -13 +60 -13 +25	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	2,496 585 233 925 60 601 92	2,192 392 256 809 96 524 115	-12 -33 +10 -13 +60 -13 +25
REGION 6	51.9 15 146 51 16	540 16 137 54 28 305	+4 +7 -6 +6 +75 +5	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	519 15 146 51 16 291	540 16 137 54 28 305	+4 +7 -6 +6 +75 +5
REGION 7	384 32 126 206	396 35 128 187 46	+3 +9 +2 -9 +130	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	384 32 126 206 20	396 35 128 187 46	+3 +9 +2 -9 +130
REGION 8. COLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	. 231 . 148 . 1 . 17 . 64	216 138 2 0 14 62 0	-6 -7 +100 -100 -18 -3 0	148 148 0 0 0 0	138 138 0 0 0 0	-7 -7 0 0 0 0	83 0 1 17 64 0	78 0 2 0 14 62 0	-6 0 +1.00 -100 -18 -3 0
REGION 9	3,994 140 3,761 20	4,016 146 3,782 27 61	+1 +4 +1 +35 -16	20 0 0 20 0	27 0 0 27 0	+35 0 0 +35 0	3,974 140 3,761 0 73	3,989 146 3,782 0 61	(2) +4 +1 0 -16
REGION 10	. 389 . 7 . 0 . 160 . 222	466 5 17 162 282	+20 -29 * +1 +27	7 7 0 0	5 5 0 0	-29 -29 0 0 0	382 0 0 160 222	461 0 17 162 282	+21 0 * +1 +27

^{*}Increase not definable (Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-30. Juveniles held in public shelters for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	All fa	cilit		Stat	e faci		Loc	al fac	ilities
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	360	190	-47	110	12	-89	250	178	-29
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	15 15 0	0	-100 -100 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	15 15 0	0 0 0	-100 -100 0
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF CCLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA. VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA	59 0 49 0 8 0 2	74 0 58 0 0 0	+25 0 +18 0 -100 0 +700	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	59 0 49 0 8 0 2	74 0 58 0 0 0	+25 0 +18 0 -100 0 +700
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA. TENNESSEE	36 0 36 0 0 0 0	24 0 12 0 12 0 0 0	-33 0 -67 0 * 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	12 0 0 0 12 0 0 0	* 0 0 0 * 0 0	36 0 36 0 0 0	12 0 12 0 0 0 0	-67 0 -67 0 0 0
REGION 5	75 0 0 22 0 46 7	58 0 0 30 0 17 11	-23 0 0 +36 0 -63 +57	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	75 0 0 22 0 46 7	58 0 0 30 0 17 11	-23 0 0 +36 0 -63 +57
RECTION 6	0 0 0 0 0	34 15 0 0 19 0	* 0 0 * 0	0 0 0 0 0	00000	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 19 0	* 0 0 * 0
REGION 7	110 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	-100 -100 0 0 0	110 0 0 0	00000	-100 -100 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SCUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0	00000	000000	0 0 0 0 0	00000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	0 0 0 0	00000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 1.0 ALASKA. IDAHO OREGON. WASHINGTON.	65 0 18 0 47	0 0 0 0	-100 0 -100 0 -100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	65 0 18 0 47	0	-100 -100 0 -100

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-31. Juveniles held in public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		All facilities	Percent
and on and State	1971	1973	change
egion and State	2,153	1,734	-19
NITED STATES	2,12,5	ii	*
EGION 1		0 0	0
AINE	0	0	0
ASSACHUSETTS	0	0 11	0 *
HODE ISLAND	0	0	0
ERMONT	0	0	0
EGION 2	0	0	0
EW YORK	0	0	+5
REGION 3	279 0	292 0	C
DELAWARE	0	0	- C
IARYLAND	103	0	C
PENNSYLVANIA	176	181	+3
VIRGINIA	0	0	+68
REGION 4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	211	355 0	(
ALABAMA	0	0	
TORIDA.	0 56	70	+2
KENTUCKY	0	0	
MISSISSIPPI	0 155	160	
SOUTH CAROLINA		125	
TENNESSEE	947	589	-3 -4
REGION 5	274	164 0	
INDIANA	27	50	+8 -10
MICHIGAN	185 461	0 375	-1
OHIO	0	• 0	
WISCONSIN.	135 18	101	-2
REGION 6	18	18 83	⊸ ;
LOUISIANA.	0	o o	
NEW MEXICO	0	0	
TEXAS	0	0	
REGION 7	0	0	
IOWA	0	0	
MISSOURI	o	0	
NEBRASKA	0	0	
REGION 8	0	0	
MONTANA	0	0	
NORTH DAKOTA	• • • • • • •	0	
UTAH	iii ŏ	0	
WYOMING	432	236 O	
ARIZONA	116 316		
CALIFORNIA	0	0	
HAWAII NEVADA	0		
REGION 10	149	150 0	
ALASKA	0	0	
IDAHO. OREGON	D,9	0 150	₩
WASHINGTON	11.9		

NOTE: In both 1971 and 1973, all public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles were operated by State governments.
*Increase not definable.

Table B-32. Juveniles held in public training schools for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility
—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		_A1.1	facilit		Stat	e facil		Loca	ıl faci	
	Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
	UNITED STATES	. 34,005	26,427	-22	31,606	24,222	-23	2,399	2,205	-8
	REGION 1	1,423 194 251 496 210	735 158 172 0 192 119 94	-48 -19 -31 -100 -9 -32 -4	1,246 194 251 319 210 174 98	735 158 172 0 192 119 94	-41 -19 -31 -100 -9 -32 -4	177 0 0 177 0 0	000000	-100 0 0 -100 0 0
	REGION 2	. 2,654 . 987 . 1,667	1,671 625 1,046	-37 -37 -37	2,654 987 1,667	1,671 625 1,046	-37 -37 -37	0 0 0	0	0 0 0
	REGION 3	. 4,627 . 346 . 599 . 1,043 . 1,393 . 949 . 297	3,513 200 452 1,088 780 779 214	-24 -42 -25 +4 -44 -18 -28	4,011 346 0 1,043 1,393 949 280	3,040 200 0 1,088 772 770 201	-24 -42 0 +4 -45 -18 -28	616 0 599 0 0 0	473 0 452 0 8 0 13	-23 0 -25 0 * 0
6	REGION 4	7,006 434 1,536 971 207 491 1,734 627 1,006	5,953 356 1,316 1,040 96 565 1,266 358 956	-15 -18 -14 +7 -54 +15 -27 -43 -5	6,647 434 1,254 971 130 491 1,734 627 1,006	5,620 356 1,079 1,040 0 565 1,266 358 956	-15 -18 -14 +7 -100 +15 -27 -43 -5	359 0 282 0 77 0 0 0	333 0 237 0 96 0 0	-7 0 -16 0 +25 0 0
	REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	6,547 1,371 774 791 505 2,123 983	4,878 944 573 446 551 1,724 640	-25 -31 -26 -44 +9 -19	5,933 1,182 774 783 317 1,894 983	4,240 754 547 380 427 1,492 640	-29 -29 -29 -51 +35 -21 -35	614 189 0 8 188 229	638 190 26 66 124 232 0	+4 +1 * +725 -34 +1 0
	REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO¹ OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	. 4,850 . 468 . 1,210 . 324 . 340 . 2,508	3,891 444 1,026 286 396 1,739	-20 -5 -15 -12 +16 -31	4,593 468 1,114 324 321 2,366	3,612 444 934 286 381 1,567	-21 -5 -4 -12 +19 -34	257 0 96 0 19 142	279 0 92 0 15 172	+9 0 -4 0 -21 +21
	REGION 7	. 1,417 . 258 . 291 . 638 . 230	1,176 195 258 533 190	-17 -24 -11 -16 -17	1,315 258 291 536 230	1,022 195 258 379 190	-22 -24 -11 -29 -17	102 0 0 102 0	154 0 0 154 0	+51 0 0 +51 0
	REGION 8. CCLORADO. CCLORADO. NONTANA NORTH DAKOTAº SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	1,051 223 178 118 142 245	801 190 178 69 78 159 127	-24 -15 0 -42 -45 -35 -12	1,051 223 178 118 142 245	801 190 178 69 78 159	-24 -15 0 -42 -45 -35 -12	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000	0 0 0 0 0
	RECION 9	3,417 367 2,590 85 375	2,853 421 2,135 81 216	-17 +15 -18 -5 -42	3,143 367 2,316 85 375	2,522 421 1,807 81 216	-20 +15 -22 -5 -42	274 0 274 0 0	328 0 328 0 0	+20 0 +20 0
	REGION 10 ALASKA	1,013 103 134 311 465	956 76 134 336 410	-6 -26 0 +8 -12	1,013 103 134 311 465	956 76 134 336 410	-6 -26 0 +8 -12	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

^{*}Increase not definable.

¹Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

²Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973.

Table B-33. Juveniles held at public ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	All faci	lities	State	facilities	Loc	cal fac	
	1971 19	Percent		Percer 1973 change		1973	Percent chage
Region and State			3,074 2			2,457	+3
UNITED STATES REGION 1	0	59 -9 26 +4 0 0 0 0 26 +4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	25 0 0 25 0 0	26 +l 0 0 26 +l 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK	O	282 -3 0 0 282 -3	290 0 290	282 -	3 0	0	0 0 0
REGION 3	0 0 157 150 122	572 +9 0 0 0 0 172 +10 160 +7 124 +2 116 +23	515 0 0 157 150 122 86	0 172 +1 160 + 124 + 116 +3	0 0 0 0 7 0 2 0 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-100 0 0 0 0 0 -100
REGION 4. ALABAMA	0 65 0 291 0 0 0	365 -22 0 0 35 -46 0 0 234 -20 0 0 0 0 96 -13	421 0 20 0 291 0 0 110	0 -10 0 234 -2 0 0 0 0 96 -1	0 6 0 45 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6	0 0 35 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-22 0 -22 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5	345 62 149 79	615 -42 191 -45 45 -27 114 -23 34 -57 216 -42 15 -73	1,010 345 62 97 79 371 56	556 -4 191 -4 45 -2 55 -4 34 -5 216 -4 15 -7	.5 (17 (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13)	0 0	0 0 +13 0 0
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO¹ OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 · · · · 0 · · · · 0
REGION 7	250 92 0 158	268 +7 92 0 0 0 176 +11 0 0	92 0 50 0	92 0 43 –	0 14 10 0	0 0 0 0 8 133 0 0	0 0 +23
RECION 8	124 72 27 0 25 0	146 +18 93 +29 30 +11 0 0 23 -8 0 0	72 27 0 25 0 0	93 + 30 + 0 23 0	29 11 0 -8 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	49 2,197 0 52	,365 +3 77 +57 ,247 +2 0 0 41 -21	49 75 0 0	77 + 69 0 0	57 -8 2,12 0 0	74 2,219 0 (22 2,178 0 (52 41	0 3 +3 0 0 -21
REGION 10	. 433 . 34 . 0 . 49 . 350	320 -26 0 -100 0 0 56 +14 264 -25) 34) 0 ₄ 39	0 -1 0 45 +	00	0 (10 11	0 0

*Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

Table B-34. Juveniles held in public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		A11	facilit			tat	e faci		Lo	al fac	ilities
Region and State		1971	1973	Percent change	T	771	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES		973	1,602	+65	6	33	1,218	+92	340	384	+13
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSWIRE HODE ZGLAND. VERMONT	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0 0 0 0 0 0	61 0 56 5 0	* 0 0 * * 0 0		000000	56 0 56 0	* 0 0 * 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	5 0 0 5 0	* 0 0 * 0
REGION 2	• •	346 63 283	404 100 304	+17 +59 +7		63 283	404 100 304	+17 +59 +7	0	0 0 0	0 0
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA. VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	96 0 15 28 19 34 0	139 8 20 67 0 44 0	+45 * +33 +139 -100 +29		38 0 28 0 10	112 8 0 67 0 37 0	+195 * 0 +139 0 +270	58 0 15 0 19 24 0	27 0 20 0 0 7	-53 0 +33 0 -100 -71 0
REGION 4		153 0 107 0 20 0 0 0 26	382 0 279 28 24 11 5 5	+150 0 +161 * +20 * * * +15		70 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	305 0 262 28 5 0 5 5	+336 0 +274 * 0 * 0	83 0 37 0 20 0 0 0	77 0 17 0 19 11 0 0	-7 0 -54 0 -5 * 0 0 +15
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN		132 42 0 90 0 0	220 20 14 154 20 12 0	+67 -52 * +71 * 0		19 0 88 0 0	162 20 0 122 20 0	+51 +5 0 +39 * 0	25 23 0 2 0 0	58 14 32 0 12 0	+132 -100 * +1,500 0 *
REGION 6		57 5 0 0 0 52	69 11 0 0 54	+21 -20 * 0 0 +4		00000	14 0 0 0 0 0	* 0 0 0	57 5 0 0 0 52	55 4 11 0 0 40	-4 -20 * 0 0 -23
REGION 7	• •	63 0 0 63 0	152 22 6 124 0	+141 * + +97 0		00000	58 5 6 47 0	* * * O	63 0 0 63 0	94 17 0 77 0	+49 * 0 +22 0
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA. NORTH DAKOTA¹ SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING		7 0 7 0 0	45 6 0 17 0 22 0	+543 0 +143 0 *		7007000	22 0 0 0 22 0	+214 0 0 -100 0 *	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	23 6 0 17 0 0	* 0 * 0 0
REGION 9	• •	54 0 54 0	79 34 45 0	+46 * -17 0 0		0000	34 34 0 0	* 0 0 0	54 0 54 0	45 0 45 0	-17 0 -17 0 0
RECION 10		65 0 0 0 65	51 0 0 0 51	-22 0 0 -22		65 0 0 0 65	51 0 0 0 51	-22 0 0 0 -22	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0

*Increase not definable.

Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. Two of these homes did not exist in 1971; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-35. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by average age of male and of female residents
—regions and States, midyear 1973

		Ave	rage ag	e of male	resider	nts
Region and State	Total facilities with male residents	Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	Not reported
UNITED STATES	682	46	380	242	13	1
REGION 1	17 5 1 6 2 2 1	1 0 0 0 1 0	15 5. 1 5 1 2	1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	65 23 42	4 1 3	33 16 17	27 5 22	1 1 0	0 0 0
REGION 3	82 4 8 12 29 21 8	4 0 1 2 0 1	41 2 4 3 15 11 6	36 2 3 7 14 9	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENJUCKY MISSISSIPPI MOR'H CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	117 5 41 20 14 8 14 5	20 1 9 1 1 1 6 0	69 3 21 14 9 4 8 5	28 1 11 5 4 3 0 0 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5	129 27 12 41 10 29 10	5 1 0 2 0 2	79 17 8 23 5 19	45 9 4 16 5 8 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6	51 7 13 3 7 21	2 1 0 0 0	35 3 12 2 4 14	12 2 1 1 3 5	1 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 0
REGION 7	52 9 10 30 3	6 1 0 4 1	26 4 6 16 0	19 4 3 10 2	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8	22 9 3 2 3 4	1 0 0 0 0 0	11 7 1 0 2 0	10 2 2 1 3 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	112 11 94 3 4	3 0 3 0 0	45 3 39 1 2	55 8 43 2 2	9 0 9 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10	35 2 2 10 21	0 0 0 0	26 1 2 8 15	9 1 0 2 6	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

NOTE: Average age was based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles. The number of facilities that actually held males (females) differs from the number of facilities that admit males (females), because some of the latter did not house any males (females) on the reference date.

Table B-35. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by average age of male and of female residents
—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

		Aver	age age	of femal	e resider	nts
Region and State	Total facilities with female residents			16-17	18-20	Not reported
UNITED STATES	462	28	325	107	0	2
REGION 1 CONNEGTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETIS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	15 4 1 4 2 3 1	2 1 0 0 1 0	11 3 0 3 1 3	2 0 1 1 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	43 17 26	5 3 2	23 10 13	15 4 11	0 s 0 0	0
REGION 3	50 4 5 4 18 14 5	3 0 0 1 2 0	34 3 2 3 13 10 3	13 1 3 1 4 2 2	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENLUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORLH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	78 4 24 16 7 6 10 4	6 1 0 0 0 3 0	64 3 21 15 3 5 7 4	8 0 2 1 4 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00000000
REGION 5	87 14 9 30 7 20 7	4 1 0 1 0 1	65 10 8 23 6 13	18 3 1 6 1 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6	38 5 10 3 6 14	2 0 0 0 1 1	29 4 8 3 4 10	5 0 2 0 1 2	0 0 0 0	2 1 0 0 0 0
REGION 7	27 4 5 15 3	2 1 0 1 0	20 2 5 12 1	5 1 0 2 2	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8	23 7 2 3 2 8 1	0 0 0 0 0	12 6 2 0 1 2	11 1 0 3 1 6	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	74 10 57 3 4	3 0 2 0 1	47 5 38 2 2	24 5 17 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10	27 2 2 6 17	1 0 0 0 1	20 2 2 6 10	6 0 0 0 6	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Table B-36. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding males, by age of youngest and oldest male resident —regions and States, midyear 1973

Total facilities With male residents Under 6 6-8 9-11 12-14 15-16 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19					Δ	ge of t	mingest.	male	resident.	
UNITED STATES. 682 16 44 157 336 117 11 1 REGION 1						. "1	. 4		17 and	
REGION 1								} , , -		
CONNECTICUT. 5 0 1 1 3 0 0 0 0 MAINE. 1 0 0 1 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 MAINE. 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0										
MASSACHUSETTS. 6 0 1 1 1 4 0 0 0 0 NEW HAMPSHIRE. 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		. 5		. 0	1	1	3	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE. 2									-	
VERMONT. 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 REGION 2. 655 0 1 16 22 25 1 0 NEW JERSEY 23 0 1 11 7 4 0 0 NEW YORK 42 0 0 5 15 21 1 0 NEGION 3. 82 1 6 18 39 18 0 0 D D 0	NEW HAMPSHIRE		HAMPSHIRE					-		
NEW JERSEY										
NEW YORK										
DELAWARE						-				
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA										
PENNSYLVANIA	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	. 8	TRICT OF COLUMBIA .	0	1	2	4	1	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA. 8 1 0 2 4 1 0 0 REGION 4. 117 2 10 42 55 8 0 0 ALABAMA. 5 1 0 0 2 2 0 0 FICRIDA. 41 0 5 15 18 3 0 0 GEORGIA. 20 0 2 9 9 0 0 0 GEORGIA. 20 0 2 9 9 0 0 0 GEORGIA. 20 0 2 9 9 0 0 0 GEORGIA. 20 0 2 9 9 0 0 0 KENTUCKY. 14 0 0 3 10 1 0 0 MISSISSIPPI. 8 0 1 4 3 0 0 0 SOUTH CAROLINA							16			
REGION 4										
FIGRIDA	REGION 4	. 117	ION 4	2	10	42	55	8		
GEORGIA										
MISSISSIPPI	GEORGIA		RGIA		2	9		0		
SOUTH CAROLINA 5 0 1 3 1 0 0 0 TENNESSEE 10 1 0 2 5 2 0 0 REGION 5 129 4 8 26 69 22 0 0 ILLINOIS 27 0 2 3 15 7 0 0 INDIANA 12 0 1 2 6 3 0 0 MICHIGAN 41 4 1 6 25 5 0 0 MINNESOTA 10 0 0 2 6 2 0 0 OHIO 29 0 3 12 10 4 0 0	MISSISSIPPI	. 8	SISSIPPI	0	1	4	3	0	0	0
REGION 5		- ·							0	
ILLINOIS 27 0 2 3 15 7 0 0 INDIANA 12 0 1 2 6 3 0 0 MICHIGAN 41 4 1 6 25 5 0 0 MINNESOTA 10 0 0 2 6 2 0 0 OHIO 29 0 3 12 10 4 0 0										
MICHIGAN						3				0
MINNESOTA 10 0 0 2 6 2 0 0 0 0 10 29 0 3 12 10 4 0 0						2		. 3		
	MINNESOTA	. 10	NESOTA	0	0	2	6	2	0	0
				-						
REGION 6										
LOUISIANA 13 0 3 4 5 1 0 0	LOUISIANA	. 13	ISTANA	0	3	4	5	1	0	0
NEW MEXICO	OKLAHOMA	7	AHOMA	1	0	0	_5	1	0.	0
TEXAS					- 1,71					
TOWA	IOWA	9	A	1	0	1	3	2	2	0
KANSAS 10										
NEBRASKA				_				-		
REGION 8	COLORADO	• 9	ORADO	0	0	1	8	0	0	0
MONTANA 3 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 NORTH DAKOTA 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0		. 2					2	_	7	
SOUTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	. 3	TH DAKOTA	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
WYOMING 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0		. 4		Ö			1		0	
REGION 9 112 4 8 17 56 21 6 0 ARIZONA 11 0 0 5 3 2 1 0				4			56 3			
CALIFORNIA 94 4 8 12 47 18 5 0	CALIFORNIA	• 94	IFORNIA	ž	8	12	47	18	5	0
NEVADA		• 4								
REGION 10										
IDAHO 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	IDAHO	. 2	но	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
OREGON 10 0 0 1 9 0 0 0 0 WASHING TON 21 0 2 3 10 6 0 0							9 10			

NOTE: The number of facilities that actually held males differs from the number of facilities that admit males, because some of the latter did not house any males on the reference date.

Table B-36. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding males, by age of youngest and oldest male resident —regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

		Age of	oldest	male res	rident	
Region and State	Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	21 and over	Not reported
	9	58	394	213	7	1
UNITED STATES. REGION 1		5 4 0 0 1 0	9 1 5 1 0	2 0 0 1 0 1 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	1 0 1	7 1 6	37 16 21	19 5 14	1 1 0	0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	. 0	7 0 1 4 2 0	38 2 3 2 13 13 5	35 2 5 9 12 5 2 26	2 0 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	. 5 0 . 4 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 1	18 3 1 2 2 5 1	1 25 16 6 3 7 4	1 9 36 31 0 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN	. 0	7 2 1 2 0 2 0	81 12 8 29 3 19	40 13 2 10 7 8 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6	0 0 0 0	3 0 1 0 1 1	39 6 10 2 5 16	8 0 2 1 1 4	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0
REGION 7	. 2 . 0 . 0 . 1	5 1 1 3 0	35 5 24 1	10 3 4 2 1	0 0 0 0	0 0
REGION 8	. 0	1 0 1 0 0 0	10 6 0 1 1 2 0	10 3 1 1 2 2 1	1 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	. 1 . 0 . 1 . 0	2 0 2 0 0	57 6 46 3 2	51 5 44 0 2	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0
REGION 10	. 0	3 0 0 0 3	20 1 1 8 10	12 1 1 2 8	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Table B-37. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding females, by age of youngest and oldest female resident —regions and States, midyear 1973

	Total facil-	1100 1/0-11/0-0- 1-0-11/0-0-						
Region and State	ities with female residents	Under 6	6–8	9-11	12-14	15-16	17 and over	Not reported
UNITED STATES	. 462	11	11	68	307	56	7	2
REGION 1	. 15 . 4 . 1 . 4 . 2 . 3	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 1 0 0 1 0	13 3 1 4 1 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	• 43 • 17 • 26	0 0 0	0	6 4 2	26 12 14	11 1 10	0 0 0	0 0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DIS'TRIC' OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	50 4 5 4 18 18	1 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0	10 1 2 1 3 2	27 2 2 3 8 10 2	9 1 0 4 2 1	2 0 0 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENIUCKY MISSISSIPPI. MOR'H CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	78 4 24 16 7 6 10 4	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	16 2 5 2 0 1 3 2	55 2 18 14 5 4 7 0 5	3 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN	87 14 9 30 7 20	2 0 0 2 0 0	3 0 0 2 0 1 0	9 2 0 2 1 2 2	65 10 8 21 6 15	7 2 1 3 0 1	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA LEXAS.	. 38 . 5 . 10 . 3 . 6	2 1 0 0 1 0	1 0 1 0 0	10 1 2 1 0 6	18 2 4 1 5 6	5 0 3 1 0	0 0 0 0	2 1 0 0 0 0
REGION 7	27 4 5 15 3	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0	20 3 5 10 2	4 0 0 3 1	1 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8	23 7 2 3 2 8	0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	19 5 2 2 2 7 1	3 2 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWAII NEVADA	. 74 . 10 . 57 . 3	3 0 3 0 0	4 0 4 0 0	12 2 10 0 0	46 2 38 2 4	8 5 2 1 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10. ALASKA	. 27 . 2 . 2 . 6 . 17	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 1	18 1 2 5 10	6 1 0 0 5	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

NOTE: The number of facilities that actually held females differs from the number of facilities that admit females, because some of the latter did not house any females on the reference date,

Table B-37. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding females, by age of youngest and oldest female resident —regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

		Age of	oldest	female	resident 21 and	Not
Region and State	Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	over	reported
UNITED STATES	. 14	57	308	80	1	2
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT: MAINE. MASACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND	. 2 . 1 . 0 . 0	2 2 0 0 0 0 0	9 1 1 3 1 2	1 0 0 0 0 1	1 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0
VERMONT. REGION 2	. 0 . 1 . 0	0 7 3 4	1 31 14 17	4 0 4	0 0 0	0 0 0
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA JIRGINIA VEST VIRGINIA	. 1 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	6 0 0 0 5 1	30 2 3 1 10 10 4	13 2 2 2 3 3 2 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 4 LIABAMA. LICATIDA. ENGUTA. LENIUCKY LISSISSIPPI. RORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA LENNESSEE.	4010000300	11 2 2 1 0 2 2 1 1	55 1 20 14 5 2 5 3 5	8 1 1 2 2 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5	. 2 . 0 . 0 . 1 . 0 . 0	8 4 1 2 0 1	64 9 7 24 4 14 6	13 1 3 3 5 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 6	• 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0	11 1 4 1 1 4	20 2 5 1 5 7	5 1 1 0 2	0 0 0 0 0	2 1 0 0 0 0
TEGION 7	. 0 . 0 . 1	5 0 0 5 0	18 3 5 8 2	3 1 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0	14 6 0 1 1 5 0	7 1 2 1 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	1 0 0 0 0	2 1 0 1 0	52 5 43 2 2	19 4 14 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10	. 1 . 0 . 0 . 0	4 1 0 1 2	15 1 1 3 10	7 0 1 2 4	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Table B-38. Juveniles held as adjudicated delinquents, persons in need of supervision (PINS), or voluntary admissions in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		Both sea			Male	· B		Female	
egion and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
NITED STATES	45,606	38,309	-16	35,745	29,914	-16	9,861	8,395	-15
EGION 1	198 249 582 177 157	807 167 170 110 153 118 89	-45 -16 -32 -81 -14 -25 -4	1,101 136 178 491 120 123 53	542 118 143 59 115 68 39	-51 -13 -20 -88 -4 -45 -26	355 62 71 91 57 34 40	265 49 27 51 38 50 50	-25 -21 -62 -44 -33 +47 +25
EGION 2 EW JERSEY	1,091	2,577 850 1,727	-24 -22 -25	2,799 957 1,842	2,051 715 1,336	-27 -25 -27	591 134 457	526 135 391	-11 +1 -14
ECION 3	346 614 1,182 1,693	4,494 208 386 1,259 1,018 1,283 340	-19 -40 -37 +7 -40 -2 -13	4,509 224 510 949 1,540 1,000 286	3,458 133 335 958 852 912 268	-23 -41 -34 +1 -45 -9 -6	1,029 122 104 233 153 313 104	1,036 75 51 301 166 371 72	+1 -39 -51 +29 +9 +19 -31
EGION 4 LABAMA LORIDA. EORGIA ISSISSIPPI DRTH CAROLINA DUTH CAROLINA ENNESSEE.	1,193 597 491 1,763 782	7,496 371 1,707 1,340 440 577 1,293 523 1,245	-10 -21 -9 +12 -26 +18 -27 -33 +9	5,105 354 1,400 905 406 375 1,224 600 841	5,783 276 1,395 1,058 346 461 861 379 1,007	-5 -22 (Z) +17 -15 +23 -30 -37 +20	2,213 118 473 288 191 116 539 182 306	1,713 95 312 282 94 116 432 144 238	-23 -19 -34 -2 -51 0 -20 -21
EGION 5	2,207 854 1,434 813 3,112	7,096 1,491 645 1,107 627 2,531 695	-25 -32 -24 -23 -23 -19 -34	7,410 1,900 599 1,079 644 2,358 830	5,588 1,295 478 827 498 1,920 570	-25 -32 -20 -23 -23 -19 -31	2,068 307 255 355 169 754 228	1,508 196 167 280 129 611 125	-27 -36 -35 -21 -24 -19 -45
EGION 6	413 1,313	4,174 452 1,138 318 420 1,846	-16 +9 -13 -1 +24 -28	3,934 349 1,092 246 213 2,034	3,411 333 956 263 286 1,573	-13 -5 -12 +7 +34 -23	1,029 64 221 74 127 543	763 119 182 55 134 273	-26 +86 -18 -26 +6
ECION 7	1,739 284 315 904 236	1,650 230 319 888 213	-5 -19 +1 -2 -10	1,292 213 231 690 158	1,247 165 248 694 137	-3 -23 +7 +1 -13	447 71 84 214 78	403 65 71 191 76	-10 -8 -15 -11 -3
EGION 8	1,285 365 205 126 167 277 145	1.055 329 208 86 101 204 127	-18 -10 +1 -32 -40 -26 -12	951 294 138 95 127 200 97	739 250 140 58 84 137 70	-22 ,-15 +1 -39 -34 -32 -28	334 71 67 31 40 77 48	316 79 68 28 17 67 57	-5 +11 +1 -10 -58 -13 +19
GGION 9	7,780 544 6,711 87 438	7,366 574 6,423 94 275	-5 +6 -4 +8 -37	6,455 539 5,491 77 348	5,942 458 5,229 72 183	-8 -15 -5 -6 -47	1,325 5 1,220 10 90	1,424 116 1,194 22 92	+7 +2,220 -2 +120 +2
EGION 10	1,659 100 141 360 1,058	1,594 55 136 416 987	-4 -45 -4 +16 -7	1,189 78 85 258 768	1,153 31 109 323 690	-3 -60 +28 +25 -10	470 22 56 102 290	441 24 27 93 297	-6 +9 -52 -9 +2

⁽Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-39. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities pending court disposition, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	Both sexes				Male			Female		
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	
UNITED STATES	7,717	6,397	-17	5,178	4,571	-12	2,539	1,826	-28	
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	227 28 2 142 33 17	185 20 2 104 44 12	-19 -29 0 -27 +33 -29 -40	140 19 1 86 19 12	151 16 0 95 28 9	+8 -16 -100 +10 +47 -25 0	87 9 1 56 14 5 2	34 4 2 9 16 3 0	-61 -56 +100 -84 +14 -40 -100	
REGION 2	787 428 359	531 342 189	-33 -20 -47	536 321 215	383 244 139	-29 -24 -35	251 107 144	148 98 50	-41 -8 -65	
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	895 35 127 215 326 153 39	807 23 160 213 284 107 20	-10 -34 +26 -1 -13 -30 -49	616 26 108 147 211 99 25	601 19 134 173 192 69 14	-2 -27 +24 +18 -9 -30 -44	279 9 19 68 115 54	92 38	-26 -56 +37 -41 -20 -30 -57	
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	1,045 70 537 204 53 29 45 11 96	729 19 394 121 49 42 39 5	-30 -73 -27 -41 -8 +45 -13 -55 -38	713 43 363 143 38 21 30 9	504 12 268 82 39 30 26 5	-29 -72 -26 -43 +3 +43 -13 -44 -36	332 27 174 61 15 8 15 2	7 126 39 10 12 13	-32 -74 -26 -36 -33 +50 -13 -100 -40	
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN.	1,423 381 202 330 12 446 52	1,210 195 240 310 72 320 73	-15 -49 +19 -6 +500 -28 +40	918 241 126 216 7 291 37	818 145 170 194 46 209 54	-11 -40 +35 -10 +557 -28 +46	505 140 76 114 5 155	70	-22 -64 -8 +2 +420 -28 +27	
REGION 6	396 11 105 54 15 211	361 14 100 21 15 211	-9 +27 -5 -61 0	273 7 71 39 8 148	276 10 79 19 8 160	+1 +43 +11 -51 0 +8	123 4 34 15 7 63	4 21 2 7	-31 0 -38 -87 0 -19.	
REGION 7	279 29 87 155 8	222 31 58 115 18	-20 +7 -33 -26 +125	187 16 60 104 7	167 24 32 102 9	-11 +50 -47 -2 +29	92 13 27 51 1	7 26 13	-40 -46 -4 -75 +800	
REGION 8	106 65 1 0 17 23 0	126 89 1 0 14 22 0	+19 +37 0 0 -18 -4 0	67 42 0 0 13 12 0	93 66 1 0 9 17	+39 +57 * 0 -31 +42 0	39 23 1 0 4 11 0	23 0 0 5 5	-15 0 -100 0 +25 -55 0	
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWAII NEVADA	15 53	1,963 78 1,849 7 29	-12 -36 -9 -53 -45	69	1,414 53 1,338 5 18	-7 -23 -5 -50 -49	702 52 627 5 18	25 511 2	-22 -52 -19 -60 -39	
REGION 10	339 37 6 151 145	263 26 15 113 109		210 27 5 83 95		-22 -33 +80 -10 -35	129 10 1 68 50	8 6 38	-23 -20 +500 -44 -6	

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-40. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

		Both s	exes	Male				Femal	e
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	. 530	460	-13	367	307	-16	163	153	-6
REGION 1	. 3 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	7 2 0 3 0 0 2	+133 -33 0 * 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	6 2 0 2 0 0 2	+500 +100 0 * 0 0 0	2 2 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	-50 -100 0 * 0 0
REGION 2	32923	13 7 6	-59 -22 -74	20 7 13	8 3 5	-60 -57 -62	12 2 10	5 4 1	-58 +100 -90
REGION 3	. 27 . 2 . 0 . 0 . 9 . 16 . 0	30 0 0 0 24 1 5	+11 -100 0 0 +167 -94	11 1 0 0 4 6	26 0 0 0 20 1 5	+136 -100 0 0 +400 -83	16 1 0 0 5 10 0	4 0 0 0 4 0	-75 -100 0 0 -20 -100
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	. 100 . 0 . 59 . 30 . 3 . 1 . 4 . 0	59 3 19 12 5 4 2 0	-41 * -68 -60 +67 +300 -50 0 +367	77 0 45 24 1 1 4 0	33 1 12 6 2 3 0 9	-57 * -73 -75 +100 +200 -100 0 +350	23 0 14 6 2 0 0	26 2 7 6 3 1 2 0 5	+13 * -50 0 +50 * 0 +400
REGION 5	. 162 . 3 . 6 . 85 . 40 . 24	121 16 3 80 2 16 4	-25 +433 -50 -6 -50 -60 -83	112 3 3 61 3 27 15	72 9 1 49 1 10 2	-36 +200 -67 -20 -67 -63 -87	50 0 3 24 1 13 9	49 7 2 31 1 6 2	-2 * -33 +29 0 -54 -78
REGION 6	. 81 . 0 . 30 . 1 . 1	43 3 1 5 33	-47 * -97 0 +400 -33	62 0 26 1 1 34	33 1 1 0 2 29	-47 * -96 -100 +100 -15	19 0 4 0 0 15	10 2 0 1 3 4	-47 * -100 * * -73
REGION 7	. 13 . 0 . 8 . 2	21 1 7 13 0	+62 * -13 +550 -100	8 0 4 2 2	13 1 2 10 0	+63 * -50 +400 -100	5 0 4 0 1	8 0 5 3 0	+60 0 +25 * -100
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA MORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING	. 17 . 10 . 0 . 0 . 0 . 7 . 0	18 9 0 0 0 9	+6 -10 0 0 0 0 +29 0	9 4 0 0 0 5 0	10 4 0 0 0 0 6	+11 0 0 0 0 0 +20	8 6 0 0 0 2 0	8 5 0 0 0 3 0	0 -17 0 0 0 +50
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWAII NEVADA	. 73 . 4 . 60 . 0	130 22 88 7 13	+78 +450 +47 * +44	50 2 42 0 6	95 17 67 2 9	+90 +750 +60 * +50	23 2 18 0 3	35 5 21 5 4	+52 +150 +17 * +33
REGION 10	. 22 . 7 . 0 . 5 . 10	18 0 0 10 8	-18 -100 0 +100 -20	17 7 0 2 8	11 0 0 6 5	-35 -100 0 +200 -38	5 0 0 3 2	7 0 0 4 3	+40 0 0 +33 +50

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-41. Dependent and neglected children held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

	В	th sex			Male			emale	
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	876	528	-40	491	265	-46	385	263	-32
REGION 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	00000	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	5 4 1	1 1 0	-80 -75 -100	2 2 0	1 1 0	-50 -50 0	3 2 1	0	-100 -100 -100
REGION 3	32 7 0 0 16 9	35 3 0 0 17 15 0	+9 -57 0 0 +6 +67	22 4 0 0 14 4 0	18 3 0 0 7 8 0	-18 25 0 0 -50 +100	10 3 0 0 2 5 0	17 0 0 0 10 7 0	+70 -100 0 0 +400 +40
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	108 22 28 28 0 0 0 0 30	44 20 6 9 0 1 0 2 6	-59 -9 -79 -68 0 * 0 *	61 10 19 18 0 0 0	18 10 3 2 0 0 0	-70 0 -84 -89 0 0 0 *	47 12 9 10 0 0 0	26 10 3 7 0 1 0	-45 -17 -67 -30 0 * 0 *
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	196 26 7 155 0 4	125 9 0 106 0 1	-36 -65 -100 -32 0 -75 +125	115 12 4 93 0 3 3	61 3 0 54 0 1 3	-47 -75 -100 -42 0 -67	81 14 3 62 0 1	64 6 0 52 0 0	-21' -57 -100 -16 0 -100 +500
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISTANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	121 82 25 0 0	57 28 18 0 3	-53 -66 -28 0 * -43	50 19 24 0 0	41 16 16 0 2 7	-18 -16 -33 0 *	71 63 1 0 0 7	16 12 2 0 1	-77 -81 +100 0 * -86
REGION 7	193 179 7 4 3	99 82 8 4 5	-49 -54 +14 0 +67	121 112 3 4 2	41 35 3 2 1	66 69 0 50 50	72 67 4 0 1	58 47 5 2 4	-19 -30 +25 * +300
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTÁNA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYCMING	5300020	9 0 1 0 0 8 0	+80 -100 * 0 0 +300	1 0 0 0 0 1	5 0 0 0 5 0	+400 0 0 0 0 +400	4 3 0 0 0 1 0	4 0 1 0 0 3 0	0 -100 * 0 0 +200
REGION 9	122 3 116 3 0	90 4 85 0 1	-26 +33 -27 -100 *	72 2 70 0 0	49 4 44 0 1	-32 +100 -37 0 *	50 1 46 3 0	41 0 41 0 0	-18 -100 -11 -100 0
REGION 10 ALASKAIDAHO OREGON. WASHINGTON.	94 0 5 4 85	68 0 0 15 53	-28 0 -100 +275 -38	47 0 3 3 41	31 0 0 7 24	-34 0 -100 +133 -41	47 0 2 1 44	37 0 0 8 29	-21 0 -100 +700 -34

^{*}Increase not definable.

Table B-42. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention—regions and States,

		l juveni	les	A d	ntion st djudicat elinguen	ed	supe	on in ne	
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	45,694 999	35,057 699	10,637	33,385 744	27,001 523	6,384	4,551 60	2,623 16	1,928
CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT.	189 172 217 197 130 94	136 143 156 143 77 44	53 29 61 54 53 50	167 170 107 153 118 29	118 143 56 115 68 23	49 27 51 38 50 6	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	3,122 1,200 1,922	2,443 963 1,480	679 237 442	1,590 843 747	1,411 708 703	179 135 44	683 0 683	400 0 400	283 0 283
REGION 3	5,366 234 546 1,472 1,343 1,406 365	4,103 155 469 1,131 1,071 990 287	1,263 79 77 341 272 416 78	3,912 208 323 740 1,018 1,283 340	3,118 133 291 662 852 912 268	794 75 32 78 166 371 72	582 0 63 519 0 0	340 0 44 296 0 0	242 0 19 223 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	8,328 413 2,126 1,482 494 624 1,334 530 1,325	6,338 299 1,678 1,148 387 494 887 385 1,060	1,990 114 448 334 107 130 447 145 265	6,558 371 1,210 1,337 330 577 1,282 523 928	5,096 276 1,015 1,057 303 461 853 379 752	1,462 95 195 280 27 116 429 144 176	933 0 497 0 110 0 9 0 317	684 0 380 0 43 0 6 0 255	249 0 117 0 67 0 3 0 62
REGION 5 ILLINOIS	8,552 1,711 888 1,603 701 2,868 781	6,539 1,452 649 1,124 545 2,140 629	2,013 259 239 479 156 728 152	6,869 1,407 631 1,102 623 2,443 663	5,475 1,262 464 825 496 1,876 552	1,394 145 167 277 127 567 111	200 84 0 0 0 88 28	93 33 0 0 0 44 16	107 51 0 0 0 44 12
REGION 6	4,635 497 1,257 340 443 2,098	3,761 360 1,052 282 298 1,769	874 137 205 58 145 329	3,971 451 1,134 225 324 1,837	3,277 332 952 202 227 1,564	694 119 182 23 97 273	179 0 0 93 86 0	114 0 0 61 53 0	65 0 0 32 33 0
REGION 7	1,992 344 392 1,020 236	1,468 225 285 811 147	524 119 107 209 89	1,542 226 281 888 147	1,189 161 215 697 116	353 65 66 191 31	104 00 38 0 66	54 0 33 0 21	50 0 5 0 45
REGION 8	1,208 427 210 86 115 243 127	847 320 141 58 93 165 70	361 107 69 28 22 78 57	927 208 208 81 101 202 127	687 198 140 58 84 137 70	240 \ 10 68 23 17 65 57	125 120 0 5 0 0	52 52 0 0 0 0	73 68 0 5 0 0
REGION 9	9,549 678 8,445 108 318	7,500 532 6,678 79 211	2,049 146 1,767 29 107	5,971 374 5,236 89 272	5,212 349 4,611 69 183	759 25 625 20 89	1,392 200 1,187 5 0	730 109 618 3 0	662 91 569 2 0
REGION 10	1,943 81 151 554 1,157	1,359 49 118 411 781	584 32 33 143 376	1,301 55 136 416 694	1,013 31 109 323 550	288 24 27 93 144	293 0 0 0 293	140 0 0 0 0 140	153 0 0 0 0 153

and correctional facilities, by detention status and sex midyear 1973

Held cour	pending dispos	ition	anothe	ng tran	ion status sfer to diction	١	nued) Voluntar Idmissio		Deper negle Both	dent an	d ildren
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	sexes	Male	Female
6,397	4,571	1,826	460	307	153	373	290	83	528	265	263
185	151 16	31	7 2	· 6	1	3	3	0	0	0	0
20 2	0	2	<i>i</i> ₹% 0	0 2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
104 44	95 28	9 16	3	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0
12 3	9	3	0	2	0	0	0 ,	0	0	0	, 0
531 342 189	383 244 139	148 98 50	13 7 6	8 3 5	5 !. 1	304 7 297	240 7 233	64 0 64	1 1 0	1 1 0	0
807	601	206	30	26	. 4	0 0	0	0	35 3	18 3	17 0
23 160	19 134	4 26	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0
213 284	173 192	40 92	0 24	0 20	0 4 ≈	0	0	0	17 15	7	10 7
107	69 14	38 6	1 5	1 5	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0
729	504	225	59	33 1	26	5	3	2	44 20	18 10	26 10
19 394	12 268	7 126	3 19	. 12	2 7 6	0	0	0 2	6 9	3	. 3
121 49	82 39	39 10	12 5	6	6 3 1	3	0	0	ó 1	0	7 0 1
42 39		12 13	4 2	3	2	0 2	2	0	. 0	0	0
5 60		0 18	0 14	9	· 5	0	0	0	2 6	2	4
1,210		392	121	72	49	27 0	20 0	7	125 9	61 3	64 6
195 240		50 70	16 3	9	7 2	14	14	0	0 106	0 54	0 52
310 72	194	116 26	80 2	49 1		5 4	2 2	2	0	0 1	0
320 73	209	111 19	16. 4	10 2		0 4	. 0		9	3	6
361		85	43	33	10	2/ ₁	20		57 28	41 16	16 12
14	10	4 21	3	1 1	0	4	4	0	18 0	16 0	2
21 15	. 19	2	1 5	2	. 3	0 10	. 6	4	3 8	2	1
21.	160	51	33	29 13		9	9		99	41	58
222 3	L 24	7	21 1	1	. 0	4 0	1	, _{fi} 0	82 8	35 3	5
50 11	3 32	13	7 13	10) 3	Ŏ	Č	0	4 5	2	2
1	8 9		18	10		3	: (3	9	5	. 4
12 8	9 66	5 23	9	I	. 5	1	(0 0	1	Ç) 1
	1 1		0	(0	0	(0 0	0	() 0
1 2	2 1	0 7 5 7 5	9		0 6 3 0 0	0	(0 0 0 2 0 0	8) 0 0 0 5 3
						3		0 3	90	49	
7	8 5	4 549 3 25 8 511	22 88	1	7 5 7 21	0) s	0 0	85 0 1	141 141	41
1,96 7 1,84	3 1,41 8 5 9 1,33 7	5 2 8 11	7	9 1 6	5 35 7 5 7 21 2 5 9 4	3		0 0	1		1 (
26	3 16	4 99	18	1		C)	0 0	68	3	1 37 0 0
26 2	26 1 15	8 8	16 3 C 5 C 8 10))	1 7 0 0 0 0 6 4	()	0 0	15		0 (7 {
11 10	13 7	5 38 2 47	3 .10) }	6 4 5 3	(0 0	53	2	4 29

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Table B-43. Adjudicated delinquents held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by offense—regions and States, midyear 1973

	•		Offense			
Region and State	Total	Felonies ¹	Misdemeanors ¹	Drug offenses	Status offenses	Not available
UNITED STATES	33,805	9,211	4,774	1,350	4,283	14,187
CONNECTICUT	744 167	148	161	64	74	297
MAINE	170	4 118	0	0	0	163
MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE	107	0	ŏ	8	11	27 107
RHODE ISLAND.	153 118	8 11	68	34	43	107
VERMONI	29	7	66 21	22 0	19 1	0
REGION 2. NEW JERSEY.	2,010	556	52	123	379	0
NEW YORK	1,263 747	556 0	48	123	379	900 157
REGION 3.	3,912	745 √	700	0	0	743
DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	208	29	700 11	107 2	625 41	1,735
MARYLAND.	323 740	61	8	15	41 · 0	125 239
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,018	28 1271	266 117	2	0	444
VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA	1,283	309	247	43 26	285 215	302 486
REGION 4.	340	47	51.	19	84	139
ALABAMA	6,558 371	1,588 96	967 120	114	803	3,086
FLORIDA GEORGIA	1,210	730	22	16 9	139 18	0
KENTUCKY.	1,337 330	104 200	368	35	195	431 635
MISSISSIPPI	577	179	41 40	5 11	11	73
NORTH CAROLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA.	1,282	261	370	35	63 374	284 242
TENNESSEE	523 918	0 18	0	0.	0	523
REGION 5.	6,869	1.704	991	3	3	898
ILLINOIS. INDIANA	1,407	153	121	296 19	948 182	2,930
MICHIGAN.	631 1,102	4 283	2	0	7	932 618
MINNESOTA	623	96	91 49	42 27	176	510
WISCONSIN	2,443 663	1,017	571	161	126 444	325 250
REGION 6	3,971	151 893	157	47	13	295
ARKANSAS.	451	81 81	176 55	79	301	2,522
NEW MEXICO.	1,134	62	24	7	22 15	286 1,026
OKLAHOMA	225 324	123 286	16 26	11	54	21
TEXAS	1,837	341	55	12 42	0 21.0	1 100
REGION 7.	1,542	605	291	42	275	1,189
KANSAS.	226 281	74 158	21	14	34	329 83
MISSOURI NEBRASKA	888	357	106 161	0 25	0	17
REGION 8.	147	16	3	3	224 17	121 108
COLORADO.	927 208	230	45	37	63	552
IONTANA	208	136 82	13 31	2	2	55
WORTH DAKOTA.	81	4	1	35 0	30 7	30 69
TAH.	101 202	8	0	0	0 -	101
YOMING	127	ŏ	Ö	0	2 <u>4</u> 0	170
EGION 9.		2,290	1,319	390		127
ALIFORNIA. 5	374 ,236 :	246 L,806	7,3	40	9	L,363 6
AWATI. EVADA	89	83	1,228	331	51.4	1,357
ECTON 10	272	155	14	1 18	1 85	7 0
LASKA.	301	452	72	98	206	473
DAHO	55 136	47 95	3 13	5	0	0
REGON. ASHINGTON.	416	202	9	13 3	13 59	2
	694	108	47	77	134	143 328

NOTE: Data include information on 420 male adults held in a New Jersey training school, but exclude information on the 1,869 youthful offenders held in 15 California facilities.

1 Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table B-44. Persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by offense—regions and States, midyear/1973

			Offe	ense		
Region and State	Total	Felonies ¹	Misdemeanors1	Drug offenses	Status offenses	Not available
UNITED STATES	4,551	59	60	50	1,567	2,815
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	60 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	59 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2. NEW JERSEY. NEW YORK.	683 0 683	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	35 0 35	648 0
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA. VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA	582 0 63 519 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	85 0 3 82 0 0	648 495 0 58 437 0
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA. TENNESSEE	933 0 497 0 110 0 9 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	276 0 75 0 109 0 1	656 0 422 0 1 0 7
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA. MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	200 84 0 0 0 88 28	6 0 0 0 0	3 1 0 0 0	4 4 0 0 0	91 151 65 0 0 0 69 17	226 36 14 0 0 0 18 4
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	179 0 0 93 86 0	0 0 0 0 0	14 0 0 0 0 14 0	0 0 0 0 0	142 0 0 70 72 0	23 0 0 23 0
REGION 7. IOWA. KANSAS. MISSOURI.	104 0 38 0 66	2 0 2 0 0	5 0 5 0	3 0 3 0	74 0 20 0 54	20 0 8 0
REGION 8	125 120 0 5 0 0	8 8 0 0 0 0	2 2 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	88 83 0 5 0	27 27 0 0 0
RECTON 9	,392 200 ,187 5 0	42 0 42 0 0	34 0 34 0	0 40 6 34 0	0 654 192 457 5 0	0 622 2 620 0
REGION 10 ALASKA IDAHO REGON. MASHINGTON.	293 0 0 0 0 293	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 2	3 0 0 0 0 3	288 0 0 0 0 288

¹Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table B-45. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

			Average len	gth of st	ay	·
	Detention	on center	and shelter	Recepti	on or diagnos	
Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
	-	days-			days	
INITED STATES	12	11	-8	53	30	-43
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT LAINE LAINE LAINE LASSACHUSETTS LEV HAMPSHIRE LHODE ISLAND.	11 5 0 17 0	11 5 0 19 0	0 0 0 +12 0 0	000	30 0 0 0 0 0	* 0 0 0
ERMONT BCION 2	0 16 15 17	0 18 19 16	0 +13 +27 -6	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
RECION 3. RELAWARE. ISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. ARYLAND. ENNSYLVANIA IRGINIA. REST VIRGINIA	18 30 37 7 16 13	17 11 58 14 10 12	-6 -63 +57 +100 -38 -8 +120	33 0 0 30 0 35 0	34 0 0 31 0 37 0	+3 0 0 +3 0 +6 0
REGION 4. LABAMA TLORIDA FEORGIA LENTUCKY. HISSISSIPPI ORTH CAROLINA. COUTH CAROLINA. PENNESSEE	10 11 18 4 6 8 6 6	10 10 9 16 12 7 7 12 4	-9 0 -18 -11 +200 +17 -13 +100 -33	45 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 45	34 0 0 0 41 20 0 45 21	-24 0 0 0 * * 0 0
EGION 5. LAINOIS. NDIANA ICHIGAN. INNESOTA HHO. ISONSIN	14 24 11 18 6 8	12 13 8 15 4 8	-14 -46 -27 -17 -33 0 +75	74 38 0 210 30 57	28 19 0 30 0 35 0	-62 -50 0 -86 -100 -39 0
EGION 6	7 4 8 24 4 5	10 26 10 6 4 8	+43 +550 +25 -75 0 +60	32 14 49 0 0	13 9 17 0 0	-59 -36 -65 0 0
EGION 7	10 10 14 8 7	10 9 17 6 6	0 -10 +21 -25 -14	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
EGION 8	6 8 2 3 10 4	5 8 2 4 8 3 0	-17 0 0 +33 -20 -25 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
ECION 9	8 6 9 4 6	9 4 10 9 4	+13 -33 +11 +125 -33	43 90 27 0	30 0 30 0	-30 -100 +11 0 0
ECION 10	8 25 17 7 5	5 3 6 7 5	-38 -88 -65 0	84 0 0 0 84	44 0 0 0 0	-48 0 0 0 -48

Table B-45. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility —regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973—continued

			·	Average le			
		Trair	ing school,	ranch,		fway house an up home ³	nd
Region and State		1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
region and prace		#7/1			17/1		cuange
			months			months	•
UNITED STATES	• • •	7.9	7.5	-5	7.2	6.2	-14
REGION 1	•, • •	6.8 7.0	7.0 4.0	+3 -43	0	4.0 0	* 0
MAINE		9.0	13.5	+50	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS		6.0 8.0	1.0 7.0	-83 -13	0	4.0 4.0	*
RHODE ISLAND		5.7	5.0	-12	0	0	0
VERMONT	• • • .	11.0	7.0 10.2	-36	0	0	0
REGION 2		9.6 11.5	12.3	+6 +7	7.7 4.0	6.2 6.5	-19 +63
NEW YORK		9.2	9.7	+5	8.3	6.1	-27
REGION 3 DELAWARE	• • •	8.5 7.0	9.3 11.0	+9 +57	8.1	7.3 6.0	-10 *
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.		9.0	9.3	+3	9.0	10.5	+17
MARYLAND		6.0 9.6	6.6 9.3	+10 3	8.0 14.0	7•3 0	-9 -100
VIRGINIA		11.1	11.6	+5	5.7	6.4	+12
WEST VIRGINIA		7.7	9.4	+22	-0	0	0
REGION 4		8.2 9.0	7.0 9.3	-15 +3	7.2	5.6 0	-22 0
FLORIDA		6.1	6.2	+2	7.7	4.6	-40 *
GEORGIA		8.3 6.0	6.4 5.4	-23 -10	5.0	10.3 5.0	*
MISSISSIPPI		10.0	7.5	-25	0	1.0	*
NORTH CAROLINA		10.0	8.1 7.0	-19 -36	0	7.0 7.0	*
TENNESSEE		7.0	7.6	+9	6.0	6.0	0
REGION 5	• • •	7.8 6.2	7.0 5.6	-10 -10	5.7 4.5	6.7 5.0	+18 +11
INDIANA		6.3	7.3	+16	Ò	7.0	*
MICHIGAN	• • •	10.6 7.7	8.0 4.5	-25 -42	6.0	5.3 6.0	-12 *
OHIO		9.1	8.6	-5	0	18.0	*
WISCONSIN	• • •	6.2 8.9	7.6	+23 -16	0	0 6.6	0 -36
ARKANSAS		7.3	7.5 6.7	-8 -10	10.3 9.0	5.0	-44 -44
LOUISIANA	• • •	8.0 10.5	7.8 5.5	-3 -48	0	6.0 0	* 0
OLTAHOMA		5.5	5.0	-9	0	0	0
TEXAS	• • •	11.4	9.7	-15	11.0	7.3	-34
REGION 7		8.9 7.7	8.1 7.7	-9 0	5.8 0	6.2 6.2	+7 *
KANSAS		14.5	11.4	-21	_	18.0	*
MISSOURI		8.2 9.5	6.9 8.0	-16 -16	5.8 0	5.4 0	-7 0
REGION 8		10.0	7.8	-22	6.0	6.0	0
COLORADO		7.3	6.3 8.0	−37 +10	0	3.0 0	*
NORTH DAKOTA	• • •	8.0	7.0	+13	6.0	4.7	-22
SOUTH DAKOTA	• • •	7.5	6.0 10.0	-20 0	0	0 8.3	0 *
WYOMING	• • •	17.5	11.5	-34	ŏ	2.0	0
REGION 9	• • •	6.4	6.3	-2 24	9.3	3.7	-60
ARIZONA	: : :	5.0 6.4	5.8 6.3	+16 -2	0 9.3	2.3 5.0	* -46
HAWAII	• • • • •	7.0	7.0 6.7	0 -13	0	0	0
NEVADA	• • •	7.7	8.1	دı- +4	6.0	0 8.8	+47
ALASKA		7.0	11.0	+57	0	. 0	0
IDAHO	• • •	7.0 4.8	6.0 3.8	-14 -21	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	• • •	10.0	11.5	+15	6.0	8.8	+47

NOTE: Average length of stay based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles: Pennsylvania (1971 only), New Jersey and California (1971 and 1973).

*Increase not definable.

*Exclude data for one facility in Kentucky in 1971.

*Exclude data for one facility in Florida and eight in Kentucky in 1971, and one facility in Indiana and one in Louisiana in 1973.

*Exclude data for one facility in New York, one in Mississippi, and three in Missouri in 1973.

*Data for three State group homes in North Dekota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-46. Public detention centers and shelters for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1973

(Average length of stay in days)

		Number of detention centers and shelters								
Region and State T		1-7	8-14 days	15-21 days	22-28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days	71 or more days	Average length of stay (days)
UNITED STATES	338	152	127	31	12	6	4	3	3	11
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	7 0 3 0 0	4 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	11 5 0 19 0 0
REGION 2	23 15 8	2 1 1	12 9 3	3 0 3	2 2 0	2 1 1	2 2 0	0	0	18 19 16
REGION 3	43 2 5 1 21 10 4	10 1 1 0 7 0	22 0 0 1 11 8 2	4 1 0 0 1 2	2000200	1 0 1 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0	2 0 1 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0 0	17 11 58 14 10 12 22
REGION 4 ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI MORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	58 3 19 13 6 4 8 1	28 2 7 2 5 3 5 0 4	20 0 12 3 0 1 3 1 0	8 1 0 7 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 10 9 16 12 7 7 12
INDIANA	69 11 8 22 3 19 6	25 2 4 5 3 10 1	29 ·4 3 11 0 7	8 2 1 4 0 1 0	4 3 0 1 0 0	2 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 0 0 1 0 0	12 13 8 15 4 8
ARKANSAS	30 4 7 2 4 13	20 2 3 1 4 10	6 1 3 1 0	1 0 0 0 0	2 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 0	10 26 10 6 4
REGION 7	18 3 5 8 2	10 2 1 6 1	5 0 3 1	2 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	10 9 17 6 6
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA MORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING.	15 5 1 1 7 0	11 2 1 0 7	4300100	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	5 8 2 4 8 3
ARIZONA	8	25 7 15 0 3	25 1 22 2 0	4 0 4 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	9 4 10 9
REGION 10	20 1 1 5	17 1 1 3 12	3 0 0 2 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	5 3 6 7 5

Table B-47. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents
—regions and States, fiscal 1973

(Average length of stay in days)

7				Number	of rec	eption	or diag	nostic	centers		
	Region and State	Total	1-7 days	8-14 days	15-21 days	22-28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days	71 or more days	Average length of stay (days)
	UNITED STATES	17	0	1	4	1	8	3	0	0	30
	REGION 1	1 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	30 0 0 0 0 30
	REGION 2	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0
	REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	2 0 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	34 0 0 31 0 37
	REGION 4 ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	. 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	34 0 0 0 41 20 0 45 21
	REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN.	3 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	28 19 0 30 0 35 0
	REGION 6	2 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	13 9 17 0 0
	REGION 7	. 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0
	REGION 8	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
	REGION 9	3 0 3 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	2 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	30 0 30 0 0
	REGION 10	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	44 0 0 0 44

Average length of stay based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.

Table B-48. Public training schools, ranches, length of stay of residents—

(Average length

		Num	ber of training	schools,
Region and State	Total	Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-9 months
UNITED STATES	290	7	117	107
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSEITS. NEW HAMPSHIRE.	8 1 2 1 2	1 0 0 1 0	3 1 0 0 0	3 0 1 0 1
RHODE ISLAND VERNONT. REGION 2 NEW JERSEY ² NEW YORK	1 20 4	0	0 4 0 4	7 1 6
DELAWARE DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	36 3 3 3 8 10 10	0 0	9 0 0 5 4 0	18 2 3 3 5
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	42 3 5 7 2 8 3	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	26 0 5 0 6 1 2 0	19 1 3 4 1 1 4 3 2
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MICHIGAN MINNESOTA DHIC MISCONSIN	51 15 4 7 6	1 0 0 0 1	22 13 1 0 4 3	20 22 5 1 6 4
REGION 6	21 3 5 2 4	0 0 0 0	11 2 1 4 3	4 2 1 1 0 0
REGION 7		1 0 0 1 0	3 1 2 0	14 2 0 10 2
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA MORTH DAKOTA ³ SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING	13 4 3 1 2	0 0 0 0 0	5 3 1 0 1	4 1 1 1 1 0
REGION 9	64 4 56 1	1 0 1 0 0	40 4 35 0	17 0 14 1 2
REGION 10	13 1 1 5	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 3 0	1 0 0 0 0

Data were not available for two facilities established during fiscal year 1973.

Average length of stay based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.

Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by average regions and States, fiscal 1973

of stay in months)

ranches, 1 10-12	forestry camps, a		25 00	Not	Average
nonths	months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available ¹	length of stay (months)
35	20	2	0	2	7.5
0	1	0	0	Ō	7.0
0	0 1	0	0	0	4.0
Ö	0	ŏ	0	0	13.5 1.0
0	Ö	0	0 0 0	0	7.0
0	0 0 0	0	0	0	5.0 7.0
		0	0	0	
1 3	4	1	0	0	10.2
1 ·	2 2	0 1	0 0	0.0	12.3
					9.7
4	4 1 0	1 0	0	0	9.3 11.0
1	ò	Ö	0	. 0	9.3
.0	0	0	0	0	6.6
1	2	0	. 0	. 0	9.3
0	1	1	0	0	9.3 6.6 9.3 11.6
2	0	0		0	9.4
6	0	0	0	0	7.0 9.3 6.2
2	0	0	0 0	0	9.3
ō	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	0	6.1
0	0	0	0	Ō	5.4
0	0	. 0	0	0	7-5
2	0	0	0	0	8.1
0	0	0	0	0	5.4 7.5 8.1 7.0 7.6
4		0	0		7.0
Õ	3 0 0 0	0	0	1	5.6
0	0	0	0	1	7.3
2	0	0	0	<u>o</u>	8.0
2	0	0 0	0	0	4.5 8.6
Õ	3	Ö	0	0	7.6
4	1	0	0	1	
0	0	0	0	ō	7.5 6.7 7.8
1	0	0	0	1	7.8
0	0	0	0	0	5.5
3	1		0	0	5.0 9.7
1		0	o	0	
ō	3 0 3 0	Ö	Ö	0	8.1 7.7
0	3	0	0	0	11.4
1	0	0	0	0	6.9
0	0	0	0	0	8.0
4	0	0	0	0	7.8
1	0	0	0	0	6.3
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	8.0 7.0 6.0
1	0	0	0	0	10.0
2	0	0	0	0.	11.5
4	2 0 2	0	0	<u>o</u>	6.3
U	, 0	0	0	0	5.8
4	ő	. 0	Ö	Ö	7.0
Ö	Õ	, o	ŏ	ŏ	5.8 6.3 7.0 6.7
4	2	0.	0	0	8.1
4 1 0 0	2 0 0 0	0	0	0	11.0
0	0	0	0	0	11.0 6.0
3	0 2	U	0	0	3.8 11.5

Table B-49. Public halfway houses and group of residents—regions

(Average length

			(Avera	(Average length		
Region and State	Total	Less than 3 months	Number 9 3-6 months	of halfway 7-9 months		
UNITED STATES	149	15	82	27		
REGION 1	3 0 0 0 2	1 0 0 1 0 0	2 0 0 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0		
REGION 2		1 0 1	25 4 21	7 1 6		
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 0 0 0 0	7 1 3 0 2	3 0 0 0 0 3		
REGION 4 ALABAMA FIORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE		4 0 3 0 0 1 0 0	16 0 12 1 2 0 0	2 0 0 0 0 0 0		
INDIANA	1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15 1 0 12 2 0 0	3 0 1 2 0 0		
ARKANSAS		1 0 0 0 0 0	2 1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0		
REGION 7		4 1 0 3 0	9 2 0 7 0	4 0 0 4 0		
REGION 8		1 0 0 1 0 0 0	2 1 0 1 0 0	4 0 0 1 0 3		
REGION 9	6 	3 2 1 0	2 1 0 0	1 0 1 0 0		
REGION 10	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 5	0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0		

¹Data were not available for five facilities established during fiscal year 1973. ²Exclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

homes for juveniles, by average length of stay and States, fiscal 1973

of stay in months)

houses and group homes				-	Average
10-12 months	13-18 months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available ¹	length of stay (months)
13	6	1	0	5	6.2
0	0 0	0	0	0 0	4.0 0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0 0	0.11	0	4.0
0	0	. 0	0	0	4.0 0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
5 0	1 1	0 0	0	1 0	6.2 6.5
5	ō	Ŏ	ŏ	ĭ	6.1
0	2 0	0	0	0	7.3 6.0
0	1	0	0	0 0	10.5
0	1 0	0	0	0	7.3 0.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.4
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
3 0 0 3	1	0	0 0	10	5.6 0.0
0	1	0	0	0	1.6
0	0	0	0	0	10.3 5.0
0	0	0	0	1	1.0
0	0	0 0	0	0 0	7.0 7.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
. 0	0	1 0	0 0	0	6.7
0	0	0	0	0	5.0 7.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.3 6.0
1	0	1	0	0	18.0
0	0	0	Ø 0	0	0.0
1 0	0	0	0 0	0	6.6 5.0
0.	0	0	0	0	6.0
0 ⁽⁷⁾	. 0 0	0	0	0	0.0
1	0	0.	0	0	7.3
2 2	1 0	0	0 0	3	6.2
0	1	0	0	0	6.2 18.0
0	0	0	0	3 0	5.4
0	Ō	۰ 0	0	0	0.0 6.0
0	0 n	0	9	, 0	3.0
0	0	0		0	0.0
0	0	Ō	0	Ō	ő.ó
0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	4.7 0.0 8.3 0.0
					3.7
0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	3.7 2.3 5.0 0.0 0.0
Ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	5.0 0.0
	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0			0.0
0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0	O O O O	0 0 0 0 0	8.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.8
ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0

Table B-50. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by employment status—regions and States, midyear 1973

·				Empl cyme	nt status				
Region and State	Total	Tota Payroll	l staff Nonpayroll	Total	Full-time s Payroll	staff Nonpayroll	Total	Part-time s Payroll	taff Nonpayroll
UNITES STATES	44, 845	41,115	3,730	39,216	37,846	1,370	5,629	3,269	2,360
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	1,396 377 313 271 157 173 105	1,334 372 301 230 157 169 105	62 5 12 41 0 4	1,244 315 270 243 147 165 104	1,218 314 270 221 147 162 104	26 1 0 22 0 3	152 62 43 28 10 8	116 58 31 9 10 ~ 7	36 4 12 19 0
REGION 2	4,058 1,506 2,552	3,929 1,431 2,498	129 75 54	3,649 1,344 2,305	3,566 1,295 2,271	83 49 34	409 162 247	363 136 227	46 26 20
REGION 3. DELAWARE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. MARYLAND. PENNSYLVANIA. VIRGINIA. WEST VIRGINIA	4,979 367 547 1,042 1,640 1,090 293	4,612 229 534 1,009 1,500 1,055 285	367 138 13 33 140 35 8	4,429 236 536 1,007 1,425 976 249	4,336 225 525 1,002 1,371 966 247	93 11 11 5 54 10	550 131 11 35 215 114 44	276 4 9 7 129 89 38	274 127 2 28 86 25 6
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENUTCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA. TENNESSEE	6,694 364 2,208 1,106 577 336 850 460 793	6,044 327 1,815 1,033 526 295 824 450 774	650 37 393 73 51 41 26 10	6,026 312 1,808 1,053 530 289 813 444 777	5,817 296 1,756 1,001 495 276 797 434 762	209 16 52 52 35 13 16 10	668 52 400 53 47 47 37 16 16	227 31 59 32 31 19 27 16	441 21 341 21 16 28 10 0
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	9,092 2,230 671 1,603 840 2,874 874	8,398 2,127 657 1,525 731 2,552 806	694 103 14 78 109 322 68	7,890 2,064 586 1,328 710 2,422 780	7,676 2,038 579 1,302 692 2,331 734	214 26 7 26 18 91 46	1,202 166 85 275 130 452 94	722 87 78 223 39 221 72	480 77 7 52 91 231 22
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHOMA. TEXAS	3,826 284 858 246 536 1,902	3,507 273 817 242 399 1,776	319 11 41 4 137 126	3,468 272 781 242 451 1,722	3,382 264 775 240 392 1,711	86 8 6 2 59	358 12 77 4 85 180	125 9 42 2 7 65	233 3 35 2 78 115
REGION 7	2,382 527 476 1,154 225	2,157 492 427 1,016 222	225 35 49 138 3	2,104 471 453 996 184	1,970 449 411 926 184	134 22 42 70 0	278 56 23 158 41	187 43 16 90 38	91 13 7 68 3
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	1, 234 481 193 91 89 282 98	1,189 458 193 80 86 274 98	45 23 0 11 3 8 0	1,051 437 176 71 78 197 92	1,037 426 176 71 76 196	14 11 0 0 2 1	183 44 17 20 11 85 6	152 32 17 9 10 78 6	31 12 0 11 1 7
REGION 9	8,532 498 7,630 114 290	7,845 466 7,003 108 268	687 32 627 6 22	7,325 457 6,485 109 274	6,941 440 6,134 103 264	384 17 351 6 10	1,207 41 1,145 5 16	904. 26 869 5 4	303 15 276 0 12
REGION 10	2,652 193 113 675 1,671	2,100 114 113 599 1,274	552 79 0 76 397	2,030 141 107 547 1,235	1,903 114 107 530 1,152	127 27 0 17 83	622 52 6 128 436	197 0 6 69 122	425 52 0 59 314

Table B-51. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	39,521	39,216	-1
REGION 1		1,244	-28
CONNECTICUT	• • • 339 • • • 262	31 <i>5</i> 270	-7 +3
MASSACHUSETTS	740	243	-67
NEW HAMPSHIRE	156 113	147 165	6 +46
**************************************	109	104	-5
REGION 2	3,881.	3,649	- 6
NEW JERSEY.	1,191 2,690	1,344 2,305	+13 -14
REGION 3	4,452	4,429	1
DELAWARE	191	236	+2/ ₄
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. MARYLAND.	• • • 494 • • • 946	536 1,007	+9 +6
PENNSYLVANIA	1,747	1,425	-18
VIRGINIA	840 234	976 249	+16 +6
REGION 4	5,687	6,026	+6
ALABAMA	320	312	-3 -1
FLORIDA	1,829 934	1,808 1,053	-1 +13
KENTUCKY	582	530	-9
MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA	261 • • • 797	289 81.3	+11 +2
SOUTH CAROLINA	318	444	+40
TENNESSEE	• • • 646	777	+20
REGION 5	8,512 2,279	7,890 2,064	-7 -9
INDIANA	497	586	+18
MICHIGAN	1,623 822	1,328 710	-18 -14
OKIO	2,423	2,422	(z)
WISCONSIN	868	780	-10
REGION 6	2,986 233	3,468 272	+16 +17
LOUISIANA	654	781	+19
NEW MEXICO	265 362	242 451	9 +25
TEXAS	1,472	1,722	+17
REGION 7	1,863	2,104	+13 "
IOWA	558 305	471 453	-16 +49
MISSOURI	802	996	+24
NEBRASKA	198	184	-7
REGION 8	• • 976 • • 339	1,051 437	+8 +29
MONTANA	180	176	-2
NORTH DAKOTA	· · · 77	71 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	-8 -23
UTAH	186	197	+6
WYOMING	• • • 93	92	-1
REGION 9	7,464 346	7,325 457	2 +32
CALIFORNIA	6,755	6,485	-4
HAWAII.	· · · 114 · · · 249	109 274	-4 × +10
REGION 10	1,981	2,030	+2
ALASKA	• • • 144	141	-2
IDAHO	• • • 105 • • • 493	107 547	+2 +11
WASHINGTON		1,235	(z)

⁽Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-52. Full-time and part-time payroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973

	Full-time								
Region and State	Total	Administrative	Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other				
	37,846	4,780	11,143	15,975	5,948				
UNITED STATES REGION 1	1,218 314 270 221 147 162	133 27 31 36 13	254 34 65 44 52 30	642 204 135 96 61 100	189 49 39 45 21				
VERMONT	104 3,566 1,295	9 467 159 308	29 730 258 472	46 1,733 652 1,081	20 636 226 410				
NEW YORK. REGION 3	2,271 4,336 225 525 1,002 1,371 966 247	24 24 34 89 200 100 33	1,581 50 286 351 539 296	1,618 127 137 372 417 475 90	657 24 68 190 215 95 65				
REGION 4. ALABAMA FIORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CARCLINA SOUTH CARCLINA TENNESSEE	5,817 296 1,756 1,001 495 276 797 434 762	662 444 243 108 84 22 60 32 69	1,655 101 384 347 142 95 240 143 203	2,401 108 794 397 188 85 362 175 292	1,099 43 335 149 81 74 135 84				
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	7,676 2,038 579 1,302 692 2,331 734	1,073 242 102 180 91 362 96	2,058 419 134 345 387 536 237	3,358 1,057 274 628 108 1,008 283	1,187 320 69 149 106 425 118				
REGION 6	3,382 264 775 240 392 1,711	356 30 91 39 51 145	995 113 199 51 75 557	1,512 105 310 126 186 785	519 16 175 24 80 224				
REGION 7	1,970 449 411 926 184	242 57 44 121 20	544 142 115 234 53	822 166 181 399 76	362 84 71 172 35				
REGION 8	1,037 426 176 71 76 196 92	1777 103 17 5 8 33 11	366 189 45 24 24 25 28	332 77 73 30 33 84 35	162 57 41 12 11 23 18				
REGION 9	6,941 440 6,134 103 264	944 68 832 9 35	2,525 195 2,240 10 80	2,601 145 2,262 70 124	871 32 800 14 25				
REGION 10	1,903 114 107 530 1,152	246 17 9 47 173	435 20 35 125 255	956 69 40 278 569	266 8 23 80 155				

Table B-52. Full-time and part-time payroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position —regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

	Part-time								
legion and State	Total.	Administrative	Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other				
UNITED STATES	3,269	187	1,143	1,579	360				
REGION 1	116 58 31 9 10 7	4 0 1 1 2 0	61 19 22 6 7 6	47 39 5 2 1 0	4 0 3 0 0 0				
REGION 2	363 136 227	7 5 2	111 39 72	203 71 132	42 21 21				
REGION 3	276 4 9 7 129 89 38	21 3 0 0 8 6 4	96 1 9 7 37 26 16	127 0 0 0 74 50 3	32 0 0 0 10 7 15				
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI MORPH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	227 31 59 32 31 19 27 16	13 0 8 1 0 4 0 0	82 15 2 22 18 13 1 3 8	100 10 36 8 9 0 24 13	32 6 13 1 4 2 2 0 4				
REGION 5	722 89 78 223 39 221 72	39 1 11 16 1 10	261 39 24 72 21 63 42	317 37 42 104 7 111 16	105 12 1 31 10 37 14				
REGION 6	125 9 42 2 7 65	3 0 0 0 2	48 2 10 2 3 31	54 5 25 0 2	20 2 7 0 0				
REGION 7	187 43 16 90 38	19 6 0 12	47 5 7 27 8	93 21 7 38 27	28 11 2 13 2				
REGION 8	152 32 17 9 10 78 6	12 0 0 0 0 0 9	40 11 4 5 3 15 2	77 12 9 4 6 45	23 9 4 0 1 9				
REGION 9	904 26 869 5 4	59 0 58 1 0	363 20 339 3	425 6 418 1 0	57 0 54 0 3				
REGION 10	197 0 6 69 122	10 0 1 7	34 0 2 5 27	136 0 3 47 86	17 0 0 0 10 7				

Table B-53. Full-time and part-time nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973

		Full-time						
Region and State	Total	Administrative	Treatment and educational	Personal. custody	Other			
UNITED STATES	1,370	99	1,061	133	77			
REGION 1	. 26	2	7	11	6			
CONNECTICUT	. 1	0	1	0	0			
MASSACHUSETTS	22	2	3	11	6			
NEW HAMPSHIRE	. 0 . 3	0 0	0 3	0	0			
VERMONT	. 6	Ŏ	ó	Ö	0			
REGION 2	. 83	8	59	16	0			
NEW JERSEY	• 49 • 34	6 2	43 16	0 16	Ö			
REGION 3	93	7	69	11	6			
DELAWARE	. 11 11	1 3	9	8	1			
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	. 5	0	5	0	0			
PENNSYLVANIA	• 54 10	3	44	2 1	5 0			
VIRGINIA	. 10 . 2	Ö	9 2	ō	ŏ			
REGION 4	209	12	157	20	20			
ALABAMA	. 16 . 52	0	16 50	0	0 2			
GEORGIA	• 52	3	19	15	15			
KENTUCKY	• 35 • 13	4	30 12	0	1			
NORTH CAROLINA	. 16	O	16	0	0			
SOUTH CAROLINA	• 10 • 15	4	4 10	0 5	2			
REGION 5	. 214	12	163	26	13			
ILLINOIS	. 26	1 0	23	1	1			
INDIANA	· 7	3	4 16	3 5 0	. 2			
MINNESOTA	. 18 • 91	1 7	17 69	0 5	0			
OHIO	. 46	ó	34	ıź	ŏ			
REGION 6	. 86	4	78	4	0			
ARKANSAS	. 8	0 2 o	8 3	0	0			
NEW MEXICO	. 2	0	0	2	0			
OKILAHOMA	• 59 • 11	0	59 8	0	0			
REGION 7.	. 134	2	105	26	1			
IOWA	. 22	0	20	2	0			
KANSAS	• 42 • 70	0 2	42 43	24	1			
NEBRASKA	• 0	0	0	0	0			
REGION 8	. 14	0	12 9	2	0			
MONTANA	. 0	0	0	0	0			
NORTH DAKOTA	. 0	0	0 2 1	0	0			
UTAH	. 1	0		0	0			
WYOMING	• 0	0	0	0	0			
REGION 9	. 384 . 17	42 0	307 17	12 0	23 0			
CALIFORNIA	351	42	274	12 0	23			
HAWAII	. 10	0	6 10	0	ŏ			
REGION 10	. 127	10	104	5	8			
ALASKA	. 27 . 0	0	25 0	2 0	0 0			
IDAHO	. 17	0	11	0	6			
WASHINGTON	. 83	10	68	3	2			

Table B-53. Full-time and part-time nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

	Part-time Part-time							
Region and State	Total	Administrative	Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other			
UNITED STATES	2,360	68	1,789	288	215			
REGION 1	36 4 12 19 0	0 0 0 0 0	36 4 12 19 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0			
REGION 2	46 26 20	5 2 3	35 22 13	5 1 4	1 1 0			
REGION 3	274 127 2 28 86 25 6	5 0 2 0 3 0	256 127 0 26 79 21 3	7 0 2 1 4	6 0 0 0 3 0 3			
REGION 4. ALABAMA	441 21 341 21 16 28 10 0 4	15 0 10 0 1 4 0	375 21 297 16 10 18 9	46 0 34 3 3 6 0	5 0 2 2 0 1 0 0			
REGION 5	480 77 7 52 91 231 22	4 0 1 3 0 0	319 11 6 45 10 228 19	17 6 0 3 6 0 2	140 60 0 1 75 3			
REGION 6	233 3 35 2 78 115	5 1 1 2 0	201 2 23 0 65	22 0 11 0 11 0	5 0 0 1 0 4			
REGION 7	91 13 7 68 3	5 2 0 3 0	70 10 7 50 3	15 1 0 14 0	1 0 0 1 0			
REGION 8	31 12 0 11 1 7 0	8 0 0 5 0 3	21 11 0 5 1 4	0 0 0 0 0	2 1 0 1 0 0			
REGION 9	303 15 276 0 12	16 2 14 0	217 9 196 0 12	19 0 19 0 0	51 4 47 0			
REGION 10	425 52 0 59 314	5 0 0 0	259 52 0 56 151	157 0 0 0 0 157	4 0 0 3 1			

Table B-54. Number of full-time and part-time payroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Total	Adminis- trative	o Treatment and edu- cational	Personal custody	Other
	1,919	153	618	8118	300
UNITED STATES	70 25 10 0 0 30 5	5 1 2 0 0 1	9220032	48 15 6 0 0 26	8 7 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	229 70 159	27 5 22	64 16 48	89 25 64	49 24 25 37
REGION 3	226 14 58 64 40 45 5	14. 4 4 1 4 0	100 2 38 32 16 10 2	75 6 12 13 14 30 0	18 6 5 2
RECION 4. ALABAMA FIORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA. SCUTH CAROLINA. TENNESSEE	159 7 32 13 41 3 42 0 21	14 2 0 3 0 3 0 5	67 2 19 7 16 3 12 0	2 10 3 18 0 22 0 3	2 1 3 4 0 5 0 5
REGION 5. JLLINOIS. JNDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	399 106 23 52 8 198	28 1 4 7 3 12 1	112 20 5 13 5 61 8	80 7 24 0 69 2	57 8 0 56 1
REGION 6	326 15 34 17 37 223	10 1 3 2 3 1	83 4 6 7 12 54	7 16 7 14 137	3 9 1 8 31
REGION 7	89 45 22 13 9	9 5 1 3 0	20 6 7 1	17 9 0 8	3 6 3 0
REGION 8	20 12 1 2 1 1 3	2 0 0 0 0	13 7 1 0 1 1 3	5 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 9	278 58 209 8 3		73 13 56 2 2 63	144 39 101 3 1	32 3 26 3 0
REGION 10	123 4 12 21 86	1 2	0 4 7 52	3 1 11 11 17	13 0 6 1 6

Table B-54. Number of full-time and part-time payroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

				Part-time			
	Region and State	Total.	Adminis- trative	Treatment and edu- cational	Personal custody	Other	
	UNITED STATES	130	4	34	69	23	
	REGION 1	6 6 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	5 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	
	REGION 2	15 2 13	1 0 1	5 1 4	8 0 8	1 1 0	
	REGION 3	4000220	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 2 0	2 0 0 0 2 0	0 0 0 0 0	
	REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	5 0 0 3 2 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	5 0 0 3 2 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	
	REGION 5	37 1 8 11 0 17	0 0 0 0 0	7 1 3 1 0 2	21 0 5 10 0 6	9 0 0 0 0 9	
	REGION 6	10 0 2 1 0 7	0 0 0 0	5 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	4 0 1 0 2	
	REGION 7	7 0 0 1 6	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 6	1 0 0 1	
•	REGION 8. COLORADO. MONTANA. NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING.	6 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0000	6 6 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	
	REGION 9	35 0 35 0	2 0 2 0	8 0 8 0 0	19 . 0 19 0	6 6 0	
	REGION 10	5° 0 0 3 2	00000	2 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	2 0 0 2 0	

Table B-55. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and per capita operating expenditures

	All expenditures Capital expenditures						
			Percent			Percent	
Region and State	1971	1973	change	1971	1973	change	
	thou	sands		thous	ands	a a	
UNITED STATES	456.474	483,941	+6	47.365	30.127	-36	
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. HHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	17.647 3.568 2,717 7.732 1,000 1,299 1,331	14,963 3,776 3,297 2,597 1,771 2,086 1,436	-15 +6 +21 -66 +77 +61 +3	676 47 205 393 21 11	781 38 311 13 127 238	+16 -19 +52 -97 +505 +2,064	
REGION 2	49,627	54,696	+10	7,041	6, 145	-13	
	14,120	17,707	+25	1,249	2, 324	+86	
	35,507	36,988	+4	5,792	3, 821	-34	
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ² MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA ³ VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	50,851	53,493	+5	4,158	3,321	-20	
	1,817	3,370	+85	30	1,352	+4,407	
	5,773	6,770	+17	7	184	+2,529	
	10,395	12,061	+16	547	364	-33	
	22,968	19,526	-15	2,605	133	-95	
	8,076	8,850	+10	907	393	-57	
	1,822	2,916	+60	62	895	+1,344	
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENIUCKY ⁴ . MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	51,411 2,956 14,790 7,818 4,359 2,111 9,506 4,027 5,844	61, %60 2,590 19,204 12,224 4,080 2,537 9,970 3,666 7,090	+19 -12 +30 +56 -6 +20 +5 -9 +21	5,514 660 1,608 374 270 331 2,087 1	5,528 124 1,424 2,534 78 189 560 511 107	(2) -81 -11 +578 -71 -43 -73 +51,000	
REGION 5 ILLINOIS ILLINOIS INDIA NA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN	104,069	101,405	-3	11,311	3,181	-72	
	27,466	27,229	-1	1,063	196	-82	
	6.435	6,507	+1	2,045	1,511	-26	
	21,958	17,912	-18	1,993	103	-95	
	9,277	10,835	+17	589	718	+22	
	25,571	27,539	+8	1,934	566	-71	
	13,362	11,383	-15	3,688	87	-98	
REGION 6	27,082	30,552	+13	3,971	1,309	-67	
	1,939	2,172	+12	225	154	-32	
	6,047	6,727	+11	918	154	-83	
	2,143	2,807	+31	41	126	+207	
	3,330	3,948	+19	927	633	-32	
	13,623	14,898	+9	1,861	242	-87	
REGION 7	17,853	20,741	+16	1,341	2,245	+67	
	6,071	4,934	-19	467	113	-76	
	3,558	4,500	+26	580	468	-19	
	6,358	9,356	+47	287	1,648	+474	
	1,866	1,951	+5	7	16	+129	
REGION 8	10,716	13,431	+25	433	337	-22	
	3,971	5,669	+43	180	54	-70	
	1,873	2,026	+8	152	44	-71	
	785	878	+12	20	64	+220	
	922	998	+8	26	71	+173	
	2,107	2,679	+27	33	91	+176	
	1,058	1,182	+12	22	14	-36	
REGION 9 ARIZONA. GALIFORNIA ⁶ HAWAII NEVADA	97,013	107,594	+11	5,619	5,181	-8	
	3,562	6,929	+95	241	1,850	+668	
	88,427	95,881	+8	4,469	3,292	-26	
	1,342	1,190	-11	19	5	-74	
	3,682	3,594	-2	890	34	-96	
REGION 10	30, 205	25,708	-15	7,301	2,099	-71	
	3, 110	3,479	+12	732	1,800	+146	
	1, 177	1,283	+9	200	69	-67	
	6, 018	6,154	+2	41	128	+212	
	19, 900	14,791	-26	6,319	102	-98	

and correctional facilities, average population, —regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

in dollars)

Expenditures Operating expenditures			Ave	Average population			Per capita operating expenditures		
1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	
thous	ands								
409, 109	453,814	+11 🗢	758,539	47,385	-19	76,989	9,577	+37	
16,970 3,521 2,512 7,339 979 1,288 1,331	14,182 3,738 2,986 2,584 1,644 1,848	-16 +6 +19 -65 +68 +43 +4	1,779 227 257 762 191 182 160	1,093 194 219 207 204 142 127	-39 -15 -15 -73 +7 -22 -20	9,539 15,511 9,775 9,632 5,126 7,076 8,319	12,975 19,268 13,634 12,480 8,057 13,015 10,882	+36 +24 +39 +30 +57 +84 +31	
42,586	48,551	+14	4,441	3,489	-21	9,589	13,915	+45	
12,871	15,384	+20	1,743	1,586	-9	7,384	9,699	+31	
29,716	33,168	+12	2,698	1,903	-29	11,014	17,429	+58	
46,695 1,787 5,766 9,848 20,364 7,169 1,759	50,172 2,017 6,586 11,697 19,393 8,458 2,021	+7 +13 +14 +19 -5 +18 +15	6,643 413 772 1,320 2,205 1,529 404	5,136 232 548 1,436 1,273 1,307 340	-23 -44 -29 +9 -42 -15	7,029 4,326 7,469 7,461 9,235 4,689 4,355	9,768 8,694 12,017 8,145 15,234 6,470 5,945	+39 +101 +61 +9 +65 +38 +37	
45.897	55,832	+22	10,214	8,235	-19	4,494	6,779	+51	
2.296	2,466	+7	565	472	-16	4,064	5,224	+29	
13.182	17,781	+35	2,586	2,180	-16	5,098	8,156	+60	
7.444	9,690	+30	1,504	1,401	-7	4,949	6,916	+40	
4.089	4,002	-2	987	465	-53	4,143	8,606	+108	
1,780	2,347	+32	548	622	+14	3,248	3,773	+16	
7,419	9,409	+27	1,919	1,267	-34	3,866	7,426	+92	
4,025	3,154	-22	781	580	-26	5,154	5,438	+6	
5,661	6,983	+23	1,324	1,249	-6	4,276	5,590	+31	
92,758	98,223	+6	11,605	8,428	-27	7,993	11,654	+46	
26,403	27,033	+2	2,716	1,753	-35	9,721	15,420	+59	
4,391	4,996	+14	1,066	823	-23	4,119	6,070	+47	
19,965	17,809	-11	2,161	1,548	-28	9,239	11,504	+25	
8,689	10,117	+16	891	709	-20	9,752	14,269	+46	
23,637	26,973	+14	3,639	2,815	-23	6,495	9,581	+48	
9,675	11,295	+17	1,132	780	-31	8,546	14,481	+69	
23,111	29,242	+27	5,688	4,734	-17	4,063	6,177	+52	
1,714	2,017	+18	526	494	-6	3,258	4,083	+25	
5,129	6,573	+28	1,436	1,199	-17	3,571	5,482	+54	
2,103	2,681	+27	363	306	-16	5,793	8,762	+51	
2,403	3,314	+38	404	412	+2	5,948	8,044	+35	
11,762	14,656	+25	2,959	2,323	-21	3,975	6,309	+59	
16,513	18,495	+12	2,285	2,056	-10	7,227	8,995	+24	
5,605	4,821	-14	535	404	-24	10,476	11,932	+14	
2,977	4,032	+35	417	394	-6	7,140	10,232	+43	
6,071	7,707	+27	1,064	1,041	-2	5,706	7,403	+30	
1,860	1,935	+4	269	217	-19	6,913	8,919	+29	
10,283	13.094	+27	1,456	1,209	-17	7,063	10,830	+53	
3,791	5.615	+48	456	430	-6	8,313	13,057	+57	
1,720	1,982	+15	222	218	(z)	7,750	9,093	+17	
765	814	+6	126	90	-28	6,072	9,043	+49	
896	927	+3	175	102	-42	5,119	9,083	+77	
2,075	2,589	+25	330	253	-23	6,287	10,232	+63	
1,036	1,168	+13	147	116	-21	7,049	10,067	+43	
71,394	102,413	+12	12,174	11,129	-9	7,507	9,202	+23	
3,321	5,080	+53	628	708	+13	5,268	7,174	+36	
83,958	92,589	+10	10,961	9,998	-9	7,260	9,261	+21	
1,323	1,185	-10	98	115	+17	13,495	10,303	-24	
2,792	3,560	+28	487	308	-37	5,733	11,557	+102	
22,903	23,609	+3	2,254	1,875	-17	10,161	12,591	+24	
2,378	1,679	-29	136	83	-39	17,486	20,233	+16	
968	1,215	+26	171	111	-35	5,658	10,941	+93	
5,976	6,026	+1	591	526	-11	10,112	11,457	+13	
13,581	14,689	+8	1,356	1,155	-15	10,016	12,717	+27	

MO^IE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding.

* Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Average population for New Jersey was based on all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles, in both 197: and 1973.

Bata on operating expenditures for 3 District of Columbia facilities were incomplete in 1971.

Average population for Fernsylvania was based on all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles, in 1971.

^{*}Data on operating expenditures for 1 Kentucky facility were incomplete in 1973.

**Exclude data on capital expenditures for 5 Missouri facilities in 1973. Data on 1973 operating expenditures in these same 5 facilities were incomplete.

*Average population for California was based on all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles, in both 1971 and 1973. Data on capital expenditures in the 15 California facilities were not reported in 1971 and were limited to outlays for equipment only in 1973.

*Figure differs slaghtly from that given in Text Table 35, because different methods were used in computing average population.

Table B-56. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of expenditure —regions and States, fiscal 1973

(In thousands of dollars)

	Operating expenditures				ures
Region and State	All expenditures	Capital expenditures	Total	Gross salarie and wages	s Other
UNITED STATES	483,941	30,127	453,814	346,290	107,525
REGION 1	. 14,963 . 3,776 . 3,297 . 2,597 . 1,771 . 2,086 . 1,436	781 38 311 13 127 238 53	14,182 3,738 2,986 2,584 1,644 1,848 1,382	11,225 3,094 2,459 1,963 1,281 1,498	2,956 644 527 621 363 350 451
REGION 2	54,696 17,707 36,988	6,145 2,324 3,821	48,551 15,384 33,168	36,288 12,444 23,844	12,263 2,940 9,323
REGION 3	. 53,493 . 3,370 . 6,770 . 12,061 . 19,526 . 8,850 . 2,916	3,321 1,352 184 364 133 393 895	50,172 2,017 6,586 11,697 19,393 8,458 2,021	37,658 1,584 5,550 9,719 12,849 6,568 1,389	12,514 434 1,036 1,978 6,544 1,890
REGION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CARCLINA SOUTH GARCLINA TENNESSEE	. 61,360 . 2,590 . 19,204 . 12,224 . 4,080 . 2,537 . 9,970 . 3,666 . 7,090	5,528 124 1,424 2,534 78 189 560 511	55, 832 2, 466 17, 781 9, 690 4, 002 2, 347 9, 409 3, 154 6, 983	40,217 1,668 13,506 7,038 2,741 1,766 6,396 2,359 4,743	15,615 798 4,274 2,652 1,261 3,013 795 2,240
REGION 5	. 101,405 . 27,229 . 6,507 . 17,912 . 10,835 . 27,539 . 11,383	3,181 196 1,511 103 718 566 87	98,223 27,033 4,996 17,809 10,117 26,973 11,295	76,834 21,602 4,079 13,345 8,282 20,508 9,017	21,389 5,431 918 4,464 1,835 6,465 2,278
RECTION 6	. 30,552 . 2,172 . 6,727 . 2,807 . 3,948 . 14,898	1,309 154 154 126 633 242	29,242 2,017 6,573 2,681 3,314 14,656	21,822 1,424 5,035 1,802 2,441 11,120	7,420 593 1,538 880 874 3,536
REGION 7	. 20,741 . 4,934 . 4,500 . 9,356 . 1,951	2,245 113 468 1,648 16	18,495 4,821 4,032 7,707 1,935	13,623 3,415 2,932 5,864 1,412	4,873 1,406 1,100 1,843 523
REGION 8	13,431 5,669 2,026 878 998 2,679 1,182	337 54 44 64 71 91 14	13,094 5,615 1,982 814 927 2,589 1,168	8,869 4,013 1,386 589 636 1,676	4,226 1,602 596 225 291 913 598
REGION 9. ARIZONA	. 107,594 . 6,929 . 95,881 . 1,190 3,594	5,181 1,850 3,292 5 34	102,413 5,080 92,589 1,185 3,560	82,388 3,489 75,179 988 2,733	20,025 1,590 17,410 197 827
REGION 10	. 25,708 . 3,479 . 1,283 . 6,154 . 14,791	2,099 1,800 69 128 102	23,609 1,679 1,215 6,026 14,689	17,366 1,455 855 4,602 10,454	6,244 225 360 1,425 4,234

Appendix C 1972 Data tables

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NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding.

**Exclude data on other operating expenditures from 1 Kentucky facility.

**Exclude data on capital expenditures and other operating expenditures from 5 Missouri facilities.

**Gapital expenditures for the 15 California facilities include outlays for equipment only.

Table C-1. Admissions to and departures from public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972

		Admissic			Female		
egion and State	Both sexes	Male	Female 🗸	Both sexe	Both sexes Male		
NITED STATES	432,233	299,688	132,545	428,437	296,064	132,373	
EGION 1	6,572	5,850	722	6,550	5,837	713	
ONNECTICUT	1,621	1,211	410	1,604	1,201	403	
AINE	0 4,951	0 4,639	0 312	0 4,946	0 4,636	0 310	
ASSACHUSETTS	4, 951	4,039	0	4,940	4,000	0.0	
HODE ISLAND.	ŏ	Ö	Ö	ŏ	Ö	Ō	
ERMONT	0	0	0	. 0,	0	0	
EGION 2	23,536	16,338	7,198	23,040	15,964	7,076	
EW JERSEY	11,769	8,775	2,994	11,325	8,440	2,885	
W YORK	11,767	7,563	4,204	11,715	7,524	4,191	
EGION 3	24,454	18,507	5,947	23,762	17,865		
LAWARE	1,523	1,088	435	1,501	1,060	441	
ISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	5,115 0	4,603	512 0	5,100 0	4 , 545	555 0	
ENNSYLVANIA	12,559	9,471	3,088	12,001	8,976	3,025	
RGINIA	4,528	2,901	1,627	4,431	2,840	1,591	
EST VIRGINIA	729	444	285	729	444	285	
EGION 4	54,767	37,079	17,688	54,849	36,643	18,206	
ABAMA	2,426	1,481	945	2,356	1,445	911	
ORIDA	18,013 16,414	11,613	6,400 5,267	18,074 16,539	11,590 10,796	6,484 5,743	
ENTUCKY.	6,586	4,904	1,682	6,586	4,904	1,682	
SSISSIPPI	1,610	1,190	420	1,591	1,174	417	
ORTH CAROLINA	2,845	1,813	1,032	2,827	1,798	1,029	
OUTH CAROLINA	873	584	289	873	584	289	
INNESSEE	6,000	4,347	1,653	6,003	4,352	1,651	
GION 5	76,025 15,064	- ,	24,366 4,517	76,126	51,683	24,443	
LLINOIS	7,010	10,547 4,906	4,517 2,104	15,087 6,933	10,508 4,863	4,579 2,070	
CHIGAN.	19,051	12,919	6,132	19,171	12,994	6,177	
INNESOTA	2,003	1,339	664	2,002	1,339	663	
IIO	25,676	17,274	8,402	25,732	17,316	8,416	
CSCONSIN	7,221	4,674	2,547	7,201	4,663	2,538	
GION 6	30,712	21,225	9,487	30,572	21,131		
RKANSAS	1,033 5,618	708 4,133	325 1,485	1,033	708	325 1,445	
W MEXICO.	3,347	2,432	915	5,567 3,347	4,122 2,432	915	
ILAHOMA	2,949	1,688	1,261	2,939	1,680	1,259	
XAS	17,765	12,264	5,501	17,686	12,189	5,497	
GION 7	10,708	7,223	3,485	10,535	7,159	3,376	
MA	1,343	760	583	1,311	741	570	
NSAS	1,530	1,089	441 2,097	1,504	1,092	412	
SSOURI	6,946 889	4, 849 525	364	6,850 870	4,813 513	2,037 357	
GION 8	15,833	10,491	5,342	15,714	10,420		
LORADO.	9,661	6,391	3,270	9,572	6,328	3,244	
ONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ORTH DAKOTA	98	49	49	98	49	49	
NUTH DAKOTA	445 5 , 629	310 3,741	135 1,888	445 5,599	310 3,733	135 1,866	
OMING	0	0 رو	0	0,099	0	0	
GION 9	163,267	115,078	48,189	160,995	113,140	47,855	
RIZONA	7,873	5,277	2,596	7,758	5,193	2,565	
LIFORNIA	148,260	104,830	43,430	146,137	102,998	43,139	
WAII	1,837	1,051	786	1,833	1,048	785	
WADA	5,297	3,920	1,377	5,267	3,901	1,366	
GION 10	26,359	16,238	10,121	26,294	16,222	10,072	
ASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REGON	6,795	4,131	2,664	6,737	4,112	2,625	
ASHINGTON.	19,564	12,107	7,457	19,557	12,110	7,447	

Table C-2. Admissions to and departures from public shelters for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972

Region and State	Both sexes	dmissions Male	Female	Both sexes	Female	
UNITED STATES	2,307	1,242			Male	
DEGRAM	0		1,065	2,289	1,240	1,049
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	
MAINE	Ö	0	0	0	0	Ç
MASSACHUSETTS.	ŏ	0	Ö	0 6 0	- 0	
WEW HAMPSHIRE	Ö	ŏ	ŏ	~ \0	0	(
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	ŏ	ŏ	0	
VERMONT	0	0	Ŏ	ŏ		č
REGION 2	0	0	0	0	0	
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	ŏ	ŏ	Č
IEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	Č
EGION 3	215	120	95	204	120	81
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	. (
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	215	120	95	204	120	8/
IARYLAND'	0	. 0	0	0	0	(
ENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	
TRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	
EST VIRGINA	0	0	0	۰ 0	0	
EGION 4	73	73	b 0	81	81	C
LABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	C
LORIDA	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
EORGIA	_0	0	0	0	0	C
ENTUCKY	73	73	0	81	81	0
ORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	. 0	0
OUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	C
ENNESSEE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
EGION 5			-		0	0
LLINOIS	488 0	248	240	473	238	235
NDIANA	0	0	0	0	·, 0 .	. 0
ICHIGAN	204	95	109	0 204	95	0
INNESOTA	-04	0	109	204	95	109
нго	180	100	80	180	100	80
ISCONSIN	104	53	51	89	43	46
EGION 6	1,531	801	730	1,531	801	730
RKANSAS	218	159	59	218	159	59 59
OUISIANA	0	Ó	Ó	0	-0	- 0
EW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	ō
KLAHOMA	1,313	642	671	1,313	642	671
EXAS	.0 ,	0	0	0	0	0
EGION 7	0	0	0	0	0	0
OWA	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
ANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
SSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
	0	. 0	O,	0	. 0	0
CCION 8 ()	0	0	0 -	0	. 0	0
OLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	
ONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
ORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
OUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0
OMING	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0
GION 9	0	0	0	0	0	0
ZIZONA	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAII	0	0	0	0	0	0
WADA	0	0	0	0	0	0
			, . 00	0	0	. 0
GION 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0
maa	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTTENOMON	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shingion				. U	0	0

Table C-3. Admissions to and departures from public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex —regions and States, fiscal 1972

		missions			Departures		
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
UNITED STATES	22,257	18,459	3,798	22,179	18,458	3,721	
REGION 1	143	105	38	122	89	33	
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MAINE	Ö	ő	Ö	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RHODE ISLAND	143 0	105 0	38 0	122 0	89 0	33 0	
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REGION 2	0	0	Ö	ŏ	Ö	ő	
NEW YORK	o o	0	0	0	. 0	0	
REGION 3	2,863	2,140	723	2,869	2,144	725	
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0 1,341	0 1,011	0 330	0 1,347	0 1,015	0 332	
MARYLAND	1,741 0	0	0	0	0	0	
VIRGINIA	1,522	1,129	393	1,522	1,129	393	
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REGION 4	2,816 0	2,082 0	734 0	2,775	2,055	720 0	
ALABAMA	0	Ö	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	
GEORGIA	Ō	0	0	0	O .	0	
KENTUCKY	967	704 110	263 42	926 152	677 110	249 42	
MISSISSIPPI	152 0	110	42 О	0	0	#~ 0	
SOUTH CAROLINA	1,697	1,268	429	1,697	1,268	429	
TENNESSEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REGION 5	7,066	6,284	782	7,115	6,364	751 0	
ILLINOIS	3,216 0	3,216 0	0	3,268 0	3,268 0	ő	
MICHIGAN	459	459	0	447	447	0	
MINNESOTA	3,391	0 2,609	0 782	0 3,400	0 2 , 649	751	
OHIO	0	0	0	0	ó	0	
REGION 6	2,097	1,635	462	2,097	1,635	462	
ARKANSAS	564	417 1,218	147 315	564 1,533	1,218	147 315	
LOUISIANA	1 , 533 0	0	0	0	0	ő	
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	0	
REGION 7	0	0	0	0	0	0	
KANSAS	Ō	0	0	0	0	Ō	
MISSOURI	0	0	0	α 0 0	0	0	
NEBRASKA		0	0	0	0	0	
REGION 8	0	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	ő	ŏ	
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	Ŏ	
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0 ပုံ	0	0	0	
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REGION 9	6,360	5,527 0	833 0	6,314 0	5,504 0	810	
ARIZONA	6,360	5,527	833	6,314	5,504	810	
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0.	0	
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0 44n	330	
REGION 10	912 0	686 O	226 0	887 O	667 0	220 0	
ALASKA	0	0	ŏ	0	0	0	
OREGON	0	604	994	0	667	320	
WASHINGTON	'912	686	226	887	667	220	

Table C-4. Admissions to and departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex —regions and States, fiscal 1972

Region and State	Both sexes	Admissions Male	Female	Both sexes	Departures Male	Female
UNITED STATES	71,136	57,859	13,277	71,728	58,629	13,099
REGION 1. CONNECTICUT MAINE MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE RHODE ISLAND. VERMONT	2, 922	2,205	717	2,674	1,934	740
	491	350	141	494	346	148
	338	276	62	307	274	33
	358	341	17	360	343	17
	700	525	175	550	300	250
	735	531	204	772	563	209
	300	182	118	191	108	83
REGION 2	3,802	3,319	483	4,329	3,765	564
	1,706	1,616	90	1,707	1,612	95
	2,096	1,703	393	2,622	2,153	469
REGION 3	8,271 422 513 3,794 1,563 1,121 858	6,814 311 481 2,961 1,349 1,019	1,457 111 32 833 214 102 165	7,928 344 644 3,536 1,497 1,189 718	6,656 275 578 2,799 1,326 1,058	1,272 69 66 737 171 131 98
RECTON 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORTH CARCLINA. SOUTH CAROLINA. TENNESSEE	12,010 618 5,544 1,452 654 387 2,489 0	9,001 497 4,159 1,160 456 387 1,748 0	3,009 121 1,385 292 198 0 741 0 272	12,163 611 5,584 1,492 595 387 2,646 0 848	9,050 490 4,146 1,167 432 387 1,853 0 575	3,113 121 1,438 325 163 0 793 0 273
REGION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESOTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	12,626	9,698	2,928	12,963	9,924	3,039
	2,218	1,780	438	2,308	1,827	481
	1,144	941	203	1,227	1,064	163
	1,207	902	305	1,371	1,021	350
	3,489	2,623	866	3,227	2,428	799
	3,579	2,694	885	3,730	2,827	903
	989	758	231	1,100	757	343
RECION 6	6,210	4,506	1,704	6,574	4,819	1,755
	644	511	133	577	430	147
	1,564	1,272	292	1,633	1,342	291
	499	328	171	540	369	171
	456	297	159	631	381	250
	3,047	2,098	949	3,193	2,297	896
REGION 7	2,411	2,034	377	2,415	2,038	377
	655	470	185	632	450	182
	318	250	68	276	206	70
	1,115	1,053	62	1,160	1,097	63
	323	261	62	347	285	62
REGION 8. CCLORADO. MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	1,179	877	302	1,467	1,037	430
	325	223	102	347	215	132
	283	222	61	358	281	77
	99	69	30	156	116	40
	217	185	32	306	247	59
	225	178	47	231	178	53
	30	0	30	69	0	69
RECTION 9	19,342	17,668	1,674	18,776	17,629	1,147
	1,769	1,519	250	1,911	1,644	267
	16,938	15,661	1,277	16,188	15,452	736
	233	190	43	222	185	37
	402	298	104	455	348	107
REGTON 10	2,363	1,737	626	2,439	1,777	662
	821	553	268	759	496	263
	260	196	64	238	170	68
	621	514	107	717	580	137
	/> 661	474	187	725	531	194

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

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Table C-5. Admissions to and departures from public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex —regions and States, fiscal 1972

		Admission	s	Departures				
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Femal		
UNITED STATES	2,284	1,524	760	2,002	1,341	661		
REGION 1	15	9	6	10	7	3		
CONNECTICUT	0	0	O.	0	Ó	0		
ASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NEW HAMPSHIRE	15	9	6	10	0 7	> 0 3		
HODE ISLAND.	Ó	ó	ŏ	ŏ	6	ó		
ERMONT	, O	0	0	0	r a tri Örg	ō		
EGION 2.	691	414	277	658	399	259		
iew jersey. iew york	255	188	67	244	178	66		
EGION 3.	436	226	21.0	414	221	193		
ELAWARE.	86 O	57 0	29 0	77 0	51.	26		
ISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	0	0		
ARYLAND.	. 29	0	29	26	ŏ	26		
ENNSYLVANIA. IRGINIA	0	_0	0	0	0	0		
EST VIRGINIA	<i>5</i> 7 0	57 0	0	51	51	0		
EGION 4.	123			0	0	0		
LABAMA	ξ <u>ς</u> 0	123 0	0	116	116 0	0		
LORIDA	a o o	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	ő		
EORGIA	0	0	0	O	Ö	ŏ		
ENTUCKY. ISSISSIPPI	30 0	30	Õ	29	29	0		
ORTH CAROLINA.	6	0	0	0	0	Ŏ		
OUTH CAROLINA	Ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	0	0		
ENNESSEE	87	87	ŏ	87	87	ŏ		
EGION 5	365	295	70	290	233	57		
LINOIS. WDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	ó		
ICHIGAN	20 345	20	0	6	6	0		
INNESOTA	0 0	275 0	70 0	284 0	227 0	57		
iio	0	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0		
ISCONSIN	0	0	0	ō	ŏ	ŏ		
GION 6	207	161	46	171	130	41		
RKANSAS. DUISIANA	18	18	0	13	13	0		
W MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0		
CLAHOMA	ŏ	ŏ	ő	0	0	0		
XAS	189	143	46	158	117	41		
GION 7.	371	215	156	327	185	142		
WA. ANSAS.	77	59	18	59	46	13		
INSAS. SSOURI	11 283	11	0	6	6	0		
BRASKA	203 0	145 0	138 0	262 0	133	129		
GION 8	40	0	40		The second second	0		
LORADO	ő	Ö	0	15 0	0	15 0		
NTANA	<u>o</u>	0	Ō	ŏ	ŏ	Ö		
RTH DAKOTAUTH DAKOTA	8	0	8	ī	0	1		
AH.	0 32	0	0 32	0	0	0		
OMING	õ	ŏ	0	14 O	0	14 0		
GION 9	252	149	103	227	700 100 400	1.00		
IZONA	71	53	18	56	137 53	90 3		
LIFORNIA	181	96	85	171	84	87		
WAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		0	0	0	0	0		
GION 10	134 0	101	33	111	83	28 "		
АНО	0	0	0	0	0	0		
EGON	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	Ö	0	0		
SHINGTON.	134	101	33	111	83	28		

Table C-6. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility and sex—regions and States, midyear 1972

		facilit	ies	State Both	facili	ties	Local Both	facili	ties
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	sexes	Male	Female	sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	43,105	33,218	9,887	29,868	23,448	6,420	13,237	9,770	3,467
REGION 1	1,085 237 233 170 210 136 99	804 168 180 156 157 88 55	281 69 53 14 53 48 44	1,080 237 233 170 205 136 99	802 168 180 156 155 88 55	278 69 53 14 50 48 44	5 0 0 5 0	2 0 0 0 2 0	3 0 0 0 3 0
REGION 2	3,797 1,639 2,158	3,066 1,420 1,646	731 219 512	3,066 1,273 1,793	2,581 1,147 1,434	485 126 359	731 366 365	485 273 212	246 93 153
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF CCLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	5,059 290 516 1,443 1,244 1,158 408	4,091 187 458 1,156 994 964 332	968 103 , 58 287 250 194 76	3,966 290 0 1,443 859 1,001 373	3,230 187 0 1,156 727 853 307	736 103 0 287 132 148 66	1,093 0 516 0 385 157 35	861 0 458 0 267 111 25	232 0 58 0 118 46
REGION 4	6,984 527 1,899 1,315 498 296 1,571 172 706	278 1,055 141	1,793 148 415 302 144 18 516 31 219	5,712 412 1,334 1,082 321 268 1,519 170 606	4,293 322 1,089 838 222 260 1,016 140 406	1,419 90 245 244 99 8 503 30 200	1,272 115 565 233 177 28 52 2	898 57 395 175 132 18 39 1	374 58 170 58 45 10 13 1
REGION 5	7,823 1,400 870 1,449 695 2,883	1,156 617	1,960 244 253 377 155 791	5,329 900 642 567 539 2,268 413	4,118 768 463 495 405 1,673 314	1,211 132 179 72 134 595	2,494 500 228 882 156 615 113	1,745 388 154 577 135 419 72	749 112 74 305 21 196 41
REGION 6	4,706 467 1,188 309 353 2,389	3,751 349 992 233 225	955 118 196 76 128 437	3,932 442 970 265 303 1,952	3,118 330 800 203 196	814 112 170 62 107 363	774 25 218 44 50 437	633 19 192 30 29 363	141 6 26 14 21 74
REGION 7	1,974 422 356 961 235	291 262 757	497 131 94 204 68	1,289 367 303 401 218	913 253 221 282 157	376 114 82 119 61	685 55 53 560 17	564 38 41 475 10	121 17 12 85 7
REGION 8	1,163 398 217 97 120 289 42	306 145 64 99 198	351 92 72 33 21 91 42		306 145 64	319 92 72 26 17 70 42	91 0 0 7 12 72 0	59 0 0 0 8 51 0	32 0 0 7 4 21 0
REGION 9	8,708 720 7,562 109 317	606 6,015 82 228	1,777 114 1,547 27 89	2,926 593 2,019 109 205		327 74 154 27 72	5,782 127 5,543 0 112	4,332 87 4,150 0 95	1,450 40 1,393 0
REGION 10	1,806 91 115 484 1,116	70 84 344	574 21 31 140 382	1,496 91 115 351 939	70 84 261	455 21 31 90 313	310 0 0 133 177	191 0 0 83 108	119 0 0 50 69

Table C-7. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and State or local administration

Region and State	Al	l facili State		<u>Deten</u> Total	tion ce State	nter Local	Total	helter State	Local
UNITED STATES	43,105	29,868	13,237	9,442	685	8,757	107	39	68
REGION 1 CONNECTICUT. MAINE. MASSACHUSETTS. NEW HAMPSHIRE. RHODE ISLAND VERMONT.	1,085 237 233 170 210 136 99	1,080 237 233 170 205 136 99	5 0 0 0 5 0	167 31 0 136 0 0	167 31 0 136 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 2	3,797 1,639 2,158	3,066 1,273 1,793	731 366 365	731 366 365	0 0	731 366 365	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
REGION 3	5,059 290 516 1,443 1,244 1,158 408	3,966 290 0 1,443 859 1,001 373	1,093 0 516 0 385 157 35	692 44 90 0 371 162 25	57 44 0 0 0 13	635 0 90 0 371 149 25	36 0 36 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	36 0 36 0 0 0
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NOR'H CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	6,984 527 1,899 1,315 498 296 1,571 172 706	5,712 412 1,334 1,082 321 268 1,519 170 606	1,272 115 565 233 177 28 52 2	1,169 115 475 368 59 28 52 2	285 0 150 135 0 0 0	884 115 325 233 59 28 52 2	39 0 0 0 39 0 0	39 0 0 0 39 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
HEGION 5	7,823 1,400 870 1,449 695 2,883 526	5,329 900 642 567 539 2,268 413	2,494 500 228 882 156 615 113	1,816 369 214 738 19 368 108	000000	1,816 369 214 738 19 368 108	13 0 0 3 0 5 5	000000	13 0 0 3 0 5 5
REGION 6	4,706 467 1,188 309 353 2,389	3,932 442 970 265 303 1,952	774 25 218 44 50 437	437 15 133 44 18 227	0 0 0 0 0	437 15 133 44 18 227	19 5 0 0 14 0	0 0 0 0 0	19 5 0 0 14
REGION 7	1,974 422 356 961 235	1,289 367 303 401 218	685 55 53 560 17	316 40 53 206 17	0 0 0 0	316 40 53 206 17	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8	1,163 398 217 97 120 289 42	1,072 398 217 90 108 217 42	91 0 0 7 12 72 0	222 138 0 0 12 72 0	138 138 0 0 0 0	84 0 0 0 12 72 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	8,708 720 7,562 109 317	2,926 593 2,019 109 205	5,782 127 5,543 0 112	3,593 127 3,361 38 67	38 0 0 38 0	3,555 127 3,361 0 67	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10	1,806 91 115 484 1,116	1,496 . 91 115 351 939	310 0 0 133 177	299 0 6 122 177	0 0 0 0	299 0 0 122 177	00000	0000	0 0 0 0

and correctional facilities, by type of facility —regions and States, midyear 1972

2	Reception or diagnostic center						Rancl	h, fores	try	Halfway house and group home			
	<u>diagno</u>	State	Local	Train Total	ning scho State	Local	Total	, and fa State	Local	Total	State	Local	
	1,770	1,770	0	26,663	24,641	2,022	4,243	2,102	2,141	880	631	249	
	21 0 0 0 0 0 21 0	21 0 0 0 0 21 0	0 0 0 0 0	858 206 233 0 205 115	858 206 233 0 205 115 99	0 0 0 0 0	34 0 0 34 0 0	34 0 0 34 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	5000500	0 0 0 0 0 0	5 0 0 5 0	
	0	0	0	2,466 1,189 1,277	2,466 1,189 1,277	0 0 0	265 0 265	265 0 265	0 0 0	335 84 251	335 84 251	0	
	299 0 0 106 0 193	299 0 0 106 0 193 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	3,483 246 390 1,144 798 650 253	3,069 246 0 1,144 784 650 245	414 0 390 0 14 0	496 0 0 167 75 126 128	496 0 0 167 75 126 128	0 0 0 0 0	53 0 0 26 0 27 0	45 0 0 26 0 19 0	8 0 0 0 0 8 0	
	256 0 0 0 62 24 0 170 0	256 0 0 0 62 24 0 170 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	5,253 412 1,424 947 107 244 1,513 0	4,906 412 1,184 947 0 244 1,513 0	347 0 240 0 107 0 0	212 0 0 0 212 0 0 0	212 0 0 0 212 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	55 0 0 0 19 0 6 0 30	14 0 0 0 8 0 6 0 0	41 0 0 0 11 0 0 0 30	
	690 208 0 38 0 444 0	690 208 0 38 0 444	0 0 0 0 0	4,592 680 642 400 651 1,822 397	345 514 1,584	561 131 0 55 137 238 0	557 143 0 133 25 240 16	494 143 0 70 25 240 16	63 0 63 0 0	155 0 14 137 0 4	114 0 0 114 0 0	41 0 14 23 0 4	
	55 18 37 0 0	55 18 37 0 0	0 0 0 0	4,140 424 1,018 265 321 2,112	3,870 424 933 265 303	270 0 85 0 18 167	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	55 0 0 0 50	7 0 0 0 0 7	48 5 0 0 0 43	
	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1,332 266 296 552 218	266 296 401	151 0 0 151 0	239 92 0 147 0	92 92 0 0 0	147 0 0 147 0	87 24 7 56	16 9 7 0	71 15 0 56 0	
	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	748 172 186 90 62 196	172 186 90 2 62 196	0	165 88 31 0 46 0		0	28 0 0 7 0 21 0	21 0 0 0 0 21 0	7 0 7 0 0	
	296 296 0	296 0 0	0 0	2,720 498 1,946 71 201	498 5 1,667 1 71 5 205	0 279 0 0	2,052 76 1,931 0 45	76 56 0	0 1,875 0 45	47 19 28 0 0	19 19 0 0 0	28 0 28 0 0	
	153 0 0 0 153) (0 0	1,07: 9: 11: 35: 51/	1 91 5 115 1 351	0	0 0 11 212	0 0 0	0 0 11	0 0 0	0 0 0 60	0 0 0 0	

Table C-8. Juveniles held in public juvenile by detention status and sex

		l juveni	les	de	judicate linquent	d	supe	Person in nee supervision (
Region and State	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
UNITED STATES	43,105	33,218	9,887	32,207	26,060	6,147	4,161	2,390	1,771	
REGION 1	1,085 237 233 170 210	804 168 180 156 157	281 69 53 14 53	232 50 149	595 154 179 45 122	183 54 53 5 27	58 0 0 0	22 0 0 0	36 0 0 0	
RHODE ISLAND	136 99	88 55	48 44	112 27	70 25	42 2	0 58	0 22	0 36	
REGION 2	3,797 1,639 2,158	3,066 1,420 1,646	731 219 512	2,272 1,368 904	2,062 1,219 843	210 149 61	811 0 811	484 0 484	327 0 327	
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	5,059 290 516 1,443 1,244 1,158 408	4,091 187 458 1,156 994 964 332	968 103 58 287 250 194 76	3,796 246 393 712 961 1,102 382	3,253 155 362 687 808 925 316	543 91 31 25 153 177 66	537 0 14 523 0 0	291 0 9 282 0 0	246 0 5 241 0 0	
REGION 4 AIABAMA FILORIDA GEORGIA KENIUCKY MISSISSIPPI NORIH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	6,984 527 1 899 1,315 498 296 1,571 172 706	5,191 379 1,484 1,013 354 278 1,055 141 487	1,793 148 415 302 144 18 516 31 219	5,397 437 1,027 1,141 378 244 1,526 170 474	4,075 333 865 887 281 244 1,023 140 302	1,322 104 162 254 97 0 503 30 172	727 0 467 0 65 0 13 0	530 0 340 0 32 0 9 0	197 0 127 0 33 0 4 0 33	
REGION 5	7,823 1,400 870 1,449 695 2,883 526	5,863 1,156 617 1,072 540 2,092 386	1,960 244 253 377 155 791 140	6,527 1,129 651 998 685 2,645 419	5,030 989 470 782 533 1,938 318	1,497 140 181 216 152 707 101	134 74 0 0 0 47	61 32 0 0 0 22 7	73 42 0 0 0 25 6	
REGION 6	4,706 467 1,188 309 353 2,389	3,751 349 992 233 225 1,952	955 118 196 76 128 437	4,176 419 1,083 211 262 2,201	3,366 318 899 170 173 1,806	810 101 184 41 89 395	159 0 0 86 73 0	94 0 0 54 40 0	65 0 0 32 33 0	
REGION 7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,974 422 356 961 235	1,477 291 262 757 167	497 131 94 204 68	1,587 308 313 795 171	1,224 226 229 626 143	363 82 84 169 28	79 0 23 0 56	38 0 22 0 16	41 0 1 0 40	
REGION 8 COLORADO COLORADO MONTANA NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING	1,163 398 217 97 120 289 42	812 306 145 64 99 198	351 92 72 33 21 91 42	905 199 217 96 108 243 42	654 187 145 64 91 167	251 12 72 32 17 76 42	101 101 0 0 0 0	43 43 0 0 0	58 58 0 0 0 0	
REGION 9	8,708 720 7,562 109 317	6,931 606 6,015 82 228	1,777 114 1,547 27 89	5,506 431 1,717 84 274	4,849 411 4,173 68 197	657 20 544 16 77	1,238 200 1,029 9	690 135 549 6 0	548 65 480 3 0	
REGION 10 ALASKA	1,806 91 115 484 1,116	1,232 70 84 344 734	574 21 31 140 382	1,263 68 115 374 706	952 52 84 279 537	311 16 31 95 169	317 0 0 0 317	137 0 0 0 0 137	180 0 0 0 180	

detention and correctional facilities, —regions and States, midyear 1972

Held pending court disposition Both			anoth	ing tran	sfer to	8	oluntar imissio	y n	negl	ndent a	nd nildren
sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
5,566	4,000	1,566	337	225	112	363	293	70	471	250	221
218 23 1	163 14	55 9	5 5	0	5 5	25 0	24 0	1 0	1 1	0	1 1
1 96	1 87	9	0	0	0	0 24	0 24	0	, 0	0	0
61 23	35 18	26	0	0	0	0	0	0 .	0	Ó	0
14	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	0	0	0
445 265	313 197	132 68	10 5	6	2	258 0	200	58 0	1 1	1 1	0 -
180 662	116 509	64 153	5 29	3 21	2 8	258 0	200	58	0	0	0
37 107	29 86	8 21	0 2	0	0	0	0	0	35 7	17 3 0	18 4 0
208 245	187 164	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49	34	81 15	16 1	12 1	4	0	0	0	22 6	10 4	12 2
16 761	9 527	7 234	10 31	7 20	3 11	0 18	0 14	0	0 50	0	- 0
53 385	31 268	22 117	0 14	0	0	0	0	4 0 0	37 6	25 15	25 22
147 53	104 40	43 13	10 1	7	3	10 1	8	2 1	7	3 7	3 0
49 28	32 19	17 9	Ō	0	0	3 4	2	. 1	0	0	0
2 44	1 32	í 12	0	0	0 2	0 0	0	0	0	0	0
941	632	309	98	64	34	28	0 26	2	95	0 50	0 45
180 203	130 133	50 70	9	2 0 a	7 2	0 14	0 14	0	8	3	5
286 9	187 7	99	70 1	47	23 1	11 0	10 0	1	84	46 0	38 0
175 88	117 58	58 30	16 0	15 0	1	0	0 2	0	0	0	0 2
256 13	205 9	51	27	20	7	27	24	3	61	42	19
79 11	69	4 10	6	6	0	2 4	2 4	0	31 16	19 14	12 2
4	9 3	2 1	1 4	0	1	8	0 5	0 3	0	0	0 1
149 223	115 172	34 51	- 14 - 4	10 2	4 2	13 3	13 3	0	12 78	. 8.	4
38 16	28 8	10	0	Õ O	0 0	3	30	0	73	38 34	40 39
162 7	129 7	33	3	1	2	ő	0	0	1	3	0
122	92	30	25	20	5	2	0	2	0 8	. 0	0 5
88	66 0	22 0	9	9	0	0	0	0	1 0	3 1 0	5 0 0
0 12	8	0 4 4 0	0	0	0	1 0	0	1 0	0	0 0 2	0
22 0	18 0		16 0	11 0	0 5 0	1 0	0 0 0	1	7	2	0 0 5 0
77 77 ,672 12 30	1,285 50 1,209	506 27	95 10	65 8		2 0	2	0		40	36 0
,672	1,209	463	71	47	30 2 24 3 1	0	0	0	76 2 73 0	2 37 0	0 36
30	19	463 5 11	4 10	47 1 9	3 1	0 2	0 2	0	0 1	0	36 0 0
147 23 0	102 18 0	45 5 0	13 0	7 0 0	6 0	0	0	0	66 0	34 0	
0 44	0 28	ó 16	0 5 8	0 3	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	32 0 0 27 5
44 80	56	24	8	3 4	4	Ö	Ö	0	61 5	34 0	27 5

Table C-9. Public detention centers and shelters for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents
—regions and States, fiscal 1972

(Average length of stay in days)

			1-7	0 11		tentio	n cent	ers an	d shel	ters	Mot	Average length of stay
	Region and State	Tota	l days			days	days	days	days	more	available	
٠,	UNITED STATES	. 338	118	%	26	11	11	2	1	2	71	11.
	REGION 1	. 7 . 4 . 0 . 3 . 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	4 2 0 2 0 0 0	14 6 0 30 0 0
	REGION 2	. 23 . 15 . 8	4 3 1	8 4 4	3 1 2	2 2 0	3 2 1	0 0 0	1 1 0	0	2 2 0	17 19 15
	REGION 3 DELAWARE	. 43 . 2 . 5 . 1 . 21 . 10	6 1 0 0 5 0	14 0 0 0 8 5	4 0 1 0 1 2 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	3 0 2 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15 1 1 6 3 3	15 4 35 0 11 14 8
	REGION 4. ALABAMA	. 58 . 3 . 19 . 13 . 6 . 4 . 8 . 1	20 1 4 2 3 2 5 0 3	18 11 3 0 0 2 1	3 1 0 2 0 0 0 0	30030000	2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	1i 0 4 1 2 2 1 0	13 10 9 18 33 4 7 12 5
	REGION 5	. 69 . 11 . 8 . 22 . 3 . 19	20 3 3 3 2 8 1	21 2 2 10 0 5	7 2 2 0 1	4 3 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0 0	15 2 1 5 1 4	12 14 9 16 5 9
	REGION 6	30 7 2 4 13	17 1 4 0 4 8	3 0 1 1 0 1	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	7 2 0 1 0 4	8 8 13 10 4 5
	REGION 7	18 3 5 8	6 2 0 3 1	3 0 2 0 1	2 1 0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	6 0 2 4 0	12 8 23 9 6
	REGION 8	15 5 1 1 1 7	9 3 0 1 0 5 0	0 1 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	000000	3 0 1 0 0 2 0	6 8 0 3 11 4 0
	REGION 9	55 8 42 2	23 5 14 1 3	2 20 1 0	5 0 5 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 1 2 0 0	8 5 9 8 4
	REGION 10	20 1 1 5 13	12 0 0 1 1	0 0 2	0 0 0 0	. 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	5 1 1 2 1	6 0 0 8 5

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

Table C-10. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents
—regions and States, fiscal 1972

. ()

(Average length of stay in days)

				Rec	eption	or di	Lagnosi	ic cer	ters		Average length
Region and State	Total	1-7 days	8-14 days	15-21 days	22–28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days	71 or more	Not available	of stay (days)
UNITED STATES	17	0	1	3	0	8	2	0	1	2	38
REGION 1	1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	30 0 0 0 0 0 30
REGION 2	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0 0 0
REGION 3	2 0 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0 1	0000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	34 0 0 30 0 37 0
RECION 4. ALABAMA FLORIDA GEORGIA KENTUCKY. MISSISSIPPI NORTH CAROLINA SCUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE	5 0 0 0 2 1 0	00000000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	00000000	2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	33 0 0 0 35 20 0 45
RECTION 5. ILLINOIS. INDIANA MICHIGAN. MINNESCTA OHIO. WISCONSIN	3 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	28 19 0 30 0 35 0
REGION 6. ARKANSAS. LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO. OKLAHOMA TEXAS	2 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	00000	00000	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	00000	0 0 0 0 0	15 12 17 0 0
REGION 7	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 8. CCE.CRADO. MONTANA. NORTH DAKOTA. SOUTH DAKOTA. UTAH. WYOMING	0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
REGION 9	3 0 3 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	2 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	67 0 67 0
REGION 10	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	51 0 0 0 51

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

Table C-11. Public training schools, ranches, by average length of stay of residents

(Average length of

· 			Number of traini	ng schools
Region and State	Total	Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-9 months
UNITED STATES	. 290	7	101	92
REGION 1	. 8 . 1 . 2 . 1 . 1 . 2	1 0 0 1 1 0 0	2 1 0 0 0 1	4 0 1 0 1 1
REGION 2	. 20 . 4 . 16	0	4 0 4	6 1 5
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	. 36 . 3 . 3 . 8 . 10 . 7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11 0 0 6 3 1	13 2 2 2 3 2 2
REGION 4 ALABAMA. FIORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. MORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	. 42 . 3 . 9 . 5 . 7 . 2 . 8	3 0 2 1 0 0 0 0	11 0 3 0 6 0 1 0	17 2 2 4 0 1 (3 3
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN	. 51 . 15 . 4 . 7 . 6 . 14 . 5	1 0 0 0 1	18 9 1 1 3 2 2	15 1 2 2 7 2
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA TEXAS.	. 21 . 3 . 5 . 2 . 4	0 0 0 0 0	9 1 2 1 4	5 2 1 1 0 1
REGION 7 IOWA KANSAS MISSOURI NEBRASKA	. 22 . 3 . 5 . 12 . 2	1 0 1 0 0	3 1 1 1 0	10 1 1 7 1
REGION 8 COLORADO MONTANA- NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH WYOMING.	. 13 . 4 . 3 . 1 . 2 . 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	5 2 1 0 1 1 1	3 1 0 1 1 0 0
REGION 9 ARIZONA. CALIFORNIA HAWAII NEVADA	. 64 . 56 . 1 . 3	1 1 0 0 0	35 2 32 0 1	17 1 13 1 2
REGION 10. ALASKA	. 13 . 1 . 1 . 5 . 6	0 0 0 0	3 () 0 1 2 0	2 1 0 1 0

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with 1971 or 1973 information.

forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, —regions and States, fiscal 1972

stay in months)

ranches, fo 10-12 months	prestry camps, and 13-18 months	i farms 19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available	Average length of stay (months)
40	18	3	0	29	7.7
0	1 0	0 🔞	0	0 0	7.6 6.0
0	1	0	0	0	13.5
0	0	0	0	0 0	1.0 7.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.5 9.0
5	e 4	1	0	0	10.2
1 4	2 2	0 1	0	0	12.0 9.8
4 0 0	3 0	1	0 0	4 1 1 0	8.9 7.5
Ŏ	0	0	Ö Ö	1	8.5
0	0 2	0	0	1	6.5 9.6
1 2	2 1 0	1 0	(1-10)	1 0	11.8 9.0
	1	0	W. Carlot	5 0	6.9
5 1 0 0	0 1	0	0	1	8.7 5.8
0	0	0	0	0 1	6.4 5.0
9	0	0	0 0	1	7.0
*	0	0	0	0 0	9.3 7.0 6.7
0 8	0 2	0	0	2 7	6.7 7.4
1	1 0	0	 	7 3 2 0	0.0
4	0 ^	0	0	0	7.5 8.9
1 0 4 0 3 0	0 1 0	0	0	0 1	4.8 8.7
		0	0	1 1	8.7 7.0
3	2 0	0	0,000	2 0	8.1 6.7
1	0	0	0	1 0	7.5 7.0
0 0 2	0 2	0	0 0	0 1	5.3 11.5
	° 2 1	1	0		8.4
3 1 0	0 1	0 1	0	3 0 0	8.0 9.2
1 1	, 0	Ô	0	3 0	8.0
	1	0	0		9.0 7.9
2 0 2	0 0	0	0	2 1 0	6.3
0	0				7.0
0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	6.5 6.0
	1		· V	0 0 0 1 1 4 0 0	6.3 8.3 7.0 6.5 6.0 17.0 6.4 5.5 6.4 7.0 7.0
5 * 0 5 0 0	2 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	4 0	5.5
5 0	2	0	0	4 0	6.4 7.0
					7.0
5 0 0 0 0 5	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	2 0 0 2 0	9.0 9.0 5.0 5.7 11.3
0	0	0	0	0 .	5.0 5.7
5	ĭ.	ŏ	ŏ	ő	. 11.3

13

Table C-12. Public halfway houses and group of residents—regions

(Average length of

	<u>a na kanana</u> Laga da aya da			lfway houses
Region and State	Total	Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-9 months
UNITED STATES	. 150	8	49	14
REGION 1	. 3 . 0 . 0 . 2 . 1	0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
VERMONT. REGIÓN 2 NEW JERSEY NEW YORK	• 0 • 40 • 6 • 34	0	0 24 5 19	0 5 0 5
REGION 3 DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MARYLAND PENNSYLVANIA VIRGINIA WEST VIRGINIA	. 12 . 1 . 2 . 4 . 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0 2	1 0 0 0 0 0
HEGION 4 ALABAMA. FLORIDA. GEORGIA. KENTUCKY MISSISSIPPI. NORTH CAROLINA SOUTH CAROLINA TENNESSEE.	27 0 16 4 2 2 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
REGION 5 ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN MINNESOTA OHIO WISCONSIN	21 1 1 15 2 2	1 0 0 1 0 0	9 0 0 9 0 0	1 0 0 1 0
REGION 6 ARKANSAS LOUISIANA NEW MEXICO OKLAHOMA TEXAS.	5 1 0 0 0 3	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 1 0 0 0
REGION 7 IOWA KANSAS MISSOURI NEBRASKA	. 23 . 5 . 1 . 17	4 1 0 3 0	4 2 0 2 0	3 0 0 3 0
REGION 8 GOLORADO MONTANA. NORTH DAKOTA SOUTH DAKOTA UTAH. WYCMING.	8 1 0 4 0 3	0 0 0 0 0	3 0 1 0 2 0	1 0 0 0 0 1
REGION 9	. 6 . 3 . 3 . 0 . 0	2 1 1 0 0	2 1 1 0	0 0 0 0
REGION 10. ALASKA IDAHO. OREGON WASHINGTON	5 0 0 0 5	0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with 1971 or 1973 information.

homes for juveniles, by average length of stay and States, fiscal 1972

stay in months)

and group 1 10-12 months	homes 13-18 months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available	Average length of stay (months)
10	1	0	0	68	° 5.8
0	0	0	0	2	3.0
0	0	0	0	0 0	0.0 0.0
0.	0	0	0	2	0.0
0	0	0	0 /	0	3.0 0.0
	0	0	0	0	0.0
5	0	0	0	6	6.0
5	0	Ŏ	ŏ	1 5	4.0 6.3
0	0	0	0		6.0
0	0	Ö	0	9 1 2	0.0
0	0	0	0	$\tilde{4}$	0.0
0	0	0	0	. 0 2	0.0 6.0
0	0	0	0	4 0 2 0	0.0
0	0	0		25 0 16	5.5
0	0	0	0	16	0.0 0.0
0	0	0	0	4	0.0 5.0
0	0	0	0	4 1 2 1 1 0	5.0 0.0
0	0	0		į	0.0
0	0	Ö	Ŏ	0	0.0 6.0
2 0	0	0	.0	8	6.1
0	0	0	0	1 1 3 2	0.0
1 0 1	0	0	0	3	0.0 5.6
ì	0	0	0	2 1	0.0
Ō	0	Ō	ŏ	Ö	12.0 0.0
1 0	0	0	0	1	7.0
)	0	0	0	0 1	7.0 0.0
))	0	0	0	0	0.0
	ŏ	ő	0	0	0.0 7.0
)	1	0	0		5 . 3
)	0	0 0	0	11 2 0	3.3
))	1 0 0	0	0	9	16.0 4.8
,	0	0	0		0.0
))	0	0	0	1 1 0	5.0 0.0
))	0 - 0	0	0	ō	0.0
			0	3	3.0
)))	0 0 0	0	Ö	3 0 0	0.0 3.0 0.0 5.7 0.0
			0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0.0
	0	ŏ	ŏ	í	3.0 2.5
)	0 0 0	0	0	1	3.5
		0 0 0 0 0 0	ŏ	2 1 1 0 0	3.0 2.5 3.5 0.0 0.0 7.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.8
	0 0 0 0	0	0	0"	7.8
	0	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0.0
	0	Ō	Ŏ	0	0.0 0.0
<u>* 175</u>	Ü	0	0	0	7.8

Table C-13. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities—regions and States, fiscal 1972

(Expenditures in dollars)

	All	Capital	Op	erating expenditu Gross salaries	res
Region and State	expenditures	expenditures	Total	and wages	Other
INITATION CONTINUE	200,000	40 000	004 d05	001 104	20.1.0
UNITED STATES	399,099	17,272	381,827	291,408	90,419
REGION 1CONNECTICUT	11,606 3,426	750 23	10,857 3,403	8,651 2,794	2,206 609
MAINE	2,956	150	2,806	2,314	492
MASSACHUSETTS	158 1,687	7 246	151	119	32
RHODE ISLAND	1,981	290	1,441 1,691	1,127 1,336	314 356
VERMONT	1,398	33	1,364	962	403
REGION 2	46,682	3,317	43,365	32,191	11,174
NEW JERSEY	14,599 32,083	983 2,334	13,616	11,342 20,849	2,274
		1,772	29,749		8,900
REGION 3	43,369 1,917	1,772 259	41,596 1,658	30,795 1,279	10,801
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	5,472	0	5,472	4,356	1,116
MARYIAND	12,228	817	11,412	9,162	2,250
PENNSYLVANIAVIRGINIA	15,372 6,505	86 144	15,287 6,061	10,108	5,179
WEST VIRGINIA	1,874	167	1,707	4,716 1,174	1,345 532
REGION 4	45,260	3,758	41,501	30,275	11,227
ALABAMA	2,421	92	2,329	1,529	800
FIORIDAGEORGIA	14,697 6,603	942 323	13,755	10,910 4,729	2,845 1,552
KENTUCKY	3,103	47	3,056	4,729 2,075	981
MISSISSIPPI	1,389	188	1,201	881	319
NORTH CAROLINA	9,830	972	8,858	5,876	2,982
SOUTH CAROLINATENNESSEE	3,635 3,581	1,081 113	2,554 3,468	1,906 2,368	648 1,100
REGION 5	84,123	2,822			18,763
ILLINOIS	20.539	424	81,301 20,115	62,538 15,539	4,577
INDIANA	5,758	1,376	4,382	3,679	703
MICHIGAN	16,426	137	16,289	12,179	4,111
MINNESOTAf	9,756 23,034	624 112	9,133 22,922	7,369 17,473	1,764 5,448
WISCONSIN	8,610	150	8,460	6,299	2,161
REGION 6	27,142	1,868	25,274	18,655	6,619
ARKANSAS	2,190	324	1,866	1,211	655
LOUISIANA	5,975 2,314	183 38	5,792 2,276	4,398 1,541	1,394 735
OKLAHOMA	4,064	1,110	2,954	2,237	717
TEXAS	12,600	213	12,386	9,268	3,119
REGION 7	15,948	456	15,492	11,499	3,993
IOWA	4,602 2,892	126 73	4,476 2,819	3,137 2,084	1,339 735
ISSOURI	6,632	225	6,407	5,009	1,398
VEBRASKA	1,822	32	1,790	1,269	521
REGION 8	11,838	521	11,317	o 8,180	3,136
COLORADO	5,125	90	5,035	3,803	1,232
ONTANA	1,955 803	67 30	1,888 772	1,333 594	555 178
SOUTH DAKOTA	987	45	942	644	298
JTAHIYOMING	2,658 310	271 17	2,387 293	1,585 222	802
					71
RIZONA	90,981 4,589	1,466 170	89,515 4,420	72,588 2,962	16,927
ALIFORNIA	81.519	1,007	80,512	66,047	14,465
MWAII	1,160	0	1,160	972	188
EVADA	3,712	290	3,422	2,606	817
EGION 10	² 22,151	542	21,609	16,037	5,572
IASKA DAHO	1,599 1,052	0 23	1,599 1,029	1,189 727	410 302
DAHO	5,747	83	5,665	4,293	1,371
ASHINGTON	13,753	436	13,317	9,828	3,489

These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information. Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding

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Adjudicated delinquent-Detention status of a juvenile who, as the result of a formal and completed judicial proceeding, is adjudged a delinquent, usually for a nonstatus offense—one for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Includes some status offenders, especially in States without special status offender statutes. Even in States with such statutes, juveniles with previous offenses can be adjudicated delinquent for status offenses. (Conversely, a judge can declare a juvenile to be a person in need of supervision for a felony or misdemeanor—see person Detention status—One of the following statuses in need of supervision.)

Administrative staff-Includes such positions as superintendent, director, administrator, assistant superintendent, business manager, purchasing agent, stenographer, bookkeeper, accountant, switchboard operator, clerk, and typist.

Age-Pertains to the age of the youngest and oldest resident (including nonjuveniles). For 1973, these data are as of June 30. For the 1971 census, they pertain to the day the questionnaire was completed. Data for average age were obtained First court commitment—A type of admission to only in the 1973 census and are based on June 30 of that year.

Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction—Detention a crime in or run away from another jurisdiction and is being held pending return to that jurisdiction. Includes runaways from other correctional facilities. Excludes adjudicated delinquents awaiting placement in a correctional facility.

Capital expenditures—For the 1973 census, includes Group home—see halfway house and group home. provements, and new equipment costing \$1,000 or more, but excludes single expenditures of less than \$1,000. For the 1971 census, includes provements, and new equipment costing \$100 or

Child in need of supervision (CHINS)—see person in need of supervision.

Dependent and neglected children—A juvenile over Juvenile—In most States, a person under age 18. whom a juvenile court assumes jurisdiction because of its finding that the care exercised by parent, guardian, or custodian falls short of a legal standard for proper care. Excludes juveniles held on delinquency charges, adjudicated delinquents, and those declared in need of

supervision, even if they also could be considered dependent and neglected.

Design capacity—The number of persons a facility is designed to hold, exclusive of arrangements, if any, to alleviate overcrowding, such as the use of double-deck bunks in a facility designed for single bunks or the temporary use of space as sleeping quarters that was designed for other pur-

Detention center—A short-term facility that provides temporary care in a physically restricting environment for juveniles in custody pending court disposition and, often, for juveniles who are adjudicated delinquent or are awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction.

under which juveniles are held: adjudicated delinquent, person in need of supervision, held pending court disposition, awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction, voluntary admission, and dependent and neglected children.

Discharged with no further agency supervision—An unconditional departure.

Felony—An offense that if committed by an adult would be considered a felony. Excludes felonytype drug offenses.

training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms involving persons committed by courts for the first time.

status of a juvenile who allegedly has committed Gross salaries and wages—A component of operating expenditures. For the 1973 census, excludes employer contributions to employee benefits. For the 1971 census, includes the value of compensation for meals, lodging, and uniforms for staff personnel.

spending for new buildings, major repairs or im- Halfway house and group home—A long-term facility in which residents are allowed extensive contact with the community, such as attending school or working on a job.

spending for new buildings, major repairs or im- Held pending court disposition—Detention status of a juvenile who has not had any hearing or who has had only a preliminary screening, detention, or similar hearing and is awaiting further court action.

> With respect to juveniles in custody, a person subject to juvenile court proceedings because a statutorily defined event is alleged to have occurred while his/her age was below the statutorily specified limit of original jurisdiction of a iuvenile court.

- Juvenile in need of supervision (JINS)—see person in need of supervision.
- Long-term facility—A correctional, as opposed to a detention, facility, Includes training schools; ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and halfway houses and group homes.
- Minor in need of supervision (MINS)—see person in need of supervision.
- Misdemeanor—An offense that if committed by an adult would be considered a misdemeanor. Excludes misdemeanor-type drug offenses.
- Nonjuvenile—With respect to persons in custody, one within the original jurisdiction of a criminal rather than a juvenile court because his/her age at the time of an alleged crime was above the statutorily specified limit.
- Nonpayroll staff—Full-time or part-time staff not on the payroll of the reporting facility. Includes staff members of a parent agency or service who are assigned to the juvenile facility, personnel paid under contractual agreements or Federal grants, college interns, and in 1973, but not in 1971, community volunteers.
- Operational, maintenance, and other staff-In addition to housekeeping staff, includes all others not classifiable as administrative, personal custody, or treatment and educational staff.
- Operating expenditures—Gross salaries and wages, plus other operating expenditures.
- Other operating expenditures—A component of operating expenditures. For the 1973 census, covers expenditures for food, supplies, and contractual services. For the 1971 census, also includes the fair market value of free commodities Status offense—An act or conduct that is declared by or services provided by any public or charitable organization.
- Payroll staff-Full-time and part-time staff on the payroll of the reporting facility.
- Personal custody staff-Includes such positions as house parent, group supervisor, group worker, cottage parent, and matron.
- Person in need of supervision (PINS)—Detention status of a juvenile declared by a juvenile court to be in need of supervision. Encompasses those known variously as child in need of supervision (CHINS), juvenile in need of supervision (JINS), and minor in need of supervision (MINS), as well as those designated as unruly, unmanageable, or incorrigible under special statutes for status offenders. All PINS are not status offenders, and all status offenders are not PINS. Even in States with status offender statutes, juveniles with previous offenses can be adjudicated delinquent for

- status offenses. Conversely, a judge can declare a juvenile to be a person in need of supervision for a felony or misdemeanor.
- Placed in an aftercare or parole program—A conditional departure.
- Ranch, forestry camp, and farm-A long-term residential facility for persons whose behavior does not necessitate the strict confinement of a training school, often allowing them greater contact with the community.
- Recommitment—A type of admission to training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms involving persons who commit a new offense and are recommitted by court order, even if these persons are in an aftercare or parole status.
- Reception or diagnostic center-A short-term facility that screens persons committed by courts and assigns them to appropriate correctional
- Resident-A person, juvenile or nonjuvenile, held in a juvenile detention or correctional facility.
- Return from aftercare or parole—A type of admission to training schools or to ranches, forestry camps, and farms involving a person returned to confinement for violations of the conditions for aftercare or parole. Excludes those returned for new offenses.
- Shelter—A short-term facility that provides temporary care similar to that of a detention center, but in a physically unrestricting environment.
- Short-term facility—A detention, as opposed to a correctional, facility. Includes detention centers, shelters, and reception or diagnostic centers.
- statute to be an offense (but only when committed or engaged in by a juvenile) and that can be adjudicated only by a juvenile court. Typical status offenses are violation of curfew, running away from home, truancy, possession of alcoholic beverages, and leading an immoral life. Both adjudicated delinquents and juveniles declared to be persons in need of supervision can be status of-
- raining school-A long-term specialized type of facility that provides strict confinement for its residents.
- Treatment and educational staff—Includes such positions as psychiatrist, psychologist, chaplain, academic principal or teacher, vocational director or teacher, social worker, librarian, aftercare or parole worker, recreational worker, physician, registered nurse, practical nurse, medical aide, classification officer, and counselor.

Voluntary admission—A type of admission in which a juvenile voluntarily commits himself/herself to a facility without being adjudged by a court to be delinquent or in need of supervision. The juvenile may be referred to the facility for treatment by parents, court, school, or social agency.

Youthful offender-A person, adjudicated in criminal court, who may be above the statutory age limit for juveniles but below a specified upper age

limit, for whom special correctional commitments and special record-sealing procedures are made available by statute. The special correctional commitment may be to a juvenile facility, to a special section of an adult facility, or to a separate facility for the confinement of persons between the age limits specified in the particular statute. Such provisions exist in Federal law and in the laws of several states.

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