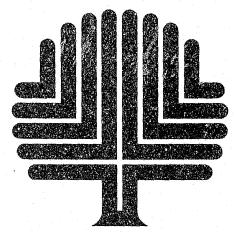
State court caseload statistics:

Annual report, 1975



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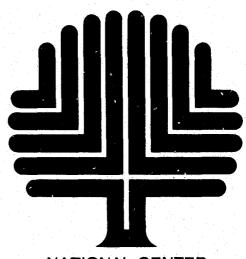
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Report of work performed by the National Court Statistics Project, National Center for State Courts

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IMPORTANT

We have provided an evaluation sheet at the end of this publication, it will assist us in improving future reports if you complete and return it at your convenience, it is postage-paid and needs no stamp.

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I. National Center for State Courts, II. Title, III. Series. KF180.C73 347'.73'13 78-606150 This State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1975 is the first such document ever to be published containing statistical caseload data compiled on a national basis from the annual reports of each state court system. It is the result of a cooperative effort of the National Center for State Courts and the Conference of State Court Administrators to develop within the National Center a national data base of state court caseload statistics.

The first report uses as a base year the state judicial statistics reports for the calendar year 1975. It contains data reflecting judicial caseload activity in each general and appellate jurisdiction state court. Subsequent annual reports will be expanded to reflect caseload activity in limited and special jurisdiction courts.

Questions of validity and accuracy of source data, as well as caveats regarding variation in reporting periods, court organization, subject matter jurisdiction, and definitions used among the states, make it imperative that the data contained in this report be used with extreme caution. Care must be exercised in attempting to compare even the broadest categories of caseflow for 1975. Direct comparisons of the statistics in the tables for any two jurisdictions presented in this report are questionable and quite invalid. Meaningful comparisons among the jurisdictions require more complete imformation about each

jurisdiction's court structure, operating procedures, statistical reporting procedures, and demographic characteristics.

This first annual report has probably been the most difficult one to compile because methodology had to be developed that would take into account all the limitations on the use of the data displayed. Although the addition of limited jurisdiction court data in the 1976 annual report may create additional problems, the National Center has been heartened by the expressions of interest and cooperation coming from court personnel all over the country. With few exceptions, they demonstrated an interest in helping the National Center to develop an accurate national data base of state court caseload statistics. The assistance and leadership of the Conference of State Court Administrators, and especially the National Court Statistics Project's Advisory Committee chaired by James R. James, have been invaluable in bringing order out of the present confusion.

Twood Au Lamel

Edward B. McConnell
Director
National Center for State Courts

The Conference of State Court Administrators has given its support to the National Court Statistics Project which will establish in the National Center for State Courts the capability of gathering, analyzing, and disseminating statistical information on each state court system in the nation. The project has been made a cooperative effort between COSCA and NCSC by giving policy control and direction over the project to an advisory committee of state court administrators selected by COSCA.

This first annual report deals primarily with information relating to the appellate and general trial courts of the several states. Plans are being developed to include courts of limited and special jurisdiction in future efforts.

The scope of this report is limited and pertains only to calendar year 1975. Since that year there have

been changes in court structure and reporting procedures in several of the individual states. This report should provide a baseline from which to measure the effects of such changes.

Persons making use of this book are requested to read and be guided by the introductory section and, in particular, the restrictions set forth therein. Any attempt to compare the caseload data of the states is risky and should not be attempted.

James R. James, Chairman

James R. James

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Acknowledgments

The preparation of State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1975 has been supervised and greatly assisted by the advisory committee appointed by the Conference of State Court Administrators (COSCA). The committee members have given generously of their time, talent, and experience, and their participation has been invaluable to the project staff. The positive control exerted by COSCA through this committee, using a review and approval process, has greatly enhanced the quality of this report.

The advisory committee members, however, are not the only COSCA members whose assistance has been vital to the production of this document. The administrators in all the 50 states and the District of Columbia have provided the project with whatever research materials they had available, both published and unpublished, and they have been consistently patient and helpful in answering written and telephoned inquiries for more data or for explanations of the data provided. Their continuing support in the development of a national data base of state court statistics within the National Center for State Courts

will be the crucial element in determining the quality of the statistics that are being gathered.

The members of the National Conference of Appellate Court Clerks also became an indispensable source of much-needed data when the clerks volunteered to provide and verify appellate court data that in many states were unavailable from any other source. Their assistance has been invaluable in expanding both the quantity and quality of appellate court data available to the project.

The trial court administrators across the nation who are members of the National Association of Trial Court Administrators were also requested to furnish caseload statistics, and their responses were very much appreciated.

In addition, in some states the project staff requested and received data from related sources, such as attorney generals' offices or budget departments, that were needed to provide missing links. The National Court Statistics Project staff would like to recognize and thank all these many individuals who have contributed to this first annual report.

Highlights

Substantial effort by the National Court Statistics Project (NCSP) staff and the Conference of State Court Administrators Advisory Committee was required to develop a methodology for displaying nationwide state court caseload for the first annual report. During preliminary attempts to aggregate available statistics into specific groupings, it became obvious that any realistic compilation must have a structure derived from, not superimposed upon, the data reported by the states. The structure of this report reflects that orientation and emphasis, and the summary statistics presented here reflect the existing situation in state court statistics because of it.

One general observation can be made about 1975 state court caseflow: the number of cases pending in state courts increased between the end of 1974 and the end of 1975. At the appellate court level, using estimated national totals, the increase in pending cases for all appellate courts was 14 percent. Breaking this down, intermediate appellate courts showed an increase of 18 percent, while pending cases in courts of last resort increased 6 percent. At the general jurisdiction court level, the number of cases pending was 9 percent higher at the end of 1975 than it was at the end of 1974, with pending civil cases increasing least in percentage terms (8 percent), but most in absolute numbers (151,240). Conversely, juvenile cases pending increased most in percentage (15 percent), but this was based on a relatively small number of cases (10,927). Overall, it can be said that there was more progress in containing the increase in absolute number of pending criminal and juvenile cases than civil cases, even though all types of cases pending increased compared to the prior year.

For the reader of this document, cautionary notes necessarily abound. Because of many state-to-state variations in the kinds of data reported, the summary tables in this annual report do not permit extensive, valid, direct comparisons of caseflow among states without careful examination of all the factors involved in assuring that the data are comparable.

Variations in data availability, court organization, subject matter jurisdiction, definitions of cases and units of count, reporting periods, and the degrees of completeness and accuracy of data all combine to make cross-jurisdictional comparisons extremely complex. Moreover, the lack of verified multi-year caseload data makes it difficult to reach valid conclusions regarding caseload and caseflow trends.

In terms of the structure of this annual report, summary statistical tables in Part I were constructed from the individual court profiles for all the states found in Part II. Data were first compiled into nationwide volume statistics (beginning pending, filings, dispositions, and end pending), and then the volume statistics were broken down where possible into broad category classifications, which were chosen to reflect the kinds of data being reported by the states. This approach required initial preparation of an overview court organization chart and an individual statistical profile for each state's appellate and general jurisdiction courts. The resulting documentation comprises Part II of this report.

Data availability has improved greatly from the first half of this century, when the first national compilation of caseload data was attempted. For example, a summary of the current availability of common caseload statistics (including computed data) is given below:

Number of states reporting gross volume data in 1975 for most common case categories

Case category by court level	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Courts of last resort:				
Appeals	26	44	41	27
Original proceedings	15	33	30	16
Requests to appeal	12	26	23	12
Intermediate appellate courts:				
Appeals	17	23	22	17
Original proceedings	6	10	10	8
Requests to appeal	4	50	5	4
Courts of general jurisdiction:				
Civil	35	44	44	35
Criminal	34	44	44	34
Juvenile	14	22	21	14

Available data were classified into major summary categories that are roughly comparable from state to state. For appellate courts the most common breakdown beyond that shown above was a separation within the "appeals" category into civil and criminal appeals. The most common types of appellate dispositions reported were: "affirmed," "reversed," and "dismissed." Written opinions were the most common method of disposition reported, used by 40 of the 53 courts of last resort and 19 of the 28 intermediate appellate courts. Only 13 courts of last resort and 9 intermediate appellate courts reported time interval data. Differences in case processing terminology often resulted in different time spans being measured. At a minimum, the reported data generally attempted to measure the interval from notice of appeal or filing to final disposition/decision/opinion. This span reflects the total time for appellate processing.

Of the 44 states and the District of Columbia from which statistics for courts of general jurisdiction were available, all but two reported gross filing and disposition data. Most states reported many more civil than criminal case categories. Fifteen major civil case categories used by the NCSP in compiling this annual report were derived from the approximately 200 separate civil case categories used by the 44 reporting states and D.C. Likewise, seven case categories were derived from the 77 reported name titles for criminal cases. Complete volume data for juvenile cases (beginning pending, filings, dispositions, end pending) were reported by general jurisdiction courts in 13 states and the District of Columbia. Time data on case processing at the general jurisdiction level were extremely limited. Only 12 states reported age of pending statistics in 1975, while only 5 states reported age at disposition.

The detail charts and statistical profiles in Part II are helpful references because they indicate not only the organization and subject matter jurisdiction of the courts in each state, but also the differences in reporting periods, units of sount, and variations in case categories and classifications. They show at a glance how much data were available for comparison purposes.

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Introduction

The first annual report of state court statistics is the product of a cooperative effort of the Conference of State Court Administrators and the National Center for State Courts. Operational management of this undertaking is provided by the National Court Statistics Project (NCSP) of the National Center for State Courts (NCSC), with advisory supervision by the Conference of State Court Administrators (COS-CA).

National Court Statistics Project

The purpose of the National Court Statistics Project is to develop and implement a program to collect and report all available court caseload statistics from the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The project will establish within the National Center for State Courts the ongoing capability to gather, analyze, and disseminate credible caseload data from each state court system.

During its first year, the project produced two major documents. The first was State Court Caseload Statistics: The State of the Art. That report provides a historical and contemporary survey of problems, successes, and failures to collect and disseminate state court caseload statistics on a national basis.

State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1975 is the second report. This first annual report demonstrates the feasibility of producing an ongoing series of annual reports that accurately depict the caseloads of state courts. The two reports and their appendices are the first step in establishing a permanent data base of state court caseload statistics. This data base will enable the state judiciaries to depict their trial and appellate court workloads in much the same manner that criminal justice agencies are able to demonstrate increases or decreases in their respective workloads.

Project goals

One goal of the National Court Statistics Project is to provide state court caseload data that are comparable across jurisdictional boundaries. As the quality of data improves from year to year, future reports will provide data that will permit comparisons. Court caseload statistics are needed by local courts and by administrative offices of state courts for operational, management, and planning purposes. There are many potential uses for reliable state court statistics that are comparable across state lines. Interstate comparison of statistics can help to identify

- -national trends in litigation and other court activities;
- -evolving caseload problems;
- -effects of long-term programs and legislation;
- —court systems that are operating effectively so that, where applicable, their successful programs and procedures can be identified and shared;
- —the impact on the courts of organizational, procedural, and structural changes in the states; and
- —the need for revised court budgets or additional judicial resources.

Legislative and executive agencies—both state and national—require data in order to plan for the types of court facilities and support resources (personnel, financial, and technical) likely to be most needed in future years. Comparable state statistics can also serve an important educational function. All branches of government, the public at large, individual litigants, and the media have a stake in our justice system, and their awareness and understanding of the courts' operations are essential if they are to play a positive role in the administration of justice.

The National Court Statistics Project, through this and subsequent annual reports, hopes to develop and disseminate state court caseload data that can serve these many needs.

Scope of the report

The number and types of topical categories that can be displayed in this first report are limited by the quality and quantity of data available. Future annual reports will incorporate increasing amounts and types of data, with the eventual goal of assembling all available caseload data from all major courts within each state.

Data for 1975 were collected from the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Although data were

obtained from Puerto Rico, they could not be translated in time for inclusion in this report, but the scope of subsequent reports will be broadened, if possible, to include American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Marianas, and the Trust Territories of the Pacific.

This first annual report is limited to presentation of available caseload data for state appellate courts and trial courts of general jurisdiction. Data from limited or special jurisdiction courts (for example, a Land Court) were included if these courts were staffed by general jurisdiction court judges. In order to permit subject matter comparisons across state lines, four topical tables showing cases adjudicated in either general or in limited and special jurisdiction courts have also been included. These tables show cross-jurisdictional statewide category totals for juvenile, domestic relations, probate, and mental health cases.

Appellate courts are subdivided into courts of last resort (the final court of appeals within a particular state) and intermediate appellate courts (courts in which the primary work is the disposition of initial appeals received from trial courts of general jurisdiction or administrative agencies, and in which some decisions are subject to appeal or review by the court of last resort).

As defined in this report, a court was considered to be a general jurisdiction trial court if it met one of the following criteria:

- —the individual state considers it a general jurisdiction court:
- -felony cases are tried and felony sentences given; or
- —the judges of the court are general jurisdiction court judges sitting on temporary assignment.

All other courts were classified as limited or special, jurisdiction courts.

Because at least 30 states use the calendar year as the reporting period, the calendar year was chosen as the unit of analysis. Of the remaining states, 11 publish general jurisdiction court caseload data on a fiscal year basis, and most of these begin the fiscal year on July 1. There is even more variety in reporting periods at the appellate court level, where reference periods may be calendar year, fiscal year, or court terms. Therefore, even though calendar year 1975 was chosen as the case reporting period for this annual report, data for that time span could not be

obtained for all states. Calendar year data were specifically requested from appellate courts and were used, when available, rather than published fiscal year data. In a few states, statistics from two fiscal year reports could be merged into one set of calendar year statistics. For those states where calendar year data were unavailable, fiscal year 1974-75 was accepted as the case-reporting period.

For purposes of this report, fiscal year refers to any noncalendar-year reporting period. Fiscal years do not all begin at the same time, although July is the most common starting month. The exact reporting periods used by each court can be found on the court's statistical profile in Part II of this report.

Methodology employed

The sources of data for the tables presented in this report are published annual reports provided by the states and unpublished statistical material requested of and supplied by state court administrators and appellate court clerks. (Appendix A of this report provides a matrix indicating the source of data for each state.)

In addition to a review of all published and unpublished data received from the states, this report includes a study of all available reporting forms and instructions which the states utilized to collect caseload statistics from their respective courts. Additional relevant information was secured from appropriate personnel in each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Published information on reporting-category classifications, terminology, definitions, and data-collection instructions was not always available; therefore, telephone discussions with state court administrators or their staff and appellate court clerks were essential in clarifying ambiguous points. As the project progressed, additional telephone contact and follow-up correspondence were used to collect missing data, confirm the accuracy of available data, and ascertain the jurisdiction of each court.

In the absence of explanations from the states themselves regarding jurisdictional data, information presented in the *National Survey of Court Organization* was used.² Beyond this, information was collected on the number of judges per court (or court system), the size of state populations (based on 1975 Bureau of the Census estimates), other 1975 demo-

^{&#}x27;The classification categories used by the NCSP are shown in boldface throughout this report.

²U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, *National Survey of Court Organization* (Washington, D. C.: U.S. Govt. Print. Off., 1973). Supplements published in 1975 and 1977.

graphic data, and any special characteristics regarding a particular jurisdiction's subject matter or court structure.

The quality and quantity of data received determined the case categories used in this first report. Compilation efforts focused on the establishment of both valid and comparable case categories. These case categories appear as the principal headings in the summary tables in Part I and in each court's profile in Part II.

After case categories were established for display of available case data, a profile of each state's courts was constructed. Each state's profile contains the following information:

- —a chart depicting the organization of the court system within a state, the jurisdiction and route of appeal of each court, the number of judges, information on trials; and
- -a set of tables containing the data received from each state court (or court system).

Terminology used by each state is displayed on each court's profile as subheadings under the main headings; the main headings are categories that the National Court Statistics Project used uniformly for all the states. For example, an "Application for Leave to Appeal" was classified as a request to appeal in all tables. Explanations that were used in source documents to clarify a state's data, along with the project staff's explanations to clarify staff's arrangement of that data, are included, where appropriate, as footnotes in each court's profile.

Verification of data

With the cooperation of the Conference of State Court Administrators, all data were submitted to the appropriate state court administrator's office for review and verification. An additional check was provided through the cooperation of the National Conference of Appellate Court Clerks (NCACC), which invited NCSP staff to submit appellate court data for review and verification to the appropriate clerk of the appellate court in each state. Finally and vitally important to the relevance and usability of this report, the structure and contents as well as the format, content, and limitations on all data tables have been reviewed and approved by the Conference of State Court Administrators' Advisory Committee to the National Court Statistics Project.

Limitations on use of data displayed

Although this is the first attempt by the National Center to produce a national-scope annual report of state court statistics, it is certainly not the first undertaking in this field. An earlier survey of state court statistical reports, for example, found "... significant differences in coverage, classification, terminology, and reference periods from State to State." The age, quality, and quantity of data presented in this report require that the same kinds of differences noted in that earlier study be discussed here.

Variations in reporting periods. This report reflects court organizations and jurisdictions as they existed in 1975. Court systems are not static entities. Significant jurisdictional changes have been made since 1975. For example, Kansas and Kentucky have since instituted unified court systems and established intermediate appellate courts. Hence, caution should be used in attempting to compare the data in this report with a state's current data. The organizational or jurisdictional characteristics of that state's court system may have been altered since 1975.

As indicated on profile headings, some states report data by calendar year, some by fiscal year. Some report appellate court data by court term, and in some instances, appellate court terms run less than a year. Hence, even within the 1975 period used in this report, the time spans covered are not always directly comparable.

Variations in court organization. In any comparison of statistics across state lines, differences in the organization of each state's courts must be considered. In comparing court data, for example, it should be kept in mind that during 1975

- -two states had more than one court of last resort;
- —24 states had intermediate appellate courts;
- —the number of appellate justices per state (considering only full-time justices, without including part-time justices, commissioners, or temporary justices) varied from 3 to 58; and
- —the number of general jurisdiction court divisions per state ranged from 1 to 261.

Variations in subject matter jurisdiction. The subject matter jurisdictions of both appellate and general trial courts also vary widely among the states. Some states have a dual appellate route, one set of courts for civil matters and one set of courts for criminal cases. One of the primary determinants of the appellate jurisdiction of a court of last resort

³U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Final Report Covering Research Preliminary to a National Survey of Court Caseloads" (Criminal Justice Statistics Branch, Governments Division, Bureau of the Census, 1973), p. 5. (Unpublished).

appears to be the presence or absence of an intermediate appellate court. Courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts generally have wide discretion in determining the matters they will hear. Appeals must generally be heard as a matter of right by intermediate appellate courts and, in states without intermediate appellate courts, by courts of last resort. In summary, appellate courts may have wide discretion, little or no discretion, or different degrees of discretion in determining the matters they will hear. These variations in jurisdiction can affect or invalidate loosely structured caseload comparisons both within and among states.

General jurisdiction courts show the same kind of wide variation in the kinds of cases over which they have jurisdiction. Some general jurisdiction courts handle juvenile and probate matters, while others do not. The same is true for civil and criminal matters. As one example, general jurisdiction courts in states with unified trial courts may be handling all cases from parking violations to felonies and from small claims to the largest civil cases. An adjacent state may have general jurisdiction courts with a criminal division handling felony matters only (after preliminary hearing in a limited jurisdiction court) and a civil division handling no civil cases involving less than ten thousand dollars. In this example, both civil and criminal cases are handled at the general jurisdiction level in each state, yet a given court in another state may have only civil jurisdiction, only criminal jurisdiction, or both, depending on the state. In sum, when comparing general jurisdiction court statistics, the differences in jurisdiction both within and among states must be taken into consideration.

Variations in definitions. Definition problems complicate the compilation of caseload data for both appellate and general jurisdiction courts. The definitions used by this project have been chosen for their practicality in facilitating the classification of the data gathered. Published source documents generally provide few, if any, definitions to assist in comparing statistics among states. Typically, supplementary definitional information for general jurisdiction courts has to be obtained from state court administrators. The same kind of information regarding appellate courts often has to be obtained from the clerk of each appellate court. Much of the definitional information used in the preparation of this report came from such ancillary sources and not from published material.

For example, some states do not distinguish an appeal from motions and other procedural matters

that consume minimal time. Some states report total cases processed by appellate courts without any indication as to what types of proceedings constitute the total. Other states include in their caseload only appeals that were decided on the merits. Classification of the same kind of proceeding varies from state to state. Habeas corpus, for example, may be listed by one state as a separate category, but classified in another state under any of three other categoriesappeals, original proceedings, or motions. To minimize such classification problems in computing national caseload statistics, this report has defined an appellate "case" to include any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal, and has grouped state data within these classifications wherever possible.

The use of this broad definition of "case" does not completely solve the problem of comparability. For example, comparison of judicial productivity among courts that have an equal number of judges requires that each court define cases in a similar manner. An analysis of judicial productivity among seven-judge courts of last resort in states with intermediate courts, revealed that the reported median number of cases disposed per judge was 133.5, with a range from 65 to 530 in these courts.

The mean (average) disposition rate for these courts was 182 cases per judge, with a standard deviation (a measure of variability) of 138 cases per judge. The extremely broad range of reported dispositions per judge, in courts with the same number of judges, makes the reported data and any ensuing attempt at comparison highly suspect, especially in view of the very high variance indicated by the high standard deviation.

General jurisdiction courts have similar problems with definitions and with the unit of count utilized, especially in criminal cases. The most common unit of count in general jurisdiction criminal cases, used in 21 states, is the information, indictment, or complaint (some states count criminal cases when the complant is filed, while others require an information or indictment before a criminal case is counted). There are 19 states that use the defendant as the unit of count—reporting as cases each defendant on each information, indictment, or complaint. One state uses as the unit of count the case number assigned at arraignment; one state simply counts a "case."

Units of count for civil cases in general jurisdiction courts present far fewer problems. There are 41 states that use filings as the unit of count in civil cases, — that is, the point at which a case number is assigned.

One state counts civil cases at the filing of a note of issue; one when the case is calendared; and yet another at time of first answer. One state reports that it does not have a specific unit of count for civil cases. A few have indicated that prescribed unit-of-count definitions are not followed uniformly by their local courts.

Information regarding the unit of count used by the various general jurisdiction courts is provided by footnotes in each appropriate statistical table within this report. In addition, Appendix C provides a summary of the units of count utilized by the general jurisdiction courts of each state.

Variations in completeness and accuracy of data. Incomplete data and questionable accuracy of reported data have been a major concern to the staff of this project. At the appellate court level the amounts and types of data available (published and unpublished) had no common denominator. Some appellate courts reported no information; some reported very detailed filings, but no dispositions or pending cases; and some reported detailed dispositions, but no filings or pending cases. There were very few states that consistently reported the volume of appellate court data by case category and by filings, disposition, and pending cases. There appears to be very little consensus among states as to the appellate case categories that should be reported.

Overall, the general jurisdiction courts were more consistent in reporting 1975 data. All states were requested to provide caseload breakdowns for civil, criminal, and juvenile cases in their general jurisdiction courts. While 6 states could provide no data at all, the remaining 44 and the District of Columbia provided at least criminal and civil breakdowns for total cases processed in 1975. There were 22 states and the District of Columbia that identified and reported juvenile case statistics as part of their general jurisdiction court data, while general jurisdiction courts in 19 states did not process juvenile cases. Three states processed juvenile cases as part of their general jurisdiction caseload but collected no data for juvenile cases. Six states which processed juvenile cases as part of the general jurisdiction caseload provided no general jurisdiction data for 1975.

A great deal of effort was expended by the National Court Statistics Project staff in collecting missing data, whether from published or ancillary sources, in defining terminology, and in identifying categories in which cases should be placed in order to produce the statistics contained in this report. In other words, data contained in this report cannot be replicated solely from available published material.

Large gaps remained in the data collected, even after extensive data-gathering efforts, as the tables presented in this report will demonstrate. The state statistical profiles further demonstrate that little uniformity existed as to the kinds of data that court administrators collected either for management purposes or for publication in annual reports. Available data were extremely diverse in terms of quantity, quality, and content.

Extensive efforts were required to validate NCSP classification of data provided by the states and to avoid further distortion of any data received. No attempt, however, was made by the National Court Statistics Project staff to assess the underlying validity or accuracy of the data received from the states. For example, the published cumulative case statistics for appellate courts and general jurisdiction courts frequently did not balance with reported totals within each category. Such discrepancies were seldom footnoted or explained in published state reports.

Questions of validity and accuracy of source data, as well as previously discussed caveats regarding variation in reporting periods, court organization, subject matter jurisdiction, and definitions used among the states, make it imperative that the data contained in this report be used with extreme caution. Care must be exercised in attempting to compare even the broadest categories of caseflow for 1975. Direct comparisons of the statistics in the tables for any two jurisdictions presented in this report are questionable and quite probably invalid. Meaningful comparisons among the jurisdictions require more complete information about each jurisdiction's court structure, operating procedures, statistical reporting procedures, and demographic characteristics.

Part I State court caseload summary statistics

Part I 1975 State court caseload summary statistics

Data displayed in Part I attempt to portray the caseflow of appellate courts and general jurisdiction courts for the year 1975. Tables are presented in two sections—one which interprets appellate court data and one which interprets general jurisdiction court data. Tables in both sections are sequenced to display national totals first, then more detailed category breakdowns.

General comments on appellate court summary tables

Because of the variations in the quantity and quality of data available from appellate courts in 1975, the comparative data presented for appellate courts have been restricted to

- -comparisons of pending caseloads;
- —changes (numerical and percentage) in pending caseload;
- —comparison of dispositions and pending cases as a percentage of filings;
- —comparison of filings, dispositions, and pending cases per unit of population, and
- —comparison of per-judge data, where appropriate. These last two measures (caseload per unit of population and caseload per judge) are intended to aid comparison of caseflow across fairly diverse jurisdictions. The use of per-judge data gives some idea of at least a portion of the total workload facing a court in terms that can be grasped more easily than the total volume of cases faced by the whole court. Per-judge data equalize the differences between courts with many justices and courts with few justices.

Comparison of caseload per unit of population is another way of comparing the volume of appellate caseload among states. Filings per unit of population may highlight the variations from state to state in tendency to litigate. Caseload per unit of population equalizes the differences between states with large and small populations, in the same way that per-judge data equalize differences between large and small courts.

As the quantity and specificity of appellate court data improve, future annual reports will contain tables that provide multiyear comparisons of appellate court caseload within states and among states. With multiyear data, more reliance will be placed on graphics, in addition to straight statistics, since graphic presentations are helpful in interpreting statistics.

General comments on general jurisdiction court summary tables

Tables presented in the general jurisdiction section are grouped to display total caseflow, civil caseflow, criminal caseflow, juvenile caseflow, and jury trial data. Within the caseflow groupings the sequence moves from the general to the more specific. Because the data available from general jurisdiction courts were for the most part more extensive than those from appellate courts, more detailed comparisons and more analytical tables are presented within each subsection.

The analytical tables provide several devices for measuring the court's performance. The first measure used is the number of dispositions as a percent of the number of filings. This figure measures the rate of disposition of filings. The second measure, number of cases pending at the end of the year as a percent of the number of filings, measures the size of the pending caseload at the end of the year in relation to the total cases filed within the year. The final two measures used on the tables analyze pending caseload at the end of the year (shown as "end pending" in the tables) compared to caseload pending at the beginning of the year ("beginning pending") in terms of both the number change and the percent change. In addition, criminal trial figures are presented in the criminal caseflow section as a percentage of dispositions, a measure of trial frequency among states.

Summary tables for criminal caseflow in courts of general jurisdiction show felony caseflow as well as

trial data and disposition types. For civil cases in courts of general jurisdiction, there are also summary tables as well as separate tables showing court caseflow both in courts of general and of limited or special jurisdiction for categories of domestic relations, probate, and mental health.

Other special analytical tables display juvenile caseflow in general jurisdiction courts as well as combined juvenile data from both general and limited (or special) jurisdiction courts. A final analytical table shows statistics for general jurisdiction courts from those states that report jury trials for civil, criminal, and juvenile cases.

In addition to statistical tables for the general jurisdiction courts, it is hoped that subsequent annual reports will include more analytical data, multiple-year time-series data, and a number of graphs.

The statistics reported by each court within a state and the way in which the data have been categorized for inclusion in this report are displayed in the individual profiles in Part II. Appendix A provides a tabular listing of data sources that were used to make up each court's profile.

Interpretation of appellate court data

In this section, tables are presented to show the caseflow of appellate courts for 1975. Appellate courts are subdivided into courts of last resort (the final court of appeal within a particular state) and intermediate appellate courts (courts whose primary work is the disposition of initial appeals received from trial courts of general jurisdiction or administrative agencies, and whose decisions are usually subject to appeal or review by a court of last resort within a given state).

Data presented on the following tables were compiled from all data that were available, both in annual reports and unpublished data provided by individual appellate court clerks and state court administrators. Therefore, the data on these tables cannot be found in published annual reports alone.

Because deciding appeals is the function of the appellate courts, data on appeals should be separated from merely procedural matters; an appeal decided on the merits usually requires substantially more court (judge) time than review of an application for leave to appeal, although this is not always the case. Unfortunately, data on appeals were not reported by states in sufficient detail to separate all appellate caseloads into categories. In the detailed caseflow tables (Tables 5 and 6) appeals have been distinguished from original proceedings and requests to

appeal for courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts whenever such data were available. Even so, the significant gaps in the data presented for 1975 (See Tables 5 and 6) graphically indicate why the National Court Statistics Project has defined appellate caseload to include as "cases" any appeal, original proceeding, or request to appeal.

Although appeals filed and disposed constitute traditional measures of court caseload, many states did not provide these data. While some states did distinguish filings, dispositions, and pendings for appeals and other categories such as original proceedings, requests to appeal, or requests for rehearing, many other states produced only a total figure for filings, dispositions, or pendings. For example, four courts of last resort reported all filings as one total, which included all types of activity that came before the court in 1975. Six courts reported only total dispositions and nine courts reported only total pending cases. In these states, there was no way to distinguish the number of appeals from other types of less time-consuming matters. Further variations resulted when some courts provided category breakdowns for filings but only a partial or no breakdown for dispositions. Other states provided category breakdowns of dispositions but not of filings or pending cases. A few states included within their appeals category original proceedings and some requests to appeal, but usually the number of these other cases was not specified. In addition, two states had case-accounting systems that were oriented to tracking applications for leave to appeal rather than appeals.

The appellate tables that follow are sequenced from the general to the more specific. The final table contains data from those states reporting information regarding time to disposition for appeals.

Only national totals, which are indicated as "Estimated national totals" on Table 1, have been estimated. Data on all tables except Table 1 are as reported and verified by state court personnel.

Appellate court caseflow (Tables 1-6)

Tables 1 through 6 contain all 1975 data available for appellate courts. Table 1 also includes estimated nationwide caseflow.

Table 1. This summary table displays both reported and estimated 1975 data regarding filings, dispositions, and pending cases for courts of last resort, intermediate appellate courts, and a combination of the two ("all appellate courts"). These caseflow figures are derived from the reported totals in Tables 2, 3, and 4, respectively.

Estimated caseflow data on Table 1 are based on the results of eight predictive equations: one each for the number of beginning pending, filed, disposed, and end pending cases in the courts of last resort and the intermediate appellate courts.

Several variables were examined for use in the predictive equations. Among these were the number of judges, the number of courts of last resort, the number of intermediate appellate courts, and various population variables. The population variables were used because population has long been considered a good predictor of caseload, and initial correlations of population and appellate caseload proved to be quite good.

Along with the national caseflow estimates, two statistical significance measures for the regression (predictive) equations are shown. The first significance measure is the R² value. This value represents the percent of the variation in the dependent variable (caseflow) which is explained by the independent variables in the predictive equation. The second measure is the significance-level of the predictive equation. A more complete technical discussion of the procedure used for estimation can be found in Appendix B.

In addition to summarizing the estimated total national caseflow, Table 1 introduces two other comparability measures that are used throughout this report. First, estimated average beginning pendings, filings, dispositions, and end pendings per judge are presented for courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts separately and for all appellate courts together. Estimated averages are derived by dividing the total estimated cases filed, disposed, or pending by the number of full-time judges assigned to courts of last resort (339), to intermediate appellate courts (442), and to all appellate courts (781). Estimated caseload per judge provides a measure against which states and individual courts can compare their own caseloads while adjusting for differences among courts in number of judges. Within this report, these nationwide averages can be compared to the per-judge data presented in Table 10 for courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts, in Table 14 for courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts, and in Table 18 for intermediate appellate courts. The latter three tables are based on actual data received from the courts rather than on estimates.

Second, estimated average filings, dispositions, and pending cases per 100,000 unit of state population are presented for all appellate courts, for courts of last resort, and for intermediate appellate courts.

Estimated averages were constructed by dividing the estimated totals for all appellate courts or all courts of last resort by the total estimated 1975 U. S. population (213,124,000 divided by 100,000). Estimated averages per unit of population for intermediate appellate courts were constructed by dividing the estimated total filings, dispositions, and pending cases for intermediate appellate courts by the total estimated 1975 population for the 24 states which had intermediate appellate courts in 1975 (166,522,000 divided by 100,000). Estimated average per-unit-of-population figures again provide a measure for the comparison across state lines of appellate court caseload and caseflow while equalizing variations resulting from differences in state populations.

Table 2. This table presents the actual reported caseflow data from each state for all appellate courts. In addition to an overview of caseflow activity in all appellate courts, Table 2 indicates the number of courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts in each state as well as the number of judges assigned to these courts during 1975. The estimated 1975 population for each state is also provided.

"Reported totals" in Table 2 are the totals of all published and unpublished data received from the states. "Number of states reporting" indicates how many states provided information in each caseflow category, that is, filings, espositions, and pending cases. "Percent of population represented" is the percent of the total U. S. population represented by the number of states that reported data in each category.

Table 2 may appear to be an exact composite of Table 3 for courts of last resort and of Table 4 for intermediate appellate courts, but this is not the case. Tables 3 and 4 present all data received from all courts of last resort and all intermediate appellate courts. In contrast, data from a state were included in Table 2 only if data were available from all appellate courts within that state. For example, the available data from the Indiana Court of Appeals are displayed on Table 4. However, because data were not available from the Indiana Supreme Court, Indiana is marked N/A (not available) in Table 2. Although the sums will be close, the combined national totals on Tables 3 and 4 exceed the national totals for all appellate courts on Table 2.

Tables 3 and 4. These tables present available data regarding caseflow in courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts, respectively. National totals of reported data for each type of court are provided at the bottom of these tables.

Both should be viewed as summary tables,

constructed to present national caseflow totals for courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts. These tables are not intended to provide a basis for direct comparison between any two states or courts. In reviewing Table 3, particular attention should be paid to whether or not a state has an intermediate appellate court as indicated in Table 4. Courts of last resort in states that do not have intermediate appellate courts handle the entire appellate caseload, whereas the highest court handles only the most serious cases in states that have an intermediate appellate court. Subsequent tables in this report (Tables 7 through 14) will separate data for courts of last resort in states having an intermediate appellate court from those that do not.

Another measure of comparability used on many tables in this report, the number and percentage increase or decrease in end pending, is introduced in Tables 3 and 4. An increase in number of cases added to end pending serves as a measure of how well a court handled its caseload during a given year. The number of cases pending at the end of the year gives an indication of whether or not a court has accumulated more cases than it can process, creating a backlog problem. Percentage change in the number of cases pending at the end of a year over the end of the previous year provides a comparison of at least 2 years of court activity which, in conjunction with the present year's activity, indicates whether the court is functioning more or less efficiently. These two measures permit both internal and external comparisons. That is, the court can compare its progress against its own record, or it can compare its yearly output with output of other courts of similar jurisdiction and judicial resources.

A final caution to be kept in mind is that Table 3 presents data for courts of last resort in raw form, without regard to the presence or absence of intermediate appellate courts, and without regard to composition and jurisdiction of the appellate court in each state. Only internal comparisons should be made using data from this table.

Tables 5 and 6. Detailed caseflow for courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts in those states that reported data is presented in Tables 5 and 6. Case data in these tables indicate the broad subject-matter composition of appellate court "cases" reported to be pending, filed, and disposed.

These two tables should also be viewed as summary tables, because no attempt has been made to separate courts on any criterion of comparability, for example, separating courts of last resort in states that have intermediate appellate courts from those that do not. Because so much data are unreported, totals have not been provided in these tables. As increasing numbers of appellate courts report uniformly-defined data, future reports will provide more information on the actual composition of the caseload handled by appellate courts. The number of states presenting data on Tables 5 and 6 is shown below:

Figure A: Number of states reporting data for courts of last resort

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Appeals	26	44	41	27
Original proceedings	15	33	30	16
Requests to appeal	12	26	23	12

Figure B: Number of states reporting data for intermediate appellate courts

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Appeals	- 17	23	22	17
Original proceedings	6	10	10	6
Requests to appeal	4	5	5	4

The totals above indicate the number of states from which data are still unavailable. The detailed caseflow for each reporting state is in Table 5 or 6.

Table 1: Appellate court reported and estimated national caseflow totals, 1975

	of some	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Percent change in end pending
Number of state	urts s (from Table 2) ^b tes reporting ^o	27,547 33	111,625 46	96,750 46	32,328 33	17.5
Estimated nation	oulation represented ^d onal totals•	45.7 56,619	90.9 118,566	87.7 108,043	45.7 64,695	14.3
Number of state Percent of por Percent of vari	s (from Table 3) ^b tes reporting ^c ulation represented ^c iance explained (R ²) ^c predictive equation ²	10,970 35 56.7 .715 p < .01	42,701 47 93.2 .849 P < .01	37,615 46 87,7 .870 P < 01	12,179 35 56.7 .608 P. < .01	11.0
Intermediate app Reported case Numbers of str Percent of pop Percent of vari	seliate courts s (from Table 4) ^b ates reporting ^c sullation represented ^d iance explained (R ²) ^c predictive equation ^g	25,681 18 68.2 .885 P < .01 40,839	45,523 70,863 23 97.0 .883 p < .01 73,043	41,356 59,623 22 89.9 .918 p <.01 66,687	16,670 30,521 18 68.2 .868 P < .01 48,025	5.6 19.0 17.6
Estimated cases All appellate c Courts of last Intermediate ap	ourts resort	72.5 46.5 92.4	151.8 134,3 165,3	138.3 122.0 150.9	82.8 49.2 108.7	
Estimated cases All appellate c Courts of last Intermediate as	resort	26.6 7.4 24.5	55.6 21.4 43.9	50.7 19.4 40.0	30.4 7.8 28.8	

aTo ascertain the states that reported data in any category, refer to Tables 2, 3, and 4 for reported data on all appellate courts, all courts of last resort, and all intermediate appellate courts, respectively.

*Cases included in above reported and estimated totals are: appeals, original proceedings, and requests to appeal.

*Reported cases for all appellate courts (courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts) and for courts of last resort are from 50 states and the District of Columbia.

*States could be asset for all appellate courts.

State populations used for all appellate courts and courts of last resort are from mid-year 1975 Bureau of the Census estimates and total 213,124,000. Bureau of the Census estimated that population for the 24 states which had intermediate appellate courts in 1975 totaled 166,522,000.

*Estimated national totals are the cumulative total of all reported data plus the estimated data for each state not reporting data.

The statistic gives the percent of the variation in the reported caseflow which is explained by the variation of the predictive equation for that element of the caseflow.

A significance level of p <.01 indicates that a result of this magnitude will occur by chance less than one time in a hundred.

For the year 1975: there were 81 appellate courts, with a total of 781 judges assigned to them, in 50 states and the District of Columbia; there were 53 courts of last resort, with a total of 339 judges assigned to them, in 50 states and the District of Columbia; and there were 28 intermediate appellate courts, with 442 judges assigned to them, in 24 states. Estimated cases per judge were developed by dividing the Estimated National Totals for each type of court by the number of judges assigned to titem in 1975. The number of judges assigned does not consider that: some judges may have been unavailable due to illness or mid-year retiment; some courts use full-time commissioners to screen cases, and some use part-time judges over and above their assigned complement of judges.

Table 2: Total appellate court caseflow, 1975.

Reported caseflow for all appellate courts with number of appellate courts and judges per state and estimated national caseflow totals.

State	Beginning pending	ining End ding Filed Disposed pending	Number	of courts	Number	1975 state popula- tion			
					Last resort	Inter- mediate	Last resort	Inter- mediate	tion in thou- sanda
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	426 214 1,453 N/A N/A	1,380 315 2,614 N/A 13,604	1,136 288 2,484 516 14,505	670 241 1,583 N/A N/A	1 1 1	2 0 1 0 1	9 5 7 7	ນສູຢິ 12 0 51	3,614 35)? 2,224 2,116 21,185
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida	838 N/A 186 926 N/A	1,411 N/A 333 1,265 9,695	1,291 242 286 1,164 8,340	938 N/A 233 1,027 N/A	1	1 0 0 0	7 6 3 9	10 0 0 0 20	2,534 3,095 579 716 8,357
Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana	N/A 172 300 3,911 N/A	N/A 194 338 5,222 N/A	N/A 145 324 4,705 N/A	N/A 221 315 4,428 N/A	1	0	7 5 7 5	9 0 0 34 9	4,926 865 820 11,145 5,311
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine	781 222 N/A N/A 183	1,086 368 1,199 3,626 268	868 352 N/A 3,368 214	999 238 N/A N/A 246	1	0 0 0 1	9 7 7 7 6	ບ 0 0 29 ປັ	2,870 2,267 3,396 3,791 1,059
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesots Mississippi	168 N/A 3,575 N/A 592	2,042 1,614 5,387 N/A 613	1,998 1,255 4,439 506 598	212 11, A 4,523 N/A 607	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0	7 7 7 9 9	12 6 18 0	4,098 5,828 9,157 3,926 2,346
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	1,793 N/A N/A 334 238	2,257 299 571 553 288	1,950 N/A 545 634 277	2,001 N/A N/A 256 249	1	1 0 0 0	7 5 7 5 5	22 0 0 0	4,763 748 1,546 592 818
New dersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	4,106 437 N/A N/A 2	5,431 1,014 12,642 1,598 129	4,828 1,034 12,084 1,357 129	4,709 417 //A .//A	1 1 1 1	1 2 1 0	7 5 7 7 5	21 5 33 9 0	7,316 1,147 18,120 5,451 635
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvonia Rhode Island	N/A 1,312 697 N/A 326	8,192 2,133 2,312 6,719 347	7,458 1,925 2,005 N/A 318	N/A 1,518 1,004 N/A 355	1 2 1	1 1 1 2 0	7 12 7 7 5	38 6 6 14 0	10,759 2,712 2,288 11,827 927
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	104 211 N/A 1,320 N/A	276 218 2,238 5,479 462	232 200 1,907 5,092 403	122 223 N/A 1,724 N/A	1 1 1 2 1	0 0 2 1	5 5 14 5	0 0 16 42 0	2,818 683 4,188 12,237 1,206
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	244 331 1,662 14 382 87	355 1,526 2,323 720 840 129	312 1,459 1,939 687 833 118	287 398 2,046 33 390 95	1	0 0 1 0 0 0	5 7 9 5 7 5	0 0 12 0 0	471 4,967 3,544 1,803 4,607 374
Reported totals Number of states reporting Percent population Estimated national totals	27,547 33 45.68 56,619	111,625 46 90.91 118,566	96,750 46 87,70 108,043	32,328 33 45.68 64,695	53 51 100.0	28 24 100.0	339 51 100.0	442 51 100,0	213,124 51 100.0

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any speed, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Caseflow categories for a state were marked N/A on this table unless data were available from all appellate courts within the state for a given category. All reported data for each court are displayed on Tables 3 and 4 respectively. Table 2 is a composite of Tables 3 and 4.

Because this is a composite table, caseflow footnotes have been omitted. The footnote letters regarding a state's data are on Tables 3 and 4. The footnotes themselves are on each court's statistical profile located in Part II of this report.

Table 3: Courts of last resort, 1975 casellow. Reported caseflow for all courts of last resort with number of judges, number and percent change in pending.

State and sure	Beginning		filed Disposed	End	Change In end pending		Number of		1975 state population	
State and court	pending	Filed		pending	Number	Percent	Judges	IAG's	In thousand	
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas Calitornia	0 214 350 N/A N/A	369 315 889 14/A 3,858°	369 288 932 516 3,712°	0 241 307 N/A N/A	0 27 -43 N/A N/A	12.6 -12.3 N/A N/A	9 5 5 7 7	2 0 1 0	3,614 352 2,224 2,116 21,135	
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida	479 N/A 186 926° N/A	553 N/A 333 1,285 1,846	666 242 286 1,164 1,454	366 N/A 233 1,027° N/A	-113 N/A 47 101 N/A	N/A 25,3 10,9 N/A	6 3 9 7	1 0 0 0	2,534 3,095 579 716 8,357	
Georgia Hawaii daho Illinois ndiana	N/A 172 300 ^b 327 ^{bod} N/A	1,313 194 338 1,0876 N/A	N/A 145 324 1,060tod N/A	N/A 221 315‡ 354 ^{bod} N/A	N/A 49 15 27 N/A	N/A 28.5 5.0 8.3 N/A	7 5 5 7 5	1 0 0 1	4,926 665 820 11,145 5,311	
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louislana Maine	781 222° N/A N/A 183†	1,086 368 1,199 1,606 268	868 352 N/A 1,535 2144	9991 238° N/A N/A 246	218 16 N/A N/A 63	27.9 7.2 N/A N/A 34.4	9 7 7 7 6	0 0 1 0	2,870 2,267 3,396 3,791 1,059	
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	20 N/A 380 ^b N/A 592	756 744∞ 952⊳ N/A 613	751 685 936 506 598	25 N/A 396 ^b N/A 607†	5 N/A 16 N/A 15	25.0 N/A 4.2 N/A 2.6	7 7 7 9	1 1 0 0	4,098 5,828 9,157 3,926 2,346	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	259 N/A N/A 334 238	439 299 571 553 288	533 N/A 5456 634 277	165 N/A N/A 256 249	-94 N/A N/A -78 11	-36.3 N/A N/A -23.4 4.6	7 7 7 5 5	1 0 0 0	4,763 748 1,546 592 818	
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	325 173 438 40 <i>t</i> 2 ^b	1,048 500 2,949 520 129	930° 505 3,070™ 457 129♭	443 168 4424 103 064	118 -5 4 63 -2	36.3 -2.9 .9 157.5 NC	7 5 7 7 5	1 1 2 1 0	7,316 1,147 18,120 5,451 635	
Ohlo Oklahoma—TOYAL Supreme Court Court of Criminal Appeals Oregon	N/A 1,183 963# 220 268	1,323 ^b 1,806 992° 814 773 ^b	1,310 1,561 <i>771°</i> 790 708	N/A 1,426 1,182°‡ 244 335	N/A 243 219 24 67	N/A 20.5 22.7 10.9 25.0	7 12 9 3 7	1	10,759 2,712 2,288	
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota (annessee	N/A 326 104 211/8 N/A	1,696 347 276 218 953	N/A 218 232 200 809	N/A 355 122# 223# N/A	N/A 29 18 12 N/A	N/A 8.9 17.3 5.7 N/A	7 5 5 5	20002	11,827 927 2,818 583 4,188	
Texas—TOTAL Supreme Court Court of Criminal Appeals Usernont	648 155 491 N/A 244	3,715 973 2,742 462 355	3,484 974 2,510 403 312	877 154 723 N/A 287	231 1 232 N/A 43	35.8 -0.6 47.3 N/A 17.8	14 9 5 5	0 0	12,237 1,206 471	
Virginia Washington West Virginia West Nirginia Wyoming	331 ^{bf} 233 14 ^{bf} 382 ^b 87	1,526b 504 720b 840b 129	1,459° 500 687° 833° 118°	398 ⁶ 237 33 ⁶ 390 ⁴ 95 <i>1</i>	67 4 19 8 8	20,2 1,7 135,7 2,1 9,2	7 9 5 7 8	01000	4,967 3,544 1,803 4,607 374	
Totals Number of states reporting Percent of population	10,970 35 56,74	42,701 47 93,22	37,615 46 87,70	12,179 35 58.74	NC	NG	339	58	213,124 51 1020	

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal, Alphabetical footnotes rifer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A---This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each count's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Thenge in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 4: intermediate appellate courts, 1975 caseflow. Reported caseflow for all intermediate appellate courts with number of judges, number and percent change in pendling.

State and court	Beginning	Filed	Filed Disposed	Disposed End	Change in pending		Number of	Population In
<u> </u>	pending	i i		ponding	Number	Percent	judges	thousands
Alabama—TOTAL Court of Civil Appeals* Court of Criminal Appeals* Arizona California	426 0 426™ 1,103 4,820∮	1,1011 133 1378 <i>d</i> 1,7'25 9,9136	767 133 634∞ 1,552 10,793	670 0 670 1,276 4,675\$‡	244 0 244 173 145	57.3 0 57.3 15.7 –3.0	8 3 5 12 51	3,614 2,224 21,185
Colorado	359	0 58	825	592	233	64.9	10	2,534
Florida	N/A	7,849	6,886	N/A	N/A	N/A	20	8,357
Georgia	N/A	N,/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	4,926
Illinois	3,584	4,1:35	3,645	4,074	490	13.7	34	11,145
Indiana	361	6;26∞	488	499	138	38.2	9	5,311
Louisiana ^b	539†	2,02'0	1,833	726	187	34.7	29	3,791
Maryland	148	1,286	1,247	187	39	26.4	12	4,098
Massachusetts	5	87.0	570	305 ^b	300	(b)	6	5,828
Michigan	3,195	4,435	3,503	4,127	932	29.2	18	9,157
Missouri	1,534	1,818	1,417 ^b	1,836‡	302	19.7	22	4,763
New Jersey New Mexico New York—TOTAL Appellate Division—Supreme Court Appellate Terms—Supreme Court	3,781 264 N/A N/A N/A	4,38:3° 51.4 9,693 7,516 2,177	3,898 529 9,014 7,435 1,579	4,266 249 N/A N/A N/A	485 -15 N/A N/A N/A	12.8 -5.7 N/A N/A N/A	21 5 33 24 9	7,316 1,147 18,120
North Carolina	N/A	1,078	900	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	5,451
Ohlo	2,901	6,869	6,148	3,622	721	24.9	38	10,759
Oklahoma ^p	129 <i>t</i>	327	364	921	-37	-28.7	6	2,712
Oregon	429	1,539	1,299	669	240	55.9	6	2,288
Pennsylvania—TOTAL	N/A	5,023	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14	11,627
Superior Court	N/A	2,996	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7	
Commonwealth Court	N/A	2,027	1,257	N/A	N/A	N/A	7	
Tennessee—TOTAL Court of Appeals ^b Court of Criminal Appeals ^b Texas ^b Washington	N/A N/A N/A 674 [‡] 1,429	1,285 655 630° 1,764 1,819	1,098 536 562° 1,608 1,439	N/A N/A N/A 847‡ 1,809	N/A N/A N/A 173 380	N/A N/A N/A 25.7 26.6	16 9 7 42 12	4,188 12,237 3,544
Totals Number of states reporting—out of 24 Percent population represented	25,681	70,863	59,623	30,521	NC	NC	442	166,522
	18	23	22	18	NC	NC	24	24
	68.25	97.04	89.94	68.25	NC	NC	100.0	- 100.0

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for intermediate appealate courts are displayed.

N/A---This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

fThe number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available. Not all data were available for inclusion in the total, Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data. Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported,

Table 5: Courts of last resort, detailed caseflow, 1975. Reported caseflow data for appeals, original proceedings, and requests to appeal.

	Beginning pending				Filed			Disposed				End pending				
State and court	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	0 192 279 N/A N/A	3 71 N/A N/A	0 19 N/A	0 214 350 N/A N/A	202 227 174 N/A 18	7 715 N/A 1,084	167 81 2,566°		202 195 237 479 106°	9 695 37 1,040	167 84 2,566∞	369 288 932 516 3,712∞	0 224 216 N/A 18	1 91 N/A N/A	0 16 N/A	0 241 307 N/A N/A
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida	X N/A 186 X N/A	X N/A	N/A X N/A	479 N/A 186 ^b 926 ^c N/A	111 N/A 333 1,2216 247	244 44 362	198 N/A X 1,237	553 N/A 333 ^b 1,265 1,846	198 286 1,120°	44 316_	X 44 X 968	666 242 286 1,164 1,454	X N/A 233 X N/A	X X N/A	N/A X N/A	366 N/A 233 ^b 1,027° N/A°
Georgia Hawaii Idaho Iliinois Indiana	N/A 169 295 183 N/A	3 5 5 N/A	N/A 139 N/A	N/A 172 300‡ 327₩ N/A	889 189 307 241 N/A	5 31 18 N/A	828 N/A	1,313 194 338 1,087 N/A	893 140 290 226 N/A	5 34 15 N/A	N/A 819 N/A	N/A 145 324 1,060 [∞] N/A	N/A 218 312 198 N/A	3 3 8 N/A	N/A 148 N/A	N/A 221 315‡ 354bod N/A
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louislana Maine	781 215° N/A N/A 183	7 N/A N/A	N/A	781 222° N/A N/A 183†	1,086 345 1,051 358 268	23 122 <i>0</i> 1,248	28	1,086 368 1,199 1,606 268	868 332 N/A 365 205	20 N/A 1,170 9	N/A	868 352 N/A* 1,535 214	999† 228† N/A N/A 246	10 N/A N/A	N/A	999† 238° N/A N/A 246
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	20 N/A N/A N/A 592	N/A N/A	0 380° N/A	20 N/A 380° N/A 592	252 5916 N/A N/A 613	21 153° 71	483 952 29	756 744∞ 952⁵ N/A 613	247 532 ^b N/A 406 598	21 153 ⁵ 71	483 936 29	751 685∞ 936⁵ 506 598	25 N/A N/A N/A 607	N/A N/A	0 396 N/A	25 N/A 396 ^b N/A 607!
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	249 N/A N/A X X	10 N/A X		259 N/A N/A 334 238	119 186 X 435 238	320 113 118 50		439 299 571° 553 288	252 N/A X X	281 N/A X X		533 N/A 545 634 277	116 N/A N/A X X	49 X X	N/A	165 N/A N/A 256 249
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	111 X 438 40‡ 26	11 X	203 X N/A 0	325 173 4384 401 26	221 235 6175 1735 1085	73 137 210	754 128 2,332° 347°	1,048 500 2,949 520 129	182 275 881 172 108 ⁵	44 131 21 ^b	704° 99 2,189° 285	930° 505 3,070° 457° 129°	150 X 442 41 04	40 X	253 X N/A 62	443 168 442 ^d 103 0 ^{6‡}
Ohio Okiahoma—TOTAL Supreme Count Count of Criminal Appeals Oregon	N/A X X X 250	N/A X X	N/A X X _18	N/A 1,183 963°‡ 220 268	293° 1,172 654° 518 472°	18 ^b 459 163 296 X	1,012 175 175 301	1,323b 1,806 992c 814 773b	256 935 467° 468 424	102 457 135 322 X	952 169 169 282	1,310 1,561 771° 790 706	N/A X X X 298	N/A X X	N/A X X 37	N/A 1,426 1,182# 244 335
Pennsylvania Rhode Island So∺h Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	N/A X 104 2117 N/A	X N/A N/A	N/A X N/A N/A	N/A 326 104# 211 N/A	828 240 264 183 326	31 12 20	668 76 15 627	1,696 347 276 218 953	N/A 230 232 171 216	31 N/A 13	N/A 57 16 593	N/A 318 232 200 809	N/A X 122 223 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A X N/A N/A	N/A 355 122‡ 223 N/A
Texas—TOTAL Supreme Courte Court of Criminal Appealse Utah Vermont	489 25 464 N/A 243	57 30 27	100 100	646 155 491 N/A 244	2,007 104 1,903 462 351	1,040 201 839 4	668 668	3,715 973 2,742 462 355	1,774 103 1,671 403 307	1,038 199 839	672 672	3,484 974 2,510 403 312	722 26 696 N/A 287	59 32 27 0	96 96	877 154 723 N/A 287
Virginia Washingtori West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	151† 153 (b) 382 ^b 84	39 7 (b) 3	180 41 70	331† 233 14*‡ 382* 87	194 155 (b) 718∞ 121	114 427 122∞ 8	1,332 ^d 235 293 ^b	504	221 160 (b) 711 110	132 119 417 122 8	1,106 221 270°	1,459 500 687 ⁶ 833 ^d 118 ⁶	124 148 (b) 390 95	34 34 10 N/A 0	240 55 23 ^b	398 237 33 ^{6‡} 390 ^d 95‡

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any sppeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last recort in each state are displayed.

Blank space—to enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

X-The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

*Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the missing data,

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 6: Intermediate appellate courts, detailed casellow, 1975. Reported casellow data for appeals, original proceedings, and requests to appeal.

	Beginning pending			Filed			Disposed				End pending					
State and court	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases pending	Appeals	proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases filed	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases disposed	Appeals	Original proceedings	Requests to appeal	Total cases pending
Alabania—TOTAL. Court of Civil Appeals ^b Court of Criminal Appeals ^e Arizona California	426 0 426d 1,089 4,820	14 N/A	X X NH	426 0 426 ^{bd} 1,103 4,820‡	1,011 133 878 1,593 5,915	132 4,021	X X NH	1,011 133 878¢ 1,725 9,936	767 133 634∞ 1,428 6,815	124 3,978	X X NH	767 133 634 1,552 10,793	670 0 670 ^d 1,254 4,675 ^b	22 N/A	X X NH	670 0 670 1,276 4,675
Colorado Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana	359 N/A N/A 3,584 361	N/A N/A NH	N/A N/A	359 N/A N/A 3,584 361	858 6,960 N/A 4,135 626°	528 N/A NH	361 N/A	858 7,849 N/A 4,135 626°	625 6,219 N/A 3,645 488	392 N/A NH	275 N/A	625 6,886 N/A 3,645 488	592 N/A N/A 4,074 499	N/A N/A NH	N/A N/A	592 N/A ^b N/A 4,074 499
Louisiana ^b Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Missouri	148 5 2,631 1,507	X 31 27	0 533	5391 148 5 3,195 1,534	1,812 1,154 870 3,090 1,552	208 185 266	132 1,160	2,020 1,286 870 4,435 1,818	1,641 1,115 570 2,186 1,145	192 186 272	132 1,131	1,833 1,247 570 3,503 1,417	X 187 305* 3,535 1,815°	30 21	0 562	726 187 305 ⁶ 4,127 1,836‡
Naw Jersey New Mexico New York—TOTAL Appellate Division of Supreme Court Appellate Terms of	3,781 264 N/A N/A	N/A	(c)	3,781 264 N/A N/A	4,383* 514 9,606 7,429*	87 87°	(0)	4,383∞ 514 9,693 7,516b	3,898* 529 8,927 7,348*	87 87 ⁶	(0)	3,898∞ 529 9,014 7,435¢	4,266 249 N/A N/A	N/A	(0)	4,266 249 N/A N/A
Supreme Court North Carolina Ohio Oklahoma ^b Oregon	N/A 2,901 129 429	NH	NH	N/A N/A 2,901 1291 429	2,177 1,078 6,869 327 1,539	NH	NH	2,177 1,078 6,869 327 1,539	900 6,148 364 1,299	NH	ИН	900 6,148 364 1,290	N/A N/A 3,622 92 069	NH	NH	N/A N/A 3,622 921 669
Pennsylvania—TOTAL Superior Court Commonwealth Court	N/A N/A N/A			N/A N/A N/A	5,023 2,996 2,027		-	5,023 2,996 2,027	NC N/A 1,257			NC N/A 1,257	N/A N/A N/A			N/A N/A N/A
Tennessee—TOTAL Court of Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals Texas Washington	N/A N/A N/A 674 1,369	60		N/A N/A N/A 674# 1,429	1,285 655 630° 1,764 1,467	352		1,285 655 630° 1,764 1,819	1,098 538 562° 1,608 1,119	320		1,098 536 562° 1,608 1,439	N/A N/A N/A 847 1.717	92		N/A N/A N/A 847* 1.809

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for intermediate appellate courts in each state are displayed.

-Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

X—The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

fThe number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each count's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

#Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Comparative casellow

Tables 7 through 18 have been organized to allow comparison of available caseflow data on a state-to-state or court-to-court basis. All data on these tables are actual statistics received from the states; there are no estimated data within these tables.

Within this group of tables, there are four tables provided for each of the three arrangements of appellate courts. Courts of last resort in states that have intermediate appellate courts are displayed in Tables 7 through 10. Courts of last resort in states that do not have intermediate appellate courts are displayed in Tables 11 through 14. Intermediate appellate courts are found in Tables 15 through 18.

Four sets of tables, identical in format, content, and analytical intent, are presented for each of these three court arrangements: Tables 7, 11, and 15; Tables 8, 12, and 16; Tables 9, 13, and 17; and Tables 10, 14, and 18.

Courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts (Tables 7-10)

Table 7. Simple caseflow data for courts of last resort in the 24 states with intermediate appellate courts are provided in Table 7. In addition to caseflow data, dispositions and cases pending at the end of the year are listed as a percentage of the cases filed during the year. These percentage figures provide a comparative measure of how well a court was able to handle its caseload during the year. The number of cases added to the end pending and the percentage change in the number of pending cases indicate whether or not the caseflow situation has improved during the last year.

Of the 20 states that reported data whereby cases disposed could be shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year, 15 states reported dispositions of at least 90 percent of the number of filings, with 7 states disposing more cases than were filed. For the 13 states where end pendings could be shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year, 2 states reported end pendings of between 65 and 80 percent of the number of filings, while the remaining 11 states reported end pendings of less than 50 percent of the number of filings.

For the 14 states where the percentage change in end pendings could be computed, one state reported an increase in excess of 100 percent, 9 states reported increases of under 40 percent, and 4 states reported decreases between 1 and 36 percent.

Table 7 does not provide data on the population of the states or the number of judges in each court, and therefore, it cannot be used to indicate how well a court is doing in comparison with other courts listed on these tables. Data in the table can be used to measure a particular court's performance over a period of time. When future years' data become available, this information can be used to create a time series for comparative purposes and trend analysis.

Even if all the data presented on this table were accurate and complete, only tentative inferences should be drawn. For example, a court with dispositions that are a relatively low percentage of its filings during a year might have

- —a large increase in case filings over the preceding year without additional resources to handle it;
- a number of difficult and time-consuming cases during the year that temporarily slowed court activity;
- -some portion of the judges in that court unavailable because of illness or for other reasons;
- a large number of judicial vacancies unfilled; or
 inefficient judges or court administration.

This table and the ones to follow can only raise questions; they do not provide answers.

Table 8. Caseflow information for courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts, structured to allow comparison of states on the basis of population in each state, is provided in Table 8.

By ranking the states according to 1975 estimated population and providing data on filings, dispositions, and end pending per unit of population, comparisons among states of similar size can be made. In addition, figures on caseload per unit of population equalize the differences among states and permit caseflow comparisons between states with large and small populations.

Such comparisons should take two other important variables into consideration. One is the number of judges available to process the workload within a given court. Comparing a 9-judge court of last resort in Oklahoma with a 7-year judge court of last resort in Colorado may be misleading, even though these two states have quite similar state populations.

Second, after considering the judicial resources available to each court, the court profiles (in Part II of this report) should be consulted to assure that the court organization and subject matter jurisdiction of any compared courts are similar. For example, Oklahoma's Supreme Court and Colorado's Supreme Court, mentioned above, have neither the same number of judges nor similar jurisdictions. The Supreme Court of Oklahoma has jurisdiction over civil cases only and cannot, therefore, be directly

compared with a court of last resort that handles both civil and criminal cases.

In addition to population rankings and caseload per unit of population, Table 8 also shows the number of cases added to the year-ending pending cases, and the percentage change in the number of pending cases. These two figures indicate whether or not the caseflow situation has improved during the last year. (See discussion of Tables 3, 4, and 7, concerning change in pending cases.) A high number of pending cases added, or a high percentage, may indicate that the court is not keeping up with its workload.

Table 9. This table contains the same information as Table 8, except that the courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts are listed according to the number of full-time judges assigned to them. This listing by number of judges permits easy comparison of courts with like numbers of full-time judges. Both the caveats regarding Table 8 and the fact that this listing includes only the number of full-time judges assigned to a given court should be kept in mind. Some courts may use part-time judges in addition to their full-time complement, while others may use commissioners to assist in screening

or deciding cases. Other courts may have been operating for some portion of the year with less than their assigned number of judges because of retirements or illnesses. Information regarding exceptional situations must generally be sought from the specific court concerned.

Table 10. Information regarding judicial productivity for courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts is displayed in Table 10, arranged to allow comparison among courts having similar numbers of judges. Comparisons among courts listed on this table should be made only after reviewing caveats discussed previously in this section and ascertaining that the courts to be compared have similar jurisdictions and state populations.

Once the comparability of two courts has been established, a useful measure of comparative judicial productivity is provided by information on filings per judge and dispositions per judge. Caseload per judge equalizes the differences among courts and allows the comparison of judicial case-processing productivity in large and small courts. However, the effects of varied judicial resources, such as part-time judges or use of commissioners as discussed in Table 9, have not been taken into account in this table.

Table 7: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts, 1975.
With dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

0	٠.٠	Beginning Filed		End	As percent of filings		Change in end pending		
State and court		pending	riled	Disposed	pending	Dispo- sitions	End pending	Number	Percent
Alabama Arizona California		0 350 N/A	369 889 3,668°	369 932 3,712a	0 307 N/A	100,0 104,8 101,2	34,5 N/A	-43 N/A	-12,3 N/A
Colorado		479	553	666	366	120.4	66.2	-113	-23.6
Florida		N/A	1,846	1,454	N/A	78.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Georgia		N/A	1,313	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
illinois		327 ^{bod}	1,087 ^{bod}	1,060 ^{bod}	354hod	97,5	32.6	27	8.3
Indiana		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Louisiana		N/A	1,606	1,535	N/A	95.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maryland		20	756	751	25	99.3	3,3	5	25.0
Massachusetts		N/A	744∞	685₩	N/A	92.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Michigan		380°	952⁵	936₺	396°	98.3	41.6	16	4.2
Missouri		259	439	533	165	121.4	37.6	-94	-36.3
New Jersey		325	1,048	930°	443	88.7	42.3	118	36.3
New Mexico		173	500	505	168	101.0	33.6	-5	-2.9
New York		438#	2,949	3,070 ⁶⁰	4425	NC	NC	4	0.9
North Carolina		407	520 ^b	457	103	87.9	19,8	63	157.5
Ohlo		N/A	1,323 ^b	1,310	N/A	99.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oklahoma—TOTAL		1,183	1,806	1,561	1,426	86.4	79.0	243	20.5
Supreme Court		963¢‡	992¢	771°	1,182°‡	77.7	119.2	219	22.7
Court of Criminal Appeals		220	814	790	244	97.1	30.0	24	10.9
Oregon		268	773 ^b	706	335	91.3	43,3	67	25,0
Pennsylvania		N/A	1,696	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Теплеззес		N/A	953	809	N/A	84.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Texas—TOTAL Supreme Court Court of Criminal Appeals Washington		646 155 491 233	3,715 973 2,742 504	3,434 974 2,510 500	877 154 723 237	93.8 100.1 91.5 99.2	23.6 15.8 26.4 47.0	231 -1 232 4	35.8 -0.6 47.3 1,7

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for cours of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A—Thic case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

fThe number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available. fNot all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the miseing data.

#Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 8: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort with intermediate appellate courts, 1975. States ranked by population, with per-unit-of-population data.

State and court	State population in	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Char end p	ige in ending	Per 100,000 population		
	thousands					Number	Percent	Fillings	Dispo- sitions	End pending
California New York Texas—TOTAL Supreme Court [®] Court of Criminal Appeals [®]	21,185 18,120 12,237	N/A 438# 646 155 491	3,668° 2,949™ 3,715 973 2,742	3,712° 3,070∞ 3,484 974 2,510	N/A 442\$ 877 154 723	N/A 231 -1 232	N/A 0.9 35.8 -0.6 47.3	17 NC 30 8 22	18 17 28 8 21	N/A NC 7 1 6
Pennsylvania Illinois Ohio	11,827 11,145 10,759	N/A 327b∞ N/A	1,696 1,087∞ 1,323°	N/A 1,060™ 1,310	N/A 354™ N/A	N/A 27 N/A	N/A 8.3 N/A	14 10 12	N/A 10 12	N/A 3 N/A
Michigan Florida Naw Jersey	9,157 8,357 7,316	380 ^b N/A 325	952 ^b 1,846 1,048	936 ⁶ 1,454 930°	396 ^b N/A 443	16 N/A 118	4,2 N/A 36,3	10 22 14	10 17 13	N/A 6
Massachusetts North Carolina Indiana	5,828 5,451 5,311	N/A 40† N/A	744∞ 520° N/A	685™ 457 N/A	N/A 103 N/A	N/A 63 N/A	N/A 157.5 N/A	13 10 N/A	12 8 N/A	N/A 2 N/A
Georgia Missouri Yennessee Maryland	4,926 4,763 4,188 4,098	N/A 259 N/A 20	1,313 439 953 756	N/A 533 809 751	N/A 165 N/A 25	N/A -94 N/A 5	N/A -36.3 N/A 25.0	27 9 23 18	N/A 11 19 18	N/A 3 N/A 1
Louisiana Alabama Washington	3,791 3,614 3,544	N/A 0 233	1,606 369 504	1,535 369 500	N/A 0 237	N/A 0 4	N/A 1.7	42 10 14	40 10 14	N/A 0 7
Oklahoma—TOTAL Supreme Count Court of Criminal Appeals Colorado	2,712 2,534	1,183 963¢‡ 220 479	1,806 992¢ 814 553	1,561 771 ° 790 666	1,426 1,182°‡ 244 366	243 219 24 –113	20.5 22.7 10.9 23.6	67 37 30 22	58 28 29 26	53 44 9 14
Oregon Arizona New Mexico	2,298 2,224 1,147	268 350 173	773° 889 500	706 932 505	335 307 168	67 -43 -5	25.0 -12.5 -2.9	34 40 44	31 42 44	15 14 15

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 9: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts, 1975. Courts ranked by number of judges, with per-unit-of-population data.

State and court	Number Judges	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Chan end p	ige in ending	State population	Per 1	00,000 popu	ilation
						Number	Percent	in thousands	Filed	Dis- posed	End pending
Alabama Oklahoma <i>—Supreme</i>	9	0	369	369	0	0	-	3,614	10	10	0
Court	9	963#	992¢	7710	1,182*	219	22.7	2,712	37	28	.44
exas-Supreme Court	9	155	973	974	154	-1	-0.6	12,237	8	- 8	1
Vashington	9	233	504	500	237	. 4	1,7	3,544	14	14	
California	7	N/A	3,668¢	3,7120	N/A	N/A	N/A	21,185	17	18	N/A
olorado	7	479	553	666	366	-113	-23.6	2,534	22	26	14
orida	7	N/A	1,846	1,454	N/A	N/A	N/A	8,357	22	17	N/A
eorgia	7	N/A	1,313	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,926	27	N/A	N/A
riois	7	327bcd	1,087₩	1,060bcd	354 bcd	27	8.3	11,145	10	10	3
pulsiana	- 7	N/A	1,606	1,535	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,791	42	40	N/A
aryland .	7	20	756	751	25	. 5	25.0	4,098	18.	18	
assachusetts	7	N/A	744bc	685∞	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,828	13	12	N/A
chigan	<u>7</u>	3806	9525	936*	3966	16	4,2	9,157	10	10	
issouri	7	259	439	533	165	-94	-36.3	4,763	. 9	11	
ew Jersey	7.	325	1,048	9300	443	118	36,3	7,316	.14	13	
ew York	4	438# 40†	2,949∞ 520⁵	3,070∞ 457	442 5 103	63	0.9 157.5	18,120	NC	17	NO
orth Carolina	<u> </u>	N/A	1,3236			N/A	157.5 N/A	5,541	10		
hio	4	268	7736	1,310 706	N/A 335	N/A 67	25.0	10,759 2,288	12 34	12 31	N//
regon ennsylvania	,	N/A	1,696	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11,827	14	N/A	N/A
rizona	_	350	889	932	307	-43	-12.3	2.224	40	42	14
rizona diana	5	N/A	N/A	932 N/A	N/A	N/A	-12.3 N/A	5,311	N/A	N/A	N/A
ew Mexico	5	173	500	505	168	-5	-2.9	1,147	44	44	19
BNN6SSCO	ž	N/A	953	809	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.188	23	19	N/A
exas—Court of Criminal	, ,	1417	555	505	140	14/15	14/21	41100		13	1977
Appeals ^b	5	491	2,742	2,510	723	232	47.3	12,237	22	21	
klahoma—Court of					4						9
Criminal Appeals	3	220	814	790	244	24	10.9	2,712	30	29	

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any **appeal**, any **original proceeding**, or any **request to appeal**.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for cours of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate,

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each count's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 10: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort in states with intermediate appellate courts, 1975. Courts ranked by number of judges, with per-judge filings and dispositions.

State and court	Number Judges	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Change in 6nd pending		Filings per judge	Dispo- sitions per
						Number	Percent	Juaga	judge
Alabama Oklahoma— <i>Supreine Court</i> ^b Texas— <i>Supreme Cour</i> t ^b Washington	9 9 9	0 963¢‡ 155 233	369 992° 973 504	369 771¢ 974 500	0 1,182°‡ 154 237	0 219 -1 4	22.7 -0.6 1.7	41 110 108 56	41 86 108 56
California Colorado Florida Georgia Illinois Louisiana Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Missouri New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	N/A 479 N/A N/A 32766 N/A 20 N/A 3809 325 4387 401 N/A 268 N/A	3,668° 559 1,846 1,087bcd 1,606 756 744bc 952b 1,048 2,949bc 1,323b 773b 1,696	3,712° 666 1,454 N/A 1,060° 1,535 751 685° 936° 533 930° 3,070° 457 1,310 706 N/A	N/A 366 N/A 354bb N/A 354bb N/A 396b 165 443 4421 103 N/A 335 N/A	N/A -113 N/A 27 N/A 5 N/A -118 63 N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A -23.6 N/A N/A 8.3 N/A 25.0 N/A 46.3 36.3 157.5 N/A 25.0	524 79 264 188 155 229 108 106 136 63 150 NC 74 189 110 242	530 95 208 N/A 151 219 107 98 134 76 133 439 65 187 101 N/A
Arizona Indiana New Mexico Tennessee Texas—Court of Criminal Appeals⁵	5 5 5 5	350 N/A 173 N/A 491	889 N/A 500 953 2,742	932 N/A 505 809 2,510	307 N/A 168 N/A 723	-43 N/A -5 N/A 232	-12.3 N/A -2.9 N/A 47.3	178 N/A 100 191 548	186 N/A 101 162 502
Oklahoma—Court of Criminal Appeals	3	220	814	790	244	24	10.9	271	263

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A-This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts (Tables 11-14)

Table 11. Data regarding caseflow in courts of last resort in the 26 states and the District of Columbia without intermediate appellate courts are displayed in Table 11. In addition to caseflow data, dispositions and cases pending at the end of the year are listed as a percentage of the cases filed during the year. These percentage figures provide a comparative measure of how well a court was able to cope with its caseload during the year. The number of cases added to end pending and the percentage change in the number of pending cases indicate whether or not the caseflow situation has improved during the last year. (See discussion of Tables 3 and 4 concerning change in pending cases.)

Of the 21 states that reported data whereby cases disposed could be shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year, 15 states reported disposing of at least 90 percent of filings. Two states disposed of more cases than newly filed that year. Of the 18 states where end pendings could be shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year, 11 states reported end pendings of over 70 percent of the number of filings while 5 states reported end pending of less than 50 percent of the number of filings.

Of the 19 states in which the percentage change in end pending could be computed, 17 states reported increases of under 40 percent. One state reported an increase in excess of 100 percent and another state reported a decrease of 23 percent.

Since Table 11 does not provide data on the population of states or the number of judges in each court, the table measures a particular court's performance over a period of time but does not indicate how it is doing in comparison with other courts listed on these tables. Therefore, the caution accompanying Table 7 regarding the inferences that might be drawn must be exercised.

Table 12. Caseflow information for courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts, structured to allow comparison of states on the basis of population, is provided in Table 12.

By ranking the states according to 1975 estimated population, it is possible to compare caseflow in

states of similar population. Such comparisons should consider two other important variables. One is the number of judges available to process caseload within a given court. Second, each state's court profile, in Part II, should be consulted to assure that the court organization and subject matter jurisdiction of the two courts are similar. (See discussion of Table 8 concerning judicial resources and court jurisdictions.)

In addition to population rankings and caseload per unit of population, Table 12 also shows the number of cases added to end pending cases and the percentage change in the number of pending cases. These two figures indicate whether or not the caseflow situation has improved during the last year. (See discussion of Tables 3, 4, and 11 concerning change in pending cases.)

Table 13. This table contains the same information as Table 12, except that the courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts are listed according to the number of full-time judges assigned to them. This listing by number of judges permits easy comparison of courts with like numbers of full-time judges. The caveats discussed regarding Table 12 should be kept in mind as well as the fact that this table includes only the number of full-time judges assigned to a given court. It does not take into account part-time judges, use of commissioners, or exceptional situations.

Table 14. Information regarding judicial productivity for courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts is displayed in Table 14, which is arranged to facilitate comparison of caseload among courts having similar numbers of judges. Comparisons between courts listed on this table should be made only after reviewing caveats discussed previously in this section and ascertaining that the courts to be compared have similar jurisdiction and state population.

Once the comparability of two courts on this table has been established, a useful measure of comparative judicial productivity is provided by the information on filings per judge and dispositions per judge. Caseload per judge equalizes the differences among courts, allowing the comparison of judicial case-processing productivity in large and small courts. However, the effects of judicial vacancies, part-time judges, or use of commissioners have not been taken into account in this table.

Table 11: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts, 1975. With dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

					eu - 3	D la :		As p	ercent ilings	Chan end p	ge in ending
		State	,	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Dispo- sitions	End pending	Number	Percent
Alaska Arkansas Connecticut Delaware District of Columbi	a			214 N/A N/A 186 926	315 N/A N/A 333 1,265	288 518 242 286 1,164	241 N/A N/A 233 1,027°	91.4 N/A N/A 85.9 92.0	76,5 N/A N/A 70,0 81,2	27 N/A N/A 47 101	12,6 N/A N/A 25,3 10,9
Hawali Idaho Iowa Kansas Kentucky				172 300 781 222° N/A	194 338 1,086 368 1,199	145 324 868 352 N/A	221 315# 999# 238° N/A	74.7 95.9 79.9 95.7 N/A	113.9 93.2 92.0 64.7 N/A	49 15 218 16 N/A	28.5 5.0 27.9 7.2 N/A
Maine Minnesota Mississippi Montana Nebraska		•	· .	183† N/A 592 N/A N/A	268 N/A 613 299 571	214 ^d 506 598 N/A 545 ^b	246 N/A 607† N/A N/A	79.9 N/A 97.6 N/A 95.4	91,8 N/A 99,0 N/A N/A	63 N/A 15 N/A N/A	34.4 N/A 2.5 N/A N/A
Nevada New Hampshire North Dakota Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	· .			 334 238 2 ^b 326 104 ^s 211 ^{rs}	553 288 129 ^b 347 276 218	634 277 129 ^b 318 232 ^g 200	256 249 0 ^{6‡} 355 122¢ 223¢	114.6 96.2 100.0 91.6 NC 91.7	46.3 86.5 0.0 102.3 NC NC	-78 11 -2 29 18 12	-23.4 4.6 NC 8.9 17.3 5.7
Utah Vermont Virginia West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming				N/A 244 331bt 14bt 382b 87	462 355 1,528b 720b 840b 129	403 312 1,459 ^b 687 ^b 833 ^d 118 ^b	N/A 207 3986 3367 3904 957	87.2 87.9 95.6 95.4 99.2 91.5	N/A 80,8 26,1 4,6 46,4 73,6	N/A 43 67 19 8	N/A 17.6 20.2 135.7 2.1 9.2

A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

fThe number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available. Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 12: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort without intermediate appellate courts, 1975. States ranked by population, with per-unit-of-population data.

State	State population In	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Char end p	ge in ending	Per 1	00,000 pop	ulation
	thousands					Number	Percent	Filed	Dis- posed	End pending
Virginia	4,967	331 ^b /	1,526⁵	1,459 ^b	398 ^b	67	20.2	31	29	8
Wisconsin	4,607	382 ^b	840∞	833 ^d	390 ^d	8	2.1	18	18	8
Minnesota	3,926	N/A	N/A	506	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	N/A
Kentucky	3,396	N/A	1,199	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	35	N/A	N/A
Connecticut	3,098	N/A	N/A	242	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8	N/A
lowa	2,870	781	1,086	868	999†	218	27.9	38	30	35
South Carolina	2,818	1046	276	232 <i>9</i>	122 #	18	17.3	10	NG	NC
Mississippi	2,346	592	613	598	607†	15	2.5	26	25	26
Kansas	2,267	2226	368	352	238°	16	7.2	16	16	10
Arkaneas	2,116	N/A	N/A	516	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
West Virginia	1,803	14 ⁶ #	720 ^b	687 ^b	33#	19	135.7	40	38	2
Nebraska	1,546	N/A	571 ^b	545 ^b	N/A	N/A	N/A	37	35	N/A
Utah	1,206	N/A	462	403	N/A	N/A	N/A	38	33	N/A
Maine	1,059	183 <i>f</i>	268	214 ^d	246	63	34.4	25	20	23
Rhode Island	927	326	347	318	355	29	8.9	37	34	38
Hawaii	865	172	194	145	221	49	28.5	22	17	26
Idaho	820	300	338	324	315#	15	5.0	41	40	38
New Hampshire	818	238	288	277	249	11	4.6	35	34	30
Montana	748	N/A	299	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	40	N/A	N/A
District of Columbia	716	926°	1,265	1,164	1,027¢	101	10.9	177	163	143
South Dakota	683	211 <i>118</i>	218	200	223 #	12	5.7	32	29	NC
North Dakota	635	26	129 ^b	1296	0*#	-2	NC	20	20	0
Nevada	592	334	553	634	256	-78	23.4	93	107	43
Delaware	579	186	333	286	233	47	25.3	58	49	40
Vermont	471	244	355	312	287	43	17.6	75	66	61
Wyoming	374	87	129	113	95#	8	9.2	34	32	25
Alaska	352	214	315	288	241	27	12.6	89	82	68

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for

courts of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

fThe number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or and pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total, Each court's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 13: Comparative caseflow, courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts, 1975. Courts ranked by number of judges, with per-unit-of-population data.

State	Number judges	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Chan end p	ge in ending	State population	Per 1	00,000 popi	lation
				:		Number	Percent	in thousands	Filed	Dis- posed	End pending
District of Columbia owa Minnesota Mississippi 1	9 9 9 9	926° 781 N/A 592	1,265 1,086 N/A 613	1,164 868 506 598	1,027¢ 999† N/A 607†	101 218 N/A 15	10.9 27.9 N/A 2.5	716 2,870 3,926 2,346	177 38 N/A 26	163 30 13 25	143 35 N/A 26
Arkansas Kansas Kentucky Nebraska Virginia č Wisconsin	7 7 7 7 7 7	N/A 222° N/A N/A 331° 382°	N/A 368 1,199 571 ^b 1,526 ^b 840∞	516 352 N/A 5455 1,4595 8334	N/A 238° N/A N/A 398° 390°	N/A 16 N/A N/A 67 8	N/A 7.2 N/A N/A 20.2 2.1	2,116 2,287 3,396 1,546 4,967 4,607	N/A 16 35 37 31 18	24 16 N/A 35 29 18	N/A 10 N/A N/A B B
Connecticut Maine	6 6	N/A 183†	N/A 268	242 214 ^d	N/A 246	N/A 63	N/A 34,4	3,095 1,059	N/A 25	8 20	N/A 23
Alaska Hawall Idaho Montana Nevada New Hampshire North Dakota Rhode Island South Carolina South Dekota Utah Vermont West Virginia	55555555555555	214 172 300 N/A 334 238 25 326 104# 211# N/A 244 1444 87	315 194 338 299 553 288 129 ⁵ 347 276 218 462 355 720 ⁴	288 145 324 N/A 634 277 1295 318 2329 200 403 312 6375 1185	241 221 315# N/A 256 249 355 122# 223# N/A 287 357 95#	27 49 15 A -78 -11 -29 18 12 N/A 49 8	12.6 26.5 5.0 N/A -23.4 4.6 NC 8.9 17.3 5.7 N/A 17.6 135.7	352 865 820 748 592 818 635 927 2,818 683 1,206 471 1,503 374	89 22 41 40 93 35 20 37 10 38 75 44	82 17 40 N/A 107 34 20 34 NC 29 33 66 38	68 26 38 N/A 43 30 0 38 NC NC N/A 61 2 25
Delaware	3	186	333	286	233	47	25.3	. 579	58	49	40

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Aiphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last resort in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

*Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Change in pending does not equal the difference between filings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 14: Comparative casellow, courts of last resort in states without intermediate appellate courts, 1975. Courts ranked by number of judges, with per-judge filings and dispositions.

	State	Number	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Chan end p Number	ge in ending Percent	Filings per judge	Dispo- sitions per judge
District of Columbia Iowa Minnesota Mississippi		9 9 9 9	926° 781 N/A 592	1,265 1,086 N/A 613	1,164 868 506 598	1,027° 999† N/A 607†	101 218 N/A 15	10,9 27,9 N/A 2,5	141 121 N/A 68	129 96 53 68
Arkansas Kansas Kentucky Nebraska Virginia Wisconsin		7 7 7 7 7	N/A 222° N/A N/A 331°/ 382°	N/A 368 1,199 5716 1,5266 8406	516 352 N/A 5456 1,4596 #33d	N/A 238° N/A N/A 3986 390°	N/A 16 N/A N/A 67 8	N/A 7.2 N/A N/A 20.2 2.1	N/A 53 171 82 218 120	74 50 N/A 78 208 119
Connecticut Maine		0 6	N/A 183	N/A 268	242 214d	N/A 246	N/A 63	N/A 34,4	N/A 45	40 36
Alaska Hawaii Idaho Montana Nevada New Hampshire North Dakota Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Utah Vermont West Virginia Wyomling		5555555555555	214 172 300 N/A 334 238 2 ^b 326 104 <i>f</i> 211 <i>f</i> N/A 244 14 <i>bf</i>	315 194 338 299 553 288 129 ⁵ 247 276 218 462 355 720 ⁵ 129	288 145 324 N/A 634 277 129 ^b 318 232 ^g 200 403 3187 ^b 118 ^b	241 221 3157 N/A 256 249 057 355 1227 2237 N/A 287 3307 954	27 49 15 A -78 11 -29 182 N/A 19 19	12.6 28.5 5.0 N/A -23.4 4.6 NC 8.9 17.3 5.7 N/A 17.6	63 39 68 60 111 58 28 69 55 44 92 71 144 28	58 29 65 N/A 127 56 64 N/O 81 82 137 24
Delaware		3	188	333	286	233	47	25.3	111	<u> </u>

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of last recort in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NGSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

FNot all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

fChange in pending dose not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Intermediate appellate courts (Tables 15-18)

Table 15. Data regarding caseflow in intermediate appellate courts for the 24 states with such courts are displayed in Table 15. In addition to caseflow data, dispositions and cases pending at the end of the year are listed as a percentage of the cases filed during the year. These percentage figures provide a comparative measure of how well a court was able to handle its caseload during the year. The number of cases added to end pending and the percentage change in the number of pending cases indicate whether or not the caseflow situation improved during the last year. (See discussion of Tables 3 and 4 concerning change in pending cases.)

Of the 22 states where cases disposed could be shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year, 8 states reported dispositions of at least 90 percent of filings. Three states disposed more cases than were newly filed that year.

Of the 1¹7 states where end pendings could be shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year, 7 states reported end pendings of over 70 percent of the number of filings while 7 states reported end pendings of less than 50 percent of the number of filings. In these figures, the lower the percentage, the more adequately the state appears to be handling its workload.

Of the 17 states where the percentage change in end pending could be computed, 3 states reported increases from 50 to 70 percent, 11 states reported increases under 40 percent, and 3 other states reported decreases between 3 to 29 percent.

Since this table does not provide data on population of states or the number of judges in each court, the table measures a particular court's performance over a period of time but does not indicate how well it is doing in comparison with other courts listed on the tables. Therefore, the same level of caution regarding inferences that might be drawn must be excerised as outlined for Tables 7 and 11.

Table 16. Caseflow information for intermediate appellate courts, structured to allow comparison of states on the basis of population, is provided in Table 16.

By ranking the states according to 1975 estimated population and providing data on filings, dispositions, and end pending in relation to a unit of

population, caseload can be compared in states with similar populations.

Such comparisons should take two other variables into consideration. One is the number of judges available to process caseload within a given court. Second, each state's court profile, in Part II, should be consulted to assure that the court organization and subject matter jurisdiction of the two courts are similar. (See discussion of Table 8 concerning judicial resources and court jurisdictions.)

In addition to population rankings and caseload per unit of population, Table 16 also shows the number of cases added to end pending and the percentage change in the number of pending cases. These two figures indicate whether or not the caseflow situation has improved since the previous year. (See discussion of Tables 3 and 4 concerning change in pending cases.)

Table 17. The same information as contained on Table 16 is presented in Table 17, except that the intermediate appellate courts are arranged according to the number of full-time judges assigned to them. This listing by number of judges permits easy comparison of courts with like numbers of full-time judges. The caveats discussed regarding Table 16, all of which also apply to this table, should be kept in mind as well as the fact that this table includes only the number of full-time judges assigned to a given court. (See discussion of Table 9 concerning judicial resources.)

Table 18. Information regarding judicial productivity for intermediate appellate courts is displayed in Table 18, arranged to allow comparison of caseloads among courts having similar numbers of judges.

Comparisons between courts on this table should be made only after reviewing caveats discussed previously and ascertaining that the courts to be compared have similar jurisdiction and state population.

Once the comparability of two courts on this table has been established, a useful measure of comparative judicial productivity is provided by the information on filings per judge, and dispositions per judge. Caseload per judge equalizes the differences among courts and allows the comparison of judicial productivity in large and small courts. However, the effects of judicial vacancies, part-time judges, or use of commissioners have not been taken into account in the table. (See discussion of Table 9 concerning judicial resources.)

Table 15: Comparative caseflow, intermediate appellate courts, 1975. With dispositions and end pendings as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending		ercent illngs		ge in ending
					Dispo- sitions	End pending	Number	Percent
Alabama—TOTAL Court of Civil Appeals* Court of Criminal Appeals* Arizona California	426 0 426 ^{bd} 1,103 4,820 <i>s</i>	1,011 133 878¢ 1,725 9,936	767 133 634∞ 1,552 10,793	670 0 670 1,276 4,675##	75.9 100.0 72.2 90.0 108.6	66,3 0,0 76,3 74,0 NC	244 0 244 173 –145	57.3 57.3 15.7 -3.0
Colorado	359	858	625	592	72.8	69.0	233	64,9
Florida	N/A	7,849	6,886 .	N/A	87.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
Georgia	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Illinois	3,584	4,135	3,645	4,074	86.1	98.6	490	13.7
Indiana	361	626∞	488	499	78.0	79.7	138	38.2
Louisiana ^o	539†	2,020	1,833	726	90.7	35.9	187	34.7
Maryland	148	1,289	1,247	187	97.0	14.5	39	26.4
Massachusetts	5	870	570	305 ⁶	65.5	35.1	300	(b)
Michigan	3,195	4,435	3,503	4,127	79.0	93.1	932	29.2
Missouri	1,534	1,818	1,417b	1,836‡	77.9	101.0	302	19.7
New Jersey New Mexico New York—TOTAL Appellate Division—Supreme Court Appellate Terms—Supreme Court	3,781 264 N/A N/A N/A	4,383° 514° 9,693 7,616 2,177	3,8989 5295 9,014 7,435 1,579	4,266 249 N/A N/A N/A	88.9 102.9 93.0 98.9 72,5	97.3 48.4 N/A N/A	485 15 N/A N/A	12.8 -5.7 N/A N/A N/A
North Carolina	N/A	1,078	900	N/A	83.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orlo	2,901	6,869	6,148	3,622	89.5	52.7	721	24.9
Oxiahoma ^b	129†	327	364	92†	111.3	28.1	-37	28.7
Oregon	429	1,539	1,299	669	84.4	45.4	240	65.9
PennsylvaniaTOTAL Superior Court Commonwealth Court	N/A	5,023	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	2,996	N/A	N/A	N/A	51/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	2,027	1,257	N/A	62.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tennesses—TOTAL Court of Appeals* Court of Criminal Appeals* Texas* Washington	N/A	1,285	1,098	N/A	85.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	658	536	N/A	81.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	630°	562°	N/A	89.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
	674‡	1,764	1,608	847#	91.2	48.0	173	25,7
	1,429	1,819	1,439	1,809	79.1	99.5	380	26,6

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for

intermediate appellate courts in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate,

iThe number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings,

dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

4Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 16: Comparative casellow, intermediate appellate courts, 1975. States ranked by population, with per-unit-of-population data.

State and court	State population in	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Chan end p	ge in ending	Per 1	00,000 popi	ulation
	thousands					Number	Percent	Filed	Dis- posed	End pending
California New York—TOTAL	21,185 18,120	4,820# N/A	9,936 9,693	10,793 9,014	4,675# N/A	-145 N/A	–3.0 N∕A	47 53	51 50	NC N/A
Appellate Division— Supreme Court Appellate Terms—		N/A	7,516	7,435	N/A	N/A	N/A	41	41	N/A
Supreme Court	12,237	N/A 674‡	2,177 1,764	1,579 1,608	N/A 847#	N/A 173	N/A 25,7	12 14	9 13	N/A 7
Pennsylvania—TOTAL Superior Court Commonwealth Court ^b Illinois Ohio	11,827 11,145 10,759	N/A N/A N/A 3,584 2,901	5,023 2,996 2,027 4,135 6,869	N/A N/A 1,257 3,645 6,148	N/A N/A N/A 4,074 3,822	N/A N/A N/A 490 721	N/A N/A N/A 13.7 24.9	42 25 17 37 64	N/A N/A 11 33 57	N/A N/A N/A 37 34
Michigan Florida New Jergey Massachusetts North Carolina	9,157 8,357 7,316 5,828 5,451	3,195 N/A 3,781 5 N/A	4,435 7,849 4,383⊶ 870 1,078	3,503 6,886 3,898⊶ 570 900	4,127 N/A 4,266 305b N/A	932 N/A 485 300 N/A	29.2 N/A 12.8 (b) N/A	48 94 60 15 20	38 82 53 10 17	45 N/A 58 5 N/A
Indiana Georgia Missouri Tennessee—TOTAL Court of Appeaish Court of Criming! Appeaish	5,311 4,926 4,763 4,188	361 N/A 1,534 N/A N/A N/A	626 [™] N/A 1,818 1,285 655 630¢	488 N/A 1,417 ^b 1,098 536 562°	499 N/A 1,836‡ N/A N/A N/A	138 N/A 302 N/A N/A N/A	38.2 N/A 19.7 N/A N/A N/A	12 N/A 38 31 16	9. N/A 30 26 13	9 N/A 39 N/A N/A N/A
Maryland Louisiana ^b Alabama—TOTAL Court of Civil Appeals ^b Court ot Criminal Appeals ^c	4,098 3,791 3,614	148 539 <i>†</i> 426 0 4286	1,286 2,020 1,011 133 878¢	1,247 1,833 767 133 634	187 728 670 0 670	39 187 244 0 244	26.4 34.7 57.3	31 53 28 4 24	30 48 21 4 18	5 19 19 0 19
Washington Oklahoma Colorado Oregon Arizona New Mexico	3,544 2,712 2,534 2,238 2,224 1,147	1,429 129† 359 429 1,103 264	1,819 327 858 1,539 1,725 514	1,439 364 625 1,299 1,552 529	1,809 921 592 669 1,276 249	380 -37 233 240 173 -15	26.6 -28.7 64.9 55.9 15.7 -5.7	51 12 34 67 78 45	41 13 25 57 70 46	51 3 23 29 57 22

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for

Intermediate appellate courts for each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings,

dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Change in pending does not equal the difference between filings and ispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 17: Comparative caseflow, intermediate appellate courts, 1975. States ranked by number of judges, with per-unit-of-population data.

State and court	Number judges	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending		ending	State population	Per 1	00,000 popu	ulation
1 1						Number	P ercent	in thousands	Filed	Dis- posed	End pending
California Texas ^s Ohio Illinois	51 42 38 34	4,820\$ 674 <i>d\$</i> 2,901 3,584	9,936 1,764 6,869 4,135	10,793 1,608 6,148 3,645	4,675\$\$ 847\$ 3,622 4,074	-145 173 721 490	-3.0 25.7 24.9 13.7	21,185 12,237 10,759 11,145	47 14 64 37	51 13 57 33	NC 7 34 37
New York—TOTAL Appellate Division—	33	N/A	9,693	9,014	N/A	N/A	N/A	18,120	53	50	N/A
Supreme Court Appellate Terms—	24	N/A	7,516	7,435	N/A	N/A	N/A		41	41	N/A
Supreme Court Louislana Missouri New Jersey	9 29 22 21	N/A 539† 1,534 3,781	2,177 2,020 1,818 4,383	1,579 1,833 1,417 ^b 3,898∞	N/A 726 1,836‡ 4,266	N/A 187 302 485	N/A 34,7 19,7 12.8	3,791 4,763 7,316	12 53 38 60	19 48 30 53	N/A 19 33 58
Florida Michigan Tennessee—TOTAL Court of Appeals Court of Criminal	20 18 16 9	N/A 3,195 N/A N/A	7,849 4,435 1,285 655	6,886 3,503 1,098 536	N/A 4,127 N/A N/A	N/A 932 N/A N/A	19/A 219.2 11/A N/A	8,357 9,157 4,188	94 48 31 16	82 38 26 13	N/A 45 N/A N/A
Appeals ^b	7	N/A	630°	5620	N/A	N/A	<u>N. (A</u>		15	13	N/A
Pennysivania—TOTAL Superior Court Commonwealth Court ^b Arizona Maryland	14 7 7 12 12	N/A N/A N/A 1,103 148	5,023 2,996 2,027 1,725 1,286	N/A N/A 1,257 1,552 1,247	N/A N/A N/A 1,276 187	N/A N/A N/A 173 39	N/ A N/ A N/ A 15.7' 26.4	11,827 2,224 4,098	42 25 17 78 31	N/A N/A 11 70 30	N/A N/A N/A 57 5
Washington Colorado Georgía Indiana North Carolina	12 10 9 9	1,429 359 N/A 361 N/A	1,819 858 N/A 626 ^{bc} 1,078	1,439 625 N/A 488 900	1,809 592 N/A 499 N/A	380 233 N/A 138 N/A	26.6 64.9 N/A 38.2 N/A	3,544 2,534 4,926 5,311 5,451	51 34 N/A 12 20	41 25 N/A 9 17	51 23 N/A 9 N/A
Alabama—TOTAL Court of Civil	8	426	1,011	767	670	244	57'.3	3,614	28	21	19
Appeals Court of Criminal	3	0	133	133	0	0			4	4	. 0
Court of Criminal Appeals fiascachusetts Oklahomab	5 6 6	426₩ 5 1291	878¢ 870 327	634∞ 570 384	670d 305b 92t	244 300 –37	5:7.3 ('b) -2(1.7	5,828 ,2,712	24 15 12	18 10 13	19 5 3
Oregon New Mexico	6	429 264	1,539 _ 514°	1,299 529	669 249	. 240 -15	56.9 -/5.7	2, 288 1, 147	67 45	57 46	29 22

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appsel, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for intermediate appellate courts in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomprete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or en d pending were available. Not all data were available for inclus jon in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data. Change in pending dose not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 18: Comparative caseflow, intermediate appellate courts, 1975. States ranked by number of judges, with per-judge filings and dispositions.

State and court	Nuit iber Jud ges	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Chan end p	ige In ending	Per	udge
	· ·		-			Number	Percent	Filings	Dispo- sitions
California Texas ^o Ohio Billinois New York— <i>TOTAL</i>	151 42 38 34 33	4,820# 674## 2,901 3,584 N/A	9,936 1,764 6,869 4,135 9,633	10,793 1,608 6,148 2,645 3,014	4,675## 847# 3,622 4,074 N/A	-145 173 721 490 N/A	-3.0 25.7 24.9 13.7 N/A	195 42 181 122 294	212 38 162 107 273
Appellate Division— Supreme Court Appellate Terms—	24	N/A	7,516	7,435	N/A	N/A	N/A	313	310
Supreme Court	9	N/A	2,177	1,579	N/A	N/A	N/A	242	175
Louisiana ⁵ Missouri New Jersey	29 22 21	539† 1,534 3,781	2,020 1,818 4,383∞	1,833 1,417⁵ 3,898 ™	726 1,836‡ 4,266	187 302 485	34.7 19.7 12.8	70 83 209	63 64 186
Florida Michigan Tennessee TOTAL Court of Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals	20 18 16 9	N/A 3,195 N/A N/A N/A	7,849 4,435 1,285 655 ^b 630 ^{bc}	6,886 3,503 1,098 536 ^b 562∞	N/A 4,127 N/A N/A N/A	N/A 932 N/A N/A N/A	N/A 29.2 N/A N/A N/A	392 246 80 73 90	344 195 69 60 80
Pennsylvania—TOTAL Superior Court Commonwealth Coi⊕ Arizona Maryland	14 7 7 12 12	N/A N/A N/A 1,103 148	5,023 2,996 2,027 1,725 1,286	N/A N/A 1,257 ^b 1,552 1,247	N/A N/A N/A 1,276 187	N/A N/A N/A 173 39	N/A N/A N/A 15.7 26.4	359 428 290 144 107	N/A N/A 180 129 104
Washington Colorado Georgia Indiana North Carolina	12 10 9 9	1,429 359 N/A 361 N/A	1,819 858 N/A 626∞ 1,078	1,439 625 N/A 488 900	1,809 592 N/A 499 N/A	380 233 N/A 138 N/A	26.6 64.9 N/A 38.2 N/A	152 86 N/A 70 120	120 63 N/A 54 100
Alabama—TOTAL Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal Appeals Massachusets Oklahoma ^s	8 3 5 6	426 0 426∞ 5 1291	1,011 133 878 870 327	767 133 634 ²⁰ 570 364	670 0 670 305 921	244 0 244 300 37	57.3 57.3 (b) –28.7	126 44 176 145 55	96 44 127 95 61
Oregon New Mexico	6 5	429 264	1,539 514	1,299 529 ⁶	669 249	240 -15	55,9 -5.7	257 103	217 106

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was delined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnote a in Part II, where statistical profiles for intermediate appellate courts in each state at a displayed.

N/A--This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC--The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deen led inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings,

dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

*Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each count's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

#Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Civil and criminal caseflow in appellate courts (Tables 19-20)

Tables 19 and 20. The available caseflow data for civil and criminal cases in courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts are presented in Tables 19 and 20, respectively. Previous tables have defined a case as any appeal, original proceeding, or request to appeal. Original proceeding cases have not been included from these tables because original proceedings are rarely classified as civil or criminal cases. Reported caseflow figures for appeals and requests to appeal, which have been divided when possible into civil and criminal case categories, have been included on these tables.

These tables show that breakdown of appellate data into civil and criminal categories is not done by enough states to permit any useful inferences. As subsequent annual reports are produced, it is hoped that additional courts will provide breakdowns of their appellate caseloads into civil and criminal categories. When such information is available, these tables will provide a basis for assessing the kinds of cases handled by appellate courts. In addition, the tables may eventually permit tracking of case types from general jurisdiction trial courts through appellate courts. This will assist in assessing the impact on appellate court caseloads of legislative or procedural changes in the handling of civil or criminal matters in general jurisdiction courts.

Table 19: Civil/criminal breakdowns for all courts of last resort, 1975. With casellow for appeals and requests to appeal.

		Begin	ning pe	nding				Filed					Dispose	d			Er	d pend	ling	
State and court	Appeals—civil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases pending	Appeals—cívil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to	· či	Appeals—civil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases disposed	Appeals—civil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases pending
Nabama Naska Irizona Vkansas California Colorado	0 X 39 N/A N/A N/A	0 X 238 N/A N/A N/A	O X N/A N/A	O X N/A N/A	-0- 211* 279* N/A N/A N/A	X 151 32 N/A N/A 58	X 71 141 N/A 18 48	<u> </u>	1,096 X	369* 308* 174* N/A 2,584° 304*	X X 56 314 66° N/A	X X 178 165 40° N/A	N/A	X X 1,096 N/A	369 * 279 * 237 * 479 2,672° N/A	0 147 15 N/A N/A N/A	0 71 201 N/A 18 N/A	O X N/A N/A	O X N/A N/A	-0- 240 216 N/A N/A N/A
Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Clorida Georgia	N/A 124 X N/A N/A	N/A 62 X N/A N/A	N/A X N/A N/A	N/A X N/A N/A	N/A 186 926* N/A N/A	N/A 213 380 X 652	N/A 120 706 X 226	N/A X X	N/A X X	N/A 333 1,221 % 1,484 * 1,313 *	70 198 X X N/A	40 88 X X N/A	X X N/A	X X N/A	242 * 286 1,120 *** 1,138 * N/A	N/A 139 X N/A N/A	N/A 94 X N/A N/A	N/A X N/A N/A	N/A X N/A N/A	N/A 233 1,027° N/A° N/A
ławaii daho Ilinois ndiana owa (areas	107 179 118 N/A 552	49 95 65 N/A 229	78 N/A	61 N/A	169 * 295 * 322 * N/A 781 215°	105 181 182 N/A 694	78 85 59 N/A 392	398 N/A	430 N/A	189 * 307 * 1,069 ₩ N/A 1,086	69 172 147 N/A 584	65 86 79 N/A 284 119	414 N/A	405 N/A	140 * 290 * 1,045₩ N/A 868 332	143 188 153 N/A 662†	82 94 45 N/A 3371 80	62 N/A	86 N/A	218* 312* 346* N/A 999*
(entucky culsiana Aaine Aaryland Aassachusetts	N/A N/A 79 10	N/A N/A 104 10 N/A	N/A 0	N/A 0	N/A N/A 183† 20	743 17 131 220	308 341 137 32	x	x x		N/A X 91 209 279	N/A X 114 38 253	N/A	N/A X	N/A* 365* 205 730*	N/A N/A 119 21 N/A	N/A N/A 127 4 N/A	N/A 0	N/A 0	N/A N/A 246 25 N/A
Aichigan Ainnesota Aississippi Aissouri Aontana	N/A 471 X N/A	X N/A 121 X N/A	N/A	N/A	380 ° N/A 592 249 ° N/A	N/A X X 149	X N/A X X 37	N/A	N/A	9525+ N/A 613+ 119+	275 313 171 N/A	87 167 63 N/A	X X	×	936 ^b * 435 * 598 * 252 *	N/A X X N/A	N/A X X N/A	N/A	N/A	396 ⁴ N/A 607 ⁴ 116 ⁴ N/A
lebraska levada lew Hampehire lew Jersey	N/A N/A N/A X	N/A N/A N/A X	<u> </u>	X_	N/A N/A N/A 314*	194 X X	241 X X	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	571 *b 435 238 * 975 *	N/A N/A X	N/A N/A X	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	545 ⁴⁶ N/A N/A 886 ⁴⁶	N/A N/A N/A X	N/A N/A N/A X	X	<u> </u>	N/A N/A N/A 403
lew Mexico lew York forth Carolina forth Dakota Dhio	N/A X X 2 N/A	N/A X X 0 N/A	N/A N/A 0 N/A	N/A N/A 0 N/A	N/A 438*d 401 26 N/A	220 X X 82	15 X X 17 X	X	1,190 X X	363 * 2,949 *bc 520 *b 180 b * 1,305 b *	360 X 82 X	17 X	1,142 ^b X X	1,047 X X	374 * 3,070 *** 457 ** 180 ** 1,208 **	N/A X X O N/A	N/A X O N/A	N/A N/A X N/A	N/A N/A X	N/A 4424 103 04 N/A
Oklahoma—TOTAL Supreme Count Court of Criminal Appeals Pregon	N/A NH X	NH N/A X	N/A NH X	NH	N/A N/A N/A 268*	654 654° NH X	518 NH 518 X	175 175 NH 79 X	NH 165	1,347 829° 518 773**	467 467 NH X	468 NH 468 X	169 169 NH X	NH X	1,104 636° 468 706*	N/A NH X	NH N/A X	N/A NH X	NH X	N/A N/A N/A 335
ennsylvania thode Island touth Carolina touth Dakota fennessee	N/A N/A X X N/A	N/A N/A X X N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A 104*/ 211*/ N/A	188 152 X 276	52 94 X 50	X X 214	X X 413	316* 264* 198* 953	N/A X X X	N/A X X X	N/A X X 201	N/A X X 392	N/A 287* 232* 187* 809*	N/A N/A X X N/A	N/A N/A X X N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A 122 223 N/A
exas—TOTAL Supreme Court ^o Court of Criminal Appeals ^b Itah	25 25 NH N/A	464 NH 464 N/A	100 100 NH	NH	589 125 464 N/A	104 104 NH 246	1,903 NH 1,903 128	668 668 NH	NH	2,675 772 1,903 462*	103 103 NH X	1,671 NH 1,671 X	672 672 NH	NH	2,446 775 1,671 403*	26 26 NH N/A	696 NH 696 N/A	96 96 NH	NH .	818 122 696 N/A
/ermont /Irginia /Yashington Vest Virginia /Visconsin /Vyoming	X 125 (b) 316 60	X 28 (b) 66 ² 24	X 28 X N/A	X 13 X N/A	243 * 331 *f 194 75 3825 84	264 138 130 (b) 485 95	56 25 (b) 1716 26	X 127 132 N/A	X 108 87 76	351 * 1,526 * 390 293** 732** 121	224 X 135 (b) 467 84	25 (b) 182 26	310 123 117 N/A	775 98 81 76	307 * 1,327 * 381 270* 725d* 110	X 120 (b) 385 71	X 28 (b) 55 ⁶ 24	X 32 15 N/A	X 23 6 N/A	287 364 203 234 390 95

NOTE: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for intermediate appellate courts in each state are displayed.

Blank space—Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

X.—The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"Some portion of cases included in this total could not be identified as civil or criminal cases; consequently, the categories will not add to the total shown.

I'the number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

I'change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

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																			1 1	
		Begin	ning p	ending		. —		Filed				 	Dispos	ed			End	pend	ing	
State and court	Appeals—civil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases pending	Appeals—civil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases filed	Appeals—civil	Appeais—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases disposed	Appeals—civil	Appeals—criminal	Requests to appeal—civil	Requests to appeal—criminal	Total cases pending
Alabama—TOTAL Court of Civil Appeals Court of Criminal	0	426 NH		X NH	426 0	133 133	878 NH		X NH	1,011 133	133 133	634 NH		X	767 133	0	670 NH		X	670 0
Appeals Arizona California	NH 480 2,454	426 378 2,366	NH.	×	426 ^{bd} 1,089* 4,820 ^f	NH 467 2,686	878 960 3,229	NH	×	878 ^d 1,593* 5,915	NH 460 3,143	634 705 3,672	NH	×	634 ^{cd} 1,428* 6,815	NH 487 2,579	670¢ 633 2,096	NH	X	670 ^d 1,254 * 4,675 *
Colorado Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana	X N/A N/A 1,691 X	X N/A N/A 1,893 X	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	359* N/A N/A 3,584 361*	539 X N/A 1,721 317	283 X N/A 2,414 284	N/A	N/A	858* 7,321* N/A 4,135 626**	X X N/A 1,610	X X N/A 2,035 X	N/A	N/A	625* 6,494* N/A 3,645 488*	X N/A N/A 1,804 X	X N/A N/A 2,270 X	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	592 * N/A N/A 4,074 499 *
Louisiana ^b Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Missouri	X 91 X 1,034 923	NH 57 X 1,597 584	0 302	NH 0 231	539† 148 5* 3,164 1,507	1,812 523 X 984 1,025	NH 631 X 2,106 527	X 571	Х	1,812 1,286* 870* 4,250 1,552	1,641 538° 209 879 722	NH 577° 65 1,307 386	X 653	NH X 478	1,641 1,2476* 570* 3,317 1,1456*	X 76 X 1,139 1,117	NH 111 X 2,396 698	0 220	NH 0 342	726 187 305 * 4,097 1,815#
New Jersey New Mexico New York—TOTAL Appellate Division—	X X N/A	X X N/A			3,781 * 264 * N/A	208 X	259 X			4,383°* 514* 9,606*	×	X X X			3,898°* 529* 8,927*	X X N/A	X X N/A			4,266* 249* N/A
Supreme Court Appellate Terms Supreme Court North Carolina	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A			N/A N/A N/A	X X	X X			7,429** 2,177* 1,078*	X X 386	X 443			7,348 ^b * 1,579* 900*	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A			N/A N/A N/A
Ohio Oklahoma ^b Oregon Pennsylvania—TOTAL Superior Court Commonwealth Court	X 129 X N/A N/A N/A	X NH X N/A N/A NH	NH	NH	2,901* 129† 429* N/A N/A N/A	327 322 NC X 2,027	X NH 704 NC X NH	NH	NH	6,869* 327 1,539* 5,023 2,996* 2,027*	X 364 X NC N/A 1,257	X NH X/A N/A N/A	NH	NH	6,148* 364 1,299* NC N/A 1,257*	X 92 X N/A N/A N/A	X NH X N/A N/A NH	NH	NH	3,622 * 921 699 * N/A N/A N/A
Tennessee—TOTAL Court of Appeals Court of Criminal	N/A	N/A NH			N/A N/A	655 655	630 NH			1,285 655	536 536	562 NH			1,098 536	N/A N/A	N/A NH			N/A N/A
Appeals ^b Texas ^b Washington	NH 674 920	N/A NH 449			N/A 674# 1,369	NH 1,764 974	630 NH 493			630° 1,764 1,467	NH 1,608 777	562 NH 342			562° 1,608 1,119	NH 847 1,117	N/A NH 600			N/A 847# 1,717

NOTES: A "case," for inclusion on this table, was defined as any appeal, any original proceeding, or any request to appeal.

Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for intermediate appellate courts in each state are displayed.

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NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

X—The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Some portion of cases included in this total could not be identified as civil or criminal cases; consequently, the categories will not add to the total shown.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

\$Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending dose not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Time to disposition in appellate courts (Table 21)

Table 21. This table presents available information on the time necessary to process an appellate case.

Ideally, information regarding time from filing of an appeal until the appeal is disposed by the court could be compared from state to state. As the footnotes on the table indicate, however, there is wide variation in the time spans measured in these time-to-disposition data. This table is included in the hope that more states will begin to produce comparable data that can be included in subsequent annual reports. Until such comparable data are provided, direct comparisons of reported times to disposition between states should not be made.

General conclusions

There are a number of factors, discussed in the Introduction, which militate against drawing conclusions or making generalizations based on data contained in the appellate court tables. Variations in reference periods, court organization, subject-matter jurisdiction, definitions of cases, and the completeness and accuracy of data make cross-jurisdictional comparisons extremely difficult. In addition, without verified multi-year caseload data, it is difficult, if not impossible, to reach valid conclusions regarding caseload trends.

One general conclusion can be drawn from the appellate court tables. The total number of cases pending at the end of 1975 in courts of last resort and in intermediate appellate courts increased significantly over the number pending at the end of 1974. Using the estimated national totals (Table 1), end pending for courts of last resort appears to have increased over 5.6 percent; for intermediate appellate courts over 17.6 percent; and for all appellate courts over 14.3 percent.

Table 21: Appellate courts reporting average time from filing to disposition (in days) for appeals, 1975.

		Average nur	mber of days to	disposition	Number
	Type of court and state	Total cases	Civil cases	Criminal cases	of Judges
ourts of last resort States without intermediate appellate courts: Hawaii			654		
lowa		270	004		
Kansas			447	528	
Minnesota		447		02.0	
Mississippi		494			
Nevada		131			
New Hampshire ¹		209			
Wyoming		300			
States with Intermediate appellate courts:		210			
Massachusetts	Control of the Contro	235			
New Jersey		241			
New Mexico		427			
Washington ²		303			(
Intermediate appellate courts California			171	72	51
Illinois ⁴		360-540	360-540	360-540	34
Maryland ⁵		186			12
Massachusetts		182			
Michigan		307			18
New Jersey		402			2
New Mexico		277			
Oregon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	165			
Washington#	11	325			1

NOTE: Unless otherwise footnoted, times listed on this table are average times from filling of appeal to final disposition of appeal. A court was included in this table only if time to disposition data were available.

*New Hampshire reports average time to submission rather than final disposition. *For Washington Supreme Court, time to disposition was computed from reported time periods in the following manner; ("Ready for Setting" to "45 Days Prior to Session" of 143 days) plus ("Argument" to "Filing of Opinion" of 115 days) plus 45 days = 303 days.

Session" or 193 ways place (age and age) and age a 303 days.

Median months from "Ready" to written opinion in California are reported by District and Division. The range of reported times for civil cases is one month to 13 months with the average being 5.7 months (171 days). The range of reported times for criminal cases is one month to four months with the average being 2.4 months (72 days).

fillinois reports the number of cases taking under six months, 6-12 months, $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ years, $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ years, 2-3 years, and over three years from filling to disposition. Both the civil and criminal case median time to disposition fall within the $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ year category (360-540 days).

In Maryland, the time to disposition figure displayed is a composite of "Time Periods for Case to be at lasue" plus "Time between Hearing and Filing of Opinion." 307 days equals a weighted average computed for 807 civil cases and 862 criminal cases.

For Washington Court of Appeals, time to disposition was computed from reported time periods in the following manner: ("Ready for Setting" to "45 Days Prior to Session" of 221 days) plus ("Argument" to "Filing of Opinion" of 59 days) plus 45 days = 325 days.

Interpretation of general jurisdiction court data

In the following section, tables are presented to display the caseflow of general jurisdiction trial courts during 1975. For the purposes of this report, a court was considered to be a general jurisdiction trial court if it met one of the following three criteria:

- —the individual state considered it a general jurisdiction court;
- -felony cases are tried and felony sentences are handed down; or
- —the judges of the court are general jurisdiction court judges sitting on temporary assignment.

All other trial courts were classified as limited or special jurisdiction courts.

Tables have also been included which show the caseflow of selected case categories commonly handled in limited and special as well as in general jurisdiction courts.

The following tables were compiled from both published and unpublished statistical data provided by the state court administrators. The same material could not be assembled from published annual reports alone.

General jurisdiction court data received from states were generally more detailed and easier to interpret than data from appellate courts. This does not imply, however, that the data can be more extensively compared. The two major hindrances to comparing the data are the varying subject matter jurisdiction of the courts and the lack of uniformity in definition of terms.

The first problem, the variation in subject matter jurisdiction, is amply demonstrated by the organization charts in Part II of this report; the number of different types of general jurisdiction trial courts varies widely from state to state. In some states, such as Illinois, and in the District of Columbia, general jurisdiction courts handle all types of cases. In other states, such as Florida and New Jersey, general jurisdiction courts process only felony cases and major civil actions, while other civil and criminal actions are handled in limited jurisdiction courts. Juvenile cases may be handled in general, or limited or special jurisdiction courts, or a combination thereof, even within a particular state. A further discussion of these variations has been included in the Introduction to this report.

The second problem in comparing data from general jurisdiction courts is the lack of uniformity in definition of terms, particularly those used in counting cases. In criminal cases, courts may be counting defendants, informations, indictments, or case numbers. Civil cases may be counted with the filing of a complaint, at note of issue, or when placed on the calendar. Some states count guilty pleas as trials, but most do not. The problem of lack of uniformity in definition and in unit of count has been discussed in the Introduction and is further explored in the text accompanying the summary tables.

The general jurisdiction tables that follow are sequenced from the general (national totals of reported state caseflow totals) to the more specific (civil, criminal, juvenile caseflows). Tables are provided within the civil and juvenile caseflow sections which show the caseflow of selected categories (domestic relations, probate, mental health, and juvenile) of cases handled in both general and limited jurisdiction courts. A final table presents an analysis of reported general jurisdiction jury trial data.

General jurisdiction total casellow (Tables 22-25)

The first group of tables presents the available total caseflow data, both published and unpublished, for general jurisdiction courts in 1975. The total caseflow is displayed in a variety of ways, moving from nationwide summary figures to state-by-state figures for total civil, criminal, and juvenile cases.

To facilitate comparison, all minor traffic and minor ordinance cases have been deleted from the summary totals as well as from the criminal cases presented in Tables 22-25. Because such cases are known to be much less time-consuming than other general jurisdiction cases, caseflow totals would be unrealistically inflated by including them for those states handling them in general jurisdiction courts.

Table 22. A summary of nationwide volume data for cases filed, disposed, and pending in general jurisdiction courts is displayed in Table 22. National totals for civil, criminal, juvenile, and total general jurisdiction caseload are shown along with the number of states reporting such volume data and the percentage of total 1975 U. S. population represented by those states.

The reported totals in this table should be viewed with caution. Reported totals are derived from Table 23, which contains the actual civil, criminal, and juvenile data reported by each state. As indicated by the footnotes to Table 23, the data shown for some states do not include all of the cases handled in the court. In addition, variations in reporting periods, court organization, subject matter jurisdiction, definitions, and unit of count must also be considered.

National totals in Table 22 represent the summation of very diverse data and should be viewed only as a first attempt to display some semblance of a nationwide, reported caseload total.

No estimates of total general jurisdiction court caseflow have been computed in this report. Attempts to correlate state populations and other variables with general jurisdiction caseflow proved fruitless. All correlations computed were too low to provide a basis for estimating national totals. One reason for low correlations may be the fact that reported general jurisdiction court data represent only a portion of trial court litigation in most states. Data from limited and special jurisdiction courts are missing and any possible correlations are thereby distorted. Estimates of total trial court caseflow will be attempted in future reports as more data from limited and special jurisdiction courts are compiled for inclusion in this annual report series.

Table 23. The reported caseflow statistics for each state's civil, criminal, juvenile, and total caseload in general jurisdiction courts are shown in Table 23. Every state and the District of Columbia handle both civil and criminal cases in general jurisdiction courts, but only 31 states and the District of Columbia handle juvenile matters in the general jurisdiction courts. The following chart indicates the number of states for which volume statistics are displayed:

Figure C: Number of states reporting volume statistics

		Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil		35	44	44	35
Criminal		34	44	44	34
Juvenile		14	22	21	14

Although the figures given in Table 23 show the total civil, criminal, and juvenile caseflow for each state, care must be taken when attempting direct comparisons between states. The subject matter jurisdiction of the general jurisdiction courts is not uniform from state to state. In addition, the point at which a case is counted varies among the states. Refer to a states's court organization chart and the court profiles in Part II of this report in order to ascertain the jurisdiction of a given court and the point at which a case is counted for reporting purposes. (Tables 26 and 32 in this section also provide a listing for each state of the point at which civil and criminal cases are counted.)

Table 23 shows the size of civil, criminal, and juvenile caseloads by state at the general jurisdiction court level only. For states whose courts use similar

definitions and have similar jurisdictions, size comparisons of civil, criminal, or juvenile caseloads handled in general jurisdiction courts can be made. Because limited and special jurisdiction court data are not included and because the variation in court jurisdictions exists, unrestricted comparisons of total civil, criminal, or juvenile activity in each state should not be made from this table.

The final two columns of information in Table 23 give the state populations and the number of judges for each of the general jurisdiction courts. During 1975 there was a total of 5,640 general jurisdiction judges in the fifty states and the District of Columbia.

Table 24. The total reported caseflow for courts of general jurisdiction in each state is shown in Table 24. Data presented in this table consist of all published and unpublished reported data on total filings, dispositions, and pending cases received from each state. As in all charts of general jurisdiction caseflow by state, all courts of general jurisdiction are listed on this table, whether or not they reported caseload data.

Forty states have only one general jurisdiction court, and for these states total caseload appears on the same line as the state name. States with more than one general jurisdiction court have the word TOTAL written after the state name, and the sum of the various general jurisdiction courts' caseloads has been shown. In the interpretations of all the charts that follow, the totals discussed will be state totals whether for one court or more than one court, and the number of states will be the number for which reported totals are available.

Three comparative measures, used in subsequent tables, are introduced in this table. First, total-dispositions are listed as a percentage of the total filings for each state where data were reported in order to give an indication of the court's ability to dispose of its caseload during the year. A low percentage indicates that the court is falling behind in its caseload.

The second measure used is the total number of cases pending at the end of the year listed as a percentage of the total filings. This measure gives the proportion of one year's filings that remained pending at the end of the year.

Third, the number and percentage change in pending cases at the end of 1975 over cases pending at the beginning of the year is shown. This percentage, if high, indicates that a specific court may be falling behind in disposing of its caseload. A low or minus figure means that a court is more or less

keeping pace or has even reduced its total pending caseload. Some general observations, based on these comparative measures, can be made regarding Table 24.

Thirty-eight states reported disposition and filing data, which were used to compute the number of dispositions as a percent of the number of filings. Three states disposed of less than 80 percent and 28 states disposed of over 90 percent of the number of filings. Four states were able to reduce the number of pending cases by disposing more cases than were filed that year.

The number of cases pending at the end of the year as a percent of the number of filings ranged greatly for the 29 states for which this measure could be computed. In 4 states more cases remained pending at the end of the year than were filed. More than half, or 15 states, had at least 70 percent of the number of filings pending at the end of the year.

For most states there was little change in the number of pending cases from the beginning to the end of 1975. Of the 35 states that provided pending information, ony 5 reduced the number of cases pending. The percentage increase in pending ranged between 0 percent and 20 percent for over two-thirds, or 25 of the states.

These figures suggest the existence of problems; they do not indicate what the problems are. They should be used only in measuring one state's ability to handle its caseload and not for comparing data from two or more states.

Table 25. The same information and comparative measures contained in Table 24 are shown on Table 25, but the states are ranked according to their estimated 1975 state populations. Total dispositions as well as total cases pending at the end of the year are listed as percentages of the total cases filed during the year. The number change and percentage change in cases pending at the end of the year are listed in relation to cases pending at the beginning of the year. The other general caveats noted for Table 24 also apply to this table.

Ranking by population allows the comparison of general jurisdiction court caseflow in states with similar populations. Ranking states by population, however, does not correlate with the size of general jurisdiction court caseload. No general patterns in percentages of cases filed, disposed, or pending were observed based on a population criterion alone. Similarly, no general patterns of increase or decrease in pending cases were observed when state population was used as a standard for comparison.

Table 22: General jurisdiction reported national caseflow totals, 1975.

With number of states reporting and percent of population represented.

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil cases reported	1,934,642	4,239,154	3,914,665	2,085,882
Number of states represented! Percent of population represented	35 69,1	92,1	944 92.0	35 59,1
Oriminal cases reported?	417,633	1,903,483	1,821,447	466,294
Number of states represented! Percent of population represented	34 60.6	944 92,1	92.0	34 60.6
luvenile cases reported	73,993	556,741	536,025	84,920
Number of states represented ^{1,3} Percent of population represented ³	14 44.9	22 79.5	21 78.5	14 44.9
Total cases reported	2,426,268	6,699,378	6,272,137	2,637,096
Number of states represented? Percent of population represented	35 69,1	44 92.4	94.0 92.0	35 69. 1
IThe states represented in each of the totals can be	determined from Table 23	3The number of states ren	resented for livenile date in	from a total of 31 states

The states represented in each of the totals can be determined from Table 23. Some of the state data were incomplete as indicated by the footnotes on Table 23. "Criminal data do not include minor traffic and minor ordinance cases handled in general jurisdiction courts.

The number of states represented for juvenile data is from a total of 31 states and the District of Columbia which handle juvenile cases in the general jurisdiction courts. The percent of the population represented is calculated from the total population of those 31 states and the District of Columbia (133,683,000).

Table 23: General jurisdiction casellow, 1975. Civil, criminal, juvenile, total.

Olate and arms		Beginning	pending			File	od	
State and court	Civil	Criminal	Juvenile	Total	Civil	Criminal	Juvenile	Total
bama—Circuit	45,686	10,540	NH	56,226	75,869°	25,777	NH	101,64
ska—Superior cona—Superior	4,426 54,344°	451 4,924	N/A 760#	4,877# 60,028#	9,283 63,599°	1,075 13,662	1,386 3,256	11,74 80,51
ansas—TOTAL	46,7084	6,881	(3)	53,590#	58,441 19,808	12,987	8	71,42
Dircuit Chancery and Probate	13,854 32,855	6,881 NH	(c) NH	20,735 32,855#	19,808 38,633	12,987 NH	(O) NH	32,79 38,63
Ifornia—Superior	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	467,092	57,656		602,47
orado— <i>TOTAL</i>	64,166	7,460	7,135	78,761	84,801	14.569	77,722 21,798	602,47 121
District Vater	55,704 ⁴ 8,462	7,460 NH	7,135 7,135 NH	70,299d 8,462	82,545# 2,256	14,569 NH	21,798 NH	7 id,91 2,28
necticut—Superior	31,960	2,202	NH	34,162	25,176	4.941	NH	30,11
aware—TOTAL	11,617	2,202 1,734 1,734	NH NH	13,351 6,041	9,623 7,173	4,087 4,087	NH NH	13,71 11,26
Superior Chancery	4,307 7,310	NH	NH	7,310	2,450	NH	NH	2,4
trict of Columbia—Superior	12,2593	3,609	1,617	17,4857	171,959	34,246 ^r	7,756	213,9
rida—Circuit orgia—Superior	203,633 N/A	42,463 N/A	15,271 N/A	261,367 N/A	254,148 N/A	82,222 N/A	62,811 N/A	399,10 N
vall—TOTAL	19,145	1,848	2,959	23,949	16,903	2,086	7,739	26,7
Bircult	19,025	1,845	2,959	23,829	16,665	2.086	7,739	26,49
and ax	65 55	NH NH	NH NH	65 65	49 189	NH NH	NH NH	16
10TOTAL	17 02116	5,573 ^r †	1,902†	25,406114	37,224	34,602 ^r	7,523	79,34
istrict	7,231 <i>ts</i> 10,760 <i>t</i>	979 <i>†</i> 4,594 <i>°</i> †	1,899	8,231 <i>f</i> 17,1937	9,701 27,523	3,094 31,508	17 7,506	12,8 66,5
fagistrate ole—Circuit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	632,664	520,847F	27,983	_1,181,4
anaTOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N,
ircult Up e rior	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	NH N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	NH N/A	N.
riminal	'ŇĤ	N/A	YŃĤ	N/A	NH	N/A	'ŇĤ	Ň
a—District	46,231#	14,1847	N/A	60,415	124,185 35,312#	89,925°	5,685	219,7
sas—District tucky—Circuit	18,309 75,628	1,810 10,825	NH NH	20,119 56,453	58,859	6,726 12,732	NH NH	42,0: 71,5!
islanaDistrict	N/A	N/A	NH	N/A	122,633	212,523	NH	335,16
neSuperior	7,394 N/A	4,100 N/A	NH N/A	11,494 N/A	5,158 57,330	8,734 29,726	NH 25,210	13,69 112,26
ryland— <i>Circuit</i> seachusett s—Superior	85,301	37,967	NH	123,268	32,247	35,483	ZU,ZIU	67.7
higan—TOTAL	100,274	15,36179	NH	115,6357	133,180	57,1307	NH	190,3
Circuit Recorder's	100,043 NH	8,804 6,557**	NH NH	108,847 8,5577	132,202 NH	27,576 29,55479	NH NH	159,7 29,5
Zialma	231	NH	NH	231	978	NH_	NH_	9
nesotaDistrict sissippiTOTAL	7,237 N/A	1,227 N/A	N/A N/A	8,464# N/A	21,342 52,889	7,991 7,445	N/A N/A	29,3 60,3
Circuit	N/A	N/A	'Ň₽	Ν̈́Α	15,223	7,445	Ϋ́NĤ	22,6
chancery	N/A	NH	N/A	N/A	37.666	NH	N/A	37,6
souri-Circuit ntana-District	59,093 N/A	8,765 N/A	8,217 N/A	76,075 N/A	74,314 N/A	17,760 N/A	18,751 N/A	110,8 N
oraskaDistrict	N/A	N/A	NH	N/A	15,229	6,643	NH N/A	21,8 N
/adaDistrict	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A NH	
w Hampshire—Superior w Jersey—Superior and County	16,835 43,955	3,773 23,178	NH NH	20,608 67,133	17,398 63,231	6,321 31,500	NH NH	23,7 94,7
v Mexico—District	19,798	1,913	2,120	23,831	30,374	4,771	5,454	40,5
N York—Supreme and County th Carolina—Superior	63,156 13,517 ^b	N/A 16,327	NH NH	83,158 ³ 29,844	10,919*	35,764 53,505	NH NH	154,7 64,4
th Dakota <i>District</i>	3,873	273	224	4,370	6,430	1,076	855	8,3
o-Common Pleas ahoma-District	172,1695 109,255	6,099 32,4277	21,322 2,047	199,690# 143,729#	249,822 157,853	31,554 66,716 ^r	194,288 8,311	475,6 232,8
gon—TOTAL	39,767	4,0197	N/A	43,786	47,064	14,360	11,305	72,7
Groult	39,6715	4,0191	N/A	43,690#	46,832	14,360	11,305	72,4
ax nnsylvaniaCommon Pleas	96 40,840°	NH 28,064	NH 4,388	98 73,292	232 143.632¢	NH 109,894	NH 39,882	293,6
ode IslandSuperior	N/A	N/A	NH	N/A	6,542	3,665	NH	10,2
ith Carolina— <i>Circuit</i> ith Dakota— <i>Circuit</i>	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A 4,210	N.
nessee—TOTAL	54,1717	14,9481	NH NH	69,1191	80,724	29,462	NH	110,1
ircuit and Criminal	35,9801	14,9487	NH	50,9281	46,589	29,462	ŇH	76.0
hancery aw and Equity	15,4517 2,7407	NH NH	NH	15,4517 2,7407	29,569 4,566	NH NH	NH NH	29,5 4,5
tas—District	248,045	88,720	5,764	320,529	264,888	80,702	11,919	357,5
h—Dietrict	7,817	81	NH	7,898	26,029	2,643	NH	28.6
mont—TOTAL Superior	22,120 6,529	4,009r 20	267 NH	26,396 ⁷ 6,549	21,748 0,275	16,954 ⁷	968 NH	39,6
District	15,591	3,9897	267	19,847/	6,276 16,473 62,938	16,910	968	8,3 33,3
inia—Circuit	79,0581	19,4201	NH	90,4781		41.644	NH NH	104.5
	N/A	N/A	· N/A	N/A	90,663	14.048	11.929	116,6
shington—Superior et Virginia—Circuit	N/A	N/A 20,461 ^r N/A	ÑŹĀ	N/A	N/A	14,048 N/A	11,929 N/A	N.

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

4) ű. #Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the rilesing data.

**FChange in pending does not equal the difference between filings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

 $\ensuremath{\mathit{P}}$ Minor traffic and minor ordnance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

State and court		Disp	osed			End per	nding		Population In	Humber
Otate and Otom	Civil	Criminal	Juvenile	Total	Civil	Criminal	Juvenile	Total	thousands	ludges
Nabama	75,981 6,327	25,980 955	NH 1,121	101,961 8,403	45,554# 7,382	10,337 571	NH N/A	55,891# 7,953#	3,614 352	10
ulzana Superior	56,389	13,045	3,222	72,6566	61,5540	5,541	794	67,889	2,224	1; 7;
krkansas—TOTAL Circuit	50,025# 19,077	12,233 12,233	(3)	62,258. 31,310	49,386# 14,585	7,635 7,635	(6)	57,021# 22,220	2,116	55
Chancery	30,948	NH_	NH_	30,948	34,801#	NH	ŇH	34,801		2(
California—Superior Colorado—TOTAL	370,551 78,391	52,525 11,998	74,312 20,138	497,388 110,527	N/A 70,576	N/A 10,031	N/A 6,795	N/A 89,402	21,185 2,534	50 8
District	73,345	11,998	20,138	105,481	64,904	10,031	6,795	83,7304	2,004	87
Water Connecticut—Superior	5,048 24,157	9,773	NH NH	5,048 27,930	5,672 32,979	3,370	NH NH	5,672 36,349	3,095	41
elawareTOTAL	7,051	3,807	NH	10,858	14,189	2,014	NH	16,203	579	1.
Superior Chancery	4,878 2,173	3,807 NH	NH NH	8,685 2,173	6,602 7,587	2,014 NH	NH NH	8,616 7,587	-	1
istrict of Columbia—Superior	168,478	31,039	7,410 57,315 N/A	206,927/\$ 357,683	13,1490	6,816 ^r	1,963	21,92879	716	4
iorida—Circult leorgia—Superior	227,925 N/A	72,443 N/A	N/A	N/A	229,856 N/A	52,242	20,767 N/A	302,865 N/A	8,357 4,926	27
awaii—YOTAL	16,669	2,128	7,749	26,546	19,379	1.803	2,949	24,131	865	2
Circuit Land	16,434 38	2,128 NH	7,749 NH	26,311 38	19,256 76	1,803 NH	2,949 NH	24,008 76	-	2
Tex	197	NH	NH_	197	47	NH	NH_	47		
lahoTOTAL District	34,499 9,411	33,597 ^r 3,250	7,374 16	75,470 ^F 12,677	20,670 7,535	6,578 ⁷ 823	2,051	29,29976 8,362#	820	84 2-
Magistrate	25,088 602,054	30,347° 491,022°	7,358 30,266	62,793 ⁷ 1,123,342 ⁷	13,135 N/A	5,755 ^r N/A	2,047 N/A	20,937F N/A	11.145	60 60
inois— <i>Circuit</i> Idiana— <i>TOTAL</i>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,311	14
Circuit	N/A	N/A	NH N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	NH. N/A	N/A		8
Superior Criminal	N/A NHN	N/A N/A	NH NH	N/A	N/A NH	N/A	- TNA	N/A N/A		
waDistrict	117,767	85,141	5,535	208,4437	47,083	18,9687	N/A	66,051	2,870	11
ansas — District entucky — Gircuit	35,175 49,449	6,636 12,608	NH	41,811 62,057	18,446 84,882*	1,900	NH NH	20,346 95,716	2,267 3,396	6
pulsiana District	93,111	204,945	NH	298,056	N/A	N/A	NH	N/A	3,791	12
aine—Superior aryland—Circuit	4,364 53,570	8,990 27,685	NH 24,627	13,354 105,882	8,1881 N/A	3,8441 N/A	NH N/A	12,0321 N/A	1,059 4,098	1 8
assachusette-Superior	27,558	34,086	NH_	61,644	89,990	39,364	NH NH	129,354	5,828	4
lichigan—TOTAL Circuit	123,284 122,334	54,897 <i>°</i> 24,349	NH NH	178,181 <i>7</i> 146,683	110,170 109,911	19,12579 12,031	NH NH	129,295/9 121,942	9,157	15 13
Miscorder's Cisima	NH 950	30,548 ^r NH	NH NH	30,5481 950	NH 259	7,09411 NH	NH NH	7,094 ^{F\$}		2
Innesota—District	20,334	7,453	N/A	27,787	8,261#	1,763	N/A	10.024	3,926	7
lississippiTOTAL	29,645	5,307	N/A NH	34,952\$ 17,460	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A NH	N/A N/A	2,346	6
Circuit Chancery	12,153 17,492	5,307 NH	N/A	17.492	N/A	NH_	N/A	N/A		3
leeouri-Circuit	70,357	16,257	16,372 N/A	102,986	63,050	10,268 N/A	10,596 N/A	83,91¢ N/A	4,763 749	11
ontanaDistrict ebraskaDistrict	N/A 4,272	N/A 6,936	NH	N/A 21,208	N/A N/A	N/A	NH	N/A	1,546	2
evada—District	N/A	N/A 5,642	N/A NH	N/A	N/A	N/A 4,508‡	N/A NH	N/A 22,949	592	<u>2</u> 1
ew Hampshire—Superior sw Jersey—Superior and County	15,791 57,872	27,248	, NH	21,433 85,120	18,441# 49,314	27,430	. NH	76,744	818 7,316	20
w Mexico-District w York-Supreme and County	57,872 31,786 114,731	4,588 38,674	4,888 NH	41,262 153,405	17,305# 67 170°	2,096 N/A	2,734# .NH	22,135# 67,170°#	1,147 18,120	35
orth Carolina Superior	9,222	52,551	NH	61,773	15,214	17,281	NH	32,495	5,451	. 5
orth DakotaDistrict hioCommon Pleas	7,351 250,187	1,063 31,230	897 193,503	9,311 477,900	2,952 166,522\$	286 6,423	182 19,107	3,420	635 10,759	1 29
kiahoma— <i>District</i>	132,836	61,352 ^r	6,873	201,0617	134,272	37,677/1	3,485	175,43476	2,712	18
regon—TOTAL Circuit	46,035 45,890	14,383 14,383	N/A N/A	60,418# 60,273#	40,655 40,472	3,996 3,996	N/A N/A	44,651# 44,468#	2,288	6
Tax	145	NH	NH NH	145	183	NH	NH	183		
nnsylvania—Common Pleas	138,391° N/A	104,576 N/A	38,350 NH	281,317 N/A	46,281° N/A	33,382 N/A	5,920 NH	85,583 N/A	11,827 927	28
outh Carolina— <i>Circuit</i>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,818	. 2
outh DakotaCircuit	16,116 80,660	12,470 28,396	3,972# NH	32,558# 109,056	N/A 54,235	N/A 16,014	N/A NH	70.849	683 4,188	3 10
Circuit and Criminal	48,119	28,396	NH .	76,515	34,450	16,014	NH	50,46	-	7
Chancery Law and Equity	28,338 4,203	NH NH	NH NH	28,338 4,203	16,682 3,103	NH NH	NH NH	16,682 3,103		
xas—District	240,243	80,440	12,361	333,044	270 890	68,982	5,322	344,994	12,237 1,206	26
tah-Dietrict	21,343	2,647	980	23,990	12,503	77 4,566°	NH 255	12,580 26,818 ^r	1,206	1
rmont—TOTAL Superior	21,871 6,020	16,397° 45	NH	39,248 <i>୮</i> 6,3€5_	21,997 6,764	19	NH	6,803	<i>₹</i> 71	
District	15,851 59,563	16,352° 41,630	980 NH	33,163° 101,193	15,213 82,433	4,547° 11,434	255 NH	20,015° 93,867	4,967	10
rginia <i>—Circult</i> lashington—Superior	76,8290#	14,284 N/A	N/A	91,113¢ N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	3,544	10
lest VirginiaCircuit	N/A 229,143	N/A 57,033	N/A 15,760	301,936F	N/A	N/A 19,138	N/A N/A	110,292/#	1.803	5 18
leconein—Circuit and County yoming—District	7,3325	1,3574	N/A	8,6896	91,154# N/A	N/A_	NZA_	N/A	374	

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Table 24: Analysis of general jurisdiction total caseflow, 1975. With dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	As pe	rcent lled		ge in ding
		5 . <u></u>			Dis- posed	End pending	Number	Percen
labama—Circuit	56,226	101,646 11,744	101,961	55,891#	100.3	55.0	-335	-0.6
laska— <i>Superior</i>	4,877#	11,744	8.403	7,953\$ 67,889\$	71.6	NC	3,076	63.1
rizona <i>—Superior</i> rkansas <i>—TOTAL</i>	60,028# 53,590#	80,517 71,428	72,656 53,258	57,021 <i>\$</i>	90,2 NC	84.3 NC	7,861 3,431	13.1 6.4
Circuit	20,735	32,795	31,310	22,220	95,5	67.8	1,485 1,946	7.2
Chancery and Probate	32,855#	38,633	30,948#	34,8015	NC_	NC_		5.9
alifornia—Superior	N/A	602,470	497,388	N/A	82.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
olorado—TOTAL District	78,761 70,299¢	121,168 118,912	110,527 105,481	89,402 83,730°	91.2 88.7	73.8 70.4	10,641 13,431	13.4 19.
Water	8,462	118,912 2,256	5.046	5,672	223.7	251.4	-2,790	-33.0
onnecticut—Superior	34,162	30,117	27,930	36,349	92.7	120.7	2,187	6,4
Pelaware—TOTAL	13,351 6,041	13,710 11,260	10,858 8,685	16,203 8,616	79,2 77,1	118.2 76.5	2,852 2,575	21. 42.
Superior Chancery	7.310	2,450	2,173	7,587	88.7	309.7	2,575 277	3,
elstrict of Columbia—Superior	7,310 17,485	206,927 ^{rg}	2,173 213,961	21,928 F	96,7	10.2	4,443	25,
jorida— <i>Circuit</i>	261,367	399,181	357,683	302,865	89.6	75.9	41,498	15.1
leorgia— <i>Superior</i> Iawali— <i>TOTAL</i>	N/A 23,949	N/A 26,728	N/A 26,546	N/A 24,131	N/A 99.3	N/A 90.3	N/A 182	N//
Circuit	23,829	26,490	26,311	24,008	99.3	90.6	179	0,8
Land	65	49	38	76	77.6	155.1	11	16.
Tax	55 05 400 D4	189	197	47	104.2	24.9	8	<u>-14,</u>
laho—TQTAL District	25,4067/# 8,213/#	79,349 ⁷ 12,812	75,470 ^r 12,677	29,29974 8,3624	95.1 98.9	36,9 65,3	3,893 149	15. 1.
Magistrate	17,19377	66,537 ^r	62,793°	20,937r	94.4	31.5	3,744	21.
linois—Circuit	N/A	1,181,4947	1,123,342r	N/A	95,1	N/A	N/A	N/
ndlanaTOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
ઈંજેપી Superior	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N// N//
Criminal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ÑŹΑ	NZA	N/A
owe—Dietrict	. 60,415M	219,795	208,4437	66,0517	94,8	NC NC	₹ 536	9.
ansas—District	20,119	42,038	41,811	20,346	99.5	48.4	227	.1.
entucky— <i>Circult</i> oulsiana— <i>District</i>	86,453 N/A	71,591 335,156	62,057 298,056	95,716# N/A	86.7 88.9	133.7 N/A	9,263 N/A	10. N//
AnineSuperior	11,494 N/A	13,892	13,354	12,032†	96.1	86.6	538	4.
AarylandCircuit		112,266	105,882	N/A	94,3	N/A	N/A	N/
Assachusetts—Superior	123,268 115,635 /#	67,730	61,644 178,181	129,354 129,2957	91.0 NC	191.0 67.9	6,086 13,660	4,5 11.6
Alchigan—TOTAL Circuit	108.847	190,310 ⁷⁶ 159,778	148.683	121,942	91,8	76.3	13,095	12.
Recorder's	6,557 <i>™</i>	29,5547≇	30,5487	7,0947	NC	24.0	537	8.
Cialms	231	978	950	259	97.1	26.5	28	12.
Ainnesota— <i>District</i> Aississippi— <i>TOTA</i> L	8,464# N/A	29,333# 60,334#	27,787# 34,952#	10,024# N/A	94,7 57,9	34.2 N/A	1,560 N/A	18. N/
Gircult	N/A	22,668	17,460	N/A	77.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chancery	N/A	37,666	17,492	N/A	46.4	N/A	_N/A	N/
Alasouri	76,075	110,825	102,986	83,914	92.9	75,7	7,839	10.
Nontana <i>—District</i> Nebraska <i>—District</i>	N/A N/A	N/A 21,872	N/A 21 208	N/A N/A	N/A 97.0	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N// N//
Nevada—District	N/A	N/A	21,208 N/A	N/A	N/A	ΝŽÂ	N/A	N//
lew Hampshire—Superior	20,608	23,719	21.433	22,949#	90,4	96.8	2,341	11.
lew Jersey-Superior and County	67,133	94,731	85,120	76,744	89,8	81.0	9,611	<u>14.</u>
lew Mexico—District lew York—Supreme and County	23,831 63,156#	40,599 154,763	41,262 153,405	22,135 <i>‡</i> 67,170°\$	101.6 99.1	54.5 NC	1,696 4,014	-7. 6.
lorth Carolina—Superior	29,844	64,424	153,405 61,773	32,495	95.9	50,4	2.651	A.
lorth Dakota—District	4,370	8,361	9,311	3,420 192,052#	111.4	40.9	-950	21,
Ohlo—Common Pleas	199,590 # 143,729 F#	475,664 232,880 ^F	477,900 201,061	175,434	100.5	NC 75.3	_7,538 31,705	<u>-3,</u>
oklahoma— <i>District</i> Dregon— <i>TOTAL</i>	49,7861	72,729	69,418	44,651	86.3 NC	NC NC	865	22. 2.
Circuit	43,690#	72,497	60,273	44,468#	NC	NC	778	1.
Tax	96 73,292	232	145 281,317	183 85,583	62.5 95.8	78.9 29.1	87 12,291	90. 16.
ennsylvania—Common Pleas Ihode Island—Superior	N/A	293,608 10,207	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/.
outh Carolina— <i>Circuit</i>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
outh Dakota—Circuit	Ñ/A	4,210#	32,558#	N/A	NC	N/A	N/A	N/A
ennessee—TOTAL Circuit and Criminal	69,119 <i>†</i> 50,928 <i>†</i>	110,186 76,051	109,056 76,515	70,249 50,464	98,0 104.6	63.8 66.4	1,130	1. -0
Chancery	15,451	29,569	28,338	16,682	107,6 £5,8	56.4	1,231	
Law and Equity	2,740†	4,566	28,338 4,203	3,103	92.0	68.0	1,231 363	13,
exas—District	320,529	357,509	333,044	344,994	93.2	96.5	24,465	7.
Itah—District Permont—TOTAL	7,898 26,396	28,672 39,670	23,990 39,248	12,580 26,818	83.7 98.9	43.9 67.6	4,682 422	59. 1.
Superior #	6,549	6,319	6,065	6,803	96.0	107.7	254	3.
District	19,847	33,3517	33,183 r	20,015	99.5	, 60.0	168	0
irginia— <i>Circuit</i> /aahington— <i>Superior</i> Vest Virginia— <i>Circuit</i>	90,4781	104,582 116,640	101,193 91,113# N/A	93,867	96.8	89.8	3,389 N/A	3.
VaaningtonSuperior Vaat Virginia	N/A N/A	116,640 N/A	91,113# N/A	N/A N/A	NC N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/
VisconsinCircuit and County	111,3847/	247,9537	301 9367	110,2927	NC	44.5	-1.092	N/- -1.
Vyoming—District	N/A	9.616	8,6896	N/A	90.4	N/A	N/A	N

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total, Each count's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{P}}$ Minor traffic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

Table 25: Analysis of general jurisdiction total casellow, 1975. States ranked by population, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	State copulation	Beginning	Filed	Disposed	End	As p	ercent filed	Char pen	ige in iding
State and court	In thousands	pending	Lueu	Disposed	pending	Dis- posed	End pending	Number	Percen
alifornia—Superior	21,185	N/A	602,470 154,763	497,388	N/A	82.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
ew York—Supreme and County	18,120 12,237	63,156# 320,529	154,763 357,509	153,405 333,044	67,170° 344,994	99.1 93.2	NC 96.5	4,014 24,465	6.4
ennsylvania—Common Pleas	11,827	73,292	293,608	281,317	85,583	95.8	29.1	12,291	7.6 16.8
inols—Circuit	11,145	N/A	1,181,4947	1,123,3427	N/A	95,1	N/A	N/A	N/A
hio-Common Pleas	10,759	199,590	475,664	477,900	192,0525	100.5	NC	-7,538	-3.6
lchigan—TOTAL Circuit	9,157	115,635 <i>11</i> 108,847	190,3107# 159,778	178,181 ⁷ 146,683	129,295 ^{rs} 121,942	NC 91.8	67.9 76.3	13,680	11.8 12.0
Recorder's		6,5571	29,5547#	30,548r	7,0947	NC	24.0	13,095 537	8.3
Cialms		231	978	950	259	97.1	26.5	28	8.1 12.
orida—Circuit	8,357	261,367	399,181	357,683	302,865	89.6	75.9	41,498	. 15.9
ew Jersey—Superior and County assachusetts—Superior	7,316 5,828	67,133 123,268	94,731 67,730	85,120 61,644	76,744 129,354	89.9 91.0	81.0 191.0	9,611 6,086	14.3 4.9
orth Carolina—Superior	5,451	29,844	64,424	61,773	32,495	95.9	50.4	2,651	8.1
dianaSuperior	5,311	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
Circuit	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Superior Criminal		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
rginia—Circuit	4,967	90,4781	104,582	101,193	93,867	96.8	89.8	3,389	3.7
eorgiaSuperior	4,926	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
eorgia—Superior issouri—Circuit	4,763	76,075	110,825	102,986	83,914	92.9	75.7	7,839	10,3
laconsin—Circuit and County	4,607	111,38474	247,95375	301,936 ^r	110,2927	NC NC	44.5	-1,092	
ennessee—TOTAL Circuit	4,188	69,119 <i>t</i> 50,928 <i>t</i>	110,186 76,051	109,056 76,515	70,249 50,464	99,0 100,6	63.8 66.4	1,130 ~464	1,0 0,9
Chancery		15,4517	29,569	28,338	16,682	95.8	56.4	1,231	8.1
Law and Equity		2,740#	4,566	4,203	3,103	92.0	68.0	363	13.
aryland—Circuit	4,098	N/A	112,266	105,882	N/A	94.3	N/A	N/A	N//
innesotaDistrict	3,926 3,791	8,464# N/A	29,333 <i>\$</i> 335,156	27,787\$ 298,056	10,024## N/A	94.7 88.9	34.2 N/A	1,560 N/A	18. N/
pulsiana— <i>District</i> abama—Circuit	3,614	56,226	101,646	101,961	55,891	100.3	55.0	-335	-0.
ashington-Superior	3,544	N/A	116,640	91,1135	N/A	NC	N/A	N/A	N/
entuckyCircuit	3,396	86,453	71,591	62,057	95,716‡	86,7	133.7	9,263	10,
onnecticut—Superior	3,095	34,162 60,415 ^{rs}	30,117	27,930 208,443 ^{rs}	36,349 66,0517	92.7 94.8	120.7 NC	2,187	6.
wa— <i>District</i> outh Carolina— <i>Circuit</i>	2,870 2,818	N/A	219,795 ⁷ N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5,636 N/A	9. N/.
klahoma—District	2,712	143,7297	232,880	201,061	175,4347	86.3	75.3	31,705	22.
oloradoTOTAL	2,534	78.761	121,168	110,527	89,402	91.2	73.8	10,641	13,
District Water	-	70,299d 8,462	118,912 2,256	105,481 5,046	83,730d 5,672	88.7 223.7	70.4 251.4	13,431 2,790	19. -33.
ississippi—TOTAL	2,346	N/A	60,3345	34,9525	N/A	57.9	N/A	N/A	N//
Circuit	-	N/A	22,668	17,460	N/A	77.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chancery	<u> </u>	N/A	37,666#	17,492	N/A	46,4	N/A	N/A	N//
regon—TOTAL	2,288	43,786	72,729	60,418	44,651	NC -	NC	865	2.
Circuit Tax		43,690# 96	72,497 232	60,273f 145	44,468# 183	NC 62.5	NC 78.9	778 87	1.1 90.
ansas—District	2,267	20,119	42,038	41,811	20,346	99.5	48.4	227	1,
izonaSuperior	2,224	60,028	80,517#	72,6565	67,889\$	90.2	84.3	7,861	13.
kansas—TOTAL	2,116	53,590	71,428	62,258	57,621	NC	NC CZ 6	3,431 1,485	6. 7.
Circuit Chancery and Probate	-	20,735 32,8559	32,795 38,633	31,310 30,948	22,220 34,801	95.5 NC	67.8 NC	1,946	5.
est Virginia-Circuit	1,803	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
sbraska—District	1.546	N/A	21,872	21,208	N/A	97.0	N/A	N/A	: N//
ahDistrict www.MexicoDistrict	1,206 1,147	7,898 23,831	28,672 40,599	23,990 41,262	12,580	83.7 101.6	43.9 54.5	4,682 1,696	59. 7.
Rine—Superior	1,059	11,494	13,892	13,354	22,135# 12,032#	96.1	86.6	538	4.
node Island-Superior	927	N/A	10.207	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
w i—TOTAL	865	23.949	26,728	26,546	24,131	99.3	90.3	182	0.
furcult Land		23,829 65	26,490 49	26,311 38	24,008 76	99.3 77.6	90,6 155.1	179 11	0. 16.
Tax		55	189	197	47	104.2	24.9	8	-14,
aho-TOTAL	820	25,406711	79,349r	75,470 ^r	29,29911	95.1	36.9	3,893	15.
District	t, -	8,213/#	12,812	12,677	8,362	98.9	65.3	149	1.
Magistrate w Hampshire—Superior	818	17,1937† 20,608	66,537 ^г 21,719	62,793 <i>1</i> 21,433	20 937 ⁷ 22 949 ‡	94,4 90,4	31.5 96.8	3,744 2,341	21. 11.
ontana—District	748	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A_	N/A	N/
strict of Columbia—Superior	716	17,485 ^{rs}	213,961 F	206,9275	21,928759	96.7	10,2	4,443	25.
uth DakotaCircuit	683	N/A	4,210#	32,558	N/A	NC	N/A	N/A	N/A
orth Dakota—District evada—District	635 592	4,370 N/A	8,361 N/A	9,311 N/A	3,420 N/A	111.4 N/A	40.9 N/A	-950 N/A	-21. N//
laware—TOTAL	579	13,351	13,710	10,858	16,203	79.2	118.2	2,852	21.
Superior		6,041	11,260	8,685	8,616	77.1	76.5	2,575	42.
Chancery		7,310	2,450	2,173	7,587	88.7	309.7	277	3.
ermont—TOTAL	471	26,3967	39,670	39,248	26,818 ^r	98.9	67.9	422 254	1.
Superior District	<u> </u>	6 549 19,347	6,319 33,351	6,065 33,183°	6,803 20,015	96.0 99.5	107.7	168	3.9
yoming—District	374	N/A	9,616	8,68954	N/A	90.4	N/A	N/A	N//
aska—Superior	352	4,8775	11,744	8,403	7,953	71.6	NC_	3,078	63.

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions and either beginning or end pending were available.

*Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each CRUIT's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

**Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

 ${\it T}$ Minor traffic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

Civil casellow (Tables 26-31)

All tables presented in this section portray civil caseflow during 1975. The first three tables, 26 through 28, show civil caseflow in general jurisdiction courts. The last three tables, 29 through 31, show total reported court caseflow from both general and limited jurisdiction courts for domestic relations, probate, and mental health cases.

Several of the same measures used in Tables 24 and 25 are shown in Tables 26 and 27, and 29-31. These measures indicate the ability of a court to cope with its caseload.

The first comparative measure used is the number of cases disposed during the year, listed as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year. The number indicates the ability of the court to dispose of its workload. A low percentage here indicates that a court is falling behind in processing new cases.

The second comparative measure used is the number of pending cases at the end of the year shown as a percentage of the number of filings. If pending cases equal the number of filings (100 percent), then a court has the equivalent of a year's filings on hand at year end. A percentage over 100 would indicate that the court has more than a year's accumulation of filings pending at the end of the year.

The third and fourth measures used in these tables deal with end pending figures. Both the number change and percentage change in pending cases measure the increase or decrease in the number of cases on hand at year end compared with the beginning pendings. Like the two measures previously discussed, these figures indicate the ability of a court to handle its caseload.

The jurisdictions of the courts to be compared should always be checked in the court organization charts located in Part II of this report. Comparisons should not be made between general jurisdiction courts with dissimilar jurisdiction.

In addition, when making any comparison of relative size of caseload among states, it is important to note case count definitions. Comparing states using different units of count may yield misleading results. Footnotes to Tables 26-28 indicate the various units of count used by the states for the reported civil cases. Definitions of the terms used to count cases are contained in the glossary of this report. The most common practice in counting civil cases is to count the case when a petition or complaint is filed with the clerk of court. Other methods are to count cases when they are placed on

the calendar, to count cases with the filing of the note of issue, or to count cases when the first answer is filed. These latter three methods of counting cases will result in a smaller caseload than when all petitions or complaints are counted. Some states report that they have not established a uniform definition for counting cases, while other states indicate that their definition is not always used by their courts.

General Jurisdiction Civil Caseflow (Tables 26-28)

Table 26. The total civil caseflow for general jurisdiction courts is shown on Table 26. In addition to caseflow figures, dispositions and pending cases in each court are shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year. The number change and percentage change in cases pending at year end compared to the beginning pendings are also shown. The unit used to count cases in each state is indicated in the footnotes.

The caseflow data in this table are arranged to allow analysis of caseflow within a state. The four measures computed are intended to aid in this intrastate analysis. Direct interstate comparisons should not be made without careful comparison of the subject matter jurisdiction and unit of count.

The analytical measures used on this chart and others reveal that the problems in maintaining currency of caseload are greater for civil than for either criminal or juvenile cases. Of the 41 states for which the number of dispositions could be computed as a percent of the number of filings, 27 states disposed of at least 90 percent of the number of cases filed. In five states, the total number of cases disposed was greater than the number of cases filed, so that the number of pending cases was reduced. On the other hand, in five states total dispositions were less than 80 percent of the number of filings.

If Table 26 is compared with Tables 32 and 39, it becomes apparent that the size of the pending caseload relative to the number of filings is much higher for civil than for either criminal or juvenile caseflow. Of the 33 states in which pending caseload can be compared to filings, 11 had more civil cases pending at the end of the year than were filed. Only 1 out of 34 states reported more criminal cases pending than were filed. No states reported more juvenile cases pending than were filed.

Seven states had less than 50 percent of the number of civil cases filed still pending at the end of the year. Twenty of 34 states reported less than 50 percent of the number of criminal cases filed still pending at the end of the year. Twelve of 14 states

reported less than 50 percent of the number of juvenile cases filed still pending at the end of the year.

Of the 35 states for which the percent change in pending civil cases could be calculated, 5 states exhibited a decrease in the number of cases pending. Over two-thirds, or 26 states, had a percent increase in pending between 0 percent and 20 percent.

Table 27. The same civil caseflow contained in Table 26 is shown on Table 27, but the states are ranked by estimated 1975 state population. Ranking states by population allows comparison of states with similar populations, once the similarity of jurisdiction has been established. All the caveats noted for Table 26 apply to this table. Ranking states by population does not reveal a relationship between population and the ability of a court to cope with its caseload.

Table 28. A detailed breakdown by category of the total civil caseload presented in Tables 23, 26, and 27 is provided in Table 28.

In the headings of this table, tort cases have been reported as auto-tort, non-auto tort (torts not involving autos), or unclassified tort (reported tort cases which could not be classified as either auto or non-auto tort cases). The law and equity categories contain only those cases that did not clearly belong in any other category on this table.

If case definitions were comparable from state to state, then certain civil case categories could be compared among states for those states where exclusive jurisdiction for these cases rests in the general jurisdiction courts. Cases classified as mental health in one state, however, might be classified as other civil in another state. Likewise, variations in jurisdiction might exist because certain cases—domestic relations, for example—which are handled in the general jurisdiction courts in one state may also be processed in a limited or special jurisdiction court in another state. In addition, variations in case-counting definitions as footnoted on the tables must be considered before interstate comparisons are attempted.

Table 26: Analysis of general jurisdiction civil caseflow, 1975. With dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending		ercent filed		ge in ding
State and court					Dis- posed	End pending	Number	Perce
abama—Circuit	45,686	75,869°	75,981	45,5541	100.1	60.0	-132	0.
aska—Superior ¹	4,426	9,283 63,599°	6,327 56,389°	7,382	68.2	79.5	2,956 7,210	66.
izona—Superior¹ kansas—TOTAL¹	54,344° 46,709 <i>§</i>	58,441	50,025	61,554° 49,386°	88.7 NC	96.8 NC	2,677	13. 5.
Circuit ¹	13,854	19,808	19,077	14,585	96.3	73.6	731	5.
Chancery and Probate1	32,855	38,633	30,948	34,8015	NC	NC NC	1,946	5.
allforniaSuperior ¹	N/A	467,092	370,551	N/A	79.3	N/A	N/A	N/
olorado—TOTAL¹	64,166	84,801	78,391	70,576	92.4	83.2	6,410	10.
Districe1 Water	55,704 <i>ª</i> 8,462	82,545° 2,256	73,345 5,046	64,904d 5,672	88.9 223.7	78.6 251.4	9,200 -2,790	16. 33.
pnnecticut—Superior [†]	31,960	25,176	24,157	32,979	96.0	131.0	1,019	3
laware—TOTAL1	11,617	9,623	7,051	14,189	73.3	147.4	2,572	22
Superior ¹	4,307	7,173	4,878	6,602	68,0	92.0	2.295	53
Chancery ¹	7,310	2,450	2,173	7,587	88,7	309.7	277	3
strict of Columbia—Superior	12,259 <i>§</i> 203,633	171,959	168,4785 227,925	13,149#	98.0 89.7	7.6 90.4	890 26,223	7 12
orida—Circuiti		254,148		229,856	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
orgia—Superior wail—TOTAL [†]	N/A 19,145	N/A 16,903	N/A 16,669	N/A 19,379	98.6	114.6	234	Ϋ́
Circuit'	19,025	16,665	16,434	19,256	98.6	115.5	231	i
and	65	49	38	76	77.6	155.1	11	16
Tax	55	189	197	47	104.2	24.9	8_	-14
ahoTOTAL ¹	17,931	37,224	34,499	20,670\$	92.7	55.5	2,739	15
District ¹	7,231 <i>ts</i> 10,700 <i>t</i>	9,701	9,411	7,535 <i>‡</i> 13,135	97.0 91.2	77.7 47.7	304 2,435	22
Magistrate1 nois—Circuit1	N/A	27,523 632,664	25,088 602,054	N/A	95.2	N/A	2,435 N/A	Ň.
llana—TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N
Circuit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ň
Superior	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N,
Criminal	NH.	NH	NH	NH	NH .	NH	N/A	N,
Na-Districti	46,231#	124,185	117,767\$	47,0835	94.8	37.9	852	
nsas—District ¹	18,309 75,628	35,312* 58,859	35,175 49,449	18,446 84,882‡	99.6 84.0	52,2 144,2	137 9,254	12
ntucky— <i>Circuit¹</i> uislana— <i>District</i> =¹	75,026 N/A	122,633	93,111	N/A	76.0	N/A	N/A	Ň.
aine—Superior!	7,394	5,158	4,364	8,188†	84.6	158.7	794	10
arylandCircuit!	N/A	57,330	53,570	N/A	93.4	N/A	N/A	N.
assachusetts—Superior ¹	85,301	32,247	27,558	89,990	85.5	279.1	4,689	5
lchigan—TOTAL ¹	100,274	133,180	123,284	110,170	92.6	82.7	9,896	9
Circuit ¹	100,043 NH	132,202 NH	122,334 NH	109,911 NH	92.5 NH	83.1 NH	9,868 NH	9
Recorder's Claims ¹	231	978	950	259	97.1	26.5	28	12
nnesota—District	7,237	21,342	20,334	8,261#	95,3	38.7	1,024	14
Ississippi—TOTAL ¹	N/A	52,889	29,645	N/A	56.1	N/A	N/A	N,
Circult [†]	N/A	15,223	12,153	N/A	79.8	N/A	N/A	N,
Chancery!	N/A	37,666	17,492	N/A	46,4	N/A	N/A	N,
lssouriCircuite1	59,093	74,314	70,357	63,050	94.7	84,8	3,957	
ontana District	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A 93,7	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N.
ebraska <i>—District¹</i> evada <i>—District</i>	N/A N/A	15,229 N/A	14,272 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.
w Hampshire—Superiors	16.835	17,398	15,791	18,4417	90.8	106.0	1,606	Ŷ
w Jersey-Superior and County	43,955	63,231	57,872	49,314	91.5	78.0	5,359	12
w Mexico—District1	19,798	30,374	31,786	17,305#	104.6	57.0	-2,493	12
W YorkSupreme and County!	63,156	119,009	114,731	67,170	96.4	56.4	4,014	
orth Carolina— <i>Superior¹</i> orth Dakota— <i>District¹</i>	13,517 ⁶ 3,873	10,919 ⁵ 6,430	9,222° 7,351	15,214° 2,952	84.5 114.3	139.3 45.9	1,697 -921	12 23
nio—Common Pleasi	172,169	249,822	250,167	166,522	100.1	NC	-5.647	
(lahomaDistrict)		157,853	132,836		84.2	85.1	25,017	22
egon—TOTAL¹ Circuit¹	109,255 39,767	47,064	46,035	134,272 40,655	97.8	86.4	888	. 2
	39,6715	46,832	45,890	40,472	98.0	86.4	801	- 4
Tax	96	232	145	183	62.5 96.2	78.9 32.2	87 5.441	90
nnsylvania—Common Pieasi	40,840	143,832°	138,391¢	46,2810				1;
node IslandSuperior¹ buth CarolinaCircuit	N/A N/A	6,542 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N. N
outh DakotaCircuit	N/A	N/A	16,116	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ň
nnesse—TOTAL!	54,1717	80,724	80,660	54,235	99.9	67.2	64	(
Circuit and Criminal	35,980†	46,589	48,119	34,450	103.3	73.9	~1,530	. 4
Chancery!	15,451	29,569	28,338	16,682	95.8	56,4 68.0	1,231 363	15
Law and Equity	2,7401	4,566	4,203	3,103	92.0			13
exas—District ¹ tah—District ¹	246,045 7,817	264,888 26,029	240,243	270,690 12,503	90.7 82.0	102.2 48.0	24,645 4,686	10 59
ermont—TOTAL	22,120	21,748	21,343 21,871	21,997	100.6	101.1	-123	
Superior ¹	6,529	6,275	6,020	6,784	95.9	108.1	255	
District ¹	15,591	15,473	15,851	15,213	102.4	98.3	<u>–378</u>	
rginia—Circuit	79,058†	62,938	59,563	82,433	94.6	131.0	3,375	
ashington—Superior	N/A	90,663	76,829≸	N/A	84.7	N/A	N/A	Ņ
est Virginia— <i>Circuit</i> isconsin— <i>Circuit and County</i> 1	N/A 90,923\$	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A NC	N/A 47.4	N/A	Ŋ
yoming—District!	90,9239 N/A	192,243 7,987	229,143 7,332°	91,154# N/A	91.8	47.4 N/A	231 N/A	(

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A.—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate. NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

**The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions and either beginning or end pending were available.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

¹Civil cases are counted with the filing of a petition or complaint. ²Civil cases are counted when they are placed on the jury or non-jury calendar. ³Civil cases are counted at the note of issue. ९Civil cases are counted when the first answer is filed, ⁵There was no consistent definition used for the civil case.

Table 27: Analysis of general jurisdiction civil caseflow, 1975. States ranked by population, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of fillings, and number and percent change in pending.

Stote and anua	State popu-	Beginning	Filed	Disposed	End pending	As p	ercent filed		ige in iding
State and court	lation in thousands	pending	riied	Disposed	pending	Dis- posed	End pending	Number	Percer
alifornia—Superior	21,185	N/A	467,092	370,551	N/A	79.3	N/A	N/A	N/
ew York—Supreme and County! exas—District ^{e1}	18,120 12,237	63,156 246.045	119,009 264,888	114,731 240,243	67,170°\$ 270,690	96.4 90.7	56.4 102.2	4,014 24,645	6. 10.
ennsylvania—Common Pleas ¹	11,827	40,8400	143,8320	138,3910	46,2810	96.2	32.2	5,441	13.
Inoia-Circuit ¹	11,145	N/A	632,664	602,054	N/A	95.2	N/A	N/A	N//
hlo— <i>Common Pleas</i> ¹ llchlgan— <i>TOTAL</i> ¹	10,759 9,157	172,169# 100,274	249,822 133,180	250,167 123,284	166,522# 110,170	100.1 92.6	NC 82,7	-5,647 9,396	-3. 9.
Circuit ¹	-	100,043	132,202	122,334	109,911	92.5	83.1	9,868	9.
Recorder's	· · · -	NH 231	NH	NH 950	NH	NH 97.1	NH	NH	N
Claims¹ lorida—Circuit¹	8,357	203,633	978 254,148	227,925	259 229,856	89.7	26.5 90.4	28 20,223	12. 12.
lew Jersey—Superior and County	7,316	43,955	63,231	57,872	49,314	91.5	78,0	5,359	12.
lassachusetts—Superior1	5,828	85,301	32,247	27,558	89,990	85,5	279.1	4.689	5.
lorth Carolina—Superior ¹	5,451 5,311	13,517 ^b N/A	10,919b N/A	9,222b N/A	15,214 ^b N/A	84.5 N/A	139.3 N/A	1,697 N/A	12. N//
Circuit	2/2(1	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
Superior	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/.
Criminal	4.007	NH NH	NH	NH	NH 90 499	NH_	NH 484.0	N/A	N//
Irginia— <i>Circuit</i> 1 Reorgia— <i>Superior</i>	4,967 4,926	79,058† N/A	62,938 N/A	59,563 N/A	82,433 N/A	94.6 N/A	131.0 N/A	3,375 N/A	4.: N//
AlssouriCircuit ^{e1}	4,763	59,093	74,314	70,357	63,050	94.7	84.8	3,957	6.
Visconsin—Circuit and County	4,607	90,923\$	192,2435	229,143	91,1541	NC NC	47,4	231	0.
ennessee—TOTAL ¹ Circuit and Criminal ¹	4,188	54,171† 35,980†	80,724 46,589	80,660 48,119	54,235 34,450	99.9 103.3	67.2 73.9	64 1,530	0. -4.
Chancery ¹	_	15,4511	29,569	28,338	16,682	95.8	56.4	1,231	8.
Law and Equity		2,740†	4,566	4,203	3,103	92.0	68.0	363	13.
Maryland—Circuit	4,098 3,926	N/A 7,237	57,330 21,342	53,570 20,334	N/A 8,261#	93.4 95.3	N/A 38.7	N/A 1,024	N/. 14.
Alnnesota— <i>District</i> ³ .ouislana— <i>District</i> *¹	3,791	N/A	122,633	93,111	N/A	76.0	N/A	N/A	N/
labama— <i>Circuit</i> 1	3,614	45,686	75,869°	75,981	45,554#	100.1	60.0	_132	<u> </u>
Vashington—Superior1	3,544	N/A	90,663	76,829 <i>\$</i> 49,449	N/A	84.7	N/A	N/A	N/.
lentucky— <i>Circuit¹</i> connecticut— <i>Superior¹</i>	3,396 3,095	75,628 31,960	58,859 25,176	24,157	84,882‡ 32,979	84.0 96.0	144.2 131.0	9,254 1,019	12. 3.
owa—District ¹	2,870	46,2315	124,185	117,7675	47,0835	94.8	37.9	852	
outh Carolina—Circuit	2,818	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
Oklahoma— <i>District</i> i Colorado— <i>TOTAL</i> i	2,712 2,534	109,255 64,166	157,853 84,801	132,836 78,391	134,272 70,576	84,2 92.4	85.1 83.2	25,017 6,410	22. 10.
District ¹		55,704	82,545 9	73,345	64,904°	88.9	78.6	9,200	16.
Water		8,462	2,256	5,046	5,672	223.7	251.4	<u>-2,790</u>	<u>–33.</u>
AlasiasippiTOTAL ¹ Circuit ¹	2,346	N/A N/A	52,889 15,223	29,645 12,153	N/A N/A	56.1 79.8	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/
Chancery ¹	_	N/A	37,666	17,492	N/A	46.4	N/A	N/A	N/
Dregon—TOTAL	2,288	39,767	47,064	46,035	40,655	97.8	86.4	888	2.
Circult¹ Tax	. -	39,671° 96	46,832 232	45,890 ^b 145	40,472 183	98,0 62.5	86.4 78.9	801 87	2. 90.
(ansas—District ¹	2,267	18,309	35,312*	35,175	18,446	99.6	52,2	137	0.
ArizonaSuperior ¹	2,224	54,344°	63,599°	56,389¢	61,554°	88.7	96.8	7,210	13.
Arkansas—TOTAL [†] Circuit [†]	2,116	46,709\$ 13,854	58,441 19,808	50,025 s 19,077	49,386# 14,585	NC 96.3	NC 73.6	2,677 731	5. 5.
Chancery and Probate1		32,855	38,633	30,948	34,801	NC NC	NC	1,946	5.
Vest Virginia—Circuit	1,803	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
lebraska—District ¹	1,546 1,206	N/A 7,817	15,229 26,029	14,272 21,343	N/A 12,503	93.7 82.0	N/A 48,0	N/A 4,686	N/. 59.
Itah—District [†] lew Mexico—District [†]	1,147	19,798	30,374	31,786	17,305	104.6	57.0	-2,493	-12.
Aaine—Superior ¹	1,059	7,394	5,158	4,364	8,188†	84.6	158.7	794	10.
hode Island—Superior1	927	N/A	6,542 16,903	N/A 16,669	N/A 19,379	N/A 98.6	N/A 114,6	N/A 234	N//
lawaliTOTAL1 Circuit1	865	19,145 19,025	16,665	16,434	19,256	98.6	115.5	231	- 1,
Land	· -	65	49	38	` 76	77.6	155.1	11	16.
Tax	900	55	189	197	20,670\$	104.2 92.7	24.9	2 720	<u>–14.</u> 15.
iahoTOTAL¹ District¹	820	17,931 <i>15</i> 7,231 <i>15</i>	37,224 9,701	34,499 9,411	7,535	97.0	55.5 77.7	2,739 304	4.
Magistrate ¹		10,700†	27,523	25,088	13,135	91.2	47.7	2,435	22.
lew Hampshire—Superiors	818 748	16,835 N/A	17,398 N/A	15,791 N/A	18,441# N/A	90.8 N/A	106.0 N/A	1,606 N/A	9, N/
Interior of Columbia Superior	716	12,259\$	171,959	168,478	13,14905	98.0	7.6	890	7.
outh DakotaCircuit ¹	683	N/A	N/A	16,116	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
lorth Dakota—Districti	635 592	3,873 N/A	6,430 N/A	7,351 N/A	2,952 N/A	114.3 N/A	45.9 N/A	-921 N/A	-23. N/
levada— <i>District</i> Helaware— <i>TOTAL</i> ¹	579	11,617	9,623	7,051	14,189	73.3	147.4	2,572	22.
Superior ¹	-	4,307	7,173	4,878	6,602	68.0	92,0	2,295	53,
Chancery ¹		7,310	2,450	2,173	7,587	88.7	309.7	277	3.
ermont—TOTAL1	471	22,120 6,529	21,748 6,275	21,871 6,020	21,997 6,784	100.6 95.9	101.1 108.1	-123 255	-0. 3.
Superior ¹ District ¹		15,591	15,473	15,851	15,213	102.4	98.3	-378	-2.
hiomina Dietricti	374	N/A	7,987	7,3325	N/A	91.8	N/A	N/A	N/
laska—Superiori	352	4,426	9,283	6,327	7,382	68.2	79.5	2,956	66 rofile in P

profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate. NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Through the data were available for inclusion in the total, Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

†Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

¹Civil cases are counted with the filing of a petition or complaint. ²Civil cases are counted when they are placed on the jury or non-jury calendar, ²Civil cases are counted at the note of issue. ⁴Civil cases are counted when the first answer is filed. ⁵There was no consistent definition used for the civi) cases.

Table 28: General jurisdiction civil caseflow, 1975; by category of case.

							Beginni	ng pendir	19					
State and Court	Law	Auto tort	Non- auto tort	Unclas- sified tort	Contract	Small claims	Property rights	Equity	Domestic relations	Probate	Mental health	Adminis- trative	Other civil	Ap- peals
Alabama—Circuit ¹	Х	X						x	X					Х
Alaska—Superior¹ Arizona—Superior¹	227	4,759	3,049		11,267		345		(<i>d</i>) 14,397#	1,151° 13,669	(c) 1,266#		3,275¢ 5,024	341
Arkansas—Total	13,854	4,703	0,040		11,207		040	6,770	13,399#	12,686	N/A	····	3,024	X
Circuit ¹	13,8545							<u> </u>	10,000-	121000	147.63			(b)
Chancery & Probate ¹								6,770	13,399#	12,686	N/A			
California—Superior1		N/A	N/A				N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A
Colorado—Total	x	X	X	<u>х</u>			X		22,823 22,823	10,3975	313\$ 313\$			<u>X</u>
District*1 Water			^	^			^		£2,023	10,397	3137	8,462		X
Connecticut—Superior¹									13,551				18,409	. 00
Delaware—TOTAL					Х		X	Х	176	6,461	151	X	4,829	X
Superior ¹							(b)		1766				4,1315	(b)
Chancery ¹					(d)		(a)	(d)		6,461	151	(d)	698	
District of Columbia—Superior ²	3,421	. X				2,127	198 X		5,973	N/A	78	79	373	
Florida—Circult ^r Georgia—Superior		 ^ .	X		X		^		X	X_	X	<u> </u>	X	x
Hawaii—TOTAL		1,597	845		1,436		293		5,824	6,652	N/A	55	2,358	85
Circuit [†]		1,597	845		1,436		228		5,824	6,652	(c)		2,443	- 03
Land							65							
Tax												55		
Idaho—TOTAL				1,1391		1,943†			4,53915		164†		7,548†	741
District!				9187		461			2,715/5		<u>6†</u>		3,357†	741
Magistrate ¹ Illinois—Circuit ¹	N/A			2211		1,897 <i>†</i> N/A	N/A	N/A	1,824† N/A	2,403† N/A	158† N/A	N/A	4,191 <i>†</i> N/A	
Indiana-TOTAL ^b	11/7				· · · · · ·	11/7	1976	1977	14/74	11/7	11/0	WA	1977	
Circuit														
Superior						-								
lowa—District ¹						13,950				N/A			32,281	
Kansas—District ¹		1,711	1,359		3,451		1,233		8,373				1,894	(a)
Kentucky—Circuit ¹									X			_	X	
Louisiana—Districte1							. <u></u>		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	
Maine—Superior¹ Maryland—Circuit¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	·····	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A		N/A
Massachusetts—Superior¹	1077		137.73		147.5		14773	197.75	14/17			14/75	85,301	1977
MichiganTOTAL ^b		20,066							47,860	···		231	31,777	340
Circuiti		20,066							47,860				31,777	340
Claims ¹												231		
Minnesota—Districts													7,237	
MississippiTOTAL Circuit ¹	N/A N/A						N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A_	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A N/A
Chancery ³	N/A						IN/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
MissouriCircuite1				: X				,,,,,,	X				X	(b)
Montana-District														
NebraskaDistrict!				ببسنسيد					N/A				N/A	N/A
Nevada—District														
New Hampshire—Superiors	9,401	17.005	 					2,440	4,958	400				36
New Jersey-Superior & County New Mexico-District	18,531	17,935						2,326	5,000	163				
New York—Supreme & County		X	×		х		X		5,144			X	X	·
North Carolina-Superior										(b)				
North Dakota—District ¹													. X	Х
Ohlo—Common Pleas!				22,1275	****					83,3425	N/A		29,723	
Oklahoma—District1		3,575	1,912		14,545	45,017	4,890		16,195	15,192	613	469	5,949	
Oregon—Total Circuit*	x							<u>X</u>	X	15,310		96		
Tax								^		15,3105		96		
Pennsylvania—Common Pleast							(b)	(b)	20,217	1,386	288	- 30	18,9495	
Rhode Island—Superior1													N/A	N/A
South Carolina—Circuit														
South Dakota—Circuit ¹						N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	 .
Tennessee—TOTAL		X	X		X		<u> </u>		X	X	·	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u> _	
Circuit and Criminal ¹ Chancery ¹		X	X		Х		<u>X</u> _		X	X		X	×	
Law and Equity		X	X		- x		 x		- \hat{x}	- x		- 	-	
Texas—District*1		23,554							75,650				90,369	
Utah—District1				Х			Х		X	939	х		X	Х
Vermont—TOTAL						9,303			3,554		8		8,739	512
Superior!									2,194				3,819	5125
District ¹	67 666					9,303		P. 2-1-	1,360		8		4,920	
Virginia—Circuiti	27,996†	_	B114		AT / A		N. 44	51,0621	A1.4	N				(c)
Washington—Superior¹ West Virginia—Circuit		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A
Wisconsin—Circuit & County	15,329			9,416		14,330			24,5231	17,792#	N/A		9,017	516
Wyoming—District!													****	

Begir pend	nning Jing									Filed			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
xtraor- dinary writs	Total civil	Law	Auto tort	Non- auto tort	Unclas- sified tort	Contract	Small claims	Property rights	Equity	Domestic relations	Probate	Mental health	Admini- strative	Other civil	Ap- peals	Extraor- dinary writs	Total civil
	45,686	23,582	7,278						4,714	37,919	1.5050	7.5			2,289		75,869
	4,426 54,344#	682	4,290	2,583		15,360		230		(<i>d</i>) 25,030#	1,505° 7,231	(c) 460#		7,778ª 7,337	396		9,283
	46,709	19,808	4,200	2,000		10,000			5,663	24,627	6,957	1,386		7,007	X		(8,441
	13,854	19,8086													(b)		19,808
11.4	32,855		40.000	55.570	<u> </u>			2.000	5,663	24,627	6,957	1,386					18,633
N/A X	N/A 64,166	19,884	49,266 1,581	961	1,331			5,299 6,329		162,938 32,204	61,975 6,368	6,039 2,510	2,625	137,905	8,870 63	8,827 3,555	467,092 81,801
x	55,7045	19,884	1,581	961	1,331			6,329		32,204	6,368	2,510	369		63	3,555	81,545
	8,462							·					2,256				2,256
	31,960 11,617					×		Х	X	15,374 358	2,057	7	X	9,629 7,201	<u>173</u> X		25,176 9,623
	4,307							(b)		358				6,8155	(b)		7,173
	7,310					(a)		(d)	(d)		2,057	7	(d)	386			2,460
10	12,259 [§]	5,101	17,794	7,085		34,303	34,430	120,608 24,284		6,937 105,929	2,607 38,450	593 11,299	147 370	1,512	020	24 871	171,959
	N/A		11,134	1,000		34,303		24,204		100,525	36,430	11,299	3/0	12,830	933	0/1	254,148 N/A
	19,145		879	441		1,408		444		9,105	2,037		189	2,400			16,903
	19,025		879	441		1,408		395		9,105	2,0370	(c)		2,400			16,665
	65 55							49					189				189
36†	17,931#				1,125		9,061			11,341	3,772	165		11,515	137	108	37,224
30†	7,23115				819		16			5,292	17	2		3,324	137	94	9,701
N/A	<u>10,700†</u> 159,973				306		9,045 184,425	687	21,224	6,049 85,030	3,755 32,674	163 8 691	134,546	8,191 5,414		. 14	27,523 632,664
14/7	N/A						104,425	- 007	21,227	00,000	02,014	0,001	104,040	3,414			N/A
	N/A	·															N/A
	N/A																N/A
288	46,231# 18,309	· <u> </u>	1,289	1,304		6,061	63,582	2,453		21,031	22,640			37,963 2,755	(a)	419	124,185 35,312
200	75,628		1,205	1,304		6,001	·	2,450		24,672				34,187		413	58,859
	N/A							·		X	X	X		X			122,633
	7,394	0.004	0.040	0.000		1044		0.404	7.000	00.000			4.000		707	570	5,158
N/A	N/A 85,301	3,064	6,012	2,399		4,341		2,184	7,826	28,903			1,238	32,247	787	576	57,330 32,247
	100,274		12,831				e _			61,132			978	57,731	508		133,180
	100,043		12,831							61,132				57,731	508		132,202
	231										- نــــــــ		978	21,342			978 21,342
N/A	7,237 N/A	13,938					-	160	2,048	21,693	6,414	3,776	254	4,102	191	313	52,889
N/A	N/A	13,938						160					254	528	160	183	15,223
N/A	N/A								2,048	21,693	6,414	3,776		3,574	31	130	37,666
X	59,093° N/A			<u>-</u>	X					X				x	<u>(b)</u>	x	74,314 ² N/A
	N/A									8,436				6,793	(b)		15,229
	N/A																N/A
	16,835 43,955	6,188 20,245	15.056						2,252 3,844	8,939 22,782	404	·			19		17,398 63,231
	19,798	20,240	10,500						9,044	22,102						<u> </u>	30,374
	63,156		25,628	14,366		10,527		297		59,306			3,955	4,930			119,009
	13,5175									 -	(b)			6,387	43		10,9194 6,430
	3,873 172,169				19,777					97,119	81,771	6,696	1,828	42,631			249,822
	109,255		4,329	2,922		18,683	63,204	8,127		36,705	13,613	2,897	552			1,259	157,853
	39,767	15,102							5,437	20,153	6,140		232				47,064
	39,671 ^b 96	15,102						- 	5,437	20,153	6,140		232				46,832 232
	40,840°						-	(b)	(b)	96,166	22,010	5,697		19,9595			143,832
	N/A													6,455	87		6,542
	N/A						N/A		·	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		 :	N/A N/A
	N/A 54,1711		6,720	5,080	.	3,656	14/W	2,799		45,953	1,495	197,74	4,759	10,262		-	80,724
	35,9801		6,398	4,849				792		26,532			2,617	5,401			46,589
	15,4511			1000		3,491		1,883		16,494	1,344		1,924	4,433			29,569
790	2,740† 246,045		322 17,302	231		165		124		2,927 136,028	151		218 26,958	428 80.278		4,322	4,566 264,888
789 X	7,817		11,302	············	797			111		8,370	3,145	576	20,000	12,512	125	393	26,029
-	22,120						11,276			3,384		297		6,432	341	18	21,7//3
	6,529									2,741				3,175	3415	18	6,275
4	15,591						11,276		36,768	643		297		3,257	(c)		15,473 62,938
4		78 17N							201100						10)		
4 N/A	79,0581	26,170	3.465	3.281		17.799	_	3.574	-	37.643	15.671	2.472		5,337	502	919	90,663
N/A		26,636	3,465	3,281	6,981	17,799	100,787	3,574		37,643	15,671	2,472 N/A		5,337 14,864	502 847	919	90,663 N/A 192,2431

Table 28: General jurisdiction civil caseflow, 1975; by category of case (continued).

	•	Auto	Non-	Unclas		Small	Property	posed	Domestic		Mental	Adminis-	Other	Ap-
State and court	Law	tort	auto	sified tort	Contract	claims	rights	Equity	Domestic relations	Probate	health	trative	civil	pegis
Mabama—Circuit ¹ Maska—Superior ¹	X	<u> </u>						X	(a)	9200	(c)		5.407d	>
Arizona—Superior¹	423	3,532	1,988		13,083		219		23,433	6,277	382		6,808	244
Arkaneae—TOTAL	19,077							5,061	21,9845					>
Circuit ¹	19,077													(b
Chancery & Probate1								5,061	21,984#		N/A			
California— <i>Superior</i> 1 Colorado—TOTAL	×	39,125 X	18,123 X	X			4,341 X		141,025 30,439	56,738 6,332	5,989 2,323	5,046	89,334	7,794
District ^{e1}	^	- x	- \hat{x}	×					30,439	6,332	2,323	3,048 X		<u>}</u>
Water												5,046		
Connecticut—Superior1									15,461				8,655	41
Delaware—TOTAL					Х	1	X	X	365	1,712		X	***	>
Superior! Chancery!					(d)		(b) (d)	(d)	3655	1,712	7	(d)	4,513b 454	(b
District of Columbia—Superior®	4,835				(0)	34 602	120,362	(0)	6,369	N/A	601	95	1,589	
Florida—Circuiti	,,,,,,,,,	15,047	5,429		28,300	04,002	19,781		97,812	34,882	13,427	498	11,284	677
Georgia—Superior														
Hawaii—TOTAL		1,072	473		1,350		430		9,235	1,822	X	197	2,090	
Circuit ¹		1,072	473	<u></u>	1,350		392 38	-	9,235	1,822°	(c)		2,090	
Land Tax							- 36		····			197		
daho—TOTAL				892		8,882			10,693	3,420	172	.07	10,235	101
District ¹				675		49			5,258	82	7		3,147	101
Magistrate ¹				217		8,833			5,435	3,338	165		7,088	
Illinols—Circuiti	145,221					187,881	761	16,640	79,519	28,432	8,328	130,293	4,979	
ndlanaTOTAL®														
Superior														
owa-District1						64,545				17,0745			36,148	
Kansas—District ¹		1,500	1,205		5,802		2,533		21,035				2,682	(a
Kentucky—Circuit ¹									X				X	
Louislana District!		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u>_</u>		X	X	x		X	
Maine—Superior! Maryland—Circuit!	3,753	7,276	3,011		4,398		1,729	5,479	24,971			1,170		1,251
Massachusetts Superior!	0,700	1,210	9,011		4,030		1,723	0,413				1,170	27,558	1,231
MichiganTOTAL®		11,546		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					61,417			950	48,950	421
Circuitt		11,546							61,417				48,950	421
Claims ¹			<u> </u>									950		
Minnesota— <i>District</i> 3 Mississippi— <i>TOTAL</i>	X						×	Х	×	X	×		20,334	×
Circuit ¹	- x						- \hat{x}	^			^	<u>X</u>	X	
Chancery ¹				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 				X	X	X	X		X	
Missouri—Circule1			()	7,016					36,145				26,905	(E
Montana—District														
Nebraska — District!	···								8,402				5,870	<u>(b)</u>
Nevada—District New Hampshire—Superiors	5,887	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ						2,017	7,873					15
New Jersey—Superior & County		15,485						3,523	21,964	395	•			
New Mexico—District!										*				
New York—Supreme & County ¹		25,184	12,724	<u> </u>	9,162		245		56,631			5,109	5,676	
North Carolina—Superior1					·					(b)				
North Dakota—District ¹ Ohio—District ¹				19,149					102,498	78,964	7,055	1 965	40.536	×
Oklahoma—District¹		3,448	2,274	13,143	13,582	51,295	7,518		32,575		2,712	544	40,536 4,704	
Oregon—TOTAL	13,675							5,172		6,783		145		*******
Circuit ¹	13,675							5,172	20,260	6,783				
Tex					·							145		
Pennsylvania—Common Pleast		···					(b)	(b)	92,406	21,677	5,679		18,6295	
Rhode Island—Superior¹ South Carolina—Circuit													N/A	N/A
South Dakota—Circuit ¹						8,896			2,769	50	465		3,936	
Tennessee TOTAL		6,933	5,066		3,284		2,663		46,401	1,491		4,570		
Circuit and Criminal ¹		6,571	4,848				895		27,661			2,438	5,706	
Chancery1		362	218		3,162 122		1,642		16,044	1,380 111		1,928		
Law and Equity ¹ Texas—District ²		14,664	418		122		120		2,696 129,273	. 111	- ;	204	364 70,976	
Utah—Districti		17,004		х			×		129,273 X	2,556	645	E1,039	70,976 X	60
Vermont—TOTAL		-				11,323			2,975		286		6,913	357
Superior!									2,533				3,113	357
District ¹				-	1	11,323			442		286		3,800	
Virginia—Circult ¹	23,830					<u> </u>		- 35,733		45				(c)
Washington—Superior1		x	x		<u>x</u>		X		x	12,152	N/A		x	X
West Virginia—Circuit Wisconsin—Circuit & County!	25,532			6,634		103,526			30,046	45,148	3,040		14.664	553
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O						- V-V-V-V			<u></u>	77177	V, V, T		_17.007	

	osed				11				End	pending							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Extraor- dinary writs	Total civil	Law	Auto tort	Non- auto tort	Unclas- sifled tort	Contract	Small claims	Property rights	Equity	Domestic relations	Probate	Mental health	-ainimbA evitart	Other civil	Ap- peals	Extraor- dinary writs	Total civil
***************************************	75,981	X	X	tort					X	X					X	Wills	45,554#
	6,327 56,389#	486	5,517	3,644		13,544		356		15,994#	1,736° 14,623	1,3448		5,6464	400		7,382
	50,025\$	14,585	3,017	3,044		13,044		350	7,372	14,543		N/A		5,553	493 X		61,554¢ 49,386¢
	19,077	14,5855													(b)		14,585
0.000	30,948								7,372	14,5435		N/A					34,801#
8,082 X	370,551 78,391	X	N/A X	N/A X	×			N/A X		N/A 24,588	N/A 10,358#	N/A 575	5,672	N/A	N/A X	N/A X	N/A 70,576
X	73,345	X	X	X	· X			X		24,588	10,358#	5754	Х		x	X	64,904
	5,046				 			<u> </u>		10.404			5,672		455		5,672
	24,157 7,051					×		×	×	13,464 169	6,806	151	х	7,063	132¢		32,979 14,189
	4,878							(b)		1695				6,433b	(b)		6,602
25	2,173 168,478	3,687				(d)	1,955	(d) 444	(0)	6,541	6,806	151	(d)	630		050	7,587
	227,925	3,001	х	X		×	1,900	X	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X	N/A X	70 X	131 X	296 X	×	25°	13,149# 229,856
	N/A																N/A
	16,669 16,434		1,404	813 813	· · · / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,494		307 231		5,694 5,694	6,867 6,867°	(c)	47	2,753 2,753	- , 		19,379 19,256
	38	ive ive	1,707	010				76			0,007			21100			76
	197												47				47
104 92	34,499 9,411				1,372	<u> </u>	2,122			5,201 2,763	2,340 20	157		8,828 3,534	110 110	40 32	20,670 7,535#
12	25,088				310	·	2,109			2,438	2,820	156		5,294	110	88	13,135
	602,054	N/A					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A
	N/A N/A		·		·	·										·	N/A N/A
	N/A														·		N/A
	117,7675				i		12,987	1 1 2 2			N/A			34,096			47,083
418	35,175 49,449		1,500	1,458		3,710		1,153		8,369 X				1,967 X	(a)	283	18,446 84,882#
	93,111									N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A			N/A
500	4,364		A114			- N. (A		N1 / A		A) (A			N/ A	 	N/4	8144	8,1881
538	53,570 27,558	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	89,990	N/A	N/A	N/A 89,990
	123,284		21,351							47,575			259	40,558	427		110,170
	122,334		21,351							47,575			050	40,558	427		109,911
	950 20,334		0							·			259	8,261#			259 8,261#
Х	29,645	N/A						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<u>X</u>	12,153	N/A	-,					N/A	AL /A	N/A	N/A	NI/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
291	17,492 70,357b				X			·	N/A	X X	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	// X	63,050b
	N/A																N/A
	14,272b N/A					·				N/A				N/A	N/A		N/A N/A
	15,791	9,702							2,675	6,024			 		40		18,441
	57,872	22,271	18,406						2,647	5.818	172						49,314
	31,786 114,731		Х	×		X		×		7,619			х	Х			17,305# 67,170°
	9,222									.,0.0	(b)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			15,2140
	7,351												4.040	X 31.818	X		2,952
	250,167 132,836		4,456	2,560	22,816	19,646	56.926	5,499		20,325	80,857# 15,606	798	1,849 477	6,807		1,172	166,522ª 134,272
300	46,035	X	7,700	2,000		10,010	00,020	0,140	X	X	14,526		183	0,00.		.,,	40,655
	45,8900	X							X	X	14,526		400				40,472
	145 138,391°							(b)	(b)	23,977	1,719	306	183	20,2795			183 46,281¢
	N/A										14.19			N/A	N/A		N/A
	N/A						ALZA			M / A	BI / A	NI / A		A1/A			N/A
	16,116 80,660		×	х		х	N/A	х		N/A X	N/A X	N/A	X	N/A X			N/A 54,235
	48,119		<u> </u>	$-\hat{x}$		<u> </u>		X		X			X	X		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34,450
	28,338		×	×		х		X		X	<u>X</u> _		X	X			16,682 3,103
4.291	4,203 240,243		26,192	^		^		^		82,405			61,602			820	270,690
X	21,343				Х			X		X	1,528	X		X	X	X	12,503
17	21,871						9,256			3,963		19		8,258	496	5	21,997
17	6,020 15,851						9,256			2,402 1,561		19		3,881 4,377	4965	5_	6,784 15,213
	59,563	30,336							52,097			3.15			(c)		82,433
X	76,8295		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A
	N/A				0.700		44 504			20 2204	17:1444	N/A		9,217	680		91,154#
	229,143	16,433			9,763		11,591			20,020	17,1449	N/A		7.61/			41,197.

Footnotes to Table 28:

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes reten to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was desmed inappropriate.

-The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end prinding were available.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part if may be referenced for a determination of the miseing data, #Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported,

*Civil cases are counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.

*Civil cases are counted when they are placed on the jury or non-jury calendar.

*Civil cases are counted at the note of issue,

*Civil cases are counted when the first arrayer is filed,

There was no consistent definition used for the civil cases.

Indiana Criminal Court and Michigan Recorder's Court, which do not handle civil cases, have been deleted from this table because of space limitations.

Caseflow in selected civil case categories (Tables 29-31)

Table 29. The total reported caseflow by state for domestic relations cases in all lower courts in each state—general, limited, and special jurisdiction where domestic relations could be identified as a seperate case category and data were reported is found in Table 29. Caution must be exercised in using this table because variations in reporting procedures and category classifications may have resulted in presentation of data that does not include all domestic relations cases processed in each state. Domestic relations cases may not be reported as such by one or more courts in certain states. In addition, some states may record only divorce or adoption, while others report all types of domestic relations cases.

Table 29 allows a more meaningful interstate comparison of the domestic relations case category than Table 28, because it includes all reported domestic relations cases processed in each state, regardless of the level of court (excluding appellate courts). Therefore, the total caseflow figures presented on this table will sometimes be larger than the domestic relations caseload recorded in Table 28. Direct interstate comparisons should be made only for those states where all domestic relations are reported as such.

Dispositions and end pending are listed as a percentage of the number of filings, and the number change and percentage change in end pending are shown in order to measure the ability of a state to handle its domestic relations caseflow. These measures are explained in the discussion of Tables 24 and 26.

The analytical measures used in this table and on Table 26 show that the caseload of domestic relations cases in the courts is more current than that of other civil case types. In the 21 states for which information was available, only I court disposed of less than 80 percent of the number of filings. Almost a third of the states (6) disposed of more cases than were filed, thus reducing their pending caseload.

There were 14 states for which the total number of end pending cases could be computed as a percent of the number of cases filed. Approximately half, or 6 states, had fewer than 60 percent of the number of filings still pending at the end of the year. In the remaining states, only one court had more cases pending than were filed.

Of the 16 states reporting pending cases, 4 states showed a reduction in pending caseload. In 10 states the percentage increase in pending ranged from 0 percent to 20 percent.

Table 30. The structure of Table 30 is identical to that of Table 29. Table 30 shows the total caseflow for probate cases in lower courts in each court where probate could be identified as a separate category. Available reported data from general, limited, and special jurisdiction courts are presented. (However, data were not available for probate cases from all courts.)

The four measures computed are intended to aid in intrastate analysis. Direct interstate comparisons should, however, be made only after variations in classification of the probate category have been checked on the state court organization charts and state profile charts in Part II.

The distribution of the number of dispositions as a percent of the number of filings for probate cases is similar to that of other civil case types. Of the 23 states for which the measure was computed, all but 3 states disposed of at least 80 percent of the number of filings. In addition, over half of the states (14) disposed of at least 90 percent of the number of filings. Of these 14 states, 4 disposed of more cases than were filed that year.

The calculation of the number of pending cases as a percent of the number of filings provides certain information about the nature of probate cases. These cases generally remain open for long periods of time

and therefore a large number of cases are pending. Of the 17 states for which the measure could be computed, over two-thirds had more cases pending than were filed that year. In fact, in most of these states, the number of pending cases is over twice the size of the number of filings.

The distribution of the change in pending for probate cases is similar to that of other civil case types. Of the 19 states for which pending data were available, 5 states reduced the number of cases pending. Most of the states (11) had a percent increase in pending between 0 percent and 20 percent.

Table 29: Analysis of domestic relations caseflow, 1975.

General and limited jurisdiction courts, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

	Beginning			End	fill	rcent of	Change	Percent
State and court	pending	Filed	Disposed	pending	Dispo- sitions	End pending	in pendina	change in pending
Alabama— <i>Circult</i> Arizona— <i>Superior</i>	N/A 14,397	37,919 25,030#	N/A 23,4334	N/A 15,994#	N/A 93.6	N/A 63.9	N/A 1,597	N/A 11,1
rkansas-Chancery and Probate	13,399#	24.627	21,984#	14,5436 N/A	NC	NC	1,144	8,5
Palitornia—Superior Polorado—District	N/A 22,823	162,938 32,204	141,025 30,439	N/A 24.588	86.6 94.5	N/A 76.4	N/A 1,765	N/A 7.7
Connecticut—TOTAL	N/A	19,675	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Superior Common Piess	13,551 18	15,374	15,461 5	13,464 22	100.6 NC	87.6 NC	-87	-0,6 22,2
Frobate	N/A_	4.292	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A_	N/A	N/A
Delaware—Superior District of Columbia—Superior	176 ⁵ 5,973	358° 8,937	3 65 5 6,369	169 ⁵ 6,541	102.0 91.8	47,2 94,3	-7 568	-4.0 9.5
loridaCircuit	N/A	105,929	97,812 9,235	N/A	92.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
lawell—Circuit	5,824	9,105	9,235	5,694	101.4	62.5	-130	-2.2
District	4,539 2,715#	11,341 5,292	10,693 5,258	5,201 2,763#	94.3 99.4	45,9 52,2	662 48	14,6 1,8
Magistrates	1,824† N/A	6,049 85,030	5,435 79,519	2,438 N/A	89.8 93.5	40.3 N/A	614 N/A	33,7 N/A
Kansas—TOTAL	N/A	N/A	23,344	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District	8,373 N/A	21,031 N/A	21,035 2,309	8,369 N/A	100.0 N/A	39.8	-4	-0.05
Probate and Juvenile Centucky—Circuit	N/A	24,672	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<u>N/A</u> N/A
AaineDistrict	N/A	7,286	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aaryland—Circuit Aassachusette—TOTAL	N/A N/A	28,903 42,194#	24,971 N/A	N/A N/A	86.4 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
District	N/A	6,643	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Probate and insolvency Alchigan—TOTAL	N/A 49,980	35,551 f 77,700	42,778 77,867	N/A 49,814	NC 100,2	N/A 64,1	N/A -166	A/N -0,3
Circuit	47,660	61,132	61,417 16,450	47,575	100.5	77.8	-285	-0,6
Probate	2,120	16,568		2,239#	99,3 84,1	13.5	119	5.6
Alnnesota—County Alasissippi—Chancery Alscouri—Circuli	4,774 N/A	13,125 21,693	11,039 N/A	6,860 A\∜i	N/A	52.3 N/A	2,086 N/A	43.7 N/A
	N/A	N/A	36,145	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lebraska—TOTAL District	N/A N/A	9,782 8,436	9,760 8,402	N/A N/A	99,8 99,6	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
County	N/A	1,346	1,358	N/A	100,9	N/A	N/A	N/A
lew Hampshire—TOTAL Superior	N/A 4,958	11,945 8,939	N/A 7,873	N/A 6,024	N/A 88,1	N/A 67.4	N/A 1,066	N/A 21,5
Probate	N/A	3,006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lew Jersey—TOTAL Superior and County	8,461 5,000	73,671 22,782	72,199 21,964	9,933 5,818	98.0 96,4	13.5 25.5	1,472 818	17,4 16,4
Juvenile and Domestic Relations	3,461	50,889	21,964 50,235	4,115	98,7	8.1	654	18.9
lew York—TOTAL Supreme	N/A 5.144	N/A 59,306	247,032 56,631	N/A 7,619°	N/A 95.5	N/A 12.8	N/A 2,475	N/A 48.1
Surrogate's	N/A	N/A	3,605	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Family	57,069	152,610	186,796	30,724# N/A	122,4 N/A	20.1 N/A	-26,365 N/A	-46.2 N/A
iorth Carolina—District Phio—Common Pleas	N/A# 34,991#	30,271 97,119	N/A 102,498	29,182	105.5	NC	-5,809	-16.6
klahoma—District	16,195	36,705	32,575	20,325	88.7	55.4	4,130	25,5 N/A
Pregon—Circuit Pennsylvania—Common Pleas	N/A 20,217	20,153 96,166	20,260 92,406	N/A 23,977	100.5 96.1	N/A 24.9	N/A 3,760	18.6
Ihode IslandFamily	N/A N/A	4,584 N/A	2,905 2,769	N/A N/A	NC N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
outh Dakota— <i>Circuit</i> ennessee—TOTAL	N/A	45,953	46,401	N/A	101.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Circuit	N/A	26,532	27,661	N/A	104.3	N/A	·N/A	N/A
Chancery Law and Equity	N/A N/A	16,494 2,927	16,044 2,696	N/A N/A	97,3 92,1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
exas-District	75,650	136,028	129,273	82,405	95.0	60.6	6,755	8.9
Iteh—District	N/A 3.731	8.370 5.302	N/A 4,831	N/A 4 202	N/A 91.1	<u>N/A</u> 79.3	N/A 471	N/A 12.6
ermont—TOTAL Superior	3,731 2,194	5,302 2,741	2,533	4,202 2,402	92.4	87.6	208	9,5
Diétrict	1,360 177	643 1,918	442 1.856	1,561 239	68.7 96.8	242.8 12.5	201 62	14.8 35.0
Probate Vashington—Superior	N/A	37,643	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
fleconsin—Circuit and County	24,5231	28,580	30,046	26,326#	N/A NC	92.1	1,503	7.4

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

tChange in pending dose not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part ii may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Table 30: Analysis of probate caseflow, 1975. General and limited jurisdiction courts, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	As percent of fillings			
					Dispo- sitions	End pending	Change in pending	Percent change in pending
Alaska—Superior	1,151°	1,505°	920°	1,736°	61.1	115.3	585	50.8
Arizona—Superior	13,669	7,231	6,277	14,623	86.8	202.2	954	7.0
Arkansas—Chancery and Probate	12,686°	6,957	3,903\$	12,886¢	NC	NC	200	1.6
California—Superior	N/A	61,975	56,738	N/A	91.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Colorado—District	10,397¢	6,368	6,332	10,358¢	99.4	NC	-39	-0.4
Connecticut—Probate	N/A	45,676	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Delaware—Chancery District of Columbia—Superior Florida—Circuit Hawali—Circuit	6,461	2,057	1,712	6,806	83.2	330,9	345	5,3
	N/A	2,607	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	38,450	34,882	N/A	90,7	N/A	N/A	N/A
	6,652	2,037¢	1,822	6,867¢	89.4	337,1	215	3.2
Idaho—TOTAL District Magistrates Illinois—Circuit	2,488	3,772	3,420	2,840	90.7	75.3	352	14,1
	85†	17	82	20	482.4	117.6	-65	-76.5
	2,403†	3,755	3,338	2,820	88.9	75.1	417	17,4
	N/A	32,674	28,432	N/A	87.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
lowa—District	N/A	22,640	17,0745	N/A	NC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kansas—Probate and Juvenile	17,300¢	7,4935	18,546	17,968\$	NC	239.8	668	3.9
Kentucky—County	N/A	20,815	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Massachusette—Probate and Insolvency	N/A	66,782	48,341	N/A	72,4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Michigan—Probate	286,603	34,995	39,290	287,673‡	112.3	822.0	1,067	0,4
Minnesota—County	27,532	11,436	10,857	28,111	94.9	245.8	579	2,1
Mississippi—Chancery Nebraska—County New Hampshire—Probate New Jerssy—Superior and County	N/A	6,414	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	10,867	17,139	N/A	157.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	11,988	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	163	404	395	172	97.8	42,6	-9	5,5
New York—TOTAL	N/A	53,1405	80,275	N/A	NC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Surrogate's	N/A	52,5385	79,780	N/A	NC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Family	213	602	495	243 ^b	82.2	40.4	30	14.1
North Dakota—County Probate Ohio—Common Pleas Oklahoma—District	9,943	4,364	4,472	9,426 ^b	102.5	216.0	-517	-5.2
	83,3424	81,771	78,964	80,857 #	96.6	98.9	-2,485	-3.0
	18,192	13,613	13,199	15,606	97.0	114.6	414	2.7
Oregon—TOTAL Circuit County Pennsylvania—Com/non Pleas	15,472	6,285	6,816	14,941	108.4	237.7	-531	-3,4
	15,310 ^b	8,140	6,783	14,526	NC	NC	NC	NC
	162 ^b	145	335	415	NC	NC	NC	NC
	1,386	22,010	21,677	1,719	98.5	7.8	333	24,0
South Dakota—Circuit Tennessee—TOTAL Chancery	N/A N/A N/A	1,495 1,344	1,491 1,380	N/A N/A N/A	99.7 102.7	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Law and Equity Texas—County Utah—District	N/A N/A 939	151 47,021 3,145	111 N/A 2,556 2,271	N/A N/A 1,528	73.5 N/A 81.3	N/A N/A 48,6	N/A N/A 589	N/A N/A 62,7
Vermont—Probate Washington—Superior Wisconsin—County	6,586	2,815	2,271	7,328	80.7	260,3	742	11,3
	N/A	15,671	12,152	N/A	77.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
	17,7925	13,548#	45,148	17,144#	NC	126.5	-648	-3,6

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

*Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported,

Table 31. The reported total caseflow by state where mental health could be identified as a separate category is found in Table 31. Available reported data from general, limited, and special jurisdiction courts are presented. (However, data for mental health cases were not available from all courts.)

The structure and intent of Table 31 is identical to Table 29, but presents mental health rather than domestic relations cases. The same caveats noted for Table 29 apply to this table. The caseflow data and four measures computed are intended to aid intra-

state analysis of caseflow. Direct interstate comparisons should, however, be made only for those states where all mental health cases are reported as such.

The analytical measures for mental health caseflow fall into the same general patterns as do other civil case types except that the number of pending cases represents a smaller proportion of the number of filings for some courts. All courts disposed of at least 80 percent of the number of filings and almost half disposed of more cases than were filed.

Table 31: Analysis of mental health caseflow, 1975.

General and limited jurisdiction courts, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	As percent of filings		Change in pending	
	perioning				Dispo- altions	End pending	Number	Percent
Arlzona—Superior	1,266#	460#	3824	1,3448	83.0	292.2	78	6.2
Arkansas—Chancery and Probate	N/A	1,386	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CalliorniaSuperior	N/A	6,039	5,989	N/A	99.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Colorado—District	313#	2,510	2,323	5754	92.5	NC	262	83.7
Connecticut— <i>Probate</i> Delaware— <i>Chancery</i> District of Columbia— <i>Superior</i> Fiorida— <i>Circuit</i>	N/A 151 78 N/A	5,911 7 593 11,299	N/A 7 601 13,427	N/A 151 70 N/A	N/A 100.0 101.3 118.8	N/A NC 11.8 N/A	N/A 0 -8	N/A 0.0 10.3 N/A
dshoTOTAL	164	165	172	157	104.2	95.2	-7	-4.3
District	6†	2	7	1	NC	NC	-6	NC
Magistrate	158†	163	165	156	101.2	95.7	-2	1.3
IllinoisCircuit	N/A	8,691	8,328	N/A	95.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maine— <i>District</i>	N/A	304	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Massachusetts— <i>District</i>	N/A	3,869	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Michigan— <i>Probate</i>	20,139	4,641	4,148	20,637#	89.4	444.7	498	2.5
Mississippi— <i>Chancery</i>	N/A	3,776	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\ew Hampshire— <i>Probate</i> \ew York— <i>Family</i> \orth Dakota— <i>County Probate</i> \hio— <i>Common Pieas</i>	N/A 2 N/A N/A	181 8 N/A 6,696	N/A 36 920 7,055	N/A 4b N/A N/A	N/A NC N/A 105,4	N/A NG N/A N/A	N/A 2 N/A	N/A NG N/A N/A
oklahoma— <i>District</i>	613	2,897	2,712	798	93.6	27.5	785	30.2
ennsylvania— <i>Common Pleas</i>	288	5,697	5,679	306	99.7	5.4	18	6.3
South Dakota— <i>Circult</i>	N/A	N/A	465	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jtah— <i>District</i>	N/A	576	645	N/A	112.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
/ermont—TOTAL	8	300	289	19	96.3	6.3	11	NG
District	8	297	286	19	96.3	6.4	11	NC
Probate	0	3	3	0	100,0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington—Superior	N/A	2,472	N/A	1074	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wisconsin—County	N/A	N/A	3,040		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general [trisdiction in each state are cisplayed.

N/A--This case type is handled by it's court, but the data are unavailable.

NC--The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of periodic classe was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total, Each court's profile in Part II

may be referenced for a determination of the miseing data.

*Change in pending dose not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Criminal caseflow (Tables 32-38)

Tables in this section show total caseflow as well as caseflow by categories for criminal cases in general jurisdiction courts in 1975. In addition, the last four tables, Tables 35 through 38, show reported general jurisdiction court data for felony caseflow, types of criminal trials, and types of criminal case dispositions.

As in the tables showing total caseflow and civil caseflow, several measures are used to allow caseflow comparisons within and among states. These include the number of cases disposed during the year, listed as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year; the number of pending cases at the end of the year shown as a percentage of the number of filings; and the number and percentage change in year-end pending case figures as compared to beginning pending figures. For a discussion of these measures, refer to the interpretation of civil caseflow in connection with Table 26. The totals discussed will be state totals, whether for one or more than one court.

When comparing relative size of criminal caseloads, it is important to ascertain that the courts to be compared use the same unit of count for criminal cases and that the courts have similar jurisdiction.

The unit of count used by each state or court reporting criminal data is listed in the footnotes on all tables in this section. These footnotes indicate that the most common unit of count is the number of informations or indictments. Other units of count used are the number of defendants on each information or indictment; the number of defendants on each information, indictment, or complaint; the number of informations, indictments, or complaints; the case number assigned at arraignment; and the number of defendants brought before the court by indictment, information, transfer, or appeal. As with civil cases, some states do not have a specific unit of count for criminal cases. Other states have indicated that prescribed definitions are not followed uniformly by their local courts.

The precise jurisdiction of each court in these tables can be ascertained by referring to the state statistical profiles in Part II of this report. As discussed in the introduction to the general jurisdiction tables, the types of criminal cases handled may range from felony jurisdiction only to complete criminal and quasi-criminal jurisdiction, including traffic cases. Comparisons should not be made between courts with different jurisdiction or between courts using different units of count.

Minor traffic and ordinance violations are included in Table 34, which shows the detailed caseflow for all the types of cases contained within the criminal category. However, these cases have been deleted from criminal caseflow totals on Tables 32, 33, and 35 through 38 because these cases are known to be much less time-consuming than other general jurisdiction criminal cases and would inflate criminal caseflow totals.

General jurisdiction criminal caseflow (Tables 32-34)

Table 32. The total criminal caseflow, less minor traffic or ordinance violation cases, for general jurisdiction courts during 1975 is shown in Table 32. In addition to caseflow figures, dispositions and pending cases in each court are shown as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year. The number and percentage change in year-end pending cases compared to beginning pending are also included. The unit of count used by each state in reporting criminal data is indicated in the footnotes.

Criminal cases seem to be moving through the court system more quickly than civil cases, as discussed below. This may be a result of the Speedy Trial Act and similar state and local provisions which mandate the prompt processing of criminal cases.

In the 42 states for which the number of dispositions could be computed as a percent of the number of filings, all courts disposed at least 70 percent of the number of filings. Over three-fourths, or 34 states, were able to dispose over 90 percent of the number of filings; 10 states disposed more cases than were filed, thus diminishing their pending caseload.

The ratio of pending cases to filings is much lower for criminal cases than for civil cases. Only one state had more cases pending at the end of the year than were filed. The remaining states showed a pending caseload of less than 90 percent the number of filings. Over half (20) of the 34 states for which this measure was computed had a pending caseload at the end of the year which was less than half the number of filings.

The 34 states for which the percent change in pending could be computed showed a distribution of this measure which was similar to that for civil cases. There were 6 states which had a decrease in the number of pending criminal cases. A high proportion, 20 states, had a percentage increase in pending criminal cases of between 0 and 20 percent, as was the case in civil cases.

Table 33. The same criminal caseflow data contained on Table 33 are shown in Table 32, but with states ranked by population. Ranking states by population allows the comparison of states with similar populations once the similarity of jurisdiction and unit of count has been established.

Caveats regarding Table 32 also apply to this table. Analysis of the data when ranked by state population yielded no new findings. Thus, population alone does not appear to be a good indicator of the general jurisdiction courts' ability to handle caseload.

Table 34. The detailed 1975 criminal caseflow for general jurisdiction courts is displayed in Table 34. This table provides a category breakdown of the total criminal caseload already presented in Tables 23, 32, and 33, plus all reported data on minor traffic and minor ordinance violations not included in the other criminal caseflow tables. The inclusion of minor traffic and minor ordinance violation cases means that state totals on this table will differ for a few states from those on Tables 23, 32, and 33.

The headings of this table are the criminal case category titles used by the NCSP. When states reported a criminal category in which felony, misdemeanor, or perhaps other types of criminal cases could not be distinguished, these cases were included under the heading of other criminal on this table. For a listing of the reported case categories in each state and their classification in this report, refer to the state profiles in Part II of this report.

Comparisons among criminal caseloads in states can be made, provided units of count, court jurisdictions, and case type definitions are similar. When attempting comparisons, remember that felonies in one state, such as certain types of drug violations, may be classified as misdemeanors in another. In addition, although a felony is usually defined as a crime whose punishment is over one year's imprisonment, this definition is not used in all states. Massachusetts, as an example, defines felocies as those crimes punishable by imprisonment in the state penitentiary.

Unit of count footnotes to Tables 32, 33, 34:

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information or

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations or indictments.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information, indictment, or complaint.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations, indictments, or complaints.

compisints.

The criminal unit of count is the case number assigned at arraignment.

The criminal unit of count is the case.

There was no consistent definition used for the criminal unit of count.

The Hawaii Land Court and Tax Court, which do not try criminal cases, have been deleted on Table 34 because of space limitations.

Table 32: Analysis of general jurisdiction criminal caseflow, 1975. General and limited jurisdiction courts, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Beginning	Filed	Disposed	End pending	As percent of filed		Change in pending	
	pending				Dis- posed	End pending	Number	Percer
abama—Circuit	10,540	25,777	25,980	10,337	100.8	40.1	-203	-1.9
aska—Superior ^e	451 4,924	1,075	955 13,045	571 5,541	88.8 95.5	53.1 40.6	120	26.6 12.5
'IzonaSuperior' 'kansasTOTAL2	6,881	13,662 12,987	12,233	7,635	94.2	58.8	617 754	11.0
Circuit ²	6,881	12,987	12,233	7,635	94.2	58.8	754	11.0
Chancery and Probate2	NH NH	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH_	NH.	NI-
alifornia—Superior¹	N/A	57,656	52,525	N/A	91.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
olorado—TOTAL!	7,460	14,589	11,998	10,031	82.4	68,9	2,571	34.8 34.8
District*1 Water	7,460 NH	14,569 NH	11,998 NH	10,031 NH	82.4 NH	68.9 NH	2,571 NH	NI NI
onnecticut—Superior1	2,202	4,941	3,773	3,370	76.4	68.2	1,168	53.0
elaware—TOTAL1	1.734	4,087	-3,807	2,014	93.1	49.3	280	16.
Superior ¹	1,734	4,087	3,807	2,014	93.1	49.3	280	16.
Chancery	· NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
latrict of Columbia—Superior	3,609 ^r	34,246 ^r	31,039r	6,816 ^F	90,6	19.9	3,207	88.9
orida—Circult	42,463	82,222	72,443	52,242	88.1	63.5	9,779	23,0
eorgiaSuperior awaiiTOTAL1	N/A 1,845	N/A 2,086	N/A 2,128	N/A 1.803	N/A 102.0	N/A 86,4	N/A -42	N/A
Circuit ¹	1,845	2,086	2,128	1,803	102.0	86.4	-42	-2.3 -2.3
Land	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	: NH
Tax	NH_	NH_	NH	NH_	NH	NH_	NH_	N
aho TOTAL ³	5,57311	34,602 ^r	33,597°	6,578 ^r	97.1	19.0	1,005	18.0
District!	979† 4,59411	3,094 31,508	3,250 30,347	823 5,755°	105.0	26.6	-156	-15.9
Magistrate ³ inols—Circuit ⁴	N/A	520,847	491,022 ^r	N/A	96.3 94.3	18.3 N/A	1,161 N/A	25. N//
diana—TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
Circuit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Superior	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
Criminal	N/A	N/A_	_N/A_	N/A_	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
waDistrict ²	14,1847	89,9251	85,141 ^r	18,968	94.7	21.1	4,784	33.7
ansas—District	1,810	6,726	6,636	1,900	98.7	28.2	90	5.0
entucky <i>—Circuit¹</i> pulsiana <i>—District</i> es	10,825 N/A	12,732 212,523	12,608 204,945	10,834# N/A	99.0 96.4	85.1	9 .	0.
aine—Superior	4,100	8,734	8,990	3,8447	102.9	N/A 44,0	N/A 256	N/A -6.3
laryland—Circuit ²	N/A	29,726	27,685	N/A	93.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
assachusetts—Superior ²	37,967	35,483	34,086	39.364	96.1	110.9	1,397	3.7
lichiganTOTAL3	15,3617	57,1307	54,8977	19,1257	NC.	33.5	3,764	24,5
Circuits	8,804	27,576	24,349	12031	88,3	43.6	3,227	36.
Recorder's ³ Claims	6,557 ⁷	29,5547# NH	30,548 ⁷ NH	7,0947 NH	NC NH	24.0 NH	537 NH	8.: N
	1,227	7,991	7,453	1,763#	93.3	22.1	536	43.
Innesota <i>District^y</i> Ississippi <i>TOTAL</i> 2	N/A	7,445	5,307	N/A	71.3	N/A	N/A	N//
Circuit ²	N/A	7,445	5,307	N/A	71.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	, NH	NH'	NH	NH	N
issouri—Circuit ^{a2}	8,765	17,760	16,257	10,268	91.5	57,8	1,503	17.
ontana—District	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
ebraska— <i>District</i> ¹ evada— <i>District</i>	N/A	6,643	6,936	N/A	104.4 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ew Hampshire—Superior	N/A 3,773	6,321	N/A 5,642	N/A 4,508≠	89.3	N/A 71,3	N/A 735	N/A 19.5
ew Hampshire—Superior and County [®]	23,178	31,500	27,248	27,430	86.5	87.1	735 4,252	18.
ew Mexico-District	1,913	4,771	4,588		96,2	43.9	183	9,0
ew York—Supreme and County ¹	N/A	35,754	38,674	2,096 N/A	108.2	Ñ/Ă	ΝŽÃ	N//
orth Carolina—Superior ⁷	16,327	53,505	52,551	17,281	98.2	32.3	954	5.0
orth Dakota—District ²	273	1,076	1,063 31,230	286	98.8	26.6	13	4.
hlo—Common Pieas	6,099	31,554		6,423	. 99.0	20.4	324	5.
klahoma—District?	32,427 ¹³ 4,019†	66,716 ⁷ 14,360	61,352 ^r 14,383	37,677 ^{7#} 3,996	92.0 100.2	56.5 27.8	5,250 23	16. 0.
egon—TOTAL ^s Circuit ^s	4,0191	14,360	14,383	3,996	100.2	27.8 27.8	-23 -23	-0. -0.
Tax	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	- NH	NH	N
ennsylvania—Common Pleas!	28,064	109,894	104,576	33,382	95.2	30.4	5,318	18.
node Island-Superior ²	N/A	3,665	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
outh CarolinaCircuit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
outh Dakota— <i>Circuit</i> ² onnes see—TOTAL ²	N/A 14,948†	N/A 29,462	12,470 28,396	N/A 16,014	N/A 96.4	N/A 54,4	N/A 1,066	N/
Circuit and Criminap	14,9487	29,462	28,396	16,014	96.4	54.4	1,066	7. 7.
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	ŇH	, NH	Ń
Law and Equity	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Ni
xaaDistrict ^{e1}	68,720	80,702	80,440	68,982	99.7	85.5	262	0.
lahDistrict	81	2,643	2,647	` 77	100.2	2.9	-4	4.
rmont—TOTAL ⁴	4,009 <i>r</i>	16,954 ^r	16,397	4,566 ^r	96.7	26.9	557	13.
Superior ²	20 3,989r	16 0107	45 16,352 ^r	19 4,547	102.3	43.2	_1 550	-5.
District		16,910 ^r			96.7	26.9	558	<u>14.</u>
rginia <i>—Circuit</i> ¹ ashington— <i>Superior</i> ¹	11,420† N/A	41,644 14 048	41,630 14,284	11,434 N/A	100.0 101.7	27.5 N/A	14 N/A	0.
est Virginia <i>Circuit</i>	N/A N/A	14,048 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
lisconsin—Circuit and County	20,461	55,710	\$7,033r	19,138r	102,4	34.4	-1,323	6.
yoning—District ²	N/A	1,629	1,3574	N/A	83.3	N/A	N/A	N/

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

FMInor traffic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

Unit of count footnotes on page 59.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

Table 33: Analysis of general jurisdiction criminial caseflow, 1975.

States ranked by population, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of fillings, and number and percent change in pending.

Challe and accord	Population	Beginning	enter	Dise	End	of	ercent filed	Chan pen	ge in ding
State and court	thousands	pending	Filed	Disposed	pending	Dis- posed	End pending	Number	Percer
alifornia—Superior ¹ ew York—Supreme and County ¹	21,185	N/A	57,656	52,525	N/A	91.1	N/A	N/A	N//
ew fork—Supreme and County [,] exas—District ^{e1}	18,120 12,237	N/A 68,720	35,754 80,702	38,674 80,440	N/A 68,982	108.2 99.7	N/A 85.5	N/A 262	N/A
ennsylvania—Common Pleas ¹ Inole—Circuit	11,827 11,145	28,064 N/A	109,894 520,847F	104,576 491,022F	33,382 N/A	95.2 94.3	30,4 N/A	5,318	18.9
nlo-Common Pleas!	10,759	6,099	31,554	31,230	6,423	99.0	20.4	N/A 324	N// 5.
chigan—TOTAL ³ Circuit ³	9,157	15,361°	57,130°	54,897°	19,125	NC	33.5	3,764	24,
Circuit Recorder's ³		8,804 6,557 <i>1</i> #	27,576 29,554 ⁷	24,349 30,548	12,031 7,0947	88.3 NC	43,6 24.0	3,227 537	36. 8.
Claims		NH	NH_	NH_	NH_	NH	NH	NH_	N
orida—Circuit aw Jersey—Superior and County	8,357 7,316	42,463 23,178	82,222 31,500	72,443 27,248	52,242 27,430	88.1 86.5	63.5 87.1	9,779 4,252	23. 18.
assachusetts—Superior ²	5,828	23,178 37,967	35,483	34,086	39,364	96.1	110.9	1,397	3
orth Carolina— <i>Superior</i> 7_	5,451 5,311	16,327 N/A	53,505 N/A	52,551 N/A	17,281 N/A	98.2 N/A	32.3 N/A	954 N/A	5. N/
Circuit	5,011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
Superior Criminal	==	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/
ginia—Circuit [†]	4,967	11,420†	41,644	41,630	11,434	100.0	27.5	14	0
orgia-Superior	4,926	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
seouri—Circuits2 sconsin—Circuit and County2	4,763 4,607	8,765 20,461	17,760 55,710 ^r	16,257 57,033	10,268 _19,138_	91.5 102.4	57.8 34.4	1,503 -1,323	17 6
nnesseeTOTAL2	4,188	14,948†	29,462	28,396	16,014	96,4	54.4	1,066	7
Circuit and Criminal ^a Chancery		14,948 <i>f</i> NH	29,462 NH	28,396 NH	16,014 NH	96.4 NH	54.4 NH	1,066 NH	7
aw and Equity		NH_	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH_	
inyland—Circuite	4,098 3,926	N/A 1,227	29,726	27,685 7,453	N/A	93.1 93.3	N/A 22.1	N/A	N/
nnesota <i>—District⁷</i> ulsiana <i>—District^{es}</i>	3,826 3,791	N/A	7,991 212,523	204,945	1,763 <i>‡</i> N/A	96.4	N/A	536 N/A	43 N
ibama—Circuit ¹	3,614	10,540	25,777	25,980	10,337	100.8	40.1	-203	
shington— <i>Superior</i> ¹ ntucky— <i>Circuit</i> ¹	3,544 3,396	N/A 10,825#	14,048 12,732	14,284 12,608	N/A 10,834	101,7 99.0	N/A 85,1	N/A 9	N/ O
nnecticut— <i>Superior</i>	3,095	2,202	4.941	3,773	3.370	76.4	68.2	1,168	53
ra District ²	2,870	14,1841	89,925r	85,141	18,968	94.7	21.1	4,784	33 N/
uth Carolina <i>—Circuit</i> Iahoma <i>—District</i>	2,818 2,712	N/A 32,427/	N/A 66,716 ^r	N/A 61,352 ⁷	N/A 37,677₽	N/A 92.0	N/A 56.5	N/A 5,250	16
loradoTOTALI	2,534	7,460	14,569	11,998	10,031	82.4 82.4	68.9	2,571	34 34
District™ Water		7,460 NH	14,569 NH	11,998 NH	10,031 NH	NH	68,9 NH	2,571 NH	N
sissippi—TOTAL	2,346	N/A	7,445	5,307	N/A	71.3	N/A	N/A	N/
Circuit ^a Chancery		N/A NH	7,445 NH	5,307 NH	N/A NH_	71.3 NH	N/À NH	N/A NH	N/
egonTOTAL ⁵	2,288	4,019†	14,360	14,383	3,995	100.2	27.8	-23	-0
Circuit ^s Tax		4,019† NH	14,360 NH	14,383 NH	3,996 NH	100.2 NH	27.8 NH	23 NH	-0
nsas District	2,267 2,224	1,810	6,726	6,636	1,900	98.7	28.2	90	5
zona— <i>Superior¹</i> kan sas—TOTAL²	2,224 2,116	4,924	13,662	13,045	5,541 7,635	95.5 94.2	40,6	617	12
Circuit ²	2,116	6,881 6,881	12,987 12,987	12,233 12,233	7,635 7,635	94.2	58.8 58.8	754 754 NH	11 11
Chancery and Probate	4 665	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	NH		
et Virginia <i>—Circuit</i> braska <i>—District</i> i	1,803 1,546	N/A N/A	N/A 6,643	N/A 6,936	N/A N/A	N/A 104.4	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/ N/
h-District	1,206	81	2,643	2,647	77	100.2	2.9	-4	-4
w Mexico—District ^o Ine—Superior	1,147 1,059	1,913 4,100	4,771 8,734	4,588 8,990	2,096 3,844†	96.2 102.9	43.9 44.0	183 256	9 -6
ode Island-Superior ²	927	N/A	3,665	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
wall-⊭TOTAL! Circuit!	865 	1,845 1,845	2,086 2,086	2,128 2,128	1,803 1,803	102.0 102.0	86.4 86.4	-42 -42	-2 -2
and	==	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	
Tex	900	NH 5 57377	34.602 ^r	33,597 ^r	6,578 ^r	97.1	<u>NH</u> 19.0	NH 1,005	N
ho—TOTAL ³ District ¹	820	5,573 ¹⁷ 979†	3,094	3,250	823 ^r	105.0	26,6	-156	-15
Magistrates		4,59471	31,5087	30,347	5,755 4.508#	96.3	18.3 71.3	1,161 735	25 19
w Hampshire—Superior ⁷ entana—District	818 748	3,773 N/A	6,321 N/A	5,642 N/A	4,5081 N/A	89.3 N/A	N/A	/35 N/A	N/
trict of Columbia—Superior	716	3,6091	34,246°	31,039	6,816 ^r	90.6	19.9	3,207	88
uth Dakota <i>—Circuit</i> 2 rth Dakota <i>—District</i> 2	683 635	N/A 273	N/A 1,076	12,470 1,063	N/A 286	N/A 98.8	N/A 26.6	N/A 13	N/ 4
vadaDistrict	592	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
laware—TOTAL!	579	1,734 1,734	4,087	3,807	2,014 2,014	93.1 93.1	49.3 49.3	280 280	16 16
Superior! Chancery		1,/34 NH	4,087 NH	3,807 NH	2,014 NH	93.1 NH	49.3 NH	NH,	N
rmont—TOTAL ⁴	471	4,009r	16,954	16,397	4,566 ⁵	96.7	26.9	557	13
Superior ^e District ^e		3,999r	16,910 ⁷	45 16,352.	19 4,547	102.3 _96.7	43.2 26.9	-1 558	-5 14
veming—District ² take—Superior ²	374	N/A	1,629	1,3570	N/A	83.3	N/A	N/A	N/
asks-Superiore	352	451	1,075	955	571	88.8	53.1	120	26

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

NH-This case type is not handled in this court.

"Minor traffic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

Unit of count footnotes on page 59.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

Table 34: General jurisdiction criminal caseflow, 1975; by category of case.

Table 34: General	jariot	10110			g pending	_	10.0,	·	alegei	, 0. 0	Filed			
			 	Prelim-		1	Extra-			 	Filed	Prelim-		لتنسم
State and court	Felony	Misde- meanor	Traffic	inary hear- ings	Other crimi- nal	Appeals	ordi- nary writs	Total crimi- nal	Felony	Misde- meaor	Traffic	inary hear- ings	Other crimi- nai	Appeals
abama— <i>Circult</i> 1					X	X		10,540					24,688	1,10
aska—Superior ²	444	7	 					451	875	200				4 20
rizonaSuperior1	4,211 4,633	378 2,248				335 X		4,924 6,881	11,814 8.835	610 4,152				1,32
rkansas—TOTAL Circuit ^a	4,633	2,248				(g)		6,881	9,835	4,152d				(0
Chancery and 'Probate'	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	НИ	NH	NH	N
aliforniaSuperior1	N/A					N/A		N/A	55,635					2,02
oloradoTOTAL *	X				X	<u> </u>		7,460	11,032				565	35
District ^{e1}	X	NH	AILI	NH	X	X NH	NH	7,460 NH	11,032	NH	NH	NH	565 NH	35 Ni
Water Superior1	NH		NH	NIT	NH	2,202	NH.	NH	NH	2,202	(e)	(e)	Nn.	N
elaware—TOTAL	(e) X	(e) X				Z,202		1,734	X	2,202 X		(6)		
Suparior1	X	X				X		1,734	X	X				
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
istrict of Columbia—Superior3	1,401	1,497	2,131	161	194		57	5,4417	4,922	14,583	76,899	9,327	3,154	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
lorida—Circuita	42,421					42		42,463	82,069	····				15
eorgiaSuperiör	4 000							N/A	4 500	455		حب ب	- 44	
awail—Circuit	1,332	503	2,543†	869†	10	004		1,845 8,088 ^r	1,590 7 2,495	455 27,230	171,057	4,810	41	5
taho—TOTAL District ¹	712 712		2,5431 28f	8091		391		979†	7 2,495 2,495	27,230 540	1/1,05/ 9	4,810	-:	5
Magistrate ³	112	3,725†	2,5151	869#			······	7,109		26,690	171,048	4,818		
inols—Circuit	N/A		N/A		N/A			N/A	32,828	481,743*	2,159,730		83,729*	
ndlana <i>—TOTAL</i>								N/A						
Circuit								N/A						
Superior Criminal								N/A N/A						
owa—District²	9 270	m 9,607º		1,975	39,606	(1)		59,567	23,600m	163,993″		17,505	211 214	
ansas—Districh	1,297	85	42	1,975	39,000	386		1,810	5,164	187	69	17,505	<u> </u>	1,30
entuckyCircuit [†]	1,201				X	X		10,825	01101				11,328	1,40
oulslana District**	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A		N/A	X	X	X			
laine—Superior	(d)	(0)			4,100 ^d			4,100	(0)	(d)			8,734	
Maryland—Circult ²					N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	47.0004				24,417	4,90
Masschusetts-Superior ²	21,596				4114	16,371	41.44	37,967	17,330d	47.400			044.000	18,15
Nichigan—TOTAL Circuit	11,485 8,293				N/A	511 511	N/A	15,361 \$ 8,804	39,358 26,937¢	17,133	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		844,235	<u>63</u>
Recorder's ³	3,192				N/A	<u></u>	N/A	6,5575	12,421	17,133			844,235	
Claims	NH		NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	NН	NH	NH	Ni
finnesota—District ⁷	X	X				X	*	1,227	X	X				
Mississippi—TOTAL								N/A					6,438	1,00
Circuit ²	AILI	NH .	NH	NH	N/A	N/A	NH	N/A NH	AULI	NH	NH	NILL	6,438	1,00
Chancery Alssouri—Circulte2	NH X		, Nn	NE	NH	NH X	- 1401	8,765	HN X	X	NO	NH	NH	NI NI
fontana—District	^	 -						N/A			 	~ 		
lebraska—District!	N/A	N/A						N/A	3,978₫					2,66
levada—District							141	N/A						
lew Hampshire—Superior?		<u></u>		· · · · · ·	2,079	1,694		3,773					4,136	2,18
lew Jersey—Superior/County2	22,248					769	161	23,178	27,567	,				3,62
lew Mexico—District ² lew York—Supreme/County ¹					N/A			1,913 N/A					35,754	
forth Carolina—Superior?	X					X		16,327	30,762				00,104	22,74
lorth Dakota—District²					X	X		273	2311.55				864	21
hio— <i>Common Pleas</i> ¹	6,099						- 1	6,099	31,554					
klahoma—District ²		17,374	36,706			425	N/A	69,1337		45,105	140,896			73
regon—TOTAL	4,019							4,0191			·			
Circuit ⁶	4,019 NH		NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	4,019† NH	14,360 NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NI NI
ennsylvania—Common Pleas!	(e)				26,061	1,6027	401	28,064	* (e)	(e)			102,648•	6,51
hode Island—Superior	N/A				20,001	N/A		N/A	2,374	747			102,040	54
outh Carolina—Circuit								N/A						
outh Dakota—Circuit ²	N/A			N/A	N/A						N/A			
Chevit and Colminal	11,027				·			14,9481		7,487		·		
Circuit and Criminal ² Chancery	11,027 NH		NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	14,948† NH	21,975 NH	7,487 NH	NH	NH	NH	NI
Law and Equity	NH		NH	NH	NH	. NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH	N:
exa-District ^{e1}	57,673				5,179		378	68,720	66,487	7,109			6,227	
Itah—District	(0)				X	Χ.		81	(€)	(e)			2,127•	51
ermont—TOTAL	895		2,043				11	6,¢62F	2,381	14,549	45,091			
Superiore		4				(b)	11	50	20	0				((
District ⁴	890		2,043	·				6,0;127		14,549	45,091			
Irginia—Circuit ¹ Vashington—Superior ¹	6,494	1 4,9261	,,		B1 / A	(c)		11,4201	22,427	19,217			44.655	
					N/A	N/A		N/A			 -	 	11,003	3,04
VART VICAIDID Circuit														
Vest Virginia—Circuit Visconsin—Circuit/County2	5.749	14,473	37,352		1,655			59,408	12,260	42.860	350,752	7	16,500	

Unit of count footnotes on page 59; other footnotes on page 64.

		iled	· ——				osed								ending			
Ext ore na wr	tra- di- iry ita	Total crimi- nal	Felony	Misde- meanor	Traffic	Prelim- inary hear- ings	Other crimi- nal	Appeals	Extra- ordi- nary writs	Total crimi- nal	Felony	Minor meanor	Traffic	Prelim- inary hear- ings	Other crimi- nal	Appeals	Extra- ordi- nary writs	Total crimi- nal
		25,777	754				X	X		25,980					X	X		10,337
		1,075 13,662	781 11,347	174 440			<u></u>	1,258		955 13,045	538 4,678	33 457			10	408	`	571 5,541
		12,987	8,283	3,950				×		12,233	5,185	2,450				X	.	7,635
	A 15 1	12,987	8,283	3,950#		A01		(0)		12,233	5,185	2,450				(0)		7,635
	NH	NH 57,656	NH 50,714	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH 1,811	NH	NH 52,525	NH N/A	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH N/A	NH	NH N/A
		14,569	X				X	X		11,998	X				x	X		10,031
	Aut	14,5699	X	811.1		A (1) #	X	X	- NO.	11,998	X	400		NH 4	x	X		10,031
	NH	NH 4,941	NH (e)	NH (e)	NH	NH	NH 3,773	NH	NH	NH 3,773	(9)	NH (e)	NH	NH	NH 3,370•	NH	NH	NH 3,370
	X	4,087	X	X	7		0,770	X		3,807	X	X			0,010	x		2,014
	NH	4,087 NH	X NH	X NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	3,807 NH	X NH	NH	A11.0	NH	NH	X	A11.1	2,014
1	937	110,822	4,315	12,781	74,743	9,245	3,111		1,949	106,1447	2,008	3,299	NH 4,287	243	237	NH 45	≟ NH	NH 10,119 F
		82,222	72,393			0,5,0		50		72,443	52,097	7,577					C145	52,242
		N/A								N/A								N/A
		2,086 205,650 ^r	1,593 2,517	504 26,623	170,143	4,378	31	48		2,128 203,709 ^r	1,329 690	454 4,532	3,457	1,309	20	41		1,803 10,029°
		3,094	2,517	654	31	4,010		48		3,250	690	86	6	1,009		41		823
		202,556 ^r	25,969	170,112	4,378		77.000			200,4597		3,451	1,309					9,206
		2,758,030F N/A	28,720	456,122	2,068,334		77,869			2,631,045 ⁷ N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A			N/A
		N/A								N/A								N/A N/A
		N/A								N/A								N/A
		N/A 416,812	14,874	168,311		16,712	190,507	(1)		N/A 390,404F	9,760	12,6341		2,768	60,813	(1)		N/A 85,975 ^r
		6,726	5,091	203	83	10,712	150,501	1,259		6,636	1,370	69	28	2,700	60,613	433		1,900
		12,732					X	Х		12,608					X	X		10,834#
·		212,523 8,734	(d)	(d)	X		8,990	<u> </u>		204,945 8,990	N/A (d)	N/A (d)	N/A		3,844#	N/A		N/A 3,844†
	405	29,726					22,318	4,958	409	27,685	(u)	(0)			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		35,483	19,093					14,993		34,086	19,833¢					19,531		39,364
	N/A	901,365 ⁷	34,815 23,794 fd	18,174			N/A	555 555	1,353	54,897# 24,349	16,028 11,4364	2,502#			N/A	595 595	N/A	19,125
		873,789 ^d	11,021	18,174			N/A		1,353	30,548	4,592	2,5024			N/A	253	N/A	7,094#
	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH
		7,991 7,445	x	X	•		4,479	828		7,453 5,307	x_	<u> </u>			N/A	N/A		1,763# N/A
		7,445					4,479	828		5,307					N/A	N/A		N/A
	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH
		17,760 N/A	12,357	3,900				(d)		16,257d N/A	x	X				X		10,268 N/A
		8,643	4,1480					2,7885		6,936	N/A					N/A		N/A
		N/A					0.000	4000		N/A		 			0 507			N/A
	304	6,321 31,500	23,260				3,628	1,958 3,586	402	5,642b 27,248	28,555	 			2,587	1,921 812	63	4,508# 27,430
		4,771								4,588								2,098
		35,754					38,674			38,674					N/A			N/A
		53,505 1,076	<u> </u>				×	X		52,551 1,063	X_				X	X		17,281 286
		31,554	31,230							31,230	6,423							6,423
	434	207,6127	17,418	43,217	137,018	 -		397	320	198,370 ⁷ 14,383		19,262	40,584	غنبت		766	N/A	78,26179
•		14,360 14,360	14,383							14,383	3,996 3,996							3,996 3,996
	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH
	734	109,894	(e) N/A	(e) N/A			97,213	· 6,635/ N/A	728	104,576 N/A	(e) N/A	(e) N/A			31,496•	1,4791 N/A	407	33,382 N/A
		3,685 N/A	N/A	N/A				1978		N/A	18/7				·····	- MIR		N/A
		N/A	1,751	10,719						12,470	N/A	N/A						N/A
	N	NH 29,462	21,238	7,158 7,158						28,396 28,396	11,764	4,250 4,250						16,014 16,014
	N.Y	29,462 NH	21,238 NH	7,158 NH	NR	NH	NH	NH	NH	20,330 NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH
	NH	NH .	NH	NH.	NH	MH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH
	879	80,702 2,643	66,707	7,603		غينت	5,367 2,190°	457	763	80,440 2,647	57,453 (e)	4,996 (e)			6,039 X	×	494	68,982 77
	24	62,045F	(e) 2,261	(e) 14,109	44,738		2,100		27	61,135°		3,543	2,396				8	6,962
	24	44	14	4.				(b)	27	45	11	0				(b)	8	19
			0.047	_14,105	44,738	100		- 10 m		61,0907	1,004	3,543	2,398					6,9437
		62,001 F	2,247		44,700			(0)		41.630	6 UR1	4.473				· (c)		11.444
		62,001 F 41,644 14,048	21,960	19,670	77,700		х	(c) X		41,630 14,284	6,961	4,473			N/A	(c) N/A		11,434 N/A
		41,644			355,761		X 16,234					13,058	32,523		N/A 1,921			

Footnotes to table 34: NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—Case type is handled by the court; data are not available. NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

#Not all data were available. See each court's profile in Part II for a determination of the missing data.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

FMinor traffic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

General jurisdiction felony caseflow (Tables 35-36)

Table 35. General jurisdiction felony caseflow data from the 29 states that identified and reported a segment of their total criminal caseload as felony cases may be found in Table 35.

Interstate comparisons between states reporting felony caseflow should be made only after verifying the similarity of unit of count. Units used by the states to count cases are shown on this table. It should also be remembered that the types of crimes classified as felonies vary among states.

Along with caseflow figures, this table shows felony dispositions and pending cases as a percentage of the cases filed during the year. In addition, the number and percentage change of year-end pending cases over beginning pendings is shown. An explanation of these measures may be found in the interpretation of civil caseflow in connection with Table 26 and in the discussion of Table 24.

A new measure of comparability for general jurisdiction courts, number of filings per thousand population, is introduced on this table. The unit of population (1,000) was selected to allow results that range between 0 and 10. This figure for caseload per unit of population allows comparison between states with large and small populations. The table displays great variation in filings per 1,000 population, however, which indicates the low correlation between state population and general jurisdiction court caseflow. Some of this variation is due to differences in the unit of count among the states. Some variation may also be explained by differences in the types of crimes classified as felonies in each state.

Data on felony dispositions, like data on criminal cases in general, indicate that the courts were able to

remain somewhat current with their felony caseload. Again, as with Table 32, these figures suggest that federal and state provisions that mandate the prompt disposition of criminal cases have led to the concentration of judicial resources on criminal litigation.

All of the 23 states for which the number of dispositions could be computed as a percent of the number of filings, disposed of at least 80 percent of the number of filings for felony cases. There were 15 states for which the number of dispositions was at least 90 percent of the number of filings, while 6 states disposed of more cases than were filed.

There were 19 states for which the number of end pending cases could be computed as a percentage of the number of filings. Only 1 of these had more cases pending than were filed, while over half (10) had a pending caseload that was less than half the number of filings.

Of the 19 states for which the percent change in pending was computed, 5 states had a decrease in the number of pending cases. Almost half, or nine states, had an increase in pendings which ranged from 0 to 20 percent.

Table 36. The same general jurisdiction court felony caseflow data that were presented on Table 35 are displayed in Table 36, but the reporting states are ranked by estimated 1975 population. Ranking the states by population allows comparison of caseflows between states with similar populations. When filings per 1,000 population, dispositions and end pendings as a percentage of filings, and changes in pending cases are compared for states with similar populations, however, population alone proves to have little correlation with the courts' performance in handling felony caseload.

Table 35: Analysis of general jurisdiction felony caseflow, 1975. For those states identifying and reporting felony cases, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of fillings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Population estimates 7/1/75	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Filings/ 1,000 population	As pe		Change in pending	Percent change In pending
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Disposed	Pending		portains
Alaska <i>—Superior^e</i>	352,000	444	875	781	538	2,49	69.3	61.5	94	21,2
Alzona <i>—Superior</i> !	2,224,000	4,211	11,814	11,347	4,678	5,31	96.0	39.8	467	11,1
Arkansas <i>—Circuit</i> ?	2,116,000	4,633	8,835	8,283	5,185	4,18	93,8	58.7	552	11,9
alifornia—Superior ¹	21,185,000	N/A	55,655	50,714	N/A	2.63	91.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
olorado—District ¹	2,534,000	N/A	11,032	N/A	N/A	4.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
listrict of Columbia—Superior ³	716,000	1,401	4,922	4,315	2,008	6.87	87,7	40.8	607	43.3
iorida—Circuiti	8,357,000	42,421	82,069	72,393	52,097	9,82	88.2	63.5	9,676	22.8
lawaii—Circuiti	865,000	1,332	1,590	1,593	1,329	1,84	100.2	83.8	-3	0,2
daho—Districti	820,000	712†	2,495	2,517	690	3.04	100.9	27.7	-22	3.1
illnois— <i>Circuit</i>	11,145,000	N/A	32,828	28,720	N/A	2.95	87.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
owa—District ²	2,870,000	(m)	(m)	14,874	(m)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC
(ansas— <i>District</i> *	2,267,000	1,297	5,164	5,091	1,370	2.28	98.6	26,5	73	5.6
<i>Assachusetts—Superior</i> ²	5,828,000	21,596	17,330 ¹¹	19,09377	19,833 [#]	2.97	110,2	114,4	-1,763	-8.2
Aichigan—TOTAL ³	9,157,000	11,485	39,358/	34,815/	16,028	4.30	88,5	40.7	4,543	39.6
Circuit ^a		8,293#	26,937 ^{II}	23,794#	11,436 ⁿ	2.94	88,3	42.5	3,143	37.9
Recorder's ³		3,192†	12,421	11,021	4,592	1.36	88,7	37.0	1,400	43.9
Alssouri—Circuit ^a	4,763,000	N/A	N/A	12,357	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lebraska—District ¹	1,546,000	N/A	3,978 [#]	4,148	N/A	2.57	104,3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Igw Jerssy—Superior and County ^a	7,316,000	22,248	27,567	23,260	26,555	3.77	84,4	96.3	4,307	19.4
lorth Carolina—Superior⁵	5,451,000	N/A	30,762	N/A	N/A	5.64	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
hio— <i>Common Fleas¹</i>	10,759,000	6,099	31,554	31,230	6,423	2.93	99,0	20,4	324	5,3
Dkiahoma— <i>District</i> ²	2,712,000	14,628	20,439	17,418	17,649	7.54	85,2	86.3	3,021	20,7
oregon— <i>Circuit⁶</i>	2,288,000	4,019†	14,360	14,383	3,996	6.28	100,2	27.8	-23	-0.6
inode Island—Superior ²	927,000	N/A	2,374	N/A	N/A	2.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
outh Dakota— <i>Circuit</i> ²	683,000	N/A	N/A	1,751	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ennessee—Circuit and CriminaP	4,188,000	11,027†	21,975	21,238	11,784	5.25	96,6	53,5	737	6.7
exas—District!	12,237,000	57,673	66,487	66,707	57,453	5.43	100,3	86.4	220	0.4
ermont—TOTAL ⁴ Superior ² District	471,000 	895 5 890	2,381 20 2,361	2,261 14 2,247	1,015 11 1,004	5.06 0.04 5.01	95.0 70.0 95.2	42.6 55.0 42.5	120 6 114	13.4 NC 12.6
rirginia—Circuit ^s	4,967,000	6,494†	22,427	21,960	6,961	4,52	97.9	31.0	467	7.2
Visconsin—Circuit and County ²	4,607,000	5,749	12,260	12,225	5,748	2,66	99.7	47.2	35	0,6
Vyoming—District ²	374,000	N/A	1,629	1,357°	N/A	4,36	83.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A---This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NC---The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

"A few misdemeanors may be included in the felony caseflow for these courts,

indictment.

*The criminal unit of count is the number of informations or indictments.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information, indictment, or complaint.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations, indictments, or complaints,

The criminal unit of count is the case number assigned at arraignment.
The criminal unit of count is the case,
There was no consistent definition used for the criminal unit of count.

Table 36: Analysis of general jurisdiction felony caseflow, 1975. States ranked by population, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

State and court	Population eatimates 7/1/75	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	Filings/ 1,000 population	As pe	rcent lings	Change in pending	Percent change in pending
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Disposed	Pending		Policing
california—Superiori	21,185,000	N/A	55,635	50,714	N/A	2,63	91,2	N/A	N/A	N/A
exas—Districti	12,237,000	57,673	66,487	68,707	57,453	5,43	100,3	86,4	-220	-0.4
linois—Circuiti	11,145,000	N/A	32,828	28,720	N/A	2,95	87,6	N/A	N/A	N/A
phio—Common Pleasi	10,759,000	6,099	31,554	31,230	6,423	2,93	99,0	20,4	324	5.3
Kohigan—TOTAL Circuit ^a Recorder's ³	9,157,000 	11,485 8,293 ^{//} 3,192†	39,358 26,937 [#] 12,421	34,815 23,794 <i>1</i> 1 11,021	16,028 11,436 ¹¹ 4,592	4.30 2.94 1.36	88.5 88.3 88.7	40.7 42.5 37.0	4,543 3,143 1,400	39.6 37.9 43.9
iorida—Circuit ^a	8,357,000	42,421	62,069	72,393	52,097	9,82	88.2	63.5	9,676	22.8
lew Jersey—Superior and County ^a	7,316,000	22,248	27,567	23,260	26,555	3,77	84.4	96.3	4,307	19.4
lassachusetta—Superior	5,828,000	21,596 ¹⁷	17,330 ⁷⁷	19,093 <i>1</i> 1	19,8337	2,97	110.2	114.4	-1,763	-6.2
iorth Carolina—Superior ^e	5,451,000	N/A	30,762	N/A	N/A	5,64	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Irginia— <i>Circuit</i> !	4,967,000	6,494†	22,427	21,960	6,961	4,52	97.9	31.0	467	7.2
Nesour}— <i>Circuit</i> !	4,763,000	N/A	N/A	12,357	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Visconsin—Circuit and County	4,607,000	5,749	12,260	12,225	5,784	2.66	99.7	47.2	35	0.6
ennesses—Circuit and Criminas	4,188,000	11,027†	21,975	21,238	11,784	5.25	96.8	53.5	737	6.7
owa—Districis	2,870,000	(m)	(m)	14,874	(m)	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC
Oklahoma—District ^a	2,712,000	14,628	20,439	17,418	17,649	7.54	85,2	86.3	3,021	20.7
Colorado—District ^a	2,534,000	N/A	11,032	N/A	N/A	4.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oregon— <i>Circuit</i> e	2,288,000	4,019†	14,360	14,383	3,996	6.28	100,2	27.8	-23	-0.6
(ansas—District	2,267,000	1,297	5,164	5,091	1,370	2,28	98.6	26.5	73	5.6
vizona—Superior¹	2,224,000	4,211	11,814	11,347	4,678	5,31	96.0	39.6	467	11.1
vrkansas—Circuit²	2,116,000	4,633	8,835	6,283	5,185	4,18	93.8	58.7	552	11.9
lebraska— <i>District[†]</i>	1,546,000	N/A	3,978 ^{/7}	4,148 ^{//}	N/A	2,57	104.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
hode Island— <i>Superior²</i>	927,000	N/A	2,374	N/A	N/A	2,56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lawali— <i>Circult[†]</i>	865,000	1,332	1,590	1,593	1,329	1.84	100.2	83,8	-3	-0.2
daho—District ¹	820,000	712†	2,495	2,517	690	3,04	100.9	27.7	-22	-3.1
Hatriot of Columbia—Superior ^a	716,000	1,401	4,922	4,315	2,008	6.87	87.7	40.8	607	43.3
outh Dakota— <i>Circuit</i> ²	683,000	N/A	N/A	1,751	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ermont—TOTAL Superior ^e District	471,000 = = =	895 5 690	2,381 20 2,361	2,261 14 2,247	1,015 11 1,004	5.06 0.04 5.01	95,0 70.0 95.2	42.8 55.0 42.5	120 5 224	13.4 NO 12.6
Nyoming— <i>Districts</i> Naska— <i>Superior</i> IOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer	374,000 352,000	N/A 444	1,629 875	1,357 ⁶ 781	N/A 538	4,36 2,49 unit of count	83,3 89.3	N/A 61,5	N/A 94	N/A 21.2

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotee refer to the footnotee in Part II, where statistical profilee for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A--This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, NC--The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

 ${\it The number of pending cases} \ {\it was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available, }$

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information or

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations or indictments.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations or indictments.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information, indictment, or complaints.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations, indictments, or complaints.

The criminal unit of count is the case number assigned at arraignment.

The criminal unit of count is the case.

"A few misdemeanors may be included in the fellony casellow for these courts.

General jurisdiction criminal dispositions

Table 37. Criminal trial data for 37 states reporting such data are shown in Table 37. Displayed for each reporting state are the types of criminal cases included in the state's trial data, the unit of count used in criminal cases, and the point of counting a jury or non-jury trial.

Data for each state reporting are displayed to show total criminal dispositions, total criminal trials with percentage of jury and non-jury trials, and the percentage of total criminal dispositions represented

by jury and non-jury trial dispositions.

As with other criminal caseflow tables in this section, data regarding minor traffic cases and minor ordinance violation cases have been deleted from the totals for states that handle these cases in their general jurisdiction courts. In attempting to compare states, it is important to verify the similarity of the types of cases included in a state's trial data, the unit of count used for criminal cases, and the point of counting trials. States that count guilty pleas as non-jury trials should be kept separate from those that do not. Table 37 clearly indicates that in 3 states that consider a guilty plea a non-jury trial, dispositions are inflated with regard to the percentage of total criminal cases disposed of by trial. Footnotes on Table 37 identify those states.

(Tables 37-38)

Of the criminal cases filed in general jurisdiction courts in these 37 states, the percentage of cases disposed of by jury trial in each state averages a little over 6 percent and ranges from less than 1 percent to more than 12 percent.

Table 38. Criminal case disposition data from the 27 states that reported such information for their general jurisdiction courts in 1975 are displayed in Table 38.

Data regarding total criminal dispositions in each state are broken down, where possible, into major types of criminal case dispositions. Other less common types of case dispositions are listed on the statistical profiles for each general jurisdiction court, which are located in Part II of this report.

Before attempting comparisons between states listed on this table, the similarity of the states with respect to the unit of count and types of cases included in total criminal dispositions must be checked. Note that minor traffic and ordinance cases are not included in this table.

Of all the criminal case dispositions reported, 26 states reported dispositions by guilty plea. The average percentage of cases disposed of by guilty plea was just over 53 percent; the range was from 30.9 percent to 76.6 percent.

Table 37: Analysis of general jurisdiction criminal trial data, 1975. For those states identifying and reporting criminal trial data, with case types, point of counting, and number of jury and non-jury trials as a percent of dispositions.

			types in			-	oint of	countin	g!			Trial			Number of Criminal	crimir	Percent nal disp	of ositions
	Felony	Serious misde- meanor	Misde- meanor		Appeals	Crimi- nai case	Jury	Non- jury	Trial	Total	Jury	Percent of total	Non- jury	Percent of total	dispo-	Jury trial	Non- jury	Total trial
Alabama—Circuit	· V	- V	· V		V	A	G_	G	G	2,702	1,652	61.1	1,050	38.9	25,980	6,4	4.0	10,4
Alaska-Superior						В	X	X	G	65	X	×	Х	X	955	X	Х	6.8
Arizona— <i>Superior</i>			/			Α	Н	1		1,757	971	55.3	786	44.7	13,045	7.4	6.0	13.5
CaliforniaSuperior						A		K		8,426	4,600	54.6	3,826	45.4	52,525	8.8	7.3	16.0
Connecticut Superior	1	./				Ä	· J	1		139	38	27.3	101	72.7	3,773	1.0	2,7	3.7
Delaware—Superior		- 	/		1/	A	J	ĸ		375	313	83.5	62	16.5	3.807	8.2	1.6	9.9
District of Columbia Superior	· V	- 1	· /	- 1/		A	G	G	G	2.014	1,095	54.4	£19	45.6	19,845	5.5	4.6	10.1
FloridaCircuit	V				· V	A	J	К		6,445	4,361	67.6	2,094	32.4	72,443	6.0	2,9	8.9
HawaiiCircuita	V					A	J.	K		291	194	66.7	97	33.3	2,128	9.1	4.6	13.7
daho-TOTAL	√				V		Х	X	L	2,962	X	X	Х	X	29,219	Χ	X	10.1
District	V		∨			A	X	Х	L	412	X	X	X	X	3,250	X	X	12.7
Magistrate						С	X	X	L	2,550	X	X	<u> </u>	Χ.	25,969	X	X	9,8
Ilinois-Circuit					<u> </u>	D	G	G	G	2,585	1,080	41,8	1,505	58.2	28,720	3.8	5,2	9.0
owa—District^	· V					8	J			3,590	915	25.5	2,675	74.5	22,219	4.1	12,0	16.2
Kansas—District	/					D	М	N		1,289	636	49.3	653	50.7	6,636	9.6	9.8	19.4
Maine—Superior						D	X G	X_		600	X_	X_	X	X	8,990	X_	X_	6.7
Maryland— <i>Circuit</i> Massachusetts		٧			V	8		ö		15,209°	1,513	9,9	13,696 ^r	90.1	27,685	5.5	49.51	54.9
Superior		- V		<u> </u>	- \	В	X J	×	L	4,417	2,459	21,0	9,227/	79.0	34,086	X	20.2r	13.0
Michigan—TOTAL Circuit	<u>/</u> _					С	J			2,471	1,755	71.0	716	29,0	45,626 24,349	5.4 7.2	2.9	25,6 10.1
Recorder's	- 				v_	C	J			9,215	704	7.6	8.5117	92.4	21,277	3.3	40.0°	43.3
Minnesota—District		- V	/		./	F	G	Ġ		717	504	70.3	213	29.7	7,453	6.8	2,9	9.6
Missouri—Circuit			V		V	В	J	К		2,078	917	44.1	1,161	55.9	16,257	5.6	7.1	12.8
New Hampshire—Superior	,					F	E	E		721	317	44.0	404	56,0	5,642	5.6	7.2	12.8
New Jersey Superior and					······································													
County						В	<u> </u>	K		3,485	2,786	79.9	699	20.1	23,260	12.0	3.0	15.0
New Mexico District			<u> /</u>			В	M	N/A	N/A	N/A	375	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,588	8.2	N/A	N/A
New York—Supreme and County	V			·	<u> </u>	A	x	X	G	3,310	x	<u> </u>	×	X.	38,674	X	×	8.6
North Carolina <i>Superior</i>					√	F	J	κ		N/A	3,626	N/A	N/A	Ñ/A	52,551	6,9	N/A	N/A
North Dakota District						В	G	N.	·	129	72	55.8	57	44.2	1,063	6.8	5.4	12,1
Ohio-Common	,						,			E 400	0.050	45.4	0.000	E4.C	04 000	7.0		400
Pleas	- 					<u> </u>	X	<u>/</u>	N	5,190	2,358	45,4	2,832		31,230	7.6	9.1	16.6
Oklahoma <i>District</i> Oregon <i>Circuit</i>	<u></u>	<u> </u>				B E	^	 ^-		2,141 1,839	1,113	60.5	726	39.5	17,418	7,7	5.0	12,3 12.8
Pennsylvania	V_		¢.								1,113	60,5	/20	39.5	14,383	- (1/_	5.0	
Common Pleas South Dakota		<u> </u>				A	G	G		18,652	3,490	18.7	15,162	81.3	97,213	3.6	15.6	19.2
Circuit Circuit			V			В	J	K		838	243	29.0	595	71.0	12,470	1.9	4.8	6.7
Texas—District						A_	J	0		45,151 ^r		8.0	41,531	92.0	74,310	4,9	55.91	60.8
Utah—District						D	J	K		349	255	73,1	94	26.9	2,190	11.6	4.3	15.9
Vermont—TOTAL	/_					D	<u>G</u>	G	G	269	162	60.2	107	39.8	16,370	1.0	0,7	1.6
Superior	<u>/</u> _	/	<u>/_</u>	 	 -	В	<u> </u>	G	G	4	3	75.0	1_	25.0	18	16,7	5.6	22.2
District						D	G	G	G	265	159	60.0	106	40.0	16,352	1.0	0.6	1.6
Virginia—Circuit						A	J	0		40,597r	2,728	6.7	37,869	93.3	41,630	6.6	91.0r	97.5
Washington Superior					٧.	Α	J			2,296	1,523	66.3	773	33,7	14,284	10.7	5.4	16.1
Wisconsin—Circuit and County			· V			В	j	κ		12,502	<u> x</u>	×	<u> </u>	×	55,979	<u> </u>	x	22.3
Wyoming—District	•/					В	F	F	F	336	69	20.5	267	79.5	1,3566	5.1	19.7	24.8

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

Point of Counting:

- Number of defendants on each information or indictment.
- Number of informations or indictments.

 Number of defendants on each information, indictment, or complaint.
- Number of informations, indictments, or complaints.
- E
- Case number.
 No consistent definition is used.
 Tried to completion, judgment/verdict/decision.
- Voir dire examination begins. First witness sworn.
- - Jury sworn.
 Opening statement or introduction of evidence.
 Trial begun.

- N Contested.
 O Opening statement or introduction of any evidence. Guilty pleas are counted as non-jury trials.

N/A.—This case is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X—The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

V—These case types are included in the statistical totals.

⁴Also includes major triable District of Columbia cases.
⁹Also includes family court criminal cases.
⁴Does not include non-indictable state cases with fine less than \$100 or sentence less than 30 days.

 $^{^{\}it r}$ Minor traffic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

Table 38: General jurisdiction criminal disposition types^r, 1975. For those states identifying and reporting pleas, total convictions, trial convictions, acquittals, noile prosequis, or dismissals, with total criminal dispositions^r and pleas as a percent of the total.

		P	085					
State and court	Total disposed	Number	As % of dispositions	Total convictions	Trial conviction	Acquittals	Nolle prosequis	Dismissais
Alabama—Circulti	25,980	15,427#	59,4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alaska—Superior ²	955	295	30,9	400	37	22	N/A	189
Arkona—Superior ¹	13,045	6,676	51,2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,612
California— <i>Superiori</i>	52,525	24,858	66.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,794
Connecticut— <i>Superiori</i>	3,773	2,792	74.0	2,876	84	55	810	32
Delaware— <i>Superiori</i>	3,807	1,826g	48.0	N/A	274	85	3,568	N/A
District of Columbia—Superior ^{an}	19,845	7,234	36,5	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,520	1,292
Florida—Circuit ^a	72,443	33,358	46,0	36,264	2,570	1,392	11,965	2,649
Illinoi s —Circuit ^a	28,720	15,804*	55,0	17,388*	1,584 ^h	1,001#	N/A	13,747 ^h
Kansas— <i>District</i> *	6,636	3,610	54.4	N/A	995	294	N/A	1,737ª
Louisiana— <i>District</i> * ⁶	204,945	127,066#	62.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<u>Michigan—<i>Recorder</i>*s**</u>	22,630	8,175•	36.1	N/A	759❤	468≪	N/A	7,603•
Minnesota— <i>District</i> *	7,453	4,999	67.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,737
Mississippf— <i>Circult</i> *	5,307	3,275	61.7	N/A	280	96	266	200
Missour!— <i>Circult</i> *	16,257	9,717	59.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,758	2,704
New Hampshire—Superior?	5,642	2,811	49,8	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,148	N/A
New Jersey—Superior and County?	27,248	13,430	49,3	N/A	1,779	1,382	N/A	6,858
New York—Supreme and County!	38,674	26,309	68.0	N/A	2,308	1,158	N/A	8,899
North Carolina— <i>Superior</i> ?	52,551	26,835	51.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ohlo— <i>Common Pleas!</i>	31,230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,879	401
Pennsylvania— <i>Common Pleas!</i>	104,576	32,838	31.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	19,286	N/A
South Dakota <i>—Circuit²</i>	12,470	9,556	76.6	N/A	662	176	N/A	2,076
Texas <i>—District</i> !	80,440	41,097	51.1	43,762	N/A	824	N/A	27,708
Ush <i>—District</i> !	2,647	1,324	50.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	517
VermontTOTAL	16,370	11,865	72.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,907	N/A
Superior ²	18	2	11.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	N/A
District ⁴	16,352	11,863	72.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,906	N/A
Wisconsin—Circuit and County ²⁰ Wyoming—District ²	55,979	21,444	38.3	N/A	11,591	911	N/A	15,728
	1,357 ⁶	548	40.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	423

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

Juvenile casellow (Tables 39-42)

Tables in this section show total juvenile caseflow as well as juvenile caseflow by category in general jurisdiction courts during 1975. In addition, the last table in this section (Table 42) shows total reported juvenile caseflow from all courts — general, limited, and special jurisdiction.

Several of the same measures used in the civil and criminal caseflow tables are presented to permit caseflow comparisons among the states. These measures include the number of cases disposed during the year, listed as a percentage of the number of cases filed during the year; the number of pending cases at the end of the year, shown as a percentage of

the number of filings; and the number and percentage change in year-end pending case figures as compared to the beginning pending. For a discussion of these measures, refer to the interpretation of civil caseflow data in connection with Table 26. The totals discussed will be state totals, whether for one or more than one court.

Thirty-one states and the District of Columbia indicated that they handle juvenile cases in their general jurisdiction courts, while other states reported juvenile cases in limited or special jurisdiction courts or in all lower courts. When attempting comparisons of juvenile caseflow from these tables,

N/A-This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

^{III}Does not include data on minor traffic, minor ordinance, preliminary hearings, and special operations.
*Does not include data from Traffic and Ordinance Division.

^{*}Does not include data from Traffic and Ordinance Division. Pincludes only felonies and misdemeanors.

 $[\]sp{\sc r}$ Minor trainic and minor ordinance cases are not included for those courts handling them.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information or indictment.

^{*}The criminal unit of count is the number of informations or indictments.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information, indictment, or complaint.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations, indictments, or complaints.

The criminal unit of count is the case number assigned at arraignment.

The criminal unit of count is the case.
The consistent definition is used for the criminal unit of count.

it is important that the similarity of subject matter jurisdiction be verified by reference to each court's profile in Part II.

Table 39. The reported 1975 juvenile caseflow in general jurisdiction courts is displayed in Table 39. In addition to caseflow figures, dispositions and year-end pending cases in each court are shown as percentages of the cases filed during the year. The number and percentage change in year-end pending cases are also presented.

Most states reporting juvenile caseflow data were able to dispose of their juvenile caseloads quite effectively in 1975. This may indicate a desire by the courts and other agencies to achieve prompt processing of juvenile matters.

All 20 states for which the measure could be calculated disposed of at least 80 percent of the number of filings. Six states disposed of more juvenile cases than were filed that year. Of the 14 states for which the number of pending cases was computed as a percent of the number of filings, all had fewer than 60 percent of the number of filings pending at the end of the year. Over half of the states (7) had a pending caseload which was less than 30 percent of the number of filings.

There was only a small change in pending juvenile caseload. Of the 14 states for which the percent change in pending was computed, 5 showed a decrease in the number of pending cases. There were 6 states for which the increase in pending cases was between 0 and 30 percent.

Table 40. The same juvenile caseflow contained on Table 39 is shown on Table 40, but the states have been ranked by estimated 1975 population. Ranking states by population aids the comparison of juvenile caseload for states with similar population size, once the similarity of court jurisdiction has been estab-

lished. However, when ranked by state population, the data yielded no new findings. Again, population proves to have little correlation with the courts' performance in handling juvenile caseload.

Table 41. The detailed 1975 juvenile caseflow reported by general jurisdiction courts is displayed in Table 41. This table includes the total juvenile caseflow categories presented in Tables 23, 40, and 41. The reporting categories used by each state and the manner in which the National Court Statistics Project classified state data may be found in the state profiles in Part II.

Table 42. All court data—general, limited, and special jurisdiction—for juvenile cases in the 43 courts reporting such data in 1975 are displayed in Table 42. In addition to caseflow figures, dispositions and pending figures for each court are shown as a percentage of the cases filed during the year. The number and percentage change in year-end pending cases compared to 1974 is also presented.

As was the case with the juvenile caseflow in the general jurisdiction courts, the combined lower courts seem to process juvenile matters in a prompt manner.

Of the 27 states for which the number of dispositions could be computed as a percent of the number of filings, all but 6 states disposed of at least 90 percent of the number of filings. Nine of the states were able to dispose of more juvenile cases than had been filed during that year.

All states had a pending caseload that was less than 70 percent of the number of filings, while 10 of the 18 states for which the figure was computed had fewer than 30 percent of the number of filings remaining pending at the end of the year. Of the 18 states reporting pending caseload, 6 states had a decrease in the number of pending cases.

Table 39: Analysis of general jurisdiction juvenile caseflow, 1975, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of flitings, and number and percent change in pending.

01.1 0	Beginning	erit	Dlada-v-t	End	As of	percent filed	Char pen	ge in ding
State and court	pending	Flled	Disposed	pending	Dis- posed	Pending	Number	Percen
labamaCircuit	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NI
laska—Superior	N/A	1,386	1,121	N/A	80,9	N/A	N/A	N/A
rizona— <i>Superior</i> rkansas—TOTAL	760#	3,256	3,2221	794	99.0 N/A	24,4 N/A	34 N/A	4.8 N/A
Circuit	(8)	(6)	Z9.9	(9)	N/A	N/A	ÑÃ	· N/
Chancery and County	ŇH	ŇH		. NH	NH	NH.	NH	N.
allfornia—Superior	N/A	77,722	74,312 20,138	N/A	95,6	N/A	N/A	N/A
olorado—TOTAL	7,135	21,798	20,138	8,795	92.4	40.3	1,660	23
District Water	7,135 NH	21,798 NH	20,138 NH	8,795 NH	92.4 NH	40.3 NH	1,660 NH	23, N
onnecticut—Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
elaware—TOTAL	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
listrict of Columbia—Superior lorida—Circuit	1,617 15,271	7,756 62,811	7,410 _57,315	1,963 20,767	95,5 91,2	25.3 33.1	346 5,496	21. 36.
eorgia-Superior	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
awail—TOTAL	2,959	7,739	7,749	2,949	100.1	38.1	-10	0.
Circuit	2,959	7,739	7,749	2,949	100.1	38.1	-10	0.8
Land	NH	NH	ИH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH	Ņ
Tax Jaho—TOTAL	NH 1,902 <i>t</i>	7 523	NH 7 374	<u>NH</u> 2,051	NH 98,0	27.3	NH:	N
District	1,502/	7,523 17	7,374 16	2,001	94.1	23.5	149	7. NO
Magistrate	1,8997	7,506	7,358	2,047	98.0	27.3	148	7.
Inol ě Circult	N/A	27,983	30,266	N/A	108,2	N/A	N/A_	N/
idlana—TOTAL	R'(A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/.
Circuit	HK ANM HN	NH	NH	NH N/A	NH	NH	NH	N
Superior Criminal	Ϋ́Ĥ	N/A NH	N/A NH	'YYA	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A
waDistrict	N/A	5,685	5,535	N/A	97,4	N/A	N/A	N
ansas—District	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
entuckty—Circuit	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
oulsianu—District	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH NH	NH NH	Ņ
lain e Superior laryland— <i>Circuit</i>	N/A	25,210	24,627	N/A	NH 97.7	N/A	N/A	NI N/
lassachusetts-Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
lichigan—TOTAL	NH	ŃН	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N1
Circult	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Recorder's Claims	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	N
Innesota—District	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
lississippiTOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NZA	N/
Circuit	NH:	N/A NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	Nŧ
Chancery	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
llssouri—Circuit	8,217	18,751	16,372	10.598	87.3 N/A	56,5	2,379	29.
iontana— <i>District</i> braska— <i>District</i>	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	NA	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A
evada—District	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	. N//
lew Hampshire—Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Ni
ew Jersey-Superior and County	<u> 11H</u>	NH_	NH	NH_	NH	NH_	NH_	N
lew Mexico—District	2,120 NH	5,454 NH	4,888 NH	2,734# NH	59.6 NH	50,1 NH	614 NH	29. Ni
lorth Carolina—Superior	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH NH	NH	NH	NH NH	N
ew York—Supreme and County orth Carolina—Superior orth Dakota—Sistrict	224	855	897	182	104.9	21,3	-42	18.
nioCommon Piess	21,322	194,288	198,503	19,107	101.1	9,8	-2,215	-10.
klahoma—District	2,047	8,311	6,873	3,485	82.7	41.9	1,438 N/A	70.
regonTOTAL Circuit	N/A N/A	11,305 11,305	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/ N/
Tax	NA NA	NH	NH	ĤÄ	Ĥ'n	'nΑ	ÑĤ	N N
ennsylvania Common Pleas	4,388	39,882	38,350	5,920	98.2	14.8	1,532	34.
hode island-Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
outh Carolina—Circuit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/.
outh Dakota <i>—Circuit</i> ennessee— <i>TOTAL</i>	N/A NH	4,210 NH	3,972# NH	N/A NH	94.3 NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/ N
Circuit and Probate	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Law and Equity	NH NH	NH _	NH	NH_	NH_	NH (NH	N
exa District	5,764 NH 267	11,919	12,361	5,322 NH	103.7 NH	44.7 NH	-442	-7.
tah— <i>District</i> ermont— <i>TOTAL</i>	NH 267	NH 968	NH 980	255	101.2	26.3	NH -12	Ni 4,
Superior	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH	Ň
District	267	968	950	255	101,2	26.3	-),3	
irginia— <i>Circuit</i>	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
/ashingtonSuperior	N/A	11,929	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
lest Virginia— <i>Circuit</i> fisconsin— <i>Circuit and County</i>	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A 15,760	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/
Noming—District	N/A	19112	N/A	N/A	. N/A		141.5	NN

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part.II

N/A—This case type is handled by the co≨t, but the data are unavailable. NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate, NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Change in pending does not equal the difference between tillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

Table 40: Analysis of general jurisdiction juvenile caseflow, 1975. States ranked by population, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

Chair and saturb	State popu-	Beginning pending	Flied	Disposed	End pending	As pr	srcent ided	O'an	
State and court	lation in thousands	periong	FIRE	Disposed	pending	Dis- posed	End pending	, nber	Percer
alifornia—Superior and County	21,185 18,120	N/A	77,722	74,312	N/A	95.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
ew York—Supreme and County xas—District	12.237	NH 5,764	NH 11,919	NH 12,361	NH 5,322	NH 103.7	NH 44.7	NH -442	N⊦ 7.1
ennsylvaniaCommon Pleas	11,827	4,388	39,882	38.356	5,322 5,920	96.2	14.8	1,532	34.9
linols—Circuit	11,145 10,759	N/A 21,322	27,983 194,288	30,266 196,503	N/A 19,107	108.2 101.1	N/A 9.8	N/A -2,215	-10.4
hio— <i>Common Pleas</i> Ilchigan— <i>TOTAL</i>	9,157	NH	134,200 NH	NH	NH 19,107	NH	NH	NH	- NI
Circuit		NH	NH.	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Ni
Recorder's Claims		NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NI Ni
orida—Circuit	8,357	15,271	62,811	57,315	20,767	91.2	33.1	5,496	36.
ew Jersey—Superior and County	7,316 5,828	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NI
lassachusetts—Superior	5,828 5,451	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NI Ni
orth Carolina—Superior Idiana—TOTAL	5,311	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Circuit	5,5 ()	ÝŃĤ	NH	NH	Ϋ́NĤ	NH	'ŇĤ	NH	N
Superior		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
Criminal	4,937	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NI NI
'irginiaCircuit AeorgitSuperior	4,926	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
lissouri—Circuit	4,763	8,217	18,751	16,372	10,596	87.3	56.5	2,379	29.
/isconsin—Circuit and County	4,607 4,188	N/A NH	N/A NH	15,760 NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A
enn essec —TOTAL Gircuit	4,100	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	N N
Chancery	·	NH	NH	NP:	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Law and Equity		NH .	NH	NH	NH	NH-	NH	NH	N
laryland— <i>Circuit</i> Inneseta— <i>District</i>	4,098 3,926	N/A N/A	25,210 N/A	24,627 N/A	N/A N/A	97.7 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
ouisiana-District	3,791	, NH	'NH	ŇĤ	NH	ŇĤ	NH .	ŇĤ	N
labamaCircuit	3,614	NH_	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH	NH_	NI NI
/Rahington—Superior	3,544 3,396	N/A NH	11,929 NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/
entucky— <i>Circuit</i> runecticut— <i>Superior</i>	3,095	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	N! Ni
wa—District	2,870	N/A	5,685	5,535	N/A	97.4	N/A	N/A	N//
outh Carolina—Circuit	2,818 2,712	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
klahoma— <i>District</i> olorado— <i>TOTAL</i>	2,712 2,534	2,047 7,135	8,311 21,798	6,873 20,138	3,485 8,795	82.7 92.4	41.9 40.3	1,438 1,660	70. 23.
District		7,135	21,798	20,138	8,795	92.4	40.3	1,660	23,
Water		NH	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH_	NH	NI NI
lississippi—TOTAL Circuit	2,348	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A Ni
Chancery		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
regon—TOTAL	2,288	N/A	11,305	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
Circuit Tax	'	N/A NH	11,305 NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A
ensas—District	2,267	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
rizonaSuperior	2,224	760#	3,256	3,222#	794#	99,0	24.4	34	4.
rkansas—TOTAL	2,116	(6)	(c) (c)	(0)	(c)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//
Circuit Chancery and Probate		(c) NH	(c) NH	(C)	(C) NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A NH	N/A
/est Virginia—Circuit	1,803	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
lebraskaDistrict	1,546	NH	NH	NH	ŇH	NH	- NH	NH	. Ni
Itah-—District Iew MexicoDistrict	1,206 1,147	NH 2,120	NH 5,454	NH 4,888	NH 2,734#	NH 89.6	NH 50.1	NH 614	N 29.
faine—Sur? Yr	059	NH NH	NH	NH	Z,/SH	NH	NH	NH	N
thode Island-Superior	927	44	NH	834	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
lawali—TOTAL Circuit	865	2,95 2,959	7,739	7,749 7,746	2,949 2,949	100.1 100.1	38.1 38.1	10 10	
Land	, 22	2,959 NH	7,739 NH	AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	2,949 NH	NH	NH	NH	-0. N
Tax		NH_	NH:	NH_	NH	NH -	NH	NH_	N
iaho—TOTAL District	820	1,902# 3#	7,523	7,374	2,051	98.0 94.1	27.3 23.5	149	7.
Magistrate	=======================================	1,899#	17 7,506	16 7,358	2,047	98.0	23.5 27.3	148	N 7.
ew Hampshira—Superior	818	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
ontana—District	748	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
strict of Columbia—Superior outh Dakota—Circuit	716 683	1,617 N/A	7,756 4,210	7,410 3,972#	1,963 N/A	95.5 94.3	25.3 N/Å	346 N/A	21 N/
orth DakotaDistrict	635	224	855	897	182	104.9	21.3	-42	-18
evada—District	592	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
elaware—TOTAL Superior	579 	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	N
Chancery	==	NH_	NH	NH.	NH	NH.	NH	NH	N N
ermont—TOTAL	471	267	968	980	235	101.2	26,3	-12	-4.
Superior		NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Ņ
District		267	968		255	101.2	26.3	12	
Vyoining— <i>District</i> Jasks— <i>Superior</i>	374 352	N/A N/A	N/A 1,386	N/A 1,121	N/A N/A	N/A 80.9	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/

NOTE: Alphabetical footnoise refer to the footnoise in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NC—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

17the number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending wests available.

Juvenile data for limited and special jurisdiction courts are displayed with the general jurisdiction data in Table 42.

74 State Court Caseload Summary Statistics

Table 41: General jurisdiction juvenile caseflow, 1975; by category of case.1

		7	Beginnin	pending					lled	
State and court	Delin-	Depen-	CINS	Traffic	Other	Total	Delin-	Depen-	CINS	Traf
	quency	dency			Other	Juvenile	quency	dency		
abama - Circuit aska - Superior	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH N/A	NH	NH	NH NH	NI NI
izona—Superior	4119	161#	***************************************	188#		760#	1,347#	2231		1,68
kansas—TOTAL						(0)				
Circuit Scholar	NU	MU	NU	NH	NILI	(c)	NID.	NILI	AILI	- All
Chancery and Probate alifornia—Superior	NH N/A	NH N/A	NH	NΠ	NH	NH N/A	NH 63,739	NH 13,983	NH	N.
oloradoTOTAL	X	X	X		Х	7,135	6,147	1,573	498	
District	X	X	X		X	7,135	6,147	1,573	498	
Water	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Ņ
onnecticut-Superior	NH NH	NH "	NH NH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	N
elaware—TOTAL Superior	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	N
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	<u>, 19</u> N
strict of Columbia—Superior	1,267	218	132			1,617	6,608	544	604	
orlda—-Circuit	X	. X	X		Х	15,271	35,665	13,241	2,574	
eorgia—Superior						N/A				
awaliCircult ²	1,571	167	523	'282	416	2,959	4,66	201	1,501	67
aho—TOTAL	1,509†	393†		······································		1,9021	6,881	642		
District Magistrate	1,506†	0t - 393t				3 <i>t</i> 1,899 <i>t</i>	6,875	631		
inols—Circuit	1,5001	3931				N/A	0,075	031		····
diana—TOTAL						N/A		-		
Circuit	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Superior						N/A				
Criminal .	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
wa—District ansas—District	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N/A NH	NH	NH	NH	N
entuckyCircuit	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Ň
ouisiana—Districi*	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N.
Isine—Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
aryland—Circuit	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	21,731	3,4790	(c)	
lassachusetts—Superior	• NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
ichigan—TOTAL Circuit	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	N
Recorder's	NH	NH .	NH	NH	NH	NH	Nn	NH	NH	. N
Claims	NH .	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Innesota— <i>District</i>						N/A				
AlasiasippiTOTAL	30.6	AILS .	A11.1	NH	All J	N/A	50.1	NH		
Circuit Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NIT.	NH	NH N/A	NH	NH NH	NH_	N
llasouri—Circult						8,217	-			 -
fontana—District						N/A				
ebraskaDisfrict	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH	N
evadaDistrict						N/A				
ew Hampshire—Superior	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH NH	NH	N
ew Jerony—Superior and County ew Mexico—District	NH INH	NH	NH	NH.	- GH	2,120	NH	Nn Nn	NH	N
ew York-Supreme and County	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH .	NH	NH	Ň
orth Carolina-Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	,NH	NH	NH	N
orth Dakota—District						224				
hlo—Common Pleas	863#	455#	7291	·		21,322	4,106	1,910	2,295	
oklahoma—District	8637	4507	7291			2,047/ N/A	4,100	1,910	2,295	
Circuit						N/A				
Tax	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
ennsylvania-Common Pleas						4,388				
hode Island—Superior	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	N/y/	NH	N
outh Carolina—Circuit	A1/A	N1.4	NA 6			N/A	0.405	85		
outh Dakota—Circuit	N/A	N/A	N/A	NH	NILL	N/A	3,465		659	
Circuit	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH_	NH NH	NH NH	HK HK	NH NH	N
Chancery	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Law and Equity	ŇH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
exas—District	5,764					5,764	11,919			
tah—District	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
ermont—TOTAL		A#1		644		267				
Superior District	NH "	NH	NH_	NH	<u>NH</u>	NH 267	NH	NH	NH	
/irginia—Circuit	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
Vashington—Superior					·	N/A				<u>''</u>
yast VirginiaCircuit						N/A				
Visconsin-Circuit and County						N/A				

	d	·		Disp	osed					End pe	snding		
Other	Total juvenile	Delin- quency	Depen- dency	CINS	Traffic	Other	Total Juvenile	Delin- quency	Depen- dency	CINS	Traffic	Other	To
NH	NH	KH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	Juve
	1,386						7,121						N/
	3,256#	1,297	2325		1,6935		3,222#	4611	1524		1816		79
	(c)						(c)						
	(c)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(c)						
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH .	^
	77,722	60,923	13,389				74,312	N/A	N/A				N
7,843 7,843	21,798 21,798¢	X X	X X	X		X X	20,138	X	. X	<u>X</u>		<u>X_</u> ~	8,7
NH	21,196V NH	NH NH	, NH	NH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH	8,7
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	NH	
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	art	NH	NH	NH	NH	
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	i
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH.	
	7,758	6,257	541	612			7,410	1,818	221	124			1,9
,331	62,811	32,029	11,657	2,794		10,835	57,315	χ	X	X		X	20,7
4.74	N/A						N/A						N
691	7,739	4,563	211	1,578	788	609	7,742	1,677	157	446	171	498	2,9
	7,523	6,641	733				7,374	1,749	302				2,0
	17	7	9	······································			16	22	2				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,506	6,634	724				7,358	1,747	300				2,0
	27,983						30,266						N N
NH	N/A NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N/A NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	N
19(1	N/A		1417	1411		1411	N/A	NO.		NO	<u></u>	Nn	N
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	ĸН	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	<u>اللسنة تير</u> ا
	5,685						5,535			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			N
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	. NH	
NH	NH NH	NH	. NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NiH.	NH	NH	NH NH	NH	
	25,210	20,999	3,628°	<u>(c)</u>			24,627	N/A	N/A	N/A			N.
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	!
NH	NH NH	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH	NH	МН	NH	!
NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	HH HM	NH NH	NH NH	NH	!
NH .	NH.	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH NH	NH	NH NH	NH NH	
	N/A						N/A						
	N/A						N/A						N
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
	N/A						N/A						N
	18,751						16,372						10,5
	N/A					NII I	N/A			401			N
NH	NH N/A	NH_	NH	NH	NH	NH:	N/A	NH	NH	NH	MH	NH	N
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	1
NH	ML	NH	NH_	NH.	NH NH	NH	NH	NH	NH NH	NH	NH	NH NH	<u>}</u>
	5,454						4,888			1911			2.7
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	<u>~</u> ^
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
	855						897						1
	194,288						196,503						19,1
	8,311	3,321	1,667	1,885			6,873	1,648#	6981	1,139#		·	3,4
	11,305						N/A						N
AILL	11,305	A#1	, iii	FH 1	Au i	A)L1	, N/A	Ap.	N: -	All 1	All I	Ap.	N
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
NH .	39,882 NH	NH	_NH _	_ NH	NH/	NH	38,350 NH	NH	NH	NH	NH_	NH	5,9 1
ian.	N/A	<u></u>		NT)	1477	<u>Nn</u>	N/A			- 130	<u> </u>	- 00	N.
	4,210	3,337	N/A	635			3,9724	N/A	N/A	N/A			N.
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	<u> </u>
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH+	N
ЯH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH)	NH	NH	NH	NH	
	11,919	12,361					12,361	5,322					5,3
NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	/ <u>/</u> N
	986	1					980						2
NH	NH	NH_	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	1
NSS 4	958	Kitt	7 km t	\$ 11.1	\$11.7	N11	980	BW 1		hn)	B13.3	An)	2:
NH	NH	NH	' NH	,NH	NH	NH	NH	NH	NH.\	NH .	NH	NH	<u> </u>
	11,929 N/A					and the second	N/A		-	1			N/
							N/A			1		- <u> </u>	N/
	N/A		100				15,760				:	Σ	N/

Footnotes to Table 41:

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

-Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when fillings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

†Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

¹Juvenile data for limited and special jurisdiction courts are displayed with the general jurisdiction data in Table 42.

The Hawaii Land Court and Tax Court, which do not try criminal cases, have

been deleted because of space limitations.

Table 42: Analysis of juvenile caseflow, 1975. General and limited jurisdiction courts, with dispositions and end pending as a percent of filings, and number and percent change in pending.

444	Beginning	PH1	8 1	End	As po	ercent llings	Chan pen	
State and court	pending	Filed	Disposed	pending	Dispo- sitions	End pending	Number	Percent
Alaska—Superior	N/A	1,386	1,121	N/A	80.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arizona—Superior	7605	3,256	3,222	794#	99.0	24,4	34	4.5
California—Superior Colorado—District	N/A 7,135	77,722 21,798	74,312 20,138	N/A 8,795	95.6 92.4	N/A 40.3	N/A 1,660	N/A 23.3
Connecticut—Juvenile	N/A	15,985	14,956	N/A	93.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
District of Columbia—Superior	1,617	7,756	7,410	1,963	95.5	25.3	346	21.4
Florida—Circuit	15,271	62,811	57,315	20,767	91.2	33.1	5,496	36.0
Hawaii— <i>Circuit</i> Idaho— <i>TOTAL</i>	2,959	7,739	7,749	2,949	100.1 98.0	38.1 27.3		-0.3
District	1,902	7,523 17	7,37 4 16	2,051	98.0 94.1	27.3	149	7.8 NC
Magistrates	1,899†	7.506	7 388	2.047	98.0	27.3	148	7.8
Illinois—Circuit	N/A_	27,983	36,≟88	N/A	108.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
lowaDistrict	N/A	5,685	5,535	N/A	97.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kansas—Probate and Juvenile	N/A	N/A 24,583	20,461 N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A
Kentucky—County Louislana—City and Parish	N/A N/A	13.718	11,198	N/A N/A	81.6	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Maine—District	N/A N/A	4.586	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
MarylandCircuit	N/A	25,210	24,627	N/A	97.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
MassachusettsTOTAL	N/A	49,484	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District	N/A	37,306	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Juvenile Michigan—Probate	N/A N/A	12,178 32,991	N/A 13,303	N/A 20,510¢	N/A 40.3	N/A 62.2	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Minnesota—County	5,497	31,909	30,904	6,502	96.9	20.4	1,005	18.3
Missouri—Circuit	8,217	18.751	16,372	10,596	87.3	56.5	2,379	29.0
Nebraska-TOTAL	N/A	4,332	N/A	N/A	N/A	. N/A	N/A	N/A
County	N/A	2,949	2,600	N/A	88.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Juvenile	N/A	1,383	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New Hampshire—District and Municipal New Jersey—Juverille and Domestic Relations	N/A 10,666	4,490 82,657	N/A 81,745	N/A 11,578	N/A 98.9	N/A 14.0	N/A 912	N/A 8.6
New Mexico—District	2,120	5,454	4,888	2,734#	89.6	50.1	614	39.0
New York—Family	22,296	45,533	60,453	11,5250	132.8	25.3	-10,771	-48.3
North Carolina—District	N/A	24,800	27,131	N/A	109.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
North Dakota—District	224	855	897	182	104.9	21.3	-42	-18.7
Ohlo—Common Pleas Oklahoma—District	21,322 2,047	194,288 8,311	196,503 6,873	19,107 3,485	101.1 82.7	9.8 41.9	-2,215 1,438	10.4 70.2
Oregon—TOTAL	N/A	11,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glrcuit	N/A	11,305	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
County	N/A	263	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pennsylvania—Common Pleas	4,388	39,882	38,350	5,920	96.2	14.8	1,532	34.9
Rhode Island—Family South Dakota—Circuit	N/A N/A	8,807 4,210	N/A 3,972	N/A N/A	N/A NC	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Texas—TOTAL	6,902	13,446	13,936	6,412	103.6	47.7	-490	-7.1
District	5,764	11,919	12.361	5.322	103.7	44.7	-442	-7.7
County	1,138	1,527	1,575	1,090	103.1	71.4	-48	-4.2
Utah-Juvenile	N/A	34,598	40,731	N/A	117.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vermont—District	267	968	980	255	101.2	26.3	-12	-4.5
Washington—Superior Wisconsin—County	N/A N/A	11,929 N/A	N/A 15,760	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4419COLISII COULITA		N/A	10,700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

0

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are visplayed.

N/A---This case type is handled by the court, but the digital are unavailable. NC.—The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

The number of pending cases was computed by NCSP staff when filings, dispositions, and either beginning or end pending were available.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. The numbers appear as reported.

General jurisdiction jury trial data (Table 43)

Table 43. Reported jury trial data for general jurisdiction courts in 1975 are displayed in Table 43. Figures are provided for the number of civil, criminal, and juvenile jury trials reported by 37 general jurisdiction courts. In addition to the number of jury trials reported for each state, footnotes on the table indicate the point of counting jury trials used in each state.

Interstate comparison of the number of jury trials conducted during 1975 should not be attempted without verifying the similarity of subject matter jurisdiction and the point of counting of jury trials in the states to be compared. Reference to the statistical profile of each state in Part II will provide the jurisdiction of each court as well as its reported data on non-jury trials.

Table 43: General jurisdiction jury trial data, 1975.

For those states identifying and reporting jury trials.

	Jury			
State and court	' " Civil	Criminal	Juvenile	Total
labama—Circuiti	N/A	1,652	NH	N/A
rizona—Superior ^e	439	971	NH	1,410
aliforniaSuperior4	3,649	4,600	NH ·	8,249
onnecticut—Superior	406	38	NH	444
elaware—Superior4	N/A	313	NHNH	N/A
strict of Columbia—Superior	N/A	1,095	NH	N/A
orida—Circuit ⁴	1,818	4,361	NH	6,179
wall—Circuit	120	194	NH	314
nois—Circuiti	1,4971	1,080	NH , , ,	2,577*
we—District	398	1,192	NH	1,590
nneas—District ³	387	635	NH	1,023 1,365
isalana—District	176	1,189	NH	1,365
aryland— <i>Circuit</i> 1	1,130 937	1,513	NH	2,643
chigan—TOTAL4	. 937	2,459	NH	3,396
Circuit	937	1,755	NH	2,692
Recorder's 1	NH	7041	NH	7041
nnesota—District ^e	927	504	NH	1,431
seouriGircuit	N/A	917	NH	N/A
w Hampshire—Superior	242	317	NH	599
w Jersey—Superior and County® w Mexico—Distric®	3,045 N/A	2,786 375	NH NH	5,831 N/A
w York—Supreme and County!	2,201	N/A	NH	N/A
orth Carolina Superior	667	3,626	NH	4,293
orth Dakota—District	69	72	NH	141
nio—Common Pleas ⁴ regon—Circuit ⁴	1,710# 1,064#	2,358 1,113	NH NH	4,069#
nnsylvania—Common Pleast	1,821	3,490	NH NH	5,311#
outh Dakota—Circuit	975	243	NH NH	3404
nnessee TOTAL4 Circuit and Criminal4	2,716 2,611	N/A N/A	NH NH	N/A N/A
Law and Equity	105	N/A	NH	N/A
	4,660	3,620	332	
xas—District	4,060 259	255	NH	8,612 514
mn—District irmont—TOTAL ¹	961	169	NH	265
Superior!	931	3	NH	96
District ¹	31	166	NH	169
rginie	1,988#	2,728	NH	4,716
giniz	1,124	1,523	NH	2,647
asningtor—Superior	946	1,267	NH	2,213
yoming—District	260	696	NH	956

NOTE: Alphabetical footnotes refer to the footnotes in Part II, where statistical profiles for courts of general jurisdiction in each state are displayed.

N/A—This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. NH—This case type is not handled in this court.

#Not all data were available for inclusion in the total. Each court's profile in Part II may be referenced for a determination of the missing data.

Point at which trial is counted:

1A jury trial is counted when it is tried to completion or verdict.

A jury trial is counted when the voir dire examination of the panel begins.

JA jury trial is counted when the jury is impaneled.

'A jury trial is counted to the jury is sworn.

A jury trial is counted a the jury is sworn; a criminal jury trial when it is tried to verdict.

No specific deficition is used for the jury trial.

General conclusions

Generalizations based upon data received from courts of general jurisdiction, like those based upon appellate court data, should be made with caution. Variations in reference periods, court organization, subject matter jurisdiction, definitions of cases and units of count, and the degree of completeness and accuracy of data make cross-jurisdictional comparisons extremely complex. In addition, without verified multiyear caseload data, it is difficult to reach valid conclusions regarding caseload trends.

With these caveats in mind, one general observa-

tion can be made regarding the general jurisdiction tables. The number of cases pending in courts of general jurisdiction was 8.7 percent higher at the end of 1975 than it was at the end of 1974. Civil cases pending increased least in percentage terms (7.8), but most in absolute numbers. Conversely, juvenile cases pending increased most in percentage (14.8), but this percentage was based on a relatively small absolute number of cases. In addition, more progress was made in reducing the backlog of criminal and juvenile cases than in civil cases.

Part II State court profiles

Part II State court profiles

The following section begins with blank prototypes of the four tables that make up the profile of each state's court system. The first prototype is a diagram depicting the organization of the courts within a state, including number of judges and number of courts, their jurisdictions and routes of appeal. The second and third prototype tables provide the reader with an outline of the categories into which actual data from appellate and general jurisdiction courts, respectively, have been classified. The fourth prototype table displays, where appropriate, data on selected case categories received from courts of limited jurisdiction.

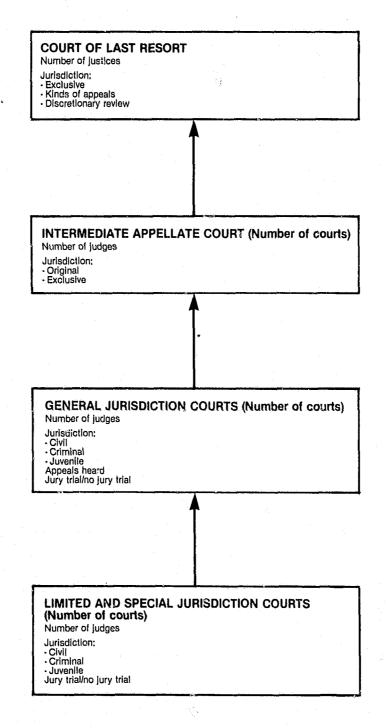
Actual data are presented in the state statistical profiles following the blank prototypes. State profiles are arranged in alphabetical order by state name.

The statistical profile for each court is the basic source document used in compiling the summary tables in Part I. Along with the name of the court, the number of full-time judges, the level of court, and the time span covered by the data, each profile shows the actual caseflow data received from that court. Data are classified into the general categories chosen by the NCSP as being most representative of the kinds of data reported by the states. For example, a petition for allowance to appeal reported by an appellate court is displayed under the general heading of requests to appeal. NCSP classifications are shown in boldface in the profiles.

Footnotes are used in these profiles to explain any peculiarities regarding the data as reported by each court and to qualify data, as necessary, when they are transferred from the profiles to the summary tables in Part I. For example, in Table 3, the pending cases for the Kansas Supreme Court are footnoted (c). This footnote is footnote (c) in the Kansas Supreme Court statistical profile and explains that not all of Kansas pending cases are included in the end pending case figure shown in Table 3.

The source of data is indicated at the bottom of each profile. A complete listing of sources along with the addresses of state court administrators is included in Appendix A, which follows the profiles.

State court system, 1975



State Name, Court Name Court of last resort or intermediate appellate court Number of judges Time period covered

	Beginning Filed pending	Disposed End pending					
Cares; Appeats: Civil Criminal Agency appeals,							
Other appeals:	***************************************						
Other cases: Original proceedings:							
**************************************			i .				
Total		-					
Total cases	- Aller Agents						
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters			Saldian Landina	ndicate the classificatio		w NOOR	
Total other proceedings		-	Blank space = Not not be handled by the N/A = This case	enough information is i	court, but	case category may the data are unav	allable
Manner of disposition Written opinion Memorandum opinion Per curiam opinion Dismissal/withdrawal By order	Reversed Dismissed Affirmed in p in part Reversed and	ert, reversed	not available by categ	ory for this case type.	SO DO HISIAGO		
No. 1	William 1111111	************	Source:			<u> </u>	

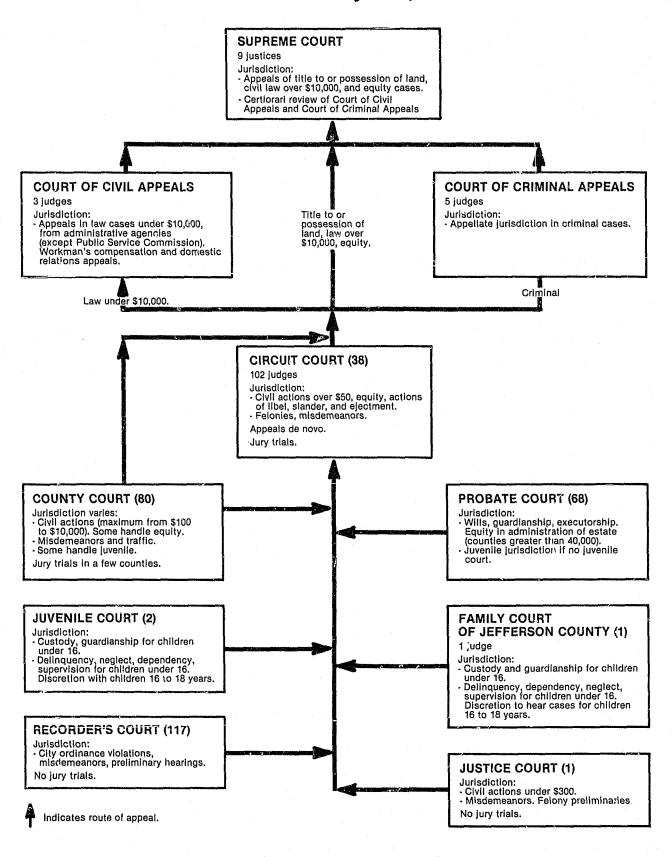
84 State Court Profiles

State Name, Court Name Court of general jurisdiction Number of courts, number of judges Time period covered

	Beginning pending		End inding					•
Civil*:								
Law								
Auto tori								
Unclassified fort								
Small claims								
Property rights								
Equity								
Probate								
Mental health								
Other civil								
Appeals								
Total civil								
Criminal ^b :								
Felony ,								
Misdemeanor								
Traffic								
Other criminal								
Appeals write								
Total criminal								
Juvenile: Delinquency								
Dependency								
Children in need of supervision(CINS)								
Traffic				Malakana kanal				•
Other juvenile				Blank space =	ngs indicate the c Not enough info	rmation is know	vn. The case cat	'. egory may or may
Total javanno				not be handled by	the court.			
Grand total				N/A = Inisc X = The data	ase type is nanc for this case type	ned by the co	urt, but the data be included in th	are unavailable e total, Data were
Grand totale				not available by c	ategory for this c	ase type.		V 101211 Pulle 11911
Trial ^a Jury Non-jury	Total	Criminal disposition		= Not appl	icabie.			
oury non-jun	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Guilty pleas		Civil case defin				
Givil		Trial conviction Total conviction		Criminial unit of	of count ury trial definition	9		
Criminal		Acquittal			ary man dominion	•		
Total,		Dismissal Noile prossed	• •	Source:				
Selected case categories-	limited i	urlediation courts						
State Name, Court Mame Number of courts, number								
Time period covered								
	Beginning pending	Filed Disposed D	End ending					
Domestic relations:	perioning		ending					
Domestic relations;								
** ***********************************			<u> </u>					
Total domestic relations	•		1.1					
Probates								
,								
* ***********************				Boldface head	ings indicate the	classifications (ised by the NCSI	.
Total probate				TIOL DE HANDIED D	Not enough info y the court.			
Mental health:				N/A = This (case type is han for this case type	dled by the cr	int, but the dat	a are unavailable
. **********************				not available by t	category for this c	ase type.	s > moraged in th	e (Ota), Data Wer
	·			≃ Not app	licable.			
Total mental health				*Footnotes				
	•			⁴Footnotes <pre></pre>				
Juvenile:				-100010163				
				Source:				
Total Juvenile	r							

CONTINUED 10F3

Alabama court system, 1975



Alabama Supreme court Court of last resort 9 justices October 7, 1974-September 30, 1975

Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
	202 202	<u>202</u> 202	<u>0</u>
0	167 167	167 167	<u>0</u> 0
0. 1	369	369	0
8	28	25	11
	0 0	0 202 0 202 0 202 0 167 0 167 0 369	O 202 202 0 202 202 0 202 202

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, bPetitions awaiting resubmission after grant of writ of certiorari were included in other matters.

Source: Department of Court Management, State Court Administrator's Office, 1975 Annual Report (Montgomery, Alabama). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Alabama Court of Civil Appeals Intermediate appellate court 3 judges October 7, 1974–September 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil: Cases submittedb Cases disposed Cases carried over Total appeals	N/A N/A 0	133 N/A N/A 133	N/A 133 <u>N/A</u> 133	N/A N/A 0 0
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases*	0	133	133	0

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A > This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. bCourt has civil jurisdiction only.

Source: Department of Court Management, State Court Administrator's Office,

Source: Department of Court Management, State Court Administrator's Office, 1975 Annual Report (Montgomery, Alabama). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Cases decided 131 Cases dismissed 1 Cases transferred to supreme court 1

Manner of disposition

Alabama Court of Criminal Appeals Intermediate appellate courts 5 judges October 7, 1974—September 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Criminal		878	6340	670
Total appealsd Other cases: Original proceedings		8785	634≈	670ª
Requests to appeal Total other cases		<u>(d)</u>	<u>(d)</u>	(d)
Total cases*	426 ^{bd}	878 ^{bd}	634 ^{cd}	670ª

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Cases were brought forward from 1973-74 term. They include those pending in the Supreme Court of Alabama and of the United States and those in which appeals have not been perfected (where all necessary documents are on file).

Total does not include petitions disposed of in the clerk's office at the direction of the court.

Court reported these figures as appeals; they actually reflect the total of appeals and requests to appeal.

*Court has jurisdiction in criminal appeals cases only.

Source: Department of Court Management, State Court Administrator's Office, 1975 Annual Report (Montgomery, Alabama). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Alabama Circuit Courts Court of general jurisdiction 38 circuits, 102 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

			Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civiib						
Law; Original ci Auto tort:	y/I		×	23,582	x	x
Motor veh Equity Domastic rela Appeals	lions		×	7,278 4,714 37,919 2,289	X X X	X X X
Total civil			45,686	75,869¢	75,981	45,5544
Criminal*: Other crimina Indictment Miscellane Total Appeals	s ous		X X X	18,341 6,327 24,668 1,109	X X X	X X X
Total criminal			10,540	25,777	25,980	10,337
Grand total		•••••	56,226	101,646	101,961	55,891 d
Civil Criminal	<i>Jury</i> X 1,652 X	Trial' Non-jury X 1,050	Total 28,409 2,702 31,111	Disn	ninal disposi nissal/nolle osequi ty ples	7,776

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Data are not available on probate, juvenile, or family courts.

*A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.

*Total differs from sum of category totals because of incomplete breakdowns in Limestone County.

Change in pending does not equal difference between fillings and dispositions. Figures are as reported in annual report.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each indictment.

Trials are counted if they are tried to completion.

Complete breakdowns were not available for Tuscaloosa, Limestone, Mobile, Russell, and Franklin counties.

Department of Court Management, State Court Administrator's Office, 1975 Annual Report (Montgomery, Alabama). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Alabama County Court 80 courts January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for juvenile cases handled in the County Court.

Alabama Juvenile Court 2 courts January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for juvenile, domestic relations (custody), or probate (guardianship) cases handled in the Juvenile Court.

Alabama Probate Court 68 courts January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate or juvenile cases handled in the Probate

Family Court of Jefferson County, Alabama 1 court January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for juvenile, domestic relations (custody), or probate (guardianship) cases handled in the Family Court.

Alaska court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT 5 lustices Jurisdiction: - Appeals as a matter of right from final judgments. - Discretionary review of any order or decision not appealable. - Criminal cases appealed by state only for testing sufficiency of indictment or lenlency of sentence. - Sentence review. - Sentence review. **SUPERIOR COURT (4)** 17 judges · Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: Original jurisdiction in all civil. Exclusive jurisdiction in domestic relations, probate, guardianship, and civil commitments. Original jurisdiction in all criminal. Exclusive jurisdiction in juvenile. Appeals on record unless trial de novo is granted. Jury trials. **DISTRICT COURT (4) MAGISTRATES COURTS (58)** 19 judges 58 magistrates Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: Civil actions under \$10,000, auto tort under \$15,000, small claims. Misdemeanors, ordinance violations. - Civil actions under \$1,000. - Misdemeanors, ordinance violations, felony preliminaries. Six-man jury trials. No jury trial.

Alaska Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
	perionig			ponding
Cases: Appeals:				
Civil and cross appeals Criminal Juvenile	×	151 71 5	× ×	147 71 6
Total appeals	192	227	195	224
Other cases: Original processings Requests to appeal:	3	7	9	1
Petitions for review	19	81	84	16
Total other cases	22	88	93	17
Total cases	214	315	288	241
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters:	2		7	477
Sentence review		22		
Total other proceedings	2	22	7	17

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information in known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were

not available by category for this case type,

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Alaska Court System, 1976 Familia. Report (Anchorage, Alaska: 1976). Memo from clerk to justices of Supreme Court titled: "Supreme Court Activity 1976." Time to disposition of case data available.

Alaska Superior Courts Court of general jurisdiction 4 districts, 17 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile:				
Probate:	1,151	1,505	920	1,736
Clvlle	3,275	7,778	5,407	5,646
Total civil	4,426	9,283	6,327	7,382
Criminal*:				
Felony	444	875 200	781 174	538 33
Total criminal	451	1,075	955	571
Total juvenile	N/A	1,386	1,121	N/A
Grand total'	4,8771	11,744	8,403	7,9531

Trials Criminal dispositions Dismissed 189 295 37 400 22 Criminal..... 65

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = Trils case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Data were taken from the 1976 Annual Report because changes had been made from the 1975 report. Manner and type of disposition are from 1975 report. *Civil cases are counted with the filling of a petition or complaint, discludes civil commitments as well as probate.

*Includes clowestic relations in addition to other civil actions as civil cases.

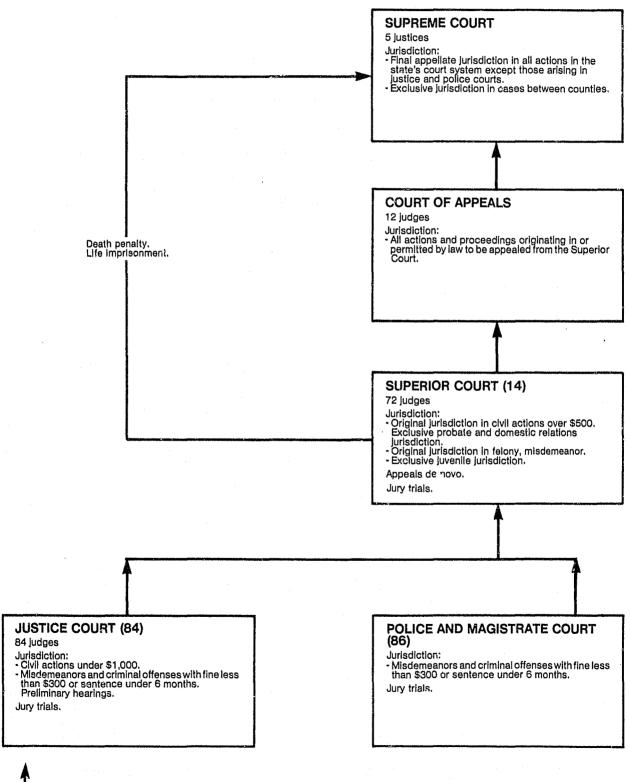
*The criminal unit of count is the number of indictments. Some occur after preliminary hearings in District Court.

*Total pending does not include juvenile, but total filings and dispositions do include juvenile.

*A trial is counted if it is held to judgment.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Alaska Court System, 1975 Annual Report; 1976 Annual Report (Anchorage, Alaska). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Arizona court system, 1975



Arizona Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Deginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Casen:				
Appeals:				
Civil (includes transfers	39	32	56	15
in) Criminal (includes trans-	Jo	. 02	30	15
fers in)	238	141	178	201
Delayed appeals Total appeals	279 -	174	3 _	N/A 216
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2/9	174	237	210
Other cases: Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus	N/A	13	13	N/A
Special actions	25 4	174	178 30	21 3 67
Bar matters Petitions for reviews.	42	29 499	474	67
Total	71	715	695	91
Requests to appeal				
Total other cases	71	715	695	91
Total cases	350	889	932	307
Other proceedings:				
Other matters:	****			21.5
Miscellaneous	N/A	16		N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	16	16	N/A
Manner of disposition	Dispos	illon of	appesis	
Writtan opinion 222			,,,,,	102
Per curiam		ed and		11
Terminated without	man	ded ,		20
written opinions 659	Remar	ided	******	15
	Dismis	560		10

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable

*Those case totals are the figures prought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.
*Filings for civil and criminal appeals include cases transferred in from the Arizona Court of Appeals.

*Special actions include mandamus, prohibition, and quo warranto cases.
*Patitions for review are requests for review of Court of Appeals cases (or portions thereof) that are heard as a matter of right. They are not necessarily processed as a regular appeal.

*These 9 per curism opinions are also counted within either the written opinion or memorandum category.

Source: Acting Administrative Director of the Courts, "Appeals in the State of Arizona 1973-1978" (unpublished statistical report from Clerk of Supreme Court). Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished statistical report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been applied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Arizona Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 2 divisions, 12 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Bes:				
Appeals: Civilb	480	467	460	487
Criminal ^b	378	960	705	633
Delayed appeals	7	N/A	N/A	7
Industrial Commission	217	157	252	122
Juvenile		9		
Total appeals	1,089	1,593	1,428	1,254
Other cases:				
Original proceedings	3	2	3	2 20
Special actions	11	130	121	20
Requests to appeal				
Total other cases	14	132	124	22
Total casess	1,130	1,725	1,552	1,276

Manner of disposition Written opinion..... 444 492 Memorandum..... Terminated without 503 opinion.....

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. "Civil and criminal appeals figures are net figures after appeals transferred in or out have been added or subtracted, "Special actions include mandamus, prohibition, and quo warranto cases.

Source: Acting Administrative Director of the Courts, "Appeals in the State of Arizona 1973-1976" (unpublished). Statistics are from unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Arizona Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 14 counties, 72 judges January 1, 1975-- December 31, 1975

	Beginning cending	Filed*	Disposed	End pending
Wile;				
Law:				
Prayer under \$1,000	227	682	423	486
Auto tort	4,759	4,290	3,532	5.517
Non-auto tort	3,049	2,583	1,988	3,644
Contract	11,267	15,360	13,083	13,544
Property rights			,	,
Eminent domain	345	230	219	356
Domestic relations:				
Domestic relations	8.922	21,623	20.748	9,797
Adoption ^o	1,490	1,162	1,221	1,431
Reciprocal supporto	3,985	2,245	1,464	4,766
Totale,	14,397	25,030	23,433	15,994
Probate	13,669	7,231	6,277	14,623
Mental hoalth	1,266	460	382	1,344
Other civil:	1,200	440		11044
Non-classified civil	5,024	7,337	6.808	5.553
Appeal	341	396	244	493
chhagi ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				400
Total civile,	54,344	63,599	56,389	61,554
riminai ^d :				
Felony	4,211	11.814	11,347	4,678
Misdemeanor	378	519	440	457
Appeals	335	1.329	1.258	406
Appage (1)		1,025		
Total criminal	4,924	13,662	13,045	5,541
uvenile*:				
Delinquency:				
Delinquency—non-traffic	411	1,347	1,297	461
Dependency	161	223	1232	152
Traffic:	1			102
Delinquencytraffic	188	1.686	1.693	181
	760	3,258	3.222	794
Total juvenile*	100	3,200	3,222	794
Arand total	60,028	80,517	72.656	67,889

				ACPROVE COLUMN TO A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH		
		Trial		Criminal dispositions		
	Jury Non-Jury	Total	Dismissed	& R12		
Civil	439	5,367	5,806	Plea	≗,612 6,676	
Criminal	971	786	1,757			
Total	1.410	6.153	7.563			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: Acting Administrative Director of the Courts, "Statistical Reports 1975, 1976 for 14 Superior Courts," "All Counties Year-end Reports 1975, 1976." Statistics are from unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}Fillings include cases transferred in to the court for processing. Dispositions include cases transferred out of the court for processing.

*Civil cases are counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

*Does not include data from Maricopa County on adoption, reciprocal support, or mental health cases.

*The unit of count for oriminal cases is the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

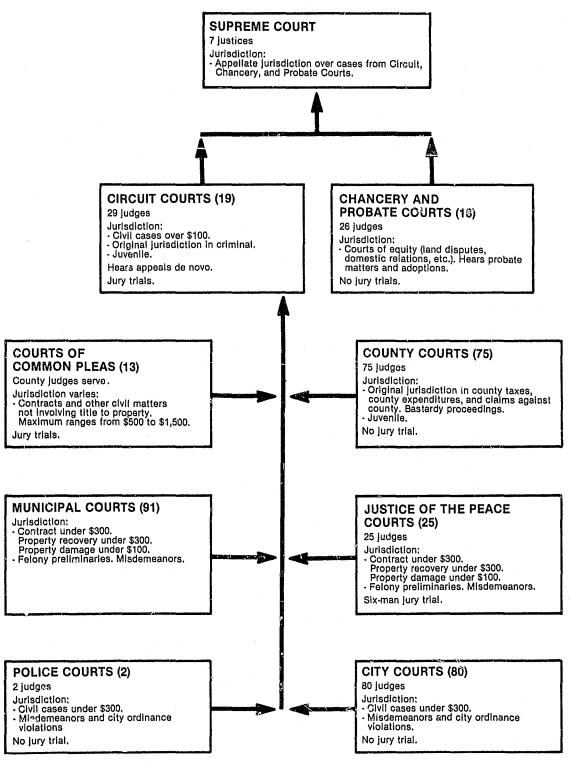
*Superpite data for orbit include Maricopa Counter Name Counter C

^{*}Juvenile data do not include Maricopa, Cochise, Navajo, Pima, Yuma, or Yavapai

Counties.

Gury trials are counted when the voir dire examination of the panel begins. Non-jury trials when the first witness is sworn.

Arkansas court system, 1975





Indicates route of appeal.

Arksasas Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End periding	
Cases:					
Appeals:					
Criminal:					
Post conviction	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	24 2	N/A N/A	
Capital	N/A	N/A	135	N/A	
Miscemeanur	NZA	N/A	3	N/A	
Total	N/A	N/A	165	N/A	
Civil:					
Law	ΝΛΨ	N/A	174	N/A	
Equity	N/A	N/A N/A	136 4	N/A N/A	
Probate Total	N/A N/A	_N/A	314	N/A	
Total appeals	N/A	N/A	479	N/A	
rotar appeals	N/A	M/M	4/5	IN/A	
Other cases:					
Griginal proceedings.					
Habeas corpus-equity	N/A	N/A	1	N/A	
Mandamus Prohibition	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	- 16	N/A N/A	
Post conviction	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	
Writs of certionari	N/A	N/A	Ř	N/A	
Total	RI/A	N/A	37	N/A	
Requests to appeal					
Total other cases	N/A	N/A	37	N/A	
Total cases*	N/A	N/A	516	N/A	
Other proceedings:					
Rehearing requests	N/A	N/A	101	N/A	
Other matters:					
Other petitions	N/A	N/A	18	N/A	
Motions (excluding exten-	N/A	N/A	165		
sion of time) Motions for extension of	N/A	N/A	165	N/A	
time	N/A	N/A	991	N/A	
Total	N/A	N/A	1,174	N/A	
Total other proceedings	N/A	N/A	1,275	N/A	
Manner of disposit on Written opinion 521 Per curiam 13	Affirme Revers Partial Revers man Remar	Disposition of appeals Affirmed Reversed Partially affirmed Reversed and remanded Remanded Other			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.
N/A — This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Executive Secretary, Judicial Department, Eleventh Annual Report, 1975 Judicial Statistics (Little Rock, Arkansas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Arkansas Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 19 circuits, 29 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile:				
Law ^b	13,854	19,808	19,077	14,585
Total civil	13,854	19,808	19,077	14,585
Felony: Capital Felony. Total	156 4,477 4,633	178 8,657 8,835	227 8,056 8,283	107 5,078 5,185
Misdemeanord	2,248	4,152	3,950	2,450
Total criminal	6,801	12,987	12,233	7,635
Grand total	20,735	32,795	31,310	22,220

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition. Appeals (trial do novo) cannot be identified within the law case total,

The information/indictment is the unit of count for criminal cases. Criminal data
contain a nominal number of juvenile cases and juvenile appeals.

Most misdemeanors are appeals (trial de novo) from lower courts.

Source: Executive Secretary, Judicial Department, Eleventh Annual Report, 1975 Judicial Statistics (Little Rock, Arkansas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Arkansas Chancery and Probate Court Court of general jurisdiction 18 chancery circuits, 26 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Decoqui	End pending
Civila:				
Equity	6,770	5,663	5,061	7,372
Domestic relations Reciprocal in Reciprocal out	12,069 1,330 0	21,208 1,206 714	20,399 871 714	12,878 1,665 0
AdoptionTotal ^b	N/A 13,399	1,499 24,627	N/A 21,984b	N/Ā 14,543Þ
Probate:				
Decedent estates Guardianship Miscellaneous probate Total*	12,686 N/A N/A 12,686	4,103 1,755 1,099 6,957	3,903 N/A N/A 3,903°	12,886 N/A N/A 12,886°
	12,000	0,001	0,300	12,000
Mental health; Alcoholics and mental Total civild	N/A 32,855d	1,386 38,633	N/A 30,948d	N/A 34,801¢
Grand total	32,8554	38,633	30,948¢	34,801

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

bPending and disposed total does not include adoptions.
Pending and disposed total does not include guardianship and miscellaneous

probat.

Pending and disposed totals do not include adoptions, guardianship, alcoholics and mental, and miscellaneous probate, because the data were unavailable.

Source: Executive Secf tary, Judicial Department, Eleventh Annual Report, 1975 Judicial Statistics (Litt' . Jock, Arkansas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case cateories—limited jurisdiction court

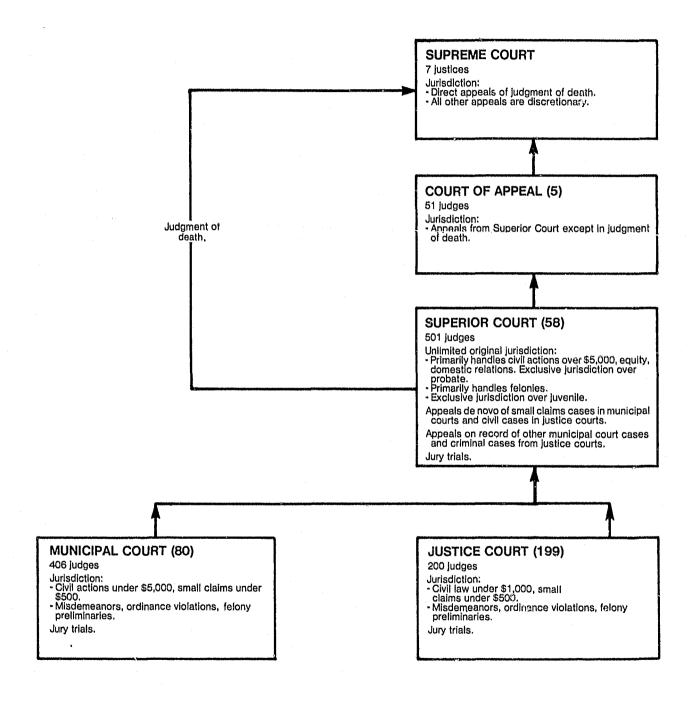
Arkansas County Court 75 counties; 75 judges, 40 juvenile referees January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginnir pending	ığ g	Filed	Disposed	Er.d pending
Domestic relations:					
Bastardy	N/A	_	276	N/A	N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A		276	N/A	N/A
Juvenile: Total juvenile	N/A		8,385		N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. $N/A \Rightarrow This$ case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Executive Secretary, Judicial Department, Eleventh Annual Report, 1975 Judicial Statistics (Little Rock, Arkansas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

California court system, 1975



California Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 lustices July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
8999;			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Appeals:	*1**	***		
GIVII	N/A N/A	N/A	66	N/A
Direct criminal ^b	N/A N/A	18 N/A	0 40	18 N/A
	N/A	18	106°	18
Total appealso	IN/A	10	1004	10
Other cases:				
Original proceedings: Habeas corpus	N/A	877	N/A	H/A
Criminal	N/A	N/A	759	N/A
Superintending control and disciplinary	N/A	N/A	116	N/A
Civil	N/A	207	165	Ñ/A
Total	N/A	1,084	1,040	N/A
Requests to appeald:	•		•	
Clyll appeals	N/A	872	872	NZA
Criminal appeals	N/A	1,029	1,029	N/A
Civil original proceedings	N/A	598 67	598 67	N/A
Criminal original proceedings	N/A N/A	2,566∞	2,566∞	N/A N/A
Total				
Total other cases	N/A	3,650∞	3,606∞	N/A
Total Casese	N/A	3,668-	3,7120	N/A
ther proceedings:				
Rehearing requests:	N/A	N/A	47	N/A
Civil	N/A	N/A	28	N/A
Total	N/A	N/A	75	N/A
Other matters:	.,,,,		, •	11//1
Transfers In/ost			221	
Orders/writs to show cause,	N/A	N/A	60	N/A
Motions decided			89	
Miscellaneous	N/A	N/A	1,567	N/A
Executive elemency applications	N/A	45	38	N/A
State bar filings	N/A	215 2°30	N/A	N/A
Total	<u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>	1,975	N/A
	N/A	260	1,975	N/A

Manner of disposition Written opinion..... 189

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: Administrative Office of the California Courts, 1976 Annual Report of the Judicial Council and State Court Administrator (San Francisco, California; 1976). Covers fiscal year 1974-1975. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. -- = Not applicable.

^{*}These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *Direct capital (death penalty) cases.

"It expears that some appeals disposed of during the year could also be counted as requests to appeal disposition of the appeal disposition of the appeal.

"All requests to appeal are petitions for hearing of cases previously decided by the courts of appeal.

California Courts of Appeal Intermediate appellate court 5 divisions, 51 judges July 1, 1974—June 30,1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ases:				
Appeals: Civil Criminal	2,454 2,366	2,686 3,229	3,143 3,672	2,579 2,096
Total appeals ^b	4,820	5,915	6,815	4,6755
Other cases: Original proceedingse: Ovil Criminal Total Requests to appeal:	N/A N/A N/A	2,730 1,291 4,021	2,679 1,299 3,978	N/A N/A N/A
Total other cases	N/A	4,021	3,978	N/A
Total cases	4,820	9,936	10,793	4,675∞
Other proceedings: Reliearing aquests: Civil Criminial Total. Other matters:	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	644 590 1,234	N/A N/A N/A
Motions to dismiss on clerk's certification	N/A	413	N/A	N/A
Civil	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	413 257	N/A N/A
Ordera (miscellaneous): Civit	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	2,046 4,203 6,919	N/A N/A N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	N/A	8,153	N/A

Manner of disposition
Written opinion.....

5.574

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space ≈ Not enough infermation is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Caseflow of appeals (beginning pending plus filings minus dispositions equals end pending) does not add up. Numbers are as verified by state. Pending data are not available for original proceedings. Source: Administrative Office of the California Courts, 1976 Annual Report of the Judicial Council and State Court Administrator (San Francisco, California: 1976). Also an unpublished report of Administrative Office of the Courts titled: "Analysis of 'Ready' Appeals Pending in the Courts of Appeal, and Disposition Times between December 31, 1976 and December 31, 1975." Time to disposition of case and perjudge dispositions for appeals and original proceedings data are available. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

California Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 58 counties, 501 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

			Begli pen		Filed	Disposed	End pending
Ívii4:							
Auto tort ,		********	1	I/A	49,266	39.125	N/A
Non-auto tort			1	I/A	25,973	18,123	N/A
Property rights:							
Eminent domain (parcels) Domestic relations:		******	ı	I/A	5,299	4,341	N/A
Family lawb			1	I/A	162,938	141,025	N/A
Probate:					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	
Probate and guardianship				I/A	61,975	56,738	N/A
Mental health		********	r	1/A	6,039	5,989	N/A
Other civil: Other complaints				I/A	81,387	47.985	N/A
Other petitions	,			ĬΆ	56,518	41,349	N/A
Total				i/A	137,905	89,334	N/A
Appeals:							
Appeals from lower courts		********	1	N/A	8,870	7,794	N/A
Extraordinary writs: Habeas corpus				I/A	8,827	8.082	N/A
							N/A
Total civil		******	ı	N/A	467,092	370,551	N/A
Friminal ^d ;							
Felonies:							
Griminal		******		₩.	55,635	50,714	N/A
Appealsc				<u> </u>	2,021	1,811	N/A
Total criminal				I/A	57,656	52,525	N/A
		***************************************	•	••••	2,1000	02,020	WB
uvenile:							
Delinquency				I/A	63,739	60,923	N/A
Dependency	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			<u>√A</u> _	13,983	13,389	N/A
Total juvenile	,	************	1	N/A	77,722	74,312	N/A
Brand total				₹/A	602,470	497,388	N/A
	la serie	Trial*	Total		Criminaı dispositions		
	Jury	Non-jury	IOIHI		Dismissals	6.794	
C[vi]/	3.649	239,175	242.824		Transfers	652	
Civil appeal	0	6,885	6,885		Guilty plea	34,858	
Criminal	4,600	3,810	8,410		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Criminal appeal	0	16	16				
Total	8,249	249.886	258,135				

Administrative Office of the California Courts, 1976 Annual Report of the Judicial Council and State Court Administrator (San Francisco, California: 1976). Also unpublished data. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

^{*}A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

*Includes annulment, divorce, and separate maintenance cases in the Family Law category.

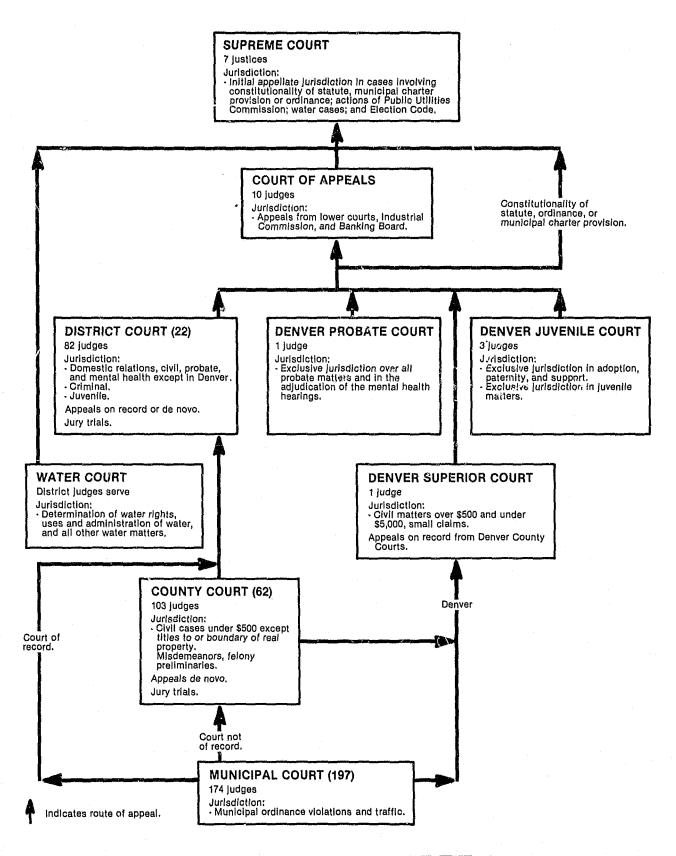
*Figures from unpublished data,

*The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information or indictment.

*Jury trials are counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trials with the opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

*Includes mental health hearings as civil trials. Does not include juvenile, habeas corpus, or appeal hearings as civil trials.

Colorado court system, 1975



Colorado Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Justices July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
888:				
Appeals:				
Civil	x	58	x	X
Griminal	Ŷ	48	X	X
Other appeals:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	70	-,	^
Statutory resident	X	1	x	X
Reopened cases	Ŷ	á	Ŷ	Ŷ
Ball reduction	Ŷ	ĭ	ŷ	ŵ
Total appeals	X	111		
rotal appeals	^		^	^
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:	X	194	Y	¥
Habeas corpus	X X X	17	X X X	X X X
Interlocutories	Ŷ	32	Ŷ	Ç
Interrogatories	Ŷ	1	Ŷ	Q
Total	Ŷ	244	Ŷ	Ŷ
Requests to appeal:	^	244	^	^
Petition in certiorari .	¥	198	v	v
			 : -	
Total other cases		442	X	<u>X</u>
Total cases4	479	553	666	366

Manner of disposition Written opinion......
Without opinion.....
Transferred to court
of appeals..... 8

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, $X = \text{The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.$

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, Annual Statistical Report of the Colorado Judiciary 1974-75, 1975-76 (Denver, Colorado: 1976, 1977). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Colorado Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 10 Judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals: Civil	×	539 283	×	×
Industrial Commission	X	36	X	X
Total appeals	359	858	625	592
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases	359	858	625	592
Manner	of disposition			
	opinion opinion red to		467 125	
Supre	me Court		33	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. $X = \text{The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.$

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Office of the State Court Aministretor, Annual Statistical Report of the Colorado Judiciary 1974-75, 1975-76 (Deriver, Colorado: 1976, 1977). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Colorado District Courts Court of general juridilction 22 districts, 87 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Post-Judgment actions filed	Disposed	End pending
/IIb;					
Law:					
Money demands	×	19,884	X	X	X
Auto tort: Personal Injury—motor vehicle	×	1,581	x	×	×
Non-auto tori: Personal injury—other	x	961	×	x	×
Unclassified tort: Property damage	x	1,218	×	x	×
Wrongful death	X	113	X	×	X
Total.	X	1,331	X	Х	×
Property rights: Real and personal property	, X	6,329	x	x	X
Domestic relations: Dissolution of marriage	×	22,009	×	X	· x
Legal separation	X X X X	428	× × × × ×	Ŷ	X X X X
Invalidity of marriage	X	117	×	X X X X	X
Child custody	X	160	X	X	X
Reciprocal Interstate	X	4,756	ŏ	· 8	Š
Non-support Interstate	X	617 213	Ö	3	. 0
Total	22.823	28.300	3.904	30,439	24,588
Probate:	22,020	20,000	0,004	00,100	24,000
Intestates,	X	1,376	x	· X	X
Testates	X X X	3,181	X X X X	X X X	X X X X
Small estates	X	486	X	X	X
Guardianships	X	250	X	X	X
Conservatorships	Š	560	Š	Č	Š
Miscellaneous	10.397d	288	227	6.332	10,358
Totals	10,3975	6,141	221	0,002	10,000
Short-term hospitalization	X	1,622	x	X	X
Mental Incompètency	X X	244	â	X X	Ŷ
Involuntary commitment of alcoholic	X	123	X X X	X	X X X
Other	. X.	453		X	
Total ^o	3134	2,442	68	2,323	575¢
Administrative: Administrative review and local govt	x	369	x	x	. x
Appeals: County court appeals	X ,	63	x	x	X
Extraordinary writs: Miscellaneous	x	3,555	x	x	X
Total civil®	55,704d	70,956	11,589	73,345	64,904
Iminal/h					
Falony:	v	44 000	v	u	v
Criminal'Other criminal:	X	11,032	X	X	X
Non-offense/	X	565	×	×	X
Municipal and county court appeals	×	350	X	x	X_6
Total criminal	7,450	11,947	2,622	11,998	10,031
venile:					
Delinquency	X	6,147	X	×	X
Dependency	X X	1,573	X X	X ·	X
Children in need of supervision	X	498	X ·	Х	×
Other juvenile: Relinquishments	¥	468	Y	Y	v
Adoptions	ŷ	2,599	Ŷ	ŷ	Ŷ
Paternity and support	Ŷ	4,069	â	â	X X X
Miscellaneous	X	4,069 707	Ÿ	X	. X
Total	X	7,843	X	X	X_
		40.004	C 707	00.400	0.706
Total juvenile	7,135	16,061	5,737	20,138	8,795

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Fincludes data from the Denver Superior, Juvenile, and Probate Courts.

PA civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

No pending or post-judgment data with a available for the Denver Probate Court.

Disposition data for this court were taken from its annual report.

Pending figures do not balance due to the inclusion of Denver Probate Court fillings and dispositions.

Initings and dispositions.

Includes as miscellaneous cases habeas corpus, mandamus, and other remedial writs, injunctions, etc.

Includes 22,171 cases pending at the start, 7,390 post-judgment actions, 34,251 disposed, and 29,383 pending at the end which were not previously displayed in this table. These correspond to the 34,073 fillings in law, total tort, administrative, papeals, and extraordinary writs.

appeals, and extraordinary writs.

#Total fillings as displayed on the Part I tables include cost-judgment actions.

#The unit of count for criminal cases is the number of defendants in each information/indictment.

#Includes as criminal cases felonies and cases filed as felonies but reduced to

misdemeanors.

Ancludes as non-offense cases extraditions, revocation, parole, and release from commitment hearings.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, Annual Statistical Report of the Colorado Judiclary 1974-75 (Denver, Colorado). Judge and clerk. Denver Probate Court Annual Report 1974-75 (Denver, Colorado). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Colorado Water Court 7 district judges serves July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Post-judgment actions filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil:					
Administrative: Water adjudications Diligence findings Tabulation protests Other Total	X X X X 8,462	1,420 47 18 123 ^b 1,608	627 18 0 3° 648	X X X X 5,046	X X X X 5,672
Total civil	8,462	1,608	648	5,046	5,672
Grand total	8,462	1,608	648	5,046	5,672

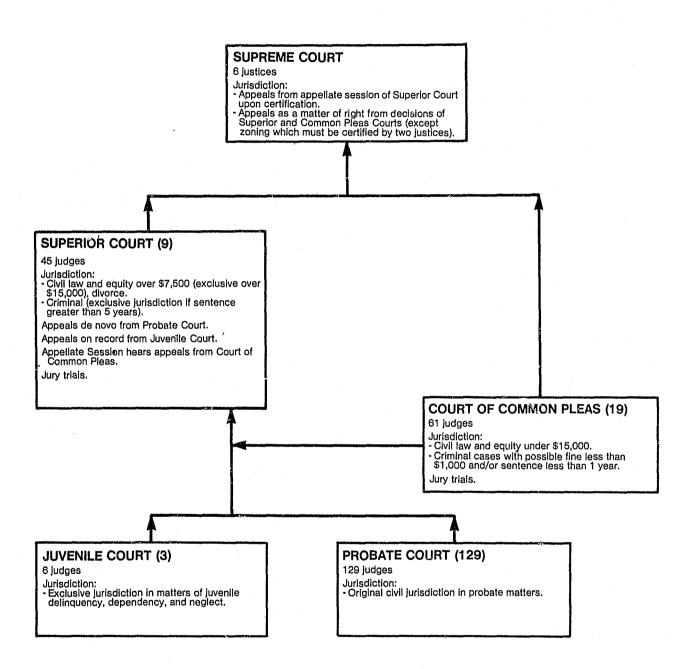
Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Data for this court are included with the general jurisdiction courts since district court judges serve.

bincludes as other cases filings involving springs, waste waters, etc.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, Annual Statistical Report of the Colorado Judiciary 1974-75 (Denver, Colorado), Also unpublished data. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Connecticut court system, 1975



	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
Criminal	N/A	N/A	40	N/A
Contracts	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
Equity	N/A	N/A	29	N/A
Negligence	N/A	N/A	23	N/A
Other torts	N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Construction of wills.	N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Other appeals	N/A	N/A	43	N/A
Appeals from administra-	1177	14775	40	13773
tive agencies	N/A	N/A	45	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	N/A	198	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal: Patitions for				
certification	N/A	N/A	44	N/A
Total other cases	N/A	N/A	44	N/A
10101 01101 00000 111111111				
Total cases*	N/A	N/A	242	N/A
Other proceedings:				
Motions	N/A	N/A	382	N/A
Reservations	N/A	N/A	5	N/A
Total	N/A	N/A	307	N/A
Man	<u>v</u>			
Total other proceedings	N/A	N/A	387	N/A

Disposition of appeals	
AffirmedReversed	140 21
Reversed and re- manded	37

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Chief Court Administrator, Judicial Department, Report of the Judicial Department 1974-76 Bisnnium (Hartford, Connecticut: 1977). Statistics are from the blennial report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Connecticut Superior Courts Court of general jurisdiction 9 courts, 45 judges 1974-1975

			Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	
Civiib:							
Domestic relations: Family docket Other civil:		13,551	15,374	15,461	13,464		
Non-famil	y docket		18,409	9,629	8,655	19,383	
Appeals: Appeliate Total civil			31,960	173 25,176	24,157	132 32,979	
Criminal ^d : Other criminal Criminal of Total criminal	ategorie		2,202′ 2,202	4,941 <u>′</u> 4,941	<u>3,773</u> 3,773	3,370 ^r 3,370	
Grand total		•••••	34,162	30,117	27,930	34,349	
Givil Criminai Total	Jury 406 38 444	Triak Non-Jury 1,377 101 1,478	Total 1,783 139 1,922	Criminal dispositions Dismissed, quashed. 3 Nolled, withdrawn, transferred			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*The civil data are for the period September 1, 1974—August 31, 1975. The criminal data are for the fiscal year July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975.

*A civil case was counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

*The appellate session was established on December 31, 1974. The appeals handled are both civil and criminal.

*The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information of the country of the criminal of the crimi

tion/indictment.

*Felonies and serious misdemeanors are included in the criminal categories.

Data obtained from unpublished report.

A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when the first witness is sworn.

Source: Chief Court Administrator, Judicial Department, Report of the Judicial Department 1974-76 Biennium (Hartford, Connecticut;1977). Also unpublished data. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories-Ilmited jurisdiction courts

Connecticut Court of Common Pleas 19 courts, 61 judges September 1, 1974–August 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:	•			
Family (paternity)	18	9	5	22
Total domestic relations	18	9	5	22

Connecticut Juvenile Court 3 courts, 6 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Referrals filed	Referrals disposed	End pending
Juvenile:				
Delinquency	N/A	15,066	13,978	N/A
Dependency: Neglect	N/A	919	978	N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	15,985	14,956	N/A

Connecticut Probate Court 129 courts, 129 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

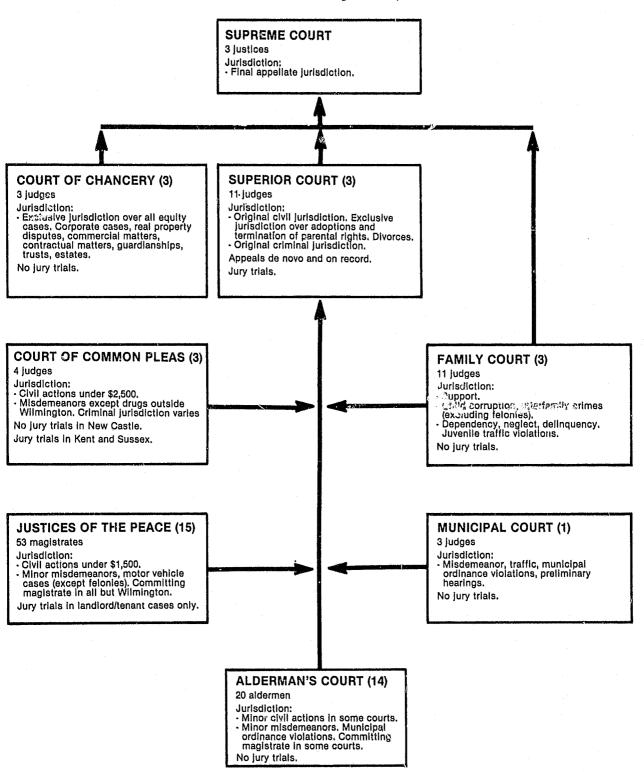
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Adoptions and terminations	N/A N/A	3,297 995	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A	4,292	N/A	N/A
Probate:				
Decedent's estate Guardianship Trustees	N/A N/A N/A	37,099 2,431 6,146	N/A N/A <u>N/A</u>	N/A N/A Ń/A
Total probate	N/A	45,676	N/A	N/A
Mental health:				
Commitments	N/A N/A	1,869 4,042	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Total mental health	N/A	5,911	N/A	N/A
- 1 1				

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Chief Court Administrator, Judicial Department, Report of the Judicial Department 1974-76 Blenmum (Hartford, Connecticut: 1977). Statistics are from the blennium report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Delaware court system, 1975



Delaware Supreme Court Court of last resort 3 justices

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil	124 62 186	213 120 333	198 88 286	139 94 233
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases*	186	333	286	233

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *Civil or criminal appeals were the only matters reported by the court.

Source: Director, Administrative Office of the Courts, 1975, 1976 Report of the Delaware Judiciary (Willmington, Delaware: 1975, 1976). Data reported quarterly; calendar 1975 was computed from the two fiscal year reports. Additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Delaware Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 3 counties, 11 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

			Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending		
Civite:								
Domestic rei Adoption	ations:	arantal	138	277	293	125		
			38 176	81 358	72 365	44 169		
Other civil: Civilb Total civil			4,131 4,307	6,815° 7,173°	4,513 4,878	6,433 6,602		
Criminai ⁴ : Total criminai ^a			1,734¢	4.0870	3,807°	2,014°		
Grand total			6,041	11,260	8,685	8,616		
	Jury	Trial ⁱ Non-jury	Total	Crim	inal dispositi	lons		
Orlminal	313	62	Nolle prosse 375 Guilty plea Trial conviction Acquittal			1,826		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*A civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

bThese civil cases include complaints, divorces, mechanics liens, mortgages, appeals, and miscellaneous civil cases,
"These figures revised by a 1976 state audit.
"The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants brought before Superior

Court by indictment, information, transfer, or appeal.

*These include felonies, misdemeanors, and appeals.

*A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence. A trial is a trial, whether it has one defendant or multiple defendants.

*The unit of count for these dispositions is the charge.

Source: Director, Administrative Office of the Courts, 1975, 1976 Report of the Delaware Judiciary (Wilmington, Delaware: 1975, 1976). Statistics are from the annual reports except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Delaware Court of Chancery Court of general jurisdiction 3 counties, 3 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
CIVII:				
Probate:				
Estates Guardians for minors Guardians for infirm Trusts Other matters Total Mental Health;	2,874* 1,051 439 1,853 244 6,461	1,599 ^b 134 104 97 123 2,057	1,326 ^b 176° 24 81 105 1,712°	3,147 ^b 1,009° 519 1,869 262 6,806°
Trustees for mentally ill	151	7	7	151
Cases	698	386	454*	630•
Total civil	7,310	2,450	2,173	7,587
Grand total	7,310	2,450	2,173	7,587

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*Beginning pending computed from filings, dispositions, and end pendings.

bThese data elements obtained from the 1976 annual report.

These are figures revised by a 1976 state audit.

Cases include corporate cases, equity, real property disputes (boundary and title), commercial matters, contractual matters, Delaware's "Sunshine Law," etc. Corporate matters take up the bulk of time.

These are figures revised by a 1977 state audit.

Source: Director, Administrative Office of the Courts, 1975, 1976 Report of the Delaware Judiciary (Wilmington, Delaware: 1975, 1976). Statistics are from the annual reports except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Delaware Family Court 3 countles, 11 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

There were no data available by category for juvenile cases handled in the Family Court. Total casellow is available.

District of Columbia court system, 1975

COURT OF APPEALS

9 Judges

Jurisdiction:
- Appeals from the Superior Court and certain District of Columbia agencies.

SUPERIOR COURT

44 judges

- 44 judges
 Jurisdiction:
 Unlimited civil jurisdiction.
 Family: domestic relations, mental health, intrafamily and neglect, probate.
 Felony, misdemeanor, traffic, ordinance violations.
 Family: juvenile.

Jury trials.

District of Columbia Court of Appeals Court of last resort 9 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals*: Civil	×	380° 706° 135°	X X	X X X
Total appealsOther cases:	X	1,2215	1,1200	х
Original proceedings: Disciplinary Requests to appeal	(b)	44 (b)	44 (b)	(b)
Total other cases	N/A	44	44	N/A
Total cases*	9250	1,265	1,164	1,0270
Other proceedings: Other matters:				
Procedural motions Substantive motions Total	N/A N/A N/A	5,335 1,321 6,656	5,335 1,321 6,656	N/A N/A N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	6,656	6,656	N/A
Manner of	disposition			
Dismissal/	Written opinion Dismissal/judgment . By ordor			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NGSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Numbers reported as *ppeais* include appeals and petitions for review. *Total pending cases were estimated from bur graphs presented in annual report.

Source: Joint Committee and Executive Officer, 1976 Annual Report (Washington, D. C.). Time to disposition of case data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Platrict of Columbia Superior Courts Court of general jurisdiction 1 court, 44 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Iviii:				
Law:				
Civil Juryo	2,683	3,786	3.336	3,113
Civil non-jurys	758	1,315 5,101	1,499	674
Total	3,421	5,101	4,835	3,687
Small claims , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,127	34,430	34,602	1,955
Landlord and tenanto	198	120,608	120,362	444
Domestic relations;		124,000	140,002	777
Divorced	3,597	4,155	3,789	3,963
Adoption ^d	220	387	439	168
Paternity ^d Support ^d	278 621	293 378	212	359
Reciprocal support	768	929	41 <i>5</i> 722	584 975
Intrafamily ^d	489	795	792	492
Total	5.973	5,937	6,369	6,541
Probate;	-,		4,000	-,-,,
Decedents' estates	N/A	2,430	N/A	N/A
Minora' estates	N/A	177	N/A	N/A
Total	N/A	2,607	N/A	N/A
Mental health: Judicial petitions ^d	78	593	601	70
Administrative:	10	999	gut	ţū
Civil tax	79	83	59	103
Criminal tax	. 0	84	36	28
Total	79	147	95	131
Other civil:		4 44		
Auditor—Master Division	373	1,512	1,589	296
Habeas corpus ^d	10	24	25	259
Total civil	12,259	171,959	168,4781	13,1490
riminal':				
Folony	1,401	4,922	4,315	2,008
Misdemeanor	1,497	14,583	12,781	3,299
Malor triable traffic	473	3.430	2,702	1,209
Other traffic	1,658	73.461	72,041	3,078
Total	2,131	76,899	74,743	4,287
Preliminary hearings	161	9,327	9,245	243
Other criminal:				
Major triable D. S. cases	20	39	47	12
Other District of Columbia cases	174 194	3,115	3,064	225
Total Extraordinary writs:	194	3,154	3,111	237
Special operations/	57_	1,937	1,949	45
Total criminal	5,441	110,822	106,144	10,119
ivenile:		0.000	A A # -	د.ند د
Delinquency	1,267	6,608	6,25 <i>1</i> ′	1,618
Dependencý: Neglecid	218	544	541	221
Children in need of supervision:	210	411	J-71	261
Persons in need of supervisionak	132	604	612	124
Total juvenile	1,617	7,756	7,410	1,963
rand total	19,317*	290,537	282,032*	25,231 ph
	10,011	200,007	radaar	20,201
Trial		Criminal dispositions		
	Total	Committee Gropositions		
• •		Dismissed	3,187	
Criminal 1,095 1,724 2	,819	Nolle prosequi	13,774	
		No paper	10.447	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Joint Committee and Executive Officer, 1976 Annual Report (Washington, D. C.). Superior Court of the District of Columbia, Annual Juvenile Statistical Heport, Calendar Year 1975 (Washington, D. C.). Statistics are computed from the annual report and Annual Juvenile Statistical Report, except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}Data are displayed according to case types, not court divisions as they exist in

^{*}Data are displayed according to case types, not court divisions as they exist in the Superior Court.

*Civil jury and non-jury cases are counted when they are placed on the calendar.

*These cases handled by Givil Division.

*These cases handled by Family Division.

*These cases handled by Tax Division.

*These cases handled by Tax Division.

*Includes an upward adjustment of 16 cases by the court in the number of pending cases for habeas corpus cases.

*Does not include estate cases in the disposition or pending data. Estate cases are included in the filling figures.

*These cases handled by Criminal Division The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment or complaint.

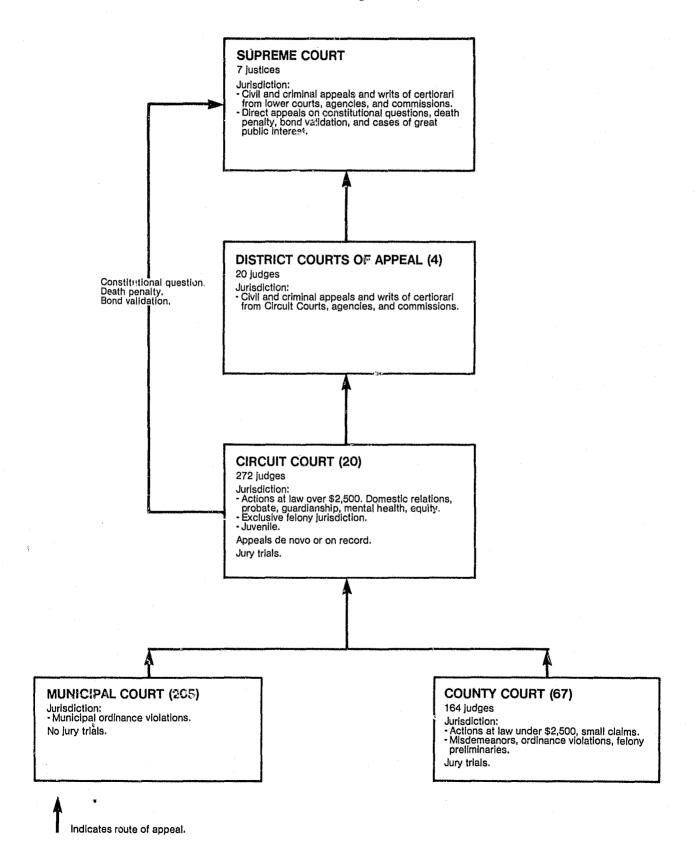
*Special operations include fugitive-from-justice complaints, writs of habeas corpus, out-of-state witnesses, and show-cause-of-contempt proceedings.

*These data elements obtained from Annual Juvenile Statistical Report.

*A jury trial is counted if it is tried to verdict; a non-jury trial if it is tried to decision.

Ē.

Florida court system, 1975



Flarida Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Justices

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals	<u>N/A</u>	247	170	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	247	170	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus	N/A	180	156	N/A
Mandamus	N/A	53	40	N/A
Prohibition	N/A	19	17	N/A
Florida bar	1110	13	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	WA
(disciplinary)	N/A	105	97	N/A
Certified questions	N/A	5	6	N/A
Total	N/A	362	316	N/A
Requests to appeal: Writs of certiorari				
from DCA	N/A	1,009	732	N/A
Circuit courts	N/A	7	5	N/A
tions com- mission	N/A	183	206	N/A
Public service	MIZA	38	25	N/A
commission	N/A N/A	1,237	968	N/A
Total				
Total other cases	N/A	1,559	1,284	N/A
Total cases*	N/A	1,846	1,454	N/Aª
Other proceedings:				
Rehearing requests	66	363	365	64
Board of bar examiners .	N/A	57	60	N/A
Other		44	44	N/A
Total	N/A	101	104	<u> N/A</u>
Total other proceedings	N/A	464	469	N/A°

Manner of disposition Written opinion.....

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Board of Bar Examiners (bar admission matters) and other matters were reported as original proceedings but were shifted to other proceedings for comparability with other profiles.

Florida reported 1,233 matters pending at year end; however, they were not identified as either cases or other proceedings.

Source: State Court Administrator, Judicial System Statistical Report 1975 (Taliahassee, Florida). Origin of case data is available. Statistics are from annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Florida District Courts of Appeal Intermediate appellate court 4 districts, 20 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:	N/A	6,960	6,219	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	6,960	6,219	N/A
Original proceedings Requests to appeal:	N/A	528	392	N/A
Certiorari	N/A	361	275	N/A
Total other cases	N/A	889	667	N/A
Total cases	N/A	7,849	6,886	N/Ab
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters Total other proceedings	283 <u>N/A</u> N/A	1,319 48 1,367	1,233 20 1,253	369 N/A N/A

Manner of disposition	
Written opinion	1,362
Per curiam	2,834
Rehearings Dismissai/withdrawal	1,233
Dismissal/withdrawal	1,104
Other,	1,606

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Florida reported 5,487 matters pending at year end; however, they were not identified as cases or other matters.

Source: State Court Administrator, Judicial System Statistical Report 1975 (Tallahassee, Florida). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Florida Circuit Courts Court of general jurisdiction 20 circuits, 272 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed⁵	Disposed	End pending
ilylle:				
Auto tort	X	17,794	15,047	×
Non-auto tort	X	7,085	5,429	×
Contract: Contract and Indebtedness	×	34,303	28,300	х
Property rights:	^	34,303	20,000	^
Eminent domain	X	288	322	X.
Landlord and tenant	X X X	328	706	X
Mortgage foreclosures	X	17,606 3,684	13,948 3,051	Š
Real property	â	2,378	1,754	XXXXX
Total	X X	24,284	19,781	Ŷ
Domestic relations:		20.074	04 704	.,
Dissolution and annulment	X X X	80,674 20,025	81,701 12,036	X X X
Support and custody	ŷ	5,230	4,075	ŷ
Total	X	105,929	97,812	X
Probate:				
Probate	Š	28,853	31,220	X
Guardianship Truats	\$	3,609 2,863	666 734	- ≎
Other probate	X X X	3,125	2,262	â
Total	X	38,450	34,882	X X X X X
Mental health	х	11,239	13,427	X
Administrative: Bond validation	x	154	338	v
Tax litigation	Ŷ	216	160	X X
Total	X	370	498	Ŷ.
Other civil:				
Other complaints	X X	8,579	6,666 4,618	X X X
Other petitions	Ŷ	4,251 12,830	4,616 11,284	Ŷ
Appeals:	^	12,000	11,204	^
Appeals—certiorari	X	933	677	Х
Extraordinary writs: Habeas corpus	х	871	788	х
Total civil	203,633	254,148	227,925	229,856
Criminal o				
Felony:				
Criminal categories	42,421	82,069	72,393	52,097
Appeals	42	153	50	145
Total criminal	42,463	82,222	72,443	52,242
luvenile:				
DefinquencyDependency:	х	35,665	32,029	х
Dependency	X	10,677	9.399	. x
Dependency change or modification	â	2,239	1,949	â
Terminate dependency	X X X	325	309	X
TotalChildren in need of supervision	X	13,241	11,657	X X X X
Children in need of supervision		2,574	2,794	
Violation of or modify probation	X	2,544	2,378	х
Violation of or modify supervision	X	480	553	X
Terminate probation	X	5,127	5,024	X
Terminate supervision	Ş	1,405 1,775	1,387 1,493	Š
Total	-	11,331	10,835	××××
Total juvenile	15,271	62,811	57,315	20,767
Grand total	261,367	399,181	357,683	302,865
Trial*	Total	Criminal dispositions		
Jury Non-Jury	Total	Dismissal	2,649	
Civil 1,818 44,655 4	16,473	Nolle prosse	11,965	
			· K H79	
Oriminal 4,361 2,094	6,455	No information	1 302	
	6,455 52,928	Acquittal	1,392 33,358	

Source: State Court Administrator, Judicial System Statistical Report 1975 (Taliahassee, Florida). Also unpublished data. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

^{*}Data were obtained from unpublished reports that updated the annual report. Total figures, fillings by category, trial data, and disposition types are available in the

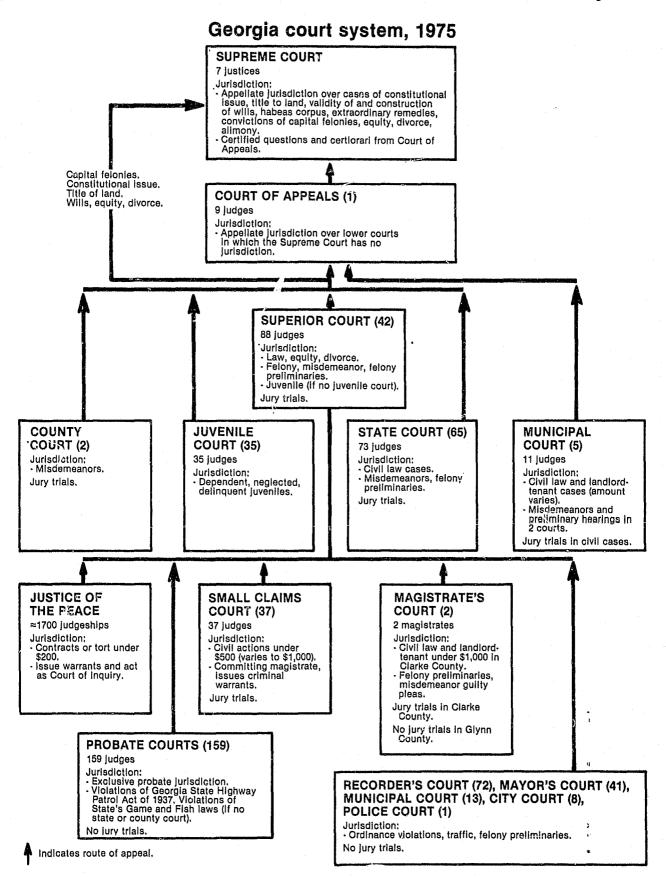
findludes both original and supplemental filings. Dispositons are for both types of

Ancitudes both original and supplemental filings. Dispositors are for both types of fillings.

"A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.

"The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment or complaint.

"A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.



Georgia Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
Civil	Ņ/A	652	X	N/A
Criminal	N/A	226	X X	N/A
Other appeals	N/A	11	X _	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	889	893	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings; Requests to appeal: Applications for				
certiorari	N/A	288	N/A	N/A
(habeas corpus) Application for	N/A	106	N/A	N/A
interlocutory appeal	N/A	30	N/A	N/A
Total	N/A	424	N/A	N/A
Total other cases	N/A	424	N/A	N/A
Total cases	N/A	1,313	N/A	N/A

Manner of Disposition Written opinion..... Transfer.....

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space \Rightarrow Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. N/A \Rightarrow This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X \Rightarrow The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Clerk, Supreme Court of Georgia, "Caseload Data for Fiscal Year 1975-76" (unpublished). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Georgia Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 9 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

The Georgia Court of Appeals did not provide any data for 1975.

Georgia Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 42 circuits, 88 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

There were no data available for the Superior Court for fiscal year 1975. Data were collected for fiscal year 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics; Annual Report, 1976.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

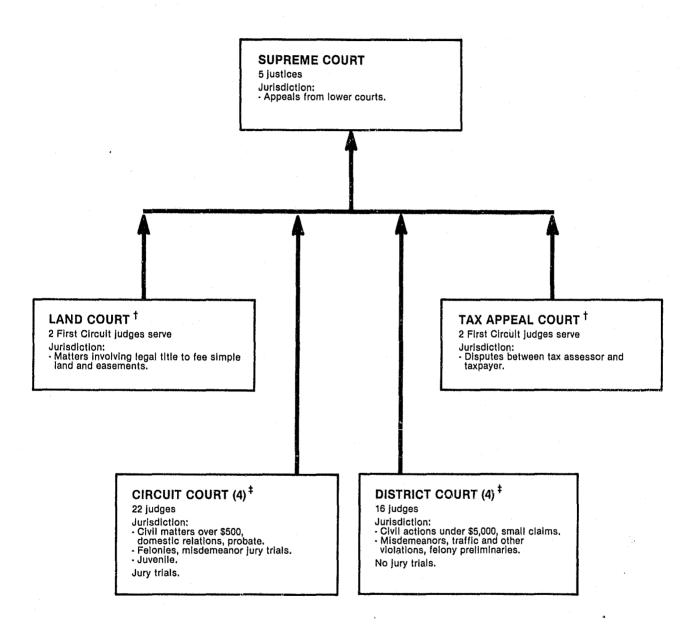
Georgia Juvenile Court 35 courts, 35 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

There were no data available for juvenile cases handled in the Juvenile Court for fiscal year 1975. Data were collected for fiscal year 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Georgia Probate Court 159 courts, 159 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

There were no data available for probate cases handled in the Probate Court for fiscal year 1975.

Hawaii court system, 1975



Indicates route of appeal.

The Land Court and Tax Appeal Court hear special cases, but are considered general jurisdiction courts for this report because circuit judges serve.

[†] The Circuit Court and District Court are both courts of record. District Courts hear high volume cases. Circuit Courts hear all jury trials. For our purposes, the Circuit Courts are considered courts of general jurisdiction

Hawaii Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices July 1, 1974–June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeala: Civil	107 49 13 169	105 78 6 189	69 65 6 140	143 62 13 218
Other cases: Original proceedings Habeas corpus Prohibition Other Total Requests to appeal	2 0 1 3	0 3 2 5	1 3 1 5	1 0 2 3
Total other cases	·····			
Total cases	172	194	145	221
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters:	3	11	12	2
Motions Total other proceedings	11	242 253	248 260	<u>5</u> 7
Manner of disposition	Dispos	sition of	appeals	
Written opinion 75 Memorandum 22 Dismissal/withdrawal 42 Other 266	Affirme Revers Partial Revers man	edsedly affirma sed and ded	re-	50 10 6 22

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Administrative Directory of the Courts, State of Hawaii: Annual Report 1974-75 (Honolulu, Hawaii). Source of case data is included in the annual report. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Hawail Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 4 circuits, 22 judges July 1, 1974-June 36, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ivile:				
Auto tort	1,597	879	1,072	1,404
Non-auto fort	845	441	473	813
Contract	1,436	1,408	1,350	1,494
Property rights: Condemnation	143	75	83	135
Lande	10	,5	53	9
Mechanic's and materialmen's liens	75	32 0	30 8	87
_ Total,,	228	395	392	231
Domestic relations:	0.000	4.000	4 000	
DivorceAnnulment	2,365 35	4,932 27	4,803 35	2,494 27
Separation and separate maintenance	108	106	113	101
Uniform reciprocal enforcement	279	639	578	340
Adoption	391	812	783	420
Paternity	189 256	50 233	109 203	130
Adult's referrals	262	648	203 634	286 276
Supplemental proceedings	1.939	1,658	1,977	1,620
Total	5,824	9,105	9,235	5,694
Probate:	****	**.	***	
Regular probate	1,996 490	921 397	736	2,181
Small estate under \$700	269	297	416 310	471 256
Guardianship proceedings	3.897	422	360	3,959
Total ^g	6,652	2,037	1,822	6,867
Other civil:				
Naturalization	172 1,468	422 938	500 837	94
Other civil action	197	243	132	1,599 308
Supplemental proceedings	521	703	566	658
District Court transfers	85	BA	55	94
Total	2,443	2,400	2,090	2,753
Total civil	19,025	16,665	16,434	19,256
riminal:				
Felony ^g Misdemeanor ^g	1,332 503	1,590 455	1,593 504	1,329 454
Other criminal:	500	400	304	454
Criminal actions in family court	10	41	31	20
Total criminal	1,845	2,086	2,128	1,803
uvenile:				
Delinquency:	4 544	4.000	4.500	4 0
Láw violation Dependency:	1,571	4,669	4,563	1,677
Needing services	167	201	211	157
Children in need of supervision:				
Needing protective supervision	523	1,501	1,578	446
Traffic	282	677	788	171
Other juvenile:	99	143	177	65
Supplemental proceedings	317	54B	432	433
Total	416	691	609	498
Total juvenile	2,959	7,739	7,749	2,949
· ·				
rand total	23,829	26,490	26,311	24,008
	Triai [†]			
Jury	Non-Jury	Total		
Clvil 120	196	316		
Criminal 194	97	291		
Total 314	293	607		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Administrative Director of the Courts, State of Hawaii Annual Report 1974-75 (Honolulu, Hawaii). Also a telephone conversation. Statistics are from the annual report and a telephone conversation except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}Civil cases are counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

*Does not include land cases handled by the land court.

*Mental health cases are contained in the probate statistics.

*Includes supplemental proceedings on criminal as well as civil cases,

*These are cases initiating in the District Court and demanding a jury trial.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

*Data breakdown was obtained via telephone conversation with the office of the administrative director of the courts.

*Jury trials are counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trials with the opening statement or introduction of any evidence.

Hawaii Land Court 2 circuit judges serves July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil:				
Property righta	65	49	38	76
Total civil	65	49	38	76
Grand total	65	49	38	76

Hawaii Tax Appeal Court 2 circuit judges serve* July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil:				
Administrative	55	189	197	47
Total civil	55	189	197	47
Grand total	55	189	197	47

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*Data for these courts are included with the general jurisdiction courts since circuit judges serve. Some land cases are also handled in the Circuit Court.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, State of Hawali Annual Report 1974-75 (Honolulu, Hawaii). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Idaho court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT

5 justices

Jurisdiction:

- Appeals from administrative agencies.
 Original jurisdiction in claims against state (advisory opinions).
 Appeals from interim orders and final
- judgments in District Court.

DISTRICT COURT (7)

24 judges

- Jurisdiction:
 Original jurisdiction in civil,
 Domestic relations.
 Original jurisdiction in criminal,
 Felonies, post-conviction review.
 Appeals from lower courts and state
 agencies and boards.

Appeals de novo.

Jury trials.

MAGISTRATES DIVISION OF DISTRICT COURT (7)

64 Judges

Jurisdiction:

- Jurisdiction:
 Civil actions over \$5,000. Property
 rights, probate, small claims under \$300.
 Misdemeanors, felony preliminaries.
- Juvenile.

Jury trials except in small claims.

Idaho Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil:				
Auto negligence Tax appeals YRA and GPA Other Total Griminal:	9	9	12	6
	2	4	2	4
	2	0	1	1
	166	168	157	171
	179	181	172	188
Convictions	57	60	50	67
	38	15	31	20
	2	10	5	7
	95	85	86	94
commission Public utility commission Total	18	31	29	20
	3	10	3	10
	21	41	32	30
	295	307	290	312
Other cases: Original proceedings: Habeas corpus Mandamus Prohibition Disciplinary Other Total Requests to appeal Total other cases	0	1	1	0
	2	11	12	1
	0	7	5	2
	N/A	4	5	N/A
	3	8	11	0
	5	31	34	3
Total cases	3005	338	324	3155
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests. Other matters: Extension of time. Motion to dismiss. Other. Total. Total other proceedings.	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	31 358 148 343 849 880	27 358 123 342 823 850	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

Manner of disposition Written opinion..... 176

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space • Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court,
N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable,

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Total casellow numbers do not add up because of missing pending data for

disciplinary proceedings.

YRA cases are juvenile delinquency cases under the Youth Rehabilitation Act.
CPA cases are Child Protection Act cases involving dependent or neglected children. Juvenile proceedings are considered civil proceedings in Idaho.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Idaho Courts 1975 Annual Report, Statistical Appendix (Boise, Idaho). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

	Beginning* pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
SIVIII:				······································
Unclassified tort:	4			
Personal Injury/property damage	918	819	675	1,062
Small claims	46	16	49	13
Domestic relations	2,273	4,205	4,342	2,136
Support proceedings	442	1,084	899	627
Adoption	N/A	3	17	N/A
Total ^c ,	2,715°	5,292	5,258	2,763
Informal estate	65	6	61	10
Formal estate	14	10	15	9
Guardianship of minors	6	1	. 6	ĭ
Total	85	17	82	20
Mental health:	•		_	
Guardianship of incapacitated	6	2	7	, 1
Other complaints and patitions	3,318	3.276	3,087	3,507
All other special hearings	39	48	60	27
Total	3,357	3,324	3,147	3.534
Appeal:			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-•
Civil appeal	67	117	89	95
Special proceeding appeald	7 74	20 137	12 101	15
Extraordinary writs:	74	137	101	110
Habeas corpus	30	94	92	32
Total civil	7,2310	9,701	9,411	7,535¢
	1,201-	3,701	5,411	7,000
riminal*:				
Felony:	0.5	222	0.0	4
Felony—drugFelony—driving while intoxicated	85 30	332	319	98
Other felony	597	123 2,040	108 2.090	45 547
Total	712	2,495	2,517	690
Misdemeanor:	*	21.100	2,017	
Misdemeanor-drug	124	247	317	54 3
Misdemeanordriving while Intoxicated	18	_29	44	3
Other misdemeanor	58	264	293	29
Total	200 28	540 9	654 31	86 6
Appeals	39	50	48	41
Total criminal	979	3,094	3,250	823
ivenile:				
Delinquency:		_	_	
Youth Rehabilitation Act—drug	1 2	Ŏ	0 7	1
Youth Rehabilitation Act—other	3	6 6	' 7	1 2
Dependency;	•	· ·	,	-
Child protective act	0	11	9	2
Total juvenile	3	17	16	4
rand total	8,2139	12,812	12,677	8.362°
wiw (Oldharetter), (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0,213*	12,812	110,21	6'865.
		_		
Triat				
Clyll	3,067			
Civil appeal				
Griminai Griminai appeai	403			
Juvenile				

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Idaho Courts 1975 Annual Report, Statistical Appendix (Bolse, Idaho). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Total.....

3,506

^{*}Beginning pending figures were computed from filings, dispositions, and end

^{*}Beginning pending figures were computed from filings, dispositions, and end pendings.

*A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

*Does not include pending adoption cases.

*May include some juvenile appeals as special proceeding appeals.

*The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

^{&#}x27;A trial is counted if it is begun.

Idaho Magistrates Divisions 7 districts, 64 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning ^b pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile:				***************************************
Unclassified tort: Personal injury/property damage	221 1,897	306 9.045	217 8.833	310 2,109
Domestic relations:	•		-,	
Domestic relations Support proceedings Adoption Total	1,194 421 209 1,824	3,827 1,212 1,010 6,049	3,441 1,016 978 5,435	1,580 617 241 2,438
Probate: Informal estate	1,014	2,227	1,730	1,511
Formal estate Guardianship of minors Total	1,223 168 2,403	1,334 194 3,755	1,390 218 3,338	1,167 142 2,820
Mental health: Guardianship of incapacitated	158	163	165	156
Other clvII: Other complaints and petitions	4,084 107	7,467 724	8,471 617	5,080 214
Total	4,191	8,191	7,088	5,294
Habeas corpus	10,700	<u>14</u> 27,523	25,088	13,135
Criminal [#] :	•			
Misdemeanor: Misdemeanor—drug. Misdemeanor—driving while intoxicated Other misdemeanor Total. Traffic Felony preliminary:	179 1,037 2,509 3,725 2,515	1,017 6,288 19,385 26,690 171,048	959 6,226 18,784 25,969 170,112	237 1,099 3,110 4,446 3,451
Felony—drug Felony—driving while intoxicated Other felony	32 14 823 869	578 223 4,017 4,818	511 191 3,676 4,378	99 46 1,164 1,309
Total criminal	7,109	202,558	200,459	9,206
luvenile:				
Delinquency: Youth Rehabilitation Actdrug	71 0	171	155	87
Youth Rehabilitation Act—driving while intoxicated	1,435 1,506	6,700 6,875	6,475 6,634	1,660 1,747
Child protection act	393	631	724	300
Total juvenile	1,899	7,506	7,358	2,047
Grand total	19,708	237,585	232,905	24,388

Triai	
Civil Criminal Juvenilė	9,178 6,567 3,301
Total	19.046

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

The Magistrates Division is a division of the District Court and its data are included in the general jurisdiction tables.

*Beginning pending figures were computed from the fillings, dispositions, and end

A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment or complaint.
•All trials that have begun are counted.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Idaho Courts 1975 Annual Report, Statistical Appendix (Bolse, Idaho). Statistics are from the annual report and statistical appendix except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

SUPREME COURT 7 judges Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: Discretional original jurisdiction in revenue, mandamus, prohibition, and habeas corpus. Appeals as a matter of right from Circuit Court when death sentence imposed and from appellate court when federal or state constitutional quantitation. federal or state constitutional question arises for the first time or on certificate by the appellate court. Other appeals from Circuit and Appellate Court as provided by Supreme Court rule. Redistricting of General Assembly. Ability of Governor to serve or resume office. Admission and discipline of attorneys. APPELLATE COURT (5 DISTRICTS) 34 judges Jurisdiction: Death sentence. · Appeals as a matter of right except in cases appealable directly to the Supreme Court or from judgments Other appeals provided by rule. of acquittal in criminal cases. Direct review of administrative actions as provided by law. **CIRCUIT COURT (21)** 603 circuit and associate judges Jurisdiction: All justiclable matters except where the Supreme Court has original and ex-clusive jurisdiction or where the Supreme Court exercises discretionary original jurisdiction. - Review of administrative action as provided by law.

Illinois Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Judges

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: (Cases accepted)				
Civil	118 65	182 59	147 79	153 45
Total appeals		241	226	198
Other cases; Original proceedings; (Cases accepted)				
GlvII	1	4	4	1 2 5 8
Criminal	1 2 2	8	8 3 15	5
Total	5	18	15	8
appeal: Civil	74 60 134	321 375 696	333 350 683	62 85 147
Civil Criminal Total Original action case motions≪	2 0 2	52 4 56	54 4 58	0
Civil	2 1 3	26 51 78	27 51 78	0
Total other cases	144	846	834	156
Total cases*	327bcd	1,08750	1,06000	354000

Manner of disposition Written opinion.....

183

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, bCases accepted for appeal are petitions for leave to appeal that were granted and granted motions for direct appeal (which include public interest cases), industrial commission cases, statute-hold-invalid cases, and death penalty cases).

*Original proceedings (cases accepted) are original action motions granted, #Requests to appeal disposed of during the year include orders granting and danying potitions for leave to appeal, motions for direct appeal, and motions in original actions acases. Therefore, there is some double counting between petitions or motions granted and appeals or original actions accepted. or motions granted and appeals or original actions accepted.

Source: Unpublished statistical report provided by clerk of the Supreme Court and by the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts. Statistics are from this unpublished report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Illinois Appellate Court Intermediate appellate court 5 districts, 34 elected judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

		Beginning Filed pending		Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil		1,691 1,893 3,584	1,721 2,414 4,135	1,610 2,035 3,845	1,804 2,270 4,074
Total other cases	·· -	3,584	4,135	3,645	4,074
Manner of disposition Full opinion		Affirm Rever Affirm Dismit Modif	sition of a led led in part sed led		1,673 704 214 69 74 911

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, 1975 Annual Report of the Supreme Court of lillinois (Chicago, Illinois). Data regarding time to disposition of cases are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have somtimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

				Beginning pendinga	Filed	Disposed	End pendings
Civile:							
i.aw: Law under \$15,000 Law over \$15,000 Total Small claims		**************		N/A N/A N/A N/A	125,564 34,409 159,973 184,425	116,946 28,275 145,221 187,881	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Equity: Chancery		*******		N/A	21,224	16,640	₫ 1/A
Property rights; Eminent domain		************		N/A	687	761	N/A
Domestic relations: Divorce				N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	68,969 16,081 85,030 32,674 8,691	66,083 13,436 79,519 28,432 8,328	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Administrative: Tax Municipal corporations Total		******		N/A N/A N/A	134,326 220 134,546	130,115 178 130,293	N/A N/A N/A
Other civil: Miscellaneous remedies				N/A	5,414	4,979	N/À
Total civil		,		N/A	632,664	602,054	N/A
Criminai ^o : Fetony		************		N/A N/A N/A	32,828 481,743 2,159,730	28,720 456,122 2,068,334	N/A N/A N/A
Ordinance violations* Conservation violations* Total.			موجونة وميريونيون	N/A N/A N/A	77,453 6,276 83,729	71,689 6,180 77,869	N/A N/A N/A
Total oriminal		**********		N/A	2,755,030	2,631,045	N/A
luvenile:							
Total Juvenile		************		N/A	27,983	30,266	N/A
Grand total		************		N/A	3,418,677	3,263,365	N/A
	Jury	Trial [®] Non-Jury	Total		Criminal dispositions		
Civile	1.497	N/A	N/A		Diamissed	13,747	

N/A 2,585

N/A

Total.....

Civile...... Criminal^h.....

Bold/ace headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

2,577

N/A 1,505

*Data for cases pending are maintained for most categories of cases in the Circuit Cook County.

*These include changes in filings due to transfers in or transfers out of the count's jurisdiction for cases in each category.

*A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.

*The criminal unit of count is the number of informations/indictments or complaints.

*The ordinance and conservation violations cases are included in the misdemeanor category in the Circuit Court of Cook County. Does not include post-judgment or post-termination matters for ordinance or conservation violations cases.

*A trial is counted if it is completed.

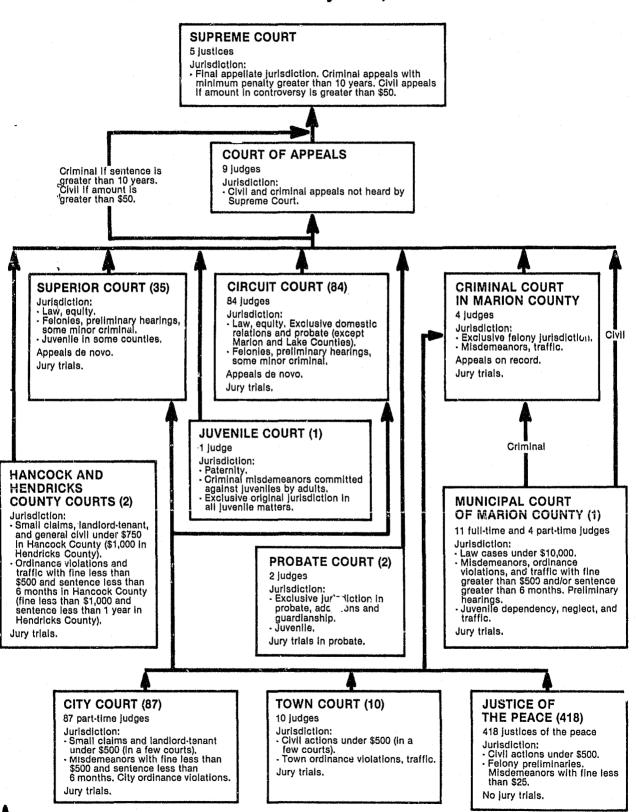
*Data were only available for jury trials in law cases.

*These include only criminal trials and criminal dispositions for felony cases. Each defendant is counted for oriminal trials and criminal dispositions.

Source: Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, 1975 Annual Report to the Supreme Court of Illinois (Chicago, Illinois). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Indicates route of appeal.

Indiana court system, 1975



Indiana Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

Prior to 1976, the Supreme Court of Indiana did not compile data regarding appellate review work or original jurisdiction matters pending before the court.

Starting in 1976, the court has compiled an annual calendar year progress report on work before the court. The 1976 progress report has been received by this project and will be used to incorporate Indiana Supreme Court data in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Indiana Court of Appeals
Intermediate appellate court
9 judges
January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning Filed Dispose pending			End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil	<u>X</u>	317 [™] 284 [™] 25 [™] 626 [™]	X X X 488	X X X 499
Other cases; Original proceedings Requests to appeal		NH	NH	NH
Total other cases				
Total cases	361	626bo	488	499
Other proceedings: Other matters: Motions to dismiss/affirm Chief judge matters Total Total other proceedings	16	128 2,190 2,318 2,318	114 2,190 2,304 2,304	30 30 30

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

NH = This case type is not handled in this court.

not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Cases are assigned to the Court of Appeals by the Supreme Court. Court of Appeals does not have original jurisdiction.

"Cases filed are "fully briefed cases" forwarded to the court by the clerk's office. During 1975 there were 892 cases (511 civil and 381 criminal) filed with the clerk's office. It is unknown whether the cases filed with the clerk but not filed with the court were disposed by, or were pending with, the clerk.

Source: Administrator's Office, Indiana Court of Appeals, "Indiana Court of Appeals 1975, 1976 Statistics" (unpublished). Statistics are from this unpublished material except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Indiana Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 84 circuits, 84 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for the Circuit Court for 1975. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics; Annual Report, 1976.

Indiana Superior Court
Court of general jurisdiction
35 courts
1975 December 31

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for the Superior Court for 1975. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Criminal Court of Marion County, Indiana Court of general jurisdiction 1 court, 4 judges January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

There were no data available for the Criminal Court in Marion County for 1975. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Indiana Juvenile Court 1 court, 1 judge January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data evallable for juvenile or domestic relations (paternity) cases handled in the Juvenile Court for 1975. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Indiana Probate Court 2 courts, 2 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate, juvenile, or domestic relations (adoptions) cases handled in the Probate Court. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Municipal Court of Marion County, Indiana 1 Court, 11 full-time and 4 part-time judges January 1, 1975–December 31,1975

There were no data available for juvenile cases handled in the Municipal Court for 1975. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

lowa court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT

9 justices

Jurisdiction:
- Appeals as of right in all cases from District Court except real estate under \$1,000 or decisions on small claims appeals.

DISTRICT COURT (8)

83 judges

Jurisdiction:

- General and original civil, probate.
 General and original criminal.
- Juvenile.

Appeals de novo in non-indictable criminal cases. Jury trials.

DISTRICT COURT (8)

20 district associate judges 10 regular full-time magistrates
3 substitute magistrates

Jurisdiction:

Civil actions \$3,000 or less.
 Misdemeanors, indictable misdemeanors.

Preliminary hearings.

- Juvenile.

Jury trials in indictable misdemeanors.

DISTRICT COURT (8)

191 part-time magistrates

Jurisdiction:

- Small claims under \$1,000. Forcible entry and
- detainer.

 Non-indictable misdemeanor (fine less than \$100 or sentence less than 30 days; not both).

 Preliminary examination, warrants.

No jury trial in small claims.

Jury trial in criminal cases.

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil	552 229 781	594 392 1,086	584 284 868	662 337 999 ^b
Total cases*	781	1,086	868	9996
Other proceedings: Other matters: Motions and orders Total other proceedings	N/A N/A	1,591 1,591	1,591 1,591	N/A N/A
Manner of disposition Written opinion	Affirm Rever	sition of ed sed	24 9	2 7 3

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. bYear end pending cases were computed on the basis of available data.

Source: Court Administrator of the Judicial Department, 1875 Report Relating to the Courts of lowa (Des Moines, Iowa: 1975). Time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the cierk of the appeals court.

lowa District Court Court of general jurisdiction 8 districts* January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

			Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civili						
Small claims: Small claims Smal		***********	645 385* X 13,950'	9,384 11,731 X 63,582 ^r	9,055 11,566 43,924 64,645	974 550 11,463 12,987
Probate: Estate [®] . Guardianship and conservatorship [®] Trusteeship [®] Total	*****************	***********	N/A N/A N/A N/A	18,397 3,558 685 22,640	17,074 N/A N/A 17,074	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Other civil: Regular civil Regular civil Total		,	X X 32,281	37,558 405 37,963	35,737 411 36,148	X X 34,096
Total civil			46,231/	124,185	117,767	47,083/
Criminal ^k : Falony: Regular criminal ^{pi}		***********	8,379"	23,600#	14,874	9,760‴
Misdemeanor: Regular criminal ⁱⁿ Non-indictable state ^o Non-indictable state ^o Total Felony preliminaries ^c :	***********************	************	(n) 3,830 5,777° 9,607°	(n) 48,820 115,173 163,993 ⁿ	7,345 46,210 114,756 168,311	(n) 6,440 6,194 12,634"
Preliminary examination: Preliminary examination: Total			1,089 886° 1,975	7,870 9,635 17,505	7,281 9,431 16,712	1,678 1,090 2,768
Other criminal: Non-indictable ordinancec Non-indictable ordinanced Total	*******************		34,143 5,463* 39,606	114,790 96,924 211,714	94,804 95,703 190,507	54,129 6,684 60,813
Total criminal	***************************************		59,567	416,812	390,404	85,975
luvenite: Juvenite" Juvenite"			N/A N/A	2,685 3,000	2,245 3,290	N/A N/A
Total juvenile	***********	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	N/A	5,685	5,535	N/A
Grand total	*********************		105,7980	546,682	513,706*	133,058°
		Jury	Trial ^a Non-jury	Total		
	Civil Griminal	398 1,192	16,111 67,029	16,509 68,221		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X=The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Total.....

1,590

83,140

84,730

*Includes cases handled by 83 district and 20 district associate judges, 10 regular full-time, 3 substitute, and 191 part-time magistrates.

A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

Cases handled by district associate judges and regular full-time magistrates.

Beginning pending was calculated from fillings, dispositions, and end pondings. Includes cases handled by the clerk.

Cases handled by district judges.

Does not include guardianship and conservatorship or trusteeship dispositions for probate, total civil or grand total dispositions.

Cases handled by associate judges, regular full-time and substitute magistrates.

Does not include pending for probate in the total civil or grand total pending. The criminal unit of count is the number of informations/indictments.

Includes felonies and appeals as regular criminal cases handled by the district judges.

Includes felonies and appeals as regular criminal cases nancied by the district judges.

"Pending and filing under felony is total for all regular criminal (felony, appeal, indictable misdemeanors).

"Pending and filings for regular criminal (indictable misdemeanors) is under regular criminal (felony).

"Includes preliminary examinations on felonies and indictable misdemeanors.

"Poes not include juvenile or probate pending in the total pending figure.

"Jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; contested non-jury trials when the first witness is sworn. first witness is sworn.

Source: Court Administrator of the Judicial Department, 1975 Report Relating to the Courts of lows (Des Moines, lows: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Kansas court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT

7 lustices Jurisdiction: Final appellate jurisdiction in civil matters over \$500 and in all criminal matters. Original jurisdiction in injunctions, quo warranto. and mandamus, **DISTRICT COURT (29)** 63 Judges Jurisdiction: Unlimited original civil jurisdiction except in certain probate cases, Unlimited original criminal jurisdiction except in city ordinance violation cases. No juvenile jurisdiction. Appellate jurisdiction from lower courts. **PROBATE COURTS (105) COUNTY COURTS (93)** Probate judges serve 105 judges Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: Probate wills, settle estates, guardianship, committing the insane, - Civil under \$1,000. - Felony preliminaries, misdemeanors, traffic (less than \$2,500 fine or 1 year and habeas corpus cases. imprisonment). Jury trials in most counties. **JUVENILE COURTS (105)** CITY COURTS (8) 101 probate judges serve plus 4 8 ludges separate juvenile judges Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: Civil under \$3,000. Felony preliminaries, misdemeanors, traffic (less than \$2,500 fine or Exclusive jurisdiction over delinquent, miscreant, wayward, truant, dependent, and neglected children, as well as 1 year imprisonment). luvenile traffic offenders. Jury trials. MUNICIPAL COURTS **MAGISTRATES COURT (5)** Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: - Miscemeanors, city ordinance violations, Civil under \$3,000. Felony preliminaries, misdemeanors, traffic (less than \$2,500 fine or 1 year imprisonment). including traffic (less than \$499 fine or 1 year imprisonment). No jury trials. Jury trials. **COURT OF COMMON PLEAS (1)** 4 judges Jurisdiction: - Civil under \$3,000. Felony preliminaries, misdemeanors, traffic (less than \$2,500 fine or 1 year imprisonment. Jury trials. Indicates route of appeal.

134 State Court Profiles

Kansas Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeala:				
Civil	138	223	213	148
Criminal		122	119	80
Total appeals	2150	345	332	228°
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus	N/A	X	3	N/A
Mandamus	N/A	X	3 5	N/A
Disciplinary	0	X X X 23 ^b	10	0
Other		X	2	N/A
Total		236	20	10
Requests to appeal	•			
Total other cases	7	235	20	10
Total cases*	222°	368	352	2380
Other proceedings:				
Other matters:				
Application for intermediate	_			_
relief	0	32	32	0_
Total other proceedings	0	32	32	0

Manner of disposition Written opinion..... 290 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Data on the number of each type of original proceedings filed are not available.

Annual report totals do not include the following appeals data which were supplied by the state court administrator's office:

420 appeals pending but not docketed at start of fiscal year;

211 appeals terminated prior to docketing during fiscal year;

494 appeals pending but not docketed at end of fiscal year.

Source: Judicial Council, Kansas Judicial Council Bulletin 1975, 49th Annual Report (Topeka, Kansas: December 1975). Also phone contact with state court administrator's office. Age of pending cases and time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Kansas District Court Court of general jurisdiction 29 districts, 63 judges July 1, 1974—June 30,1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ivie:				
Auto tort	1,711	1,289	1,500	1,500
Non-auto tort	1,359	1,304	1,205	1,458
Contract,,,	3,451	6,061	5,802	3.710
Property rights:	-,,	4,441	-,	011.10
Foraclosure	506	1,124	1,087	543
Real property	727	1,329	1,446	610
Total	1,233	2,453	2,533	1,153
Domestic relations:	1,200	2,400	2,000	1,120
Divorce	7,270	17,716	17,781	7 005
Congrete melalengees	418			7,205
Separate maintenance		555	633	340
Annulment	133	402	424	111
Reciprocal in	302	1,085	993	394
Reciprocal out	107	965	958	114
Other domestic relations	143	308	246	205
Total	8,373	21,031	21,035	8,369
Other civil:			•	• •
Other regular civil	1.894	2,755	2,682	1,967
Extraordinary writs:	•	•		.,
K.S.A. 60-1507	46	62	79	29
Injunction, quo warranto, mandamus	242	357	339	260
Total	288	419	418	289
Total civil	18,309	35.312*	35,175	18,446
Crime against person. Crime against property Other felony. Total. Misdemeanors. Driving while intoxicated. Total. Tratite Appest: Driving while intoxicated. Other tratific. Other offenses	367 619 311 1,297 59 26 85 42 95 122 169 386 1,810	1,229 2,845 1,090 5,164 129 58 187 69 329 395 582 1,306 6,726	1,210 2,807 1,074 5,091 135 68 203 83 316 376 567 1,259 6,636	386 657 327 1,370 53 16 69 28 108 141 184 433
Total Gillipal	1,010	6,720	0,030	1,900
and total	20,119	42,038	41,811	20,346
Contested trials		Criminal dispositions		
Jury Non-jury Total		ommin dispositions		
MI AND A.T. A.A.		Dismissed	1,7374	
Civil		Guilty pleas	3,610	
Criminal 636 653 1,289		Trial convictions	995	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*Civil cases are counted at the filling of α complaint or petition. Appeals are filled in categories according to the nature of the case. There were 31 civil appeals brought from the county counts and 357 from city, analysistates, and compromises count.

from the county courts and 357 from city, magistrates, and common pleas court.

*The unit of count for criminal cases is the information/indictment or complaint.

"Jury trials are counted when the jury is impaneled; non-jury trials are counted when the case is contested (an attorney appears in opposition).

when the case is contested (an attorney appears in opposition).

Includes appeals from lower courts and other uncontested matters as well as dismissals.

Source: Judicial Council, Kansas Judicial Council Bulletin 1975, 49th Annual Report (Topeka, Kansas: 1975). Office of Judicial Administrator, Statistical Report on the District Courts 1975 (Topeka, Kansas: 1975). Statistics are from the annual reports except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state courtadministrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts Kansas Probate Court and Juvenile Court 109 courts, 109 judges July 1, 1974—Jutra 33, 1975

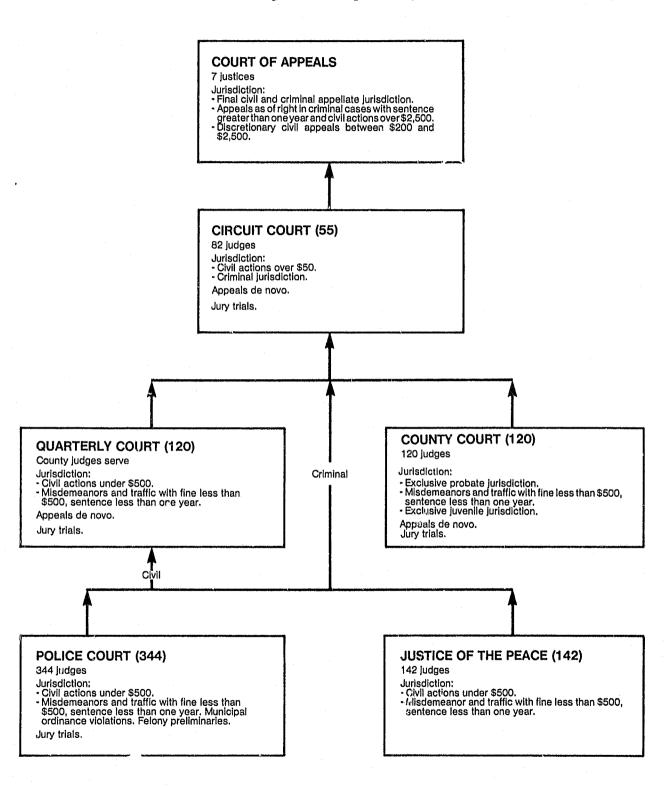
of the latest state of the				
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Adoption proceedings	N/A	N/A	2,309	N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A	N/A	2,309	N/A
Estates	8,536	5.736	5.720	8,552
Guardianship, conservatorship	8,764	1,757	1,105	9,416
Trusts under supervision	NZA	N/A	1.896	N/A
Care and treatment proceed-	N/A	N/A	3,992	N/A
ings			0.044	
Determination of descent	N/A	N/A	2,641	N/A
Miscelianeous	N/A	N/A	1,159	N/A
Foreign transcripts	N/A	N/A_	2,033	N/A
Total probate*	17,300*	7,493*	18,546	17,9684
Juvenile:				
Total juvenile	N/A	N/A	20,461	N/A

Boldface headings Indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Pending and filing totals include only data for estates and guardianship, conservatorship, Dispositions include all categories.

Source: Judicial Council, Kansas Judicial Council Bulletin 1975, 49th Annual Report (Topeka, Kansas; December 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Kentucky court system, 1975



Kentucky Court of Appeals Court of last resort 7 justices January 1, 1975-December 31,1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appealso:				
Civil	. N/A	7340	N/A	N/A
Criminal	N/A	3080	N/A	N/A
Total appeals		1,051	N/A	N/A
Original proceedingsd Requests to appeal:	. N/A	1224	N/A	N/A
Motions for appeal	N/A	26	N/A	N/A
Total other cases		14Ba	N/A	N/A
Total cases	N/A	1,199	N/A•	N/A
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters:	. N/A	185	180	N/A
Actions for injunctive relief	. N/A	26	N/A	N/A_
Total other procoodings	N/A	211	N/A	N/A

Manner of disposition Written opinion..... 857 293 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NOSP. $N/A \Rightarrow This$ case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

*The appellate districts of the Court of Appeals became the initial Supreme Court districts; and the judges of the courts of appeals representing those districts, as of January 1, 1976, became the justices of the Supreme Court on January 1, 1976.

*Civil/criminal breakdown of appeals filed was computed based on footnotes on page 2 of appeals for the Supreme Court on January 1, 1976.

page 2 of annual report.

"Number of original proceedings was computed by subtracting total appeals from "Appeals and Original Actions" total as footnoted on page 2 of "Docket Reports for Calendar Year 1975" in annual report.

*Court reported 1,330 matters disposed during the year, but category break-

downs were not given.

Source: Judicial Council, "Docket Report for Calendar Year 1975," in Annual Report for 1975 to the Judicial Conference (Frankfort, Kentucky: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Kentucky Circuit Courts Court of general jurisdiction 55 circuits, 82 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed*	Disposed	End pending
CIAIIA				,
Domestic relations	X X	24,672 34,187	X	X
Total civil	75,628	58,859	49,449	84,882*
Criminale:				
Other criminal: Criminal	×	11,328 1,404 ^d	×	X
Total oriminal	10,825	12,732	12,608	10,834
Grand total	86,453	71,591	62,057	95,716*

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Category filings are as corrected by the administrative office of the courts.

A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.
The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

Appeals are both criminal and civil.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. Numbers are ac reported by the administrative office of the courts.

Source: Judicial Council, Annual Report for 1975 to the Judicial Conference (Frankfort, Kentucky: 1976). Also unpublished data. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories - limited jurisdiction courts

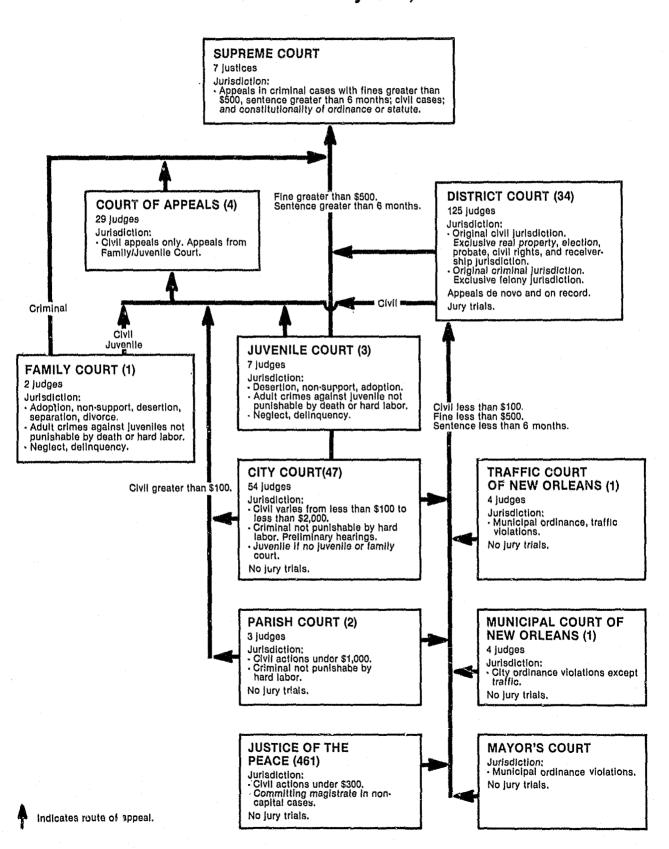
Kentucky County Court 120 courts, 120 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Probate:				
Total probate	N/A	20,815	N/A	N/A
Juvenile:		· 		
Total juvenile	N/A	24,583	N/A	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Unpublished data. Statistics are from unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Louisiana court system, 1975



Louisiana Supremo Court Court of last resort 7 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filod	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil Criminal Appeals disposed Total appeals	N/A N/A 	17 341 359	N/A N/A 365 365	N/A N/A N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings: Write Disciplinary Total Requests to appeal Total other cases	N/A N/A N/A	1,240 8 1,248	1,163 7 1,170	N/A N/A N/A
Total cases	N/A	1,608	1,535	N/A
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Total other proceedings	<u>N/A</u> .	229 229	<u>218</u> 218	N/A N/A

Manner of disposition Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NOSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = Thic case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavolable.

—— = Not applicable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Judicial Administrator, Judicial Council Annual Report With 1975 Statistics-Related Data (New Orleans, Louisiana: 1976). Also two "Semi-Annual Statistical Resumes" provided by the clerk of court. Statistics are from the annual report and the resumes except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Louisiana Courts of Appeal intermediate appellate court 4 divisions, 29 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases;				
Appeals: Civil Total appealsb	<u>x</u>	1,812 1,812	1,641	×
Other cases: Original proceedings: Writs	x	208	1920	x
Total other cases	X	208	192	X
Total cases*	5394	2,020	1,833	726
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Total other proceedings	N/A	742 742	<u>742</u> .	N/A N/A

Manner of disposition Judgments rendered Cases dismissed

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.
*Court in are civil appeals only.

*Write disposed were computed by adding write refused and write granted.

dBeginning of year pending cases were computed from available data.

Source: Judicial Administrator, Judicial Council Annual Report with 1975 Statistico-Related Data (New Orleans, Louisiana: 1976). Statistica are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

140 State Court Profiles

Louisiana District Courts Court of general jurisdiction 34 districts, 125 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

			Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil ^b ;						
Total civilo			N/A	122,633	93,111	N/A
Criminal ^d						
Total criminal.	******		N/A	212,523	204,945	N/A
Grand total		N/A	355,156	298,056	N/A	
	***************************************	T-1-#		0.1	laal allamani	47
	Jury	Triai ^r Non-jury	Total	Criminal dispositions Guilty plea127		
Civil	176 1,189	18,811 9,834	18,987 11,023	Guilty	p(ea	127,00

30.010

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

eincomplete data were submitted for St. Martin, St. Helena, and Terrebonne Parishes, and Orleans Criminal District Court.

A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

Includes domestic relations, probate, mental health, other civil cases.

The criminal unit of count in 1975 was the case.

Includes felonies, misdemeanors, appeals, and traffic.

Jury trials are counted if the jury is sworn; non-jury trials if there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Figure was calculated from percent (62%) guilty pleas given in the annual report.

Source: Judicial Administrator, Judicial Council Annual Report with 1975 Statistice-Related Data (New Orleans, Louisiana: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

28,645

Louisiana City and Parish Courts 49 courts, 57 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

1,365

Total

Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
N/A	13,718	11,198	N/A
	pending	pending Filed	pending Filed Disposed

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Judicial Administrator, Judicial Council Annual Report with 1975 Statistics-Related Data (New Orleans, Louislana: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court

Louisiana Family Court and Juvenile Court 4 courts, 9 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

Data for special family and juvenile courts are by categories of civil and criminal for 1975. There were no data by category for juvenile or domestic relations (adoption, non-support, desertion, separation, divorce). There were 6,684 filings for civil and 19,914 for criminal in these courts. Dispositions were 8,748 for civil and 24,138 for criminal.

Maine court system, 1975

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT 6 justices Jurisdiction: oursuiction: - Original jurisdiction in equity concurrent with Superior Court. - Hears final appeals from lower courts and appellate review of criminal sentencing. **SUPERIOR COURT (16)** 14 judges Jurisdiction: - Original jurisdiction in civit. Equity matters relating to estates. Original jurisdiction in criminal. - Juveniles bound over for grand jury. Criminal appeals are de novo. Jury trials. **DISTRICT COURT (13) PROBATE COURT (16)** 20 judges 16 judges Jurisdiction; - Civil actions under \$20,000, divorce, Jurisdiction: Wills, testamentary or administration, settlement of estates. Guardianship. annulment, separation, quiet title, small claims. Adoptions, change of name, and actions for separation. Misdemeanors. Juvenile.

Maine Supreme Judicial Court Court of last resort 6 lustices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
Civil	79°	131	91	119
Criminal	1040	137	114	127
Total appeals∞	1830	268	205	2466
Other cases: Original proceedings Opinions of justice Requests to appeal			9	
Total other cases			9	
Total cases*	183°	268	2144	246
Manner of	disposition			

Written opinion..... 140 Maine Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

16 counties, 14 judges

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. -- = Not applicable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, b1976 annual report data were used for 1975 year end pending data.

Beginning of year pending data were computed from available data.

Caseflow does not add up because 9 "Opinions of Justices" are reported as

disposed matters only.

Unpublished statistical data received from the state court administrator Source: Unpunished statistical data received from the state court administrator were basis of 1975 fillings and dispositions, Also Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report August, 1975—December, 1976 (Auburn, Maine; 1977), Statistics are from the unpublished data and annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

	Beginning* pending	Filed	Disposed	End* pending
Civiii:				
Total civil	7,394	5,158	4,364	8,188
Criminate:				
Other criminal ^d : Indictments Transfers Total ^d Total criminal	X X 4,100 4,100	X X 8,734 8,734	2,508 6,482 8,990 8,990	X X 3,844 3,844
Grand total	11,494	13.892	13.354	12.032

Trials Criminal 600 Total 888

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Beginning pending was obtained from 1974 report to the Chief Justice. End

pending figures were calculated from fillings, dispositions, and beginning pending.

*Civil cases are counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

The unit of count for criminal cases is the information/indictment or complaint. Includes both felonies and misdemeanors as indictments and transfers. The state counts trials when they are begun.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report August, 1975—December, 1976 (Auburn, Maine: 1977). Also "Summary of Clerks Monthly Report to the Chief Justice for the Year Ending December 31, 1974" (unpublished). Statistics are from the annual report and the unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts **Maine District Court** 13 districts, 20 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Divorce	N/A N/A N/A	7,262 24 7,286	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Mental health;				
Total mental health	N/A	304	N/A	N/A
Juvenile:				
Total juvenile	N/A	4,586	N/A	N/A

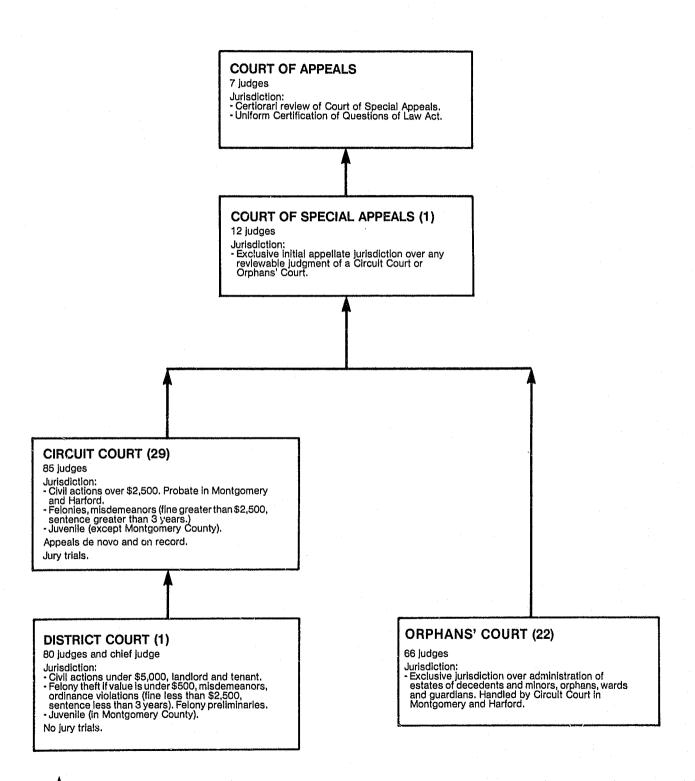
N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report, August, 1975-December, 1976 (Auburn, Maine: 1977). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Maine Probate Court 16 courts, 16 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

There were no data available for probate or domestic relations (adoption, change of name, actions for separation) cases handled in the Probate Court.

Maryland court system, 1975



Maryland Court of Appeals Court of last resort 7 justices July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Baginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals: Clvil	10 10	220 32	209 38	21 4
Total appealsb	20	2526	2476	25
Other cases: Original proceedings: Disciplinary Requests to appeal:	o	21	21	0
Applications for certiorari	0	483	483	0
Total other cases	0	504	504	0
Total cases	20	756	751	25
Other proceedings: Other matters:		04	0.4	•
Bar exam review Bar admittance review	0	24 47	24 47	0
Total	<u>ŏ</u>	71	<u> 71</u>	<u>ŏ</u>
Total other proceedings	0	21	71	0
Manner of disposition	Dispo	sition of	appeals	
Written opinion 172	Affirm Rever Dismis Rema Trans	edsed sed nded ferred ou		85 61 46 3 29

Affirmed in part, reversed in part.... Modified and affirmed Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, *Civil, criminal breakdowns of appeals filed/disposed were computed from available data.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report 1974-75, 1975-76 (Annapolis, Maryland). Source of cases and time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Maryland Court of Special Appeals Intermediate appellate court 12 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Alppeals: Clvii Criminai* Totat appeals	91 57 148	523 631 1,154	538b 577b 1,115b	76 111 187
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal: Application for leave to appeal	0	132	132	0
Total other cases	0	132	132	ō
Total caues	148	1,286	1,247	187
Manner of disposition	Dispo	sition of	appeals	
Written coinion 804 Per curiam 492	Rever Partia Other	ed sed lly affirm	ed	610 131 29 82 243

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Criminal/civil breakdowns of appeals disposed were computed from available data.

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report 1974-75, 1975-76 (Annapolis, Maryland). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Maryland Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 29 courts, 85 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	1,488 1,576 3,064 6,012 2,399 4,341 7,826 513 1,671	1,409 2,344 3,753 7,270 3,011 4,396 5,479	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	1,576 3,084 6,012 2,399 4,341 7,826	2,344 3,753 7,270 3,011 4,396 5,479	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	1,576 3,084 6,012 2,399 4,341 7,826	2,344 3,753 7,270 3,011 4,396 5,479	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	1,576 3,084 6,012 2,399 4,341 7,826	2,344 3,753 7,270 3,011 4,396 5,479	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	3,064 6,012 2,399 4,341 7,826 513	3,753 7,270 3,011 4,398 5,479	N/A N/A N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	6,012 2,399 4,341 7,826 513	7,270 3,011 4,396 5,479	N/A N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	2,399 4,341 7,826 513	3,011 4,398 5,479	N/A N/A
N/A N/A N/A N/A	4,341 7,826 513	4,398 5,479	N/A
N/A N/A N/A	7,826 513	5,479	
N/A N/A	513	•	N/A
N/A		472	
	1.671		N/A
N/A		1,257	N/A
	2,184	1,729	N/A
•		.,	, ,
N/A	21,303	19.028	N/A
N/A	2.456	2.343	N/A
			N/A
			N/A
	•		
	•	1,170	N/A
N/A	787	1,251	N/A
N/A	576	538	N/A
N/A	57,330	53.570	N/A
		•	
** * *			
		1,657	N/A
			N/A
N/A	120	133	N/A
N/A	24,417	22.318	N/A
		,	•••••
N/A	2010	2 210	N/A
			N/A
			N/A
13/75	4,504	4,800	N/A
N/A	405	409	N/A
			N/A
	201120	21,000	17/7
61.4	04 704		
N/A	21,/31	20,999	N/A
N/A	3,479	3,628	N/A
N/A	25,210	24,627	N/A
	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A 28,903 N/A 1,238 N/A 787 N/A 576 N/A 576 N/A 57,330 N/A 22,280 N/A 120 N/A 120 N/A 24,417 N/A 2,835 N/A 4,904 N/A 405 N/A 29,726	N/A 28,903 24,971 N/A 1,238 1,170 N/A 787 1,251 N/A 576 538 N/A 57,330 53,570 N/A 22,280 20,528 N/A 120 133 N/A 22,280 20,528 N/A 120 133 N/A 24,417 22,318 N/A 2,019 2,210 N/A 2,885 2,748 N/A 4,904 4,958 N/A 405 409 N/A 29,726 27,685

Boldface headings Indicate the classifications used by the NCSP,

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report 1974-75 (Annapolis, Maryland). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Maryland Orphans Court 22 courts, 66 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

There were no data available for probate cases handled in the Orphans Court.

District Court of Montgomery County, Maryland 1 court, 2 juvenile judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

There were no data available by category for juvenite cases handled in the District Court of Montgomery County. General caseflow data are available.

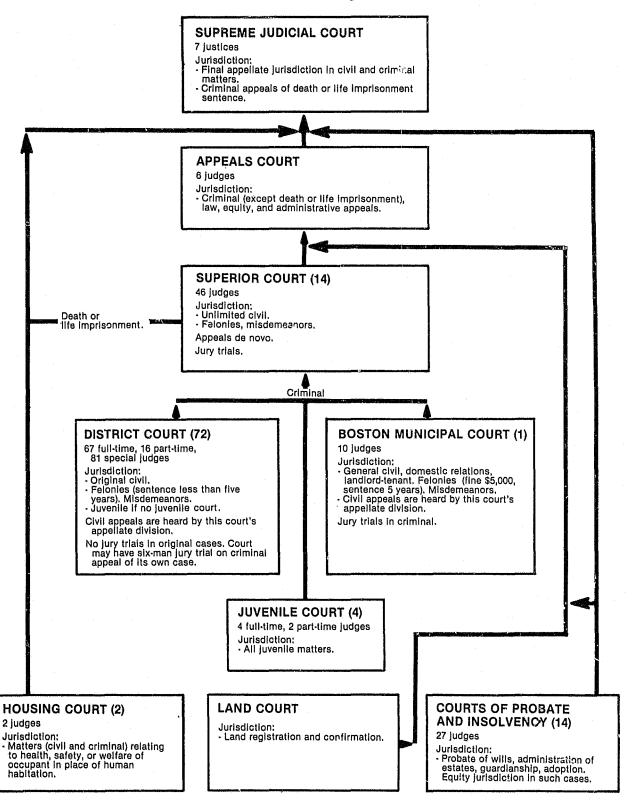
N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

[•]A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.
•The criminal unit of count is the number of informations/ indictments.

[•] Children in need of supervision cases are included with dependency and neglect

⁴A jury case is counted when it is tried to verdict; a non-jury case when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Massachusetts court system, 1975



Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court Court of last resort 7 Justices July 1,1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Fliad	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals (rull court):				
Civil	N/A N/A	X	181 87	N/A N/A
Criminal	N/A	327	268	N/A
Single justice appeals ^b :				
Civil	N/A	.98	.98	N/A
Criminal	N/A N/A	166 264	166 264 ⁵	N/A N/A
Total appeals	N/A	5913	5325	N/A
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:				
Single justice original				
proceedingsb	N/A	1535	1536	N/A
Requests to appeal Total other cases	N/A	1535	153b	N/A
Total cases*	N/A	744∞	685∞	N/A
Other proceedings: Other matters:				
Single justice matters*: Other civil	N/A	59	59	N/A
Other criminal	N/A	33	33	N/A
Total	N/A	926	926	<u>N/A</u>
Total other proceedings	N/A	924	926	N/A
Manage of diagonillar	Diana	oltion of	 full court a	anagla.
Manner of disposition	•			•
(Full court appeals) Written opinion 244	Affirm	ea		132 69
Rescript opinion 24	Modifi	ed and a	1-	
	No de	ea Icision in	lower	11
			10461	46
				10

Boldface herdings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.
Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court justices sit (on a rotational basis) in
"single justice sessions." During these single justice sessions, 509 maker, were
handled. An unknown number of these cases were referred to the full court for final

disposition.

Total appeals filed and disposed contain both full court and single justice session cases. As explained in footnote b, there may be some Jouble counting in this total.

Source: Executive Secretary, 19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974-75 (Boston, Massachusetts: 1975). Also phone contact with the state court administrator. Time to case disposition and source of case (by county) data are available. Statistics are from the annual report and the state court administrator except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court,

Massachusetts Appeals Court Intermediate Appellate Court 6 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
×	×	209 65	X X
5	870	570	3056
,			
5	8706	570	3050
N/A N/A	N/A N/A	1,864 1,864	N/A N/A
Dispos	sition of a	appeals	
Revers Partial Other	sed ly affirme	d	182 50 11 3 10
	x X X X 5 5 5 N/A N/A N/A Dispox Affirm Reverse Partial Other	X	X

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

—— = Not applicable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, *Both the Massachusetts Rules of Criminal Procedure and the Massachusetts Rules of Appellate Procedure were modified effective July 1, 1974. These modifications helped account for an increase in fillings from 285 in FY 1974 to 875 in FY 1975.

Source: Executive Secretary, 18th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1973-74, 19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974-75 (Boston, Massachusetts: 1974, 1975). Also telephone contact with state court administrator. Source of cases and time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual reports and the state court administrator except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Massachusetts Superior Courts Court of general jurisdiction 14 courts, 46 Judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil ^b :				
Other civil: Jury cases Non-jury cases Total Total civil	50,985 34,316 85,301	16,963 15,284 32,247 32,247	17,545 10,013 27,558 27,558	50,403 39,587 89,990 89,990
Criminals Felony:	-1.4-1			
Indictment ^d	21,596	17,330	19,093	19,833
Appeals	15,912 459 16,371 37,967	17,654 499 18,153 35,483	14,466 527 14,993 34,086	19,100 431 19,531 39,364
Grand total	123,268	67,730	61,644	129,354

 Criminal
 2,896

 Criminal appeal
 1,521
 Total criminal 4,417 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP,

*District Court and Boston Municipal Court data are not included as general jurisdiction courts since these courts may only give a misdemeanor sentence to a

A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

The criminal unit of count is the number of information/indictments.

Most are felonies (sentence >21/2 years); some serious misdemeanors may be listed as indictments.

*All trials that have begun are counted.

Source: Executive Secretary, 19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974-75 (Boston, Massachusetts: 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data nave sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Massachusetts District Court 72 courts; 67 full-time, 16 part-time, 81 special judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Neglect/non-supportUniform reciprocal support	N/A N/A	3,557 3,086	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A	6,643	N/A	N/A
Aental health:				
Mentally III commitments	N/A	3,869	N/A	N/A
Total mental health	N/A	3,869	N/A	N/A
uvenile:				
Delinquency: Drug complaint. Other juvenile complaint. Total. Dependency: Neglected children Children in need of supervision	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	1,325 33,451 34,776 642 1,888	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Total Juvenile	N/A	37,306	N/A	N/A

Massachusetts Juvenile Court 4 courts; 4 full-time, 2 part-time judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Juvenile*;				
Delinquency: Juvenile criminal Delinquent. Delinquenty appeals Total.	N/A N/A N/A N/A	141 10,892 3 11,036	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Dependency: Children in need of care and protection	N/A N/A N/A	436 37 473 669	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	12,178	N/A	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

The unit of count is the number of children processed.

Selected case categories—ilmited jurisdiction courts (cont'd)

Massachusetts Courts of Probate and Insolvency 14 courts, 27 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Separate support and maintenance. Desertions and living apart allowed. Custody of minors. Divorce Adoptions. Total domestic relations.	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	6,659 N/A 348 28,544 N/A 35,651 ^b	8,663 28 173 30,597 3,317 42,778	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Probate:				
Guardianship Administration Wills Trusteeships Other probate Total probate	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	X X X X X 66,782°	1,940 10,982 11,175 1,224 23,020 48,341	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

Source: Executive Secretary, 19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974-75 (Boston, Massachusetts: 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Boston Municipal Court 1 court, 10 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

There were no data available by category for domestic relations cases handled in the Boston Municipal Court. Totals across all civil categories are available.

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

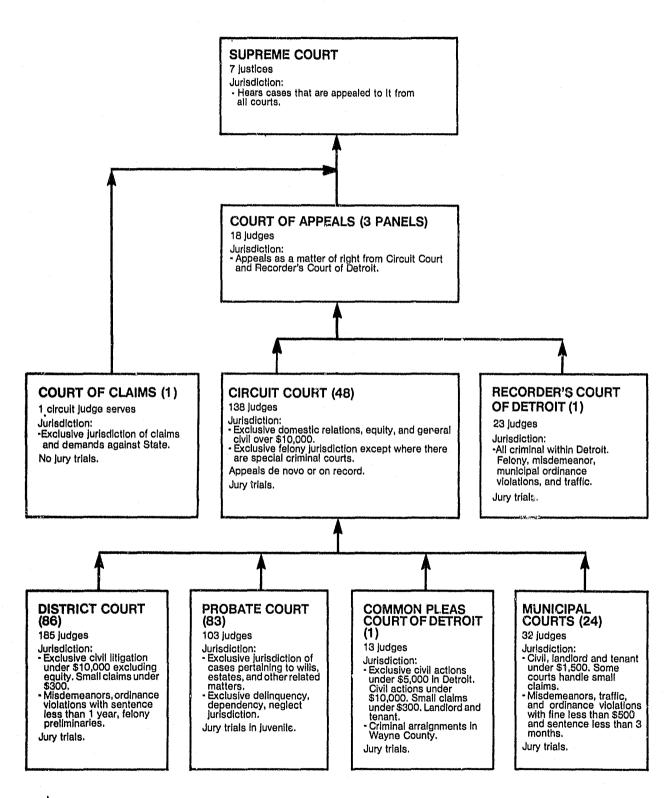
N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

^{*}Does not include desertion and living apart or adoption filings.

Probate filings were obtained by subtracting other fillings from the total.

Michigan court system, 1975



Michigan Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals Total appeals ^b		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<u>N/A</u> N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal; Applications granted	4			
awaiting disposition Unassigned Assigned to commis-	198 70			143 139
sioners	112 380•	9525	9366	114 3965
Total other cases	380	952	936	396
Total cases	3806	9525	9366	3966

Manner of disposition By opinion 131

Boldfaco headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

--- Not applicable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. "Court indicates that "approximately 99 percent of all appeals to the Michigan Supreme Court are discretionary. Appeals of right exist only for certain State Bar Grievance Board cases and for judicial discipline cases. The few appeals of right are accounted for in this report as if they were applications for discretionary appeals." Appeals filed and disposed of during the year are included within the requests to appeal category.

Source: Unpublished document entitled, "Status Report, Part I: Number of Cases in Each Stage" provided by clerk of the Supreme Court. Document gives calendar year data for 1974, 1975. and 1976. Statistics are from the unpublished data except that totals have been computed where necessary.

Michigan Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 3 panels, 18 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginnin: pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ages:				
Appeals;				
Glyll	1,034	984	879	1,139
Criminal	1,597	2,108	1,307	2,398
Total appeals	2,631	3,090	2,186	3,535
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:			_	_
Haboas corpus	2 5 24 31	_9	_8	3 9 18
Mandamus	_5	54	50	.9
Superintending control	24	122	128	18
Total	31	185	186	. 30
Civil application	244	507	592	159
Civil application (delayed)	58	64	61	61
Criminal application.	75	244	239	80
Criminal application	75	274	205	60
(delayed)	156	345	239	262
Total	533	1,160	1,131	562
Total other cases	564	1,345	1,317	592
Total cases*,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3,195	4,435	3,503	4,127
ther proceedings:				
Rehearing requests	N/A	376	376	N/A
Other matters:	*****		***	.,,,,
Miscellaneous motions	N/A	4.247	4,247	N/A
Motion to dismiss/affirm	N/A	4,247 445	445	N/A
Total	<u> </u>	4,692	4,692	N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	5,068	5,068	N/A

Manner of disposition ^b	 Disposition of appeals	
Written acinion	Affirmed	617 54 72

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for teclusion in Part I tables.
*Includes appeals, original proceedings, and application. Breakdown of categories by manner of disposition is available.

*Gnoludes appeals, original proceedings, and applications, Breakdown of these three categories in substantive dispositions is not maintained.

Source: State Court Administrator, Annual Report 1974-75, 1975-78 (Lansing, Michigan: 1975, 1976). Reports contain calendar year data for Court of Appeals, Source of cases and time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court,

Michigan Circuit Courts Court of general jurisdiction 48 circuits, 138 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginnin pending		Disposed	End pending
Civil ^b :				
Auto tort	20,066	12,831	11,546	21,351
Divorce	47,860	61,132	61,417	47,575
Other civil; Other general civil Appeals	31,777 340	57,731 508	48,950 421	40,558 427
Total civil	100,043	132,202	122,334	109,911
Criminal ^o :				
Felony: Criminal ^d Appeais	8,293 511	26,937 635	23,794 535	11,436 595
Total oriminal	8,804	27,576	24,349	12,031
Grand total	108,847	159,778	146,683	121,942
termination and an arrangement of the second				
	Jury I	Triai* Von-jury	Total	
Civil	937 1,755	4,610 716	5,547 2,471	

5,326

8,018

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the +CSP.

«State totals were calculated from changes lieted in "Supplement to the 1974-76 Annual Report" (unpublished memo).

A civil case is counted with the filing of a potition or complaint.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each informa-

tion/indictment or complaint.

Ancludes as criminal cases some high misdemeanors that are punishable by more

than one year in prison.

A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when the first witness is sworn.

Source: State Court Administrator, Annual Report 1974-75 (Lansing, Michigan: 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Michigan Recorder's Court of Detroit Court of general jurisdiction 1 court, 23 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975-

Total 2,692

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Criminal ^b :				
Felony	3,192°	12,421	11,021	4,592
Misdemeanor: Misdemeanor division Traffic and ordinance divisions Total	N/A 3,365 3,365	10,078 7,055 17,133	10,256 7,918 18,174	N/A 2,502 2,502
Other criminal: Ordinance violations*	N/A	844,235	N/A	N/A
Writs and matters,	N/A	N/A	1,353	N/A
Total criminal	6,5574	873,7894	30,5484	7,0944
Grand total	6,5574	873,789*	30,5484	7,094

		***************************************	.,	- Company and a		
	Jury !	Trial* Non-Jury*	Total	Criminal dispositions!		
Felony	687 17	540 7,971	1,227 7,988	Dismissed	7,603 8,175 759¢	
Total criminal	704	8,511	9,215	Acquilted	4689	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*The data from the traffic and ordinance division are for the fiscal year July 1, 1974 to June 30, 1975.

*The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment or complaint.

*Beginning pending calculated from filings, dispositions, and end pending.

*Not all categories of cases were available for inclusion in total.

*Does not include data from traffic and ordinance division.

'A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when the first witness is sworn. Guilty pleas are counted as criminal trials,

sincludes only data on felony cases.

Source: State Court Administrator, Annual Report 1974-75 (Lansing, Michigan: 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Michigan Court of Claims 1 circuit judge serves July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
atott				
Administrative,	231	978	950	259
Total civil	231	978	950	259
Grand total	231	978	950	259

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by NCSP.

*Data for this court are included in the general jurisdiction courts since circuit

Source: State Court Administrator, Annual Report 1974-75 (Lansing, Michigan: 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories-limited jurisdiction courts

Michigan Probate Court 83 courts, 103 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:			.,	
Adoption	2,062° 0 0 58 2,120	6,043 4,677 3,586 2,262 16,568	5,901 4,677 3,586 2,286 16,450	2,204° 0 0 35 2,239*
Probate:				
Decedents estates Guardianships Other	184,410 102,142 54	29,667 4,847 481	31,393 7,442 <u>455</u>	183,312 104,281 80
Total probate	286,608	34,995	39,290	287,6734
Mental health:				
Mental commitments and restorations	20,139	4,641	4,148	20,637
Total mental health	20,139	4,641	4,148	20,6374
Juvenile:				
Delinquency	N/A	26,063	N/A	N/A
Neglect Total juvenile	N/A N/A	6,798 32,991¢	13,303	20,510°

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Change in pending does not equal the difference between filings and dispositions. Numbers are as reported in annual report.

*Beginning pending was calculated from fillings, dispositions, and number of cases continued at end of 1975.

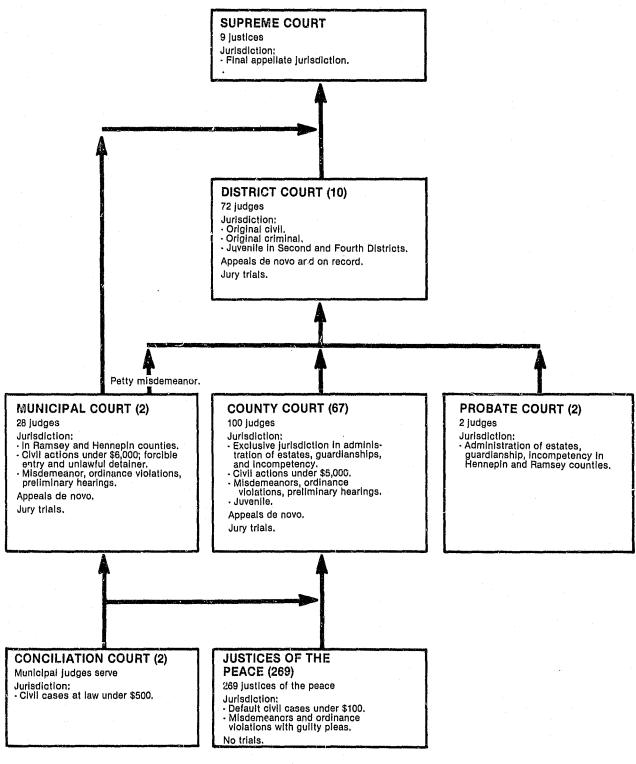
The figure used for end pending was given in the annual report as the number of

cases continued. Category values do not sum to total. Total value is as corrected from supplement

to annual report.

Source: State Court Administrator, Annual Report 1974-76 (Lansing, Michigan: 1975). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where nacessary, and additional data have been supplied during verification by the state count administrator.

Minnesota court system, 1975



Minnesota Supreme Court Court of last resort 9 lustices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
GİVİİ	N/A	N/A	275	N/A
Criminal	N/A	N/A	67	N/A
Workman compensation	N/A	N/A	44	N/A
Tax court	N/A	N/A	8	N/A
Department of employ-	.,,,,,			
ment service	N/A	N/A	5	N/A
Other	N/A _	N/A	5 7	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	N/A	403	N/A
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus	N/A	1	1	N/A
Mandamus	Ñ/A	14	14	N/A
Prohibition	N/A	51	51	N/A
Disciplinary	N/A	5	Š	N/A
Total	N/A	71	71	N/A
Requests to appeal	N/A	29	29	N/A
	N/A	100	100	N/A
Total other cases	IN/A	100	100	14/7
Total cases*	N/A	N/A	506	N/A
Other proceedings:				
Other matters:				
Special matters	N/A	N/A	204	N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	N/A	204	N/A

Manner of disposition		Disposition of appeals	
Written opinion	406	Affirmed	280 30
		remanded	46
		remanded	3 11
		Other	36

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part 1 tables.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 12th Annual Report 1975 (St. Paul, Minnesota). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals may have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Minnesota District Court Court of general jurisdiction 10 districts, 70 judges* January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile:				
Other civil: Jury demand cases Court cases Total Total civil	4,341 2,896 7,237 7,237	7,440 13,902 21,342 21,342	6,654 13,680 20,334 20,334	5,138 ^b 3,123 ^b 8,261 ^b 8,261 ^b
Criminal ^d :				
Total criminal*	1,227	7,991	7,453	1,763
Juvenile: Total Juvenile	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Grand total	8,464	29,333	27,787	10,024

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Triate		Criminal dispositions	\$
	Jury	Non-Jury	Total	Dismissed	1.737
Civil	927 504	9,601 213	10,528 717	Gullty pleas	4,999
Total	1.431	9.814	11,245		

Boldface 'leadings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

There are additionally two juvenile judges, Juvenile data for the District Court were not available.

bThe change in pending does not equal the difference between filings and

dispositions. Eata are as reported in annual report.

A civil case is counted at the note of issue. If a jury demand is made after the filling on the court calendar, the case is disposed on the court calendar and a new

filing is counted for jury cases.

The criminal unit of count varies but it should be the number of defendants on each information/indictment or complaint.

and information for complete.

*ncludes felonies, misdemeanors, and appeals as criminal cases.

*Grand total figures do not include juvenile.

*Civil jury trials are counted when the jury is sworn. Criminal jury trials are counted when tried to verdict. Civil count trials are counted when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence; criminal count trials when tried to completion (decision).

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 12th Annual Report 1975 (St. Paul, Minnesota). Statistics are from the annual report oxcept that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Minnesota County Court 67 districts, 100 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Divorce, annulment, separate maintenance. Reciprocal enforcement Other family court civil. Commitments	X X X	X X X	6,389 2,121 1,530 997	X X X
Total domestic relations	4,774	13,125	11,0395	6,860
Probate:				
Estates . Guardianship . Incompetency . Trust estate . Other probate .	17,124 X X X X	6,851 X X X X	8,716 1,356 546 22 217	17,259 X X X X
Total probateo	27,532	11,436	10,857	28,111
Juvenile;				
Delinquency Dependency/neglect Traffic Other juvenite:	X X X	×	11,140 1,346 17,750	X X X
Other juvenile Other juvenile Other family court criminal* Total	X X X	X X X	808 11 819	X X X
Total juvenile	5,497	31,909	30,9046	6,502

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These categories are included since their pendings and filings could not be separated from the total for domestic relations and juvenile.

*Individual categories do not sum to total. Figures are as reported in annual

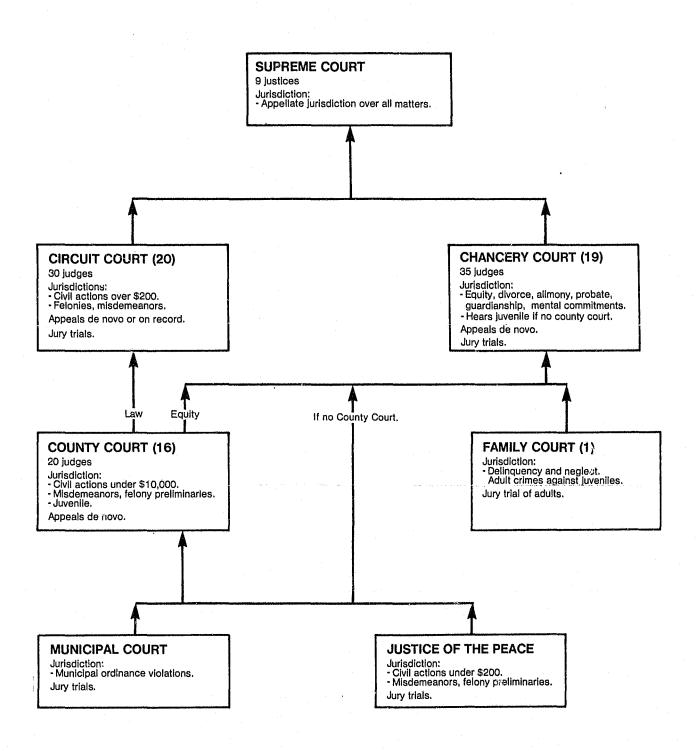
report.
clincludes pending, filings, and dispositions for all probate categories listed.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 12th Annual Report 1975 (St. Paul, Minnesota). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Minnesota Probate Court 2 courts, 2 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate cases handled in the Probate Court.

Mississippi court system, 1975



158 State Court Profiles

Mississippi Supreme Court Court of last resort 9 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

· •	Beginni pendir		Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:	. 471	х	313	х
Criminal	121	X	167	X
Unspecified cases		N/A	118	N/A
Total appeals	, 592	613	598	607b
Other Cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				·
Total cases	. 592	613	598	607b
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters:	. N/A	N/A	108	7
Other petitions	. N/A		142	3
Motions	. N/A		393	6 9
Total Total other proceedings			<u>535</u> 643	16
Manner of disposition			of appeals (on merits)
Written opinion 289		•		
Per curiam 191	_			
	(on merits)	Partially affi Affirmed on tion of re		. 18
		ar additur		я

or additur Dismissed 118 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.
Appeals pending at end of year were computed. They consist of 25 cases pending with the court and 582 cases not yet submitted to the court from the clerk's

Source: Executive Assistant, Supreme Court, 10th Annual Statistical Report 1975, 11th Annual Statistical Report 1976 (Jackson, Mississippi). Also data received from the court administrator, Source of cases and time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual reports and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the

Mississippi Circuit Court Court of general Jurisdiction 20 circuits, 30 judges January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Ivlir;			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Law:				
Dollar declaration Property rights:	N/A	13,938	X	N/A
Liens	N/A	57	×	N/A
Eminent domain	N/A	103	X	N/A
Total	N/A	160	X	N/A
Administrative:				
Agency	N/A	91	· X	N/A
Agency enforcement	N/A	163	X ·	N/A
Total	N/A	254	X	N/A
Other civil:	****	,	••	*****
Transferred in	N/A	113	×	N/A
Other	N/A	415	Ÿ	N/A
Total	N/A	528	Ÿ	N/A
Appeals:	14774	020	•	146.63
Justice court	N/A	93	×	N/A
County court	Ñ/A	67	Ç.	N/A
Total	N/A	160	Ç	N/A
Extraordinary writs:	147.0	,00	^	136.0
Writs	N/A	183	¥	N/A
***************************************	737.0		<u>\</u>	3377
Total civil	N/A	15,223	12,153	N/A
riminal ^s :				
Other criminal:				
Indictments	N/A	6,209	4.270	N/A
Miscellaneous/other	N/A	229	209	N/A
Total	N/A	6.438	4.479	N/A
Appėais:	17,.,	0,400	4,170	
De novo	N/A	980	784	N/A
On record	N/A	27	44	NZA
Total	N/A	1.007	828	N/A
IV(a)	77/17			11/15
Total criminal	N/A	7,445	5,307	N/A
and total	N/A	22,668	17,460	N/A

Criminal dispositions	
Dismissed	200 266 3,275
Trial conviction	2∤ `
Acquitted	9:

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Source: Resources Planning Corporation, Mississippi Courts Master Plan, December 1976, Statistics are from this study except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.

*The criminal unit of count is the indictment.

160 State Court Profiles

Mississippi Chancery Court Court of general jurisdiction 19 chancery circuits, 35 judges January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

	Beginning	Filed		End
	pending	Filed	Disposed	pending
vii4:				
Equity Domestic relations:	N/A	2,048	x	N/A
Domestic relations	N/A	17,567	X	N/A
Other domestic relations	N/A	1,051	X	N/A
Uniform reciprocal				
support	N/A	1,445	X	N/A
_ Adoption	N/A	1,630	X	N/A
Total	N/A	21,693	X	N/A
Probate:	\$1.1A	4.004		81.4
Probate	N/A	4,821	Ö	N/A
_ Guardianship	N/A	1,593	á	N/A
Total	N/A	6,414	X	N/A
Mental health:	84 + A	0 770	v	
Incompetency	N/A	3,776	X	N/A
Other clvii:	NIZA	0.574		Atra
Miscellaneous	N/A N/A	3,574	٥	N/A
Appeals	N/A	31	х	N/A
Extraordinary writs:	N/A	130	x	N/A
Total civil	N/A	37,666	17,492	N/A
evenile;		<u> </u>	-	
Total juvenile	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
rand total	N/A	37,6666	17,4925	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.
*No data for juvenile cases were available for inclusion in the total.

Source: Resources Planning Corporation, Mississippi Courts Master Plan, December 1976. Statistics are from this study except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Mississippi County Court 16 courts, 20 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for juvenile cases handled in the County Court.

Mississippi Family Court 1 court January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for juvenite cases handled in the Family Court.

161

Missouri court system, 1975 SUPREME COURT 7 lustices, 4 commissioners Jurisdiction: Exclusive appellate jurisdiction in cases involving constitution, treaty, or statute, revenue laws, title of Officer of State, death penalty or life imprisonment. **COURT OF APPEALS (3)** Death penalty. Life imprisonment. 22 judges Constitution. Jurisdiction: Treaty, statute. Revenue laws. Appellate jurisdiction not exclusively designated in Supreme Court. Title of Officer of State. COURT OF **CIRCUIT COURT (43) COMMON PLEAS (2)** 111 judges Circuit judges serve. Jurisdiction: Civil actions over \$50, domestic Jurisdiction: relations, guardianship. Felony, misdemeanor. All civil actions in Hannibal and Cape Girardeau, domestic relations Juvenile. in Hannibal Felonies, misdemeanors in Appeals on record and de novo. Hannibal. Jury trials. - Juvenile. Jury trials. ST. LOUIS COURT OF **CRIMINAL CORRECTION (1)** Mason, Miller Townships to 2 Judges Jurisdiction: Hannibal. Misdemeanors, traffic, felony preliminaries. No jury trials. St. Couls MUNICIPAL AND POLICE **MAGISTRATE COURT (129) PROBATE COURT (115) COURT (164)** Jurisdiction: 115 judges Civil actions under \$2,000. A few Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: courts handle small claims; most Exclusive jurisdiction over city ordinance violations (fine less than \$500, sentence less than 6 months). Exclusive original jurisdiction of all handle landlord-tenant. probate and mental commitment Traffic, misdemeanors (fine less matters. than \$1,000, sentence less than Jury trials. 1 year), felony preliminaries. Jury trials.

Missouri Supreme Courts Court of last resort 7 justices, 4 commissioners July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:			•	
Appeals: Civil	X X 249	X X 119	171 63 18 252	X X X 116
Other cases:				
Original proceedings: Habeas corpus Mandamus Prohibition Quo warranto Other writs Application to transfer Total Requests to appeal Total other cases	X X X X 10	X X X X X 320	38 31 39 4 29 140 281	X X X X 49
Total cases*	259	439	533	165
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters: Motion activity Total other proceedings	1 	84 381 465	75 <u>441</u> 516	10 17 27

Manner of disposition Written opinion...... 185 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, Annual Statistical Report 1975 (Jefferson City, Missouri). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the cierk of the appeals court.

Missouri Court of Appeals intermediate appellate court 3 districts, 22 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Darlanian			P-J
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases;				
Appeals:				
`` GlvII	923	1,025	704	1,117
Consolidated civil			18	-
Criminal	584	527	383	698
Consolidated criminal Unspecified consolidated			3	
from St. Louis			. 37	
Total appeals	1,507	1,552	1,1450	1,8150
Other cases: Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus	. х	95	х	X
Mandamus	. X	95 64	×	Х
Prohibition	X X X X 27	105	X	X X X 21
Certiorari	X	`~ž	Ÿ	ÿ
Total	27	266	272	21
Requests to appeal		,		
Total other cases		266	272	21
Total office dates	·			£ !
Total cases*	. 1,534	1,818	1,4176	1,836°

Manner of disposition Written opinion.....

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Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space — Not applicable.

Blank space because indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X — The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

— — Not applicable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *Source notes that "1,145 dispositions include 18 civil cases and 3 criminal cases disposed of by consolidation in the Kansas City District. Also included are 37 cases disposed of by consolidation (not separately accounted for) in the 318 written opinions at the St. Louis District."

Source notes that "a total of 1,815 cases were reported pending by the districts. Ninety-nine cases difference between total of cases pending at the beginning of year plus the fillings minus the dispositions can be explained by a change in record keeping procedures in the St. Louis District."

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, Annual Statistical Report 1975, 1976 (Jefferson City, Missouri). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Missouri Circuit Courts Court of general jurisdiction 43 circuits, 111 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Diaposed	End pending
Civilb				
Unclassified tort: Personal injury	×	x	7,016	×
Divarce. Modify divarce decrees. Total	×	×	33,339 2,806 36,145	×
Other clyll	x	X	26,905	. x
Extraordinary writs: Progeeding under rule 27,26	x	x	291	x
Total civil	59,093	74,314	70,357	83,050
Criminal ^o :				
Felony	X.	×	12,357 3,900	X
Total criminal	8,765	17,760	16,257₫	10,268
luvenile:				
Total Juvenile	8,217	18,751	16,372	10,596
Grand total	76,075	110,825	102,986	83,914
Trial* Jury Non-lury	Total	Criminal dispositions		
Clvil X X X Criminal 917 1,161	9,961 2,078 12,039	Dismissed	, 1,758	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, Annual Statistical Report 1975 (Jefferson City, Missouri). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Missouri Probate Court 115 courts, 115 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

There were no data available for probate cases handled in Probate Court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Includes data on Court of Common Pleas. Circuit court judges serve in the Court

of Common Pleas.

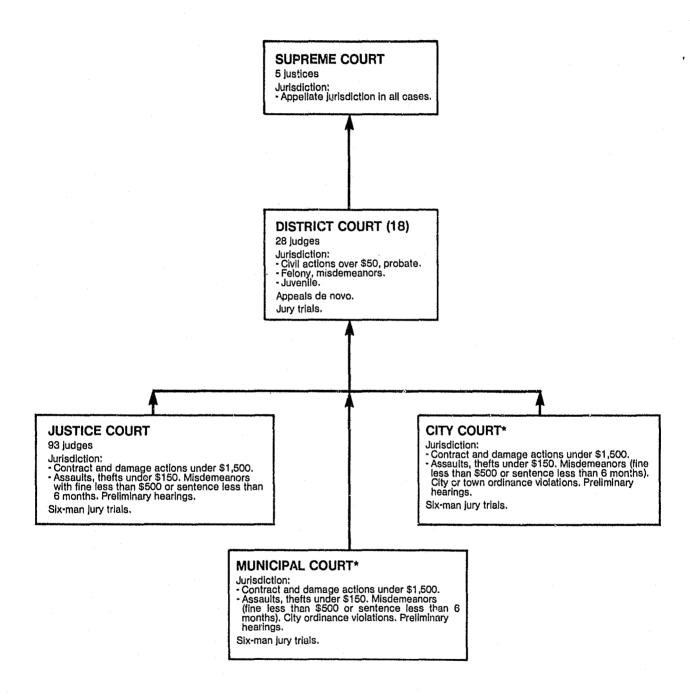
A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint, Civil appeals are within other categories according to the subject matter of the case appealed.

A criminal case is counted with the filing of an information or indictment. A filing

may involve multiple defendants.
Total criminal dispositions include 1,218 appeals or changes in venue and 1,954

appeals from Municipal Courts. dury trials are counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trials when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Montana court system, 1975



Indicates route of appeal.

^{*}There were a total of 106 judges in the city and municipal courts.

Montana Supreme Court Court of last resor. 5 justices

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
N/A N/A N/A	149 37 186	. N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
N/A	113	N/A	N/A
N/A	299	N/A	N/A
	N/A N/A N/A	N/A 149 N/A 37 N/A 188 N/A 113	N/A 149 N/A N/A 186 N/A N/A 113 N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

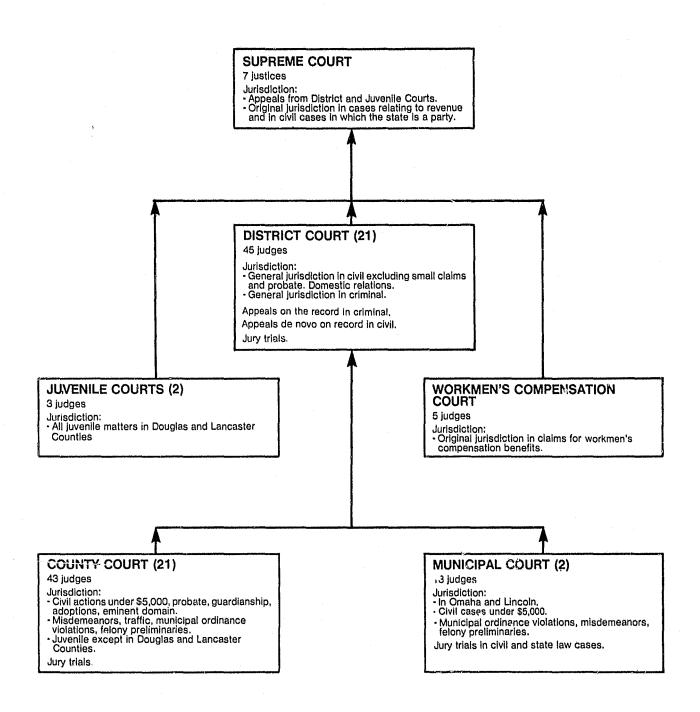
These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables,

Source: Chief Justice, Montana Supreme Court, "1976—1st Annual Report" in The State of the Judiclary (Helena, Montana: 1977). Data for 1975 were based on estimates. Statistics are from this message to Montana's 45th Legislature except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Montana District Court 18 districts, 28 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

There were no data available for casellow in the District Courts for 1975. Data for fiscal year 1976 will be included in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Nebraska court system, 1975



Nebraska Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Justices September 1, 1974-August 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:	41/4			6144
Appeals	N/A N/A			N/A N/A
Other cases; Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total casesab	N/A	571	545	N/A

Written opinion...... 368

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space - Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is han lied by the court, but the data are unavailable.
X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type,

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, Source reports only total cases docketed and disposed. It is unknown whether all cases processed by the court are docketed.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, The Courts of Nebraska 1974-75 (Lincoln, Nebraska). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court admiristrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Nebraska District Court Court of general jurisdiction 21 districts, 45 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filod	Disposed	End pending
Glylle;				
Domestic relations Other civil	N/A N/A N/A	8,436 6,793 15,229	8,402 5,870 14,272	N/A N/A N/A
Crimicale:				
Felony: Criminald Appealsb Total criminal	N/A N/A N/A	3,978 2,665 6,643	4,148 2,788 6,936	N/A N/A N/A
Grand total	N/A	21,872	21,208	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Civil cases are counted at the filing of a petition or complaint. *Appeals listed as criminal appeals include both civil and criminal appeals. Statement in the annual report indicates that more than half were criminal appeals.

The unit of count for criminal cases is the number of defendants in each information/indictment.

Criminal cases may include a few misdemeanors.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, The Courts of Nebraska 1974-75 (Lincoln, Nebraska). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Nebraska County Court 21 districts, 43 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Adoption	N/A	1,346	1,358	N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A	1,346	1,358	N/A
Probate:		•		
Probate inheritance Guardlanahio/	N/A N/A	5,410 3,614	6,471 3,513	N/A N/A
conservatorship	N/A	1,843	7,155	N/A
Total probate	N/A	10,867	17,139	N/A
Juvenile:				
Total Juvenile	N/A	2,949	2,600	N/A

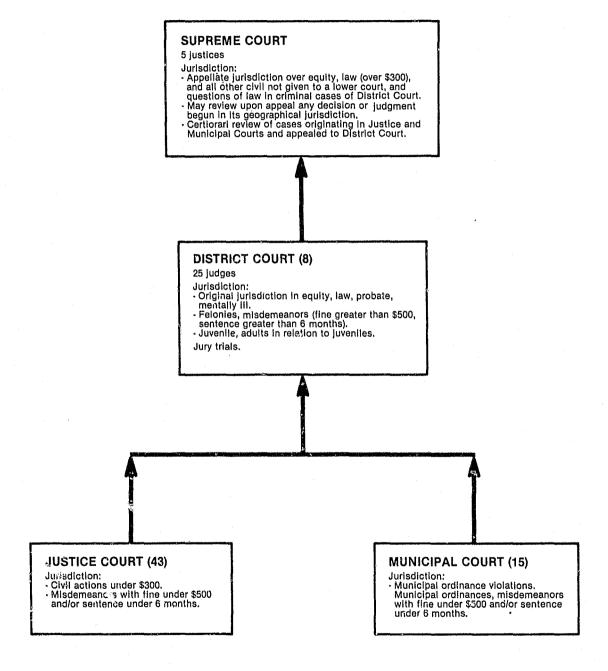
Nebraska Juvenile Court 2 courts, 3 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Flied	Disposed	bn7. gnlizneg
Juvenilo:				
Dauglan County Lancaster County	N/A N/A	979 404	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Total Juvenile	N/A	1,383	N/A	N/A

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, The Courts of Nebraska: 1974-75 (Lincoln, Nebraska). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Nevada court system, 1975



Nevada Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:		404	v	
Civil	X	194 241	×	Š
Total appeals	X	435	×	X
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:		40	v	
Habeas corpus Mandamus	X X X X X X	12 35	X X X X X	X X X X X
Prohibition	Ŷ	22	Ŷ	ŵ
Quo warranto	â	1	â	χ̈́
Disciplinary	X	22	X	X
Bar	X	13	X	X
Other	X	13 118	ð	Š
Total		110	^	^
Total other cases	x	118	x	×
Total cases	334	553	634	256
Other proceedings:				
Rehearing requests Other matters:	X	58	50	8
Appeals reinstated	N/A	3	N/A	
Total other proceedings	N/A	61	50	8
Manner of disposition	Dispos	sition of	appeals	
Written opinion 10	1 Affirm	ed		168
Per curiam 16	2 Revers	sed		67
Dismissed by order 36	3 Partial	ly affirm	ed	13
	Other		• • • • • •	5

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

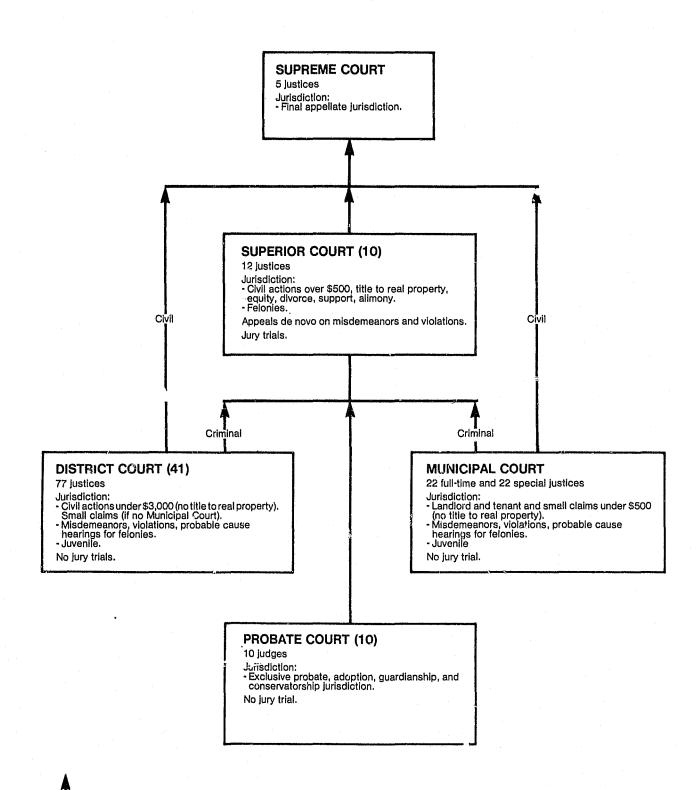
*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Chief Justice, Supreme Court, "Nevada State of the Judiciary Message 1975-76," Inter alia, vol. 42, no. 2 (April, 1977); also, unpublished majarial received from the clerk of the court. Origin of cases and time to disposition of case data are reported. Statistics are, from the "State of the Judiciary" message and unpublished data except that tote's have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes bern supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the applials court.

Nevada District Court 8 districts, 25 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available in 1975 for the District Court.

New Hampshire court system, 1975



New Hampshire Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices August 1, 1974-July 31, 1975

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
Civil and criminal	X	218	x	×
appeals	X	20	X	. X
Total appeals	X	238	×	X
Other cases:				
Original proceedings	X	31	X	X
Advisory opinions	ŷ	ik	Ŷ	X X X
Certified questions	Ŷ	16	Ç	Ŷ
	\$	50	0	Ç
Total	^	30	^	^
Requests to appeal				
Total other cases	X	50	×	x
Total cases	238	288	z*77	249

Manner of disposition ^b	
Written opinion	137
Fer curiam	38
Memoranda	15
Advisory opinions	15

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, Aviaterial on disposition of opinions rendered is from the New Hampshire Bar Journal, vol. 17, no. 3 (March, 1978), "A Primer on Practices and Procedures in the Supreme Court of New Hampshire," by George S. Pappagianis. This material covers calendar year 1975 rather than the fiscal year represented in the other statistical data from this state. Time to case disposition data are also included for calendar year 1975.

Chairman, Judicial Council, Sixteenth Biennial Report of the Judicial Council of the State of New Hampshire covering periods August 1, 1974—July 31, 1975 and August 1, 1975—July 31, 1976 (Concord, New Hampshire: 1976). Statistics are from the blennial report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied suring verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals cours.

New Hamp@hire Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 10 courts, 12 justices August 1, 1974—July 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Sivile:				
Law: Actions at law	9,401	6,188	5,867*	9,702
Equitable at, one and petitions	2,440	2,252	2,017*	2,675
Domestic relations: Marital	4,958	8,939	7,873*	6,024
Appeals: Probate appeals	36	19	154	40
Total civil	16,835	17,398	15,791	18,441*
riminale:				
Other criminal: Indictments. Informations Gomplaints Total. Appeals	1,724 50 305 2,079 1,694	3,237 358 541 4,136 2,185	2,737* 374* 517* 3,628* 1,958*	2,224 34 329 2,587 1,921
Total criminal	3,773	6,321	5,6426	4,508*
rand total	20,608	23,719	21,433	22,949*

		Trial		Criminal dispositions
	Jury	Non-Jury	Total	
Civil	242 317	1,787 ^d 404	2,029 721	Nolle prosse
Total	559	2,191	2,750	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*Dispositions by category were calculated from available filing and pending data.
*Calculated category disposition values do not sum to total given in report. Total dispositions given in report are used for total civil and total criminal dispositions.
*The definitions for a civil case, the criminal unit of count, and a trial were not uniform statewide.

Information was cases tried by court, contested marital cases, and other equity cases heard as non-jury civil trials.

*Change in pending does not aqual difference between filings and dispositions. Numbers are as reported in the biennial report.

Chairman, Judicial Council, The Sixteenth Biennial Report of the Judicial Council of the State of New Hampshire (Concord), New Hampshire: 1976). Statistics are from the biennial report except that to als have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

172 State Court Profiles

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

New Hampshire District and Municipal Courts 99 justices and 22 special justices August 1, 1974—July 31, 1975

	Beginnin pending		Dispose	a End pending
Juvenije:	N/A	3,872	N/A	N/A
Delinquency. Dependency: Neglected children,	N/A	546	N/A	N/A
Children In need of supervision: Persons in need of supervision	N/A	72	N/A	N/A
Total Juvenile	N/A	4,490	N/A	N/A

New Hampshire Probate Court 10 courts, 10 judges July 1, 1974—June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Pomestic relations:				
Adoption. Change of name Commitment to Laconia State	N/A N/A	852 396	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
School. Marriage waivers granted	N/A N/A	13 1,745	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A	3,006	N/A	N/A
Probate:				
Guardians appointed Will allowed Administrations allowed Voluntary administrations Inheritance tax Successor custodian Death certificate Will authenticity Trustees appointed Inquisitions Accounts allowed	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	344 2,452 1,408 632 24 8 108 228 159 126 6,499	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Total probate	N/A	11,988	N/A	N/A
Mental health:				
Conservators appointed	<u> </u>	181	<u> </u>	N/A
Total mental health	N/A	181	N/A	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Source: Chairman, Judicial Council, The Sixteenth Blennial Report of the Judicial Council of the State of New Hampshire (Concord, New Hampshire: 1976). Statistics are from the blennial report except that total? "New been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes be... supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

New Jersey court system, August 31, 1975

SUPREME COURT 7 lustices authorized Jurisdiction: Final appeal in constitutional questions, capital causes, certifications, dissents in Appellate Division, and as provided by law. APPELLATE DIVISION OF SUPERIOR COURT 22 judges authorized Jurisdiction: Appeals from lower courts except Municipal Courts and from administrative agencies except Wage and Hour Section of Labor and Industry. SUPERIOR COURT: LAW DIVISION **COUNTY COURTS (21)** AND CHANCERY DIVISION 103 judges authorized 98 judges authorized Jurisdiction: General jurisdiction in civil cases over \$3,000. Jurisdiction: Contested probate. Adoptions. - Law Division hears civil cases. Chancery General jurisdiction in criminal cases. Division hears general equity, matrimonial. probate. - Law Division hears criminal causes. Appeals in bastardy proceedings and appeals from Municipal Courts and Wage and Hour Section of Labor and Industry. Jury trials in Law Division. Jury trials. JUVENILE AND DOMESTIC RELATIONS COURT (21) COUNTY DISTRICT COURTS (21) 34 judges authorized 29 judges authorized Jurisdiction: Contract and tort under \$3,000, landlord and Jurisdiction: tenant, small claims, bastardy proceedings. - Minor criminal, traffic, ordinance violations. Concurrent criminal and quasi-criminal jurisdiction Domestic relations (except divorce). Adoption. Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. with Municipal Courts. Jury trials. **SURROGATES (21) MUNICIPAL COURTS (525)** 396 judges 21 surrogates Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: - Uncontested probate. Bastardy proceedings. Probable cause hearings on indictable offenses. Traffic, minor criminal, ordinance violations, fish and game and navigation violations. Serve as Clerk of Probate Division of County Court. No jury trial.

174 State Court Profiles

New Jarsey Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices September 1, 1974-August 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:	u	70		v
Notice of appeal filed	Ŷ	75 101		Ŷ
Certifications on motion granted	Χ̈́	21		X
Appeals by leave granted	X	24	182	X
Appeals removed from calendars				
Total appeals	111	221	1825	150
Other cases:			•	
Original proceedings; Disciplinary	11	73	43	40
Requests to appeal:	• • •	· -	• •	
Petitions for certification	203	754	704°	253
Total other cases	214	827	748	293
Total cases*	325	1,048	9300	443
Other proceedings:				
Other matters:	66	1,058	9360	188
Motions and other petitions				
Total other proceedings	66	1,058	936°	168
Manner of disposition ^d Written opinion	Reversed Modified Reversed and manded Affirmed and reversed in pa			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type. _ = Not applicable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Sincludes 25 cases dismissed before argument, 6 cases remanded, and 3 decided without oral argument.

"'Motions and other petitions" disposed includes at least 72 motions for leave to appeal and 23 motions for rehearing; since the number of these motions filled or pending was unknown, the disposed motions were not listed as requests to appeal or rehearing requests.

"Deciding 148 appeals and 26 disciplinary matters.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Annual Report 1974, 75 (irenton, New Jersey: 1976). Source of cases, time to disposition, and age of pending cases data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

New Jersey Appellate Division of the Superior Court Intermediate appellate court 22 judges authorized^h September 1, 1974-August 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cages: Appenis	3,781	4,383•	3,898•	4,266
Total appeals 6	3,781	4,383*	3,898•	4,266
Other cases: Original proceedings				
Total other cases				
Total cases*	3,781	4,383∞	3,898**	4,266
other proceedings Rehearing requests ^o Other matters:	(0)	(c)	(o)	(c)
Motions and petitions ^{bes}	74 74	2,686¢ 2,686¢	2,489¢ 2,489¢	271 271
Total other proceedings	74	2,686°	2,489d	271
•				
Manner of disposition	Disposition of	appeals		
Published opinions'	Affirmed Reversed and			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

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■These ←se totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables,

•Annual report figures adjusted by administrative office of the courts on basis of

•Annual report figures.

•Annual report figures.

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•Annual report figures.

•Annual report figures.

bAnnual report figures adjusted by administrative office of the courts on basis of recounts.

Within the "motions and petitions" fikad category are 769 motions for leave to appeal and 99 motions for rehearing. Since the number of these motions disposed or pending is unknown, the filed motions were not listed under the requests to appeal and rehearing requests categories.

Total dispositions include 52 withdrawn motions.

Fillings and dispositions include 21 certifications by Supreme Court before calendaring by appellate division.

All opinions are written opinions.

Cases transferred to Supreme Court by certification.

For comparative purposes 21 judges are used because one judge serves as acting administrative director of the courts.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Annual Report 1974-75 (Trenton, New Jersey: 1976). Source of case, time to disposition, and age of pending case data are available. Reversal rates by type of case are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where recessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

278

1,249

New Jersey Superior Court: Law Division and Chancery Division and County Courts Court of general jurisdiction 21 countles, 201 judges authorized September 1, 1974-August 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
sivile:				
Law: Other—Law Division, Auto tort Equity Domestic relationse;	18,531 17,935 2,326	20,245 15,959 3,844	16,505 15,485 3,523	22,271 18,408 2,647
Matrimoniai	5,000	22,782	21,964	5,818
Probate (county court): Willie and administration	X X X X 163	155 113 21 115 404	X X X X 395	X X X X 172
Total civil	43,955	63,231	57,872	49,314
riminat ^a ;				
Felony: indictments and accessations	22,248 7 6 9	27,567 3,629	23,260 3,586	26,555 812
Extraordinary write: Post-conviction relief	161	304	402	63
Total criminal	23,178	31,500	27,248	27,430
Grand total	67,133	94,731	85,120	76,744

		Trial		Criminal dispositions
	Jury	Non-Jury	Total	
Civil* Criminal Total	3,045 2,786 5,831	10,660° 699 11,359	13,705 3,485 17,190	Dismissed 6,476 Guilty or non-vuit pleas 13,430 Trial conviction 1,779 Acquitted 1,382 Conditional discharge 193 No relief granted 292 Post-conviction rollef summarily disposed 90

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Annual Report 1974-75 (Trenton, New Jersey: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

New Jersey Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courts 21 courts, 29 judges authorized September 1, 1974-August 31, 1975

	Buginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Domestic relations and reciprocal support	3,461	50,889	50,235	4,115
Total domestic relations	3,461	50,889	50,235	4,115
Juyenile:				
Delinquent	10,004	74,790	73,893	10,901
Juvenile in need of supervision	662	7,867	7,852	677
Total Juvenile	10,666	82,657	81,745	11,578

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Annual Report 1974-75 (Trenton, New Jersey: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}Civil cases are counted as soon as the first answer is filed.

The information/indictment is the unit of count for criminal cases.

*Some domestic relations matters are handled in the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courts; these are not included here.

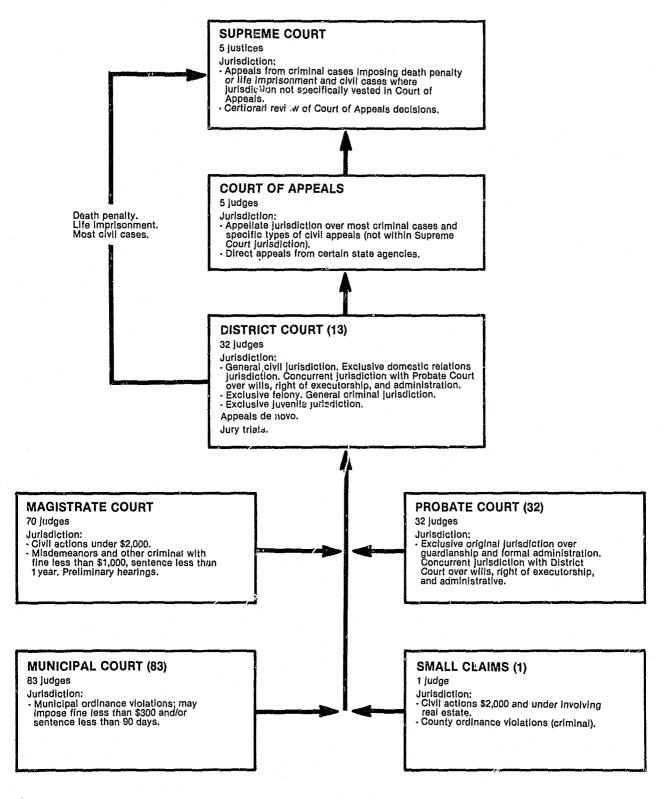
*Juvy trials are counted when the voir dire examination of the jury panel begins.

Non-jury trials are counted with the opening statement or introduction of evidence.

*Does not include uncontested matrimonial cases as civil non-jury trials.

These categories are included with dismissed cases for use in Part I tables.

New Mexico court system, 1975



New Mexico Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Begining pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:			••	
Clyll	×	220	X	X
Criminal	×	<u> 16</u>	X	X
Total appeals	X	235	2756	· X
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpuso	X	61°	59	X
Mandamus	X	17	17	X
Prohibition	X	39	.39	X
Quo warranto	X	1	N/A	X
Superintending control	X	5	8	X
Disciplinary	X	5	4	X
Other ^d	X	. 9	40	X
_ Total	×	137	131	Х
Requests to appeal; Certiorari	x	128	99	x
Total other cases	X	265	230	×
Total cases*	173	500	505	168
Other proceedings:				
Other matters:				
Rule 37 motions ^e	N/A	469	469	N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	469	469	N/A
Manner of disposition	Disposition of	appeals		
Written opinion 197	Affirmed	115		
Per curiam 1	Reversed			
Dismissal/withdrawal 50	Partially affirm	ed 13		
Transfer 9	Reversed and	ou .,,		
indifferent control co		1		
	Affirmed and			
	Remanded			
	Other			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.
*Appeals disposed of were computed by subtracting Rule 37 motions and original
proceedings disposed from reported total matters dispost d.
*Habeas corpus includes 20 original habeas corpus dases and 41 cases from
habeas corpus docket.
*Dispositions of other original proceedings include the following: stay of
proceedings denied—1, grand jury presentment quashed—2, original proceedings
dismissed—1.
*Rule 37 motions are prosecutors' motions for extension of time in District Court.

Source: Judicial Department of the State of New Mexico, Annual Report 1975 (Santa Fe, New Mexico: 1976). Time to disposition of case data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

New Mexico Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 5 ludges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil Criminal Reinstated cases Administrative	X X X	208 259 10 37	X X X	X X X
Total appeals	264	514	529	249
Other cases; Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				····
Total cases	264	514	529	249
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters;	1	52	53	0
Motions Total other proceedings ^b	0	799 851 ^b	<u>799</u> -	0
Manner of disposition Written opinion	7 Affirm 6 Rever 3 Partia 2 Rever 1 mai Affirm mai Other	sed illy affirm sed and nded led and inded	ed	267 43 3 58 4 3 5

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *Cases involving certificant from the New Mexico Supreme Court to the U.S. Supreme Court were omitted from total cases filed to avoid double counting. There were 131 of those cases dealt with in 1975 with 2 cases pending at the end of 1975.

Source: Clerk, appellate court, "15.75 Annual Report." Judicial Department of the State of New Mexico, Annual Report 1975 (Santa Fe, New Mexico: 1976). Source of cases and time to disposition data are available. Statistics are from these two reports except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

New Mexico District Court Court of general jurisdiction 13 districts, 32 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civita:				
Total civil	19,798	30,374	31,786	17,305
Criminal: Total criminal	1,913	4,771	4,588	2,096
Juventio:				
Total Juvenile	2,120	5,454	4,888	2,734
Grand total	23,831	40,599	41,262	22,135

Jury trial Criminal Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: Judicial Depair pent of the State of New Mexico, Annual Report 1975 (Santa Fe, New Mexico: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

New Mexico Probate Court 32 courts, 32 judges January 1, 1975-December 31,1975

There were no data available for probate cases handled in the Probate Court.

A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition. Change in pending does not equal difference between filings and dispositions. Figures are as reported in the annual report.

The criminal unit of count is the number of indictments.

A jury trial is counted if the jury is impaneled.

New York court system, 1975 **COURT OF APPEALS** 7 justices Jurisdiction: · Final appellate jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases. Direct appeal of quastions involving provision of constitution and death sentence. Criminal APPELLATE DIVISION OF APPELLATE TERMS OF SUPREME COURT (3) SUPREME COURT (4) 3-5 supreme court judges serve in each appellate term.** Civil I Jurisdiction: Civil and criminal appellate jurisdiction. Jurisdiction: Civil appellate jurisdiction in two of the appellate terms. Criminal appellate jurisdiction in all districts. Civil, felonies, all 3rd and 4th Department Cases. Non-felonies in 2nd Department. 2nd SUPREME COUNTY CITY COURTS* (61) Depart-COURT (11) **COURT (57)** DISTRICT ment. 140 judges 257 judges 100 judges COUNT (2) Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: 49 judges Civil law and equity under \$6,000 (may vary to \$10,000). Civil actions under Unlimited law and Jurisdiction: - in Nassau and Suffolk \$6,000, small claims. equity. Exclusive domestic relations. Criminal with fine less than \$1,000, sentence less than 12 months, felony preliminaries. Countles. Original criminal Felonies and misde-Civil actions under jurisdiction over all meanors prosecuted \$6,000. by indictment (in city of New York). Criminal offenses (except in city of New York). Criminal with fine less Jury trials. than \$1,000 or sentence less than 12 months. Jurisdiction in other Appeals on record. and 4th counties if needed. Department. Jury trials. Jury trials. Jury trials. TOWN AND VILLAGE COURT CIVIL COURT OF (2,240)THE CITY OF 2,240 justices of peace FAMILY SURROGATES **NEW YORK (1)** Jurisdiction: **COURT (58) COURT (62)** Original civil under \$1,000 (generally small 120 Judges 101 Judges, 35 county 35 surrogates, 36 county Jurisdiction: claims). Original criminal with Civil law and equity under \$10,000. Judges serve judges Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: fine less than \$1,000, sentence less than 12 Full and complete general jurisdiction in Adoption. Juvenile delinquency, Jury trials. months (mostly traffic). matters relating to dependency, and Felony preliminaries. decedents estates. neglect. Exclusive probate jurisdiction, Adoptions, Jury trials. Jury trials not generally available. guardianships. CRIMINAL COURT OF THE CITY OF **NEW YORK (1) COURT OF CLAIMS (1)** 98 1 dges 53 judges Juasdiction: Jurisdiction: Criminal with fine Exclusive jurisdiction over claims to less than \$1,000 or which the state is a party. sentence less than 12 months. Felony preliminaries. Indicates route of appeal. Jury trials. Included are the city courts, justice courts, police courts, and recorder's courts. **Fifty retired justices of the Supreme Court were certified to continue to serve. Of these, 12 were temporarily designated to the Appellate Term.

CONTINUED

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New York Court of Appeals Court of last resort 7 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

			Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Clyll			×	N/A	360	×
Criminal	************		_x_	N/A 617 ^b	188 	x
Total appeals Other cases: Original proceedings			438	617 ^b	881	442
Requests to appeal: Application for leave to appeal (criminal) Motions Total			N/A N/A N/A	1,190 1,142° 2,332°	1,047 1,142° 2,189°	N/A N/A N/A
Total other cases			N/A	2,332°	2,189°	N/A
Total cases			4384	2,949∞	3,070₺	442ª
Manner of d	4 4 4 4 4 5 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		Disposition of app			
Per curiam . Memorandum	on I. hdrawal	282 35 127 333	Affirmed		375 124 36	

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Data on *ppeals filed are incomplete owing to missing figures for Januar. February, and March 1975. Hence caseflow numbers do not add up. "The motions category includes motions to appeal in civil cases and an unknown number of procedural motions.
"Pending data for requests to *appeal* are not available."

1

Source: The Administrative Board of the Judicial Conference, 21st Annual Report 1975 (New York, N. Y. 1976). Also unpublished statistical data provided by the cierk of the court. Origin of decided appeals is reported. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the cierk of the appeals court.

182 State Court Profiles

New York Appellate Division of the Supreme Court Intermediate appellate court 4 divisions, 24 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

		Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:		N/A	7,429	7,348	N/A
Total appeals		N/A	7,4295	7,348	N/A
Other cases; Original proceedings: Disciplinary proceedings. Requests to appeal		N/A	876	87°	N/A
Total other cases	<u> </u>	N/A	876	876	N/A
Total cases*		N/A	7,5166	7,4355	N/A
Other proceedings; Other matters: Motions		N/A	N/A	13,406	N/A
Total other proceedings		N/A	N/A	13,406	N/A
하시면서 보안하다고요요. - 1. 설립, 살아 1 분야한 : - 1 분 : 1 분 : 1 분					
Manner of disposition		Dispositio	n of appeals		
Written opinion 482 Per curiam 71 Memorandum 3,478		Reversed Modificati Dismissais	ons	1,015 686 357	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. PAn unknown number of original proceedings is included in total filings and dispositions of appeals.

Source: Administrative Board of the Judicial Conference, 21st Annual Report 1975 (New York, N. Y.: 1976). Also data from the New York State Office of Court Administration. Statistics are from these two sources except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

New York Appellate Terms of the Supreme Court Intermediate appellate court 3 terms, 9 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals	N/A	2,177	1,579	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	2,177	1,579	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings				
Total other cases				
Total cases*	N/A	2,177	1,579	N/A
Other proceedings: Cther matters: Motions heard or submitted	N/A	N/A	2,510	N/A
Total other proceedings	Ñ/A	N/A	2,510	N/A
Manner of disposition	Disposition	of appeals		
Signed written opinion 0 Per curiam 695 Memorandum 484	Reversed Discontin- ued/dismi	ssed 4	36 08 03 32	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.
N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

NOTE: Appellate Terms of the Supreme Court hear civil and criminal appears from the First and Second Departments. County courts sitting as appellate courts for the Third and Fourth Departments hear some equivalent criminal capeals; however, data on the volume of such cases are not available. For certain criminal cases New York has three intermediate appellate courts when county courts sitting as appellate courts are counted.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *During 1975, there were three Appellate Terms sitting with three justices in each term; hence the total of nine judges for 1975.

Source: The Administrative Board of the Judicial Conference, 21st Annual Report 1975 (New York, N. Y.: 1976). Also data from the New York State Office of Court Administration. Statistics are from these two sources except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or clerk of the appeals court. New York Supreme Court and County Courts Courts of general jurisdiction 11 districts, 257 judges; 57 counties, 100 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
vIIp		 		
Auto tort: Supreme Court County Court Total Non-auto tort:	X X X	24,272 1,356 25,628	23,673 1,511 25,184	X X
Medical maipractice; Supreme Court County Court Total	X X X	932 3 935	981 4 985	X X
Other tort: Supreme Court County Court Total Total	X X X	12,910 521 13,431 14,366	11,207 532 11,739 12,724	X X X
Contract: Supreme Court. County Court. Total. Property rights:	X X X	9,233 1,294 10,527	8,027 1,135 9,162	X
Condemnation: Supreme Court County Court Total Domestic relations:	X X	294 3 297	243 2 245	X X X
Matrimonial: Supreme Court	5,144	59,306	56,631	7,619
Tax certiorari: Supreme Court County Court Total Other civil:	X X	3,955 0 3,955	5,108 1 5,109	X X
Supreme Court. County Court. Total.	X	4,612 318 4,930	5,323 353 5,676	X X X
Fotal civil: Supreme Court. County Court. Total	58,086 5,070 63,156	115,514 3,495 119,009	111,193 3,538 114,731	62,363° 4,807° 67,170°
lminai¢:				
Other criminal: Indictments—New York City Indictments—outside New York City Total	N/A N/A N/A	19,720 16,034 35,754	21,938 16,736 38,674	N/A N/A N/A
Total criminal	N/A	35,754	38,674	N/A
and total	63,156*	154,763	153,405	67,170∞
Triaf Jury Non-jury To	otal		at dispositions	1,899

	Jury	Triaf Non-lury	Total	
Civil: Supreme Court County Court Total	2,068 133	55,386 222 55,608	57,454 355 57,809	
Criminal: New York City Outside New York City Total	X X	X X X	2,184 1,126 3,310	
Total	x	X	61,119	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Grand totals do not include criminal pending.

'A trial is counted if it is tried to decision or verdict.

Source: The Administrative Board of the Judicial Conference, 21st Annual Report (New York: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}Filings are the total of new actions, restorations, transfers into these courts from other courts, plus or minus transfers within the courts.

Sha civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

Because of adjustments made by the court, change in pending does not equal difference between filings and dispositions.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each indictment.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

New York Surrogates Court 62 courts; 35 surrogates, 36 county judges serve January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:	3			
Adoptions granted	N/A	N/A	3,605	N/A
Total domestic relations	N/A	N/A	3,605	N/A
Probate:				
Wills Administrator Accountings Guardianship Other	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	41,228 N/A 11,310 N/A N/A	40,478 21,479 8,447 5,533 3,843	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Total probate	N/A	52,5384	79,780	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

New York Family Court 58 courts, 101 judges, 35 county judges serve January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending ⁵	Filed¢	Disposed	d End pending ^b
Pomestic relations:				
Adoption Supreme court referrai Custody of minors. Foster care review Foster care placement Physically handicapped. Family offense. Paternity Support Uniform support of dependents. Consent to marry. Other	1,586 529 1,185 3,221 1,330 689 5,403 14,008 18,797 9,903 57	9,760 1,349 5,760 6,741 7,275 7,385 23,138 20,862 47,375 23,385 502 5,060	3,843 1,800 4,824 5,597 7,607 6,133 24,804 23,895 64,149 28,271 774 14,999	1,069 196 1,572 2,184 1,326 1,118 3,459 5,735 9,280 4,065 52 668
Total domestic relations	57,089	152,610	186,796	30,7246
Probate:				
Guardianship	213	. 602	495	243
Total probate	213	602	495	243
Mental health: Mental defective		8	36	4
Total mental health	2	8	36	4
Juvenile:				
Delinquency	10,248	24,121	29,948	5,856
Permanent neglect Child protective—neglect Child protective—abuse Total	406 7,594 407 8,407	918 6,973 1,271 9,162	835 11,725 937 13,497	545 2,336 877 3,758
Children in need of supervision: Persons in need of supervision	3,641	12,250	17,008	1,911
Total Juvenile	22,296	45,533	60,453	11,525

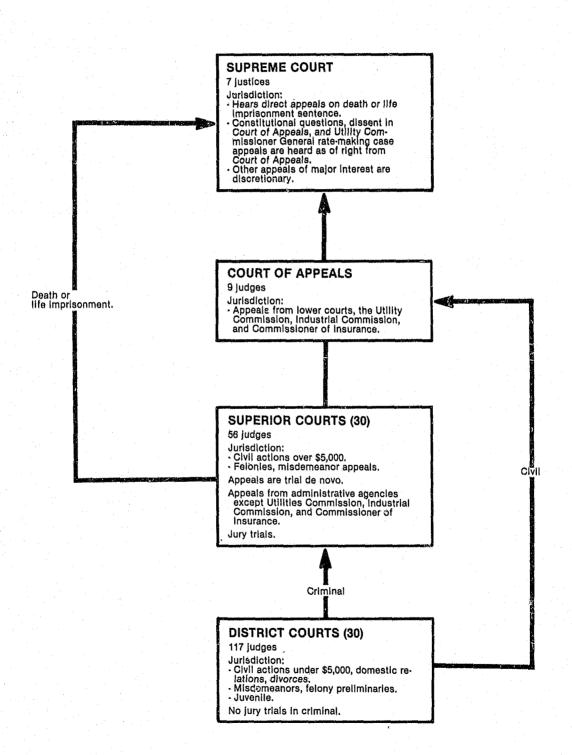
Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: The Administrative Board of the Judicial Conference, 21st Annual Report 1975 (New York: 1976).

^{*}Data were not available in all categories for inclusion in the total.

^bBecause of adjustments made by the court, change in pending does not equal difference between filings and dispositions. ^cFigures include petitions in which warrants were returned during year. ^dFigures include petitions in which warrants were issued during year.

North Carolina court system, 1975



North Carolina Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices February 4, 1975-February 2, 1976

	Beginning pending	Filado	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals: Cases dockated. Advisari pending.	mad disa pana bana	242 (- 69)	X 	_ <u>×</u>
Decided Dismissed Adviseri Pending cases	==	==	143 29 	32 9
Total appeals	40 ^d	1736	172	41
Other cases; Original proceedings				
DocketedAllowed	04 MI	347	39 230	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Denied			16	
Total	0d	3474	285	62
Total other cases	0	3475	285	62
Total cases*	400	520°	4570	103
Other proceedings: Other matters: Motions ^o	0	2880	2880	n
Total other proceedings	0	288*	288°	0

Manner	of disposition	
Written	opinion	

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.
*Cases coming to the court by both a notice of appeal and a petition for writ of
certiorari are counted as two filings, but trie number of cases counted twice is
unknown.

*Motions consist of 157 "motions and petitions acted on" (other than petition for
certiorari to review Court of Appeals' decisions) plus 131 "other motions acted on."
*Beginning pending figures for total appeals and total other cases were computed
by NCSP staff.

Source: Clerk, Supreme Court, "Supreme Court Case Load Statistics" for the Spring and Fall Terms of 1975 (unpublished). Statistics are from these unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

North Carolina Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 9 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Flied	Disposad	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Criminal Civil	N/A N/A N/A	X X X 1,078	443 386 71 900	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases	,			···
Total cases*	N/A	1,078	900	N/A
Other proceedings: Other matters; Motions and petitions Total other proceedings	N/A N/A	1,002	1,002 1,002	N/A N/A

Manner of disposition Written opinion..... 829 Disposed without written opinion.....

Eioldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Letter containing statistical data received from the office of the clerk, Court of Appeals of North Carolina, and from 1975 Annual Report of the Judicial Department, State of North Carolina (Raleigh, North Carolina). Statistics are from these sources except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

North Carolina Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 30 districts, 56 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civilia				
Total civila	13,517	10,919	9,222	15,214
Criminale:				
Felony Appeata: Misdemeanor trial	×	30,762	x	· X
de novo	X	22,743	X	X
Total criminal	16,327	53,505	52,551	17,281
Grand total	29,844	64,424	61,773	32,495

				····
		Trial		Criminal dispositions
	Jury	Non-Jury	Total	
Civil	667	3,353	4.020	Guilty pleas 26,835
Criminal	3,626	N/A	N/A	i .
Total	4,293	N/A	N/A	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable, X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Civil cases are counted when the complaint or petition is recorded.

*Additionally there were 25,263 estates filed, 24,278 disposed, and 42,946 pending at the end; and 26,349 special proceedings filed, 23,973 disposed, and 23,293 pending at the end. These matters are handled by the cierk of the Superior Court, and hence were not included.

*There was no specific definition for unit of count in criminal cases; however, it was probably most often the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

*Jury trials are counted when the jury is sworn. Non-jury trials are counted with the opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report 1975 (Raleigh, North Carolina: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

North Carolina District Court 30 districts, 117 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

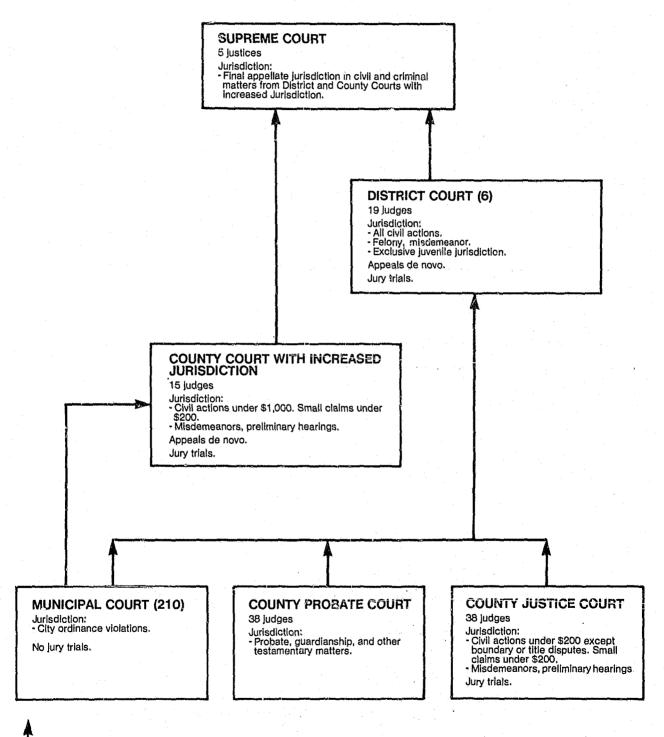
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Domestic relations:				
Total domestic relations	N/A	30,271	N/A	N/A
Juvenile*:				
Delinquent	N/A	15,152	16,168	N/A
Dependent Neglected Total dependent Children in nead of	N/A N/A N/A	2,237 2,136 4,373	2,525 2,665 5,190	N/A N/A N/A
supervision: Undisciplined	N/A	5,275	5,773	N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	24.800	27.1314	MIA

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Juvenile dispositions are the number of hearings resulting in the juvenile being retained or dismissed.

Administrative Office of the Courts, Annual Report 1975 (Raleigh, North Carolina: 1976). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

North Dakota court system, 1975



Indicates route of appeal.

North Dakota Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ses:				V
Appeals:	. ,	82	82	. 0
Criminal	ő	17	17	ŏ
Other appeals	Õ	8	`8	ō
Certified question of law	0	1	1	0
Total appeals ^b	26	1086	1085	04
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:	4 2 4		_	_
Habeas corpus	0 .	6	6	0
MandamusProhibition	0	3	3	ŏ
Superintending control	. 0	7	7	ŏ
Disciplinary	ŏ	ż	ż	ŏ
Certiorari	Ö.	1	. 1	Ó
Total	· · O	216	21	0
Requests to appeal				
Total other cases	<u> </u>	21*	216	. 0
Total cases	26	1296	1295	0≈
her proceedings:				
Rehearing requests	2	28	24 8	6
Other matters		<u>8</u>		0
Fotal other proceedings	2	36	32	6
Manner of disposition	Disposition of a	• •		
Written opinion 108°	Affirmed	58	1	
Per curiam	Reversed Modified and re	9		
By order	manded			
-,	Dismissed	3		
	Affirmed and re) -		
	Affirmed and re	8		
	Affirmed and re manded Affirmed in part	8 t,		
	Affirmed and re manded Affirmed in part reversed in p			
	Affirmed and re manded Affirmed in part			
	Affirmed and re manded Affirmed in part reversed in p Reversed and r manded Other			
	Affirmed and remanded	8 t, art 3 e 11 6		
	Affirmed and re manded Affirmed in part reversed in p Reversed and r manded Other	8 t, art 3 e 11 6		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Fillings in North Dakota are not reported (for statistical purposes) until a case has been argued before the court; therefore, figures reported are lower than actual court workload.

"This figure includes three opinions disposing of petitions for rehearing, "Caseflow for appeals does not add up, Numbers are as provided by the cierk.

Source: North Dakota Judicial Council, Judicial Council Statistical Compilation and Report, January-June 1975, June-December 1975 (Bismarck, North Dakota). Numbers shown are a composite of both semi-annual reports and unpublished data provided by the clerk of the court. Age-of-pending-case and time-to-case-disposition data are available. Statistics are from these sources except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clork of the appeals court.

North Dakota District Courts Court of general jurisdiction 6 districts, 19 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginnin pending		Disposed	End pending
Civiib;				
Other civil	3,873	6,387 <u>43</u> 6,430	X 7,351	X 2,952
Criminale:				
Other criminal	X 273	864 212 1,076	X 1,063	X 286
Juvenile ^d ;				
Total juvenile	224	855	897	182
Grand total	4,370	8,361	9,311	3,420
	Jury	Trial* Non-jury	Total	
CiviiCriminal Criminal Total	69 72 141	636 57 693	705 129 834	

Boldface headings indicate the <u>classifications</u> used by the NCSP.
 X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Data are taken from clerks of courts' section of the semi-annual reports.
•Civil cases are counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.
•The criminal unit of count is the case number assigned to the information/ Indictment.

"Juvenile cases count the number of proceedings.

"Juvy trials are counted if they are tried to verdict. The state counts non-jury trials if they are contested.

Source: North Dakota Judicial Council, Judicial Council Statistical Compilation and Report, January—June, 1975, July—December 1975 (Bismarck, North Dakota). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories--limited jurisdiction courts

North Dakota County Probate Courts 38 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Probate:				
Probate	6,788 2,692 57 406 9,943	2,825 312 82 1,145 4,364	2,735 373 94 1,270 4,472	6,604 2,544 39 239 9,426
Mental health:				
Total mental health hearings	N/A	N/A	920	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

^aData for Richland County are missing for July-December, ^cChange in pending does not equal difference between filings and dispositions owing to missing data.

Source: North Dakota Judicial Council, Judicial Council Statistical Compilation and Report, January—June 1975, July—December 1975 (Bismarck, North Dakota). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Indicates route of appeal.

Ohio court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT 7 Justices Jurisdiction: Final appellate jurisdiction over all lower courts. - Constitution questions and questions of great general or public interest. Appeals from Board of Tax Appeals and Public Utilities Commission. COURT OF APPEALS (1) 38 judges Jurisdiction: General appellate review of judgment of lower courts. Appeals from Board of Tax Appeals. COURT OF CLAIMS (1) **COURT OF COMMON PLEAS (88)** 296 judges Judge sits on temporary assignment. Jurisdiction: - Civil actions over \$500. Exclusive domestic relations and probate jurisdiction. - Exclusive felony and most serious criminal jurisdiction. Jurisdiction: Exclusive jurisdiction in civil actions against the state and over claims removed from other courts to Court of Claims. Jury trial except in claim against state. - Exclusive juvenile jurisdiction. Appeals de novo. Jury trials. **COUNTY COURT (59) MUNICIPAL COURT (110)** 170 judges 73 judges Jurisdiction: Jurisdiction: ourisations. Colvil actions under \$10,000; exclusive of forcible entry and detainer. - Misdemeanors, municipal ordinance, felony Clivil actions under \$500; exclusive forcible entry and detainer; and small claims. Misdemeanor, traffic, felony preliminaries. preliminaries. Jury trials. Jury trials. MAYOR'S COURT (767) 767 judges (mayors) Jurisdiction: · Minor criminal cases, mainly traffic

violations. No jury trials. Ohio Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals	N/A	2934	256	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	2936	256	N/A
Other cases:				
Original proceedings	N/A	N/A	- 66	N/A
Habeas corpus	N/A	N/A	23	N/A
Disciplinary	N/A	18	13	N/A
Total	N/A	186	102	N/A
Requests to apppeal; Motion for leave				
to appeal	N/A	378	340	N/A
Motion to certify	N/A	634	612	N/A
Total	N/A	1,012	952	N/A
Total Other cases	N/A	1,0305	1,054	N/A
Total cases	N/A	1,3235	1,310	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

*Appeals filed includes an unknown number of original proceedings filed which are not included in the original proceedings filed category.

Source: Office of the Administrative Director, Ohio Courts Summary 1975 (Columbus, Ohio). Statistics are from the summary except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Ohio Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 11 divisions, 38 judges January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

·	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Total appeals	2,90 <u>1</u> 2,901	6,869 6,869	6,148 6,148	3,622 3,622
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases	2,901	6,869	6,148	3,622

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Office of the Administrative Director, Ohio Court Summary 1975 (Columbus, Ohio). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Ohio Court of Common Pleas Court of general jurisdiction 88 counties, 296 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

				1.	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ivii:								
Unclassified tort:								
Personal Injur	Y		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		22,127	19,107	18,418	22,816
	(h,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				N/A	670	731	N/A
Domestic relation					22,127	19,777	19,149	22,816
	itions				34,991	82.838	88.647	29.182
Adoptions	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		************		N/A	7,692	7,349	N/A
Birth records.					N/A	3,809	3,741	N/A
_ Name change					N/A	2,780	2,761	N/A
		*********	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		34,9910	97,119	102,498	29,182
Probate:	states				56,420	65,548	64,692	54.741°
Guardianshin	and testamentary tru	Sta	*********		22,549	8.164	6.263	22,409°
	actions				4,373	6.553	6.499	3.7070
	ment				N/A	1,506	1,510	N/A
	[41444444444444444444444444444444444444	*********			83,3426	81,771	78,964	80,857bc
Mental health:					A146			
Mental liness	and retardation	**********			N/A	6,696	7,055	N/A
	ompensation				1.135	869	903	1,101
	8				851	959	1,062	748
					1,986	1,828	1,965	1.849
Other civil:								
All other	*****************	*********			29,723	42,631	40,536	31,818
Total civil					172,169	249,822	250,167	166,5226
Criminald:								
Felony:								
Criminal	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(************		6,099	31,554	31,230	6,423
Total criminal					6,099	31,554	31,230	6,423
					•	- 7 *-		
uvenile:					,			
Total Juvenile	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				21,322	194,288	196,503	19,107
arand total					199,590	475,664	477,900	192,052
			Trial*			Criminal dispositions		
		Jury	Non-jury	Total				4
	en int	4 740	40.004	40.004		Dismissed	401	
	Civil'	1,710 2,356	10,894 2,832	12,604 5,190		Nolle prosse ,	3,879	
	Criminal Total	4.068	13,726	17.794		Transfer	1,198	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*A civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

*All civil categories did not report pending. Only those reported are included in the total.

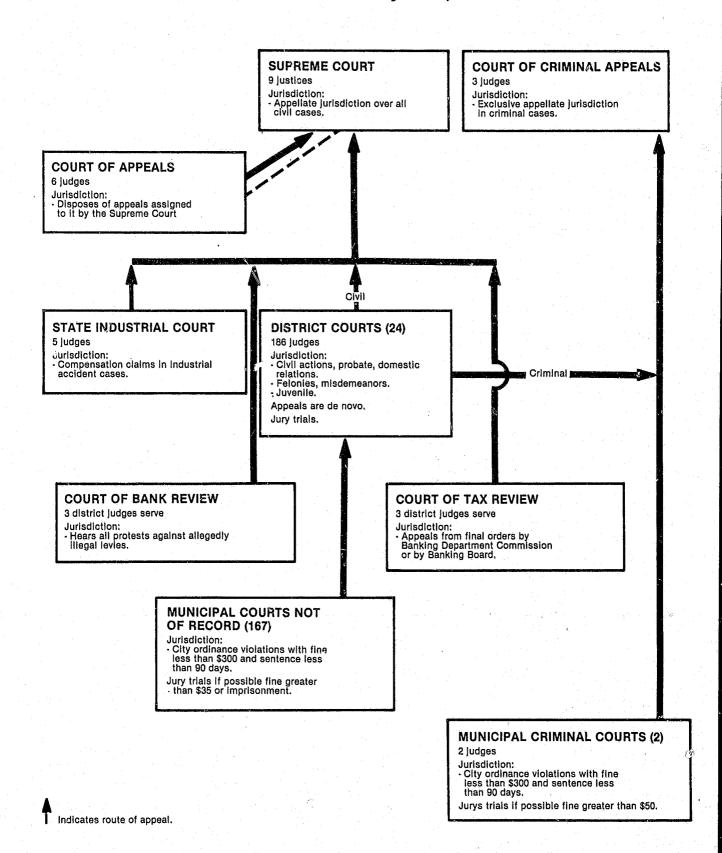
Change in pending does not equal the difference between fillings and dispositions. Numbers are as reported in annual report.

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each informa-

A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when the first witness is sworn.
 Does not include trials for probate or domestic relations cases.

Source: Office of the Administrative Director, Ohio Courts Summary 1975 (Columbus, Ohio). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Oklahoma court system, 1975



Oklahoma Supreme Court Court of last resort^b 9 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals: Civil	x	654	467	×
Total appeals	X	654bc	467bc	×
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal;	x	163	135	×
Certiorari	X	175	_169	X
Total other cases	X	338	304	X
Total cases	9630	9920	7710	1,182∞

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Supreme Court is court of last resort for civil cases.

All civil appeals are originally filed in the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court then assigns some of these cases to the Court of Appeals for disposition. Therefore, cases assigned, disposed, and pending in the Court of Appeals have been deducted from the Supreme Court's appeals category and utilized as caseload figures for the Court of Appeals.

Casellow does not add up after cases handled by the Court of Appeals have been subtracted. Figures are as verified by the state.

Administrative Director of the Courts, Report on the Judiciary 1975 (Oklahoma City, Oklahoma). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals Court of last resort^b 3 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending	
Cases:					
Appeals: Criminal Post conviction	X	379 139	328 140	×	
Total appeals	X	5185	468b	×	
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal	X	296	322	x	
Total other cases	x	296	322	X	
Total cases*	220	814	790	244	

Manner of disposition Written opinion......

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part 1 tables, b'The Court of Criminal Appeals has exclusive appellate jurisdiction in criminal cases. It is the court of last resort for criminal cases.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Report on the Judiciary 1975 (Oklahoma City, Oklahoma). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Oklahoma Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court^b 6 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pendings	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases;				
Appeals:	129	327	364	92
Total appeals		3270	3640	9250
Other cases:				
Original proceedings		NH	NH	NH
Requests to appeal		NH	NH	<u>NH</u>
Total other cases	NH	NH	NH	NH
Total cases	129∞	327	3645	92∞

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. NH = This case type is not handled in this court.

■These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part 1 tables, Cases are assigned to the Court of Appeals by the Supreme Court. The Court of Appeals hears only civil cases assigned to it and has no original jurisdiction,

Pending cases were computed based on the assumption that there were no pending cases in the Court of Appeals prior to 1971 when the court was officially orlainated.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Fieport on the Judiclary 1975 (Oklahoma City, Oklahoma). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Oklahoma District Courts Court of general jurisdiction 24 districts, 186 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
villė:				
Auto tort	3,575	4.529	3.448	4,456
Non-auto fort	1,912	2,922	2,274	2,560
Contractual	14,545	18,683	13,582	19,646
Small claims:				1.00
Possession of personal property	919	2,154	1,755	1,318
Possession of real property	977 43.121	3,711 57,339	2,824 46,716	1,864 53.744
Total	45,017	63,204	51,295	56,926
Property rights:	40,011	00,604	01,230	30,320
Lien or mortgage foreclosure	2.530	4.041	3,637	2,934
Real property	2,380	4,086	3.881	2,565
Total,	4,890	8,127	7,518	5,499
Domestic relations:				
Divorce	13,076	30,930	27,670	16,336
Separate maintenance	485	519	446	558
Annulment	104	324	306	122
Reciprocal support—in	1,021	1,326 851	974	1,373
Reciprocal support—out	164	129	652 73	867 220
Adoption	677	2,626	2.454	849
Total	16,195	36,705	32,575	20,325
Probate:	10,100	50,705	42,414	20,020
Administration of estates and probate proper	11,598	8,579	8,260	11,917
Determination of death of joint or life tenant	751	3,170	3,355	566
Guardianship and conservatorship	2,718	1,539	1,264	2,993
Other probate	125	325	320	130
Total	15,192	13,613	13,199	15,606
Montal health	613	2,897	2,712	798
Administrative: Appeals from administrative tribunals	469	552	544	477
Other Civil	5,949	5,562	4.704	6,807
Extraordinary writs:	0,040	0,502	4,164	0,007
Injunction, quo warranto, mandamus, habeas corpus	898	1.259	985	1,172
Fotal civil	109,255	157,853	132,836	134,272
	100,200	101,000	102,000	1041212
minale:				
Felony:	0.047	4 004	0.067	0.040
Crime against person	2,647 7,242	4,281 9,790	3,867 8,167	2,942 8,843
Other felony	4.370	6.368	5,384	5318
Total	14,6284	20,439	17.418	17,6494
Misdemeanor:	. 1,020	_0,.50	.,,,,,	111010
DW1	4,361	9,270	9,011	4,620
Other misdemeanor,	13,013	35,835	34,206	14,642
Total	17,374	45,105	43,217	19,262
Traffic	36,706	140,896	137,018	40,584
Appeals	425	738	397	766
Extraordinary write:	At A	434	320	h178
Felony post-convicton appeals	N/A			N/A
otal criminal*	69,133	207,612	198,370	78,261•
renile;				
Delinquency	863	4,106	3,321	1,648
Dependency and neglecto	455	1,910	1,667	698
	729	2,295	1,885	1,139
Children in need of supervision				
	0.047/	0.014	P 070	0.305
otal juvenile/	2,047/	8,311	6,873	3,485

Trial or contest	
Civil	24,372
Criminal	18,458 3.565
Total	46,395

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*No activity was reported in 1975 for the Court of Bank Review or the Court of Tax Review. The caseload of both these courts is handled by district court judges.

*A civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

*The unit of count for criminal cases is the number of informations/indictments.

*Felony pending data are not available for pending by category in Muskogee County, but total felony pending data for Muskogee County are included in the total felonies pending.

*Does not include pending figures for felony post-conviction appeals. This category is included in fillings and dispositions totals.

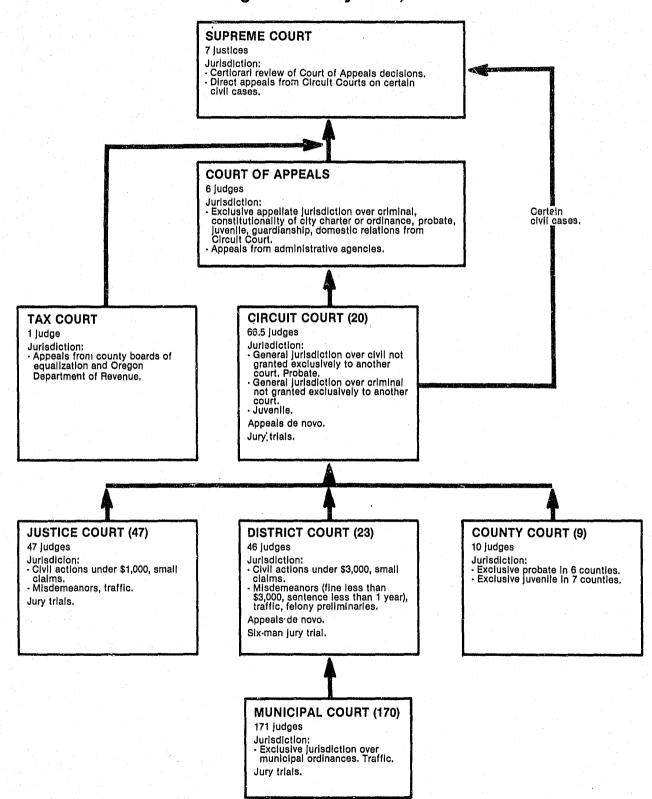
*Beginning pending data are not available for Oklahoma, Tulsa, or Muskogee countles.

*Pata are not available in Oklahoma County for juvenite dependency.

*A trial or contest is counted when it is tried to completion.

Source: Administrative Director of the Courts, Report on the Judiclary 1975 (Oklahoma City, Oklahoma). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Oregon court system, 1975



Oregon Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending		
Ceses;						
Appeals:	250	4725	424	298		
Total appeals	250	4720	424	298		
Other cases:						
Original proceedings Requests to appeal:	х	Х	, X	Х		
Civil	X	79	X	X		
Criminal	X	165	X	X		
Other	X	57	X	X		
Total	X X 18	301	282	X X X 37		
Total other cases	18	301	282	37		
Total cases	268	773	706	335		
Other proceedings:		40	40			
Rehearing requests		43	42	1		
Total other proceedings	0	43	42	1		

Manner of disposition		Disposition of appeals	
Written opinion Dismissal/withdrawai	273 151	Affirmed	78 33

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part 1 tables, bappeals filed include 37 original proceedings, 13 Tax Court appeals, 7 bar proceedings, and 23 Court of Appeals reviews allowed. Hence, original proceedings and some requests to appeal are contained within the appeals category.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 22nd Annual Report 1975 (Salem, Oregon). Source of cases and time-to-disposition data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Oregon Court of Appeals intermediate appellate court 8 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ses: Appeats: Civil Criminal	×	322 704	X X	×
Other appeals: Workmen's compensation Administrative agency review. Parole board review. Post conviction and habeas corpus Corrections disciplinary	X X X	65 145 53 56	X X X	X X X
review	, <u>X</u> 429	194 1,539	1,299	X 669
Other cases: Original proceedings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total other cases	429	1,539	1,299	669

Manner of disposition		Disposition of appeals	
Written opinion	506	Affirmed	625
Per curlam	282	Reversed	114
Memorandum Dismissal/withdrawal	46 421	Modified	56 421
Other	744	Distillation	421

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables,

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 22nd Annual Report 1975 (Salem, Oregon). Source of cases and time to disposition of cases data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the cierk of the appeals court.

Oregon Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 20 circuits, 66.5 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
lylis;			*	
Low	×	15,102 5,437	13,675 5,172	×
Dissolution ,	· X	20,153	20,260	X
Probate: Estates Guardianship and conservatorship	7,106 ^b 8,204 15,310 ^b	4,589 1,551 6,140	5,055 ^b 1,728 6,783 ^b	6,499 8,027 14,526
Total civile	39,6710	46,832	45,890	40,472°
riminal*:				
Felony: Criminal	4,019*	14,360	14,383	3,996
Total criminal	4,019*	14,360	14,383	3,996
ıvenile:				
Juvenile petitions	N/A	11,305	N/A	N/A
Total Juvenile	N/A	11,305	N/A	N/A
rand total	43,690	72,497	60,273	44,468

	Jury	Trial ^a Non-jury	Total
Civil ^h	1,064	3,607	4,671
Criminal	1,113 2.177	726 4.333	1,839 6,510

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Civil cases are counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.
*Dispositions and beginning pending for estates included cases handled by the county court. The filings and end pending for the county court are presented in the limited jurisdiction chart.

*Pending for law, equity, and domestic relations are included in total civil.

*The criminal unit of count is the case number assigned at the arraignment.

*Beginning pending computed from filings, dispositions, and end pending.

*Arrand total does not include dispositions or pending for juvenile petitions. Filings include juvenile petitions.

*Juny trials are counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trials when the first witness is sworn.

*Does not include trials in probate matters.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 22nd Annual Report 1975 (Salem, Oregon). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator. January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Çivii:				
Administrative: Regular division Small claims division	62 34	84 148	85 60	61 122
Total	. 96	232	145	183
Total civil	96	232	145	183
Grand total,	96	232	145	183

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*Data from this court are included in the general jurisdiction charts since ORS 305.405 designates the Tax Court as one of general jurisdiction within the substantive areas defined by ORS 305.410.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 22nd Annual Report 1975 (Salem, Oregon). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdicton courts

Oregon County Court 9 countles, 10 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Probate:				
Estates*Guardianship and conservatorship	(a) 162	117 28	(a) 33	258 157
Total probate	1625	145	336	415
Juvenijo:				
Juvenile petitions	N/A	263	N/A	N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	263	N/A	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Estate cases pending at the beginning of the year and disposed are included in the Circuit Court figures.

Includes only guardianship and conservatorship cases for beginning of the year pending and dispositions. Also includes estates for fillings and end of year pending.

Source: Office of the State Court Administrator, 22nd Annual Report 1975 (Salem, Oregon). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Pennsylvania court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT

7 justices

- Jurisdiction:
- Hears direct appeals in felonious homicide, right to public office, Probate or Orphans Court matters, contempt cases, and questions of constitutionality of a statute. Other appeals are discretionary.
 May assume plenary jurisdiction over any matter in any court if it is an issue of immediate public interest.

Constitutionality of statute. Felonious homicide.

Right to public office. Contempt, probate.

COMMONWEALTH COURT

7 judges

- Jurisdiction:
 Original jurisdiction in civil actions involving the commonwealth or any of its officers.
- Appeals from administrative agencies, local government, eminent domain, and non-profit corporation matters.

SUPERIOR COURT

7 judges

- Jurisdiction:
- Exclusive appellate jurisdiction over Court of Common Pleas except those directly appealable to Supreme Court or Commonwealth Court.
- Non-governmental equity appeals.

Non-profit corporations. Government. Eminent domain.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS (59)

285 judges

- Jurisdiction:
- Original jurisdiction in all civil matters. Orphans Court Division handles probate. Original jurisdiction in all criminal matters.
- Exclusive jurisdiction in juvenile.

Appeals de novo.

Jury trials.

DISTRICT JUSTICE COURTS

562 justices of the peace

- Jurisdiction:
- Clivil matters under \$2,000.
 Offenses with sentence up to 90 days, Preliminary hearings in most criminal, Some motor vehicle cases.

No jury trials.

PHILADELPHIA MUNICIPAL COURT

22 Judges

- Jurisdiction:
- Landlord and tenant, assumpsit and trespass claims under \$1,000. Criminal offenses with less than 5-year sentence. Motor vehicle laws.
- Preliminary hearings except for homicide and rape.

No jury trial.

PHILADELPHIA TRAFFIC COURT PITTSBURGH TRAFFIC COURT

6 Judges (Philadelphia)

Magistrates serve (Pittsburgh)

Jurisdiction:

Exclusive jurisdiction of all summary offenses under the motor vehicle laws.

No jury trials.

PITTSBURGH HOUSING COURT

Magistrates serve

- Jurisdiction:
- Matters relating to the health, safety, or welfare of any place of human habitation.

No jury trials.

CITY COURT OF **PITTSBURGH**

6 Judges

- Jurisdiction:
- Misdemeanors and municipal ordinances (fine less than \$500 or sentence less than 90 days). Felony preliminaries.

No jury trials.

Pennsylvania Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
iasos; Appesis;	N/A	828	N/A	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	828	N/A	N/A
Other cases:	1 1 1			
Original proceedings				
Petitions for allocatur	N/A	868	N/A	N/A
Total other cases	N/A	868	N/A	N/A
Total cases*	N/A	1,698	N/A	N/A
her proceedings:				
Citier matters: Miscellaneous petitions	N/A	1,400	N/A	N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	1,400	N/A	N/A
Manner of dispos	ition	•		
Written opinion	561			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space - Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Administrative Office of the Pennsylvania Courts, 1975 Annual Report (Philadelphia, Pennsylvania). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Pennsylvania Superior Court intermediate appellate court 7 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals:	N/A	2,996	N/A	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	2,996	N/A	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases*	N/Á	2,996	N/A	N/A
Other proceedings: Other matters: Miscelianeous petitions	N/A	5,448	N/A	N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	5,448	N/A	N/A
	N/A of disposition		N/A 	N/A

Boildface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space - Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

Written opinion...... 1.346

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Administrative Office of the Pennsylvania Courts, 1975 Annual Report (Philadelphia, Pennsylvania). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Pennsylvania Commonwealth Court Intermediate appellate court 7 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Total appeals	N/A N/A	2,027 2,027	1,257 1,257	N/A N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases ^{ab}	N/A	2,027	1,257	N/A
Written Withdra tinued	of disposition opinionwal, discon-		821 436	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space - Not enough information is known, The case category may or may

not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *Court handles only cases involving officials or offices of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Source: Administrative Office of the Pennsylvania Courts, 1975 Annual Fleport (Philadelphia, Pennsylvania). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

204 State Court Profiles

Pennsylvania Courts of Common Pleas and Philadelphia Municipal Court Court of general jurisdiction 59 courts, 285 judges; 1 court, 22 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
sivile;				
Domestic relations: Domestic relations	5,305 13,649 421 842 20,217	47,841 38,313 3,138 6,874 96,166	46,237 36,332 2,977 6,860 92,406	6,909 15,630 582 856 23,977
Orphans' court audits	1,386 288	22,010 5,697	21,677 5,679	1,719 306
Civile	18,949	19,959	18,629	20,279
Total civile	40,840	143,832	138,391	46,281
riminal ^a :				
Other criminal; Criminal* Appeals:	26,061	102,648	97,213	31,496
Miscellaneous'	1,602	6,512	6,635	1,479
Post-conviction appeals	401	734	728	407
Total criminal	28,064	109,894	104,576	33,382
ivenile:				
Total juvenile	4,388	39,882	38,350	5,920
rand total	73,292	293,608	281,317	85,583
Trials ^a	Cri	minal dispositions!		
Jury Non-jury To	tal C.	محمد المراد	00.000	

3,994 18,652

22,646

Total'.... Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Civil*......

5,311

17,335

*Civil cases are counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

*Other civil includes trespass, assumpsit, equity, and miscellaneous civil cases which are counted when the case is placed at issue as ready for trial.

*Does not include 28,902 cases filed, 28,770 disposed, and 15,272 pending at the end of the year which were assigned to boards of arbitration.

The unit of count for criminal cases is each defendant on each information/indictment.

*Includes felonies, misdemeanors, and trials de novo for appeals. Included are 4,780 cases pending at the start of the year, 32,275 disposed, and 4,258 pending at the end of the year which were handled in the Philadelphia Municipal Court.

*Includes criminal appeals from district justice courts and other miscellaneous court actions.

*Jury trials are counted when they are trial to verdict. Non-line trials are counted.

court actions.

Alury trials are counted when they are tried to verdict. Non-jury trials are counted by the state when they are tried to completion.

Civil trial information is only for other civil cases.

Includes 7,167 non-jury trials in Philadelphia Municipal Court.

Jincludes 2,278 guilty pleas, 10,876 noile prossed cases, and 11,928 cases disposed by ARD in the Philadelphia Municipal Court.

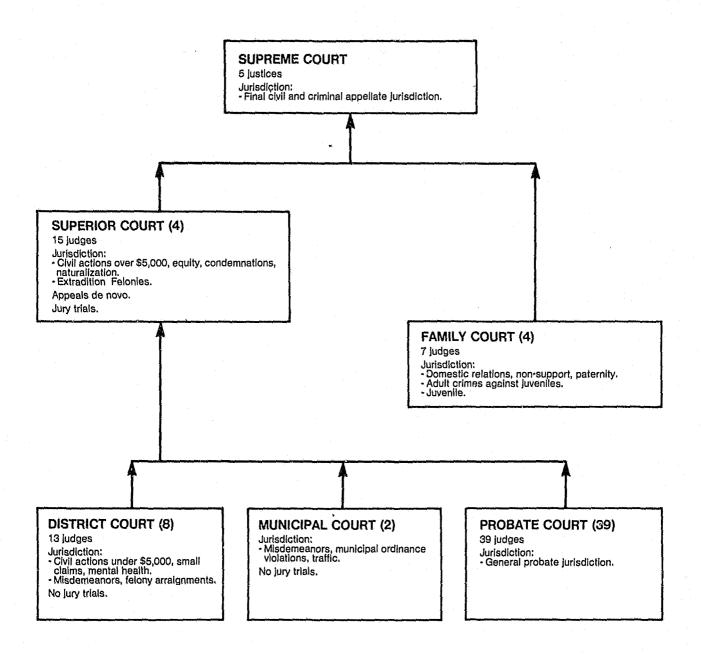
Source: Administrative Office of the Pennsylvania Courts, 1975 Report (Philadelphia, Pennsylvania). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

 Guilty pleas
 32,838

 Nolle prossed
 19,286

 ARD (rehabilitation program)
 20,590

Rhode Island court system, 1975



Rhode Island Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices October 1, 1974-September 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil Criminal Family court. Workman's compensation Unspecified cases.	×	157 52 18 13	85 38 11 9 77	×
Other cases heard		240	10 230	
	^	240	230	^
Other cases: Original proceedings: Habeas corpus Bar disciplinary Miscellaneous pelitions, Total Requests to appeal:	X X X	10 3 18 31	13 3 16 31	X X X
Certiorari	, <u>X</u> ,		57	X
Total other cases	<u> </u>	107	88	X
Total cases*	326	347	318	355
Other proceedings: Other matters: Arbitrator appointments Pelitions on bar exams	N/A N/A N/A N/A	5 3 8	. 5 3 8	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Manner of disposit	ion	•		
Written opinion Dismissal/withdraw Order of court Fule 16(g) granted Other	al 172 al 66 2			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

--= Not applicable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Unpublished statistical data provided by the Supreme Court's Office of the Court Administrator and Office of the Clerk to chief justice and associate justices entitled, "Court Activity—October 1, 1974 to September 30, 1975," Age-of-pending-case data are available. Statistics are from these unpublished sources except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appraise court.

Rhode Island Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 4 courts, 15 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile:				
Other civil: Civil Miscellaneous petitions, Total	N/A N/A N/A N/A	5,589 866 6,455 87 6,542	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Criminal ^b :				
Felony: Indictments	N/A N/A N/A N/A	2,374 747 <u>544</u> 3,665	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Grand total	N/A	10,207	N/A	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*A civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

*The criminal unit of count is the filling of an indictment.

*Filling figures for misdemennors were obtained by subtracting the number of appeals of district court cases from the total number of cases transferred to Superior Court from the District Court. These are misdemeanors transferred for jury trists.

Number of District Court appeals obtained from District Court data.

Source: Chief Justice, Supreme Court, 1975 Annual Report on the Judiciary (Providence, Rhode Island). Also unpublished data. Statistics are from the annual report and unpublished data except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Rhode Island Family Court 4 courts, 7 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

•	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
omeatic relations:				
Absolute divorce Bed and board Other dispositions of above Adoptions Bastardy Paternity Change of name Other	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	3,786 363 X 403 5* 11* 34 134	2,682 7 216 N/A N/A N/A N/A	2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4 2/4
Total domestic relations	N/A	4,584	2,9050	N/A
uvenile:				
Delinquency: Wayward/delinquent Dependency:	N/A	4,840	N/A	N/A
Dependency and neglect	N/A	273	N/A	N/A
Battered/abused children	N/A	23	N/A	N/A
Total	N/A	296	N/A	N/A
Traffic: Motor vehicle	N/A	1,422	N/A	N/A
Child marriages	N/A	100	N/A	N/A
Termination of parental rights	N/A	138	N/A	N/A
Other	N/A	11	N/A	N/A
Total,,,,,,	N/A	249	N/A	N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	6,807	N/A	1 N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Data obtained from 1976 annual report.
Not all categories had dispositions reported.

Source: Chief Justice, Supreme Court, 1975, 1976 Annual Report to the Judiciary (Providence, Rhode Island). Statistics are from the annual reports except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Rhode Island District Court 8 districts, 13 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

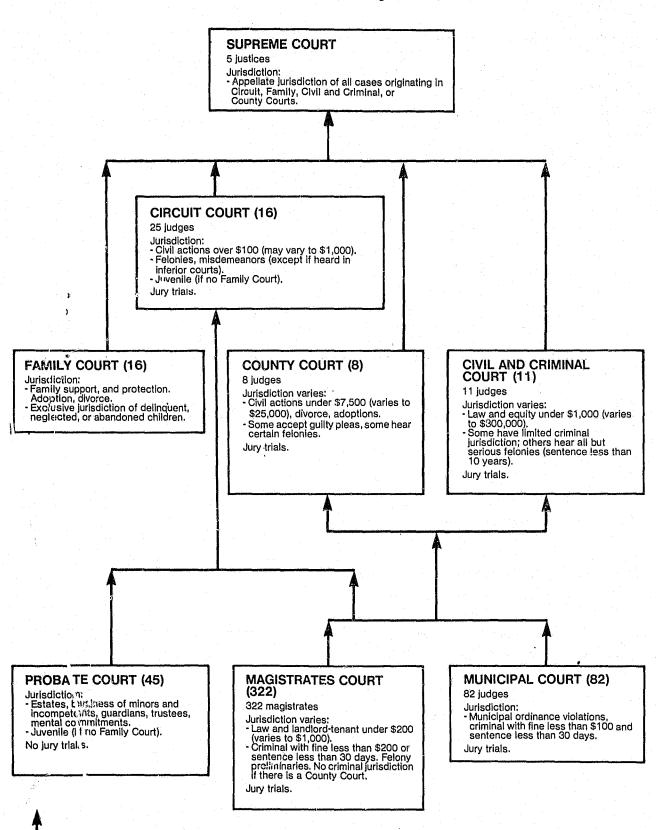
No data were available by category for mental health cases handled in the District Court.

Rhode Island Probate Court 39 courts, 39 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

No data were available for probate cases handled in the Probate Court.

the supplement of the

South Carolina court system, 1975



South Carolina Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

and the same of th	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
Civilb	. Х	152	X	X
Criminal ^e	. X . X	94 18	X X X	X
Total appeals		264		122*
Total appeals,	10-4-	204	202	122
Other cases:				
Original proceedingss	N/A	3 2 7	N/A	N/A
Habeas corpus,	N/A	2	N/A	N/A
_ Disciplinary	. N/A		N/A	N/A
Total	N/A	12	N/A	N/A
Total other cases		12	N/A	N/A
Total cases*	1049	276	2320	1229
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests	N/A	27		N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	27	N/A	N/A
Manner of disposition	Dispos	ition of	appeals	
Written opinion 163				125
Per curiam				29
Memorandum 25		ed and		
Dismissal/withdrawal 7				29
		ed and r		
				2 4
				43

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part i tables. Civil appeals include regular and Rule 29 appeals.

*Criminal appeals include regular and "no merit" appeals.

*Court reports that 37 of these appeals have been heard, but opinions have not

been completed.

*Court reports that 30 of these appeals have been heard, but opinions have not

been completed.
Casellow does not add up. Numbers are as provided by court,
Pending and disposition data are not available for original proceedings.

Source: Data supplied by the Office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, Statistics are from this unpublished source except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the clerk.

South Carolina Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 16 circuits, 25 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for the Circuit Courts in 1975. Data for 1976 will be Included in the State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

South Carolina Family Court 16 courts January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for domestic relations or juvenite cases handled in the Family Court. Data for 1976 will be included in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

South Carolina County Court 8 counties, 8 judges January 1,1975-December 31, 1975

持ちる

There were no data available for domestic relations (adoption, divorce) cases handled in County Court. Data for total civil cases in 1976 will be included in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

South Carolina Probate Court 45 courts January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate or juvenile cases handled in the Probate Court.

South Dakota court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT

5 lustices

Jurisdiction:

Appellate jurisdiction. Original and remedial writs.

CIRCUIT COURT (9)

37 Judges

Jurisdiction:

- Civil actions, domestic relations.
- probate. Felonies, misdemeanors. Juvenile.

Administrative appeals.

Jury trials.

LAWYER MAGISTRATES -**Division of Circuit Court**

6 full-time and 5 part-time magistrates

- Jurisdiction:
 Civil actions under \$1,000.
 Small claims, mental health.
 Misdemeanors, ordinance violations, preliminary hearings. Committing magistrate, search warrant, arrest warrant. Serve as coroner.

LAY MAGISTRATES -**Division of Circuit Court**

32 magistrates and 65 clerk/magistrates

- Jurisdiction: · Civil actions and small claims under
- \$500 (uncontested). Guilty pleas for misdemeanors and ordinance violations. Preliminary hearings, search warrant, arrest warrant.

Serve as coroner. No jury trials,

South Dakota Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
ases: Appeals;	2110	183	171	2230
Total appeals	2110	183	171	2230
Other cases; Original proceedings	N/A	20	13	N/A
Petitions for allowance to appeal	N/A N/A	15 35	16 29	N/A N/A
Total cases ^a	211∞	218	200	223₩
her proceedings: Rehearing requests	N/A N/A	14 100	14 100	N/A N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	114	114	N/A
Manner of disposit Written f .inion Dismisse withdraw Other	122 al 48			

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Clerk, Supreme Court, "Business of the Court" statistical reports (unpublished). Calendar year totals were computed from these monthly reports.

South Dakota Circuit Courts Court of general jurisdiction 9 circuits, 37 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
CIVID				
Small claims Domestic relations:	N/A	N/A	8,896	N/A
Divorce	N/A	N/A	2,279	N/A
Adoption	N/A	N/A	490	N/A
Total	N/A	N/A	2.769	N/A
Total Probate:	N/A	N/A	2,703	N/A
Contested probate	N/A	N/A	50	N/A
Mental health	N/A	N/A	465	N/A
Civil judgment	N/A	N/A	3,936	N/A
Total civil	N/A	N/A	16,116	N/A
Criminals:				
Felony	N/A	N/A	1.751	N/A
Misdemeaner	N/A	N/A	10,719	N/A
Total criminal	N/A	N/A	12,470	N/A
Juvenile:				
Ballanuaneir	N/A	3.465	3.337	N/A
Dalinquency				
Dependency/neglect	N/A	86	N/A	N/A
of supervision	N/A	_659	635	N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	4,210	3,9724	N/A
Grand total	N/A	4,210**	32,558*	N/A

		Triaf		Criminal dispositions
	Jury	Non-jury	Total	Dismissal 2,076
Civile Criminai Total	97 243 340	337 595 932	434 838 1,272	Guilty plea 9,556 Trial conviction 662 Acquitted 176

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*No data were available for the Lay Magistrates or Lawyer Magistrates Division of the Circuit Court.

PCIVI cases are counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.
The criminal unit of count is the information/indictment.
Does not include dependency/neglect dispositions.
Includes only juvenile filings.
Usry trial is counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trial when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Ancludes only contested civil judgments.

Source: Court Administrator's Office, "Combined 1975-76 Judicial Annual Report" (unpublished). Statistics are from this unpublished report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

^{*}These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables, bend pending cases include 74 appeals submitted and pending; 15 appeals ready for calendar; and 134 appeals not ready for calendar. Beginning pending appeals figure was computed. Pending data are not available for original proceedings or requests to appeal.

212

Tennessee Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:			٠.	
Appeals:				
Civil,	N/A	276	N/A	N/A
Criminal	<u>N/A</u>	50	<u>N/A</u> _	N/A
Total appeals	N/A	326	216	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal: Certiorari:				
Civil	N/A	214	201	N/A
Criminal	N/A	413	392	N/A
Total	N/A	627	593	N/A
Total other cases	N/A	627	53;)	N/A
Total cases	N/A	953	809	N/A

Manner of disposition Written opinion...... 310 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Executive Secretary, Supreme Court of Tennessee, 1975 Annual Report (Nashville, Tennessee). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during varification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Tennessee Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 3 panels, 9 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				•
Appeals:	N/A	655	536	N/A
Total appeals ^b	N/A	655b	5366	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases*	N/A	6550	5364	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A — This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

"These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. "Court has civil jurisdiction only."

Source: Executive Secretary, Supreme Court of Tennessee, 1975 Annual Report (Nashville, Tennessee). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Tennessee Court of Criminal Appeals Intermediate appellate court 3 panels, 7 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals: Criminal	N/A	630	562	N/A
Total appealsc	N/A	630¢	562°	N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal				
Total other cases				
Total cases ^{ab}	N/A	630°	562°	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space - Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Court has criminal jurisdiction only.
Ninety-one postconviction and habbas corpus cases were filed during the year, it

is unknown whether they are included in these summary totals.

Source: Executive Secretary, Suprems Court of Tennessee, 1975 Annual Report (Nashville, Tennessee). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

State Court Profiles 214

Tennessee Circuit Court and Criminal Court Court of general jurisdiction 26 circuits, 78 judges* (56 circuit, 22 criminal) January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pendings	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civili:				
Auto tort	X	6,398	6,571	X
Non-auto tort	×	4,849	4,848	Х
Property rights: Condemnations Domestic relations:	×	792	895	×
Divorce	X	19,147	21,176	X
Petitions	X X X	6,606	5,845	. X X X
Adoptions	X	779	640	` X
Total	X	26,532	27,661	X
Workmen's compensation. Other civil:	×	2,617	2,438	X
Miscellaneous	x	5,401	5,706	X
Total civil	35,980	46,589	48,119	34,450
Criminata:				
Felony	11,027 3,921	21,975 7,487	21,238 7,158	11,764 4,250
Total criminal	14,948	29,462	28,396	16,014
Grand total	50,928	76,051	76,515	50,464

Jury trials Civil 2,611 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total, Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Five of the circuit judges are also chancellors.

A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

Beginning pending was calculated from fillings, dispositions, and end pending.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations/indictments.

A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn.

Source: Executive Secretary, Supreme Court of Tennessee, 1975 Annual Report (Nashville, Tennessee). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Tennessee Chancery Court Court of general jurisdiction 22 circuits, 31 judges* January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
CIVIL				
Contracts	X	3,491	3,162	X
Property rights:	. × x	1,863	1,642	×
Domestic relations: Divorce. Petitions. Adoptions. Total.	X X X	12,411 2,563 1,520 16,494	12,115 2,451 1,478 16,044	X X X
Probate: Conservatorship and probate	X	1,344	1,380	X
Administrative: Workmen's compensation,	x	1,924	1,928	x
Other civil: Miscellaneous	X.	4,433	4,182	X .
Total civil	15,4510	29,569	28,338	16,682
Grand total	15,451	29,569	28,338	16,682

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Five of the chancery judges are also circuit judges.

A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.
Beginning pending was computed from filings, dispositions, and end pending.

Source: Executive Secretary, Supreme Court of Tennessee, 1975 Annual Report (Nashville, Tennessee). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Tennessee Law and Equity Courts Courts of general jurisdiction 5 courts, 5 judges

January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
CIVIII):				
Auto tort	X X	322 231 165	362 218 122	X X X
Larid cases Condemnations. Total	X X	101 23 124	77 49 126	X X X
Domestic relations: Divorce. Patitions. Adoptions Total.	X X X	2,143 604 180 2,927	1,955 559 172 2,696	X X X
Probate: Conservatorships and probate	x	151	111	. x
Administrative: Workmen's compensation	×	218	204	x
Other civil: Miscellaneous	x	428	364	x
Total civil	2,740•	4,566	4,203	3,103
Grand total	2,740*	4,566	4,203	3,103

J	ury trial*
Civila	105

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

Source: Executive Secretary, Supremo Court of Tennessee, 1975 Annual Report (Nashville, Tennessee). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

:}

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Tennessee Probate Court 2 courts, 2 judges and 1 county judge serve January 1 1975—December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate cases handled in the Probate Court.

Tennessee County Court 81 counties, 81 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate or juvenile cases handled in the County Court.

Tennessee Juvenile Court 7 courts, 7 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for Juvenile cases handled in the Juvenile Court.

Tennessee General Sessions Court 93 countles; 70 full-time and 44 part-time judges January 1, 1975—December 34, 1975

There were no data available for juvenile or domestic relations cases handled by the General Sessions Court.

^{*}Includes data on equity courts in Dyer and Gibson Counties.

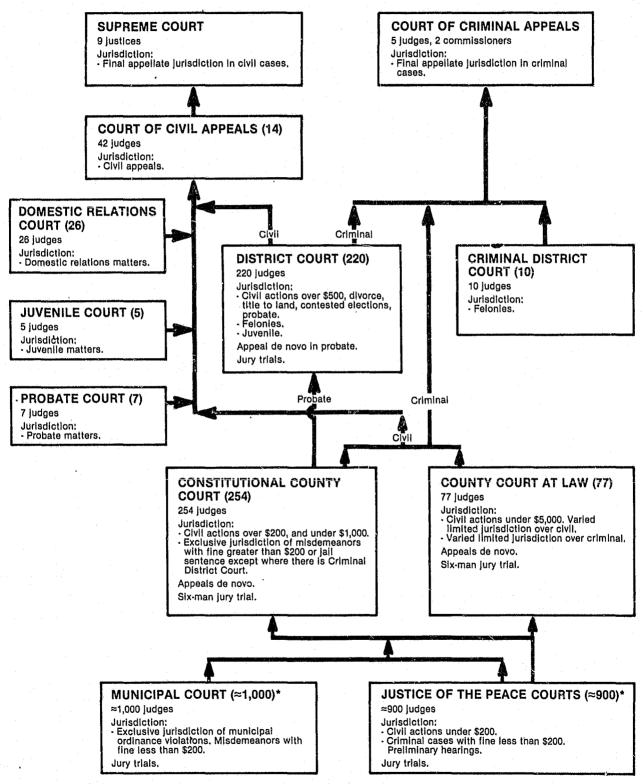
A civil case is counted with the filling of a complaint or petition.

A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn.

Includes jury trials only for cases handled by law courts; jury trials for equity courts are not included.

Receipting condition was computed from the property of the pr *Beginning pending was computed from fillings, dispositions, and end pending.

Texas court system, 1975



^{*}Some Municipal and Justice of the Peace Courts may appeal to the District Court. Indicates route of appeal.

Texas Supreme Court Court of last resort 9 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals: Civil ^o		104	103	26
Total appeals	250	1045	1035	266
Other cases: Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus		. 9	.9	Õ
Mandamus (civil) Mandamus (criminal)		91 101	89 101	2 30
Total		201	199	32
Writs of error	_100	_668	672	96
Total other cases	130	869	871	128
Total cases	155	973	974	154
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests ² Other matters:	240	3270	333°	180
Miscellaneous motions	0	37	37	0
Total other proceedings	154	1,233	1,241	146
Manner of disposition	Dispo	sition of	 appeals	
Written opinion 136 Per curiam 18	Affirm Reven	ed	***********	16 27
	man	ded		35 25

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Supreme Court is court of last resort for civil cases only.

*Rehearing requests include motions for rehearing of causes; motions for rehearing of applications for writs of error; and motions for rehearing of motions for leave to file petition.

Source: Texas Judicial Council, 47th Annual Report 1975 (Austin, Texas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Texas Court of Criminal Appeals Court of last resort 5 Judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Criminal ^b	464	1,863	1,671	696
Reinstated criminal		40		
Total appeals	4645	1,903	1,671	6965
Other cases: Original proceedings: Habeas corpus	27	839	839	27
Requests to appeal				
Total other cases	M	839	839	27
Total cases	491	2,742	2,510	723
Other proceedings: Rehearing requests	0	283	283	0
Total other proceedings		283	283	ō
Manner of disposition	Dispo	sition of a	appeals	
Written opinion 591 Per curlam 1,278	Affirmed		at-	1,330
,	firm	ed ,,		48
				88
	mar	sed and ded sed and	*****	115
			******	69

Boldface headlags indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. -- = Not applicable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *The Court of Criminal Appeals is the court of last resort for criminal cases.

Source: Texas Judicial Council, 47th Annual Report 1975 (Austin, Texas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Texas Court of Civil Appeals Intermediate appellate courts
14 divisions, 42 judges
January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases; Appeals: Clvlib Transfers in Transfers out Total appeals	674 674	1,764 271 1,764°	1,608 	847 847
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases	674 ^d	1,764°	1,608°	8474
Manner of disposition	Dispo	sition of a	appeals	
Written opinion 1,420 Per curiam 64	Affirmed			352 , 47 50 270

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

— = Not applicable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Court of Civil Appeals has civil jurisdiction only.

Transfers in and out (cases to and from Texas Supreme Court) are not included

in totals.

Caseflow does not add up. Numbers are as provided by the state court adminis-

Source: Texas Judicial Council, 47th Annual Report 1975 (Austin, Texas). Time-to-disposition-of-case data are available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometims been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Texas District Courts Court of general jurisdiction 261 courts, 261 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Sivile;				
Auto tort: Personal injury.	23,554	17,302	14,684	26,192
Domestic relations: Divorce Annulment Non-adversary ^d Total Administrative:	67,482 755 7,413 75,650	115,286 1,702 19,040 136,028	110,492 1,657 17,124 129,273	72,276 800 9,329 82,405
Workmen's compensation	4,376 51,307 55,683 90,369	6,306 20,652 26,958 80,278	4,606 16,433 21,039 70,976	6,076 55,526 61,602 99,671
Habeas corpus	789	4,322	4,291	820
Total civil	246,045	264,888	240,243	270,690
riminale:				
Felony: Criminal categories	57,673 5,490	66,487 7,109	66,707 7,603	57,453 4,996
Contempt, extradition	351 4,828 5,179	994 5,233 6,227	879 4,488 5,367	466 5,573 6,039
Post-conviction habeas corpus	378	879	763	494
Total criminal	68,720	80,702	80,440	68,982
uvenile;				
Delinquency	5,764	11,919	12,361	5,322
Total Juvenile	5,764	11,919	12,361	5,322
Prand total	320,529	357,509	333,044	344,994

 Juvenile Total	216 6,283	5,964 164,207	116 2,329	6,296 172,829	Total convictions	43,782
Civil	2,488 3,579	116,712 41,531	2,172 41	121,372 45,151	Dismissal	41,097
	Jury	Non-jury	verdict	Total	Criminal dispositions	

Trial!

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Includes data on District, Criminal District, Domestic Relations, and Juvenile

Courts,
Pfilings include new cases filed and other cases reaching docket.
Civil cases are counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.
Non-adversary includes adoptions, change of name, occupational drivers licenses, dependent and neglected children decisions, and removal of disability of

The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

Uny trials are counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trials when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence. Guilty pleas are counted as trials, Directed verdict cases are counted as jury trials on the charts in Part I.

**Total convictions include felony convictions and lesser offense convictions.

Texas Judicial Council, 49th Annual Report 1975 (Austin, Texas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Texas County Courts 338 courts, 338 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

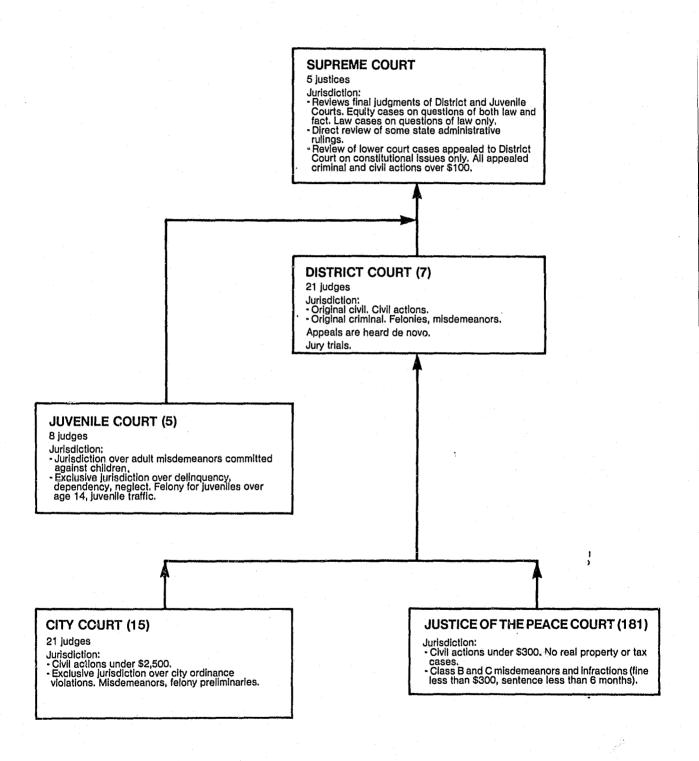
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Probate:				
Total probate	N/A	47,021	N/A	N/A
Juvenile: Delinquency Total juvenile	1,138	1,527 1,527	1,575 1,575	1,090 1,090

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

Includes data from Constitutional County Courts, County Courts at Law, and Probate Courts. Bexar County data were not available,

Texas Judicial Council, 49th Annual Report 1975 (Austin, Texas). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Utah court system, 1975



220 State Court Profiles

Utah Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases: Appeals: Civil Criminal Miscellaneous Total appeals	N/A N/A N/A	246 128 88 462	X X 403	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Other cases: Original proceedings Requests to appeal Total other cases				
Total cases*,	N/A	462	403	N/A
Other proceedings: Other matters: Motions	N/A N/A	223 223	<u>223</u> 223	N/A N/A

Manner of disposition Written opinion...........
Dismissal/withdrawal.....

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court. $N/A = This \ case type \ is handled \ by the \ court, but the \ data \ are \ unavailable. \\ X = The \ data \ for this \ case type \ are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.$

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Unpublished data provided by the clerk of the court and unpublished data provided by the National Center for State Courts' Western Regional Office (from a study for the Utah Supreme Court).

Utah District Court Court of general jurisdiction 7 districts, 21 judges July 1, 1974-June 30, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile;				
Unclassified tort: Personal injury	x	797	x	x
Property rights: Eminent domain Domestic relations:	×	111	×	×
Divorce,	939 X	8,370 3,145 576	2,556 645	1,528 X
Complaints	X	12,512 125	60 X	X
Writs	7,817	393 26,029	21,343	12,503
Criminal 4:				
Other criminal: Criminal categories* Appeals	X X 81	2,127 516 2,643	2,190 457 2,647	X X 77
Grand total	7,898	28,672	23,990	12,580

	Jury	Trial ^e Non-jury	Total	Criminal dispositions
Civil Criminal Total	259 255 514	1,634 94 1,728	1,893 349 2,242	Dismissed 517 Pleas of guilty 1,324

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

"A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.
"Complaints include filings not set forth in other categories, for example, Uniform
Enforcement of Support Act,
"Dispositions and pending totals include those for all civil categories.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations/indictments or complaints.

fincludes felonies and misdemeanors in the criminal categories.

Oury trials are counted when the jury is sworn; non-jury trials when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Source: Utah Judicial Council, Annual Report, Utah Courts July 1974—June 1975 (Salt Lake City, Utah). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Utah Juvenile Court 5 districts, 8 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

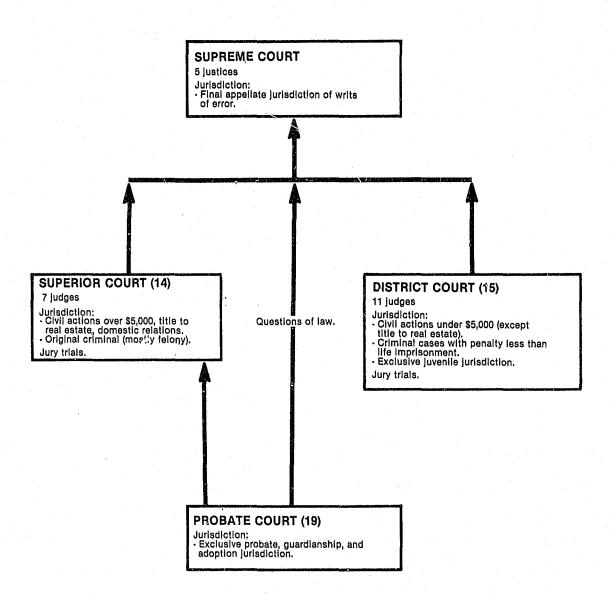
	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Juvenile:				
Delinquency: Criminal Dependency:	N/A	14,339	17,154	N/A
Dependency, neglect Children in need of supervision:	N/A	1,518	1,495	N/A
Status Traffic	N/A N/A	6,665 12,076	7,785 14,297	N/A N/A
Total juvenile	N/A	34,598	40,731	N/A

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Filings are the number of referrals.
*Dispositions include intake action dispositions and judicial action dispositions of the referrals.

Source: Utah Judicial Council, Annual Report, Utah Courts July 1974-June 1975 (Salt Lake City, Utah). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Vermont court system, 1975



Vermont Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices

January	1,	197	5-D	ecem	ıber	31,	1975
-							

Beginning pending	Flied	Disposed	End pending
X			X
Ŏ		64	X
Q ·		ă	Ŷ
X	5	5	X X X X X
	4		
243	351	307	287
AL JA			ALZA
	2	1	N/A N/A
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1	. 4	5	Õ
1	4	5	
244	355	312	287
			3
2	20	19	3
Dispos	sition of	appeals ^b	
6 Affirm	ed , .		
	pending X X X X X 243 N/A N/A 0 1 1 244 2 2 Dispos Affirm Revers Revers Partial	X	X 264 224 224 224 225

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not seed about the case type.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

These figures include disposition of appeals and original proceedings by

Source: Office of the Court Administrator, Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975 (Montpeller, Vermont). Source of cases and age of pending case data are available. Statistics are from the annual report excapt that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the cierk of the appeals court.

Vermont Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 14 counties, 7 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Dispòsed	End pending
Civile:				
Domestic relations: Matrimonial	2,194	2,741	2,533	2,402
Other civil:	3,819	3,175	3,113	3,881
Appeals: Miscellaneous ^b Extraordinary writs:	512	341	357	496
Habeas corpus	4.	18	17	5
Total civil	6,529	6,275	6,020	6,784
riminal*:			+	
Felony	5 4	20 0	14 4	11 0
Extraordinary writs: Postconviction remedies	11	24	27	8
Total criminal	20	44	45	19
rand total	6,549	6,319	6,065	6,803
		· 		
Trial* Jury Non-Jury	Total	Criminal dispositions		
Criminal 3	,111 4 ,115	Nolle prosse	1	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

A civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

Mincludes both civil and criminal appeals as well as habeas corpus and postconviction remedies under civil appeals.

The criminal filing instrument is the information/indictment.

Civil trials include only trials for regular civil cases. Does not include trials for matrimonial cases.

A jury trial is counted if it is tried to verdict; a non-jury if it is tried to completion.

Source: Office of the Court Administrator, Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975 (Montpeller, Vermont). Statistics are from the year ending report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

State Court Profiles 224

Vermont District Court Court of general jurisdiction 15 circuits, 11 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending		Dispose	d End pending
Small claims	9,303	11,276	11,323	9,256
Domestic relations: URESA cases	1,360	643	442	1,561
Mental health: Mentally III commitments	8	297	286	19
Other civil:	4,920	3,257	3,800	4,377
Total civil		15,473	15,851	15,213
riminal ^a :				
Felony	3,099	2,361 14,549 45,091	2,247 14,105 44,738	1,004 3,543 2,396
Total criminal	6,032	62,001	61,090	6,943
venile:				
Total juvenile	267	968	980	255
rand total	21,890	78,442	77,921	22,411
and the second of the second o				
Tria# Jury Non-jury	Total	Criminal dispositio	ns	
Civile	495 623 1,118	Nolle prosse Guilty plea		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Source: Office of the Court Administrator, Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975 (Montpeller, Vermont). Statistics are from the year ending report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

Vermont Probate court 19 districts January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
omestic relations;				
Adoptions. Change of name Vital records. Pre-marriage matters.	118 10 49 0	641 132 476 669	627 130 430 669	132 12 95 0
Total domestic relations	1.77	1,918	1,856	239
robate:				
Decedent estates and testamentary trusts. Gifts to minors	4,013* 2 2,571*	2,117 1 697	1,870 1 400	4,382 * 2 2,998 *
Total probate	6,586	2,815	2,271	7,382
lental health:				
Alcohol and drug commitments	0 ,	3	3	0
Total mental health	0	3	3	0

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*Change in pending does not equal difference in filings and dispositions because pending figures do not include cases commenced prior to January 1, 1970, for these two categories. Numbers are as reported in the annual report.

Source: Office of the Court Administrator, Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975 (Montpeller, Vermont). Statistics are from the year ending report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator,

A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.
The criminal filing instrument is the information/ indictment or complaint.
Civil traiss include only traits for regular civil cases (other civil).
A jury trial is counted if it is tried to verdict; a non-jury if it is tried to completion.

Virginia court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT

7 justices

Jurisdiction:
Final appellate jurisdiction.
Judicial censure, retirement, and removal.

CIRCUIT COURTS (30)

103 judges

Jurisdiction:

Civil actions over \$500. Cases in which the state is a party (in city of Richmond).
 Criminal cases for which person can be

sentenced to the state penitentiary.

Appeals de novo. Jury trials,

DISTRICT COURT (31)

147.5 judges

Jurisdiction:

Civil actions under \$5,000.
 Misdemeanors, ordinance violations, traffic, felony preliminaries.

No jury trials.

Virginia Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
8993:				
Appenia:				
Petitions to appeal: Granted:				
Civil		138		X
Criminal		53		â
Habeas corpus	X	3		χ̈́
Cases decided:				
By opinion		***	171	
By order	- 5	***	50	3.7
Granted petitions left to be argued	<u>~</u>			124
Total appeals	1510	1946	221	124•
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:				
Writs acted on:				
Habeas corpus	·		94	
Mandamus			35	
Prohibition	- <u>-</u>	***	3	
				
Total	X		132	34
Requests to appeal: Petitions to appeal and/or original lurisdiction:				
FiledGrants (moved to		1,526	. '	
appeals)		(-194)d		
Withdrawn	· 		21	
Refused (civil)		,	310	
Refused (criminal)	***	· - -	723	
Refused (habeas corpus)	-5		52	- - -
Not acted on	×	1.332	1.106	240 240
Total				
Total other cases	180	1,3324	1,238	274
otal cases	331∞	1,5265	1,4596	3986
er proceedings:	N/A	81	81	\$17A
Rehearing requests	N/A N/A	<u>81</u>	81	N/A N/A
otal otilai piocoadinga	N/A	01	01	///A
Manner of dispo. on	Disposition of			
	,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Written opinion 171 By order 54 Withdrawn 21	Affirmed Reversed Petition refused			
	Withdrawn Other	21		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

— = Not applicable.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. *All numbers except rehearing requests are filed, disposed i, and pending petitions for appeal or original jurisdiction.

*Appeals and other cases pending at the start of the year were computed based on filings, dispositions, and year-end pendings in these catergories.

*I be requests to appeal that were granted were deducted by the NCSP staff from the total petitions filed (to avoid double counting) and were listed as appeals filed.

*At the end of 1975, there were 124 petitions to appeal that had been granted but not decided by the court.

Source: Office of the Executive Secretary, Supreme Court, State of the Judiciary Report 1975 (Richmond, Virginia). Also telephone contact with the clerk of the Supreme Court. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Virginia Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 30 circuits, 103 judges January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civil ⁶ ;				
Law Equity	27,996 51,062	26,170 36,768	23,830 35,733	30,336 52,097
Total civile	79,058	62,938	59,563	82,433
Criminal ^d :				
Felony	6,494 4,926	22,427 19,217	21,960 19,670	6,961 4,473
Total criminals	11,420	41,644	41,630	11,434
Grand total	90,478	104,582	101,193	93,867
		Trial ^o on-jury	Total	
Civil* Criminal Total	1,9881	N/A	N/A 10,597 N/A	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

*Beginning of the year pending was calculated from fillings, dispositions, and end pending.

PA civil case is counted with the filling of a petition or complaint.

Activities a counted with the filling of a petition of compaint.

"Appeal cases are imbedded in the other case categories.

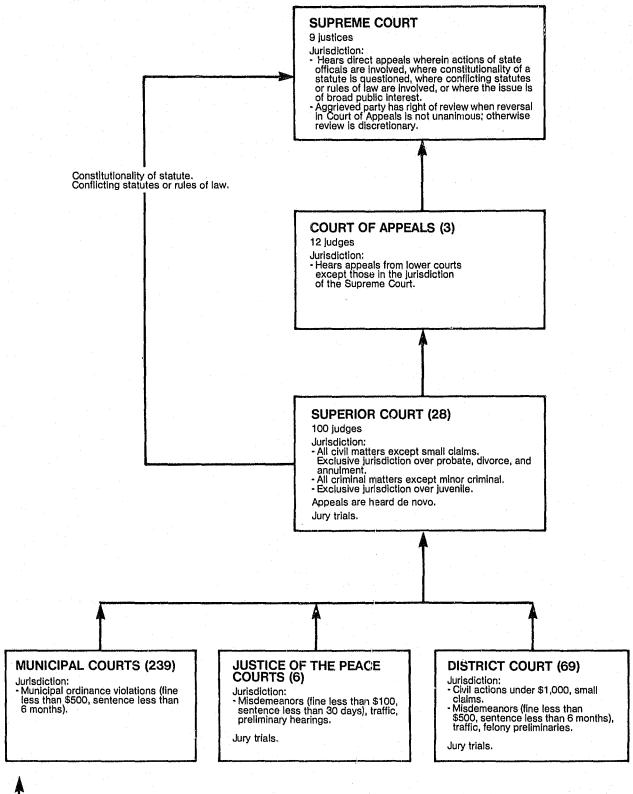
"The criminal unit of count is the number of defendants on each indictment.

"A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial when there is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

"Civil jury trials include only jury trials on law cases; do not include jury trials for

Source: Office of the Executive Secretary, Supreme Court, State of the Judiciary Report 1975 (Richmond, Virginia). Statistics are from the report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator,

Washington court system, 1975



Washington Supreme Court Court of last resort 9 justices January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:				
Appeals:				
`` Civil	125	130	135	120
Criminal	28	25	25	28
Total appeals	153	155	160	148
Other cases:				
Original proceedings:				
Habeas corpus	12	21	27	6
Disciplinary	4	4	4	4
Writs of review	23	89	88	24
Total	39	114	119	34
Requests to appeal:				
Petitions for review:		400	400	
Civil	28	127	123	32
Criminal	13	108	98	23
Total	41	235	221	55
Total other cases	80	349	340	89
Total cases	233	504	500	237

 Manner of disposition

 Written opinion
 161

 Writ denied
 251

 Transfer
 48

 Dismissed
 40

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Office of the Administrator for the Courts, 19th Annual Report 1975, revised (Olympia, Washington). Time-to-disposition-of-case data are also available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Washington Court of Appeals Intermediate appellate court 3 divisions, 12 judges January 1, 1975–December 31, 1975

Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
920	974	777	1.117
449	493	342	600
1,369	1,467	1,119	1,717
6	21	22	5
			56
7,			31
ຄໍາ			92
•	OUL	UZU	JE.
	250		
60	352	320	92
1,429	1,819	1,439	1,809
	920 449 1,369 6 47 7 60	920 974 449 493 1,369 1,467 6 21 47 167 7 164 60 352	920 974 777 449 493 342 1,369 1,467 1,119 6 21 22 47 167 158 7 164 140 60 352 320 60 352 320

 Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.

Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables.

Source: Office of the Administrator for the Courts, 19th Annual Report 1975, revised (Olympia, Washington). Time-to-disposition-of-case data are also available. Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Washington Superior Court Court of general jurisdiction 28 courts, 100 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
सीर:				
Auto fort	N/A	3,465	X	N/A
Non-auto tori:	21/4	0.004	i,	
Personal tort	N/A	3,281	X .	N/A
Commercial	N/A	17,799	X	N/A
Property rights:				
Property rights	N/A	3,467	X	N/A
Condemnations	N/A N/A	107 3,574	X X	N/A N/A
Domestic relations:	N/A	3,514	. ^	N/A
Dissolutions	N/A	31,751	x	N/A
Other domestic relations	N/A	5,892	X	N/A
Total	N/A	37,643	X	N/A
Probate	N/A	15,671	12,152	N/A
Mental health	N/A	2,472	N/A	N/A
Other civil	N/A	5,337	X	N/A
Appeals	N/A	502	X	N/A
Extreordinary writs: Writs and injunctions	N/A	919	X	N/A
***************************************	N/A			
Total civil	N/A	90,663	76,829	N/A
Iminal ^e :				
Other criminal:				
Crime against persond	N/A	2,195	X	N/A
Crime against property	N/A	4,901	X	N/A
Liquor/narcotics	N/A	2,235	X	N/A
Other criminal	N/A	1,672	· 8	N/A
Annasia	N/A N/A	11,003 3,045	X	N/A N/A
Appeals			 	
Total criminal	N/A	14,048	14,284	N/A
venile;				
Total juvenile	N/A	11,929	N/A	N/A
and total,	N/A	116,640	91,1131	N/A
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Jury	Triais₽ Non-jury	Total		
•	• •			
Civil	6,309 773	7,433 2.296		
Total 2,647	7.082	9.729		

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*Civil cases are counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

*Total civil dispositions do not include mental health dispositions.

*The unit of count in criminal cases is the number of defendants on each information/indictment.

*Includes homicide, assault, sex offenses, and robbery as crimes against person.

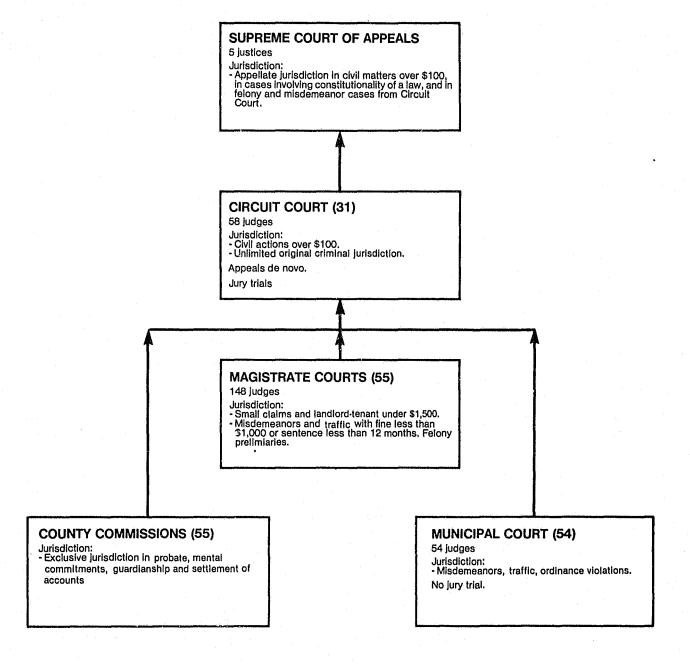
*Includes burglary, larcary, and forgery as crimes against property.

*Total dispositions do not include mental health and juvenile dispositions.

*Jury trials are counted when the jury is sworm; non-jury trials when the first witness is sworn.

Source: Office of the Administrator for the Courts, 19th Annual Report 1975 (Olympia, Washington). Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

West Virginia court system, 1975



232 **State Court Profiles**

West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals Court of last resort 5 justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
iasos: Appalet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total appeals	N/Ab	N/Ap	N/Ab	N/Ab
Other cases: (Iriginal proceedingse; Habeas corpus Mandamus Prohibition Disciplinary Other Total Requests to appealb; Petitions for appeal; Civil Civil Ciminal Other appeals.	6 N/A N/A N/A 7 3 4 0 7 ^b	347 27 29 1 23 427 132 87 74 293b	337 27 29 1 23 417 117 81 72 2706	10 N/A N/A N/A N/A 10 15 6 2 23
Total other cases	14	720b	687¢	336
Total cases	14*	720	687	33•
her proceedings: Rehearing requests	1	. 10.	<u> </u>	2
Total other proceedings,	1	10	8	2

Manner of disposition (matured	cases)d
Written opinion	. 95
Dismissal	. 6
Other	. 13
Undecided	. 5

Boildface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for faclusion in Part I tables. West Virginia does not have an automatic appeal in either civil or criminal cases. Case accounting provided by the court consists of accounting for petitions for appeal filed and acted on. Data are not maintained regarding appears as a separate category.

Original proceedings cases are also heard on a discretionary basis.

Matured cases are cases set on the argument docket and disposed of during 1975. These cases include requests to appeal granted (but not acted on) prior to 1975, original proceedings in which a ruling was made returnable in 1975, and a few requests to appeal which were both granted and acted on during 1975.

Pending at end of year do not add up, Numbers are as provided by the court.

Clerk's unpublished review of Blotter, Order Books, and Dockets. Source-of-cases, time-to-disposition, and age-of-pending-cases data are available.

West Virginia Circuit Court Court of general jurisdiction 31 circuits, 58 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

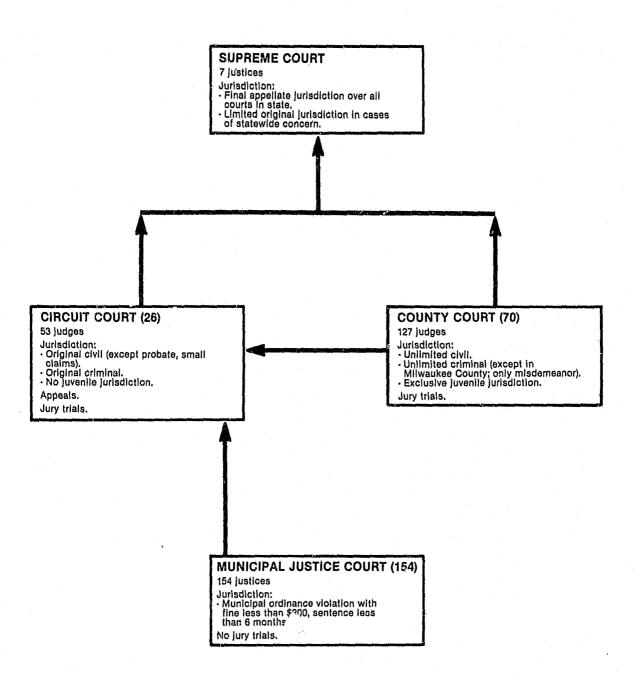
There were no data available for the Circuit Court for 1975. Data were collected for 1976 and will be used in State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1976.

Selected case categories—limited jurisdiction courts

West Virginia County Commissions 55 commissions January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

There were no data available for probate or mental health cases handled by the County Commissions.

Wisconsin court system, 1975



State Court Profiles 234

Wisconsin Supreme Court Court of last resort 7 justices August 13, 1974-August 11, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Depes:			,	
Appeals: Civil	316 66 ⁶ N/A	485 171 62	467 182 62	335 55 N/A
Total appeals	3825	718∞	711	390
Other cases; Original proceedings	N/A	48	46	N/A
Requests to appealPetitions for post-conviction write	N/Ab	76	76	N/A
Total other cases	N/Ab	12250	122	* N/A
Total cases*	382*	840be	833¢	3904
ther proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters:	N/A	48	48	N/Á
Motions	N/A N/A N/A	185 27 212	185 27 212	N/A N/A
Total other proceedings	N/A	260	260	N/A
Manner of disposition		Disposition of app	eals	
Published written opinion 301 Published per curiam		Affirmed	., 85 ., 172 ., 33 d, 2 ., 7	
		Affirmed/modified Vacated	7	

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP. Blank space — Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A — This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. State cases docketed (baginning pending plus filled) include 218 criminal cases, 8 disciplinary cases, and 11 original action cases. Fillings are counted for the period March 1—February 28, The new fillings for the 1974 term cover the period March 1, 1974—February 28, 1975, Cases filled after February 28, 1975, are placed on the calendar for the 1975 term. The state's annual report indicates that the total of terminated cases and cases carried over to the 1975 term does not equal the total number of cases docketed for the 1974 term because one case, dismissed during the 1974 term, but later reinstated, was counted twice—once in the termination column and once in the carry-over column.

Administrator of the Courts, Judiolzi Statistics 1975 (Madison, Wisconsource: Aminimization of the Courts, outcomed transfers 1970 (Madison, Wiscondain), Statistics are from the annual report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court. Wisconsin Circuit Court and County Court Courts of general jurisdiction 26 circuits, 53 judges; 70 counties, 127 judges January 1, 1975—December 31, 1975

•	Beginning pending	Filed	Net* transferred	Disposed	End pending
:					
Lew:					
Money Judgment: Circuit Court		0 200			
(Pounty Court	Q .	6,722 18,151	Q T	6,824 18,708	Ŏ.
Total	15,329	24,873	+1,763	25,532	16.433
Uncleasified tort:	, =,===	- 1,01.5	, ,,,		,,,,,,,,
Personal injury:	v .	4 464	٠		
Olirouit Court	Q .	4,494 1,312	Q	4,310 1,350	. 0
Tous experience	7,926	5,806	+31	5,680	8,102
Property damage:	//	•		· ·	-,,
Olroult Court	X ·	650	X	448	X
County Court	1,491	509 1,159	-18	526 974	1,661
Total	8,416	6,965	+ 16	6,634	9.763
Smail clainns:		0,000		•	U ,1, 90.
Circuit Court	X	22 52	·	191	X
County Court	14,330	99,591 99,500		103,335	11,591
Total	141400	881000	+1,187	103,526) I loat
Divorce:			. 1		
Cincuit Court	X	6,639	X	7,002	X
County Court	18.869	12,272 18,911	+ 613	11,631	
Total	10,009	104011	TOIS	18,633	10,760
Circuit Court	×	201	×	134	×
Calinly Court	_ X	322	"X	310	, X
Total	881	523	-22	444	938
Annulmient: Circuit Court	¥	118	¥	63	¥
County Court	X	241	X X	285	X
Total	287	359	+17	353	310
Reciprocal support:	u	4 400	u	040	v
Circuit Court	X X	1,C86 1,845	X	243 2,037	. X
Yotal	2,030	2,731	-7î	2,280	2,410
Patarnity					• • • • •
Circu® Court	X	40	×	51	X
County Court	1.835	2,887 2,927	-190	2,302 2,353	2,219
Petition to remarry:	1,000	2,027	-100	21000	ELE 10
Circuit Court	X	736	X	122	X
County Court		1,472		2,058	
TotalOther family:	238	2,208	-63	2,180	201
Circuit Court	x	81	×	81	X
County Court	×	585	×	483	X
Total	385	666	-29	634	488
Adorstions	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	2,401 868	N/A N/A
Yolal	24,5234	28,325	+ 2554	30,046	26,328€
Probale:				• •	
Estates	17 ₁ 792	13,548	N. 0	14,196	17,144 N/A
Guardianship ^a	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	2,448 782	N/A N/A
Truster Other probater	N/A	Ñ/Â	N/A	27.722	ÑŹÂ
Total	17,792	13,548°	,	45,148	17,1444
Wontal health:	AL / A	NIA	AL/A	0.040	A) / A
Cojnmitments ^o	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,040	N/A
Circuit Court	×	4,688	X	4.435	X
County Court	X	9,951	X	10,179	X
Total	9,017	14,639	+ 226	14,664	9,217
Appealo:		769	¥	547	
Circuit Court	· X	13	X	~~ <u>6</u>	·
Totali,	<u>516</u>	782	+66	553	680
				2	******
tal civil	90,923≉	188,732	+3,5114	229,143	91,154

(Continued)

Wisconsin Circuit Court and County Court (continued)

	Beginnin pending	S Filed	Net⁴ transferred	Disposed	End pending
Criminal*:					
Felony: Circuit Court. County Court. Total	X X 8,749	5,133 7,127 12,260	X X -395	5,516 6,314 11,830	, X 5,784
Misdemeanor: Circuit Court. County Court. Total Traffic:	X X 14,473	132 42,728 42,880	X X -128	350 43,799 44,149	X X 13,058
Circuit Court County court Total Other criminal:	X X 37,532	209 350,079 350,288	X X +464	997 354,764 355,761	X X 32,523
Forfeitures: Circuit Court County Court Total Special proceeding:	X X 1,416	17 15,902 15,919	X X -9	42 15,659 15,701	1,625
Circuit Court. County Court Total Total	X X 239 1,655	52 435 487 16,406	X X +103 +94	68 465 533 16,234	X X 296 1,921
Total criminal	59,409	421,814	+37	427,974	53,286
Total Luveniles	N/A	N/A	N/A	15,760′	N/A
irand total	150,3324	610,546¢	+3,5484	672,877	144,4400
Jury	Trial ^a Non-jury	Total	Criminal dispositions		
Civii:	9,751 54,455 64,206	10,397 54,755 65,1€2	Dismissed: Circuit County Total	40,004	
Criminal: Circuit Court	1,424 40,167 41,591	1,838 41,020 42,858	Gulity plea: Circuit County Total Acquittal:	136,170	
Total 2,213	105,797	108,010	Circuit	2,803	
			Circuit	38,217	

For the purposes of the tables in Part I of this annual report, the number of net transferred cases was counted as fillings for positive values and as dispositions for

Source: Administrator of the Courts, *Judicial Statistics* 1975 (Madison, Wisconsin). Statistics are from the report except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable. X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

transferred cases was counted as filings for positive values and as dispositions for negative values.

A civil case is counted with the filing of a complaint or petition.

Those categories are handled in the County Court.

Data for all categories were not available for inclusive in the total.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations/indictments.

Juvenile dispositions are the number of formal petitions disposed.

A jury trial is counted when the jury is sworn; a non-jury trial who have is an opening statement or the introduction of any evidence.

Wyoming court system, 1975

SUPREME COURT 5 justices Jurisdiction: General appellate jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases from District Court, Original jurisdiction to hear extraordinary writs. **DISTRICT COURT (7)** 13 judges Jurisdiction: General jurisdiction in civil. General jurisdiction in criminal. Exclusive juvenile code jurisdiction. (excluding ordinance and traffic violations). Appeals on taped records. Jury trials. JUSTICE COURIT (34) **MUNICIPAL COURT (31)** 34 justices of peace Jurisdiction: Exclusive jurisdiction over municipal ordinance violations (fine less than \$100, sentence less than 3 months). Jurisdiction: Civil actions under \$200 except title to real estate. Misdemeanors (fine less than \$100, sentence less than 6 months), Jury trials. preliminary hearings. Jury triais.

Wyoming Supreme Court Court of last resort 5 Justices January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Cases:			. !	
Appeals: Civii: School districts. Counties. Municipality. State agency. Probate. Workmen's compensation Justice of peace courts. Parental rights. Divorce. Reserved questions. Other civii. Criminal:	60 XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 23	NC 232 6231248658	84 XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	65 XX XX XX XX XX 24
Post conviction	<u>1</u> 84	0 121	110	0 95
Other cases: Original proceedings	3	8	8	Op
Total cases*	87	129	1180	950
ther proceedings: Rehearing requests Other matters: Journal orders (Procedural matters).	2 N/A	20	22 270	0 N/A
Total other proceedings	2	298	300	1 0

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP.
Blank space = Not enough information is known. The case category may or may not be handled by the court.

N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unevaliable.

NC = The number was not computed because of incomplete or incomparable data. Computation of the number was deemed inappropriate.

X = The data for this case type are known to be included in the total. Data were not available by category for this case type.

*These case totals are the figures brought forward for inclusion in Part I tables. Caseflow does not add up because one original proceedings order disposed of four cases. Numbers are as reported by the state.

Source: Office of the Court Coordinator for the Supreme Court of Wyoming and the Clerk of the Supreme Court, "1975 Supreme Court Appellate Statistics" (unpublished). Statistics are from this unpublished source except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional data have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator or the clerk of the appeals court.

Wyoming District Courts Court of general jurisdiction 7 districts, 13 judges January 1, 1975-December 31, 1975

	Beginning pending	Filed	Disposed	End pending
Civile:				
Total civils	N/A	7,987	7,332	N/A
Criminal*:				
Felony: Criminal	N/A	1.629	1,357	N/A
Total oriminal	N/A	1,629	1,357	N/A
Juvenile:				
Total juvenile	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Grand total.,	N/A	9,816	8,689	N/A

	Jury	TriaPe Non-jury	Total	Criminal diapositions	
Civil	26 69 95	1,666 267 1,933	1,692 336 2,028	Dismissed	423 548

Boldface headings indicate the classifications used by the NCSP, N/A = This case type is handled by the court, but the data are unavailable.

⁴Data were not available for juvenile, guardianship, adoption, workmen's compensation, or probate cases.

Anciudes only dispositions of cases which were filed in 1974 and 1975.

A civil case is counted with the filing of a petition or complaint.

The criminal unit of count is the number of informations. Approximately 30 to 35 cases filed in 1973 were disposed in 1975. Breakdowns were not available for these

There was no consistent definition used for jury trial or non-jury trial,

Office of the Court Coordinator, "District Court Caseload" (unpublished). Statistics are from unpublished date except that totals have been computed, where necessary, and additional date have sometimes been supplied during verification by the state court administrator.

Appendices

Appendix A

Sources of 1975 state caseload statistics

	Courts of	Intermediate	General		Date SCA	1st SCA annual
State "	last resort	appellate	jurisdiction	Juvenile	appointed*	report c
Alabama	1975 Annual Report (Department of Court Management, State Court Administrator's Office)	1975 Annual Report	1975 Annual Report	Not available	1971	1972-73
Alaska	 Alaska Court System, 1975 Annual Report (Administrative Director of the Courts) and unpublished material 		1975, 1976 Annual Reports	1975, 1976 Annual Reports	1959	1960
Arizona	Appeals in the State of Arizona 1973–1976 (unpublished, Acting Administrative Director of the Courts)	Appeals in the State of Arlzona 1973–76 (unpublished)	Statistical Reports 1975, 1976, for 14 Superior Courts; All Counties year-end reports 1975, 1976 (unpublished), Acting Administrative Director of the Courts	Statistical Reports and All Counties Reports 1975, 1976 (unpublished)	1960	
Arkansas	Eleventh Annual Report, 1975 Judicial Statistics (Executive Secretary, Judicial Department, who is also the SCA)		Eleventh Annual Report, 1975 Judicial Statistics	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1965	1965-664
California	1976 Annual Report of Judicial Council and State Court Administrator (Administrative Office of the California Courts)	1976 Annual Report and unpublished data	1976 Annual Report and unpublished data	1976 Annual Report and unpublished data	1960	1960-61

See footnotes at end of figure.

(continued)

Sources of 1975 state caseload statistics

See footnotes at end of figure.

State ^a	Courts of last resort	Intermediate appellate	General jurisdiction	Juvenile	Date SCA appointed ^b	1st SCA annual report®
Colorado	Annual Statistical Report of the Colorado Judiciary 1974 – 75, 1975 – 76 (Office of the State Court Administrator)	Annual Statistical Report 1974–75	Annual Statistical Report 1974 –75 and Denver Probate Court Annual Report	Annual Statistical Report 1974–75	1959	1961
Connecticut	Report of the Judicial Department 1974–76 Blennium (Chief Court Administrator, Judicial Department)		Report of the Judicial Department 1974–76 Blennlum and unpublished data	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1965	1965-66
Delaware	1975, 1976 Report of the Delaware Judiclary (Director, Administrative Office of the Courts)		1975, 1976 Report of the Delaware Judiciary	Not available	1971	1972
District of Columbia	1976 Annual Report (Joint Committee and Executive Officer)		1976 Annual Report	1976 Annuai Juvenile Statistical Report	1971	1972
Florida	Judicial System Statistical Report 1975 (State Court Administrator)	Judicial System Statistical Report 1975	Judicial System Statistical Report 1975 and unpublished data	Judicial System Statistical Report 1975 and unpublished data	1972	1973
Georgia	Caseload Data for Fiscal Year 1975–76 (unpublished, Clerk, Supreme Court)	Not available	Not available	Not available	1973	1973-74°
Hawali	State of Hawall Annual Report 1974-75 (Administrative Director)		'State of Hawall Annual Report 1974–75 and telephone call	State of Hawali Annual Report 1974-75	1959	1960
ldaho	Idaho Courts 1975 Annual Report, Statistical Appendix (Administrative Office of the Courts)		Idaho Courts 1975 Annual Report	Idaho Courts 1975 Annual Report	1967	1968
Illinois	Unpublished data provided by the Clerk of Supreme Court	1975 Annual Report to the Supreme Court of Illinois (Administrative Office)	1975 Annual Report to the Supreme Court of Illinois	1975 Annual Report to the Supreme Court of Illinois	1959	1960

(continued)

State#	Courts of last resort	Intermediate appellate	General jurisdiction	Juvenile	Date SCA appointed ^b	1st SCA annual report
ndiana	Not available	Indiana Court of Appeals 1975– 76 Statistics (unpublished, Administrator's Office)	Not avallable	Not available	1968	
OWa	1975 Report Relating to the Courts of the State of lowa (Court Administrator of the Judicial Department)		1975 Report Relating to the Courts of the State of Iowa	1975 Report Relating to the Courts of the State of lowa	1971	1972
Kansas	Kansas Judicial Council Bulletin 1975 (Judicial Council) and telephone call		Kansas Judicial Council Bulletin 1975; Statistical Report on the District Courts 1975 (Office of Judicial Administrator)	(Handled in limited Jurisdiction courts)	1965	1966
Centucky	Annual Report for 1975 to the Judicial Conference (Judicial Council, of which the SCA is Secretary)	************	Annual Report for 1975 to the Judicial Conference and unpublished data	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1954 4	1976"
oulsiana.	Judicial Council Annual Report with 1975 Statistics- Related Data (Judicial Administrator, who is the SCA) and unpublished data from Clerk of Supreme Court	Judicial Council Annual Report with 1975 Statistics- Related Data	Judicial Council Annual Report with 1975 Statistics- Related Data	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1954	1955 ^d
Maine	Unpublished data and Annual Report August 1975—December 1976 (Administrative Office of the Courts)		Annual Report August 1975– December 1976	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1975	1977"
Maryland	Annual Report 1974-75, 1975- 76 (Administrative Office of the Courts)	Annual Report 1974–75, 1975– 76	Annual Report 1974–75	Annual Report 1974–75	1955	1955–56
Massachusetts	19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974–75 (Executive Secretary) and telephone call	19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974–75 and telephone call	19th Annual Report to the Supreme Judicial Court 1974–75	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1956	1957

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Sources of 1975 state caseload statistics

State ^a	Courts of last resort	Intermediate appellate	General jurisdiction	Juvenile	Date SCA appointed®	1st SCA annual report ^c
Michigan	Unpublished data from Clerk of Supreme Court	Annual Report 1974–75	Annual Report 1974–75	(Handled In limited jurisdiction courts)	1952	1955
Minnesota	12th Annual Report 1975 (Office of the State Court Administrator)		12th Annual Report 1975	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1963	1964
Mississippi	10th and 11th Annual Statistical Report 1975, 1976 (Executive Assistant, Supreme Court)		Mississippi Courts Master Plan, 1976 Resources Planning Corporation	Not avallable	1974'	1964 ° (10th annual)
Missouri	Annual Statistical Report 1975 (Office of the State Court Administrator)	Annual Statistical Report 1975	Annual Statistical Report 1975	Annual Statistical Report 1975	1970	1971"
Montana	"1976—1st Annual Report" in The State of the Judiclary, 1977 (Chief Justice, Montana Supreme Court)		Not available	Not available	1975	1976°
Nebraska	The Courts of Nebraska 1974 – 75 (Office of the State Court Administrator)		The Courts of Nebraska 1974– 75	(Handled In limited jurisdiction courts)	1972	1974-75"
Nevada	"State of the Judiclary 1975 – 76" (Chief Justice, Supreme Court) and unpublished data from Clerk		Not available	Not available	1971 (vacant 1973– 1977)	
New Hampshire	The Sixteenth Biennial Report of the Judicial Council of the State of New Hampshire (Chairman)		The Sixteenth Biennial Report of the Judicial Council of the State of New Hampshire	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1977	
New Jersey	Annual Report 1974-75 (Administrative Director of the Courts)	Annual Report 1974–75	Annual Report 1974–75	(Handled in ilmited jurisdiction courts)	1948	1948-49
New Mexico	Annual Report 1975 (Judicial Department of the State of New Mexico)	Annual Report 1975 and 1975 annual report from Cierk	Annual Report 1975	Annual Report 1975	1959	1960

Sources of 1975 state caseload statistics

State "	Courts of last resort	Intermediate appellate	General jurisdiction	Juvenile	Date SCA appointed b	1st SCA annual report °
New York	21st Annual Report 1975 (The Administrative Board of the Judicial Conference, of which the Court Administrator is Secretary) and unpublished data from Clerk of Court of Appeals	21st Annual Report 1975 and unpublished data from Office of Court Administration	21st Annual Report 1975	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1955	1955 (
North Carolina	Supreme Court Data 1975 (unpublished, from Clerk of Supreme Court)	Annual Report 1975 (Administrative Office of the Courts) and unpublished data from Clerk of Appeals Court	Annual Report 1975	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	19541	1956
North Dakota	Judicial Council Statistical Compilation and Report, January-June 1975, July- December 1975 (North Dakota Judicial Council, of which the SCA is Executive Secretary) and unpublished data from Clerk		Judicial Council Statistical Compilation and Report	Judicial Council Statistical Compilation and Report	1971	1971"
Ohio	Ohio Courts Summary 1975 (Office of the Administrative Director)	Ohio Courts Summary 1975	Ohlo Courts Summary 1975	Ohlo Courts Summary 1975	1955	1957
Oklahoma	Report on the Judiciary 1975 (Administrative Director of the Courts)	Report on the Judiciary 1975	Report on the Judiciary 1975	Report on the Judiciary 1975	1967	1969-71
Oregon	22nd Annual Report 1975 (Office of the State Court Administrator)	22nd Annual Report 1975	22nd Annual Report 1975	22nd Annual Report 1975 (Also handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1971	1972
Pennsylvania	1975 Report (Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts)	1975 Report	1975 Report	1975 Report	1968	1970

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Sources of 1975 state caseload statistics

State*	Courts of last resort	intermediate appellate	General jurisdiction	Juvenile	Date SCA appointed ^b	1st SCA annual report®
Rhode Island	Unpublished data from Office of Court Administrator and from Clerk of Supreme Court		1975 Annual Report on the Judiclary (Chief Justice, Supreme Court) and unpublished data	(Handled in ilmited jurisdiction courts)	1969	1971"
South Carolina	Telephone call	4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Not available	Not available	1973	
South Daketa	Supreme Court Statistics 1975 (unpublished, Clerk of Supreme Court)		Combined 1975–76 Judicial Annual Report (unpublished) from Court Administrator	Not avallable	1974	
Tennessee	1975 Annual Report (Executive Secretary, Supreme Court of Tennessee)	1975 Annual Report	1975 Annual Report	Not available	1964	1964-65
Texas	47th Annual Report 1975 (Texas Judicial Council, of which the SCA is Executive Director)	47th Annual Report 1975	47th Annual Report 1975	47th Annual Report 1975 (Also handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1977⁴	
Jtah	Unpublished data from Clerk of Supreme Court and NGSC Western Regional Office		Afinual Report, Utah Courts July 1974–June 1975, July 1975- June 1976 (Utah Judicial Council)	(Handled in limited jurisdiction courts)	1973	1973-74
Vermont	Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975 (Office of the Court Administrator)		Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975	Judicial Statistics for Year Ending December 31, 1975	1967	1969
Virginia	State of the Judiclary Report 1975 (Office of the Executive Secretary, Supreme Court) and telephone contact with Clerk		State of the Judiclary Report 1975	Not avallable	1952	1953
Washington	19th Annual Report 1975 (Office of the Administrator for the Courts)	19th Annual Report 1975	19th Annual Report 1975	19th Annual Report 1975	1957	1957
West Virginia	Unpublished data from Clerk of Supreme Court	*********	Not available	Not available	19751	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Sources of 1975 state caseload statistics

State a	Courts of last resort	Intermediate appellate	General Jurisdiction	Juvenile	Date SCA appointed ^b	1st SCA annual report®
Wisconsin	Judicial Statistics 1975 (Administrator of Courts)	**************************************	Judicial Statistics 1975	Judicial Statistics 1975	1962	1969-70
Wyoming	1975 Supreme Court, Appellate Court Statistics (unpublished, from Office of Court Coordinator and Clerk of Supreme Court)		District Court Caseload (unpublished)	Not available	1974	

indicates the state has no intermediate appellate court.
* The addresses of the state court administrators are given in Figure 18-A.

Th Source of the date the state court administrator was appointed is *Book of the States* (Council of State Governments, Lexington, Kentucky, 1977), with a few exceptions as indicated in footnote f. The exact titles of the administrators are listed in Figure 18–A.

* Source of the date of the first SCA annual report is Fannie

J. Klein, The Administration of Justice in the Courts (Dobbs Ferry, New York: Oceana Publications, 1976), with the few exceptions indicated in footnote e.

"The SCA is secretary of the Judicial Council or Department that publishes the state's annual report.

" Source is the state's annual report.

Information obtained by telephone. (In North Carolina the Administrative Office of the Courts was created in 1965.)

Addresses of state court administrators

Administrative Director of the Courts Department of Court Management 817 South Court Street Montgomery, Alabama 36130 (205) 834-7990

Administrative Director Alaska Court System 303 K Street Anchorage, Alaska 99501 (907) 274-6853, 8611

Administrative Director of the Courts Supreme Court of Arlzona State Capitol Building 201 South-West Wing Phoenix, Arlzona 85007 (602) 271-4359

Executive Secretary Judicial Department Supreme Court of Arkansas Justice Building Little Rock_Arkansas 72201 (501) 375-7001

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts California Judicial Council 601 McAllister St. San Francisco, California 94102 '415) 557-1581 State Court Administrator Judicial Department State Judicial Building 2 East 14th Street, Room 215 Denver, Colorado 80203 (303) 861-1111, ext. 126

Justice, Chief Court Administrator Supreme Court of Connecticut Drawer N, Station A Hartford, Connecticut 06106 (202) 568-4461

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts State Office Bidg., 11th floor 820 N. French St. Wilmington, **Delaware** 19801 (302) 571–2480

Executive Officer, Courts of the District of Columbia 613 G Street, N.W., Room 716 Washington, D.C. 20001 (202) 727–1770

State Court Administrator Supreme Court of Florida Taliahassee, Florida 32304 (904) 488-8621 Director, Administrative Offices of the Courts Georgia Justice Center, Suite 500 84 Peachtree Street Atlanta, Georgia 30303 (404) 656-5171

Administrative Director of the Courts Supreme Court of Hawali P.O. Box 2560 Honolulu, Hawali 96804 (808) 548-4605

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts Supreme Court of Idaho Supreme Court Building 451 West State Street Boise, Idaho 83702 (208) 384-2246

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts Supreme Court of Illinois Springfield, Illinois 62706 (217) 782-7770

State Court Administrator Supreme Court of Indiana State House, Room 323 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 (317) 633-6481

Addresses of state court administrators

State Court Administrator Supreme Court of Iowa State House Des Moines, Iowa 50319 (515) 281-5241

Judicial Administrator Supreme Court of Kansas State House, Third Floor Topeka, **Kansas** 66612 (913) 296–2256

Director, Administrative
Office of the Courts
403 Wapping Street
Bush Building
Frankfort, Kentucky
(502) 564-7486

Judicial Administrator Supreme Court of Louisiana 109 Supreme Court Building 301 Loyola Avenue New Orleans, Louisiana 70112 (504) 568-5747

State Court Administrator Supreme Judicial Court of Maine P.O. Box 4820 DTS 66 Pearl Street Portland, Mair.e 04112 (207) 755-1500

State Court Administrator Court of Appeals Building Rowe Boulevard and Taylor Avenue Annapolls, **Maryland** 21401 (301) 269–2141

Executive Secretary, Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts 302 New Court House Boston, Massachusetts 02108 (617) 725-8050

Court Administrator P.O. Box 30048 Lansing, Michigan (517) 373-0130 48909

State Court Administrator Supreme Court of Minnesota William Mitchell Law Center 40 N. Milton Street, Suite 300 St. Paul, Minnesota 55104 (612) 296-2474

Executive Assistant Supreme Court of Mississippi P.O. Box 117 Jackson, **Mississippi** 39205 (601) 354-6021

State Courts Administrator Supreme Court of Missouri Supreme Court Building Jefferson City, Missouri 65101 (314) 751–4377

State Court Administrator State Capitol Building Room 300 Helena, **Montana** 59601 (406) 449–2626 State Court Administrator Supreme Court of Nebraska Room 2412, State Capitol Building Lincoln, **Nebraska** 68509 (402) 477–4620

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts Capitol Complex Carson City, **Nevada** 89710 (702) 885-5076

Administrative Assistant Supreme Court of New Hampshire Supreme Court Building Concord, New Hampshire 03301 (603) 271-3275

Acting Director, Administrative Office of the Courts C.N. 037 State House Annex Trenton, New Jersey 08625 (609) 292~4636

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts
Supreme Court of New Mexico
Supreme Court Building, 1st floor
Santa Fe, New Mexico
87501
(505) 827-2771

State Administrative Judge 270 Broadway, Room 1312 New York, **New York** 10007 (212) 488-4141 ext. 6525

Director, Administrative Office of the Courts P.O. Box 2448 Raleigh, North Carolina 27602 (919) 733-7106, 7107

State Court Administrator Supreme Court of North Dakota State Capitol Bullding Bismarck, North Dakota 58501 (701) 224-2221

Administrative Director of the Courts' Supreme Court of Ohio State House Annex Columbus, Ohio 43215 (614) 466-2653

Administrative Director of the Courts Supreme Court of Oklahoma State Capitol Building, Room One Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 (405) 521-2310

State Court Administrator Supreme Court of Oregon Supreme Court Building Salem, Oregon 97310 (503) 378-6046

Court Administrator Supreme Court of Pennsylvania 1414 Three Penn Center Plaza Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102 (215) 567-3071 Court Administrator Supreme Court of Rhode Island 250 Benefit Street Providence, **Rhode Island** 02903 (401) 277 – 3263, 3272

Director, South Carolina Court Administration P.O. Box 11788 Columbia, South Carolina 29211 (803) 758-2961

Court Administrator Supreme Court of South Dakota State Capitol Building Pierre, South Dakota 57501 (605) 224-3474

Executive Secretary
Supreme Court of Tennessee
422 Supreme Court Building
Nashville, Tennessee
37219
(615) 741-2687

Administrative Director of the Courts, Office of Court Administration of the Texas Judicial System P.O. Box 12066, Capitol Building Austin, Texas 78711 (512) 475-2421

Court Administrator Utah Judicial Council 807 East South Temple, Suite 201 Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 (801) 533-6371

Court Administrator Supreme Court of Vermont 111 State Street Montpelier, Vermont 05602 (802) 828-3281

Executive Secretary Supreme Court of Virginia 1101 East Broad Street Richmond, Virginia 23219 (804) 786-6981

Administrator for the Courts Supreme Court of Washington Temple of Justice Olympia, Washington 98504 -(206) 753-5780

Administrative Director of the Courts E-404 State Capitol Building Charleston, West Virginia 25305 (304) 348-5350

Administrative Director of the Courts 110 East Main, #516 Tenney Building Madison, **Wisconsin** 53702 (608) 266-3501

Court Coordinator Supreme Court of Wyoming Supreme Court Building Cheyenne, **Wyoming** 82001 (307) 777-7581

Appendix B: Technical discussion of estimation procedure

An estimation procedure was used to allow the presentation of estimated national totals for appellate court caseflow. Through this procedure, estimates were arrived at for totals in those states with missing data for beginning pendings, filings, dispositions, or end pendings in either the court of last resort or the intermediate appellate court.

The procedure followed for developing caseload estimates for the appellate courts involved three essential steps. The first step was to determine a set of independent variables to be used. Next, the relationship between these variables and the dependent variables was examined. The final and more time-consuming step was the development of a meaningful estimation equation.

Several independent variables were selected for use in the development of the estimation equation, because of their possible relationship to the caseload in the appellate courts. Many of these were population variables, because population has long been considered a good indication of caseload. The variables initially considered were the number of judges in the court, the population of the state, the population in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, the population in other cities, the population in rural areas, the number of intermediate appellate courts, the number of courts of last resort, the population per square mile, the percent change in state population from 1970 to 1975, the percent change in state population from 1974 to 1975, and the per capita income. Future reports will attempt to incorporate a larger variety of independent variables, which could not be considered in this first attempt at developing the estimation equations.

The data for each state were put in machinereadable form to allow use of the Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS), Version 7.0, at the College of William and Mary Computing Center. The cards for each state contained data on each of the independent variables listed above as well as the dependent variables, which were the number of beginning pending, filed, disposed, and end pending cases for the courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts. In the states with two courts of last resort, Oklahoma and Texas, the sum of the data from the two courts was used. Similarly, in states with two intermediate appellate courts, the sum of the data from the two courts was used.

The second step in the development of the estimation equations was to plot each of the independent variables against each of the dependent variables. This was done with the use of the SCATTERGRAM sub-program in SPSS. These plots were visually examined for determination of the non-linear relationships which existed between the sadependent and dependent variables. This examination resulted in transformations of several of the independent variables.

The mathematical functions used for the transformations were natural logarithm, square root, square of the variable, inverse of the variable, and exponential function. In addition, two or more variables were combined by multiplication or division to produce new variables that more closely predicted the dependent variables.

The examination of the plots generated by the SCATTERGRAM sub-program revealed that the values for many of the independent variables in the District of Columbia were outliners. The District of Columbia is a large city and, therefore, the values for the population variables are quite different from those for the fifty states. Because of these extreme values only the data for the fifty states were used in development of the estimation equations.

The final step was the development of the estimation equations. This was accomplished by the use of the REGRESSION sub-program in SPSS. The step-wise regression procedure was used to allow entry of the variables one at a time into the regression equation. The output from this procedure gave the R² value (the percent of variation in the dependent variable which was explained by the

variation of the variables in the regression equation), the F-ratio for the regression equation (the ratio that indicates the statistical significance of the entire regression equation), the F-ratio for each variable in the equation (the ratio that indicates the statistical significance of the individual variables in the equation), and the values of the coefficients for the independent variables in the regression equation. In addition, the residual for each case was given along with a plot of the residuals against the predicted values for the dependent variables. All this output was used to select the best estimation equations possible, given the set of independent variables.

Several equations were developed for each of the dependent variables. The different equations were obtained by the step-wise regression procedure because the tolerance level (the percent of variation in the independent variable not explained by the variation of the independent variables already in the regression equation) and the F-ratio level (the F-ratio that would be associated with the variable if it were entered next into the equation) were changed to create more or less stringent conditions for inclusion of variables in the equation. The various equations were developed so that each equation could be examined for satisfaction of the assumptions for using the regression procedure.

For each of the estimation equations, the residuals and the residual plots were examined. The residuals were checked for correlation with the dependent variable. The residual plot was checked for correlation between the residuals and the predicted values for the dependent variables. Those estimation equations with relatively little correlation between the residuals and both the dependent variable and the predicted values of the dependent variable were selected for further consideration.

For those equations selected because of low correlation of the residuals with the dependent variable and the predicted values of the dependent variable, the R² statistic and F-ratio for the equation

and the individual variables were examined. This procedure then led to the selection of the estimation equations for use in estimating values for those states having missing data.

The estimation equation selected for each dependent variable is given below along with the R² statistic and the F-ratio values for each equation. First, a few codes for the variables are listed for ease in reading the equations:

BPCOLR—Beginning pending for courts of last resort.

FCOLR—Filings for courts of last resort.

DCOLR—Dispositions for courts of last resort.

EPCOLR—End pending for courts of last resort.

BPIAC—Beginning pending for intermediate appellate courts.

FIAC—Filings for intermediate appellate courts.

DIAC—Dispositions for intermediate appellate courts.

EPIAC—End pending for intermediate appellate courts.

JUDGE—The number of judges in the courts of last resort for each state.

POPULATION—The estimates for state population on July 1, 1975.*

CITY—The estimate for state population in cities other than Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA) on July 1, 1975.*

RURAL—The estimate for the state population in rural areas on July 1, 1975.*

PC7075—The percent change in the state population from July 1, 1970, to July 1, 1975.**

PC7475—The percent change in the state population from July 1,1974, to July 1, 1975.**

POPPSQM—The population per square mile of the state on July 1, 1975.**

NOCOLR—The number of courts of last resort in the state.

NOIAC-The number of intermediate appellate courts in the state.

^{*} Source of the population estimates is U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reports for the United States (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Govt. Printing Off., 1975). These estimates were used instead of revised U.S. Bureau of Census estimates because the population in SMSAs, cities, and rural areas was available from this source.

^{**} Source of the percent change in population and population per square mile is the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1976, 97th edition (Washington, D.C., 1976).

Courts of last resort

Beginning pending

The estimation equation for beginning pending in the courts of last resort is:

$$BPCOLR = -204.3172 + 82.80313 \times (NOCOLR \times JUDGE) - 0.07281589 \times \left(\frac{exp\ (JUDGE)}{CITY \times 1,000} + 1 \right) \\ -24.45853 \times (NOCOLR \times JUDGE \times NOIAC) + 1.201198 \times 10^{-12} \times (POPULATION)^2 \\ With R^2 = .715 \\ F_{4.29-ratio} = 18.16, p < .01$$

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance	
(NOCOLR x JUDGE)	52,05	1,29	p < .01	
$ \left(\frac{\frac{\text{exp (JUDGE)}}{\text{CITY} \times 1,000}}{\text{FOPULATION} + 1}\right) $	18.62	1,29	p < .01	•
(NOCOLR x JUDGE x NOIAC)	11.96	1,29	p < .01	
(POPULATION) ²	6,75	1,29	.01 < p < .05	

Note to explain (exp (JUDGE)): The function exp used in this equation is the exponential function. With e being the base of the natural logarithm, the expression (exp(JUDGE)) is e raised to the power of the value of the variable JUDGE (the number of judges in the court of last resort).

Filings

The estimation equation for filings in the courts of last resort is:

FCOLR =
$$2.012934 \times 10^{-3} \times (JUDGE \times POPULATION) - 59.19076 \times \left(\frac{1}{PC7075}\right) + 345.5334$$

with R² = .849
F_{2.43}-ratio = 120.47, p < .01

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance
(JUDGE x POPULATION)	240.42	1,43	p < .01
$\left(\frac{1}{PC7075}\right)$	8.19	1,43	p < .01

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Dispositions

The estimation equation for dispositions in the courts of last resort is:

DCOLR =
$$1.962629 \times 10^{-3} \times (JUDGE \times POPULATION) - 77.06959 \times \left(\frac{1}{PC7075}\right) + 306.63$$

with R² = .870
F_{2.42-ratio} = 140.33, p < .01

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance
(JUDGE x POPULATION)	271,20	1,42	p < .01
$\left(\frac{1}{PC7075}\right)$	12.55	1,42	p < .01

End pending

The estimation equation for end pending in the courts of last resort is:

EPCOLR = 35.54272 × (NOCOLR × JUDGE) + 16.30584 ×
$$\left(\text{NOCOLR} \times \text{JUDGE} \times \frac{1}{\text{PC7475}} \right)$$
 + 39.84012 with R² = .608 and F_{1,31}-ratio = 24.00, p < .01

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance
(NOCOLR x JUDGE)	22,47	1,31	p < .01
NOCOLR × JUDGE × $\left(\frac{1}{PC7475}\right)$	4.33	1,31	.01 < p < .05

Intermediate appellate courts

Beginning pending

The estimation equation for beginning pending in the intermediate appellate courts is:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{BPIAC} = 3.596711 \times 10^{-4} \times (\text{POPULATION}) - 2.586894 \times 10^{-3} \times (\text{exp(JUDGE)}) - 93.60634 \times \left(\frac{\text{POPULATION}}{\text{CITY}}\right) + 12.34139 \times \left(\frac{\text{POPULATION}}{\text{RURAL}}\right) + 276.8477 \end{aligned} \\ & \text{with} \qquad & \text{R}^2 = .885 \\ & \text{F4,13-ratio} = 25.01, p < .01 \end{aligned}$$

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance
(POPULATION)	87.58	1,13	p < .01
(exp(JUDGE))	22,31	1,13	p < .01
(POPULATION)	16.27	1,13	p < .01
(POPULATION)	10.25	1,13	p < .01

Note to explain (exp (JUDGE)): The function exp used in this equation is the exponential function. With e being the base of the natural logarithm, the expression (exp(JUDGE)) is e raised to the power of the value of the variable JUDGE (the number of judges in the court of last resort).

Filings

The estimation equation for filings in the intermediate appellate courts is:

FIAC =
$$5.780694 \times 10^4 \times (POPULATION) - 4.073869 \times 10^3 \times (exp(JUDGE)) + 614.2749 \times (PC7075) - 1470.043$$

with $R^2 = .883$
 $F_{3,19}$ -ratio = 47.73 , p < .01

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance
(POPULATION)	137,73	1,19	p < ,01
(exp(JUDGE))	18.16	1,19	p < .01
(PC7075)	8.68	1,19	p < .01

Note to explain (exp(JUDGE)): The function expused in this equation is the exponential function. With e being the base of the natural logarithm, the expression (exp(JUDGE)) is e raised to the power of the value of the variable JUDGE (the number of judges in the court of last resort).

Dispositions

The estimation equation for dispositions in the intermediate appellate courts is:

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DIAC = 5.857194 \times 10^{-4} \times (POPULATION) - 3.983621 \times 10^{-3} \times (exp(JUDGE)) + 627.845 \times (PC7075) - 1809.195

With R<sup>2</sup> = .918

F<sub>3,18</sub>-ratio = 67.00, p < .01
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The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of treedom	Significance
(POPULATION)	196.01	1,18	p < .01
(exp(JUDGE))	24.55	1,18	p < .01
(PC7075)	12.69	1,18	p < .01

Note to explain (exp(JUDGE)): The function exp used in this equation is the exponential function. With e being the base of the natural logarithm, the expression (exp(JUDGE)) is e raised to the power of the value of the variable JUDGE (the number of judges in the court of last resort).

End Pending

The estimation equation for end pending in the intermediate appellate courts is:

The significance of each variable is:

Variable	F-Ratio	Degrees of freedom	Significance
$\left(\sqrt{\text{POPULATION}}\right)$	66.52	1,13	p < .01
(exp(JUDGE))	18.80	1,13 .	p < .01
(POPULATION)	9.52	1,13	p < .01
(9%P (POPPSQM × 10²))	8.15	1,13	.01 < p < .05

Note to explain (exp(JUDGE)) and (exp(POPPSQM x 10²)): The function exp used in this equation is the exponential function. With e being the base of the natural logarithm, the expression (exp(JUDGE)) is e raised to the power of the value of the variable JUDGE (the number of judges in the court of last resort). (exp(POPPSQM x 10²)) is e raised to the power of 10² times the value of the variable POPPSQM (the population per square mile).

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Glossary

The following terms, used in both State Court Caseload Statistics: The State of the Art and State Court Caseload Statistics: Annual Report, 1975, should be interpreted according to the meanings indicated below. Where possible, the definitions are from an authoritative source already in print. The following sources are drawn upon, with the footnote number which will appear after each definition from that source. Definitions that have been adapted for NCSP purposes have an (A) after the footnote number.

¹ U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service, *Dictionary of Criminal Justice Data Terminology* (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Govt. Print. Off., 1976).

² U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service, *National Survey of Court Organization* (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Govt. Print. Off., 1973; Supplements in 1975 and 1977).

³ Black, Henry Campbell, *Black's Law Dictionary* (St. Paul, Minnesota: West Publishing Co., 1968).

⁴ American Bar Association, Law and the Courts (Chicago: ABA Press, 1974).

Definition of terms peculiar to a single state is beyond the scope of this project. However, in many instances the general meaning of these types of cases can be derived from the category into which they were placed. For example, it is helpful to know that "Rule 27.26" cases from Missouri are classified under the general category of extraordinary writs and that "C&R7.7" cases from Washington are some sort of original proceeding used by the intermediate court of appeals in Washington. More detailed information on how a specific case is defined and classified in a particular state may be obtained by writing to the office of the state court administrator in that state. Addresses of court administrator's offices in each state are found in Appendix A of the 1975 annual report.

A more complete dictionary of civil terminology for court use is being compiled by the National Court Statistics Project in Phase II of its operations. Acquittal—a judgment of a court, based either on the verdict of the jury or of a judicial officer, that the defendant is not guilty of the offense(s) for which he has been tried. 1

Administrative—a summary civil category of cases brought before general jurisdiction courts that embraces actions related to governmental bodies in the exercise of their varied functions.

Adoption—a category of actions which includes all cases involving child adoption proceedings. The result of adoption cases is usually to take a juvenile into one's family and legally confer on him the rights, privileges, and duties of a child and heir.

Affirmed—a disposition by an appellate court that ratifies and reasserts the correctness of a judgment. In the practice of appellate courts an affirmed judgment, decree, or order declares that it is valid and right, and must stand as rendered by the lower court.

Age at disposition—the amount of time (days, months, years) from the date that a case comes under control of the court (usually when it is filed) until it is disposed of (dismissed, tried to verdict, and so forth) by the court.

Age of pending—the amount of time (days, months, years) from the date that a case comes under the control of the court (usually when it is filed) until the last day of the period for which the report is being prepared.

Annulment—the act of making void retrospectively as well as prospectively.^{3(A)} An annulment destroys the existence of a marriage and everything pertaining to it.

Answer—a pleading by which a defendant endeavors to resist the plaintiff's allegation of facts.³

Appeal, civil—the complaint to a higher court of an injustice done or error committed by a lower court, whose judgment or decision the court above is called upon to correct or reverse.⁴

criminal—a request by either the defense or prosecution that a case be removed from a lower court to a higher court in order for a completed trial to be reviewed by the higher court.

Appeals from administrative agencies—an appeal to a court of competent jurisdiction, contesting the outcome rendered by an administrative agency as a result of its administrative hearing of a matter.

Appellate court—see Court of appellate jurisdiction.

At Issue—the point in the pleadings when one of the parties to a suit makes an assertion that is denied by the other party.

Auto tort—a civil category that includes actions for damages for personal injury, property damage, or wrongful death arising out of an automobile accident, automobile collision, or otherwise from the operation of a motor vehicle.

Case—a general term for a charge, action, cause, suit, or controversy, for purposes of adjudication by regular proceedings. 3(A) In compiling caseload statistics for comparison purposes, it is essential to know what constitutes a case in each state and what unit of count is being used. If the unit of count differs, caseload cannot be compared. In general jurisdiction courts the predominant unit of count used in civil cases is the complaint action or petition. In criminal cases most general jurisdiction courts use either the number of indictments/informations/complaints, or the number of defendants on each indictment/information/complaint. In appellate courts no clear pattern exists as to what the states are counting as appellate cases. Some courts report only total cases, with no indication as to what types of proceedings constitute the total. Some define cases as appeals that were decided on the merits. Others define appeals, original proceedings, and requests to appeal as cases to distinguish them from less time-consuming motions and other procedural matters. This report uses the broad definition of an appellate case being defined as any appeal, original proceeding, or request to appeal.

Caseflow—the process by which a case or cases move(s) through the court from the time of filing to disposition. In this report the steps for monitoring caseflow are beginning pending, filing, disposition, and end pending.

Caseload—the total number of cases filed in a given court or before a given judicial officer during a given period of time. 1

Caseload pending—see pending caseload.

Charge—a formal complaint, information, or indictment against a defendant in a criminal case.

Children in need of supervision (also known as CINS, CHINS, PINS, JINS)—a child who requires guidance, treatment, or rehabilitation because of (a) habitual truancy from school; (b) habitual disobedi-

ence, being ungovernable and beyond control of the person having custody of the child without substantial fault on the part of that person; (c) deportment that is injurious or endangers the child or others; or (d) commitment of an offense applicable only to children.

Civil action—an action instituted in court to recover damages, collect a debt, or obtain other relief purely civil in nature; a legal and formal demand for enforcement or protection of rights and prevention or redress of wrongs.

Civil appeal—see Appeal, civil.

Civil jurisdiction—see Jurisdiction, civil.

Complaint, civil—the initial pleading on the part of the plaintiff in a civil action. Its purpose is to inform the defendant of all material facts on which the plaintiff bases his claim.

criminal—a formal written accusation made by any person, often a prosecutor, and filed in a court, alleging that a specified person(s) has committed a specified offense(s).

Conservatorship—the legal relation existing between a conservator, an incapable person, and the estate of the incapable person. When a person having property is found incapable of managing his/her affairs, a probate court may appoint another person as a conservator to have charge of and protect the person and his property.

Contract—a category of civil court actions which includes any action involving either (1) promissory agreements between two or more persons that create, modify, or destroy a legal relation (contracts); or (2) recovery of a certain specific sum of money or a sum that can readily be reduced to a certainty, as provided by common law, where there is no express contract to pay it (debt). This includes recovery of money for services performed, property sold and delivered, money loaned, or damages for performance of simple contracts, express or implied, when the rights of the parties will be adequately protected by the payment and receipt of money.

Conviction—a judgment of a court, based either on a verdict of a jury or judicial officer or on the guilty plea of the defendant that the defendant is guilty of the offense(s) for which he has been tried.

Court—an agency of the judicial branch of government, authorized or established by statute or constitution, and consisting of one or more judicial officers, which has the authority to decide upon controversies in law and disputed matters of fact brought before it.

Court of appellate jurisdiction—a court having jurisdiction of appeal and review, with original juris-

diction conferred only in special cases; includes both courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts;² a court to which causes are removable by appeal, certiorari, or error.

Court, federal—a court established under the constitution or laws of the United States and concerned primarily with the judicial administration of federal law.²

Court of general jurisdiction—a trial court of unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, also called "major trial court," which may or may not hear appeals from administrative agencies and courts of lower jurisdiction.

Court of intermediate appeals—an appellate court that is limited in its appellate jurisdiction by state law or at the discretion of the court of last resort in the state.² The rulings of a court of intermediate appeals may be subject to review by the state's court of last resort.

Court of last resort—an appellate court that has jurisdiction over final appeals in a state.²

Court of limited or special jurisdiction—a trial court whose legal jurisdiction covers only a particular class of cases, e.g., probate, juvenile, traffic, or cases where the amount in controversy is below a prescribed sum or which is subject to specific exception. For example, civil jurisdiction may be limited to civil cases with a maximum of \$500 in controversy; criminal jurisdiction may be limited to cases with a maximum of \$500 fine or 6-months sentence. Certain courts with unlimited civil jurisdiction but limited criminal jurisdiction are included in this category.²

Court of original jurisdiction—a court having jurisdiction in the first instance to try and pass judgment upon the law and facts, as distinguished from a court of appellate jurisdiction; includes both courts of general jurisdiction and courts of limited or special jurisdiction; also referred to as "trial court."²

Court of special jurisdiction—see Court of limited or special jurisdiction.

Court, state—a court established or authorized under the constitution or laws of a state and concerned primarily with judicial administration of state and local government laws; viz., all courts other than federal courts.²

Court system—a judicial agency established or authorized by constitutional or statutory law. A court system may consist of a single court or a group of two or more courts in the same judicial district.²

Court, trial—a court whose primary function is to try, in the first instance, criminal or civil cases, or

both. (See Court of general jurisdiction and court of limited jurisdiction.)

Court trial—see Trial, non-jury.

Criminal action—a proceeding governed by the rules of criminal procedure brought by the government, representing the public, against one accused of violating a law or ordinance designed for the public's protection.

Criminal appeal—see Appeal, criminal.

Criminal jurisdiction—see Jurisdiction, criminal.

Date of service—the date of the delivery of an order, a summons, or a writ to the person against whom it is directed.

Default judgment—a civil judgment wherein the court enters a finding against the defendant when the defendant has either failed to appear in court as required or has failed to properly file an answer to a petition.

Defendant—the person defending or denying. In civil proceedings, the party against whom relief or recovery is sought. In criminal proceedings, the accused or the person charged with an offense. ¹

Delinquency—any type of behavior performed by a juvenile that is considered a crime if it is committed by an adult.

Dependency—the legal status of a juvenile over whom a juvenile court has assumed jurisdiction because the court has found the child's care by parents, guardian, or custodian to fall short of a legal standard of proper care. For statistical purposes, dependent and neglected actions have been included in the dependency category. Dependent and neglected actions on behalf of a child allege that the juvenile is without proper guardianship; or the parent, guardian, or person with whom the child lives is unfit to give proper care; or the juvenile has suffered from unlawful holding out from school, negligent medical care, lack of proper supervision, want or suffering, or injury to body or mind due to brutality, abuse, or neglect. (Note that child abuse, abandonment, contributing to delinquency, and contributing to dependency and neglect are offenses chargeable to an adult and are classified as other criminal.)

Directed verdict—an instruction by the judge to the jury to return a specific verdict.⁴

Dismissal—a decision by a judicial officer to terminate a case without a determination of guilt or innocence. ¹

Disposition—the action that terminates the jurisdiction of a particular court over a person or a case.

Divorce—the permanent dissolution of a marriage effected by the judgment of a court.

Domestic relations—in courts of general jurisdiction, a category of civil actions which includes family problems such as divorce and offenses against spouses.

Driving under the influence (alcohol) or driving while intoxicated (DWI)—the operation of any vehicle after having consumed a quantity of alcohol sufficient to potentially interfere with the ability to maintain safe operation. ¹

Driving under the influence (drugs)—the operation of any vehicle while attention or ability is impaired through the intake of a narcotic or any incapacitating quantity of another drug.

DWI-see Driving under the influence.

Equity case—a category of civil court cases in which remedies to civil wrongs are redressable by applying the rules of equity as distinguished from cases decided according to common law. Common law is concerned with damages after wrongful action, whereas equity is designed to provide relief where damages would be awarded too late to be meaningful. In an equity case the court may order that something be done or may forbid certain actions (by injunction).

Exception data—a report showing the number and types of errors in caseload reporting by court, used to correct such errors and pinpoint recurrent patterns of those errors.

Extraordinary writ—a written court order directed to a specific person requiring that person to perform or refrain from performing a specific act.²

Federal court—see Court, federal.

Felony—a criminal offense punishable by death, or by incarceration in a state or federal confinement facility for a period of which the lower limit is prescribed by statute in a given jurisdiction, typically one year or more. ¹

Filing—the commencement of a judicial proceeding by formally entering a document or a piece of information into the official record of a court. ^{1(A)}

First answer-see Answer.

Guardian—a person lawfully invested with the power, and charged with the duty, of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of another person who, for some peculiarity of status, or defect of age, understanding, or self-control, is considered incapable of administering his own affairs.³

Guardianship—the relation existing between a guardian and a ward.

Habeas corpus—see Writ of habeas corpus.

Indictment—a formal written accusation made by

a grand jury and filed in a court, alleging that a specified person(s) has committed a specific offense(s). An indictment usually represents the beginning of a criminal case.

Information—a formal written accusation made by a prosecutor and filed in a court, alleging that a specified person(s) has committed a specific offense(s). ¹

Injunction—a mandatory or prohibitive writ issued by a court.⁴

Judgment, civil—the official decision of a court upon the respective rights and claims of the parties in an action or suit submitted for its determination.³

criminal—the decision of a court, that the defendant is convicted or acquitted of the offense(s) charged. ¹

Jurisdiction—the territory, subject matter, or person over which lawful authority may be exercised. 1

Jurisdiction, civil—the power to try and determine civil controversies between individuals.

Jurisdiction, criminal—includes jurisdiction over felonies, felony preliminary hearings, misdemeanors, traffic, and municipal or county ordinance violations. ^{2(A)}

Jurisdiction, juvenile—the authority given to a court to hear or act upon a case involving a person(s) statutorily defined as juvenile, alleged to be delinquent, dependent, or status offender(s).

Jurisdiction, original—the lawful authority of a court or an administrative agency to hear or act upon a case from its beginning and to pass judgment on it. (See Court of original jurisdiction.)

Jury trial—see Trial, jury.

Juvenile—a person under a statutorily specified limit of age.

Juvenile court—see Jurisdiction, juvenile.

Law case—a civil category in which cases are adjudicated on the basis of common law; that is, the principles and rules of action that derive their authority not from legislative statute, but from usages and customs or from the judgments and decrees of courts recognizing, affirming, and enforcing such precedents.

Mandamus—See Writ of mandamus.

Memorandum opinion—see Opinion, memorandum.

Mental health—a civil case category in which a determination of the mental capacity or incapacity of an individual is made.

Method of entry into court—the means by which a criminal case is brought under the jurisdic-

tion of a court. Examples of method of entry are charge, indictment, information.

Misdemeanor—an offense usually punishable by incarceration in a local confinement facility for a period of which the upper limit is prescribed by statute in a given jurisdiction, typically limited to a year or less. 1

Motion—an oral or written request made by a party to an action, before, during, or after a trial, that a court issue a rule or order.

Nolle prosequi—a formal entry upon the record by the plaintiff in a civil suit, or the prosecuting officer in a criminal case, by which he declares that he "will no further prosecute" the case.⁴

Nolo contendere—a defendant's formal answer in court, to the charges in a complaint, information, or indictment, in which he states that he does not contest the charges, and which, while not an admission of guilt, subjects him to the same legal consequences as a plea of guilty.

Non-auto tort—a civil category which includes actions for damages for personal injury, property damage, or wrongful death resulting other than from the operation of a motor vehicle.

Non-jury trial—see Trial, non-jury.

Note of Issue—notice asserting that a case is ready for trial.

Notice of appeal—the first notice to the appellate court from a lower court or an attorney indicating that a case is being appealed.

Offenses against administration of justice—a criminal category that includes all crimes related to the obstruction of justice.

Offenses against person—a criminal category that includes all criminal offenses committed against people.

Offenses against property—a criminal category that includes all criminal offenses committed against property.

Offenses against public order—a criminal category that includes the wide variety of crimes relating to endangering public order.

Opinion—the statement by a judge or court of a decision reached in regard to a case tried or argued before it. (Distinction should be made between published opinions, which are printed and distributed because they contain new legal interpretations, and unpublished opinions, based solely on legal precedent, which are not printed and distributed.)

Opinion, memorandum—an opinion of a superior court which has no institutional or precedential value, and is used to affirm unanimously a trial court decision or an administrative agency order.

Opinion, per custam—a phrase used to distinguish an opinion of the whole court from an opinion written by any one judge. Sometimes it denotes an opinion written by the chief justice or presiding judge.³

Opinion, written—in appellate courts, the decisions of judges which are recorded and published and based on established legal precedents, as opposed to those which are handed down orally.

Original jurisdiction—see Jurisdiction, original.

Original proceedings—an appellate category that includes any new action filed during the reporting period or any case received on transfer or change of venue from another court.

Other appeals—a residual category into which appeals were placed if not identified by the states as either civil or criminal.

Other civil—a residual category into which civil cases that could not otherwise be categorized have been placed.

Other criminal—a residual category into which criminal cases that could not be classified as felonies or misdemeanors have been placed.

Other felony—a residual category used by some states to include felonies which do not fit into a classification scheme that specifies types of felonies.

Other matters—a residual category into which were placed miscellaneous motions, petitions, orders, writs not identified as appeals, requests to appeal, or original proceedings.

Other misdemeanor—a residual category used by some states to include misdemeanors which do not fit into a classification scheme which specifies types of misdemeanors.

Other proceedings—a residual category for those criminal proceedings not identified as offenses against persons, property, public order, or the administration of justice.

Pending—the status of a case that has not been terminated or disposed of by the court. Beginning Pending is the number of cases pending in a particular court at the beginning of a reporting period. End Pending is the number of cases pending in a particular court at the end of a reporting period.

Pending caseload—the number of cases at any given time which have been filed in a given court, or are before a given judicial officer, but have not reached disposition.

Per curiam opinion—see Opinion, per curiam.

Personal injury—a hurt or damage done to a person or a person's reputation as distinguished from an injury to a person's property.

Petition—a written application to a court request-

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ing the remedy of a civil wrong or relief from a conviction, sentence, or detention.

Plea—a defendant's formal answer in court to the charges brought against him in a complaint, information, or indictment. ¹

Postconviction—a procedure available to a convicted offender, which serves to challenge either the validity or the legality of the conviction, or the legality of the imposition or execution of sentence resulting from the conviction.

Preliminary hearing—synonymous with "preliminary examination"; the hearing given by a magistrate or judge to determine whether a person charged with a crime should be held for trial. Guilt or innocence is not at issue.

Probate—a civil category that includes all actions involving wills, the settlement of estates, and guardianships.

Property rights—a category of civil cases which involves the protection of the use or disposition, more specifically ownership, one may lawfully exercise over concrete objects.

Published opinion—see Opinion.

Quashed—the action of a court in voiding a prior action or order, such as a warrant, a subpoena, or indictment, so that it has no further legal effect.

Quo warranto—a writ issued by the state, demanding that an individual show by what right he/she exercises an authority which can only be exercised through grant or franchise emanating from the state. 4(A)

Reciprocal support—all actions involving child support in which the case is either sent to another court outside the county or state or is received from another court outside the county or state.

Rehearing requests—a category that includes requests by a party for a second consideration of a cause for the sole purpose of calling to the court's attention any error, omission, or oversight that may have occurred during the first consideration.

Remanded—a disposition by an appellate court that results in sending the case back to the original court from which it came, for the purpose of having some action taken on it.

Requests to appeal—a category which includes all petitions to an appellate court to review a case or action previously decided by a trial court.

Reversed—a disposition by an appellate court voiding, because of some error or irregularity, a judgment.

Settlement—cases not requiring judicial determination because the case is either settled out of court

or is voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiff prior to completion of trial.

Small claims—a category of civil actions based on either tort or contract involving less than a specified dollar amount, which varies from state to state.

Speedy trial—the right of the defendant to have a prompt trial, 1

State court—see Court, state.

Tax case—a civil category which includes all cases or actions on local tax issues.

Time interval—the amount of time that occurs between two procedural steps in the processing of a case.

Tort—a civil category that includes cases in which an injury or wrong has been committed, either with or without force, to the person or property of another, excluding breach of contract. (See Auto tort, Non-auto tort, and Unclassified tort.)

Traffic—a criminal category which includes any action involving a violation of the traffic laws.

Transfer—a category that covers those judgments that transfer or change the venue of an action from one location to another.

Trial—the examination of issues of fact and law in a case before a court that has jurisdiction over the case.

Trial court—see Court, trial.

Trial de novo—a completely new trial conducted as if no previous trial had been held.

Trial, jury—a trial in which a jury determines the issues of fact in a case. 1

Trial, non-jury—a trial in which there is no jury and in which a judicial officer determines the issues of fact and law in a case. 1

Trusts—all civil actions relating to the filing and establishment of the fiduciary relationship known as trust, i.e., a right of property held by one party for the benefit of another.

Unclassified tort—a residual category of cases that cannot be classified as either auto tort or non-auto tort cases.

Unit of count—for general jurisdiction court reporting purposes, the unit (action or person) that the court recognizes as the basis for counting a single case. (In the 1975 annual report, see Appendix C for the units of count being used in general jurisdiction courts.)

Unpublished opinion—see Opinion.

URESA (Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act)—all actions before a court arising under the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Sup-

port Act, i.e., actions resulting from nonpayment of support by an individual ordered to pay that support by a court outside of the county or state. (See Reciprocal support.)

Weighted caseload -- a method of caseload reporting which assigns weights to cases according to the period of time necessary to process the case and permits an assessment of judicial workload in terms of time spent rather than number of cases.

Withdrawn—a disposition category for reporting cases that are filed but later removed from the

docket before adjudication.

Wrlt—a written court order directed to a specific person requiring that person to perform or refrain from performing a specific act.²

Writ of error—a writ directed to a lower court requiring it to remit to the appellate court the record of an action before it, in order that examination may be made of certain errors alleged to have been committed.

Writ of habeas corpus—a writ commanding that

a person be brought before the court for consideration of the legality of the detention or custody.

Writ of certiorari—a writ issued from a higher court commanding judges or officers of a lower court to certify and transmit to the higher court all records of a case for review. 4(A) The appellate court has discretion to grant or deny a petition for the writ.

Writ of mandamus—a writ issued from a court of higher jurisdiction, directed to a lower court, commanding a public official to perform a public duty. 4(A)

Writ of prohibition—an extraordinary writ, issued by a higher court to a lower court, to prevent the latter from exceeding its jurisdiction, by prohibiting it from either assuming jurisdiction in a matter over which it has no control or from going beyond its legitimate powers in a matter over which it has iurisdiction. 3(A)

Fitten opinion—see Opinion, written.

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