

# Crime 8



Uniform  
Crime  
Reports

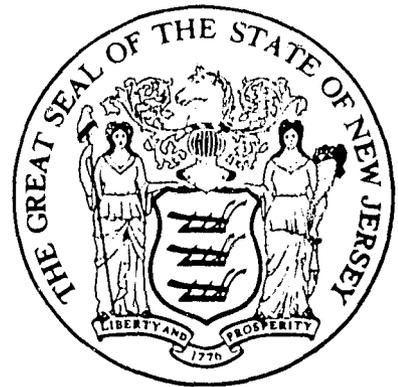
63889<sup>4</sup>

NCJRS

DEC 6 1979

ACQUISITIONS

**UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS**  
**State of New Jersey**  
J  
**1978**



Honorable John J. Degnan  
Attorney General  
State of New Jersey

Colonel Clinton L. Pagano  
Superintendent  
New Jersey State Police

Major William A. Zaninelli  
Supervisor  
Records and Identification Section  
New Jersey State Police

Chief Louis Nickolopoulos  
Somerset County Park Police Department  
President  
New Jersey Association of Chiefs of Police

New Jersey Association of Chiefs of Police  
Advisory Committee on Uniform Crime Reporting

---

Prepared and Issued By:  
State of New Jersey, Division of State Police  
Uniform Crime Reporting Unit  
Box 7068, West Trenton, New Jersey 08625

**NEW JERSEY ASSOCIATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE  
ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING**

Chief Neil A. Tantum  
*Ocean Township Police Department  
Chairman*

Chief John C. Moody  
*Beachwood Borough Police Department  
Co-Chairman*

Chief James F. Moran  
*Westfield Town Police Department  
Coordinator*

Chief Thomas Darmody  
*Lacey Township Police Department  
IACP Representative*

**COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

Chief W. Rostron  
*Somerville Borough Police Department*

Chief Anthony T. Smar  
*Clark Township Police Department*

Chief John G. Cavaluzzo  
*Barnardsville Borough Police Department*

Chief Paul Bellocchio  
*Somerset County Prosecutor's Office*

Chief George Shelbourne  
*Hillside Township Police Department*

---

**NEW JERSEY STATE POLICE  
CRIMINAL JUSTICE RECORDS BUREAU**

DSFC David R. Aaron  
*Bureau Chief*

**UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING UNIT**

SFC Joseph G. Vespe  
*Unit Head*

**CRIME ANALYSIS/CRIME PREVENTION**

DSG Richard J. Alexander

Steven E. Brunelle

DSG Peter J. Martinasco

**RECORDS RESEARCH**

DSG Robert M. Gaydos

SGT Nicholas V. DeLuca

**FIELD SERVICES**

SGT James D. Petrecca  
*Supervisor*

Tpr. I Joseph A. Nicoletti  
Tpr. I John T. Hennessy

Tpr. Robert DeLuca  
Tpr. Philip Boots

**DATA PROCESSING COORDINATOR**

SGT Sydney L. Decker

**CLERICAL STAFF**

Rose Mary J. Petrangeli  
*Supervisor*

Linda M. Werts  
Maryann E. Buzgo  
Pauline Gerheiser

Lynette C. Harvilla  
Donald J. Jones  
Donna M. Robinson



JOHN J. DEGNAN  
ATTORNEY GENERAL

STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
DEPARTMENT OF LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY  
STATE HOUSE ANNEX  
TRENTON, N. J. 08625  
609 292 4919

The Honorable Brendan T. Byrne  
Governor of the State of New Jersey

Honorable Members of the Senate and  
Assembly of the State of New Jersey

Dear Governor and Members of the Legislature:

Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:17B-5.5, I am submitting the twelfth annual report on crime in New Jersey. This information is based on statistics submitted to the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting System by every New Jersey law enforcement agency for the year 1978.

This report has been prepared to provide reliable and comprehensive analysis of crime data for the criminal justice community. The graphic and statistical representation of the various crime factors should assist law enforcement administrators in planning programs to combat crime throughout New Jersey.

It would have been impossible to complete this report without the cooperation of New Jersey's municipal, county, state, and other law enforcement agencies, 601 of whom contributed to this effort in 1978. It is with appreciation to these dedicated public servants, and in the interest of more effective law enforcement for all the citizens of New Jersey, that this twelfth annual Uniform Crime Report is submitted.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "John J. Degnan".

John J. Degnan  
Attorney General of New Jersey

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>NEW JERSEY CHIEFS OF POLICE ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS</b> . . . . .	i
<b>NEW JERSEY STATE POLICE UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING UNIT MEMBERS</b> . . . . .	i
<b>STATEWIDE CRIME SUMMARY 1978</b> . . . . .	vii
<b>THE NEW JERSEY UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM</b> . . . . .	1
<b>CRIME FACTORS</b> . . . . .	6
<b>THE POLICE POINT OF VIEW 1978</b> . . . . .	7
<b>PROFILE OF NEW JERSEY</b> . . . . .	8
<b>CRIME PREVENTION—A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH</b> . . . . .	9
<b>PROJECTIONS</b> . . . . .	15
<b>CRIME IN NEW JERSEY AND CRIME IN THE UNITED STATES 1978/1977</b> . . . . .	20
<b>STATEWIDE CRIME AND ARREST DATA</b> . . . . .	21
<b>1978 VIOLENT CRIME SUMMARY ANALYSIS</b> . . . . .	28
<b>1978 NONVIOLENT CRIME SUMMARY ANALYSIS</b> . . . . .	29
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY OFFENSE DATA</b>	
Murder . . . . .	31
Forcible Rape . . . . .	36
Robbery . . . . .	37
Atrocious Assault . . . . .	39
Breaking and Entering . . . . .	41
Larceny Theft . . . . .	43
Motor Vehicle Theft . . . . .	45
<b>1978 TOTAL ARREST SUMMARY ANALYSIS</b> . . . . .	47
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY ARREST DATA</b>	
Other Assaults . . . . .	58
Arson . . . . .	58
Forgery and Counterfeiting . . . . .	58
Fraud . . . . .	58
Embezzlement . . . . .	59
Stolen Property—Buying, Receiving, Possessing . . . . .	59
Malicious Mischief . . . . .	59
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc. . . . .	59
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice . . . . .	60
Sex Offenses . . . . .	60
Drug Abuse Violations . . . . .	60
Gambling . . . . .	62
Offenses Against Family and Children . . . . .	63
Driving Under the Influence . . . . .	63

**SUPPLEMENTARY ARREST DATA CONTINUED**

Liquor Laws . . . . .	63
Drunkenness . . . . .	63
Disorderly Conduct . . . . .	63
Failure to Give Good Account . . . . .	64
All Other Offenses . . . . .	64
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations . . . . .	64
Runaways . . . . .	64

**COUNTY CRIME DATA**

Atlantic . . . . .	66
Bergen . . . . .	66
Burlington . . . . .	66
Camden . . . . .	67
Cape May . . . . .	67
Cumberland . . . . .	68
Essex . . . . .	68
Gloucester . . . . .	69
Hudson . . . . .	69
Hunterdon . . . . .	70
Mercer . . . . .	70
Middlesex . . . . .	70
Monmouth . . . . .	71
Morris . . . . .	71
Ocean . . . . .	72
Passaic . . . . .	72
Salem . . . . .	73
Somerset . . . . .	73
Sussex . . . . .	74
Union . . . . .	74
Warren . . . . .	74

<b>CRIME STATISTICS BY URBAN, SUBURBAN AND RURAL GROUPS . . . . .</b>	<b>96</b>
---	-----------

<b>UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE OFFENSE DATA . . . . .</b>	<b>100</b>
--	------------

<b>NEW JERSEY MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA . . . . .</b>	<b>101</b>
--	------------

<b>POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA . . . . .</b>	<b>160</b>
---------------------------------------	------------

<b>GLOSSARY OF TERMS . . . . .</b>	<b>177</b>
------------------------------------	------------

# TABLES AND CHARTS

## STATE DATA

Crime Prevention—Urban, Suburban, and Rural Index Trends 1972-1978 (Table #1)	12
Crime Prevention—Breaking and Entering, and Larceny Trends— Urban, Suburban and Rural 1972-1978 (Chart #1)	13
Crime Prevention—Stolen Property Recovery Rates 1978 (Chart #2)	14
Projections—(Charts #3 through #10)	16
Yearly Crime Index Percent Changes New Jersey and the United States 1971 through 1978 (Chart #11)	20
Crime Trends, 1977-1978—Number, Rate, Percent Change (Table #2)	21
Type and Value of Property Stolen and Recovered, Percent of Value Recovered 1977-1978 (Table #3)	22
Crime Index, Rate, Distribution, Clearances (Table #4)	23
Twenty-four Hour Crime Cycle in New Jersey (Chart #12)	24
New Jersey Crime Clocks (Chart #13)	25
Index Offenses Cleared—Percent Adult, Juvenile Involvement (Chart #14)	26
Five Year Recapitulation of Offenses (Table #5)	27
Violent Crime by Month, 1976, 1977, and 1978 (Chart #15)	29
Nonviolent Crime by Month, 1976, 1977, and 1978 (Chart #16)	30
Murder by Day of Week (Chart #17)	31
Murder Victims by Age, Sex and Race—Percent Distribution (Table #6)	32
Murder Weapons Used—Percent Distribution (Chart #18)	33
Murder Circumstances (Chart #19)	34
Robbery, Weapons Used (Chart #20)	37
Robbery, Place of Occurrence, Average Value (Table #7)	38
Atrocious Assault—Weapons Used, Percent Distribution (Chart #21)	39
Breaking and Entering—Location, Time, Value (Table #8)	41
Larceny-Theft by Type and Value—Percent Distribution (Table #9)	43
Motor Vehicle Theft—Value Stolen and Recovered (Chart #22)	45
Motor Vehicle Theft—Motor Vehicles Recovered, Percent Recovered (Chart #23)	46
Total Arrests—Distribution, Rate (Table #10)	48
Total Arrests by Race (Table #11)	49
Juvenile Arrests by Race (Table #12)	50
Adult Arrests by Race (Table #13)	51
Total Arrests by Age (Table #14)	52-53
Comparison of State Arrests, 1977-1978—Percent Change (Table #15)	54
Arrest Trends by Age Group, 1977-1978—Percent Change (Table #16)	55
Arrest Trends by Sex, Males 1977-1978—Percent Change (Table #17)	56
Arrest Trends by Sex, Females 1977-1978—Percent Change (Table #18)	57
Analysis of Drug Abuse Violations Arrests (Chart #24)	61
Analysis of Gambling Arrests (Chart #25)	62

## COUNTY DATA

Index of Crime by County—1977-1978—Rate, Clearances (Table #19)	76
Violent and Nonviolent Crime by County 1977-1978—Number, Rate (Table #20)	80
Analysis of Robbery, Breaking and Entering, and Larceny by County (Table #21)	82
Total Arrests by County (Table #22)	84
Juvenile Arrests by County (Table #23)	86
Adult Arrests by County (Table #24)	88
Police Disposition of Juveniles Taken Into Custody, by County (Table #25)	90
Adult and Juvenile Arrests by County—Percent Distribution (Table #26)	92
Comparative Arrests by County, 1977-1978 (Table #27)	93
Juvenile Arrests by Race—by County, 1978 (Table #28)	94
Adult Arrests by Race—by County, 1978 (Table #29)	95

**URBAN, SUBURBAN, AND RURAL DATA**

Five Year Comparison of Index Offenses (Table #30) . . . . . 96  
Urban Crime Index, 1977-1978—Number, Rate, Percent Distribution, Percent Change  
(Table #31) . . . . . 97  
Suburban Crime Index, 1977-1978—Number, Rate, Percent Distribution, Percent Change  
(Table #32) . . . . . 98  
Rural Crime Index, 1977-1978—Number, Rate, Percent Distribution, Percent Change  
(Table #33) . . . . . 99

**UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE OFFENSE DATA 1978, (Table #34) . . . . . 100**

**NEW JERSEY MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA**

Offenses, Demographic, Police Employee Data, by Municipality (Table #35) . . . . . 102-159

**POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA**

Average Number of Municipal Police Officers and Police Employees per 1,000 Population, by County  
(Chart #26) . . . . . 162-163  
Full-time County Police Employees, 1978 (Table #36) . . . . . 166  
Full-time State Law Enforcement Agencies Employees, 1978 (Table #37) . . . . . 168  
Full-time Police Employees, Universities and Colleges (Table #38) . . . . . 168  
Total Number of Full-time Police Employees, State of New Jersey, 1978 (Table #39) . . . . . 169  
Weapons Used in Assaults on Police Officers (Chart #27) . . . . . 172  
Police Assaulted by Type of Activity (Chart #28) . . . . . 173  
Assaults on Police Officers by Hour of Day (Chart #29) . . . . . 174  
Assaults on Municipal Police Officers—Number-Rate per 100 Officers, by County  
(Table #40) . . . . . 175

# STATEWIDE CRIME SUMMARY—1978

## OFFENSES

- 381,450 Index offenses were reported in New Jersey during the year 1978, a 2 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime increased 8 percent.
- Nonviolent crime increased 2 percent.
- \$206 million of property was stolen during 1978.
- Robbery was the motive in 18 percent of all murders committed.
- Larceny and Breaking and Entering, accounted for 81 percent of the state's serious crime.
- 44 percent of all Index offenses solved involved persons under 18 years of age; the largest juvenile involvement ever recorded.
- Law enforcement agencies solved 17.3 percent of all Index offenses during 1978.
- During the five year period, 1974 through 1978, rural crime increased 34 percent, suburban crime 16 percent, and urban crime 2 percent.

## ARRESTS

- 335,074 persons were arrested during 1978, an increase of 3 percent over 1977.
- Adults represented 75 percent of all violent crime arrests.
- Juveniles accounted for 54 percent of the nonviolent crime arrests.
- Four of every 10 persons arrested for robbery were under 18 years of age.
- Six of every 10 persons arrested for breaking and entering were under 18 years of age.
- Six of every 10 persons arrested for motor vehicle theft were under 18 years of age.
- Six of every 10 persons arrested for arson were under 18 years of age.
- Persons under 30 years of age represented 92 percent of all drug abuse violations.

## POLICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED

- 4,325 police officers were assaulted in the line of duty during 1978.
- Almost 24 percent of the municipal police officers in New Jersey were assaulted during the year 1978.

# THE NEW JERSEY UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

## DEFINED

The New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting System involves the uniform compilation, classification, and analysis of crime statistics reported by all police agencies of the state pursuant to guides and regulations prescribed by law.

The statute which established the Uniform Crime Reporting System (N.J.S.A. 52:17 B-5.1 et seq) empowers the Attorney General to collect, gather, assemble, and collate information which would be of assistance in the proper administration of criminal justice. The Attorney General and the New Jersey State Police (the agency designated by the Attorney General to establish the Uniform Crime Reporting System), in an attempt to achieve uniformity with the F.B.I. reporting system and to establish a broad base for the collection of data involving anti-social behavior, and other relevant information with respect thereto, have defined the word "crime" to include acts which technically within our state are not considered crimes. In this reporting system the word "crime" includes some "disorderly persons offenses." It also includes in a category entitled "all other offenses" violations of municipal ordinances. References to the relevant tables which set forth the Class I and Class II offenses contained in this report clearly indicate what is covered.

## PURPOSE

Effective law enforcement requires the coordination of the law enforcement activities within and among political subdivisions. Special attention must often be devoted to a selective and concentrated effort both areawide, as well as in terms of a specific pattern and type of criminal behavior. Selective and coordinated enforcement becomes possible only when the type and volume of crime can be analyzed on the basis of accurate information comprehensively developed and systematically collated.

Information revealing the location, frequency, and nature of crime is essential to this purpose. It is for these reasons that New Jersey's Uniform Crime Reporting System was developed.

## DEVELOPMENT

The New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting Law was enacted on May 16, 1966 and became effective January 1, 1967. Responsibility for the establishment, direction, control and supervision of the Uniform Crime Reporting System was assigned to the Attorney General of the State. After passage of the law, the Attorney General, as provided by the statute, designated the New Jersey State Police as the agency to collect, gather, assemble and collate information from the law enforcement jurisdictions within the state.

Prior to the enactment of the law, and at the request of the Attorney General, the New Jersey State Police conducted research and study of crime reporting systems then operational throughout the country. Study results established that adoption of a reporting program paralleling that of the federal system of Uniform Crime Reporting would be the soundest approach toward development of a state system. The obvious advantage found in the adoption of the federal system included the desirability of having compatible state and federal systems thereby allowing absorption of state crime data into the national level.

The Committee on Uniform Crime Reporting of the New Jersey State Chiefs of Police Association has served the program in an advisory capacity since 1966. The contributions made by this committee have proven invaluable and indeed, insured the success of the program. This body continues to work closely with the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit of the New Jersey State Police to improve further the quality of reporting and to recommend additional program standards, policies and procedures.

During the development phase of the program a study of the federal and various state systems of crime reporting revealed the importance of a sound internal police records system, if accurate crime statistics were to be forthcoming. Upon recognition of this factor, the State Police revised completely their method of internal reporting in order to meet the requirements of the Federal System of Uniform Crime Reporting. This step not only hastened program development but also proved invaluable throughout the operational phase.

Education of contributors to the program in the areas of mechanics, methods and concepts must be a constant operational requirement, if continued system adherence and valid statistics are to be expected. This vital need is satisfied by the personal contact between the four State Troopers assigned as Field Representatives to the program, and the contributors to the system.

The difficult and important task of maintaining close liaison is obvious when it is realized that services now are extended by the New Jersey State Police Uniform Crime Reporting Unit, through its Field Representatives, to the 601 law enforcement agencies of the state. Although each contributor to the program is supplied with the "Uniform Crime Reporting Guide" describing system procedures and mechanics, personnel changes within reporting departments and program refinements make the educational phase a continuing one.

As an adjunct to the program, the New Jersey State Police has offered its revised method of internal reporting to those police departments who wish to adopt it. In all cases of report adoption and record up-dating, assistance is rendered by the Field Representative who provides the necessary guidance and instruction. The personal contact between the Field Representative and the contributor not only serves as a rapid means to resolve areas of report error, but also provides the opportunity to discuss other areas of mutual interest, thus providing an additional communication link between municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies.

### **PROGRAM EVALUATION**

The scope of mandatory crime reporting in New Jersey extends far beyond the stated purpose of the initial program. The compilation and publication of an annual report, which identifies and offers analysis of the extent and nature of crime on a state, county and municipal level, may be considered an end in itself. However, practical application of such data must be made before the program can be judged substantive.

Police executives throughout the state are making increased use of this data in administrative, planning and operational determinations for their respective jurisdictions. During 1977, the State Police Uniform Crime Reporting Unit rendered operational assistance to municipal police agencies by providing individual analysis of statistics as they related to specific crime problems and for use in identifying necessary police manpower and equipment needs. Program requirements have also increased police efficiency in the areas of reporting and recordkeeping. Examples of program application, as discussed here, aid police in their day to day operations and contribute toward the constant effort of upgrading the quality of police services in the community.

The State Law Enforcement Planning Agency, which was established in August of 1968 to conform with the provisions of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, has the responsibility of improving law enforcement throughout the state. Since its inception, in all of its determinations as to application of allocated funds, this agency has used analyzed crime data obtained through the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The establishment of crime rates on state, county and municipal levels with identification of specific crime problems allows the agency to construct priorities, formulate plans and implement these plans to the benefit of the state and all units of local government. This administrative application of such crime data illustrates the far-reaching effect the program has on all efforts to combat crime in the state.

Since 1967, many states have studied the New Jersey system for adoption within their respective states. Several of these presently have ongoing programs based on the New Jersey system and many more of the remaining states are in the process of implementing similar programs.

The element of compatibility of crime statistics between state and federal programs is vital, and evaluation must include consideration of the degree of that compatibility. The Uniform Crime Reporting Unit of the State Police has worked closely with the members of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who administer the National Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Invaluable aid and assistance has been given by the FBI which resulted in the New Jersey program being compatible with that of the national program. This compatibility allows absorption of state crime data into the national system without lengthy and costly conversion processes.

On January 1, 1969, the FBI, who has collected National Uniform Crime Reports in the states and counties since 1930, eliminated the direct collection of National Uniform Crime Reports from the police of New Jersey. This procedure change followed a two-year evaluation of the New Jersey program by the FBI and resulted in an agreement wherein uniform crime reports for each municipality of the state are now being submitted to the national program by the State Police. This working relationship, which was coordinated through Chiefs of Police Association, State Police and

the FBI, is a direct result of the interest and cooperation of the law enforcement agencies of the state in Uniform Crime Reporting program.

## **REFINEMENT OF THE SYSTEM**

The collection of meaningful data to supplement that which is normally collected is a vital element of the system. This supplemental information regarding crime and the criminal enters the system by way of special surveys and samplings. Periodic collection of such information enables better identification of specific crime problems and those factors which contribute to them. Analysis of refined information and dissemination to contributors provides additional intelligence upon which more effective police action can be based.

Special statewide surveys taken in previous years have dealt with the important mobility factor of crime and the specific offense of robbery. The results of the mobility study served as an indicator of the effect the criminal mobility can have on the crime experience of the community and the contribution it makes toward police problems in the control of crime. Robbery analysis, based on that special survey, better identified the nature of the crime, its impact on society and the robbery perpetrator.

The collection of refined information relative to crime was continued in 1969 through a one month "Special Auto Theft Survey" conducted in August of that year. The auto theft problem, although not unique to New Jersey, has grown to major proportions and suggests serious consequences for the individual and the community.

A statewide arrest survey on the vital issue of "Drug Abuse and Crime in New Jersey" was conducted during the month of August, 1970. For the first time a meaningful correlation was established between these two major problems. Complete results and analysis are contained in the publication "Drug Abuse and Crime in New Jersey" released June, 1971.

In 1971 crime statistics by urban, suburban, and rural classifications were collated and analyzed for the first time since the beginning of the program in 1967. These statistics were presented in the 1971 publication and will be continued in all future publications.

Criminal mobility had been surveyed during the earlier stages of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, however, the mobility of criminals in the state had not been addressed since the advent of New Jersey's extensive Federal Interstate Highway System. To investigate this concern, a sample survey of thirty-nine municipalities traversed by Interstates 80 and 280, for the period January through June, 1976, was performed. Analyses of the survey results validated the concern that Interstate roadways provide criminals with swift avenues to and from municipalities previously difficult to reach. Survey results appear in the 1976 publication.

During the months of August through December 1977, the New Jersey State Police Uniform Crime Reporting Unit conducted a statewide victim characteristics survey in order to gain a clearer picture of victimizations in the state. Until this survey was performed, victim oriented information was not available on a statewide basis. A brief summary of this survey is contained in the 1977 publication.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program of New Jersey, in operation since 1967, is recognized as an effective vehicle to increase the efficiency of police operations in every municipality of the state. The System was originally designed to fulfill the need for accurate crime statistics for use in police administration, planning and operations. In its current status it does answer these needs to a great degree, but has not yet reached full potential as an operational tool.

In August, 1974, the New Jersey State Police, Uniform Crime Reporting Unit, through the New Jersey Law Enforcement Planning Agency, was awarded a Discretionary Grant from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, U.S. Department of Justice. The funds are for the purpose of assisting in the expansion of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

Based on the current Uniform Crime Reports submitted by the police departments throughout the state, a monthly "feedback" report is disseminated to each contributor to the program. This "Monthly Crime Trend Feedback Report" presents an accurate account of the status of crime in each municipality of the state. The report contains information as to the type and time of criminal operations and crime targets, as well as the volume and trend of crime within each municipality. In addition to comparing the current month with the same month of last year, further analysis is done for a current cumulative monthly total compared to the same period of last year. A trend for two prior years within the same crime categories is also established.

In addition to Monthly Crime Trend Feedback Reports, the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit updates and implements record-keeping systems for Criminal Justice agencies, upon request. To assist in this updating of reporting techniques, the Unit has written, published, and distributed a "Law Enforcement Internal Record Systems Guide" (LEIRS). The Unit also improved its capabilities to provide individual crime analyses for requesting Criminal Justice agencies.

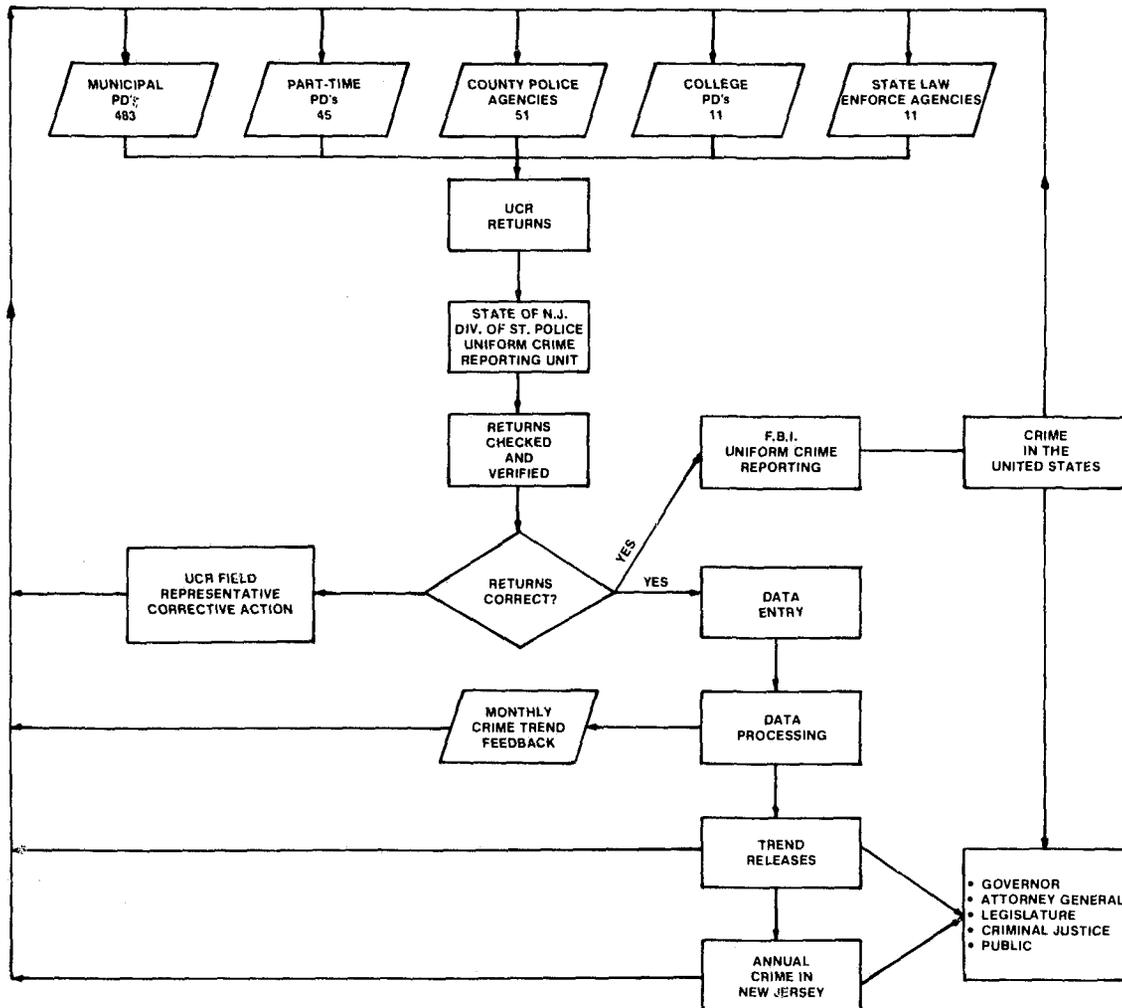
### COLLECTION OF CRIME DATA

As required by statute, all law enforcement agencies in the state submit crime reports to the program. During the year 1978, offense and related supplementary information, as well as arrest and disposition data, were received from 483 full-time municipal police departments, 45 special part-time municipal police departments and the New Jersey State Police who provided the necessary information for the 39 municipalities without local police services.

In addition to the above agencies, arrest and disposition data were received for the state's 21 county prosecutors' and 21 sheriffs' offices, 3 county police departments and 6 county park police departments. In order to incorporate all New Jersey law enforcement under the system, the 10 other state agencies with law enforcement responsibilities were included. Also included are 11 college campus police departments reporting under a pilot program. This amounts to 601 law enforcement agencies reporting.

In the interest of satisfying a national, as well as a state need for uniformity, completeness, and accuracy in crime statistics, every report submitted under the system is prepared in triplicate by the contributor. One copy is retained by the contributor and the remaining copies are submitted to the State Police Uniform Crime Reporting Unit, which in turn forwards a copy to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the National Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

### NEW JERSEY UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DATA FLOW CHART



## **METHOD**

Reported offenses are related to the municipality in which they occur, rather than to the agency which may investigate, arrest or otherwise in some manner, dispose of the case. The clearance, in every case, is attributed to the municipality in which the offense occurred, even though the arresting agency may not be the department originally reporting the offense. Each contributing agency is responsible for compiling its own reports. The Uniform Crime Reporting Guide, which was revised during 1977, has been distributed to all contributors. It outlines reporting procedures in detail and is complete with examples and illustrations. Field Representatives provide additional instruction and clarification when required.

Municipal law enforcement agencies report the number of known offenses according to the following categories: (1) Homicide, (Murder and Manslaughter), (2) Forcible Rape, (3) Robbery, (4) Assault, (5) Breaking and Entering, (6) Larceny-Theft, and (7) Motor Vehicle Theft.

This count is determined from a record of all criminal complaints received by the police from victims or other sources or discovered by the police during their operations. Complaints determined by the police investigation to be unfounded are eliminated from this count. The number of "offenses known" in each crime category is reported without regard to whether anyone is arrested, stolen property is recovered, local prosecutive policy, or any other consideration. Municipal law enforcement agencies also report the total number of these crimes cleared by arrest. A separate category is made for crimes cleared by the arrest of persons under 18 years of age. Certain other analytical data pertaining to specific crime categories are also reported, including for example, total adult and juvenile arrests made during the month. Police killed or assaulted information is also collected by month.

Other monthly report forms contain data such as the number of persons arrested for all criminal offenses with respect to age, sex, and race of the offender. Police employee data is submitted on an annual basis.

In summary, the presentation of this report, "Crime in New Jersey," reflects the compilation of the seven serious "offenses known to police," arrests of persons under 18 years of age and 18 years of age and over. This data is then related to the State of New Jersey, by population groups, character, individual counties, and municipalities.

## **VERIFICATION PROCESSES**

An obvious concern in the collection of crime statistics from 601 law enforcement agencies throughout the state is the uniformity of data received. Program aids such as guides and instructions do not necessarily guarantee the accuracy and correctness of the reports submitted by the contributors; additional controls are therefore necessary.

Each report received by the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit is recorded and examined for mathematical accuracy and, possibly more important, for reasonableness as to interpretation of offense classifications. Fluctuations from levels established by previous reports submitted by the contributor become suspect of inquiry as to reasons for variations. Improper classification, changes in reporting procedures or actual change are identified in this manner. Errors of a minor nature are corrected by direct telephone contact with the contributors, while all other errors are resolved by a personal visit by a Field Representative to the reporting agency. These personal contacts are invaluable to the accuracy of the system. Field Representatives are engaged in a constant educational effort and, as such, provide a vital link between the program and the reporter.

## **CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES**

Uniformity in reporting under the New Jersey system is based upon the proper classification of offenses by police. The adoption of the federal system of reporting included the utilization of the offense classifications of that system. Law enforcement in this state has made accurate application of those classifications in the reports submitted to the program.

In view of the need for compatibility with the federal system, "offenses" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "high misdemeanors," violations of the Disorderly Persons Act or Municipal Ordinances. The explanation of offense classifications may vary slightly with those employed at the federal level because the language used is familiar to law enforcement in this state. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same as those employed nationally.

# CRIME FACTORS

Statistics gathered under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program are submitted by the law enforcement agencies of New Jersey and project a statewide view of crime. Awareness of the presence of certain crime factors, which may influence the resulting volume and type of statistics presented, is necessary if fair and equitable conclusions are to be drawn. These crime influencing factors are present, to some degree, in every community and their presence affects, in varying degrees, the crime experience of that community. Attempts at comparison of crime figures between communities should not be made without first considering the individual factors present in each community.

Crime, as an outgrowth of society, remains a social problem of grave concern and the police are limited in their role to its suppression and detection. As stated by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice in their report *The Challenge of Crime in a Free Society*—(1967, Page 92)—“But the fact that the police deal daily with crime does not mean that they have unlimited power to prevent it, or reduce it, or deter it. The police did not create and cannot resolve the social conditions that stimulate crime. They did not start and cannot stop the convulsive social changes that are taking place in America. They do not enact the laws that they are required to enforce, nor do they dispose of the criminals they arrest. The police are only one part of the criminal justice system; the criminal justice system is only one part of the government; and the government is only one part of society. Insofar as crime is a social phenomenon, crime prevention is the responsibility of every part of society. The criminal process is limited to case by case operations, one criminal or one crime at a time.” Set forth below are some of the conditions which will, by type and volume, affect the crime that occurs from place to place:

- Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.
- Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race.
- Economic status and mores of the population.
- Relative stability of population, including commuter, seasonal, and other transient types.
- Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.
- Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.
- Effective strength of the police force.
- Standards governing appointments to the police force.
- Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.
- Attitudes of the public toward law enforcement problems.
- The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.

Crime rates in this publication are based on the stable population of the municipality. Seasonal population figures are too inaccurate and fluctuating to be used as a measurement for determining crime rates. Municipalities with high seasonal populations may indicate a higher crime rate per one hundred thousand than may be normal for a municipality their size.

# THE POLICE POINT OF VIEW 1978

As in the past, the New Jersey State Police Uniform Crime Reporting Unit has been surveying police agencies of the state, attempting to ascertain their viewpoint concerning contributing crime factors. Increased abuse of drugs and alcohol, insufficient manpower, lenient courts, and seasonal population changes, are some of the general type responses received from many of the police agencies.

Many of the specific type responses concerning the increase or decrease of a particular crime, have been documented in earlier publications of "Crime in New Jersey," but these viewpoints are still valid and appear again below:

## **ROBBERY:**

### **Increases**

- Availability of new interstate roadways that provide a swift avenue to-and-from communities previously difficult to reach. This factor has also shown a relationship with breaking and enterings in suburban and rural areas.

### **Decreases**

- The addition of highly visible scooter and foot patrols in high density crime areas; selective enforcement; stake out squads are assigned to target areas using analytical information derived by studying past robbery occurrences.

## **BREAKING AND ENTERING:**

### **Increases**

- Husband and wife both working; leaving homes more frequently unoccupied during the daylight hours.
- High truancy rates at Junior High Schools and High Schools has also been noted as a contributor to daytime breaking and entering increases.
- Unoccupied vacation homes being entered during the off-season. Many police administrators cite insufficient manpower to properly patrol these areas as a contributing factor.
- Little or no security measures initiated by the average citizen to protect his own property.
- Juvenile recidivists receiving no detention after they are arrested numerous times for being involved in breaking and enterings.

### **Decreases**

- Crime prevention programs are being stressed in many communities as a means of decreasing crime. Programs as "Neighborhood Watch" and "Operation I.D." have proven to be successful as a deterrent to breaking and enterings, as well as other crimes.
- Increased patrols during probable times and location of residential and commercial breaking and enterings.

## **LARCENY:**

### **Increases**

- Larceny of auto parts and property contained inside motor vehicles is the most common type of larceny being reported to police in New Jersey. This is attributed to:
  - Shortage of police manpower to adequately patrol parking lot areas.
  - A lack of security provided by the various shopping malls in their own parking areas.
  - Availability and visibility of the articles left in the vehicles.
- Shoplifting is a larceny that police have little or no control over. Store security forces are under the control of the store administration, and their arrest policies do vary from strict enforcement, arrest and prosecution, to only a warning. Policy change has been directed towards prosecuting the offenders rather than warning them, causing to some extent, an increase in the number of shoplifting offenses reported to police.

### Decreases

- Surveillance of shopping mall parking areas, utilizing motor scooters, bicycles and plain clothes foot patrols.
- Use of additional or improved lighting to prevent criminal acts from occurring in parking areas.
- Public awareness programs contribute to the decrease in larceny from parked vehicles. These types of programs also help reduce bicycle thefts.
- Larceny of bicycles have decreased as a result of Safety and Security Programs implemented by police in the various schools. This includes the registration and marking of bicycles with special numbers.

### MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT:

#### Decreases

- Motor vehicle thefts have been decreasing since 1972. Some of the programs that have contributed to these decreases include warning notices issued to persons leaving their vehicles unlocked, and/or taking keys that were left in vehicles and notifying the driver to recover them at Police Headquarters.
- Police also attributed some of the decreases to the rapid identification of reported stolen vehicles through the New Jersey Statewide Communication Information System; acting as a deterrent.

## PROFILE OF NEW JERSEY

New Jersey is situated between the major industrial markets of New York and Philadelphia and can be classified as the "Crossroads of the East." The geographic location of the state has been a major factor in its growth and development. The many miles of super-expressway facilities within the state connect New Jersey directly with the neighboring states of New York, Pennsylvania, and Delaware. Additionally, New Jersey as a corridor state, accommodates large volumes of traffic from both the eastern and western part of the United States.

The state is politically comprised of 21 counties which contain 567 incorporated municipalities. Nationally, New Jersey, although 46th in size, ranks ninth in population and first as the most densely populated state in the country. In addition to this density of 978.6 persons per square mile, New Jersey still has many miles of rural areas and sparsely settled communities. The areas of density show a heavy concentration around the major urban centers and those areas most accessible for commuting.

---

1977 Area In Sq. Miles	1970 Census Population	1977 Provisional Population	1977/1970 Percent Change	1970 Density Per Sq. Mile	1977 Provisional Density Per Sq. Mile
7,509.5	7,168,164	7,348,850	+ 2.5	954.5	978.6

---

# CRIME PREVENTION— A COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH

Since 1967, Index crimes in New Jersey have increased 98 percent. The violent crimes of Murder, Rape, Robbery, and Atrocious Assault have increased over 37 percent, while the nonviolent crimes of Breaking and Entering, Larceny, and Motor Vehicle Theft have risen by over 94 percent. Since 1972, Index Offenses in urban areas increased by over 17 percent; while suburban municipalities realized an increase of over 71 percent and rural areas an increase of more than 100 percent.

During the periods these dramatic percentage increases have taken place, the number of police officers, arrests, and people in prison or in other correctional programs have also increased. It may be fair to assume that comprehensive crime prevention programs are needed to more effectively control or reduce crime.

Criminal justice officials are realizing the viability of establishing crime prevention units. Their goals are the reduction of suppressible crimes, through citizen participation, and the implementation of specific programs. This is the reason for the current increase of crime prevention units in New Jersey police agencies.

Dr. Peter Lejins of the University of Maryland has divided crime prevention into three categories—Punitive, Corrective, and Mechanical.

“(1) *Punitive*—the threat of punishment deters a person from committing an offense for which he might be punished. There has been a great deal said about the punitive approach, which appears to have been the one approach used for centuries. While there are those who argue that the punitive approach has no value, Dr. Lejins has emphasized that the threat of punishment and the fact that the punishment will be carried out (not the severity of the punishment), is still a major deterrent to crime.

(2) *Corrective*—major emphasis on working with the individual or social conditions in order to assure that the individual will not commit another offense or that the community environment will be such that criminal behavior is discouraged. In the corrective area we see two things: First, the emphasis on working with an individual once he has committed a crime, been convicted, sentenced, and assigned to a correctional institution or placed on probation. This approach has achieved varied success, but in any event, it takes place only after the criminal act has occurred. The other part of the corrective category deals with altering social conditions; tearing down slums, building new public housing, adding street lights—anything that can change the environment or the conditions under which crime is thought to flourish.

(3) *Mechanical*—placing obstacles in the path of the would-be offender to make committing the crime more difficult. The mechanical category of crime prevention is the most recent category to receive major emphasis on a national basis. To many people, the mechanical process of increasing security through locks, burglar alarms, and other devices is thought to be too simple; a method that does not take into consideration the so-called causes of crime. When related to opportunity reduction, mechanical crime prevention goes beyond mere devices relating directly to security. The altering of community environments through architectural planning, remodeling of old structures, increasing citizen surveillance levels, and other programs that will make criminal activity a high risk action on the part of the individual can be placed in the mechanical category. Viewed according to Lejins' strict definition, the Institute's (National Crime Prevention Institute at the University of Louisville, Kentucky) program of training is based on both mechanical prevention and the second portion of the corrective category. 'Target hardening' may be more appropriately termed that part of mechanical prevention that deals with the hardware of security.”<sup>1</sup>

---

<sup>1</sup>Rykert, Wilbur, "Establishing a Crime Prevention Bureau", unpublished paper used at the National Crime Prevention Institute, pg. 8 and 9. Material was quoted from *Delinquency Prevention: Theory and Practice*, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1967, pg. 35.

Law enforcement agencies are aware that crime cannot be eliminated, but they also reasonably assume that crime can be reduced and controlled. Most law enforcement agencies have directed their crime control efforts towards utilizing investigative techniques and apprehending the criminal. They are reactive in their response to the crime problem, namely, investigation and apprehension after the offense occurred.

As crime spirals upward, a different approach should be taken. More effort should be placed in the area of prevention; being proactive to the crime problem appears to be a solution. The combination of reactive and proactive strategies can effectively be used to control or reduce crime.

Ideally, what is needed are prevention programs that interlock the resources of the community with the resources of the criminal justice system (particularly the police) systematically, logically, and realistically. There are a number of these programs already in use, such as "Block Clubs", "Neighborhood Watch", "Community Walks", "Whistle Stop", "Operation Identification", "Anti-Crime Crusades", "Police Community Councils and Citizens Patrols" to name a few.

The caveat here is that no program should be implemented without thoroughly analyzing specific crime problems and tailoring preventive measures to suit the needs of each community. Some valuable information can be gained in this area by utilizing the data which has been submitted to the Uniform Crime Reporting System.

### **CRIME ANALYSIS**

As an example, Table #1 shows a comparison of Index Crimes in the urban, suburban, and rural municipalities for the period 1978 over 1972. Breaking and entering and larceny offenses accounted for over 68 percent of all Index Offenses in urban areas in 1972 and increased to 75 percent in 1978. A higher percent distribution of breaking and entering and larceny is noted in suburban municipalities, 88 percent in 1972 and 89 percent in 1978. Similarly, the same crimes in rural municipalities accounted for 87 percent of the total Index in 1972 and 90 percent in 1979.

Chart #1 shows a seven year comparison (1978/1972) of the historically high volume crimes of breaking and entering and larceny in urban, suburban, and rural municipalities of the state.

Chart #2 shows stolen and recovered property by type and value for 1978. Worth noting is that only 12 percent was recovered in the miscellaneous property category.

Additional analysis of the crimes of breaking and entering and larceny is needed prior to the implementation of specific prevention programs. The Police Crime Analysis Handbook<sup>2</sup>, could be referred to as an aid for specific data collection and analysis information.

As seen in Table #1 and Charts #1 and 2, three problems have already been identified:

1. Increases in breaking and entering 1978/1972
  - a. + 8.5% in urban municipalities
  - b. + 39.3% in suburban municipalities
  - c. + 63.2% in rural municipalities
2. Increases in larcenies 1978/1972
  - a. + 45.8% in urban municipalities
  - b. + 76.5% in suburban municipalities
  - c. + 146.6% in rural municipalities
3. An 11.9% recovery of miscellaneous property.

### **NEIGHBORHOOD WATCH**

Neighborhood Watch, as a possible solution to these problems has been used successfully in many jurisdictions throughout the state and the nation. It is a program that encourages the public to cooperate with the police and their neighbors to fight crime. The people are made aware of their responsibilities in the protection of their personal property.

The Neighborhood Watch program generally attempts to establish block associations that meet on a regular basis with the police officer who is assigned to that area. Proper security procedures, security hardware, marking of property, and other pertinent topics are discussed, and security surveys are performed for those participating in the program.

---

<sup>2</sup>U.S. Department of Justice, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, National Institute of Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice, Police Crime Analysis Handbook, (Washington: USGPO, 1973).

## SECURITY SURVEY

The security survey is the primary tool used in crime prevention programs and is an integral part of Neighborhood Watch. It is used to recognize, appraise and anticipate loss potentials of a dwelling. The survey consists of: identifying general and specific points of vulnerability, with specific security procedures recommended - "Target Hardening". These recommendations may include the installation of deadbolt locking devices, electronic intrusion detection systems or improvements in the architectural design of their building to improve security. Implementation of the recommendations are urged, and checks are made to insure that the "Target" has been "Hardened" according to recommendations.

Endorsement of the survey technique is documented by the *National Advisory Commission on Criminal Justice Standards and Goals, Report on Police*, (p. 66), which stated that:

"every police agency should conduct, upon request, security inspections of . . . residences and recommend measures to avoid being victimized by crime".

## OPERATION IDENTIFICATION

Another possible solution is a program called "Operation Identification". It is a widely used approach, urging citizen involvement in reducing residential breaking and entering. Briefly, it encourages participants to engrave their valuables with an identifying number, allowing the police to quickly identify a victim's property should it be found after it has been lost or stolen (property identification has long been a problem for police). Persons who have engraved their belongings display decal window stickers to warn potential offenders that items are risky to possess, and more difficult to fence. This program serves numerous functions in that it is a preventive measure, a tool which can be used to apprehend suspects possessing marked property that does not belong to them, and a means for citizens to recover their property should it be lost or stolen.

On September 19, 1977, the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) expanded its Stolen Article File by adding the Owner-Applied Number (OAN) field which accepts up to twenty (20) characters. This new field was added specifically as an aid to "Operation Identification".

There are several numbering systems which are used throughout the state, and will be accepted by NCIC in the new OAN field. One that has been recommended by the New Jersey Crime Prevention Officers Association is the use of the New Jersey drivers license number. A three digit number is added to the drivers license number to allow for the unique numbering of many items in one household or business establishment.

The following are examples of how this system may be used:

	State Prefix	N.J. Drivers License #	Owner Applied Number (OAN)
TV Set	N J A	1 1 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4	0 0 1
Stereo Set	N J A	1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4	0 0 2
Stereo Speaker	N J A	1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4	0 0 3
Electric Typewriter	N J A	1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4	0 0 4

Many communities have initiated "Operation ID" programs, and have been able to document lower victimization rates among people who have participated in the program.

## REDUCE CRIMINAL OPPORTUNITY

It has long been recognized that crime results from the coexistence of the desire to commit the offense, and the belief that the opportunity to do so exists. While the police and other social forces may ultimately reduce the desire to commit crime, a more vulnerable area to attack is the reduction of criminal opportunity. Criminal opportunity has been called crime hazards or crime risks, such as dark streets, unprotected buildings, inadequate locks, poorly planned public and private housing developments, where crime risks are heightened because of a lack of security planning.

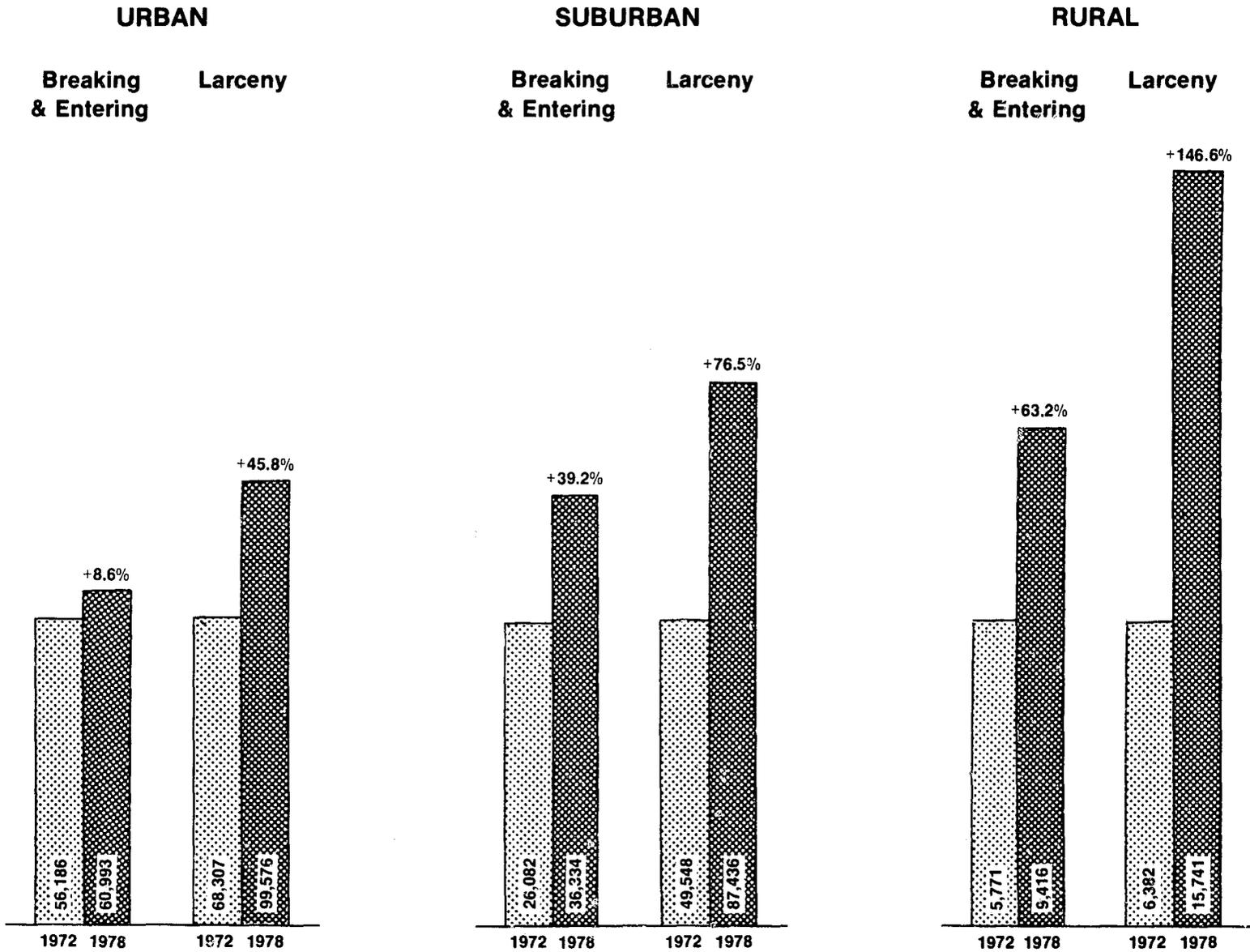
The *punitive* and *corrective* crime prevention concepts are excellent, but, as we have experienced in the past, are expensive and long range. What is the cost factor when we compare preventive patrolling in an area that has a high incidence of burglary, against conducting security surveys in the same area? What cost is involved when the public is advised to mark their valuables for easy identification, or cancel deliveries and leave lights on inside homes or make sure all doors and windows are locked when they are away from home for any length of time? *Mechanical crime prevention*, or "Target Hardening", with citizen participation, is more immediate, and, because of its simplicity, more cost effective.

**CRIME INDEX TRENDS**  
**URBAN — SUBURBAN — RURAL**  
**SIX YEAR COMPARISON — 1972-1978**

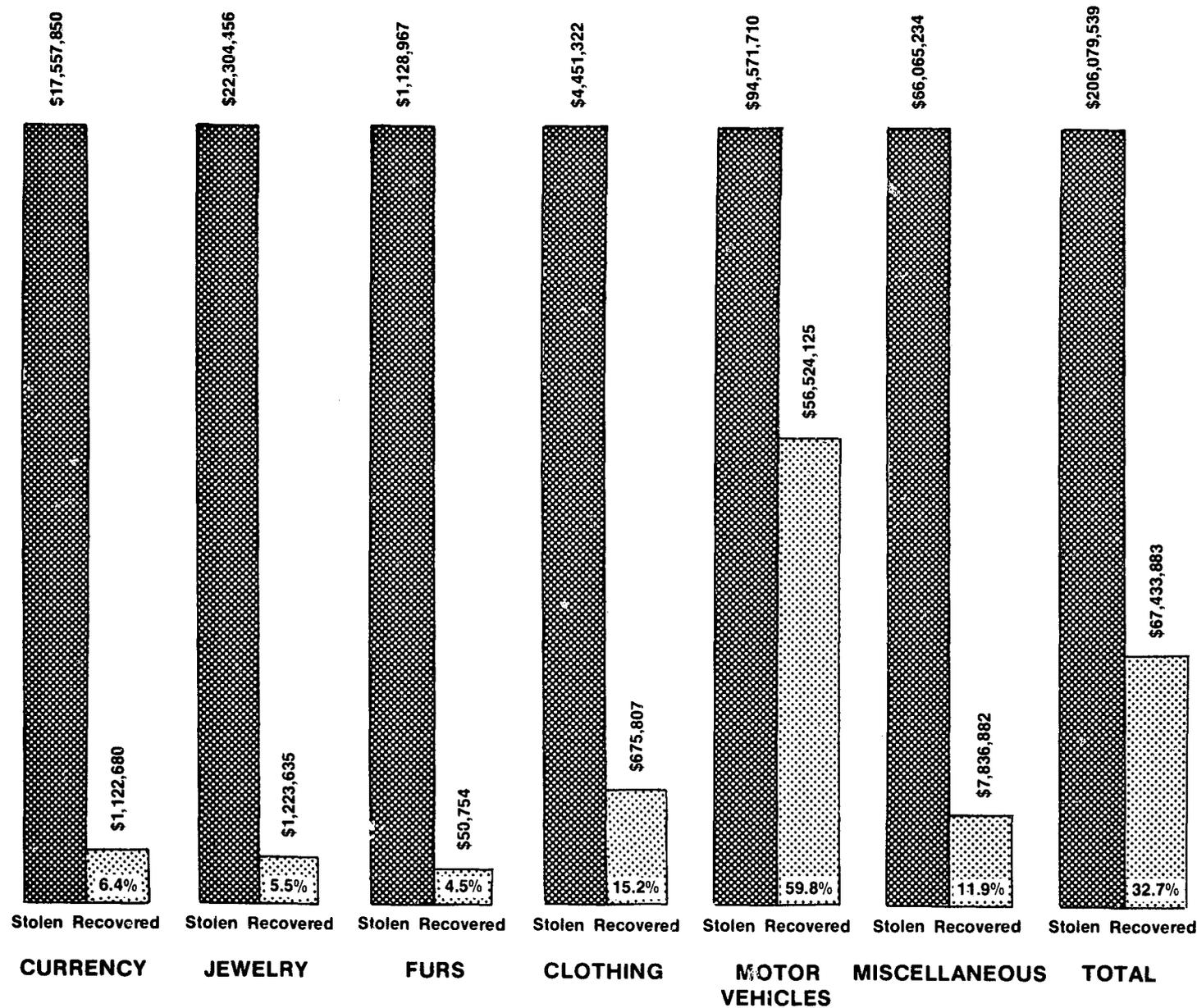
OFFENSES	URBAN			SUBURBAN			RURAL		
	1972	1978	Percent Change	1972	1978	Percent Change	1972	1978	Percent Change
Murder	400	312	- 22.0	56	56	—	27	32	+ 18.5
Forcible Rape	866	1,152	+ 33.0	283	434	+ 53.4	96	141	+ 45.0
Robbery	13,779	12,008	- 12.9	1,417	1,767	+ 2.9	241	321	+ 33.2
Atrocious Assault	8,279	10,618	+ 28.3	1,612	3,322	+106.1	470	844	+ 79.6
Breaking and Entering	56,186	60,993	+ 8.6	26,082	36,334	+ 39.2	5,771	9,416	+ 63.2
Larceny-Theft	68,307	99,576	+ 45.8	49,548	87,436	+ 76.5	6,382	15,741	+146.6
Motor Vehicle Theft	34,964	29,514	- 15.6	7,286	10,017	+ 37.5	979	1,506	+ 53.8
Crime Index	182,781	214,173	+ 17.2	86,284	139,366	+ 61.5	13,966	28,001	+100.5
Violent Crime	23,324	24,090	+ 3.3	3,368	5,579	+ 65.5	834	1,338	+ 60.4
Nonviolent Crime	159,457	190,083	+ 19.2	82,916	133,787	+ 61.4	13,132	26,663	+103.0

NJSP Table 1

**BREAKING AND ENTERING, AND LARCENY TRENDS  
URBAN, SUBURBAN, AND RURAL AREAS 1972 — 1978**



**PERCENTAGE OF STOLEN PROPERTY RECOVERED**  
**1978**



NJSP Chart 2

# CRIME INDEX PROJECTIONS

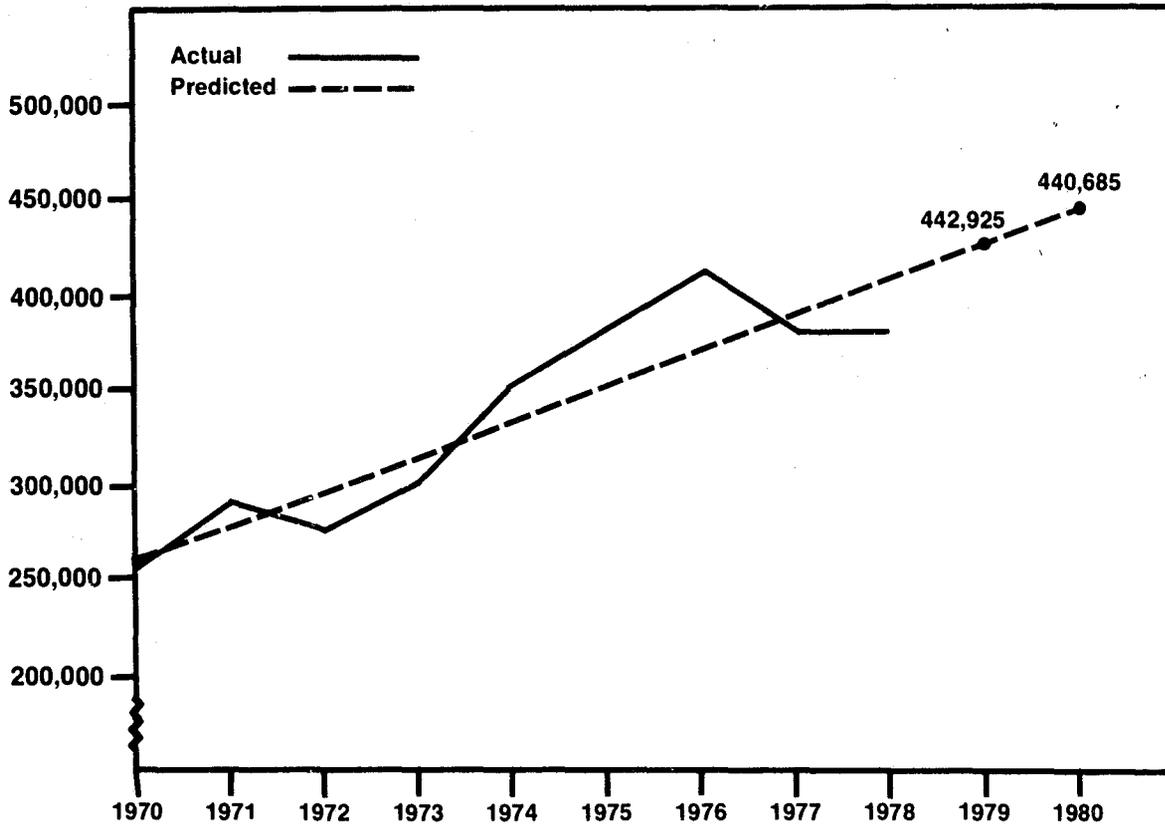
The Crime Index projections which are shown in this section, are estimates computed by a Least-Squares Linear Regression Method. These predictions are not point estimates, but trend estimates, and actual 1979 and 1980 Crime Index Volumes may vary as much as  $\pm 5$  percent from the estimates shown. Volumes occurring outside the projected range represent a significant change, and further research is recommended to pinpoint possible influencing crime factors responsible for the directional change.

The following table summarizes the projections made for the Crime Index and each Index Offense for the years 1979 and 1980.

<b>Offenses</b>	<b>Predicted Volume for 1979</b>	<b>Predicted Volume for 1980</b>
Murder	439	438
Forcible Rape	1,773	1,858
Robbery	14,927	14,953
Atrocious Assault	15,584	16,414
Breaking and Entering	118,194	122,241
Larceny-Theft	233,653	246,791
<u>Motor Vehicle Theft</u>	<u>38,355</u>	<u>37,990</u>
Total Crime Index	422,925	440,685

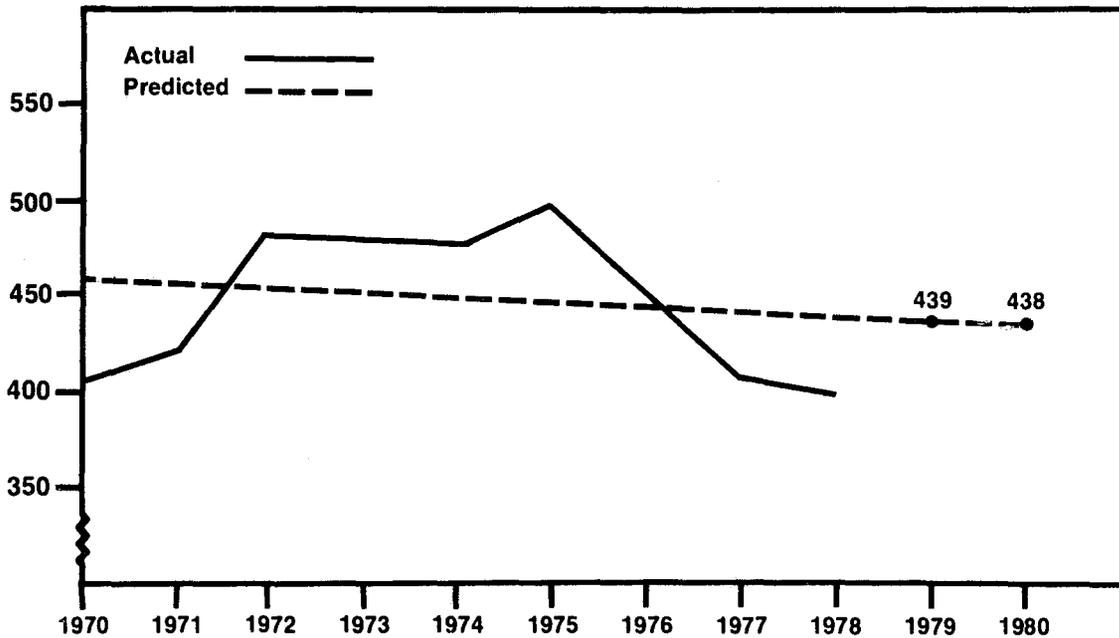
Analysis of the above table reveals that the predicted New Jersey Crime Index during calendar year 1979 will be approximately 11 percent higher than 1978.

### CRIME INDEX



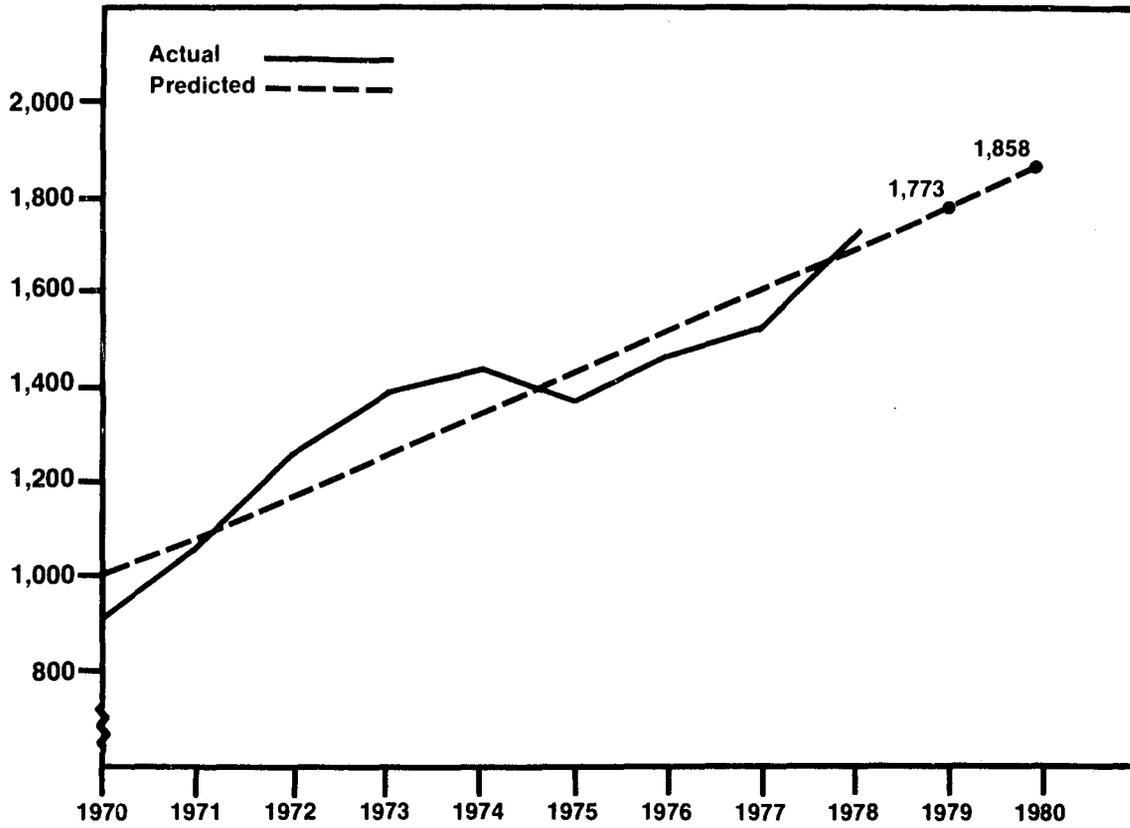
NJSP Chart 3

### MURDER



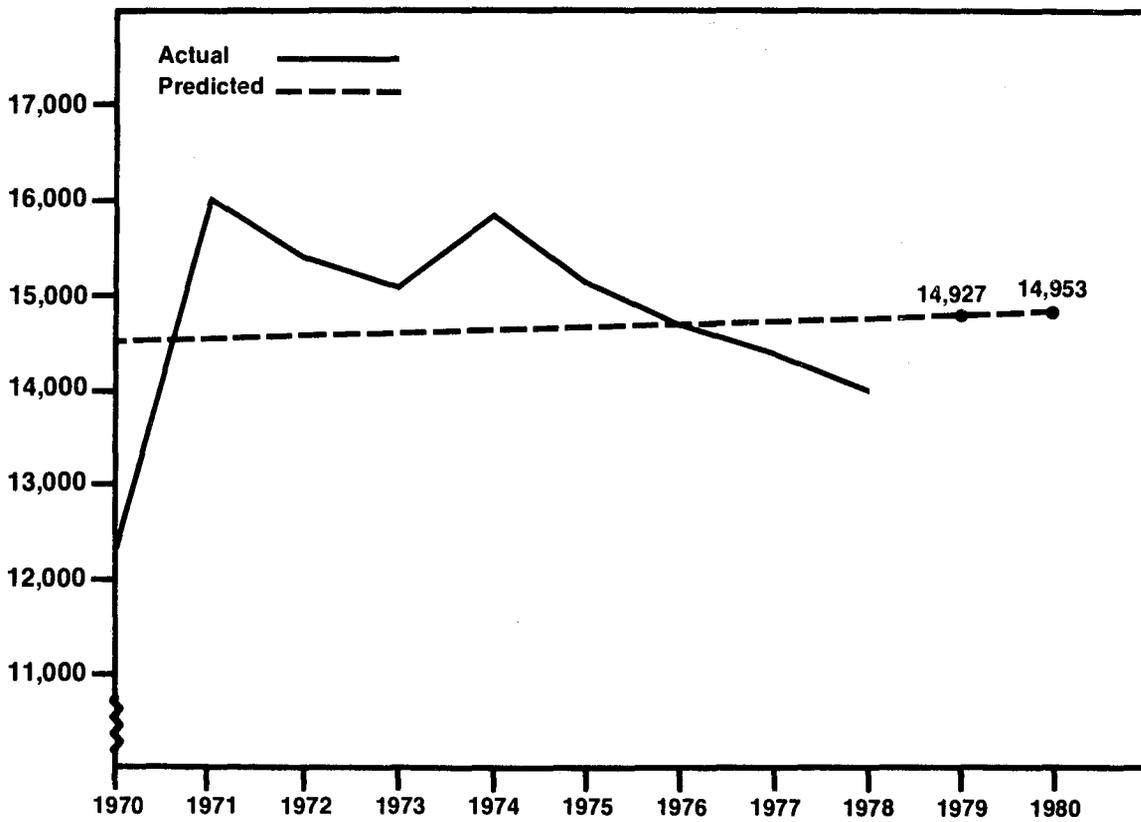
NJSP Chart 4

### FORCIBLE RAPE



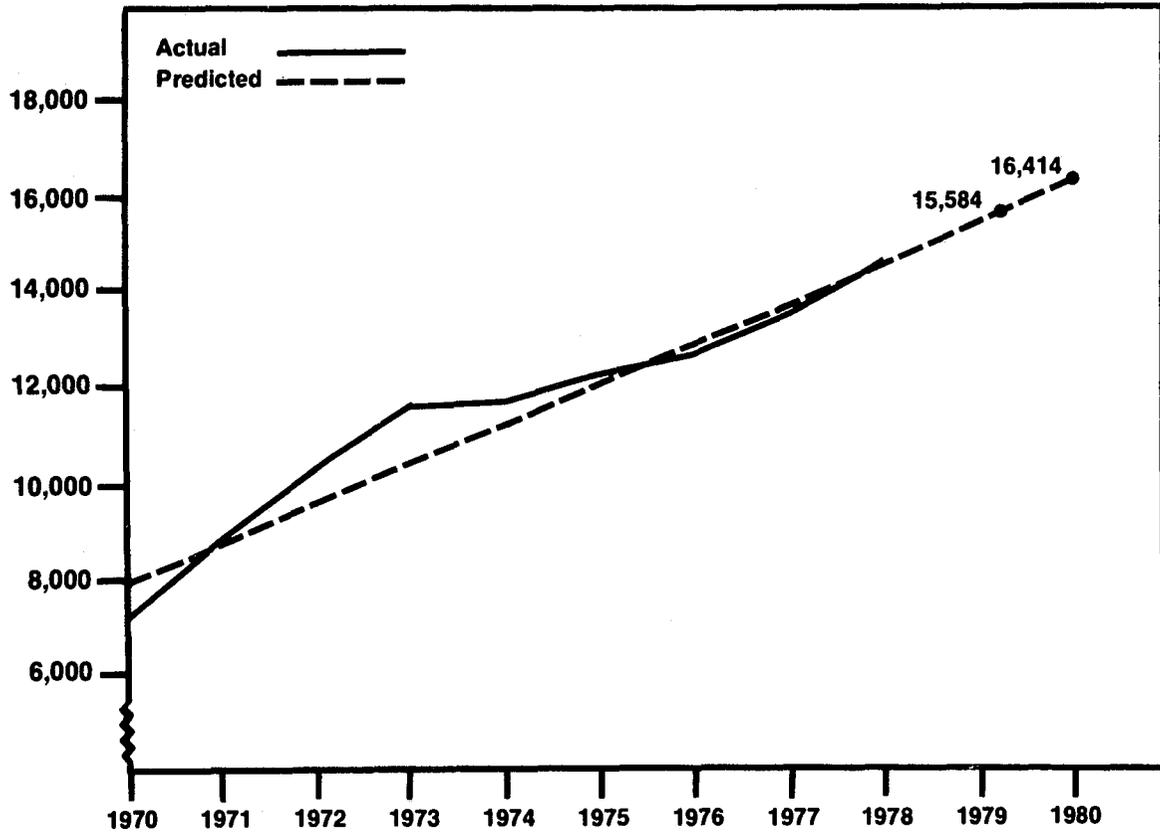
NJSP Chart 5

### ROBBERY



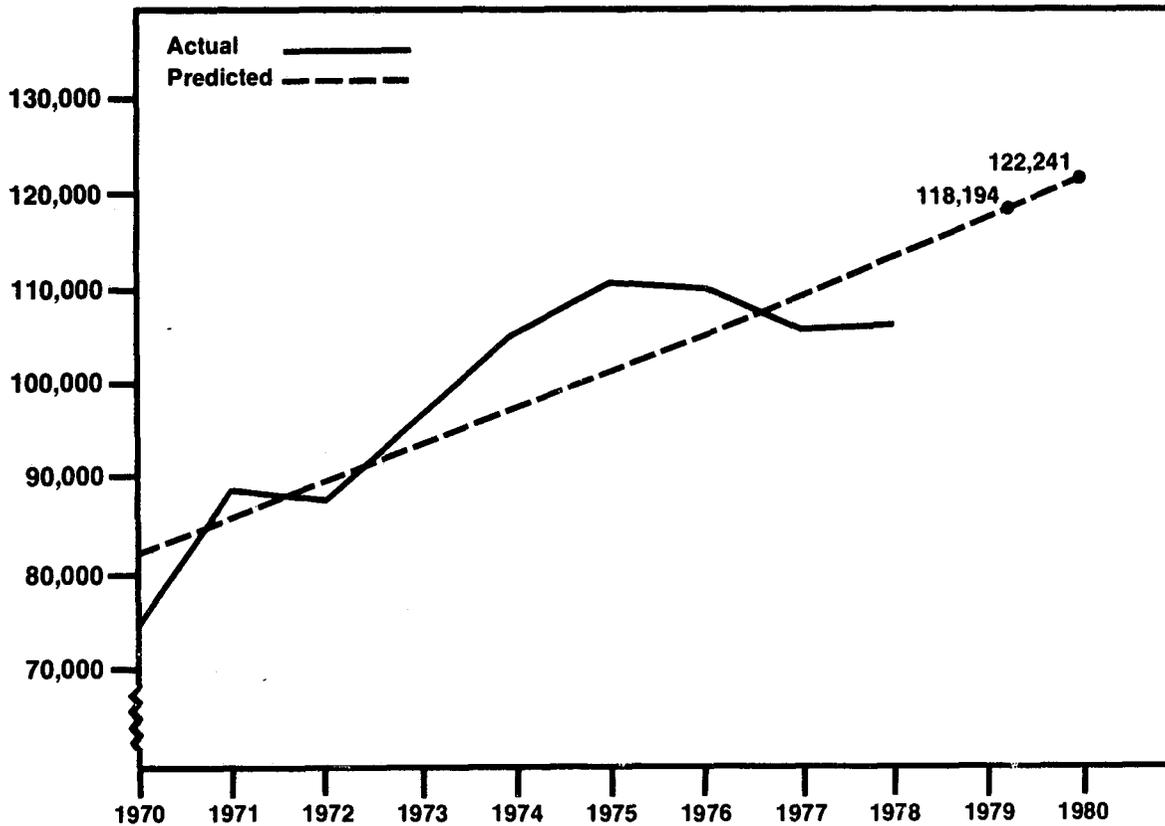
NJSP Chart 6

### ATROCIOUS ASSAULT



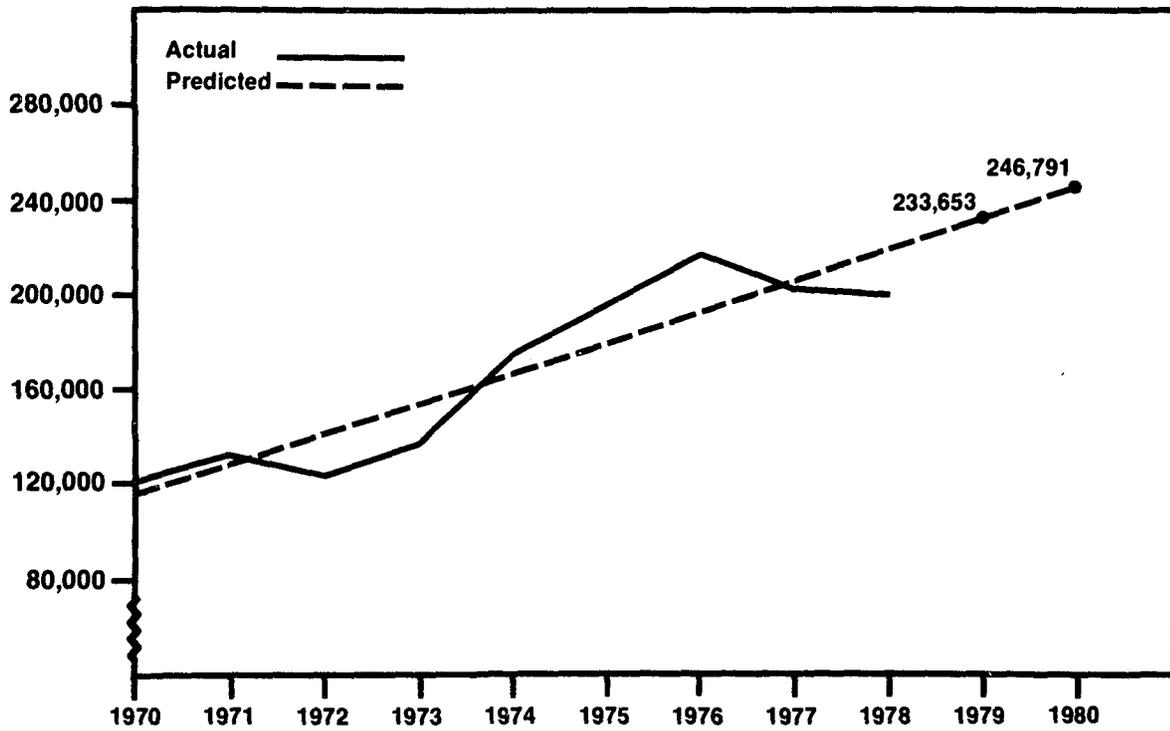
NJSP Chart 7

### BREAKING AND ENTERING



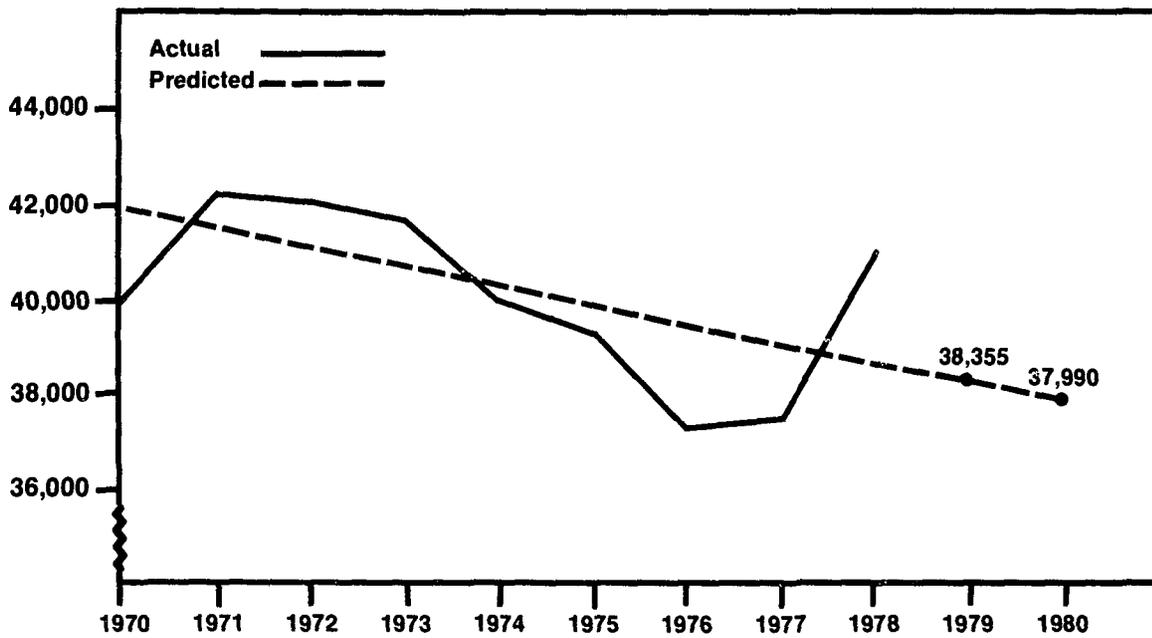
NJSP Chart 8

### LARCENY-THEFT



NJSP Chart 9

### MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT



NJSP Chart 10

# CRIME IN NEW JERSEY and CRIME IN THE UNITED STATES\* 1978/1977

## CRIME INDEX

- New Jersey increased 1.8 percent, while the United States increased one percent, and the Northeastern states region decreased 3 percent.

## VIOLENT CRIME

- New Jersey increased 7.9 percent, the United States 5 percent, and the Northeastern states increased 3 percent.

## NONVIOLENT CRIME

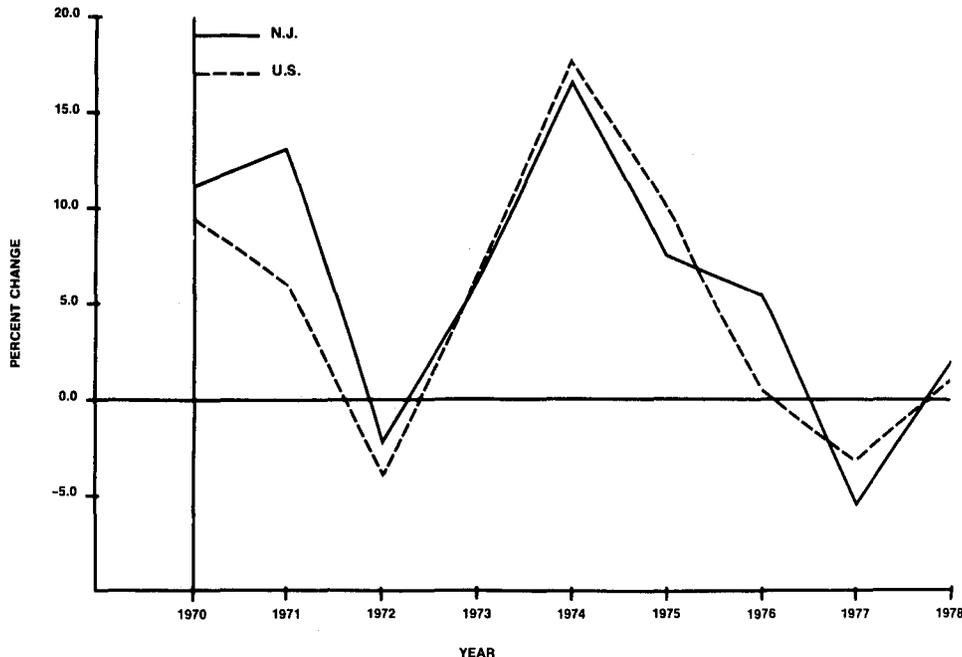
- New Jersey increased 1.3 percent, the United States one percent, and the Northeastern states declined 3 percent.

\*United States, and Northeastern states' statistics are preliminary.

## INDIVIDUAL INDEX OFFENSES Percent Change

	New Jersey	United States	Northeastern States
Murder	- 1.7	-	- 2
Forcible Rape	+12.5	+ 6	+ 1
Robbery	+ 6.6	+ 3	+ 2
Atrocious Assault	+ 8.9	+ 7	+ 5
Breaking and Entering	+ 1.4	+ 1	- 3
Larceny-Theft	- 0.3	-	- 3
Motor Vehicle Theft	+ 9.5	+ 1	- 4

## YEARLY CRIME INDEX PERCENT CHANGES—NEW JERSEY AND UNITED STATES



NJSP Chart 11

# STATEWIDE CRIME AND ARREST DATA

## 1978 Total Crime Index Summary Analysis

### VOLUME/RATE

- There were 381,540 Index offenses reported to law enforcement agencies of New Jersey during 1978, a 2 percent increase when compared to 1977.
- The Crime Rate for the State of New Jersey was established at 5,191.8 victims per a major crime, for every 100,000 permanent inhabitants - or more simply:

5,191.8 Crimes per 100,000 Inhabitants  
 519.2 Crimes per 10,000 Inhabitants  
 51.9 Crimes per 1,000 Inhabitants  
 5.2 Crimes per 100 Inhabitants

### CRIME TRENDS — NUMBER—RATE 1977—1978

INDEX OFFENSES	YEAR	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT CHANGE	RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS	PERCENT CHANGE
MURDER	1977	407		5.5	
	1978	400	- 1.7	5.4	- 1.8
FORCIBLE RAPE	1977	1,535		20.9	
	1978	1,727	+ 12.5	23.5	+ 12.4
ROBBERY	1977	13,220		180.1	
	1978	14,096	+ 6.6	191.8	+ 6.5
ATROCIOUS ASSAULT	1977	13,575		185.0	
	1978	14,784	+ 8.9	201.2	+ 8.8
BREAKING AND ENTERING	1977	105,281		1,434.6	
	1978	106,743	+ 1.4	1,452.5	+ 1.2
LARCENY-THEFT	1977	203,350		2,770.9	
	1978	202,753	- 0.3	2,759.0	- 0.4
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	1977	37,492		510.9	
	1978	41,037	+ 9.5	558.4	9.3
TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY	1977	374,860		5,108.0	
	1978	381,540	+ 1.8	5,191.8	+ 1.6

NJSP Table 2

- August, with 38,570 offenses reported, recorded the highest incidence of Crime Index offenses.
- Total value of property stolen increased 18 percent to \$206.1 million, from the \$174.2 million reported in 1977.
- Value of property recovered was \$67.4 million resulting in a recovery rate of almost 33 percent.
- Stolen motor vehicles accounted for 46 percent of stolen property value, and 84 percent of the recovered property value.

**TYPE AND VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED  
1977-1978**

TYPE OF PROPERTY	YEAR	VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	VALUE OF PROPERTY RECOVERED	PERCENT OF VALUE RECOVERED
Currency, Notes, etc.	1977	\$15,419,661	\$ 1,132,109	7.3
	1978	17,557,850	1,122,680	6.4
Jewelry and Precious Metals	1977	18,424,168	1,144,798	6.2
	1978	22,304,456	1,223,635	5.5
Furs	1977	1,222,173	52,093	4.3
	1978	1,128,967	50,754	4.5
Clothing	1977	3,594,717	614,386	17.1
	1978	4,451,322	675,807	15.2
Motor Vehicles	1977	75,608,671	46,490,948	61.5
	1978	94,571,710	56,524,125	59.8
Miscellaneous	1977	59,974,062	7,091,752	11.8
	1978	66,065,234	7,836,882	11.9
<b>TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY</b>	1977	\$174,243,452	\$ 56,526,086	32.4
	1978	206,079,539	67,433,883	32.7

NJSP Table 3

**ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- A total of 72,170 persons were arrested for serious Crime Index offenses, representing a 3 percent increase over 1977.
- Crime Index arrests accounted for 22 percent of the total arrests during 1978.
- Adult Index arrests increased 3 percent and registered a 51 percent involvement. Juvenile Index arrests rose more than 2 percent, and accounted for 49 percent of the Index arrests.
- Males accounted for 80 percent, and females 20 percent of persons arrested for Index offenses.
- 59 percent of all persons arrested for Crime Index offenses were White, 40 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.
- 17.3 percent of all Index offenses were cleared during 1978, a slight increase from the 17.2 percent reported in 1977. Persons under 18 years of age represented 39 percent of those cases solved.

### CRIME INDEX FOR THE STATE, 1978

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF INDEX OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	PERCENT CLEARED
<b>MURDER</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>78.0</b>
<b>FORCIBLE RAPE</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>56.0</b>
Rape by Force	1,220			
Assault to Rape—Attempts	507			
<b>ROBBERY</b>	<b>14,096</b>	<b>191.8</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>23.6</b>
Gun	3,913			
Knife or Cutting Instrument	2,386			
Other Dangerous Weapon	1,080			
Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, etc.)	6,717			
<b>ATROCIOUS ASSAULT</b>	<b>14,784</b>	<b>201.2</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>64.2</b>
Gun	2,037			
Knife or Cutting Instrument	4,372			
Other Dangerous Weapon	4,586			
Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.	3,789			
<b>BREAKING AND ENTERING</b>	<b>106,743</b>	<b>1,452.5</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>13.8</b>
Forcible Entry	82,304			
Unlawful Entry—No Force	12,840			
Attempted—Forcible Entry	11,599			
<b>LARCENY-THEFT</b>	<b>202,753</b>	<b>2,759.0</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>16.8</b>
\$200 and Over	46,154			
\$50 to \$200	77,785			
Under \$50	78,814			
<b>MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT</b>	<b>41,037</b>	<b>558.4</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>
Autos	36,036			
Trucks and Buses	2,222			
Other Vehicles	2,779			
<b>TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY</b>	<b>381,540</b>	<b>5,191.8</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>17.3</b>

NJSP Table 4



**1 Murder**



**5 Rapes**

**39 Robberies**



**41 Atrocious Assaults**



**112 Vehicle Thefts**



**292 Breaking & Enterings**



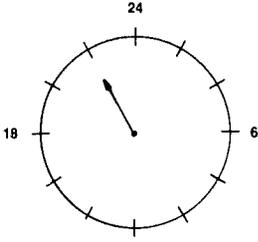
**556 Larcenies**



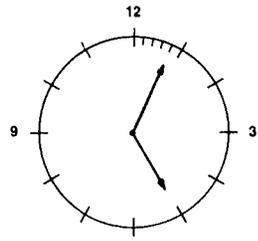
**24 Hour  
Crime Cycle  
In  
New Jersey  
1978**

# NEW JERSEY CRIME CLOCKS—1978

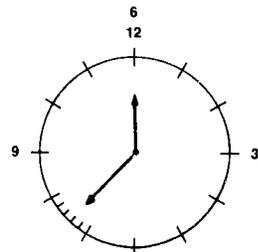
1 Murder every  
21 Hrs. 54 Min.



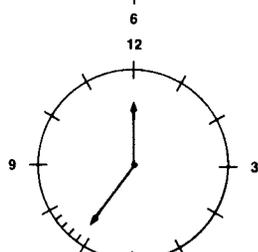
1 Rape every  
5 Hrs. 4 Min.



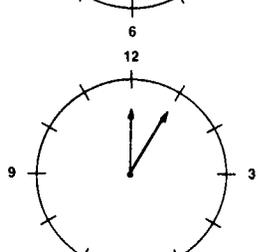
1 Robbery Every  
37 Min.



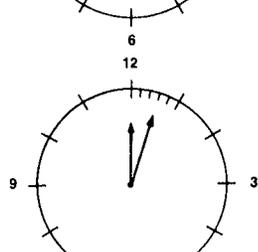
1 Atrocious Assault  
Every 36 Mins.



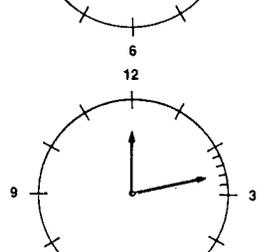
1 Breaking & Entering  
Every 5 Min.



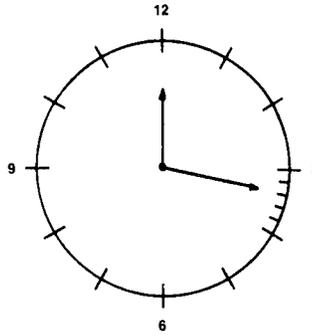
1 Larceny  
Every 3 Min.



1 Motor Vehicle Theft  
Every 13 Min.

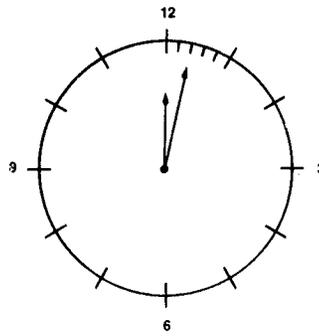


## VIOLENT CRIME



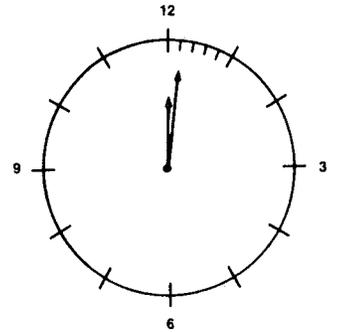
1 Every 17 Min.

## NONVIOLENT CRIME



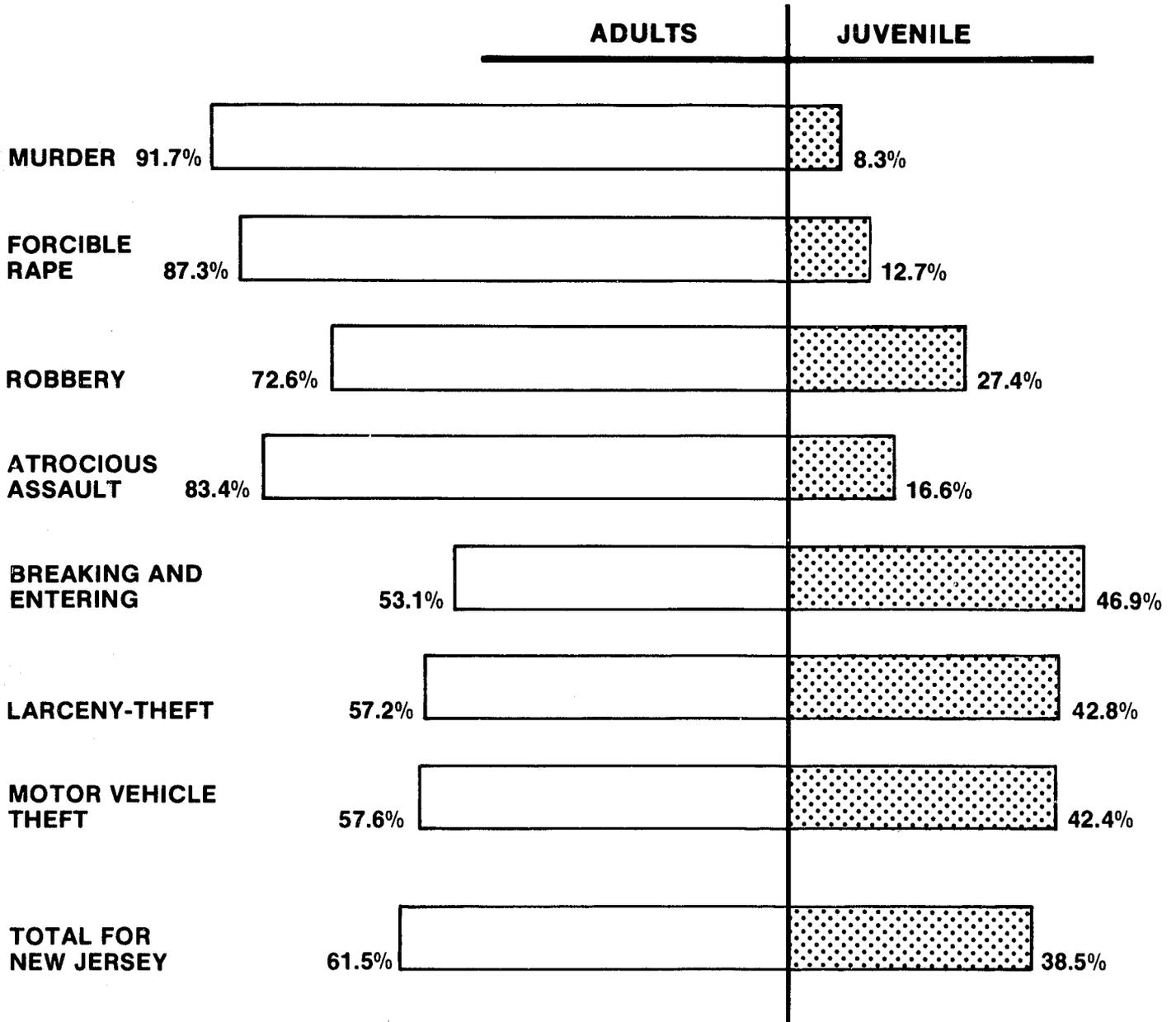
1 Every 2 Min.

## INDEX CRIME



1 Every 1 Min. 23 Sec.

**INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED  
BY ARREST OF ADULTS AND JUVENILES  
1978**



**STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
FIVE YEAR RECAPITULATION OF OFFENSES  
1974 through 1978**

<b>OFFENSES</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>1977</b>	<b>1976</b>	<b>1975</b>	<b>1974</b>
<b>MURDER</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>481</b>
<b>FORCIBLE RAPE</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>1,535</b>	<b>1,463</b>	<b>1,382</b>	<b>1,438</b>
Rape by Force	1,220	1,092	1,030	985	1,044
Assault to Rape—Attempts	507	443	433	397	394
<b>ROBBERY</b>	<b>14,096</b>	<b>13,220</b>	<b>14,719</b>	<b>16,273</b>	<b>15,879</b>
Armed—Any Weapon	7,379	6,194	7,949	9,393	9,055
Strong Arm—No Weapon	6,717	7,026	6,770	6,880	6,824
<b>ATROCIOUS ASSAULT</b>	<b>14,784</b>	<b>13,575</b>	<b>12,697</b>	<b>12,042</b>	<b>11,763</b>
Gun	2,037	1,753	1,697	1,781	1,826
Knife or Cutting Instrument	4,372	3,936	3,682	3,884	3,839
Other Dangerous Weapon	4,586	4,006	3,717	3,370	3,102
Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.	3,789	3,880	3,601	3,007	2,996
<b>BREAKING AND ENTERING</b>	<b>106,743</b>	<b>105,281</b>	<b>110,435</b>	<b>111,264</b>	<b>104,908</b>
Forcible Entry	82,304	81,625	86,709	87,370	83,353
Unlawful Entry—No Force	12,840	12,323	11,953	12,383	11,277
Attempted—Forcible Entry	11,599	11,333	11,773	11,511	10,278
<b>LARCENY-THEFT</b>	<b>202,753</b>	<b>203,350</b>	<b>219,357</b>	<b>195,374</b>	<b>175,569</b>
\$200 and Over	46,154	44,407	48,124	37,102	29,362
\$50 to \$200	77,785	82,479	91,339	81,516	73,470
Under \$50	78,814	76,464	79,894	76,756	72,737
<b>MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT</b>	<b>41,037</b>	<b>37,492</b>	<b>37,488</b>	<b>39,304</b>	<b>40,096</b>
<b>TOTAL CRIME INDEX</b>	<b>381,540</b>	<b>374,860</b>	<b>396,540</b>	<b>376,139</b>	<b>350,134</b>
<b>CRIME RATE per 100,000</b>	<b>5,191.8</b>	<b>5,108.0</b>	<b>5,335.8</b>	<b>5,059.8</b>	<b>4,722.8</b>
<b>VIOLENT CRIME</b>	<b>31,007</b>	<b>28,737</b>	<b>29,260</b>	<b>30,197</b>	<b>29,561</b>
<b>NONVIOLENT CRIME</b>	<b>350,533</b>	<b>346,123</b>	<b>367,280</b>	<b>345,942</b>	<b>320,573</b>

NJSP Table 5

# 1978 VIOLENT CRIME SUMMARY ANALYSIS

## VOLUME/RATE

- There were 31,007 Violent Crimes reported during the year, resulting in an 8 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent Crimes accounted for 8 percent of the total Crime Index.
- The Violent Crime Rate was established at 421.9 victims for every 100,000 inhabitants of New Jersey.

<u>Year</u>	<b>TREND</b>	
	<u>Number of Offenses</u>	<u>Rate per 100,000</u>
1977	28,737	391.6
1978	31,007	421.9
Percent Change	+ 7.9%	+ 7.7%

- December recorded the highest number of Violent Crimes during 1978, reporting 3,142 offenses.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of Violent Crimes amounted to \$9.6 million during 1978.

## ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 14,021 persons were arrested for Violent crime offenses, representing a 6 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime arrests accounted for 19 percent of the Index arrests and 4 percent of the total arrests during 1978.
- Adult Violent crime arrests increased 5 percent, while juvenile Violent crime arrests, increased almost 10 percent.
- Adults were responsible for 75 percent of the Violent crime arrests, and juveniles 25 percent.
- Males accounted for 90 percent, and females 10 percent of persons arrested for violent crime offenses.
- 53 percent of all persons arrested for Violent crimes were Negro, 46 percent were White, and 1 percent were of other races.
- 45.5 percent of all Violent crimes were cleared during 1978, a decrease from the 47.9 percent recorded in 1977.
- Persons under 18 years of age were involved in 19 percent of all cases solved in 1978.

**VIOLENT CRIME  
BY MONTH  
1976 - 1977 - 1978**



*NJSP Chart 15*

## 1978 NONVIOLENT CRIME SUMMARY ANALYSIS

### VOLUME/RATE

- There were 350,533 Nonviolent Crimes reported during the year, representing a little more than one percent increase when compared to 1977.
- Nonviolent Crimes accounted for 92 percent of the total Crime Index.
- Further review of the Nonviolent Crime category reveals that Breaking and Entering, and Larceny were responsible for more than 81 percent of the total Crime Index during 1978.
- The Nonviolent Crime Rate was established at 4,769.9 victims for every 100,000 inhabitants of New Jersey.

### TREND

Year	Number of Offenses	Rate per 100,000
1977	346,123	4,716.4
1978	350,533	4,769.9
Percent Change	+ 1.3%	+ 1.1%

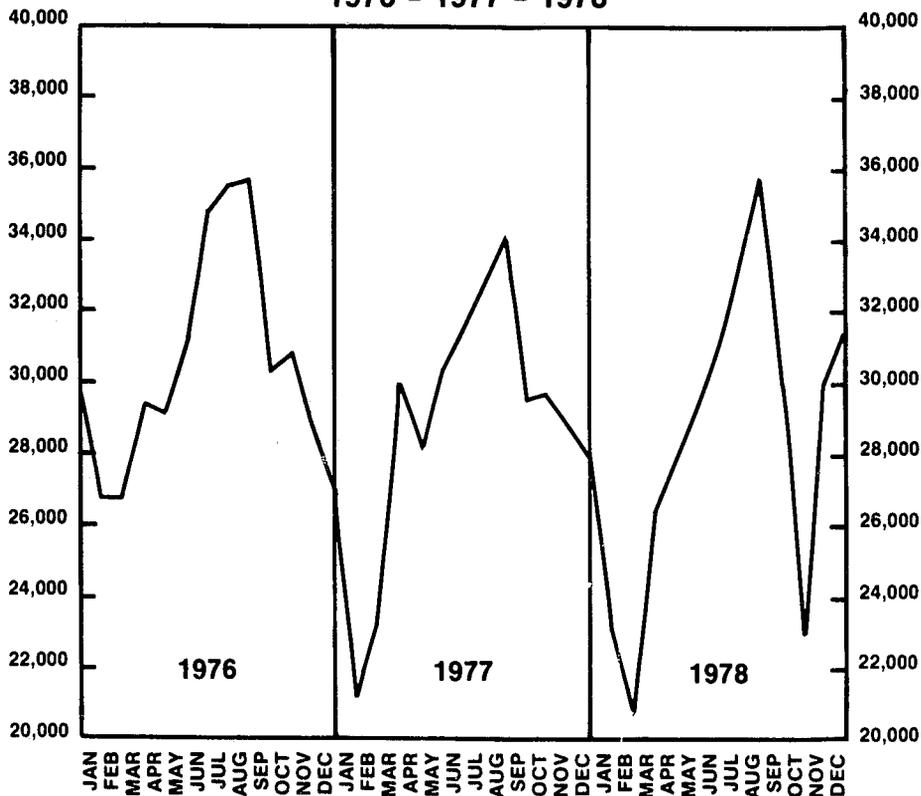
- August, with 35,720 offenses, recorded the highest incidence of Nonviolent Crime offenses during 1978.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of Nonviolent crimes amounted to \$196.5 million during 1978.

### ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 58,149 persons were arrested for Nonviolent Crime offenses, representing a two percent increase when compared to 1977.
- Nonviolent Crime arrests accounted for 81 percent of the Index arrests, and 17 percent of the total arrests effected during 1978.
- Juveniles were responsible for 54 percent of the Nonviolent Crime arrests, and adults 46 percent.
- Adult Nonviolent Crime arrests increased almost 3 percent, and juvenile arrests for the same category, rose less than 2 percent.
- Males represented 78 percent, and females 22 percent of persons arrested for Nonviolent property type crimes.
- 62 percent of all persons arrested for Nonviolent Crimes were White, 37 percent were Negro, and the remaining one percent were of other races.
- 14.8 percent of all Nonviolent Crimes were cleared during 1978; an increase over the 14.6 percent reported in 1977.
- Juveniles were involved in 44 percent of the Nonviolent Crime cases solved during the year.

### NONVIOLENT CRIME BY MONTH

1976 - 1977 - 1978



NJSP Chart 16

# MURDER

Murder is defined as the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought. Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is included. This Index offense is counted by police on the basis of their investigation without regard to findings of a court, jury or the decision of a prosecutor. Attempts to kill and assaults to kill are scored as atrocious assaults and not as murder. Suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are not counted, nor reflected in the murder classification.

## 1978 SUMMARY ANALYSIS

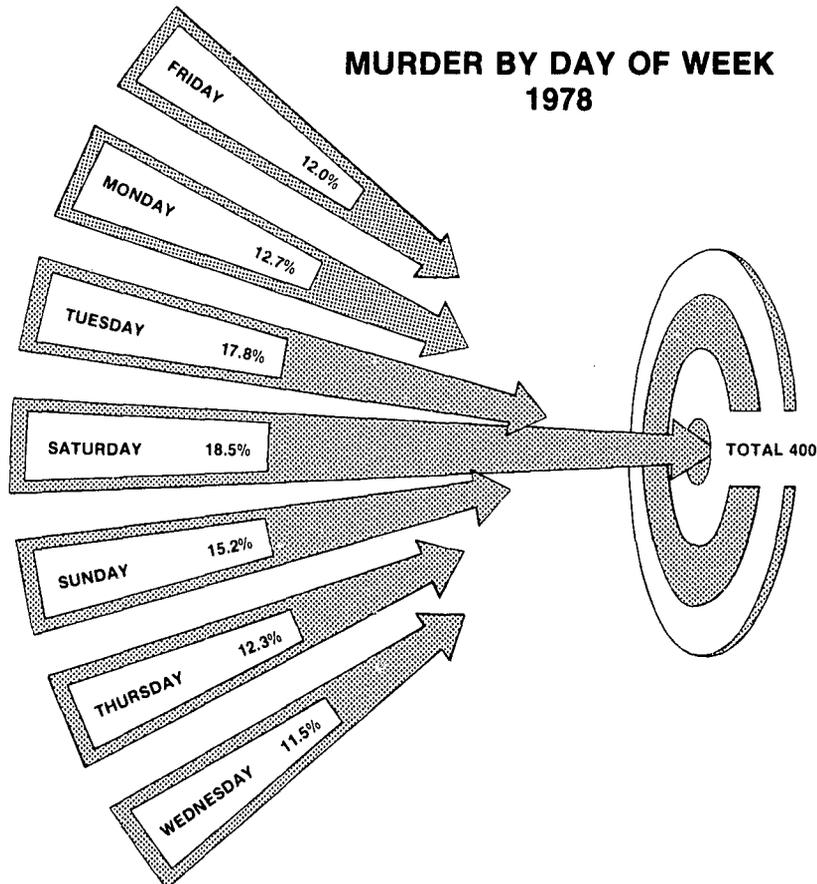
### VOLUME/RATE

- A total of 400 murders were reported by New Jersey law enforcement agencies; a trend decrease of almost 2 percent when compared to 1977 representing the largest decrease within the Index.
- Murders accounted for one-tenth of one percent of all Index offenses.
- The Murder rate decreased slightly to 5.4 victims per 100,000 inhabitants.

### TREND

<u>Year</u>	<u>Number of Offenses</u>	<u>Rate per 100,000</u>
1977	407	5.5
1978	400	5.4
Percent Change	- 1.7%	- 1.8%

- Murder frequency was highest during the month of October, when 48 murders occurred. February recorded the lowest number, with 20 murders reported.
- Murder by day of week disclosed that Saturday recorded the highest day of occurrence, when 74 murders occurred.



NJSP Chart 17

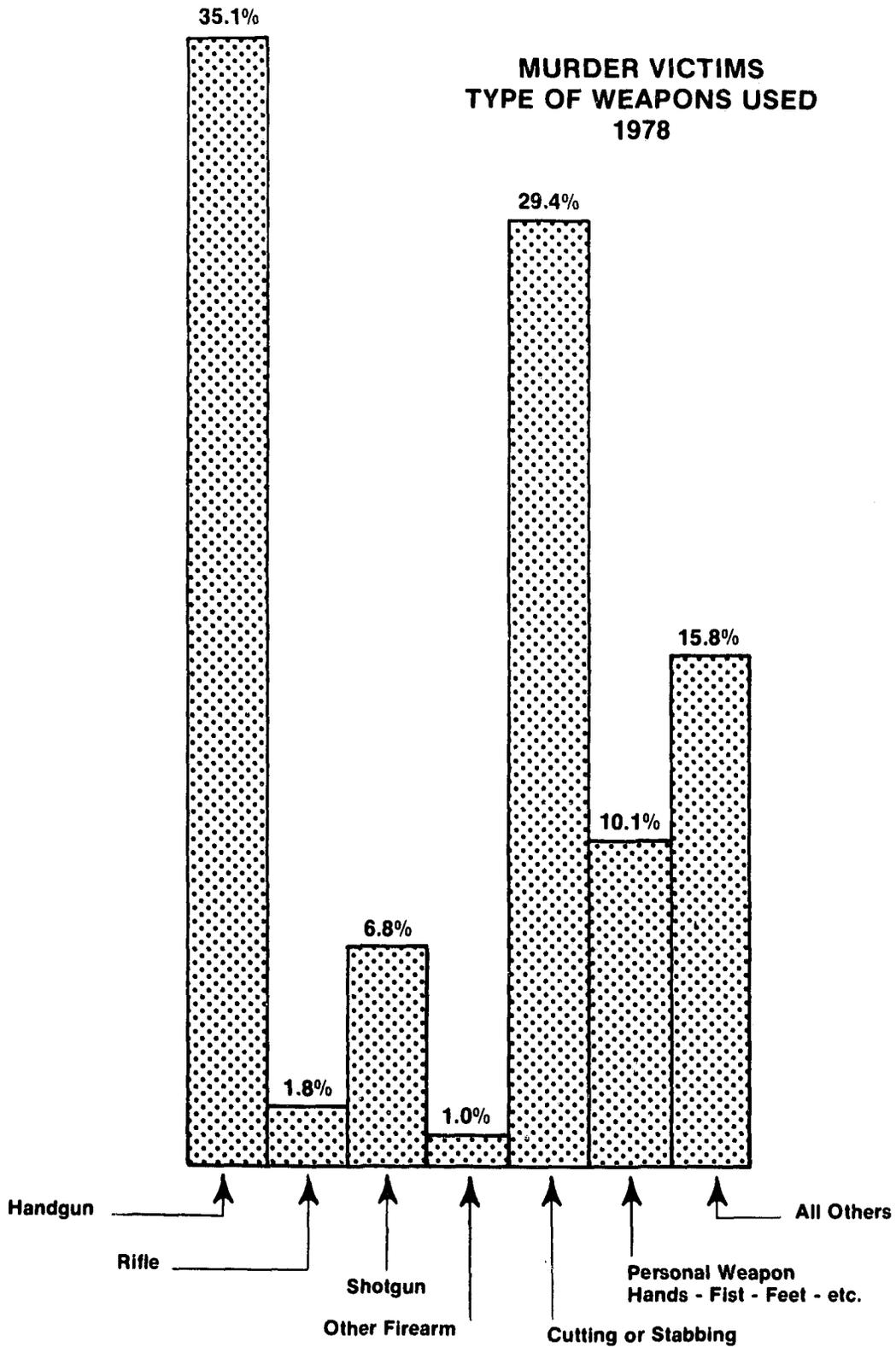
- The age group 20-34 accounted for more than 41 percent of all murder victims.
- 51 percent of the murder victims were Negro, 49 percent were White, and 75 percent of all murder victims were Male.

### MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX AND RACE, 1978

AGE	NUMBER	PERCENT DISTRIB.	SEX		RACE				
			MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	JAPANESE	INDIAN	ALL OTHER
Under 1	11	2.7	8	3	6	5	—	—	—
1 - 4	13	3.3	10	3	6	7	—	—	—
5 - 9	3	0.8	2	1	3	—	—	—	—
10 - 14	8	2.0	4	4	4	4	—	—	—
15 - 19	30	7.5	23	7	20	10	—	—	—
20 - 24	66	16.4	51	15	26	39	—	—	1
25 - 29	48	12.0	32	16	24	24	—	—	—
30 - 34	52	13.0	37	15	25	27	—	—	—
35 - 39	45	11.2	38	7	12	33	—	—	—
40 - 44	34	8.4	30	4	17	17	—	—	—
45 - 49	18	4.5	14	4	6	12	—	—	—
50 - 54	21	5.3	17	4	11	10	—	—	—
55 - 59	14	3.5	10	4	7	7	—	—	—
60 - 64	13	3.3	11	2	11	2	—	—	—
65 - 69	5	1.3	3	2	2	3	—	—	—
70 - 74	5	1.3	2	3	5	—	—	—	—
75 and Over	11	2.7	4	7	7	4	—	—	—
Unknown	3	0.8	3	—	3	—	—	—	—
<b>TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>PERCENT DISTRIBUTION</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>51.0</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>0.3</b>

NJSP Table 6

- Firearms were used in 45 percent of all reported murders. Cutting or stabbing instruments represented 29 percent usage, while other weapons such as clubs, hammers, poison, arson, etc., were used in 16 percent of the cases, and the remaining 10 percent were attributed to the use of personal weapons, such as hands, fists and feet.

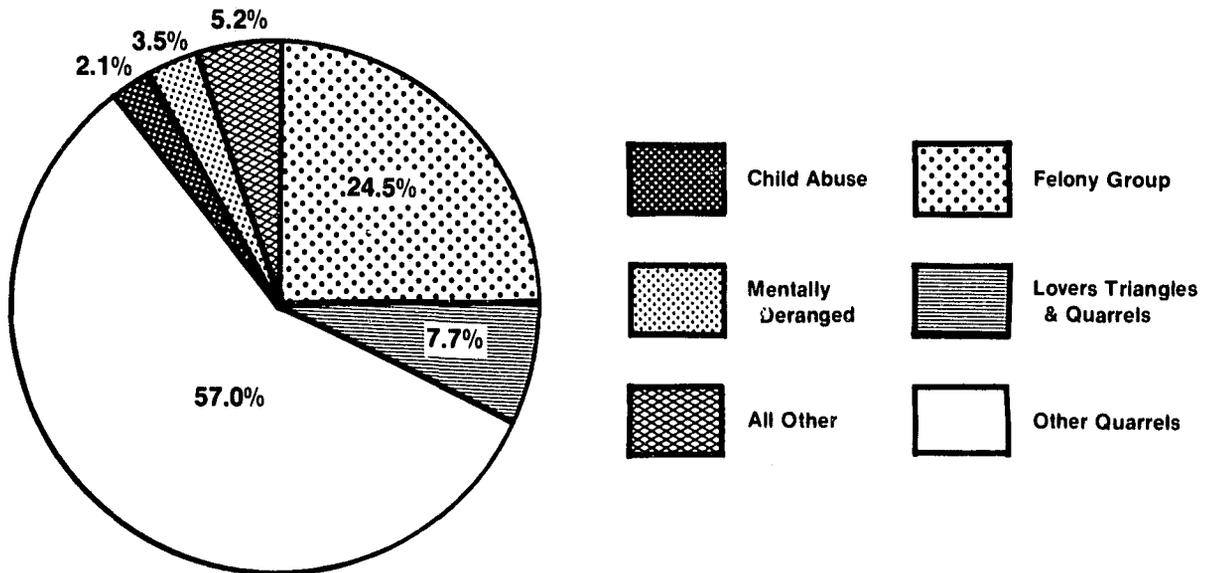


NJSP Chart 18

- 49 percent of all murders occurred in private residences, 28 percent on highways or streets, and 5 percent in bars.
- Most murders, 80 percent, were committed by relatives or other persons acquainted with the victim. Members of the immediate family group were identified as perpetrators in 23 percent of the murders, and 11 percent of the murders were that of spouse killing spouse.
- Altercations or quarrels between victim and perpetrator, accounted for 65 percent of all murders reported. Felony murders accounted for 25 percent.
- 52 murders were committed during the commission of robberies.

## MURDER CIRCUMSTANCES

1978



NJSP Chart 19

- The total value of property stolen resulting from all murders, amounted to \$14,663.

### ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 359 persons were arrested for murder during 1978, a 4 percent increase over 1977.
- Adult murder arrests increased less than one percent, while juvenile murder arrests increased 44 percent (from 27 to 39).
- The age group 20-24 accounted for 28 percent of persons arrested for murder. Males accounted for 84 percent, and females 16 percent of all persons arrested.
- 57 percent of persons arrested for murder were Negro, and 43 percent were White.
- 312 of the 400 murders were solved during the year 1978, resulting in a 78 percent clearance rate.
- Murders solved by the arrest of persons under 18 years of age amounted to slightly more than 8 percent of all cases solved.

## **Murder Scenario**

A Negro male, between 20-24 years of age, living in an urban area, is shot on a Saturday at his place of residence with a handgun by a friend or a relative during an argument. The offender, a Negro male, between the age of 20-24 is likely to be arrested.

### **FEATURES**

Most Frequent Day	Saturday
Most Frequent Month	October
Most Frequent Weapon	Handgun
Most Frequent Location	Residence
Most Frequent Victim:	
Age Group	20-24
Sex	Male
Race	Negro
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age Group	20-24
Sex	Male
Race	Negro

# FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible Rape is defined as the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. All assaults and attempts to rape are counted, but carnal abuse, rape without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

## 1978 SUMMARY ANALYSIS

### VOLUME AND RATE

- There were 1,727 forcible rapes reported in New Jersey during 1978. This represents an increase of over 12 percent as compared to 1977, the largest percentage increase of any Index offense.
- Forcible rape accounted for one-half of one percent of the total Crime Index, and almost 6 percent of all violent crimes.
- The Forcible Rape rate increased to 23.5 victims per 100,000 persons in the state. When the forcible rape rate is calculated based on the 1970 census female population, a rate of 46.7 victims per 100,000 females evolves.
- 71 percent of the rapes were forcible, and the remaining 29 percent were attempts or assaults to rape.

### TREND

Year	Number of Offenses	Rate per 100,000
1977	1,535	20.9
1978	1,727	23.5
Percent Change	+ 12.5%	+ 12.4%

- Total value of property stolen during the commission of forcible rapes amounted to \$54,020 during 1978.

### ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- A total of 961 persons were arrested for forcible rape during 1978, representing a 5 percent increase over 1977.
- Adult forcible rape arrests increased 7 percent, while juvenile forcible rape arrests decreased 7 percent.
- 54 percent of all persons arrested for forcible rape were Negro, 45 percent were White, and one percent were of other races.
- 56 percent of all forcible rape cases were cleared during 1978. Persons under 18 years of age accounted for 13 percent of those cases solved.

### Forcible Rape Scenario

A woman living in an urban area is forcibly raped by a Negro male between the age of 18-21. There is a 6 in 10 probability that the offender will be apprehended.

### FEATURES

Most Frequent Month	August
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age Group	18-21
Sex	Male
Race	Negro

# ROBBERY

Robbery is defined as the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. The element of personal confrontation is always present in this crime. Under the program, all assaults or attempts to rob are included. Effective January 1, 1974, the robbery subheadings were changed from armed and strong arm, to robbery by firearm, knife or cutting instruments, other dangerous weapon and strong arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.)

## 1978 SUMMARY ANALYSIS

### VOLUME/RATE

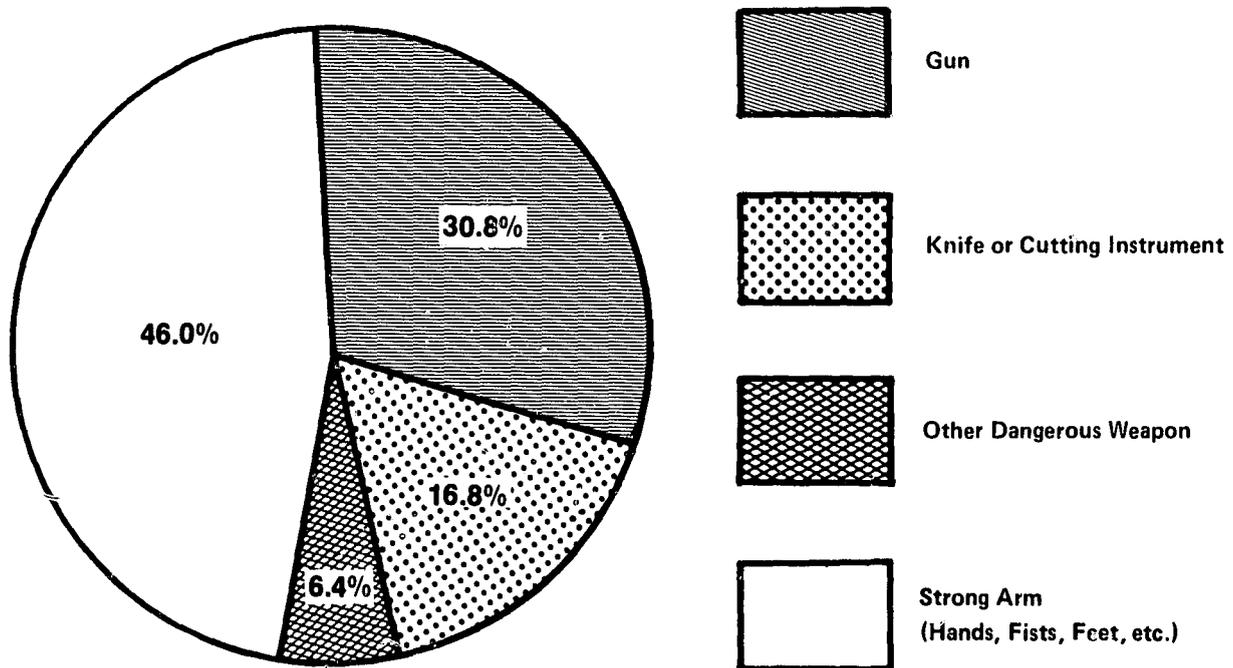
- 14,096 robberies were reported during the year, resulting in a 7 percent increase over 1977.
- Robberies accounted for 4 percent of the total Crime Index, and almost 46 percent of all violent crimes.
- The robbery rate increased to 191.8 victims per 100,000 population.

### TREND

Year	Number of Offenses	Rate per 100,000
1977	13,220	180.1
1978	14,096	191.8
Percent Change	+ 6.6%	+ 6.5%

- 52 percent of the robberies were committed by the armed robber, and 48 percent employed strong arm tactics (muggings, etc.).

### ROBBERY WEAPONS USED 1978



NJSP Chart 20

- Street robberies accounted for 58 percent of all reported robberies.
- Robberies of gas stations recorded the largest percentage increase, 12 percent.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of all robberies amounted to \$9,486,718.

**ROBBERY PLACE OF OCCURRENCE**  
**1978**

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF OFFENSES
Highway	8,194	\$ 2,799,728	\$ 342	58.1
Commercial House	1,458	1,480,348	1,015	10.3
Gas, Service Station	765	176,328	230	5.4
Chain Store	659	535,836	813	4.7
Residence	1,599	2,939,952	1,839	11.3
Bank	145	1,099,714	7,584	1.0
Miscellaneous	1,276	454,812	356	9.1
<b>TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY</b>	<b>14,096</b>	<b>\$ 9,486,718</b>	<b>\$ 673</b>	<b>100.0</b>

NJSP Table 7

**ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- A total of 4,205 persons were arrested for robbery during 1978, representing a 2 percent increase over 1977.
- Four of every 10 persons arrested for robbery were under 18 years of age.
- Adult arrests decreased more than 4 percent, while juvenile arrests increased almost 14 percent. Males accounted for 95 percent, and females 5 percent of all persons arrested for robbery in 1978.
- 69 percent of all persons arrested for robbery were Negro, 30 percent were White, and one percent were of other races.
- Almost 24 percent of all robbery cases were solved during 1978. Persons under 18 years of age represented 27 percent of those cases solved.

**Robbery Scenario**

The victim is robbed of \$342 worth of property by strong arm tactics on an urban street. The person committing the offense will be a 17 year old, Negro male, and is apprehended in one of every four cases.

**FEATURES**

Most Frequent Month	December
Most Frequent Weapon	Strong Arm Tactics
Most Frequent Location	Highway, Street, etc.
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age	17
Sex	Male
Race	Negro

# ATROCIOUS ASSAULT

Atrocious Assault, as defined under the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting System, is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do serious physical injury to another. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that any injuries result when a gun, knife or other weapon is used, which would result in serious personal injury if the crime was successfully completed.

## 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME/RATE

- There were 14,784 Atrocious Assaults reported during calendar year 1978, an increase of almost 9 percent over 1977.
- Atrocious Assaults accounted for 4 percent of the total Crime Index, and 48 percent of all violent crimes.
- The Atrocious Assault rate increased to 201.2 victims per 100,000 population.

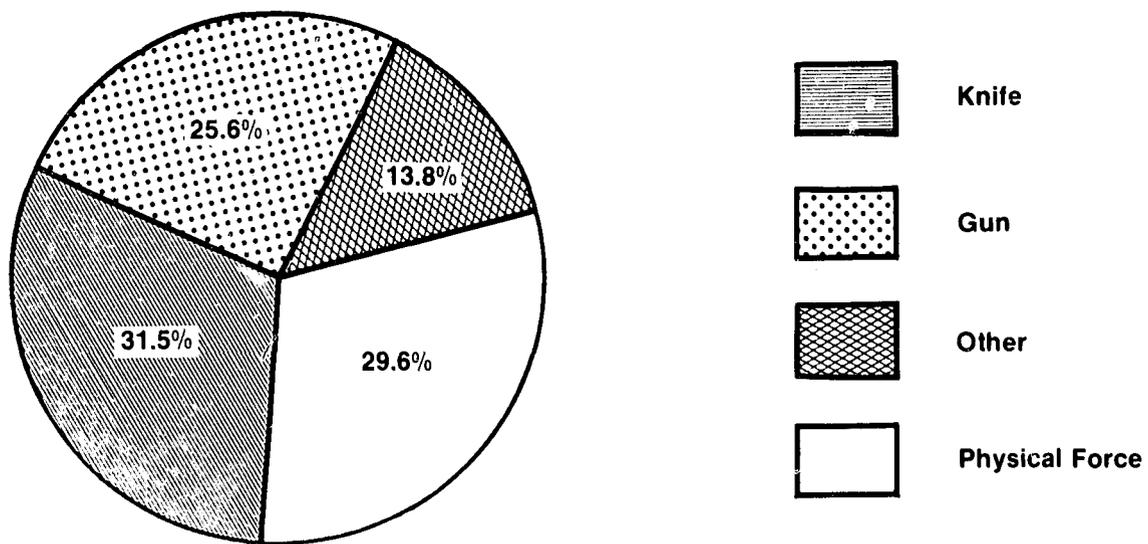
### TREND

<u>Year</u>	<u>Number of Offenses</u>	<u>Rate per 100,000</u>
1977	13,575	184.9
1978	14,784	201.2
Percent Change	+ 8.9%	+ 8.8%

- Other dangerous type weapons (i.e., bricks, clubs, tire irons, etc.) were the most frequently used during Atrocious Assaults.

## ATROCIOUS ASSAULT

1978



NJSP Chart 21

**ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- A total of 8,496 persons were arrested for atrocious assault during 1978, an 8 percent increase when compared to 1977.
- Adult arrests increased almost 9 percent, and juvenile arrests more than 7 percent. Males accounted for 88 percent, and females 12 percent of persons arrested for atrocious assault.
- 54 percent of persons arrested for Atrocious Assault in 1978 were White, 45 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.
- 64 percent of all Atrocious Assault cases reported in 1978 were solved. Persons under 18 years of age accounted for 17 percent of those cases.

**Atrocious Assault Scenario**

A person is assaulted with a dangerous weapon (club, brick, etc.) in an urban municipality by a 17 or 18 year old White male. The aggressor will be identified and apprehended in 2 out of 3 cases.

**FEATURES**

Most Frequent Month	July
Most Frequent Weapon	Other Dangerous Weapons (Clubs, Bricks, Tire Irons, etc.)
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age	17-18
Sex	Male
Race	White

# BREAKING AND ENTERING

Under this program, Breaking and Entering is defined as an unlawful entry or attempted entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny. Data collection for this offense is further categorized as forcible entry, unlawful entry (where no force is used) and attempted forcible entry.

## 1978 SUMMARY ANALYSIS

### VOLUME/RATE

- 106,743 Breaking and Enterings were reported during the calendar year 1978, resulting in a more than one percent trend increase over 1977.
- Breaking and Entering accounted for 28 percent of the total Crime Index, and 31 percent of all nonviolent crimes.
- The Breaking and Entering victimization rate increased slightly to 1,452.5 victims for every 100,000 inhabitants.

### TREND

Year	Number of Offenses	Rate per 100,000
1977	105,281	1,434.4
1978	106,743	1,452.5
Percent Change	+ 1.4%	+ 1.3%

- During 1978, 77 percent of all Breaking and Enterings involved forcible entry, 12 percent were of unlawful entry where no force was used, and the remaining 11 percent were attempts to forcibly enter.
- Residences were the target of Breaking and Enterings in 61 out of every 100 offenses.
- Total value of property stolen during Breaking and Enterings amounted to \$56 million, resulting in an average dollar loss of \$525 for each offense.

## BREAKING AND ENTERING 1978

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE
<b>RESIDENCE</b>				
Night	23,455	22.0	\$ 13,518,427	\$ 576
Day	26,706	25.0	14,746,072	552
Unknown	15,370	14.4	9,040,322	588
<b>RESIDENCE TOTAL</b>	<b>65,531</b>	<b>61.4</b>	<b>\$ 37,304,821</b>	<b>\$ 569</b>
<b>NONRESIDENCE</b>				
Night	26,223	24.6	\$ 11,489,397	\$ 438
Day	5,309	5.0	1,765,031	332
Unknown	9,680	9.0	5,481,559	566
<b>NONRESIDENCE TOTAL</b>	<b>41,212</b>	<b>38.6</b>	<b>\$ 18,735,987</b>	<b>\$ 455</b>
<b>TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY</b>	<b>106,743</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>\$ 56,040,808</b>	<b>\$ 525</b>

NJSP Table 8

- Breaking and Entering arrests decreased almost 5 percent to 17,173 persons arrested in 1978.
- Six of every 10 persons arrested for Breaking and Entering were under 18 years of age.
- Adult arrests decreased 4 percent, while juvenile arrests declined 5 percent. Males accounted for 95 percent, and females 5 percent of persons arrested for Breaking and Entering.
- 66 percent of all persons arrested for Breaking and Entering were White, 33 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.
- 14 percent of all Breaking and Entering cases were solved during 1978. Persons under 18 years of age represented almost one of every two cases solved.

### **Breaking and Entering Scenario**

A residential dwelling is forcibly entered during the daytime hours, and \$552 of property is stolen. The offender, a White teenage male, has a one in seven chance of being caught and prosecuted.

### **FEATURES**

Most Frequent Month	December
Most Frequent Time of Occurrence	Day
Most Frequent Method of Entry	Forcible
Most Frequent Premise	Residence
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age Group	13-17
Sex	Male
Race	White

# LARCENY—THEFT

The definition of Larceny-Theft, as provided under this program, is the taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership. All larcenies and thefts resulting from pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, larcenies from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc., are included here. Embezzlement, unlawful conversions, larceny by bailee, frauds or bad check cases are not included.

## 1978 SUMMARY ANALYSIS

### VOLUME/RATE

- There were 202,753 larcenies reported to New Jersey law enforcement agencies, reflecting a three-tenths of one percent decrease over 1977.
- Larceny accounted for 53 percent of the total Crime Index, and 58 percent of all nonviolent crimes.
- The Larceny victimization rate increased less than one percent to 2,759.0 victims per 100,000 population.

### TREND

<u>Year</u>	<u>Number of Offenses</u>	<u>Rate per 100,000</u>
1977	203,350	2,752.2
1978	202,753	2,759.0
Percent Change	- 0.3%	+ 0.2%

- Volumewise, larcenies from motor vehicles, (clothing, luggage, etc.) and larcenies of motor vehicle parts and accessories, (car radio, gasoline, etc.) represented 38 percent of all larcenies reported.
- Shoplifting offenses recorded the most significant trend increase, up 16 percent, while larcenies of motor vehicle parts and accessories recorded a decrease of more than 7 percent.

## LARCENY (Except Motor Vehicle Theft)

1978

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE
Pocket-Picking	2,529	1.2	\$ 348,222	\$ 138
Purse-Snatching	4,761	2.3	468,400	98
Shoplifting	19,928	9.8	878,912	44
From Motor Vehicles	32,951	16.3	9,235,661	280
Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories	44,513	22.0	6,785,321	152
Bicycles	30,296	14.9	2,977,815	98
From Buildings	33,972	16.8	14,624,434	430
From Any Coin Operated Machines	1,406	.7	150,158	106
All Other	32,397	16.0	10,066,782	311
<b>TOTAL FOR NEW JERSEY</b>	<b>202,753</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>\$ 45,535,705</b>	<b>\$ 225</b>

NJSP Table 9

## **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- A total of 38,122 persons were arrested for larceny offenses during 1978, representing a 5 percent increase over 1977.
- Adult arrests increased almost 6 percent, and juvenile arrests for larceny rose more than 5 percent.
- 60 percent of all persons arrested for larceny were White, 39 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races. Males accounted for 69 percent, and females 31 percent of all persons arrested for larceny.
- Almost 17 percent of all larceny cases were cleared during 1978. Persons under 18 years of age accounted for 43 percent of those cases solved.

## **Larceny Scenario**

A larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories is committed by a 15 year old White Male. The larceny nets him an average of \$152 in stolen property, and he has a one in six chance of being arrested.

## **FEATURES**

Most Frequent Month	August
Most Frequent Type	Motor Vehicle Parts & Accessories
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age	15
Sex	Male
Race	White

# MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

In Uniform Crime Reporting, motor vehicle theft includes all thefts and attempted thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle which is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface and not on rails. This definition excludes taking a motor vehicle for temporary use, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others having lawful access to the vehicle. The motor vehicle theft category includes the subheadings of autos, trucks and buses, and other vehicles (motorcycles, mo-peds, etc.).

## VOLUME/RATE

- There were 41,037 motor vehicles reported stolen in 1978, an increase of over 9 percent when compared to 1977. This represents the first increase since 1973.
- Motor Vehicle Thefts accounted for 11 percent of the total Crime Index, and 12 percent of nonviolent crimes.
- The Motor Vehicle Theft rate increased to 558.4 victims per 100,000 population.

## TREND

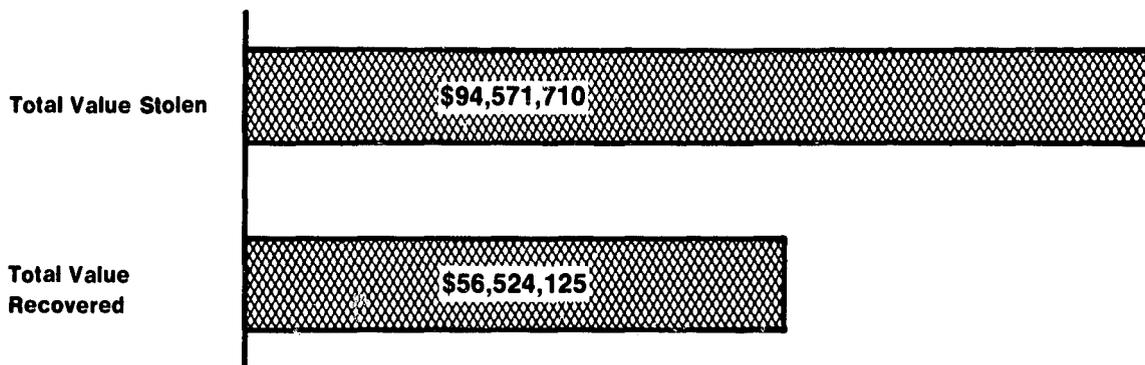
<u>Year</u>	<u>Number of Offenses</u>	<u>Rate per 100,000</u>
1977	37,492	510.9
1978	41,037	558.4
Percent Change	+ 9.5%	+ 9.3%

## DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE

<u>Type</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent Distribution</u>
Autos	36,036	87.8
Trucks and Buses	2,222	5.4
Other Vehicles	2,779	6.8
	41,037	100.0

- Motor Vehicles represented 46 percent of the total value of property stolen during 1978.
- Total value of stolen motor vehicles amounted to \$94.6 million during the year.
- Average value of a stolen vehicle was \$2,312 at the time of theft.
- Vehicles valued at \$38.4 million were not recovered during 1978.

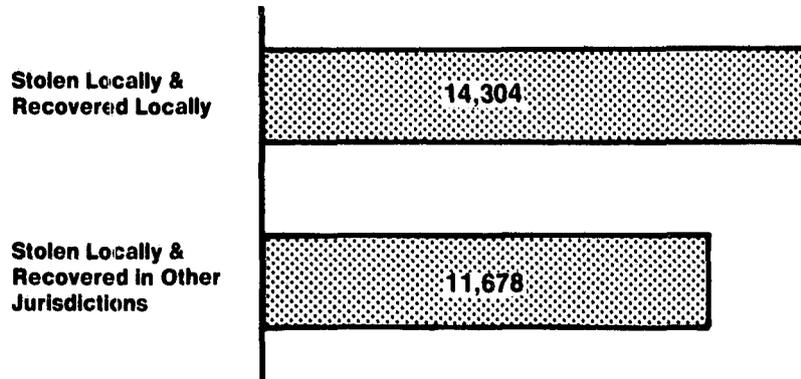
## MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT VALUE 1978



**59.8 PERCENT OF STOLEN VALUE RECOVERED**

NJSP Chart 22

**MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED  
(MOBILITY)  
1978**



**63.3 PERCENT OF STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED**

*NJSP Chart 23*

**ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- A total of 2,854 persons were arrested for Motor Vehicle Theft during 1978, representing a 3 percent increase when compared to 1977.
- Six of every 10 persons arrested for motor vehicle theft were under 18 years of age.
- Adult arrests declined almost 3 percent and juvenile arrests rose more than 6 percent. Males accounted for 94 percent, and females 6 percent of persons arrested for Motor Vehicle Theft.
- 69 percent of all persons arrested for Motor Vehicle Theft were White, 31 percent Negro, and one percent were of other races.
- Almost 8 percent of all Motor Vehicle Thefts were solved during 1978. Persons under the age of 18 represented 42 percent of those cases solved.

**Motor Vehicle Theft Scenario**

An automobile valued at more than \$2,300 is stolen from an urban municipality. There is a 63 percent probability that the vehicle will be recovered, and if recovered, it will be found in the municipality in which it was stolen. The offender has a one in 13 chance of being arrested, and if arrested, will be a 16 year old White male.

**FEATURES**

Most Frequent Month	August
Most Frequent Type	Automobile
Most Frequent Offender:	
Age	16
Sex	Male
Race	White

## **1978 TOTAL ARREST SUMMARY ANALYSIS**

- There were 335,074 persons arrested for all criminal acts during 1978, representing more than a 2 percent increase over 1977.
- 45 arrests were recorded for every 1,000 persons residing in the state during 1978.
- Persons under 21 years of age accounted for 55 percent of all arrests.
- Juvenile arrests in 1978 increased more than 5 percent, and Adult arrests rose almost one percent.
- Adults were responsible for 62 percent of the total arrests, while persons under the age of 18 were arrested for the remaining 38 percent of the criminal violations.
- Males accounted for 83 percent, and females 17 percent of the total persons arrested during the year.
- 72 percent of the persons arrested were White, 27 percent Negro, and the remaining one percent were of other races.

### TOTAL ARRESTS, 1978

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS
Murder	359	0.1	4.9
Manslaughter	87	0.1	1.2
Forcible Rape	961	0.3	13.1
Robbery	4,205	1.3	57.2
Atrocious Assault	8,496	2.5	115.6
Breaking and Entering	17,173	5.1	233.7
Larceny-Theft	38,122	11.4	518.7
Motor Vehicle Theft	2,854	0.9	38.8
Subtotal for Above Offenses	72,257	21.7	983.2
Other Assaults	33,852	10.1	460.6
Arson	913	0.3	12.4
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,903	0.6	25.9
Fraud	7,971	2.4	108.5
Embezzlement	418	0.1	5.7
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	9,784	2.9	133.1
Malicious Mischief	16,211	4.8	220.6
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	6,109	1.8	83.1
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	817	0.2	11.1
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	1,735	0.5	23.6
Drug Abuse Violations	35,286	10.5	480.2
Gambling	1,771	0.5	24.1
Offenses Against Family and Children	3,371	1.0	45.9
Driving Under the Influence	23,832	7.1	324.3
Liquor Laws	8,152	2.4	110.9
Disorderly Conduct	38,803	11.6	528.0
Failure to Give Good Account	2,206	0.7	30.0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	58,562	17.5	796.9
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	3,320	1.0	45.2
Runaways	7,801	2.3	106.2
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>335,074</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>4,559.5</b>

### TOTAL ARRESTS BY RACE, 1978

OFFENSES	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CHI-NESE	JAPA-NESE	ALL OTHER
Murder	153	206	—	—	—	—
Manslaughter	72	14	—	—	—	1
Forcible Rape	431	518	—	—	—	12
Robbery	1,271	2,903	2	1	—	28
Atrocious Assault	4,573	3,860	2	3	1	57
Breaking and Entering	11,405	5,631	6	4	—	127
Larceny-Theft	22,790	14,801	21	28	6	476
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,957	873	—	4	—	20
Subtotal for Above Offenses	42,652	28,806	31	40	7	721
Other Assaults	23,870	9,768	17	19	8	170
Arson	683	221	2	—	—	7
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,183	680	1	1	1	37
Fraud	5,279	2,591	3	2	1	95
Embezzlement	312	105	—	—	1	—
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	5,634	4,026	—	4	2	118
Malicious Mischief	13,450	2,696	3	4	—	58
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	3,887	2,146	4	5	2	65
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	302	512	—	—	—	3
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	1,245	468	—	—	—	22
Drug Abuse Violations	28,117	6,946	6	5	6	206
Gambling	988	761	1	1	—	20
Offenses Against Family and Children	2,032	1,325	1	—	3	10
Driving Under the Influence	20,513	2,937	10	3	3	366
Liquor Laws	7,594	545	1	3	1	8
Disorderly Conduct	30,039	8,528	8	18	5	205
Failure to Give Good Account	1,526	671	—	—	—	9
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	43,679	14,524	10	19	10	320
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	3,053	260	—	—	—	7
Runaways	6,150	1,606	—	—	—	45
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>242,188</b>	<b>90,122</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>2,492</b>

### JUVENILE ARRESTS BY RACE, 1978

OFFENSES	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CHI-NESE	JAPA-NESE	ALL OTHER
<b>Murder</b>	13	26	—	—	—	—
<b>Manslaughter</b>	6	2	—	—	—	—
<b>Forcible Rape</b>	63	83	—	—	—	6
<b>Robbery</b>	424	1,173	—	—	—	12
<b>Atrocious Assault</b>	979	727	—	1	—	8
<b>Breaking and Entering</b>	7,259	3,130	—	2	—	86
<b>Larceny-Theft</b>	11,740	7,342	—	8	1	251
<b>Motor Vehicle Theft</b>	1,276	510	—	4	—	14
<b>Subtotal for Above Offenses</b>	<b>21,760</b>	<b>12,993</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>377</b>
<b>Other Assaults</b>	6,336	3,084	—	1	4	41
<b>Arson</b>	432	131	—	—	—	2
<b>Forgery and Counterfeiting</b>	133	26	—	—	—	1
<b>Fraud</b>	239	91	—	—	—	3
<b>Embezzlement</b>	24	1	—	—	—	—
<b>Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.</b>	2,716	1,607	—	2	1	53
<b>Malicious Mischief</b>	10,089	1,701	—	3	—	40
<b>Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.</b>	1,242	397	—	—	1	10
<b>Prostitution and Commercialized Vice</b>	3	20	—	—	—	1
<b>Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)</b>	350	208	—	—	—	6
<b>Drug Abuse Violations</b>	10,072	1,325	—	—	1	35
<b>Gambling</b>	14	19	—	—	—	—
<b>Offenses Against Family and Children</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Driving Under the Influence</b>	520	5	—	—	—	4
<b>Liquor Laws</b>	4,744	104	—	2	—	3
<b>Disorderly Conduct</b>	13,321	2,762	—	8	—	57
<b>Failure to Give Good Account</b>	681	83	—	—	—	5
<b>All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)</b>	16,342	3,494	—	2	4	76
<b>Curfew and Loitering Law Violations</b>	3,053	260	—	—	—	7
<b>Runaways</b>	6,150	1,606	—	—	—	45
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>98,221</b>	<b>29,917</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>766</b>

### ADULT ARRESTS BY RACE, 1978

OFFENSES	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CHI-NESE	JAPA-NESE	ALL OTHER
Murder	140	180	—	—	—	—
Manslaughter	66	12	—	—	—	1
Forcible Rape	368	435	—	—	—	6
Robbery	847	1,730	2	1	—	16
Atrocious Assault	3,594	3,133	2	2	1	49
Breaking and Entering	4,146	2,501	6	2	—	41
Larceny-Theft	11,050	7,459	21	20	5	225
Motor Vehicle Theft	681	363	—	—	—	6
Subtotal for Above Offenses	20,892	15,813	31	25	6	344
Other Assaults	17,534	6,684	17	18	4	129
Arson	251	90	2	—	—	5
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,050	654	1	1	1	36
Fraud	5,040	2,500	3	2	1	92
Embezzlement	288	104	—	—	1	—
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	2,918	2,419	—	2	1	65
Malicious Mischief	3,361	995	3	1	—	18
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	2,645	1,749	4	5	1	55
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	299	492	—	—	—	2
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	895	260	—	—	—	16
Drug Abuse Violations	18,045	5,621	6	5	5	171
Gambling	974	742	1	1	—	20
Offenses Against Family and Children	2,032	1,325	1	—	3	10
Driving Under the Influence	19,993	2,932	10	3	3	362
Liquor Laws	2,850	441	1	1	1	5
Disorderly Conduct	16,718	5,766	8	10	5	148
Failure to Give Good Account	845	588	—	—	—	4
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	27,337	11,030	10	17	6	244
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	—	—	—	—	—	—
Runaways	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>143,967</b>	<b>60,205</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>1,726</b>

NJSP Table 13

## TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE, 1978

OFFENSES	10 and UNDER	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	TOTAL UNDER 18	18
Murder	—	1	3	7	11	17	39	16
Manslaughter	—	—	1	1	3	3	8	7
Forcible Rape	1	7	28	35	39	42	152	65
Robbery	11	61	301	351	419	466	1,609	378
Atrocious Assault	56	115	317	342	416	469	1,715	477
Breaking and Entering	390	846	2,750	2,294	2,287	1,904	10,477	1,276
Larceny-Theft	953	2,115	5,321	3,750	3,660	3,543	19,342	2,345
Motor Vehicle Theft	10	45	340	478	496	435	1,804	212
Subtotal for Above Offenses	1,421	3,190	9,067	7,258	7,331	6,879	35,146	4,776
Other Assaults	481	976	2,174	1,723	1,993	2,119	9,466	1,710
Arson	77	101	148	105	72	62	565	38
Forgery and Counterfeiting	2	2	19	18	35	84	160	58
Fraud	3	12	45	56	70	147	333	194
Embezzlement	—	—	1	2	6	16	25	32
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	61	241	947	985	1,053	1,092	4,379	851
Malicious Mischief	1,244	1,838	3,559	2,071	1,716	1,405	11,833	702
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	35	100	357	318	382	458	1,650	397
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	—	—	1	2	4	17	24	34
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	26	39	165	133	102	99	564	57
Drug Abuse Violations	13	106	1,484	2,269	3,231	4,330	11,433	3,952
Gambling	—	—	1	5	8	19	33	24
Offenses Against Family and Children	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	133
Driving Under the Influence	6	—	2	12	49	460	529	1,334
Liquor Laws	6	44	543	903	1,494	1,863	4,853	718
Disorderly Conduct	643	1,511	3,963	3,288	3,488	3,255	16,148	2,598
Failure to Give Good Account	15	52	145	172	164	221	769	173
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	720	1,606	5,098	4,492	4,445	3,557	19,918	3,430
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	20	110	636	712	996	846	3,320	—
Runaways	193	469	2,256	1,963	1,813	1,107	7,801	—
<b>TOTAL</b>	4,966	10,397	30,611	26,487	28,452	28,036	128,949	21,191

### TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE, 1978

19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 & OVER	TOTAL OVER 18
22	21	21	15	21	21	49	48	34	17	14	9	4	3	5	320
8	6	3	6	3	3	12	7	6	5	4	5	4	—	—	79
60	78	63	44	50	36	176	104	56	32	25	13	5	2	—	809
306	281	257	191	174	141	497	216	90	30	16	14	5	—	—	2,596
416	420	378	375	359	297	1,276	967	653	416	319	212	102	55	59	6,781
870	668	535	484	391	364	1,074	524	233	127	65	43	22	11	9	6,696
1,745	1,355	1,212	1,004	928	850	3,278	1,860	1,126	770	653	531	453	316	354	18,780
160	104	93	70	65	39	146	67	45	17	12	9	7	2	2	1,050
3,587	2,933	2,562	2,189	1,991	1,751	6,508	3,793	2,243	1,414	1,108	836	602	389	429	37,111
1,661	1,589	1,494	1,380	1,224	1,076	4,357	3,092	2,295	1,651	1,127	757	476	283	214	24,386
35	25	31	21	11	13	46	39	26	21	22	11	4	2	3	348
53	81	82	80	92	96	463	316	184	106	71	31	16	5	9	1,743
226	262	296	335	350	379	1,680	1,454	1,058	585	410	222	106	51	30	7,638
27	24	25	28	13	10	85	46	30	31	24	10	3	4	1	393
652	508	374	363	324	271	946	479	261	153	104	57	35	19	8	5,405
502	396	321	248	181	193	679	391	264	192	130	82	44	26	27	4,378
378	339	319	297	249	211	793	553	320	224	166	125	40	26	22	4,459
62	71	95	71	68	42	186	72	38	22	13	11	7	1	—	793
73	57	73	73	46	37	224	147	113	70	66	53	46	20	16	1,171
3,497	2,862	2,441	1,831	1,552	1,310	3,754	1,524	610	270	113	72	34	18	8	23,853
31	36	37	38	43	34	223	232	226	194	191	168	105	75	81	1,738
103	108	136	142	174	132	704	603	470	288	187	120	49	22	20	3,371
1,273	1,268	1,190	1,103	970	893	3,498	2,822	2,285	1,816	1,679	1,366	905	508	393	23,303
562	380	293	228	137	109	275	170	115	102	85	53	35	27	10	3,299
2,137	1,833	1,624	1,342	1,084	1,020	3,459	2,231	1,653	1,129	887	684	462	229	283	22,655
134	117	114	86	81	86	298	139	75	44	45	18	9	9	9	1,437
3,241	2,960	2,611	2,190	1,970	1,698	6,301	4,166	3,172	2,438	1,726	1,310	707	371	353	38,644
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
18,234	15,849	14,118	12,045	10,560	9,361	34,479	22,269	15,438	10,750	8,154	5,991	3,685	2,085	1,916	206,125

NJSP Table 14

**COMPARISON OF STATE ARRESTS  
1977 - 1978**

OFFENSES	1977	1978	PERCENT CHANGE
<b>Murder</b>	345	359	+ 4.1
<b>Manslaughter</b>	99	87	- 12.1
<b>Forcible Rape</b>	917	961	+ 4.8
<b>Robbery</b>	4,131	4,205	+ 1.8
<b>Atrocious Assault</b>	7,831	8,496	+ 8.5
<b>Breaking and Entering</b>	17,973	17,173	- 4.5
<b>Larceny-Theft</b>	36,173	38,122	+ 5.4
<b>Motor Vehicle Theft</b>	2,773	2,854	+ 2.9
<b>Subtotal for Above Offenses</b>	<b>70,242</b>	<b>72,257</b>	<b>+ 2.9</b>
<b>Other Assaults</b>	32,182	33,852	+ 5.2
<b>Arson</b>	869	913	+ 5.1
<b>Forgery and Counterfeiting</b>	1,811	1,903	+ 5.1
<b>Fraud</b>	8,187	7,971	- 2.6
<b>Embezzlement</b>	415	418	+ 0.7
<b>Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.</b>	9,758	9,784	+ 0.3
<b>Malicious Mischief</b>	14,453	16,211	+ 12.2
<b>Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.</b>	6,316	6,109	- 3.3
<b>Prostitution and Commercialized Vice</b>	1,104	817	- 26.0
<b>Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)</b>	1,899	1,735	- 8.6
<b>Drug Abuse Violations</b>	33,631	35,286	+ 4.9
<b>Gambling</b>	1,586	1,771	+ 11.7
<b>Offenses Against Family and Children</b>	4,020	3,371	- 16.1
<b>Driving Under the Influence</b>	22,217	23,832	+ 7.3
<b>Liquor Laws</b>	6,608	8,152	+ 23.4
<b>Drunkenness</b>	4,651*	—	—
<b>Disorderly Conduct</b>	34,362	38,803	+ 12.9
<b>Failure to Give Good Account</b>	2,301	2,206	- 4.1
<b>All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)</b>	59,310	58,562	- 1.3
<b>Curfew and Loitering Law Violations</b>	2,929	3,320	+ 13.3
<b>Runaways</b>	8,083	7,801	- 3.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>326,934</b>	<b>335,074</b>	<b>+ 2.5</b>

\*No longer reportable in New Jersey. Offense was decriminalized by the Alcoholism Treatment and Rehabilitation Act (ATRA).

NJSP Table 15

## ARREST TRENDS BY AGE GROUP 1977-1978

OFFENSES	UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE			18 YEARS OF AGE & OVER		
	1977	1978	PERCENT CHANGE	1977	1978	PERCENT CHANGE
Murder	27	39	+ 44.4	318	320	+ 0.6
Manslaughter	17	8	- 52.9	82	79	- 3.7
Forcible Rape	164	152	- 7.3	753	809	+ 7.4
Robbery	1,416	1,609	+ 13.6	2,715	2,596	- 4.4
Atrocious Assault	1,597	1,715	+ 7.4	6,234	6,781	+ 8.8
Breaking and Entering	11,037	10,477	- 5.1	6,936	6,696	- 3.5
Larceny-Theft	18,388	19,342	+ 5.2	17,785	18,780	+ 5.6
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,696	1,804	+ 6.4	1,077	1,050	- 2.5
Subtotal for Above Offenses	34,342	35,146	+ 2.3	35,900	37,111	+ 3.4
Other Assaults	8,505	9,466	+ 11.3	23,677	24,386	+ 3.0
Arson	529	565	+ 6.8	340	348	+ 2.4
Forgery and Counterfeiting	131	160	+ 22.1	1,680	1,743	+ 3.8
Fraud	304	333	+ 9.5	7,883	7,638	- 3.1
Embezzlement	30	25	- 16.7	385	393	+ 2.1
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	4,145	4,379	+ 5.6	5,613	5,405	- 3.7
Malicious Mischief	10,602	11,833	+ 11.6	3,851	4,378	+ 13.7
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	1,502	1,650	+ 9.9	4,814	4,459	- 7.4
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	46	24	- 47.8	1,058	793	- 25.0
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	578	564	- 2.4	1,321	1,171	- 11.4
Drug Abuse Violations	9,994	11,433	+ 14.4	23,637	23,853	+ 0.9
Gambling	51	33	- 35.3	1,535	1,738	+ 13.2
Offenses Against Family and Children	873	—	—	3,147	3,371	+ 7.1
Driving Under the Influence	430	529	+ 23.0	21,787	23,303	+ 7.0
Liquor Laws	4,229	4,853	+ 14.8	2,379	3,299	+ 38.7
Drunkenness	1,138	*	—	3,513	*	—
Disorderly Conduct	13,576	16,148	+ 18.9	20,786	22,655	+ 9.0
Failure to Give Good Account	737	769	+ 4.3	1,564	1,437	- 8.1
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	19,668	19,918	+ 1.3	39,642	38,644	- 2.5
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	2,929	3,320	+ 13.4	—	—	—
Runaways	8,083	7,801	+ 3.5	—	—	—
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>122,422</b>	<b>128,949</b>	<b>+ 5.3</b>	<b>204,512</b>	<b>206,125</b>	<b>+ 0.8</b>

\*Decriminalized in New Jersey

NJSP Table 16

## TOTAL ARREST TRENDS BY SEX, 1977-1978

OFFENSES	MALES				
	UNDER 18		TOTAL		TOTAL MALE PERCENT CHANGE
	1977	1978	1977	1978	
Murder	25	32	300	300	—
Manslaughter	14	7	80	80	—
Forcible Rape	161	151	909	957	+ 5.3
Robbery	1,340	1,554	3,897	3,993	+ 2.5
Atrocious Assault	1,356	1,467	6,828	7,430	+ 8.8
Breaking and Entering	10,530	9,922	17,096	16,274	- 4.8
Larceny-Theft	13,781	14,322	25,458	26,299	+ 3.3
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,586	1,673	2,608	2,674	+ 2.5
Subtotal for Above Offenses	28,793	29,128	57,176	58,007	+ 1.5
Other Assaults	6,638	7,614	26,978	28,457	+ 5.5
Arson	499	496	804	797	- 0.9
Forgery and Counterfeiting	96	123	1,450	1,522	+ 5.0
Fraud	219	234	4,865	4,727	- 2.8
Embezzlement	26	18	310	309	- 0.3
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	3,829	4,052	8,874	8,886	+ 0.1
Malicious Mischief	9,806	11,000	13,196	14,925	+ 13.1
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	1,398	1,559	5,885	5,761	- 2.1
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	19	7	440	284	- 35.5
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	465	483	1,741	1,588	- 8.8
Drug Abuse Violations	8,098	9,383	28,923	30,451	+ 5.3
Gambling	51	32	1,436	1,573	+ 9.5
Offenses Against Family and Children	468	—	3,208	3,033	- 5.5
Driving Under the Influence	390	483	20,387	21,899	+ 7.4
Liquor Laws	3,268	3,703	5,431	6,698	+ 23.3
Drunkenness	921	*	4,111	*	—
Disorderly Conduct	11,274	13,318	29,233	32,725	+ 11.9
Failure to Give Good Account	619	632	2,059	1,919	- 6.8
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	15,739	15,698	49,719	48,700	- 2.0
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	2,316	2,564	2,316	2,564	+ 10.7
Runaways	3,596	3,325	3,596	3,325	- 7.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>98,528</b>	<b>103,852</b>	<b>272,138</b>	<b>278,150</b>	<b>+ 2.2</b>

\*Decriminalized in New Jersey

NJSP Table 17

## TOTAL ARREST TRENDS BY SEX 1977-1978

OFFENSES	FEMALES				
	UNDER 18		TOTAL		TOTAL FEMALE PERCENT CHANGE
	1977	1978	1977	1978	
Murder	2	7	45	59	+ 31.1
Manslaughter	3	1	19	7	- 63.2
Forcible Rape	3	1	8	4	- 50.0
Robbery	76	55	234	212	- 9.4
Atrocious Assault	241	248	1,003	1,066	+ 6.3
Breaking and Entering	507	555	877	899	+ 2.5
Larceny-Theft	4,607	5,020	10,715	11,823	+ 10.3
Motor Vehicle Theft	110	131	165	180	+ 9.1
Subtotal for Above Offenses	5,549	6,018	13,066	14,250	+ 9.1
Other Assaults	1,867	1,852	5,204	5,395	+ 3.7
Arson	30	69	65	116	+ 78.5
Forgery and Counterfeiting	35	37	361	381	+ 5.5
Fraud	85	99	3,322	3,244	- 2.3
Embezzlement	4	7	105	109	+ 3.8
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	316	327	884	898	+ 1.6
Malicious Mischief	796	833	1,257	1,286	+ 2.3
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	104	91	431	348	- 19.3
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	27	17	664	533	- 19.7
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	113	81	158	147	- 7.0
Drug Abuse Violations	1,896	2,050	4,708	4,835	+ 2.7
Gambling	—	1	150	198	+ 32.0
Offenses Against Family and Children	405	—	812	338	- 58.4
Driving Under the Influence	40	46	1,830	1,933	+ 5.6
Liquor Laws	961	1,150	1,177	1,454	+ 23.5
Drunkenness	217	*	540	*	—
Disorderly Conduct	2,302	2,830	5,129	6,078	+ 18.5
Failure to Give Good Account	118	137	242	287	+ 18.6
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	3,929	4,220	9,591	9,862	+ 2.8
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	613	756	613	756	+ 23.3
Runaways	4,487	4,476	4,487	4,476	- 0.2
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>23,894</b>	<b>25,097</b>	<b>54,796</b>	<b>56,924</b>	<b>+ 3.9</b>

\*Decriminalized in New Jersey

NJSP Table 18

## **OTHER ASSAULTS (Not Atrocious)**

Other Assaults, as defined under the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting System, are assaults or attempted assaults which are not of an atrocious nature and do not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 33,852 Simple Assault arrests during the year, representing an increase of more than 5 percent when compared to 1977.
- Juvenile arrests increased more than 11 percent and accounted for 28 percent of the Simple Assault arrests.
- Adult assault arrests increased 3 percent and represented 72 percent of the total arrests for assault.
- Males accounted for 84 percent, and females 16 percent of the persons arrested for assault.
- 70 percent of the persons arrested were White, 29 percent were Negro, and the remaining one percent were of other races.

## **ARSON**

Under this Program, Arson is defined as the willful or malicious burning, or attempts to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building or any building, ship or vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft, contents of building, personal property of another, etc.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 913 arrests were reported for Arson offenses, a 5 percent increase over 1977.
- Juveniles accounted for 62 percent and adults 38 percent of persons arrested for Arson.
- Males were arrested in 87 percent of the cases, and females in 13 percent.
- 75 percent of the persons arrested were White, 24 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING**

The definition of Forgery and Counterfeiting, is the making, altering, uttering, or possessing or attempts to make, alter, utter or possess with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 1,903 arrests reported by the law enforcement agencies of the state for Forgery or Counterfeiting during the year. This represents an increase of 5 percent.
- Adults accounted for 92 percent and juveniles 8 percent of the arrests.
- Males were arrested in 80 percent of the cases, and females 20 percent.
- 62 percent of the persons arrested were White, 36 percent were Negro, and 2 percent were of other races.

## **FRAUD**

In Uniform Crime Reporting, Fraud is the fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks, confidence games, etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 7,971 arrests were reported during the year for Fraud, indicating an almost 3 percent trend decline over 1977.

- Adult arrests represented 96 percent and juveniles 4 percent of the persons arrested.
- Males were arrested in 59 percent of the cases, and females 41 percent.
- 66 percent of the persons arrested were White, 33 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **EMBEZZLEMENT**

The definition of Embezzlement is the misappropriation or misapplication of money or property in trust to one's care, custody or control.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 418 persons arrested for embezzlement; a one percent increase over 1977.
- 94 percent of the arrests were that of adults, and 6 percent were juveniles.
- Males were arrested in 74 percent of the cases, and females 26 percent.
- 75 percent of the persons arrested were White, and 25 percent were Negro.

## **STOLEN PROPERTY— BUYING, RECEIVING, POSSESSING**

Included in this class are all offenses of buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- In 1978 there were 9,784 arrests made for stolen property - an increase of less than one percent over 1977.
- Of the total, 55 percent were adults, and 45 percent were juveniles.
- 91 percent were males, and 9 percent were females.
- 58 percent were White, 41 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **MALICIOUS MISCHIEF**

Malicious Mischief, as defined under the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting System, is the willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of property without consent of the owner or persons having custody or control.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 16,211 arrests were made for Malicious Mischief, compared to 14,453 in 1977, an increase of more than 12 percent.
- Juveniles accounted for 73 percent, and adults 27 percent of persons arrested for Malicious Mischief.
- Males were arrested in 92 percent of the cases, and females 8 percent.
- 83 percent of the persons arrested were White, 16 percent were Negro, and the remaining one percent were of other races.

## **WEAPONS; CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.**

Under this program, this offense includes all the violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers and attempts.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- In 1978, 6,109 arrests were reported for Weapons Offenses, a more than 3 percent decrease compared to 1977.

- Of the total, 73 percent were adults, and 27 percent were juveniles.
- Males were arrested in 94 percent of the cases, and females 6 percent.
- 64 percent of the persons were White, 35 percent Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE**

The definition of Prostitution and Commercialized Vice are sex offenses of a commercialized nature and attempts, such as prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring or transporting women for immoral purposes.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 817 arrests were recorded during the year—for Prostitution and Commercialized Vice—a 26 percent trend decline from the 1,104 arrests reported in 1977.
- 97 percent of the arrests were adults, while juveniles were arrested in 3 percent of the cases.
- Females were arrested in 65 percent of the cases, and males 35 percent.
- Negroes were arrested in 62 percent of the cases, Whites in 37 percent, and other races one percent.

## **SEX OFFENSES**

Sex Offenses, as defined under the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting Program, does not include forcible rape, prostitution and commercialized vice. Included in this class are statutory rape, offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like; attempts are also included.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 1,735 sex offense arrests during the year, representing a decrease of almost 9 percent when compared to 1977.
- Adults accounted for 67 percent and juveniles 33 percent of the arrests.
- Males were arrested in 92 percent of the cases, and females 8 percent.
- 72 percent of the persons arrested were White, 27 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS**

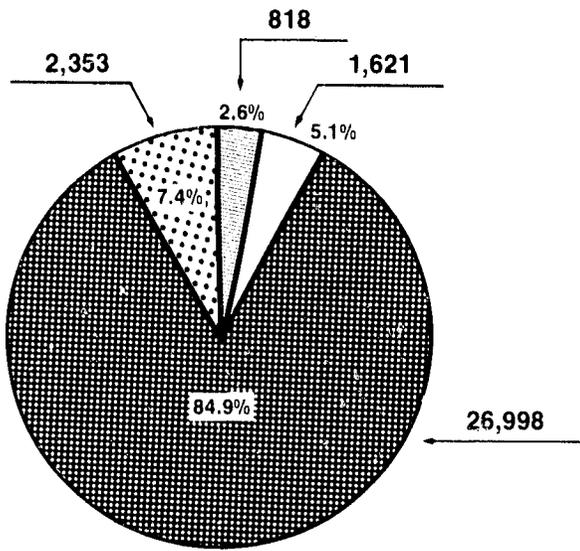
Under this program, Drug Abuse Violations are defined as the unlawful Sale/Manufacturing, Possession/Use of the below listed narcotics and drugs:

- a. Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives (Morphine, Heroin, Codeine)
- b. Marijuana, Hashish, etc.
- c. Synthetic Narcotics—Manufactured Narcotics which can cause true drug addiction—(Demerol, Methadones)
- d. Other—Dangerous Non-narcotic Drugs (Barbiturates, Amphetamines, Hallucinogens)

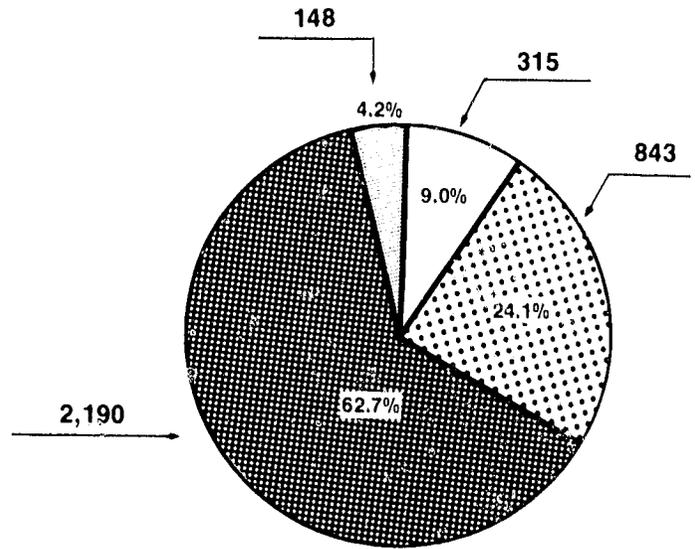
### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 35,286 arrests were reported by the law enforcement agencies of the state for Drug Abuse Violations, a 5 percent increase over 1977.
- Adults accounted for 68 percent of the arrests, and juveniles 32 percent.
- Persons under 21 years of age accounted for 62 percent of the drug abuse arrests.
- Males registered 86 percent of the arrests, while females accounted for the remaining 14 percent.
- 79 percent of the persons arrested were White, 20 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.
- Arrests for Possession/Use of drugs accounted for 90 percent of the arrests, and the remaining 10 percent were for the Sale/Manufacturing of drugs.
- Marijuana arrests represented 85 percent of the Possession/Use arrests, and 63 percent of the Sale/Manufacture arrests. Overall, they accounted for 83 percent of the total Drug Abuse Violation arrests.

## ANALYSIS OF DRUG ABUSE VIOLATION ARRESTS 1978

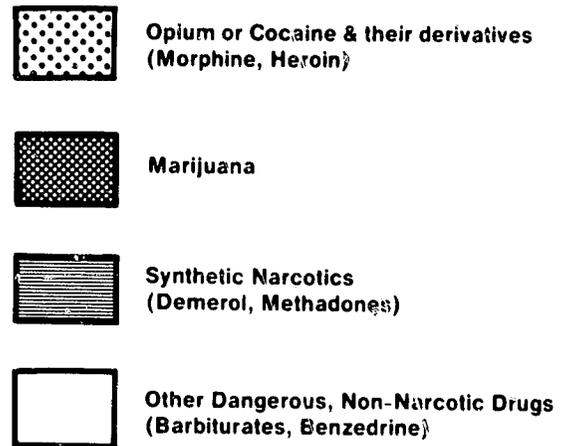
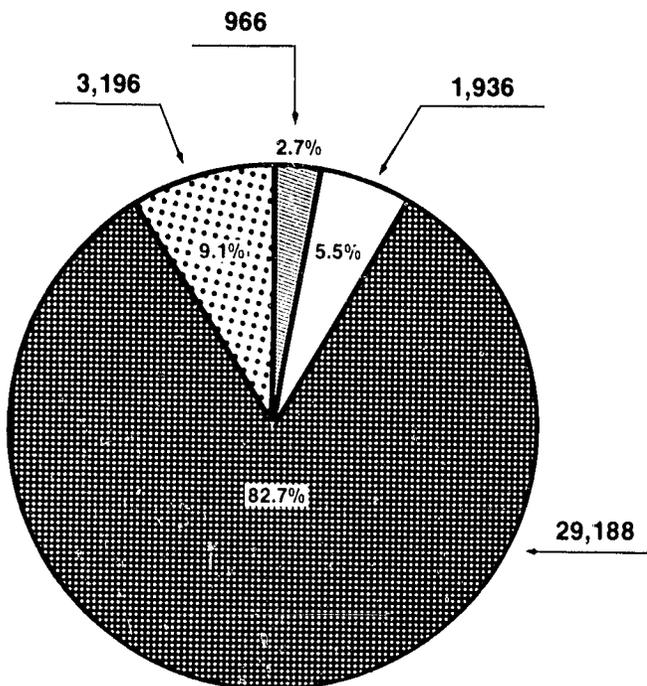


POSSESSION/USE ARRESTS



SALE/MANUFACTURE ARRESTS

## TOTAL ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS 1978



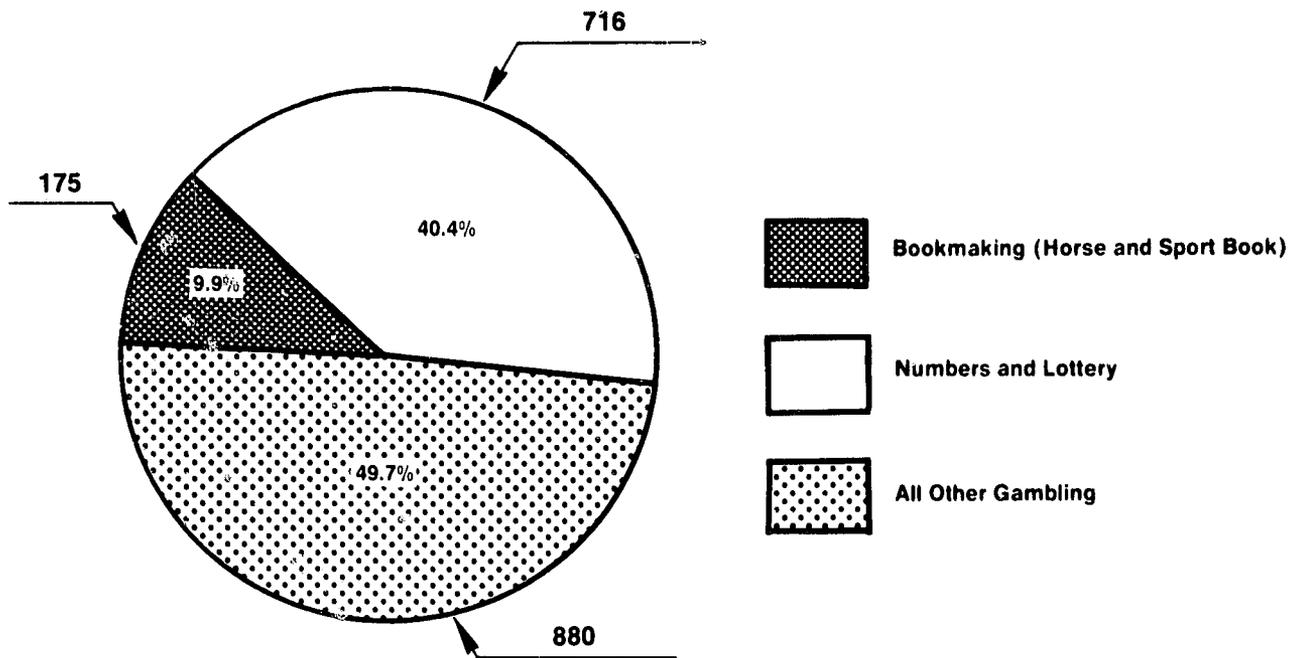
# GAMBLING

Gambling violations are defined as the promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.

## 1978 Arrest Summary

- There were 1,771 gambling arrests reported during 1978, resulting in a 12 percent trend increase.
- 98 percent of the arrests were that of adults, and 2 percent were juveniles.
- Males were arrested in 89 percent of the cases, and females 11 percent.
- 56 percent of the persons arrested for gambling were White, 43 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## ANALYSIS OF GAMBLING ARRESTS 1978



## **OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY AND CHILDREN**

The definition of Offenses Against Family and Children, is the non-support, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 3,371 arrests were made for Offenses Against Family and Children during 1978, representing a trend decline of 16 percent from the previous year.
- All arrests for this offense were that of adults.
- Males were arrested in 90 percent of the cases, and females the remaining 10 percent.
- 60 percent of the persons arrested were White, 39 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE**

Under the New Jersey Uniform Crime Reporting Program, the offense of Driving Under the Influence is defined as the driving or operating of any motor vehicle while drunk or under the influence of narcotics.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 23,832 arrests reported for Driving Under the Influence during 1978, a trend increase of over 7 percent.
- 98 percent of the arrests were that of adults, and only 2 percent were of juveniles.
- Arrests of persons under the age of 21 increased 21 percent as compared to the previous year.
- Males registered 92 percent of the arrests while females accounted for the remaining 8 percent.
- 86 percent of the persons arrested were White, 12 percent were Negro, and 2 percent were of other races.

## **LIQUOR LAWS**

Included in this class are state or local liquor law violations, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence." Federal violations are excluded.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 8,152 arrests were recorded for Liquor Law Violations. A trend increase of 23 percent over the 6,608 arrests recorded in 1977.
- Juveniles were responsible for 60 percent of the arrests, while the remaining 40 percent were attributed to adults.
- Males were arrested in 82 percent of the Liquor Law Violations cases, and females were involved in the other 18 percent.
- 93 percent of the persons arrested were White, 6 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **DRUNKENNESS**

Drunkenness is no longer reportable within the Uniform Crime Reporting System. New Jersey enacted and passed legislation in 1975 to decriminalize public drunkenness, and on February 9, 1976 Governor Brendan Byrne signed Bill A-613 decriminalizing public drunkenness in the state of New Jersey. The new law became fully implemented on May 9, 1977 and is referred to as the Alcoholism Treatment and Rehabilitation Act (ATRA).

## **DISORDERLY CONDUCT**

In this class are placed all charges of committing a breach of the peace—(Disorderly Persons).

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 38,803 disorderly person arrests made in 1978 compared to 34,362 in 1977; An increase of 13 percent.
- 58 percent of the arrests were adults, while juveniles were arrested in 42 percent of the cases.
- Males were arrested in 84 percent of the cases, and females 16 percent.
- White persons were arrested in 77 percent of the arrests, Negroes 22 percent, and other races accounted for the additional one percent.

## **FAILURE TO GIVE GOOD ACCOUNT**

In this class are placed all charges of vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

### **1978 Arrests Summary**

- The number of arrests declined 4 percent to 2,206 persons arrested during the year.
- Adults were arrested in 65 percent of cases, and juveniles the remaining 35 percent.
- Males were arrested in 87 percent of the cases, and females 13 percent.
- 69 percent of the persons arrested were White, 30 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **ALL OTHER OFFENSES**

Included in this class are all violations of state and local laws, except those offenses that can be categorized into one of the specific crime classifications previously mentioned.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 58,562 arrests were reported for all other offenses during 1978, resulting in a more than one percent decrease.
- Adults were identified in 66 percent of the cases, and juveniles 34 percent.
- Males registered 83 percent of the arrests, while females accounted for the remaining 17 percent.
- 74 percent of the persons arrested were White, 25 percent were Negro, and one percent were of other races.

## **CURFEW AND LOITERING LAW VIOLATIONS**

In this class are placed all offenses relating to juveniles of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- There were 3,320 arrests reported for Curfew and Loitering Law Violations during the year. This represents a 13 percent increase over 1977.
- Males were arrested in 77 percent of the cases, and females 23 percent.
- 92 percent of the persons arrested were White, and 8 percent were Negro.

## **RUNAWAYS**

For UCR purposes, this category is limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statutes as runaways.

### **1978 Arrest Summary**

- 7,801 arrests for this offense were reported during the year resulting in a more than 3 percent trend decline.
- Females were arrested in 57 percent of the cases, and males 43 percent.
- 79 percent of the persons arrested were White, 20 percent were Negro, and the remaining one percent were of other races.

**CRIME STATISTICS  
BY  
COUNTY  
1978**

# COUNTY CRIME DATA

## ATLANTIC COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME

- A total of 13,565 Crime Index offenses were reported to the police of Atlantic County during calendar year 1978, representing an 11 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime increased more than 24 percent, and nonviolent crime increased 10 percent.
- Larceny comprised 52 percent, and breaking and entering 32 percent of the total Crime Index. These combined offenses accounted for 84 percent of the county's serious crime.
- The majority of breaking and entering occurred during the nighttime hours, with nonresidential dwellings being the primary target.
- Larceny from buildings accounted for 24 percent, and larceny of bicycles 16 percent of the total larceny category.
- Total value of property stolen as a result of all Index crimes amounted to \$8.5 million.
- August recorded the highest frequency of Index crimes, while February recorded the lowest.

### ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- There were 13,467 persons arrested during the year, an increase of 6 percent as compared to 1977.
- Adult arrests increased more than 6 percent, and juvenile arrests increased almost 5 percent.
- 20.7 percent of all Index crimes were solved during the year.

## BERGEN COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME

- 35,084 Index offenses were reported during 1978 revealing a 3 percent decline over 1977.
- Violent Crime decreased more than 1 percent, and nonviolent crime decreased 3 percent.
- Breaking and entering and larceny accounted for 86 percent of the county's serious crime.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred during the hours of darkness, in nonresidential buildings.
- Larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories and larcenies from buildings collectively amounted to 43 percent of the total larceny-theft problem.
- Total value of property stolen as a result of Crime Index offenses resulted in a dollar loss of \$25.6 million.
- Index crime frequency was at its highest during the summer month of August, and lowest during the winter month of February.

### ARRESTS/CLEARANCES

- During the year arrests rose less than 1 percent to 26,771.
- Both adult and juvenile arrests increased less than 1 percent.
- 13 percent of all Crime Index offenses were solved during the year.

## BURLINGTON COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME

- Law enforcement agencies of the county reported 13,222 Crime Index offenses during the year, resulting in a trend increase of almost 5 percent.

- Violent crime increased 25 percent and nonviolent crime almost 4 percent.
- Collectively breaking and entering and larceny accounted for 87 percent of the county's Crime Index.
- The majority of breaking and entering occurred to residential dwellings during the daylight hours.
- 45 percent of the larcenies were those of bicycles, and motor vehicle parts and accessories.
- Property stolen as a result of Index crimes amounted to \$7.1 million.
- August recorded the highest, and February the lowest incidence of Index crimes.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 14,852 arrests were recorded during the year indicating a trend decrease of more than 2 percent as compared to 1977.
- Adult arrests declined more than 5 percent, while juvenile arrests rose 4 percent.
- Case clearances were reported in 20.2 percent of the Index offenses.

### **CAMDEN COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- Law enforcement agencies reported 28,445 Index offenses in 1978, a 3 percent increase over the previous year.
- Violent crime increased 11 percent, and nonviolent crime almost 3 percent.
- Breaking and entering and larceny together amounted to 79 percent of the county's serious crime total.
- The majority of the breaking and enterings occurred during the nighttime, with private residences the primary target.
- 39 percent of the total larcenies were that of motor vehicle parts and accessories and from motor vehicles.
- Property valued at \$15.3 million was stolen during the year.
- October recorded the highest monthly number of Index crimes, while February registered the lowest.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- Police arrested 21,604 persons during the year, reporting an increase of almost 4 percent.
- Individually, adult arrests decreased 2 percent, and juvenile arrests increased more than 15 percent.
- 14.9 percent of the Index crimes were solved during the year.

### **CAPE MAY COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- During the year 5,518 Crime Index offenses were reported to the police of the county resulting in a 13 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime increased 29 percent and nonviolent crime advanced 12 percent.
- Breaking and entering, and larceny accounted for more than 91 percent of the county's serious crime.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred during the nighttime hours, with commercial establishments the chief target.
- Thefts of bicycles accounted for 30 percent of the total larceny category.
- Property stolen during the year amounted to \$2.0 million.

- Numerically, August recorded the highest frequency of Index crimes, while February recorded the lowest.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 8,973 persons were arrested during the year, an increase of over 13 percent when compared to the previous year.
- Adult arrests increased 11 percent, and juvenile arrests increased almost 19 percent.
- Police of the county solved 19.3 percent of the Index offenses reported to them.

## **CUMBERLAND COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- 7,421 Index offenses were reported during 1978, resulting in a 3 percent increase over the previous year.
- Violent crime increased 23 percent and nonviolent crime 2 percent.
- Volumewise, breaking and entering, and larceny accounted for 88 percent of the county's Crime Index offenses.
- Breaking and enterings occurred during the hours of darkness, with places of residence being the primary target.
- Thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and bicycles, were responsible for 44 percent of all larcenies in the county.
- Property stolen during the year amounted to \$2.6 million.
- The month of August recorded the highest frequency of Index offenses, and February reported the lowest volume.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- During the calendar year, police in Cumberland County arrested 8,131 persons, recording a decrease of almost 8 percent when a comparison is made to 1977.
- Arrests of persons 18 years of age and older decreased 12 percent, and arrests of persons under the age of 18 increased 1 percent over the previous year.
- 24.6 percent of all Crime Index offenses reported during the year were solved.

## **ESSEX COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- Police of this highly urbanized county reported a total of 59,551 Index offenses during the year, an increase of almost 3 percent over 1977.
- Violent crime increased 10 percent, and nonviolent crime 2 percent.
- Collectively, larceny, and breaking and entering, represented a substantial portion of Essex County's Index crimes; over 68 percent.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred to residential dwellings during the hours of darkness.
- Most larcenies, 22 percent, were those of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and 21 percent were from buildings.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of all Index crimes amounted to \$33.3 million.
- Index crime frequency was at its apex during the month of December, and lowest during the month of February.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- Arrests by law enforcement agencies of Essex County decreased almost 3 percent, to 40,201 persons during 1978.

- Adult arrests decreased more than 4 percent, and juvenile arrests increased less than 1 percent over the previous year.
- 17.5 percent of the Index offenses were solved during the year.

## **GLOUCESTER COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- There were a total of 9,706 Index offenses in 1978, representing a 5 percent decrease over the previous year.
- Violent crime decreased 1 percent, and nonviolent crime decreased 5 percent.
- Breaking and entering, and larceny contributed 89 percent to the county's Crime Index.
- The majority of breaking and enterings were perpetrated against residential dwellings during the nighttime hours.
- Larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories accounted for 24 percent of the larceny problem.
- Dollar loss as a result of Index crimes amounted to \$5.0 million.
- December recorded the highest monthly number of Index crimes, while February registered the lowest number.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 8,858 persons were arrested during the year, an increase of more than 1 percent when compared to 1977.
- Adult arrests decreased 1 percent, while juvenile arrests decreased 3 percent.
- Crimes were solved at a 17.7 percent rate.

## **HUDSON COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- During the year a total of 31,451 Crime Index offenses were reported, representing an 8 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime decreased 1 percent, and nonviolent property type crime increased 9 percent.
- Together, breaking and entering, and larceny represented more than 69 percent of the county's Index crimes.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred during daylight hours, with residential dwellings the main target.
- Thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larcenies from motor vehicles accounted for 53 percent of the total larceny category.
- \$24.9 million of property was stolen during the year.
- December recorded the highest frequency of Index crimes, while February recorded the lowest number of offenses.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 20,771 persons were arrested during 1978, an increase of 3 percent when compared to the previous year.
- Adult arrests increased more than 2 percent, and juvenile arrests 4 percent.
- 12.5 percent of all Index offenses were solved during the year.

## **HUNTERDON COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- A total of 1,635 Index offenses were reported during the year, an increase of less than 1 percent as compared to 1977.
- Violent crime decreased 4 percent, and nonviolent crime increased less than 1 percent.
- Collectively, breaking and entering, and larceny were responsible for 90 percent of the county's Crime Index offenses.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred during the nighttime hours, with nonresidential dwellings the favorite target.
- Larcenies categorized as "all other" and thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories were responsible for 56 percent of the entire larceny category.
- \$1.3 million of property was stolen during the year in the commission of Index crimes.
- December recorded the highest frequency of Index offenses, and February the lowest volume.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- During the year, police of Hunterdon County arrested 2,049 persons, representing a decrease of over 11 percent when compared to the previous year.
- Arrests of persons 18 years of age and older decreased 17 percent, and arrests of persons under the age of 18 increased more than 2 percent.
- 20.9 percent of all Index crimes were solved during 1978.

## **MERCER COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- There were 20,204 Crime Index offenses reported during the year. This represents a 4 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime increased 8 percent, and nonviolent crime 4 percent.
- Altogether, larceny, and breaking and entering, represented 83 percent of the county's Index offenses.
- The majority of the breaking and enterings occurred to nonresidential dwellings during the hours of darkness.
- Over 41 percent of the larcenies were those of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larcenies from buildings.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of Index offenses amounted to \$8.1 million.
- Index crime frequency was largest during the month of October, and at its lowest during the winter month of February.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- Arrests increased 10 percent to 17,272 persons in 1978.
- Adult arrests increased 10 percent, and juvenile arrests almost 11 percent.
- The solution rate for Index crimes was 19.6 percent.

## **MIDDLESEX COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- 27,964 Index offenses were reported to county law enforcement agencies, representing a 4 percent decrease during 1978.

- Violent crime increased 14 percent, and nonviolent property-type crime decreased 5 percent.
- Breaking and entering, and larceny, accounted for 85 percent of the county's Index offenses.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred in residential-type dwellings during the daylight hours.
- Larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and thefts from buildings recorded 44 percent of the total larceny count.
- \$14.9 million of property was stolen during the year.
- August recorded the highest monthly number of Index crimes, while February registered the lowest number.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- Police arrested 24,188 persons during the year, representing a 2 percent increase over 1977.
- Adult arrests increased 1 percent, and juvenile arrests 3 percent.
- Index crimes were solved at a rate of 15.9 percent.

## **MONMOUTH COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- During the year, 24,881 Crime Index offenses were reported, representing less than a 1 percent increase over offenses reported in 1977.
- Violent crime increased 7 percent, and nonviolent crime one-tenth of one percent.
- Together breaking and entering, and larceny accounted for 89 percent of the county's serious crime.
- Nighttime nonresidence dwellings were the primary target of breaking and enterings.
- 39 percent of all larcenies were that of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larcenies from buildings.
- Total value of property stolen was \$11.9 million.
- The summer month of August reported the highest number of Index crimes, while the winter month of February recorded the lowest number.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 25,058 persons were arrested during 1978, indicating an increase of more than 9 percent as compared to the previous year.
- Adult arrests increased 6 percent, and juvenile arrests increased 13 percent.
- 19.4 percent of all Index offenses were solved during the year.

## **MORRIS COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- A total of 15,933 Index offenses were reported during 1978, disclosing a 1 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime decreased more than 1 percent, while nonviolent crime increased more than 1 percent.
- Collectively, larceny, and breaking and entering were responsible for over 91 percent of the county's Crime Index.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred in residential dwellings during the unknown time of day or night category.
- Larcenies of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and thefts classified as "all other" were responsible for 46 percent of the total larcenies.
- \$7.2 million of property was stolen during the year.

- August recorded the highest frequency of offense occurrence, and January reported the lowest.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- During the year police arrested 17,139 persons, representing a 7 percent trend increase when a comparison is made to 1977.
- Arrests of persons 18 years of age and over increased 5 percent, and arrests of juveniles increased 10 percent.
- Solution rate for all Crime Index offenses was reported at 16.2 percent.

## **OCEAN COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- There were 19,296 Index offenses reported during the year, indicating a trend increase of 9 percent.
- Violent crime decreased almost 2 percent, and nonviolent property-type crime increased 9 percent.
- Breaking and entering, and larceny represented over 91 percent of Ocean County's Index crimes.
- The majority of the breaking and enterings occurred to residential dwellings during an unknown time of day or night. A determination as to when entries occurred during a specific time frame, was rather difficult because the county contains many unoccupied vacation homes during much of the year.
- 42 percent of all larcenies were categorized as "all other", and shoplifting.
- A total of \$6.4 million of property was stolen during the year.
- Crime volume was highest during the summer month of August, and lowest during the winter month of February.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- There were 18,569 arrests during the year, representing an increase of 8 percent.
- Adult arrests increased almost 3 percent, and juvenile arrests 17 percent.
- Law enforcement agencies solved 19.9 percent of all Index crimes.

## **PASSAIC COUNTY 1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- 25,066 Index offenses were reported during the year, representing a trend decrease of almost 8 percent.
- Violent crime decreased 13 percent, and Nonviolent crime 7 percent.
- 78 percent of the county's serious crime total was attributed to breaking and entering, and larceny.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred to nonresidential dwellings, during the hours of darkness.
- Larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larceny categorized as "all other", accounted for 49 percent of all larcenies.
- \$11.4 million of property was stolen during the commission of Index crimes.
- August recorded the highest number of Index crimes, while February registered the lowest number.

## **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 21,772 persons were arrested in the county during the year, representing an increase of less than 1 percent.
- Adult arrests increased almost 3 percent, and juveniles decreased almost 2 percent.
- 20.5 percent of all Index crimes were solved during the year.

## **SALEM COUNTY** **1978 Summary Analysis**

### **VOLUME**

- During the year, 2,144 Crime Index offenses were reported to the police of the county, and this represents a 1 percent increase over 1977.
- Violent crime decreased almost 12 percent, while nonviolent crime increased 2 percent.
- Together, breaking and entering, and larceny reported 90 percent of the county's serious crime.
- The majority of breaking and enterings occurred during the nighttime hours, with residential-type dwellings the most common target.
- Larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larceny termed "all other", accounted for 46 percent of the total larceny category.
- A total of \$1.1 million of property was stolen during the year.
- August recorded the highest frequency of Index crimes, while April recorded the lowest number of offenses.

## **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- During 1978, 3,527 persons were arrested, a decrease of more than 7 percent as contrasted to 1977.
- Adult arrests decreased 11 percent, and juvenile arrests almost 5 percent.
- Solution rate for all Index offenses was reported at 17 percent.

## **SOMERSET COUNTY** **1978 Summary Analysis**

### **VOLUME**

- There were 7,620 Crime Index offenses reported during 1978, a trend decrease of more than 1 percent.
- Violent crime increased almost 4 percent, while nonviolent crime decreased more than 1 percent.
- Collectively, larceny, and breaking and entering, were responsible for 89 percent of the county's Crime Index total.
- Most breaking and enterings occurred during daylight hours, with residential-type dwellings the most popular target.
- 41 percent of the larcenies were classified as thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larcenies "from building".
- Total value of property stolen amounted to \$3.4 million.
- August recorded the highest frequency of Index offenses, and February the lowest volume.

## **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- Police arrested 7,429 persons for criminal offenses, a more than 5 percent decrease as compared to 1977.
- Adult arrests decreased 11 percent, and juvenile arrests increased 4 percent.
- 16.7 percent of all Index offenses were cleared during the year.

## **SUSSEX COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- 4,377 Index offenses were reported to law enforcement agencies of the county, disclosing a 14 percent trend increase.
- Violent crime decreased 11 percent, while nonviolent increased 15 percent.
- Larceny, and breaking and entering represented 92 percent of the county's Index crimes.
- Breaking and entering targets were identified as residential dwellings, but time of occurrence could not be determined because of the many vacation homes located in the county that remain unoccupied during much of the year.
- 55 percent of the larcenies were categorized as motor vehicle parts and accessories, and thefts categorized as "all other". Included in the "all other" larceny category were thefts of skis from a major resort area located in the county.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of Index offenses amounted to \$1.5 million.
- Index crime frequency was largest during the month of August, and at its lowest during the month of November.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 4,103 arrests were made in the county during 1978, representing an 11 percent increase.
- Adult arrests increased almost 8 percent, and juvenile arrests 18 percent.
- Solution rate was tabulated at 20.4 percent of all Index offenses.

## **UNION COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- There were 25,771 Crime Index offenses reported to the law enforcement agencies of the county, representing an increase of over 2 percent when compared to 1977.
- Violent crime increased 34 percent, while nonviolent crime decreased two-tenths of one percent.
- Collectively, breaking and entering, and larceny, accounted for 79 percent of the county's serious crime total.
- Breaking and enterings were found to be occurring to nonresidential-type dwellings during the hours of darkness.
- Larceny of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and larcenies categorized as "all other" were responsible for over 41 percent of the larceny problem.
- Total value of property stolen amounted to \$13.7 million during the year.
- July recorded the highest number of Index crimes, while February registered the lowest number.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- 20,706 persons were arrested during the year for all criminal offenses, when compared to 21,164 arrests reported in 1977, a more than 2 percent decrease evolves.
- Adult arrests decreased 4 percent, and juvenile arrests increased fractionally.
- 16.9 percent of all Index crimes were solved during the year.

## **WARREN COUNTY**

### **1978 Summary Analysis**

#### **VOLUME**

- During the year, 2,686 Crime Index offenses were reported, representing an increase of over 3 percent.

- Violent crime decreased almost 6 percent, while nonviolent crime increased 4 percent.
- 91 percent of all Index offenses were attributed to breaking and entering, and larceny.
- The majority of breaking and enterings occurred during nighttime hours, with nonresidential-type dwellings the main target.
- Thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories and thefts categorized as "all other", accounted for over 4 percent of the total larceny grouping.
- Total value of property stolen during the commission of Index offenses amounted to \$0.9 million.
- October reported the highest frequency of Index crimes, while the winter month of February reported the largest number of offenses.

#### **ARRESTS/CLEARANCES**

- There were 4,048 persons arrested during the year, resulting in an 11 percent trend increase as contrasted to 1977.
- Adult arrests increased over 6 percent, and juvenile arrests increased 23 percent.
- 25.1 percent of all Index crimes were solved by the law enforcement agencies of the county.

## INDEX OF CRIME BY COUNTY — 1977-1978

COUNTY	YEAR	TOTAL CRIME INDEX		
		NUMBER OF OFFENSES	CRIME RATE PER 100,000	PERCENT CLEARED
<b>ATLANTIC COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	12,218	6,465.9	20.9
	<b>1978</b>	<b>13,565</b>	<b>7,147.5</b>	<b>20.7</b>
		+ 11.0	+ 10.5	- 1.0
<b>BERGEN COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	36,129	4,135.0	13.3
	<b>1978</b>	<b>35,084</b>	<b>4,013.4</b>	<b>13.0</b>
		- 2.9	- 2.9	- 2.3
<b>BURLINGTON COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	12,636	3,561.0	20.8
	<b>1978</b>	<b>13,222</b>	<b>3,659.9</b>	<b>20.2</b>
		+ 4.6	+ 2.8	- 2.9
<b>CAMDEN COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	27,494	5,800.3	16.2
	<b>1978</b>	<b>28,445</b>	<b>6,005.7</b>	<b>14.9</b>
		+ 3.5	+ 3.5	- 8.0
<b>CAPE MAY COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	4,888	6,577.5	17.6
	<b>1978</b>	<b>5,518</b>	<b>7,251.6</b>	<b>19.3</b>
		+ 12.9	+ 10.2	+ 9.7
<b>CUMBERLAND COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	7,221	5,410.8	22.9
	<b>1978</b>	<b>7,421</b>	<b>5,672.5</b>	<b>24.6</b>
		+ 2.8	+ 4.8	+ 7.4
<b>ESSEX COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	57,910	6,637.7	18.2
	<b>1978</b>	<b>59,551</b>	<b>7,000.3</b>	<b>17.5</b>
		+ 2.8	+ 5.5	- 3.8
<b>GLOUCESTER COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	10,208	5,302.3	17.8
	<b>1978</b>	<b>9,706</b>	<b>4,953.9</b>	<b>17.7</b>
		- 4.9	- 6.6	- 0.6
<b>HUDSON COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	29,164	5,092.0	12.3
	<b>1978</b>	<b>31,451</b>	<b>5,575.7</b>	<b>12.5</b>
		+ 7.8	+ 9.5	+ 1.6
<b>HUNTERDON COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	1,626	2,042.7	25.2
	<b>1978</b>	<b>1,635</b>	<b>1,984.7</b>	<b>20.9</b>
		+ 0.6	- 2.8	- 17.1
<b>MERCER COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	19,412	6,106.0	18.0
	<b>1978</b>	<b>20,204</b>	<b>6,374.5</b>	<b>19.6</b>
		+ 4.1	+ 4.4	+ 8.9
<b>MIDDLESEX COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	29,098	4,910.2	16.7
	<b>1978</b>	<b>27,964</b>	<b>4,711.7</b>	<b>15.9</b>
		- 3.9	- 4.0	- 4.8

NJSP Table 19

## INDEX OF CRIME BY COUNTY — 1977-1978

INDEX OFFENSES						
MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	ATROCIOUS ASSAULT	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
20	57	384	388	4,033	6,349	987
<b>17</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>4,292</b>	<b>7,072</b>	<b>1,144</b>
- 15.0	+ 29.8	+ 16.4	+ 33.8	+ 6.4	+ 11.4	+ 15.9
18	48	579	545	8,997	22,647	3,295
<b>17</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>8,596</b>	<b>21,652</b>	<b>3,661</b>
- 5.6	+ 20.8	- 14.7	+ 11.2	- 4.5	- 4.4	+ 11.1
10	77	172	324	3,792	7,336	925
<b>10</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>4,135</b>	<b>7,371</b>	<b>985</b>
—	+ 7.8	+ 40.1	+ 22.5	+ 9.0	+ 0.5	+ 6.5
32	117	1,249	1,137	8,322	13,763	2,874
<b>33</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>1,301</b>	<b>1,327</b>	<b>8,240</b>	<b>14,245</b>	<b>3,142</b>
+ 3.1	+ 34.2	+ 4.2	+ 16.7	- 1.0	+ 3.5	+ 9.3
5	19	44	100	1,507	2,977	236
<b>7</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>1,612</b>	<b>3,428</b>	<b>261</b>
+ 40.0	+ 110.5	+ 25.0	+ 15.0	+ 7.0	+ 15.1	+ 10.6
6	30	90	209	2,139	4,305	442
<b>5</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>2,337</b>	<b>4,198</b>	<b>473</b>
*	+ 30.0	+ 58.9	+ 8.1	+ 9.3	- 2.5	+ 7.0
117	432	4,323	3,590	16,345	24,993	8,110
<b>134</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>4,942</b>	<b>3,772</b>	<b>16,289</b>	<b>24,309</b>	<b>9,645</b>
+ 14.5	+ 6.5	+ 14.3	+ 5.1	- 0.3	- 2.7	+ 18.9
4	44	163	195	3,190	5,862	750
<b>9</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>2,910</b>	<b>5,701</b>	<b>694</b>
*	- 6.8	+ 0.6	- 4.1	- 8.8	- 2.7	- 7.5
64	131	1,837	1,074	9,139	11,280	5,639
<b>45</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>1,281</b>	<b>9,946</b>	<b>11,842</b>	<b>6,591</b>
- 29.7	+ 26.7	- 14.0	+ 19.3	+ 8.8	+ 5.0	+ 16.9
—	9	18	52	589	871	87
<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>592</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>88</b>
*	*	+ 5.6	- 1.9	+ 0.5	+ 0.9	+ 1.1
28	94	873	580	5,716	10,399	1,722
<b>11</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>943</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>5,875</b>	<b>10,982</b>	<b>1,647</b>
- 60.7	+ 8.5	+ 8.0	+ 11.0	+ 2.8	+ 5.6	- 4.4
17	67	522	922	6,876	18,275	2,419
<b>10</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>1,065</b>	<b>7,242</b>	<b>16,646</b>	<b>2,335</b>
- 41.2	+ 41.8	+ 9.4	+ 15.5	+ 5.3	- 8.9	- 3.5

NJSP Table 19

## INDEX OF CRIME BY COUNTY — 1977-1978

COUNTY	YEAR	TOTAL CRIME INDEX		
		NUMBER OF OFFENSES	CRIME RATE PER 100,000	PERCENT CLEARED
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	24,778	5,033.8	18.4
	<b>1978</b>	<b>24,881</b>	<b>5,061.1</b>	<b>19.4</b>
		+ 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 5.4
<b>MORRIS COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	15,773	3,996.1	16.9
	<b>1978</b>	<b>15,933</b>	<b>3,994.3</b>	<b>16.9</b>
		+ 1.0	—	—
<b>OCEAN COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	17,733	5,796.8	19.7
	<b>1978</b>	<b>19,296</b>	<b>6,069.4</b>	<b>19.9</b>
		+ 8.8	+ 4.7	+ 1.0
<b>PASSAIC COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	27,163	6,034.0	20.3
	<b>1978</b>	<b>25,066</b>	<b>5,430.3</b>	<b>20.5</b>
		- 7.7	- 10.0	+ 1.0
<b>SALEM COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	2,123	3,394.6	19.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>2,144</b>	<b>3,417.1</b>	<b>17.0</b>
		+ 1.0	+ 0.7	- 11.0
<b>SOMERSET COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	7,708	3,749.4	16.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>7,620</b>	<b>3,686.4</b>	<b>16.7</b>
		- 1.1	- 1.7	+ 3.7
<b>SUSSEX COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	3,836	3,751.2	19.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>4,377</b>	<b>4,183.6</b>	<b>20.4</b>
		+ 14.1	+ 11.5	+ 6.8
<b>UNION COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	25,141	4,861.7	16.7
	<b>1978</b>	<b>25,771</b>	<b>5,024.1</b>	<b>16.9</b>
		+ 2.5	+ 3.3	+ 1.2
<b>WARREN COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	2,600	3,209.8	22.7
	<b>1978</b>	<b>2,686</b>	<b>3,255.7</b>	<b>25.1</b>
		+ 3.3	+ 1.4	+ 10.6

\*Computing percent changes for these offenses were eliminated due to small volume.

**CONTINUED**

**1 OF 3**

## INDEX OF CRIME BY COUNTY — 1977-1978

INDEX OFFENSES						
MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	ATROCIOUS ASSAULT	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
12	80	389	832	6,820	15,370	1,275
<b>13</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>6,783</b>	<b>15,260</b>	<b>1,435</b>
+ 8.3	+ 8.8	+ 2.3	+ 8.8	- 0.5	- 0.7	+ 12.5
8	51	119	373	4,325	10,145	752
<b>6</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>4,176</b>	<b>10,364</b>	<b>849</b>
*	+ 7.8	+ 10.9	- 5.9	- 3.4	+ 2.2	+ 12.9
2	43	208	472	4,852	11,370	786
<b>11</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>5,354</b>	<b>12,252</b>	<b>979</b>
*	+ 20.9	+ 10.6	- 11.4	+ 10.3	+ 7.8	+ 24.6
24	65	1,051	1,454	7,655	13,135	3,779
<b>33</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>1,037</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>6,938</b>	<b>12,525</b>	<b>3,348</b>
+ 37.5	- 23.1	- 1.3	- 21.9	- 9.4	- 4.6	- 11.4
2	20	39	75	718	1,147	122
<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>810</b>	<b>1,112</b>	<b>102</b>
*	- 25.0	—	- 13.3	+ 12.8	- 3.1	- 16.4
4	21	139	180	1,960	4,990	414
<b>6</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>2,007</b>	<b>4,772</b>	<b>484</b>
*	- 19.0	- 19.4	+ 23.3	+ 2.4	- 4.4	+ 16.9
1	12	24	121	1,285	2,218	175
<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>1,487</b>	<b>2,521</b>	<b>227</b>
*	—	- 16.7	- 10.7	+ 15.7	+ 13.7	+ 29.7
23	109	970	892	6,157	14,427	2,563
<b>27</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>1,206</b>	<b>1,330</b>	<b>6,259</b>	<b>14,047</b>	<b>2,798</b>
+ 17.4	- 4.6	+ 24.3	+ 49.1	+ 1.7	- 2.6	+ 9.2
10	8	27	60	864	1,491	140
<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>863</b>	<b>1,575</b>	<b>149</b>
*	*	- 18.5	—	- 0.1	+ 5.6	+ 6.4

## VIOLENT AND NONVIOLENT CRIME BY COUNTY, 1977-1978

COUNTY	YEAR	NUMBER		RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS	
		VIOLENT CRIME	NONVIOLENT CRIME	VIOLENT CRIME	NONVIOLENT CRIME
ATLANTIC COUNTY Percent Change	1977	849	11,369	449.3	6,016.6
	1978	<b>1,057</b> + 24.5	<b>12,508</b> + 10.0	<b>556.9</b> + 23.9	<b>6,590.5</b> + 9.5
BERGEN COUNTY Percent Change	1977	1,190	34,939	136.2	3,998.8
	1978	<b>1,175</b> - 1.3	<b>33,909</b> - 2.9	<b>134.4</b> - 1.3	<b>3,879.0</b> - 3.0
BURLINGTON COUNTY Percent Change	1977	583	12,053	164.3	3,396.7
	1978	<b>731</b> + 25.4	<b>12,491</b> + 3.6	<b>202.3</b> + 23.1	<b>3,457.5</b> + 1.8
CAMDEN COUNTY Percent Change	1977	2,535	24,959	534.8	5,265.5
	1978	<b>2,818</b> + 11.2	<b>25,627</b> + 2.7	<b>595.0</b> + 11.3	<b>5,410.8</b> + 2.8
CAPE MAY COUNTY Percent Change	1977	168	4,720	226.1	6,351.4
	1978	<b>217</b> + 29.2	<b>5,301</b> + 12.3	<b>285.2</b> + 26.1	<b>6,966.4</b> + 9.7
CUMBERLAND COUNTY Percent Change	1977	335	6,886	251.0	5,159.7
	1978	<b>413</b> + 23.3	<b>7,008</b> + 1.8	<b>315.7</b> + 25.8	<b>5,356.9</b> + 3.8
ESSEX COUNTY Percent Change	1977	8,462	49,448	969.9	5,667.8
	1978	<b>9,308</b> + 10.0	<b>50,243</b> + 1.6	<b>1,094.2</b> + 12.8	<b>5,906.2</b> + 4.2
GLOUCESTER COUNTY Percent Change	1977	406	9,802	210.9	5,091.4
	1978	<b>401</b> - 1.2	<b>9,305</b> - 5.1	<b>204.7</b> - 2.9	<b>4,749.2</b> - 6.7
HUDSON COUNTY Percent Change	1977	3,106	26,058	542.3	4,549.7
	1978	<b>3,072</b> - 1.1	<b>28,379</b> + 8.9	<b>544.6</b> + 0.4	<b>5,031.1</b> + 10.6
HUNTERDON COUNTY Percent Change	1977	79	1,547	99.2	1,943.5
	1978	<b>76</b> - 3.8	<b>1,559</b> + 0.8	<b>92.3</b> - 7.0	<b>1,892.4</b> - 2.6
MERCER COUNTY Percent Change	1977	1,575	17,837	495.4	5,610.6
	1978	<b>1,700</b> + 7.9	<b>18,504</b> + 3.7	<b>536.4</b> + 8.3	<b>5,838.2</b> + 4.1

**VIOLENT AND NONVIOLENT CRIME BY COUNTY, 1977-1978**

COUNTY	YEAR	NUMBER		RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS	
		VIOLENT CRIME	NONVIOLENT CRIME	VIOLENT CRIME	NONVIOLENT CRIME
<b>MIDDLESEX COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	1,528	27,570	257.8	4,652.4
	<b>1978</b>	<b>1,741</b>	<b>26,223</b>	<b>293.3</b>	<b>4,418.3</b>
		+ 13.9	- 4.9	+ 13.8	- 5.0
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	1,313	23,465	266.7	4,767.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>1,403</b>	<b>23,478</b>	<b>285.4</b>	<b>4,775.7</b>
		+ 6.9	+ 0.1	+ 7.0	+ 0.2
<b>MORRIS COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	551	15,222	139.6	3,856.5
	<b>1978</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>15,389</b>	<b>136.4</b>	<b>3,857.0</b>
		- 1.3	+ 1.1	- 2.3	—
<b>OCEAN COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	725	17,008	237.0	5,559.8
	<b>1978</b>	<b>711</b>	<b>18,585</b>	<b>223.6</b>	<b>5,845.7</b>
		- 1.9	+ 9.3	- 5.7	+ 5.1
<b>PASSAIC COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	2,594	24,569	576.2	5,457.8
	<b>1978</b>	<b>2,255</b>	<b>22,811</b>	<b>488.5</b>	<b>4,941.8</b>
		- 13.1	- 7.2	- 15.2	- 9.5
<b>SALEM COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	136	1,987	217.5	3,177.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>2,024</b>	<b>191.3</b>	<b>3,225.8</b>
		- 11.8	+ 1.9	- 12.0	+ 1.5
<b>SOMERSET COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	344	7,364	167.3	3,582.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>7,263</b>	<b>172.7</b>	<b>3,513.7</b>
		+ 3.8	- 1.4	+ 3.2	- 1.9
<b>SUSSEX COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	157	3,678	154.4	3,595.8
	<b>1978</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>4,235</b>	<b>135.7</b>	<b>4,047.9</b>
		- 10.1	+ 15.1	- 12.1	+ 12.6
<b>UNION COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	1,994	23,147	385.6	4,476.1
	<b>1978</b>	<b>2,667</b>	<b>23,104</b>	<b>519.9</b>	<b>4,504.1</b>
		+ 33.8	- 0.2	+ 34.8	+ 0.6
<b>WARREN COUNTY</b> Percent Change	1977	105	2,495	129.6	3,080.2
	<b>1978</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>2,587</b>	<b>120.0</b>	<b>3,135.7</b>
		- 5.7	+ 3.7	- 7.4	+ 1.8

## ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY, BREAKING AND ENTERING, AND LARCENY BY COUNTY, 1978

OFFENSES	Atlan- tic	Bergen	Burling- ton	Camden	Cape May	Cumber- land	Essex	Glou- cester
<b>ROBBERY</b>								
Highway	252	149	89	836	27	51	3,268	35
Commercial House	75	60	25	125	10	20	517	24
Gas, Service Station	20	107	33	86	3	30	107	43
Chain Store	31	33	42	84	2	4	68	38
Residence	44	40	21	90	3	19	675	11
Bank	3	16	6	7	—	3	22	4
Miscellaneous	22	89	25	73	10	16	285	9
<b>Total Robbery Offenses</b>	447	494	241	1,301	55	143	4,942	164
<b>BREAKING AND ENTERING</b>								
Residence Night	932	2,128	1,006	2,326	348	525	2,910	837
Day	822	1,755	1,094	1,965	202	465	4,640	675
Unknown	729	1,241	640	1,207	405	346	1,949	507
Nonresidence Night	1,100	2,389	839	1,642	375	494	3,924	628
Day	285	220	231	472	107	207	765	73
Unknown	424	863	325	628	175	300	2,101	190
<b>Total Breaking and Entering Offenses</b>	4,292	8,596	4,135	8,240	1,612	2,337	16,289	2,910
<b>LARCENY</b>								
Pocket-picking	265	412	48	187	10	21	614	49
Purse Snatching	214	317	69	424	70	61	1,231	108
Shoplifting	802	1,710	819	1,147	310	449	2,555	611
From Motor Vehicle	1,131	3,612	862	2,495	366	486	4,731	721
Motor Vehicle Parts & Accessories	861	5,384	1,480	3,055	228	930	5,294	1,373
Bicycles	1,159	3,529	1,808	2,405	1,024	897	2,755	843
From Buildings	1,671	3,835	1,073	1,770	525	738	4,996	920
From Coin Operated Machines	61	97	67	83	53	21	162	39
All Other	908	2,756	1,145	2,679	842	595	1,971	1,037
<b>Total Larceny Offenses</b>	7,072	21,652	7,371	14,245	3,428	4,198	24,309	5,701

## ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY, BREAKING AND ENTERING, AND LARCENY BY COUNTY, 1978

Hudson	Hunterdon	Mercer	Middlesex	Monmouth	Morris	Ocean	Passaic	Salem	Somerset	Sussex	Union	Warren
953	2	588	263	181	36	76	797	15	24	12	531	9
161	1	96	64	47	16	27	47	7	9	2	125	—
45	3	31	53	50	19	22	50	3	12	2	40	6
33	1	27	84	33	13	43	40	3	34	—	45	1
277	—	101	50	39	22	25	79	4	5	3	88	3
15	8	1	12	10	6	1	4	1	8	—	17	1
96	4	99	45	38	20	36	20	6	20	1	360	2
1,580	19	943	571	398	132	230	1,037	39	112	20	1,206	22
1,782	80	1,601	1,580	1,710	625	1,040	1,581	243	422	239	1,374	166
3,859	106	1,441	1,779	1,541	991	788	1,915	139	519	242	1,640	128
360	96	601	1,099	1,063	1,067	1,701	680	96	330	407	695	151
2,236	182	1,629	1,768	1,772	958	1,118	2,242	167	453	282	1,791	234
1,271	62	198	235	211	90	111	149	110	110	135	200	67
438	66	405	781	486	445	596	371	55	173	182	559	117
9,946	592	5,875	7,242	6,783	4,176	5,354	6,938	810	2,007	1,487	6,259	863
243	4	36	65	164	48	43	98	2	23	8	179	10
439	12	187	219	198	89	127	357	19	98	30	465	27
757	58	1,646	1,438	1,453	846	2,139	1,034	66	463	175	1,223	227
3,496	99	1,584	2,708	2,279	1,270	1,777	2,187	154	651	343	1,792	207
2,813	177	2,695	4,001	3,150	2,510	1,621	3,842	237	1,083	502	2,952	325
1,016	39	1,254	2,498	2,476	1,416	1,721	1,391	199	719	193	2,719	235
1,999	168	1,826	3,380	2,780	1,884	1,730	1,304	157	874	377	1,756	209
48	7	79	161	148	77	97	71	4	26	9	86	10
1,031	315	1,675	2,176	2,612	2,224	2,997	2,241	274	835	834	2,875	325
11,842	879	10,982	16,646	15,260	10,364	12,252	12,525	1,112	4,772	2,521	14,047	1,575

NJSP Table 21

## TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY, 1978

OFFENSES	Atlantic	Bergen	Burlington	Camden	Cape May	Cumberland	Essex	Gloucester
Murder	15	10	6	36	4	6	120	8
Manslaughter	3	2	4	10	—	17	1	8
Forcible Rape	40	36	51	82	20	35	223	26
Robbery	188	173	139	325	23	74	1,361	80
Atrocious Assault	368	504	283	731	93	156	1,884	155
Breaking and Entering	862	967	821	1,148	282	798	2,481	417
Larceny-Theft	1,533	3,395	1,663	2,313	587	1,041	5,249	1,041
Motor Vehicle Theft	192	172	112	201	42	106	371	44
Subtotal for Above Offenses	3,201	5,259	3,079	4,846	1,051	2,233	11,690	1,779
Other Assaults	1,194	3,177	1,749	2,559	722	738	3,249	1,085
Arson	48	49	53	64	10	35	123	29
Forgery and Counterfeiting	71	84	52	48	21	88	103	35
Fraud	278	694	543	820	147	243	673	387
Embezzlement	13	20	23	35	5	19	53	8
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	400	686	439	837	171	251	1,865	252
Malicious Mischief	531	2,210	537	958	257	345	1,532	447
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	276	333	378	493	173	129	968	135
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	250	9	20	59	1	1	239	—
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	32	97	83	129	17	58	277	32
Drug Abuse Violations	1,052	2,189	2,006	2,317	2,440	505	3,468	741
Gambling	23	39	15	56	8	20	409	—
Offenses Against Family and Children	95	574	33	152	13	238	97	105
Driving Under the Influence	1,579	1,491	2,008	1,551	759	722	1,326	1,158
Liquor Laws	92	859	355	313	291	50	821	83
Disorderly Conduct	2,335	3,060	1,457	2,242	1,118	1,245	2,459	1,165
Failure to Give Good Account	14	322	33	36	1	67	287	14
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	1,662	4,346	1,644	3,315	1,639	1,069	9,545	1,075
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	129	368	124	425	35	23	256	219
Runaways	192	905	221	349	94	52	761	109
<b>TOTAL</b>	13,467	26,771	14,852	21,604	8,973	8,131	40,201	8,858

## TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY, 1978

Hudson	Hunter-don	Mercer	Middle-sex	Mon-mouth	Morris	Ocean	Passaic	Salem	Somer-set	Sussex	Union	Warren
49	1	11	5	16	3	7	30	—	7	1	21	3
6	—	1	6	5	4	3	7	3	2	1	3	1
98	1	40	41	53	34	32	50	7	6	31	48	7
431	7	240	164	187	57	85	275	19	44	12	309	12
728	23	326	596	682	204	203	753	47	98	83	544	29
1,250	155	868	1,156	1,418	655	802	1,087	148	344	356	929	229
1,839	206	2,542	2,729	2,738	1,593	2,969	2,471	190	804	433	2,356	424
315	20	69	168	188	127	130	181	19	59	72	201	51
4,716	413	4,097	4,865	5,287	2,677	4,231	4,854	433	1,364	989	4,411	756
2,543	99	2,122	2,221	2,519	1,561	1,413	2,794	479	745	318	2,234	325
53	3	35	97	88	53	40	58	12	17	13	24	9
45	10	144	53	75	51	22	77	17	43	13	51	12
655	27	405	323	555	598	236	456	69	272	163	274	145
29	3	41	39	34	15	16	20	7	10	2	24	2
744	31	501	593	607	319	372	685	71	156	84	603	103
909	140	824	1,300	1,283	1,139	584	1,028	159	345	265	1,256	161
515	49	354	461	277	258	167	361	88	109	82	397	97
9	—	37	10	24	3	—	121	—	—	2	32	—
132	5	98	116	100	78	69	213	4	31	26	118	20
2,287	412	2,066	2,747	2,506	2,062	1,773	2,059	395	792	466	2,343	606
547	—	114	71	26	26	16	250	9	6	—	136	—
611	6	152	253	212	41	118	21	13	10	7	482	138
646	304	858	1,840	2,236	1,316	1,128	1,034	488	637	534	816	410
169	76	788	436	695	621	807	267	39	236	128	449	36
2,849	129	1,621	3,303	2,989	1,643	2,146	3,785	499	967	271	2,932	566
531	8	12	61	248	28	107	79	4	45	8	287	14
2,282	292	2,081	4,210	4,411	4,091	4,517	3,068	699	1,204	605	3,148	534
205	9	92	332	392	110	223	57	15	36	44	180	46
294	33	830	857	494	449	584	485	27	404	83	509	68
20,771	2,049	17,272	24,188	25,058	17,139	18,569	21,772	3,527	7,429	4,103	20,706	4,048

NJSP Table 22

## JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY, 1978

OFFENSES	Atlan- tic	Bergen	Burling- ton	Camden	Cape May	Cumber- land	Essex	Glou- cester
Murder	1	1	1	5	1	—	20	1
Manslaughter	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2
Forcible Rape	14	2	8	16	5	7	41	5
Robbery	46	52	37	126	3	31	538	17
Atrocious Assault	80	72	76	112	14	21	373	25
Breaking and Entering	521	492	551	686	172	530	1,335	220
Larceny-Theft	701	1,492	773	1,134	199	560	2,494	381
Motor Vehicle Theft	116	110	58	133	22	62	239	22
Subtotal for Above Offenses	1,479	2,221	1,505	2,212	416	1,211	5,040	673
Other Assaults	344	866	317	561	92	198	1,045	180
Arson	30	45	31	32	2	9	72	12
Forgery and Counterfeiting	4	11	6	22	1	21	6	2
Fraud	12	29	11	47	8	9	38	4
Embezzlement	2	1	1	1	—	3	3	—
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	187	309	169	306	81	111	804	69
Malicious Mischief	364	1,853	325	544	102	210	1,075	283
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	46	101	78	137	46	38	209	32
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	7	—	1	5	—	1	4	—
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	10	25	13	33	2	19	77	5
Drug Abuse Violations	269	879	677	675	715	151	802	218
Gambling	—	1	—	3	2	—	4	—
Offenses Against Family and Children	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Driving Under the Influence	28	30	35	20	30	11	9	29
Liquor Laws	75	766	142	264	177	46	326	71
Disorderly Conduct	362	1,906	488	830	309	553	1,137	630
Failure to Give Good Account	1	154	12	5	—	58	22	4
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	615	2,356	385	1,264	258	274	2,682	324
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	129	368	124	425	35	23	256	219
Runaways	192	905	221	349	94	52	761	109
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,156</b>	<b>12,826</b>	<b>4,541</b>	<b>7,735</b>	<b>2,370</b>	<b>2,998</b>	<b>14,372</b>	<b>2,864</b>

### JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY, 1978

Hudson	Hunterdon	Mercer	Middlesex	Monmouth	Morris	Ocean	Passaic	Salem	Somerset	Sussex	Union	Warren
1	—	1	1	—	1	—	3	—	1	—	1	—
—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
12	—	6	9	8	7	5	3	—	1	1	2	—
139	2	110	61	65	14	45	151	3	16	5	145	3
136	6	58	186	135	43	25	139	2	17	14	170	10
633	75	547	753	990	400	602	667	78	249	218	597	161
736	121	1,326	1,343	1,411	959	2,283	1,297	91	410	205	1,206	215
147	12	46	112	119	81	93	149	12	51	45	135	31
1,804	216	2,094	2,465	2,731	1,505	3,053	2,409	186	746	488	2,256	421
669	12	685	805	637	434	313	939	34	224	87	955	69
28	2	17	58	65	48	23	47	3	9	7	17	8
3	2	5	12	15	7	4	4	2	6	7	4	1
11	—	16	21	32	19	33	14	1	4	5	11	7
6	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	3	1	—	1	—
235	9	215	278	333	155	227	391	21	93	41	301	43
687	103	552	1,037	917	893	406	859	66	260	155	1,037	104
105	8	113	133	94	115	70	141	5	41	39	83	16
1	—	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
47	—	43	42	28	31	16	124	1	9	5	31	3
554	115	546	990	1,042	865	764	669	69	289	224	770	139
4	—	3	2	—	2	—	5	—	—	—	7	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	10	9	40	73	37	45	16	7	23	22	12	14
134	53	208	395	510	479	179	201	35	172	102	403	25
1,092	32	419	1,494	952	650	1,025	1,772	221	435	83	1,524	232
212	5	2	36	90	10	69	29	—	14	5	33	8
802	92	873	1,630	1,838	1,524	1,028	1,206	168	560	186	1,633	129
205	9	92	332	392	110	223	57	15	36	44	180	46
294	33	830	857	494	449	584	485	27	404	83	509	68
6,898	701	6,725	10,629	10,244	7,334	8,062	9,428	864	3,326	1,583	9,768	1,333

## ADULT ARRESTS BY COUNTY, 1978

OFFENSES	Atlan- tic	Bergen	Burling- ton	Camden	Cape May	Cumber- land	Essex	Glou- cester
Murder	14	9	5	31	3	6	100	7
Manslaughter	3	2	3	10	—	17	1	6
Forcible Rape	26	34	43	66	15	28	182	21
Robbery	142	121	102	199	20	43	823	63
Atrocious Assault	288	432	207	619	79	135	1,511	130
Breaking and Entering	341	475	270	462	110	268	1,146	197
Larceny-Theft	832	1,903	890	1,179	388	481	2,755	660
Motor Vehicle Theft	76	62	54	68	20	44	132	22
Subtotal for Above Offenses	1,722	3,038	1,574	2,634	635	1,022	6,650	1,106
Other Assaults	850	2,311	1,432	1,998	630	540	2,204	905
Arson	18	4	22	32	8	26	51	17
Forgery and Counterfeiting	67	73	46	26	20	67	97	33
Fraud	266	665	532	773	139	234	635	383
Embezzlement	11	19	22	34	5	16	50	8
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing, etc.	213	377	270	531	90	140	1,061	183
Malicious Mischief	167	357	212	414	155	135	457	164
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	230	232	300	356	127	91	759	103
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	243	9	19	54	1	—	235	—
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	22	72	70	96	15	39	200	27
Drug Abuse Violations	783	1,310	1,329	1,642	1,725	354	2,666	523
Gambling	23	38	15	53	6	20	405	—
Offenses Against Family and Children	95	574	33	152	13	238	97	105
Driving Under the Influence	1,551	1,461	1,973	1,531	729	711	1,317	1,129
Liquor Laws	17	93	213	49	114	4	495	12
Disorderly Conduct	1,973	1,154	969	1,412	809	692	1,322	535
Failure to Give Good Account	13	168	21	31	1	9	265	10
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	1,047	1,990	1,259	2,051	1,381	795	6,863	751
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Runaways	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	9,311	13,945	10,311	13,869	6,603	5,133	25,829	5,994

## ADULT ARRESTS BY COUNTY, 1978

Hudson	Hunterdon	Mercer	Middlesex	Monmouth	Morris	Ocean	Passaic	Salem	Somerset	Sussex	Union	Warren
48	1	10	4	16	2	7	27	—	6	1	20	3
6	—	1	6	2	4	3	7	3	1	1	3	—
86	1	34	32	45	27	27	47	7	5	30	46	7
292	5	130	103	122	43	40	124	16	28	7	164	9
592	17	268	410	547	161	178	614	45	81	69	374	19
617	80	321	403	428	255	200	420	70	95	138	322	68
1,103	85	1,216	1,386	1,327	634	686	1,174	99	394	228	1,150	209
168	8	23	56	69	46	37	32	7	8	27	66	20
2,912	197	2,003	2,400	2,556	1,172	1,178	2,445	247	618	501	2,155	335
1,874	87	1,437	1,416	1,882	1,127	1,100	1,855	445	521	231	1,279	256
25	1	18	39	23	5	17	11	9	8	6	7	1
42	8	139	41	60	44	18	73	15	37	6	47	11
644	27	389	302	523	579	203	442	68	268	158	263	138
23	3	41	37	34	14	16	20	4	9	2	23	2
509	22	286	315	274	164	145	294	50	63	43	302	60
222	37	272	263	366	246	178	169	93	85	110	219	57
410	41	241	328	183	143	97	220	83	68	43	314	81
8	—	34	10	23	3	—	121	—	—	2	31	—
85	5	55	74	72	47	53	89	3	22	21	87	17
1,733	297	1,520	1,757	1,464	1,197	1,009	1,390	326	503	242	1,573	467
543	—	111	69	26	24	16	245	9	6	—	129	—
611	6	152	253	212	41	118	21	13	10	7	482	138
641	294	849	1,800	2,163	1,279	1,083	1,018	481	614	512	804	396
35	23	580	41	185	142	628	66	4	64	26	46	11
1,757	97	1,202	1,809	2,037	993	1,121	2,013	278	532	188	1,408	334
319	3	10	25	158	18	38	50	4	31	3	254	6
1,480	200	1,208	2,580	2,573	2,567	3,489	1,802	531	644	419	1,515	405
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
13,873	1,348	10,547	13,559	14,814	9,805	10,507	12,344	2,663	4,103	2,520	10,938	2,715

**POLICE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILES TAKEN INTO CUSTODY, BY COUNTY, 1978**

COUNTY	HANDLED WITHIN DEPARTMENT AND RELEASED	REFERRED TO JUVENILE COURT OR PROBATION DEPARTMENT	REFERRED TO WELFARE AGENCY	REFERRED TO OTHER POLICE AGENCY	REFERRED TO CRIMINAL OR ADULT COURT
<b>ATLANTIC</b>					
Number	1,250	2,850	4	35	17
Percent	30.1	68.6	0.1	0.8	0.4
<b>BERGEN</b>					
Number	6,821	5,664	67	243	31
Percent	53.2	44.2	0.5	1.9	0.2
<b>BURLINGTON</b>					
Number	1,810	2,657	20	24	30
Percent	39.9	58.5	0.4	0.5	0.7
<b>CAMDEN</b>					
Number	2,813	4,870	3	34	15
Percent	36.3	63.0	0.1	0.4	0.2
<b>CAPE MAY</b>					
Number	972	1,370	10	2	16
Percent	41.0	57.8	0.4	0.1	0.7
<b>CUMBERLAND</b>					
Number	503	2,479	8	6	2
Percent	16.8	82.6	0.3	0.2	0.1
<b>ESSEX</b>					
Number	5,771	8,216	154	205	26
Percent	40.2	57.1	1.1	1.4	0.2
<b>GLOUCESTER</b>					
Number	1,339	1,486	2	12	25
Percent	46.7	51.9	0.1	0.4	0.9
<b>HUDSON</b>					
Number	2,595	4,286	13	1	3
Percent	37.5	62.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
<b>HUNTERDON</b>					
Number	310	367	2	10	12
Percent	44.2	52.4	0.3	1.4	1.7
<b>MERCER</b>					
Number	2,789	3,526	296	109	5
Percent	41.5	52.4	4.4	1.6	0.1

NJSP Table 25

**POLICE DISPOSITION OF JUVENILES TAKEN INTO CUSTODY, BY COUNTY, 1978**

COUNTY	HANDLED WITHIN DEPARTMENT AND RELEASED	REFERRED TO JUVENILE COURT OR PROBATION DEPARTMENT	REFERRED TO WELFARE AGENCY	REFERRED TO OTHER POLICE AGENCY	REFERRED TO CRIMINAL OR ADULT COURT
<b>MIDDLESEX</b>					
Number	4,897	5,498	113	83	38
Percent	46.1	51.7	1.1	0.8	0.3
<b>MONMOUTH</b>					
Number	4,027	6,065	34	50	68
Percent	39.3	59.2	0.3	0.5	0.7
<b>MORRIS</b>					
Number	3,267	3,820	36	172	39
Percent	44.5	52.1	0.5	2.3	0.6
<b>OCEAN</b>					
Number	5,456	2,543	14	23	26
Percent	67.7	31.5	0.2	0.3	0.3
<b>PASSAIC</b>					
Number	5,231	4,071	6	72	48
Percent	55.4	43.2	0.1	0.8	0.5
<b>SALEM</b>					
Number	241	610	4	4	5
Percent	27.8	70.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
<b>SOMERSET</b>					
Number	1,890	1,368	34	21	13
Percent	56.8	41.4	1.0	0.6	0.5
<b>SUSSEX</b>					
Number	734	781	20	27	21
Percent	46.4	49.3	1.3	1.7	1.3
<b>UNION</b>					
Number	5,422	4,302	2	36	6
Percent	55.4	44.0	0.1	0.4	0.1
<b>WARREN</b>					
Number	391	909	9	10	14
Percent	29.3	68.2	0.7	0.8	1.0

NJSP Table 25

**ADULT AND JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY**  
**MALE — FEMALE**  
**1978**

COUNTY	ADULTS ARRESTED		JUVENILES ARRESTED	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
ATLANTIC	7,499	1,812	3,453	703
BERGEN	11,458	2,487	10,297	2,529
BURLINGTON	8,485	1,826	3,713	828
CAMDEN	11,570	2,299	6,318	1,417
CAPE MAY	5,587	1,016	1,857	513
CUMBERLAND	4,103	1,030	2,456	542
ESSEX	22,366	3,463	11,897	2,475
GLOUCESTER	4,992	1,002	2,387	477
HUDSON	12,057	1,816	5,749	1,149
HUNTERDON	1,188	160	561	140
MERCER	8,914	1,633	5,105	1,620
MIDDLESEX	11,706	1,853	8,365	2,264
MONMOUTH	12,351	2,463	8,309	1,935
MORRIS	8,285	1,520	5,985	1,349
OCEAN	8,930	1,577	6,050	2,012
PASSAIC	10,165	2,179	7,579	1,849
SALEM	2,251	412	710	154
SOMERSET	3,410	693	2,780	546
SUSSEX	2,165	355	1,278	305
UNION	9,485	1,453	7,778	1,990
WARREN	2,294	421	1,072	261

**COMPARATIVE ARRESTS BY COUNTY  
1977 — 1978**

COUNTY	1977 TOTAL	1978 TOTAL	PERCENT CHANGE	1978 RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS
ATLANTIC	12,729	13,467	+ 5.8	7,095.8
BERGEN	26,691	26,771	+ 0.3	3,062.4
BURLINGTON	15,238	14,852	- 2.5	4,111.0
CAMDEN	20,808	21,604	+ 3.8	4,561.4
CAPE MAY	7,922	8,973	+ 13.3	11,792.0
CUMBERLAND	8,816	8,131	- 7.8	6,215.3
ESSEX	41,374	40,201	- 2.8	4,725.7
GLOUCESTER	8,990	8,858	- 1.5	4,521.1
HUDSON	20,191	20,771	+ 2.9	3,682.4
HUNTERDON	2,311	2,049	- 11.3	2,487.2
MERCER	15,686	17,272	+ 10.1	5,449.5
MIDDLESEX	23,754	24,188	+ 1.8	4,075.5
MONMOUTH	22,958	25,058	+ 9.1	5,097.1
MORRIS	16,020	17,139	+ 7.0	4,296.7
OCEAN	17,144	18,569	+ 8.3	5,840.7
PASSAIC	21,592	21,772	+ 0.8	4,716.7
SALEM	3,814	3,527	- 7.5	5,621.3
SOMERSET	7,832	7,429	- 5.1	3,594.0
SUSSEX	3,686	4,103	+ 11.3	3,921.7
UNION	21,164	20,706	- 2.2	4,036.6
WARREN	3,635	4,048	+ 11.4	4,906.5

NJSP Table 27

**JUVENILE ARRESTS BY RACE — BY COUNTY, 1978**

COUNTY	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	ALL OTHER
ATLANTIC	2,653	1,343	—	—	—	160
BERGEN	11,398	1,373	—	6	—	49
BURLINGTON	3,522	1,001	—	3	2	13
CAMDEN	6,212	1,483	—	2	6	32
CAPE MAY	2,222	144	—	—	—	4
CUMBERLAND	2,131	847	—	—	—	20
ESSEX	7,147	7,181	—	4	—	40
GLOUCESTER	2,633	229	—	—	—	2
HUDSON	5,709	1,129	—	2	1	57
HUNTERDON	696	5	—	—	—	—
MERCER	3,261	3,359	—	3	2	100
MIDDLESEX	9,244	1,351	—	6	—	28
MONMOUTH	8,151	2,043	—	1	—	49
MORRIS	7,017	298	—	3	—	16
OCEAN	6,743	1,131	—	3	1	184
PASSAIC	6,381	3,044	—	—	—	3
SALEM	577	282	—	—	—	5
SOMERSET	2,974	343	—	—	—	9
SUSSEX	1,570	7	—	—	—	6
UNION	6,467	3,296	—	—	—	5
WARREN	1,303	22	—	—	—	8

**ADULT ARRESTS BY RACE — BY COUNTY, 1978**

COUNTY	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	ALL OTHER
ATLANTIC	6,226	2,836	—	8	1	240
BERGEN	11,150	2,698	12	12	7	66
BURLINGTON	7,532	2,631	5	4	9	130
CAMDEN	9,726	4,045	5	2	1	90
CAPE MAY	6,138	444	1	2	—	18
CUMBERLAND	3,115	1,903	—	1	3	111
ESSEX	8,539	17,222	6	15	1	46
GLOUCESTER	4,898	1,053	3	3	2	35
HUDSON	9,935	3,862	16	3	2	55
HUNTERDON	1,287	57	2	—	—	2
MERCER	5,798	4,643	16	6	1	83
MIDDLESEX	10,129	3,283	13	4	4	126
MONMOUTH	11,441	3,293	4	4	3	69
MORRIS	8,904	811	4	10	—	76
OCEAN	9,536	765	2	3	1	200
PASSAIC	8,126	4,144	2	4	1	67
SALEM	1,719	842	1	—	—	101
SOMERSET	3,561	523	1	5	—	13
SUSSEX	2,484	27	2	—	—	7
UNION	6,541	4,353	2	1	1	40
WARREN	2,506	159	—	2	—	48

# URBAN - SUBURBAN - RURAL CRIME

## 5 YEAR COMPARISON URBAN-SUBURBAN-RURAL

### 1974 through 1978 Summary Analysis

- During the 5 year period, Rural communities continued to experience the largest Index offense percentage change, registering an increase of almost 34 percent.
- Suburban municipalities recorded the next highest Index increase, advancing over 16 percent.
- Urban communities reported the lowest percentage increase, reflecting a rise of slightly more than 2 percent.
- Both Violent and Nonviolent crimes increased at a faster rate in Rural municipalities than Suburban or Urban areas.
- Atrocious Assault recorded the highest individual Index crime increase in each of the areas; up 62 percent in Rural, 38 percent in Suburban, and 20 percent in Urban municipalities.
- Murders declined in all three groupings, down 19 percent in Suburban, 17 percent in Urban, and 9 percent in Rural areas.

### URBAN — SUBURBAN — RURAL Percent Changes of Index Offenses 1974 — 1978

OFFENSES	URBAN 78/74	SUBURBAN 78/74	RURAL 78/74
<b>Murder</b>	- 17.2	- 18.8	- 8.6
<b>Forcible Rape</b>	+ 19.4	+ 24.4	+ 13.7
<b>Robbery</b>	- 14.5	+ 14.8	+ 9.6
<b>Atrocious Assault</b>	+ 20.3	+ 37.7	+ 62.0
<b>Breaking and Entering</b>	- 1.3	+ 5.6	+ 8.3
<b>Larceny-Theft</b>	+ 7.9	+ 19.2	+ 58.2
<b>Motor Vehicle Theft</b>	- 4.9	+ 29.5	+ 14.1
<b>TOTAL INDEX</b>	+ 2.3	+ 16.3	+ 33.7
<b>VIOLENT CRIME</b>	- 0.5	+ 27.7	+ 37.5
<b>NONVIOLENT CRIME</b>	+ 2.7	+ 15.8	+ 33.6

## URBAN

### 1978 Summary Analysis

- There were 214,173 Index offenses reported in municipalities of Urban character during the year 1978, representing an increase of almost 2 percent over 1977.
- 56.1 percent of all Index crimes occurred in Urban areas; a distribution that has been steadily decreasing since 1972.
- Violent crimes increased over 8 percent, and accounted for almost 78 percent of the state's total Violent crime.
- Nonviolent crimes rose less than one percent and accounted for 54 percent of the reported Nonviolent crime.
- The crime rate increased almost 3 percent, to 5,983 victims for every 100,000 persons.
- Significant increases were noted in the offenses of Forcible Rape, Atrocious Assault, and Motor Vehicle Theft.

### URBAN NUMBER — RATE — DISTRIBUTION 1977 — 1978

OFFENSES	NUMBER			CRIME RATE/100,000			PERCENT OF STATE TOTAL		
	1977	1978	Percent Change	1977	1978	Percent Change	1977	1978	Percent Change
Murder	318	312	- 1.9	8.8	8.7	- 1.1	77.9	78.0	+ 0.1
Forcible Rape	1,028	1,152	+ 12.1	28.5	32.2	+ 13.0	67.0	66.7	- 0.4
Robbery	11,231	12,008	+ 6.9	311.0	335.4	+ 7.8	85.0	85.2	+ 0.2
Atrocious Assault	9,644	10,618	+ 10.1	267.1	296.6	+ 11.0	71.0	71.8	+ 1.1
Breaking & Entering	60,738	60,993	+ 0.4	1,682.0	1,703.8	+ 1.3	57.7	57.1	- 1.0
Larceny-Theft	100,998	99,576	- 1.4	2,796.8	2,781.6	- 0.5	49.7	49.1	- 1.2
Motor Vehicle Theft	26,911	29,514	+ 9.7	745.2	824.5	+ 10.6	71.8	71.9	+ 0.1
<b>TOTAL INDEX</b>	<b>210,868</b>	<b>214,173</b>	<b>+ 1.6</b>	<b>5,839.4</b>	<b>5,982.8</b>	<b>+ 2.5</b>	<b>56.3</b>	<b>56.1</b>	<b>- 0.4</b>
Violent Crime	22,221	24,090	+ 8.4	615.4	672.9	+ 9.3	77.3	77.7	+ 0.5
Nonviolent Crime	188,647	190,083	+ 0.8	5,224.0	5,309.9	+ 1.6	54.7	54.2	- 0.9

NJSP Table 31

## SUBURBAN

### 1978 Summary Analysis

- During the year, Index crimes in Suburban areas increased more than one percent, to 139,366 offenses.
- Suburban communities recorded 36.5 percent of the Index crimes that occurred during the year.
- Violent crime advanced 8 percent, and accounted for 18 percent of the state's total.
- Nonviolent crime increased less than one percent, and accounted for over 38 percent of the total reported.
- The crime rate was recorded at 4,608 victims for every 100,000 Suburban inhabitants, an increase of less than one percent over 1977.
- Significant increases were noted in the offenses of Forcible Rape, Motor Vehicle Theft, and Atrocious Assault.

### SUBURBAN NUMBER — RATE — DISTRIBUTION 1977 — 1978

OFFENSES	NUMBER			CRIME RATE/100,000			PERCENT OF STATE TOTAL		
	1977	1978	Percent Change	1977	1978	Percent Change	1977	1978	Percent Change
Murder	55	56	+ 1.8	1.8	1.9	+ 5.6	13.5	14.0	+ 3.7
Forcible Rape	377	434	+ 15.1	12.5	14.4	+ 15.2	24.6	25.1	+ 2.0
Robbery	1,686	1,767	+ 4.8	56.0	58.4	+ 4.3	12.8	12.5	- 2.3
Atrocious Assault	3,049	3,322	+ 9.0	101.2	109.8	+ 8.5	22.5	22.5	—
Breaking & Entering	35,530	36,334	+ 2.3	1,179.3	1,201.4	+ 1.9	33.8	34.0	+ 0.6
Larceny-Theft	87,921	87,436	- 0.6	2,918.4	2,891.2	- 0.9	43.3	43.1	- 0.5
Motor Vehicle Theft	9,175	10,017	+ 9.2	304.5	331.2	+ 8.8	24.5	24.4	- 0.4
<b>TOTAL INDEX</b>	<b>137,793</b>	<b>139,366</b>	<b>+ 1.1</b>	<b>4,573.7</b>	<b>4,608.4</b>	<b>+ 0.8</b>	<b>36.8</b>	<b>36.5</b>	<b>- 0.8</b>
<b>Violent Crime</b>	<b>5,167</b>	<b>5,579</b>	<b>+ 8.0</b>	<b>171.5</b>	<b>184.5</b>	<b>+ 7.6</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>Nonviolent Crime</b>	<b>132,626</b>	<b>133,787</b>	<b>+ 0.9</b>	<b>4,402.2</b>	<b>4,423.9</b>	<b>+ 0.5</b>	<b>38.5</b>	<b>38.2</b>	<b>- 0.8</b>

NJSP Table 32

## RURAL

### 1978 SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- 28,001 Index offenses were reported in Rural municipalities during the year 1978, an increase of 13 percent when compared to 1977. This represents the largest trend increase within the Urban, Suburban, and Rural groupings.
- 7.3 percent of the state's Index crime occurred in Rural areas.
- Violent crime decreased less than one percent and accounted for 4 percent of the state's total.
- Nonviolent crimes increased 14 percent, and was responsible for almost 8 percent of the state's total.
- Victimization rate was established at 3,759 persons for each 100,000 inhabitants of Rural areas.
- Significant increases were noted in the offenses of Larceny, Forcible Rape, and Motor Vehicle Theft.

### RURAL NUMBER — RATE — DISTRIBUTION 1977 — 1978

OFFENSES	NUMBER			CRIME RATE/100,000			PERCENT OF STATE TOTAL		
	1977	1978	Percent Change	1977	1978	Percent Change	1977	1978	Percent Change
Murder	34	32	- 5.9	4.8	4.3	- 10.4	8.4	8.0	- 4.8
Forcible Rape	130	141	+ 8.5	18.2	18.9	+ 3.8	8.5	8.2	- 3.5
Robbery	301	321	+ 6.6	42.1	43.1	+ 2.4	2.3	2.3	—
Atrocious Assault	879	844	- 4.0	123.0	113.3	- 7.9	6.5	5.7	- 12.3
Breaking & Entering	8,996	9,416	+ 4.7	1,258.4	1,264.1	+ 0.5	8.5	8.8	+ 3.5
Larceny-Theft	13,059	15,741	+ 20.5	1,826.8	2,113.3	+ 15.7	6.5	7.8	+ 20.0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,390	1,506	+ 8.3	194.4	202.2	+ 4.0	3.7	3.7	—
<b>TOTAL INDEX</b>	<b>24,789</b>	<b>28,001</b>	<b>+ 13.0</b>	<b>3,467.6</b>	<b>3,759.2</b>	<b>+ 8.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>+ 10.6</b>
Violent Crime	1,344	1,338	- 0.4	188.1	179.6	- 4.5	4.7	4.3	- 8.5
Nonviolent Crime	23,445	26,663	+ 13.7	3,279.6	3,579.6	+ 9.1	6.3	7.6	+ 20.6

NJSP Table 33

**UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE OFFENSE DATA, 1978**  
**(All Offenses Recorded in This Table are Included in The Respective Municipalities)**

UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE	TOTAL CRIME INDEX	MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	ATRO- CIOUS ASSAULT	BREAKING AND ENTERING	LARCENY THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
<b>BROOKDALE COMMUNITY COLLEGE</b> Middletown Township	77	—	—	—	1	12	64	—
<b>BURLINGTON COUNTY COLLEGE</b> Pemberton Township	33	—	—	—	—	8	24	1
<b>GLASSBORO STATE COLLEGE</b> Glassboro Borough	218	—	1	—	—	33	180	4
<b>KEAN COLLEGE</b> Union Township	153	—	1	1	5	21	117	8
<b>MIDDLESEX COUNTY COLLEGE</b> Edison Township	55	—	1	—	1	3	50	—
<b>MONMOUTH COLLEGE</b> Long Branch City	180	—	—	—	—	42	138	—
Ocean Township	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
West Long Branch Borough	179	—	—	—	—	42	137	—
<b>MONTCLAIR STATE COLLEGE</b> Montclair Town	281	—	2	1	13	23	212	30
<b>RUTGERS UNIVERSITY</b>	1,585	—	7	28	21	165	1,309	55
East Brunswick Township	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Edison Township	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Highland Park Borough	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick City	710	—	5	4	2	78	617	4
North Brunswick Township	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Piscataway Township	443	—	—	7	1	46	378	11
Camden Campus	228	—	1	7	5	26	154	35
Newark Campus	204	—	1	10	13	15	160	5
<b>STOCKTON STATE COLLEGE</b> Galloway Township	176	—	1	—	4	18	149	4
<b>TRENTON STATE COLLEGE</b> Ewing Township	204	—	—	—	7	14	178	5
<b>WILLIAM PATERSON COLLEGE</b>	222	—	—	—	—	12	207	3
Haledon Borough	7	—	—	—	—	—	6	1
North Haledon Borough	97	—	—	—	—	7	90	—
Wayne Township	118	—	—	—	—	5	111	2

**NEW JERSEY  
MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA  
1978**

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forc- ible Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>ATLANTIC COUNTY</b>									
Absecon City	1977	238	3,438.8	173.4	3,265.4	—	2	4	6
	1978	211	3,040.8	129.7	2,911.1	—	—	3	6
Atlantic City	1977	4,391	10,061.0	1,033.4	9,027.6	10	27	257	157
	1978	5,738	13,363.8	1,504.6	11,859.2	10	36	342	258
Brigantine City	1977	400	5,012.6	100.3	4,912.3	—	1	3	4
	1978	264	3,162.1	47.9	3,114.2	—	—	1	3
Buena Boro	1977	118	3,602.0	488.4	3,113.6	—	—	6	10
	1978	132	3,981.9	362.0	3,619.9	—	—	7	5
Buena Vista Twsp.	1977	214	4,053.8	322.0	3,731.8	1	1	8	7
	1978	183	3,414.2	317.2	3,097.0	—	1	3	13
Corbin City	1977	9	3,135.9	—	3,135.9	—	—	—	—
	1978	8	2,702.7	—	2,702.7	—	—	—	—
Egg Harbor City	1977	208	4,586.5	396.9	4,189.6	—	2	2	14
	1978	246	5,430.5	66.3	5,364.2	—	—	—	3
Egg Harbor Twsp.	1977	1,402	9,717.3	415.9	9,301.4	2	5	22	31
	1978	1,599	10,771.1	532.4	10,244.7	2	7	22	48
Estell Manor City	1977	18	2,575.1	—	2,575.1	—	—	—	—
	1978	19	2,653.6	139.6	2,514.0	—	1	—	—
Folsom Boro	1977	70	3,178.9	277.1	2,951.8	—	—	2	3
	1978	86	3,889.6	316.6	3,573.0	4	—	—	3
Galloway Twsp.	1977	619	5,921.7	143.5	5,778.2	—	1	6	8
	1978	550	5,150.8	93.7	5,057.1	—	3	—	7
Hamilton Twsp.	1977	511	5,633.3	639.4	4,993.9	1	4	12	41
	1978	405	4,353.4	462.2	3,891.2	—	5	4	34
Hammonton Town	1977	386	3,211.4	149.8	3,061.6	2	2	3	11
	1978	472	3,907.0	248.3	3,658.7	—	1	13	16
Linwood City	1977	352	5,256.9	164.3	5,092.6	2	1	1	7
	1978	284	4,236.9	14.9	4,222.0	—	—	1	—
Longport Boro	1977	94	5,824.1	62.0	5,762.1	—	—	—	1
	1978	98	5,953.8	182.2	5,771.6	—	—	—	3
Margate City	1977	363	3,411.7	75.2	3,336.5	—	—	3	5
	1978	376	3,547.2	169.8	3,377.4	—	—	3	15
Mullica Twsp.	1977	197	5,301.4	349.8	4,951.6	—	4	2	7
	1978	231	6,169.9	427.4	5,742.5	—	6	1	9
Northfield City	1977	371	4,510.7	97.3	4,413.4	—	—	5	3
	1978	395	4,938.1	225.0	4,713.1	—	1	2	15
Pleasantville City	1977	1,269	8,934.7	675.9	8,258.8	2	4	37	53
	1978	1,161	8,196.3	790.7	7,405.6	—	13	32	67
Port Republic City	1977	18	2,422.6	403.8	2,018.8	—	1	—	2
	1978	15	1,973.7	131.6	1,842.1	—	—	1	—
Somers Point City	1977	375	3,765.4	100.4	3,665.0	—	—	4	6
	1978	401	3,962.8	108.7	3,854.1	—	—	9	2

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
82	132	12					19	—	1	20
<b>75</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>6,939</b>	<b>5.70</b>	<b>1,217.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>23</b>
1,457	2,027	456					277	3	126	406
<b>1,742</b>	<b>2,746</b>	<b>604</b>	<b>42,937</b>	<b>11.84</b>	<b>3,626.4</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>343</b>
200	164	28					22	—	4	26
<b>124</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>8,349</b>	<b>6.39</b>	<b>1,306.6</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>28</b>
47	39	16					5	—	4	9
<b>60</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3,315</b>	<b>7.40</b>	<b>448.0</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>9</b>
126	55	16					—	—	—	—
<b>113</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>5,360</b>	<b>41.83</b>	<b>128.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
8	—	1					—	—	—	—
<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>8.30</b>	<b>35.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
55	123	12					9	—	2	11
<b>45</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>4,530</b>	<b>10.89</b>	<b>416.0</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>
296	908	138					25	—	2	27
<b>396</b>	<b>989</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>14,837</b>	<b>67.94</b>	<b>218.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>42</b>
13	3	2					—	—	—	—
<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>53.75</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
36	22	7					—	—	—	—
<b>46</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>8.40</b>	<b>263.2</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
191	374	39					18	—	3	21
<b>160</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>10,678</b>	<b>91.75</b>	<b>116.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>
207	212	34					10	—	2	12
<b>151</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>9,303</b>	<b>113.40</b>	<b>82.0</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>17</b>
121	206	41					23	—	6	29
<b>129</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>12,081</b>	<b>41.80</b>	<b>289.0</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>28</b>
48	286	7					16	—	1	17
<b>59</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6,703</b>	<b>3.80</b>	<b>1,764.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>
15	75	3					10	—	4	14
<b>35</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1,646</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>5,486.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>
74	259	22					26	—	8	34
<b>94</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>10,600</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>7,571.4</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>32</b>
98	78	8					11	2	1	14
<b>99</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3,744</b>	<b>56.50</b>	<b>66.3</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>15</b>
83	252	28					23	—	2	25
<b>109</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>7,999</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>2,285.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>24</b>
542	579	52					39	—	3	42
<b>494</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>14,165</b>	<b>5.80</b>	<b>2,442.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>42</b>
8	7	—					—	—	—	—
<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>8.10</b>	<b>93.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
120	221	24					26	—	1	27
<b>130</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>4.08</b>	<b>2,480.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>27</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>ATLANTIC COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Ventnor City	1977	576	5,136.8	169.4	4,967.4	—	2	7	10
	1978	<b>661</b>	<b>5,842.8</b>	<b>132.6</b>	<b>5,710.2</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>	<b>12</b>
Weymouth Twsp.	1977	19	1,640.7	172.7	1,468.0	—	—	—	2
	1978	<b>30</b>	<b>2,529.5</b>	<b>84.3</b>	<b>2,445.2</b>	<b>1</b>	—	—	—
ATLANTIC COUNTY TOTAL	1977	12,218	6,465.9	449.3	6,016.6	20	57	384	388
	1978	<b>13,565</b>	<b>7,042.1</b>	<b>556.9</b>	<b>6,590.5</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>519</b>
<b>BERGEN COUNTY</b>									
Allendale Boro	1977	176	2,913.9	99.3	2,814.6	—	—	3	3
	1978	<b>186</b>	<b>3,053.7</b>	<b>65.7</b>	<b>2,988.0</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
Alpine Boro	1977	67	4,517.9	—	4,517.9	—	—	—	—
	1978	<b>41</b>	<b>2,724.3</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>2,657.9</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
Bergenfield Boro	1977	631	2,336.9	81.5	2,255.4	1	1	12	8
	1978	<b>743</b>	<b>2,769.2</b>	<b>55.9</b>	<b>2,713.3</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>
Bogota Boro	1977	317	3,750.2	236.6	3,513.6	—	1	6	13
	1978	<b>285</b>	<b>3,392.5</b>	<b>226.2</b>	<b>3,166.3</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>
Carlstadt Boro	1977	364	5,726.0	141.6	5,584.4	—	—	8	1
	1978	<b>476</b>	<b>7,520.9</b>	<b>252.8</b>	<b>7,268.1</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>
Cliffside Park Boro	1977	433	1,902.3	74.7	1,827.6	—	2	2	13
	1978	<b>371</b>	<b>1,641.1</b>	<b>92.9</b>	<b>1,548.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	<b>20</b>
Closter Boro	1977	315	3,744.2	166.4	3,577.8	—	2	1	11
	1978	<b>368</b>	<b>4,371.1</b>	<b>201.9</b>	<b>4,169.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>11</b>
Cresskill Boro	1977	152	1,913.4	—	1,913.4	—	—	—	—
	1978	<b>172</b>	<b>2,153.2</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>2,128.2</b>	—	—	—	<b>2</b>
Demarest Boro	1977	162	3,168.4	39.1	3,129.3	—	—	—	2
	1978	<b>185</b>	<b>3,608.3</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>3,588.8</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
Dumont Boro	1977	452	2,379.2	52.6	2,326.6	—	1	4	5
	1978	<b>452</b>	<b>2,393.4</b>	<b>58.2</b>	<b>2,335.2</b>	—	—	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>
Elmwood Park Boro	1977	775	3,957.7	102.1	3,855.6	—	—	5	15
	1978	<b>912</b>	<b>4,679.1</b>	<b>179.6</b>	<b>4,499.5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>20</b>
East Rutherford Boro	1977	934	11,520.9	394.7	11,126.2	—	1	13	18
	1978	<b>771</b>	<b>9,532.6</b>	<b>346.2</b>	<b>9,186.4</b>	—	—	<b>10</b>	<b>18</b>
Edgewater Boro	1977	285	5,763.4	424.7	5,338.7	—	—	3	18
	1978	<b>179</b>	<b>3,588.6</b>	<b>80.2</b>	<b>3,508.4</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
Emerson Boro	1977	218	2,700.4	49.6	2,650.8	—	—	2	2
	1978	<b>221</b>	<b>2,740.6</b>	<b>136.4</b>	<b>2,604.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>
Englewood City	1977	1,861	7,913.4	561.3	7,352.1	—	2	92	38
	1978	<b>1,877</b>	<b>8,018.6</b>	<b>555.4</b>	<b>7,463.2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>62</b>
Englewood Cliffs Boro	1977	286	4,661.0	228.2	4,432.8	—	1	4	9
	1978	<b>241</b>	<b>3,911.7</b>	<b>146.1</b>	<b>3,765.6</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>
Fair Lawn Boro	1977	1,226	3,417.3	58.5	3,358.8	—	1	5	15
	1978	<b>1,297</b>	<b>3,634.0</b>	<b>70.1</b>	<b>3,563.9</b>	—	—	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
197	321	39					25	—	8	33
<b>187</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>11,313</b>	<b>2.10</b>	<b>5,387.1</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>37</b>
9	6	2					—	—	—	—
<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,186</b>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>98.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
4,033	6,349	987					584	5	178	767
<b>4,292</b>	<b>7,072</b>	<b>1,144</b>	<b>189,787</b>	<b>566.97</b>	<b>334.7</b>		<b>598</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>730</b>
43	124	3					14	—	3	17
<b>25</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6,091</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>2,175.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>17</b>
24	37	6					11	—	—	11
<b>8</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1,505</b>	<b>6.30</b>	<b>238.9</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>11</b>
165	411	33					51	—	7	58
<b>204</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>26,837</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>8,943.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>57</b>
107	184	6					20	—	—	20
<b>86</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8,401</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>12,001.4</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>20</b>
67	240	48					24	—	1	25
<b>110</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>6,329</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>1,506.9</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>28</b>
111	230	75					39	—	2	41
<b>95</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>22,607</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>22,607.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>45</b>
78	209	14					18	—	—	18
<b>74</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>8,419</b>	<b>3.17</b>	<b>2,655.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>20</b>
61	87	4					18	—	1	19
<b>39</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>3,994.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>
62	92	6					11	—	—	11
<b>54</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5,127</b>	<b>2.10</b>	<b>2,441.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>
105	315	22					35	—	1	36
<b>71</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>18,885</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>10,491.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>39</b>
130	526	99					33	—	6	39
<b>181</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>19,491</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>7,796.4</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>37</b>
218	566	118					24	—	6	30
<b>166</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>8,088</b>	<b>3.70</b>	<b>2,186.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>30</b>
65	163	36					19	—	—	19
<b>35</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>4,988</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>7,125.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>20</b>
59	149	6					16	—	—	16
<b>52</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8,064</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>3,665.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18</b>
892	657	180					76	4	19	99
<b>957</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>23,408</b>	<b>4.90</b>	<b>4,777.1</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>96</b>
70	167	35					26	—	1	27
<b>65</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>6,161</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>3,422.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>27</b>
294	844	67					52	—	8	60
<b>303</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>35,691</b>	<b>5.30</b>	<b>6,734.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>56</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>BERGEN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Fairview Boro	1977 1978	156 130	1,489.0 1,245.7	66.8 38.3	1,422.2 1,207.4	— —	— —	3 2	4 2
Fort Lee Boro	1977 1978	1,652 1,426	5,126.8 4,121.6	239.0 225.4	4,887.8 3,896.2	1 1	1 2	48 41	27 34
Franklin Lakes Boro	1977 1978	246 216	3,109.6 2,661.4	101.1 12.3	3,008.5 2,649.1	— —	— —	— —	8 1
Garfield City	1977 1978	873 854	3,075.0 3,025.9	77.5 134.6	2,997.5 2,891.3	— 3	— —	13 13	9 22
Glen Rock Boro	1977 1978	234 201	1,926.6 1,665.3	24.7 24.9	1,901.9 1,640.4	— —	— —	2 3	1 —
Hackensack City	1977 1978	3,199 3,178	8,923.5 8,953.1	287.3 295.8	8,636.2 8,657.3	3 —	9 11	61 57	30 37
Harrington Park Boro	1977 1978	135 125	2,796.8 2,580.5	103.6 61.9	2,693.2 2,518.6	— —	— —	— —	5 3
Hasbrouck Heights Boro	1977 1978	485 528	3,817.1 4,170.6	94.4 150.1	3,722.7 4,020.5	3 —	— —	9 13	— 6
Haworth Boro	1977 1978	114 110	3,116.5 3,019.5	27.3 —	3,089.2 3,019.5	— —	— —	1 —	— —
Hillsdale Boro	1977 1978	347 288	3,027.4 2,523.7	52.3 26.3	2,975.1 2,497.4	— —	— —	— 1	6 2
Hohokus Boro	1977 1978	107 100	2,515.9 2,354.0	141.1 47.0	2,374.8 2,307.0	— —	— —	— 1	6 1
Leonia Boro	1977 1978	240 255	2,913.0 3,105.6	60.7 121.8	2,852.3 2,983.8	1 —	1 1	2 1	1 8
Little Ferry Boro	1977 1978	442 451	4,671.3 4,795.8	200.8 106.3	4,470.5 4,689.5	1 —	— 1	17 9	1 —
Lodi Boro	1977 1978	957 896	3,892.1 3,649.5	174.9 191.4	3,717.2 3,458.1	— —	2 4	23 24	18 19
Lyndhurst Twp.	1977 1978	734 704	3,479.0 3,341.6	118.5 185.2	3,360.5 3,156.4	1 1	1 —	14 17	9 21
Mahwah Twp.	1977 1978	676 564	5,303.6 4,405.2	117.7 46.8	5,185.9 4,358.4	2 —	2 —	4 3	7 3
Maywood Boro	1977 1978	336 331	3,267.8 3,235.6	107.0 48.9	3,160.8 3,186.7	— —	1 —	7 2	3 3
Midland Park Boro	1977 1978	203 211	2,576.5 2,691.7	25.4 25.5	2,551.1 2,666.2	1 —	— —	1 2	— —
Montvale Boro	1977 1978	269 291	3,626.3 3,875.3	134.8 93.2	3,491.5 3,782.1	— —	— —	5 4	5 3
Moonachie Boro	1977 1978	142 152	4,844.8 5,198.4	136.5 171.0	4,708.3 5,027.4	— 1	— —	3 1	1 3
New Milford Boro	1977 1978	475 343	2,661.2 1,933.8	50.4 50.7	2,610.8 1,883.1	— —	— —	1 2	8 7

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
10	95	44					27	—	1	28
<b>8</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>10,436</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>11,595.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>28</b>
442	898	235					73	—	5	78
<b>345</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>34,598</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>13,839.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>83</b>
69	154	15					17	—	4	21
<b>58</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8,116</b>	<b>9.80</b>	<b>828.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>22</b>
190	533	128					46	—	22	68
<b>205</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>28,223</b>	<b>2.10</b>	<b>13,439.5</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>74</b>
71	152	8					23	—	3	26
<b>73</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>12,070</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>4,310.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>26</b>
705	2,099	292					102	—	17	119
<b>713</b>	<b>2,056</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>35,496</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>8,874.0</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>121</b>
44	83	3					8	—	1	9
<b>21</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4,844</b>	<b>2.04</b>	<b>2,374.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>
98	340	35					28	—	2	30
<b>100</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>12,660</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>8,440.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>
31	78	4					10	—	1	11
<b>26</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3,643</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>1,849.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>
75	252	14					22	—	1	23
<b>47</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>11,412</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>3,935.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>
44	51	6					13	—	2	15
<b>33</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4,248</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>2,360.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>
98	123	14					19	—	1	20
<b>90</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>8,211</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>5,474.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>21</b>
81	293	49					21	—	—	21
<b>121</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>9,404</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>6,269.3</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>
250	510	154					42	—	3	45
<b>265</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>24,551</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>11,159.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>47</b>
171	428	110					46	—	6	52
<b>156</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>21,068</b>	<b>4.70</b>	<b>4,482.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>52</b>
143	464	54					37	—	2	39
<b>105</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>12,803</b>	<b>25.70</b>	<b>498.2</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>43</b>
85	208	32					24	—	1	25
<b>82</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>10,230</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>7,869.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>
50	147	4					12	—	3	15
<b>78</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7,839</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>4,638.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>
48	197	14					17	—	1	18
<b>55</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>7,509</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>1,877.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>
19	105	14					10	—	4	14
<b>25</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2,924</b>	<b>1.60</b>	<b>1,827.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>
117	331	18					32	—	3	35
<b>79</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>17,737</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>8,062.3</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>36</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>BERGEN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
North Arlington Boro	391	2,291.0	169.9	2,121.1	—	—	9	20
1977	492	2,906.1	65.0	2,841.1	2	—	4	5
1978								
Northvale Boro	167	3,201.7	57.5	3,144.2	—	—	1	2
1977	138	2,643.2	—	2,643.2	—	—	—	—
1978								
Norwood Boro	117	2,609.3	156.1	2,453.2	—	—	2	5
1977	95	2,106.9	221.8	1,885.1	—	1	—	9
1978								
Oakland Boro	491	3,520.2	107.5	3,412.7	—	1	3	11
1977	480	3,465.7	43.3	3,422.4	—	—	—	6
1978								
Old Tappan Boro	147	3,508.4	71.6	3,436.8	—	—	1	2
1977	121	2,874.1	71.2	2,802.9	—	—	—	3
1978								
Oradell Boro	214	2,464.6	23.0	2,441.6	—	—	1	1
1977	176	2,038.2	46.3	1,991.9	—	—	2	2
1978								
Palisades Park Boro	496	3,816.9	230.9	3,586.0	—	2	12	16
1977	467	3,544.9	121.5	3,423.4	—	—	3	13
1978								
Paramus Boro	4,206	15,000.0	310.3	14,689.7	—	3	55	29
1977	3,580	12,848.1	190.2	12,657.9	—	4	40	9
1978								
Park Ridge Boro	212	2,331.2	22.0	2,309.2	—	1	1	—
1977	169	1,867.4	121.5	1,745.9	—	—	1	10
1978								
Ramsey Boro	573	4,703.3	188.8	4,514.5	—	2	8	13
1977	638	5,198.8	220.0	4,978.8	—	3	7	17
1978								
Ridgefield Boro	512	4,807.5	216.0	4,591.5	—	1	13	9
1977	349	3,291.8	207.5	3,084.3	1	4	7	10
1978								
Ridgefield Park Village	500	3,809.2	160.0	3,649.2	—	2	11	8
1977	479	3,644.5	167.4	3,477.1	1	2	10	9
1978								
Ridgewood Village	426	1,636.2	19.2	1,617.0	—	—	2	3
1977	760	2,926.8	65.5	2,861.3	—	1	12	4
1978								
River Edge Boro	295	2,458.9	50.0	2,408.9	—	1	5	—
1977	296	2,482.2	50.3	2,431.9	—	—	—	6
1978								
River Vale Twsp.	159	1,712.8	32.3	1,680.5	—	—	1	2
1977	132	1,401.0	21.3	1,379.7	—	—	—	2
1978								
Rochelle Park Twsp.	262	4,443.7	101.8	4,341.9	—	—	4	2
1977	339	5,787.9	85.3	5,702.6	—	—	2	3
1978								
Rockleigh Boro	34	12,454.2	366.3	12,087.9	—	—	1	—
1977	24	8,571.4	714.3	7,857.1	—	—	—	2
1978								
Rutherford Boro	790	3,990.7	70.7	3,920.0	1	—	6	7
1977	781	3,973.7	76.3	3,897.4	—	—	10	5
1978								
Saddle Brook Twsp.	695	4,642.0	133.6	4,508.4	1	—	8	11
1977	745	5,002.4	161.2	4,841.2	—	1	8	15
1978								
Saddle River Boro	90	3,550.3	118.3	3,432.0	—	—	2	1
1977	95	3,702.3	77.9	3,624.3	—	—	—	2
1978								
South Hackensack Twsp.	205	8,948.1	349.2	8,598.9	—	1	2	5
1977	206	9,058.9	703.6	8,355.3	—	5	5	6
1978								

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
111	201	50					39	—	1	40
<b>115</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>16,930</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>6,772.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>42</b>
34	126	4					11	—	—	11
<b>26</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5,221</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>4,016.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>11</b>
35	68	7					11	—	—	11
<b>31</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4,509</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>1,554.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>12</b>
138	314	24					28	—	1	29
<b>106</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>13,850</b>	<b>9.10</b>	<b>1,522.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>30</b>
13	124	7					9	—	1	10
<b>14</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4,210</b>	<b>3.10</b>	<b>1,358.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>
79	124	9					19	—	1	20
<b>53</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>8,635</b>	<b>2.55</b>	<b>3,386.3</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>
145	260	61					30	—	—	30
<b>161</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>13,174</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>10,133.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>31</b>
501	3,079	539					88	—	25	113
<b>418</b>	<b>2,573</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>27,864</b>	<b>10.35</b>	<b>2,692.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>116</b>
42	157	11					18	—	—	18
<b>23</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>9,050</b>	<b>2.58</b>	<b>3,507.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18</b>
130	373	47					28	—	1	29
<b>124</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>12,272</b>	<b>5.90</b>	<b>2,080.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>29</b>
141	296	52					25	—	—	25
<b>110</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>10,602</b>	<b>2.60</b>	<b>4,077.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>
179	279	21					24	—	2	26
<b>120</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>13,143</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>6,571.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>29</b>
161	226	34					45	—	5	50
<b>189</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>25,967</b>	<b>5.90</b>	<b>4,401.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>52</b>
69	204	16					21	—	3	24
<b>67</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11,925</b>	<b>1.90</b>	<b>6,276.3</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>24</b>
35	117	4					19	—	—	19
<b>32</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>9,422</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>2,243.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>20</b>
65	177	14					17	—	—	17
<b>65</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>5,857</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>5,324.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>17</b>
12	20	1					—	—	—	—
<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>280.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
166	556	54					41	—	7	48
<b>162</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>19,654</b>	<b>2.60</b>	<b>7,559.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>54</b>
145	472	58					30	—	3	33
<b>215</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>14,893</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>5,515.9</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>34</b>
38	43	6					9	—	—	9
<b>33</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,566</b>	<b>4.90</b>	<b>523.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>
43	137	17					18	—	—	18
<b>51</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2,274</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>4,548.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>17</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>BERGEN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
	1977	1,731	4,297.1	183.7	4,113.4	—	3	37	34
<b>Teaneck Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>1,786</b>	<b>4,457.6</b>	<b>179.7</b>	<b>4,277.9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>36</b>
	1977	274	1,938.7	35.4	1,903.3	—	—	2	3
<b>Tenafly Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>1,947.3</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>1,933.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>
	1977	35	*	*	*	—	—	—	—
<b>Teterboro Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>
	1977	256	3,123.1	61.0	3,062.1	—	1	2	2
<b>Upper Saddle River Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>3,000.5</b>	<b>48.0</b>	<b>2,952.5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
	1977	327	2,783.2	110.6	2,672.6	—	1	3	9
<b>Waldwick Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>2,585.6</b>	<b>117.5</b>	<b>2,468.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>
	1977	512	4,911.3	134.3	4,777.0	—	—	8	6
<b>Wallington Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>5,160.5</b>	<b>211.4</b>	<b>4,949.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>
	1977	181	1,752.0	58.1	1,693.9	—	—	—	6
<b>Washington Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>1,521.2</b>	<b>135.6</b>	<b>1,385.6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>
	1977	351	3,242.5	37.0	3,205.5	—	—	1	3
<b>Westwood Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>2,923.2</b>	<b>92.5</b>	<b>2,830.7</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>
	1977	157	2,771.9	53.0	2,718.9	—	—	1	2
<b>Woodcliff Lake Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>1,900.9</b>	<b>104.6</b>	<b>1,796.3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>
	1977	282	3,436.9	146.3	3,290.6	2	—	2	8
<b>Wood-Ridge Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>2,930.7</b>	<b>98.1</b>	<b>2,832.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>
	1977	365	2,287.7	37.6	2,250.1	—	—	1	5
<b>Wyckoff Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>2,306.3</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>2,287.5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
BERGEN COUNTY	1977	36,129	4,135.0	136.2	3,998.8	18	48	579	545
TOTAL	<b>1978</b>	<b>35,084</b>	<b>4,013.4</b>	<b>134.4</b>	<b>3,879.0</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>606</b>
<b>BURLINGTON COUNTY</b>									
	1977	35	3,371.9	96.3	3,275.6	—	—	1	—
<b>Bass River Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>3,679.9</b>	<b>184.0</b>	<b>3,495.9</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>
	1977	183	5,718.8	437.5	5,281.3	1	1	3	9
<b>Beverly City</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>3,856.9</b>	<b>186.6</b>	<b>3,670.3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>
	1977	184	3,873.7	210.5	3,663.2	—	1	3	6
<b>Bordentown City</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>3,586.5</b>	<b>253.2</b>	<b>3,333.3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>
	1977	360	4,705.9	183.1	4,522.8	—	2	6	6
<b>Bordentown Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>4,002.1</b>	<b>300.8</b>	<b>3,701.3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>9</b>
	1977	356	3,034.4	272.7	2,761.7	1	2	12	17
<b>Burlington City</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>3,232.7</b>	<b>273.7</b>	<b>2,959.0</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>16</b>
	1977	535	4,657.4	243.7	4,413.7	1	7	12	8
<b>Burlington Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>582</b>	<b>5,067.9</b>	<b>374.4</b>	<b>4,693.5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>26</b>
	1977	29	833.6	230.0	603.6	—	—	—	8
<b>Chesterfield Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>1,192.8</b>	<b>113.6</b>	<b>1,079.2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
	1977	610	3,449.1	124.4	3,324.7	—	1	8	13
<b>Cinnaminson Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>3,508.9</b>	<b>153.1</b>	<b>3,355.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
590	995	72					83	—	11	94
<b>580</b>	<b>1,006</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>40,066</b>	<b>5.90</b>	<b>6,790.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>90</b>
125	131	13					32	—	1	33
<b>122</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>14,071</b>	<b>4.40</b>	<b>3,198.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>33</b>
4	24	7					5	—	—	5
<b>5</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>15.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>
70	169	12					15	—	4	19
<b>70</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8,332</b>	<b>5.10</b>	<b>1,633.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>19</b>
71	225	18					16	—	4	20
<b>60</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>11,912</b>	<b>2.40</b>	<b>4,963.3</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>20</b>
141	294	63					16	—	3	19
<b>148</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>10,406</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>10,406.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>27</b>
45	118	12					19	—	—	19
<b>33</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10,321</b>	<b>2.87</b>	<b>3,596.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>19</b>
72	240	35					26	1	2	29
<b>74</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>10,810</b>	<b>2.40</b>	<b>4,504.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>27</b>
45	107	2					13	—	1	14
<b>17</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5,734</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>1,529.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>
66	190	14					20	—	1	21
<b>61</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>8,155</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>7,413.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>
94	259	6					23	—	—	23
<b>97</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>15,956</b>	<b>6.70</b>	<b>2,381.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>24</b>
8,997	22,647	3,295					1,914	5	215	2,134
<b>8,596</b>	<b>21,652</b>	<b>3,661</b>	<b>874,176</b>	<b>234.67</b>	<b>3,725.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,967</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>2,197</b>
24	7	3					—	—	—	—
<b>23</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1,087</b>	<b>77.35</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
41	117	11					4	—	6	10
<b>23</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3,215</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>5,953.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
27	134	13					6	—	2	8
<b>32</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>4,740</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>5,042.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>11</b>
107	220	19					9	—	6	15
<b>86</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>7,646</b>	<b>7.41</b>	<b>1,031.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16</b>
97	206	21					33	—	4	37
<b>93</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>11,693</b>	<b>3.44</b>	<b>3,399.1</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>38</b>
138	345	24					25	—	7	32
<b>194</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>11,484</b>	<b>14.20</b>	<b>808.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>37</b>
9	8	4					—	—	—	—
<b>23</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3,521</b>	<b>21.81</b>	<b>161.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
199	330	59					24	—	6	30
<b>254</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>17,641</b>	<b>7.57</b>	<b>2,330.4</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>30</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>BURLINGTON COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Delanco Twp.	1977	109	2,747.0	75.6	2,671.4	—	—	2	1
	1978	<b>105</b>	<b>2,639.5</b>	<b>50.3</b>	<b>2,589.2</b>	—	—	—	<b>2</b>
Delran Twp.	1977	550	3,802.8	76.0	3,726.8	—	6	2	3
	1978	<b>535</b>	<b>3,692.7</b>	<b>117.3</b>	<b>3,575.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>
Eastampton Twp.	1977	157	4,841.2	370.0	4,471.2	—	2	3	7
	1978	<b>159</b>	<b>4,931.8</b>	<b>558.3</b>	<b>4,373.4</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6</b>
Edgewater Park Twp.	1977	282	2,985.1	74.1	2,911.0	—	1	2	4
	1978	<b>261</b>	<b>2,769.5</b>	<b>127.3</b>	<b>2,642.2</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>
Evesham Twp.	1977	701	3,805.9	108.6	3,697.3	—	2	8	10
	1978	<b>711</b>	<b>3,794.0</b>	<b>112.1</b>	<b>3,682.0</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>
Fieldsboro Boro	1977	10	1,703.6	511.1	1,192.5	—	1	—	2
	1978	<b>11</b>	<b>1,880.3</b>	<b>170.9</b>	<b>1,709.4</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	—
Florence Twp.	1977	212	2,419.3	79.9	2,339.4	—	2	1	4
	1978	<b>227</b>	<b>2,589.0</b>	<b>125.5</b>	<b>2,463.5</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>
Hainesport Twp.	1977	182	6,577.5	144.5	6,433.0	—	—	—	4
	1978	<b>163</b>	<b>5,827.7</b>	<b>464.8</b>	<b>5,362.9</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>
Lumberton Twp.	1977	205	4,151.5	324.0	3,827.5	—	3	1	12
	1978	<b>228</b>	<b>4,630.4</b>	<b>182.8</b>	<b>4,447.6</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>
Mansfield Twp.	1977	74	2,689.9	181.7	2,508.2	—	—	2	3
	1978	<b>64</b>	<b>2,320.5</b>	<b>290.1</b>	<b>2,030.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>
Maple Shade Twp.	1977	1,072	4,700.9	166.6	4,534.3	—	5	12	21
	1978	<b>1,039</b>	<b>4,565.8</b>	<b>162.6</b>	<b>4,403.2</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>13</b>
Medford Twp.	1977	403	3,303.0	57.4	3,245.6	—	—	4	3
	1978	<b>554</b>	<b>4,258.9</b>	<b>138.4</b>	<b>4,120.5</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>
Medford Lakes Boro	1977	282	4,334.5	15.4	4,319.1	—	—	—	1
	1978	<b>206</b>	<b>3,157.1</b>	—	<b>3,157.1</b>	—	—	—	—
Moorestown Twp.	1977	858	5,474.0	51.0	5,423.0	1	—	6	1
	1978	<b>945</b>	<b>5,959.9</b>	<b>18.9</b>	<b>5,941.0</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>	—
Mount Holly Twp.	1977	405	3,139.3	108.5	3,030.8	2	2	7	3
	1978	<b>476</b>	<b>3,698.8</b>	<b>116.5</b>	<b>3,582.3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>
Mount Laurel Twp.	1977	580	3,892.1	114.1	3,778.0	—	3	2	12
	1978	<b>496</b>	<b>3,303.6</b>	<b>139.9</b>	<b>3,163.7</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>
New Hanover Twp.	1977	19	122.6	32.3	90.3	—	—	2	3
	1978	<b>27</b>	<b>158.1</b>	<b>29.3</b>	<b>128.8</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
North Hanover Twp.	1977	139	1,427.8	61.6	1,366.2	—	2	2	2
	1978	<b>181</b>	<b>1,854.7</b>	<b>61.5</b>	<b>1,793.2</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
Palmyra Boro	1977	211	2,888.8	150.6	2,738.2	—	—	4	7
	1978	<b>287</b>	<b>3,776.8</b>	<b>223.7</b>	<b>3,553.1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>9</b>
Pemberton Boro	1977	121	8,175.7	405.4	7,770.3	—	—	2	4
	1978	<b>89</b>	<b>5,953.2</b>	<b>535.1</b>	<b>5,418.1</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>
Pemberton Twp.	1977	1,188	4,485.9	415.4	4,070.5	2	19	15	74
	1978	<b>1,367</b>	<b>5,041.7</b>	<b>538.5</b>	<b>4,503.2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>100</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area In Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
26	76	4					7	—	3	10
<b>26</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3,978</b>	<b>2.16</b>	<b>1,841.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>
149	330	60					20	—	5	25
<b>129</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>14,488</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>2,096.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>24</b>
45	92	8					9	—	3	12
<b>34</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3,224</b>	<b>5.63</b>	<b>572.6</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>
64	171	40					12	—	4	16
<b>64</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>9,424</b>	<b>2.86</b>	<b>3,295.1</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>
270	367	44					28	—	7	35
<b>264</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>18,740</b>	<b>29.65</b>	<b>632.0</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>30</b>
3	3	1					—	—	—	—
<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>1,950.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
59	136	10					13	—	5	18
<b>63</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>8,768</b>	<b>9.65</b>	<b>908.6</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>
61	106	11					5	—	—	5
<b>41</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2,797</b>	<b>6.58</b>	<b>425.1</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>
52	116	21					11	—	3	14
<b>54</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>4,924</b>	<b>13.34</b>	<b>369.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>
31	23	15					—	—	—	—
<b>25</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2,758</b>	<b>23.09</b>	<b>119.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
262	655	117					29	—	6	35
<b>267</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>22,756</b>	<b>3.72</b>	<b>6,117.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>35</b>
135	249	12					22	—	6	28
<b>168</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13,008</b>	<b>40.29</b>	<b>322.9</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>30</b>
27	252	2					8	—	4	12
<b>26</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6,525</b>	<b>1.25</b>	<b>5,220.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>
131	624	95					31	—	9	40
<b>117</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>15,856</b>	<b>15.18</b>	<b>1,044.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>38</b>
136	236	19					22	—	6	28
<b>158</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>12,869</b>	<b>2.91</b>	<b>4,422.3</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>29</b>
201	316	46					29	—	7	36
<b>152</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>15,014</b>	<b>22.15</b>	<b>677.8</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>36</b>
5	8	1					—	—	—	—
<b>14</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>17,082</b>	<b>21.85</b>	<b>781.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
38	87	8					1	—	—	1
<b>58</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>9,759</b>	<b>17.38</b>	<b>561.5</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
75	95	30					13	—	5	18
<b>115</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>7,599</b>	<b>1.92</b>	<b>3,957.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>16</b>
34	76	5					2	—	—	2
<b>24</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,495</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>1,967.1</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>
505	478	95					34	—	7	41
<b>573</b>	<b>558</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>27,114</b>	<b>64.67</b>	<b>419.3</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>49</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>BURLINGTON COUNTY</b>									
<b>(cont'd)</b>									
Riverside Twsp.	1977 1978	253 209	3,273.8 2,675.7	77.6 38.4	3,196.2 2,637.3	1 —	1 —	3 2	1 1
Riverton Boro	1977 1978	70 108	2,289.8 3,531.7	32.7 130.8	2,257.1 3,400.9	— —	— 1	1 2	— 1
Shamong Twsp.	1977 1978	44 42	1,866.0 1,509.7	127.2 107.8	1,738.8 1,401.9	— —	1 1	— —	2 2
Southampton Twsp.	1977 1978	116 125	1,318.2 1,309.2	56.8 73.3	1,261.4 1,235.9	— 1	1 1	— 1	4 4
Springfield Twsp.	1977 1978	70 64	2,958.6 2,655.6	380.4 332.0	2,578.2 2,323.6	— —	1 1	4 1	4 6
Tabernacle Twsp.	1977 1978	93 99	2,740.1 2,500.0	176.8 176.8	2,563.3 2,323.2	— —	— —	1 3	5 4
Washington Twsp.	1977 1978	19 23	2,710.4 3,221.3	— 280.1	2,710.4 2,941.2	— 1	— —	— —	— 1
Westampton Twsp.	1977 1978	97 96	3,383.3 3,130.1	593.0 326.1	2,790.3 2,804.0	— —	3 1	3 4	11 5
Willingboro Twsp.	1977 1978	1,734 1,960	4,056.5 4,547.1	184.8 310.9	3,871.7 4,236.2	— —	6 7	29 51	44 76
Woodland Twsp.	1977 1978	39 40	1,765.5 1,771.5	226.3 88.6	1,539.2 1,682.9	1 —	2 —	1 1	1 1
Wrightstown Boro	1977 1978	49 64	1,776.0 2,311.3	434.9 505.6	1,341.1 1,805.7	— 1	— 1	8 7	4 5
BURLINGTON COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	12,636 13,222	3,561.0 3,659.9	164.3 202.3	3,396.7 3,457.5	10 10	77 83	172 241	324 397
<b>CAMDEN COUNTY</b>									
Audubon Boro	1977 1978	557 496	5,555.0 5,001.0	79.8 121.0	5,475.2 4,880.0	— —	— —	7 6	1 6
Audubon Park Boro	1977 1978	31 37	2,289.5 2,763.3	— 298.8	2,289.5 2,464.5	— —	— —	— 1	— 3
Barrington Boro	1977 1978	192 213	2,422.1 2,711.0	164.0 101.9	2,258.1 2,609.1	— —	1 2	6 2	6 4
Bellmawr Boro	1977 1978	385 335	2,602.4 2,286.1	182.5 116.0	2,419.9 2,170.1	1 —	— 1	13 5	13 11
Berlin Boro	1977 1978	453 515	8,384.2 9,272.6	370.1 216.1	8,014.1 9,056.5	— —	2 —	8 11	10 1
Berlin Twsp.	1977 1978	257 204	4,286.9 3,426.3	200.2 151.2	4,086.7 3,275.1	— —	2 2	2 2	8 5
Brooklawn Boro	1977 1978	95 127	3,556.7 4,807.0	486.7 492.1	3,070.0 4,314.9	— —	— 2	5 8	8 3
Camden City	1977 1978	9,530 9,475	10,509.3 10,672.0	1,929.8 2,218.9	8,579.5 8,453.1	22 24	62 82	913 945	753 919

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
61	166	20					11	—	1	12
<b>67</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>7,811</b>	<b>1.54</b>	<b>5,072.1</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>
16	49	4					6	—	—	6
<b>33</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3,058</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>4,368.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>
27	12	2					—	—	—	—
<b>16</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,782</b>	<b>46.61</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
61	41	9					—	—	—	—
<b>64</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>9,548</b>	<b>43.31</b>	<b>220.5</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
32	24	5					—	—	—	—
<b>36</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,410</b>	<b>29.34</b>	<b>82.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
50	29	8					—	—	—	—
<b>41</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3,960</b>	<b>47.64</b>	<b>83.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
13	5	1					—	—	—	—
<b>16</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>107.32</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
25	48	7					7	—	—	7
<b>30</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3,067</b>	<b>11.04</b>	<b>277.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>
519	1,069	67					53	—	16	69
<b>684</b>	<b>1,065</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>43,104</b>	<b>7.60</b>	<b>5,671.6</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>67</b>
18	14	2					—	—	—	—
<b>19</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,258</b>	<b>95.38</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
19	16	2					—	—	—	—
<b>23</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2,769</b>	<b>1.65</b>	<b>1,678.2</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
3,792	7,336	925					474	—	128	602
<b>4,135</b>	<b>7,371</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>361,271</b>	<b>817.64</b>	<b>441.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>603</b>
72	448	29					17	—	4	21
<b>80</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>9,918</b>	<b>1.48</b>	<b>6,701.4</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>
11	14	6					5	—	—	5
<b>17</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,339</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>8,926.7</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>
52	117	10					15	—	4	19
<b>53</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>7,857</b>	<b>1.59</b>	<b>4,941.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>18</b>
99	234	25					16	—	6	22
<b>80</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>14,654</b>	<b>2.99</b>	<b>4,901.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>
119	271	43					9	—	1	10
<b>84</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>5,554</b>	<b>3.56</b>	<b>1,560.1</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>
115	114	16					8	—	—	8
<b>80</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>5,954</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>1,820.8</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>
20	49	13					4	—	—	4
<b>33</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2,642</b>	<b>0.49</b>	<b>5,391.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>
3,085	3,452	1,243					378	—	53	431
<b>2,899</b>	<b>3,421</b>	<b>1,185</b>	<b>88,784</b>	<b>8.68</b>	<b>10,228.6</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>400</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>CAMDEN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Cherry Hill Twsp. 1977	3,603	5,285.2	148.2	5,137.0	—	8	57	36	
Cherry Hill Twsp. 1978	<b>4,557</b>	<b>6,685.2</b>	<b>186.4</b>	<b>6,498.8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>50</b>	
Chesilhurst Boro 1977	60	4,158.0	1,316.7	2,841.3	—	—	2	17	
Chesilhurst Boro 1978	<b>88</b>	<b>5,878.4</b>	<b>868.4</b>	<b>5,010.0</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	
Clementon Boro 1977	306	4,759.7	326.6	4,433.1	—	2	5	14	
Clementon Boro 1978	<b>371</b>	<b>5,816.0</b>	<b>219.5</b>	<b>5,596.5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	
Collingswood Boro 1977	733	4,520.8	117.2	4,403.6	—	—	8	11	
Collingswood Boro 1978	<b>617</b>	<b>3,839.5</b>	<b>199.2</b>	<b>3,640.3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	
Gibbsboro Boro 1977	34	1,348.7	—	1,348.7	—	—	—	—	
Gibbsboro Boro 1978	<b>41</b>	<b>1,639.3</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>1,599.3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	
Gloucester City 1977	766	5,587.2	277.2	5,310.0	—	4	18	16	
Gloucester City 1978	<b>678</b>	<b>5,005.5</b>	<b>295.3</b>	<b>4,710.2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>15</b>	
Gloucester Twsp. 1977	1,859	4,924.8	161.6	4,763.2	1	4	28	28	
Gloucester Twsp. 1978	<b>1,777</b>	<b>4,541.0</b>	<b>196.8</b>	<b>4,344.2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>25</b>	
Haddon Twsp. 1977	800	4,622.9	213.8	4,409.1	1	5	19	12	
Haddon Twsp. 1978	<b>644</b>	<b>3,764.3</b>	<b>192.9</b>	<b>3,571.4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>13</b>	
Haddonfield Boro 1977	397	3,215.9	48.6	3,167.3	—	—	4	2	
Haddonfield Boro 1978	<b>364</b>	<b>2,975.3</b>	<b>106.2</b>	<b>2,859.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3</b>	
Haddon Heights Boro 1977	208	2,350.5	90.4	2,260.1	—	—	3	5	
Haddon Heights Boro 1978	<b>223</b>	<b>2,451.6</b>	<b>66.0</b>	<b>2,385.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	
Hi-Nella Boro 1977	54	4,728.5	87.5	4,641.0	—	—	—	1	
Hi-Nella Boro 1978	<b>93</b>	<b>8,230.1</b>	<b>442.5</b>	<b>7,787.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	
Laurel Springs Boro 1977	74	2,379.4	160.8	2,218.6	—	2	—	3	
Laurel Springs Boro 1978	<b>67</b>	<b>2,169.7</b>	<b>226.7</b>	<b>1,943.0</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	
Lawnside Boro 1977	69	2,154.9	499.7	1,655.2	1	2	1	12	
Lawnside Boro 1978	<b>123</b>	<b>3,785.8</b>	<b>338.6</b>	<b>3,447.2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>9</b>	
Lindenwold Boro 1977	1,049	5,618.3	337.4	5,280.9	—	3	21	39	
Lindenwold Boro 1978	<b>948</b>	<b>5,082.6</b>	<b>359.2</b>	<b>4,723.4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>49</b>	
Magnolia Boro 1977	100	1,753.5	315.7	1,437.8	—	—	8	10	
Magnolia Boro 1978	<b>92</b>	<b>1,630.3</b>	<b>141.7</b>	<b>1,488.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	
Merchantville Boro 1977	171	4,087.0	239.0	3,848.0	—	—	8	2	
Merchantville Boro 1978	<b>190</b>	<b>4,576.1</b>	<b>361.3</b>	<b>4,214.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>9</b>	
Mount Ephraim Boro 1977	201	3,901.4	310.6	3,590.8	—	—	8	8	
Mount Ephraim Boro 1978	<b>289</b>	<b>5,672.2</b>	<b>235.5</b>	<b>5,436.7</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	
Oaklyn Boro 1977	137	3,253.4	71.2	3,182.2	1	—	1	1	
Oaklyn Boro 1978	<b>106</b>	<b>2,546.9</b>	<b>168.2</b>	<b>2,378.7</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	
Pennsauken Twsp. 1977	2,207	6,352.2	236.0	6,116.2	—	8	44	30	
Pennsauken Twsp. 1978	<b>2,428</b>	<b>6,926.3</b>	<b>345.2</b>	<b>6,581.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>51</b>	
Pine Hill Boro 1977	450	5,877.0	470.2	5,406.8	1	3	5	27	
Pine Hill Boro 1978	<b>550</b>	<b>6,993.0</b>	<b>356.0</b>	<b>6,637.0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>	
Pine Valley Boro 1977	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Pine Valley Boro 1978	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area In Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
1,128	1,935	439					113	—	26	139
<b>1,453</b>	<b>2,436</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>68,166</b>	<b>24.18</b>	<b>2,819.1</b>	Suburban	<b>112</b>	—	<b>26</b>	<b>138</b>
25	15	1					5	—	—	5
<b>42</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1,497</b>	<b>1.72</b>	<b>870.4</b>	Rural	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>8</b>
94	179	12					9	—	2	11
<b>116</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>6,379</b>	<b>1.91</b>	<b>3,339.8</b>	Suburban	<b>9</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>
165	520	29					24	—	7	31
<b>119</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>16,070</b>	<b>1.86</b>	<b>8,639.8</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>25</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>31</b>
11	19	4					—	—	—	—
<b>9</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,501</b>	<b>2.16</b>	<b>1,157.9</b>	Suburban Rural	—	—	—	—
244	401	83					23	3	2	28
<b>185</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>13,545</b>	<b>2.32</b>	<b>5,838.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>22</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>27</b>
539	1,138	121					53	—	18	71
<b>520</b>	<b>1,040</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>39,132</b>	<b>23.14</b>	<b>1,691.1</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>61</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>84</b>
245	466	52					24	—	5	29
<b>176</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>17,108</b>	<b>2.69</b>	<b>6,359.9</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>24</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>29</b>
95	275	21					24	—	6	30
<b>105</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>12,234</b>	<b>2.78</b>	<b>4,400.7</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>24</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>30</b>
43	148	9					15	—	5	20
<b>54</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9,096</b>	<b>1.58</b>	<b>5,757.0</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>15</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>
25	22	6					—	—	—	—
<b>45</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1,130</b>	<b>0.23</b>	<b>4,913.0</b>	Suburban	<b>3</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>
23	46	—					5	—	3	8
<b>20</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3,088</b>	<b>0.45</b>	<b>6,862.2</b>	Suburban	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
5	39	9					9	—	2	11
<b>27</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>3,249</b>	<b>1.43</b>	<b>2,272.0</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>
311	564	111					27	—	2	29
<b>286</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>18,652</b>	<b>3.82</b>	<b>4,882.7</b>	Suburban	<b>22</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>
39	33	10					7	—	1	8
<b>34</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5,643</b>	<b>0.98</b>	<b>5,758.2</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>
42	108	11					11	11	4	15
<b>65</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4,152</b>	<b>0.61</b>	<b>6,806.6</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>11</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>
45	129	11					9	—	4	13
<b>62</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>5,095</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>5,661.1</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>10</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>
37	87	10					8	—	5	13
<b>32</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4,162</b>	<b>0.63</b>	<b>6,606.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>6</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>
685	1,178	262					82	—	28	110
<b>584</b>	<b>1,397</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>35,055</b>	<b>10.56</b>	<b>3,319.6</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>84</b>	—	<b>29</b>	<b>113</b>
147	236	31					13	—	3	16
<b>197</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>7,865</b>	<b>3.97</b>	<b>1,981.1</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>13</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>
—	—	—					—	—	—	—
—	—	—	<b>21</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>22.3</b>	Suburban	—	—	—	—

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>CAMDEN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Runnemede Boro	1977 1978	369 298	3,832.2 3,129.3	228.5 157.5	3,603.7 2,971.8	— —	2 1	12 2	8 12
Somerdale Boro	1977 1978	187 234	2,797.7 3,537.4	209.4 332.6	2,588.3 3,204.8	— —	— 3	5 3	9 16
Stratford Boro	1977 1978	368 353	4,098.5 3,968.5	144.8 89.9	3,953.7 3,878.6	— —	1 —	5 3	7 5
Tavistock Boro	1977 1978	3 1	* *	* *	* *	— —	— —	— —	— —
Voorhees Twsp.	1977 1978	753 871	6,553.6 7,316.9	261.2 226.8	6,292.4 7,090.1	— —	2 2	21 13	7 12
Waterford Twsp.	1977 1978	247 241	4,501.5 4,130.2	164.0 325.6	4,337.5 3,804.6	— —	1 2	3 10	5 7
Winslow Twsp.	1977 1978	719 675	4,102.5 3,855.4	233.9 234.2	3,868.6 3,621.2	4 —	3 8	6 7	28 26
Wood-Lynne Boro	1977 1978	70 124	2,481.4 4,431.7	106.+ 143.0	2,375.0 4,288.7	— —	— —	3 3	— 1
CAMDEN COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	27,494 28,445	5,800.3 6,005.7	534.8 595.0	5,265.5 5,410.8	32 33	117 157	1,249 1,301	1,137 1,327
<b>CAPE MAY COUNTY</b>									
Avalon Boro	1977 1978	195 208	9,888.4 10,102.0	50.7 679.9	9,837.7 9,422.1	— —	— 2	— —	1 12
Cape May City	1977 1978	249 235	5,260.9 4,972.5	316.9 275.1	4,944.0 4,697.4	— —	4 5	2 2	9 6
Cape May Point Boro	1977 1978	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
Dennis Twsp.	1977 1978	114 96	3,509.9 2,849.5	30.8 89.0	3,479.1 2,760.5	— —	— 1	— 1	1 1
Lower Twsp.	1977 1978	799 840	5,293.5 5,283.4	132.5 201.3	5,161.0 5,082.1	— 3	1 9	9 4	10 16
Middle Twsp.	1977 1978	524 768	5,068.2 7,384.6	251.5 298.1	4,816.7 7,086.5	— 2	3 7	3 9	20 13
North Wildwood City	1977 1978	389 502	8,371.0 10,579.6	279.8 358.3	8,091.2 10,221.3	— —	1 6	3 4	9 7
Ocean City	1977 1978	701 724	5,528.4 5,672.2	134.1 47.0	5,394.3 5,625.2	— —	3 1	1 3	13 2
Sea Isle City	1977 1978	217 233	8,201.1 8,636.0	264.6 148.3	7,936.5 8,487.7	— —	1 1	— 1	6 2
Stone Harbor Boro	1977 1978	195 240	14,423.1 17,791.0	221.9 148.3	14,201.2 17,642.7	— —	— 1	1 —	2 1
Upper Twsp.	1977 1978	95 172	1,883.1 3,049.6	118.9 407.8	1,764.2 2,641.8	1 —	2 3	— 5	3 15

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
110	208	29					15	—	2	17
<b>75</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>9,523</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>4,761.5</b>	Suburban	<b>14</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>17</b>
53	99	21					8	—	1	9
<b>59</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>6,615</b>	<b>1.36</b>	<b>4,864.0</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	—	<b>8</b>
75	246	34					12	—	1	13
<b>81</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>8,895</b>	<b>1.59</b>	<b>5,594.3</b>	Suburban	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>
1	2	—					—	—	—	—
—	<b>1</b>	—	<b>11</b>	<b>0.27</b>	<b>40.7</b>	Suburban	—	—	—	—
131	479	113					16	—	6	22
<b>173</b>	<b>552</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>11,904</b>	<b>11.61</b>	<b>1,025.3</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>17</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>23</b>
104	106	28					7	—	2	9
<b>98</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>5,835</b>	<b>36.11</b>	<b>161.6</b>	Rural	<b>10</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>15</b>
304	345	29					32	—	9	41
<b>260</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>17,508</b>	<b>57.78</b>	<b>303.0</b>	Rural	<b>41</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>50</b>
23	41	3					6	—	1	7
<b>37</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,798</b>	<b>0.22</b>	<b>12,718.2</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>7</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>9</b>
8,322	13,763	2,874					1,009	3	213	1,225
<b>8,240</b>	<b>14,245</b>	<b>3,142</b>	<b>473,631</b>	<b>222.01</b>	<b>2,133.4</b>	—	<b>1,014</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>1,219</b>
45	141	8					15	—	5	20
<b>30</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,059</b>	<b>5.02</b>	<b>410.2</b>	Suburban	<b>15</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>
64	165	5					21	1	6	28
<b>89</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4,726</b>	<b>2.54</b>	<b>1,860.6</b>	Urban Center	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>29</b>
—	—	—					—	—	—	—
—	—	—	<b>336</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>1,120.0</b>	Suburban	—	—	—	—
81	29	3					—	—	—	—
<b>66</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,369</b>	<b>64.97</b>	<b>51.9</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
306	449	24					26	—	6	32
<b>324</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>15,899</b>	<b>29.81</b>	<b>533.3</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>28</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>34</b>
175	302	21					28	—	7	35
<b>194</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>10,400</b>	<b>14.02</b>	<b>741.8</b>	Rural Center	<b>27</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>32</b>
101	250	25					23	—	10	33
<b>144</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>4,745</b>	<b>1.70</b>	<b>2,791.2</b>	Suburban	<b>26</b>	—	<b>10</b>	<b>36</b>
126	535	23					58	—	20	78
<b>117</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>12,764</b>	<b>5.83</b>	<b>2,189.4</b>	Suburban	<b>57</b>	—	<b>14</b>	<b>71</b>
54	153	3					14	—	4	18
<b>68</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,698</b>	<b>2.39</b>	<b>1,128.9</b>	Suburban	<b>16</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>
33	157	2					14	—	4	18
<b>38</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,349</b>	<b>1.24</b>	<b>1,087.9</b>	Suburban	<b>14</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>20</b>
59	24	6					—	—	—	—
<b>100</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5,640</b>	<b>63.70</b>	<b>88.5</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>CAPE MAY COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
West Cape May Boro	1977 1978	31 41	2,916.3 3,821.1	282.2 —	2,634.1 3,821.1	— —	— —	— —	3 —
West Wildwood Boro	1977 1978	19 27	5,846.2 8,359.1	615.4 —	5,230.8 8,359.1	— —	1 —	1 —	— —
Wildwood City	1977 1978	1,052 1,096	25,740.2 27,732.8	1,076.6 1,239.9	24,663.6 26,492.9	1 2	3 4	22 26	18 17
Wildwood Crest Boro	1977 1978	248 241	6,439.9 6,146.4	26.0 51.0	6,413.9 6,095.4	— —	— —	1 —	— 2
Woodbine Boro	1977 1978	60 95	2,061.9 3,345.1	309.3 739.4	1,752.6 2,605.7	3 —	— —	1 —	5 21
CAPE MAY COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	4,888 5,518	6,577.5 7,251.6	226.1 285.2	6,351.4 6,966.4	5 7	19 40	44 55	100 115
<b>CUMBERLAND COUNTY</b>									
Bridgeton City	1977 1978	1,499 1,608	7,350.2 8,118.8	441.3 717.0	6,908.9 7,401.8	3 1	7 14	24 41	56 86
Commercial Twsp.	1977 1978	171 249	4,290.0 6,479.3	426.5 416.3	3,863.5 6,063.0	— 1	2 2	1 2	14 11
Deerfield Twsp.	1977 1978	85 118	3,289.5 4,625.6	541.8 352.8	2,747.7 4,272.8	— —	1 —	3 1	10 8
Downe Twsp.	1977 1978	37 33	1,902.3 1,743.3	154.2 211.3	1,748.1 1,532.0	— —	1 —	— 1	2 3
Fairfield Twsp.	1977 1978	189 198	3,370.2 3,595.4	285.3 508.4	3,084.9 3,087.0	— —	1 3	1 3	14 22
Greenwich Twsp.	1977 1978	30 15	2,961.5 1,516.7	— 101.1	2,961.5 1,415.6	— —	— 1	— —	— —
Hopewell Twsp.	1977 1978	94 102	2,350.6 2,569.9	250.1 126.0	2,100.5 2,443.9	— —	— —	2 4	8 1
Lawrence Twsp.	1977 1978	65 56	2,784.9 2,434.8	128.5 217.4	2,656.4 2,217.4	1 —	— 1	— 1	2 3
Maurice River Twsp.	1977 1978	78 136	1,696.8 2,961.0	108.8 196.0	1,588.0 2,765.0	— —	— 3	— 1	5 5
Millville City	1977 1978	1,238 1,119	4,971.9 4,574.6	76.3 126.7	4,895.6 4,447.9	1 —	1 6	10 19	7 6
Shiloh Boro	1977 1978	8 9	1,294.5 1,492.5	— —	1,294.5 1,492.5	— —	— —	— —	— —
Stow Creek Twsp.	1977 1978	15 30	1,285.3 2,559.7	85.7 170.6	1,199.6 2,389.1	— —	1 —	— 1	— 1
Upper Deerfield Twsp.	1977 1978	231 244	3,527.3 3,775.9	351.2 247.6	3,176.1 3,528.3	— 1	3 —	4 2	16 13
Vineland City	1977 1978	3,481 3,504	6,474.8 6,652.2	249.2 275.2	6,225.6 6,377.0	1 2	13 9	45 67	75 67

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
13	14	1					1	—	—	1
<b>9</b>	<b>32</b>	—	<b>1,073</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>825.4</b>	Suburban	<b>1</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>
6	11	—					2	—	—	2
<b>9</b>	<b>18</b>	—	<b>323</b>	<b>0.40</b>	<b>807.5</b>	Suburban	<b>2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
372	536	100					35	—	5	40
<b>337</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>3,952</b>	<b>1.12</b>	<b>3,528.6</b>	Urban Center	<b>31</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>38</b>
58	181	8					21	—	2	23
<b>57</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3,921</b>	<b>1.03</b>	<b>3,806.8</b>	Suburban	<b>21</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>
14	30	7					2	—	1	3
<b>30</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2,840</b>	<b>8.00</b>	<b>355.0</b>	Rural Center	<b>5</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>12</b>
1,507	2,977	236					260	1	70	331
<b>1,612</b>	<b>3,428</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>76,094</b>	<b>203.37</b>	<b>374.2</b>	—	<b>264</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>339</b>
387	929	93					50	2	3	55
<b>423</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>19,806</b>	<b>6.50</b>	<b>3,047.1</b>	Urban Center	<b>46</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>58</b>
112	34	8					—	—	—	—
<b>162</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,843</b>	<b>34.00</b>	<b>113.0</b>	Rural Center	—	—	—	—
48	23	—					—	—	—	—
<b>64</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2,551</b>	<b>16.70</b>	<b>152.8</b>	Rural	<b>3</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>
21	11	2					—	—	—	—
<b>17</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,893</b>	<b>54.35</b>	<b>34.8</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
143	27	3					—	—	—	—
<b>126</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>5,507</b>	<b>43.40</b>	<b>126.9</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
22	6	2					—	—	—	—
<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	—	<b>989</b>	<b>19.00</b>	<b>52.1</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
55	24	5					—	—	—	—
<b>59</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3,969</b>	<b>31.40</b>	<b>126.4</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
31	24	7					1	—	—	1
<b>29</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>37.35</b>	<b>61.6</b>	Rural	<b>1</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>
48	22	3					—	—	—	—
<b>79</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>4,593</b>	<b>94.70</b>	<b>48.5</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
350	779	90					48	—	9	57
<b>428</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>24,461</b>	<b>43.00</b>	<b>568.9</b>	Urban Center	<b>45</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>54</b>
5	3	—					—	—	—	—
<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	—	<b>603</b>	<b>1.18</b>	<b>511.0</b>	Rural Center	—	—	—	—
11	2	1					—	—	—	—
<b>18</b>	<b>10</b>	—	<b>1,172</b>	<b>18.90</b>	<b>62.0</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
88	103	17					1	1	3	5
<b>103</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>6,462</b>	<b>31.75</b>	<b>203.5</b>	Rural	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>
818	2,318	211					94	—	18	112
<b>811</b>	<b>2,318</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>52,674</b>	<b>69.50</b>	<b>757.9</b>	Urban Center	<b>96</b>	—	<b>21</b>	<b>117</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>CUMBERLAND COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
CUMBERLAND COUNTY 1977	7,221	5,410.8	251.0	5,159.8	6	30	90	209	
TOTAL 1978	<b>7,421</b>	<b>5,672.5</b>	<b>315.7</b>	<b>5,356.9</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>226</b>	
<b>ESSEX COUNTY</b>									
Belleville Town 1977	1,302	3,469.5	199.9	3,269.6	1	4	25	45	
1978	<b>1,578</b>	<b>4,274.0</b>	<b>146.3</b>	<b>4,127.7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>27</b>	
Bloomfield Town 1977	1,808	3,484.9	134.9	3,350.0	—	4	34	32	
1978	<b>1,695</b>	<b>3,342.7</b>	<b>183.4</b>	<b>3,159.3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>39</b>	
Caldwell Boro 1977	238	2,860.2	12.0	2,848.2	—	—	1	—	
1978	<b>244</b>	<b>3,000.5</b>	<b>98.4</b>	<b>2,902.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	
Cedar Grove Twsp. 1977	371	2,789.3	97.7	2,691.6	1	—	1	11	
1978	<b>346</b>	<b>2,698.7</b>	<b>132.6</b>	<b>2,566.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	
East Orange City 1977	6,768	9,221.8	1,457.9	7,763.9	8	55	490	517	
1978	<b>6,517</b>	<b>9,046.0</b>	<b>1,443.6</b>	<b>7,602.4</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>449</b>	
Essex Fells Boro 1977	47	1,876.2	119.7	1,756.5	—	—	—	3	
1978	<b>51</b>	<b>2,065.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,065.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	
Fairfield Boro 1977	507	6,491.7	230.5	6,261.2	—	2	11	5	
1978	<b>536</b>	<b>6,943.0</b>	<b>220.2</b>	<b>6,722.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	
Glen Ridge Boro 1977	342	4,080.7	119.4	3,961.3	—	—	7	3	
1978	<b>220</b>	<b>2,689.5</b>	<b>48.9</b>	<b>2,640.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	
Irvington Town 1977	3,548	6,197.3	452.4	5,744.9	4	9	178	68	
1978	<b>3,913</b>	<b>7,011.3</b>	<b>623.5</b>	<b>6,387.8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>108</b>	
Livingston Twsp. 1977	1,255	4,143.0	36.3	4,106.7	—	—	5	6	
1978	<b>1,400</b>	<b>4,722.1</b>	<b>101.2</b>	<b>4,620.9</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>20</b>	
Maplewood Twsp. 1977	813	3,392.0	133.5	3,258.5	—	1	15	16	
1978	<b>927</b>	<b>3,962.6</b>	<b>111.2</b>	<b>3,851.4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>12</b>	
Millburn Twsp. 1977	620	2,995.9	14.5	2,981.4	—	—	—	3	
1978	<b>684</b>	<b>3,364.2</b>	<b>83.6</b>	<b>3,280.6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	
Montclair Town 1977	2,229	5,316.4	150.3	5,166.1	1	1	37	24	
1978	<b>1,810</b>	<b>4,434.0</b>	<b>166.6</b>	<b>4,267.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>18</b>	
Newark City 1977	30,581	9,129.2	1,876.2	7,253.0	96	336	3,278	2,575	
1978	<b>32,260</b>	<b>9,949.5</b>	<b>2,140.4</b>	<b>7,809.1</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>3,742</b>	<b>2,757</b>	
North Caldwell Boro 1977	100	1,434.1	43.0	1,391.1	—	—	1	2	
1978	<b>83</b>	<b>2,863.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,863.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	
Nutley Town 1977	586	1,877.1	25.6	1,851.5	1	—	4	3	
1978	<b>595</b>	<b>1,953.3</b>	<b>39.4</b>	<b>1,913.9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	
Orange City 1977	3,410	10,994.0	1,421.8	9,572.2	4	12	196	229	
1978	<b>3,421</b>	<b>11,336.4</b>	<b>1,693.3</b>	<b>9,643.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>252</b>	
Roseland Boro 1977	147	3,255.8	22.1	3,293.7	—	—	—	1	
1978	<b>178</b>	<b>3,307.3</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>3,270.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	
South Orange Village 1977	865	5,111.4	183.2	4,928.2	—	—	14	17	
1978	<b>895</b>	<b>5,409.8</b>	<b>356.6</b>	<b>5,053.2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>18</b>	

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
2,139	4,305	442					194	3	33	230
<b>2,337</b>	<b>4,198</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>130,823</b>	<b>501.73</b>	<b>260.7</b>	—	<b>192</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>239</b>
284	780	163					79	—	6	85
<b>331</b>	<b>958</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>36,921</b>	<b>3.30</b>	<b>11,188.2</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>78</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>83</b>
458	1,115	165					109	—	27	136
<b>444</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>50,707</b>	<b>5.40</b>	<b>9,390.2</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>112</b>	—	<b>26</b>	<b>138</b>
29	195	13					23	—	1	24
<b>59</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>8,132</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>6,776.7</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>20</b>	—	—	<b>20</b>
166	175	17					24	—	—	24
<b>103</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>12,821</b>	<b>4.50</b>	<b>2,849.1</b>	Suburban	<b>24</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>25</b>
2,225	2,511	962					267	3	9	279
<b>1,959</b>	<b>2,477</b>	<b>1,041</b>	<b>72,043</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>18,010.8</b>	Urban Center	<b>257</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>270</b>
25	18	1					10	—	1	11
<b>29</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,469</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>1,899.2</b>	Suburban	<b>11</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>
143	317	29					25	—	1	26
<b>136</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>7,720</b>	<b>10.58</b>	<b>729.7</b>	Suburban	<b>26</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>27</b>
86	219	27					26	—	2	28
<b>75</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8,180</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>6,292.3</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>26</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>31</b>
962	1,783	544					151	—	18	169
<b>1,026</b>	<b>1,714</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>55,810</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>19,932.1</b>	Urban Center	<b>151</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>176</b>
206	956	82					46	—	3	49
<b>240</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>29,648</b>	<b>14.00</b>	<b>2,117.7</b>	Suburban	<b>46</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>50</b>
180	556	45					50	—	2	52
<b>283</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>23,394</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>5,848.5</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>51</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>53</b>
116	472	29					57	—	5	62
<b>146</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>20,332</b>	<b>10.00</b>	<b>2,033.2</b>	Suburban	<b>56</b>	—	<b>8</b>	<b>64</b>
789	1,142	235					108	—	8	116
<b>622</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>40,821</b>	<b>6.20</b>	<b>6,584.0</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>101</b>	—	<b>20</b>	<b>121</b>
8,841	10,452	5,003					1,457	6	278	1,741
<b>8,893</b>	<b>10,429</b>	<b>5,998</b>	<b>324,238</b>	<b>24.14</b>	<b>13,431.6</b>	Urban Center	<b>1,447</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>1,722</b>
19	75	3					16	—	—	16
<b>23</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6,899</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>2,379.0</b>	Suburban	<b>15</b>	—	—	<b>15</b>
92	421	65					68	—	3	71
<b>122</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>30,462</b>	<b>3.40</b>	<b>8,959.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>67</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>
900	1,575	494					116	—	6	122
<b>940</b>	<b>1,448</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>30,177</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>13,716.8</b>	Urban Center	<b>109</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>118</b>
41	102	3					16	—	—	16
<b>68</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5,382</b>	<b>3.58</b>	<b>1,503.4</b>	Suburban	<b>18</b>	—	—	<b>18</b>
252	543	39					53	—	5	58
<b>295</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>16,544</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>6,127.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>53</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>59</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>ESSEX COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Verona Boro	1977 1978	419 437	2,784.2 2,978.5	119.6 102.2	2,664.6 2,876.3	— —	1 3	7 5	10 7
West Caldwell Boro	1977 1978	324 343	2,738.6 2,948.0	67.7 60.2	2,670.9 2,887.8	— —	1 —	2 2	5 5
West Orange Town	1977 1978	1,630 1,418	3,818.0 3,401.9	91.3 96.0	3,726.7 3,305.9	1 —	6 6	17 18	15 16
ESSEX COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	57,910 59,551	6,637.7 7,000.3	969.9 1,094.2	5,667.8 5,906.2	117 134	432 460	4,323 4,942	3,590 3,772
<b>GLOUCESTER COUNTY</b>									
Clayton Boro	1977 1978	265 264	4,443.3 4,475.3	83.8 203.4	4,359.5 4,271.9	— 2	1 —	2 7	2 3
Deptford Twsp.	1977 1978	1,819 1,902	7,251.1 7,602.8	362.8 323.8	6,888.3 7,279.0	1 1	6 10	24 29	60 41
East Greenwich Twsp.	1977 1978	104 105	2,968.9 2,890.2	228.4 137.6	2,740.5 2,752.6	— —	1 —	6 2	1 3
Elk Twsp.	1977 1978	101 115	3,299.6 3,725.3	98.0 194.4	3,201.6 3,530.9	— 2	— 2	1 —	2 2
Franklin Twsp.	1977 1978	708 633	6,873.1 6,029.7	339.8 390.6	6,533.3 5,639.1	— 1	5 7	22 13	8 20
Glassboro Boro	1977 1978	1,430 1,229	9,528.3 8,036.4	379.8 320.5	9,148.5 7,715.9	1 1	7 8	26 17	23 23
Greenwich Twsp.	1977 1978	201 184	3,507.2 3,206.7	69.8 139.4	3,437.4 3,067.3	— —	2 1	— 4	2 3
Harrison Twsp.	1977 1978	79 107	2,875.9 3,264.2	145.6 122.0	2,730.3 3,142.2	— —	1 1	3 3	— —
Logan Twsp.	1977 1978	74 80	4,431.1 4,280.4	179.6 160.5	4,251.5 4,119.9	— —	— —	2 1	1 2
Mantua Twsp.	1977 1978	406 285	3,923.1 2,778.3	48.3 156.0	3,874.8 2,622.3	— —	— 2	— 4	5 10
Monroe Twsp.	1977 1978	853 556	4,455.2 2,844.4	151.4 56.2	4,303.8 2,788.2	1 1	5 2	14 —	9 8
National Park Boro	1977 1978	120 123	3,333.3 3,440.6	111.1 55.9	3,222.2 3,384.7	— —	— —	2 2	2 —
Newfield Boro	1977 1978	52 49	3,209.9 3,053.0	— 62.3	3,209.9 2,990.7	— —	— —	— —	— 1
Paulsboro Boro	1977 1978	455 637	6,095.1 8,662.0	375.1 530.3	5,720.0 8,131.7	— —	3 3	12 19	13 17
Pitman Boro	1977 1978	280 296	2,899.2 3,103.4	62.1 83.9	2,837.1 3,019.5	— —	— 2	4 3	2 3
South Harrison Twsp.	1977 1978	12 8	921.0 595.7	76.8 —	844.2 595.7	— —	— —	— —	1 —

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
113	258	30					26	—	1	27
<b>115</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>14,672</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>5,240.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>33</b>
68	233	15					30	—	1	31
<b>53</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>11,635</b>	<b>5.04</b>	<b>2,308.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>31</b>
350	1,095	146					95	—	6	101
<b>327</b>	<b>888</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>41,682</b>	<b>12.10</b>	<b>3,444.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>101</b>
16,345	24,993	8,110					2,852	9	383	3,244
<b>16,289</b>	<b>24,309</b>	<b>9,645</b>	<b>850,689</b>	<b>127.44</b>	<b>6,675.2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,824</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>3,237</b>
72	170	18					11	—	5	16
<b>107</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5,899</b>	<b>7.26</b>	<b>812.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>25</b>
416	1,038	274					35	—	7	42
<b>492</b>	<b>1,057</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>25,017</b>	<b>17.58</b>	<b>1,423.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>40</b>
18	66	12					8	—	—	8
<b>20</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>3,633</b>	<b>14.89</b>	<b>244.0</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>
65	27	6					3	—	—	3
<b>56</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3,087</b>	<b>19.60</b>	<b>157.5</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>
269	357	47					11	—	8	19
<b>191</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>10,498</b>	<b>56.47</b>	<b>185.9</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>20</b>
268	1,033	72					27	—	6	33
<b>284</b>	<b>834</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>15,293</b>	<b>9.37</b>	<b>1,632.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>35</b>
93	100	4					12	—	5	17
<b>64</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5,738</b>	<b>9.44</b>	<b>607.8</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>17</b>
24	47	4					5	—	1	6
<b>38</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,278</b>	<b>19.08</b>	<b>171.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>
21	45	5					5	—	—	5
<b>36</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,869</b>	<b>23.42</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>
93	287	21					14	—	8	22
<b>63</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10,258</b>	<b>15.96</b>	<b>642.7</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>23</b>
383	393	48					29	—	7	36
<b>193</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>19,547</b>	<b>46.96</b>	<b>416.2</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>41</b>
21	89	6					—	—	—	—
<b>35</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3,575</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>3,575.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
35	17	—					—	—	—	—
<b>15</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,605</b>	<b>1.71</b>	<b>938.6</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>
164	237	26					14	—	3	17
<b>213</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>7,354</b>	<b>2.09</b>	<b>3,518.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>22</b>
77	192	5					18	—	6	24
<b>64</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9,538</b>	<b>2.26</b>	<b>4,220.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>22</b>
9	1	1					—	—	—	—
<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,343</b>	<b>15.63</b>	<b>85.9</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>GLOUCESTER COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
Swedesboro Boro	102	4,609.1	90.3	4,518.8	—	—	—	2
1977	75	3,421.5	228.1	3,193.4	—	—	2	3
Washington Twsp.	672	2,962.7	207.2	2,755.5	—	6	11	30
1977	800	3,373.4	156.0	3,217.4	—	1	23	13
Wenonah Boro	112	4,678.4	83.6	4,594.8	—	1	—	1
1977	90	3,818.4	—	3,818.4	—	—	—	—
West Deptford Twsp.	950	5,301.3	94.8	5,206.5	1	2	10	4
1977	822	4,256.6	98.4	4,158.2	1	1	7	10
Westville Boro	193	3,884.9	181.2	3,703.7	—	—	1	8
1977	245	5,005.1	224.7	4,780.4	—	—	2	9
Woodbury City	918	8,013.3	314.2	7,699.1	—	4	20	12
1977	854	7,558.2	300.9	7,257.3	—	—	23	11
Woodbury Heights Boro	256	7,221.4	225.6	6,995.8	—	—	2	6
1977	221	6,321.5	200.2	6,121.3	—	1	3	3
Woolwich Twsp.	46	4,074.4	177.1	3,897.3	—	—	1	1
1977	26	2,302.9	177.1	2,125.8	—	—	—	2
GLOUCESTER COUNTY TOTAL	10,208	5,302.3	210.9	5,091.4	4	44	163	195
1977	9,706	4,953.9	204.7	4,749.2	9	41	164	187
<b>HUDSON COUNTY</b>								
Bayonne City	1,928	2,704.3	140.3	2,564.0	6	8	38	48
1977	2,179	3,110.6	294.1	2,816.5	1	7	54	144
East Newark Boro	77	4,063.3	211.1	3,852.2	—	—	4	—
1977	82	4,368.7	319.7	4,049.0	—	—	—	6
Guttenberg Town	234	3,417.6	160.7	3,256.9	—	—	8	3
1977	211	2,747.4	195.3	2,552.1	—	2	6	7
Harrison Town	361	3,042.0	177.0	2,865.0	—	—	10	11
1977	554	4,744.0	316.8	4,427.2	1	—	12	24
Hoboken City	1,866	4,456.4	714.0	3,742.4	4	2	103	190
1977	1,800	4,385.5	665.1	3,720.4	5	10	72	186
Jersey City	14,977	6,286.3	890.7	5,395.6	43	77	1,414	588
1977	15,869	6,835.6	844.3	5,991.3	32	121	1,192	615
Kearny Town	1,264	3,382.3	107.0	3,275.3	2	3	19	16
1977	1,525	4,160.2	155.5	4,004.7	2	—	17	38
North Bergen Twsp.	2,705	5,712.1	308.3	5,403.8	2	17	70	57
1977	2,744	5,918.6	189.8	5,728.8	1	8	41	38
Secaucus Town	654	5,162.2	173.6	4,988.6	—	1	9	12
1977	735	5,151.4	280.4	4,871.0	—	1	18	21
Union City	3,089	5,836.1	444.0	5,392.1	4	16	105	110
1977	3,534	6,757.9	535.4	6,222.5	1	14	111	154
Weehawken Twsp.	464	3,807.6	229.8	3,577.8	2	1	16	9
1977	505	4,234.8	209.6	4,025.2	1	1	14	9

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
45	51	4					5	—	—	5
<b>20</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2,192</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>2,846.8</b>	Rural Center	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
338	231	56					36	—	7	43
<b>335</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>23,715</b>	<b>21.65</b>	<b>1,095.4</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>37</b>	—	<b>8</b>	<b>45</b>
35	73	2					4	—	—	4
<b>26</b>	<b>64</b>	—	<b>2,357</b>	<b>0.99</b>	<b>2,380.8</b>	Suburban	<b>4</b>	—	—	<b>4</b>
267	602	64					23	—	6	29
<b>196</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>19,311</b>	<b>16.18</b>	<b>1,193.5</b>	Suburban	<b>20</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>26</b>
67	104	13					8	—	4	12
<b>86</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4,895</b>	<b>1.21</b>	<b>4,045.5</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>
340	496	46					23	—	7	30
<b>306</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>11,299</b>	<b>2.13</b>	<b>5,304.7</b>	Urban Center	<b>23</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>28</b>
52	183	13					2	—	—	2
<b>53</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3,496</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>2,842.3</b>	Suburban	<b>3</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>
18	23	3					4	—	—	4
<b>12</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,129</b>	<b>21.48</b>	<b>52.6</b>	Rural	<b>4</b>	—	—	<b>4</b>
3,190	5,862	750					297	—	80	377
<b>2,910</b>	<b>5,701</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>195,926</b>	<b>328.36</b>	<b>596.7</b>	—	<b>309</b>	—	<b>92</b>	<b>401</b>
604	928	296					181	—	38	219
<b>679</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>70,050</b>	<b>5.39</b>	<b>12,996.3</b>	Urban Center	<b>189</b>	—	<b>18</b>	<b>207</b>
23	28	22					10	—	1	11
<b>29</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1,877</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>18,770.0</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>9</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>
33	162	28					20	—	1	21
<b>27</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>7,680</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>38,400.0</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>19</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>20</b>
105	148	87					56	—	3	59
<b>154</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>11,673</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>9,727.5</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>61</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>64</b>
548	623	396					140	—	1	141
<b>600</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>41,044</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>31,572.3</b>	Urban Center	<b>144</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>151</b>
4,796	5,165	2,894					959	2	19	980
<b>5,202</b>	<b>5,589</b>	<b>3,118</b>	<b>232,152</b>	<b>14.65</b>	<b>15,846.6</b>	Urban Center	<b>883</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>896</b>
342	600	282					125	—	3	128
<b>316</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>36,657</b>	<b>9.30</b>	<b>3,941.6</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>115</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>122</b>
649	1,423	487					94	—	13	107
<b>704</b>	<b>1,366</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>46,362</b>	<b>5.40</b>	<b>8,585.6</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>98</b>	—	<b>12</b>	<b>110</b>
104	421	107					47	—	2	49
<b>64</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>14,268</b>	<b>5.80</b>	<b>2,460.0</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>56</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>58</b>
1,159	1,076	619					137	—	30	167
<b>1,400</b>	<b>1,138</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>52,294</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>37,352.9</b>	Urban Center	<b>137</b>	—	<b>30</b>	<b>167</b>
156	169	111					43	—	3	46
<b>180</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>11,925</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>15,288.5</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>43</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>46</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>HUDSON COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
	1977	1,545	4,043.0	204.2	3,839.7	1	6	41	30
<b>West New York Town</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>1,713</b>	<b>4,497.6</b>	<b>223.2</b>	<b>4,274.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>39</b>
HUDSON COUNTY	1977	29,164	5,092.0	542.3	4,549.7	64	131	1,837	1,074
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>31,451</b>	<b>5,575.7</b>	<b>544.6</b>	<b>5,031.1</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>1,281</b>
<b>HUNTERDON COUNTY</b>									
	1977	27	1,083.5	—	1,083.5	—	—	—	—
<b>Alexandria Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>1,354.0</b>	<b>77.4</b>	<b>1,276.6</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
	1977	26	1,415.4	54.5	1,360.9	—	—	—	1
<b>Bethlehem Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>1,854.6</b>	<b>97.6</b>	<b>1,757.0</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
	1977	28	3,240.7	231.4	3,009.3	—	—	2	—
<b>Bloomsbury Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2,064.2</b>	<b>114.7</b>	<b>1,949.5</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—
	1977	19	1,649.3	260.4	1,388.9	—	—	—	3
<b>Califon Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1,200.7</b>	—	<b>1,200.7</b>	—	—	—	—
	1977	40	1,945.5	48.6	1,896.9	—	—	1	—
<b>Clinton Town</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>1,648.9</b>	<b>48.5</b>	<b>1,600.4</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—
	1977	160	2,456.6	168.9	2,287.7	—	—	3	8
<b>Clinton Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>2,176.8</b>	<b>133.3</b>	<b>2,043.5</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>
	1977	36	1,032.7	57.4	975.3	—	—	—	2
<b>Delaware Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>948.7</b>	<b>55.8</b>	<b>892.9</b>	—	—	—	<b>2</b>
	1977	40	1,346.8	—	1,346.8	—	—	—	—
<b>East Amwell Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>1,801.5</b>	<b>32.8</b>	<b>1,768.7</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—
	1977	105	2,417.1	92.1	2,325.0	—	—	1	3
<b>Flemington Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>1,832.3</b>	<b>68.7</b>	<b>1,763.6</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
	1977	42	1,759.5	125.6	1,633.9	—	2	—	1
<b>Franklin Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>2,137.3</b>	<b>82.2</b>	<b>2,055.1</b>	—	—	—	<b>2</b>
	1977	42	2,725.5	64.9	2,660.6	—	—	—	1
<b>Frenchtown Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>2,977.3</b>	<b>64.7</b>	<b>2,912.6</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
	1977	4	477.3	—	477.3	—	—	—	—
<b>Glen Gardner Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1977	3	200.8	—	200.8	—	—	—	—
<b>Hampton Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1977	57	1,706.1	59.9	1,646.2	—	—	—	2
<b>High Bridge Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>2,329.7</b>	<b>89.6</b>	<b>2,240.1</b>	—	—	—	<b>3</b>
	1977	114	2,810.0	73.9	2,736.1	—	—	—	3
<b>Holland Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>2,217.9</b>	<b>72.3</b>	<b>2,145.6</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	<b>2</b>
	1977	61	2,423.5	476.7	1,946.8	—	5	—	7
<b>Kingwood Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>2,569.2</b>	<b>197.6</b>	<b>2,371.6</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
	1977	53	1,275.9	144.4	1,131.5	—	—	4	2
<b>Lambertville City</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>1,339.1</b>	<b>119.6</b>	<b>1,219.5</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
	1977	13	1,393.4	107.2	1,286.2	—	—	—	1
<b>Lebanon Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2,839.1</b>	<b>105.1</b>	<b>2,734.0</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
620	537	310					103	1	2	106
<b>591</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>38,087</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>42,318.9</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>106</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>109</b>
9,139	11,280	5,639					1,915	3	116	2,034
<b>9,946</b>	<b>11,842</b>	<b>6,591</b>	<b>564,069</b>	<b>46.42</b>	<b>12,151.4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,860</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,961</b>
13	13	1					—	—	—	—
<b>19</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,585</b>	<b>28.20</b>	<b>91.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
15	7	3					—	—	—	—
<b>22</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,049</b>	<b>20.60</b>	<b>99.5</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
15	7	4					—	—	—	—
<b>11</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>872</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>1,090.0</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	—	—	—	—
8	5	3					2	—	—	2
<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,166</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>1,295.6</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>3</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>
4	32	3					6	—	—	6
<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,062</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>1,586.2</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
46	96	7					11	—	1	12
<b>42</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6,753</b>	<b>30.06</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>11</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>
11	21	2					2	—	—	2
<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3,584</b>	<b>36.90</b>	<b>97.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>2</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>
19	17	4					—	—	—	—
<b>22</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3,053</b>	<b>28.10</b>	<b>108.6</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
44	46	11					8	—	—	8
<b>31</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4,366</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>3,969.1</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>9</b>	—	—	<b>9</b>
7	31	1					2	—	—	2
<b>11</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,433</b>	<b>23.30</b>	<b>104.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>2</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>
12	28	1					3	—	—	3
<b>11</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,545</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>1,404.5</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>2</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>
4	—	—					—	—	—	—
—	—	—	<b>850</b>	<b>1.46</b>	<b>582.2</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
2	—	1					—	—	—	—
—	—	—	<b>1,541</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>1,100.7</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	—	—	—	—
20	34	1					5	—	—	5
<b>24</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3,348</b>	<b>2.30</b>	<b>1,455.7</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
27	83	1					4	—	—	4
<b>35</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4,148</b>	<b>22.70</b>	<b>182.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>6</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>
34	14	1					—	—	—	—
<b>31</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,530</b>	<b>35.60</b>	<b>71.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
17	25	5					6	—	1	7
<b>12</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4,182</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>3,801.8</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>6</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>
6	6	—					—	—	—	—
<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>773.2</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	—	—	—	—

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>HUNTERDON COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
Lebanon Twp.	1977 1978	104 105	2,113.0 2,044.4	— 38.9	2,113.0 2,005.5	— —	— 1	— 1
Millford Boro	1977 1978	22 26	1,547.1 1,820.7	70.3 70.0	1,476.8 1,750.7	— —	— 1	1 —
Raritan Twp.	1977 1978	234 274	2,941.9 3,402.0	100.6 161.4	2,841.3 3,240.6	— —	— 2	2 6
Readington Twp.	1977 1978	279 215	3,257.4 2,324.8	128.4 140.5	3,129.0 2,184.3	— —	2 1	3 2
Stockton Boro	1977 1978	3 5	456.6 758.7	— —	456.6 758.7	— —	— —	— —
Tewksbury Twp.	1977 1978	42 42	1,146.0 1,110.8	27.3 26.4	1,118.7 1,084.4	— —	— —	1 1
Union Twp.	1977 1978	50 63	1,594.3 1,684.9	159.4 107.0	1,434.9 1,577.9	— —	— 1	1 1
West Amwell Twp.	1977 1978	22 34	956.1 1,466.8	43.5 43.2	912.6 1,423.6	— —	— —	1 1
HUNTERDON COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	1,626 1,635	2,042.7 1,984.7	99.2 92.3	1,943.5 1,892.4	— 1	9 5	18 19
<b>MERCER COUNTY</b>								
East Windsor Twp.	1977 1978	756 740	3,426.1 3,379.3	86.1 100.5	3,340.0 3,278.8	— —	4 5	4 4
Ewing Twp.	1977 1978	1,952 1,918	5,719.6 5,649.3	158.2 206.2	5,561.4 5,443.1	3 —	1 4	32 43
Hamilton Twp.	1977 1978	3,929 3,752	4,730.9 4,493.9	132.5 149.7	4,598.4 4,344.2	3 —	13 5	70 63
Hightstown Boro	1977 1978	131 160	2,376.6 2,933.6	163.3 55.0	2,213.3 2,878.6	— —	1 —	1 1
Hopewell Boro	1977 1978	102 57	4,613.3 2,600.4	— 91.2	4,613.3 2,509.2	— —	— 1	— 1
Hopewell Twp.	1977 1978	305 305	2,899.5 2,899.2	142.6 142.6	2,756.9 2,756.6	— —	1 —	1 4
Lawrence Twp.	1977 1978	1,600 1,742	7,747.1 8,453.0	203.4 237.8	7,543.7 8,215.2	— —	2 2	33 28
Pennington Boro	1977 1978	40 52	1,737.6 2,231.8	43.4 85.9	1,694.2 2,145.9	— —	— —	— —
Princeton Boro	1977 1978	510 708	3,933.1 5,490.1	177.4 162.8	3,755.7 5,327.3	— 1	3 3	7 13
Princeton Twp.	1977 1978	385 450	2,722.0 3,141.8	56.6 97.7	2,665.4 3,044.1	— —	3 —	2 5
Trenton City	1977 1978	9,282 9,883	9,402.5 10,120.0	1,297.6 1,392.7	8,104.9 8,727.4	22 10	63 79	718 776

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
51	51	2					6	—	1	7
<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5,136</b>	<b>31.85</b>	<b>161.3</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>
5	16	—					2	—	—	2
<b>6</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,428</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>1,098.5</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>
76	131	19					13	—	1	14
<b>88</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>8,054</b>	<b>38.60</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>
91	168	9					12	—	1	13
<b>69</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>9,248</b>	<b>47.65</b>	<b>194.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>
1	2	—					—	—	—	—
<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>0.55</b>	<b>1,198.2</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
17	19	5					3	—	—	3
<b>20</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3,781</b>	<b>31.80</b>	<b>118.9</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>
29	13	3					—	—	—	—
<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3,739</b>	<b>18.10</b>	<b>206.6</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
15	6	—					—	—	—	—
<b>15</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,318</b>	<b>21.60</b>	<b>107.3</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
589	871	87					85	—	5	90
<b>592</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>82,381</b>	<b>429.60</b>	<b>191.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>101</b>
129	571	37					36	—	10	46
<b>145</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>21,898</b>	<b>15.60</b>	<b>1,403.7</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>43</b>
480	1,267	151					56	—	4	60
<b>431</b>	<b>1,305</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>33,951</b>	<b>15.13</b>	<b>2,244.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>62</b>
1,142	2,350	327					131	—	22	153
<b>946</b>	<b>2,430</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>83,491</b>	<b>39.38</b>	<b>2,120.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>162</b>
43	74	5					10	—	10	20
<b>56</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5,454</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>4,434.1</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16</b>
47	39	16					2	—	—	2
<b>20</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,192</b>	<b>0.75</b>	<b>2,922.7</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>
116	151	23					15	—	6	21
<b>95</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>10,520</b>	<b>58.00</b>	<b>181.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>
299	1,204	55					46	—	4	50
<b>241</b>	<b>1,358</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>20,608</b>	<b>21.87</b>	<b>942.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>54</b>
12	25	2					1	—	—	1
<b>16</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,330</b>	<b>0.99</b>	<b>2,353.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>
140	327	20					28	2	1	31
<b>247</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>12,896</b>	<b>1.76</b>	<b>7,327.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>32</b>
99	263	15					28	—	2	30
<b>123</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>14,323</b>	<b>16.25</b>	<b>881.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>
3,091	3,854	1,056					352	1	90	443
<b>3,432</b>	<b>4,027</b>	<b>1,064</b>	<b>97,658</b>	<b>7.50</b>	<b>13,021.1</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>425</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>MERCER COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
Washington Twsp. 1977	137	3,628.2	211.9	3,416.3	—	2	3	3
Washington Twsp. 1978	184	4,851.0	237.2	4,613.8	—	—	3	6
West Windsor Twsp. 1977	283	3,596.8	63.5	3,533.3	—	1	2	2
West Windsor Twsp. 1978	253	3,229.5	102.1	3,127.4	—	3	2	3
MERCER COUNTY TOTAL 1977	19,412	6,106.0	495.4	5,610.6	28	94	873	580
MERCER COUNTY TOTAL 1978	20,204	6,374.5	536.4	5,838.2	11	102	943	644
<b>MIDDLESEX COUNTY</b>								
Carteret Boro 1977	676	3,091.6	68.6	3,023.0	—	—	8	7
Carteret Boro 1978	695	3,205.3	138.4	3,066.9	—	1	20	9
Cranbury Twsp. 1977	69	3,007.8	174.3	2,833.5	1	—	1	2
Cranbury Twsp. 1978	71	3,115.4	307.2	2,808.2	—	—	4	3
Dunellen Boro 1977	261	3,866.7	88.9	3,777.8	—	—	6	—
Dunellen Boro 1978	235	3,520.1	254.7	3,265.4	—	—	8	9
East Brunswick Twsp. 1977	1,771	4,633.0	143.9	4,489.1	1	3	15	36
East Brunswick Twsp. 1978	1,814	4,762.0	181.1	4,580.9	—	—	21	48
Edison Twsp. 1977	3,432	5,181.0	107.2	5,074.7	1	4	28	38
Edison Twsp. 1978	3,256	4,925.0	190.6	4,734.4	3	9	46	68
Helmetta Boro 1977	54	5,921.1	—	5,921.1	—	—	—	—
Helmetta Boro 1978	48	5,309.7	221.2	5,088.5	—	1	—	1
Highland Park Boro 1977	700	5,076.5	210.3	4,866.2	—	4	7	18
Highland Park Boro 1978	634	4,658.7	279.2	4,379.5	1	2	9	26
Jamesburg Boro 1977	109	2,167.0	318.1	1,848.9	—	—	4	12
Jamesburg Boro 1978	118	2,382.4	201.9	2,180.5	—	—	4	6
Old Bridge Twsp. 1977	2,835	5,857.4	553.7	5,303.7	—	1	20	247
Old Bridge Twsp. 1978	2,639	5,484.5	530.0	4,954.5	1	10	19	225
Metuchen Boro 1977	493	3,283.6	86.6	3,197.0	—	—	8	5
Metuchen Boro 1978	555	3,735.4	60.6	3,674.8	—	—	3	6
Middlesex Boro 1977	577	4,007.5	347.3	3,660.2	—	2	19	29
Middlesex Boro 1978	504	3,522.3	272.6	3,249.7	—	2	7	30
Milltown Boro 1977	86	1,251.6	—	1,251.6	—	—	—	—
Milltown Boro 1978	64	932.2	14.5	917.7	—	—	—	1
Monroe Twsp. 1977	208	1,922.0	55.4	1,866.6	—	—	3	3
Monroe Twsp. 1978	235	1,863.2	103.1	1,760.1	—	2	3	8
New Brunswick City 1977	3,970	8,888.2	770.2	8,118.0	8	15	181	140
New Brunswick City 1978	3,627	8,219.1	763.7	7,455.4	3	24	158	152
North Brunswick Twsp. 1977	998	5,318.7	239.8	5,078.9	1	1	18	25
North Brunswick Twsp. 1978	1,131	6,017.6	404.4	5,613.2	—	5	13	58
Perth Amboy City 1977	1,769	4,859.5	387.3	4,472.2	—	2	54	85
Perth Amboy City 1978	1,569	4,376.1	412.8	3,963.3	—	5	53	90
Piscataway Twsp. 1977	2,238	5,876.6	359.7	5,516.9	2	4	30	101
Piscataway Twsp. 1978	2,097	5,372.7	407.4	4,965.3	1	6	44	108

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
56	67	6					4	—	—	4
<b>63</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3,793</b>	<b>20.70</b>	<b>183.2</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>6</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>
62	207	9					22	—	4	26
<b>60</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7,834</b>	<b>26.84</b>	<b>291.9</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>22</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>26</b>
5,716	10,399	1,722					731	3	153	887
<b>5,875</b>	<b>10,982</b>	<b>1,647</b>	<b>316,948</b>	<b>226.00</b>	<b>1,402.4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>735</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>881</b>
183	418	60					53	—	1	54
<b>257</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>21,683</b>	<b>4.30</b>	<b>5,042.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>48</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>50</b>
32	30	3					6	—	—	6
<b>25</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,279</b>	<b>13.38</b>	<b>170.3</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>7</b>	—	—	<b>7</b>
55	185	15					16	—	1	17
<b>59</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>6,676</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>6,419.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>16</b>	—	—	<b>16</b>
362	1,242	112					67	—	14	81
<b>417</b>	<b>1,231</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>38,093</b>	<b>22.20</b>	<b>1,715.9</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>71</b>	—	<b>17</b>	<b>88</b>
880	2,153	328					137	—	27	164
<b>839</b>	<b>1,982</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>66,112</b>	<b>30.65</b>	<b>2,157.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>175</b>
15	34	5					3	—	—	3
<b>14</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>904</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>1,130.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>4</b>	—	—	<b>4</b>
150	496	25					27	—	7	34
<b>154</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>13,609</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>7,560.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>32</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>39</b>
26	60	7					8	—	—	8
<b>47</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4,953</b>	<b>0.87</b>	<b>5,693.1</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>6</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>
893	1,496	178					83	—	25	108
<b>885</b>	<b>1,346</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>48,117</b>	<b>38.31</b>	<b>1,256.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>91</b>	—	<b>25</b>	<b>116</b>
126	338	16					34	—	3	37
<b>103</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>14,858</b>	<b>2.75</b>	<b>5,402.9</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>34</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>37</b>
133	366	28					27	—	1	28
<b>111</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>14,309</b>	<b>3.45</b>	<b>4,147.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>30</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>31</b>
16	66	4					9	—	3	12
<b>16</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6,865</b>	<b>1.60</b>	<b>4,290.6</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>
81	98	23					16	—	7	23
<b>105</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>12,613</b>	<b>41.80</b>	<b>301.7</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>19</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>25</b>
936	2,369	321					117	—	28	145
<b>990</b>	<b>2,041</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>44,129</b>	<b>5.50</b>	<b>8,023.5</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>121</b>	—	<b>29</b>	<b>150</b>
245	647	61					45	—	5	50
<b>344</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>18,795</b>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>1,566.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>43</b>	—	<b>8</b>	<b>51</b>
488	915	225					95	—	6	101
<b>386</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>35,854</b>	<b>4.55</b>	<b>7,880.0</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>115</b>
465	1,482	154					78	—	12	90
<b>529</b>	<b>1,316</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>39,031</b>	<b>18.90</b>	<b>2,065.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>76</b>	—	<b>16</b>	<b>92</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>MIDDLESEX COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Plainsboro Twsp.	1977	84	1,892.7	67.6	1,825.1	—	3	—	—
	1978	159	3,017.7	113.9	2,903.8	—	2	—	4
Sayreville Boro	1977	970	2,991.3	197.3	2,794.0	1	4	22	37
	1978	1,039	3,228.5	195.7	3,032.8	—	3	20	40
South Amboy City	1977	303	3,330.4	230.8	3,099.6	—	1	2	18
	1978	208	2,313.9	122.3	2,191.6	—	1	3	7
South Brunswick Twsp.	1977	539	3,268.1	66.7	3,201.4	—	3	2	6
	1978	572	3,394.1	106.8	3,287.3	—	1	5	12
South Plainfield Boro	1977	1,400	6,671.1	209.6	6,461.5	—	3	23	18
	1978	1,305	6,249.1	210.7	6,038.4	—	4	31	9
South River Boro	1977	385	2,523.8	150.8	2,373.0	—	1	6	16
	1978	390	2,590.5	259.1	2,331.4	1	2	7	29
Spotswood Boro	1977	300	3,632.0	339.0	3,293.0	—	3	1	24
	1978	339	4,118.6	315.9	3,802.7	—	2	2	22
Woodbridge Twsp.	1977	4,871	5,015.3	138.0	4,877.3	2	13	64	55
	1978	4,660	4,796.1	203.8	4,592.3	—	13	91	94
MIDDLESEX COUNTY TOTAL	1977	29,098	4,910.2	257.8	4,652.4	17	67	522	922
	1978	27,964	4,711.7	293.3	4,418.3	10	95	571	1,065
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY</b>									
*Aberdeen Twsp.	1977	853	4,488.1	121.0	4,367.1	—	2	5	16
	1978	872	4,648.9	239.9	4,409.0	—	5	9	31
Allenhurst Boro	1977	56	6,113.5	109.1	6,004.4	—	1	—	—
	1978	70	7,769.1	333.0	7,436.1	—	1	1	1
Allentown Boro	1977	56	2,676.9	95.6	2,581.3	—	1	—	1
	1978	45	2,172.9	144.9	2,028.0	—	—	2	1
Asbury Park City	1977	2,365	15,707.0	1,720.2	13,986.8	3	9	113	134
	1978	2,015	13,817.5	2,160.0	11,657.5	1	11	118	185
Atlantic Highlands Boro	1977	177	3,403.2	173.1	3,230.1	1	—	4	4
	1978	222	4,409.1	397.2	4,011.9	—	—	3	17
Avon-by-the-Sea	1977	139	6,213.7	178.8	6,034.9	—	—	—	4
	1978	120	5,427.4	90.4	5,337.0	—	—	—	2
Belmar Boro	1977	455	7,811.2	171.7	7,639.5	—	1	4	5
	1978	490	8,221.5	268.5	7,953.0	—	1	4	11
Bradley Beach Boro	1977	607	13,798.6	568.3	13,230.3	—	2	8	15
	1978	513	11,921.9	441.5	11,480.4	—	1	9	9
Brielle Boro	1977	226	5,695.6	176.4	5,519.2	1	—	1	5
	1978	198	5,003.8	101.1	4,902.7	—	—	2	2
Colts Neck Twsp.	1977	97	1,405.0	57.9	1,347.1	—	2	—	2
	1978	125	1,775.8	71.0	1,775.8	—	—	2	3
Deal Boro	1977	127	5,439.0	42.8	5,396.2	—	—	—	1
	1978	131	5,527.4	126.6	5,400.8	—	—	1	2

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
31	42	8					2	--	--	2
<b>39</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5,269</b>	<b>11.80</b>	<b>446.5</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>5</b>	--	--	<b>5</b>
277	544	85					67	--	11	78
<b>271</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>32,182</b>	<b>16.60</b>	<b>1,938.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>67</b>	--	<b>11</b>	<b>78</b>
75	170	37					28	1	1	30
<b>43</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>8,989</b>	<b>1.45</b>	<b>6,199.3</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>
137	355	36					30	--	6	36
<b>168</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>16,853</b>	<b>41.00</b>	<b>411.0</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>34</b>	--	<b>6</b>	<b>40</b>
231	1,050	75					50	--	5	55
<b>250</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>20,883</b>	<b>8.20</b>	<b>2,546.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>48</b>	--	<b>8</b>	<b>56</b>
119	225	18					29	--	6	35
<b>137</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>15,055</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>5,376.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>32</b>	--	<b>8</b>	<b>40</b>
77	174	21					18	--	1	19
<b>72</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8,231</b>	<b>2.15</b>	<b>3,828.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>18</b>	--	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>
843	3,320	574					161	--	17	178
<b>981</b>	<b>2,797</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>97,162</b>	<b>23.10</b>	<b>4,206.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>158</b>	--	<b>21</b>	<b>179</b>
6,876	18,275	2,419					1,206	1	187	1,394
<b>7,242</b>	<b>16,646</b>	<b>2,335</b>	<b>593,504</b>	<b>311.00</b>	<b>1,908.4</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>1,248</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>1,459</b>
246	555	29					29	--	7	36
<b>282</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>18,757</b>	<b>5.45</b>	<b>3,441.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	--	<b>6</b>	<b>34</b>
10	44	1					8	--	3	11
<b>5</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>3,003.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>8</b>	--	<b>3</b>	<b>11</b>
19	34	1					4	--	--	4
<b>10</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,071</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>3,451.7</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>3</b>	--	--	<b>3</b>
654	1,260	192					63	--	12	75
<b>533</b>	<b>998</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>14,583</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>9,722.0</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>60</b>	--	<b>3</b>	<b>63</b>
54	104	10					12	--	2	14
<b>53</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5,035</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>4,195.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>15</b>	--	<b>2</b>	<b>17</b>
35	97	3					9	--	--	9
<b>28</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>0.40</b>	<b>5,527.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	--	--	<b>10</b>
115	320	10					21	--	--	21
<b>142</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>5,960</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>5,960.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>21</b>	--	--	<b>21</b>
210	355	17					20	--	--	20
<b>143</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>4,303</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>6,147.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>20</b>	--	--	<b>20</b>
68	144	7					15	--	5	20
<b>61</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,957</b>	<b>1.65</b>	<b>2,398.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>15</b>	--	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>
57	32	4					--	--	--	--
<b>71</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7,039</b>	<b>31.70</b>	<b>222.1</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	--	--	--	--
21	102	3					12	--	4	16
<b>44</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2,370</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>1,975.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>12</b>	--	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY</b> <b>(cont'd)</b>								
Eatontown Boro	1977 946 1978 <b>1,036</b>	7,542.7 <b>8,533.8</b>	143.5 <b>181.2</b>	7,399.2 <b>8,352.6</b>	1 <b>1</b>	1 <b>3</b>	4 <b>4</b>	12 <b>14</b>
Englishtown Boro	1977 47 1978 <b>35</b>	4,265.0 <b>3,252.8</b>	453.7 <b>836.4</b>	3,811.3 <b>2,416.4</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>1</b>	2 <b>4</b>	3 <b>4</b>
Fair Haven Boro	1977 210 1978 <b>216</b>	3,575.1 <b>3,720.3</b>	51.1 <b>68.9</b>	3,524.0 <b>3,651.4</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>1</b>	1 <b>2</b>	2 <b>1</b>
Farmingdale Boro	1977 39 1978 <b>47</b>	2,644.1 <b>2,948.6</b>	203.4 <b>62.7</b>	2,440.7 <b>2,885.9</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>	1 <b>—</b>	2 <b>1</b>
Freehold Boro	1977 696 1978 <b>728</b>	6,272.5 <b>6,647.8</b>	504.7 <b>511.4</b>	5,767.8 <b>6,136.4</b>	— <b>2</b>	3 <b>1</b>	22 <b>17</b>	31 <b>36</b>
Freehold Twsp.	1977 619 1978 <b>598</b>	3,474.0 <b>3,331.8</b>	56.1 <b>139.3</b>	3,417.9 <b>3,192.5</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>2</b>	4 <b>3</b>	6 <b>20</b>
Hazlet Twsp.	1977 1,002 1978 <b>1,030</b>	4,563.7 <b>4,613.0</b>	159.4 <b>129.9</b>	4,404.3 <b>4,483.1</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>1</b>	8 <b>8</b>	27 <b>20</b>
Highlands Boro	1977 245 1978 <b>274</b>	5,246.3 <b>5,994.3</b>	321.2 <b>765.7</b>	4,925.1 <b>5,228.6</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>2</b>	4 <b>5</b>	11 <b>28</b>
Holmdel Twsp.	1977 202 1978 <b>210</b>	2,596.7 <b>2,653.2</b>	115.7 <b>126.3</b>	2,481.0 <b>2,526.9</b>	— <b>—</b>	2 <b>—</b>	2 <b>2</b>	5 <b>8</b>
Howell Twsp.	1977 963 1978 <b>980</b>	3,439.2 <b>3,535.1</b>	167.9 <b>187.6</b>	3,271.3 <b>3,347.5</b>	1 <b>1</b>	2 <b>2</b>	11 <b>10</b>	33 <b>39</b>
Interlaken Boro	1977 16 1978 <b>16</b>	1,453.2 <b>1,469.2</b>	— <b>—</b>	1,453.2 <b>1,469.2</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>
Keansburg Boro	1977 576 1978 <b>656</b>	5,737.1 <b>6,652.5</b>	468.2 <b>537.5</b>	5,268.9 <b>6,115.0</b>	— <b>1</b>	5 <b>5</b>	5 <b>6</b>	37 <b>41</b>
Keyport Boro	1977 509 1978 <b>507</b>	7,189.3 <b>7,274.0</b>	508.5 <b>631.3</b>	6,680.8 <b>6,642.7</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>1</b>	9 <b>9</b>	27 <b>34</b>
Little Silver Boro	1977 213 1978 <b>208</b>	3,619.4 <b>3,588.1</b>	51.0 <b>17.3</b>	3,568.4 <b>3,570.8</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>1</b>	— <b>—</b>	3 <b>—</b>
Loch Arbour Village	1977 25 1978 <b>20</b>	6,313.1 <b>5,128.2</b>	— <b>256.4</b>	6,313.1 <b>4,871.8</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>1</b>
Long Branch City	1977 2,361 1978 <b>2,510</b>	7,381.1 <b>7,988.8</b>	500.2 <b>617.5</b>	6,880.9 <b>7,371.3</b>	1 <b>—</b>	10 <b>15</b>	46 <b>61</b>	103 <b>118</b>
Manalapan Twsp.	1977 456 1978 <b>393</b>	2,620.5 <b>2,190.8</b>	350.5 <b>239.7</b>	2,270.0 <b>1,951.1</b>	— <b>—</b>	1 <b>5</b>	4 <b>9</b>	56 <b>29</b>
Manasquan Boro	1977 472 1978 <b>429</b>	8,946.2 <b>8,202.7</b>	94.8 <b>57.4</b>	8,851.4 <b>8,145.3</b>	— <b>—</b>	— <b>—</b>	1 <b>1</b>	4 <b>2</b>
Marlboro Twsp.	1977 396 1978 <b>452</b>	2,633.9 <b>2,953.7</b>	113.1 <b>137.2</b>	2,520.8 <b>2,816.5</b>	— <b>—</b>	1 <b>—</b>	6 <b>4</b>	10 <b>17</b>
Matawan Boro	1977 370 1978 <b>376</b>	3,941.6 <b>4,067.5</b>	117.2 <b>86.5</b>	3,824.4 <b>3,981.0</b>	1 <b>—</b>	2 <b>—</b>	2 <b>4</b>	6 <b>4</b>
Middletown Twsp.	1977 2,034 1978 <b>1,940</b>	3,489.9 <b>3,302.4</b>	216.2 <b>161.7</b>	3,273.7 <b>3,140.7</b>	— <b>1</b>	5 <b>6</b>	12 <b>11</b>	109 <b>77</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
167	697	64					28	—	8	36
<b>130</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>12,140</b>	<b>5.80</b>	<b>2,093.1</b>	Suburban	<b>29</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>38</b>
9	27	6					2	—	—	2
<b>7</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,076</b>	<b>0.57</b>	<b>1,887.7</b>	Rural Center	<b>3</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>
36	169	2					11	—	—	11
<b>32</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5,806</b>	<b>1.55</b>	<b>3,745.8</b>	Suburban	<b>10</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>
7	28	1					—	—	—	—
<b>9</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1,594</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>3,188.0</b>	Rural Center	—	—	—	—
152	463	25					25	—	5	30
<b>177</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>10,951</b>	<b>1.90</b>	<b>5,763.7</b>	Rural Center	<b>25</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>30</b>
126	458	25					28	—	6	34
<b>134</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>17,948</b>	<b>36.97</b>	<b>485.5</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>29</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>35</b>
215	702	50					33	—	7	40
<b>209</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>22,328</b>	<b>5.60</b>	<b>3,987.1</b>	Suburban	<b>33</b>	—	<b>8</b>	<b>41</b>
111	107	12					12	—	8	20
<b>92</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>4,571</b>	<b>0.64</b>	<b>7,142.2</b>	Suburban	<b>9</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>18</b>
76	108	9					16	—	4	20
<b>77</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7,915</b>	<b>17.90</b>	<b>442.2</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>16</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>20</b>
257	601	58					41	—	9	50
<b>236</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>27,722</b>	<b>62.10</b>	<b>446.4</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>41</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>50</b>
4	11	1					5	—	—	5
<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,089</b>	<b>0.38</b>	<b>2,865.8</b>	Suburban	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
149	346	34					21	—	3	24
<b>214</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>9,861</b>	<b>1.01</b>	<b>9,763.4</b>	Suburban	<b>26</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>30</b>
109	339	25					19	—	6	25
<b>144</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>6,970</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>4,978.6</b>	Suburban	<b>16</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>
33	171	6					12	—	4	16
<b>25</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5,797</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>2,070.4</b>	Suburban	<b>12</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>
4	21	—					—	—	—	—
<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>	—	<b>390</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>3,900.0</b>	Suburban	—	—	—	—
893	1,160	148					75	1	17	93
<b>949</b>	<b>1,161</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>31,419</b>	<b>5.10</b>	<b>6,160.6</b>	Urban Center	<b>73</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>96</b>
109	265	21					26	—	2	28
<b>87</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>17,939</b>	<b>30.85</b>	<b>581.5</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>28</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>
113	333	21					11	—	1	12
<b>92</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5,230</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>3,735.7</b>	Suburban	<b>20</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>21</b>
142	221	16					31	—	5	36
<b>148</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15,303</b>	<b>30.38</b>	<b>503.7</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>31</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>38</b>
107	236	16					20	—	3	23
<b>125</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>9,244</b>	<b>2.26</b>	<b>4,090.3</b>	Suburban	<b>20</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>24</b>
680	1,131	97					80	—	9	89
<b>663</b>	<b>1,066</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>58,745</b>	<b>41.02</b>	<b>1,432.1</b>	Suburban	<b>86</b>	—	<b>11</b>	<b>97</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Millstone Twsp.	1977 1978	91 80	3,187.4 2,726.7	140.1 136.3	3,047.3 2,590.4	— —	2 —	— 1	2 3
Monmouth Beach Boro	1977 1978	86 123	3,045.3 4,335.6	35.4 211.5	3,009.9 4,124.1	— 1	— —	— —	1 5
Neptune Twsp.	1977 1978	1,685 1,844	6,086.1 6,740.8	335.9 329.0	5,750.2 6,411.8	1 —	13 9	32 36	47 45
Neptune City Boro	1977 1978	376 366	6,393.5 6,320.2	153.1 224.5	6,240.4 6,095.7	— —	— 1	7 5	2 7
Ocean Twsp.	1977 1978	1,085 1,242	4,507.1 5,100.0	128.8 123.2	4,378.3 4,976.8	— 2	2 2	8 11	21 15
Oceanport Boro	1977 1978	132 150	2,309.3 2,659.6	17.5 35.5	2,291.8 2,624.1	1 —	— —	— 1	— 1
Red Bank Boro	1977 1978	814 746	6,640.0 6,189.8	334.4 190.8	6,305.6 5,999.0	1 —	3 3	28 7	9 13
Roosevelt Boro	1977 1978	20 19	2,267.6 2,188.9	— 115.2	2,267.6 2,073.7	— —	— —	— 1	— —
Rumson Boro	1977 1978	166 163	2,221.9 2,194.1	53.5 —	2,168.4 2,194.1	— —	— —	3 —	1 —
Sea Bright Boro	1977 1978	117 101	5,740.9 4,910.1	441.6 97.2	5,299.3 4,812.9	— —	1 1	3 1	5 —
Sea Girt Boro	1977 1978	107 54	4,899.3 2,469.1	— —	4,899.3 2,469.1	— —	— —	— —	— —
Shrewsbury Boro	1977 1978	247 217	7,896.4 7,047.7	95.9 259.8	7,800.5 6,787.9	— —	— —	3 2	— 6
Shrewsbury Twsp.	1977 1978	20 24	1,594.9 1,941.7	159.5 323.6	1,435.4 1,618.1	— —	— —	— —	2 4
South Belmar Boro	1977 1978	73 92	5,080.0 6,469.8	835.0 281.3	4,245.0 6,188.5	— —	— —	5 1	7 3
Spring Lake Boro	1977 1978	69 85	1,791.7 2,210.7	— 26.0	1,791.7 2,184.7	— —	— —	— —	— 1
Spring Lake Heights Boro	1977 1978	202 218	4,010.3 4,391.6	248.1 20.1	3,752.2 4,371.5	— —	2 —	4 —	7 1
Tinton Falls Boro	1977 1978	396 345	4,863.1 4,277.7	245.6 186.0	4,617.5 4,091.7	— —	2 1	2 5	16 9
Union Beach Boro	1977 1978	227 189	3,618.1 3,039.1	255.0 225.1	3,363.1 2,814.0	— —	1 —	3 5	12 9
Upper Freehold Twsp.	1977 1978	39 32	1,457.9 1,195.4	112.1 37.4	1,345.8 1,158.0	— —	1 1	— —	2 —
Wall Twsp.	1977 1978	769 765	4,157.2 4,156.7	183.8 163.0	3,973.4 3,993.7	— 3	2 3	8 4	24 20
West Long Branch Boro	1977 1978	502 564	8,449.8 8,067.2	84.2 186.4	8,365.6 7,900.8	— —	1 1	4 7	— 5

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
60	18	9					—	—	—	—
<b>41</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,934</b>	<b>37.38</b>	<b>78.5</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
23	60	2					8	—	1	9
<b>37</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2,837</b>	<b>1.10</b>	<b>2,579.1</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>
415	1,084	93					64	—	11	75
<b>611</b>	<b>1,022</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>27,356</b>	<b>8.00</b>	<b>3,419.5</b>	Suburban	<b>64</b>	—	<b>14</b>	<b>78</b>
40	312	15					15	—	3	18
<b>50</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>5,791</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>6,434.4</b>	Suburban	<b>15</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>18</b>
265	736	53					55	—	9	64
<b>264</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>24,353</b>	<b>11.20</b>	<b>2,174.4</b>	Suburban	<b>54</b>	—	<b>12</b>	<b>66</b>
32	90	9					13	—	4	17
<b>28</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5,640</b>	<b>3.10</b>	<b>1,819.4</b>	Suburban	<b>13</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>17</b>
181	547	45					46	—	6	52
<b>115</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>12,052</b>	<b>1.75</b>	<b>6,886.9</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>45</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>54</b>
17	1	2					—	—	—	—
<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>1.93</b>	<b>449.7</b>	Suburban Rural	—	—	—	—
32	120	10					15	—	—	15
<b>36</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7,429</b>	<b>5.20</b>	<b>1,428.7</b>	Suburban	<b>16</b>	—	—	<b>16</b>
18	80	10					7	—	2	9
<b>7</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2,057</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>3,428.3</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>
20	73	14					8	—	5	13
<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,187</b>	<b>1.05</b>	<b>2,082.9</b>	Suburban	<b>7</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>
57	180	7					12	—	2	14
<b>60</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3,079</b>	<b>2.30</b>	<b>1,338.7</b>	Suburban	<b>12</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>
6	8	4					—	—	—	—
<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,236</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>13,733.3</b>	Suburban	—	—	—	—
23	37	1					8	—	—	8
<b>27</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,422</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>7,110.0</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	—	<b>8</b>
18	49	2					15	—	—	15
<b>22</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3,845</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>2,957.7</b>	Suburban	<b>15</b>	—	—	<b>15</b>
63	116	10					12	—	3	15
<b>59</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4,964</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>3,818.5</b>	Suburban	<b>12</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>
126	242	8					18	—	7	25
<b>82</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>8,065</b>	<b>15.15</b>	<b>532.3</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>16</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>
81	127	3					10	—	1	11
<b>41</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6,219</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>3,455.0</b>	Rural	<b>12</b>	—	—	<b>12</b>
20	12	4					—	—	—	—
<b>16</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,677</b>	<b>47.45</b>	<b>56.4</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
207	478	50					41	—	10	51
<b>193</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>18,404</b>	<b>31.01</b>	<b>593.5</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>41</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>50</b>
128	359	10					15	—	4	19
<b>126</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>6,974</b>	<b>2.83</b>	<b>2,464.3</b>	Suburban	<b>16</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>20</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY		CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
						Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
MONMOUTH COUNTY	1977	24,778	5,033.8	266.7	4,767.1	12	80	389	832
TOTAL	1978	<b>24,881</b>	<b>5,061.1</b>	<b>285.4</b>	<b>4,775.7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>905</b>
<b>MORRIS COUNTY</b>									
<b>Boonton Town</b>	1977	445	5,079.9	182.6	4,897.3	—	—	1	15
	1978	<b>361</b>	<b>4,120.1</b>	<b>45.7</b>	<b>4,074.4</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Boonton Twsp.</b>	1977	119	3,991.9	603.8	3,388.1	—	1	—	17
	1978	<b>124</b>	<b>4,104.6</b>	<b>132.4</b>	<b>3,972.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	<b>3</b>
<b>Butler Boro</b>	1977	269	3,454.5	64.2	3,390.3	—	1	3	1
	1978	<b>235</b>	<b>3,022.5</b>	<b>128.6</b>	<b>2,893.9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Chatham Boro</b>	1977	185	2,036.8	44.1	1,992.7	—	—	1	3
	1978	<b>218</b>	<b>2,408.3</b>	<b>33.1</b>	<b>2,375.2</b>	<b>1</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>
<b>Chatham Twsp.</b>	1977	207	2,523.5	158.5	2,365.0	—	1	2	10
	1978	<b>189</b>	<b>2,202.3</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>2,167.3</b>	—	—	—	<b>3</b>
<b>Chester Boro</b>	1977	102	7,721.4	151.4	7,570.0	—	—	—	2
	1978	<b>97</b>	<b>7,169.3</b>	<b>369.5</b>	<b>6,799.8</b>	—	—	—	<b>5</b>
<b>Chester Twsp.</b>	1977	130	2,850.9	175.4	2,675.5	2	—	—	6
	1978	<b>131</b>	<b>2,825.1</b>	<b>151.0</b>	<b>2,674.1</b>	—	—	—	<b>7</b>
<b>Denville Twsp.</b>	1977	530	3,876.0	87.8	3,788.2	—	—	4	8
	1978	<b>588</b>	<b>4,234.5</b>	<b>28.8</b>	<b>4,205.7</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Dover Town</b>	1977	637	4,409.2	103.8	4,305.4	—	3	3	9
	1978	<b>567</b>	<b>3,882.8</b>	<b>102.8</b>	<b>3,780.0</b>	—	—	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>East Hanover Twsp.</b>	1977	223	2,554.1	114.5	2,439.6	—	—	1	9
	1978	<b>245</b>	<b>2,703.3</b>	<b>55.2</b>	<b>2,648.1</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Florham Park Boro</b>	1977	206	2,381.0	11.6	2,369.4	—	—	—	1
	1978	<b>198</b>	<b>2,200.5</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,100.5</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Hanover Twsp.</b>	1977	438	3,876.8	70.8	3,806.0	1	3	—	4
	1978	<b>385</b>	<b>3,409.2</b>	<b>115.1</b>	<b>3,294.1</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Harding Twsp.</b>	1977	54	1,712.7	31.8	1,680.9	—	—	1	—
	1978	<b>42</b>	<b>1,309.2</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>1,278.0</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
<b>Jefferson Twsp.</b>	1977	623	4,126.6	112.6	4,014.0	—	—	5	12
	1978	<b>697</b>	<b>4,595.8</b>	<b>112.1</b>	<b>4,483.7</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Kinnelon Boro</b>	1977	213	2,669.8	87.7	2,582.1	—	—	2	5
	1978	<b>248</b>	<b>3,068.9</b>	<b>99.0</b>	<b>2,969.9</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Lincoln Park Boro</b>	1977	364	4,226.2	46.4	4,179.8	—	—	1	3
	1978	<b>461</b>	<b>5,363.6</b>	<b>81.4</b>	<b>5,282.2</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Madison Boro</b>	1977	453	2,803.6	30.9	2,772.7	—	—	1	4
	1978	<b>442</b>	<b>2,729.7</b>	<b>80.3</b>	<b>2,649.4</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Mendham Boro</b>	1977	123	2,541.3	20.6	2,520.7	—	—	—	1
	1978	<b>150</b>	<b>3,068.1</b>	<b>143.2</b>	<b>2,924.9</b>	—	<b>2</b>	—	<b>5</b>
<b>Mendham Twsp.</b>	1977	88	2,129.7	145.2	1,984.5	—	—	—	6
	1978	<b>109</b>	<b>2,587.8</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>2,564.1</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
6,820 <b>6,783</b>	15,370 <b>15,260</b>	1,275 <b>1,435</b>	<b>491,614</b>	<b>471.57</b>	<b>1,042.5</b>	—	1,051 <b>1,066</b>	1 <b>1</b>	198 <b>207</b>	1,250 <b>1,274</b>
138 <b>77</b>	262 <b>266</b>	29 <b>14</b>	<b>8,762</b>	<b>2.42</b>	<b>3,620.7</b>	Urban Suburban	20 <b>21</b>	— —	1 <b>1</b>	21 <b>22</b>
30 <b>37</b>	67 <b>77</b>	4 <b>6</b>	<b>3,021</b>	<b>8.20</b>	<b>368.4</b>	Suburban	7 <b>7</b>	— —	— —	7 <b>7</b>
82 <b>54</b>	164 <b>159</b>	18 <b>12</b>	<b>7,775</b>	<b>1.97</b>	<b>3,946.7</b>	Urban Suburban	13 <b>13</b>	— —	1 <b>1</b>	14 <b>14</b>
51 <b>48</b>	124 <b>157</b>	6 <b>10</b>	<b>9,052</b>	<b>2.35</b>	<b>3,851.9</b>	Suburban	17 <b>17</b>	— —	4 <b>5</b>	21 <b>22</b>
48 <b>42</b>	139 <b>140</b>	7 <b>4</b>	<b>8,582</b>	<b>9.10</b>	<b>943.1</b>	Suburban	22 <b>20</b>	— —	2 <b>1</b>	24 <b>21</b>
32 <b>33</b>	64 <b>57</b>	4 <b>2</b>	<b>1,353</b>	<b>1.60</b>	<b>845.6</b>	Rural Center	6 <b>7</b>	— —	1 <b>1</b>	7 <b>8</b>
27 <b>22</b>	89 <b>88</b>	6 <b>14</b>	<b>4,637</b>	<b>28.90</b>	<b>160.4</b>	Rural	11 <b>11</b>	— —	1 <b>1</b>	12 <b>12</b>
162 <b>177</b>	331 <b>387</b>	25 <b>20</b>	<b>13,886</b>	<b>12.70</b>	<b>1,093.4</b>	Suburban	29 <b>29</b>	— —	3 <b>3</b>	32 <b>32</b>
200 <b>146</b>	375 <b>363</b>	47 <b>43</b>	<b>14,603</b>	<b>2.51</b>	<b>5,817.9</b>	Urban Suburban	29 <b>31</b>	— —	2 <b>3</b>	31 <b>34</b>
47 <b>41</b>	160 <b>190</b>	6 <b>9</b>	<b>9,063</b>	<b>8.21</b>	<b>1,103.9</b>	Suburban	21 <b>23</b>	— —	3 <b>3</b>	24 <b>26</b>
24 <b>38</b>	177 <b>144</b>	4 <b>7</b>	<b>8,998</b>	<b>7.50</b>	<b>1,199.7</b>	Suburban	23 <b>23</b>	— —	— <b>1</b>	23 <b>24</b>
103 <b>70</b>	315 <b>289</b>	12 <b>13</b>	<b>11,293</b>	<b>10.80</b>	<b>1,045.6</b>	Suburban	24 <b>24</b>	— —	4 <b>4</b>	28 <b>28</b>
20 <b>12</b>	30 <b>27</b>	3 <b>2</b>	<b>3,208</b>	<b>20.50</b>	<b>156.5</b>	Suburban Rural	9 <b>10</b>	— —	— <b>1</b>	9 <b>11</b>
222 <b>304</b>	350 <b>347</b>	34 <b>29</b>	<b>15,166</b>	<b>41.20</b>	<b>368.1</b>	Suburban Rural	29 <b>29</b>	— —	3 <b>4</b>	32 <b>33</b>
72 <b>78</b>	131 <b>151</b>	3 <b>11</b>	<b>8,081</b>	<b>19.05</b>	<b>424.2</b>	Suburban Rural	11 <b>11</b>	— —	1 —	12 <b>11</b>
65 <b>87</b>	291 <b>352</b>	4 <b>15</b>	<b>8,595</b>	<b>6.66</b>	<b>1,290.5</b>	Suburban	16 <b>16</b>	— —	2 <b>2</b>	18 <b>18</b>
81 <b>93</b>	361 <b>330</b>	6 <b>6</b>	<b>16,192</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>3,855.2</b>	Suburban	33 <b>33</b>	— —	2 <b>2</b>	35 <b>35</b>
23 <b>24</b>	95 <b>117</b>	4 <b>2</b>	<b>4,889</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>814.8</b>	Suburban	11 <b>11</b>	— —	— —	11 <b>11</b>
30 <b>28</b>	48 <b>78</b>	4 <b>2</b>	<b>4,212</b>	<b>17.60</b>	<b>239.3</b>	Suburban Rural	10 <b>11</b>	— —	1 <b>1</b>	11 <b>12</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>MORRIS COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Mine Hill Twp.	1977 1978	164 160	4,726.2 4,589.8	345.8 258.2	4,380.4 4,331.6	— —	1 1	— 1	11 7
Montville Twp.	1977 1978	487 545	3,759.7 4,109.2	77.2 113.1	3,682.5 3,996.1	— —	1 3	5 3	4 9
Morris Twp.	1977 1978	615 532	3,172.9 2,905.4	216.7 202.1	2,956.2 2,703.3	— —	3 2	4 3	35 32
Morris Plains Boro	1977 1978	222 151	4,214.9 2,852.3	57.0 75.6	4,157.9 2,776.7	— —	1 2	— 1	2 1
Morristown Town	1977 1978	1,389 1,331	8,270.3 7,957.7	696.6 627.8	7,573.7 7,329.9	2 —	8 8	38 30	69 67
Mountain Lakes Boro	1977 1978	329 296	7,435.0 6,683.2	67.8 135.5	7,367.2 6,547.7	— —	— 2	— 1	3 3
Mount Arlington Boro	1977 1978	142 132	3,808.0 3,547.4	214.5 134.3	3,593.5 3,413.1	— —	1 —	— 1	7 4
Mount Olive Twp.	1977 1978	790 679	4,557.8 3,820.0	80.8 123.8	4,477.0 3,696.2	1 —	5 6	3 3	5 13
Netcong Boro	1977 1978	154 145	4,616.3 4,091.4	149.9 395.0	4,466.4 3,696.4	— —	— —	— 5	5 9
Parsippany-Troy Hills Twp.	1977 1978	2,023 2,107	4,047.3 4,205.5	120.0 71.9	3,927.3 4,133.6	— 1	6 4	18 11	36 20
Passaic Twp.	1977 1978	203 237	2,881.1 3,349.3	71.0 127.2	2,810.1 3,222.1	— —	— —	— 2	5 7
Pequannock Twp.	1977 1978	654 603	7,710.8 4,326.6	172.9 114.8	4,537.9 4,211.8	— 1	5 2	9 4	10 9
Randolph Twp.	1977 1978	654 582	3,809.4 3,289.3	134.0 113.0	3,675.4 3,176.3	1 —	1 3	2 5	19 12
Riverdale Boro	1977 1978	148 120	5,618.8 4,564.5	417.6 228.2	5,201.2 4,336.3	— —	— —	6 3	5 3
Rockaway Boro	1977 1978	315 391	4,967.7 5,857.7	141.9 164.8	4,825.8 5,692.9	— —	1 —	1 2	7 9
Rockaway Twp.	1977 1978	651 943	3,353.1 4,786.1	77.3 192.9	3,275.8 4,593.2	1 1	2 —	2 7	10 30
Roxbury Twp.	1977 1978	963 1,009	5,646.1 5,733.3	105.5 153.4	5,540.6 5,579.9	— —	5 5	4 14	9 8
Victory Gardens Boro	1977 1978	36 44	2,967.8 3,639.4	247.3 496.3	2,720.5 3,143.1	— —	1 1	— —	2 5
Washington Twp.	1977 1978	259 283	3,073.5 3,183.7	94.9 213.7	2,978.6 2,970.0	— —	1 —	1 1	6 18
Wharton Boro	1977 1978	166 156	3,081.5 2,855.6	148.5 54.9	2,933.0 2,800.7	— —	— —	1 1	7 2
MORRIS COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	15,773 15,933	3,996.1 3,994.3	139.6 136.4	3,856.5 3,857.9	8 6	51 55	119 132	373 351

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
42	105	5					7	—	1	8
<b>47</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,486</b>	<b>2.95</b>	<b>1,181.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>
171	279	27					28	—	1	29
<b>177</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>13,263</b>	<b>18.97</b>	<b>699.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>30</b>
169	381	23					39	—	10	49
<b>147</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>18,311</b>	<b>15.70</b>	<b>1,166.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>49</b>
44	171	4					16	—	3	19
<b>27</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5,294</b>	<b>2.60</b>	<b>2,036.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>19</b>
343	869	60					49	—	4	53
<b>277</b>	<b>874</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>16,726</b>	<b>2.86</b>	<b>5,848.3</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>59</b>
59	257	10					12	—	1	13
<b>60</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>4,429</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>1,527.2</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>
51	76	7					7	—	1	8
<b>56</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3,721</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>1,653.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>
278	457	41					24	—	2	26
<b>213</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>17,775</b>	<b>30.06</b>	<b>591.3</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>27</b>
35	96	18					5	—	1	6
<b>25</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>3,544</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>3,937.8</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>
613	1,239	111					81	—	19	100
<b>738</b>	<b>1,156</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>50,101</b>	<b>24.30</b>	<b>2,061.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>101</b>
48	135	15					16	—	5	21
<b>63</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7,076</b>	<b>12.50</b>	<b>566.1</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>
150	450	30					21	—	5	26
<b>91</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>13,937</b>	<b>6.95</b>	<b>2,005.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>27</b>
154	434	43					26	—	7	33
<b>147</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>17,694</b>	<b>20.88</b>	<b>847.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>35</b>
33	95	9					8	—	4	12
<b>15</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2,629</b>	<b>1.87</b>	<b>1,405.9</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>
49	240	17					12	1	—	13
<b>99</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>6,675</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>3,337.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>12</b>
190	418	28					33	—	8	41
<b>179</b>	<b>674</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>19,703</b>	<b>42.35</b>	<b>465.2</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>45</b>
315	576	54					24	—	3	27
<b>274</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>17,599</b>	<b>21.46</b>	<b>820.1</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>33</b>
13	17	3					4	—	—	4
<b>15</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,209</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>6,045.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>
87	155	9					15	—	5	20
<b>77</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8,889</b>	<b>45.12</b>	<b>197.0</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>
24	122	12					11	—	3	14
<b>38</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5,463</b>	<b>1.95</b>	<b>2,801.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>
4,325	10,145	752					779	1	114	894
<b>4,176</b>	<b>10,364</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>398,892</b>	<b>470.24</b>	<b>848.2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>929</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>OCEAN COUNTY</b>								
<b>Barnegat Light Boro</b>	1977 1978	62 39	7,908.2 5,012.9	— —	7,908.2 5,012.9	— —	— —	— —
<b>Barnegat Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	243 203	5,435.0 2,978.7	223.7 88.0	5,211.3 2,890.7	— —	2 3	8 3
<b>Bay Head Boro</b>	1977 1978	143 162	11,616.6 12,836.8	— —	11,616.6 12,836.8	— —	— —	— —
<b>Beach Haven Boro</b>	1977 1978	166 229	9,410.4 12,252.5	— 214.0	9,410.4 12,038.5	— —	— —	— 4
<b>Beachwood Boro</b>	1977 1978	442 419	6,553.0 6,113.2	237.2 160.5	6,315.8 5,952.7	— —	2 2	14 8
<b>Berkeley Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	613 654	4,072.8 3,912.2	152.8 113.7	3,920.0 3,798.5	— —	4 5	6 13
<b>Brick Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	2,547 2,948	5,119.3 5,871.1	154.8 231.0	4,964.5 5,640.1	— —	2 11	27 30
<b>Dover Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	3,873 4,212	6,137.3 6,748.9	221.8 261.2	5,915.5 6,487.7	— 5	10 8	39 54
<b>Eagleswood Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	34 55	3,396.6 5,538.8	199.8 —	3,196.8 5,538.8	— —	1 —	— —
<b>Harvey Cedars Boro</b>	1977 1978	47 53	12,600.5 14,285.7	— —	12,600.5 14,285.7	— —	— —	— —
<b>Island Heights Boro</b>	1977 1978	56 91	3,846.2 6,297.6	137.4 69.2	3,708.8 6,228.4	— —	1 —	1 —
<b>Jackson Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	2,427 2,675	10,018.6 11,038.7	255.9 185.7	9,762.7 10,853.0	— 3	5 3	8 8
<b>Lacey Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	499 616	4,135.6 5,041.3	66.3 147.3	4,069.3 4,894.0	— —	1 4	1 4
<b>Lakehurst Boro</b>	1977 1978	139 158	3,710.6 4,265.7	453.8 378.0	3,256.8 3,887.7	— —	1 —	3 1
<b>Lakewood Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	2,284 2,560	6,668.8 7,431.1	584.0 557.3	6,084.8 6,873.8	— 1	10 9	96 91
<b>Lavallette Boro</b>	1977 1978	110 176	5,130.6 7,881.8	139.9 268.7	4,990.7 7,613.1	— —	— —	— 2
<b>Little Egg Harbor Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	442 430	6,397.5 5,704.4	434.3 66.3	5,963.2 5,638.1	— —	— —	3 —
<b>Long Beach Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	240 266	5,805.5 6,434.4	72.6 48.3	5,732.9 6,386.1	— —	1 —	— 1
<b>Manchester Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	363 324	2,329.5 1,492.3	102.7 50.7	2,226.8 1,441.6	— 1	— —	6 3
<b>Mantoloking Boro</b>	1977 1978	58 43	13,092.6 9,267.2	225.7 215.5	12,866.9 9,051.7	— —	— —	— —
<b>Ocean Twsp.</b>	1977 1978	124 234	2,942.6 5,558.2	189.9 190.0	2,752.7 5,368.2	1 —	1 2	— 1

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
19 9	43 30	— —	770	0.70	1,111.4	Suburban	— —	— —	— —	— —
97 83	131 105	5 9	6,815	34.90	195.3	Rural	10 14	— —	2 2	12 16
24 31	112 128	7 3	1,262	0.60	2,103.3	Suburban	6 6	— —	— —	6 6
55 53	106 170	5 2	1,869	1.00	1,869.0	Suburban	11 12	— —	— —	11 12
125 131	279 259	22 18	6,854	2.80	2,447.9	Suburban	16 16	1 —	— 2	17 18
134 145	416 440	40 50	16,717	41.00	399.0	Suburban Rural	41 49	— —	5 7	46 56
686 813	1,649 1,799	135 220	50,212	26.40	1,902.0	Suburban	57 59	1 1	14 17	72 77
1,198 1,367	2,343 2,480	192 202	62,410	41.62	1,499.5	Suburban Rural	111 110	1 1	78 108	190 219
18 35	13 19	1 1	993	16.50	60.2	Rural	— —	— —	— —	— —
20 14	26 37	1 2	371	0.55	674.5	Suburban	4 5	— —	1 1	5 6
28 39	23 50	3 1	1,445	0.60	2,408.3	Suburban	5 6	— —	1 —	6 6
352 326	1,941 2,228	72 76	24,233	100.30	241.6	Rural	51 54	— —	12 11	63 65
174 278	309 304	8 16	12,219	84.60	144.4	Rural	22 21	— —	6 6	28 27
43 40	70 92	9 12	3,704	0.95	3,898.9	Rural Center	13 13	— —	7 7	20 20
672 671	1,311 1,570	101 127	34,450	24.40	1,411.9	Suburban	81 83	— —	8 10	89 93
34 51	72 113	1 6	2,233	0.65	3,435.4	Suburban	8 9	— —	3 7	11 16
167 208	230 195	15 22	7,538	49.50	152.3	Rural	16 20	— —	6 6	22 26
90 100	141 160	6 4	4,134	4.30	961.4	Suburban	29 28	— —	5 5	34 33
111 105	224 199	12 9	21,711	82.50	263.2	Rural	43 46	— —	9 8	52 54
23 16	31 23	3 3	464	0.44	1,054.5	Suburban	6 6	— —	1 1	7 7
53 90	57 122	6 14	4,210	20.62	204.2	Rural	8 11	— —	1 1	9 12

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>OCEAN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
Ocean Gate Boro	1977 1978	74 88	5,082.4 5,954.0	137.3 67.7	4,945.1 5,886.3	— —	— —	2 1
Pine Beach Boro	1977 1978	42 36	2,649.8 2,278.5	126.1 379.7	2,523.7 1,898.8	— —	2 6	— —
Plumsted Twp.	1977 1978	60 58	1,300.4 1,235.4	173.4 85.2	1,127.0 1,150.2	— —	2 —	6 4
Point Pleasant Boro	1977 1978	660 602	3,770.8 3,456.8	74.3 40.2	3,696.5 3,416.6	— —	5 2	8 5
Point Pleasant Beach Boro	1977 1978	338 337	5,981.2 6,029.7	194.6 196.8	5,786.6 5,832.9	— —	1 1	2 3
Seaside Heights Boro	1977 1978	423 380	26,159.6 22,905.4	2,164.5 1,446.7	23,995.1 21,458.7	1 —	— 3	1 8
Seaside Park Boro	1977 1978	132 98	6,282.7 4,472.8	142.8 136.9	6,139.9 4,335.9	— —	1 —	1 1
Ship Bottom Boro	1977 1978	111 98	7,484.8 6,468.6	269.7 132.0	7,215.1 6,336.6	— 1	— —	1 —
South Toms River Boro	1977 1978	167 234	4,071.2 5,782.1	73.1 395.4	3,998.1 5,386.7	— —	— 5	3 2
Stafford Twp.	1977 1978	618 614	8,472.7 7,667.3	287.9 137.3	8,184.8 7,530.0	— —	2 5	2 1
Surf City Boro	1977 1978	96 94	5,683.8 5,368.4	59.2 114.2	5,624.6 5,254.2	— —	— —	1 1
Tuckerton Boro	1977 1978	100 110	2,968.2 3,259.3	118.7 59.3	2,849.5 3,200.0	— —	— —	4 1
OCEAN COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	17,733 19,296	5,796.8 6,069.4	237.0 223.6	5,559.8 5,845.7	2 11	43 52	208 230
<b>PASSAIC COUNTY</b>								
Bloomington Boro	1977 1978	346 276	4,266.8 3,394.8	209.6 98.4	4,057.2 3,296.4	1 2	— —	2 1
Clifton City	1977 1978	2,855 3,113	3,729.5 4,068.3	121.5 179.0	3,608.0 3,889.3	1 5	2 6	54 50
Haledon Boro	1977 1978	299 291	4,853.9 4,754.9	129.9 163.4	4,724.0 4,591.5	— —	— 1	4 9
Hawthorne Boro	1977 1978	496 587	2,749.3 3,253.7	61.0 88.7	2,688.3 3,165.0	— —	— —	8 8
Little Falls Twp.	1977 1978	479 506	4,125.4 4,377.2	120.6 103.8	4,004.8 4,273.4	— —	— 1	12 8
North Haledon Boro	1977 1978	147 159	1,963.1 2,125.4	53.4 —	1,909.7 2,125.4	— —	1 —	— —
Passaic City	1977 1978	4,601 3,622	9,418.8 7,166.2	886.4 823.1	8,532.4 6,343.1	5 5	14 16	240 184

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
12	58	2					2	—	—	2
<b>53</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,478</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>2,956.0</b>	Suburban	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>8</b>
12	26	2					4	1	—	5
<b>13</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>2,633.3</b>	Suburban	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>5</b>
27	21	4					1	—	—	1
<b>30</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4,695</b>	<b>40.70</b>	<b>115.4</b>	Rural Center	<b>1</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
159	454	34					27	—	3	30
<b>119</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>17,415</b>	<b>3.70</b>	<b>4,706.8</b>	Suburban	<b>25</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>
54	261	12					20	—	2	22
<b>55</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>5,589</b>	<b>1.50</b>	<b>3,726.0</b>	Suburban	<b>18</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>22</b>
102	246	40					19	—	2	21
<b>83</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>1,659</b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>4,740.0</b>	Suburban	<b>18</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>21</b>
15	106	8					13	—	6	19
<b>7</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,191</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>3,651.7</b>	Suburban	<b>13</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>17</b>
42	62	3					11	—	1	12
<b>29</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,515</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>2,133.8</b>	Suburban	<b>12</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>
59	103	2					6	—	—	6
<b>63</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>4,047</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>3,372.5</b>	Suburban	<b>4</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>
168	402	27					22	—	5	27
<b>219</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>8,008</b>	<b>47.05</b>	<b>170.2</b>	Rural	<b>24</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>30</b>
32	62	1					8	—	3	11
<b>25</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,751</b>	<b>0.65</b>	<b>2,693.8</b>	Suburban	<b>8</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>11</b>
47	42	7					6	—	3	9
<b>53</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3,375</b>	<b>3.70</b>	<b>912.2</b>	Rural Center	<b>6</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>
4,852	11,370	786					677	4	184	865
<b>5,354</b>	<b>12,252</b>	<b>979</b>	<b>317,925</b>	<b>637.09</b>	<b>499.0</b>	—	<b>708</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>937</b>
112	204	13					13	—	—	13
<b>60</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8,130</b>	<b>9.74</b>	<b>930.2</b>	Suburban	<b>14</b>	—	—	<b>14</b>
607	1,758	397					130	—	10	140
<b>694</b>	<b>1,831</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>76,518</b>	<b>11.20</b>	<b>6,832.0</b>	Urban Center	<b>141</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>150</b>
74	201	16					14	—	3	17
<b>75</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>6,120</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>4,707.7</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>12</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>15</b>
137	315	33					25	—	2	27
<b>148</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>18,041</b>	<b>3.44</b>	<b>5,244.5</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>26</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>28</b>
129	279	57					24	—	1	25
<b>106</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>11,560</b>	<b>2.80</b>	<b>4,128.6</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>23</b>	—	—	<b>23</b>
57	85	1					12	—	4	16
<b>44</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7,481</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>2,137.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>14</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>18</b>
1,710	1,755	703					158	2	40	200
<b>1,490</b>	<b>1,393</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>50,543</b>	<b>3.20</b>	<b>15,794.7</b>	Urban Center	<b>159</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>215</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>PASSAIC COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Paterson City	1977	11,232	7,676.4	1,280.8	6,395.6	17	40	680	1,137
	1978	9,986	6,421.1	952.3	5,468.8	21	17	721	722
Pompton Lakes Boro	1977	449	4,070.3	90.6	3,979.7	—	1	1	8
	1978	451	4,097.8	63.6	4,034.2	—	—	4	3
Prospect Park Boro	1977	165	3,475.9	84.3	3,391.6	—	—	1	3
	1978	128	2,702.1	84.4	2,617.7	—	—	4	—
Ringwood Boro	1977	382	3,073.5	56.3	3,017.2	—	1	1	5
	1978	365	2,893.6	87.2	2,806.4	—	1	2	8
Totowa Boro	1977	476	4,223.6	97.6	4,126.0	—	—	10	1
	1978	721	6,345.7	290.4	6,055.3	—	2	17	14
Wanaque Boro	1977	377	4,151.1	220.2	3,930.9	—	1	2	17
	1978	331	3,648.2	286.6	3,361.6	—	—	6	20
Wayne Twsp.	1977	3,247	6,873.0	86.8	6,786.2	—	4	26	11
	1978	2,873	6,067.2	65.5	6,001.7	—	—	14	17
West Milford Twsp.	1977	978	4,791.1	142.1	4,649.0	—	1	5	23
	1978	1,135	5,487.9	217.6	5,270.3	—	3	4	38
West Paterson Boro	1977	634	5,860.1	166.4	5,693.7	—	—	5	13
	1978	522	4,808.4	165.8	4,642.6	—	3	5	10
PASSAIC COUNTY TOTAL	1977	27,163	6,034.0	576.2	5,457.8	24	65	1,051	1,454
	1978	25,066	5,430.3	488.5	4,941.8	33	50	1,037	1,135
<b>SALEM COUNTY</b>									
Alloway Twsp.	1977	32	1,241.3	77.6	1,163.7	—	1	—	1
	1978	45	1,726.8	76.8	1,650.0	—	—	—	2
Carney's Point Twsp.	1977	349	4,412.7	290.8	4,121.9	—	1	9	13
	1978	342	4,385.7	205.2	4,180.5	—	1	7	8
Elmer Boro	1977	26	1,597.1	—	1,597.1	—	—	—	—
	1978	53	3,294.0	248.6	3,045.4	—	—	2	2
Elsinboro Twsp.	1977	7	617.8	—	617.8	—	—	—	—
	1978	7	616.7	—	616.7	—	—	—	—
Lower Alloways Creek Twsp.	1977	69	4,835.3	280.3	4,555.0	1	1	—	2
	1978	40	2,728.5	204.6	2,523.9	—	—	1	2
Pennsville Twsp.	1977	557	3,990.3	114.6	3,875.7	—	1	4	11
	1978	471	3,336.4	85.0	3,251.4	—	3	3	6
Mannington Twsp.	1977	30	1,564.9	208.6	1,356.3	—	2	2	—
	1978	57	2,973.4	156.5	2,816.9	—	—	2	1
Oldmans Twsp.	1977	31	1,481.1	286.7	1,194.4	—	1	2	3
	1978	27	1,284.5	47.6	1,236.9	—	1	—	—
Penns Grove Boro	1977	146	2,605.3	178.5	2,426.8	—	—	2	8
	1978	110	2,010.6	127.9	1,882.7	—	1	2	4
Pilesgrove Twsp.	1977	65	2,274.3	140.0	2,134.3	1	—	2	1
	1978	75	2,604.2	138.9	2,465.3	—	1	1	2

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
3,417	3,992	1,949					427	3	42	472
<b>3,111</b>	<b>3,709</b>	<b>1,685</b>	<b>155,518</b>	<b>8.44</b>	<b>18,426.3</b>	Urban Center	<b>424</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>484</b>
93	327	19					20	—	3	23
<b>72</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>11,006</b>	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3,668.7</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>18</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>22</b>
68	78	15					9	—	—	9
<b>40</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>4,737</b>	<b>0.45</b>	<b>10,526.7</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>10</b>	—	—	<b>10</b>
142	223	10					22	—	5	27
<b>116</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>12,614</b>	<b>27.50</b>	<b>458.7</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>22</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>27</b>
74	336	55					20	—	3	23
<b>106</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>11,362</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>2,840.5</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>21</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>
100	236	21					15	—	4	19
<b>80</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>9,073</b>	<b>8.30</b>	<b>1,093.1</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>15</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>21</b>
384	2,439	383					107	—	13	120
<b>273</b>	<b>2,140</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>47,353</b>	<b>24.89</b>	<b>1,902.5</b>	Suburban	<b>107</b>	—	<b>14</b>	<b>121</b>
389	520	40					36	—	7	43
<b>440</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>20,682</b>	<b>78.30</b>	<b>264.1</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>34</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>41</b>
162	387	67					16	—	—	16
<b>83</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>10,856</b>	<b>2.95</b>	<b>3,680.0</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>16</b>	—	—	<b>16</b>
7,655	13,135	3,779					1,048	5	137	1,190
<b>6,938</b>	<b>12,525</b>	<b>3,348</b>	<b>461,594</b>	<b>192.01</b>	<b>2,404.0</b>	—	<b>1,056</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>1,228</b>
24	3	3					—	—	—	—
<b>30</b>	<b>13</b>	—	<b>2,606</b>	<b>34.35</b>	<b>75.9</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
94	203	29					15	—	4	19
<b>90</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>7,798</b>	<b>17.90</b>	<b>435.6</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>15</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>19</b>
14	12	—					—	—	—	—
<b>29</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1,609</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>2,011.3</b>	Rural Center	—	—	—	—
6	—	1					—	—	—	—
<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	—	<b>1,135</b>	<b>13.00</b>	<b>87.3</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
23	40	2					7	—	1	8
<b>15</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,466</b>	<b>47.70</b>	<b>30.7</b>	Rural	<b>7</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>
111	414	16					30	—	1	31
<b>95</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>14,117</b>	<b>23.10</b>	<b>611.1</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>29</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>31</b>
14	8	4					—	—	—	—
<b>34</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,917</b>	<b>38.10</b>	<b>50.3</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
14	7	4					—	—	—	—
<b>15</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,102</b>	<b>19.40</b>	<b>108.4</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
88	21	27					18	—	5	23
<b>70</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5,471</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>6,078.9</b>	Rural Center	<b>15</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>22</b>
44	14	3					—	—	—	—
<b>47</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2,880</b>	<b>36.10</b>	<b>79.8</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>SALEM COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
Pittsgrove Twp.	120	2,350.2	176.3	2,173.9	—	2	1	6
1977	168	3,106.5	314.3	2,792.2	—	4	3	10
1978								
Quinton Twp.	61	2,256.8	259.0	1,997.8	—	4	2	1
1977	67	2,462.3	220.5	2,241.8	—	1	—	5
1978								
Salem City	448	6,268.4	629.7	5,638.7	—	6	15	24
1977	482	6,843.7	511.1	6,332.6	1	3	13	19
1978								
Upper Pittsgrove Twp.	59	1,840.3	62.4	1,777.9	—	—	—	2
1977	54	1,669.2	30.9	1,638.3	—	—	—	1
1978								
Woodstown Boro	123	3,758.0	122.2	3,635.8	—	1	—	3
1977	146	4,511.7	247.2	4,264.5	—	—	5	3
1978								
SALEM COUNTY TOTAL	2,123	3,394.6	217.5	3,177.1	2	20	39	75
1977	2,144	3,417.1	191.3	3,225.8	1	15	39	65
1978								
<b>SOMERSET COUNTY</b>								
Bedminster Twp.	53	1,859.6	—	1,859.6	—	—	—	—
1977	45	1,597.4	35.5	1,561.9	1	—	—	—
1978								
Bernards Twp.	338	2,494.8	140.2	2,354.6	—	3	2	14
1977	325	2,323.8	71.5	2,252.3	—	—	3	7
1978								
Bernardsville Boro	171	2,579.6	75.4	2,504.2	1	1	1	2
1977	178	2,683.1	60.3	2,622.8	—	—	—	4
1978								
Bound Brook Boro	267	2,751.7	164.9	2,586.8	—	1	5	10
1977	237	2,484.0	167.7	2,316.3	—	1	6	9
1978								
Branchburg Twp.	151	2,316.0	46.1	2,269.9	—	—	1	2
1977	140	2,135.8	167.8	1,968.0	—	—	3	8
1978								
Bridgewater Twp.	860	2,652.8	123.3	2,529.5	1	2	10	27
1977	807	2,505.5	80.7	2,424.8	—	1	4	21
1978								
Far Hills Boro	17	2,190.7	—	2,190.7	—	—	—	—
1977	22	2,849.7	—	2,849.7	—	—	—	—
1978								
Franklin Twp.	1,463	4,688.2	320.5	4,367.7	1	4	42	53
1977	1,435	4,536.8	335.1	4,201.7	2	3	36	65
1978								
Green Brook Twp.	311	7,033.0	316.6	6,716.4	—	—	14	—
1977	289	6,532.5	226.0	6,306.5	—	—	8	2
1978								
Hillsborough Twp.	514	3,536.3	61.9	3,474.4	—	2	1	6
1977	510	3,256.5	57.5	3,199.0	1	1	—	7
1978								
Manville Boro	440	3,565.6	202.6	3,363.0	—	3	2	20
1977	416	3,421.3	74.0	3,347.3	—	—	5	4
1978								
Millstone Boro	10	1,658.4	165.9	1,492.5	—	—	—	1
1977	10	1,689.2	—	1,689.2	—	—	—	—
1978								
Montgomery Twp.	168	2,339.5	55.7	2,283.8	—	—	—	4
1977	210	2,878.7	41.1	2,837.6	—	1	—	2
1978								
North Plainfield Boro	1,025	5,100.8	144.3	4,956.5	—	1	14	14
1977	1,042	5,275.9	258.2	5,017.7	—	—	22	29
1978								

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
82	20	9					—	—	—	—
<b>99</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5,408</b>	<b>46.50</b>	<b>116.3</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
31	20	3					—	—	—	—
<b>34</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,721</b>	<b>24.35</b>	<b>111.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
105	286	12					15	—	8	23
<b>154</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>7,043</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>2,608.5</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>17</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>22</b>
33	23	1					—	—	—	—
<b>30</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3,235</b>	<b>40.10</b>	<b>80.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
35	76	8					5	—	—	5
<b>63</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,236</b>	<b>1.56</b>	<b>2,074.4</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>6</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>
718	1,147	122					90	—	19	109
<b>810</b>	<b>1,112</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>62,744</b>	<b>346.56</b>	<b>181.0</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>89</b>	—	<b>23</b>	<b>112</b>
8	43	2					6	—	1	7
<b>7</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,817</b>	<b>26.70</b>	<b>105.5</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>6</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>
134	172	13					19	—	5	24
<b>139</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13,986</b>	<b>24.95</b>	<b>560.6</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>18</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>23</b>
59	94	13					16	—	1	17
<b>57</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6,634</b>	<b>12.85</b>	<b>516.3</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>15</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>16</b>
55	173	23					21	—	1	22
<b>37</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>9,541</b>	<b>1.67</b>	<b>5,713.2</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>21</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>
104	36	8					—	—	—	—
<b>69</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6,555</b>	<b>20.35</b>	<b>322.1</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
246	536	38					45	—	8	53
<b>203</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>32,209</b>	<b>32.23</b>	<b>999.3</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>45</b>	—	<b>12</b>	<b>57</b>
3	12	2					1	—	—	1
<b>6</b>	<b>16</b>	—	<b>772</b>	<b>4.90</b>	<b>157.6</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>1</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>
457	807	99					53	—	13	66
<b>469</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>31,630</b>	<b>46.90</b>	<b>674.4</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>59</b>	—	<b>10</b>	<b>69</b>
82	192	23					13	—	—	13
<b>81</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4,424</b>	<b>4.60</b>	<b>961.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>14</b>
116	371	18					27	—	5	32
<b>130</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>15,661</b>	<b>54.80</b>	<b>285.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>25</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>28</b>
79	320	16					23	—	1	24
<b>67</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>12,159</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>4,863.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>23</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>24</b>
5	3	1					—	—	—	—
<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>	—	<b>592</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>986.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	—	—	—	—
53	105	6					4	—	1	5
<b>70</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>7,295</b>	<b>32.80</b>	<b>222.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>6</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>
198	727	71					44	—	6	50
<b>282</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>19,750</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>7,314.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>42</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>48</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME			
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault
<b>SOMERSET COUNTY (cont'd)</b>								
1977	35	1,747.4	—	1,747.4	—	—	—	—
<b>Peapack-Gladstone Boro 1978</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>1,001.5</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>951.4</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
1977	249	3,959.3	47.7	3,911.6	—	—	1	2
<b>Raritan Boro 1978</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>3,280.0</b>	<b>113.1</b>	<b>3,166.9</b>	—	—	—	<b>7</b>
1977	8	886.9	110.8	776.1	—	—	1	—
<b>Rocky Hill Boro 1978</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1,580.1</b>	<b>112.9</b>	<b>1,467.2</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—
1977	579	4,289.8	333.4	3,956.4	1	3	31	10
<b>Somerville Boro 1978</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>5,018.7</b>	<b>343.8</b>	<b>4,674.9</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>23</b>
1977	136	2,957.8	108.7	2,849.1	—	—	4	1
<b>South Bound Brook Boro 1978</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>3,175.3</b>	<b>154.4</b>	<b>3,020.9</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>
1977	333	3,249.1	97.6	3,151.5	—	1	3	6
<b>Warren Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>2,888.6</b>	<b>216.2</b>	<b>2,672.4</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>
1977	580	11,119.6	287.6	10,832.0	—	—	7	8
<b>Watchung Boro 1978</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>11,347.1</b>	<b>306.2</b>	<b>11,040.9</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>
SOMERSET COUNTY TOTAL	7,708 <b>7,620</b>	3,749.4 <b>3,686.4</b>	167.3 <b>172.7</b>	3,582.1 <b>3,513.7</b>	4 <b>6</b>	21 <b>17</b>	139 <b>112</b>	180 <b>222</b>
<b>SUSSEX COUNTY</b>								
1977	21	2,192.1	—	2,192.1	—	—	—	—
<b>Andover Boro 1978</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>3,188.1</b>	<b>106.3</b>	<b>3,081.8</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
1977	142	3,729.0	341.4	3,387.6	—	2	—	11
<b>Andover Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>4,377.5</b>	<b>157.3</b>	<b>4,220.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>
1977	15	1,454.9	97.0	1,357.9	—	—	—	1
<b>Branchville Boro 1978</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,072.1</b>	—	<b>1,072.1</b>	—	—	—	—
1977	256	4,527.8	159.2	4,368.6	—	—	3	6
<b>Byram Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>3,465.0</b>	<b>170.0</b>	<b>3,295.0</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>
1977	76	2,053.5	54.0	1,999.5	—	—	—	—
<b>Frankford Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>2,575.1</b>	<b>107.3</b>	<b>2,467.8</b>	—	<b>2</b>	—	<b>2</b>
1977	147	3,214.5	21.9	3,192.6	—	—	—	1
<b>Franklin Boro 1978</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>2,627.5</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>2,560.7</b>	—	—	—	<b>3</b>
1977	43	2,272.7	211.4	2,061.3	—	—	3	1
<b>Fredon Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>2,404.6</b>	<b>52.3</b>	<b>2,352.3</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
1977	16	736.3	—	736.3	—	—	—	—
<b>Green Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>2,030.5</b>	<b>46.1</b>	<b>1,984.4</b>	—	—	—	<b>1</b>
1977	45	2,070.9	138.1	1,932.8	—	—	—	3
<b>Hamburg Boro 1978</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>1,597.7</b>	—	<b>1,597.7</b>	—	—	—	—
1977	99	3,687.1	37.2	3,649.9	—	—	—	1
<b>Hampton Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>4,677.7</b>	<b>110.5</b>	<b>4,567.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
1977	122	2,822.8	115.7	2,707.1	—	—	2	3
<b>Hardyston Twsp. 1978</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>3,363.5</b>	<b>69.6</b>	<b>3,293.9</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	<b>2</b>
1977	556	4,090.0	176.5	3,913.5	—	5	—	19
<b>Hopatcong Boro 1978</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>4,664.0</b>	<b>127.1</b>	<b>4,537.0</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
12	23	—					4	—	1	5
<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>	—	<b>1,997</b>	<b>5.80</b>	<b>344.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>3</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>
41	200	5					14	—	—	14
<b>31</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6,189</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>3,094.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>16</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>
3	4	—					—	—	—	—
<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	—	<b>886</b>	<b>0.60</b>	<b>1,476.7</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	—	—	—	—
133	373	28					34	—	4	38
<b>146</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>13,669</b>	<b>2.30</b>	<b>5,943.0</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>34</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>37</b>
30	93	8					11	—	1	12
<b>27</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4,535</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>6,478.6</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>11</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>
91	222	10					14	—	5	19
<b>85</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>10,178</b>	<b>19.60</b>	<b>519.3</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>13</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>
51	484	30					20	—	6	26
<b>83</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>5,226</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>871.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>20</b>	—	<b>6</b>	<b>26</b>
1,960	4,990	414					369	—	59	428
<b>2,007</b>	<b>4,772</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>206,705</b>	<b>305.55</b>	<b>676.5</b>	—	<b>371</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>429</b>
12	6	3					—	—	—	—
<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>672.1</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	—	—	—	—
52	72	5					7	—	4	11
<b>68</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,815</b>	<b>21.20</b>	<b>180.0</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>8</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>11</b>
8	3	3					—	—	—	—
<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	—	<b>1,026</b>	<b>0.56</b>	<b>1,832.1</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	—	—	—	—
87	151	9					10	—	1	11
<b>65</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>7,648</b>	<b>22.48</b>	<b>340.2</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>11</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>
52	17	5					—	—	—	—
<b>55</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,728</b>	<b>34.70</b>	<b>107.4</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
33	106	7					10	—	—	10
<b>25</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4,491</b>	<b>4.40</b>	<b>1,020.7</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>11</b>	—	—	<b>11</b>
27	10	2					—	—	—	—
<b>31</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,913</b>	<b>18.00</b>	<b>106.3</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
9	5	2					—	—	—	—
<b>23</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,167</b>	<b>15.80</b>	<b>137.2</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
14	22	6					3	—	—	3
<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2,128</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>1,773.3</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
57	36	5					—	—	—	—
<b>62</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,715</b>	<b>24.95</b>	<b>108.8</b>	<b>Rural</b>	—	—	—	—
61	56	—					9	—	4	13
<b>88</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4,311</b>	<b>32.50</b>	<b>132.6</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>7</b>	—	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>
192	309	31					19	—	2	21
<b>184</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>13,379</b>	<b>10.80</b>	<b>1,238.8</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>19</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>21</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>SUSSEX COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Lafayette Twp.	1977 1978	38 35	2,458.0 2,223.6	129.4 190.6	2,328.6 2,033.0	— —	1 —	— 1	1 2
Montague Twp.	1977 1978	68 77	3,652.0 4,046.2	107.4 105.1	3,544.6 3,941.1	— —	— —	2 —	— 2
Newton Town	1977 1978	311 543	3,650.7 6,480.5	117.4 202.9	3,533.3 6,277.6	— —	— 2	2 5	8 10
Ogdensburg Boro	1977 1978	43 53	1,561.0 1,907.8	109.0 72.0	1,452.9 1,835.8	1 —	— —	— —	2 2
Sandyston Twp.	1977 1978	39 64	2,643.8 4,283.8	132.2 200.8	2,511.6 4,083.0	— —	— —	1 —	— 3
Sparta Twp.	1977 1978	483 526	3,910.0 4,217.1	218.6 72.1	3,691.4 4,145.0	— —	2 —	4 —	21 9
Stanhope Boro	1977 1978	186 146	4,328.6 3,424.8	162.9 164.2	4,165.7 3,260.6	— —	— 2	2 1	5 4
Stillwater Twp.	1977 1978	49 76	1,740.1 2,745.7	142.0 108.4	1,598.1 2,637.3	— —	— —	1 —	3 3
Sussex Boro	1977 1978	73 84	3,005.4 3,545.8	288.2 422.1	2,712.2 3,123.7	— —	1 —	— 1	6 9
Vernon Twp.	1977 1978	866 879	7,857.7 7,607.8	254.0 216.4	7,603.7 7,391.4	— —	1 2	1 3	26 20
Walpack Twp.	1977 1978	14 11	3,373.5 2,709.4	— 246.3	3,373.5 2,463.1	— —	— 1	— —	— —
Wantage Twp.	1977 1978	128 176	2,053.6 2,750.0	64.2 125.0	1,989.4 2,625.0	— 1	— —	1 —	3 7
SUSSEX COUNTY TOTAL	1977 1978	3,836 4,377	3,751.2 4,183.6	155.4 135.7	3,595.8 4,047.9	1 1	12 13	24 20	121 108
<b>UNION COUNTY</b>									
Berkeley Heights Twp.	1977 1978	154 199	1,166.6 1,514.2	45.5 38.0	1,121.1 1,476.2	— —	1 —	— —	5 5
Clark Twp.	1977 1978	382 313	2,128.0 1,762.1	111.4 90.1	2,016.6 1,672.0	1 —	1 1	7 1	11 14
Cranford Twp.	1977 1978	581 703	2,220.5 2,711.8	65.0 108.0	2,155.5 2,603.8	— 2	2 2	7 10	8 14
Elizabeth City	1977 1978	7,920 8,262	7,551.3 7,975.6	902.9 1,299.3	6,648.4 6,676.3	13 10	49 56	422 576	463 704
Fanwood Boro	1977 1978	307 323	3,613.9 3,838.4	58.9 83.2	3,555.0 3,755.2	— —	2 1	1 2	2 4
Garwood Boro	1977 1978	198 261	4,025.2 5,340.7	142.3 163.7	3,882.9 5,177.0	— 1	— —	1 5	6 2
Hillside Twp.	1977 1978	1,300 1,286	6,200.5 6,171.7	529.4 566.3	5,671.1 5,605.4	1 1	5 4	71 70	34 43

## 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
17	16	3					—	—	—	—
<b>24</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,574</b>	<b>18.70</b>	<b>84.2</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
40	24	2					—	—	—	—
<b>35</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1,903</b>	<b>45.20</b>	<b>42.1</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
84	197	20					13	—	5	18
<b>175</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>8,379</b>	<b>3.30</b>	<b>2,539.1</b>	Rural Center	<b>13</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>
10	28	2					5	—	—	5
<b>26</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,778</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>1,262.7</b>	Rural Center	<b>5</b>	—	—	<b>5</b>
24	13	1					—	—	—	—
<b>46</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,494</b>	<b>41.40</b>	<b>36.1</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
144	287	25					20	—	6	26
<b>175</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>12,473</b>	<b>38.50</b>	<b>324.0</b>	Suburban Rural	<b>23</b>	—	<b>7</b>	<b>30</b>
45	120	14					5	—	1	6
<b>44</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4,263</b>	<b>1.70</b>	<b>2,507.6</b>	Suburban	<b>7</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>
28	16	1					2	—	—	2
<b>54</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,768</b>	<b>27.35</b>	<b>101.2</b>	Rural	<b>2</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>
23	37	6					5	—	—	5
<b>27</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2,369</b>	<b>0.75</b>	<b>3,158.7</b>	Rural Center	<b>6</b>	—	—	<b>6</b>
199	625	14					10	—	4	14
<b>173</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>11,554</b>	<b>67.25</b>	<b>171.8</b>	Rural	<b>12</b>	—	<b>5</b>	<b>17</b>
9	5	—					—	—	—	—
<b>9</b>	<b>1</b>	—	<b>406</b>	<b>24.10</b>	<b>16.8</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
58	57	9					—	—	—	—
<b>62</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>6,400</b>	<b>68.15</b>	<b>93.9</b>	Rural	—	—	—	—
1,285	2,218	175					118	—	27	145
<b>1,487</b>	<b>2,521</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>104,623</b>	<b>526.59</b>	<b>198.7</b>	—	<b>129</b>	—	<b>28</b>	<b>157</b>
30	113	5					26	—	1	27
<b>62</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>13,142</b>	<b>6.50</b>	<b>2,021.8</b>	Suburban	<b>27</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>28</b>
69	278	15					39	—	2	41
<b>85</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>17,763</b>	<b>4.53</b>	<b>3,921.2</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>40</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>42</b>
83	457	24					53	—	9	62
<b>124</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>25,924</b>	<b>4.90</b>	<b>5,290.6</b>	Suburban	<b>50</b>	—	<b>10</b>	<b>60</b>
1,957	3,864	1,152					301	—	37	338
<b>2,005</b>	<b>3,726</b>	<b>1,185</b>	<b>103,591</b>	<b>11.69</b>	<b>8,861.5</b>	Urban Center	<b>314</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>343</b>
56	236	10					21	—	1	22
<b>79</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8,415</b>	<b>1.94</b>	<b>4,337.6</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>21</b>	—	—	<b>21</b>
52	129	10					14	—	—	14
<b>58</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4,887</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>6,981.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>14</b>	—	—	<b>14</b>
342	641	206					67	—	8	75
<b>324</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>20,837</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>7,717.4</b>	Urban Suburban	<b>64</b>	—	<b>9</b>	<b>73</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>UNION COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
Kenilworth Boro	1977	312	3,578.4	195.0	3,383.4	—	1	10	6
	1978	240	2,775.2	80.9	2,694.3	—	—	2	5
Linden City	1977	1,623	4,077.6	253.8	3,823.8	2	8	39	52
	1978	1,595	4,019.9	282.3	3,737.6	—	3	44	65
Mountainside Boro	1977	211	2,948.2	125.8	2,822.4	—	—	2	7
	1978	276	3,862.3	42.0	3,820.3	—	—	—	3
New Providence Boro	1977	144	1,071.5	29.8	1,041.7	—	—	1	3
	1978	257	1,932.3	82.7	1,849.6	—	—	—	11
Plainfield City	1977	3,799	8,594.1	952.4	7,641.7	3	23	247	148
	1978	3,966	9,085.5	1,335.6	7,749.6	8	20	331	224
Rahway City	1977	1,237	4,391.0	227.2	4,163.8	—	6	35	23
	1978	1,228	4,410.3	204.7	4,205.6	—	3	22	32
Roselle Boro	1977	955	4,373.5	283.9	4,089.6	2	3	36	21
	1978	985	4,559.3	486.0	4,073.3	1	3	40	61
Roselle Park Boro	1977	321	2,377.6	29.6	2,348.0	—	—	1	3
	1978	363	2,718.7	134.8	2,583.9	—	1	6	11
Scotch Plains Twsp.	1977	730	3,339.1	64.0	3,275.1	—	—	9	5
	1978	931	4,293.7	101.5	4,192.2	—	—	6	16
Springfield Twsp.	1977	458	3,056.6	86.8	2,969.8	—	—	5	8
	1978	305	2,055.5	87.6	1,967.9	—	2	2	9
Summit City	1977	536	2,409.6	103.4	2,306.2	—	—	8	15
	1978	495	2,223.1	116.8	2,106.3	2	2	10	12
Union Twsp.	1977	2,625	5,203.5	255.7	4,947.8	1	7	59	62
	1978	2,584	5,170.6	298.1	4,872.5	2	5	68	74
Westfield Town	1977	1,343	4,173.8	55.9	4,117.9	—	—	8	10
	1978	1,191	3,672.1	101.7	3,570.4	—	1	11	21
Winfield Twsp.	1977	5	250.5	100.2	150.3	—	1	1	—
	1978	8	405.5	—	405.5	—	—	—	—
UNION COUNTY TOTAL	1977	25,141	4,861.7	385.6	4,476.1	23	109	970	892
	1978	25,771	5,024.1	519.9	4,504.1	27	104	1,206	1,330
<b>WARREN COUNTY</b>									
Allamuchy Twsp.	1977	24	1,741.7	—	1,741.7	—	—	—	—
	1978	22	1,181.5	161.1	1,020.4	—	—	2	1
Alpha Boro	1977	18	668.2	37.1	631.1	—	—	1	—
	1978	35	1,294.9	—	1,294.9	—	—	—	—
Belvidere Town	1977	77	2,860.3	222.9	2,637.4	—	—	1	5
	1978	64	2,400.6	150.0	2,250.6	—	1	—	3
Blairstown Twsp.	1977	72	2,417.7	100.7	2,317.0	1	—	—	2
	1978	69	2,147.5	186.7	1,960.8	—	—	1	5
Franklin Twsp.	1977	27	1,215.7	—	1,215.7	—	—	—	—
	1978	42	1,873.3	44.6	1,828.7	—	—	—	1

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
51	228	16					26	—	1	27
<b>51</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>8,648</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>4,324.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>25</b>
360	1,017	145					127	—	7	134
<b>325</b>	<b>970</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>39,678</b>	<b>10.95</b>	<b>3,623.6</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>134</b>
52	142	8					19	—	—	19
<b>81</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>7,146</b>	<b>4.10</b>	<b>1,742.9</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>19</b>
20	112	8					23	—	4	27
<b>35</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>13,300</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>3,800.0</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>28</b>
1,199	1,851	328					111	2	23	136
<b>1,137</b>	<b>1,954</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>43,652</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>7,275.3</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>140</b>
267	822	84					71	—	5	76
<b>243</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>27,844</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>6,961.0</b>	<b>Urban Center</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>79</b>
270	557	66					44	—	2	46
<b>201</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>21,604</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>8,001.5</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>46</b>
65	210	42					30	—	1	31
<b>74</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>13,352</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>10,270.8</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>31</b>
170	528	18					36	—	5	41
<b>230</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>21,683</b>	<b>9.20</b>	<b>2,356.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>42</b>
104	321	20					39	—	3	42
<b>96</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>14,838</b>	<b>5.20</b>	<b>2,853.5</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>41</b>
80	391	42					50	—	1	51
<b>95</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>22,266</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>3,711.0</b>	<b>Urban Suburban</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>55</b>
656	1,542	298					128	—	24	152
<b>618</b>	<b>1,421</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>49,975</b>	<b>9.00</b>	<b>5,552.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>151</b>
272	987	66					56	—	9	65
<b>331</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>32,434</b>	<b>6.50</b>	<b>4,989.8</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>64</b>
2	1	—					28	2	—	30
<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,973</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>11,605.9</b>	<b>Suburban</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>
6,157	14,427	2,563					1,309	4	143	1,456
<b>6,259</b>	<b>14,047</b>	<b>2,798</b>	<b>512,952</b>	<b>103.58</b>	<b>4,952.2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,303</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>1,440</b>
19	4	1					—	—	—	—
<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,862</b>	<b>20.30</b>	<b>91.7</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
3	12	2					2	—	—	2
<b>15</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,703</b>	<b>1.70</b>	<b>1,590.0</b>	<b>Suburban Rural</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>
26	39	6					5	—	1	6
<b>17</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2,666</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>2,050.8</b>	<b>Rural Center</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>
50	17	2					—	—	—	—
<b>36</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3,213</b>	<b>30.90</b>	<b>104.0</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
17	8	2					—	—	—	—
<b>25</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2,242</b>	<b>24.10</b>	<b>93.0</b>	<b>Rural</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

MUNICIPALITY	CRIME INDEX TOTAL	Crime Rate per 100,000	Violent Crime Rate per 100,000	Non- violent Crime Rate per 100,000	VIOLENT CRIME				
					Mur- der	Forci- ble Rape	Rob- bery	Atro- cious Assault	
<b>WARREN COUNTY (cont'd)</b>									
	1977	20	1,687.8	—	1,687.8	—	—	—	—
<b>Frelinghuysen Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1,156.1</b>	<b>82.6</b>	<b>1,073.5</b>	<b>1</b>	—	—	—
	1977	19	1,218.7	128.3	1,090.4	—	—	1	1
<b>Greenwich Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1,146.5</b>	<b>63.7</b>	<b>1,082.8</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—
	1977	358	3,612.9	141.3	3,471.6	3	2	3	6
<b>Hackettstown Town</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>3,605.1</b>	<b>140.6</b>	<b>3,464.5</b>	—	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>
	1977	10	1,362.4	—	1,362.4	—	—	—	—
<b>Hardwick Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2,377.8</b>	—	<b>2,377.8</b>	—	—	—	—
	1977	48	2,049.5	128.1	1,921.4	1	1	—	1
<b>Harmony Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>1,780.4</b>	<b>169.6</b>	<b>1,610.8</b>	—	—	—	<b>4</b>
	1977	33	2,433.6	147.5	2,286.1	1	—	—	1
<b>Hope Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1,222.1</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>1,150.2</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	—
	1977	23	890.8	77.5	813.3	—	2	—	—
<b>Independence Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>676.1</b>	—	<b>676.1</b>	—	—	—	—
	1977	89	4,671.9	367.4	4,304.5	—	—	5	2
<b>Knowlton Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>4,850.4</b>	<b>206.4</b>	<b>4,644.0</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
	1977	16	1,203.0	75.2	1,127.8	—	—	—	1
<b>Liberty Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>1,660.6</b>	<b>144.4</b>	<b>1,516.2</b>	—	—	—	<b>2</b>
	1977	134	3,170.1	47.3	3,122.8	—	—	1	1
<b>Lopatcong Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>3,842.5</b>	<b>118.6</b>	<b>3,723.9</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	—
	1977	230	4,493.1	254.0	4,239.1	3	—	1	9
<b>Mansfield Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>4,484.0</b>	<b>58.7</b>	<b>4,425.3</b>	—	<b>2</b>	—	<b>1</b>
	1977	36	1,805.4	100.3	1,705.1	—	—	1	1
<b>Oxford Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>1,758.8</b>	<b>50.3</b>	<b>1,708.5</b>	—	—	<b>1</b>	—
	1977	8	.	.	.	—	—	—	—
<b>Pahaquarry Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>9</b>	.	.	.	—	—	—	—
	1977	714	4,023.9	140.9	3,883.0	—	3	6	16
<b>Phillipsburg Town</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>4,492.4</b>	<b>139.7</b>	<b>4,352.7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>19</b>
	1977	93	2,367.0	152.7	2,214.3	—	—	2	4
<b>Pohatcong Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>3,352.8</b>	<b>127.0</b>	<b>3,225.8</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	—
	1977	412	6,239.6	181.7	6,057.9	—	—	4	8
<b>Washington Boro</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>5,225.6</b>	<b>151.9</b>	<b>5,073.7</b>	—	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>
	1977	88	2,315.8	26.3	2,289.5	—	—	—	1
<b>Washington Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>2,342.1</b>	<b>157.9</b>	<b>2,184.2</b>	—	<b>2</b>	—	<b>4</b>
	1977	51	1,915.9	112.7	1,803.2	1	—	1	1
<b>White Twsp.</b>	<b>1978</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>1,663.0</b>	<b>110.9</b>	<b>1,552.1</b>	—	—	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>WARREN COUNTY TOTAL</b>	<b>1977</b>	<b>2,600</b>	<b>3,209.8</b>	<b>129.6</b>	<b>3,080.2</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>60</b>
	<b>1978</b>	<b>2,686</b>	<b>3,255.7</b>	<b>120.0</b>	<b>3,135.7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>60</b>

\*Crime rates were not computed for municipalities with population of less than 100.

### 1978 MUNICIPAL PROFILE DATA

NONVIOLENT CRIME			DEMOGRAPHIC DATA				POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA			
Breaking and Entering	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	1977 Provisional Population	Area in Sq. Miles	1977 Provisional Density per Sq. Mile	Character	POLICE OFFICERS		Civilians	TOTAL Police Employees
							Male	Female		
8	11	1					—	—	—	—
7	2	4	1,211	23.60	51.3	Rural	—	—	—	—
10	4	3					—	—	—	—
9	6	2	1,570	10.42	150.7	Rural	—	—	—	—
64	265	15					16	—	6	22
73	263	9	9,958	3.60	2,766.1	Rural Center	16	—	5	21
7	3	—					—	—	—	—
12	5	1	757	17.80	42.5	Rural	—	—	—	—
31	10	4					—	—	—	—
25	13	—	2,359	24.00	98.3	Rural	—	—	—	—
23	7	1					—	—	—	—
11	2	3	1,391	18.90	73.6	Rural	—	—	—	—
15	4	2					—	—	—	—
17	3	—	2,958	20.10	147.2	Rural	—	—	—	—
43	30	9					2	—	—	2
40	39	11	1,938	26.00	74.5	Rural	2	—	1	3
12	3	—					—	—	—	—
14	6	1	1,385	12.25	113.1	Rural	—	—	—	—
29	95	8					10	—	4	14
32	116	9	4,216	6.90	611.0	Suburban Rural	10	—	4	14
75	129	13					6	—	—	6
58	159	9	5,107	29.65	172.2	Rural	6	—	—	6
18	13	3					2	—	1	3
13	21	—	1,990	5.70	349.1	Rural	3	—	1	4
5	2	1					—	—	—	—
8	—	1	53	19.95	2.7	Rural	—	—	—	—
197	460	32					28	—	6	34
240	493	46	17,897	2.90	6,171.4	Urban Suburban	30	—	7	37
28	57	2					5	—	—	5
39	84	4	3,937	14.08	279.6	Rural	6	—	—	6
120	266	14					8	—	4	12
98	211	25	6,583	1.90	3,464.7	Rural Center	8	—	4	12
39	34	14					4	—	—	4
37	43	3	3,800	18.15	209.4	Rural	5	—	—	5
25	18	5					—	—	—	—
25	14	3	2,706	27.35	98.9	Rural	—	—	—	—
864	1,491	140					88	—	22	110
863	1,575	149	82,502	361.55	228.2	—	96	—	22	118

# POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program of New Jersey incorporates the collection of pertinent data relating to the police of the state. Information regarding police employee strength, distributions, assaults against law enforcement officers and circumstances surrounding the killings of police officers are discussed in this section.

Individual listings of full-time state, county, university and college police departments are shown in tables following the narrative portion of this section. Listings of municipal police departments will be found in the section entitled "New Jersey Municipal Profile Data".

The determination of police strength for any given area or municipality should be a subject for serious consideration. Such consideration, however, should be based on the numerous factors which create the need for police services. For example, the increased need for police service in a municipality which has a highly mobile or seasonal population, differs from a municipality which has a relatively stable population. Some other factors, discussed elsewhere in this publication, relate to size, density of population, geographic location, character, and proximity to metropolitan areas. The tables and charts shown in this section should not be interpreted as recommended strength for any given municipality.

## TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES

Total police employees are defined as the total number of full-time police officers and civilian police employees (clerks, dispatchers, mechanics, etc.) employed by all law enforcement agencies in the state.

### 1978 Summary Analysis

#### VOLUME

- During 1978, there were 34,819 police employees employed full-time by police agencies in New Jersey. This represents a 3 percent increase over 1977.
- 73 percent or 25,262 were sworn officers. The 9,557 civilian employees accounted for the remaining 27 percent.

Year	Total Police Officers	Total Civilians	Total Police Employees
1977	25,114	8,657	33,771
1978	25,262	9,557	34,819
Percent Change	+ 0.6%	+ 10.4%	+ 3.1%

## MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES

The number of police employees, including civilian personnel, employed full-time by municipalities of the state.

### 1978 Summary Analysis

#### VOLUME/RATE

- During 1978, 19,991 municipal police employees were employed full-time, a one percent increase when compared to 1977.
- There were 2.7 municipal police employees for every 1,000 inhabitants of the state.

#### TREND

Year	Number of Police Employees	Rate per 1,000
1977	19,762	2.7
1978	19,991	2.7
Percent Change	+ 1.2%	No Change

- Ocean County recorded the largest increase in police employees, up 6 percent from the 865 reported in 1977, to 937 in 1978.
- Hudson County decreased more than 8 percent during the year, from 2,034 employees, to 1,861 police employees in 1978.

- Cape May recorded the highest police employee rate, 4.5 per 1,000 inhabitants. This relatively high rate is caused by the large influx of summer seasonal residents, which are not included in the year-round population estimates.
- Hunterdon County (1.2), Warren County(1.4), and Sussex County (1.5), located in the rural northwest portion of the state, recorded the lowest police employee rates.

### MUNICIPAL CIVILIAN POLICE EMPLOYEES

The personnel of each department differ as to the demands and responsibilities placed before them. Many police officers are fully occupied with clerical tasks and are not free to perform active police duties. This current trend in employing civilians in police departments to perform clerical duties, is in line with the thinking of many police administrators who recommend the use of civilians in this capacity, thus freeing the sworn personnel for actual police related services.

#### VOLUME 1978 Summary Analysis

- There were 2,729 civilian police employees in 1978, resulting in an increase of more than 2 percent as compared to 1977.
- 14 percent of all municipal police employees were civilians.

#### TREND

Year	Number of Civilian Police Employees	Percent Distribution
1977	2,664	13.5
1978	2,729	13.7
Percent Change	+ 2.4%	+ 1.5%

### MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS

The number of sworn police officers employed full-time by municipalities of the state.

#### VOLUME/RATE 1978 Summary Analysis

- There were 17,262 full-time municipal police officers reported in 1978, an increase of 1 percent over the 17,098 in 1977.
- The number of full-time municipal police officers for each 1,000 persons in the state was recorded at 2.3; no change since 1974.
- 86 percent of all municipal police employees were sworn officers.

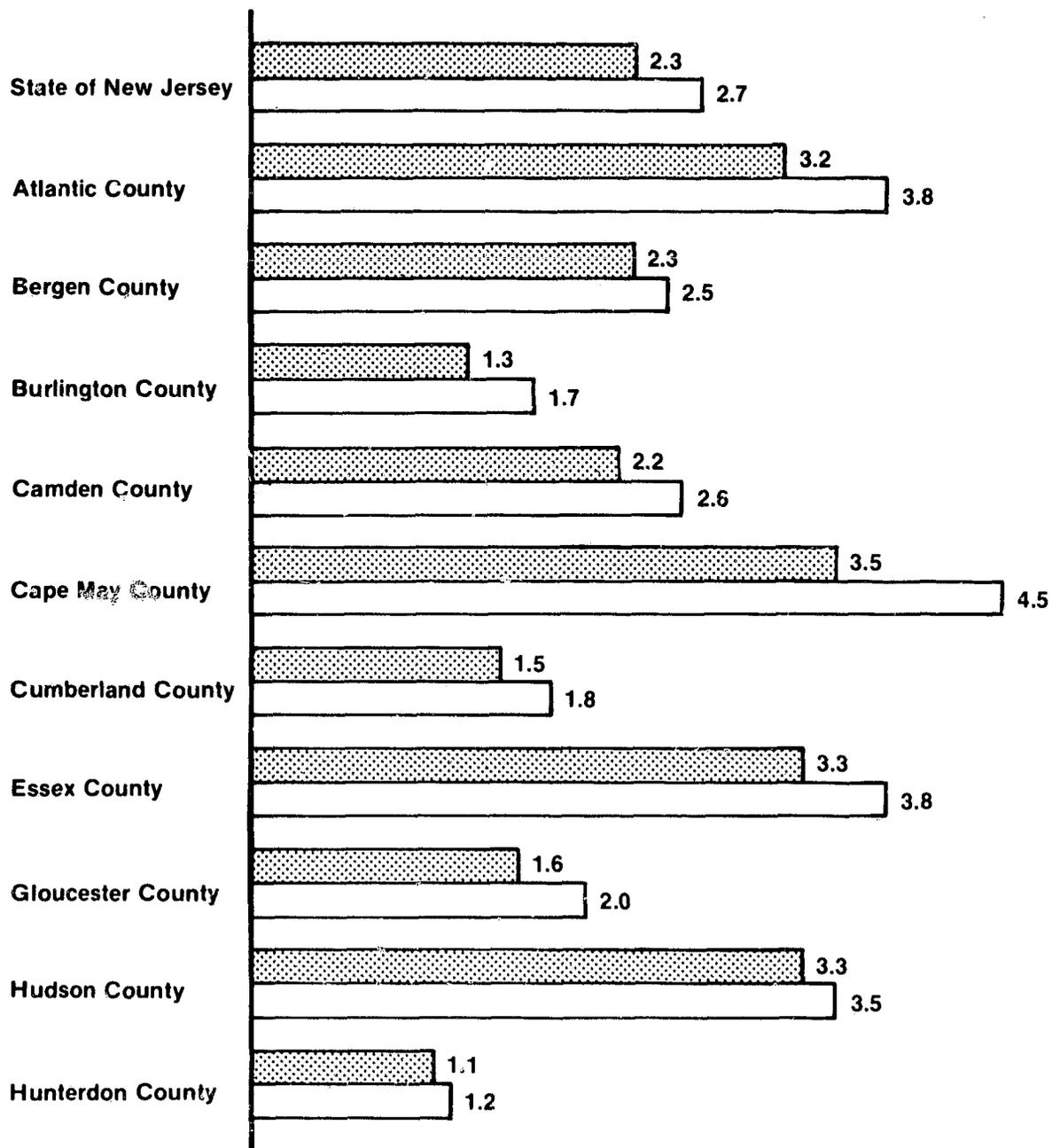
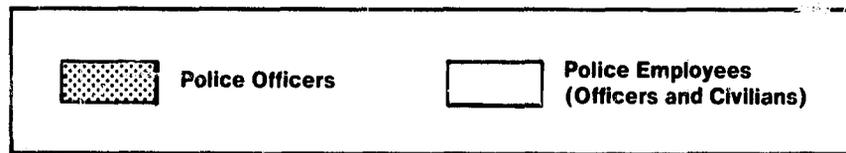
#### TREND

Year	Number of Police Officers	Percent Distribution	Rate per 1,000
1977	17,098	86.5	2.3
1978	17,262	86.3	2.3
Percent Change	+ 1.0%	- 0.2%	No Change

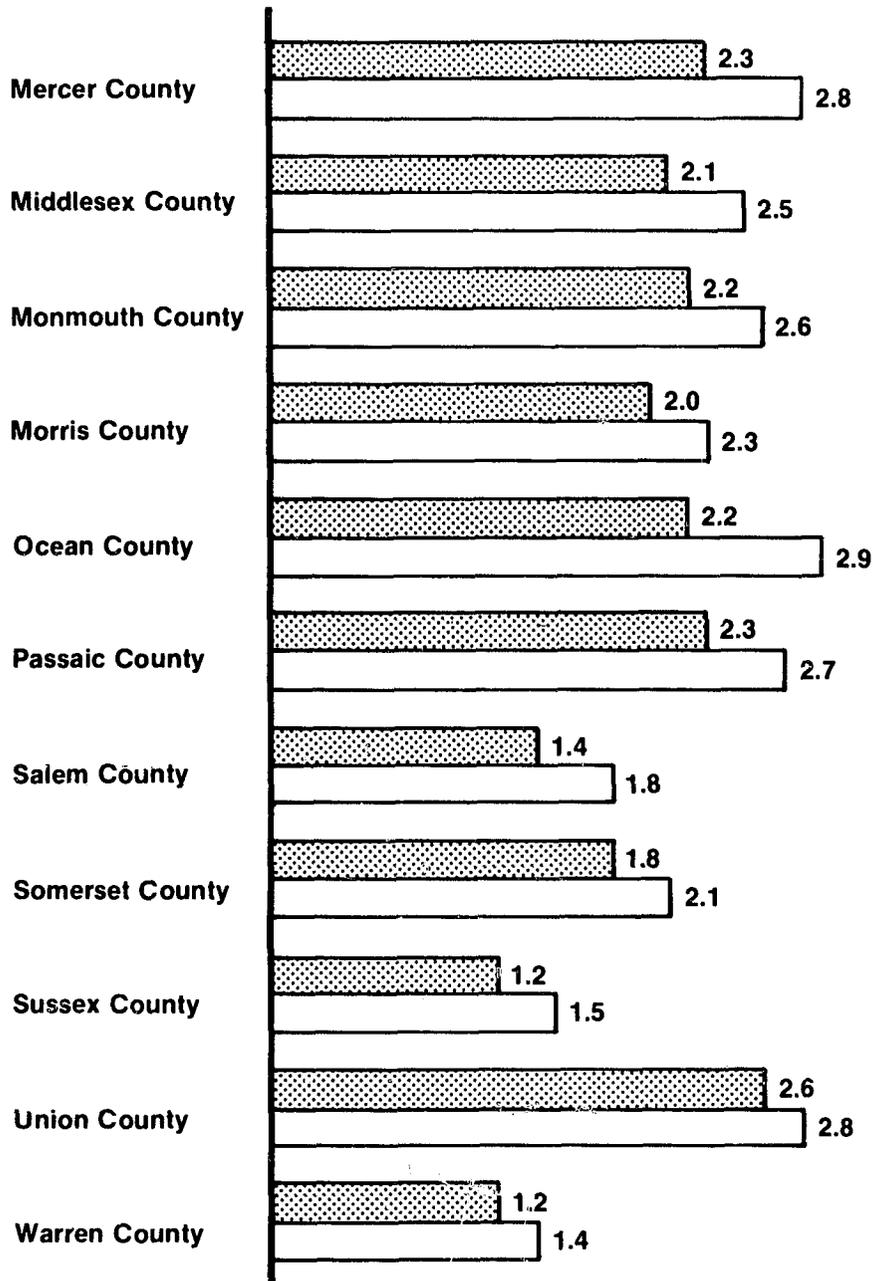
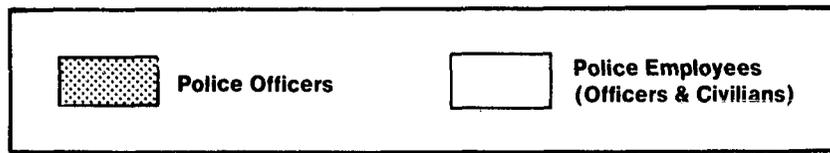
- The largest numerical increases were reported in Bergen and Middlesex counties; up 53 and 44 sworn officers.
- Hudson and Essex counties reported the largest decrease of police officers, down 57 and 27 respectively.
- Counties reporting the highest rate of full-time municipal police officers per 1,000 population during 1978 were: Cape May 3.5, Essex and Hudson 3.3, and Atlantic 3.2.
- The smallest number per 1,000 inhabitants were found in Hunterdon, 1.1, Sussex and Warren 1.2, and Burlington 1.3.

The police employee rates per 1,000 population presented here should not be construed as being recommended ratios. The determination of police strength for any municipality should be based on the numerous factors which create the need for police services. These factors, as crime, vary in type and degree from place to place. Some examples are: seasonal populations, geographic location, density and composition of the population.

**AVERAGE NUMBER OF MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS AND  
POLICE EMPLOYEES PER 1,000 POPULATION BY COUNTY  
1978**



**AVERAGE NUMBER OF MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS AND POLICE  
EMPLOYEES BY 1,000 POPULATION BY COUNTY (CONT'D)  
1978**



## COUNTY POLICE, SHERIFFS AND PROSECUTORS

The functions of county law enforcement officers vary widely throughout the state. The operation of one sheriff's department may be limited exclusively to civil areas and the administration of the county jail, or they may be actively involved in criminal matters throughout the county. County police departments are varied in their activities as well, in that some are responsible for enforcement throughout the county while others may have as their primary mission the policing of county parklands. The responsibilities of county prosecutor's officers include criminal investigations, trial preparation, court presentation and special probes. Because of the difference in the types of police service rendered, rates for county law enforcement agencies are not presented here.

### 1978 Summary Analysis

#### VOLUME

- The various county law enforcement agencies reported a total of 5,120 full-time police employees for 1978, a 7 percent increase over 1977.
- There were 3,760 sworn full-time police officers employed by county agencies, 73 percent of the total county police employees.
- Full-time civilian employees were reported at 1,360, 27 percent of the total county police employees.

#### TREND

Year	Number of Police Officers	Number of Civilian Employees	Total Police Employees
1977	3,611	1,181	4,792
1978	3,760	1,360	5,120
Percent Change	+ 4.1%	+ 15.2%	+ 6.8%

## STATE POLICE

The New Jersey State Police is empowered to provide all phases of law enforcement throughout the state. It also renders, upon request, police services, to all the law enforcement agencies in the state. No rates are used due to the variations in the nature and extent of the police services performed by the State Police.

### 1978 Summary Analysis

#### VOLUME

- The New Jersey State Police reported a total of 2,656 full-time police employees during the year, a 5 percent increase over 1977.
- There were 1,781 sworn police officers employed during 1978; 67 percent of the total state police employees.
- 33 percent, or 875 employees were civilian personnel.

#### TREND

Year	Number of Police Officers	Number of Civilian Employees	Total Police Employees
1977	1,727	810	2,537
1978	1,781	875	2,656
Percent Change	+ 3.1%	+ 8.0%	+ 4.7%

## OTHER POLICE (State Agencies)

In addition to the State Police, there were ten other state agencies reporting to the System. No rates were computed due to the variations, in the types of police services rendered, and their statewide jurisdictions.

## 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME

- Together these agencies reported a total of 7,052 full-time police employees, an increase of almost 6 percent over 1977.
- 65 percent, or 4,593 were civilian employees, while the remaining 35 percent, or 2,459 were sworn personnel.

### TREND

Year	Number of Police Officers	Number of Civilians	Total Police Employees
1977	2,678	4,002	6,680
1978	2,459	4,593	7,052
Percent Change	- 8.2%	+ 14.8%	+ 5.6%

**FULL TIME COUNTY POLICE EMPLOYEES  
1978**

DEPARTMENT	POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
	MALE	FEMALE		
<b>ATLANTIC COUNTY</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>197</b>
Prosecutor	34	3	30	67
Sheriff	87	13	30	130
<b>BERGEN COUNTY</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>526</b>
Prosecutor	100	12	34	146
Sheriff	215	25	36	276
Police Department	79	—	25	104
<b>BURLINGTON COUNTY</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>260</b>
Prosecutor	47	12	30	89
Sheriff	123	24	24	171
<b>CAMDEN COUNTY</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>438</b>
Prosecutor	57	6	66	129
Sheriff	185	42	56	283
Park Police	25	—	1	26
<b>CAPE MAY COUNTY</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>94</b>
Prosecutor	14	1	10	25
Sheriff	49	7	13	69
<b>CUMBERLAND COUNTY</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>73</b>
Prosecutor	4	—	5	9
Sheriff	45	7	12	64
<b>ESSEX COUNTY</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>758</b>
Prosecutor	164	14	60	238
Sheriff	306	19	81	406
Park Police	102	1	11	114
<b>GLOUCESTER COUNTY</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>113</b>
Prosecutor	27	—	15	42
Sheriff	57	4	10	71
<b>HUDSON COUNTY</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>448</b>
Prosecutor	106	3	47	156
Sheriff	135	15	51	201
Police Department	68	—	23	91
<b>HUNTERDON COUNTY</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>34</b>
Prosecutor	6	—	8	14
Sheriff	13	4	3	20
<b>MERCER COUNTY</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>171</b>
Prosecutor	42	11	28	81
Sheriff	60	10	20	90

NJSP Table 36

**FULL TIME COUNTY POLICE EMPLOYEES  
1978**

DEPARTMENT	POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
	MALE	FEMALE		
<b>MIDDLESEX COUNTY</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>362</b>
Prosecutor	78	6	49	133
Sheriff	122	13	50	185
Park Police	43	—	1	44
<b>MONMOUTH COUNTY</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>145</b>
Prosecutor	20	—	3	23
Sheriff	102	16	4	122
<b>MORRIS COUNTY</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>232</b>
Prosecutor	40	4	26	70
Sheriff	78	12	40	130
Park Police	30	1	1	32
<b>OCEAN COUNTY</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>210</b>
Prosecutor	28	2	46	76
Sheriff	94	15	25	134
<b>PASSAIC COUNTY</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>414</b>
Prosecutor	98	9	40	147
Sheriff	169	25	45	239
Park Police	27	—	1	28
<b>SALEM COUNTY</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>50</b>
Prosecutor	5	—	6	11
Sheriff	35	—	4	39
<b>SOMERSET COUNTY</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>161</b>
Prosecutor	31	4	18	53
Sheriff	44	—	35	79
Park Police	18	—	11	29
<b>SUSSEX COUNTY</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>
Prosecutor	4	1	—	5
Sheriff	6	—	2	8
<b>UNION COUNTY</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>408</b>
Prosecutor	58	7	102	167
Sheriff	76	12	114	202
Park Police	39	—	—	39
<b>WARREN COUNTY</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>
Prosecutor	2	—	7	9
Sheriff	3	—	1	4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,400</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>1,360</b>	<b>5,120</b>

NJSP Table 36

**FULL TIME STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY EMPLOYEES  
(Excluding State Police)  
1978**

AGENCY	OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
	MALE	FEMALE		
Bureau of Forest Fire Service	44	—	38	82
Bureau of State Parks	80	10	21	111
Department of Corrections	1,582	97	2,472	4,151
Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control	83	4	38	125
Division of Criminal Justice	158	26	85	269
Division of Fish, Game and Shellfisheries	48	—	4	52
Division of Motor Vehicles	181	—	1,901	2,082
Division of Weights and Measures	30	—	6	36
Marine Police	80	5	28	113
Palisades Interstate Park	30	1	—	31
<b>STATE AGENCY TOTAL</b>	<b>2,316</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>4,593</b>	<b>7,052</b>

NJSP Table 37

**FULL TIME POLICE EMPLOYEES  
UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES — 1978**

UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE	OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
	MALE	FEMALE		
Brookdale College	14	1	2	17
Burlington County College	8	1	2	11
Glassboro State College	4	—	28	32
Kean College of New Jersey	20	—	11	31
Middlesex County College	16	1	1	18
Monmouth College	14	1	6	21
Montclair State College	11	3	6	20
Rutgers University	42	3	36	81
Rutgers University—Newark	22	1	8	31
Rutgers University—Camden	14	1	10	25
Stockton State College	14	—	3	17
Trenton State College	18	2	9	29
William Paterson College	7	2	20	29
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>362</b>

NJSP Table 38

**STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
FULL TIME POLICE EMPLOYEES — 1978**

DEPARTMENT	OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
	MALE	FEMALE		
Municipal Police	17,207	55	2,729	19,991
County Police	3,400	360	1,360	5,120
State Police	1,779	2	875	2,656
Other Police (State Agencies)	2,316	143	4,593	7,052
<b>TOTAL FOR THE STATE</b>	<b>24,702</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>9,557</b>	<b>34,819</b>

# POLICE KILLED AND ASSAULTED

The killing or assault of a police officer has a deleterious effect on society that reaches far beyond the overt act. Such occurrences constitute an immediate threat to the well-being of the community and a serious breach of the internal security of the country. Today a young man who considers a career in law enforcement must also consider the very strong possibility of being killed or assaulted by a member of the very same society he is sworn to protect. This deplorable situation should be a subject of serious public concern, for in truth, an attack on a police officer is an attack on society. The violence directed against law enforcement officers acting in the line of duty is clearly demonstrated by the following information.

## ASSAULTS ON POLICE OFFICERS

Police assault statistics are important to the police administrator. They reveal many facts when attempting to evaluate the causes of this type of criminal activity. There are many factors which contribute to police assaults, but circumstances vary from place to place, and it is rather difficult to speculate on the reasons for these assaults. The following information illustrates the frequency of these events, and any attempt at analysis of these assaults must consider the unique variables present in each jurisdiction.

### 1978 Summary Analysis

#### VOLUME

- In 1978 there were 4,325 police officers assaulted in New Jersey, an increase of over 9 percent when compared to 1977.

#### TREND

<u>Year</u>	<u>Total Number of Police Officers Assaulted</u>
1977	3,957
1978	4,325
Percent Change	+ 9.3%

- No police assault rates are computed for total police officers assaulted, because of the broad field of services performed by many state and county police agencies.

## POLICE KILLED 1978 Summary Analysis

#### VOLUME

- During 1978 there were no police officers killed in the line of duty in New Jersey as a result of criminal action directed against them.
- During the ten year period 1969 through 1978, 25 police officers were killed in the line of duty.
- Recapitulation of police officers murdered 1969-1978:

#### TREND

<u>Year</u>	<u>Police Officers Killed</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Police Officers Killed</u>
1969	4	1974	1
1970	3	1975	3
1971	4	1976	5
1972	1	1977	0
1973	4	1978	0

## ASSAULTS ON MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME/RATE

- In 1978, 4,074 municipal police officers were assaulted, an increase of over 9 percent.
- Over 28 percent, or 1,157, sustained physical injury to one degree or another.
- The assault rate for every 100 municipal police officers reached 23.6 assaults, an increase of over 8 percent when compared to the 21.8 assaults reported in 1977.

### TREND

Year	Police Officers Assaulted	Assault Rate per 100,000
1977	3,732	21.8
1978	4,074	23.6
Percent Change	+ 9.2%	+ 8.3%

### OTHER POLICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED

The following state and county law enforcement agencies are dealt with separately, and are not included when computing municipal assault rates. The services performed, in most cases by these agencies, vary greatly from the functions of municipal police agencies, thus requiring their separation.

#### 1978 Summary Analysis

### VOLUME

- County law enforcement agencies reported 131 assaults on their police officers, of these, 56 sustained physical injury.
- The New Jersey State Police reported a total of 96 troopers assaulted and 24 were injured.
- Other state agencies with police powers, reported a total of 24 officers assaulted and 15 sustained injury.

### ADDITIONAL POLICE ASSAULTED ANALYSIS

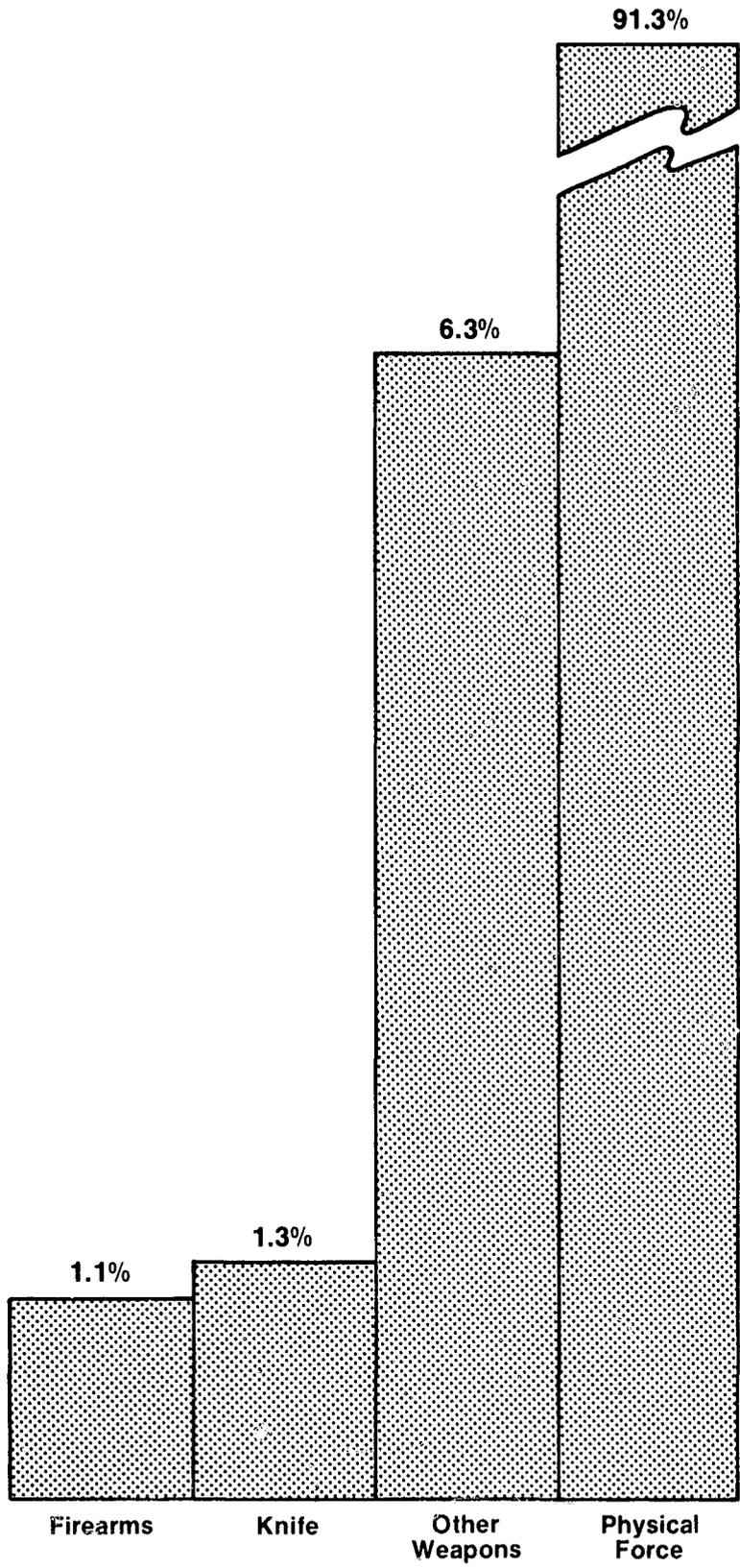
The following analyses deal with weapons used against police officers, type of service being performed when assaulted, times of assaults, and police assault cases solved.

### WEAPONS USED

#### 1978 Summary Analysis

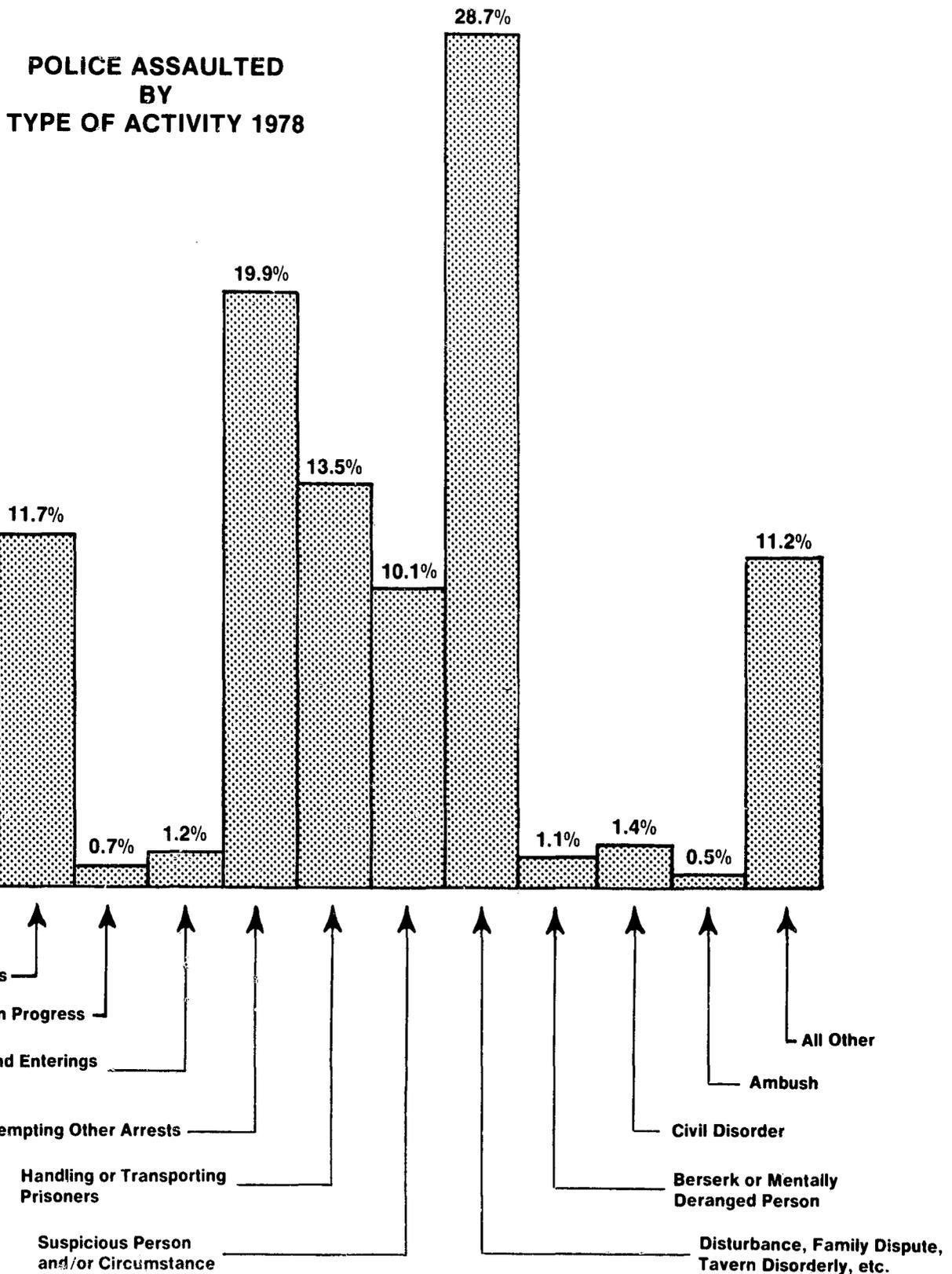
- Personal weapons, such as hands, fists and feet were used in over 91 percent of all police assaults.
- During the last five years, there has been little change in weapon usage.

**WEAPONS USED IN ASSAULTS ON  
POLICE OFFICERS - 1978**



**TYPE OF ACTIVITY**

- Almost 29 percent of all cases occurred when officers were responding to disturbance calls, and 20 percent when they were attempting arrests.



NJSP Chart 28

### TIME OF POLICE ASSAULTS

- The four hour period of 8:00 p.m. to midnight accounted for over 32 percent of the assaults on police officers.
- Fifty-nine percent occurred during the eight hour period of 8:00 p.m. to 4:00 a.m.
- Historically, time of day percent distribution of police assaults has not changed to any degree since collection of such information was initiated in 1972.

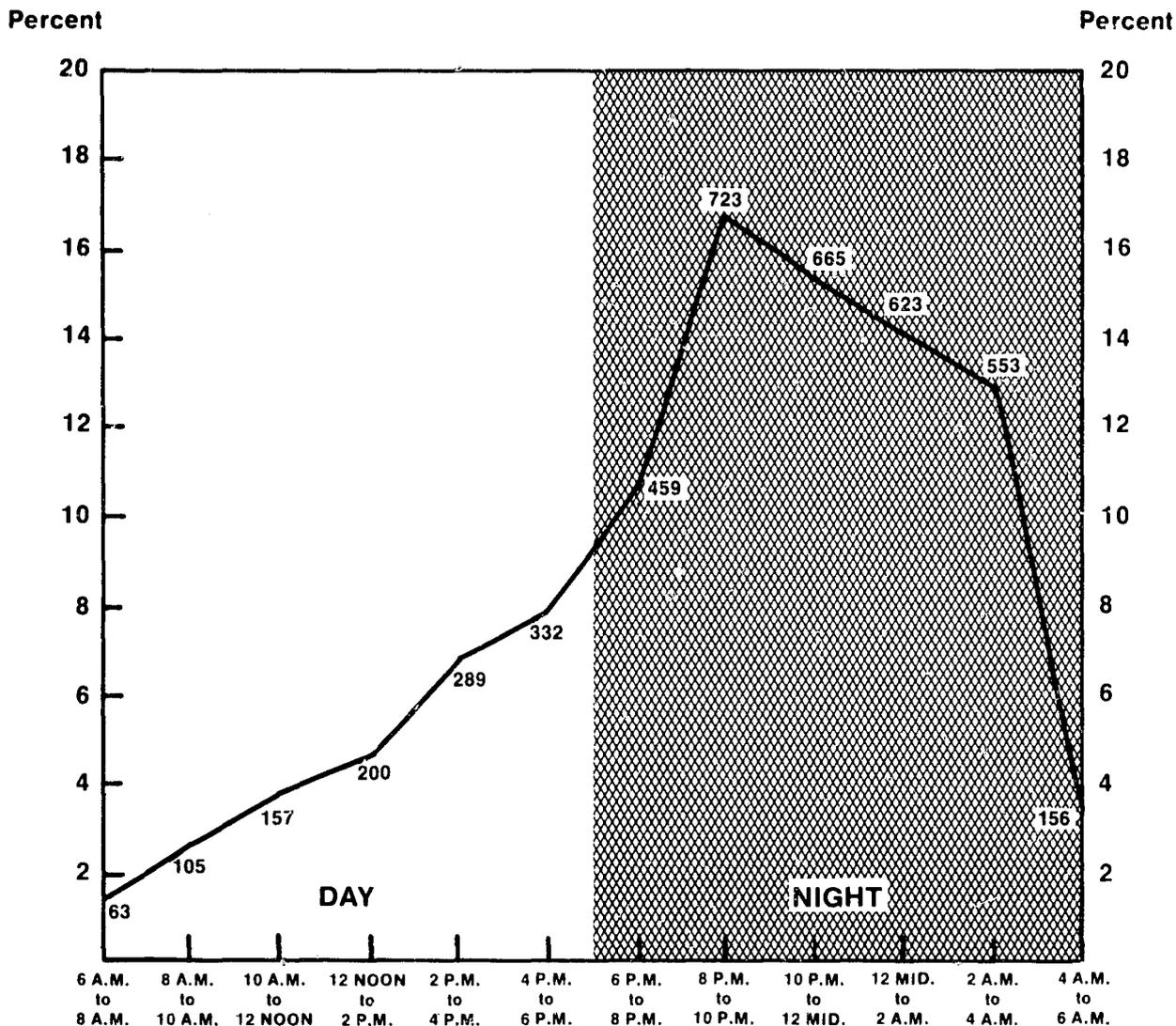
### CLEARANCES/ARRESTS

- The police of New Jersey were successful in clearing by arrest, 99 percent of the assaults directed at them.
- Twenty-nine percent of those arrested for police assaults were charged with an indictable offense and the remainder were charged with the lesser nonindictable offense.
- Juveniles accounted for almost 13 percent of those arrested for assaults on police officers.

### ASSAULTS ON POLICE OFFICERS BY HOUR OF DAY

#### NUMBER - PERCENT DISTRIBUTION

1978



NJSP Chart 29

**CONTINUED**

**2 OF 3**

### Assault on Police Officer Scenario

A municipal police officer, employed by a municipality having a population of less than 2,000 persons, is assaulted by an individual using physical force. The attack will probably occur during 8 p.m. to 4 a.m., while the officer is answering a disturbance call. The offender will be arrested in 99 percent of the cases.

### ASSAULTS ON MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS Number-Rate per 100 Officers BY COUNTY 1978

COUNTY	NUMBER OF ASSAULTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	ASSAULT RATE PER 100 POLICE OFFICERS
ATLANTIC	142	3.5	23.6
BERGEN	282	7.0	14.3
BURLINGTON	168	4.1	34.8
CAMDEN	238	5.9	23.4
CAPE MAY	62	1.5	23.4
CUMBERLAND	45	1.1	23.2
ESSEX	308	7.3	10.4
GLOUCESTER	75	1.9	24.3
HUDSON	543	13.4	29.2
HUNTERDON	16	0.5	17.8
MERCER	250	6.2	33.9
MIDDLESEX	283	7.0	22.6
MONMOUTH	396	9.5	36.2
MORRIS	156	3.8	19.3
OCEAN	285	7.0	40.0
PASSAIC	316	7.8	29.7
SALEM	5	0.1	5.6
SOMERSET	50	1.2	13.4
SUSSEX	51	1.3	39.5
UNION	354	8.7	27.0
WARREN	49	1.2	51.0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,074</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>23.6</b>

NJSP Table 40

## GLOSSARY OF TERMS

ADULT	For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a person aged 18 or over.
ALL OTHER RACE	For UCR purposes, applies to Filipinos, Hawaiians, Eskimos, Aleuts, Koreans, Asian Indians and Malaysians.
ARREST RATE	The number of arrests reported for Part I and Part II offenses for each unit of population, generally per 100,000. Arrest rates are computed in the same manner as crime rates.
CLEARANCE	For UCR purposes, the solution to a particular crime, usually by the arrest of the offender.
CLEARED BY ARREST	For UCR purposes, an offense is cleared when the offender has been identified, sufficient evidence has been obtained to formally charge and the offender has been ordered to appear in court.
CRIME INDEX	The sum total of seven major offenses used to measure the extent, fluctuations and distribution of crime in a geographical area. The following crimes make up the Index: Murder, Forcible Rape, Robbery, Atrocious Assault, Breaking and Entering, Larceny-Theft, and Motor Vehicle Theft. These offenses are referred to as Index offenses.
CRIME RATE	The number of Index offenses reported for each unit of population, generally per 100,000. Crime rates are computed by dividing the number of Index offenses by the population of the community and multiplying the answer by 100,000. Example: 500 Index offenses divided by 10,000 population $\times$ 100,000 = 5,000 Crime Rate.
CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS	Consists of the following Index offenses: Murder, Forcible Rape, and Atrocious Assault.
CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY	Consists of the following Index offenses: Robbery, Breaking and Entering, Larceny-Theft, and Motor Vehicle Theft.
DAY	For UCR purposes, the hours from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M.
EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE	For UCR purposes, an offense is cleared in this manner when an offender has been identified, located and sufficient evidence to charge has been obtained but there is some reason beyond police control which prohibits the offender from being brought before the court.
FELONY MURDERS	Those killings which are perpetrated during the commission of another crime. They are classified as Rapes, Robberies, Sex Offenses, Breaking and Entering, Arson, and other felonious activities.
HIERARCHY RULE	For UCR purposes, each crime or attempted crime is counted in only one offense category. If several offenses are committed, simply glance down the list of Part I offenses and stop at the first offense you recognize from the facts given. This offense is the correct classification for this criminal activity.
INDIAN RACE	For UCR purposes, applies to the American Indian.
JUVENILE	For UCR purposes, a person under the age of 18.

JUVENILE CLEARANCE	Those crimes where the offenders are identified as juveniles.
NIGHT	For UCR purposes, the hours from 6 PM to 6 AM.
NONVIOLENT CRIME	Consists of the following Index offenses: Breaking and Entering, Larceny-Theft, and Motor Vehicle Theft.
OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON	For UCR, includes assaults resulting from the use of any object or thing as a weapon which does or could result in serious injury.
PART I OFFENSES	The first of two main categories of crime classes composing a Universal Crime Classification System established for crime reporting purposes. Murder, Manslaughter, Forcible Rape, Robbery, Atrocious Assault, Breaking and Entering, Larceny-Theft, and Motor Vehicle Theft, make up the Part I offenses. These crimes are by their very nature more serious and/or occur more frequently. The monthly tabulation of Part I offenses provides a count of "offenses known."
PART II OFFENSES	The second of two main categories of crime classes composing a Universal Crime Classification System established for crime reporting purposes. Part II offenses are generally less serious in nature.
VIOLENT CRIME	Consists of the following Index offenses: Murder, Forcible Rape, Robbery, and Atrocious Assault.



*To reduce crime, you must first identify its extent, type and location*

---

**END**