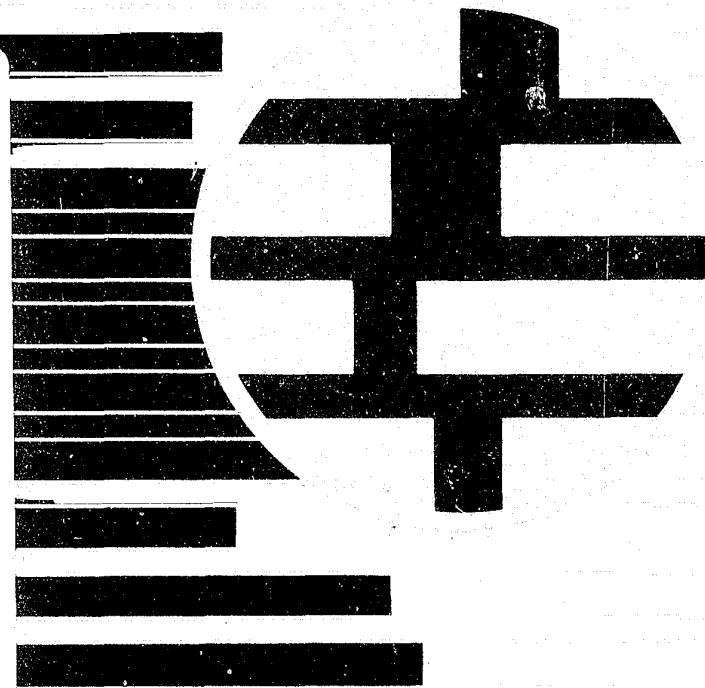


# STATISTICAL ANALYSIS CENTER

74/28



MF-1

Guide to Illinois Firearm Data

November 1980

By Carolyn Rebecca Block

Statistical Analysis Center

CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION SYSTEMS  
J. David Coldren, Director

ILLINOIS LAW ENFORCEMENT COMMISSION  
Daniel W. Weil, Chairman  
William Holland, Acting Executive Director

U.S. Department of Justice  
National Institute of Justice

74128

This document has been reproduced exactly as received from the person or organization originating it. Points of view or opinions stated in this document are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the National Institute of Justice.

Permission to reproduce this copyrighted material has been granted by  
Illinois Law Enforcement Commission

to the National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS).

Further reproduction outside of the NCJRS system requires permission of the copyright owner.

NCJRS

DEC 18 1980

ACQUISITIONS

Printed by authority of the State of Illinois  
November 1980

Number of Copies: 300

Printing Order Number: 81-05

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report could not have been written without the help and cooperation of Paul H. Blackman, David Bordua, Dale Farmer, Sergeant Tony Figlioli, Brad Hayes, Captain Robert Latham, and Sergeant Donald E. Smith. Statistical Analysis Center staff read the report and made helpful suggestions, Wanda Sauerman typed it, and Olga McNamara coordinated the distribution and printing.



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Acknowledgements . . . . .	i
Table of Contents . . . . .	iii
Tables and Exhibits . . . . .	iv
Introduction . . . . .	1
Firearm Owner Data . . . . .	3
State of Illinois . . . . .	3
The Bordua Surveys . . . . .	6
Other Sources of Firearm Owner Data . . . . .	7
Firearm Data . . . . .	11
Bordua Surveys . . . . .	11
Federal Data . . . . .	11
Chicago Gun Confiscation Data . . . . .	17
Chicago Gun Registration Data . . . . .	21
Peoria Handgun Registration Data . . . . .	27
Firearms and Crime . . . . .	31
Victim Surveys . . . . .	31
Police-Level Data . . . . .	32
Additional Sources of Information . . . . .	35
Appendix A - Illinois Firearms Owners Law . . . . .	37
Appendix B - Example of an ATF Firearms Transaction Record . . . . .	43
Appendix C - Municipal Codes Regarding Firearms in Illinois Municipalities . . . . .	47
Appendix D - Chicago Firearm Registration Law . . . . .	73
Bibliography . . . . .	77

## TABLES

	Page
1. Completion Rates of the Illinois Firearm Owners Surveys . . . . .	8
2. Firearm Ownership: 1976 and 1977 Surveys Combined . . . . .	9
3. Effect of Firearm Registration on Weapons Received as Turn-In . . . . .	18
4. Firearms Confiscated, by Offense . . . . .	20
5. Chicago Firearms: New Registrations . . . . .	24
6. Chicago Firearm Registration "Hits" . . . . .	26

## EXHIBITS

A	Firearm Owners Identification Card Application Form . . . . .	4
B	Summary of ATF Firearm Dealer Regulations . . . . .	12
C	Chicago Gun Registration Form . . . . .	22
D	Peoria Gun Registration Form . . . . .	28







## INTRODUCTION

The Illinois Statistical Analysis Center (SAC) works to improve the quality and availability to users of Illinois criminal justice data. SAC receives daily requests from users for sources of data on crime, the criminal justice system, and other variables, such as population, that users analyze in combination with criminal justice data.

Recently, SAC has received a number of requests for sources of Illinois firearm data, especially for data on firearm availability. In response to these requests, we have investigated sources of various types of firearm data, the quality of that data, and the availability to users. The results of that investigation appear in this report.

Although our most common user request has been for sources of firearm availability data, for example, the number and types of firearms owned, data also exist on the number and characteristics of people who own firearms, and on crimes that were committed using a firearm.<sup>1</sup> This "Guide to Illinois Firearm Data" discusses the sources of all these kinds of data.

A firearm, according to the United States Code (Title 18, Ch.44, Sec.921,§3) is

- (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
- (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon;
- (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or
- (D) any destructive device.<sup>2</sup> Such term does not include an antique firearm.

---

<sup>1</sup> Illinois manufacturing data do not exist because, although there are over 6000 registered firearm dealers in Illinois, there is no major firearm manufacturing firm.

<sup>2</sup> A destructive device is an explosive, such as a bomb or grenade.

The definitions of some common types of firearm are the following:

- Revolver, a handgun with a revolving cylinder containing several cartridges so that it can be fired in quick succession without reloading.
- Rifle, a long shoulder gun with grooves cut into the inner surface of the barrel.
- Shotgun, a long smoothbore gun used for firing a charge of small shot at short range.
- Automatic Pistol, a handgun in which the chamber is part of the barrel. (Webster's New World Dictionary)
- Other types of firearms include derringers, antique weapons, and so on.

o 22 [ This "Guide" is divided into three sections, each dealing with a type of firearm data--data on firearm owners, data on firearm availability, and data on firearms and crime. There is a variety of public and private sources for each type of data, and the quality of and ease of access to the data vary widely. Some data are collected and maintained only in certain cities or for certain years. In this guide, SAC tries to lead the user through this sometimes confusing maze of sources.

## FIREARM OWNER DATA

### State of Illinois

The Firearm Owners Identification (FOID) Section of the Illinois Department of Law Enforcement in Springfield registers firearm owners, but not the firearms they own. It maintains a confidential file, with yearly historical data available beginning in 1970, of the name, sex, date of birth, height, weight, color of eyes, color of hair, address, date of registration and date of card expiration of each registrant (Exhibit A). It also keeps a list of all lost and stolen firearm owner cards. It does not keep any information on the number or type of gun(s) owned by card-holders.

Under Illinois law (Ill.Rev.Stat.Ch.38,§83; see Appendix A), people who have been released from a prison or a mental institution or have been convicted of a felony in the previous five years may not own a firearm. The federal law is stricter. Under federal law, people who have ever been convicted of a felony may not own a gun. Therefore, a person who has been released from prison more than five years previously may receive an Illinois firearm owner's registration card, but still may not own a firearm under federal law.

Businesses, as well as individuals, may own firearms in Illinois. However, the individual in the business who is responsible for the firearm must be a registered gun-owner, and must fill out an FOID application, giving the business's name and address. The FOID Section calls this a "business card." A person who is a registered firearm business card holder must also have a personal firearm owner registration in order to own a firearm privately. Thus, one individual may appear on more than one firearm card.

# Exhibit A

## Firearm Owners Identification Application Form

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT  
DIVISION OF SUPPORT SERVICES  
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION  
FIREARM OWNERS IDENTIFICATION

READ INSTRUCTIONS on reverse side to avoid having your application rejected causing unnecessary delays.

- Print all information in black ink or type.
- Submit a check or money order for exactly \$5.00.
- Fill in all required information.

### FIREARM OWNERS IDENTIFICATION CARD

Date Expires

I.D. No.

PRINT LAST NAME		FIRST	MIDDLE	DATE OF BIRTH	
				mo.	day year
RESIDENCE STREET ADDRESS					
CITY OR TOWN		COUNTY	ZIP CODE		
Sex	Height ft. in.	Weight	Color Hair	Color Eyes	
CAUTION: This card does not permit bearer to Unlawfully carry or use firearms.					

(For Office Use Only)

1. Enter Your Previously Issued I.D. Number. (If you are a new Applicant, enter "NEW".)

2. Enter Your Drivers License Number. If none, write "NONE".

ALL APPLICANTS MUST SHOW WRITTEN SIGNATURE

All applicants must answer questions 3 through 7 "yes" or "no". Applicants under age 21 must answer questions 8 and 9 "yes" or "no".

3. Have you been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction within the past 5 years?

Yes No  
☐ ☐

4. Have you been confined to a penitentiary within the past 5 years?

Yes No  
☐ ☐

5. Have you been a patient in a mental institution within the past 5 years?

Yes No  
☐ ☐

6. Are you addicted to narcotics?

Yes No  
☐ ☐

7. Are you mentally retarded?

Yes No  
☐ ☐

Applicants under 21 must answer Questions 8 and 9 and obtain written signature of parent or legal guardian.

8. Have you been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic violations? (See Special Note reverse side)

Yes No  
☐ ☐

9. Have you been adjudged delinquent? (See Special Note reverse side)

Yes No  
☐ ☐

I hereby give my consent for this applicant to possess firearms and firearm ammunition in accordance with the law and I am not a person prohibited from holding a Firearm Owners Identification Card.

Signature of Parent or Legal Guardian. (See Special Notes reverse side)

Date of Birth

mo. day year

Sex: [ ] Male [ ] Female

My signature authorizes the Firearm Owners Identification Section to verify answers given through the Departments of Law Enforcement and Mental Health. I hereby solemnly swear (sincerely affirm) that the information contained is true to the best of my knowledge.

Your Date of Birth

ALL APPLICANTS MUST SHOW WRITTEN SIGNATURE

Written Signature

mo. day year

NOTARY  
SEAL



Subscribed and sworn before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Notary Public

Notary's Address

DLE6-7 (12/77)

**FIREARM OWNERS IDENTIFICATION LAW**  
**ILLINOIS REVISED STATUTES, 1974, CHAP. 38, SEC.83**  
 83-3. Requisites for Transfer. Sec. 3. (a) No person within this State may knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any firearm of any firearm ammunition to any person within this State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card which has previously been issued in his name by the Department of Law Enforcement under the provisions of this Act.

(b) Any person within this State who transfers or causes to be transferred any firearm shall keep a record of such transfer for a period of 10 years from the date of transfer. Such record shall contain the date of the transfer; the description, serial number or other information identifying the firearm if no serial number is available; and, if the transfer was completed within this State, the transferee's Firearms Owner's Identification Card number. On demand of a peace officer such transferor shall produce for inspection such record of transfer.

**NOTICE:** The issuance of this card by the State of Illinois does not relieve the registrant of any disabilities imposed upon him or her under Federal law.

(For Office Use Only)

# **READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE FILLING OUT THIS APPLICATION**

1. Type if at all possible or print legibly in black or dark blue all information required on the application.
  2. **DO NOT** type or print in the areas marked "Expires" and "Number".
  3. Obtain a recent, clear, head (FACE) and shoulder photograph, approximately 1½" by 1½" in size. If you use a coin operated photo-machine, make sure that the WHITE background is showing.
  4. Print your name on the back side of the photograph.
  5. Sign the application in TWO places indicated by arrows. **HAVE SIGNATURE NOTORIZED.**
  6. Attach a \$5 check or money order payable to: **FIREARM OWNERS IDENTIFICATION SECTION, 107 ARMORY BUILDING, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706.**
- Do not send cash or stamps. Remit **EXACTLY \$5** or your application will be rejected.

**SPECIAL NOTES:** (1) If answers to questions 8 or 9 are "YES" send letter of explanation and official records of the misdemeanor incident. Our interest is dates, charges, conviction, penalty and Court of Jurisdiction. (2) Spouse signing must be 21 years of age and must furnish **DATE OF BIRTH** to verify.

Local law enforcement agencies may request information about an individual card-holder from FOID in writing, or via a LEADS (Law Enforcement Agencies Data System) terminal. A LEADS terminal can access the FOID records directly, with no need to contact an FOID Section staff member. Law enforcement agencies may also request FOID information over the phone, but they will not receive it, unless they can satisfactorily identify themselves. The FOID Section can also handle special requests from other agencies and researchers for summary statistics, with individual identifiers removed. Requestors should contact The FOID Revocation and Denial Supervisor, at (217) 782-8554.

David Bordua and others have recently conducted an analysis of FOID registration data (Bordua, Lizotte and Kleck, 1979). Sections of their report deal with the validity of these data (see especially pages 3-5). Other sections (pages 7-15) describe in detail the FOID system of collection and maintenance of firearm owner data.

The FOID Section created a special tape for the Bordua study, which includes all current registrations as of mid-November, 1976, and from which all information which would jeopardize the privacy of card holders has been removed. Potential users of this tape should, first, read the report of the study, and then contact the Survey Research Laboratory, Sociology Department, University of Illinois, Urbana 61801, (217) 333-7988.

#### The Bordua Surveys

Bordua, Lizotte and Kleck (1979), under contract to the Illinois Law Enforcement Commission, conducted two telephone surveys of households in Illinois, in May 1976 and May 1977. The report contains the

questionnaire for the second survey in an appendix, but very few details of the survey methods. More details are available from the Survey Research Laboratory (address above). According to Lizotte and Bordua (1980), the 1977 survey consisted of an initial sample of 764 Illinois heads of household, randomly selected from telephone directories outside of Chicago, and selected by random digit dialing within Chicago.<sup>3</sup> Sample completion specifications are in Table 1.

Both surveys asked respondents whether or not they, or anyone in their household, owned a firearm. Of the respondents who answered the questionnaire (see Table 1), less than two percent refused to answer this question.

The survey also has information on the number of firearms owned, the type (handguns versus rifles and shotguns), the respondent's social and demographic characteristics, the respondent's purpose(s) in owning a firearm, and whether or not the respondent has an Illinois FOID registration card. All this information is available by residence of the respondent--Chicago, Cook County, Chicago SMSA,<sup>4</sup> and regions of Illinois (see Table 2). The number of respondents in some regions is so few that detailed analysis is not possible.

#### Other Sources of Firearm Owner Data

The city of Chicago registers guns, and the city of Peoria registers handguns. These registration files contain some information about firearm owners. In addition, federal law requires dealers in firearms

---

<sup>3</sup>For a review of these sampling methods, see Perrin (1979).

<sup>4</sup>Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, a U.S. Census designation. The Chicago SMSA includes Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will Counties.



Table 1

## COMPLETION RATES OF THE ILLINOIS FIREARM OWNERS SURVEYS

	<u>1976</u>	<u>1977</u>
Total Households in Sample <sup>a</sup>	1258	1160
<u>Not interviewed</u>		
Contacted, refused	337	250
Contacted, not interviewed <sup>b</sup>	34	52
Not contacted <sup>c</sup>	<u>112</u>	<u>94</u>
Total Not Interviewed	<u>483</u>	<u>396</u>
Total Interviewed (Difference)	776	764
Completion Rate (Interviewed/Total Households)	62%	66%
No Answer to "Own a Firearm?"		
Respondents	13	5
Households	5	6

---

Source: Bordua, Lizotte and Kleck (1979a:B.33).

<sup>a</sup>Does not include "ineligible" telephone numbers, such as businesses. There were 306 ineligible numbers in 1976, and 305 in 1977.

<sup>b</sup>Non-English speaking.

<sup>c</sup>After five attempts.

Table 2

FIREARMS OWNERSHIP: 1976 and 1977 SURVEYS COMBINED

Region	All Respondents			Male Respondents			Households		
	Total	Own Fire-arms	Per- cent	Total	Own Fire-arms	Per- cent	Total	Own Fire-arms	Per- cent
Chicago	424	44	10.4%	153	31	20.3%	424	77	18.2%
Cook Co.	305	50	16.4	157	44	28.0	305	76	24.9
Chgo. SMSA	189	43	22.8	90	42	46.7	191	77	40.3
Region 1 <sup>a</sup>	95	30	31.6	49	22	44.9	95	41	43.2
Region 3	68	17	25.0	29	14	48.3	68	32	47.1
Region 4	91	28	30.8	46	26	56.5	93	44	47.3
Region 5	23	4	17.4	8	4	50.0	23	11	47.8
Region 6	85	25	29.4	36	17	47.2	84	43	51.2
Region 7	79	26	32.9	45	24	53.3	81	39	48.1
Region 8	77	25	32.5	32	19	59.4	77	44	57.1
Region 9	43	15	34.9	15	12	80.0	43	29	67.4
Region 10	43	21	48.8	22	18	81.8	45	26	57.8
Total	1522	328	21.6%	682	273	40.0%	1529	539	35.3%

<sup>a</sup>Region 1: Boone, Carroll, DeKalb, JoDaviess, Lee, Stephenson, Whiteside, Winnebago Counties.

Region 2: The Chicago SMSA (Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, Will Counties.)  
See Chgo. SMSA, above.

Region 3: Fulton, Hancock, Henderson, Henry, Knox, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, Warren Counties.

Region 4: Bureau, Grundy, Kendall, LaSalle, Marshall, McLean, Peoria, Putnam, Stark, Tazewell, Woodford Counties.

Region 5: Adams, Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Macoupin, Morgan, Pike, Schuyler, Scott Counties.

Region 6: Christian, DeWitt, Logan, Macon, Mason, Menard, Montgomery, Moultrie, Sangamon, Shelby Counties.

Region 7: Champaign, Clark, Coles, Cumberland, Douglas, Edgar, Ford, Iroquois, Kankakee, Livingston, Piatt, Vermillion Counties.

Region 8: Bond, Clinton, Madison, Monroe, Randolph, St. Clair, Washington Counties.

Region 9: Clay, Crawford, Edwards, Effingham, Fayette, Jasper, Lawrence, Marion, Richland, Wabash, Wayne, White Counties.

Region 10: Alexander, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jackson, Jefferson, Johnson, Massac, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Saline, Union, Williamson Counties.

Source: Bordua, Lizotte and Kleck (1979:112)

to collect and keep information about those who purchase a firearm. Because these data sources are primarily sources of firearm information, not firearm owner information, we discuss them in the next section.

The Institute for Legislative Action of the NRA (National Rifle Association) sponsored two nationwide personal interview surveys of gun ownership, in 1975 and 1978. The surveys were conducted by Decison/Making/Information of Santa Ana, California, Richard B. Wirthin and Harold George, project directors. Each sample was 1500 households of registered voters, and the results can thus be generalized only to registered voters.

The questionnaires for both surveys contained mostly questions about attitudes toward crime, guns, and gun control laws. They also asked whether or not anyone in the household owned a firearm, and if so, what kind of firearm and the reasons for owning it.

According to Paul H. Blackman, NRA Research Coordinator, responses to some of the survey's questions can be categorized by state. Therefore, it should be possible to extract some Illinois data, although there are technical problems in obtaining state estimates from a nationwide survey (see Perrin, 1979).

For more information, contact:

Communications Division (media)

or

Information and Member Services Division (others)

NRA Institute for Legislative Action

1600 Rhode Island Avenue, N.W.

Washington, DC 20036

(202) 828-6311 or 6330

## FIREARM DATA

### Bordua Surveys

The 1976 and 1977 surveys, discussed above, contain questions on the number and types of firearms owned by members of Illinois households. This permits a rough estimate of the number and types of firearms in Illinois (see Bordua, Lizotte and Kleck 1979:97-101). However, according to Bordua (letter, October, 1980), state-level estimates are "very tentative," and "to go beyond the state into regions is very difficult because of the lack of accurate population estimates for sub-areas."

The 1977 survey's information on firearm type is more reliable than the 1976 survey's, because the wording of the question about firearm types was slightly different (see Bordua 1979:91,97). The Bordua estimates are subject to the limits of the surveyed population: the sample did not include businesses, people under 18, downstate residents with unlisted telephone numbers, or Chicago residents without telephones. In addition, the sample may over-represent households owning large numbers of firearms. According to Bordua, "effects of the sample are so complex and possibly contradictory that precise statements are difficult" (letter, October, 1980).

### Federal Data

The United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) of the Department of the Treasury registers gun dealers. Each dealer in the United States is required to keep records of gun purchases (see Exhibit B and Appendix B), but these records are kept at the dealer's place of business. ATF offices only keep lists of registered dealers. However, Chicago, Peoria and Oakbrook Terrace dealers are required to send a completed gun registration form for each purchase to their city's police department (see next section). For details of the federal law,

## Exhibit B

### Summary of ATF Firearm Dealer Regulations

## Gun Dealer's Basic Guide to Federal Gun Control Requirements

The following listing of Federal requirements and appropriate references (the majority to 27 CFR Part 178) relates to dealing in firearms and ammunition. These general guidelines are intended for quick reference; they are neither all-inclusive nor cover all situations that a dealer may encounter. Consult the law and regulations, or contact ATF for more detailed information.

### RECORDS

1. Keep a separate permanent record ("bound book") of all firearms received and disposed of. Firearms are to be logged in when received and logged out as they are disposed of. (178.125) (Retain permanently)
2. Prepare Form 4473 covering the transfer of each firearm to a non-licensed person. Completed Forms 4473 must be kept in addition to the permanent record described above. (178.124) (Retain permanently)
3. Keep a separate record of all ammunition received. Invoices filed in an orderly manner are acceptable, if they are kept separate from other commercial records. (178.125) (Retain two years)
4. Keep a permanent record of the sale of all handgun ammunition and all ammunition that is interchangeable between rifles and handguns, such as .22 caliber. Invoices are not a substitute for a permanent record. The permanent record and invoices must be kept separately. (178.125; Announcement 77-37) (Retain two years)

### KNOW YOUR CUSTOMER

1. Identify the purchaser by name, age, and residence address before delivering any firearm or ammunition. (178.124, .125)
2. Purchasers must be at least 21 years of age to receive a handgun or handgun ammunition, and at least 18 years of age to receive a shotgun or rifle or ammunition for a shotgun or rifle. Ammunition that is interchangeable between rifles and handguns may be delivered to a person who is at least 18 years of age if the dealer is satisfied that the ammunition is for use in long guns. (178.99)
3. A handgun may be sold or delivered only to a person who is a resident of the State in which the dealer's licensed premises is located. (178.99)

4. A rifle or shotgun may be sold or delivered only to (1) a resident of the State in which the dealer's licensed premises is located; or (2) a resident of a contiguous (border) State, if such State has enacted legislation allowing such sale or delivery, the sale conforms fully to legal requirements in both States, the appropriate law enforcement officer in the purchaser's home State has been notified as required, and the waiting period requirement has been satisfied. (178.96, .99)

### REPORT MULTIPLE HANDGUN SALES

You must report on Form 3310.4 the delivery of more than one handgun to the same individual (nonlicensee) within five consecutive business days. The Form 3310.4 must be mailed to the ATF Criminal Enforcement Office for your area. A list of these offices and their addresses appears in this publication (ATF P 5300.5). Reports must be submitted no later than the close of business on the day that the multiple sale occurs. (178.126a)

### PROHIBITED SALES

You may not lawfully sell or dispose of any firearm or ammunition to certain categories of persons, e.g., convicted felons. See ATF Form 4473, questions 8a through 8h.

In addition to the above, you may not sell or deliver any firearm or ammunition to any person if such purchase or possession by that person would be in violation of any State law or local published ordinance applicable at the place of sale, delivery, or other disposition. (178.99)

### SALE OF YOUR FIREARMS BUSINESS TO SOMEONE ELSE

1. Give written notice of the sale to your ATF Regional Regulatory Administrator within 30 days after the sale. (178.57)
2. Deliver all your firearms dealer records to the person who bought your dealership. (178.127)

### GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

1. Give written notice of going out of business to your ATF Regional Regulatory Administrator within 30 days after going out of business. (178.57)
2. Deliver all your firearms dealer records to your ATF Regional Regulatory Administrator within 30 days after going out of business. (178.127)

see the ATF documents listed in the Bibliography (ATF 1979a, 1979b, 1979c). These documents are available in the SAC library.

For the past five years, it has been possible to do a "full history trace" on a firearm. This means that an individual firearm usually can be traced to the manufacturer or importer, then to the wholesaler or retailer, and then to the original buyer. Occasionally, however, the buyer sold a firearm to someone whose name is unknown. The ATF has conducted studies of the histories of handguns used in crimes (ATF 1976a, 1976b, but also see Brill, 1977).

The ATF has two divisions--Criminal Enforcement, and Regulatory. The Criminal Enforcement Division has district offices in Chicago and St. Louis. The Chicago district office covers northern and central Illinois. The St. Louis district office covers southern Illinois. They enforce the 1968 federal gun control act, and trace firearms that have been used in a crime.

There are two ATF Regulatory Offices with jurisdiction over parts of Illinois--Chicago, and St. Louis. These offices assist dealers in complying with firearm regulations. Each office serves some counties of Illinois, plus some counties of other states. To get information about a particular city or county, or summary statistics such as the number of dealer registrations, would require visiting one of these offices and requesting permission to look at their files. There is no legal restriction on access, but the task of searching the files of a regulatory office would be monumental.

The Illinois Department of Law Enforcement (see Illinois Firearm Owner Data, above) has attempted to obtain a list of registered Illinois firearm dealers from the Washington, D.C., ATF office. Although the

Washington ATF office does have such a list, the DLE has so far been unable to obtain a usable copy. If the DLE receives the computer tape it has requested, it will be able to provide lists of dealers by county, to researchers and other nonprofit agencies. The ATF, however, does not allow distribution to commercial users. Commercial users may obtain lists directly from the ATF for a fee. According to ATF estimates, there are over 6000 registered dealers in Illinois, with about a 20 per cent change per year in the names. The ATF updates its files every month. For more information, contact:

Karen Reeder  
CCH FOID Operations Supervisor  
Illinois Department of Law Enforcement  
(217) 782-5011

Dealer statistics are not, by themselves, a good indicator of gun availability, because people who are not dealers apply for licenses in order to get their names on the mailing list for catalogs and dealers' discounts. The best indicator, purchase information, is only available from each dealer.

Municipal laws and regulations also affect the degree to which purchase data can serve as an indicator of gun availability. For example, even if it were possible to obtain purchase information from all registered Chicago dealers, this information would not be a good indicator of gun availability for use in crimes in Chicago. It is against the law to buy a concealable weapon (a handgun) in Chicago without a permit from the Superintendent of Police (City Ordinance Ch.11.1-1 to 11.1-17). Almost no permits are given, except to police officers. It is not, however, against the law to own a firearm, including a handgun, in Chicago. Therefore, many handguns owned by Chicago residents were purchased elsewhere.

Appendix C lists the municipal code regarding firearms for each Illinois municipality that has such a code (ATF 1979a). Those municipalities that require a written permit from the police department to purchase a firearm are the following:

Aurora  
 Addison  
 Berwyn  
 Bolingbrook - handguns only  
 Brookfield  
 Chicago - handguns only  
 Chicago Ridge - handguns only  
 Cicero  
 Crest Hill - handguns only  
 East St. Louis - handguns only  
 Elmwood Park  
 Evanston - handguns only  
 Evergreen Park - handguns only  
 Harwood Heights - handguns only  
 Hodgkins - handguns only  
 Hoffman Estates - handguns only  
 Homewood - handguns only  
 Joliet - handguns only  
 Lindenhurst - handguns only, village residents only  
 Manteno - handguns only  
 Maywood - handguns only, village residents only  
 McCook - handguns only  
 Melrose Park - handguns only  
 Norridge - handguns only  
 Oak Park - handguns only  
 Oakbrook Terrace  
 Peoria - handguns only  
 Shorewood  
 Skokie - handguns only  
 Stickney - handguns only  
 Streamwood - handguns only  
 Summit  
 Waukegan - handguns only  
 Wilmette  
 Worth - handguns only  
 Zion - handguns only

Those municipalities that outlaw firearm sales are the following:

Berkeley  
 Blue Island (except for police, armed forces, etc.)  
 Cahokia  
 Calumet Park  
 Forest Park - handguns only, except for police, etc.  
 Glencoe - handguns only  
 Harvey  
 Leroy - handguns only



Thus, the availability of handguns in the above cities could not be measured by ATF purchase data kept by dealers in those cities. Such a measure would require knowledge of purchases made outside the city by city residents. Even if it were possible to search manually the files of each of the 6000 Illinois registered firearm dealers for a list of purchases made by a certain city's residents, the list would still not include purchases made outside of Illinois, or purchases and trades that were not handled through a registered dealer. In other words, it is impossible, for all practical purposes, to use ATF purchase records as a measure of the number of firearms purchased by Illinois residents.

The ATF has a toll-free number for anyone who has questions about its laws and regulations. The number is:

(800) 572-3178 in Illinois

(800) 621-3211 in other Midwest states.

ATF Addresses and Phone Numbers

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms  
Chicago District Office  
Midwest Plaza North  
Suite 300  
2115 Butterfield Road  
Oak Brook, Illinois 60521  
(312) 620-7824

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms  
St. Louis District Office  
1114 Market Street  
Room 611  
St. Louis, Missouri 63101  
(314) 425-5560

Chicago ATF Regulatory Office  
230 S. Dearborn Avenue  
Fifteenth Floor  
Chicago, Illinois 60604  
(312) 353-3778

St. Louis ATF Regulatory Office  
210 N. Twelfth Street  
Room 1412  
St. Louis, Missouri 63101  
(314) 425-4251

#### Chicago Gun Confiscation Data

Since 1938, the Chicago Police Department has recorded information on every firearm processed through its Firearms Identification Unit, Criminalistics Division. These firearms include those confiscated by police in connection with an offense or a violation of weapons laws (such as unlawful use of a weapon, or lack of proper firearm registration), as well as firearms "turned in" by citizens to the police. Currently, there are few turn-ins, but when the city's firearm registration law went into effect in June, 1968, there was a considerable number (see Table 3; also see next section for Chicago registration laws and data).

These data exist in paper files--logbooks that are extensively cross-referenced, and which contain some information that is comparable back to 1938. Computer files do not exist for these data. Requests for access to these logbooks should be made to the Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department.

The Firearm Identification Unit records the following information for each confiscated firearm.

- Chicago Police District or other place where the firearm was recovered. This information makes it possible to discover the number of firearms confiscated in Chicago, and the number of firearms confiscated elsewhere but processed in Chicago. Through December, 1975, the Chicago Police Department processed firearms confiscated in all of Northern Illinois, because there was no state firearm laboratory. Therefore, the number of confiscations before and after January, 1976, are not

Table 3

## EFFECT OF FIREARM REGISTRATION ON WEAPONS AS TURN-IN

## Chicago Police Department

Date	Number of Firearms	
	Turned-In	Other Confiscations
<u>1968</u>		
January	a	a
February	a	a
March	a	a
Total	<u>45</u>	<u>2878</u>
April	40	967
May	514	959
June	<u>1241</u>	<u>734</u>
Total	<u>1795</u>	<u>2660</u>
Total January to June	<u>1840</u>	<u>5538</u>
July	885	1827
August	165	859
September	<u>199</u>	<u>746</u>
Total	<u>1249</u>	<u>3432</u>
October	a	a
November	a	a
December	a	a
Total	<u>266</u>	<u>1520</u>
Total July-December	<u>1515</u>	<u>4952</u>
<u>1969</u>		
January	a	a
February	a	a
March	a	a
April	a	a
May	a	a
June	<u>13</u>	<u>807</u>
Total January to June	<u>163</u>	<u>5233</u>

<sup>a</sup>Information not available.

Source: Firearm Identification Unit, Criminalistics Division, Chicago Police Department.

comparable to each other, unless out-of-Chicago confiscations are subtracted from the pre-1976 figures. Actually, these represent only a small proportion of the total confiscations. In 1965, for example, 220 of the 6,840 confiscated firearms were received from areas outside of Chicago, and 20 were received from federal agencies.

- Offense Type, which classifies the weapon as received in one of 23 types of offense or non-offense situations. These types, and the number of firearms confiscated in each type for 1977, 1978 and 1979, are found in Table 4. The arresting officer, not the Firearms Identification Unit, decides the offense classification.

- Identification numbers for cross-referencing the firearm, the victim, and the incident, and matching these to District files, and Departmental files. The master number is called the "Firearms Control Number." Each firearm is engraved with this number when it is received. If a firearm is received more than once, it is engraved with a new number each time. The Unit has received firearms which it had confiscated and engraved thirty years earlier.

- Date of receipt by the Unit. This normally occurs within a day of the offense.

- Caliber, manufacturer, model number, type (revolver, pistol, etc.), serial number.

- How received (departmental mail, name of submitting officer, etc.).

The following additional information is recorded for every firearm that was fired, and where someone was injured or there was property damage even though the firearm may not have been fired.

Table 4

## FIREARMS CONFISCATED, BY OFFENSE

## Chicago Police Department

<u>Offense Type<sup>a</sup></u>		<u>Number of Firearms</u>
		<u>1977</u>
000	Death Investigations	512
100	Rape	56
200	Robbery	735
300	Battery & Assault	2,824
390	Extortion & Threats	0
400	Burglary	347
500	Theft	358
600	Auto Theft	29
700	Arson	3
710	Forgery	0
711	Counterfeiting	1
712	Bogus Checks	0
715	Other Fraud	3
718	Embezzlement	0
730	Criminal Damage to Property	77
740	Weapons Violations <sup>b</sup>	8,395
750	Sex Offense	22
800	Vice	1,918
840	Family & Children Offenses	2
890	Other Criminal Offenses	394
905	Hit and Run	0
998	Misc. and Non-Criminal Offenses <sup>c</sup>	1,491
999	Internal Affairs Investigation <sup>d</sup>	358
Total		17,523

<sup>a</sup>As recorded by the investigating officer.

<sup>b</sup>For example: Unlawful Use of a Weapon, Failure to Register.

<sup>c</sup>Includes Turn-In's and Found Weapons.

<sup>d</sup>Investigation involving a police officer's gun.

- Victim's name.
- Initials of the technician assigned to the case.
- Results of laboratory tests are kept for five years. Results of homicide cases and cases involving a police officer are kept indefinitely. These case files begin in 1955.

For more information, contact:

Firearms Identification Unit  
Criminalistics Division  
Chicago Police Department  
1121 S. State Street  
Chicago, Illinois 60405  
(312) 744-5522

#### Chicago Gun Registration Data

Beginning in May, 1968, all Chicago residents were required to register their firearms (City Ordinance Ch.11.1-1 to 11.1-17, see Appendix D). If a firearm is purchased in the city, the dealer is required to submit the registration form (Exhibit C). Otherwise, the owner must submit it. The Gun Registration section of the Chicago Comptroller's Office is responsible for maintaining gun registration files. Sergeant Tony Figlioli has been in charge of Gun Registration since it began.

The Chicago gun registration form (Exhibit C) includes information on the gun and on the owner. It is possible to match guns with owners. Therefore, Chicago registration files are a data source for both firearm data and firearm owner data.

The files are kept in the City of Chicago computer system, and are also on microfilm for the daily use of the Gun Registration Office staff. These microfilm files, which are updated every week, are by far the most common means of accessing gun registration information. The

# Exhibit C

## Chicago Gun Registration Form

MAIL TO  
GUN REGISTRATION  
DEPT. OF REVENUE  
CITY HALL  
CHICAGO, ILL. 60602

TYPE or PRINT  
Use Black Ink

CITY GUN REGISTRATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_

DATE REGISTERED \_\_\_\_\_

(DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE)

Firearm Acquired Month Day Year			Serial Number			Model			Caliber/Gauge			Barrel Length		
Make or Manufacturer						1 <input type="checkbox"/> REVOLVER    3 <input type="checkbox"/> SHOTGUN    9 <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER 2 <input type="checkbox"/> RIFLE    4 <input type="checkbox"/> AUTO. PISTOL			Illinois Firearm Owner's License Number					
<input type="checkbox"/> MALE <input type="checkbox"/> ORGANIZATION <input type="checkbox"/> FEMALE    CLUB or ASSN.			DATE OF BIRTH Month Day Year			PERSONS WHO ARE UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE—ADDICTED TO NARCOTICS—MENTALLY RETARDED—CONVICTED OF A FELONY OR RELEASED FROM PENITENTIARY OR FROM MENTAL INSTITUTION OR ILLINOIS YOUTH COMMISSION IN PAST FIVE YEARS ARE INELIGIBLE TO REGISTER. I CERTIFY THAT I HAVE ANSWERED ALL QUESTIONS TRUTHFULLY AND CORRECTLY. I AM NOT INELIGIBLE TO REGISTER. FALSIFICATION RENDERS THIS NULL AND VOID AND SUBJECTS ME TO A PENALTY OF \$500.00.								
OWNER'S NAME (Last) (First) (Middle)														
STREET ADDRESS														
CITY & STATE			ZIP CODE											
PHONE NO.			SOCIAL SECURITY NO.			DRIVER'S LICENSE NO.			& ISSUING STATE <input type="checkbox"/> ILLINOIS <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER					

D.R. 354

## ACQUISITION DATA

It will assist us in maintaining the accuracy of Gun Registration Records if you will complete the following:

GUN WAS ACQUIRED BY ME ON Date		GUN OBTAINED BY <input type="checkbox"/> PURCHASE <input type="checkbox"/> GIFT <input type="checkbox"/> TRADE	
HAS WEAPON BEEN REGISTERED IN CHICAGO?		Previous Registration Number If known <input type="checkbox"/> YES    REGISTRATION NO. <input type="checkbox"/> NO	
GUN WAS ACQUIRED FROM			
NAME (Last) (First) (Middle)			
STREET ADDRESS			
CITY & STATE			
PURPOSE FOR ACQUIRING GUN:			

Gun Registration staff can search the files for records of each registration, according to the name of the owner or the serial number of the gun. The system is not programmed to search for any other field. Because the Gun Registration office considers both the name of the owner and the serial number of the gun to be privileged information, it is its policy to allow no one except Gun Registration staff to have access to the microfilm files.

It is possible to obtain information that contains only summary statistics, no identifying characteristics of individuals, from the City of Chicago computer gun registration files. Obtaining it requires, first, obtaining permission from the Chicago Mayor's office to have the city's computer staff do a special run.

The files are large. There are currently more than 687,000 guns registered, with an additional 400 to 600 new registrations added each week (see Table 5). These "new" registrations do not include firearms that have already been registered, and are being transferred from one owner to another. About 56 per cent of registered firearms are handguns.<sup>5</sup>

The Gun Registration office keeps four paper files in addition to the master file of registration applications. The Chicago Police Department provides two of these.

The "Lost and Stolen" file is a list of firearms, with serial numbers, reported to the Chicago police, or discovered by them, to be lost or stolen. This list is maintained by the Record Inquiry Section of the

---

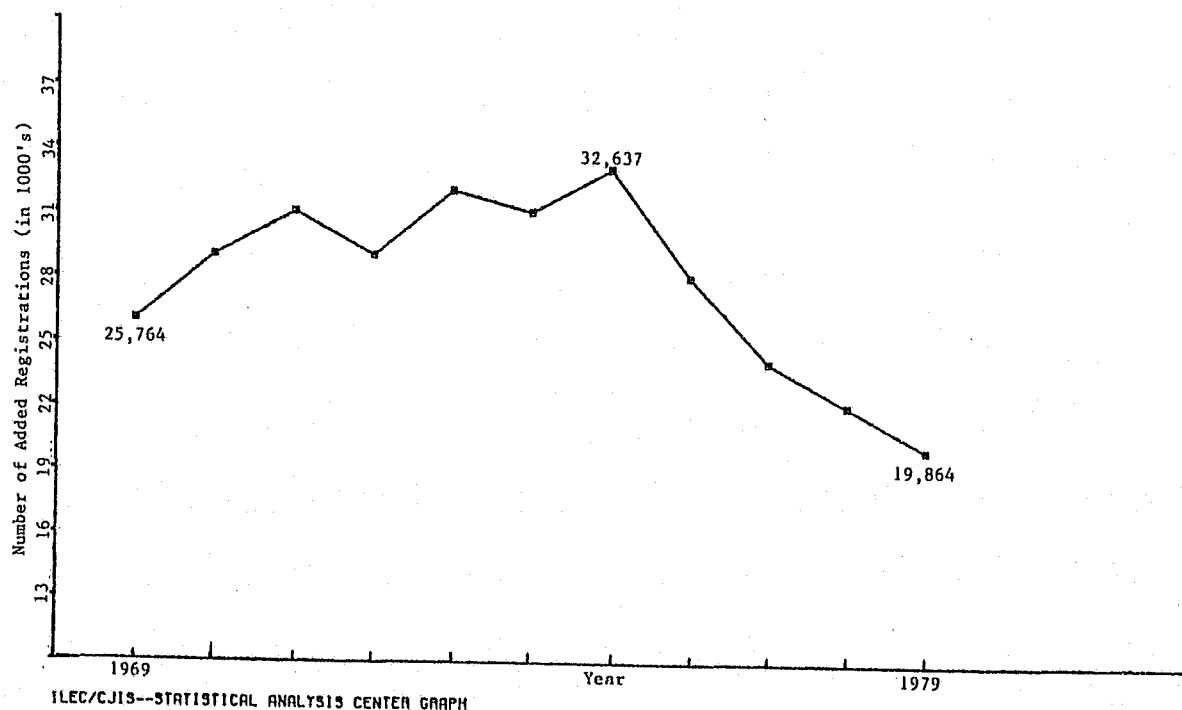
<sup>5</sup>Source: Conversation with Sergeant Figlioli, June, 1980.



Table 5

CHICAGO FIREARMS: NEW REGISTRATIONS

<u>Time Period</u>	<u>Number Added</u>
May 31, 1968 <sup>a</sup>	323,000
May-Dec., 1968	49,100
1969	25,764
1970	29,074
1971	31,014
1972	29,238
1973	31,904
1974	31,331
1975	32,637
1976	28,422
1977	24,212
1978	21,961
1979	19,864

**CHICAGO NEW FIREARMS REGISTRATIONS<sup>a</sup>**  
SOURCE: CITY OF CHICAGO GUN REGISTRATION OFFICE

<sup>a</sup>Confiscated and destroyed firearms have not been subtracted. In 1968, when Firearm Registration began, 372,100 guns were registered.

Chicago Police Department. In general, this list includes only firearms reported to the Chicago Police Department as lost or stolen, although the Department can search the NCIC (National Crime Information Center) computer files for a particular firearm if it has the manufacturer, the model and the serial number. For more information contact:

Records Division  
Record Inquiry Section  
Chicago Police Department  
1121 South State Street  
Chicago, Illinois 60605  
(312) 744-6258

The Gun Registration office also obtains a list of serial numbers of all firearms confiscated and then destroyed by the Chicago Police Department's Custodian's Office, Evidence and Recovered Property. The Custodians Office also sends a list of serial numbers of destroyed firearms to NCIC. The Chicago police confiscate 15,000 to 20,000 firearms a year, about a fourth of which are registered. The Gun Registration office removes these from its files. Some of the confiscations, in fact, are initiated by the Gun Registration office, which searches the "lost and stolen" files and files of felons, drug addicts and mental commitments, for each attempted firearm registration (see Table 6). It reports matches, called "hits," to the police department.

The third Gun Registration office paper file contains records of firearms purchased from ATF registered firearm dealers in the city. Each Chicago firearm dealer is required to submit a registration form (Exhibit C) for each firearm sale. The Gun Registration office uses these to keep a paper file of sales in Chicago, in the order of the date of the sale. This sale file is maintained separately from the file of all registration applications. It includes mostly long gun sales,

Table 6

CHICAGO FIREARM REGISTRATION "HITS"

MAY, 1978, THROUGH DECEMBER, 1979

<u>Stolen Firearms</u> <sup>a</sup>	
Inventoried (confiscated) by C.P.D. <sup>b</sup>	298
Still under investigation	115
Unfounded <sup>c</sup>	<u>40</u>
Total	453
 <u>Revocations: Felons, Drug Addicts, Mental Commitments</u> <sup>d</sup>	
Inventoried (confiscated) by C.P.D. <sup>b</sup>	380
Transferred out <sup>e</sup>	205
Reported stolen by felon	145
Reinstated <sup>f</sup>	10
Still under investigation	<u>419</u>
Total Firearms Registrations revoked	1149
 Number of people owning these firearms	 611

<sup>a</sup>Registered firearms, or firearms that people were attempting to register, that appeared on the Lost or Stolen list (see page 25).

<sup>b</sup>Chicago Police Department

<sup>c</sup>The police found that the firearm was really not stolen.

<sup>d</sup>Mostly (99%) felons. These include registrations to owners who were later convicted of a felony, and attempts to register by persons who had been convicted of a felony within five years.

<sup>e</sup>The felon sold or traded the firearm to another person.

<sup>f</sup>Although these people were on the list of felons, drug addicts and mental commitments, their conviction or commitment occurred more than five years previously. Therefore, the registration was reinstated.

Source: City of Chicago Gun Registration Office.

because it is almost impossible to legally purchase a handgun in Chicago. Therefore, it would not be an adequate indicator of handgun ownership in Chicago.

The Gun Registration office also keeps a list of Illinois mental commitments, court commitments to drug abuse programs, and a national list of people convicted of felonies. People who are committed to a mental hospital or drug abuse program, or are convicted of a felony, may not own a firearm for five years after release from the hospital or prison.

For more information about Chicago gun registration data, contact:

Gun Registration  
Chicago Comptroller's Office  
Room CC 114 Daley Center  
50 W. Washington Blvd.  
Chicago, Illinois 60602  
(312) 744-8100

#### Peoria Handgun Registration Data

Since the mid-sixties, Peoria has required the registration of handguns (City Ordinance Sec. 41-13, see Exhibit D). It also requires that firearm dealers register each sale (City Ordinance 41-9). Peoria's municipal code regarding firearms is listed in Appendix D.

Registration records before 1979 are paper records. Because of space limitations, many of these have been put in storage and are not easily accessible.

All 1979 and 1980 registrations have been entered into a computer file. According to Captain Robert Latham (conversation August, 1980), the Peoria Police Department plans to enter earlier registrations when it has the time to do so, but this is not a top priority.

# PEORIA POLICE DEPARTMENT

## Daily Report of Concealable Weapons Transaction

### SECTION A - STATEMENT of TRANSFeree or BUYER

1. Transferee's (buyer's) name (last, first, middle)				2. Legal Address (number, street, city, state, zip)		
2. Height	3. Weight	4. Date of Birth	5. Sex/Race	6. Drivers License No.	7. Social Security No.	

**8. Certification of Transferee (Buyer)—an untruthful answer may subject you to criminal prosecution. Each question must be answered with a yes or no.**

- a. Are you under indictment in any court for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year? \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Have you been convicted in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year? (Note: The actual sentence given by the judge does not matter—a yes answer is necessary if the judge could have given a sentence of more than one year.) \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Are you a fugitive from justice? \_\_\_\_\_

d. Are you an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marihuana or a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug? \_\_\_\_\_

e. Have you been adjudicated mentally defective or have you ever been committed to a mental institution? \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify that the answers to the above are true and correct. I understand that a person who answers any of the above questions in the affirmative is prohibited by Local Ordinance from purchasing and/or possessing a firearm. I also understand that the making of any false oral or written statement or the exhibiting of any false or misrepresented identification with respect to this transaction is a crime punishable as a misdemeanor.

Transferee's (buyer's) signature \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Date and Time of application

\_\_\_\_\_ Date and Time of weapon transfer

### SECTION B - STATEMENT OF TRANSFEROR or SELLER

On the basis of: (1) the statements in Section A; (2) the verification of identity noted in Section B and (3) the information in the current

list of Published Ordinances, it is my belief that it is not unlawful for me to sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of the firearm described below to the person identified in Section A.

9. Type (pistol, etc.)	10. Model	13. Caliber	14. Serial No.
15. Manufacturer	16. Finish color	17. Illinois Firearm ID No. (Buyer, transferee)	
18. Name of Business		19. Name of employee making transfer	

Required Thumbprint  
(Police copy only)

1. All entries must be in ink or typewritten. All signatures must be in ink.
2. All entries must be legible.
3. Completed forms should be mailed or delivered to the police station at the end of each working day.
4. Thumbprints should be the right thumb when possible. Always indicate which thumb is being printed.
5. If more than one firearm is involved, the information in Section B, items 9 thru 16, must be provided for each firearm.

There is, as yet, no computer program to extract information from these files. It would, of course, be possible to make a complete list of the records on the file, but this list would include information identifying individuals, and the Police Department would, therefore, limit access to the list. An extraction program, which the Department plans to write, would permit the efficient extraction of data without individual identifiers, as well as the search for a particular serial number or name.

For more information, contact:

General Services Division  
Peoria Police Department  
542 S.W. Adams St.  
Peoria, Illinois 61602  
(309) 673-4521



## FIREARMS AND CRIME

There are two main sources of data on crimes committed with firearms: police-level data and victim survey data. Other Statistical Analysis Center publications (Perrin, 1977, 1979; Kok, 1979, 1980) describe these sources and access to them. This section briefly reviews the data available. See the Perrin or Kok reports for more detail.

### Victim Surveys

In Illinois, there have been victim surveys of Region 20 (Southern Illinois counties, also called Greater Egypt), Joliet, Peoria, Champaign, and Chicago. Also, the National Crime Surveys (NCS) nationwide sample has been re-weighted to represent Illinois. A survey of victims known to the police has been conducted in Evanston.

Each of these surveys includes some information about the weapon. A relevant NCS question, for example is:

Were you knifed, shot at, or attacked with some other weapon by anyone at all?

Respondents who answer, "yes" are asked:

What was the weapon?	Anything else?
gun	
knife	
other	

The Joliet and Peoria surveys first asked four screening questions about victimization by robbery, assault, burglary and larceny. Those who answered "yes" were asked:

Did the person(s) have a weapon, such as a gun or knife, or use something as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?

Respondents who answered "yes" were asked:



What was the weapon?

gun  
knife  
gun(s) + knife(s)  
other  
gun(s) + other  
gun(s)  
knife(s) + other

For more information on access to and use of victim surveys, see Perrin (1977, 1979).

#### Police-Level Data

Each of the over one thousand Illinois police jurisdictions (sheriff's offices and police departments) keeps records of offenses reported to it, arrests made, and much other information. The Illinois Department of Law Enforcement (DLE) collects these data and maintains them in computer files. The Statistical Analysis Center maintains its own edition of these files, and has published a codebook for them (Kok, 1979, 1980).

Monthly data since January, 1972, are available. They are organized by type of criminal offense. Of the more than 200 crime codes DLE uses, the following refer specifically to firearms:

<u>DLE Code</u>	<u>Definition</u>
0121	Attempt Murder: Firearm <sup>6</sup>
0211	Forcible Rape: Firearm
0311	Armed Robbery: Firearm
0330	Attempts: Armed robbery: Firearm

---

<sup>6</sup>Murder (code 0110), Voluntary Manslaughter (0130), and Involuntary Manslaughter (0141 and 0142) are not categorized by weapon in the DLE offense file. However, there is another DLE file, the Supplementary Homicide Report file, that gives weapon information for homicide offenses. See page 33.

0410	Unlawful Use of Weapons (UW) <sup>7</sup>
0510	Aggravated Assault: Firearm
1420	Unlawful Sale of Firearms
1430	Unlawful Possession: Firearms & Ammunition
1450	Defacing Identification Marks, Firearms
1460	Firearms and Ammunition: No ID
1490	Attempts: 1420,1430,1440,1450,1460
1440	Register of Firearms Sales
2900	Air Rifles

For each of these crimes, much data exist, including the following:

Offenses actually occurring<sup>8</sup>  
 Offenses cleared by arrest  
 Arrests/held for prosecution (adult)

In addition, Illinois police jurisdictions report, and DLE collects, firearm information for two supplementary files--Law Enforcement Officers Killed, Assaulted or Battered, and the Supplemental Homicide Report.

The police officers killed or assaulted file includes monthly totals, for each jurisdiction, of the number of assaults by a firearm, as well as the monthly totals of assaults by other weapons, and monthly totals of assaults under various circumstances (such as during a traffic stop). The total number of "officers killed" appears on this file, but it is not categorized by weapon. That information can be obtained, however, from the Supplementary Homicide Report.

The Supplementary Homicide Report file includes information on the following categories of weapon, for each homicide record:

---

<sup>7</sup>This could be any weapon, but is most often a firearm. UW is a common charge in Chicago, and is often used as one of multiple charges arising from the same incident. If the other charges cannot be successfully prosecuted, the defendant sometimes pleads guilty to UW, and the other charges are dropped.

<sup>8</sup>Reported offenses minus those unfounded and referred to the responsible jurisdiction. For definitions, see Perrin (1977).

Firearm, type not stated. Does not include mechanics gun or grease gun.

Handgun - Pistol, revolver, etc.

Rifle

Shotgun

Other gun

There is one record for each homicide suspect, but SAC is creating a second homicide file that will contain one record for each victim. The Illinois Supplementary Homicide Report began in 1976.

See Kok (1979,1980) and contact the Statistical Analysis Center for information about and access to these files.

ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION

The national lobby against gun control:

National Rifle Association  
1600 Rhode Island Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC  
(202) 828-600

Information on firearms used in sports:

National Shooting Sports Foundation  
1075 Post Road  
Riverside, Connecticut 06878  
(203) 637-3618

Information on firearm manufacture in the United States:

Small Arms Manufacturing Institute (SAMI)  
420 Lexington Avenue  
New York, New York 10017  
(212) 689-3237

The Illinois branch of the lobby for handgun control:

Committee for Handgun Control  
109 N. Dearborn Street, Suite 1300  
Chicago, Illinois 60602  
(312) 641-5570

A review of handgun transfer laws in the United States:

Blose, James and Philip J. Cook

1980 Regulating Handgun transfers: Current State and Federal Procedures, and an Assessment of the Feasibility and Cost of the Proposed Procedures in the Handgun Crime Control Act of 1979. Working paper, Center for the Study of Policy Analysis, Institute of Policy Sciences and Public Affairs, Duke University, 4875 Duke Station, Durham, North Carolina 27706.

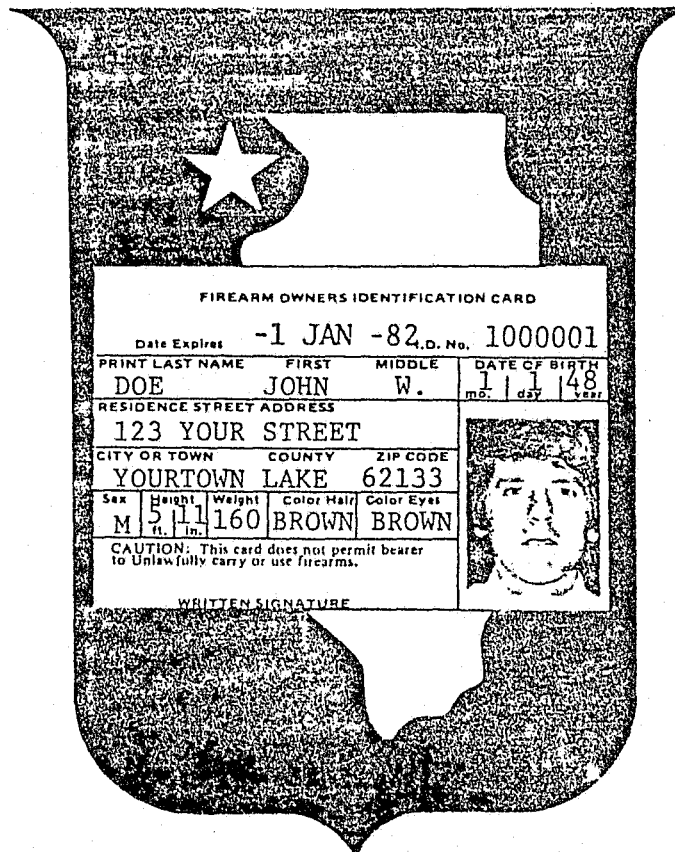


Appendix A


ILLINOIS FIREARMS OWNERS LAW



ILLINOIS FIREARM OWNERS  
IDENTIFICATION LAW  
Chapter 38, Section 83  
of the  
ILLINOIS REVISED STATUTES



**FIREARM OWNERS IDENTIFICATION CARD**

Date Expires		-1 JAN -82		I.D. No. 1000001	
PRINT LAST NAME	FIRST	MIDDLE	DATE OF BIRTH		
DOE	JOHN	W.	1	1	148
RESIDENCE STREET ADDRESS			mo. day year		
123 YOUR STREET					
CITY OR TOWN	COUNTY	ZIP CODE			
YOURTOWN	LAKE	62133			
Sex	Height	Weight	Color Hair	Color Eyes	
M	5' 11"	160	BROWN	BROWN	
CAUTION: This card does not permit bearer to Unlawfully carry or use firearms.					
WRITTEN SIGNATURE					

DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT  
DIVISION OF SUPPORT SERVICES  
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION  
1035 Outer Park Drive West  
Springfield, Illinois 62704



ILLINOIS FIREARM OWNERS IDENTIFICATION LAW  
(Chapter 38, Section 83)

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

83-1. Legislative declaration.) § 1. It is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination that in order to promote and protect the health, safety and welfare of the public, it is necessary and in the public interest to provide a system of identifying persons who are not qualified to acquire or possess firearms and firearm ammunition within the State of Illinois by the establishment of a system of Firearm Owner's Identification Cards, thereby establishing a practical and workable system by which law enforcement authorities will be afforded an opportunity to identify those persons who are prohibited by Section 24-3.1 of the "Criminal Code of 1961" as amended, from acquiring or possessing firearms and firearm ammunition.

83-1.1. Definitions.) § 1.1. For purposes of this Act:

"Firearm" means any device, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosion, expansion of gas or escape of gas; excluding, however:

- (1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, or B-B gun which expels a single globular projectile not exceeding .18 inch in diameter;
- (2) any device used exclusively for signalling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission; or
- (3) any device used exclusively for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial ammunition;
- (4) an antique firearm (other than a machine-gun) which, although designed as a weapon, the Department of Law Enforcement finds by reason of the date of its manufacture, value, design and other characteristics is primarily a collector's item and is not likely to be used as a weapon.

"Firearm Ammunition" means any self-contained cartridge or shotgun shell, by whatever name known, which is designed to be used or adaptable to use in a firearm; excluding, however:

- (1) any ammunition exclusively designed for use with a device used exclusively for signalling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission; or
- (2) any ammunition designed exclusively for use with a stud or rivet driver or other similar industrial ammunition.

83-2. Requisites for Acquisition or Possession - Exempted Persons or Entities.)

§ 2. (a) No person may acquire or possess any firearm or any firearm ammunition within this State without having in his possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his name by the Department of Law Enforcement under the provisions of this Act.

(b) The provisions of this Section regarding the possession of firearms and firearm ammunition do not apply to:

- (1) United State's Marshals, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
- (2) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
- (3) Federal officials required to carry firearms, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
- (4) Law enforcement officials of this or any other jurisdiction, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
- (5) Members of bona fide veterans organizations which receive firearms directly from the armed forces of the United States, while using such firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition.
- (6) Nonresident hunters during hunting season, with valid nonresident hunting licenses and while in an area where hunting is permitted; however, at all other times and in all other places such persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (7) Nonresidents while on a firing or shooting range recognized by the Department of Law Enforcement; however, such persons must at all other times and in all other places have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (8) Nonresidents, while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Department of Law Enforcement; however, at all other times and in all other places such persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (9) Nonresidents, whose firearms are unloaded and enclosed in a case; and
- (10) Nonresidents, who are currently licensed or registered to possess a firearm in their resident state; and

- (11) Unemancipated minors while in the custody and immediate control of their parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to such minor if such parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to such minor has a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

83-3. Requisites for transfer.) § 3. (a) No person within this State may knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any firearm or any firearm ammunition to any person within this State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card which has previously been issued in his name by the Department of Law Enforcement under the provisions of this Act.

- (b) Any person within this State who transfers or causes to be transferred any firearm shall keep a record of such transfer for a period of 10 years from the date of transfer. Such record shall contain the date of transfer; the description, serial number or other information identifying the firearm if no serial number is available; and, if the transfer was completed within this State, the transferee's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number. On demand of a peace officer such transferor shall produce for inspection such record of transfer.
- (c) The provisions of this Section regarding the transfer of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those persons specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act.

83-4. Application for Firearm Owner's Identification Card.) § 4. (a) Each applicant for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall:

- (1) Make application on blank forms prepared and furnished at convenient locations throughout the State by the Department of Law Enforcement; and
- (2) Submit evidence under oath to the Department of Law Enforcement that:
  - (i) He is 21 years of age or over, or if he is under 21 years of age that he has the written consent of his parent or legal guardian to possess and acquire firearms and firearm ammunition and that he has never been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent, provided, however, that such parent or legal guardian is not an individual prohibited from having a Firearm Owner's Identification Card and files an affidavit with the Department as prescribed by the Department stating that he is not an individual prohibited from having a Card;
  - (ii) He has never been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within the prior 5 years and he has never been confined to a penitentiary within the prior 5 years;
  - (iii) He is not addicted to narcotics;
  - (iv) He has not been a patient in a mental institution within the past 5 years; and
  - (v) He is not mentally retarded.

- (b) Upon such written consent, pursuant to Section 4, paragraph (a) (2) (i), the parent or legal guardian giving the consent shall be liable for any damages resulting from the applicant's use of firearms or firearm ammunition.

83-5. Approval or Denial or Application.) § 5. The Department of Law Enforcement shall either approve or deny all applications within 30 days from the date they are received, and every applicant found qualified pursuant to Section 8 of this Act by the Department shall be entitled to a Firearm Owner's Identification Card upon the payment of a \$5 fee. \$3 of each fee derived from the issuance of Firearm Owner's Identification Cards, or renewals thereof, shall be deposited in the Game and Fish Fund in the State Treasury, and \$2 of such fee shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury.

83-6. Contents of identification card.) § 6. A Firearm Owner's Identification Card, issued by the Department of Law Enforcement at such places as the Director of the Department shall specify, shall contain the applicant's name, residence, date of birth, sex, physical description, recent photograph and such other personal identifying information as may be required by the Director. Each Firearm Owner's Identification Card must have printed on it the following: "CAUTION - This card does not permit bearer to UNLAWFULLY carry or use firearms."

83-7. Duration of identification card.) § 7. Except as provided in Section 8 of this Act, a Firearm Owner's Identification Card issued under the provisions of this Act shall be valid for the person to whom it is issued for a period of 5 years from the date of issuance.

83-8. Denial of Application or Revocation or Seizure of Card - Notice.) § 8. The Department of Law Enforcement has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and to seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under this Act only if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom such card was issued is or was at the time of issuance:

- (a) A person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent;
- (b) A person under 21 years of age who does not have the written consent of his parent or guardian to acquire and possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or guardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent or guardian does not qualify to have a Firearm Owner's Identification Card;
- (c) A person convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within the prior 5 years or a person confined to a penitentiary within the prior 5 years;
- (d) A person addicted to narcotics;
- (e) A person who has been a patient of a mental institution within the past 5 years; or
- (f) A person who is mentally retarded.

83-8.1 Felony convictions - Notification - Time for notification.) § 8.1 The Circuit Clerk shall notify the Department of Law Enforcement, Firearms Identification Division, of the names and addresses of all persons convicted of a felony in his county. Such information shall be furnished within 30 days after the judgment of conviction becomes final.

- 83-9. Denial of application or revocation or seizure of card - Notice.) § 9. Every person whose application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card is denied, and every holder of such a Card before his Card is denied, and every holder of such a Card before his Card is revoked or seized, shall receive a written notice from the Department of Law Enforcement stating specifically the grounds upon which his application has been denied or upon which his Identification Card has been revoked.
- 83-10. Appeal to director - Hearing.) § 10. (a) Whenever an application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card is denied, whenever the Department fails to act on an application within 30 days of its receipt, or whenever such a Card is revoked or seized as provided for in Section 8 of this Act, the aggrieved party may appeal to the Director of the Department of Law Enforcement for a hearing upon such denial, revocation or seizure.
- (b) Whenever, upon the receipt of such an appeal for a hearing, the Director is satisfied that substantial justice has not been done, he may order a hearing to be held by the Department upon the denial or revocation.
- 83-11. Review under Administrative Review Act.) § 11. All final administrative decisions of the Department under this Act shall be subject to judicial review under the provisions of the "Administrative Review Act", approved May 8, 1945, and all amendments and modifications thereof, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto. The term "administrative decision" is defined as in Section 1 of the "Administrative Review Act".
- 83-12. Death of owner - Transfer.) § 12. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to the passing or transfer of any firearm or firearm ammunition upon the death of the owner thereof to his heir or legatee or to the passing or transfer of any firearm or firearm ammunition incident to any legal proceeding or action until 60 days after such passing or transfer.
- 83-13. Acquisition or possession prohibited by law.) § 13. Nothing in this Act shall make lawful the acquisition or possession of firearms or firearm ammunition which is otherwise prohibited by law.
- 83-13.1. Municipal ordinance imposing greater restrictions or limitations. § 13.1 The provisions of any ordinance enacted by any municipality which requires registration or imposes greater restrictions or limitations on the acquisition, possession and transfer of firearms than are imposed by this Act, are not invalidated or affected by this Act.
- 83-14. § 14. Sentence.) Violation of this Act is a Class A misdemeanor.

- 83-15. Severability clause.) § 15. If any provision of this Act or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid application or provision, and to this end the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable.
- 83-15a. Transfer of records from Department of Public Safety to Department of Law Enforcement - Identification cards, validity - Rights - Powers and duties of Department.) § 15a. When this amendatory Act enacted by the Seventy-Sixth General Assembly takes effect the records of the Department of Public Safety relating to the administration of the Act amended shall be transferred to the Department of Law Enforcement. All Firearm Owner's Identification Cards issued by the Department of Public Safety shall be valid for the period for which they were issued unless revoked or seized in the manner provided in the Act amended. The Department of Law Enforcement as the successor to the Department of Public Safety shall have the rights, powers and duties provided in, and be subject to the provisions of sections 32, 33, and 34 of "The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois".

For additional information concerning Firearm Owners Identification contact:

Department of Law Enforcement  
Bureau of Identification  
Firearm Owners Identification Section  
1035 Outer Park Drive  
Springfield, Illinois 62704

Phone: 217/782-5076  
or  
217-782-7980

## Appendix B

## EXAMPLE OF AN ATF FIREARMS TRANSACTION RECORD



Department of the Treasury  
Internal Revenue Service  
Alcohol, Tobacco and  
Firearms Division



# Firearms Transaction Record

Intra-State Over-the-Counter

NOTE: Please read and carefully follow the instructions on the back

Transferor transaction  
number

## Section A—Statement of Transferee or Buyer

1. Transferee's (buyer's) name (last, first, middle) (Mr., Mrs., Miss)	2. Height	3. Weight	4. Race
5. Address (number, street, city, State, ZIP code)		6. Date of birth	7. Place of birth

8. Certification of Transferee (Buyer)—an untruthful answer may subject you to criminal prosecution. Each question must be answered with a yes or no.

- a. Are you under indictment in any court for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year? \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Have you been convicted in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year? (Note: The actual sentence given by the judge does not matter—a yes answer is necessary if the judge could have given a sentence of more than one year.) \_\_\_\_\_

- c. Are you a fugitive from justice? \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Are you an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marijuana or a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug? \_\_\_\_\_
- e. Have you been adjudicated mentally defective or have you ever been committed to a mental institution? \_\_\_\_\_
- f. Have you been discharged from the Armed Forces under dishonorable conditions? \_\_\_\_\_
- g. Are you an alien illegally in the United States? \_\_\_\_\_
- h. Are you a person who, having been a citizen of the United States, has renounced his citizenship? \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify that the answers to the above are true and correct. I understand that a person who answers any of the above questions in the affirmative is prohibited by Federal law from purchasing and/or possessing a firearm. I also understand

that the making of any false oral or written statement or the exhibiting of any false or misrepresented identification with respect to this transaction is a crime punishable as a felony.

Transferee's (buyer's) signature

Date

## Section B—Statement of Transferor or Seller

The person described in Section A, is known to me ☐, or has identified himself to me ☐ in the following manner:

9. Type of identification (driver's license, etc.)	10. Number on identification
--	------------------------------

On the basis of: (1) the statements in Section A; (2) the verification of identity noted in Section B; and (3) the information in the current list of Published Ordinances, it is my belief that it is

not unlawful for me to sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of the firearm described below to the person identified in Section A.

11. Type (pistol, rifle, etc.)	12. Model	13. Caliber or gauge	14. Serial number
15. Manufacturer (and importer, if any)			
16. Transferor's (seller's) signature		17. Transferor's title	18. Transaction date

**Notice:**

Under 18 U.S.C. Chapter 44 and Title VII of Public Law 90-351, 18 U.S.C. Appendix 1201-1203, as amended, firearms may not be sold to or received by certain persons. The information and certification on this form are designed so that a person licensed under Chapter 44

may determine if he may lawfully sell or otherwise dispose of a firearm to the person identified in Section A, and to alert the transferee (buyer) of certain restrictions on the receipt and possession of firearms.

**Definitions**

1. **Intra-State Over-the-Counter Transaction**—The sale or other disposition of a firearm by the transferor (seller) to a transferee (buyer), who is a resident of the State in which the transferor's business is located, occurring on the transferor's business premises.

2. **Published Ordinances**—The publication issued annually by the Director, Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division, which contains the published local ordinances determined by him to be relevant to the enforcement of Chapter 44 of Title 18, U.S.C., which were published in the Federal Register.

**Instructions**

1. Only one Form 4473, Part 1, is required for each intra-State over-the-counter transaction.

2. All signatures required on this form must be in ink. All other entries on the form must be in ink or be typewritten.

3. The transferor (seller) of a firearm will, in every instance, obtain the information required to complete Section A of the form and have the transferee (buyer) sign the certification in that Section.

4. When the transferee (buyer) of a firearm is a corporation, company, association, partnership or other such business entity, an officer authorized to act on behalf of the business may sign the certification in Section A of the form and attach a written statement, executed under the penalty of perjury, stating

(a) that the firearm is being acquired for the use of and will be the property of that business entity, and

(b) the name and address of that business entity.

5. The transferor (seller) of a firearm will, in every instance, complete Section B of the form.

6. If more than one firearm is involved, the identification required by Section B, Items 11 through 15, must be provided for each firearm. The identification of the firearms transferred in a transaction which covers more than one weapon may be on a separate sheet of paper, which must be attached to the form covering the transaction.

7. The transferor (seller) of the firearm is responsible for determining the lawfulness of the transaction and for keeping proper records of the transaction. Consequently, the transferor should be familiar with the provisions of the Gun Control Act of 1968 (U.S.C., Title 18, Chapter 44) and Title VII, Unlawful Possession or Receipt of Firearms, (82 Stat. 197), and Part 178, Commerce in Firearms and Certain Ammunition, Title 26, Code of Federal Regulations.

8. Upon completion of the firearm transaction, the transferor (seller) must make a part of his permanent firearms records the form recording that transaction and any supporting documents. Forms 4473, Part 1, and any supporting documents must be filed either chronologically by date of transaction, alphabetically by name of transferee (buyer), or numerically by transaction number if the transferor assigns transaction numbers to the forms.

Appendix C

MUNICIPAL CODES REGARDING FIREARMS

ILLINOIS MUNICIPALITIES

Source: ATF 1979a





---

## Illinois

### State Law

Ill. Ann. Stat.

38 Sec. 21-1. Unlawful use of weapons.  
(a) A person commits the offense of unlawful  
use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of  
any kind designed, used or intended for use in  
silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun having one or more barrels less than 18 inches in length, sometimes called a sawed-off shotgun, or any weapon made from a shotgun, whether by alteration, modification or otherwise, if such weapon, as modified or altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches, or a barrel length of less than 18 inches or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance of over one-quarter ounce for like purposes, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails or artillery projectiles; \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

A "stun gun or taser", as used in this paragraph (a) means any device which is powered by electrical charging units, such as, batteries, and which, fires one or several barbs attached to a length of wire and which, upon hitting a human can send out current capable of disrupting the person's nervous system in such a manner as to render him incapable of normal functioning.

**38 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions. \* \* \* \***

(c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any of the following:

- (1) Peace officers.
- (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.
- (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
- (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this Subsection to possess machine guns, if the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible. \* \* \* \*
- (g) An information or indictment based upon a violation of any Subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden of proving such an exemption.

**38 Sec. 24-3. Unlawful sale of firearms.** A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

- (a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age; or
- (b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or
- (c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or
- (d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5

years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed; or

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past 5 years; or

(f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least 24 hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this paragraph shall not apply to: (1) the sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; or (2) a mail order sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; or (3) the sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of Law Enforcement; or (4) the sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the Federal Firearms Act of the United States; or

(h) While holding any license under the Federal "Gun Control Act of 1968", as amended, as a dealer, importer, manufacturer or pawnbroker; manufactures, sells or delivers to any unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, frame or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other nonhomogeneous metal which will melt or deform at a temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For purposes of this paragraph, (1) "firearm" is defined as in "An Act relating to the acquisition, possession and transfer of firearms and firearm ammunition, to provide a penalty for the violation thereof and to make an appropriation in connection therewith", approved August 3, 1967, as amended; (2) "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a combination of parts from which a firearm can be assembled.

(i) Paragraph (h) of this Section shall not include firearms sold within 6 months after enactment of this amendatory Act of 1973, nor shall any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or purchased by any citizen within 6 months after the enactment of this amendatory Act of 1973 be subject to confiscation or seizure under the provisions of this amendatory Act of 1973. Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1973 shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm if that firearm was legally held or acquired within 6 months after the enactment of this amendatory Act of 1973.

(j) Sentence. Unlawful sale of firearms is a Class A misdemeanor.

**38 Sec. 24-3.1 Unlawful Possession of Firearms and Firearm Ammunition.** (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition when:

(1) He is under 18 years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

(2) He is under 21 years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(3) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(4) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(5) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past 5 years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(6) He is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

(b) Sentence. Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition is a Class A misdemeanor.

**38 Sec. 24-5. Defacing Identification Marks of Firearms.**

(a) Any person who shall change, alter, remove or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identification of any firearm commits a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed, altered, removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

**38 Sec. 83-1. Legislative Declaration.** It is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination that in order to promote and protect the health, safety and welfare of the public, it is necessary and in the public interest to provide a system of identifying persons who are not qualified to acquire or possess firearms and firearm ammunition within the State of Illinois by the establishment of a system of Firearm Owner's Identification Cards, thereby establishing a practical and workable system by which law enforcement authorities will be afforded an opportunity to identify those persons who are prohibited by Section 24-3.1 of the "Criminal Code of 1961", as amended, from acquiring or possessing firearms and firearm ammunition.

.38 Sec. 83-1.1 Definitions. For purposes of this Act: "Firearm" means any device, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosion, expansion of gas or escape of gas; excluding, however:

(1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, or B-B gun which expels a single globular projectile not exceeding .18 inch in diameter.

(2) any device used exclusively for signaling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission; or

(3) any device used exclusively for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial ammunition;

(4) an antique firearm (other than a machine-gun) which, although designed as a weapon, the Department of Law Enforcement finds by reason of the date of its manufacture, value, design, and other characteristics is primarily a collector's item and is not likely to be used as a weapon.

"Firearm Ammunition" means any self-contained cartridge or shotgun shell, by whatever name known, which is designed to be used or adaptable to use in a firearm; excluding, however:

(1) any ammunition exclusively designed for use with a device used exclusively for signalling or safety and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission; or

(2) any ammunition designed exclusively for use with a stud or rivet driver or other similar industrial ammunition.

38 Sec. 83-2. Requisites for Acquisition or Possession—Exempted Persons or Entities.

(a) No person may acquire or possess any firearm or any firearm ammunition within this State without having in his possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his name by the Department of Law Enforcement under the provisions of this Act.

(b) The provisions of this Section regarding the possession of firearms and firearm ammunition do not apply to:

(1) United States Marshals, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;

(2) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;

(3) Federal officials required to carry firearms, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;

(4) Law enforcement officials of this or any other jurisdiction, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;

(5) Members of bona fide veterans organizations which receive firearms directly from the armed force of the United States, while using such firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition.

(6) Nonresident hunters during hunting season, with valid nonresident hunting licenses and while in an area where hunting is permitted; however, at all other times and in all other places such persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(7) Nonresidents while on a firing or shooting range recognized by the Department of Law Enforcement; however, such persons must at all other times and in all other places have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(8) Nonresidents, while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Department of Law Enforcement; however, at all other times and in all other places such persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(9) Nonresidents, whose firearms are unloaded and enclosed in a case; and

(10) Nonresidents, who are currently licensed or registered to possess a firearm in their resident state; and

(11) Unemancipated minors while in the custody and immediate control of their parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to such minor if such parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to such minor has a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

38 Sec. 83-3. Requisites for transfer. (a) No person within this State may knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any firearm or any firearm ammunition to any person within this State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card which has previously been issued in his name by the Department of Public Safety under the provision of this Act. \* \* \* \* (c) The provisions of this Section regarding the transfer of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those persons specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act. (Chapter 38, Sec. 83-2.)

38 Sec. 83-6. Contents of Identification Card. A Firearm Owner's Identification Card, issued by the Department of Law Enforcement at such places as the Director of the Department shall specify, shall contain the applicant's name, residence, date of birth, sex, physical description, recent photograph and such other personal identifying information as may be required by the Director. Each Firearm Owner's Identification Card must have printed on it the following: "CAUTION—This card does not permit bearer to UNLAWFULLY carry or use firearms."

## Abingdon

6-2-3-15: Unlawful use of weapons: (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to: \* \* \* \* 6. Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

7. Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18") in length, or any bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

6-2-4-14: Sale of firearms or weapons to minors prohibited: (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell to any minor person any firearm \* \* \* \*

## Atlanta City

6-2-3-15: and 6-2-4-14: same as Abingdon Code.

## Aurora

### Division 1. Generally

Sec. 48-11. Dealer's license required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license so to do.

\* \* \* \* \*

Sec. 48-17. Disposing of weapon to unauthorized persons. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the city, any deadly weapon mentioned in section 48-11, except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the chief of police as hereinafter required.

\* \* \* \* \*

### Division 3. Gunsmiths

Sec. 48-33. License required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer, or other firearm, which can be concealed on the person without securing a license so to do.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Addison

2. Permit. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or give away to any person within the Village of Addison any firearm unless such person so purchasing or receiving such firearm shall have a valid State of Illinois Gun Owner's Identification Card and shall have secured a written permit for the purchase of said firearm from the Chief of Police, and it shall be the duty of the person selling or giving away firearms to receive and keep such written permits from the Chief of Police in a permanent file for inspection purposes. Every such person with a license to deal in firearms shall, on demand, allow the

Chief of Police or his deputy to enter for inspection during normal business hours, all stock on hand and shall on request of such officer, produce for inspection all written permits issued by the Chief of Police for the sale of such firearms, and the register so required to be kept.

4. Minors. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or give away to any minor any firearm which can be concealed on the person within the corporate limits of the Village of Addison.

## Alton

4-17-1: License required: It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away to any person within the City, any pistol, revolver, derringer, shotgun and rifle (capable of being concealed on the person), antique firearms, \* \* \* without securing a license so to do \* \* \*.

## Arlington Heights

### Article XXXIII—Gun Dealers.

Section 14-3301 Gun Dealers—License Required. No person shall engage in the business of selling firearms, ammunition, black powder, smokeless powder, or any other propellant, without first having obtained a business license therefor from the Village of Arlington Heights pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 9 of this Code. \* \* \* \*

Section 14-3304 For the purpose of this ordinance, "firearm" shall not mean an antique firearm (other than a machine-gun) which, although designed as a weapon, is by reason of the date of its manufacture, value, design and other characteristics primarily a collector's item and is not likely to be used as a weapon, or which is designated as a collector's item or antique firearm by state or federal law."

## Bartlett

23.014 Firearms—Minors. It shall be unlawful to sell, loan, or furnish to any minor any gun, rifle, pistol, shotgun or other firearm.

## Beecher

\* \* \* \* \*

6-1-7 \* \* \* \* \* (B) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, loan, or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearm within the limits of the Village.

## Belvidere

Sec. 133.006 Unlawful use of weapons; prohibited. (A) A person commits the of-

fense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; \* \* \* \* \*

Sec. 133.014 Unlawful sale of firearms. (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(1) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age; or

(2) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or

(3) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(4) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed; or

(5) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past 5 years; or

(6) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(7) Delivers any firearm, of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made; or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least 24 hours after application for its purchase has been made. However this paragraph shall not apply to:

(a) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; or

(b) A mail order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; or

(c) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of Law Enforcement; or

(d) The sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the Federal Firearms Act of the United States.

\* \* \* \* \*

Sec. 133.015 Unlawful possession or acquisition of firearms or ammunition.

(A) A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition when:

(1) He is under 18 years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person;

(2) He is under 21 years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(3) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(4) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(5) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past 5 years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(6) He is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Bensenville

42.08 Firearms to minors. No persons shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol or other firearm \* \* \* within the village.

## Berkeley

### Ordinance 69-12

Section one: That it shall be unlawful for any firm, business or corporation within the Village of Berkeley, to manufacture for sale, or cause to be manufactured, sell, keep for sale, offer, or dispose of, any instrument or weapon of the kind usually known as a pistol, revolver, shot gun, rifle, \* \* \* or any other offensive and dangerous weapon or instrument, or to give or sell a pistol or firearm to any person.

## Berwyn

36-6. Definition. "Firearms," for the purposes of this article, are pistols, revolvers, guns and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed upon or about the person.

36-7. License to sell concealable firearms required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away to any person within the city, any firearms which are of such size of nature as may be concealed upon the person, without securing a license therefor.

36-9. Licensee not to sell concealable firearms; exception. No person having se-

cured a license required by section 36-7 of this Code, shall sell, loan or give away any firearm described in section 36-6 of this Code to any person who has not secured a permit from the chief of police to purchase such firearm.

36-11. Persons ineligible for permits. No person shall be permitted to purchase a firearm without having secured a permit from the chief of police. Such permit shall not be issued to a criminal, vagabond, minor under eighteen years of age or an alien.

## Bloomington

69. Minors—selling, etc., weapons to prohibited. No person shall sell, give, loan, hire, barter, furnish, or offer to sell, give, loan, hire, barter or furnish to any minor within the City any gun, pistol, revolver, fowling piece, or toy firearm in which any explosive substance can be used \* \* \* or other deadly weapon of a like character.

## Blue Island

2273. 1.01—Definitions. For the purposes of this ordinance—

A. "Deadly Weapons" means pistols, deringers, revolvers or other handguns of such size or nature that they may be concealed on or about the person, short-barreled shotguns and short-barreled rifles. Deadly weapons do not include any antique firearm. Deadly weapons do not include any firearm which is not designed to or may not readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.

B. "Short-Barreled Shotguns" means shotguns having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length.

C. "Short-Barreled Rifles" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length.

D. "Antique Firearm" means:

(1) any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898; and

(2) any replica of any firearm described in subsection D.(1) if such replica—

(a) is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition, or

(b) uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition which is no longer manufactured in the United States and which is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

E. "Dealer" means any person, firm or corporation—

(1) engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail,

(2) engaged in the business of repairing firearms or of making or fitting special barrels,

stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms, or

(3) any person who is a pawnbroker.

F. "Licensed Dealer" means any dealer who is validly licensed as a dealer under the provisions of Chapter 44 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

G. "Licensed Collector" means any person who acquires, holds, or disposes of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics and who is validly licensed as a collector by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under the provisions of Chapter 44 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

H. "Sale or Other Transfer" means any sale, gift, exchange, loan, rental or other transfer of a deadly weapon, but does not include any of the following:

(1) acquisition of a deadly weapon as the executor, administrator or other legal representative of a decedent's estate, or

(2) transfer of a deadly weapon by bequest or intestate succession, or

(3) acquisition or transfer of a deadly weapon by a trustee in bankruptcy in the administration of a bankrupt's estate, or

(4) return of a deadly weapon to a person, firm or corporation from whom it was received, or

(5) transfer of a deadly weapon where it is required by or in accordance with a judgment or decree of any court of lawful jurisdiction, or

(6) transfer of a deadly weapon to any Federal, State or Local government, or any department, agency, bureau, institution or commission thereof, or

(7) transfer of a deadly weapon to a private museum, society institution or other private organization which customarily acquires and holds firearms as curios or relics or for scientific or research purposes, or

(8) loan or rental of a deadly weapon solely for the purpose of target shooting upon a lawful pistol range or other lawful target range.

2.01 Unlawful Sale or Other Transfer of Deadly Weapons. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to make any sale or other transfer of a deadly weapon in the City of Blue Island, Illinois, to any person, firm or corporation other than the following:

A. Persons who are required or authorized to possess and use a deadly weapon incident to their membership, employment or association with any of the regular armed forces, military services or reserve organizations of the United States.

B. Persons who are required or authorized to possess and use a deadly weapon incident to their membership, employment or association with the organized militia of any State.

C. Persons who are required or authorized to possess and use a deadly weapon incident to their employment by any Federal, State or

Local government thereof, specifically including by way of example but not limited to:

(1) Peace Officers;

(2) Wardens, Superintendents and Keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense; and

(3) Agents and Investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigatory Commission authorized by the Commission to carry weapons.

D. Licensed detectives and employees of licensed detective agencies as defined in Illinois Revised Statutes, Chapter 38, Section 201-1 as now or hereafter amended.

E. Special agents employed by a railroad or public utility to perform police functions.

F. Watchmen, bank guards, armed truck guards or other similar private security personnel, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.02 of this ordinance.

G. A licensed collector of deadly weapons.

H. A licensed dealer in deadly weapons.

3.01—Dealer License Required. No person, firm or corporation shall engage in the business of a dealer in deadly weapons in the City of Blue Island, Illinois, without securing a license therefor.

4.02—Sale or Other Transfer to Private Security Personnel. Any dealer in deadly weapons who sells or otherwise transfers a deadly weapon to any watchman, bank guard, armed truck guard or other similar private security personnel shall before making such sale or transfer request and receive from such person's employer a letter stating that such person is employed as a private security guard and requires the deadly weapon which he is seeking to obtain from the dealer.

## Bolingbrook

\* \* \* \* \*

19-406. License Required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling any concealable firearms, \* \* \* derringer \* \* \* or deadly weapons which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license from the Village of Bolingbrook to do so.

19-413. Unlawful use of weapon: (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* (6) possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

\* \* \* \* \*

19-414. Defacing identification marks of firearms: It shall be unlawful for any person to change, alter, remove or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identification of any firearm. Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been

changed, altered, removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

**19-420. Permit required for purchase of concealable weapons—Application; Ineligible applicants.** (A) No sale of any revolver, pistol, or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on a person shall be made by any licensee under this article to any person unless such person shall first exhibit to the licensee a permit for the purchase thereof, as issued by the Chief of Police of the Village.

(B) Before any permit required by this section can be granted, an application in writing must be made to the Chief of Police. \* \* \*

## Brookfield

**Sec. 29-1. "Firearms" defined.** "Firearms," for the purposes of this chapter, are pistols, revolvers, guns and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed upon or about the person.

**Sec. 29-2. Permit to purchase firearms.** No person shall purchase a firearm without having secured a permit so to do from the chief of police. Such permit shall not be issued to a criminal, vagabond, minor under eighteen (18) years of age, or an alien. Application for such a permit shall state the type of firearm desired and the name, age, sex, residence, nationality, height, weight and complexion of the applicant. Recommendation by two (2) or more citizens of the village of the good moral character of the applicant shall accompany each application for permit under this section.

No person, whether licensed by the village or not, shall sell, loan, or give away any firearm to any person who has not secured a permit from the chief of police as required by this section.

## Cahokia

**4. No person, firm or corporation** shall sell or give or loan to any person under the age of 18 years any firearm or other deadly weapon in the Village of Cahokia, Illinois.

## Calumet Park

Ordinance 76-256

**Section 1:** That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, business, corporation, association or otherwise, within the corporate limits of the Village of Calumet Park, to manufacture for sale or cause to be manufactured, sell, give, keep for sale, offer, or otherwise dispose of, in usable form, any instrument or weapon of any kind usually known as a pistol,

revolver, shotgun, rifle or any other offensive and dangerous weapon or instrument.

## Carpentersville

**8-39. Unlawful Use of Weapons.** A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \*

(f) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(g) Sells, manufacturers, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device. \* \* \*

Subsection \* \* \* (g) shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

(a) Peace officers.

(b) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (a) of this subsection to possess such, provided said machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible. \* \* \*

**8-40. Unlawful Sale of Firearms.** A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age; or

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed.

## Centralia

**16-1-4. Unlawful use of weapons.** A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(1) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \* \* \* shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, \* \* \* or \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device.

C. Subsection 16-1-4 (7) shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace Officers.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Re-

serve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns, to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of the subsection to possess such, provided said machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

**16-1-6. Unlawful sale of firearms.** A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(1) Sells or gives any firearms of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age; or

(2) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(3) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed.

## Champaign

**13.505. Weapons.** No pawnbroker shall receive as a pledge or purchase any revolver, pistol, \* \* \* or sawed-off shotgun. And no pawnbroker shall display in his window or shop any such weapons for sale.

**22.209. Weapons.** It shall be unlawful to carry or possess any firearm or weapon in the City in violation of the laws of this State.

## Chicago

### Registration

**11.1-4** At the time of sale the seller shall complete a registration form, designed or approved by the Director of Revenue, [contact local authorities for required contents] \* \* \*.

**11.1-5.** At such time of sale the seller shall witness to the best of his knowledge that the information submitted on the registration form by the purchaser is true and correct and that the transaction is not in violation of law.

**11.1-14.** For the purposes of this Chapter the term "firearm" means any weapon, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosive and a firearm muffler or firearm silencer, or any part or parts of such weapon.

**11.1-15.** Any person under 18 years of age, any narcotic addict, any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and any person who has been released from a mental institution or from the custody of the Illinois Youth Commission within the last 5 years, or is mentally retarded, and any person who pos-

assesses any firearm, the possession of which is prohibited by any State or Federal law relating to weapons or firearms, shall be ineligible to register pursuant to this Chapter. Any purported registration by any of the above-described persons shall be null and void.

11.1-16. A person may not possess or harbor any firearm, whether concealed or not concealed, if such person is ineligible to register such firearm with the licensing authority pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter.

#### Unlawful Acts

183-1. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \*\*\* derringer, \*\*\* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license so to do.

183-6. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the city, any deadly weapon mentioned in section 183-1, except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the superintendent of police as hereinafter required. This section shall not apply to sales made of such articles which are to be delivered or furnished outside the city.

183-7. It shall be unlawful for to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in section 183-1, which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the superintendent of police a permit so to do. Before any such permit is granted, an application in writing shall be made therefor, [contact local authorities for required contents] \*\*\*

183-9.1 Gunsmiths. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer, or other firearm which can be concealed on the person without securing a license so to do.

## Chicago Heights

30-101. Unlawful use of weapons. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

\* \* \* \*

(f) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(g) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \*\*\*\*\*

30-104. Unlawful sale of firearms. A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to

any person under eighteen (18) years of age; or

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from the penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed; or

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years; or

(f) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two (72) hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least twenty-four (24) hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this paragraph shall not apply to:

(1) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; or

(2) A mail order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of this state under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of this state; or

(3) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of this state while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the state department of public safety; or

(4) The sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the federal firearms act.

30-105. Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition. A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition when:

(a) He is under eighteen (18) years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

(b) He is under twenty-one (21) years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(c) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from the penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(d) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(e) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(f) He is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

## Chicago Ridge

Section 1—License required. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling or to sell, loan or give away to any person within the Village any pistol, revolver, derringer, \*\*\* or any toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance can be used or other weapon of like character without securing a license so to do as hereinafter provided; and no person, firm or corporation having secured such a license shall sell or give away such weapon to any person within this Village who has not secured a permit from either the Chief of Police or the Village Clerk to purchase such weapon in the manner hereinafter provided.

Section 5—Permit. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any pistol, revolver, derringer, \*\*\* or weapon of like character without first securing from the Village Clerk a permit so to do. Before any such permit is granted an application in writing shall be made \*\*\* [contact local authorities for required contents]. Before issuing such permit the Village Clerk shall refer the same to the Chief of Police \*\*\*. In addition the Chief of Police shall make such inquiry or investigation as shall be necessary to ascertain whether or not the applicant is entitled to receive such a permit \*\*\*\*\*.

Section 6—Refusing permit. It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to refuse his approval of such permit to a) All persons having been convicted of any crime; b) All minors.

## Cicero

38-7. Minors using firearms. No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol or other firearms, or any toy gun, toy pistol or other toy firearms, in which any explosive substance can be used, within the town, under a penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for each offense; provided, that minors may be permitted, with the consent of their parents or guardians, to use firearms on the premises of a duly licensed shooting gallery, gun club or rifle club.

38-9. Sale or gift of deadly weapons concealable on person—License—Required.



It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license so to do.

38-12. Same—Application to, permission from, superintendent of police required. No pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon can be sold unless application is made to the superintendent of police of the town stating that a request has been made for the purchase of a pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon \* \* \*

38-14. Same—Prohibited to other than licensed dealers, or persons granted permits. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the town, any deadly weapon mentioned in section 38-9, except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the superintendent of police of the town as hereinafter required. This section shall not apply to sales made of such articles which are to be delivered or furnished outside the town.

38-15. Same—Purchasers required to obtain permit; permits prohibited to minors and persons convicted of crime. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in section 38-9 which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the superintendent of police of the town a permit so to do. \* \* \*

## Clarendon Hills

Selling firearms to minors unlawful. No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearm, \* \* \* within the Village of Clarendon Hills, under a penalty of not less than five dollars not more than fifty dollars for each offense.

## Colchester

Sec. 4-30. Weapons—Selling or furnishing firearms to minors. It shall be unlawful for any person within the city to sell, loan or furnish to any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearms.

## Countryside

8-11.01 License required. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any loaded paper shells, metallic shot, loaded cartridges, bank cartridges, percussion caps, primers, detonators, or any other

or explosives without having first obtained a license therefor.

8-11.11 Minors. It is hereby declared to be unlawful for any person to sell, deliver, or give to any person under eighteen years of age any of the items set forth in 8-11.01.

## Crest Hill

1. Violation. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell, or offer for sale or give away to any person within the city any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* or other weapons of like character without securing a license to do so.

3. Sale to minors. None of the articles enumerated in Section 1, or of like character, shall be sold to any minor.

5. Permit. No sale of any revolver, pistol, \* \* \* or other deadly weapons which can be concealed on the person shall be made by any licensee to any purchaser unless such purchaser shall first exhibit to such licensee a permit for the purchase thereof, issued by the chief of police of this city. \* \* \* It shall be the duty of the chief of police to refuse such permit to all minors or persons having been convicted of any crime.

## Creve Coeur

6-2-17: Unlawful use of weapons: (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to: 6. Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

7. Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18") in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

## DeKalb

52.10 Firearms \* \* \* (b) Selling to minors. No person shall sell, give, loan or furnish to any minor within the City any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* (shotguns and rifles excepted).

## Decatur

41-1. No person, firm or corporation shall sell, give, loan, hire, barter, furnish or offer for sale, or give, loan, hire, barter or furnish to any minor under the age of sixteen (16) years within the City, without the written consent of the parent or legal guardian of said

minor, any gun, pistol, revolver, fowling piece or other firearm or any toy gun, toy pistol, toy fowling piece or other toy firearm in which any explosive substance can be used; \* \* \* \*

## Downers Grove

Sec. 15-13. Same—Sale to minors. No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearm, \* \* \*

## Dupo

24.23. Age limitation. \* \* \* No person, firm or corporation shall sell or give or loan to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years, any firearm or other deadly weapon in the Village.

## Duquoin

20-65. Purchasing from or selling, loaning or furnishing weapons using explosive substances to persons under the influence of alcohol, etc., agitated persons, or minors. It shall be unlawful to purchase from or to sell, loan, or furnish any weapon in which any explosive substance can be used, to any person under the influence of alcohol or any narcotic drug, stimulant, or depressant, or to any person in a condition of agitation and excitability, or to a minor under the age of eighteen (18) years.

## Durand

Sec. 12-7. Unlawful use of weapons. \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails;

\* \* \* \*

## East Alton

6-3-3-15: Unlawful use of Weapons: (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to: \* \* \* \*

6. Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

7. Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18") in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails;

## East Dundee

**Sec. 1. Unlawful Use of Weapons** 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

a. Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \* \* \* shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, \* \* \*

f. Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm.

**Sec. 3. Unlawful Sale of Firearms** 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

a. Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age.

b. Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict.

c. Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five years from release from the penitentiary or within five years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed.

**Sec. 5. Defacing Identification Marks of Firearms** \* \* \* \* 2. Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed, altered, removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

## East Peoria

**10-1-3-15: Unlawful use of weapons.** (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

(6) Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm;

(7) Possess or carry any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to,

black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails.

## East St. Louis

1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling or to sell or give away to any person within the City, or to bargain or negotiate with any person within the City for any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or other weapon of like character, which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license so to do \* \* \*.

5. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell, barter or give away to any person within the City of East St. Louis, Illinois, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or any other weapon of like character which can be concealed on the person, except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the Chief of Police \* \* \*.

6. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or other weapon of like character which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the Chief of Police a permit so to do \* \* \*.

7. It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to refuse such permit to:

(a) All persons having been convicted of any crime;

(b) All minors.

## Elmhurst

**51.19 Firearms to minors.** No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol or other firearm or any airgun or toy pistol on which percussion caps are used.

## Elmwood Park

**52-3. Definition of "firearm".** Firearms for the purposes of this chapter are pistols, revolvers, guns and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed upon or about the person.

**52-5. License to sell firearms—Required.** It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell, or give away, to any person within the village, any firearms which are of such size or nature as may be concealed upon the person, without securing a license therefor.

**52-7. Permit to purchase firearms.** No person shall be permitted to purchase a firearm without having secured a permit from the chief of police. \* \* \*

**52-8. Sales, etc., of firearms to persons without permit.** No person, having secured a license to sell firearms shall sell, loan, or

give away, any such weapon to any person who has not secured a permit from the chief of police to purchase such weapon.

**52-11. Sale, etc., of firearms to minors.** No person shall sell or give to any alien or to any minor under the age of eighteen years any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

## Evanston

**48-6. Permit for purchase of pistol; inspection of stock, etc.** It shall be unlawful for any person dealing in firearms to sell, barter, loan or give away to any person within the city, any pistol, revolver or other weapon of like character which can be concealed upon the person, unless such person so purchasing or receiving such weapon shall have secured a written permit for the purchase of such article, from the chief of police \* \* \*

**48-7. Selling firearms to minors.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, loan or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol, fowling-piece or other firearm, within the corporate limits of the city.

## Evergreen Park

**Sec. 32-2. Certain acts involving weapons deemed unlawful—In general.** It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly:

(a) Sell, manufacture, purchase, possess or carry any \* \* \* shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18) in length \* \* \* \*

(f) Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(g) Sell, manufacture, purchase, possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device.

**Sec. 32-3. Same—Exceptions.** The preceding section 32-2 shall not apply to peace officers or any persons summoned by any such officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while he actually is engaged in assisting such officer.

**Sec. 32-11. License required to engage in business or to sell or give away deadly weapons.** It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell or give away any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon, which can be concealed on the person without securing a license so to do.

**Sec. 32-17. Limitations on sale or gift of deadly weapons; exception.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the village, any deadly weapon mentioned in section 32-11, except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the chief of police as here-

inafter required. This section shall not be construed to apply between licensed dealers.

Sec. 32-18. Purchaser required to secure permit to purchase deadly weapon; application; fingerprinting; grounds for disapproval; fee. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in section 32-11, which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the chief of police a permit so to do. \* \* \* \*

Sec. 32-36. License required to engage in business. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer or other firearm, which can be concealed on the person without securing a license so to do.

## Forest Park

20-6A. Firearms—Concealed Classification. It shall be unlawful for any person in the Village of Forest Park to sell, give away, transfer or deliver any revolver, pistol, handgun or firearm that may be concealed upon a person, to anyone who is not a: 1. U. S. Marshall, or 2. Federal official required to carry firearms while engaged in the official operation of their duties, or 3. Law enforcement official of Forest Park or any other governmental jurisdiction, or 4. Licensed Private Detective.

\* \* \* \*

## Fox Lake

26.03. Weapons. (a) A person who is not a village officer, shall not carry about his person any concealed pistol, \* \* \* or any other weapon or thing of deadly character.

(b) No person shall sell, give or transfer any such weapon to any minor person.

## Fox River Valley Gardens Village

Section 7. Unlawful use of Weapons. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* (5) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or (6) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but

not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

## Franklin Park

17-202. Affidavit required for sales. (a) No person licensed under the provisions of this article having secured such a license, shall sell or give away any deadly weapons as defined in this division to any person within this village who has not filled out, signed and had witnessed by a notary public a federal firearms affidavit.

(b) It shall be unlawful, for any person to purchase any deadly weapon as defined in this article without filling out a federal firearms affidavit in writing \* \* \* Upon witnessing the identification of the applicant, the officer of the company, clerk or secretary, holding a notary public seal from the state shall notarize the affidavit. It shall be the duty of the notary, upon witnessing the identification of the applicant to affix his notary seal and sign the affidavit, refusing any applicant whom he concludes is a minor, lacks proper identification, shows physical signs of being a narcotic, or is unemployed.

17-211. Required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away to any person within the village, any deadly weapon as defined in this article, without securing a license so to do as provided in this division and the general licensing provisions of this chapter.

## Geneva

19-10. Unlawful use of weapons.

(b) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

## Gibson City

8.21 Illegal to Sell Firearms and Other Devices to Persons Under Twenty-One. No person shall within the corporate limits of the City, sell to any person under the age of twenty-one (21) any gun, pistol, fowling piece, \* \* \* or other firearm or device which is calculated or intended to propel or project a bullet,

pellet \* \* \* or similar projectile, without written permission of parent or guardian.

## Glencoe

Sec. 24-49. Same—Sale of weapons which can be concealed. It shall be unlawful to sell any firearms which can be concealed on or about the person in the village.

Sec. 24-50. Same—Sale, etc., to minors. No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol or other firearm, or any air gun or ammunition for any firearm or air gun within the village.

## Glendale Heights

10-6-5-1: Unlawful use of weapons.

\* \* \* \*

(3) Carries on or about his person or in any vehicle, a tear gas gun projector or bomb or any object containing noxious liquid gas or substance; \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm;

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails;

10-6-5-2: Unlawful sale of firearms. A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms, which shall be a violation of this Code, when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under eighteen (18) years of age;

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent;

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict;

(d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other jurisdiction;

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years;

(f) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two (72) hours after application for its purchase has been

made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least twenty-four (24) hours after application for its purchase has been made; however, this subsection shall not apply to:

(1) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard or other similar employment;

(2) A mail-order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois;

(3) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of Public Safety; or

(4) The sale of a firearm when another firearm is traded in for the firearm purchased, in whole or in part.

**10-6-5-3: Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition.** A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition, which shall be a violation of this Code, when:

(a) He is under eighteen (18) years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person;

(b) He is under twenty-one (21) years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession;

(c) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from the penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession;

(d) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession;

(e) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(f) He is mentally retarded and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession.

## Glen Ellyn

**6-2-3.13: Weapons:** (E) Sales to Intoxicated Persons and Minors: No person shall purchase from or sell, loan or furnish any weapon in which any explosive substance can be used to any person under the influence of alcohol or any narcotic drug, or to any person

in a condition of agitation or excitability, or to a minor under the age of eighteen (18) years.

## Granite City

### Ordinance 1863

**Section 1:** It shall henceforth be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sell, display for sale, or offer to sell to any minor, any revolver, pistol, shotgun or rifle \* \* \*

**Section 2:** It shall be unlawful to sell or offer to sell to any minor any shell, cartridge, charge, pellet, ammunition or other device to be used, discharged or propelled from any of the items mentioned in Section 1 hereof.

## Hampton

### Ordinance 276

\* \* \* \* \*

**Section 2.** No person shall change, alter, remove, or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identification on any firearm. Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed, altered, removed or obliterated, shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

**Section 3.** No person, firm, or corporation shall sell, give or loan to any alien or to any minor under the age of 18 years any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

## Harvey

**29-374.** No person shall sell, loan, or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol, or other firearm, or any toy gun, toy pistol, or other toy firearm, in which any explosive substance can be used, \* \* \* or any similar weapon or device within the city, \* \* \*

## Harwood Heights

**29-1. License:** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling, or to sell, loan or give away to any person, within the Village, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or any toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance can be used, or other weapon of like character, without securing a license so to do as hereinafter provided, and no person, firm or corporation having secured such a license, shall sell or give away such weapon to any person within this village who has not secured a permit

from either the Chief of Police or the Village Clerk to purchase such weapon \* \* \*

**29-5. Permit:** It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or weapon of like character, without first securing from the Village Clerk a permit so to do. \* \* \*

**29-6. Refusing Permit:** It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to refuse his approval of such permit to:

(a) All persons having been convicted of any crime;

(b) All minors.

## Hialeah

### Ordinance 897

**Section 1.** It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, lend, give or deliver any pistol \* \* \* to any minor under seventeen (17) years of age.

**Section 2.** It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, lend, give or deliver any pistol \* \* \* to any minor between the ages of seventeen (17) and twenty-one (21) years of age without the express written approval of one of the parents of such a minor, or the legal guardian of such minor.

## Highland Park

**134.001. Definitions:** For the purpose of this chapter. (A) The term "person" includes any individual, corporation, company, association, partnership, society or joint stock company.

(B) The term "hand gun" means any device, or part of a device, by whatever name known, which is designed or may be readily converted to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosive, expansion of gas or air, or escape of gas or air, having an overall length of 18 inches or less and designed to be held and operated with and by one hand.

(C) The term "Chief of Police" means the head law enforcement officer of the City of Highland Park or his duly authorized agent.

**134.002. Manufacture, assembly, sale prohibited—special permit.** No person shall engage in the business of manufacturing, assembling or selling, within the corporate limits of the City of Highland Park, any hand gun as defined in Section 134.001 of this Code, except in compliance with the provisions of this Chapter. No person shall engage in the business of manufacturing, assembling or selling such hand guns without first having been granted a special permit therefor by the City Council. No such permit shall be granted to

any person ineligible to register a hand gun in accordance with the requirements of Sections 134.007 and 134.010, nor to any person who fails to meet the standards for Federal and Illinois Dealer's licenses.

## Hillsdale

(A) It shall be unlawful for any person to: \* \* \* \* 6. Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

7. Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots, or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18) in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \* \* \*

## Hodgkins

1. License to sell, loan or give away: It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling, or to sell, loan or give away to any person, within the Village, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or any toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance can be used, or other weapon of like character, without securing a license so to do as hereinafter provided, and no person, firm or corporation having secured such a license, shall sell or give away such weapon to any person within the Village who has not secured a permit from either the Chief of Police or the Village Clerk to purchase such weapon in the manner hereinafter provided.

## Hoffman Estates

29-1. License: It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling, or to sell, loan or give away to any person, within the Village, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or any toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance can be used, or other weapon of like character, without securing a license so to do as hereinafter provided, and no person, firm or corporation having secured such a license, shall sell or give away such weapon to any person within this Village who has not secured a permit from either the Chief of Police or the Village Clerk to purchase such weapon \* \* \*

29-5. Permit: It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* or weapon of like character, with-

out first securing from the Village Clerk a permit so to do. \* \* \*

## Homewood

53.18 Dealers in weapons. (a) Definition. The term "deadly weapon" as used in this section shall include any pistol, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or any other object of similar nature which can be concealed on the person.

(b) License Required. No person shall engage in the business of selling or sell or give away any deadly weapon without a license. \* \* \*

(c) Sale Procedure. 1. No deadly weapon shall within the Village be sold, traded or given to any person who fails to present a permit to purchase issued by the Chief of Police. \* \* \* \*

(d) Purchase Permit. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase or receive any deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person without first obtaining a permit so to do from the Chief of Police. \* \* \*

(e) Gunsmiths. No person shall engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer or other firearm which can be concealed on the person without a license. \* \* \* \*

53.19 Sale of weapons to minors. No person shall sell, loan, or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol or other fire-arm, \* \* \* or ammunition for any fire-arm \* \* \*, within the limits of the Village.

## Island Lake

7. Unlawful use of weapons. (5) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(6) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails \* \* \*.

## Jerseyville

Sec. 20-66. Unlawful use of Weapons. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; (7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots

or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

Sec. 20-67. Unlawful sale of firearms. A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under eighteen (18) years of age;

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent;

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict;

(d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the state or any other jurisdiction;

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years;

(f) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two (72) hours after application for its purchase has been made; however, this subsection shall not apply to:

(1) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard or other similar employment;

(2) A mail-order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of the state under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of the state;

(3) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of the state while at a showing or display recognized by the state department of public safety;

(4) The sale of a firearm when another firearm is traded-in for the firearm purchased, in whole or in part; or

(5) The sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the Federal Firearms Act of the United States.

## Joliet

Sec. 32.19. Licensed required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell or offer to sell or give away to any person within the city any pistol, rifle, shotgun, revolver, \* \* \* or other weapons of like character without first securing a license to do so. \* \* \*

**Sec. 32.21. Sales to minors.** None of the articles governed by this article or of like character, shall be sold to any minor.

**Sec. 32.22. Permit required for concealable weapons; application; contents; ineligible applicants.** (a) No sale of any revolver, pistol, \*\*\* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person shall be made by any licensee under this article to any purchaser unless the purchaser shall first exhibit to the licensee a permit for the purchase thereof, issued by the chief of police of the city.

(b) Before any permit required by this section is granted, an application in writing shall be made to the chief of police [contact local authorities for required contents]. \*\*\*

## La Grange

**Sec. 115-320. Weapons.** No pawnbroker shall receive or have in his possession as a pledge or purchase, any revolver, pistol, machine gun, \*\*\* or sawed-off shotgun, or display in his window or shop any such weapons for sale.

**Sec. 136-1. Unlawful use of weapons.**

(A) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(1) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \*\*\* shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, \*\*\*.

\* \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm.

## Lake Bluff

**52.02.** No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol, fowling piece, or other firearm within the limits of the Village of Lake Bluff.

## Lake Villa

**9-1. Unlawful Use of Weapons:** (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or any attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or (7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance such as but

not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; or \* \* \* \* \*

## Leroy

**42.03 (b)** No person shall sell, give or transfer any [concealed pistol] to any minor person.

## Lindenhurst

**41.01 Gun dealers—license required.** No person shall engage in the business of selling or sell or give away any pistol, revolver, \*\*\* derringer, \*\*\* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license to do so as provided in Chapter 31.

**41.06 Restrictions on sale or gift.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter or give away to any person within the Village any deadly weapon mentioned in this section except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the Village Marshal as herein required. This does not apply to sales made of such articles which are to be delivered or furnished outside the Village.

**41.07 Permit to purchase weapon.** It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in this section without first securing from the Village Marshal a permit to do so. \*\*\*.

**41.08 Revocation of license.** In case the Village Marshal revokes a license for the selling of such weapons, no other such license shall be issued to such licensee for a period of three (3) years thereafter.

**41.09 Gunsmiths—license required.** No person shall engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer, or other firearm which can be concealed on the person without securing a license to do so as provided in chapter 31.

## Lockport

4-1 same as 38 Sec. 24-1. (State Law)

4-4 same as 38 Sec. 24-3.

4-5 same as 38 Sec. 24-3.1.

## Lombard

**9.16.040 Selling firearms to minors unlawful.** No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol or other firearm, in which any explosive substance can be used, within the limits of the village.

## Loves Park

**Sec. 13-15. Furnishing ammunition to, acquisition by, minors.** It shall be unlawful

for any person to sell, give or deliver any ammunition, ball, bullet, pellet, \*\*\* or other missile or projectile to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years and it shall be unlawful for any person under the age of eighteen (18) years to obtain any ammunition, ball, bullet, pellet, \*\*\* or any other missile or projectile by purchase, sale or gift, or in any other manner.

**Sec. 13-50. Unlawful use of weapons—Prohibited.** (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \* \* \*

## Lyndon

**Sec. 147—Selling Fire Arms to Minors.** No person shall sell, loan, or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol, fowling piece, or other fire arm.

## Manteno

**3-15-1: License required:** It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver \*\*\* derringer \*\*\* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person without securing a license to do so.

\* \* \* \* \*

**3-15-5: Restrictions on sales and gifts:** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter or give away to any person within the Village any deadly weapon mentioned in this Chapter which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the Police Chief a permit to do so. The Police Chief may require such information from such applicant as he deems reasonable and necessary.

**3-15-6: Permit:** It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in this Chapter which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the Police Chief a permit so to do. The Police Chief may require such information from such applicant as he deems reasonable and necessary. No such permit shall be issued to one convicted of any crime or to a minor.

## Marquette Heights

**Unlawful use of Weapons:** (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to: \* \* \* \* \* 6. Pos-

possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or 7. Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18") in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \*\*\*

## Matteson

133.005 same as 38 Sec. 24-3.1. (State Law)

## Maywood

8.259 It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \*\*\* derringer \*\*\* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license so to do.

8.264 It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the Village, any deadly weapon mentioned in Section 8.259, except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the Chief of Police as hereinafter required. This section shall not apply to sales made of such articles which are to be delivered or furnished outside the Village.

8.265 It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in Section 8.259, which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the Chief of Police a permit so to do. \*\*\*

8.268 It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer, or other firearm which can be concealed on the person without securing a license so to do.

## McCook

9-10-3. License to sell: Firearms for the purposes of this Chapter are pistols, revolvers, guns, and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed upon or about the person. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell, or give away, to any person, any firearms which are of such size or nature as may be concealed upon the person, without securing a license therefor. And no person, having secured such license, shall sell, loan, or give away, any such weapon to any person who has not secured a permit from the Chief of Police to purchase such weapon.

9-10-4. Purchasers of firearms: No person shall be permitted to purchase a firearm without having secured a permit from the Chief of Police. Such permit shall not be issued to a criminal, vagabond, minor under eighteen (18) years of age or an alien. \*\*\*

9-10-8. Sale or gift: No person shall sell or give to any alien or to any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

## Melrose Park

93.1 Generally: \*\*\* No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearm, within the corporate limits of the Village of Melrose Park. \*\*\* No person, firm or corporation shall engage in the business of selling or sell or give away to any person within the Village of Melrose Park, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \*\*\* or other weapon, of like character which can be concealed on the person, and no person, firm or corporation having secured such a license, shall sell or give away any such weapon to any person within the Village who has not secured a permit from the Chief of Police or President of the Village to purchase such weapon \*\*\*

93.2 License to sell firearms: Any person, firm or corporation desiring a license authorizing the sale of any of the deadly weapons mentioned in the foregoing Section shall make application in writing to the President of the Village \*\*\*

### 93.3 Other requirements:

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any pistol, revolver, derringer, \*\*\* or other weapon of like character, which can be concealed on the person, without first securing from the Chief of Police or the President of the Village a permit so to do. \*\*\*

## Midlothian

6-4-4: Sale to minors prohibited: It shall be unlawful to sell, loan or give, to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years any \*\*\* weapon capable of projecting or discharging projectiles of any type by any force, \*\*\*.

It shall be unlawful to sell, loan or give to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years any ammunition, \*\*\* with any of the weapons referred to in the foregoing provisions of this Section.

6-4-5: Sale of shotguns and shells; license: It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling shotguns or shotgun shells in the Village without securing a license so to do.

6-4-8: Shotguns; sale to minors: It shall be unlawful to sell a shotgun or shotgun shells

to any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years.

## Moline

Sec. 27-47. Unlawful use of weapons. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \*\*\*\*\*

(f) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(g) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; or \*\*\*\*\*

Sec. 27-48. Unlawful sale of firearms. A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under eighteen (18) years of age; or

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this state or any other jurisdiction; or

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years; or

(f) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two (72) hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this subsection shall not apply to:

(1) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; or

(2) A mail order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of the state under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of the state; or

(3) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of the state while at a showing or display recognized by the state department of public safety; or

(4) The sale of a firearm when another fire-



arm is traded-in for the firearm purchased, in whole or in part; or

(5) The sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the Federal Firearms Act of the United States.

## Monmouth

**Sec. 18-38. Same—Selling or furnishing firearms to minors.** It shall be unlawful for any person within the city to sell, loan or furnish to any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearms.

## Montgomery

**Sec. 12-17. Unlawful use of weapons.** (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons, which shall be a violation of this Code, when he knowingly: \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \* \*

**Sec. 12-18. Unlawful sale of firearms.** A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms, which shall be a violation of this Code, when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under eighteen (18) years of age; or

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other jurisdiction; or

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years; or

(f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two (72) hours after application for its purchase has been

made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least twenty-four (24) hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this subsection shall not apply to:

(1) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; or

(2) A mail order sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; or

(3) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of Public Safety; or

(4) The sale of a firearm when another firearm is traded-in for the firearm purchased, in whole or in part.

**Sec. 12-19. Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition.** A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition, which shall be a violation of this Code, when:

(a) He is under eighteen (18) years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person; or

(b) He is under twenty-one (21) years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(c) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from the penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(d) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(e) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(f) He is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

## Morrison

**9.76.070.** It shall be unlawful for any person to permit, suffer, or allow any child under the age of 18 years to handle or have in his possession within the City of Morrison, any cannon, gun, pistol, or any toy gun or cannon, or toy pistol or air gun, or any other similar

weapon, or any firearm of any description, which is a deadly weapon, \* \* \*.

## Morton Grove

**132.100 Selling deadly weapons; sales to minors.** (B) No person shall sell, give, loan, hire, barter, furnish, or offer to sell, give, loan, hire, barter or furnish to any minor within the village any gun, pistol, revolver, fowling-piece, or other firearm, or any toy gun, toy pistol, toy fowling-piece, or other toy firearm in which any explosive substance can be used \* \* \* \*.

## Mount Carmel

### Article V. Weapons

**Sec. 16-95. Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition.** A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition when he:

(1) Is under eighteen (18) years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person; or

(2) Is under twenty-one (21) years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(3) Has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from a penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(4) Is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(5) Has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(6) Is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

**Sec. 16-98. Defacing identification marks of firearms.**

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to change, alter, remove or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identification of any firearm.

(b) Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed, altered, removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

## New Boston

**5-2-2-12: Sale of firearms or weapons to minors prohibited:** (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell to any minor person any firearm, \* \* \*



## Niles

### 22-44. Affidavit to purchase firearms.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person dealing in firearms to sell, barter, loan, or give away to any person within the village any pistol, revolver, or other firearm of like character which can be concealed upon the person, unless such person so purchasing or receiving such firearm shall have filed with the dealer an affidavit \* \* \*.

(b) The following persons are covered by the section and not eligible to purchase a firearm:

- (1) Any person convicted of a felony;
- (2) Any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years;
- (3) A narcotic addict.

22-45. Selling, furnishing firearms to minors. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, give, loan or furnish to any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years any gun, pistol, rifle, revolver or other firearm within the corporate limits of the village.

## Norridge

**Section 1. License.** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling, or to sell, loan or give away to any person, within the Village, any pistol, revolver, Derringer, \* \* \* or any toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance can be used, or other weapon of like character, without securing a license so to do as herein-after provided, and no person, firm or corporation having secured such a license, shall sell or give away such weapon to any person within this Village who has not secured a permit from either the Chief of Police or the Village Clerk to purchase such weapon in the manner hereinafter provided.

**Section 5. Permit.** It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any pistol, revolver, Derringer, \* \* \* or weapon of like character, without first securing from the Village Clerk a permit so to do. \* \* \*

**Section 6. Refusing Permit.** It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to refuse his approval of such permit to: (a) All persons having been convicted on any crime, (b) All minors, (c) All persons who, in his opinion, are not of good moral character.

## North Pekin

6-2-3-15: Unlawful use of weapons: (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to: \* \* \* \*

6. Possess any device or attachment of any

kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

7. Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches (18") in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

\* \* \* \*

## Northbrook

**17.25 Unlawful Use of Weapons.** A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(a) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \* \* \* shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length

\* \* \* \*

(f) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(g) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device.

**17.26 Exemptions** \* \* \* \* (c) Paragraph 17.25 (g) shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

- (1) Peace officers.
- (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.
- (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
- (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this paragraph 17.26 (c) to possess such, provided said machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible. \* \* \* \*

## O'Fallon

**27.60 Unlawful Use of Weapons.** (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

\* \* \* \*

**27.61 Unlawful Sale of Firearms.** A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, to

any person under eighteen (18) years of age; or

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or

(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from the penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed; or

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years; or

(f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two (72) hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun, or other long gun for at least twenty-four (24) hours after application for its purchase has been made.

However, this paragraph shall not apply to:

(1) The sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; or

(2) A mail order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; or

(3) The sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of Law Enforcement; or

(4) The sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the Federal Firearms Act of the United States.

**27.63 Register of Sales by Dealer.** (a) Any seller of firearms of a size which may be concealed upon the person, other than a manufacturer selling to a bona fide wholesaler or retailer or a wholesaler selling to a bona fide retailer, shall keep a register of all firearms sold or given away.

\* \* \* \*

**27.64 Defacing Identification Marks of Firearms.**

(a) Any person who shall change, alter, remove or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identification of any firearm commits a misdemeanor.

(b) Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed, al-

tered, removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

## Oak Park

**45.1—Definition of "Firearms".** "Firearms" for the purposes of this chapter are pistols, revolvers, guns and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed on or about the person.

**45.2—Sale or Rental of Firearms.** It shall be unlawful to sell, loan, rent or give away any firearms or firearm ammunition to any of the following:

(a) A person under twenty-one (21) years of age, except that this provision shall not prohibit the use of a firearm by a person under twenty-one (21) years of age in a supervised target shooting program;

(b) A narcotics addict;

(c) A person convicted of a felony within five (5) years of release from a penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed;

(d) Any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years;

(e) A person who is mentally retarded.

**45.3—Application and Permit to Purchase or Rent.** No person shall be allowed to purchase or rent a firearm without a permit for said transaction having been issued by the Village of Oak Park. A separate permit shall be required for each firearms transaction. \* \* \* \*

(h) No firearm shall be delivered to the purchaser or renter until a valid permit therefor has been issued to the seller by the Village of Oak Park, said permit bearing the endorsement thereon of both the Chief of Police and the Village Manager of Oak Park.

**45.4—License to Deal in Firearms—Required.** It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or renting, or to sell, rent, loan or give away, to any person, any firearm as defined in Section 45.1 of this Code, without securing a license for said dealings.

## Oakbrook Terrace

**Sec. 21-2. Sale, etc., of Firearms or Airguns to Minors.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or give away to any minor any firearm which can be concealed on the person within the corporate limits of the city.

**Sec. 21-5. Sales of Firearms—Registration.** All persons dealing at retail within the city in one or more of the following firearms:

(a) Firearms of a size which may be concealed upon the person; (b) Shotguns; (c) Ri-

fles; (d) Firearms of any description not above enumerated; shall keep a register of all such firearms sold or given away by them. Such register shall contain [such information as is required by Oakbrook Terrace; contact local authorities for requirements] \* \* \*. A Firearm Transaction Record Form 4473 is sufficient and shall satisfy the requirements of this section.

**Sec. 21-6. Same—Purchase Approval; Inspection of Premises Where Sold, etc.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or give away to any person within the city any firearm, unless such person so purchasing or receiving such firearm shall have a valid state gun owner's identification card and shall have secured approval for the purchase of such firearm from the chief of police [contact local authorities concerning those categories of persons not eligible for such approval]. It shall be the duty of every person selling or giving away firearms to receive and keep such written approvals from the chief of police in a permanent file for inspection purposes. Every such person with a license to deal in firearms shall, on demand, allow the chief of police or his deputy to enter his premises during normal business hours for inspection of all stock on hand and shall, on request of such officer, produce for inspection all written approvals issued by the chief of police for the sale of such firearms and the register required to be kept by section 21-5.

In case the chief of police shall find the applicant [qualified] \* \* \* it shall be his duty to grant such approval.

The chief of police shall complete such investigation within the waiting period prescribed under state law prior to delivery, unless extenuating circumstances are shown.

**Sec. 21-7. Same—Bartering.** The approval required by section 21-6 shall not be required when bartering one fireable firearm for another fireable firearm. However, the individual must possess the valid state gun owner's identification card, and the information provided for in section 21-5 must be furnished to the chief of police on the day of the barter.

## Oregon

**8-6-3: Firearms:** No person shall sell, loan, exchange, deliver or give away to any minor any gun, pistol, fowling piece or other firearm within the corporate limits of the City.

## Park Forest South Village

**670.01. Possessing dangerous or deadly weapons.** No person shall carry or possess

any dangerous or deadly weapon in violation of Article 24 of the Illinois Criminal Code.

## Peoria

**41-4. License to sell, etc.—Required.** It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon, which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license so to do.

**41-8. Required Certificate and Thumb Print.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the City, any deadly weapon mentioned in Section 41-4 of this Code, except to licensed dealers, without first obtaining from the person receiving such deadly weapon a signed statement [contact local authorities for required contents] \* \* \* and which shall contain a thumb print from the person receiving such weapon. Such thumb print shall be the right-hand thumb print unless circumstances prevent, in which case it shall be the left-hand thumb print. All such information required by this section shall be entered upon forms provided by the Superintendent of Police for that purpose.

**Sec. 41-11. Restriction on sale.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter or give away, to any person within the city, any deadly weapon mentioned in section 41-4 of this Code, to any person known to him to be under twenty-one (21) years of age or of unsound mind or under indictment or a drug addict or a fugitive from justice or who has been convicted of a crime of violence.

**Sec. 41-13. Registration.** All persons who have in their possession any pistol, revolver or gun, which may be concealed on the person, shall register such gun or pistol with the superintendent of police, setting forth the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number of the weapon. No fee shall be required for such registration.

## Peoria Heights

**Section 1. License required.** It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license to do so from the Village Clerk.

**Section 5. Restrictions on sale or gift.** It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter, or give away to any person within the Village any deadly weapon mentioned in Section 1 hereof, to any person known to him to be under twenty-one (21) years of age, of unsound mind, or under indictment, or a drug

perpetrator, or a fugitive from justice, or who has been convicted of a crime of violence.

## Pinckneyville

**Sec. 39. Minors not to have certain weapons.** No person, not being the father, guardian or employer of a minor, shall, by himself, agent, servant, or employee, directly or indirectly, sell, give, loan, hire or barter to any such minor, within the city, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \*.

## Port Byron

\* \* \* \* \*

**6-3-19: Weapons:** No person shall sell, give, loan, hire or barter or offer to sell, give, loan, hire or barter to any minor within the Village, any pistol, derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon, capable of being secreted upon the person, such person not being the father, guardian or employer of said minor; \* \* \*.

## Posen

### Chapter 8, Title VIII Posen Village Code

**8-8-1: Definitions.** For purposes of this Ordinance—A. "Deadly Weapons" means pistols, derringers, revolvers or other handguns of such size or nature that they may be concealed on or about the person, short-barreled shotguns and short-barreled rifles. Deadly weapons do not include any antique firearm. Deadly weapons do not include any firearm which is not designed to or may not readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.

B. "Short-Barreled Shotguns" means shotguns having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length.

C. "Short-Barreled Rifles" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length.

D. "Antique Firearm" means: (1) any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898; and

(2) any replica of any firearm described in subsection 8-8-1 - D - (1), if such replica (a) is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional center-fire fixed ammunition, or (b) uses rimfire or conventional center-fire fixed ammunition which is not longer manufactured in the United States and which is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

E. "Dealer" means any person, firm or corporation—

(1) engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail,

(2) engaged in the business of repairing firearms or of making or fitting special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms, or

(3) any person who is a pawnbroker.

F. "Licensed Dealer" means any dealer who is validly licensed as a dealer under the provisions of Chapter 44 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

G. "Licensed Collector" means any person who acquires, holds, or disposes of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics and who is validly licensed as a collector by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under the provisions of Chapter 44 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

H. "Sale or Other Transfer" means any sale, gift, exchange, loan, rental or other transfer of a deadly weapon, but does not include any of the following:

(1) acquisition of a deadly weapon as the executor, administrator or other legal representative of a decedent's estate, or

(2) transfer of a deadly weapon by bequest or intestate succession, or

(3) acquisition or transfer of a deadly weapon by a trustee in bankruptcy in the administration of a bankrupt's estate, or

(4) return of a deadly weapon to a person, firm or corporation from whom it was received, or

(5) transfer of a deadly weapon where it is required by or in accordance with a judgment or decree of any court of lawful jurisdiction, or

(6) transfer of a deadly weapon to any Federal, State or Local government, or any department, agency, bureau, institution or commission thereof, of

(7) transfer of a deadly weapon to a private museum, society institution or other private organization which customarily acquires and holds firearms as curios or relics or for scientific or research purposes, or

(8) loan or rental of a deadly weapon solely for the purpose of target shooting upon a lawful pistol range or other lawful target range.

**8-8-2: Unlawful sale or other transfer of deadly weapons.** It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to make any sale or other transfer of a deadly weapon in the Village of Posen, Illinois, to any person, firm or corporation other than the following:

A. Persons who are required or authorized to possess and use a deadly weapon incident to their membership, employment or association with any of the regular armed forces, military services or reserve organizations of the United States.

B. Persons who are required or authorized to possess and use a deadly weapon incident to their membership, employment or association with the organized militia of any State.

C. Persons who are required or authorized

to possess and use a deadly weapon incident to their employment by any Federal, State or Local government thereof, specifically including by way of example but not limited to:

(1) Peace Officers;

(2) Wardens, Superintendents and Keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails or other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense; and

(3) Agents and Investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigatory Commission authorized by the Commission to carry weapons.

D. Licensed detectives and employees of licensed detective agencies as defined in Illinois Revised Statutes, Chapter 38, Section 201-1, as now or hereafter amended.

E. Special agents employed by a railroad or public utility to perform police functions.

F. Watchmen, bank guards, armed truck guards or other similar private security personnel, in accordance with the provisions of Section "8-8-11" of this Ordinance.

G. A licensed collector of deadly weapons.

H. A licensed dealer in deadly weapons.

**8-8-3: Dealer license required.** No person, firm or corporation shall engage in the business of a dealer in deadly weapons in the Village of Posen, Illinois, without securing a license therefor.

**8-8-4: Application for dealer's license.**

An application for the license required by Section 8-8-3 shall be made in writing to the Village of Posen Clerk on such suitable forms provided or approved by him [contact local authorities for required contents] \* \* \*, \* \* \*

**8-8-5: Dealer's license fee.** The license fee shall be \$25.00 per year or such other sum as may be established by ordinance. The license shall expire on April 30th following the date of issuance. The fee for a license issued for less than one year shall be prorated.

**8-8-6: Denial or issuance of license.** It shall be the duty of the Village Clerk to refuse the license required by Section 8-8-3 to any person, firm or corporation which fails, refuses or is unable to comply with all of the requirements; \* \* \*; otherwise, \* \* \* it shall be the duty of the Village Clerk to issue such license.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Rantoul

**18.53 Illegal to Sell Firearms and Other Devices to Persons Under Twenty-One.** No person shall within the corporate limits of the Village, sell, loan or furnish to any person under the age of twenty-one any gun, pistol, fowling piece, \* \* \* or other firearm \* \* \*.

## Red Bud

**261. Selling Weapons to Minors or Intoxicated Person. Section 58.** Whoever shall, within the limits of this City, by himself or

agent, sell, give, loan, hire or barter, or offer so to do, to any minor, or intoxicated person any pistol, revolver, derringer, \* \* \* shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

## Riverdale

911. In addition to all other applicable requirements in this Code, the intrastate transportation of small arms ammunition, small arms ammunition primers, smokeless propellants and black powder propellants shall be in accordance with current U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. \* \* \*

15.3301—Definitions. The term "gunshop" is hereby defined to mean any building, room, enclosure, premises, place, establishment or part of establishment in the Village of Riverdale operated and maintained or conducted for the sale or offer for sale at retail any of the following articles: rifles, shotguns, pistols and loaded shot shells or cartridges.

15.3302—License. No person shall engage in the business of a gunshop or a shooting range without first having obtained a license therefor.

29.216 \* \* \* No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor, any gun, pistol or any other firearm, or any toy gun, pistol or other toy firearm, in which any explosive substance can be used.

\* \* \*

## Rochester

6-1-14: Weapons: \* \* \* It shall be unlawful for any minor to have in his possession any firearms.

\* \* \*

## Rockford

Sec. 19-48. Unlawful use of weapons. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

\* \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails;

\* \* \* \* \*

Sec. 19-52. Furnishing bullets, pellets, arrows, etc., to minors. It shall be unlawful

for any person to sell, give or deliver any ammunition, ball, bullet, \* \* \* to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years and it shall be unlawful for any person under the age of eighteen (18) years to obtain any ammunition, ball, bullet, \* \* \* by purchase, sale or gift, or in any other manner.

## Rockton

Section 13. Unlawful use of weapons—Prohibited. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or (7) Sells, manufactures, purchases or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bomb and Molotov cocktails \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) Section 13, subsection (a) (7) shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess such, provided the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

## Rockwood

18-1. Unlawful use of weapons. a. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or (7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails.

18-2. No person, firm or corporation in the Village of Rockwood, shall sell, give or

loan to any person under the age of 18 years of age any firearm or other deadly weapon, without the consent of the parent or guardian of such minor.

## Rolling Meadows

13-36. Same—Handling, possession by minors. (a) Prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any parent or guardian of any child under the age of eighteen (18), to permit, suffer or allow any such child to handle or have in his possession within the city any cannon, gun, pistol \* \* \*

## Roscoe

Sec. 13-9. Unlawful use of weapons—Prohibited. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or (7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black power bomb and Molotov cocktails; or

\* \* \* \* \*

Sec. 13-10. Unlawful use of weapons—Exemptions. \* \* \* (c) Subsection (a) (7) of section 13-9 shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess such, provided that the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Round Lake

43.03 same as 26.03 Fox Lake

## San Jose

Section 4. Unlawful to Sell, Etc., to Minors—Penalty. Whoever not being the father or guardian of any minor, by himself or

agent, shall give, loan or hire or offer to sell, give, hire or barter to any minor, within the limits of said village, any pistol, revolver, deringer, \* \* \* or other dangerous or deadly weapon of like character capable of being secreted upon the person, shall be fined \* \* \* \* \*

## St. Charles

28.039 Unlawful Use of Weapons. It shall be unlawful to, and a person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \*

F. Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

G. Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

## Schaumburg

Sec. 20-56. [Weapons]—Sales or gifts to minors. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or give to any minor any pistol, revolver or other firearm that may be concealed upon the person within the corporate limits of the village.

## Shorewood

Ordinance 78-263

Section 2: Permit to Purchase Firearms. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase a firearm without having first secured a permit for each such purchase from the Chief of Police. Such permit shall be issued by the Chief of Police upon application therefor \* \* \* only after the Chief of Police has sufficient time to reasonably investigate the applicant to determine whether the applicant is not a person to whom the issuance of the permit is prohibited by this Ordinance. Permits shall not be issued to any person who does not possess a currently valid Illinois Firearm Owner's Identification, nor shall a permit be issued to any person who is under the age of 18 years, has ever been convicted of a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state or the United States, has ever been confined to a penitentiary of Illinois or any other state or the United States, has been convicted of a misdemeanor under the laws of Illinois or any

other state within a period of two years of the date of the application, is addicted to narcotics, is mentally retarded, is being treated medically or psychologically for a current mental or emotional disease or disturbance, has been a patient in a mental institution within a period of five years of the date of the application, or who is an alien.

Section 3: License or Permit to Deal in Firearms. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, rent, offer to sell or rent any firearms without securing a license therefor. A retail business or rental business license required by other Ordinances of the Village shall be sufficient license to engage in such business.

Section 4: Unlawful to Sell, Rent or Loan Firearms. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, rent or loan a firearm to any person who does not possess and display a currently valid permit provided for in Section 2 of this Ordinance.

Sec. 20-60. Same—Same—Permits generally; police inspection of retailers. It shall be unlawful for any person dealing in firearms to sell, barter, loan or give away to any person within the village any pistol, revolver or any other firearm of like character which can be concealed upon the person, unless such person so purchasing or receiving such firearm shall have secured a valid firearm owner's identification card from the department of public safety of the state. Every such person dealing in firearms shall, on demand, allow any police officer, sheriff or deputy sheriff to enter and inspect all stock on hand and shall, on request of such officer, produce for inspection the register so required to be kept.

Sec. 20-61. Same—Same—Permits for nonresidents. The provisions of this article requiring a state firearm owner's identification card and number do not apply to nonresidents who are currently licensed or registered to possess a firearm in their resident state.

## Sibley

43.03 Weapons. \* \* \* (b.) No person shall sell, give or transfer any such weapon (concealed pistol or any other weapon) to any minor person.

## Skokie

27-17. Permit. It shall be unlawful for any person dealing in firearms to sell, barter, loan or give away to any person within the Village of Skokie, any pistol, revolver, or other firearm of like character which can be concealed upon the person, unless such person so

purchasing or receiving such firearm shall have secured a written permit for the purchase of such firearm, from the Chief of Police, \* \* \*.

27-18. Minors. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol, rifle, revolver or other firearm within the corporate limits of the Village.

## Smithton

27.70 same as 38 Sec. 24-1. (Illinois State Law)

27.71 same as 38 Sec. 24-3.

27.72 same as 38 Sec. 24-3.1.

27.74 same as 38 Sec. 24-5.

## South Beloit

Sec. 18-10. Unlawful use of weapons—Prohibited. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bomb and Molotov cocktails;

(c) Subsection (a) (7) of section 18-10 shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess such, provided that the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

## South Elgin

18. Unlawful use of weapons. No person shall commit the offense of unlawful use of weapons. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(1) sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \*\*\* shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, \*\*\*

(6) possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm.

## Springfield

31.45. Minors not to handle or possess firearms, \*\*\* etc. It shall be unlawful for any parent or guardian of any child under the age of eighteen, to permit, suffer or allow any such child to handle or have in his possession within the city, any cannon, gun, pistol \*\*\*

## Steger

Sec. 130.701 Unlawful use of weapons. (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails;

Sec. 130.702 Unlawful sale of firearms. (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly:

(1) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under eighteen years of age; or

(2) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under twenty-one years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent; or

(3) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(4) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five years from release from the penitentiary or within five years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed; or

(5) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five years; or

(6) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded; or

(7) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least seventy-two hours after application for its purchase has been made, or

delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least twenty-four hours after application for its purchase has been made. However, this paragraph shall not apply to:

(a) the sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer or a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his employment; or

(b) a mail order sale of a firearm to a non-resident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; or

(c) the sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of Law Enforcement; or

(d) the sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed under the Federal Firearms Act of the United States.

(B) While holding any license under the Federal "Gun Control Act of 1968," as amended, as a dealer, importer, manufacturer, or pawnbroker; manufactures, sells or delivers to any unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, frame or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other non-homogeneous metal which will melt or deform at a temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For purposes of this paragraph "firearm" is defined as in "An Act relating to the acquisition, possession and transfer of firearms and firearm ammunition, to provide a penalty for the violation thereof and to make an appropriation in connection therewith," approved August 3, 1957, as amended;

2) "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a combination of parts from which a firearm can be assembled.

(C) Paragraph (B) of this section shall not include firearms sold within six months after enactment of this amendatory ordinance nor shall any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or purchased by any citizen within six months after the enactment of this amendatory ordinance be subject to confiscation or seizure under the provisions of this amendatory ordinance. Nothing in this amendatory ordinance shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm if that firearm was legally held or acquired within six months after the enactment of this amendatory ordinance.

Sec. 130.703 Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition. (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearm ammunition when:

(1) He is under eighteen years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

(2) He is under twenty-one years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent

and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(3) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or in any other jurisdiction within five years from release from the penitentiary or within five years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(4) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(5) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(6) He is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Stickney

### Ordinance 75-14

Section 1. Definition. "Firearms" for the purposes of this Ordinance, are Pistols, Revolvers, Derringers, Handguns or small arms of such size and nature that may be readily concealed on or about the person.

Section 2. License Required. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of selling, or to sell, lease, loan or give away to any resident of the Village of Stickney, any firearms which are of such size or nature as may be readily concealed on or about the person, without securing a license therefor.

Section 3. Unlawful Sale. It shall be unlawful for any seller of firearms to sell, lease, loan or give away any firearm to any person residing in the State of Illinois unless such person shall have been issued a Firearms Owners Identification Card as provided in the "Criminal Code of 1961" as amended, or to sell firearms in violation of the provisions of the "Criminal Code of 1961" as amended, or in violation of the provisions of any Federal Act regulating the sale of Firearms.

Section 4. Permit Required. It shall be unlawful for a seller of firearms to sell, lease, loan or give away any firearms to any resident of the Village of Stickney who has not secured a permit from the Chief of Police to purchase such firearm as hereinafter provided.

## Streamwood

19.1001. Definition of firearm. Firearm for the purpose of this article is a pistol, revolver, gun and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed upon or about the person.

19.1005. Permit to purchase firearms. No person shall be permitted to purchase a firearm without having secured a permit from the chief of police. Such permit shall not be issued to a criminal, vagabond, minor under eighteen years of age or an alien.

19.1006. License and permit to deal in firearms. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell, or give away, to any person within the village, any firearms which are of such size or nature as may be concealed upon the person, without securing a license therefor. No person, having secured such license, shall sell, loan or give away, any such weapon to any person who has not secured a permit from the chief of police to purchase such weapon.

## Sugar Grove

15. Unlawful use of weapons: A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

1. Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \*\*\* shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, \*\*\* or

6. Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm.

## Summit

6-7-1: License required: It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \*\*\* derringer, \*\*\* or other deadly weapon, \*\*\* or any toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any bullet, pellet, or other object can be expelled by means of air pressure or any explosive substance without securing a license so to do, and no person having secured such license shall sell or give away any such weapon to any person within the Village who has not secured a permit from the Chief of Police to purchase such weapon in the manner herein-after provided.

## Swansea

27.28 Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition when: (1) He is under eighteen (18) years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

(2) He is under twenty-one (21) years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(3) He has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five (5) years from release from the penitentiary or within five (5) years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(4) He is a narcotic addict and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(5) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five (5) years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or

(6) He is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

27.30 Defacing identification marks of firearms.

(a) Any person who shall change, alter, remove or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identification of any firearm commits a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) Possession of any firearm upon which any such mark shall have been changed, altered, removed or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed or obliterated the same.

## Tremont

Sec. 6-2-3-15 Unlawful use of weapons  
a) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

(6) Possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Possess or carry any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \*\*\*

## Towanda

42.03 Weapons. \*\*\* (b) No person shall sell, give or transfer any such weapon ("pistol, \*\*\* or any other weapon or thing of deadly character") to any minor person.

## Tuscola

Sec. 18-51. (Weapons)—Selling or furnishing to minors. Whoever, not being the father, guardian or employer of a minor by

himself or agent, shall sell, give, loan, hire or transfer to any minor within the corporate limits of the city, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \*\*\* or other deadly weapon of like character, capable of being secreted upon the person shall be subject to penalty as provided by section 1-8 of this Code.

## Urbana

Sec. 21.55. Weapons—Unlawful use and possession, and exemptions. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \*\*\*\*\* (f) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or (g) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, or any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \*\*\*

(4) Exemptions. \*\*\*\*\*

(c) Section 21.55 (1)(g) does not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails or other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

(d) Section 21.55 (1)(g) does not apply to the purchase, possession or carrying of a blackjack or slung-shot by a peace officer.

21.56. Weapons—infants. Any person who, not being the father, guardian or employer of a minor, by himself or agent, shall sell, give, loan, hire or barter to any minor within the corporate limits of the city, any pistol, revolver, derringer, \*\*\* capable of being secreted upon the person, shall be subject to the penalties set out in section 1.6 of this Code.

## Venice

9-5-4: Weapons: No pawnbroker shall receive as a pledge or purchase any revolver,



pistol, \*\*\* or sawed-off shotgun; and no pawnbroker shall display in his window or shop any such weapons for sale.

## Washington

16-26. Same—Selling, etc., weapons to prohibited. No person shall sell, give, loan, hire, barter or furnish, to any minor within the city, any gun, pistol, revolver, fowling-piece or toy firearm, in which any explosive substance can be used, \*\*\*.

## Washington Park

**Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm ammunition:** A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition when: (a) he is under 18 years of age and has in his possession any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person; (b) he is under 21 years of age, has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or (c) he has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within five years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or (d) he is a narcotic addict and has any firearm or firearm ammunition in his possession; or (e) he has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past five years and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession; or (f) he is mentally retarded and has any firearms or firearm ammunition in his possession.

**Unlawful use of Weapons** A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly \*\*\*\*\* (f) possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm.

## Wauconda

8-3-3-3: Unlawful use of weapons. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: (A) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any \*\*\* shotgun with barrel less than 18 inches in length \*\*\*.

(F) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(G) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device.

8-3-3-5: Unlawful sale of firearms. A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of firearms when he knowingly: (A) Sells or gives any firearms of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age; or

(B) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict; or

(C) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from the penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed.

## Waukegan

24-121. Dealer's license—Required. No person shall engage in the business of selling or sell or give away any pistol, revolver, \*\*\* derringer, \*\*\* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license to do so \*\*\*

24-127. Restrictions on sale or gift. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter or give away to any person within the city any deadly weapon mentioned in this division except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the chief of police as required in this division. This does not apply to sales made of such articles which are to be delivered or furnished outside the city.

24-128. Purchase permit required; \*\*\* It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in this division without first securing from the chief of police a permit to do so. \*\*\*

24-135. License—Required. No person shall engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer or other firearm which can be concealed on the person without securing a license to do so \*\*\*

26-27. Sale of weapons to minors, aliens prohibited. No person shall sell or give to any alien or to any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years any firearms or dangerous or deadly instruments of any character.

## West Chicago

Ordinance 879

Section 4. (1) A Person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly:

(a) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses, or carries any \*\*\* shot-gun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length, \*\*\*.

(f) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(g) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses, or carries any weapon from which more than 8 shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Western Springs

63.3 Fixed ammunition—license. Any person or corporation desiring a license for the sole purpose of keeping, selling, or giving away loaded ball cartridges or shot shells for use in rifles, pistols, or shotguns shall be entitled to a license upon application made as provided in chapter 27 of this code, provided that such licensee shall not have on hand at any one time more than 25,000 rounds of such ammunition.

## Westmont

Sec. 17-21. Persons under twenty-one years of age prohibited from purchasing firearms or ammunition. No persons under the age of twenty-one (21) years shall purchase any firearms or ammunition of any type.

## Wheaton

17-83. Enumeration of dangerous, deadly weapons. The term "dangerous or deadly weapon" as used herein shall include pistols, revolvers, rifles or other firearms, \*\*\* and any other deadly weapons which, except for this article, may be lawfully possessed by any person.

17-84. Selling, furnishing to minors; exceptions. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, give, or loan to any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years any deadly or dangerous weapon. \*\*\*

17-93. License—Required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or otherwise dealing in dangerous or deadly weapons (hereafter called a dealer) in the city without securing a license therefor.

## Wilmette

5-10.1 License required; \*\*\* It is unlawful for any person to engage in the business of making, selling, or repairing firearms of any type, size or description without first having obtained a license therefor. \*\*\*

5-10.2 Permit to purchase. It shall be unlawful for any person dealing in firearms to sell, barter, loan or give away to any person within the Village of Wilmette firearms of



any type, size or description, unless such person so purchasing or receiving such firearm shall have secured a written permit for the purchase of such firearm, from the Chief of Police. \* \* \*

## Wilmington

132.075 Selling deadly weapons; sales to minors. (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, give, loan, hire, barter, furnish, or offer to sell, give, loan, hire, barter or furnish to any minor within the City any gun, pistol, revolver, fowling piece, or other toy firearm in which any explosive substance can be used, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon of a like character.

## Winnetka

5-44. Weapons. No pawnbroker shall receive as a pledge or purchase any revolver, pistol, machine gun, or sawed-off shotgun, and no pawnbroker shall display in his window or shop any such weapons for sale.

13-51. Weapons—Sale to minors prohibited. No person shall sell, loan or furnish to any minor any gun, pistol or other firearm, \* \* \* or ammunition for any firearm \* \* \*, within the limits of the village.

## Worth

Sec. 3-11-1: License required, sale restricted: It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling or to sell, or give away, to any person within the Village, any firearms which are of such size or nature as may be concealed upon the person, without securing a license therefor. No person, having secured such license, shall sell, loan or give away, any such weapon to any person who has not secured a permit from the Chief of Police to purchase such weapon.

Sec. 10-5-1: Definition of "firearms." "Firearms" for the purposes of this chapter are pistols, revolvers, guns and small arms of a size and character that may be concealed upon or about the person.

Sec. 10-5-2: Permit to purchase firearms. No person shall be permitted to purchase a firearm without having secured a permit from the Chief of Police. [Contact local authorities for required contents] \* \* \*, \* \* \*

Sec. 10-5-5: Sale to minors, aliens prohibited: No person shall sell or give to any alien or to any minor under the age of eighteen years any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person.

## Zion

28-1. Unlawful use or carrying of weapons—Defined. (a) A person commits the of-

fense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly: \* \* \* \*

(6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or

(7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any weapon from which more than eight (8) shots or bullets may be discharged by a single function of the firing device, any shotgun with a barrel less than eighteen (18) inches in length, or any bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance, such as but not limited to black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails; \* \* \*

28-2. Same—Exemptions. \* \* \* \* (c) Subsection 28-1(a)(7) shall not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine guns to persons authorized under (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess such, provided the machine guns are broken down in a nonfunctioning state or not immediately accessible. \* \* \*

28-14. To be licensed. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away, any pistol, revolver, \* \* \* derringer, \* \* \* or other deadly weapon which can be concealed on the person, without securing a license to do so.

28-20. Restrictions on sale or gift. It

shall be unlawful for any person to sell, barter or give away to any person within the city any deadly weapon mentioned in this article except to licensed dealers and to persons who have secured a permit for the purchase of such articles from the chief of police \* \* \*

28-21. Permit required to purchase: \* \* \* It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any deadly weapon mentioned in this article which can be concealed on the person without first securing from the chief of police a permit so to do. \* \* \*

28-34. License required. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of repairing any pistol, revolver, derringer, or other firearm which can be concealed on the person without securing a license so to do.

28-48. License, compliance required; exception. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of selling, or to sell or give away any \* \* \* toy firearms or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance can be used without securing a license so to do, and no person having secured such license shall sell, or give away any such weapon to any person within the city who has not secured a permit from the chief of police to purchase such weapon \* \* \*; provided that it shall not be necessary for any person licensed to sell deadly weapons to take out an additional license for the sale of the articles mentioned herein.

28-51. Purchasers' permits required; \* \* \* It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase \* \* \* any toy firearm or other toy in the nature of a firearm in which any explosive substance is used to expel a projectile without first securing from the chief of police a permit so to do. \* \* \*

## Appendix D

## CHICAGO FIREARM REGISTRATION LAW



## CHAPTER 11.1\*

### REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 11.1-1. Register to be kept<br>11.1-2. Information required<br>11.1-3. Police inspection<br>11.1-4. Registration form<br>11.1-5. Seller witness to accuracy<br>11.1-6. Registration form to Director of Revenue<br>11.1-7. Firearms purchased from other than licensed dealer<br>11.1-8. Certificate | 11.1-9. Registration refused — recourse<br>11.1-10. Change in registration<br>11.1-11. Firearms to be delivered to police<br>11.1-12. Police to maintain index<br>11.1-13. Report of sale, theft or disappearance<br>11.1-14. Firearm defined<br>11.1-15. Persons ineligible to register firearms<br>11.1-16. Possession of unregistered firearms<br>11.1-17. Penalty |
|--|---|

**Register to be kept**      11.1-1. All firearms located in the City of Chicago shall be registered in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter. Any seller of firearms, other than a manufacturer selling to a bona fide wholesaler or retailer or a wholesaler selling to a bona fide retailer, shall keep a register of all such firearms sold or given away, and shall keep an inventory of all firearms in stock, which inventory shall list the wholesaler or other source of acquisition of the firearm and the date of acquisition by the seller. (Amend. Coun. J. 1-27-71, p. 10475.)

**Information required**      11.1-2. Such register shall contain the date of the sale or gift, the full name, address, age, physical description and occupation of the person to whom the firearm is sold or given, the price of the firearm, the kind, description and serial number or other identifying marks of the firearm, the purpose for which it is purchased and obtained, the permit number, and other relevant information deemed necessary by the Director of Revenue. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

**Police inspection**      11.1-3. Such seller on demand of a police officer shall produce for inspection the register and inventory and allow such police officer to inspect such register and inventory and all stock on hand.

**Registration form**      11.1-4. At the time of sale the seller shall complete a registration form, designed or approved by the Director of Revenue, which shall contain the date of the sale or gift, the full name, address, age, physical description and occupation of the person to whom the firearm is sold or given, the price of the firearm, the kind, description and serial number or other identifying marks of the firearm, the purpose for which it is purchased and obtained, the permit number, and other relevant information deemed necessary by the Director of Revenue. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

**Seller witness to accuracy**      11.1-5. At such time of sale the seller shall witness to the best of his knowledge that the information submitted on the registration form by the purchaser is true and correct and that the transaction is not in violation of law.

**Registration form to Director of Revenue**      11.1-6. The completed registration form, signed by both the seller and the purchaser, shall be mailed by the seller to the office of the Director of Revenue no later than 48 hours after the sale. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

**Firearms purchased from other than licensed dealer**      11.1-7. Every person after purchasing or otherwise acquiring a firearm from any person other than a firearms dealer licensed by the City of Chicago under this Code, shall, within 10 days of the purchase or other acquisition, provide the Director of Revenue with the information stipulated in Section 11.1-8 of this Chapter on a registration form designed or approved by the Director of Revenue. The burden of proving any firearm was acquired within such 10-day period shall be upon the person charged with failure to register such firearm. (Amend. Coun. J. 1-27-71, p. 10476; 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

**Certificate**      11.1-8. The Director of Revenue shall forward to every purchaser, recipient, or possessor of a registered firearm a registration certificate within 30 days of registration. The certificate shall state the full name, address, age, physical description of the registrant, the kind, description, and serial number or other identifying marks of the individual firearm to which it applies, which will not be transferable and shall be carried simultaneously with the firearm and shall be exhibited to any police officer upon his demand for inspection. Registration shall not make lawful the carrying or possession of a firearm if prohibited by any other law. The registration provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to manufacturers, transporters or wholesale or retail sellers of firearms or those persons with exempt status pursuant to subsections (a) (1), (a) (2), and (a) (3) of Section 24-2 of the Illinois Criminal Code. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

\* Chapter passed Coun. J. 1-30-68, p. 2274.  
40 & 41, 1-1-77 (Amended)

V6LH

# REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS

11.1-9. The Director of Revenue may investigate and verify all statements in the registration form and reserve the right to refuse registration of the firearm if the registrant is in violation of any provision of this Chapter. Any applicant who believes that his application is wrongfully refused may appeal to the Mayor the propriety of said refusal. Upon the filing of such appeal, the Mayor shall cause a hearing to be held and based upon the evidence contained in the record of such hearing, either affirm or reverse the decision of the Director of Revenue. The action of the Mayor shall be subject to Judicial Review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Review Act. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Registration  
refused recourse

11.1-10. Any change in registration must be effected on a form prepared by the Director of Revenue. In addition, the new registrant shall register the firearm in accordance with the provisions in this Chapter for registration. The Director of Revenue shall be notified on a form provided by him of any liquidation or other disposition of a registered firearm. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Change in  
registration

11.1-11. Any person who has registered or attempted to register pursuant to this Chapter shall deliver to the Chicago Police Department every firearm owned or possessed by him, within 10 days after his receipt of notice that the Director of Revenue has refused to register or has revoked registration because of a disqualified application or applicant. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Firearms to be  
delivered to police

11.1-12. The Director of Revenue shall deliver to the Chicago Police Department and to the Sheriff of Cook County, one of the completed duplicate application forms for every registration. The Chicago Police Department shall maintain an index of every application and registration which shall include the name and residence of every applicant, the descriptive data of every firearm, the dates of application and issuance, and the purpose for each registration. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Police to  
maintain index

11.1-13. Within 10 days after sale or discovery of theft or other disappearance of the registered firearm, the registrant shall report the fact of such sale, theft or disappearance to the Chicago Police Department and to the Director of Revenue on a form provided by him. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Report of sale,  
theft or  
disappearance

11.1-14. For the purposes of this Chapter the term "firearm" means any weapon, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosive and a firearm muffler or firearm silencer, or any part or parts of such weapon.

Firearm defined

11.1-15. Any person under 18 years of age, any narcotic addict, any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and any person who has been released from a mental institution or from the custody of the Illinois Youth Commission within the last 5 years, or is mentally retarded, and any person who possesses any firearm, the possession of which is prohibited by any State or Federal law relating to weapons or firearms, shall be ineligible to register pursuant to this Chapter. Any purported registration by any of the above-described persons shall be null and void.

Persons ineligible  
to register  
firearms

11.1-16. A person may not possess or harbor any firearms, whether concealed or not concealed, if such person is ineligible to register such firearm with the licensing authority pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter and possession of unregistered firearms by any person shall be a misdemeanor. [Amend. Coun. J. 2-28-75, p. 10268.]

Possession of  
unregistered  
firearms

11.1-17. Any person who violates any of the sections of this Chapter shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$500.00 for the first offense and not less than \$300.00 nor more than \$500.00 for the second offense and shall be punished as a misdemeanor for each subsequent offense by incarceration in the county jail for a term not to exceed six months under procedures set forth in Section 1-2-1.1 of the Illinois Municipal Code (Ill. Rev. Stat. 1973, ch. 24, par. 1-2-1.1) as amended, or by both fine and imprisonment, except, however, that any violation of Section 11.1-16 shall be a misdemeanor punishable by incarceration in the county jail for a term not less than ten days and not to exceed six months. [Amend. Coun. J. 1-27-71, p. 10476; 2-28-75, p. 10268.]

Penalty

## REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS

11.1-9. The Director of Revenue may investigate and verify all statements in the registration form and reserve the right to refuse registration of the firearm if the registrant is in violation of any provision of this Chapter. Any applicant who believes that his application is wrongfully refused may appeal to the Mayor the propriety of said refusal. Upon the filing of such appeal, the Mayor shall cause a hearing to be held and based upon the evidence contained in the record of such hearing, either affirm or reverse the decision of the Director of Revenue. The action of the Mayor shall be subject to Judicial Review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Review Act. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Registration  
refused recourse

11.1-10. Any change in registration must be effected on a form prepared by the Director of Revenue. In addition, the new registrant shall register the firearm in accordance with the provisions in this Chapter for registration. The Director of Revenue shall be notified on a form provided by him of any liquidation or other disposition of a registered firearm. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Change in  
registration

11.1-11. Any person who has registered or attempted to register pursuant to this Chapter shall deliver to the Chicago Police Department every firearm owned or possessed by him, within 10 days after his receipt of notice that the Director of Revenue has refused to register or has revoked registration because of a disqualified application or applicant. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Firearms to be  
delivered to police

11.1-12. The Director of Revenue shall deliver to the Chicago Police Department and to the Sheriff of Cook County, one of the completed duplicate application forms for every registration. The Chicago Police Department shall maintain an index of every application and registration which shall include the name and residence of every applicant, the descriptive data of every firearm, the dates of application and issuance, and the purpose for each registration. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Police to  
maintain index

11.1-13. Within 10 days after sale or discovery of theft or other disappearance of the registered firearm, the registrant shall report the fact of such sale, theft or disappearance to the Chicago Police Department and to the Director of Revenue on a form provided by him. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

Report of sale,  
theft or  
disappearance

11.1-14. For the purposes of this Chapter the term "firearm" means any weapon, by whatever name known, which is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosive and a firearm muffler or firearm silencer, or any part or parts of such weapon.

Firearm defined

11.1-15. Any person under 18 years of age, any narcotic addict, any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction within 5 years from release from penitentiary or within 5 years of conviction if penitentiary sentence has not been imposed, and any person who has been released from a mental institution or from the custody of the Illinois Youth Commission within the last 5 years, or is mentally retarded, and any person who possesses any firearm, the possession of which is prohibited by any State or Federal law relating to weapons or firearms, shall be ineligible to register pursuant to this Chapter. Any purported registration by any of the above-described persons shall be null and void.

Persons ineligible  
to register  
firearms

11.1-16. A person may not possess or harbor any firearms, whether concealed or not concealed, if such person is ineligible to register such firearm with the licensing authority pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter and possession of unregistered firearms by any person shall be a misdemeanor. [Amend. Coun. J. 2-28-75, p. 10268.]

Possession of  
unregistered  
firearms

11.1-17. Any person who violates any of the sections of this Chapter shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$500.00 for the first offense and not less than \$300.00 nor more than \$500.00 for the second offense and shall be punished as a misdemeanor for each subsequent offense by incarceration in the county jail for a term not to exceed six months under procedures set forth in Section 1-2-1.1 of the Illinois Municipal Code (Ill. Rev. Stat. 1973, ch. 24, par. 1-2-1.1) as amended, or by both fine and imprisonment, except, however, that any violation of Section 11.1-16 shall be a misdemeanor punishable by incarceration in the county jail for a term not less than ten days and not to exceed six months. [Amend. Coun. J. 1-27-71, p. 10476; 2-28-75, p. 10268.]

Penalty

CHAPTER 11.1\*

REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 11.1-1. Register to be kept                                | 11.1-9. Registration refused — recourse          |
| 11.1-2. Information required                               | 11.1-10. Change in registration                  |
| 11.1-3. Police inspection                                  | 11.1-11. Firearms to be delivered to police      |
| 11.1-4. Registration form                                  | 11.1-12. Police to maintain index                |
| 11.1-5. Seller witness to accuracy                         | 11.1-13. Report of sale, theft or disappearance  |
| 11.1-6. Registration form to Director of Revenue           | 11.1-14. Firearm defined                         |
| 11.1-7. Firearms purchased from other than licensed dealer | 11.1-15. Persons ineligible to register firearms |
| 11.1-8. Certificate  | 11.1-16. Possession of unregistered firearms     |
|  | 11.1-17. Penalty                                 |

- Register to be kept** 11.1-1. All firearms located in the City of Chicago shall be registered in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter. Any seller of firearms, other than a manufacturer selling to a bona fide wholesaler or retailer or a wholesaler selling to a bona fide retailer, shall keep a register of all such firearms sold or given away, and shall keep an inventory of all firearms in stock, which inventory shall list the wholesaler or other source of acquisition of the firearm and the date of acquisition by the seller. (Amend. Coun. J. 1-27-71, p. 10475.)
- Information required** 11.1-2. Such register shall contain the date of the sale or gift, the full name, address, age, physical description and occupation of the person to whom the firearm is sold or given, the price of the firearm, the kind, description and serial number or other identifying marks of the firearm, the purpose for which it is purchased and obtained, the permit number, and other relevant information deemed necessary by the Director of Revenue. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)
- Police inspection** 11.1-3. Such seller on demand of a police officer shall produce for inspection the register and inventory and allow such police officer to inspect such register and inventory and all stock on hand.
- Registration form** 11.1-4. At the time of sale the seller shall complete a registration form, designed or approved by the Director of Revenue, which shall contain the date of the sale or gift, the full name, address, age, physical description and occupation of the person to whom the firearm is sold or given, the price of the firearm, the kind, description and serial number or other identifying marks of the firearm, the purpose for which it is purchased and obtained, the permit number, and other relevant information deemed necessary by the Director of Revenue. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)
- Seller witness to accuracy** 11.1-5. At such time of sale the seller shall witness to the best of his knowledge that the information submitted on the registration form by the purchaser is true and correct and that the transaction is not in violation of law.
- Registration form to Director of Revenue** 11.1-6. The completed registration form, signed by both the seller and the purchaser, shall be mailed by the seller to the office of the Director of Revenue no later than 48 hours after the sale. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)
- Firearms purchased from other than licensed dealer** 11.1-7. Every person after purchasing or otherwise acquiring a firearm from any person other than a firearms dealer licensed by the City of Chicago under this Code, shall, within 10 days of the purchase or other acquisition, provide the Director of Revenue with the information stipulated in Section 11.1-8 of this Chapter on a registration form designed or approved by the Director of Revenue. The burden of proving any firearm was acquired within such 10-day period shall be upon the person charged with failure to register such firearm. (Amend. Coun. J. 1-27-71, p. 10475; 3-22-74, p. 7869.)
- Certificate** 11.1-8. The Director of Revenue shall forward to every purchaser, recipient, or possessor of a registered firearm a registration certificate within 30 days of registration. The certificate shall state the full name, address, age, physical description of the registrant, the kind, description, and serial number or other identifying marks of the individual firearm to which it applies, which will not be transferable and shall be carried simultaneously with the firearm and shall be exhibited to any police officer upon his demand for inspection. Registration shall not make lawful the carrying or possession of a firearm if prohibited by any other law. The registration provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to manufacturers, transporters or wholesale or retail sellers of firearms or those persons with exempt status pursuant to subsections (a) (1), (a) (2), and (a) (3) of Section 24-2 of the Illinois Criminal Code. (Amend. Coun. J. 3-22-74, p. 7869.)

\* Chapter passed Coun. J. 1-30-68, p. 2274.  
40 & 41, 1-1-77 (Amended)

1179A

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

Blose, James, and Philip J. Cook

- 1980      Regulating Handgun Transfers: Current State and Federal Procedures, and an Assessment of the Feasibility and Cost of the Proposed Procedures in the Handgun Crime Control Act of 1979. Working paper, Center for the Study of Policy Analysis, Institute of Policy Sciences and Public Affairs, Duke University, 4875 Duke Station, Durham, North Carolina 27706.

Brill, Steven

- 1977      Firearm Abuse: A Research and Policy Report. Washington, D.C.: Police Foundation.

Bordua, David J., and Alan J. Lizotte

- 1979      Patterns of Legal Firearms Ownership: A cultural and Situational Analysis of Illinois Counties. Law & Policy Quarterly 1(2, April):147-175.  
An analysis of Department of Law Enforcement Firearm Owners Identification data.

Bordua, David J., Alan J. Lizotte, Gary Kleck, with Van Cagle

- 1979      Patterns of Firearms Ownership, Use and Regulation in Illinois. Department of Sociology, University of Illinois, Urbana.  
Joint use of Department of Law Enforcement Firearm Owners Identification data and two surveys of Illinois Firearms owners.

Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF).

- 1976a      Project Identification: A Study of Handguns Used in Crime.  
1976b      Project 300 Study.  
The above reports trace the history of a sample of handguns used in crime.  
1979a      State Laws and Published Ordinances: Firearms. ATF P 5300.5(6/79).  
1979b      Part 178 of 27 CFR Federal Laws and Regulations. ATF P 3300.14(9/79).  
Contains relevant chapters of the United States Code.  
1979c      Federal Regulation of Firearms and Ammunition.



Kok, Linda

- 1979 Illinois Uniform Crime Reports: User's Guide and Codebooks. Chicago: Illinois Law Enforcement Commission, Statistical Analysis Center.
- 1980 Illinois Uniform Crime Reports User's Guide Update for 1977 Data. Chicago: Illinois Law Enforcement Commission, Statistical Analysis Center.

Lizotte, Alan J., and David J. Bordua

- 1980 Firearms Ownership for Sport and Protection: Two Divergent Models. American Sociological Review 45 (April):229-244. Further analysis of the two firearm owners surveys.

Perrin, Ruth

- 1977 Crime Rates Workbook. Chicago: Illinois Law Enforcement Commission, Statistical Analysis Center.
- 1979 Illinois Victimization Survey Data: A Guide to their Use. Chicago: Illinois Law Enforcement Commission, Statistical Analysis Center.

Ray, Maria Wilson, Robert N. Brenner and Marjorie Kravitz

- 1978 Selected Bibliography: Firearm Use in Violent Crime. National Criminal Justice Reference Service, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, U.S. Department of Justice. Contains very few references to works on data quality and availability, but does contain references to research papers that use firearm data, and the addresses of resource agencies.

SAC Publications

DATA SOURCES ON THE INCIDENCE OF ARSON IN ILLINOIS, by Chip Coldren (November, 1977)

CRIME RATES WORKBOOK, by Ruth A. Perrin (December, 1977)

DATA ON EXTORTION IN ILLINOIS, by Ruth A. Perrin and James R. Coldren Jr. (April, 1978)

REPORT ON TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROJECT: DOMESTIC VIOLENCE SURVEY, by L. Edward Day (September, 1978)

A METHODOLOGICAL REVIEW OF "THE IMPACT OF MANPOWER SERVICES ON ILLINOIS OFFENDERS," by George W. Knox, by Carolyn R. Block (October, 1978)

A GUIDE TO THE SOURCES OF DATA ON CRIMINAL CASES PROCESSED IN THE COOK COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT, by Karen P. Smith and James Zuehl (December, 1978; revised June, 1979)

ILLINOIS UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS USER'S GUIDE AND CODEBOOKS, by Linda Kok (February, 1979)

ILLINOIS UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS USER'S GUIDE UPDATE FOR 1977 DATA, by Linda Kok (February, 1980)

ILLINOIS VICTIM SURVEY DATA: A GUIDE TO THEIR USE, by Ruth A. Perrin (October, 1977; revised March, 1979)

COMPARING ILLINOIS POLICE DATA TO COURTS AND CORRECTIONS DATA: THE PROBLEMS AND A SUGGESTED SOLUTION, by Carolyn R. Block (March, 1979)

A LOOK IN THE BLACK BOX: THE TRANSFORMATION OF ROBBERY INCIDENTS INTO OFFICIAL ROBBERY STATISTICS, by Richard Block and Carolyn R. Block (June, 1979)

ROBBERY AND BURGLARY 1972-1977 TRENDS FOR ILLINOIS CITIES, COUNTIES AND ILEC PLANNING REGIONS, by L. Edward Day (June, 1979)

GUIDE TO ILLINOIS PAROLE AND RELEASE DATA, by Carolyn R. Block (July, 1979; revised November, 1980)

DESCRIPTIVE TIME SERIES ANALYSIS FOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE DECISION MAKERS: LOCAL ILLINOIS ROBBERY AND BURGLARY, by Carolyn R. Block (November, 1979)

INMATE PROFILE ANALYSIS, by Edward F. Maier and Stephen F. Tapke (November, 1979)

DATA SOURCES ON PROBATION, CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE, SUPERVISION AND PERIODIC IMPRISONMENT IN ILLINOIS, by James R. Coldren Jr. (December, 1979)

The COMPILER, editor: Eric Newcomer (newsletter published bi-monthly)

ANNUAL PRIVACY AND SECURITY AUDIT REPORT, period ending June 30, 1979, by Illinois Criminal Justice Information Council

PATTERNS OF CHANGE IN CHICAGO HOMICIDE: THE TWENTIES, THE SIXTIES AND THE SEVENTIES, by Carolyn R. Block and Richard Block (April, 1980)

DECISIONS AND DATA: THE TRANSFORMATION OF ROBBERY INCIDENTS INTO OFFICIAL ROBBERY STATISTICS, by Richard L. Block and Carolyn R. Block (July, 1980)

AGGREGATION PROBLEMS IN THE ANALYSIS OF ILLINOIS STATEWIDE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA,  
by James R. Coldren, Jr. (November, 1980)

GUIDE TO ILLINOIS FIREARM DATA, by Carolyn R. Block (November, 1980)