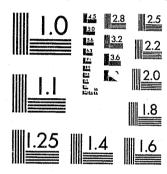
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National Institute of Justice United States Department of Justice Washington, D. C. 20531

INTER-UNIVERSITY CONSORTIUM FOR POLITICAL AND SOCIAL RESEARCH

C P S

EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT
DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE
SYSTEM: 1976

(ICPSR 7618)

Principal Investigator

Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

Second ICPSR Edition, 1979

EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE, SYSTEM: 1976

(ICPSR 7618)

Principal Investigator

Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research

P.O. Box 1248

Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

ICPSR Edition Second Printing, 1979

U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

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The data (and tabulations) utilized in this (publication) were made available (in part) by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research. The data for EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM: 1976 were originally collected by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA). Neither the original collector of the data nor the Consortium bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretation presented here.

In order to provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources, and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, each user of the ICPSR data facilities is expected to send two copies of each completed manuscript or thesis abstract to the Consortium. Please indicate in the cover letter which data were used.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

Study Description	
Data Collection and Sample	I
Processing	I
File Structure	II
Codebook Information	r
VARIABLE DESCRIPTION LIST	Δ.
CODEBOOK	
GLOSSARY	3 5

NCURS

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ACQUISITIONS

STUDY DESCRIPTION

The 1976 Criminal Justice Expenditure and Employment data are part of an annual survey series conducted under the requirements of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968. The data were collected by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA).

A related publication is EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, 1976, prepared by the Census Bureau and the LEAA.

The data included in the present study concern criminal justice employment and expenditures for all the states, counties, and certain municipal governments. Specific variables include: full and part-time employees and payroll; expenditures for current operations, capital outlay, and contributions to employee benefits; and intergovernmental expenditures paid to state and local governments. Figures are presented for the following sectors of the criminal justice system: police protection, judicial, legal services and prosecution, public defense, corrections, and other criminal justice services.

The survey design for this study included the collection of data from all states and counties, and from municipalities having a 1970 population of 10,000 or more. In addition, a sample of the remaining cities and municipalities under 10,000 in population was selected in accordance with the relative size of their annual expenditures in criminal justice. Data for 1976 include records for 50 states, 2722 counties, 3915 cities, and 1530 townships, for a total of 8217 records.

The state expenditure data cover the fiscal year which ends June 30 for all states except three, whose fiscal years end as follows: New York, March 31; Texas, August 31; and Alabama, September 30. Included in the state totals is information from some state agencies which operate on a fiscal year different from the state government under which it is organized. Figures for such agencies are those from the fiscal year which terminated within the state's regular fiscal year. For local governments, the fiscal year reported is that which closed between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976. Data on the number of employees is reported for the pay period which included October 15, 1976 and includes personnel on payroll for the month of October 1976.

DATA COLLECTION AND SAMPLE

The surveys were accomplished using two methods of data collection: field compilation and mail canvass. Pield representatives compiled expenditure and employment data for the 50 states, 312 largest counties, 384 largest cities, and for selected smaller units from the government's own records. Other government units in the sample were canvassed by mail over a five-month period, January through May 1976. Response for field-completed units was 100%, and response in mail canvass units was approximately 90%. The field survey efforts and mail canvass were supplemented by reference to a variety of published government documents, such as budget and audit reports. In some instances, such sources were the basis for the breakdown of totals into more detailed expenditure and employment figures.

The sample of municipal governments was designed to produce an estimate for each state of the ratio of state to local government criminal justice expenditures with a sample error of less than 0.5% at the 95% confidence level. The relative error of the state-by-state estimates of local government criminal justice expenditures has also been calculated at the 95% confidence level.

The LEAA has sponsored seven years of expenditure-employee data, 1970 through 1976. The data for fiscal years 1971-1976 are directly comparable; the data were collected, edited, and processed in a uniform way. Due to significant changes in the survey procedures, 1970 data are not directly comparable with the 1971-76 years.

PROCESSING

The archive file consists of three physical files stored on magnetic tape: a machine-readable user's quide, which documents the data for the human user; an Osiris type 1 dictionary file which describes the data to a computer program; and a data file.

A unit in this dataset is a state, county, city, or municipal government. Each unit is identified and sorted on these four variables: a state reference code, a level-of-government identifier, a county code, and a city or municipal reference number. The states are coded according to the Government's Division Code; counties and cities are alphabetically coded within their respective states.

This study has been checked and formated to ICPSR standards for Class I data. All ampersands, dashes, embedded blanks, and alphabetic characters have been removed.

FILE STRUCTURE

The data are available from ICPSR in two formats: a card image file and Zn OSIRIS dataset. The card image file contains 16 decks per respondent in a format based on 80 column punched cards. The data are sorted by respondent with all decks for each case together in ascending order. There are two components to the OSIRIS dataset. The OSIRIS dictionary gives the format and other information for each variable in the OSIRIS data file. The dictionary or dictionary-codebook file is used in conjunction with the OSIRIS software package. The OSIRIS data file is constructed with a single logical record of 1005 bytes for each respondent.

The OSIRIS data file can be accessed directly by software packages which do not use the OSIRIS dictionary by specifying the tape locations of the desired variables. These tape locations are contained in the OSIRIS codebook.

CODEBOOK INFORMATION

The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear in the codebook, but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.

[1]VAR 0002 [1]BEF 0002

[2]LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT [4]LOC 4 WIDTH 1 [6]---

[3]MD=XXX [5]DK COL [7]IMP DEC=0

[8]LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT

[9]GOVERNMENT DIVISION CODE [10]SEE NOTE (S) --

> [11] [12] [13] 0. STATE 2722 1. COUNTY

3915 2. CITY

1530 TOWNSHIP

- 1. Indicates the variable and reference numbers. A variable and a reference number are assigned to each item in the study. In the present codebook, which documents the archived dataset, these numbers are identical. Should the data be subsetted or rearranged by an OSIRIS program (e.g., MMP to intersperse data from another source, or TCOT to produce an analysis deck), the variable numbers would change to reflect the order of the new dataset, while the reference numbers would remain unchanged to reflect the variable number in the codebook describing the archived dataset.
- 2. Indicates the abbreviated (24 characters maximum) variable name used within the OSIRIS system to identify the variable for the user. An expanded version of these names can be found in the variable description list.
- 3. Indicates the designation of missing data. In this example code values less than or equal to XXX are missing data (MD=LE -1). Alternative statements for other variables are "MD=0," "MD=0 OR GE 9," OR "NO MISSING DATA CODES." Some analysis software packages (including the OSIRIS software package) require that

certain types of data which the user desires to exclude from analysis be designated as "NISSING DATA," e.g., inappropriate, unascertained, unascertainable or ambiguous data categories. Although these categories are defined as missing data categories, this does not mean that a user should not or cannot use these codes in a substantive role if he or she so desires.

- 4. Indicates the starting location and width of this variable when the data are stored on a magnetic tape in the OSIRIS format. If the variable is of a multiple response type, the width referenced is that of a single response.
- 5. Indicates the location by deck and column(s) of this variable when the data are on cards or in card image (either 80 or 84 column format). For multiple response variables, the locations refer to the entire variable
- 6. Multiple response variable information is usually inserted in this space. There are no multiple response variables in this study.
- 7. A variable containing data with implied decimals is denoted by the message "XX DEC PLACE(S)," where XX is the number of decimal places implied (not punched) in the variable. In this example, there are no implied decimal places.
- 8. Indicates any contingency associated with the variable. Also listed is the full text (question) supplied by the investigator to describe the variable. The question text reflects the original wording of the questionnaire item.
- 9. Indicates an additional comment or explanation appended to the variable description.
- 10. A variable which has a footnote associated with it is denoted by the message, "SEE NOTE(S) X," where X is the number of the footnote referenced.
- 11. Indicates the frequency of occurrence of each code value. This codebook does not list frequencies.
- 12. Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.
- 13. Indicates the textual definitions of the codes. Abbreviations commonly used in the code definitions are DK (DO NOT KNOW), NA (NOT ASCERTAINED), and INAP. (INAPPROPRIATE).

VARIABLE DESCRIPTION LIST

IDENTIFICATION AND POPULATION VARIABLES

7001	State	Number
V002	Level	of Gover

nment V003 County Number

V004 City or Township Number V005 City or Township Name

V006 1970 Population

V007 1975 Population Estimate

V008 Fiscal Year

V009 Sequence Number

POLICE PROTECTION

- V010 Full-Time Employees
- V011 Full-Time Payroll
- V012 Part-Time Employees
- V013 Part-Time Payroll
- V014 Current Operations
- V015 Capital Outlay
- V016 Intergovernmental Expentidure Paid to Local Government
- V017 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V018 Contributions to Employee Benefits

JUDICIAL

- V019 Full-Time Employees
- V020 Full-Time Payroll
- V021 Part-Time Employees V022 Part-Time Payroll
- V023 Current Operations
- V024 Capital Outlay
- V025 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V026 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V027 Contributions to Employee Benefits

LEGAL SERVICES AND PROSECUTION

- V028 Full-Time Employees
- V029 Full-Time Payroll
- V030 Part-Time Employees
- V031 Part-Time Payroll
- V032 Current Operations

- V033 Capital Outlay
- V034 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V035 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V036 Contributions to Employee Benefits

PUBLIC DEFENSE

- V037 Full-Time Employees
- V038 Full-Time Payroll
- V039 Part-Time Employees
- V040 Part-Time Payroll
- **V041** Current Operations
- V042 Capital Outlay
- V043 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V044 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V045 Contributions to Employee Benefits

CORRECTION

- V046 Full-Time Employees
- V047 Full-Time Payroll
- V048 Part-Time Employees
- V049 Part-Time Payroll
- V050 Current Operations
- V051 Capital Outlay
- V052 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V053 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V054 Contributions to Employee Benefits

OTHER CRIMINAL JUSTICE

- V055 Full-Time Employees
- V056 Full-Time Payroll
- V057 Part-Time Employees
- V058 Part-Time Payroll
- V059 Current Operations
- V060 Capital Outlay
- V061 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V062 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V063 Contributions to Employee Benefits

MAJOR TRIAL COURT

V064 Full-Time Employees V065 Full-Time Payroll

PEVENUE SOURCES

V066 Revenue Directly From Federal Government

POLICE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT

V067 Census of the Government's 1972 Police Full-Time Equivalent

PAY PERIODS

V068 Full-Time Pay Period V069 Part-Time Pay Period

SWORN POLICE PERSONNEL

- V070 Full-Time Employees
- V071 Full-Time Payroll
- V072 Part-Time Employees
- V073 Part-Time Payroll

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS

- V074 Full-Time Equivalent: Sworn Police
- V075 Full-Time Equivalent: Corrections: Institution
- V076 Full-Time Equivalent: Corrections: Probation
- V077 Full-Time Equivalent: Corrections: Administrative a Miscellaneous

WEIGHT AND POPULATION CHAPACTERISTICS

- V078 Weight
- V079 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA)
- V080 Population

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS

- V081 Police Full-Time Equivalent
- V082 Judicial Full-Time Equivalent
- V083 Legal Services and Prosecution Full-Time Equivalent
- V084 Public Defense Full-Time Equivalent
- V085 Total Corrections Full-Time Fquivalent
- V086 Other Full-Time Equivalent

CORRECTIONS: INSTITUTION

- V087 Full-Time Employees
- V088 Full-Time Payroll
- V089 Part-Time Employees
- V090 Part-Time Payroll V091 Current Operations
- V092 Capital Outlay
- V093 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V094 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government
- V095 Contributions to Employee Benefits.

CORRECTIONS: PROBATION, PARDON, AND PAROLE

- V096 Full-Time Employees
- V097 Full-Time Payroll
- V098 Part-Time Employees
- V099 Part-Time Payroll
- V100 Current Operations
- V101 Capital Outlay
- V102 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local
- Government V103 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State
- Government V104 Contributions to Employee Benefits

CORRECTIONS: ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELIANEOUS

- V105 Full-Time Employees
- V106 Full-Time Payroll
- V107 Part-Time Employees
- V108 Part-Time Payroll
- V109 Current Operations
- V110 Capital Outlay
- V111 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government
- V112 Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State
- Government
- V113 Contributions to Employee Benefits

ICPSR ID NUMBERS

- V114 ICPSR Study Number
- V115 Version Number
- V116 File Number

01 ----

DK 1 COL 1- 2

VAR 0114 **REF 0114**

ICPRS STUDY NUMBER LOC 998 WIDTH 4 NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 1 COL 3-6

ICPSR Study Number

7618. Unique ICPSR study number

VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 REF 0115 DK 1 COL 7- 9

Version Number ------

2. Version 2

VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 1 COL 10-14

Sequential ID Number

VAR 0001 NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0001 LOC 1 WIDTH 2 DK 1 COL 15-16

State Number -----

Government Division Code

01. Alabama

02. Alaska

03. Arizona

04. Arkansas

05. California

DK 1 COL 18-20

2

06. Colorado 07. Connecticut Delaware 09. District of Columbia 10. Plorida 11. Georgia 12. Hawaii 13. Idaho 14. Illinois 15. Indiana 16. Iowa 17. Kansas 18. Kentucky 19. Louisiana 20. Maine 21. Maryland 22. Massachusetts 23. Michigan 24. Minnesota 25. Mississippi 26. Missouri 27. Montana 28. Nebraska 29. Nevada 30. New Hampshire 31. New Jersey 32. New Mexico 33. New York North Carolina North Dakota 36. Ohio 37. Oklahoma 38. Oregon 39. Pennsylvania Rhode Island 41_ South Carolina 42. South Dakota 43. Tennessee 44. Texas Utah 45. 46. Vermont 47. Virginia 48. Washington West Virginia 50. Wisconsin 51. Wyoning

VAR 0002 TYPE NO MISSING DATA CODES
REF 0002 LOC 3 WIDTH 1 DK 1 COL 17

Level of Government

Government Unit Code

0. State
1. County
2. City
3. Township

VAR 0003 COUNTY NO MISSING DATA CODES

County Number

REF 0003

Government Unit Code

LOC

If the record is a state record, both the County Code and the Unit Code are equal to zero. If a county, then the County Code is a number assigned sequentially within a state to the counties in alphabetical order.

4 WIDTH 3

VAR 0004 UNIT NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0004 LOC 7 WIDTH 3 DK 1 COL 21-23

Unit Code

Government Unit Code

The Unit Code number is usually, but not always, the same as the County Code. If a city or township, the Unit Code is a unique number assigned within the county to a city or township. Level of government determines the contents of County Code and Unit Code number.

VAR 0005 REF 0005	NAME LOC	10 WIDTE	30	NO MISSING DATA CODE DK 1 COL 24-5	
Unit Name					
					•
VAR 0006 REF 0006	1970 POI		1 9	MD=- DK 1 COL 54-6	
1970 Popu	lation				
					•
VAR 0007 REF 0007	1975 POF	PULATION 49 WIDTE	ı 9	MD=- DK 1 COL 63-7	
1975 Popu	lation Est	inate			
VAR 0008 REF 0008	FISCAL Y	ZEAR 58 WIDTE	76 1 2	NO MISSING DATA CODE DK 1 COL 72-7	
Piscal Ye	ar				
76.	1976				
1021				DR 2 COL	1- :
	•••••				•
VAR 0114 RBF 0114		rudy numbi 998 Widte		NO MISSING DATA CODE DR 2 COL 3-	
ICPSR Stu	dy Number				
	~~~~~				

7618. Unique ICPSR study number

NO MISSING DATA CODES VAR 0115 · VERSION NUMBER REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 2 COL 7-9 Version Number 2. Version 2 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES VAR 0009 DK 2 COL 10-14 **REF 0009** LOC 60 WIDTH 5 Sequential ID Number VAR 0010 POLICE FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0010 LOC 65 WIDTH 9 DK 2 COL 15-23 Police Protection, Full-Time Employees, 1976 · NO MISSING DATA CODES VAR 0011 POLICE FULL-TIME PAY REF 0011 LOC 74 WXDTH 9 DK 2 COL 24-32 Police Protection, Full-Time Payroll, 1976 NO MISSING DATA CODES VAP 0012 POLICE PART-TIME EMP REF 0012 LOC 83 WIDTH 9 DK 2 COL 33-41 Police Protection, Part-Time Employees, 1976

NO MISSING DATA CODES

VAR: 0013 REF 0013		FART-TIME PAY 92 WIDTH 9	NO	MISSING DATA DR 2 COL	
Police P		Part-Time Pay		5	
VAR 0014 REF 0014	POLICE	CURRNT OPERATI 101 WIDTH 9		MISSING DATA DK 2 COL	
Police P	rotection,	Current Opera	tions, 197	76 	
*********			••••••	**********	••••
VAR 0015 RFF 0015		CAPITAL OUTLAY		MISSING DATA DK 2 COL	
Police P	rotection,	Capital Outla	y, 1976		
VAR 0016 REF 0016	FOC FOLLOG	PAY/LOCAL GOVT 119 WIDTH 9	s. no	MISSING DATA DR 2 COL	CODES 69-77
Police Pr Local Gov	cotection,	Intergovernme	ntal Expen	diture Paid t	0
1031				DK 3 CO:	L 1- 2
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VAR 0114 REF 0114		ODY NUMBER 998 WIDTH 4	HO	MISSING DATA O	
				ĕ	
ICPSR Stu	dy Number				

7618. Unique ICPSR study number

**REF 0115** LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 3 COL 7-9 Version Number --------2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0009** LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 3 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0017 POLICE PAY/STATE GOVTS. NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0017 LOC 128 WIDTH 9 DK 3 COL 15-23 Police Protection, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government, 1976 VAR 0018 POLICE CONTRIB TO EMPS. NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0018** LOC 137 WIDTH 9 DK 3 COL 24-32 Police Protection, Contributions to Employee Benefits, 1976 VAR 0019 JUDICIAL FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0019** LOC 146 WIDTH 9 DK 3 COL 33-41 Judicial, Full-Time Employees, 1976

VAR 0115

VERSION NUMBER

VAR 0020 REF 0020	JUDICIAL FULL-TIME PAY LOC 155 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES  DK 3 COL 42-50
Judicial	, Full-Time Payroll, 1976	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
VAR 0021 REF 0021	JUDICIAL PART-TIME EMP LOC 164 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 3 COL 51-59
Judicial	, Part-Time Employees, 1976	
		*****
VAR 0022 RFF 0022	JUDICIAL PART-TIME PAY LOC 173 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 3 COL 60-68
Judicial,	, Part-Time Payroll, 1976	
VAR 0023 REF 0023	JUDICIAL CURRNT OPERAT LOC 182 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 3 COL 69-77
Judicial,	Current Operations, 1976	
1041		DK 4 COL 1-2
VAR 0114 REF 0114	ICPRS STUDY NUMBER LOC 998 WIDTH 4	NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 4 COL 3-6
ICPSR Stu	dy Number	
7618. U	nique ICPSR study number	

VAR 0115 NO MISSING DATA CODES VERSION NUMBER REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 4 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 4 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number JUDICIAL CAPITAL OUTLAY VAR 0034 NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0024** LOC 191 WIDTH 9 DK 4 COL 15-23 Judicial, Capital Outlay, 1976 VAR 0025 JUDICIAL PAY/LOCAL GOVTS NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0025 LOC 200 WIDTH 9 DK 4 COL 24-32 Judicial, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government, 1976 VAR 0026 JUDICIAL PAY/STATE GOVTS NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 209 WIDTH 9 REF 0026 DK 4 COL 33-41 Judicial, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government, 1976

	R 0027 F 0027	LOC 248 FIRE TO EMPS NO MISSING DATA	CODES 42-50
	Judic	ial, Contributions to Employee Benefits, 1976	
• • •	• • • • • •		
	R 0028	THE PARTY AND TATE OF MILE IN THE PARTY IN THE	
	Legal	Services and Prosecution, Full-Time Employees, 19	76
• • •			••••
	0029		CODES 60-68
	Legal	Services and Prosecution, Pull-Time Payroll, 1976	
			••••
	0030	- TOO DOOTH TRIVELITIE THE MIN WISCLES WINNE	CODES 69 <b>-77</b>
]	Legal	Services and Prosecution, Part-Time Employees, 19	76
	1051	DK 5 COI	L 1- 2
		***************************************	
	0114	ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO HISSING DATA ( LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 5 COL	
I	CPSR :	Study Number	
	7618.	Unique ICPSR study number	

NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 5 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 **VAR 0009** SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES **REP 0009** LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 5 COL 10-14 Seguential ID Number VAR 0031 PROSECUTN PART-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0031** LOC 254 WIDTH 9 DK 5 COL 15-23 Legal Services and Prosecution, Part-Time Payroll, 1976 VAR 0032 PROSECUTH CUPRNT OPERAT NO MISSING DATA CODES RFF 0032 LOC 263 WIDTH 9 DK 5 COL 24-32 Legal Services and Prosecution, Current Operations, 1976 **VAR 0033** PROSECUTN CAPITAL OUTLAY NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0033 LOC 272 WIDTH 9 DR 5 COL 33-41 Legal Services and Prosecution, Capital Outlay, 1976

VERSION NUMBER

VAR 0115

VAR 0034 REF 0034	PROSECUTN PAY/LOCAL GOVT NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 281 WIDTH 9 DK 5 COL 42-50
Expendit	rvices and Prosecution, Intergovernmental are Paid to Local Government, 1976
VAR 0035 REF 0035	PROSECUTN PAY/STATE GOVT NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 290 WIDTH 9 DK 5 COL 51-59
Legal Ser	rvices and Prosecution, Intergovernmental are Paid to State Government, 1976
VAR 0036 REF 0036	PROSECUTN CONTRIB TO EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 299 WIDTH 9 DK 5 COL 60-68
Legal Ser Benefits	vices and Prosecution, Contributions to Employee 1976
VAR 0037 REF 0037	PUB. DEF FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 308 WIDTH 9 DK 5 COL 69-77
Public De	efense, Full-Time Employees, 1976
'06' 	DK 6 COL 1-2
VAR 0114 REF 0114	ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 6 COL 3-6
ICPSR Stu	idy Number
7618. t	Unique ICPSR study number

VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 6 COL 7-9 **REF 0115** LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0009** LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 6 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0038 PUB. DEF FULL-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0038** LOC 317 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 15-23 Public Defense, Full-Time Payroll, 1976 **VAR 0039** PUB. DEF PART-TIME PMP NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0039** LOC 326 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 24-32 Public Defense, Part-Time Employees, 1976 VAR 0040 PUB. DEF PART-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0040 LOC 335 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 33-41

Public Defense, Part-Time Payroll, 1976

VAR 0041 REF 0041	PUB. DEF CURRNT OPERAT NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 344 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 42-50
	efense, Current Operation, 1976
VAR 0042 REF 0042	PUB. DEF CAPITAL OUTLAY NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 353 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 51-59
Public De	fense, Capital Outlay, 1976
VAR 0043 REF 0043	PUB. DEF PAY/LOCAL GOVTS NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 362 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 60-68
Public De Governmen	"有感想的我们是我们会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会
VAR 0044 REF 0044	PUB. DEF PAY/STATE GOVTS NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 371 WIDTH 9 DK 6 COL 69-77
Public De Governmen	fense, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State t, 1976
1071	DK 7 COL 1- 2
VAR 0114 REF 0114	ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 7 COL 3-6

ICPSR Study Number

7618. Unique ICPSR study number

WAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 7 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 7 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0045 PUB. DEF CONTRIB TO EMPS NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0045 LOC 380 WIDTH 9 DK 7 COL 15-23 Public Defense, Contributions to Employee Benefits, 1976 VAR 0046 TOTAL FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0046 LOC 389 WIDTH 9 DK 7 COL 24-32 Corrections: Total, Full-Time Employees, 1976 VAR 0047 TOTAL FULL-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0047** LOC 398 WIDTH 9 DK 7 COL 33-41

Corrections: Total, Full-Time Payroll, 1976

VAR 0048 REF 0048	TOTAL PART-TIME FMP LOC 407 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 7 COL 42-50
Correct	ions: Total, Part-Time Emplo	yees, 1976
*******		
VAR 0049 REF 0049	TOTAL PART-TIME PAY LOC 416 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES  DK 7 COL 51-59
Correcti	ons: Total, Part-Time Payro	11, 1976
VAR 0050 REP 0050	TOTAL CUPRNT OPERAT LOC 425 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES DR 7 COL 60-68
Correcti	ons: Total, Current Operation	THE PARTY WITH WHITE WELL WELL WELL
VAR 0051 REF 0051	TOTAL CAP OUTLAY LOC 434 WIDTH 9	NO MISSING DATA CODES DR 7 COL 69-77
Correction	ons: Total, Capital Outlay,	1976
1081		DK 8 COL 1- 2
VAR 0114 REF 0114	ICPRS STUDY NUMBER LOC 998 WIDTH 4	NO MISSING DATA CODES DK 8 COL 3-6
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VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 8 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO HISSING DATA CODES **REF 0009** LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 8 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0052 TOTAL PAY/LOCAL GOV NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0052 LOC 443 WIDTH 9 DK 8 COL 15-23 Corrections: Total, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government, 1976 VAR 0053 TOTAL PAY/STATE GOV NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0053 LOC 452 WIDTH 9 DK 8 COL 24-32 Corrections: Total, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government, 1976 VAR 0054 TOTAL CONTRIB EMPS. NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF** 0054 LOC 461 WIDTH 9 DK 8 COL 33-41 Corrections: Total, Contributions to Employee Benefits, 1976

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Oth	er Crimina]	Justice, Full	-Time Employe	es, 1976	
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VAR 009		ER PART-TIME FI LOC 488 WIDTH	ip no	MISSING DATA DR 8 COL	CODES 60-68
Othe	er Criminal	Justice, Part-	Time Employee	es, 1976	
VAR 005 REF 005	8 OTHE 8 I	R PART-TIME PA OC 497 WIDTH	у ио	MISSING DATA DK 8 COL	CODES 69-77
Othe	r Criminal	Justice, Part-	Time Payroll,	1976	
1091				DK 9 CC	)L 1-2
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VAR 011		S STUDY NUMBER	· ·		
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VAR 0115

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VAR 0115

VERSION NUMBER

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VAR 0069 PART-TIME PAY PERIOD NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0069 LOC 596 WIDTH 9 DK 10 COL 42-50 Part-Time Pay Period, 1976 VAR 0070 SWP FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES PEF 0070 LOC 605 WIDTH 9 DK 10 COL 51-59 Sworn Police Personnel, Full-Time Employees, 1976 VAR 0071 SWP FULL-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES **PEF 0071** LOC 614 WIDTH 9 DK 10 COL 60-68 Sworn Police Personnel, Full-Time Payroll, 1976 VAR 0072 SWP PART-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0072 LOC 623 WIDTH 9 DK 10 COL 69-77 Sworn Police Personnel, Part-Time Employees, 1976 1111 DK 11 COL 1- 2 VAR 0114 ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0114 LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 11 COL 3-6 ICPSR Study Number 7618. Unique ICPSP study number

VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO HISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 11 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO HISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 11 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0073 SWP PART-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0073 LOC 632 WIDTH 9 DK 11 COL 15-23 Sworn Police Personnel, Part-Time Payroll, 1976 VAR 0074 SWP FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT NO HISSING DATA CODES RFF 0074 LOC 641 WIDTH 9 DK 11 COL 24-32 Sworn Police Personnel, Full-Time Equivalent, 1976 VAR 0075 INSTITUTIN FULL-TIME EQ NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0075 LOC 650 WIDTH 9 DK 11 COL 33-41 Corrections: Institution, Full-Time Equivalent, 1976

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	0078 0078	WEIGHT	677 WIDTH	9		ISSIN DK	G DATA	CODES 60-68
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Derived from this data

	0082	JUDICIAI LOC	PULL-TIME 710 WIDTH	EQ 9		ING DATA O	
	Judicial,		Equivalen	t, 1976			
	0083 0083	PROSECUT	N FULL-TIM 719 WIDTH	E EQ		ING DATA C 12 COL 4	ODES 2-50
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	0084 0084	PUB. DEF	FULL-TIME 728 WIDTH	EQ	NO MISSI	ING DATA CO 12 COL 51	DDES 1-59
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	0085 0085	TOTAL FUI LOC 7	L-TIME EQ	9	NO MISSI DK	NG DATA CO 12 COL 60	DES
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	0086 0086	OTHER FUL	L-TIME EQ 46 WIDTH		NO MISSI	NG DATA CO 12 COL 69	
01	ther Crimi	nal Justic	ce, Full-T	ime Equiv	alent, 19	976	
	131			•	אַס	13 COL	1- 2

VAR 0114 ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO HISSING DATA CODES REF 0114 LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 13 COL 3-6 ICPSR Study Number 7618. Unique ICPSR study number VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 13 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0009** LOC 60 WINTH 5 DK 13 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number **VAR 0087** INSTITUTIN FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0087 LOC 755 WIDTH 9 DK 13 COL 15-23 Corrections: Institution, Full-Time Employees, 1976 **VAR 0088** INSTITUTIN FULL-TIME PAY HO MISSING DATA CODES **REF 0088** LOC 764 WIDTH 9 DK 13 COL 24-32 Corrections: Institution, Pull-Time Payroll, 1976

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VAR 0089 REF 0089	INSTITUTIN PART-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 773 WIDTH 9 DK 13 COL 33-41	
Correcti	ons: Institution, Part-Time Employees, 1976	
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VAR 0090 REF 0090	INSTITUTIN PART-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 782 WIDTH 9 DK 13 COL 42-50	
Correcti	ons: Institution, Part-Time Payroll, 1976	
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VAR 0091 REF 0091		
Correcti	ons: Institution, Current Operations, 1976	
VAR 0092 REF 0092	INSTITUTIN CAP CUTLAY NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 800 WIDTH 9 DK 13 COL 60-68	
	ons: Institution, Capital Outlay, 1976	
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VAR 0093 REF 0093	INSTITUTIN PAY/LOCAL GOV NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 809 WIDTH 9 DK 13 COL 69-77	•
Correction to Local	ons: Institution, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid Government, 1976	
1141	DR 14 COL 1- 2	

VAR 0114 ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0114 LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 14 COL 3-6 ICPSR Study Number 7618. Unique ICPSR study number VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 14 COL 7- 9 Version Number 2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 14 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0094 INSTITUTIN PAY/STATE GOV NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0094 LOC 818 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 15-23 Corrections: Institution, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to State Government, 1976 VAR 0095 INSTITUTIN CONTRIB EMPS NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0095 LOC 827 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 24-32 Corrections: Institution, Contributions to Employee Benefits, 1976

VAR 0096 REF 0096	PROBATION FULL-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 836 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 33-41
Correction Employees	ons: Probation, Pardon and Parole, Full-Time
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VAR 0097 REF 0097	PROBATION FULLTIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 845 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 42-50
Correctio Payroll,	ns: Probation, Pardon and Parole, Full-Time
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VAR 0098 REF 0098	PROBATION PART-TIME EMP NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 854 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 51-59
Correction Employees	
VAR 0099 REF 0099	PROBATION PART-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 863 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 60-68
Correction Payroll, 1	s: Probation, Pardon and Parole, Part-Time
VAR 0100 REP 0100	PROBATION CURPNT OPERAT NO MISSING DATA CODES LOC 872 WIDTH 9 DK 14 COL 69-77
Correction Operations	s: Probation, Pardon and Parole, Current
1151	DK 15 COL 1- 2

VAR 0114 ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0114 LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 15 COL 3-6 ICPSR Study Number 7616. Unique ICPSR study number VAR 0115 VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 15 COL 7- 9 Version Number -----2. Version 2 VAR 0009 SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 15 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0101 PROBATION CAP OUTLAY NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0101 LOC 881 WIDTH 9 DK 15 COL 15-23 Corrections: Probation, Pardon and Parole, Capital Outlay, 1976 VAR 0102 PROBATION PAY/LOCAL GOV NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0102 LOC 890 WIDTH 9 DK 15 COL 24-32 Corrections: Probation, Pardon and Parole, Intergovernmental Expenditure Paid to Local Government, 1976

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	P 0103	PROBATIO LOC	N PAY/STAY	TE GOV 9	но в	MISSIN DK	G DATA 15 COL	CODES 33-41
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**VAR 0114** ICPRS STUDY NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0114 LOC 998 WIDTH 4 DK 16 COL 3-6 ICPSR Study Number 7618. Unique ICPSR study number **VAR 0115** VERSION NUMBER NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0115 LOC 1002 WIDTH 3 DK 16 COL 7-9 Version Number 2. Version 2 **VAR 0009** SEQUENTIAL ID NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0009 LOC 60 WIDTH 5 DK 16 COL 10-14 Sequential ID Number VAR 0108 ADMIN/MISC PART-TIME PAY NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0108 LOC 944 WIDTE 9 DK 16 COL 15-23 Corrections: Administrative and Miscellaneous, Part-Time Payroll, 1976 VAR 0109 ADMIN/MISC CURRNT OPERAT NO MISSING DATA CODES REF 0109 LOC 953 WIDTH 9 DK 16 COL 24-32 Corrections: Administrative and Miscellaneous, Current

Operations, 1976

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VAR 0110 A REF 0110	DMIN/MISC CAP OUT LOC 962 WIDTH		MISSING DATA CODES DK 16 COL 33-41		
Outlay, 1976	Administrative a		Alle dies wird wille wille dass wish majo majo majo majo majo		
		AL GOV NO	MISSING DATA CODES DK 16 COL 42-50		
Corrections: Intergovernm	Administrative a ental Expenditure	nd Miscelland Paid to Loca	al Government, 1976		
VAR 0112 A REF 0112	DMIN/MISC PAY/STA LOC 980 WIDTH	TE GOV NO	MISSING DATA CODES DK 16 COL 51-59		
Intergovernm		Paid to Stat	te Government, 1976		
	•	emps no	MISSING DATA CODES DK 16 COL 60-68		
Corrections: Administrative and Miscellaneous, Contributions to Employee Benefits, 1976					
VAR 0116 F REF 0116	ILE NUMBER LOC 1005 WIDTH		MISSING DATA CODES DK 16 COL 69		

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#### GLOSSARY

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE is all amounts of money paid out (net of any correcting transactions) other than for retirement of debt (including interest), investment in securities, extensions of loans, or agency transactions. It includes only external cash payments and excludes any intra-governmental transfers and non-cash transactions, such as the provision of meals or housing of employees. It also includes any payments financed from borrowing fund balances, intergovernmental revenue and other current revenue. In several instances, two or more governments share the expense of maintaining a court or other criminal justice agency. In these cases, the allocable direct expenditure amount is reported for each government in the appropriate category. When a government pays pensions directly to retired employees from appropriated funds, such payments are included as expenditure of the government concerned. However, State and local government contributions to retirement systems and various other employee benefits are not included in expenditure data, since the majority of governments make lump-sum contributions to plans covering all government employees and cannot report for criminal justice employees separately. Neither in government's basic accounting records (from which criminal justice expenditure figures are drawn) nor in the records of their general-coverage employee benefit systems is there usually any breakdown of amounts contributed in terms of the various agencies or functions involved. Nor has an adequate procedure for calculating the proportion of such contributions allocable to criminal justice employees been developed because of the wide variation in the coverage of various plans, employee status requirements, benefit rates, etc.

For those governments whose records reflect contributions of criminal justice employees separately, separate data were obtained. However, these data are subject to the same variation referred to above, and neither the amount nor the quality of the data reported would permit any attempt to estimate total contributions for all similar governments in a qiven state. Given the problems involved, no estimation procedure seems feasible. Such data as were reported separately were therefore excluded from total criminal

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justice expenditures to provide a consistent data base for administering the "variable pass-through" requirement.

Expenditure is divided into two major categories by character:

- 1. DIRECT EXPENDITURE is all expenditure except that classed as intergovernmental and is further divided into two principal object categories:
- a. DIRECT CURRENT, which includes salaries, wages, fees, and commissions, purchase of supplies, materials, and contractual services.
- b. CAPITAL OUTLAY, which includes expenditure for the three subcategories below:

CONSTRUCTION: Production of fixed works and structures and additions, replacements and major alterations thereto undertaken either on a contract basis by private contractors or through force account construction by the employees of the government. Included are the planning and designing of specific projects, the grading, landscaping, and other site improvement, and the provision of equipment and facilities that are integral parts of the structure

EQUIPMENT: Purchase and installation of apparatus, furnishings, office equipment, motor vehicles and the like having an expected life of more than 5 years. This includes both additional equipment and replacements. Rentals for equipment, including rental payments that may be credited on the purchase price if purchase options are exercised, are classified as direct current expenditure. Equipment and facilities that are integral parts of constructed or purchased structures are classified respectively under contruction or purchase of land and existing structures.

PURCHASE OF LAND AND EXISTING STRUCTURES: Purchase of these assets as such, purchase of rights-of-way, and

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title search and similar activities associated with purchase transactions.

The other object categories — interest on general debt, assistance and subsidies, and insurance benefits — are not applied to specific functions because they are not ordinarily available on a functional basis from government financial reports. In the few instances where bonded or mortgaged general indebtedness is identified for specific purposes, the interest payments are aggregated with other interest expenditures, which make it virtually impossible to arrive at reliable and consistent breakdowns of such data over a long period of time.

2. INTERGOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURE is payments from one general purpose government to another, including grants-in-aid, shared revenues, payments in lieu of taxes, and amounts for services performed by one government for another on a reimbursable or cost-sharing basis (for example, payments by one government to another for boarding prisoners).

TOTAL EXPENDITURE is direct and intergovermental expenditure of a government or level of government for criminal justice activities.

TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURE is all expenditure of a government or level of government FOR ALL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS, including criminal justice activities, but excluding utility system expenditure, liquor store expenditure, and insurance trust expenditure. Total general expenditure shown for the local level of government includes expenditure of special districts and school districts.

# GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT

EMPLOYEES includes all persons paid for personal services performed, including all paid officials and persons in paid leave status, and excludes unpaid officials, persons on unpaid leave, pensioners and contractors. Under this definition are two classes:

1. FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES, who are all persons employed

during the pay period including October 15 of each year, on a full-time basis, including all full-time temporary or seasonal workers employed during this pay period, as well as persons having a permanent status.

2. PART-TIME EMPLOYEES, who are persons employed during the pay period including October 15 of each year, on a basis other than full-time, and persons paid by more than one government.

Derived from these two classes is:

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES, which means the total number of employees, discounted by applying average full-time earning rates. This is calculated by dividing the total payroll (full-time plus part-time) by the FULL-TIME PAYROLL and multiplying the results by the number of full-time employees, where both full-time and part-time employees and payroll are reported. Where only part-time employees and payroll are reported, full-time equivalent employees are calculated by dividing the total part-time payroll by the average full-time salary for the particular criminal justice sector and type of government. AVERAGE FULL-TIME SALARY is calculated by dividing the full-time payroll by the number of full-time employees for the particular criminal justice sector and type of government.

PATROLL is the gross payroll before deductions and includes salaries, wages, fees and commissions paid to employees as defined above for the month of October for each year.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUCTIONS

POLICE PROTECTION is the function of enforcing the law, preserving order, and apprehending those who violate the law, whether these activities are performed by a police department, a sheriff's department, or a special police force maintained by an agency whose prime responsibility is outside the criminal justice system, but which has a police force to perform these activities in its specialized area (geographic or functional).

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Included in this activity are regular police services, the maintenance of buildings used for police purposes, and such specialized police forces (including public and private contract forces) as airport police, free and toll highway police, free and toll bridge and tunnel police, housing police, maritime police, park police, transit and other utility system police, college and university campus police, and alcoholic beverage control agents. Coroners and medical examiners are also included. Excluded are vehicular inspection and licensing, traffic safety and engineering, fish and game wardens, fire marshals, and the like.

The special police forces included in the data are only those which are part of the general purpose governments. Security forces, building guards, school crossing guards, and meter maids without general arrest power were excluded. Those special police forces that are part of independent school districts or special districts are not included in the data, inasmuch as these districts are not general purpose governments. SWORN POLICE PERSONNEL are auxiliary police, without much of the power of the regular police force.

In most states, sheriffs' departments are multifunctional agencies providing police protection, judicial, and/or correctional services. In order to allocate expenditure and employment data to the proper activity, the data for sheriffs' departments are prorated using factors developed from a special survey of sheriffs' departments conducted in 1973, or more current estimates of manpower distribution if available.

Short term custody and detention have traditionally been considered part of the police protection function; and in editions prior to the 1969-70 report, were treated as such. However, beginning with the 1969-70 report, the concept was modified on the basis of information obtained from the 1970 NATIONAL JAIL CENSUS. Data for institutions with authority to hold prisoners 48 hours or more are included in the "Corrections" sector. Data for lockups or "tanks" holding prisoners less than 48 hours are included in the "Police Protection" sector.

JUDICIAL ACTIVITIES encompass all civil and criminal courts and activities associated with courts such as law libraries, grand juries, petit juries, and the like. Since the names of courts with similar functions and legal jurisdiction vary

from state to state and even within states, data have been categorized by types of court rather than by court name.

- 1. APPELLATE COURTS include courts of last resort and intermediate appellate courts. These are courts having jurisdiction of appeal and review, with original jurisdiction conferred only in special cases.
- a. COURT OF LAST RESORT is the final appeal within the judicial structure of each state. (In most states, it is called the Supreme Court.)
- b. INTERMEDIATE APPELLATE COURTS are those that are limited in their appellate jurisdiction by state law or at the discretion of the court of last resort.
- 2. MAJOR TRIAL COURTS are trial courts of general jurisdiction having unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, the names of which vary considerably.
- 3. COURTS OF GENERAL JURISDICTION are trial courts having unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, the names of which vary considerably.
- 4. COURTS OF LIMITED JURISDICTION are courts whose legal jurisdiction covers only a particular class of cases or cases where the amount in controversy is below a prescribed sum or is subject to specific exceptions. Included under this category are probate courts, juvenile courts and other courts of limited jurisdiction.
- 5. MISCELLANEOUS JUDICIAL includes data on judicial activities that could not be reported under any of the above court categories, such as judicial councils and conferences, court administration offices (where identificable), law libraries, jury commissions, and grand juries.

LEGAL SERVICES AND PROSECUTION includes the civil and criminal justice activities of the attorneys general, district attorneys, state's attorneys, and their variously

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named equivalents; corporation counsels, solicitors, and legal departments with various names. It includes providing legal advice to the chief executives and subordinate departmental officers, representation of the government in lawsuits, and the prosecution of accused violators of criminal law. These activities are included whether performed by one office or several, because in some jurisdictions a single officer provides all legal services, whereas in others a prosecutor's office handles only criminal matters, and a separate attorney's office performs all civil legal services. The operations of various investigative agencies having full arrest powers and attached to offices of attorneys general, district attorneys, or their variously named equivalents are also included.

PUBLIC DEFENSE includes legal counsel and representation in either criminal or civil proceedings as provided by public defenders, and other government programs that pay the fees of court-appointed counsel. These include court-paid fees to individually retained counsel, fees paid by the court to court-appointed counsel, government contributions to private legal aid societies and bar association-sponsored programs, and the activities of an established public defender office or program. Employment data are included only for public defenders offices, because fee-paid counselors are not considered government employees, nor are counselors working for bar associations or legal aid societies.

CORRECTIONS is that function of government involving the confinement and rehabilitation of adults and juveniles convicted of offenses against the law and the confinement of persons suspected of a crime and awaiting adjudication. Data for institutions with authority to hold prisoners 48 hours or more are included in this sector. Data for lockups or "tanks" holding prisoners less than 48 hours are included in "Police Protection." Correction includes the operation of prisons, reformatories, jails, houses of correction, and other institutions. It also includes institutions. facilities and programs exclusively for the confinement of the criminally insane or for the examination, evaluation, classification, and assignment of inmates and institutions and programs for the confinement, treatment, and rehabilitation of drug addicts and alcoholics if the institution or program is administered by a correction agency of the criminal justice system Pardon boards and parole and probation agencies, including resettlement or halfway houses for those not in need of institutionaliza-

tion, are included in the correction sector as a separate subcategory.

- 1. CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS are prisons, reformatories, jails, houses of correction, penitentiaries, correctional farms, workhouses, reception centers, diagnostic centers, industrial schools, training schools, detention centers, and a variety of other types of institutions for the confinement and correction of convicted adults or juveniles adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, and for the detention of those adults and juveniles accused of a crime and awaiting trial or hearing. When an institution maintains a prison industry or agricultural program, data on the cost of production or the value of prison labor used by agencies of the same government, if identifiable, are excluded (and classified as expenditure for the function using the products or services. Expenditure for the manufacture, production, sale, and distribution of goods producted for sale or use outside the government are included under this heading.
  - a. INSTITUTIONS FOR MEN includes identifiable expenditure and employment data for institutions exclusively for adult male offenders.
  - b. INSTITUTIONS FOR WOMEN include identifiable expenditure and employment data for institutions exclusively for adult female offenders. Where there is no separate women's prison, women offenders are either maintained in a prison complex that also houses other offenders or are boarded in private facilities or institutions in another state. No attempt was made to prorate data on institutions housing more than one type of inmate, but where females are boarded in private institutions or in another state, available expenditure data was tabulated. Employment data were not tabulated because the personnel were employees of another government.
  - c. INSTITUTIONS FOR JUVENILES are those institutions identified by the 1975 Juvenile Detention and Correction Facility Census as housing primarily juveniles and in some states, "youthful offenders." These institutions include those under the control of a juvenile court, a probation department, of a youth authority or other similarly designated administrative body, as well as

(CONTINUED)

independently administered institutions. Also included are government payments to private agencies for the detention or treatment of delinquent juveniles.

There is considerable variation from state to state in the legal definition of a juvenile, particularly in regard to the age at which a person is no longer considered a juvenile. Institutions for juveniles have been classified individually in accordance with the laws and age designations of their respective states.

- d. OTHER AND COMBINED INSTITUTIONS are those institutions holding a combination of inmates. Where expenditure or employment data for physically separate institutions for juveniles, adult females, and adult males were not separable by institution or type of institution, the entire amounts were included under this category.
- 2. CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION consists of data for the overall administration of the correctional system, including data on the central administrative office (for example, the department of corrections or a youth authority). Data on the administration of individual correctional institutions or probation/parole/pardon agencies are included in the appropriate sub-category if it was possible to deduct them.
- 3. PROBATION, PAROLE AND PARDON includes data on probation agencies, boards of parole, boards of pardon, and their variously named equivalents. Although probation agencies frequently function under the administration of the general jurisdiction court, the data are presented here after having been deducted from the judicial data, because of the correctional nature of the probation function. If the probation, parole and pardon activities, or any of them individually, were part of the correctional administrative office, data were deducted where possible and shown separately here, and the balance was shown under the correctional administrative category. The overlapping character of the probation, parole and pardon activities prevented the separate presentation of these data.
- 4. MISCELLANEOUS CORRECTION includes expenditure and

employment data that could not be classified under one of the other sub-categories.

OTHER CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACTIVITIES includes expenditure or employment data that cut across more than one category, or that are not allocable to separate categories: e.g., expenditure on a general curriculum in educational institutions, the operation of the state criminal justice agencies, crime commissions, etc. Such data are included in the totals, where they are not shown separately. INSTITUTIONS, THE OPERATION OF THE STATE CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCIES, CRIME COMMISSIONS, ETC. SUCH DATA ARE INCLUDED IN THE TOTALS, WHERE THEY ARE NOT SHOWN SEPARATELY.

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