

	NIJ
Special	REPORT
Test Results for Hardware Write Block Device: Tableau T8 Forensic USB Bridge (USB Interface)	

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Introduction

The Computer Forensics Tool Testing (CFTT) program is a joint project of the National Institute of Justice (NIJ), the research and development organization of the U.S. Department of Justice, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology's (NIST's) Office of Law Enforcement Standards, and Information Technology Laboratory. CFTT is supported by other organizations, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Department of Defense Cyber Crime Center, Internal Revenue Service Criminal Investigation's Electronic Crimes Program, and the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and U.S. Secret Service. The objective of the CFTT program is to provide measurable assurance to practitioners, researchers, and other applicable users that the tools used in computer forensics investigations provide accurate results. Accomplishing this requires the development of specifications and test methods for computer forensics tools and subsequent testing of specific tools against those specifications.

Test results provide the information necessary for developers to improve tools, users to make informed choices, and the legal community and others to understand the tools' capabilities. This approach to testing computer forensic tools is based on well-recognized methodologies for conformance and quality testing. The specifications and test methods are posted on the CFTT Web site (http://www.cftt.nist.gov/) for review and comment by the computer forensics community.

This document reports the results from testing the **Tableau T8 Forensic Bridge (USB Interface)** write blocker, against the *Hardware Write Blocker (HWB) Assertions and Test Plan Version 1.0* and *Hardware Write Blocker Device (HWB) Specification, Version 2.0*, available at the CFTT Web site (http://www.cftt.nist.gov/hardware_write_block.htm). This specification identifies the following top-level tool requirements:

- A hardware write block (HWB) device shall not transmit a command to a
 protected storage device that modifies the data on the storage device.
- An HWB device shall return the data requested by a read operation.
- An HWB device shall return without modification any access-significant information requested from the drive.
- Any error condition reported by the storage device to the HWB device shall be reported to the host.

Test results from other software packages can be found on NIJ's computer forensics tool testing web page, http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij/topics/technology/electronic-crime/cftt.htm.

Test Results for Hardware Write Block Devices

Device Tested: Tableau T8 Forensic USB Bridge¹

Model: T8

Serial No: T005A016186,000ecc010008030a

Firmware: Jul 26 2005 15:01:41

Host to Blocker Interface: USB Blocker to Drive Interface: USB

Supplier: Tableau, LLC

Address: N8 W22195 Johnson Drive, Suite 100

Waukesha, WI 53186 http://www.tableau.com/

1 Results Summary by Requirements

• An HWB device shall not transmit a command to a protected storage device that modifies the data on the storage device.

For all test cases run, the device always blocked any commands that would have changed user or operating system data stored on a protected drive.

• An HWB device shall return the data requested by a read operation.

For all test cases run, the device always allowed commands to read the protected drive.

• An HWB device shall return without modification any access-significant information requested from the drive.

For all test cases run, the device always returned access-significant information from the protected drive without modification.

• Any error condition reported by the storage device to the HWB device shall be reported to the host.

For all test cases run, the device always returned error codes from the protected drive without modification.

¹ Tableau produces this write block device for resale under various partner labels. See http://www.tableau.com for information on resellers.

2 Test Case Selection

Since a protocol analyzer was available for the interface between the blocker and the protected drive, the following test cases were appropriate:

- HWB-01
- HWB–03
- HWB–05
- HWB-06
- HWB-08
- HWB–09

For test case HWB–03, two variations were selected: file (attempt to use operating system commands to create and delete files and directories from a protected drive) and image (use an imaging tool to attempt to write to a protected drive).

3 Testing Environment

The tests were run in the NIST CFTT lab. This section describes the hardware (test computers and hard drives) available for testing.

3.1 Test Computers

One test computer, **JohnSteed**, with the following configuration was used:

Intel® Desktop Motherboard FIC IC-VL67 (865G; S478; 800MHz)
BIOS Phoenix Award version v6.00PG
Intel® Pentium™ 4 CPU
Plextor DVDR PX-716A, ATAPI CD/DVD-ROM Drive
Western Digital Corporation WD800JB–00JJC0, 80 GB ATA disk drive
1.44 MB floppy drive
Three IEEE 1394 ports
Four USB ports

3.2 Protocol Analyzer

A Data Transit bus protocol analyzer (Bus Doctor Rx) was used to monitor and record commands sent from the host to the write blocker. Two identical protocol analyzers were available for monitoring commands.

One of two Dell laptop computers (either **Chip** or **Dale**) was connected to each protocol analyzer to record commands observed by the protocol analyzer.

3.3 Hard Disk Drives

Two USB interface devices were used in testing:

- 48–u12 is a Maxtor 3000LS with 80293248 sectors (40 GB).
- D4–thumb is a USB flash memory drive.

```
Drive label: 48-U12
80293248 total number of sectors
Non-IDE disk
Model (F040L0)
                  Start C/H/S End C/H/S boot Partition type
N Start LBA Length
2 S 000000063 000032067 0001/001/01 0002/254/63
                                       01 Fat12
3 x 000032130 000080325 0003/000/01 0007/254/63
                                       05 extended
10 P 000000000 000000000 0000/000/00 0000/000/00
                                        00 empty entry
Drive label: d4-thumb
505856 total number of sectors
Model (usb2.0Flash Disk)
```

3.4 Support Software

The software in the following table was used to send commands to the protected drive. One widely used imaging tool, IXimager, was used to generate disk activity (reads and writes) consistent with a realistic scenario of an accidental modification of an unprotected hard drive during a forensic examination. This does not imply an endorsement of the imaging tool.

Program	Description
sendSCSI	A tool to send SCSI commands wrapped in the USB or IEEE 1394
	(FireWire) protocols to a drive.
FS-TST	Software from the FS–TST tools was used to generate errors from the hard drive by trying to read beyond the end of the drive. The FS–TST software was also used to setup the hard drives and print partition tables and drive
	size.
IXimager	An imaging tool (ILook IXimager version 1.0, August 25, 2004) for test
	case 04-img.

4 Test Results

The main item of interest for interpreting the test results is determining the conformance of the device with the test assertions. Conformance with each assertion tested by a given test case is evaluated by examining the Blocker Input and Blocker Output boxes of the test report summary.

4.1 Test Results Report Key

A summary of the actual test results is presented in this report. The following table presents a description of each section of the test report summary.

Heading	Description	
First Line	Test case ID; name, model, and interface of device tested.	
Case Summary	Test case summary from <i>Hardware Write Blocker (HWB)</i>	
	Assertions and Test Plan Version 1.0.	
Assertions Tested	The test assertions applicable to the test case, selected from	
	Hardware Write Blocker (HWB) Assertions and Test Plan Version 1.0. Name or initials of person executing test procedure. Time and date that test was started and completed. Identification of the following:	
	Version 1.0.	
Tester Name	Name or initials of person executing test procedure.	
Test Date		
Test Configuration	Identification of the following:	
	1. Host computer for executing the test case.	
	2. Laptop attached to each protocol analyzer.	
	3. Protocol analyzers monitoring each interface.	
	4. Interface between host and blocker.	
	5. Interface between blocker and protected drive.	
	6. Execution environment for tool sending commands	
	from the host.	
Hard Drives Used	Description of the protected hard drive.	
Blocker Input	A list of commands sent from the host to the blocker.	
	For test case HWB–01, a list of each command code observed on the bus between the blocker and the protected drive and a count of the number of times the command was observed is provided. For test cases HWB–03 and HWB–06, a list of each command sent and the number of times the command was sent. For test case HWB–05, a string of known data from a given location is provided for reference.	
Blocker Output	A list of commands observed by the protocol analyzer on the bus from the blocker to the protected drive. For test case HWB–01, a list of each command code observed on the bus between the blocker and the protected drive and a count of the number of times the command was	
	observed is provided. Also, a count of the number of unique commands sent (from the Blocker Input box) and a count of the number of unique commands observed on the bus	

Heading	Description	
	between the blocker and the protected drive.	
	For test cases HWB–03 and HWB–06, a list of each command sent and the number of times the command was sent.	
	For test case HWB–05, a string read from a given location is provided for comparison to known data.	
	For test case HWB–08, the number of sectors determined for the protected drive and the partition table are provided.	
	For test case HWB–09, any error return obtained by trying to access a nonexistent sector of the drive is provided.	
Results	Expected and actual results for each assertion tested.	
Analysis	Whether or not the expected results were achieved.	

4.2 Test Details

4.2.1 HWB-01

Test Case HWB-01 Variation hwb-01 Tableau T8 USB			
Case Summary:	HWB-01 Identify commands blocked by the HWB.		
Assertions Tested:	HWB-AM-01 The HWB shall not transmit any modifying category operation to the protected storage device. HWB-AM-05 The action that a HWB device takes for any commands not assigned to the modifying, read or information categories is defined by the vendor.		
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:		rt Wed Apr 4 13:5 ish Thu Apr 5 10:	
Test	_	ohnsteed	
Configuration:		locker Monitor: da locker PA: aa00111	
		locker PA: aauulli locker Interface:	
		ToDrive Monitor: o	******
	BlockerToDrive PA: aa00155		
	BlockerToDrive Interface: usb		
	Run Environment: linux		
Drives:	Protected drive: 48-u12		
	48-u12 is a Maxtor 3000LS with 80293248 sectors (40 GB)		
Blocker Input:	Commands Sent to Blocker		
	Count	Commands	
	1	BLANK	
	1	CHG	
	1	CLOS	
	1	COMPARE	
	1	COPY	
	1	COPY/VERIFY ERASE	
	1		
		ERASE(10)	

	Variatio	n hwb-01 Tableau
	1	FORMAT
	3	GET
	1	INQUIRY
	1	LK/UNLK
	1	LOAD/UNLOAD
	2	LOG
	1	MECH
	1	MEDIUM
	4	MODE
	1	PAUSE/RESUME
	2	PERSISTENT
	5	PLAY
	2	PLY
	1	PRE-FETCH
	1	PREVENT/ALLOW
	7	RD
	13	READ
	547	READ(10)
	1	READ(12)
	1	REASSIGN
	1	RECEIVE
	1	RECIEVE(6)
	1	RECOVER
	1	RELEASE(10)
	1	RELEASE(6)
	1	REPAIR
	5	REPORT
	1	REQ
	232	REQUEST_SENSE
	1	RESERVE(10)
	1	RESERVE(6)
	1	REZERO
	65	Reserved
	1	SCAN
	1	SEEK(10)
	1	SEEK(6)
	9	SEND
	1	SEND(6)
	4	SET
	1	SND
	1	SPACE
	6	SRCH
	1	START/STOP
	1	STOP
	1	SYNCH
	1	TEST
	1	UPDATE
	1	VERIFY
	1	VERIFY(12)
	1	VERIFY(6)
	5	WRITE
	1	WRITE(10)
	1	WRITE(12)
	1	WRITE/VERIFY
	1	XDREAD(10)
	1	XDWRITE(10)
	1	XDWRITEREAD(10)
	1	XPWRITE(10)
		_
	66 COMM	ands sent
locker Output:	Command	s Allowed by Bloc
locker Output:		
locker Output:	Count	Commands
locker Output:		

Test Case HWB-01	Variation hwb-01 Table	au T8 USB		
	1 REQUEST_SENS	E		
	1 START/STOP			
	1 SYNCH			
	1 TEST			
	1 VERIFY			
Results:	66 commands sent, 7 Assertion & Expecte		ed Actual Result	
	AM-01 Modifying com	mands blocked	Modifying commands blocked	
	AM-05 HWB behavior	recorded	HWB behavior recorded	
Analysis:	Expected results ach	eved	·	

4.2.2 HWB-03-file

Test Case HWB-03	Variation hwb-03-file Tableau T8 US	В	
Case Summary:	HWB-03 Identify commands blocked by the HWB while attempting to modify a protected drive with forensic tools.		
Assertions Tested:	HWB-AM-01 The HWB shall not transmit any modifying category operation to the protected storage device. HWB-AM-05 The action that a HWB device takes for any commands not assigned to the modifying, read or information categories is defined by the vendor.		
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:	run start Thu Apr 5 14:20:28 2007 run finish Mon Apr 9 10:06:34 200		
Test Configuration:	HOST: johnsteed HostToBlocker Monitor: dale HostToBlocker PA: aa00111 HostToBlocker Interface: usb BlockerToDrive Monitor: chip BlockerToDrive PA: aa00155 BlockerToDrive Interface: usb Run Environment: DOS		
Drives:	Protected drive: 48-u12 48-u12 is a Maxtor 3000LS with 802	93248 sectors (40 GB)	
Blocker Input:	Commands Sent to Blocker Count Commands 7 MODE 14 READ 592 READ(10) 124 REQUEST_SENSE 162 TEST		
Blocker Output:	Commands Allowed by Blocker Count Commands 592 READ(10) 7 TEST		
Results:	Assertion & Expected Result	Actual Result	
	AM-01 Modifying commands blocked AM-05 HWB behavior recorded	Modifying commands blocked HWB behavior recorded	
Analysis:	Expected results achieved		

4.2.3 HWB-03-img

Test Case HWB-03	Variation hwb-03-img Tableau T8 USB		
Case Summary:	HWB-03 Identify commands blocked by the HWB while attempting to modify a protected drive with forensic tools.		
Assertions Tested:	HWB-AM-01 The HWB shall not transmit any modifying category operation to the protected storage device. HWB-AM-05 The action that a HWB device takes for any commands not assigned to the modifying, read or information categories is defined by the vendor.		
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:	run start Mon Apr 9 11:28:15 2007 run finish Mon Apr 9 14:05:55 2007		
Test Configuration:	HOST: johnsteed HostToBlocker Monitor: dale HostToBlocker PA: aa00111 HostToBlocker Interface: usb BlockerToDrive Monitor: chip BlockerToDrive PA: aa00155 BlockerToDrive Interface: usb Run Environment: IX		
Drives:	Protected drive: D4-thumB		
Blocker Input:	Commands Sent to Blocker Count Commands 5 READ(10) 11 TEST		
Blocker Output:	Commands Allowed by Blocker Count Commands 5 READ(10) 11 TEST		
Results:	Assertion & Expected Result AM-01 Modifying commands blocked Modifying commands blocked AM-05 HWB behavior recorded HWB behavior recorded		
Analysis:	Expected results achieved		

4.2.4 HWB-05

Test Case HWB-05	Variation hwb-05 Tableau T8 USB		
Case Summary:	HWB-05 Identify read commands allowed by the HWB.		
Assertions Tested:	HWB-AM-02 If the host sends a read category operation to the HWB and no error is returned from the protected storage device to the HWB, then the data addressed by the original read operation is returned to the host.		
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:	run start Wed Apr 11 10:38:39 2007 run finish Wed Apr 11 10:43:35 2007		
Test Configuration:	HOST: johnsteed HostToBlocker Monitor: dale HostToBlocker PA: aa00111 HostToBlocker Interface: usb BlockerToDrive Monitor: none BlockerToDrive PA: none BlockerToDrive Interface: usb Run Environment: linux		
Drives:	Protected drive: 48-u12 48-u12 is a Maxtor 3000LS with 80293248 sectors (40 GB)		
Blocker Input:	Commands Sent to Blocker Read sector 32767 for the string: 00002/010/08 000000032767		
Blocker Output:	00002/010/08 000000032767		
Results:	Assertion & Expected Result Actual Result AM-02 Read commands allowed Read commands allowed		
Analysis:	Expected results achieved		

4.2.5 HWB-06

Test Case HWB-06	Variation hwb-06-img Tableau T8 USB		
Case Summary:	HWB-06 Identify read and information commands used by forensic tools		
	and allowed by the HWB.		
Assertions Tested:	HWB-AM-02 If the host sends a read category operation to the HWB and no error is returned from the protected storage device to the HWB, then the data addressed by the original read operation is returned to the host.		
	HWB-AM-03 If the host sends an informa HWB and if there is no error on the pr		
	returned access-significant information modification.	on is returned to the host without	
	HWB-AM-05 The action that a HWB device assigned to the modifying, read or inf the vendor.	-	
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:	run start Wed Apr 11 11:02:37 2007 run finish Wed Apr 11 11:45:15 2007		
Test	HOST: johnsteed		
Configuration:	HostToBlocker Monitor: dale		
	HostToBlocker PA: aa00111		
	HostToBlocker Interface: usb		
	BlockerToDrive Monitor: chip BlockerToDrive PA: aa00155		
	BlockerToDrive Interface: usb		
	Run Environment: IX		
	Run Environment. 1x		
Drives:	Protected drive: D4-thumB		
Blocker Input:	Commands Sent to Blocker Count Commands 2 INQUIRY 9 READ(10) 21 TEST		
	3 commands sent		
Blocker Output:	Commands Allowed by Blocker Count Commands 9 READ(10) 21 TEST		
	3 commands sent, 2 commands allowed		
Results:	Assertion & Expected Result	Actual Result	
	AM-02 Read commands allowed	Read commands allowed	
	AM-03 Access Significant Access Significant Information		
	Information unaltered unaltered		
	AM-05 HWB behavior recorded HWB behavior recorded		
Analysis:	Expected results achieved		

4.2.6 HWB-08

Test Case HWB-08	Variation hwb-08 Tableau T8 USB		
Case Summary:	HWB-08 Identify access significant information unmodified by the HWB.		
Assertions	HWB-AM-03 If the host sends an information category operation to the		
Tested:	HWB and if there is no error on the protected storage device, then any		
	returned access-significant information is returned to the host without		
	modification.		
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:	run start Wed Apr 11 14:18:24 2007		
	run finish Wed Apr 11 14:23:26 2007		
Test	HOST: johnsteed		
Configuration:	HostToBlocker Monitor: none		
	HostToBlocker PA: none		
	HostToBlocker Interface: usb		
	BlockerToDrive Monitor: none		
	BlockerToDrive PA: none BlockerToDrive Interface: usb		
	Run Environment: linux		
	Run Environment. Iinux		
Drives: Protected drive: 48-u12			
	48-u12 is a Maxtor 3000LS with 80293248 sectors (40 GB)		
Blocker Output:	cmd: /mnt/floppy/partab hwb-08 johnsteed rpa /dev/sda -all		
	80293248 total number of sectors		
Results:	Assertion & Expected Result	Actual Result	
	AM-03 Access Significant	Access Significant Information	
	Information unaltered	unaltered	
Analysis:	Expected results achieved		

4.2.7 HWB-09

Test Case HWB-09 Variation hwb-09 Tableau T8 USB			
Case Summary:	HWB-09 Determine if an error on the protected drive is returned to the		
	host.		
Assertions	HWB-AM-04 If the host sends an operation to the HWB and if the		
Tested:	operation results in an unresolved error on the protected storage		
	device, then the HWB shall return an error status code to the host.		
Tester Name:	rpa		
Test Date:	run start Wed Apr 11 14:26:43 2007		
	run finish Wed Apr 11 14:50:14 2007		
Test	HOST: johnsteed		
Configuration:	HostToBlocker Monitor: none		
	HostToBlocker PA: none		
	HostToBlocker Interface: usb		
	BlockerToDrive Monitor: none		
	BlockerToDrive PA: none		
	BlockerToDrive Interface: usb		
	Run Environment: linux		
Drives:	Protected drive: 48-u12		
	48-u12 is a Maxtor 3000LS with 80293248 sectors (40 GB)		
Blocker Output:	04997/254/63 (max cyl/hd values)		
	04998/255/63 (number of cyl/hd)		
	80293248 total number of sectors		
	cmd: /mnt/floppy/diskchg hwb-09 johnsteed rpa /dev/sda -read 90293248 0		
	Disk addr lba 90293248 C/H/S 5620/126/11 offset 0		
	Disk read error 0xFFFFFFFF at sector 5620/126/11		
Results:	Assertion & Expected Result Actual Result		
	AM-04 Error code returned Error code returned		
Analysis:	Expected results achieved		
-	-		

About the National Institute of Justice

NIJ is the research, development, and evaluation agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. NIJ's mission is to advance scientific research, development, and evaluation to enhance the administration of justice and public safety. NIJ's principal authorities are derived from the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended (see 42 U.S.C. §§ 3721–3723).

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- 1. Partner with State and local practitioners and policymakers to identify social science research and technology needs.
- Create scientific, relevant, and reliable knowledge—with a particular emphasis on terrorism, violent crime, drugs and crime, cost-effectiveness, and community-based efforts—to enhance the administration of justice and public safety.
- 3. Develop affordable and effective tools and technologies to enhance the administration of justice and public safety.

Dissemination

- 4. Disseminate relevant knowledge and information to practitioners and policymakers in an understandable, timely, and concise manner.
- 5. Act as an honest broker to identify the information, tools, and technologies that respond to the needs of stakeholders.

Agency management

- 6. Practice fairness and openness in the research and development process.
- 7. Ensure professionalism, excellence, accountability, cost-effectiveness, and integrity in the management and conduct of NIJ activities and programs.

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