Appendix A: Data Sources

The primary unit of analysis in this study, as explained in the first chapter, is a locality for which local authorities report problems with youth gangs. Information on gang-problem localities was collected over a 25-year period. Most of the information was obtained from seven types of sources, four major and three minor. The major sources were youth gang survey reports, media reports, databases, and interviews. The minor sources were conferences, academic literature, and routine police reports.

Different sets of sources were used during three phases of the study. During phase 1 (1974 through 1979), operations were conducted under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Justice's Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) and the Harvard University Law School. During phase 2 (1980 through 1993), the author operated as an independent investigator. During phase 3 (1994 through 1998), operations were supported by the National Youth Gang Center of Tallahassee, FL.[1]

Table A–1 lists the seven types of data sources and indicates which were used during each phase.

Youth gang survey reports, media sources, conferences, academic literature, and routine police reports were used during all three phases. Interviews were conducted during phases 1 and 3, and databases were used during phase 3. The following sections describe the nature and use of each of the seven types of data sources. Detailed descriptions of sources and methods used primarily or exclusively during phase 1 are included in Miller, 1982,

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[1] Findings presented in the first eight chapters of this Report are based on sources available through 1995; findings based on sources available after 1995 are presented in the "1998 Update of Selected Data" chapter.

Table A–1: Data Sources, by Phase

Data Source	Phase		
	1 (1974–79)	2 (1980–93)	3 (1994–98)
Youth gang survey reports	X	X	X
Media reports	X	X	X
Databases			X
Interviews	X		X
Conferences		X	X
Academic literature	X	X	X
Routine police reports	X	X	X

appendix E. These will not be repeated here but will be described in abbreviated form where appropriate.

Youth Gang Survey Reports

Tables A–2 and A–3 list 29 printed sources containing lists of names of localities that were designated by the producers of the reports as having problems with youth gangs between 1975 and 1997. Title, sponsoring organizations, and date of issuance are specified for each report. The list is not exhaustive, as the tables themselves reveal. Only those reports that were obtained and examined directly by the author are included. Designations such as "Report 2" and "fifth edition" in some of the titles indicate the existence of earlier reports. The *California Investigators Report*, for example, indicates that four reports were issued prior to 1993; the Virginia State report of 1996 notes the existence of three

previous surveys—January 1992, September 1992, and August 1994. None of these were obtained by the author.[2]

These reports are divided into two categories, "unrestricted circulation" and "restricted circulation." The first type was made available to the general public with no restrictions. The second contained notices such as "for official use only," "for law enforcement only," and "confidential." These reports were made available to the Institute for Intergovernmental Research with the condition that specific content such as the names of survey respondents, gangs, or gang members would not be made public. The information contained in the present Report conforms with these conditions.

Although the 29 reports listed here do not represent a complete set of all such reports, they probably include most of the youth gang surveys conducted between 1975 and 1997 and thus provide a basis for some summary statements on the yearly frequency of the reports, the identity of the sponsoring agencies, and the terms used to refer to the kinds of groups that were the objects of the surveys.

The earliest of the listed reports was published in 1975. After a 7-year gap, one report was issued each year for 1982 and 1983. After a 6-year gap, 2 reports were issued each year in 1991 and 1992, 4 each year in 1993 and 1994, 10 in 1995, 3 in 1996, and 2 in 1997.

These figures indicate a substantial increase in the number and yearly frequency of the reports, with 1995 as the peak year. The trend suggests that official agencies paid relatively little attention to youth gangs during the 1970's and somewhat more attention in the 1980's, with a major surge of attention in the 1990's. What appears here as a slacking off after 1995 may reflect the fact that post-1995 reports were not yet available at the time of writing.

Examination of the agencies that conducted or supported the reports shows that the majority of reports (14) were conducted, sponsored, or cosponsored by the Federal Government, operating through one or more of its numerous branches and subbranches.

[2] Several surveys reported in 1995 or earlier that are not used or cited in this Report are cited in Curry, 1996.

Three agencies—the U.S. Departments of Justice and the Treasury and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)—provided sponsorship. Within the Department of Justice, reports were produced under the auspices of the National Drug Intelligence Center, the National Institute of Justice (NIJ), and OJJDP. Within the Department of the Treasury, reports were produced by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.

The diversity of investigative agencies reflects in part a struggle by the Federal Government to determine the proper jurisdiction for youth gang crime, after many years of a Federal policy that maintained that gangs were a local and not a Federal responsibility. Federal support of only three reports during the 13 years between 1975 and 1989, following the 1975 report that claimed serious youth gang problems were prevalent in the United States and predicted a substantial increase in these problems, indicates that the Federal Government took a long time both to recognize its legitimate interest in the control of gang crime and to allocate increased Federal resources to its prevention and control.

The first of the 10 regional agency reports in table A–2 (sponsored by the California Gang Investigators Association) appeared in 1993, but its designation as "fifth edition" indicates 1988 as the initial year of a series of yearly reports. The first of the eight listed State government reports, *Gangs in Texas Cities,* appeared in 1991. It is likely that other States conducted surveys that were not obtained by this study. Three academic institutions, Harvard University, the University of Chicago, and West Virginia University, worked in conjunction with NIJ and OJJDP to produce reports. Finally, 2 of the 29 reports were cosponsored by private consulting firms.

The extended dispute over the proper responsibility for youth gang problems was paralleled by an extended dispute, discussed in the first chapter of the Report, over the proper term for the groups that were the objects of the surveys. The titles of the tabulated reports cast some light on the terms used by the producers of the reports. Of 32 different titles, 26 contain the word "gang." Of these, 11 use the term "gang" with no modifying adjective. Eight use the term "street gang" or "criminal street gang," and seven use the term "youth gang." Of the seven

Table A–2: Printed Reports Containing Lists of Names of Localities With Youth Gang Problems (Unrestricted Circulation)

Title of Report	Sponsoring Organizations	Year
Violence by Youth Gangs and Youth Groups as a Crime Problem in Major American Cities	U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, National Institute for Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention and Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Washington DC; Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, Washington, DC; and Harvard University Law School, Center for Criminal Justice, Cambridge, MA	1975
Crime by Youth Gangs and Groups in the United States	U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Washington, DC, and Harvard University Law School, Center for Criminal Justice, Cambridge, MA	1982
Police Handling of Youth Gangs	Reports of the National Juvenile Justice Assessment Centers and U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, and National Institute for Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Washington, DC	1983
Survey of Youth Gang Problems and Programs in 45 Cities and Sites	U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Washington, DC, and University of Chicago, School of Social Service Administration, Chicago, IL	1989
Gangs in Texas Cities: Background, Survey Results, State-Level Policy Options	Research and Policy Management Division, Office of the Attorney General, State of Texas, Austin	1991
New Mexico Street Gangs	Governor's Organized Crime Prevention Commission, with the State of New Mexico, Department of Public Safety, Special Investigations Division, Santa Fe	1991
National Assessment of Anti-Gang Law Enforcement Information Resources: Final Report	West Virginia University, Department of Sociology and Anthropology, Morgantown, and National Assessment Survey, U.S. Department of Justice, National Institute of Justice, Washington, DC	1992
National Assessment Survey of Anti-Gang Law Enforcement Information: Report #1	U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, National Institute of Justice, Washington, DC, and West Virginia University, Department of Sociology and Anthropology, Gang Research, Crime and Justice Studies, Morgantown	1992

Title of Report	Sponsoring Organizations	Year
Criminal Street Gangs	State of New Jersey, Commission of Investigation, Trenton	1993
Street Gang Report Update	State of New Mexico, Department of Public Safety, Criminal Information and Analysis Bureau, Special Investigations Division, Santa Fe	1993
Southern California Gang Listings: Fifth Edition	California Gang Investigators Association	1993
Gang Activity, 1994: County Wide Gang-Related Statistics	Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department Field Operations, Safe Streets Bureau, Operation Safe Streets, and Participating Los Angeles County Police Agencies	1994
Update of Gang Crime and Law Enforcement Record Keeping: Report of the 1994 National Institute of Justice Extended National Assessment Survey	U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, National Institute of Justice, Washington, DC	1994
Gangs: Public Enemy Number One	Chicago Crime Commission, Chicago, IL	1995
Criminal Street Gangs of Utah: A 1995 Year End Status Report	Utah Division of Investigation, Gang Intelligence Coordinator, Salt Lake City	1995
Study of Youth Gangs: Virginia Survey Results	Virginia General Assembly, Virginia Commission on Youth, House Joint Resolution 92	1996
1995 National Youth Gang Survey	U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Washington, DC, and National Youth Gang Center, Tallahassee, FL	1997

Table A–3: Printed Reports Containing Lists of Names of Localities With Youth Gang Problems (Restricted Circulation)

Title of Report	Sponsoring Organizations	Year
Bloods and Crips: A National Perspective: Interim Report	U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Organizational Intelligence Unit, Washington, DC	1993
Bloods and Crips Gang Survey Report	U.S. Department of Justice, National Drug Intelligence Center, Johnstown, PA	1994
Street Gangs: Second Edition	U.S. Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Office of Law Enforcement, Intelligence Division, Tactical Intelligence Branch, Washington, DC	1994
Street Gang Survey Results: Report 2	Regional Information Sharing Systems, New England State Police Information Network, Needham, MA	1995
Georgia Youth Gangs	State of Georgia, Bureau of Investigation, Intelligence Unit	1995
Criminal Street Gangs in Florida: A Statewide Assessment	Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Division of Criminal Investigation, Investigative Services Bureau	1995
Overview of Asian Crime in the United States	U.S. Department of the Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Office of Enforcement, Criminal Enforcement Programs, Intelligence Division, Tactical Intelligence Branch, Washington, DC	1995
Gangs and Violent Crimes Assessment 1995	Regional Information Sharing Systems, Regional Organized Crime Information Center, Analytic and Publications Sections, and U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Assistance, Washington, DC	1995
Asian Gang Survey Results: Report 1	Regional Information Sharing Systems, New England State Police Information Network, Needham, MA	1995
Reports of Gang Information Sharing Meetings: Series	Regional Information Sharing Systems, New England State Police Information Network, Needham, MA	1995 1996
Street Gangs: National Street Gang Survey Report	U.S. Department of Justice, National Drug Intelligence Center, Johnstown, PA	1996
Reports of Asian Organized Crime Information Sharing Meetings: Series	Regional Information Sharing Systems, New England State Police Information Network, Needham, MA	1995 1996 1997

titles using the term "youth gang," four appeared before 1990, whereas none of the titles using "street gang" appeared before that date. This reflects, in part, the increasing participation in report production by law enforcement agencies, since "street gang" has been for many years the term favored by these agencies.

Media Reports

Of the 3,260 gang-problem localities tabulated in the final chapter of this Report, approximately 20 percent were derived either exclusively or in conjunction with other sources from reports in the media. The term "media" here refers to the widest range of documentary materials issued for public consumption, including daily and weekly printed newspapers, magazines, published books, radio accounts, television accounts, and the very wide variety of online documents available through the World Wide Web and other Internet platforms.

Although media sources make up only one of the seven types of data sources used here, it is unusual for a Report of this type to use the media so extensively. The major reason for using media sources relates to the historical nature of the present study. Survey research-based methods operate within a limited span of time; respondents supply information that is available when they are queried. The 25-year timespan covered by the primary analysis in the present Report, in common with historical research, requires retrievable documents over an extended time. For substantial periods of this study, media reports were the only relevant evidence available.

The gang survey reports cited in the previous section represent the most desirable type of source document, in terms of both quality and coverage. However, as shown in the last section, such reports were issued in only 12 years of the 25, leaving 13 years with no survey-based data on gang localities. Media sources were also used in the 1982 gang survey report. Of the 286 estimated gang-problem localities cited in this Report, only 26 were obtained directly through site visits and onsite interviews; the others were obtained primarily from media sources.

Like all data sources, media sources have weaknesses and strengths. Media reporting of youth gang activity varies in quality. Some reports are detailed and accurate, others incomplete and questionable, with all degrees in between. Whether or not events occurring in a particular gang locality will be reported depends to a greater degree on the perceived newsworthiness of the situation than on any desire for comprehensive coverage.

The steady and ongoing nature of media reporting, with continuity of publication assured by market forces (readers and advertisers) rather than by difficult to obtain and relatively infrequent support through grants or other forms of public funding, is one of its strengths. Another very important advantage of media information is the fact that the originating source of information can be identified and verified quite easily.

In contrast to survey research methods where the identity of the original data provider, the respondent, is usually not revealed, media reports identify the original data provider or providers, specify their role or position, and give the date the information was provided. This makes it possible for any interested person to verify the accuracy of the information by retrieving the original account through records or databases maintained by the publishing entity.

Examples of Media Reports

Tables A–4, A–5, and A–6 list the names and positions of persons who provided information on the existence of youth gang problems for 77 of the 3,699 gang-problem localities cited in the final chapter. Each of the three tables covers a different decade— one each for the 1970's, 1980's, and 1990's. The name and position of the information provider and date of information, along with the localities characterized as having gang problems, are listed for 20 information providers for each of the 3 time periods. The 60 tabulated examples do not represent any kind of sample of the universe of gang-problem localities but were chosen to illustrate the variety of positions of the information providers, the range of geographic regions of the localities, and the variety of media sources.

Although the 60 gang locality information providers listed in tables A–4, A–5, and A–6 represent a relatively small percentage of all media information

Table A–4: Media Sources in the 1970's

Name of Information Provider	Position of Information Provider	Locality Designated as Having Youth Gang Problems	Medium and Date of Report
Adams, Howard	Councilman, Member, Anti-Gang Task Force, City Council, Phoenix, AZ	Phoenix, AZ	*Arizona Republic* 9/15/78
Allen, Ethel D.	Councilwoman, City Council, Philadelphia, PA	Philadelphia, PA	*New York Times* 11/27/72
Appier, R.L.	Lieutenant, Commanding Officer, Gang Activities Section, Police Department, Los Angeles, CA	Los Angeles, CA	*New York Times* 11/27/72
Chapa, Rogellio	Director, Mexican-American Neighborhood Civic Association, San Antonio, TX	San Antonio, TX	*The Light* 6/24/77
Duffy, T.	Detective, Police Department, Brookline, MA	Brookline, MA	*Boston Globe* 5/21/79
Endo, Russell	Professor, Sociology Department, University of San Francisco, San Francisco, CA	San Francisco, CA	*Colorado Daily* 9/28/77
Hart, John J.	Lieutenant, Gang Intelligence Unit, Police Department, Chicago, IL	Chicago, IL	*New York Times* 11/27/72
Jackson, Thomas	Deputy Prosecutor, Prosecutor's Office, Indianapolis, IN	Indianapolis, IN	*Indianapolis Star* 2/3/78
Keegan, Jack	Detective, Youth Service Division, Police Department, Hartford, CT	Hartford, CT	*Hartford Times* 3/24/75
Kilduff, Edward J.	Detective Captain, Police Department, New Britain, CT	New Britain, CT	*Hartford Courant* 2/17/78
Kiley, Jeremiah V.	Chief of Police, Police Department, Belmont, MA	Belmont, MA	*Boston Globe* 3/12/75

Name of Information Provider	Position of Information Provider	Locality Designated as Having Youth Gang Problems	Medium and Date of Report
Kurose, Ruth	Youth Counselor, Central Area Motivation Program, Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA	*The Seattle Daily Times* 1/25/77
Lincoln, James H.	Executive Judge, Wayne County Juvenile Court, Detroit, MI	Detroit, MI	*Detroit News* 11/16/75
Macia, Victor	Lieutenant, Police Department, San Francisco, CA	San Francisco, CA	*New York Times* 9/21/77
Meers, Millard	School Security Officer, Board of Education, Philadelphia, PA	Philadelphia, PA	*Philadelphia Bulletin* 12/5/72
Moran, Thomas	Commander, Fourth District, Police Department, St. Louis, MO	St. Louis, MO	*New York Times* 9/3/72
O'Neill, Joseph F.	Commissioner, Police Department, Philadelphia, PA	Philadelphia, PA	*Philadelphia Bulletin* 12/20/72
Schoener, Richard	Gang Task Force, Patrol Division, Seattle Police Department, Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA	*The Seattle Daily Times* 1/23/77
Serrano, Richard	Acting Chief of Police, South Tucson, AZ	South Tucson, AZ	*Tucson Daily Citizen* 10/22/75
Sherrill, Charles	Lieutenant, Special Assignment Unit, Police Department, Detroit, MI	Detroit, MI	*Detroit News* 11/16/75
Torres, Tom	Patrolman, Community Relations Bureau, Police Department, San Antonio, TX	San Antonio, TX	*The Light* 6/24/77
Watson, Norman	Sergeant, Sheriff's Office, San Diego County, CA	Santee, CA	*Daily Californian El Cajon* 5/8/76

Table A–5: Media Sources in the 1980's

Name of Information Provider	Position of Information Provider	Locality Designated as Having Youth Gang Problems	Medium and Date of Report
Ashcroft, John	Governor, State of Missouri	St. Louis, MO	*CompuServe Executive News Service* 12/5/89
Barry, John	Captain, Commander, Third District, Police Department, Cleveland, OH	Cleveland, OH	*United Press International* 2/16/81
Bonner, Robert	United States Attorney, Los Angeles Gang–Drug Task Force, United States District Attorney's Office, Southern California District, CA	Culver City, Gardena, Hawthorne, and Oxnard, CA	*United Press International* 4/2/88
Culley, William	Chief of Police, Police Department, Ardmore, OK	Ardmore, OK	*U.S. News & World Report* 6/29/81
Davis, Rodney	Dallas Independent School District, Dallas, TX	Fort Worth, TX	*Dallas Times Herald* 12/2/82
Evans, Paul	Chief of Police, Police Department, Boston, MA	Boston, MA	*Boston Herald* 1/20/86
Green, Richard	Teenage Gang Task Force, Superintendent, School Department, Minneapolis, MN	Minneapolis, MN	*United Press International* 10/29/85
Hackey, George E. Jr.	Gang Officer, County Police, Montgomery County, MD	Gaithersburg, Sandy Spring, and Wheaton, MD	*Washington Post* 6/22/85
Leid, G.	Detective, Police Department, Chesapeake, VA	Chesapeake, VA	*Virginian-Pilot* 10/30/85
Lynch, William	Lieutenant, Superintendent, Community Resources Against Street Hoodlums (C.R.A.S.H.), Police Department, Los Angeles, CA	Cerritos, Carson, Lakewood, Los Angeles, and Orange, CA	*United Press International* 6/15/82

Name of Information Provider	Position of Information Provider	Locality Designated as Having Youth Gang Problems	Medium and Date of Report
McBride, Wesley	Sergeant, Sheriff's Department, Los Angeles County, CA	Sante Fe Springs, CA	*United Press International* 4/20/88
McCormack, Sharon	Director, Youth Gang Task Force, Portland, OR	Portland, OR	*Boston Globe* 11/3/88
Morris, Charles S.	Sergeant, Commander, Intelligence Unit, Police Department, Hartford, CT	Hartford, CT	*Boston Globe* 10/15/89
Pitts, Connie	Captain, Police Department, Birmingham, AL	Birmingham, AL	*United Press International* 11/10/80
Reinhardt, J.	Human Relations Department, Colorado Springs, CO	Colorado Springs, CO	*United Press International* 4/14/85
Reynolds, James	Investigation Division, Police Department, Kansas City, MO	Kansas City, MO	*United Press International* 5/30/85
Scott, Margaret M.	Judge, Dorchester District Court, Boston, MA	Dallas/Fort Worth, TX	*Boston Globe* 9/6/84
Turner, Kenneth	Judge, Juvenile Court, Memphis, TN	Memphis, TN	*The Commercial Appeal* 5/21/86
Washington, F.S.	Police Department, Savannah, GA	Savannah, GA	*Newsweek* 2/28/88
Young, Coleman A.	Mayor, Detroit, MI	Detroit, MI	*United Press International* 1/16/87

Table A–6: Media Sources in the 1990's

Name of Information Provider	Position of Information Provider	Locality Designated as Having Youth Gang Problems	Medium and Date of Report
Barnes, Paul	Detective, Gang Intelligence Unit, Sheriff's Department, Fairfax County, VA	Fairfax County, VA	*Washington Post* 2/19/95
Bartollas, Clem	Professor, University of Northern Iowa, Cedar Falls	Waverly, IA	*Northern Iowa Today* 5/1/95
Borden, Fran	Corporal, Police Department, Durham, NC	Durham, NC	*Raleigh News & Observer* 11/4/91
Bradley, Frank	Sergeant, Gang Officer, Navaho Police Department, Window Rock, AZ	Window Rock, AZ	*Associated Press* 4/24/95
Carreras, Wilson	Minister, Former Gang Member, Toppenish, WA	Toppenish, WA	*Associated Press* 4/7/95
Carrol, William J.	District Director, United States Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, DC	Washington, DC	*Washington Post* 2/19/95
Colazzo, R.	Detective, Sheriff's Department, Broward County, FL	Coral Springs, FL	*United Press International* 8/15/91
DeGroot, Mary	Councilwoman, City Council, Denver, CO	Denver, CO	*Associated Press* 6/23/95
Gaunt, Derek	Detective, Gang Officer, Police Department, Alexandria, VA	Langley Park, MD; Alexandria, Annandale, and Arlington, VA	*Washington Post* 3/26/95
Maloney, Andrew	United States Attorney, Eastern District of New York State	Queens County, NY	*United Press International* 5/17/91

Name of Information Provider	Position of Information Provider	Locality Designated as Having Youth Gang Problems	Medium and Date of Report
Maloney, Andrew	United States Attorney's Office, Jersey City, NJ	Jersey City, NJ	*United Press International* 11/21/91
McBride, Wesley	Sergeant, Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, Los Angeles County, CA	Lexington, KY; Reno, NV; Salt Lake City, UT; Shreveport, LA; Sterling, IL; Tyler, TX	*Boston Globe* 3/26/90
McIntosh, David	Congressman, State of Indiana, United States House of Representatives, Washington, DC	Richmond, IN	*Associated Press* 7/8/95
Pratt, Bruce	Chief of Police, Police Department, St. Johnsbury, VT	St. Johnsbury, VT	*Boston Globe* 5/8/97
Rawson, Doug	Director, Court Services, Rankin County, MS	Rankin County, MS	*Boston Herald* 2/9/94
Reque, Paul	Chief of Police, Police Department, Grande Chute, WI	Appleton, WI	*United Press International* 5/20/95
Robinson, Dale	Deputy Police Chief, Police Department, Manchester, NH	Manchester, NH	*Associated Press* 9/23/94
Skinner, James	Chief of Police, Police Department, Omaha, NE	Des Moines, IA; Texarkana, TX; Wichita, KS	*Boston Globe* 3/26/90
Solan, Mike	Lieutenant, Police Department, Hammond, IN	Hammond, IN	*Chicago Tribune* 12/25/91
Weisner, Andrew	Lieutenant, Police Department, Allentown, PA	Erie, PA; Nashville, TN; Sioux Falls, SD; York, PA	*U.S. Journal of Drugs & Alcohol* 9/1/91

providers, their agency affiliations, reporting localities, and publication sources are fairly representative of the wide variety of agency personnel, localities, and publications in the larger set of media sources. The three tables list 77 different gang localities in 34 States and the District of Columbia. The 60 information providers were affiliated with seven types of agencies—police departments, sheriff's departments, governmental agencies (Federal, State, and city), prosecutor's offices (Federal, State, county, and city), judicial agencies (county, city, and district), public schools, and private service agencies. The media sources include 26 different publications—19 daily newspapers, 4 magazines or journals, 2 wire services, and 1 online news service.

Sources of Media Reports

The following sections describe five types of media sources: national newsclipping service, online information retrieval, local newspapers, media articles and features, and media-initiated sources. The use of these types varied during the three phases of the study, depending on available resources and developments in computer-based data retrieval.

National newsclipping service. During phase 1 of the study, information on gang localities was received from Burelle's, a national newsclipping service whose staff receive and review all daily, weekly, and Sunday newspapers in the United States and an additional 4,000 specialized publications. The service was directed to clip all stories in which youth gangs or street gangs were mentioned, all stories involving illegal activities by three or more juveniles or youth, and all stories about programs or policies dealing with the prevention or control of youth gang or street gang problems. Clippings arrived weekly for 3.5 years—approximately 150 stories per month, totaling about 3,600 stories, which were filed by locality. Although some stories citing youth gangs during the 3.5 years were undoubtedly missed, examining all the newspapers in the country on a daily basis made it most unlikely that any locality experiencing gang problems would escape attention.

Online information retrieval. The advent and availability of desktop microcomputers with communication capabilities in the late 1970's provided a major new vehicle for obtaining news accounts of youth gang activities and gang-problem localities. The first major widely available online service (called time-sharing at the time) was The Source, a service that pioneered procedures later followed by other online services. Media stories transmitted to the online service could be searched by procedures that located all news accounts containing selected words or phrases. This made it possible to obtain nationwide news reports without using newspapers or clipping services. The Source online service provided two search and retrieve methods. The first, a "menu-driven" system, made it possible to access about 10 national daily newspapers—the *Los Angeles Times, Minneapolis Star, New York Times, San Francisco Chronicle, Washington Post,* and others. Starting in 1980, electronic editions of these papers were accessed each day and relevant stories selected for hard-copy printouts. Associated Press wire-service stories were processed the same way.

The second system used a keyword search method to select all relevant stories from the total output of United Press International (UPI), which carried about 1,000 to 1,500 stories a day from all parts of the country. When these stories were transmitted to subscribing newspapers, they were also transmitted to online service providers for direct access by any online computer. All UPI stories were searched for keywords. Two or more selector terms were permitted. For example, entering the word "gang" returned all stories containing this term; entering "Chicago and gang" returned all stories with both terms. The term "gang," entered on a daily basis, returned about 5 to 15 gang-related stories per day. Some of these involved adult, motorcycle, terrorist, prison, or other types of gangs in addition to youth gangs. The terms "juvenile," "teenager," "group," "youth," "murder," "robbery," "crime," and "delinquency" were also entered on a regular basis, alone or in combination.

A rapid scan feature made it possible to select abstracted stories for a full-text readout, and an optional print command provided hard-copy printouts. These printouts were filed and analyzed. Computerized news retrieval, while considerably less comprehensive than the national clipping service, made it possible to continue accessing nationwide press coverage of youth gangs on a reduced level after termination of the clipping service.

During subsequent periods, other online services became available. Searches were conducted using three of these: CompuServe, the Dow-Jones News Service, and America Online. The Source was later bought and absorbed by CompuServe, which in turn was bought by America Online. CompuServe, however, maintained independent operations.

These online service providers made it possible to use media sources without subscribing to clipping services. However, the capacity to obtain national-level gang-related media data on youth gangs was enormously enhanced by the advent of the Internet, first accessed in 1994, and the subsequent development and expansion of the World Wide Web, a special feature of the Internet.

The enhanced availability of the Internet coincided roughly with the major upsurge in gang problems in the late 1980's. The Web became a repository not only for electronic media news stories but also for an enormous variety of documents of all kinds, including many relevant to gangs. Using the Alta Vista digital search engine, entering the term "gang" in the late 1990's returned more than 64,000 documents; "street gang" returned 3,600; "youth gang," 1,300; "gang unit," 650; and "juvenile gang," 270. A major advantage of this type of search compared with the earlier electronic press searches was the absence of short-term database purges; Alta Vista retained gang-relevant stories for up to 5 years prior to the search date.

Gang-involved groups, associations, and organizations of many kinds set up and maintained Web sites. Hundreds of police and sheriff's departments developed their own Web pages, which generally included information on whether there was a gang officer, unit, or squad in the department, and some included activity reviews that provided details on gang problems. State and regional law enforcement associations developed Web sites detailing their activities, which often involved youth gangs. Gang task forces at State and local levels also set up Web sites detailing their activities. Many city and town councils published the minutes of council meetings on the Internet, some of which included discussions of youth gang problems and efforts to cope with them.

Towns and villages also developed Web sites; these were particularly valuable for the purpose of locating gang problems because many were too small to receive regular attention from major magazines and dailies such as *Newsweek,* the *New York Times,* and the *Washington Post.* Two of the statewide youth gang survey reports listed in table A–2 were found through Web searches. Even gang members developed their own Web sites and provided forums for discussing gang-related issues. Web searches were of particular value in keeping current with the post-1995 gang localities tabulated in the final chapter.

Local newspapers. During the site visit period of phase 1, local newspapers were used extensively to obtain background information on gang-problem localities and to obtain current information during the course of the visits. In addition to the local newspapers, the *Boston Globe* and the *New York Times* were reviewed on a daily basis during all three phases. The clipping service was terminated in 1978, and the first online retrieval service became available in 1980, leaving a 2-year gap. During this period, some limited national coverage was available from periodicals and local newspapers. An "out of town" newsstand in Cambridge, MA, provided hundreds of newspapers and magazines from around the Nation. Publications with stories on gang localities were purchased, clipped, and filed.

Media articles and features. In addition to news stories, a fair number of reports on gang-problem localities appeared in both the print and electronic media during the course of the study. Some of these were quite detailed, taking the form of multipart series prepared by a group of reporters, in some cases reporting from different cities. Features and articles of this kind appeared in *Life,* the *New York Times, Newsday, Newsweek, Time, U.S. News & World Report,* and elsewhere.

Reports on gang localities also appeared as programs in the electronic media. This type of program appeared on all the major television networks—generally focusing on gang problems in particular cities. Local radio and television stations also ran programs on local gangs. Like some of the print media articles, some of these programs represented

collaborative efforts by numerous reporters, editors, writers, and producers. Notes were made on as many of these programs as possible. In some cases, producers provided the contents of the programs through transcripts or videocassettes.

Media-initiated sources. During phase 1, the author participated periodically in the preparation and production of media pieces on gangs and gang-problem localities. Largely because of extensive publicity accompanying the publication of the 1995 *National Youth Gang Survey* Summary, writers, reporters, and producers initiated contacts with the author in connection with stories, articles, features, and programs dealing with gangs, and these contacts developed useful information.

Sometimes interest in an upsurge of gang activity or new developments in youth gang crime (e.g., media concern with "wolfpacks" in the late 1970's) provided the impetus for requests by reporters for background information. A frequent by-product of these contacts was information not obtained through other sources. Participation by the author in radio and television programs also provided information. A common format for such programs was a panel discussion featuring a group of informed people. Most of these programs included gang members along with specialists such as police department gang-squad personnel, youth service workers, and legislators.

Databases

Computerized database programs became widely available during phase 3 of the 25-year data collection period. The capabilities of these programs were ideally suited to the task of recording and analyzing gang-problem localities and related information. Many of the reports listed in tables A–2 and A–3 were based on information recorded in computerized databases, but the printed reports resulting from those databases, rather than the databases themselves, provided the gang city information reported here. In some instances, however, the original databases were available to the National Youth Gang Center. These will be discussed following a description of the master database used in the present Report.

National Youth Gang Database

A database configured for recording gang-problem localities and related information was created in 1990, using Ashton Tate's dBASE II database program. The original youth gang record included 14 fields, as follows: location (city, county), city population, State, date of information, time period of information, type of record (report, incident), gang problems reported (definite, probable, possible), number of gangs reported, number of gang members reported, number of homicides reported, race/national background/gender, source of data, and "detail," a text field for recording additional details. This database was exported to an upgrade, dBASE IV, in 1992 and finally to Microsoft's Access database, through several upgrades to version 2.0.

Subsequent versions of the database were modified to fit a variety of purposes, including one designed specifically to generate lists of localities for the mailing lists of the *1995 National Youth Gang Survey* (National Youth Gang Center, 1997). Another version focused on longitudinal analysis and expanded the gangs present city population and county population fields to allow separate entries for each of the three decades. Examples of one version of the database record containing 22 fields are displayed in the next section. The total number of fields in later versions of the database was about 35, and the number of records about 9,900. About 4,900 of these were records of cities, towns, and villages, and the rest were records of counties. The cumulative total of gang city records shown in the second chapter is 1,487, about 3,400 records fewer than the total number of city records. This latter group of city records includes two categories. The first consists of about 1,700 records, imported from other databases, of cities that did not report gang problems. The remaining 1,700 records are additional records for the specific gang-problem cities enumerated in table 1. Evidently, many gang cities in the database had more than one record; in fact, some had five or more. The above figures show that the average gang city had slightly more than two records each. For larger cities, the average number of records per city was considerably higher. For example, gang cities with populations of more than 100,000 had about 3.5 records per city.

Each additional record for the same city contained items of information different from those included in the original city record. These multiple records served two major purposes: recording changes over time in numbers of gangs, city size, and other items, and strengthening or weakening the validity of recorded data by using multiple information sources.

For example, Fort Worth, TX, had separate records for 1983, 1984, 1987, 1988, and 1991 to record the number of gangs reported for each of these years — 13, 32, 87, 67, and 175, respectively. Multiple sources for the same locality were used for Anaheim, CA, where gang problems were reported for 1975 (Miller, 1975); for 1988 (Spergel et al., 1990); 1989 and 1990 (Fox, 1994); and 1993 (Curry, Ball, and Decker, 1995). Similarly, in Garden Grove, CA, gang problems were reported for 1975 (Miller, 1975); 1981 (M. Davis, Garden Grove Police Department); 1982 (J. Nunez, San Jose Police Department); 1988 (Spergel et al., 1990); 1989 and 1990 (Fox, 1994); and 1993 (Curry, Ball, and Decker, 1995).

Using multiple sources to report the same item of data serves a function similar to that of the triangulation method discussed in the first chapter of this Report. Given the likelihood of differences between respondents, the use of multiple sources representing different agencies and interests increases confidence in the validity of collected information and reduces the risk of obtaining inaccurate information, which can occur when relying on a single source or respondent.

No matter how many records were available for a single locality, each was coded as a new gang locality only once, as defined in the first chapter, and was so tabulated in all relevant tables. Unlike locality counts in some studies (e.g., Miller, 1982; Klein, 1995), the frequency tabulations in the present Report include no estimates; each citation of a gang-problem locality is documented by one or more specific source citations. This feature explains a discrepancy between the figure of 286 given for the number of gang-problem cities in the 1970's in Miller (1982, table 4.3) and the figure of 201 appearing in tables 2 and 3 in the present Report. The difference of 75 between the earlier and later figures results from estimates for the 1970's in the "U.S. Cities Under 100,000" category (Miller, 1982).

Partial data were available for eight States, and estimated undercount percentages were applied to these figures. The States and estimated number of gang-problem cities were as follows: Connecticut, 4; Florida, 3; Illinois, 14; Massachusetts, 24; Michigan, 3; New Jersey, 4; New York, 12; and Pennsylvania, 11. Undercount percentages were based on the assumption that additional numbers of uncounted gang-problem localities would be present in areas adjacent to the major gang cities of the 1970's — New York, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, and others. It should be noted here that survey data obtained in the 1990's by the National Youth Gang Center indicated the existence of 270 gang cities in the 1970's — only about 6 percent fewer than the 286 cited by Miller (1982).

To provide illustrations of the onscreen appearance of the gang-problem locality records, pages A–19 to A–24 display several examples of one version of the data record including information from the 1970's, 1980's, and 1990's. Table A–7 provides explanations of the field abbreviations.

Incorporated Datasets

Gang locality listings from three databases were imported directly into the dataset used for this Report. The first of these, provided by G. David Curry, was compiled in connection with his 1992 and 1994 national gang surveys conducted under the auspices of NIJ and the University of West Virginia.[3] The second dataset, provided by Cheryl L. Maxson, was produced by Maxson and Malcolm Klein in connection with a 1992 national survey of youth gang migration, conducted under the auspices of NIJ and the University of Southern California, Social Science Institute.[4] The third dataset was based on a subset of the *Uniform Crime Reports Supplementary Homicide Reports: 1976–1992,* prepared by Eugene Pond of the National Youth Gang Center in 1995. Any locality reporting juvenile or gang-related homicides to the FBI was assumed to have

[3] More details on Curry's surveys are included in table A–2, pages A–3 to A–4; in Curry et al., 1992; and in Curry, Ball, and Decker, 1995.

[4] See Maxson, 1996.

[5] See Fox, 1994.

Table A–7: Explanation of Locality Record Field Abbreviations

Abbreviation or Symbol	Definition
SRC	Original source of information.
RPT	Medium reporting and/or describing source; reporter's name, if given.
INFODATE	Date information was reported.
TIMPER	Year or years during which gang problems were reported to be present in the designated locality.
GPCTV	Status of gang problem in city, town, or village.
Y	Gang problem reported.
1	First known report for this locality.
N, N, N	Decades for which gang problems were reported (e.g., 789, all three decades; 009, 1990's only; 089, 1980's and 1990's only).
GP70, 80, 90	Y,1=same as for GPCTV.
GPCO	Status of gang problem in county codes; same as GPCTV.
RNBG	Race, national background, gender of cited gang members. Codes: M=Male; F=Female; A=Asian American; B=African American; H=Hispanic American; I=Indigenous/Native American; W=non-Hispanic European American.
GNGNAME	Gang name or selected names of cited gangs.
NGANGS	Number of gangs cited by source or sources.
NGMS	Number of gang members cited by source or sources.
NKIL	Number of gang or gang member homicides cited by source or sources.
ID	Unique identification number of record.
DTL	"Detail" text box abstracts additional relevant details from the report constituting the basis of the record, including, in many cases, evidence adduced to confirm the existence of gang problems.

experienced gang problems.[5] Almost 40 percent of the 2,193 gang-problem localities cited in the second chapter were obtained from these three datasets.

Interviews

Interviews were conducted during phases 1 and 3 of the study to gather information on gangs and gang localities. Most of the interviews took place during the site visit portion of phase 1. Interviews were of two types: face-to-face and telephone. A total of 131 face-to-face interviews were conducted in 26 localities with staff members of 173 different agencies. Many of these were group interviews—for example, all or most staff members of a probation department would take part in an interview. A total of 458 individuals participated in interview sessions. Three kinds of telephone interviews were also conducted during phase 1, including interviews with site-surveyed locality personnel prior to the site visits,

with site-surveyed locality personnel subsequent to the visits, and with individuals familiar with the local gang situation in approximately 50 localities that were not visited.

Most of the site-visited localities that did not report gang problems at the time of the visit were asked in a final followup survey whether such problems had emerged at a later time. Phone calls to the 50 localities not visited were made primarily to obtain information on the presence or absence of youth gang problems. All California cities with populations of 100,000 or more and a number of California counties (e.g., Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernardino, and Ventura) were included. These calls sought to confirm or discount media reports of local gang problems. Additional information on the specific details of the site visit interviews is contained in Miller (1982, appendix E).

Most of the phone interviews during phase 3 were also conducted to check on media reports of gang problems; others were made to cities whose size suggested the presence of gang problems, but where no evidence of such problems was available. A series of calls were made to Sergeant Wesley McBride of the Los Angeles Sheriff's Department, primarily to determine the status of California localities that had reported gang problems during phase 1, but for which no evidence of later problems was available.

Conferences

During phases 2 and 3, the author attended several conferences where gang-problem localities were discussed. Names of previously unknown gang-problem localities were obtained either directly from presenters familiar with the localities at issue or from conference participants who knew of the existence of youth gang survey reports. Reports not already on hand were obtained by subsequent requests to the issuing agencies.

Routine Police Reports

Every stage of the criminal justice processing system generates data on offenses and offenders, from initial reports of violations through release from parole. Extensive attrition of offense information occurs as one proceeds from earlier to later stages; information recorded during the final stages of the process includes only a very small proportion of the offenses dealt with during the earliest stages.

One body of information collected during the earliest stages of the process records the enormous number of acts and events reported to or by local police in the course of their daily activities. Recorded incidents have two major sources: citizen complaints (generally received by phone and relayed by radio to patrol officers) and incidents observed directly by police in the course of patrol. Records of these incidents take various forms, including handwritten records by individual policemen, logs kept by the department, and computerized incident listings, often coded by locality, type of incident, and other characteristics. In some communities, police log information regularly appears in local newspapers.

These reports can be of value in identifying localities with youth gang problems. In many communities, a very substantial proportion of all incidents handled by the police involve groups of youth, some of which are designated as gangs. During phase 1, routine police reports for selected periods were obtained for all of the site-surveyed localities and also for about 250 other U.S. localities both during and preceding phase 1. Monitoring local police reports continued during phases 2 and 3.

Gang-Problem Locality Record

Gang Problem City Detroit   **City Population (thousands)** 1,355   **State** MI

Gang Problem County Wayne   **County Population (thousands)** 2,667

SRC: Lieutenant Charles Sherrill, Special Assignment Unit, Detroit Police Department

RPT: *Detroit News*, Gerald Storch

1. **INFODATE:** 11/16/75   **TIMEPER:** 1973–1975

GPCTV: Y 1789   **GP70:** Y1   **GP80:** [ ]   **GP90:**   **GPCO:** Y1 789

RNBG: BM BF   **GNGNAME:** Chains, Black Killers, Sheridan Strippers, Black Aces

NGNGS: [ ]   **NGMS:** 1,000   **NKIL:** [ ]

TYPEREC: R   **ID:** 11,161   **AGENCY:** Police Department

DTL:

The *Detroit News* published a three-part series on juvenile/street gangs in Detroit, MI. The article includes statements by James H. Lincoln, Executive Judge, Wayne County Juvenile Court; Lieutenant Charles Sherrill, Commanding Officer, 16-member Special Assignment Unit, Detroit Police Department; police Sergeants Jim Younger and Wilbert Johnson; and Paul Hubbard, Director of New Detroit Community Relations Service, which has 60 workers in a street worker program. The Police Department definition of Street Gang: "a group of youngsters who have some structure, some continuity, some territory, some violent activity, and at least some degree of identity, reflected in a nickname and sometimes a kind of uniform." The article cites 19 gangs currently operating in Detroit, with about 1,000 members. The major gang antagonists in 1973 were the Bishops and Chains. The Bishops are now reported to be inactive.

Gang-Problem Locality Record

Gang Problem City | Waltham **City Population (thousands)** | 56.9 **State** | MA

Gang Problem County | Middlesex **County Population (thousands)** | 1,397

SRC: Sergeant William Lavash, Waltham Police Department

RPT: *Boston Globe*, American Broadcasting Company Television News Report

INFODATE: 11/24/79 **TIMEPER:**

GPCTV: Y1 709 **GP70:** Y1 **GP80:** **GP90:** **GPCO:** Y1

RNBG: HM **GNGNAME:**

NGNGS: 2 **NGMS:** 43 **NKIL:**

TYPEREC: I **ID:** 781 **AGENCY:** Police Department

DTL: Sergeant Lavash reports "trouble between two rival gangs from two sections of the city, the most serious incidence of gang violence in Waltham in recent memory." *Boston Globe* headline: "Rival Gangs Stir Three Days of Violence in Waltham Streets." The story reports 2 police injured, 43 arrests, and a series of gang fights between rival Hispanic gangs.

Gang-Problem Locality Record

Gang Problem City | Birmingham   **City Population (thousands)** | 268.8   **State** | AL

Gang Problem County | Jefferson   **County Population (thousands)** | 671

SRC: Birmingham Police Department

RPT: *Uniform Crime Reports*: Supplementary Homicide Reports 1976–1992

INFODATE: 11/10/80   **TIMEPER:** 1979–1980

GPCTV: Y1 789   **GP70:** Y1   **GP80:** Y1   **GP90:**   **GPCO:** Y1 789

RNBG: **GNGNAME:**

NGNGS: **NGMS:**   **NKIL:**

TYPEREC: RS   **ID:** 1,491   **AGENCY:** Police Department

DTL: The Supplementary Homicide Reports of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's *Uniform Crime Reports* reveal one juvenile/youth gang homicide in Birmingham, AL, in November of 1980. This homicide was also reported by the United Press International Newswire on 11/10/80. The UPI story reports the existence of six black male street gangs in Birmingham. If there were six gangs in 1980, there must have been gangs in the city in 1979, and probably earlier.

Gang-Problem Locality Record

Gang Problem City `Lowell` **City Population (thousands)** `100.2` **State** `MA`

Gang Problem County `Middlesex` **County Population (thousands)** `672`

SRC: `Middlesex County District Attorney Thomas Reilly, Lowell Sergeant Brendan Durkin`

RPT: `Boston Globe, Dorsey; Boston Herald, Hayward`

INFODATE: `08/13/94` **TIMEPER:** `1993–1994`

GPCTV: `Y1 089` **GP70:** ``  **GP80:** `` **GP90:** `` **GPCO:** `Y1 789`

RNBG: `AM AF` **GNGNAME:** `Tiny Rascals Gang (TRG)`

NGNGS: `` **NGMS:** `200` **NKIL:** `1`

TYPEREC: `IR` **ID:** `831` **AGENCY:** `Police Department`

DTL:

Middlesex County District Attorney Thomas Reilly announces the formation of a new antigang unit in Lowell, MA; a seven-person team composed of one Police Department sergeant, three patrol officers, two Massachusetts State troopers, and one Assistant District Attorney. The unit will work with the Middlesex County "Community-Based Justice" program. The Lowell police estimate that there have been two dozen gang-related shootings and machete attacks this year, and report an estimated 15 youth gangs with 200 members. The police claim that the gangs are Southeast Asian gangs, plus gangs "from every ethnic group and some that cross ethnic lines." The account notes that there are no Asians in the gang unit. The police state that the last serious gang problem in Lowell was in 1991, also involving Southeast Asian gangs "with connections to California gangs"(1/4/95). Three Asian females, identified as "associated" with the Tiny Rascals gangs (an Asian gang found throughout New England) were "kidnaped" from Lowell by members of a Fall River, MA, Cambodian gang, and driven to Fall River (see Fall River record for this date).

Gang-Problem Locality Record

Gang Problem City | Palo Alto | **City Population (thousands)** | 55.9 | **State** | CA

Gang Problem County | Santa Clara | **County Population (thousands)** | 1,497.6

SRC: | Lynne Johnson, Assistant Chief of Police, Palo Alto Police Department

RPT: | Internet Distribution Services, Elizabeth Darling

INFODATE: | 02/03/95 | **TIMEPER:** | 1994–1995

GPCTV: Y1 009 | **GP70:** | **GP80:** | **GP90:** Y1 | **GPCO:** Y1 089

RNBG: BM WM? | **GNGNAME:** "A Street" (Addison Avenue), "V Street" (Ventura neighborhood)

NGNGS: 2 | **NGMS:** 1,000 | **NKIL:**

TYPEREC: IR | **ID:** 10,049 | **AGENCY:** Police Department

DTL:

"Gang Activity Flares Up Again" is the headline of an Internet Distribution Services Report. There was a rash of gang incidents in the spring of 1994, but gang activity has been quiet until the present (February 1995), when gang violence incidents began to recur. A gang violence task force, named the "Positive Alternatives for Youth Committee," has been formed. The chairperson of the task force is Assistant Police Chief Lynne Johnson. The committee has had three meetings devoted primarily to gathering information, and is now working on a set of recommendations for dealing with the current upsurge in gang activity.

Gang-Problem Locality Record

Gang Problem City | Window Rock | **City Population (thousands)** | 3.3 | **State** | AZ |

Gang Problem County | Apache | **County Population (thousands)** | 61.1 |

SRC: | Sergeant Frank Bradley, gang officer, and Captain Francis Bradley, Navajo Police |

RPT: | *Associated Press*, Marla Dial, AP writer |

INFODATE: | 04/24/95 | **TIMEPER:** | 1994–1995 |

GPCTV: | Y1 009 | **GP70:** | | **GP80:** | | **GP90:** | Y1 | **GPCO:** | Y1 009 |

RNBG: | IM | **GNGNAME:** | Insane Young Cobra Nation, Dragons |

NGNGS: | 2 | **NGMS:** | | **NKIL:** | 6 |

TYPEREC: | R | **ID:** | 936 | **AGENCY:** | Police Department |

DTL:

An earlier feature by Marla Dial (April 18, 1995) on suffocation deaths among Navajos includes the statement "The Navajo are also fighting street gangs, blamed for an increase in violence and graffiti in Window Rock and other reservations towns." The April 24 account by Dial focuses on gangs. She describes numerous indications of real gangs, including names, drive-bys, retaliatory killings, forced recruitment, and gang graffiti. The Navajo police suspect that six killings in Window Rock in 1994 were gang related. The Insane Young Cobra Nation is engaged in an ongoing feud with the Dragons in nearby Fort Apache. Two police officers are assigned full-time to gang crime, both in Window Rock. The Window Rock reservation, with a population of 160,000, has seven police districts; Captain Bradley wants gang officers in all seven. He claims that gangs have spread to Navajo communities in New Mexico and Utah in addition to Arizona.

Appendix B: Using the Decade as a Time Unit

Under ideal circumstances, a sound longitudinal analysis of gang-problem localities would use units of 1 year, or possibly even 1 month, to record and analyze changes in prevalence trends. Unfortunately for the purposes of precise analysis, the use of smaller time units was not possible in the present study because the nature of the base data makes it difficult or impossible to ascertain the exact day, month, or year when youth gang problems emerged or reemerged in a given locality.

As a consequence, this study uses the decade as its major time unit and calculates incidence and trend data on a 10-year basis instead of using smaller time units. Three decades are used—the 1970's (1970 through 1979), the 1980's (1980 through 1989), and the 1990's (1990 through 1995). As noted in the second chapter, the first known citation of gang problems in a given locality (a "new" gang locality) is assigned to the decade during which it is reported, whatever the day, month, and year of that reporting.

Thus, a locality that first reported gang problems in June 1980 and one that first reported gang problems in June 1989 are both tabulated as new gang localities in the 1980's.

One problem in using the decade as a time unit—a problem shared with many other studies—is that the major Federal census is conducted only once every 10 years. This means, for example, that a study that uses population data and is conducted near the end of the decade will face a high likelihood of encountering outdated figures. In the United States, a city with a given population in census year 1990 will almost certainly show a smaller or larger population in census year 2000. The Bureau of the Census conducts smaller scale intradecade surveys for some data, and the use of these and/or extrapolations based on earlier data is feasible in some instances. Such use was not feasible in the present case, and this study assigns to each decade the population figures published near the beginning of that decade.

Appendix C: *The Growth of Youth Gang Problems in the United States: 1970–98* Report and the National Youth Gang Center Surveys

The present Report is part of a general research program conducted by the National Youth Gang Center (NYGC) for the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, to strengthen the information base on youth gang crime as a national problem. The present Report was being prepared during the time that NYGC was carrying out its first national survey.[1] The two studies are related in several respects. Data in the dataset for this Report were used in the preparation of the 1995 survey in connection with two tasks—the selection of respondent localities and the design of the survey schedule. As noted earlier, the database includes both localities that did not report gang problems and those that did. These two types of localities were treated separately in selecting survey localities and constructing the survey schedule.

The 1995 survey schedule solicited information with respect to the following 10 data categories:

◆ Existence of gang problems in the 1970's.

◆ Existence of gang problems in the 1980's.

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[1] See National Youth Gang Center, 1997.

◆ Existence of gang problems between 1990 and 1994.

◆ Existence of gang problems in 1995.

◆ Number of active youth gangs.

◆ Number of youth gang members.

◆ Number of gang homicides.

◆ Presence of specialized gang units or officers.

◆ Evaluation of gang problems as worsening or improving.

◆ Prediction of gang developments in the near future.

The data presented here directly overlap the survey schedule on only two items—existence of gang problems in the 1970's and in the 1980's. The schedule divides the 1990's into two periods—1990 to 1994, and 1995 as a separate year. This Report does not present separate information for 1995, since, as noted earlier, its use of the decade as its major time unit merges data for the 5-year period. Thus, direct comparison of the two studies with respect to the presence of gang problems in the year 1995 is not possible. Comparisons for the 1970's and 1980's, however, are possible.

Appendix D: U.S. Cities and Towns Reporting Youth Gang Problems at Any Time Between 1970 and 1998[1]

Alabama

Alabaster
Alexander City
Anniston
Atalla
Athens
Auburn
Bessemer
Birmingham
Bridgeport
Chickasaw
Columbiana
Daphne
Decatur
Dothan
Elba
Enterprise
Evergreen
Fairhope
Florence
Foley
Gadsden
Georgiana
Hoover
Huntsville
Lafayette
Leeds
Mobile
Monroeville
Montgomery
Opelika
Orange Beach
Pelham
Pell City
Phenix City
Prattville
Saraland
Selma
Talladega
Troy
Trussville
Tuscaloosa
Tuskegee
Union Springs

Alaska

Anchorage
Dillingham
Fairbanks
Juneau
Ketchikan
Kodiak
Kotzebue
Palmer
Seward

Arizona

Apache Junction
Avondale
Buckeye
Bullhead City
Casa Grande
Chandler
Chinle
Douglas
El Mirage
Eloy
Flagstaff
Fort Defiance
Gila River
Gilbert
Glendale
Hayden
Holbrook
Kingman
Kykotsmon
Lake Havasu City
Marana
Mesa
Nogales
Oro Valley
Paradise Valley
Payson
Peoria
Phoenix
Pinetop-Lakeside
Polacca
Prescott
Prescott Valley
Sacaton
Safford
Salt River
San Luis
Scottsdale
Sells
Shangopovi
Show Low
Sierra Vista
Somerton
South Tucson
Tempe
Thatcher
Tombstone
Tucson
Window Rock
Winslow
Youngtown
Yuma

Arkansas

Benton
Conway
Fayetteville
Forrest City
Fort Smith
Hamburg
Holly Grove
Hope
Hot Springs
Jacksonville
Jonesboro
Little Rock
Marion
Newport
North Little Rock
Paragould
Pine Bluff
Prairie Grove
Rogers
Russellville
Searcy
Sherwood
Siloam Springs
Springdale
Star City
Stuttgart
Texarkana
West Helena
West Memphis
Wynne

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[1] In a few instances, the number of cities tabulated in a table does not correspond exactly to the number of cities listed in appendix D because of changes in the number of localities reported subsequent to the completion of the final analyses.

California

Adelanto
Alameda
Alhambra
Altadena
Anaheim
Anderson
Antioch
Apple Valley
Arcadia
Artesia
Arvin
Atwater
Auburn
Avalon
Azusa
Bakersfield
Baldwin Park
Banning
Barstow
Beaumont
Bell
Bell Gardens
Bellflower
Belmont
Berkeley
Beverly Hills
Bishop
Blythe
Brawley
Brea
Brentwood
Buena Park
Burbank
Burlingame
Calexico
California City
Calistoga
Camarillo
Campbell
Carlsbad
Carpinteria
Carson
Castro Valley

Castroville
Cathedral City
Ceres
Cerritos
Chico
Chino
Chowchilla
Chula Vista
Claremont
Clearlake
Clovis
Coachella
Coalingua
Colma
Colton
Commerce
Compton
Concord
Corcoran
Corning
Corona
Coronado
Costa Mesa
Cotati
Covina
Crescent City
Cudahy
Culver City
Cypress
Daly City
Dana Point
Danville
Davis
Del Rey CDP[2]
Delano
Diamond Bar
Dinuba
Dixon
Downey
Duarte
Dublin
East Los Angeles
East Palo Alto
El Cajon

El Centro
El Cerrito
El Monte
El Rio
El Segundo
El Toro
Emeryville
Encinatas
Escondido
Eufalia
Eureka
Fairfax
Fairfield
Farmersville
Fillmore
Firebaugh
Florence
Folsom
Fontana
Foster City
Fountain Valley
Fremont
Fresno
Fullerton
Galt
Garden Grove
Gardena
Gilroy
Glendale
Glendora
Gonzales
Grand Terrace
Greenfield
Guadalupe
Gustine
Hacienda Heights
Half Moon Bay
Hanford
Hawaiian Gardens
Hawthorne
Hayward
Healdsburg
Hemet
Hercules

Hesperia
Highland
Highway City
Hollister
Hollywood
Holtville
Hughson
Huntington Beach
Huntington Park
Huron
Imperial
Imperial Beach
Indio
Industry
Inglewood
Irvine
Irwindale
Jackson
King City
La Habra
La Mesa
La Mirada
La Palma
La Puente
La Verne
Ladera Heights CDP
Laguna Beach
Laguna Hills
Lake Elsinore
Lake Forest
Lakeport
Lakewood
Lamont
Lancaster
Lawndale
Lemon Grove
Lemoore
Lennox
Lincoln
Livermore
Livingston
Lodi
Lomita
Lompoc

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[2] The initials "CDP" stand for "Census-Designated Place"—a named locality whose boundaries have been defined by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for census purposes, including population enumeration. More details may be found in Census publication 1990 CP–I–I, *1990 Census of Population, General Population Characteristics, United States*, U.S. Department of Commerce, Economics and Statistics Administration, Bureau of the Census.

Long Beach
Los Alamitos
Los Angeles
Los Banos
Los Gatos
Los Nietos
Lynwood
Madera
Mammoth Lakes
Manteca
Marina
Marina Del Rey
Mariposa
Martinez
Marysville
Maywood
Mecca CDP
Mendocino
Mendota
Menlo Park
Merced
Milpitas
Mission Viejo
Modesto
Monrovia
Montclair
Montebello
Monterey
Monterey Park
Moorpark
Moreno Valley
Morgan Hill
Morro Bay
Mountain View
Murietta
Napa
National City
Needles
Nevada City
Newark
Newport Beach
Norco
North Highlands
North Hollywood
North Town (Rancho
  Cucamonga)
Norwalk
Novato
Oakland

Oceano CPD
Oceanside
Ontario
Orange
Orland
Oroville
Oxnard
Pacific Grove
Pacifica
Palm Desert
Palm Springs
Palmdale
Palo Alto
Paradise
Paramount
Pasadena
Pasco
Paso Robles
Patterson
Perris
Petaluma
Pico Rivera
Pinole
Pismo Beach
Pittsburg
Placentia
Placerville
Pleasant Hill
Pleasanton
Pomona
Port Hueneme
Porterville
Red Bluff
Redding
Redlands
Redondo Beach
Redwood City
Reedley
Rialto
Richmond
Ridgecrest
Riverside
Rohnert Park
Roseland
Rosemead
Roseville
Rowland Heights
Sacramento
Salinas

San Bernardino
San Bruno
San Carlos
San Clemente
San Diego
San Dimas
San Fernando
San Francisco
San Gabriel
San Jacinto
San Joaquin
San Jose
San Juan Capistrano
San Leandro
San Luis Obispo
San Marino
San Mateo
San Pablo
San Rafael
San Ramon
Sanger
Santa Ana
Santa Barbara
Santa Clara
Santa Clarita
Santa Cruz
Santa Fe Springs
Santa Maria
Santa Monica
Santa Paula
Santa Rosa
Scotts Valley
Seal Beach
Seaside
Sebastopol
Shafter
Signal Hill
Simi Valley
Solana Beach
Sonora
South El Monte
South Gate
South Lake Tahoe
South Pasadena
South San Francisco
South Whittier
Spring Valley
Stanton
Stockton

Suisun
Sunnyvale
Temecula
Temple City
Thornton
Thousand Oaks
Tiburon
Torrance
Tracy
Tulare
Turlock
Tustin
Ukiah
Union City
Upland
Vacaville
Valinda
Vallejo
Ventura
Victorville
Visalia
Vista
Walnut
Walnut Creek
Waterford
Watsonville
West Covina
West Sacramento
West Whittier
Westminster
Whittier
Willits
Willowbrook
Willows
Wilmington
Windsor
Woodland
Yorba Linda
Yuba City
Yucaipa

Colorado
Alamosa
Arvada
Aurora
Boulder
Brighton
Broomfield
Brush

Colorado Springs
Commerce City
Cortez
Craig
Denver
Durango
Edgewater
Englewood
Evans
Fort Collins
Fort Lupton
Fort Morgan
Fountain
Golden
Grand Junction
Greeley
La Junta
Lafayette
Lakewood
Lamar
Littleton
Longmont
Louisville
Loveland
Milliken
Northglenn
Parker
Pueblo
Sheridan
Silverthorne
Thornton
Walsenburg
Westminster
Wheat Ridge
Woodland Park
Yuma

Connecticut

Branford
Bridgeport
Bristol
Cromwell
Danbury
East Hartford
East Haven
East Lyme
Enfield
Fairfield
Glastonbury
Granby
Greenwich
Groton
Hamden
Hartford
Ledyard
Manchester
Meriden
Middletown
Mystic
New Britain
New Haven
New London
Newington
North Haven
Norwalk
Norwich
Old Saybrook CDP
Plainfield
Plainville
Rocky Hill
Shelton
Southington
Southington Town
Stamford
Stonington
Torrington
Vernon
Wallingford
Waterbury
Waterford
West Hartford
West Haven
Wethersfield
Willimantic CPD
Windsor

Delaware

Dover
Georgetown
Laurel
New Castle
Wilmington

District of Columbia

Florida

Alachua
Altamonte Springs
Apopka
Aventura
Bassville Park
Boca Raton
Boynton Beach
Bradenton
Brandon
Bunnell
Cape Coral
Carol City
Casselberry
Clearwater
Coconut Creek
Cooper City
Coral Gables
Coral Springs
Dania
Davie
Daytona Beach
De Land
Deerfield Beach
Delray Beach
Deltona
Dunedin
Dunnellon
Eatonville
Fernandina Beach
Fort Lauderdale
Fort Myers
Fort Pierce
Fort Walton Beach
Frostproof
Gainesville
Greenacres
Gretna
Gulf Breeze
Haines City
Hallandale
Hialeah
Hollywood
Homestead
Jacksonville
Jacksonville Beach
Jupiter
Kendall
Key West
Kissimmee
Lake City
Lake Mary
Lake Wales
Lake Worth
Lakeland
Largo
Lauderhill
Lealman
Leesburg
Leisure City
Longwood
Madison
Maitland
Margate
Melbourne
Miami
Miami Beach
Miramar
Mount Dora
Mulberry
Naples
North Lauderdale
North Miami
North Miami Beach
North Palm Beach
Oakland Park
Ocala
Ocoee City
Opa-Locka
Orange Park
Orlando
Ormond Beach
Palatka
Palm Bay
Palm Beach
Palm Beach Gardens
Palm Coast
Palmetto
Panama City
Panama City Beach
Parkland
Pembroke Pines
Pensacola
Pine Hills
Pinellas Park
Plantation

Pompano Beach
Port Orange
Port Saint Lucie
Punta Gorda
Riviera Beach
Royal Palm Beach
Saint Petersburg
Sanford
Sarasota
South Miami
Starke
Sunrise
Sweetwater
Tallahassee
Tamarac
Tampa
Temple Terrace
Titusville
Uleta (Park)
Vero Beach
West Little River
West Palm Beach
Westchester
Wildwood
Wilton Manors
Winter Garden
Winter Haven
Winter Park

Georgia

Alamo
Albany
Americus
Athens
Atlanta
Attapulgus
Augusta
Austell
Bainbridge
Barnesville
Cairo
Carnesville
Cedartown
Chamblee
Clarkston
College Park
Columbus
Conyers
Cordele

Covington
Dalton
Decatur
Doraville
Duluth
East Point
Elberton
Forest Park
Fort Valley
Gainesville
Greenville
Griffin
Hazlehurst
Hinesville
Jeffersonville
Jonesboro
La Grange
Lawrenceville
Lithonia
Mableton
Macon
Manchester
Marietta
Milledgeville
Montezuma
Morrow
Newnan
Pelham
Perry
Quitman
Rincon
Riverdale
Rome
Rossville
Roswell
Saint Marys
Savannah
Smyrna
Sparta
Statesboro
Stone Mountain
Thomasville
Valdosta
Villa Rica
Warner Robins
West Point
Winder
Woodbury

Hawaii

Aiea
Hilo
Honolulu
Kailua
Kalakalua

Idaho

American Falls
Ashton
Blackfoot
Boise
Buhl
Burley
Caldwell
Chubbock
Coeur D'Alene
Emmet
Garden City
Heyburn
Homedale
Idaho Falls
Jerome
Lewiston
McCall
Mountain Home
Nampa
Orofino
Parma
Pocatello
Post Falls
Preston
Rupert
Sandpoint
Twin Falls
Wendell

Illinois

Addison
Algonquin
Alsip
Alton
Antioch
Arlington Heights
Aurora
Bannockburn
Barrington
Barrington Hills
Bartlett

Batavia
Belleville
Bellwood
Bensenville
Berkley
Berwyn
Bloomingdale
Bloomington
Blue Island
Bolingbrook
Bradley
Braidwood
Bridgeview
Broadview
Brookfield
Buffalo Grove
Burbank
Burnham
Burr Ridge
Cahokia
Calumet City
Calumet Park
Canton
Carbondale
Carol Stream
Carpentersville
Carterville
Cary
Centreville
Champaign
Channahon
Charleston
Chicago
Chicago Heights
Chicago Ridge
Cicero
Clarendon Hills
Clinton
Coal City
Collinsville
Country Club Hills
Countryside
Crest Hill
Crestwood
Crete
Crystal Lake
Danville
Darien
De Kalb

Decatur
Deerfield
Des Plaines
Dixmoor
Dolton
Downers Grove
East Dundee
East Hazel Crest
East Moline
East Saint Louis
Edwardsville
Effingham
Elburn
Elgin
Elk Grove
Elmhurst
Elmwood Park
Evanston
Evergreen Park
Fairview Heights
Flossmoor
Ford Heights
Forest Park
Forest View
Fox Lake
Fox River Grove
Frankfort
Franklin Park
Freeport
Galesburg
Geneva
Gibson City
Glen Ellyn
Glencoe
Glendale Heights
Glenview
Glenwood
Grayslake
Gurnee
Hanover Park
Harrisburg
Harvard
Harvey
Harwood Heights
Hawthorn Woods
Hazel Crest
Hickory Hills
Highland Park
Highwood

Hillside
Hinsdale
Hodgkins
Hoffman Estates
Hometown
Homewood
Huntley
Island Lake
Itaska
Joliet
Justice
Kankakee
Kenilworth
Kildeer
LaGrange
LaGrange Park
Lake Bluff
Lake Forest
Lake in the Hills
Lake Villa
Lake Zurich
Lansing
Lemont
Libertyville
Lincolnshire
Lincolnwood
Lindenhurst
Lisle
Lockport
Lombard
Lynwood
Lyons
Macomb
Madison
Marengo
Marion
Markham
Matteson
Maywood
McCook
McHenry
Melrose Park
Midlothian
Minooka
Mokena
Moline
Monee
Montgomery
Morris

Morton
Morton Grove
Mount Prospect
Mount Vernon
Mundelein
Naperville
New Lenox
Niles
Normal
Norridge
North Aurora
North Chicago
North Riverside
Northbrook
Northfield
Northlake
Oak Brook
Oak Forest
Oak Lawn
Oak Park
Oakbrook Terrace
Olympia Fields Village
Onarga
Orland Park
Oswego Village
Palatine
Palos Heights
Palos Hills
Palos Park
Paris
Park Forest
Park Ridge
Pekin
Peoria
Peoria Heights
Plainfield
Posen
Prospect Heights
Quincy
Richton Park
River Forest
River Grove
Riverdale
Riverside
Robbins
Rock Falls
Rock Island
Rockdale
Rockford

Rolling Meadows
Romeoville
Roselle
Round Lake
Round Lake Beach
Sabina
Saint Charles
Sauk Village
Schaumburg
Schiller Park
Shorewood
Skokie
South Barrington
South Elgin
South Holland
Sparta
Springfield
Steger
Sterling
Stickney
Stone Park Village
Streamwood
Summit Village
Taylorville
Tinley Park
University Park
Urbana
Vernon Hills
Villa Park
Warren
Warrenville
Waukanda
Waukegan
Wayne
West Chicago
West Dundee
Westchester
Western Springs
Westmont
Wheaton
Wheeling
Willow Springs
Willowbrook
Wilmette
Wilmington
Winfield
Winnetka
Winthrop Harbor
Wonder Lake CPD

Wood Dale
Woodridge
Woodstock
Worth
Zion

Indiana
Anderson
Bloomington
Bluffton
Carmel
Columbus
Crown Point
Dyer
East Chicago
Elkhart
Evansville
Fishers
Fort Wayne
Franklin
Gary
Goshen
Greencastle
Greenwood
Hammond
Highland
Indianapolis
Jeffersonville
Kokomo
La Porte
Lafayette
Lawrence
Marion
Merrillville
Michigan City
Muncie
Munster
New Albany
New Castle
Noblesville
Petersburg
Plainfield
Portage
Richmond
Shelbyville
South Bend
Terre Haute
Valparaiso

Warsaw
Waterloo
Winslow
Zionsville

Iowa
Altoona
Ames
Ankeny
Bettendorf
Boone
Burlington
Cedar Falls
Cedar Rapids
Clarinda
Clinton
Colfax
Coralville
Council Bluffs
Davenport
Des Moines
Dubuque
Fort Dodge
Fort Madison
Grinnell
Independence
Indianola
Iowa City
Jesup
Le Mars
Marshalltown
Mason City
Muscatine
Nevada
Oelwein
Oskaloosa
Sioux City
Storm Lake
Urbandale
Washington
Waterloo
Waverly
West Burlington
West Des Moines

Kansas
Arkansas City
Atchison
Coffeyville

Derby
Dodge City
El Dorado
Emporia
Fort Scott
Garden City
Goodland
Hoisington
Iola
Kansas City
Lansing
Lawrence
Leavenworth
Leawood
Lenaxa
Manhatten
Mulvane
Olathe
Ottawa
Overland Park
Parsons
Roseland Park
Salina
Sedgwick
Shawnee Mission
Topeka
Valley Center
Wichita
Winfield

Kentucky
Bowling Green
Covington
Elizabethtown
Florence
Fort Knox
Frankfort
Franklin
Glasgow
Henderson
Hopkinsville
Lawrenceburg
Lexington
London
Louisville
Madisonville
Maysville
Mount Sterling
Murray

Newport
Nicholasville
Oak Grove
Owensboro
Paducah
Paintsville
Shepherdsville
Shively
Somerset
Versailles
Winchester

Louisiana
Alexandria
Baker
Bastrop
Baton Rouge
Bogalusa
Bossier City
Covington
Denham Springs
Ferriday
Gretna
Hammond
Harvey
Haynesville
Houma
Iberville
Jackson
Kenner
Lafayette
Lake Charles
Marrero
Metairie
Monroe
Natchitoches
New Iberia
New Orleans
Orleans Village
Pineville
Ruston
Shreveport
Slidell
Springhill
Terrytown
Vidalia
Zachary

Maine

Auburn
Augusta
Bangor
Brunswick
Fort Fairfield
Gardiner
Lewiston
Portland
Presque Isle
Sabattus
Sanford
Waterville
Westbrook

Maryland

Annapolis
Baltimore
Berlin
Bethesda
Capitol Heights
College Park
Ellicott City
Frederick
Fruitland
Gaithersburg
Germantown
Greenbelt
Hyattsville
Landover
Langley Park
Laurel
Olney
Rockville
Salisbury
Silver Spring
Wheaton

Massachusetts

Abington
Amherst
Auburn
Belchertown
Bellingham
Belmont
Beverly
Billerica
Boston
Braintree

Bridgewater
Brockton
Brookline
Cambridge
Chelmsford
Chelsea
Chicopee
Clinton
Dartmouth
Easthampton
Everett
Fall River
Fitchburg
Framingham CDP
Franklin
Gardner
Greenfield
Hanson
Haverhill
Holden
Holyoke
Kingston CDP
Lawrence
Leominster
Lexington
Lowell
Ludlow
Lynn
Malden
Marlborough
Medford
Melrose
Milton
New Bedford
Newton
North Adams
North Andover
Northampton
Palmer
Pittsfield
Quincy
Randolph
Raynham
Revere
Salem
Shrewsbury
Somerville
South Hadley
Southbridge

Springfield
Taunton
Tewksbury
Wakefield
Waltham
Watertown
Webster
Wellesley
West Boylston
West Springfield
Westfield
Winthrop
Woburn
Worcester
Yarmouth

Michigan

Allen Park
Ann Arbor
Argentine Township
Baldwin
Battle Creek
Bay City
Belleville
Benton Harbor
Benton Township
Burton
Clinton Township
Dearborn Heights
Detroit
East Lansing
Eastpointe
Ecorse
Farmington Hills
Fenton Township
Flint
Garden City
Grand Blanc
Grand Haven
Grand Rapids
Grandville
Hamtramck
Holland
Holly
Inkster
Jackson
Kalamazoo
Kentwood
Lansing

Lincoln Park
Linden Township
Livonia
Madison Heights
Manistee
Menominee
Midland
Mount Morris
  Township
Muskegon
Muskegon Heights
Novi
Oak Park
Pontiac
Port Huron
Portage
Redford Township
River Rouge
Rockford
Roseville
Saginaw
Saint Clair Shores
Shelby Charter
  Township
South Haven
Southfield
Southgate
Sterling Heights
Sumpter Township
Taylor
Troy
Utica
Warren
Waterford Township
West Bloomfield
Westland
Ypsilanti
Zeeland

Minnesota

Albert Lea
Anoka
Apple Valley
Arden Hills
Austin
Blaine
Bloomington
Brooklyn Center
Brooklyn Park

Burnsville
Cloquet
Columbia Heights
Coon Rapids
Cottage Grove
Dilworth
Duluth
Eagan
East Grand Forks
Edina
Faribault
Forest Lake
Fridley
Hastings
Jackson
Lakeville
Lindstrom
Mankato
Maple Grove
Maplewood
Minneapolis
Moorhead
Moundsview
New Brighton
Northfield
Owatonna
Plymouth
Richfield
Rochester
Roseville
Rush City
Saint Cloud
Saint Louis Park
Saint Paul
Savage
South Saint Paul
Spring Lake Park
Stillwater
Thief River Falls
Wabasha
West Saint Paul
Wilmar
Winona
Worthington

Mississippi

Amory
Batesville
Biloxi

Booneville
Clarksdale
Cleveland
Columbus
Goodman
Greenville
Greenwood
Gulfport
Hattiesburg
Indianola
Jackson
Laurel
Long Beach
McComb
Meridian
Moss Point
Natchez
Oxford
Pascagoula
Pearl
Picayune
Rosedale
Tupelo
Vicksburg
Waveland
West Point

Missouri

Arnold
Bel-Ridge
Belton
Blue Springs
Cape Girardeau
Carthage
Chesterfield
Clinton
Columbia
Ferguson
Festus
Florissant
Fulton
Grandview
Hannibal
Hazelwood
Higginsville
Independence
Jefferson City
Kansas City

Kirkwood
Lee's Summit
Mexico
Moberly
Nevada
Nixa
Normandy
North Kansas City
O'Fallon
Oak Grove
Osage Beach
Overland
Ozark
Pevely
Pleasant Hill
Poplar Bluff
Raymore
Raytown
Richmond
Rolla
Saint Ann
Saint Charles
Saint Joseph
Saint Louis
Sedalia
Sikeston
Springfield
University City
Webster Groves
Wentzville
Windsor
Wright City

Montana

Billings
Bozeman City
Butte-Silver Bow
Glendive
Great Falls
Havre
Helena
Lewistown
Missoula
Polson
Stevensville
Townsend
Wolf Point

Nebraska

Alliance
Belleview
Columbus
Crete
David City
Gering
Gordon
Hastings
Kearney
Lexington
Lincoln
McCook
Omaha
Papillion
Plattsmouth
Schuyler
Scottsbluff
Seward
Sidney
South Sioux City
Valentine

Nevada

Carson City
Elko
Fallon
Henderson
Las Vegas
Mesquite
North Las Vegas
Reno
Sparks
Wells
Winnemucca

New Hampshire

Alton
Atkinson
Concord
Derry
Dover
Gorham
Hanover
Keene
Lancaster
Litchfield

Londonderry
Manchester
Milford
Nashua
Newport
Pittsfield
Portsmouth
Salem

New Jersey

Aberdeen Township
Asbury Park
Atlantic City
Belmar Borough
Bergenfield Borough
Bloomfield
Brick Township
Bridgeton
Burlington
Camden
Cherry Hill
Cliffside Park Borough
Deptford Township
East Orange
Eatontown
Egg Harbor
Elizabeth
Ewing
Fort Lee
Freehold Borough
Garfield
Gloucester Township
Hackensack
Hamilton Township
Holmdel Township
Howell Township
Irvington
Jackson Township
Jersey City
Keansburg Borough
Kearny
Lakewood Township
Linden
Long Branch
Manalapan Township
Matawan Borough
Middletown Township
Millville
Monroe Township

Montclair
Moorestown-Leona
  Township CDP
New Brunswick
Newark
North Bergen
North Brunswick
Northfield
Oakland
Ocean Township
Parsippany-Troy Hills
  Township
Paterson
Pemberton Boro
  Township
Perth Amboy
Piscataway
Pitman
Plainfield
Pleasantville
Red Bank Borough
Rutherford Borough
Scotch Plains
Somerset
South Plainfield
Teaneck
Tinton Falls Borough
Trenton
Union City
Union Township
Vineland
Wayne
West New York
Westfield
Westville
Willingboro
Woodbridge

New Mexico

Alamagordo
Albuquerque
Angel Fire
Artesia
Aztec City
Belen
Bernalillo
Blanco
Bloomfield
Carlsbad

Clovis
Corrales
Deming
Espanola
Eunice
Farmington
Flora Vista
Gallup
Grants
Hobbs
Kirtland
Las Cruces
Las Vegas
Los Alamos
Los Lunas
Lovington
Portales
Raton
Rio Rancho
Roswell
Ruidoso
Santa Fe
Silver City
Socorrow
Tatum
Truth or Consequences
Tucumcari
Turley

New York

Albany
Amherst
Auburn
Buffalo
Cheektowaga
Cicero
Colonie
De Witt
East Aurora
Elmira
Freeport
Haverstraw
Hempstead
Ithaca
Jamestown
Long Beach
Malone
Manlius
Mount Vernon

New Rochelle
New York
Newburgh
North Tonowanda
Nyack
Orange
Oxford
Perry
Plattsburgh
Port Washington
Poughkeepsie
Rochester
Schenectady
Scotia
Syracuse
Troy
Watertown
West Seneca
Westbury
White Plains
Yaphank
Yonkers

North Carolina

Andrews
Asheville
Beaufort
Belhaven
Burlington
Cary
Chapel Hill
Charlotte
Concord
Durham
Fayetteville
Gastonia
Goldsboro
Greensboro
Greenville
Grifton
Havelock
Hendersonville
Hickory
High Point
Jacksonville
Kannapolis
Kinston
Lincolnton
Marion

Morehead City
Morgantown
North Topsail Beach
Pineville
Raleigh
Randleman
Reidsville
Rocky Mount
Salisbury
Spring Lake
Thomasville
Tryon
Wilmington
Wilson
Winston-Salem
Zebulon

North Dakota

Bismarck
Devils Lake
Dickinson
Fargo
Grand Forks
Minot
Wahpeton
West Fargo

Ohio

Akron
Anderson Township
Ashtabula
Athens
Barberton
Blue Ash
Boardman
Bowling Green
Brunswick
Canton
Cardington
Chillicothe
Cincinnati
Cleveland
Cleveland Heights
Clyde
Colerain Township
Columbus
Cuyahoga Falls
Dayton
Deer Park

Deerfield Township
Defiance
Delhi Township
East Cleveland
Eastlake
Elyria
Euclid
Fairborn
Fairfield
Findlay
Forest Park
Fostoria
Gahanna
Galion
Garfield Heights
Grove City
Hamilton
Hilliard
Hinckley
Huber Heights
Jefferson
Kent
Kenton
Kenwood
Kettering
Lakewood
Lima
Lorain
Mansfield
Marion
Massilon
Mentor
Miamisburg
Middletown
Newark
North Olmstead
Northwood
Norwood
Parma
Parma Heights
Perrysburg
Reynoldsburg
Rossford
Sandusky
Shaker Heights
Sharonville
South Euclid
Springdale
Springfield

Steubenville
Sylvania
Tiffin
Toledo
Union Township
Upper Arlington
Urbana
Van Wert
Warren
Washington
Wellington Township
Westerville
Westlake
Wyoming
Xenia
Youngstown

Oklahoma

Altus
Ardmore
Broken Arrow
Chouteau
Claremore
Coweta
Del City
Douglas
Duncan
Durant
Edmond
El Reno
Elk City
Enid
Fort Gibson
Frederick
Grove
Guthrie
Hobart
Hugo
Idabel
Lawton
Midwest City
Moore
Muskogee
Norman
Oklahoma City
Okmulgee
Owasso
Paul's Valley
Pocola

Ponca City
Sapulpa
Shawnee
Spencer
Stillwater
Tecumseh
Temple
Tulsa
Turley
Village
Vinita
Watanga
Weatherford
Yukon

Oregon

Albany
Amity
Aumsville
Beaverton
Bend
Brookings
Canby
Cannon Beach
Central Point
Coos Bay
Cornelius
Corvallis
Cottage Grove
Dallas
Eugene
Fairview
Forest Grove
Gearhart
Gladstone
Grants Pass
Gresham
Hermiston
Hillsboro
Hood River
Hubbard
Independence
Keizer
Lake Oswego
Lincoln City
Madras
McMinnville
Medford
Milton-Freewater

Milwaukie
Molalla
Monmouth
Mount Angel
Newberg
North Bend
Nyssa
Oakridge
Ontario
Oregon City
Pendleton
Phoenix
Pilot Rock
Portland
Reedsport
Saint Helens
Salem
Scappoose
Seaside
Sheridan
Silverton
Springfield
Stayton
Sweet Home
The Dalles
Tigard
Tillamook
Toledo
Troutdale
Tualatin
Umatilla
Vale
Waldport
West Linn
Woodburn

Pennsylvania
Abington Township
Allentown
Altoona
Ardmore
Bensalem Township
Bethlehem
Bristol Borough
Brookville
Cheltenham
Chester
Easton
Ephrata Boro

Erie
Falls Township
Fallston
Glenside
Greensburg
Harrisburg
Horsham
Johnstown
King of Prussia
Lancaster
Lansdale Borough
Levittown
Mannheim Borough
McKeesport
Middletown
Millcreek Borough
Monroeville
Mount Lebanon
Munhall
Norristown
Palmerton
Penn Hills
Philadelphia
Pittsburgh
Plum Boro
Reading
Scranton
Springettsbury
  Township
Warminster Township
Washington
Weatherly
West Chester
West Homestead
Whitehall
Wilkes Barre
Williamsport
Willow Grove
York

Rhode Island
Central Falls
Charlestown
Coventry
Cranston
East Providence
Newport
North Kingston
North Providence

Pawtucket
Providence
Warren
Warwick
West Warwick
Woonsocket

South Carolina
Aiken
Anderson
Blackville
Charleston
Cheraw
Columbia
Conway
Darlington
Georgetown
Greenville
Greenwood
Greer
Moncks Corner
Mount Pleasant
Myrtle Beach
North Charleston
Orangeburg
Rock Hill
Seneca
Spartanburg
Sumter
Woodruff

South Dakota
Aberdeen
Deadwood
North Sioux City
Pierre
Rapid City
Sioux Falls
Sisseton
Winner
Yankton

Tennessee
Ashland City
Athens
Bartlett
Bristol
Chattanooga
Clarksville

Cleveland
Columbia
Cookeville
Crossville
Dyersburg
Franklin
Gallatin
Germantown
Goodlettsville
Hendersonville
Jackson
Johnson City
Kingsport
Knoxville
La Vergne
Martin
Maryville
Memphis
Murfreesboro
Nashville
Oak Ridge
Sevierville
Smyrna
Union City
Waynesboro
White House

Texas
Abilene
Addison
Alamo
Aldine
Alice City
Alton
Amarillo
Anthony
Arlington
Atlanta
Austin
Balch Springs
Ballinger
Baytown
Beaumont
Bedford
Beeville
Bellaire
Bellmead
Big Spring
Bovina

Brownfield
Bryan
Canadian
Carrolton
Castroville
Cedar Hill
College Station
Conroe
Copperas Cove
Corpus Christi
Corsicana
Crockett
Crowley
Dallas
Danbury
Deer Park
Del Rio
Denton
Denver City
DeSoto
Dickinson
Dimmitt
Donna
Duncanville
Edinburg
El Paso
Euless
Farmers Branch
Farmersville
Floresville
Forest Hill
Fort Worth
Fredericksburg
Freeport
Friona
Galveston
Garland
Georgetown
Gladewater
Goliad
Gonzales
Grand Prairie
Grapevine
Greenville
Haltom City
Harlingen
Hempstead
Hereford
Hidalgo

Hitchcock
Hondo
Houston
Huntsville
Hurst
Hutchins
Irving
Katy
Kaufman
Keller
Killeen
Kingsville
La Joya
La Marque
La Porte
Lake Jackson
Lancaster
Laredo
League City
Lewisville City
Linden
Longview
Lopezville
Los Fresnos
Lubbock
Lufkin
Madisonville
McAllen
McKinney
Mercedes
Mesquite
Midland
Mission
Missouri City
Mont Belvieu
Nacogdoches
New Braunfels
North Richland Hills
Odessa
Orange
Palestine
Pampa
Paris
Pasadena
Pearland
Pflugerville
Pharr
Plainview
Plano

Port Arthur
Progreso
Richardson
Richland Hills
Richmond
Rio Grande City
Robstown
Rockport
Rosenberg
Round Rock
Rowlett
San Angelo
San Antonio
San Juan
San Marcos
Seagoville
Sherman
Somerset
Sorocco
Stafford
Sugar Land
Taylor
Temple
Texarkana
Texas City
The Colony
Tyler
Vernon
Victoria
Waco
Waxahachie
Weatherford
Weslaco
Wharton
Whitewright
Wichita Falls

Utah
American Fork
Bountiful
Brigham
Cedar City
Clearfield
Heber City
Hurricane
Kaysville
Layton
Logan
Midvale City

Monticello
Murray
Naples
North Logan
Ogden
Orem
Payson
Pleasant Grove
Pleasant View
Provo
Richfield
Riverdale
Roosevelt City
Roy
Saint George
Salt Lake City
Sandy
South Ogden
South Salt Lake
Spanish Fork
Springville
Tremonton
Vernal
Washington Terrace
West Valley
Woods Cross

Vermont
Bellows Falls
Brattleboro
Burlington
Hartford
Montpelier
Newport
Rutland
Saint Albans
Saint Johnsbury
Springfield
Woodstock

Virginia
Alexandria
Annandale
Arlington
Berryville
Boydton
Bristol
Charlottesville
Chesapeake

Culmore
Dale City
Danville
Fairfax
Falls Church
Fort Hunt
Fredericksburg
Hampton
Harrisonburg
Herndon
Manassas
Martinsville
McLean
Merrifield
Newport News
Norfolk
Petersburg
Portsmouth
Richmond
Rocky Mount
South Boston
Spotsylvania
Springfield
Suffolk
Vienna
Virginia Beach
Waynesboro
Winchester
Woodbridge

Washington

Aberdeen
Anacortes
Auburn
Battle Ground
Belleview
Bellingham
Black Diamond
Blaine
Bothell
Bremerton
Burlington
Camas
Castle Rock
Centralia
Chehalis
Chelan

Cheney
Colville
Coulee Dam
Des Moines
East Wenatchee
Edmonds
Ellensburg
Everett
Fife
Goldendale
Grand Coulee
Grandview
Granger
Issaquah
Kelso
Kennewick
Kent
Kirkland
Lacey
Lake Stevens
Lakewood
Longview
Lynden
Lynnwood
Mabton
Marysville
Medical Lake
Milton
Mount Vernon
Mountlake Terrace
Oak Harbor
Olympia
Omak
Othello
Pacific
Pasco
Port Angeles
Port Orchard
Poulsbo
Prosser
Puyallup
Quincy
Rainer
Redmond
Renton
Richland
Seattle

Shelton
Skyway
Snoqualmie
Spanaway
Spokane
Steilacoom
Sunnyside
Tacoma
Toppenish
Tukwila
Tumwater
Vancouver
Walla Walla
Wapato
Washougal
Wenatchee
West Richland
Westport
White Center
White Salmon
Yakima

West Virginia

Beckley
Charles Town
Charleston
Fairmont
Huntington
Martinsburg
Morgantown
Parkersburg
Phillipi
South Charleston
Weirton
Wheeling

Wisconsin

Allouez
Appleton
Ashwaubenon
Baraboo
Beaver Dam
Beloit
Brookfield
Eau Claire
Fond du Lac
Green Bay

Greenfield
Hartford
Hartland
Kenosha
Kewaunee
La Crosse
Little Chute
Madison
Manitowoc
Marinette
Marshfield
Medford
Menasha
Milwaukee
Monroe
Mukwonago
Nenah
New Berlin
Oshkosh
Plattville
Prairie Du Chien
Racine
River Falls
Sheboygan
Sheboygan Falls
Slinger
Stevens Point
Sturtevant
Superior
Twin Lakes
Viroqua
Waukesha
Wausau
West Allis
West Bend

Wyoming

Alenrock
Basin
Casper
Cheyenne
Evanston
Green River
Laramie
Riverton
Rock Springs

Appendix E: U.S. Counties Reporting Youth Gang Problems at Any Time Between 1970 and 1998[1]

Alabama

Autauga
Baldwin
Barbour
Bibb
Bullock
Butler
Calhoun
Chambers
Coffee
Conecuh
Dale
Dallas
Elmore
Etowah
Houston
Jackson
Jefferson
Lauderdale
Lee
Limestone
Macon
Madison
Mobile
Monroe
Montgomery
Morgan
Pike
St. Clair
Shelby
Talladega
Tallapoosa
Tuscaloosa

Alaska

Anchorage Borough[2]
Dillingham Census
  Area
Fairbanks North Star
  Borough
Juneau Borough
Kenai Peninsula
  Borough
Ketchikan Gateway
  Borough
Kodiak Island Borough
Matanuska-Susitna
  Borough
Northwest Arctic
  Borough

Arizona

Apache
Cochise
Coconino
Gila
Graham
Maricopa
Mohave
Navajo
Pima
Pinal
Santa Cruz
Yavapai
Yuma

Arkansas

Arkansas
Ashley
Benton
Craighead
Crittenden
Cross
Faulkner
Garland
Greene
Hempstead
Jackson
Jefferson
Lincoln
Miller
Monroe
Phillips
Pope
Pulaski
St. Francis
Saline
Sebastian
Washington
White

California

Alameda
Amador
Butte
Contra Costa
Del Norte
El Dorado
Fresno
Glenn
Humboldt
Imperial
Inyo
Kern
Kings
Lake
Los Angeles
Madera
Marin
Mariposa
Mendocino
Merced
Mono
Monterey
Napa
Nevada
Orange
Placer
Riverside
Sacramento
San Benito
San Bernardino
San Diego
San Francisco
San Joaquin
San Luis Obispo
San Mateo

[1] The total number of youth gang localities listed in appendix E is somewhat larger than the numbers included in the Report's tables because a number of new localities were reported subsequent to the completion of the final analyses.

[2] Boroughs are considered as counties in Alaska, New York, and Pennsylvania. Parishes are considered as counties in Louisiana. Virginia localities listed in appendix E that include the word "City" are listed as counties by the U.S. Bureau of the Census in *Census Bureau Data Disk 90 PLPTS2.DAT: POP 2046* (May 1995).

Santa Barbara
Santa Clara
Santa Cruz
Shasta
Solano
Sonoma
Stanislaus
Sutter
Tehama
Tulare
Tuolumne
Ventura
Yolo
Yuba

Colorado

Adams
Alamosa
Arapahoe
Boulder
Denver
Douglas
El Paso
Huerfano
Jefferson
La Plata
Larimer
Mesa
Moffat
Montezuma
Morgan
Otero
Prowers
Pueblo
Summit
Teller
Weld
Yuma

Connecticut

Fairfield
Hartford
Litchfield
Middlesex
New Haven
New London
Tolland
Windham

Delaware

Kent
New Castle
Sussex

District of Columbia

Florida

Alachua
Bay
Bradford
Brevard
Broward
Charlotte
Clay
Collier
Columbia
Dade
Duval
Escambia
Flagler
Gadsden
Gilchrist
Hillsborough
Indian River
Lake
Lee
Leon
Madison
Manatee
Marion
Monroe
Nassau
Okaloosa
Okeechobee
Orange
Osceola
Palm Beach
Pasco
Pinellas
Polk
Putnam
St. Lucie
Santa Rosa
Sarasota
Seminole
Sumter
Volusia

Georgia

Baldwin
Barrow
Bibb
Brooks
Bulloch
Camden
Carroll
Chatham
Clarke
Clayton
Cobb
Columbia
Coweta
Crawford
Crisp
Decatur
De Kalb
Dougherty
Douglas
Effingham
Evans
Fayette
Floyd
Franklin
Fulton
Grady
Gwinnett
Habersham
Hall
Hancock
Harris
Hart
Houston
Jeff Davis
Lamar
Liberty
Lowndes
Macon
Meriwether
Mitchell
Muscogee
Newton
Peach
Polk
Richmond
Rockdale
Screven
Spalding

Stephens
Sumter
Talbot
Thomas
Tift
Troup
Turner
Twiggs
Walker
Webster
Wheeler
Whitfield
Wilkinson

Hawaii

Hawaii
Honolulu

Idaho

Ada
Bannock
Bingham
Bonner
Bonneville
Canyon
Cassia
Clearwater
Elmore
Fremont
Gem
Gooding
Jerome
Kootenai
Minidoka
Nez Perce
Owyhee
Power
Twin Falls
Valley

Illinois

Adams
Bureau
Champaign
Christian
Coles
Cook
De Kalb
De Witt

Du Page
Edgar
Effingham
Ford
Fulton
Grundy
Iroquois
Jackson
Jefferson
Jo Daviess
Kane
Kankakee
Kendall
Knox
Lake
La Salle
Macon
McDonough
McHenry
McLean
Madison
Peoria
Randolph
Rock Island
St. Clair
Saline
Sangamon
Stephenson
Tazewell
Vermilion
Whiteside
Will
Williamson
Winnebago

Indiana

Allen
Bartholomew
Boone
Clark
De Kalb
Delaware
Elkhart
Floyd
Grant
Hamilton
Hendricks
Henry
Howard

Johnson
Kosciusko
Lake
La Porte
Madison
Marion
Monroe
Pike
Porter
Putnam
St. Joseph
Shelby
Tippecanoe
Vanderburgh
Vigo
Wayne
Wells

Iowa

Black Hawk
Boone
Bremer
Buchanan
Buena Vista
Cerro Gordo
Clinton
Dallas
Des Moines
Dubuque
Fayette
Humboldt
Jasper
Johnson
Lee
Linn
Mahaska
Marshall
Muscatine
Page
Plymouth
Polk
Pottawattamie
Poweshiek
Scott
Story
Warren
Washington
Webster
Woodbury

Kansas

Allen
Atchison
Barton
Bourbon
Butler
Cowley
Douglas
Ellsworth
Finney
Ford
Franklin
Harvey
Johnson
Labette
Leavenworth
Logan
Lyon
Montgomery
Osage
Pottawatomie
Riley
Saline
Sedgwick
Shawnee
Sherman
Sumner
Wallace
Wyandotte

Kentucky

Anderson
Barren
Bullitt
Calloway
Campbell
Christian
Clark
Daviess
Fayette
Franklin
Hardin
Henderson
Hopkins
Jefferson
Jessamine
Johnson
Kenton

Laurel
McCracken
Mason
Meade
Montgomery
Pulaski
Simpson
Warren
Woodford

Louisiana

Bossier Parish
Caddo Parish
Calcasieu Parish
Claiborne Parish
Concordia Parish
East Baton Rouge
  Parish
East Feliciana Parish
Iberia Parish
Iberville Parish
Jefferson Parish
Lafayette Parish
Lincoln Parish
Livingston Parish
Morehouse Parish
Natchitoches Parish
Orleans Parish
Ouachita Parish
Rapides Parish
St. Tammany Parish
Tangipahoa Parish
Terrebonne Parish
Washington Parish
Webster Parish
West Baton Rouge
  Parish

Maine

Androscoggin
Aroostook
Cumberland
Kennebec
Penobscot
York

Maryland

Anne Arundel
Baltimore

Frederick
Howard
Montgomery
Prince George's
Wicomico
Worcester

Massachusetts

Barnstable
Berkshire
Bristol
Essex
Franklin
Hampden
Hampshire
Middlesex
Norfolk
Plymouth
Suffolk
Worcester

Michigan

Allegan
Bay
Berrien
Calhoun
Eaton
Genesee
Ingham
Jackson
Kalamazoo
Kent
Lenawee
Macomb
Menominee
Midland
Muskegon
Oakland
Ottawa
Saginaw
St. Clair
Van Buren
Washtenaw
Wayne

Minnesota

Anoka
Benton
Carlton

Chisago
Clay
Dakota
Freeborn
Hennepin
Jackson
Kandiyohi
Mower
Nicollet
Nobles
Olmsted
Pennington
Polk
Ramsey
Rice
St. Louis
Scott
Sherburne
Stearns
Steele
Wabasha
Washington
Winona

Mississippi

Adams
Bolivar
Clay
Coahoma
Forrest
Hancock
Harrison
Hinds
Holmes
Jackson
Jones
Lafayette
Lamar
Lauderdale
Lee
Leflore
Lowndes
Madison
Monroe
Panola
Pearl River
Pike
Prentiss
Rankin

Sunflower
Union
Warren
Washington

Missouri

Andrew
Audrain
Boone
Buchanan
Butler
Callaway
Camden
Cape Girardeau
Cass
Christian
Clay
Cole
Franklin
Greene
Henry
Jackson
Jasper
Jefferson
Lafayette
Lincoln
Montgomery
New Madrid
Pettis
Phelps
Platte
Ralls
Randolph
Ray
St. Charles
St. Louis
Scott
Vernon
Warren

Montana

Broadwater
Cascade
Dawson
Fergus
Gallatin
Hill
Lake
Lewis and Clark

Ravalli
Roosevelt
Silver Bow
Yellowstone

Nebraska

Adams
Box Butte
Buffalo
Butler
Cass
Cherry
Cheyenne
Colfax
Dakota
Dawson
Douglas
Lancaster
Platte
Red Willow
Saline
Sarpy
Scotts Bluff
Seward
Sheridan

Nevada

Carson City
Churchill
Clark
Elko
Humboldt
Nye
Washoe

New Hampshire

Belknap
Cheshire
Coos
Grafton
Hillsborough
Merrimack
Rockingham
Strafford
Sullivan

New Jersey

Atlantic
Bergen
Burlington

Camden
Cumberland
Essex
Gloucester
Hudson
Mercer
Middlesex
Monmouth
Morris
Ocean
Passaic
Somerset
Union

New Mexico
Bernalillo
Chaves
Cibola
Colfax
Curry
Dona Ana
Eddy
Grant
Lea
Lincoln
Los Alamos
Luna
McKinley
Otero
Quay
Rio Arriba
Roosevelt
Sandoval
San Juan
San Miguel
Santa Fe
Sierra
Socorro
Valencia

New York
Albany
Bronx
Brooklyn
Cayuga
Chautauqua
Chemung
Chenango
Clinton

Dutchess
Erie
Franklin
Jefferson
Kings
Monroe
Nassau
New York
Niagara
Onandaga
Orange
Queens
Rensselaer
Schenectady
Schuyler
Suffolk
Tompkins
Westchester
Wyoming

North Carolina
Alamance
Beaufort
Buncombe
Burke
Cabarrus
Carteret
Catawba
Cherokee
Craven
Cumberland
Davidson
Durham
Forsyth
Gaston
Guilford
Henderson
Lenoir
Lincoln
McDowell
Mecklenburg
Nash
New Hanover
Onslow
Orange
Pender
Pitt
Polk

Randolph
Rockingham
Rowan
Wake
Wayne
Wilson

North Dakota
Burleigh
Cass
Grand Forks
Mercer
Ramsey
Richland
Stark
Ward

Ohio
Allen
Ashtabula
Athens
Belmont
Butler
Champaign
Clark
Crawford
Cuyahoga
Defiance
Delaware
Erie
Fayette
Franklin
Greene
Hamilton
Hancock
Hardin
Jefferson
Lake
Licking
Lorain
Lucas
Madison
Mahoning
Marion
Medina
Montgomery
Morrow
Portage
Richland

Ross
Sandusky
Seneca
Stark
Summit
Trumbull
Van Wert
Warren
Wood

Oklahoma
Beckham
Blaine
Bryan
Canadian
Carter
Choctaw
Cleveland
Comanche
Cotton
Craig
Creek
Custer
Delaware
Garfield
Garvin
Jackson
Kay
Kiowa
Le Flore
Logan
McClain
McCurtain
Mayes
Muskogee
Oklahoma
Okmulgee
Osage
Payne
Pottawatomie
Rogers
Stephens
Tillman
Tulsa
Wagoner

Oregon
Benton
Clackamas

Clatsop
Columbia
Coos
Curry
Deschutes
Douglas
Hood River
Jackson
Jefferson
Josephine
Lane
Lincoln
Linn
Malheur
Marion
Morrow
Multnomah
Polk
Tillamook
Umatilla
Wasco
Washington
Yamhill

Pennsylvania

Allegheny
Beaver
Berks
Blair
Bucks
Cambria
Carbon
Chester
Dauphin
Delaware
Erie
Huntingdon
Jefferson
Lackawanna
Lancaster
Lehigh
Luzerne
Lycoming
Montgomery
Northampton
Philadelphia
Washington
Weatherly
Westmoreland
York

Rhode Island

Bristol
Kent
Newport
Providence
Washington

South Carolina

Aiken
Anderson
Barnwell
Berkeley
Charleston
Chesterfield
Darlington
Georgetown
Greenville
Greenwood
Horry
Oconee
Orangeburg
Pickens
Richland
Spartanburg
Sumter
York

South Dakota

Brown
Hughes
Lawrence
Lincoln
Minnehaha
Pennington
Roberts
Tripp
Union
Yankton

Tennessee

Anderson
Blount
Bradley
Carter
Cheatham
Cumberland
Davidson
Dyer
Hamilton

Knox
McMinn
Madison
Maury
Montgomery
Obion
Putnam
Robertson
Rutherford
Sevier
Shelby
Sullivan
Sumner
Washington
Wayne
Weakley
Williamson

Texas

Anderson
Angelina
Aransas
Bee
Bell
Bexar
Bowie
Brazoria
Brazos
Caldwell
Cameron
Cass
Castro
Chambers
Collin
Coryell
Dallas
Deaf Smith
Denton
Ector
Ellis
El Paso
Fannin
Fort Bend
Galveston
Gillespie
Goliad
Gonzales
Gray
Grayson

Gregg
Guadalupe
Hale
Harris
Harrison
Hidalgo
Houston
Howard
Hunt
Jefferson
Jim Wells
Jones
Kaufman
Kleberg
Lamar
Liberty
Lubbock
McLennan
Madison
Medina
Midland
Montgomery
Nacogdoches
Navarro
Nueces
Orange
Parker
Parmer
Potter
Randall
Rockwall
Runnels
Smith
Starr
Tarrant
Taylor
Terry
Tom Green
Travis
Val Verde
Victoria
Walker
Waller
Webb
Wharton
Wichita
Wilbarger
Williamson

Wilson
Yoakum

Utah

Box Elder
Cache
Davis
Emery
Iron
Salt Lake
San Juan
Sevier
Uintah
Utah
Wasatch
Washington
Weber

Vermont

Caledonia
Chittenden
Franklin
Orleans
Rutland
Washington
Windham
Windsor

Virginia

Arlington
Bristol City
Buckingham
Charlottesville City
Chesapeake City
Clarke
Danville City
Fairfax

Fairfax City
Falls Church City
Franklin
Hampton City
Harrisonburg City
Loudoun
Manassas City
Martinsville City
Mecklenburg
Newport News City
Norfolk City
Petersburg City
Portsmouth City
Prince William
Richmond
South Boston City
Stafford
Suffolk City
Virginia Beach City
Winchester City

Washington

Adams
Benton
Chelan
Clallam
Clark
Cowlitz
Douglas
Franklin
Grant
Grays Harbor
Island
King
Kitsap
Kittitas

Klickitat
Lewis
Mason
Okanogan
Pierce
Skagit
Snohomish
Spokane
Stevens
Thurston
Walla Walla
Whatcom
Yakima

West Virginia

Barbour
Berkeley
Brooke
Cabell
Hancock
Jefferson
Kanawha
Marion
Marshall
Monongalia
Ohio
Raleigh
Wayne
Wood

Wisconsin

Brown
Calumet
Chippewa
Crawford
Dane
Dodge

Douglas
Eau Claire
Fond du Lac
Grant
Green
Kenosha
Kewaunee
La Crosse
Manitowoc
Marathon
Marinette
Milwaukee
Outagamie
Pierce
Portage
Racine
Rock
St. Croix
Sauk
Sheboygan
Taylor
Vernon
Washington
Waukesha
Winnebago
Wood

Wyoming

Albany
Big Horn
Converse
Fremont
Laramie
Natrona
Sweetwater
Uinta

National Youth Gang Center

As part of its comprehensive, coordinated response to America's gang problem, the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) funds the National Youth Gang Center (NYGC). NYGC assists State and local jurisdictions in the collection, analysis, and exchange of information on gang-related demographics, legislation, literature, research, and promising program strategies. NYGC coordinates activities of the OJJDP Gang Consortium, a group of Federal agencies, gang program representatives, and service providers that works to coordinate gang information and programs. NYGC also provides training and technical assistance for OJJDP's Rural Gang, Gang-Free Schools, and Gang-Free Communities Initiatives. For more information, contact:

National Youth Gang Center
P.O. Box 12729
Tallahassee, FL 32317
800–446–0912
850–386–5356 (fax)
E-mail: nygc@iir.com
Internet: www.iir.com/nygc

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Publications From OJJDP

OJJDP produces a wide variety of materials, including Bulletins, Fact Sheets, Reports, Summaries, videotapes, CD–ROM's, and the *Juvenile Justice* journal. These materials and other resources are available through OJJDP's Juvenile Justice Clearinghouse (JJC), as described at the end of this list.

The following list of publications highlights the latest and most popular information published by OJJDP, grouped by topical areas:

Corrections and Detention

Construction, Operations, and Staff Training for Juvenile Confinement Facilities. 2000, NCJ 178928 (28 pp.).

Disproportionate Minority Confinement: 1997 Update. 1998, NCJ 170606 (12 pp.).

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